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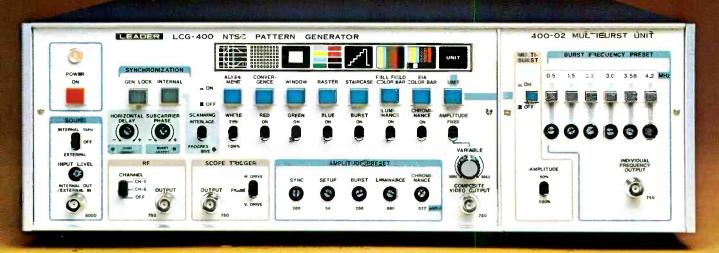
Analog Component Production ■

TV Monitors for Raster Graphics ■ RTNDA Preview



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and, best of all, price. Quality...made in the USA Call or write FORTEL today for more information on the TBC<sup>32</sup> — the TBC that skipped a generation.



**FORTEL Incorporated** 2985 Gateway Drive Norcross, Georgia 30071 404-447-4422



Over the last three years, Sony's rivals in the combination camera/recorder arena have spent considerable time inventing wonderful things to say about their new formats. But apparently, they've overlooked inventing many wonderful new products to go along with these formats.

Sony has taken a different course.

In 1982, Sony introduced Betacam™ and the BVW-10 play-

back unit. An evolutionary system that didn't force stations to abandon their existing 3/4" and 1" equipment.

Then, in 1983, Sony expanded the system with the three-tube Betacam, the BVW-40 edit/recorder, and the world's first battery-operated 1/2" field playback unit.

And this year at NAB, Sony announced a major breakthrough in cart machine technology with Potacort NAB, successive through in cart machine technology with Potacort NAB, successive the system of the system o

through in cart machine technology with Betacart.™ A system

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that demonstrated the Betacam format's strength beyond the

newsroom, beyond the studio, and beyond field production.

At the same time, Sony also unveiled the world's lightest camera/recorder, the BVW-2 Newsmaker.™And a prototype coder/decoder system that will make it possible for Betacam to be transmitted by microwave.

Each of these products is the result of Sony's dedication to

the needs of the ENG and EFP industry. Work which has earned the Betacam format widespread acceptance by television stations and production companies around the world.

Which only makes sense. After all, in this business you don't win sales on the merits of your arguments. You win them on the merits SONY. Broadcast of your products.



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# UPTOWN DOWNTIME?

**GET TOUGH...** 

MRC-1

Can you afford down-time when the competition is just a twist of the dial away? The MRC-1 Microprocessor Remote Control from Moseley runs remote-site applications like television, radio or earth-satellite transmitters at peak efficiency, and makes day-to-day operation simple. It controls up to 9 remote sites, monitoring each site with as many as 32 status channels, 32 telemetry channels, and 64 command lines.

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With 6 years of field-proven durability, the MRC-1 has your remote site under control whether it's across town or in orbit. Tough competition? Get Moseley tough and take it easy.

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Jim Bartel, Engineer Victor Duncan, Inc. Film & Video Equip. Dist.

kinking and twisting problems

Jim Van Waay, Pres. V. J. Electronics Sound Contractor







#### Bryston's 2B-LP

Bryston has been known and respected for years as the manufacturer of a line of amplifiers which combine the transparency and near-perfect musical accuracy of the finest audiophile equipment, with the ruggedness, reliability and useful features of the best professional gear. Thus, Bryston amplifiers (and preamplifiers) can be considered a statement of purpose to represent the best of both worlds - musical accuracy and professional reliability to the absolute best of our more than 20 years' experience in the manufacture of high-quality electronics.

The 2B-LP is the newest model in Bryston's line, and delivers 50 watts of continuous power per channel from a package designed to save space in such applications as broadcast monitor, mobile sound trucks, headphone feed, cue, and any installation where quality must not be limited by size constraints. As with all Bryston amplifiers, heatsinking is substantial, eliminating the requirement for forced-air cooling in the great majority of installations. This is backed up by very high peak current capability (24 amperes per channel) and low distortion without limiting, regardless of type and phase angle of load. In short, the 2B-LP is more than the functional equivalent of our original 2B in spite of the fact that it occupies only half the volume, and will fit into a single 1.75" rack-space.

The usefulness of the 2B-LP is extended by a long list of standard features, including: Balanced inputs; female XLR

 $input jacks; dual \, level-controls; isolated \, headphone \, jack; and \, individual \, two-colour \, pilot-light/clipping \, indicator \, LEDs$ for each channel. In addition, the channels may be withdrawn from the front of the amplifier while it is in the rack, vastly facilitating any requirement for field-service, including fuse-replacement.

Of course, in keeping with Bryston's tradition of providing for special requirements, the 2B-LP can be modified or adapted to your wishes on reasonably short notice, and at nominal cost.

Best of all, however, the 2B-LP is a Bryston. Thus the sonic quality is unsurpassed. The difference is immediately obvious, even to the uninitiated.

Other amplifiers in Bryston's line include the model 3B, at 100 watts per channel, and the model 4B. at 200 watts per channel. All ratings continuous power at 8 ohms at less than 01% IM or THD

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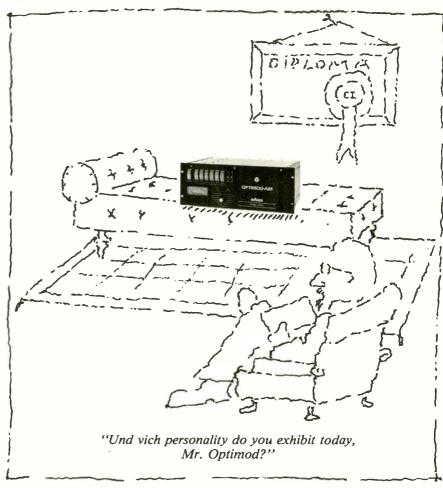
# New stereo features for Optimod-AM.

Trying to deal with the varying processing requirements of the different AM stereo systems can make anyone feel a little schizophrenic! Fortunately, moving jumpers on our new optional second-generation #1-S card can change its personality to perfectly harmonize the processing to the stereo system you choose, even if you change later.

The new #1-S card limits single-channel negative modulation to -75% to prevent distortion in Motorola-system stereo receivers, or to avoid excessive "compatibility controller" gain reduction in Harris exciters. In Motorola installations, the single-channel modulation limiter also prevents mono distortion and excessive occupied bandwidth dynamically (instead of limiting separation above 5kHz). This permits use of large amounts of preemphasis and achieves the brightest stereo sound and bestdefined stereo imaging. Unlike techniques used in other processors, this control occurs in the stereo difference channel and cannot punch "holes" in the mono or otherwise degrade the performance of mono radios.

A bonus is an adjustable "stereo enhancement" control usable with *any* of the four stereo systems. It dynamically boosts the stereo difference signal up to 6dB, and can yield dramatic increases in perceived stereo separation and loudness.

We offer multiple equalization personalities too! In addition to our original high frequency equalizer which is computer-optimized to yield an FM-like sound on today's typical AM radios, we now supply two alternate plug-in equalizers. One offers smoothest sound from the new wider-band AM stereo radios, while the other splits the difference.



Whichever equalizer personality you choose, our six-band limiter with steep-slope crossovers creates a remarkably consistent equalization texture from source to source. This consistency is complemented by the 9100A's uncannily natural sound—the result of using only two carefully-harmonized stages of AGC from input to output. Compared with other designs which cascade up to six stages of AGC, OPTIMOD-AM's smoothness can pay off with lower fatigue and longer time-spentlistening. OPTIMOD-AM doesn't just attract listeners-it holds them!

If stereo isn't yet in the cards but you still want OPTIMOD-AM's outstanding sonics, our mono 9100A/1

is the logical choice. You get super mone sound now—and easy, economical, plug-in stereo conversion if you need it later.

Thanks to OPTIMOD-AM's modular, plug-in design, all of the new features can be field-retrofitted to any existing 9100A at low cost. For more information on the processors with the winning personalities, see your Orban broadcast products dealer or contact us directly.

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ORBAN PROCESSING KEEPS YOU COMPETITIVE

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# Midwest puts on a great show because it uses the best components

One of the reasons that the Midwest M-40 Series is the most advanced class of large mobile teleproduction units available today is our policy of only using the finest components. This "no compromise" design philosophy ensures a system of superior quality and reliability. Our M-40 units give you up to 47 feet of unparalleled technical and creative capacity. Because we only use the best components . . . from companies like Ikegami.

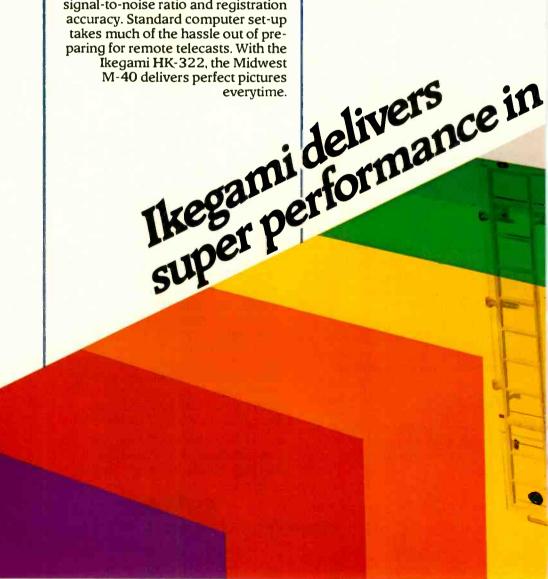


## Ikegami HK-322 automatic color cameras make Midwest picture perfect

In the M-40, we wanted the ability to produce the best possible pictures. So we selected the HK-322 as a basic building block of the system. When the position as the world's most popular field camera passes from the Ikegami HK-357A, it will be to the HK-322. This fully automatic color camera sets the new standard for picture resolution, signal-to-noise ratio and registration accuracy. Standard computer set-up takes much of the hassle out of preparing for remote telecasts. With the Ikegami HK-322, the Midwest M-40 delivers perfect pictures

### Ikegami HL-79E Series plays dual role for Midwest units

The Ikegami HL-79E Series camera was selected for use aboard the Midwest M-40 because it can handle two separate functions with superlative results. Although it's renowned as the perfect hand-held camera, the HL-79E Series can easily be converted into a field camera that produces higher quality images than many other manufacturers top-of-the-line studio models.





This exceptionally fine performance is due to Ikegami's painstaking attention to detail. Designed to meet the most rigorous performance standards, the HL-79E Series also offers optional automatic set-up, either via its own set-up computer or by interface into the HK-322 set-up computer for total system integration. With the HL-79E Series, Midwest's M-40 offers you the versatility required to produce network quality productions in any circumstances.

## Ikegami 9-Series color monitors give Midwest "true to life" pictures

Ikegami 9-Series Color Monitors are standard in the Midwest M-40 mobile unit because of their superb resolution and ability to reproduce colors that are amazingly life-like. This performance is unmatched by any other monitor in the world. Since the 9-Series monitors use In-Line Gun CRTs, they provide more than excellent colorimetry and



fantastic resolution. They also offer high stability, unit interchangeability, low power consumption, and convenient pull-out circuit panels. By using the Ikegami 9-Series, the Midwest M-40 can reproduce colors that are true to life.



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# **EDITORIAL**

# The Digital Audio Dilemma Solved

For some time the broadcast industry has been involved in a fierce debate about if and when digital audio will make its appearance at the local station level. On the one hand there are the future prognosticators who, armed with the brilliant performance specs of digital ATRs and the general movement in society towards digital everything, predict it is just around the corner. On the other hand, there are the "pragmatists" who argue that analog recording techniques now offer sound quality equal to or even better than digital, and point with alarm at the enormous costs incurred by switching to a digital recording format.

Judging from the recent AES show in New York City, however, it's clear that the debate is over, and that digital has won. Never have there been more broadcasters at the show, and never has their interest in digital recording been higher.

It doesn't matter what format you choose—the DASH stationary head variety proposed by Sony and Studer (the two companies have now resolved their differences and are producing machines with fully interchangeable tapes), or the Mitsubishi version, or one of the other recording systems on the market. The fact is that digital audio is everywhere, and affordable by virtually everyone.

Many stations have already begun dipping their toes in the digital waters with the acquisition of CD players and recordings. This simple and inexpensive introduction to digital sound has been widely praised by users. Digital satellite transmission of audio programs to radio stations around the country is yet another demonstration of the superiority, and timeliness, of digital audio. Digital processing is now an accepted fact of life, and acceptance of the digital console is growing rapidly. Why then, the reluctance among broadcasters to embrace the digital ATR? Its sky-high S/N and absence of modulation noise, harmonic distortion, and generational loss make it a natural for the quality-minded station.

The "wait and see" period is over. It's time to move forward now, time to stop wondering whether local stations will ever adopt digital recorders and instead to ask more meaningful questions, such as "two tracks or eight?"

# Worth Its Wait In Gold.

#### For Harrison Reliability

Sure, Harrison has waited to enter the U.S. broadcast market. When you're a stickler for precise engineering and a perfectionist when it comes to quality performance—you've got to take your time to get it right. Get it just right for you.

#### No Compromises

It can be tough getting the right console to match your specifications. About as easy as fitting a square peg in a round hole, right? Harrison Systems has anticipated your need for versatility. A good deal of time and research goes into our consoles in order to bring you the smartest, most efficient technology and service. We've got the system that fits the size and scope of your needs, whether it be:

- Teleproduction
- Video Sweetening and Post-Production
- Video Edit Suite
- Film Sound Production
- On-Air Broadcasting
- Broadcast Production
- Live Sound Reinforcement ■ Music Recording and Scoring
- At Harrison Systems, we give you

choices - not excuses or unnecessary fluff. Our systems are designed to bring you long-lasting, clean performance and reliability.

#### Harrison Puts You In Good Company

Organizations like Swiss Broadcasting and Belgian Radio and Television have believed in the superior quality of Harrison Stereo Broadcast Audio Consoles for years and have chosen Harrison for multiple broadcast installations. Swedish Television has selected 8 TV-3 consoles and has committed to several more. This year's Winter Olympics in Yugoslavia received the main audio feed from a TV-3.

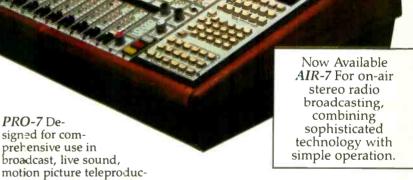
#### At Last

At Harrison, we take the time to listen to your needs. We design our consoles with the flexibility to fit your operation. And although our standards may be high for our consoles our prices are very, very reasonable. We think you'll find it's been worth the wait - in golden, Harrison-true performance. Call us for a demonstration and see for yourself.

#### For Harrison Innovation

Introducing Harrison's TV-3, PRO-7 and TV-4, the broadcast consoles you've been waiting for:

> TV-3 For large scale TV audio, remote production, studio production, post-production and sweetening Adapts to wide range of tasks Available in a variety of configurations for customization Plus many options.



tion Two major configurations ■ Simple to operate ■ Cost-effective ■ Independent mix decision capability ■ Long-term performance achieved through thickfilm laser-trimmed resistor networks Plus many options.

TV-4 For medium scale on-air production, remote production, studio production, sweetening and post-production ■ Three major, simplified configurations ■ Easy to install ■ Highspeed, low noise, low distortion amplifiers allow for best possible electronic performance Plus many options.

PRO-7 De-

signed for com-

prehensive use in

broadcast, live sound,

Harrison's new VSI Fader Section, which allows for simultaneous interface with automation and video editor/switcher, is available for TV-4 and PRO-7 consoles.

Why wait any longer? Call or write Harrison Systems. Inc., P.O. Box 22964, Nashville, TN 37202; (615) 834-1184, Telex 555133.





# broadcast industry NEWS

#### Hurricane Diana Puts Ku-band To Water Test

As tropical storms go, the picture looked familiar: a reporter holding a microphone, palm trees tossing in the background, and furious sheets of rain falling. But the feed was live via satellite on the Ku-band, and for many stations, the reporter was their own.

When Hurricane Diana struck the Carolina coast, NBC and CBS had arranged to uplink their feeds on the Ku-



NBC's Robert Hager goes live via Ku from Wilmington in 50 mph winds and rain.

band. The storm had been wandering around, giving news directors fits as they tried to decide where to send their crews and set up operations, with no time for landlines or even RFI studies so that C-band uplinks could be cleared against directional microwave. Also, with something as strong and unpredictable as a hurricane, no one wanted to risk everything on the regional microwave system since some links might run out of emergency generator fuel or be blown down.

Because of this, NBC sent a Ku-band mobile uplink to Wilmington, NC. VideoStar Connections, Inc., an Atlanta-based supplier of transportable uplinks, delivered and set up a truck overnight from its fleet. CBS also asked VideoStar for a Ku-band uplink, but in Myrtle Beach, SC, where Encore Video Productions, a production house, often supplies the network with regional material.

The main worry with Ku, of course, has been rain attenuation. Although NBC is installing Ku-band dishes with affiliates, (see *BM/E*, April 1984, News section) the network did hedge its bets the first morning by microwaving



In Myrtle Beach, CBS's Ku-band uplink, courtesy of VideoStar, waits the last few hours for hurricane Diana.

morning news packages an hour in advance. But despite the large amount of water overhead in a storm of that size, the signal out of Wilmington was "exemplary," according to Dan Gannon, news operations manager at NBC's satellite desk in New York.

In Myrtle Beach, however, CBS seemed to have some trouble "punching through," says Rik Dickinson, president of Encore Video, and they had to switch satellites. But once the connection was made, affiliates who had "gotten wind of it and started piling in," fed themselves and even sister stations as far away as Detroit.

"With Ku-band," says Bert Medley, who was in charge of NBC's remote site, "you have tremendous freedom in tight situations when the phone company can't help you." During the worst part of the storm, Thursday morning when gusts increased from their normal 50 miles per hour to 90 miles per hour, both dishes were briefly stowed and were then set back up by noon. In the interim, WWAY, the ABC affiliate in Wilmington, sent live feeds on the microwave system to WRAL-TV in Raleigh for uplinking on C-band. With networks, news organizations. plus affiliates standing in line, everyone was on a "pretty rigid schedule," Medley says; the rest of the time, Ku meant "we didn't have to flip coins over who would go first."

#### **CBS Gives Betacam Another Major Convert**

CBS Operations and Engineering has publicly committed the network to a new ENG format with the purchase of over \$11 million of Sony Betacam equipment. This comes on top of last summer's decision by the Canadian Broadcasting Corp. to buy substantial numbers of Betacam cameras and VCRs, plus the European Broadcasting Union's adoption of Betacam as its ENG format.

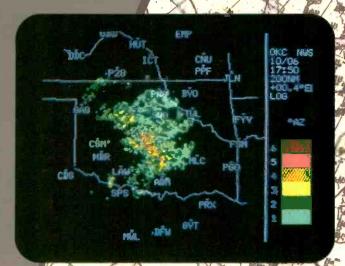
CBS already owned 13 BVP-3 Betacam cameras, and will now add four field systems which include BVP-30 cameras, BVV-1 field recorders, and BVW-20 field playback units. The network will also receive 32 BVW-40 recorder/editors and four BVC-10 Betacart cassette playback units.

Sony has described the deal by say-

ing it had entered into "a long term agreement with CBS" and that "initially" the network will use the equipment at its New York news center and at WCAU-TV, its O&O in Philadelphia. A CBS spokesperson would not confirm any plans beyond this purchase. The network has merely chosen the "best available equipment at the time," he maintained; "we're not locked in."

CBS gave no details as to how far in the production and airing process the news center will retain the component format. (See "The Analog Component Dream" elsewhere in this issue.) It is possible the network may use WCAUTV to determine the best method of sending component material to affiliates.

# FROM THE PEOPLE WHO BRING YOU THE CHARTS...



OLOR WEATHER RADAR



You already know Alden as the first name in facsimile weather chart systems. In fact, you probably already use one of our chart recorders.

Now Alden introduces a new family of systems to add live color radar and satellite/weather graphics to your information sources.

LIVE RADAR. Alden's C2000R system brings you live weather radar information via a new network of National Weather Service radar transmitters, called RRWDS. The C2000R accesses these radar sites easily and cost-effectively using standard voice-grade telephone lines on either a direct line or dial-up basis.

Display different precipitation levels in up to 6 colors, with level flashing for easy identification, or store multipleregion and time-lapse pictures. Numerous other features make its low price a pleasant surprise.

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C2000S is a low-cost, high-performance unit for displaying weather information from private and government data bases. Color satellite pictures, surface weather, temperature contours and hourly NWS pictures are available, with 16 selectable colors, zoom, flash and loop capability.

BOTH. Alden's C2000R/S offers the combined capability in one system. Our "building-block"

design permits field conversion of the stand-alone C2000R or the C2000S into the C2000R/S model at any time. All systems offer the flexibility to acquire not only today's data, but the data of the future.

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## **ALDEN**ELECTRONICS

The First Name in Weather

Circle 108 on Reader Service Card

RCICRE

Fidelipac's Arthur Constantine demonstrates the Dynamax cart player.

## RCPC Plays To Mixed Reviews

The first annual Radio Convention and Programming Conference, widely hailed as the first radio convention jointly planned by NAB and NRBA, failed to elicit the unanimous praise of attendees. While broadcasters found a program chock-full of excellent workshops, they also found exhibit hours too short to permit them to visit the floor. Exhibitors complained that floor traffic was too light and that the physical setup of the exhibits discouraged visitors, although a minority claimed satisfaction with both the arrangements and the audience.

The program planning committee evidently gave serious thought to the needs of engineers, for each session offered at least one technical workshop. "AM Stereo's Four," for example, sparked fireworks as proponents of the competing technologies defended their systems. The atmosphere stayed calm until Leonard Kahn's statements about receiver characteristics with the Motorola system prompted Motorola's Norm Parker to accuse Kahn of lying. During the lively discussion that followed, an engineer of a Motorola AM station, also refuted Kahn's figures. Kahn, meanwhile, used RCPC to announce a new all-system receiver which he said would provide inexpensive, high-quality reception.

At the session on AM stereo conversion, chief engineers of four stations—one for each of the four systems—described the problems and rewards of conversion to stereo. All stressed the

importance of a properly tuned antenna with low IMD figures, and carefully chosen audio processing; none found station coverage area reduced by the switch.

Not all was roses on the three exhibit floors, however. Exhibitors consigned to the second- and third-floor areas complained that attendees rarely made it up the escalator. In fact, at times it appeared that few attendees knew of the existence of the higher floors.

Even so, a sprinkling of new products appeared. Harris, for example, had a new 3.5K FM transmitter. Business computers were news at the BIAS and Ficon booths, with both companies marketing new systems. Fidelipac introduced a new cart recorder/player, Dynamax, with a variety of sophisticated features. Meanwhile, Capitol Magnetics was stressing the ruggedness of its carts in a hospitality suite.

# Radio Engineers Debate Future of Profession

Is there a future for radio engineering? More reliable equipment and less government regulation seem to be spelling the demise of the radio station engineer, at least in small and medium markets. The RCPC provided a forum for engineers to discuss the pressures facing their profession at a special meeting of the Society of Broadcast Engineers.

Addressing the meeting, SBE president Roger Johnson of KOY, Phoenix, described the decline of radio engineering staffs, in both numbers and status, since the 1950s. In the 1930s and 1940s, he said, the chief engineer was

"the man of stature" at a radio station, next to the GM. Today, however, many stations no longer have full-time engineers, relying instead on a contract engineer for all the stations in a market.

The best engineers will always find jobs, Johnson predicted, although full-time work in small markets may be a thing of the past. Johnson foresees the rise of service companies, with consulting engineers maintaining staffs of qualified engineers to service local stations.

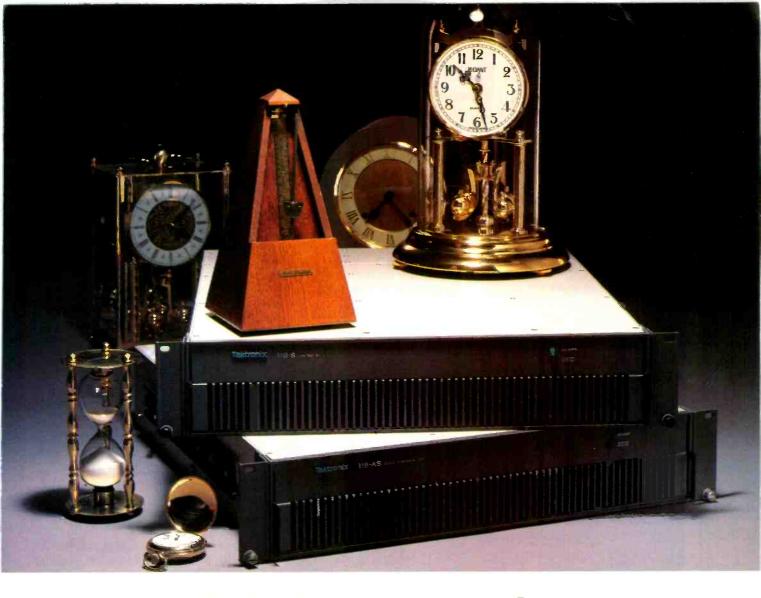
With the FCC now out of the business of qualifying engineers, SBE's certification program will become even more important in helping stations find competent engineers.

The SBE certification program has been in existence since 1975, although it has not caught on like wildfire. Somewhat more than 2600 broadcast engineers are certified nationally. To become certified, an engineer must take one of four exams: broadcast engineer AM/FM, broadcast, engineer television, senior broadcast engineer AM/ FM, or senior broadcast engineer television. Each exam consists of 50 multiple-choice questions, testing knowledge used in day-to-day station operations, with one or more essay questions on the senior level exams. To take the exams, an applicant must have five years suitable work experience (10 years for senior level exams).

A particularly attractive feature of certification—to station managements, if not to engineers—is that it must be renewed every five years.

Certification may have taken off slowly, but some observers feel it is picking up momentum. The statement "certification desirable" is beginning to show up in want ads, and engineering managements are beginning to take notice. For example, Robert Sudock, technical operations manager for Metromedia's KTTV, Los Angeles, who supervises a staff of 40, has run into very few SBE-certified engineers—perhaps one or two percent out of hundreds of resumes examined each year. "It gives me a little more confidence in looking at the person." Sudock explains. "What can you tell on a resume? The SBE program reinforces their background. I would feel . . . more comfortable, more apt to pursue the interview."

(Prepared with assistance from Glenn Calderone—Ed.)



# **PERFECT TIMING!**

Anytime your video and audio signals go into our synchronizers, they come out in perfect time. It makes for a difference your viewers can't see!

Start with the Tek 110-S for transparency no other frame synchronizer can match. Our high noise immunity genlock circuitry and adaptive clamping ensure the 110-S will track noisy signals longer and at the same time minimize streaking in the picture.

Add optional four-field memory and you get accurate color framing with no decoder artifacts

or 140 ns picture shifts. Your picture is virtually camera clear.

Now! You can include time base correction for heterodyne color VTRs in your 110-S package. This option features auto VTR signal recognition and infinite window correction range. It provides time base correction without feedback to the VTR. Ideal for remote location feeds.

The new Tek 118-AS Audio Synchronizer works in tandem with the 110-S to eliminate lip sync errors. The 118-AS solves the audio-to-video problems introduced by four-field memory video synchronizers and other large-memory digital devices. The 118-AS features automatic and manual delay correction, wide dynamic range and low distortion. And with 18-bit floating point code and 93.75 kHz sampling, the 118-AS sets the same high performance standards as the 110-S.

**Don't settle for less than perfect timing!** Call your Tektronix Television Sales Engineer for a demonstration today. Or call Tek toll-free at 1-800-547-1512 for complete details. (In Oregon, 1-800-452-1877.)



# CMX/Orrox Plans To Buy ADDA Corp.

Orrox Corp. and ADDA Corp. have announced that Orrox, manufacturer of CMX videotape editing equipment, has signed an agreement to buy ADDA, maker of digital signal processing equipment. A subsidiary of ADDA, Control Video Corp., also manufactures video editors in addition to other video processing equipment.

When reached by telephone, Sam R. Goodman, chairman and CEO of Orrox, had no comment about possible future plans for Control Video's editing equipment lines. In Orrox's prepared

statement, Goodman said that CMX and ADDA have the best equipment, "each in its own field." Orrox's chairman also described CMX as "the ultimate in videotape editing" while ADDA was called "the leading edge in digital time base correction, frame synchronization, and still storage."

Under the reported terms of the purchase, shareholders of ADDA, a private company, will receive up to 3,400,000 shares of Orrox common stock. Orrox says that combined annual sales of the two California-based companies exceed \$25 million. The purchase must be approved by the directors and shareholders of both companies.



This fall marks the tenth anniversary of the Associated Press' radio network, the AP Network News. Starting as an offshoot of the Broadcast News department in New York, Network News set up shop in small offices four blocks from the White House (shown above) with 14 employees producing 18 newscasts per

day for 200 affiliates. Ten years later, the service has been joined by AP's radio and television wires, moved from New York to consolidated facilities (below) with a staff of 70 and a fully computerized newsroom including switching. Network News distributes 54 newscasts daily plus actualities and features to 1100 affiliates.



# Cable Deregulation Bill Passes in Congress

With the NCTA and the National League of Cities in what appears to be a truly final agreement, the House of Representatives has passed cable legislation deregulating cable rates after two years. As of presstime, the House bill was headed for a conference where a compromise with the Senate version would be worked out.

Essentially what has come out of the long-standing battle is two more years of rate regulation, as the cities had asked for. Cable operators would be entitled to an automatic five percent rate increase annually. They also have the right to stop offering programming that rises steeply in cost. Operators who have already altered their services or rates, based on the Supreme Court's decision giving the FCC precedence over local authority, will be grand-fathered into this new arrangement. Franchise fees would be capped at five percent of gross annual revenue.

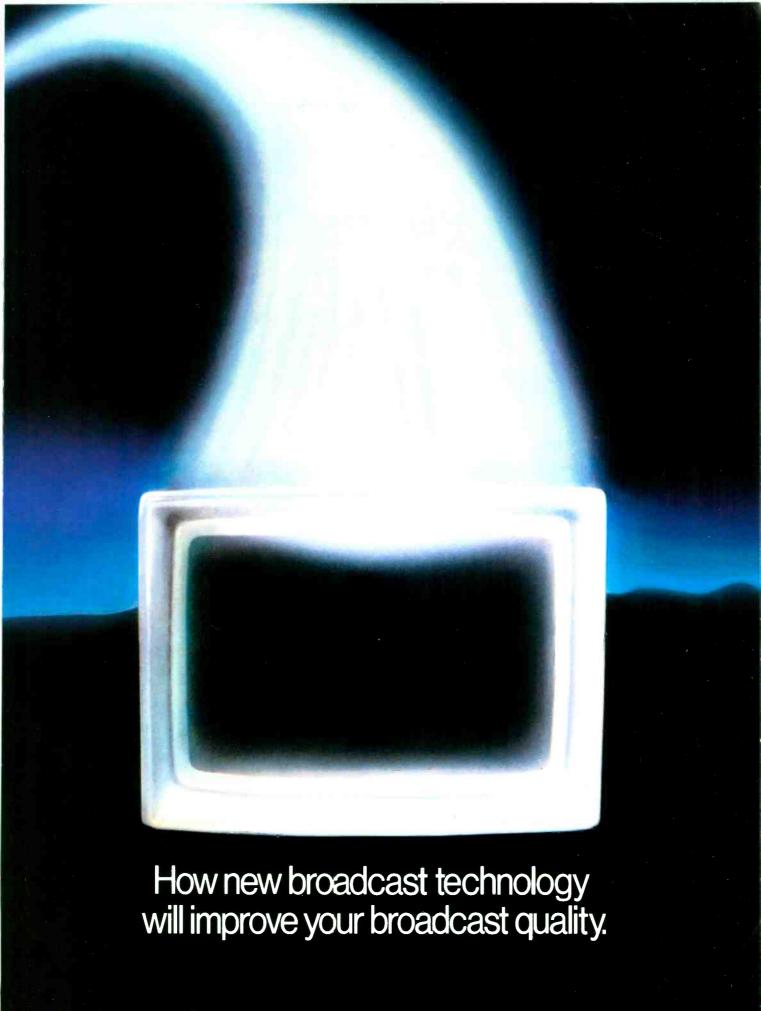
#### Edens Buys Harte-Hanks Radio Except KKBQ

Harte-Hanks Communications, Inc. reports it has agreed to the buy-out of seven of its radio stations by Gary Edens, president and CEO of Harte-Hanks Radio Group. Edens says the Radio Group also plans to sell two other stations, KKBQ-AM-FM, Houston, to Gannett Company, Inc.

Terms of the purchase were not officially disclosed, though the price has been at \$40 million for Edens' stations and \$35 million, a record, for the Houston combo. Edens says all the AM/FM combinations rank number "one or two" in their markets. It has been observed that with some radio stations appreciating in market value due to the FCC's recent deregulation of radio group ownership limits, leveraged buy-outs may become more frequent.

KKBQ will give Gannett 15 radio stations, breaking the twenty-year old 7-7 rule.

Edens Broadcasting, Inc., based in Phoenix, has been recently formed for the takeover with Gary Edens as chairman and CEO. Several station managers currently heading the Harte-Hanks radio group will accompany Edens, among them J. Philip Goldman, WRVQ-FM, and L.G. Jones, WRVA-



# Panasonic presents the technology



NTSC. YIQ. Now you can make the most out of both. Because now Panasonic lets you do what you couldn't do before: Enhance your existing NTSC equipment with the higher performance and lower operating costs of the Panasonic YIQ M-Format. The result: 1-inch performance from ½-inch equipment.

# Recam. We've got your configuration.

ENG, EFP, and Studio. The three key Recam configurations. In either three-tube Plumbicon\* or Saticon\* versions. And now you can use all Recam cameras and VCRs with all your existing equipment because they're all YIQ/NTSC compatible.

The Recam B-100B camcorder. It gives a single operator total control of both video and audio. With video playback and two-channel audio monitoring in the viewfinder. In the field, Recam gives you up to two hours from its onboard battery compared to just 20 minutes from some other camcorders.

In the studio, Recam cameras can be fitted with an optional 5-inch viewfinder and camera control unit for total broadcast versatility.

\*Plumbicon is a registered trademark of N.V. Philips †Saticon is a registered trademark of Hitachi, Ltd.



**ENG Camcorder** 



Studio Configuration



**EFP Configuration** 



# The AK-30 stands head-to-head with the bestselling broadcast camera in the world.

Digital registration. Image-enhancing circuitry. Dual white balance with memory. Three high-focus-field Plumbicon tubes. It's the Panasonic AK-30. And it will challenge even the bestselling broadcast camera in the world. With the industry's highest S/N ratio: 62dB. And a razor-sharp 650 lines horizontal resolution. ENG, EFP and Studio



configurations. It works with triax and has a negative film switch for telecine use.

Triax Adapter

Only Panasonic gives you 1-inch color playback quality in the field from a ½-inch portable.

Up to now, if you wanted the quality of 1-inch color playback in the field, you had the hassle and expense of 1-inch equipment. Now all you need is the Panasonic AU-220 portable VCR.

It's YIQ compatible. So you get 1-inch color performance from ½-inch equipment. The AU-220 also records and plays standard NTSC.

In the studio or van, the AU-220 doubles as an ideal source VCR when you add the AU-S220 adapter. It provides power, a drop-out compensator, and a fully corrected broadcast signal when you add a TBC, vectorscope and WFM.

For field playback on a budget, choose the AU-100KB and get black and white video confidence in the viewfinder.

# behind component compatibility.

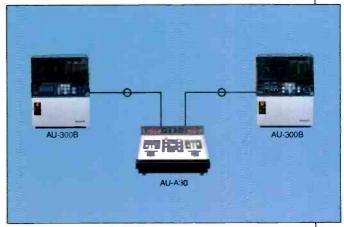
# When it comes to post-production, Panasonic speaks the language.

The Panasonic RS-422 Serial Interface can improve VCR systems control. Because it lets you control high performance YIQ M-Format VTRs from your existing VTRs and editing systems. The Panasonic AU-300B editing recorder, the AU-TB30 internal TBC, the AU-A30 full-function editing controller and AT-Series color monitors. Complete compatibility for total control.

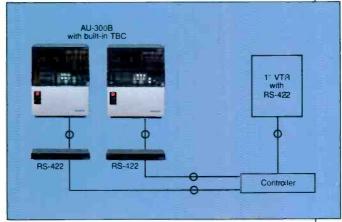




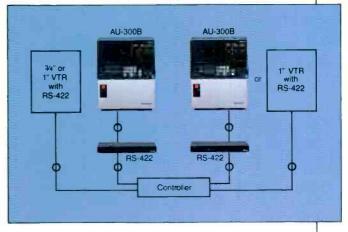
#### SIMPLE EDITING



#### MULTI-SOURCE EDITING



#### INTER-FORMAT EDITING





# Only from Panasonic. Automatic, continuous, reliable broadcasting.

It's the MVP-100 and it will revolutionize your station. Because it lets you program in advance, and automatically air, everything from news spots to commercials to station IDs. Even complete program-length material. All with YIQ quality, time-code accuracy and computer-controlled reliability. At a lower operating cost than conventional cart machines. Its recorders, spot players, and up to 24 modular transports operate independently. So the MVP-100 can even be programmed to override a breakdown the moment broadcast continuity has been interrupted to virtually eliminate dead air.



#### Panasonic Broadcast Systems.

Panasonic broadcast components can enhance any broadcast system. Not only will we make your images look better with advanced M-Format technology, we'll make it easier for you to originate, produce and broadcast them.

Panasonic Broadcast Systems. Watch us improve your broadcast quality.

Call your nearest Panasonic regional office:

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Central: (214) 256-2222 West: (714) 895-7200 Canada: (416) 624-5010

Panasonic Industrial Company AM, both in Richmond, VA, R. Michael Horne, KOY/KQYT, Phoenix and Michael D. Osterhout, WRBQ-AM/FM in Tampa/St. Petersburg. The seventh station in the deal is WSGN-AM of Birmingham.

Edens says he foresees "no significant changes" for the stations, but he does plan to pick up properties in "other attractive growth markets."

## **Exceptional Engineering Nets Six Emmies**

Six companies have picked up engineering Emmies this year for technical developments ranging from circular polarization to time compression. Those honored by the National Academy of Television Arts and Sciences are Sony, Ampex, Kudelski, Lexicon, Tektronix, and RCA.

Sony was cited for "materially improving the quality and efficiency of animation production" with its new stationary-tape, single-frame recording techniques incorporated into a one-inch type-C compatible format. Sony is

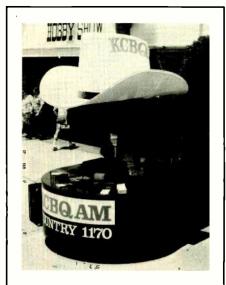
utilizing this technology in its BVH-2500 VTR. Also, Sony chairman and co-founder Akio Morita was given NATAS' Directorate Award for his leading role in the broadcast field.

Ampex and Kudelski both received Emmies for their development of "an extremely lightweight and compact" portable one-inch type-C VTR, the VPR-5.

Lexicon was singled out for developing its model 1200 Audio Time Compressor and Expander.

Tektronix also picked up an award, for "continued technical excellence and leadership" in the areas of television test, measurement, and monitoring engineering.

For its pioneering work on circular polarization, RCA received an Emmy, its ninth. In addition, the Trustees award, the Academy's most prestigious award for individuals, was given post-humously to Vladimir K. Zworykin for his half century of "conception and invention" with RCA. He is credited with the first practical tube for picture transmission.



**Expanded Coverage:** Deejay Tom "Shotgun" Kelley looks up from under his multi-gallon hat at a county fair where KCBQ, a country AM station in San Diego, introduced its new mobile broadcast booth. Designed by The Graphic Express Corp. of San Diego, the distinctive studio promotes the station and gets the attention of passersby.

#### **NEWS BRIEFS**

For 1985 the Television Bureau of Advertising predicts local advertising will rise 13 to 15 percent, national and regional 10 to 12 percent, and network 9 to 11 percent. In the current year, final figures for these same categories are expected to reach 18, 15 to 17, and 16 to 18 percent respectively. All figures will continue to be subject to "considerable variation" by region, market, and market size, "particularly with the number of new stations coming on the air''... TvB also reports that in the first half of 1984, retail advertising for computer sales and service soared 193 percent over the comparable period in 1983, from \$2.1 million to \$6.2 million. Computer spot ad sales went from \$1.5 million to \$3.6 million. The highest rollers were Computerland and IBM Products Center.

Three **new ADIs** have been created by Arbitron in the 1984–85 rankings: Flagstaff, AZ at ADI 102; Sarasota, NY at 158; and Hagerstown, MD at 195. The Helena, MT ADI has been merged with Missoula-Butte, while Dallas-Ft. Worth has bumped Washington for eighth place. The number of U.S. TV households has risen 1 percent

this year to over 85 million. . . . A.C. Nielsen has announced no additions to its 205 markets or DMAs. It ranks Washington eighth over Dallas and puts Cleveland tenth, as opposed to Arbitron's Houston. . . According to a reader survey conducted by *Nation's Business* magazine, published by the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, over 70 percent of respondents watch business-oriented programs, and 42 percent say they want more of that brand of programming.

The Radio Advertising Bureau reports that in the first half of 1984 local radio billings rose 15.3 percent over the same period in 1983. . . . Arbitron is breaking out San Diego-North County as a separate metro area for the first time this fall. . . . Bonneville Broadcasting System is buying Schulke Radio Productions, Ltd. from Cox Communications, Inc. . . . WOR-AM, New York, has donated its 60-year written and recorded archives to the Library of Congress. Among the talk and entertainment programs available are Year in Review broadcasts from 1936-43 and a Rinso commercial featuring Beverly Sills.

The RTNDA's regional award for overall excellence, the Edward R. Murrow Award, has been won this year by eight stations. In radio, WHDH, Boston; KRLD, Dallas; WCXI, Detroit; and KIRO, Seattle. In television, WBZ, Boston; WSMV, Nashville; WCCO, Minneapolis; and KRON, San Francisco.

Broadcast engineers now have their own computer bulletin board, available 24 hours a day without charge. Operated by Bryan Boyle, BM/E's contributing editor and a computer expert with ABC Radio Network, the BBS operates at 300 baud, Bell 103 standard, 8 bits with 1 stop, and no parity. Hook up by calling (212) 933–9459. First access requires a short, online registration survey which will be kept confidential. Boyle suggests that users may want to donate \$10 to the SBE's Ennes Scholarship Fund. . . . The Professional Film and Video Equipment Association will hold its **Production** Solutions '85 show December 6-8 at the Sound Stage in Hollywood. Admission is free, and over 25 companies will be exhibiting at the "hands-on, talk shop" event for production pros.

# IN THE BATTLE OF THE ROUTING SWITCHERS, THERE'S A NEW HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMPION.

MANUFERS IN A	3M Series H 128 x 32	Fernseh TVS-TAS 2000	Grass Valley GL 440	Grass Valley Horizon	Utah Scientific AVS-1
VIDEO	(Carrier 1997)	14114	177		
Crosstalk Video to Video	-65/4.43	-60/4.43	-60/5	-60/5.5	-60/4.4
Hum & Noise (0-4.2 mHz)	-75	-75	-65	-75	
(IRE WEIGHTING)	-82				-75
Frequency Response (dB to mHz)	±.1/5.5	±.1/5.5	±.1/5	±.1/5	±.1/5
Diff Gain (10-90%) 3.58	.1%	.1%	.25%	.1%	.1%
Diff Phase	.10	.1°	.25°	.10	.12°
AUDIO		- No. 1	13411		
Crosstalk (dB/kHz) Audio to Audio	-88/20	-85/15	-80/15	-80/15	-75/20
Hum & Noise (dB below out ) / FILTER	-122/15k	-109/*	-92/15k	-104/15k	-109/15k
Freq Resp @ Max Out (dB/dBm)	±.1/30	±.2/24	±.1/24	±.1/24	±.2/24
Over Freq Range	20-20k	30-15k	20-20k	30-15k	30-15k
Cóm Mode Rej Ratio (dB)	-80	-75	-80	-65	-70

\*Cata not available

Data based on manufacturers specification as of 4/83

Compare our Series H Hybrid Switching Systems to the competitors and the advantages are easy to see. If you'd like to compare a few more specs, call us toll-free at 1-800-328 1684. In Minn sota, call toll-free

1-800-792-1072. Outside the continental U.S., call International Operations collect at 1-612-736-2549.You'll be knocked out by all our advantages. Broadcast and Related Products Division.

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# RADIO <a href="mailto:programming-6">programming & production</a>

# Rock Radio Reunion Generates Nostalgia and Profits for WCBS-FM

By Judith Gross

How does a radio station get listeners to keep the phones ringing off the hook for 48 consecutive hours? Simple. It makes radio history.

New York's WCBS-FM recently did just that when it took its oldies format one step further with a "Rock & Roll Radio Greats" weekend.

The event reunited on New York City airwaves the legendary voices of WABC-AM's All Americans: Ron Lundy, Dan Ingram, Charlie Greer, Bob Lewis, Herb Oscar Anderson and "Cousin" Bruce Morrow; plus WMCA-AM's Good Guys: Harry Harrison, Joe O'Brien, Jack Spector and Dean Anthony.

Some of the famous voices had been absent from radio since the two former rock rivals went all talk, WMCA in 1970 and WABC in 1982.

#### Putting it together

Getting the entire gang together in one place and producing a smooth two days of nostalgia with relatively few hitches proved to be somewhat more of a task than WCBS program director Joe McCoy had first imagined when he came up with the reunion idea this spring.

"We already had Harry Harrison and Ron Lundy as regulars, and Bruce Morrow and Jack Spector were doing their weekly shows for us. I thought getting them together with the rest of the big names in radio seemed like the next logical step," said McCoy.

Contacting some of the super jocks, like Dan Ingram, who is still around town doing voice overs and a weekly music survey program, was easy. Joe O'Brien and Dean Anthony were

**Judith Gross,** formerly technology and radio editor of Broadcast Week is now associate editor of communications for MIS Week and an independent writer.



"Cousin Brucie" Morrow launches into his trademark "Eiyee" wail during the WCBS-sponsored reunion.

brought in from WHUD, Peekskill and WHLI, Long Island, respectively. Herb Oscar Anderson had to be lured into the metropolis from his Catskill, NY, farm. But the biggest problem proved to be finding former WABC overnighter Charlie ("swing, Charlie, swing") Greer.

Greer had dropped out of sight, and it took nothing less than an ad in a trade publication to locate him, in retirement in an obscure part of Ohio.

Once the gang was assembled, McCoy sprung the reunion idea and the response was one of effusive support.

"These guys aren't just doing it for themselves, or even their fans," McCoy observed. "They went ahead with it for each other. Neither the Good Guys nor the All Americans wanted to let their 'team' down." And McCoy also pointed out that when they arrived at WCBS's studios, they instinctively split into WMCA and WABC factions by going into separate rooms.

The station went to the limit in promoting the weekend, first with on air enticements and teasers, later with

spot TV commercials. The TV ads were the station's first use of spots for a single special, rather than the institutional ads which are run during ratings periods. WCBS threw a party several days before the weekend, appropriately enough in a rock club. But some of the embellishments that would etch the weekend indelibly into the minds of those who tuned in went on behind the scenes.

McCoy contacted JAM, the jingle producer from Dallas, to obtain special jingles—for use one-time only—with that well-remembered "60s" sound. JAM had produced the original WABC musicradio and "77" jingles, and the reunion weekend shouts and songs were almost exact replicas. JAM producers recorded them gratis, having been 60s rock radio fans themselves, with the provision that WCBS would "kill" them after the weekend.

McCoy and several producers assembled tributes to two additional personalities who played prominent roles in rock radio: Murray "The K" Kaufman, who died in 1982, and

#### RADIO PROGRAMMING



New York rock radio veterans Ron Lundy, Herb Oscar Anderson, Dan Ingram, and Charlie Greer cut up during Lundy's airshift of the rock radio reunion.

WMCAer B. Mitchell Reed, who died last year. The recordings were snatches of airchecks salvaged and edited, and were aired during the evening airshifts.

During the airshifts, McCoy had more than the usual quota of engineers available to help the DJs, some of whom had been away from the mic for a while. Some, such as Joe O'Brien and Jack Spector, ran their own boards, while others worked in tandem with an engineer. Two studio control rooms were a flurry of activity, with extra mics in place for on-air interviews,

phone calls pouring in and being recorded for later airing, and several aircheck/archive tapes running continuously. McCoy explained that recordings of the entire weekend were being donated to New York's Museum of Broadcasting, and might also be condensed into an album for possible sale at some point in the future.

Radiophiles who took special note of the 1960s sound, probably noticed some differences listening to their favorite DJs during the reunion than what they remembered from the heyday of AM radio's grip on baby-boomer listeners. Most former rock AM stations saturated their sound in maximum compression for an unmistakable fullness which became their trademarks. WCBS added some compression to its FM sound, but it was noticeably less than what was fashionable two decades ago. The rock radio reunion also marked the first time many of the famous voices could be heard in stereo. But the memories and the music were the same.

#### On-air nostalgia

Music director Barbara Temple had

# This new portable UHF Field Strength Meter gives you accurate readings across the entire band.

Someone once said that "Certainty is Security." That is the main idea behind field strength measurements. They verify the signal level and rf environment at the point of reception. You know for certain what's out there.

It is now easy for UHF stations to achieve this certainty. With the new FIM-72 from Potomac Instruments.

#### Tune the entire UHF band

From 470 to 960 MHz. The received signal strength is shown in volts and dB, with a 140 dB measurement range. Select peak or averaging detection; wide or narrow IF bandwidth. Seven 20dB logarithmic ranges assures precise readings. Internal demodulators (AM and FM) provide audio monitoring of the selected signal.

#### It is easy to use

Find the desired signal on the spiral dial. Calibrate the meter using the internal generator, then read the signal strength from the mirrored meter. The field strength is easily determined from the supplied calibration data.

Laboratory applications

The FIM-72 includes a precision rf generator that tracks the tuned frequency. Typical measurements include insertion loss, VSWR, and filter response.

Call Potomac Today

Place your order for this new UHF field intensity meter. Put it to work. And then you will know for certain.



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(301) 589-2662



# Get it out of your system.

Television is an electronic medium. Yet TV graphics still involve messy paints, glue, air brushes, razors, and other paraphernalia.

MCI/Quantel's Paint Box can put your TV graphics into the electronic medium.

So you can get all the messy paraphernalia out of your system. Digitally.

The Paint Box lets you do a lot more than you can do with traditional art materials. A lot faster. And with typical Quantel picture quality.

It gives you over 16 million colors. If that's not enough, you can mix your own, just like you'd do with paints.

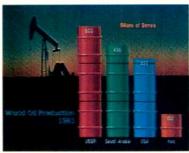
It's incredibly versatile. You can produce the look of oils, watercolors, chalk, pencil. You can make stencils. Air brush. Cut and paste. Even animate

You can grab TV frames off the air, resize them, retouch them, mix them with graphics.

You can set type from a large variety of the highest quality fonts.

And you can interface the Paint Box to Quantel's DLS 6000 Library System for a totally digital still-picture system. It's awesome.

Call your local MCI/Quantel office. They'll be glad to show you a demonstration tape. Or get in touch with us directly at 415/856-6226. Micro Consultants, Inc., P.O. Box 50810, Palo Alto, California 94303.



Graphics like this are easy on the Paint Box.



MCI/QUANTEL
The digital video people.

# Canonin Action The world saw the Games through Canon Lenses.

For 16 days during the summer of 1984, the world saw the Games of the XXIIIrd Olympiad through Canon TV lenses.

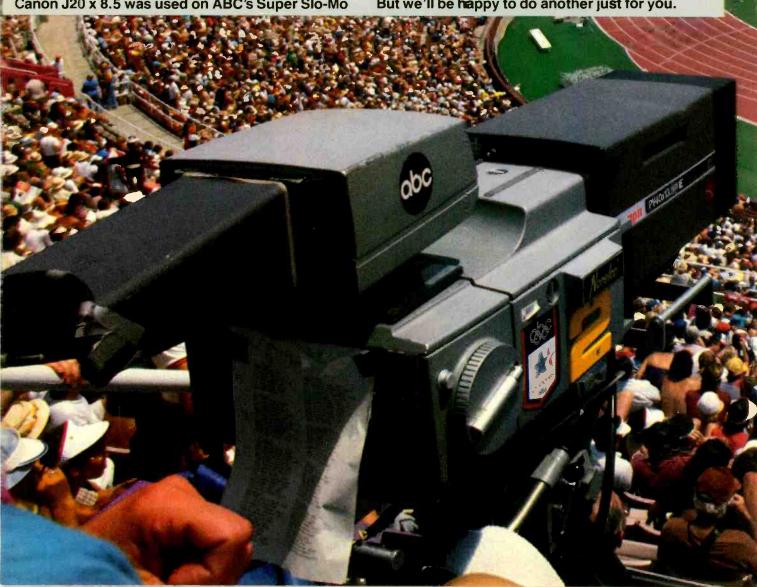
From a crane high above the Los Angeles Coliseum, a Canon PV 40 x 13.5 was able to show the spectacle of the Games unfolding, and with its awesome 40X reach, isolate a single athlete on the field.

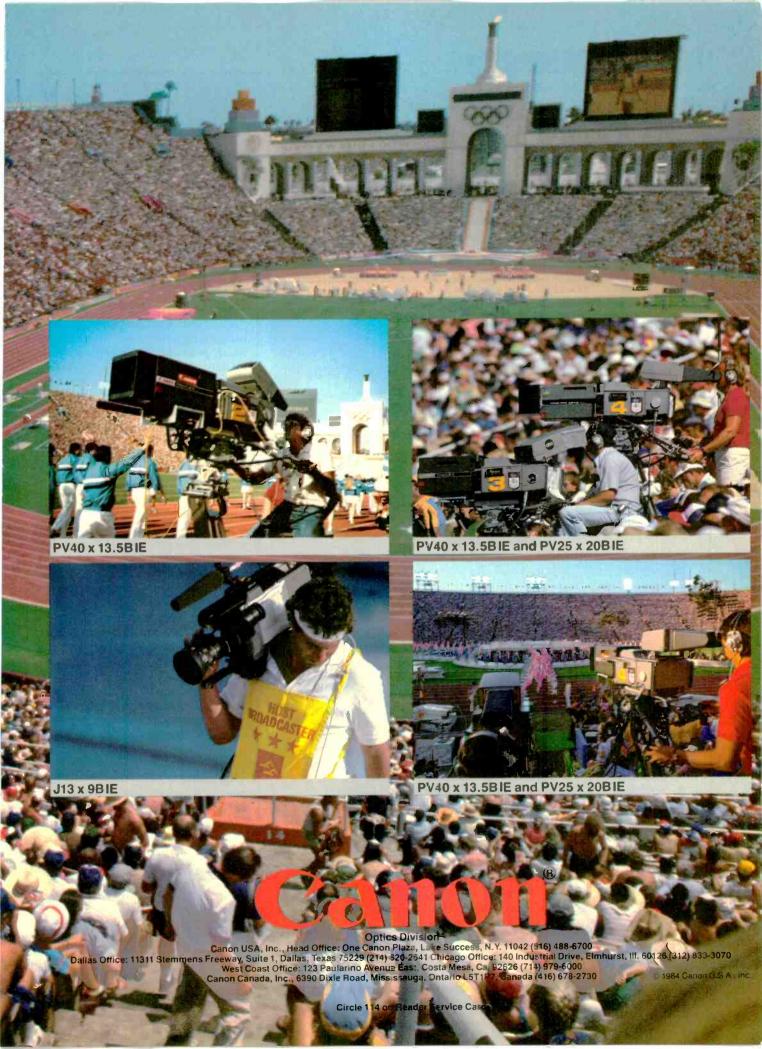
At venues throughout Southern California, a total of 135 Canon lenses captured every aspect of those rare moments that are now sports history. ABC cameras were equipped with Canon PV 40 x 13.5, PV 25 x 20 and PV 18 x 12 lenses. A Canon J20 x 8.5 was used on ABC's Super Slo-Mo

camera, while a Canon J25 x 11.5 was shooting aerial pictures from the Goodyear® blimp. ENG camera operators used the Canon J13 x 9BIE and the incredible new J18 x 9BIE for the extra reach that brought us face-to-face with the competitors.

Canon broadcast lenses were also the choice of many independents on the scene in Los Angeles, because Canon's proven performance and reliability assured them of getting the shots they needed at this once-in-a-lifetime event.

If you watched the 1984 Olympics, you've already seen the most spectacular demonstration of Canon TV lenses we could possibly arrange. But we'll be happy to do another just for you.





### RADIO PROGRAMMING

put together a playlist from the station's gold selections that paid tribute to the decade which changed young people's listening habits irreversibly. Each DJ played a countdown of the 15 top hits of one year, from 1960 on Joe O'Brien's shift, to 1969 in the final hours of the weekend with Bob Lewis.

In between the music, the radio greats spiced up the programs with bits of precious old tape containing unforgettable moments in their own personal on-air histories. Listeners again heard the screams of crowds gathered in the streets during the Beatles' first U.S. tour, the bizarre "Paul McCartney is dead" rumors which led to the ousting of WABC DJ Robie Young by then station program director Rick Sklar and a security guard; and the only time his colleagues could recall veteran Dan Ingram losing his composure on the air: when Bruce Morrow "showered" a shopping bag full of men's underwear on him after a forecast of "brief showers."



Jack ("Your main man Jake") Spector smiles his famous "Hello, Bubby" during his stint on the nostalgia weekend.

Each shift was punctuated by original name IDs and the same theme music which gave each personality his own identity: Cousin Brucie's "Go-Go" song recorded by the Four Seasons; Bob Lewis's "Bobaloo" Doo-wop theme and Ingram's jazzy closing theme, which had to be re-recorded in stereo first. Herb Oscar Anderson, the "morning mayor," sang "Hello Again," and former Good Guys played old recordings of slightly off-key parodies hyping themselves to the tune of "Bye Bye Blackbird."

Jack O'Brien brought his former sidekick/alter ego "Benny" back to the airwaves, Ron Lundy said "Hello Luv" to everybody. Dean ("Dino on your radio") Anthony played "actors and actresses" by giving initials and taking guesses, and Ingram joked with his "Kimosabe" monicker and "Tonto" routine, remembering to celebrate the "honor group of the day—people who grew up listening to me."

The mood went from hilarity to sentimentality, and occasional lapses into mushiness added, rather than detracted, from the end result.

#### Remembering the 60s

Anderson actually shed tears while reminiscing about the Vietnam era after a phone-in from a veteran. Anderson's program had been aired on ships bound for Southeast Asia during those painful years, and his show became the most popular among Vietnam-bound young men, mostly due to his support of them while anti-military protests raged at home.

But the tone could not stay somber for very long, as DJs stayed after their airshifts or dropped by early to joke around, on and off-mic, ad-libbing and doing their best to make each other laugh and get the last word or "one-



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### 735L (LED display)

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December 31, 1984.

Please contact us now. We'll send you complete

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Payments are based on the suggested list price of \$3580.00 for a basic monaural cassette-to-cassette high speed series 6120 tape duplicating system with a 10% downpayment of \$358.00, and 12 monthly payments of \$268.50. Offer available only through participating dealers and does not include state or local taxes. Offer expires December 31, 1984.



TELEX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

Circle 116 on Reader Service Card

## RADIO PROGRAMMING

up" each other.

There was a steady stream of visitors, who were promptly placed in front of mics to give their renditions of 1960s radio remembrances.

Former DJ Gary Stevens, now with broadcasting owner Doubleday, said the weekend was reminding listeners of how much fun radio used to be. Former WABC nighttime voice Chuck Leonard dropped in to join the party-like atmosphere. Singer Lenny ("Since I Fell For You") Welsh and Sid Bernstein, the man who brought the Beatles to America

and later managed such well-known rock acts as the Young Rascals, were guests on Jack ("Your main man Jake") Spector's show. In addition to interviews, Bernstein took his turn answering the relentless phone-ins which kept the WCBS switchboard lit up during, and even well after reunion programs were on the air.

Calls came in and were aired from some well-known listeners such as singer Jay Black (Jay and the Americans) who phoned to wish Bruce Morrow well.



#### **Enthusiastic response**

Nancy Widman, WCBS-FM general manager, was surprised at the response and the stated gratitude of the listeners. Although the reunion special had gotten the enthusiastic support of sponsors—it was completely sold out—she hadn't expected it to trigger the outpouring of feelings swarming in from the callers.

"I'm overwhelmed by the response and thrilled about the warmth and emotion," she said. "Our station is built on nostalgia and memories, so this weekend was a celebration of everything we represent."

Memories aside, while the radio reunion reminded listeners of what radio was, it also brought home to them and to the men behind the mic—what is different about it today.

"There was this rivalry between the Good Guys and the All Americans, but we also had a great deal of respect for each other. Radio today is not like that," noted Dean Anthony.

"Communicating on the radio is so important," said Bob Vanderheyden, CBS radio vice president, in a call-in during the reunion. "If we could get rid of the research people, we could get back to radio again."

"We have some very talented people in radio today," commented Morrow, on-mic. "I wish the people in charge of radio would let them to do their thing." Ingram agreed. "They've got to widen the goalposts and let the folks on-air score touchdowns."

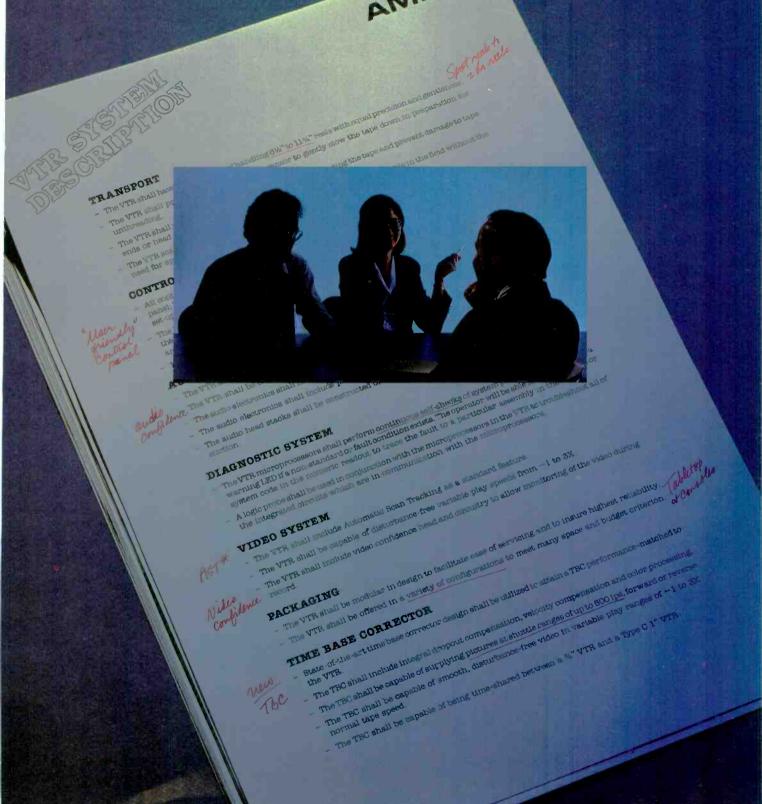
If the hunger for "radio as it used to be" is that strong among DJs and listeners alike, maybe WCBS will take a hint and repeat the rock radio reunion again, as almost every caller suggested. Tempting as that may be to station management, with full weekend sponsorship and unceasing accolades from fans calling in, PD McCoy conceded that it isn't likely, calling the event "radio like you'll probably never hear it again."

And while it may have all been as fresh in listeners' minds as if it were only yesterday, Dan Ingram's quip as he closed his show wryly affirms the fact that nostalgia almost always reminds us of how much and how irrevocably things have changed.

"Everything's the same as it was 20 years ago," Ingram said of his airshift. "Except now when I do the show I need reading glasses."

BM/E

# Ampex Listened When You Described Your Ideal VTR.



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PICTURE MONITOR—DNE OF
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PANEL—ALL OPERATOR
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TBC-6 WITH 32 LINE MEMORY AND 28 LINE CORRECTION WINDOW; PERFORMANCE MATCHED TO VPR-6.



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# Now, Here It Is. The New VPR-6.

hen hundreds of users worldwide told us what they wanted in a one-inch VTR, we listened closely and then designed and built it. It's our new VPR-6, the easiest VTR to operate, service and maintain of any in its class. And it's in the price/performance ratio that most users want.

#### Smart, yes. Complicated, no.

Intelligent but not intimidating, the new VPR-6 offers features that allow you to get the job done more productively. For example, virtually all machine setup procedures can be done at the highly efficient control panel. Most board-edge controls typically found in VTR's have been eliminated.

You insisted on fast but gentle tape handling...the VPR-6 shuttles tape at speeds approaching 500 ips and handles all reel sizes from spot to 2 hours with equal precision and gentleness. The servo microprocessor senses when the end of the tape is near and slows down the reels and scanner and unthreads the tape gently.

You asked for power-down memory...so we built in a long-life battery to protect setups, edit and cue points and all editor configuration parameters.

"Make it easier to troubleshoot," you said, and we built in an extensive diagnostics system that constantly monitors many system conditions and warns you if a fault occurs. You can even run from the control panel a diagnostic routine using a logic probe to test every IC in direct communication with the two microprocessors.

#### A tried and true transport

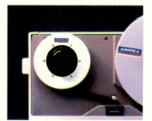
You demanded reliability. Not wanting to tamper with success, we borrowed the tape transport and mechanical

printed wiring boards and backplane connectors throughout. The modular package allows convenient access to any part of the VTR for easy maintenance.



#### A TBC to Match

Because you wanted play speeds from -1 to 3X normal and picture in shuttle, we also developed the new TBC-6 digital time base corrector, performance-matched to the VPR-6. Its 32-line memory and 28-line correction window are the largest in any TBC appropriate for a VTR of this type.



#### State of the art editing

So much for recording and playback, how about editing? The VPR-6 has all the capabilities you asked for, including

split audio-video auto edit and auto tag. RS-422 serial communications capability lets VPR-6 function efficiently in a state-of-the-art editing system with the Ampex ACE and other edit controllers.

#### First-rate audio

"Make audio better," you said, and we did. The VPR-6 has audio (as well as video) confidence playback. The audio system also offers high quality stereo phase and an optional fourth audio channel for EBU systems.



## design of our reliable and proven VPR-80. We also eliminated most wire harnesses in favor of more reliable

#### **Selection of styles**

Most users may agree on capabilities, but you prefer a variety of configurations to choose from. So, we offer the VPR-6/TBC-6 in four console styles as well as tabletop and rackmount versions. Many Ampex video accessories work with it, including some you may now own.

#### In production now

The VPR-6 is too good to wait for, so it's already in factory production.

Ask your Ampex video sales engineer

to quote price and delivery for any model in any world standard, and watch his face light up!





# We're so confident about Saticon II performance, we don't have to count the hours.

Our Saticon II warranty is measured from the date the tube is placed in service, with full adjustment for up to six months, regardless of actual service hours. The Saticon II in-service warranty covers, in effect, full-time operation for the entire six months—more than 4,000 hours of service.

Plumbicon's warranty is based on hours of service with full adjustment for just 50 hours of service. If Plumbicon were used at a minimum of only one hour a day, this 50 hours service warranty would expire in less than seven weeks.

In what may be a more typical comparison, if Saticon II averaged 30 hours of service per week, after six months the service would total to 780 hours. Compare this with the Plumbicon warranty of only 50 hours of service. Saticon's full adjustment warranty period is still 15 times longer in this "real world" example.

Saticon's pro-rated adjustment policy is better, too. Should a Saticon tube fail after the six month in-service period, we'll pro-rate the cost of its replacement for 12 months, regardless of service hours. With Plumbicon, pro-rated adjustment is limited to only 1,000 of total service.

Saticon II not only gives you the best warranty in the business, it also gives you best performance in your cameras. The improved Saticon II photoconductor ensures high resolution, distortion-free color, very low lag, high sensitivity and depth of modulation. Pictures are clearer, sharper and crisper. Highlight memory (without red trail) is significantly reduced.

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Our convenient camera tube selection guide will help you compare the performance characteristics and design features of all major camera tubes. Call or write today for your copy.

Take out the doubt.

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# TELEVISION programming & production

# Small-Market TV Station Takes the Big-Market Outlook

By Eva J. Blinder, Senior Editor

It may be the state capitol, but Concord, NH, is still too small to be counted as an ADI. Nevertheless, the management at new UHF independent WNHT, Ch. 21, feels the station is positioned not only for success, but for influence.

WNHT's transmitter site, 11 miles from the station atop Fort Mountain in Epson, NH, allows the station to reach all New Hampshire's major cities—Concord, Manchester, Dover, Nashua, and Portsmouth—with its A countour. Its B contour brings the station into parts of Massachusetts and Maine. In all, WNHT reaches about 80 percent of the population of New Hampshire.

Compared to neighboring Massachusetts, however, New Hampshire is sparsely populated. Despite its wideranging signal, WNHT faces many of the budgetary realities shared by smallmarket stations and fledgling stations alike.

#### Quality and efficiency

According to general manager J.A. "Skip" Simms, achieving success on a relatively small budget requires careful planning and a commitment to quality.

"We designed the station," he explains, "so that people would have all the tools they needed to get the job done, and at the same time so we'd need the fewest people." The staff is small—about 32 people total—and for many, WNHT is their first experience in the broadcasting industry. Department heads, however, are experienced. Several, like chief engineer Bob Jeu-Devine, were attracted not by high salaries (since WNHT cannot compete with larger markets) but by the "New Hampshire lifestyle," according to Simms.

Careful planning was evident everywhere during a recent tour of the station. WNHT occupies the first floor and



General manager J.A. "Skip" Simms in WNHT's master control room.

part of the second floor of a small office building, with all facilities except the control room downstairs. The construction budget (the entire facility was built for \$3 million) did not allow more than one studio, so the single ground-floor studio was designed for maximum flexibility. Its L-shape allows several show sets with completely different looks to share the studio at the same time. In the short arm of the L is the news set, which lets viewers look over the anchor's shoulder into the newsroom, where the station's logo is prominently displayed. (The newsroom also houses a Colorgraphics weather system, which receives ESD weather graphics and the AP newswire.) All the cameras—four news cameras, two studio cameras, a production camera that can serve as a third studio camera, and the telecine camera — are economical Hitachi FP-22s. WNHT is an affiliate of CNN Headline News, and also has its own news staff of eight people.

Also produced in the studio are several talk shows, including FYI New Hampshire and New Hampshire Top-

ics, both weekly half-hours, and New Hampshire Today, which airs live each weekday from 10:00 to 10:30 a.m. and is aimed primarily at women. The set for these shows is situated in the 'elbow' of the studio and has moveable furniture to give each show a different look. (The furniture is stored off-camera in the long arm of the L when not in use.) Extra baffling on the studio ceiling has largely solved an echo problem in the large studio. The lighting system and dimmer packs in the studio are by Strand Century.

Nearby is the audio booth, equipped with a small mono Broadcast Electronics console, a Technics turntable, and an Otari MR-5050 reel-to-reel ATR.

#### Multiuse control room

Upstairs, the control room is divided into three basic areas, which will probably be partitioned off from each other in the future, Simms says. Nearest the entrance is the production area, built around an eight-input Grass Valley Group 1600 production switcher, situated so the operator looks down into the

#### TELEVISION PROGRAMMING

production studio through a large window. The GVG's capabilities are enhanced with a 20x20 Utah Scientific routing switcher that feeds one input of the GVG, in essence adding 20 additional channels. Installed next to the switcher are a 3M D-8800 character generator with logo compose and camera compose capabilities and a variety of fonts, and a Strand Century Matrix lighting board to control the studio lights. The audio board is a Broadcast Electronics Slide-Mod. Also in this area are a Sony VO-5850 U-Matic recorder and a Convergence ECS-90 cuts-only editor, both used primarily for promotion and public service.

Just behind the editor and VTR used for promotion is the station's commercial production setup. While management chose to go with economical VO-5850s throughout the plant, it felt its commercial operation required the quality of one-inch. The commercial editing bay, therefore, has three Sony 1180 Type C machines, controlled through a Convergence ECS-104. Fortel TBCs give the station freeze frame

and slow-mo capability.

#### Local commercial production

The station's production efforts deserve some mention, since they illustrate a problem common to small markets and those underserved with television. Many of the businesses WNHT wishes to attract as advertisers have never used television before; some are skeptical about its ability to sell, others are intimidated by the process of producing a commercial. At press time, the station had not participated in the ratings, but was planning to subscribe to Arbitron soon in order to be able to offer potential advertisers some numbers. Meanwhile, it is relying on testimonials from satisfied customers, which it has edited into a videotape presentation. The station programs six hours a day of Financial News Network, and can point to the high-income viewers the network attracts.

As an enhancement to its commercial production abilities, the station has acquired the Image West special effects package, eight tape reels containing

over 1000 effects. WNHT is giving its advertisers the opportunity to purchase "exclusive rights" to one or more of the effects in the package, which would then be used to give their ads a unique "look." Although advertisers were still taking a wait-and-see attitude on the effects package at press time, the station has used it to good effect in producing its own promos, openers, and bumpers.

#### **Automated master control**

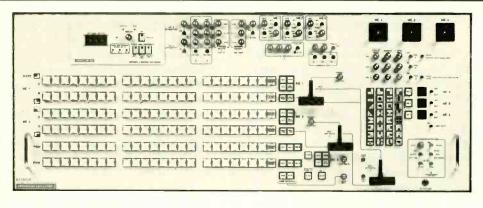
Across the room from the one-inch bay is master control itself, with two more 1180 one-inch VTRs and a used RCA TR-70 quad machine. The two-inch VTR is used strictly to dub shows and commercials received in the quad format to ¾-inch for air. All taped material airs from seven Sony U-Matics, six of which go through the station's LaKart automation system from Lake Systems.

The LaKart takes much of the credit for the station's ability to operate smoothly with its small staff and small

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Vary Speed is just one of many standard features our new cart machines have. No cart machine comes close to offering what the Dynamax CTR100 Series offers. And the price is right. Substantially lower than the ITC 99B, for example.

Don't consider buying any machine until you've invested 15 minutes of your time. Write for, and read our new CTR100 Brochure, or call Art Constantine, our VP Sales. You'll be glad you did.



### TELEVISION PROGRAMMING

budget. According to Simms, the station designed its master control operation around LaKart, which automates all station breaks aired on WNHT and some complete programs.

LaKart's automation capabilities have allowed the station to dispense with a master control switcher, although the MC operator has a router that allows him to take various sources as needed. "What we saved in the cost of the switcher just about paid for LaKart," Simms asserts. He adds, "We are asking the master control operator to do an awful lot of things. LaKart is supposed to make his job easier so he has time for all the other things." The "other things" include recording shows off satellite, monitoring the remotely controlled transmitter, and monitoring video control.

MC operator Kevin McCarthy agrees that LaKart has made his job simpler. He estimates that it takes him a full hour to program the events for the entire day on the system's touch-screen display. McCarthy, who is relatively new to LaKart despite five years' previous television experience, programs

commercial breaks into the system but starts each break manually at the appropriate time, rather than having LaKart start them automatically. "1 have a lot of confidence in the system," he explains "It's only glitched once since I've been here. But it's still a lot more fun to do it myself. I like to feel 1 have a little input." The station does fully automate the Merv Griffin Show, however; as the show is recorded off satellite, time code is recorded on the tape, allowing McCarthy to program the commercial break starts and stops into the program. At air time LaKart takes over, running all material from the station break preceding the show to the one following it.

#### Satellite capability

The station is committed to satellite technology, with three receivers and two TVRO dishes. The third receiver allows WNHT to receive two signals off one of the dishes and also lets the station offer teleconferencing services to its community. The large conference room on the station's first floor was

designed with community service in mind; much larger than the station's own needs require, it is made available to community groups for their meetings and is set up for use as a teleconference site. The studio is also available for larger teleconferences.

The dishes bring in a variety of programming off satellite, allowing the station to air Financial News Network live while recording other satellite-distributed material for later airing. The satellite system, which uses Scientific-Atlanta receivers, was supplied as a package by American Horizon of Terre Haute, IN.

WNHT signed on-air April 16, and it is still early to make predictions about its future. Ad sales are slow but steady, according to Simms, as the sales staff tries to convince conservative New England businesses that they should try television. Nonetheless, the elements for future success are in place: a young, lean staff with experience where it counts; a thoughtfully designed facility built on a budget without sacrificing quality; and a strong position at the heartbeat of New Hampshire. BM/E



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RAMKO RESEARCH



# Shure's new FP31 Mixer takes a big weight off your shoulders.

Introducing the most innovative field production mixer of its kind. Shure's FP31. You won't find another mixer this small with these features, dependability and ease of operation.

The FP31 measures only  $6^{5}/_{16}$ " x  $5^{5}/_{16}$ " x  $17/_{8}$ ", and weighs just 2.2 pounds! Incredibly, it offers the same important features as much larger mixers. Plus, a few of its own.

Every channel has a mic/line level and a low-cut filter switch. And to prevent over-

load distortion, there's a builtin limiter with adjustable threshold.

The FP31 can be powered by two internal 9-volt batteries, or from an external 12-volt source. A green LED flashes to remind you that the mixer is on. Phantom and A-B power are also provided to operate lavalier and shotgun microphones.

A slate tone can be laid

down on the tape for locating specific takes, and there's also a built-in mic for voice slating.

The mixer also has two separate mic/line outputs for 2-camera shoots and a tape output to feed a cassette. For monitoring, there are two stereo headphone jacks—one <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch and one for miniplugs. The FP31's rugged nylon carrying case allows you easy access to every mixer function and lets you piggyback the mixer on your

VCR or other equipment.

For ENG, EFP and film use, Shure's FP31 has everything you need to make your mix a perfect success. Coming from a mixer this small, that's quite an accomplishment.

For more information on Shure's FP31 Mixer, call or write Shure Brothers Inc., 222 Hartrey Ave., Evanston, IL 60204, (312) 866-2553.



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### "OUR NEWS IMAGE HAS NEVER BEEN BETTER."

-David Choate, News Director WSVN-TV Miami
"Ranked as a competitive activity, TV news would probably fall somewhere between rugby and wild boar wrestling in terms of fierceness. Which is why we're constantly on the lookout for anything that might give us an edge.

"Our 6 Betacam camera-recorder systems are a good example. Their image quality is

spectacular, so we look great on-air.

"But even better, the mobility Betacam offers is a real incentive to our photographers to go for that really dramatic, unusual shot. The kind you won't see on every channel at 6 and 11. Because at least for the time being every station doesn't have Betacam."

### "THE ABILITY TO SEND OUT MORE CREWS ON MORE STORIES IS WHAT I CALL GOOD NEWS."

-Tom Kirby, VP/News WTCN-TV, Minneapolis
"Before coming here, I was with Gannett's
Denver station, KUSA, which was the

BETACAM

winner of the NPPA's 1983 'Station of the Year' award. And frankly, my goal here is to get to the finals again. A not unrealistic objective when you consider the talent we have, and

the fact that we recently purchased

23 Betacams.

"After all, it seems obvious, the more people you have on the street, the better your chances are of coming up with a winner. Providing, of course, you give those people equipment that's as performance-minded as they are."

"WITH SO MUCH LESS EQUIPMENT TO LUG AROUND, WE'RE SEEING A LOT MORE EXCITING TAPE."

-James Delmonico, President/General Manager WRGB-TV, Schenectady

"I don't care how inspired or dedicated a photographer is, eight hours of hauling sixty-plus



and cable all over hell and gone is bound to have a stifling effect on someone's creativity.

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maneuverability of this system is tremendous. So naturally we're seeing shots you just couldn't get before. And, of course, the im-

age quality itself is magnificent.
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before long. If for no other reason than to stop our crews from fighting over who gets to use the ones we currently have."

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downtime has been virtually nil.

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# Undercover

Hidden cameras and concealed microphones can get stories that would be inaccessible by ordinary ENG techniques. What are the advantages—and drawbacks—to these covert newsgathering methods?

By Eva J. Blinder, Senior Editor

Hidden cameras: to many minds, they call up the image of Alan Funt's Candid Camera, or of commercials for laundry detergent. At television stations around the country, however, they provide an invaluable means for getting news stories that elude normal journalistic methods. The camera concealed in a suitcase or unmarked van, the microphone taped to a reporter's body, can capture the subject of a story in an unguarded moment that graphically backs up a news story's allegations.

At the same time, the hidden camera and concealed microphone carry with them legal and ethical questions largely absent from conventional ENG. The circumstances under which it is legally permissable to make a videotape or audio tape of a conversation or interaction without the knowledge and consent of all concerned vary widely from state to state, although Federal laws and regulations can give some general guidelines. The ethical and philosophical considerations, on the other hand, may vary from story to story, depending on the outlook of the producer or news director involved.

### Undercover ENG an "essential tool"

Many television news directors look upon covert newsgathering methods as essential tools for getting difficult stories, to be used whenever circumstances warrant. Others, while basically endorsing the use of hidden cameras when necessary, express reservations about possible abuses of the technique. All whom *BM/E* spoke with were aware of the legal ramifications of making a tape without the subject's knowledge.

Radio news directors, on the other hand, were more often strongly opposed to covert recording. A typical comment: "We don't do that kind of work. I believe if you can't get it by regular methods, holding a microphone by someone's face, you shouldn't be doing the story." A news director of an all-news radio station suggested a further reason for the rarity of concealed microphone work in radio news: "With the overall low quality of such things, without the sight of the person actually being nabbed or whatever, you often end up with just a low-quality actuality." He and several others felt the absence of the visual component made hiding a microphone less exciting.

One apparently rare exception took place about three years ago at CBS O&O WCBS-AM, New York City, when investigative reporter Art Athens won a Peabody Award with a series on taxi overcharging at the city's airports. Posing as a French tourist who spoke no English, Athens taped taxi drivers who charged him \$20 to \$50 for a two-minute ride from one terminal to another at Kennedy airport, then edited the tapes into a 15-part report.

"I used a small Panasonic microcassette recorder and a small Sony electret mic," Athens recalls. "Since I was

wearing a suit, the recorder was in my suit jacket. The wire ran up my sleeve and the mic was taped to my wrist." The small recorder produced adequate sound quality for airing, according to Athens, and had an automatic gain control that helped suppress background noise. Athens found that smoking a cigarette made the mechanics of taping easier; he could turn on the recorder while reaching in his pocket for a cigarette, and by gesturing with the cigarette bring the microphone closer to the speaker. "It was almost like having a mic in your hand," he comments.

Athens cooperated on the story with local detectives, whom he encountered at the airport investigating the same allegations of taxi fare abuse. He differentiates this kind of cooperation with actually aiding the police in an investigation, however.

"I'm not a detective and I'm not going to do their work," he insists. "I would be compromising myself by being a journalist acting as a peace officer. But I have no qualms in working with the police on a story." He sounds a bit envious, though, when he describes law enforcement surveillance techniques generally unavailable to reporters because of their great cost. 'They record in stereo,' he says. "They can sweep the spectrum and center in on the voices they need." Athens does have one neat item, a belt buckle with a built-in microphone "that will pick up a whisper at 20 or 30 feet." Its sensitivity to background

## **ENG**

noise is a drawback, however, and Athens has never used the device on a story. (Its sensitivity could create legal problems as well, as discussed below.)

Athens protects his tapes from possible subpoena by the simple expedient of erasing them when the story is completed (he jokingly cites the precedent of Richard Nixon). He explains, "I dub off material for the story from the tape, and if I feel I'm legally covered as to context I reuse the tape," thereby conforming to standard practice at radio stations.

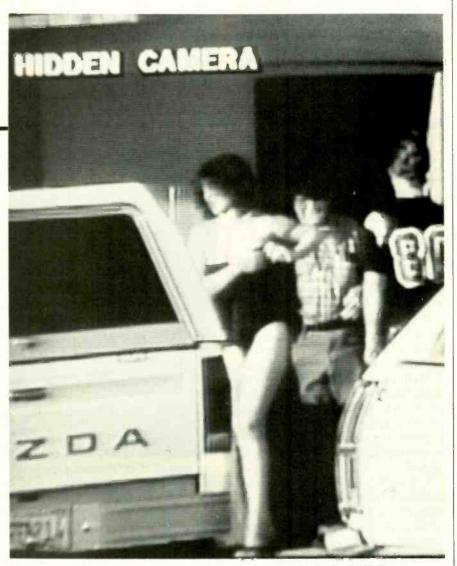
Why, when the taxi series was so successful, hasn't Athens used the hidden mic since then? "It's a long, tedious process" to put together such a story, he comments; the taxi series took six months to put together and required lots of background digging. In addition to being time-consuming, such work is expensive and often risky (Athens was threatened by a gun-toting cabbie while working on the piece). Nevertheless, Athens remains interested in the technique and says he'll probably use it in the future.

#### Selective use

While radio seems reluctant to conceal microphones, hidden cameras are in fairly common use at television stations, particularly those with active investigative reporting teams. Still, television broadcasters tend to be choosy about when and where they will hide a camera.

"The only reason I would use a hidden camera is to verify some kind of information or allegation people have repeatedly made, but where I have only their word for it," says Robbie Gordon, documentary producer for Post-Newsweek Stations.

Gordon, who is based at PNS's WJXT in Jacksonville, FL. gives the following example: "I must have read 50 different articles in which experts on runaways said the kids get picked up in bus stations by pimps almost as soon as



For her award-winning documentary, "Wards of the Street," WJXT-TV producer Robbie Gordon hid a camera in an unmarked van. Here, the hidden camera shows a young "lap dancer" leaving a booth with a client.

they arrive. We wanted to see how accurate that was." For the story, Gordon got in contact with a former runaway who had become a prostitute and was willing to pose as a decoy for the camera crew at the Orlando bus station. The station rented an unmarked van and modified it with one-way windows, then parked it 20 or 30 yards outside the bus station, which is glass-walled and very public. Photographer Windsor Bissel shot through the window of the van, while sound was picked up by a Vega RF mic taped to the decoy's body. The situation was perfect for compliance with Florida's laws on audio taping, which prohibit taping a conversation unless it takes place in a public area where passersby could reasonably be expected to overhear. In addition, the backup crew in the truck was ready to jump out at a moment's notice if the decoy encountered a problem she couldn't handle alone.

"If she had a problem, she'd let me know, and I would jump out of the van and meet her at a place we'd previously arranged," Gordon recalls. "At one point she thought it was too dark in the bus station, so she steered the person she was talking to outside where the lights were brighter." Since the decoy was fully aware of what the camera crew was doing, she was able to position any alleged pimps with their backs to the camera but clearly visible, as Gordon had coached her.

The finished show, entitled "Wards of the Street," garnered a raft of honors for Gordon and PNS, including an Iris, four regional Emmys, a Freedom Foundation Valley Forge Award, and an Odyssey Award. It was also a finalist in the national Emmy awards and has



"The job of any creditable journalistic organization is to pursue a good story in any way you need to pursue it." Richard Moore, news director, WSOC-TV, Charlotte, NC.

been cleared by many markets in syndication.

#### Camera in a suitcase

More recently, Gordon used a camera in a suitcase for a story on the experiences of the poor in hospital emergency rooms. The suitcase, constructed for WJXT's news department by the station's engineers, contained an old Hitachi camera with a wide-angle lens set at infinity and aimed through a hole at the top. A Sony BVU-50 recorder was installed in the bottom of the suitcase.

To keep the story as public as possible, Gordon positioned herself and her photographer just outside the emergency room in a vestibule where people were smoking and relaxing. They explained the suitcase by saying they had come to pick up their mother and had brought her clothes. When Gordon would start talking to someone, the photographer would move the suitcase so that it pointed toward the subjects. Both Gordon and her production assistant wore wireless mics that were able to pick up the voice of a person next to them, but were inadequate if the subject was across the room. "With the two mics we were usually able to get usable audio," Gordon says, "but when we aired the show we still used a character generator to let the audience see what was said."

"In one sense I agree with people's objections to using hidden cameras," Gordon muses. "I have less qualms with the pimp-type situation....But I do have bigger qualms about going into an area where people are patients. You don't want to invade their privacy."

According to Gordon, in most cases the emergency room patients were not recognizable because of the difficulty in positioning the suitcase and because



The then-chief of Charlotte's Park Police slams the door in the face of WSOC-TV investigative reporter Bruce Bowers. Bowers used a concealed camera to show the chief engaged in corrupt activities.

of ghosting in the picture. "Where they were really well defined we put a bar over their eyes," she adds. "I try to use it (hidden camera) very judiciously and only when we think we can't do it any better in the usual way."

Interestingly, one of those with strong reservations about hidden cameras is Mel Martin, news director at WJXT. "I think it's Big Brotherism," he asserts. "People get outraged when the government spies on them. They should be equally outraged when broadcasters spy on them. I think in general it's not a good practice."

Gordon is also very conscious of the need to stay on the right side of the law. "Whenever we do this, I'm on the phone a good 25 times to our lawyer. I never make a move without talking to him. A couple of times he's put the kibosh on a story idea, or we figure out a legal way around it. He's intricately involved in the process."

#### Doing the right thing

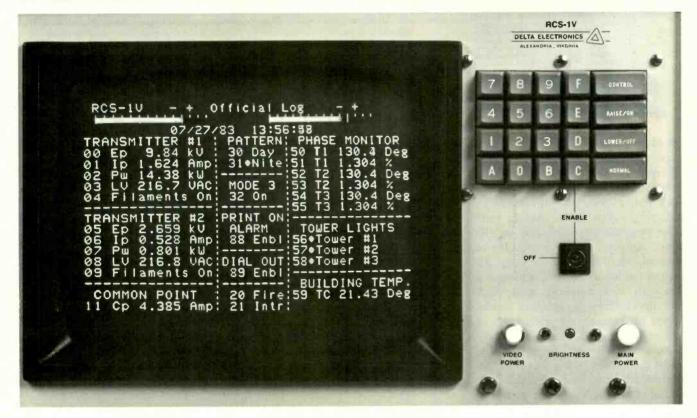
A slightly different perspective is expressed by Richard Moore, news director of WSOC-TV, Charlotte, NC.

"We will use a concealed camera in a situation where the subject of the story is a fugitive and the presence of the camera would indicate that they are being watched, or in situations where the presence of a visible camera would make it impossible for us to get the story," Moore explains. He adds, "You have to be aware of the right to privacy. We abide by established legal parameters. Occasionally we will consult with our lawyer if we're doing something out of the ordinary. But if we're operating pretty much within the law there's no need to consult an attorney.

"In North Carolina we have a fairly liberal situation—we can record any telephone conversation as long as one party consents. We've used audio gathered on the telephone or by wireless microphone....Implicit in what I'm telling you is that I believe we're doing the right thing or we wouldn't be doing it....I happen to believe that it's part of what I perceive to be the job of any creditable journalistic organization to pursue a good story in any way you need to pursue it."

Moore makes relatively liberal use of

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"I think hidden cameras are Big Brotherism. People get outraged when the government spies on them. They should be equally outraged when broadcasters spy on them." Mel Martin, news director, WJXT, Jacksonville, FL.

the hidden camera, which has figured in perhaps half a dozen stories over the past year. A recent, successful use involved a story about the chief of the city park police, who was alleged to be receiving payments for outside work done by municipal employees on city time. According to reporter Bruce Bowers, who worked on the story, the station has an unmarked, undercover van with tinted windows in the back and movable black curtains inside. When the curtains are moved to one side and the Sony BVP-300 camera positioned on the other, the effect is to make the interior of the van seem entirely black from the outside, even to someone who walks right up to the van and looks in.

In order to get video of the suspect accepting illegal payments in the park. Bowers employed a clever subterfuge: He would put on jogging clothes, park the van near the park in sight of the suspect, and go jogging. While he was out, a photographer inside the van taped anything that happened outside. "No one ever suspected a thing," Bowers boasts. "Our only difficulty is that some of the footage was shot at 6:00 to 6:30 p.m. This was in the late fall, so it was starting to get dark at that time, and it was a problem with the tinted windows. A couple of times we had to open a window, but it was dark enough so it didn't draw attention.'

Bowers used similar techniques for another recent story, this one about a federally protected witness who allegedly had become involved in a variety of illegal activities in the Charlotte area. The station ran a series on the man, using his story to illustrate the failures of the witness protection program.

Following the witness posed more problems than following the police chief, primarily because the witness



Anton/Bauer's Spy Cam system, designed for covert newsgathering, is a leather unisex shoulder bag containing (top to bottom) camera with Newvicon pickup tube and special pinhole lens; compact VHS recorder with special "auto record" mode and mini-monitor with 1.5-inch display; and Anton/Bauer battery and charger.

was being tailed by a variety of interests besides the station, including the police. "There were so many people following this guy that we'd all bump into each other," Bowers laughs. "He was so paranoid that after he'd seen the van once or twice he recognized it and we couldn't use it anymore." Among the other vehicles Bowers used was a station employee's Pontiac Trans Am sports car with tinted windows. "It worked fine, but it was a bit cramped," says Bowers. "The photographer had to lie down in the back."

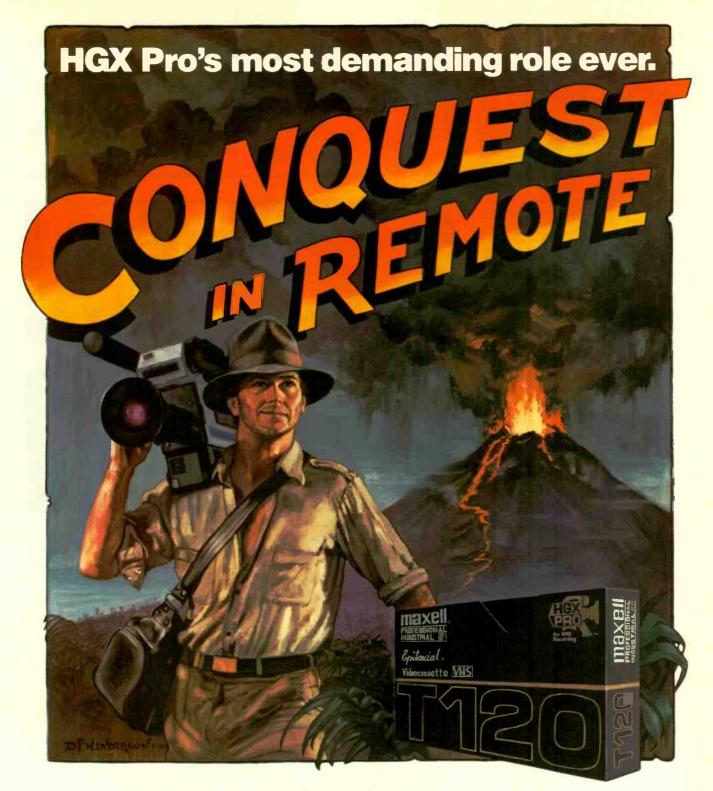
Bowers was able to get some particularly rewarding footage one day when the witness was due for a court appearance. "I had been watching him for a while, so I knew his habits pretty well," Bowers recalls. "I thought I knew where he was likely to park, so we parked the van near there. Fortunately, I was right on the money." Although Bowers had kept the videotaping undercover, he had made the witness aware that the station was investigating him for a story, and had previously introduced himself to the witness. The witness, in turn, had promised to give Bowers an interview

on some allegations about police corruption, but was being coy about actually talking.

'I had wired myself with a Comrex wireless mic," says Bowers, "and I waited outside the van for him to get out of his car. When he did, he saw me, but turned around and pretended he hadn't noticed. I called to him, and then he turned around and came back to talk to me." Unaware he was being recorded on audio and videotape, the witness repeated to Bowers his charges against a particular police officer. At that moment, the district attorney appeared on the courthouse steps, and the WSOC photographer was able to record an angry confrontation between him and the witness.

The culmination of the story came after the witness had jumped bond (put up for him by his trusting landlady, who jeopardized her house to do so). Bowers had stayed in touch with the police on the case, and a deputy tipped him that the police had located the missing witness and invited him along to tape the arrest.

"We put the camera in the back of the sheriff's department van," Bowers



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"I'm not a detective and I'm not going to do their work. That would be compromising myself by being a journalist acting as a peace officer. But I have no qualms in working with the police on a story." Art Athens, WCBS-AM, New York.

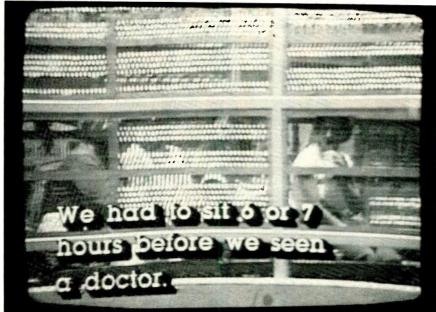
says, noting that the more dilapidated van "blended into the scene better" than the spiffier station van. From behind the patterned, one-way windows, the station photographer was able to tape the entire dramatic arrest scene.

An especially successful story for Bowers grew out of his investigation of certain city building inspectors who were "goofing off" on the job, taking extra-long coffee and lunch breaks, doing personal errands on city time, and signing fraudulent time sheets. Bowers photographed the inspectors in coffee shops, at shopping centers, in supermarkets, and at home, all during working hours. To more fully document his accusations, Bowers sometimes held his wristwatch in front of the camera; for example, as one worker walked into a store on personal business and later when he walked out.

"It was the most boring, tedious assignment I've ever done, but it got a tremendous, vocal public reaction," Bowers says. His careful work led to several inspectors being reprimanded and/or suspended without pay, and contributed to a tightening up of work standards.

While Bowers is understandably enthusiastic about the use of hidden cameras, he does not endorse their indiscriminate use. As an example, he cites the time the station decided to investigate allegations that a worker at a local medical office was abusing female patients. Bowers fitted a woman decoy with an RF mic, and monitored her conversation with the suspect from a nearby restroom.

"Nothing happened," he states. "Later on I felt uncomfortable with that technique and discontinued it....I didn't want to be accused of setting someone up or enticing them to do something they might otherwise not have done. I'm not ruling out that tech-



For WJXT's documentary on rising health costs, producer Gordon taped clients at a hospital emergency room with a camera and audio recorder hidden in a suitcase. Because audio quality was poor, the show was subtitled.

nique in the future, but it would have to be somewhat different from this case."

#### Sound solution

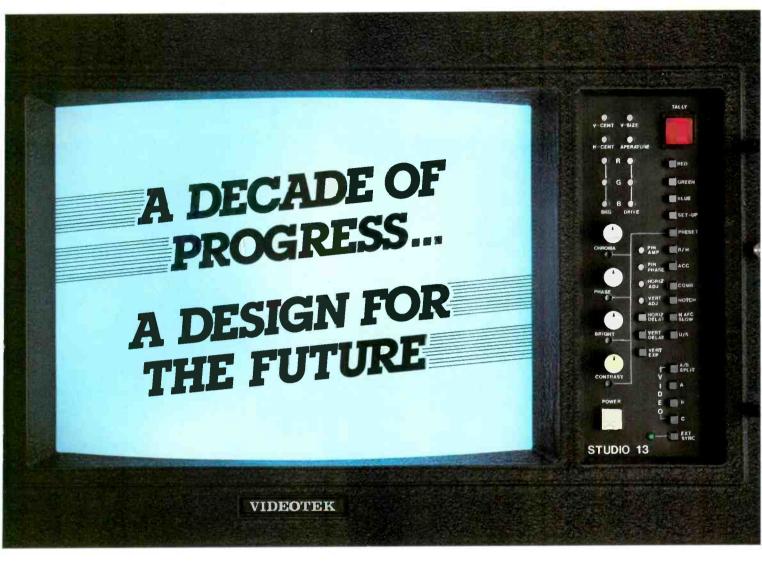
Covert newsgathering doesn't necessarily imply hidden cameras, even for a television station. WPTA, Fort Wayne, IN, is a good case in point. "We're a small shop," explains news director Jack Maurer. The staff of 23 full-time people puts together a half-hour of news four times a day, and generally has its hands too full to do investigative work. Nevertheless, it found time to look into complaints about a local discount meat market that was running a "bait and switch" operation, luring customers with unusually low prices, then inducing them to buy much more expensive meat.

WPTA worked in conjunction with the local Better Business Bureau, which had received numerous complaints about the market. Hidden cameras were out because the station's resources did not permit them, according to Maurer, so instead the station used a hidden RF microphone to record a conversation between a decoy and the seller. The decoy, who was not a station employee but agreed to participate in the story for a small fee, was equipped with a small Sony wireless mic borrowed from the station's production department.

"We wired him and sent him into the market with \$200," Maurer explains. "The Better Business Bureau complaints said that the advertised specials weren't available and that people would get switched to other items costing more money. There was also a finance plan that would con people into spending much more money than they realized. We walked out of the market with 75 pounds of meat that butchered down to about 54 pounds, so that we paid \$5-6 for meat that would have cost \$2-3 retail.... We took the meat itself to another butcher and had it appraised."

Because the taped material was all audio, Maurer needed a visual component for the four-part series. To supply this, he brought in the court artist whom the station uses and had her consult with the decoy shopper to produce sketches of the seller and the transaction.

Maurer notes ironically that just be-



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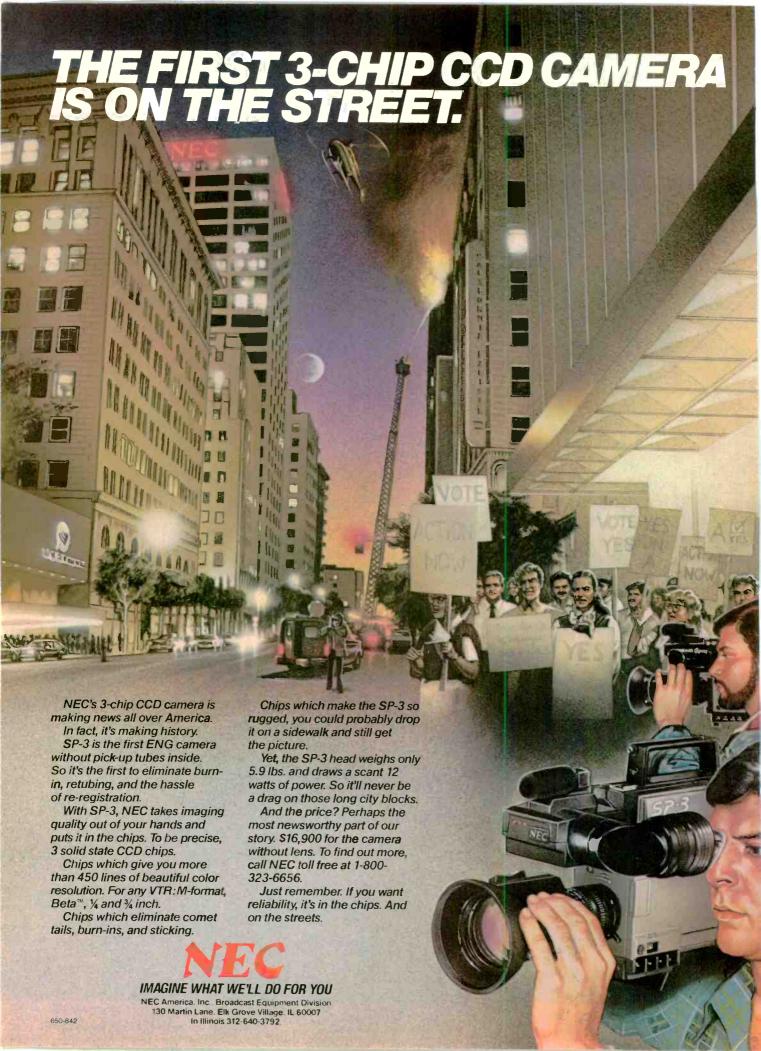
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fore the station aired its story, which involved a three-month investigation, 20/20 did a piece on the company that ran the meat market, which allegedly was involved in unsavory business practices nationwide. "When our story aired a week later, people thought it had been prompted by the 20/20 piece," he recalls, "but in fact we'd been working on it for months."

The station had the satisfaction of seeing the local attorney general launch a consumer investigation of the meat market after its report aired. As a result

of the investigation, the operator was ordered to sign a statement agreeing to cease and desist from deceptive advertising practices. Shortly after signing the agreement, the market went out of business.

Despite the success of the meat market story, Maurer is not sold on the concept of I-teams. "I don't necessarily believe in those," he says. "They're always looking for something that is corrupt," and he is concerned they may find something that's not really there. The station does maintain a "trouble-

shooter reporter," however, whose job it is to investigate consumer complaints and problems, the results of which are aired as a weekly feature. In fact, it was troubleshooter reporter Jan Sherbin who got the lead about the meat market and investigated the story.

#### Package deal

While most stations use home-brew devices for undercover ENG, at least one company is providing a readymade package for covert recording. The company is Anton/Bauer, and the product is called, appropriately, Spy-Cam. According to the company's Anton Wilson, Spy-Cam has been used by both CBS and ABC for investigative journalism with excellent results, and 20/20 reporter Geraldo Rivera recently used the package to shoot a spectacular episode on the opium trade in Pakistan, "Acres of Opium."

Spy-Cam consists of a camera, recorder, wireless mic receiver, and battery, all packaged into a shoulder bag. The shoulder bag is superior to the attaché case or suitcase for two reasons, Wilson says: first, the attaché looks totally out of place in many situations (for example, a Lower East Side drug den), and secondly, it is carried at knee level, forcing the user to point the camera up at an angle for an "up the nose" shot. The shoulder bag, on the other hand, can be carried higher and is more natural looking for both men and women.

As it is presently configured, Spy-Cam incorporates an Ikegami monochrome camera with a Newvicon tube and a pinhole lens that sees through a tiny hole at the top of the bag. The black-and-white camera offers several advantages, according to Wilson. It eliminates worry about color balance, gives higher picture resolution, and offers excellent sensitivity—all the way down to one-quarter footcandle. The camera has been modified to be fully automatic, including auto gain, so that it can go directly from bright light to dark interiors and still produce usable pictures.

The recorder is a modified Matsushita VHS deck with record time of up to eight hours. In addition, Spy-Cam has a Micron RF mic receiver that records sound directly onto the audio track of the VCR. Also built into the bag is a 1.5-inch monochrome monitor, which can be used for playback and verification or, under the right circumstances, as a viewfinder.

All this gear is powered by a single Anton/Bauer Pro Pac 90 battery (BP-90



type), which gives up to two hours' running time for the whole package. A silver battery offering six hours' running time is available as an option. Also available optionally are wireless and wired remote control. With its battery, Spy-Cam weighs in at around 20 pounds.

#### Legalities

It may make a great story, but is the hidden camera or concealed microphone actually legal? The answer varies widely depending on the circumstances and the locality, with many states having laws significantly stricter than federal restrictions. Following is a brief summary of applicable federal law, but stations considering using covert newsgathering techniques should consult their own lawyers beforehand and fully familiarize themselves with applicable local law.

Interestingly, federal law gives a much freer rein to the hidden camera than to the hidden microphone. In general, broadcasters may make a videotape with a hidden camera as long as the activity being recorded takes place in a public or semi-public place, if the recording is for the purposes of news or public affairs. (Different rules apply for entertainment or commercials.) This is based on the idea that in a public place, people assume that other people can see them. Stemming from this assumption is the caveat that the actions recorded should be clearly visible to a person in the vicinity.

Videotaping in a private place is on much shakier legal ground. Taping in the home, office, or hotel room, for example, of a station employee may be legal, although this is open to interpretation and challenge. If the premises belong to the subject, however, and the subject is unaware of being taped, he or she could sue for invasion of privacy.

In the case of audio taping, the public/private distinction also applies, but it is joined by stricter federal regulations. The FCC prohibits picking up a private conversation with a wireless microphone unless all parties to the conversation consent. If the conversation takes place in a public or semipublic place where it could reasonably be expected to be overheard, recording it with a wireless microphone is in compliance with the rules. To insure this, however, it is recommended that the microphone used be no more sensitive than the human ear. It is also a good idea to have a station employee within hearing range (if no station personnel are taking part in the conversation) to insure that the conversation actually could be overheard.

Wired microphones may be used to record a conversation with the consent of only one of the parties involved (who may, of course, be the station's reporter), whether in a public or a private place. Once again, however, the caveat remains that in all cases, broadcasters should make themselves aware of applicable state and local laws, which in many cases are stricter than the federal regulations.

With proper care and legal counsel, therefore, broadcasters can find their way into otherwise elusive stories through the use of undercover ENG. The legal considerations vary from state to state; the ethical and philosophical considerations vary from story to story, and from station to station. But the news considerations—the ability to show misconduct as it happens—will continue to make hidden cameras and concealed microphones a valued technique of news directors around the country.

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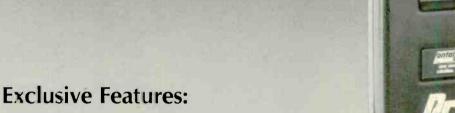
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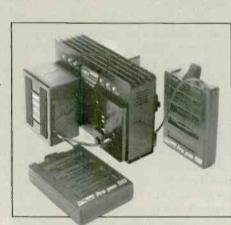
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### The Analog Component Dream

By Michael Greenhouse, Associate Editor

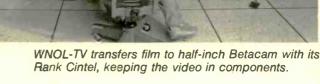
Are we on the brink of a brave new analog component video world? It is probably safe to say we are. Activities by the SMPTE, product developments by manufacturers, and innovations by broadcasters and facility owners are paving the way for what could be the not-so-distant future of video: the "pure" all-component plant.

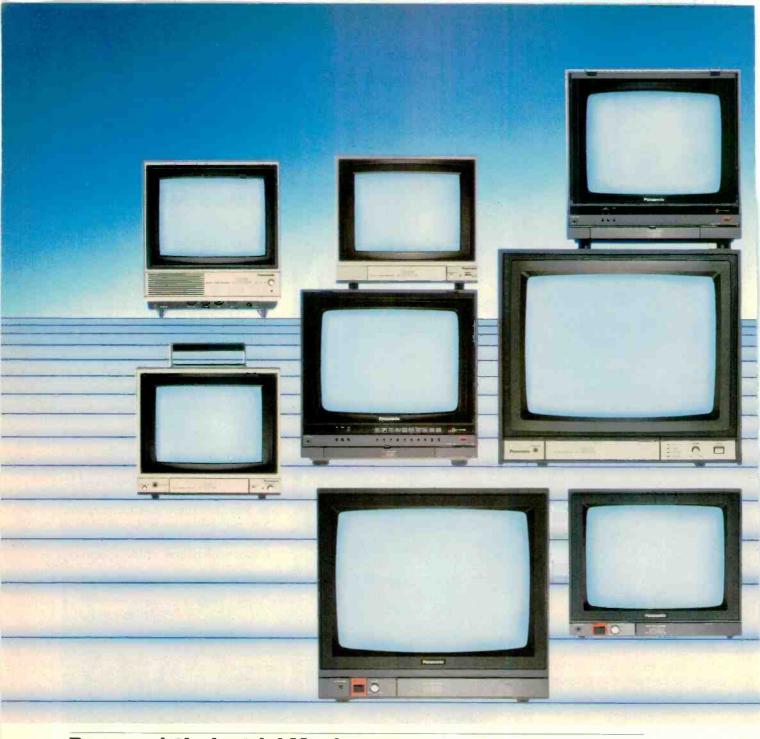
Quietly and methodically, a component revolution is taking place—a revolution which will culminate in the construction of the first analog component plant in the not-too-distant future, possibly by a DBS company such as Satellite Television Corporation. STC may follow the BBC's example in the U.K. and adopt a multiplexed analog component (MAC) delivery

WNOL uses 16 Betacam decks to deliver 82 percent of its programming.

in components and stay in components all the way to the transmitter, we would have one very good locations.

transmitter, we would have one very good looking picture," says Merrill Weiss, leading advocate of analog components. But what are the realities which must be realized for his dream to come true?





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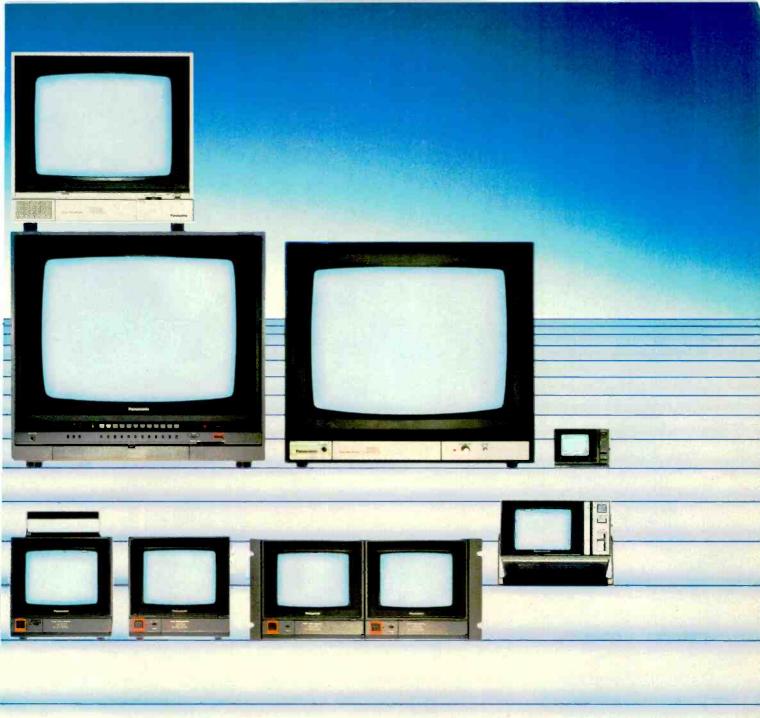
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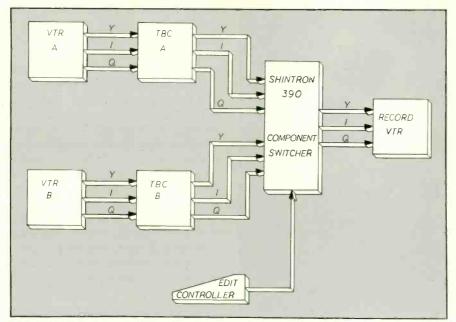
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WNEV has configured its edit suites to keep the signal in components all the way to one-inch master or, sometimes, to the transmitter.

system for its DBS service; the company is "considering a plan to build a plant to originate the signal," according to a company official. The Canadian Broadcasting Company is also considering building a component plant.

What has spurred this revolutionary activity? Certainly, it has been fueled, in part, by a growing interest in small-format component camera/recorders. According to a survey of *BM/E* readers conducted by Tektronix and reported in *BM/E* last month, while only 13.5 percent are using component recording formats today, 31.7 percent say they will be producing with half-inch component gear by 1986.

But why the popularity? Why is component taking root? "The quality is far superior, both in terms of camera originals and multigeneration component format than it is in NTSC," says David Griffin, co-owner of Rock Solid Productions, Burbank, CA. "And when you get into things like graphics and titling and keys, they are much sharper in the component field than they are in NTSC."

Rock Solid, which shoots and postproduces much of its music-oriented programming on Betacam, is one of a number of production facilities and television stations that has moved into the forefront of the component revolution. Like other facilities, it has set up a closed component chain, or "island," to handle Betacam or M-format in the component domain.

Essentially, any cuts-only bay that

edits Betacam or M-format-shot material in the component domain is a component island. The setup only knows component, either Y,1,Q or Y,R-Y,B-Y, and the gear "speaks" along a three-cable, parallel interface. Usually, edited material is encoded to NTSC prior to transmission or when editing to another format.

Although it is a significant innovation, the cuts-only analog component setup is only transitional —merely a step forward in the evolution. Eventually, STC or some other broadcasting entity will build a plant that will produce, post-produce, route, and completely process video in component. Unfortunately, that cannot be implemented practically now.

#### Transitional facilities

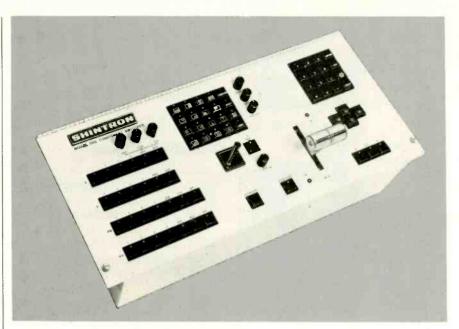
Exactly where are we on the evolutionary road to the component plant? What is being done at some of the "transitional" production facilities and component "islands" at TV stations? What needs to be accomplished to achieve the complete component plant? And how is the SMPTE involved in this area?

Rock Solid has gone beyond the cuts-only concept. At the end of July 1984, the company added a Grass Valley 1600 1X component video switcher (with E-MEM) to its Betacam edit suite. The switcher, the first delivered by Grass Valley and one of a handful the company has sold, is now in a suite along with two Sony BVW-10s and a BVW-40, an ISC edit controller, a Chyron character generator that outputs R,G,B (as well as NTSC), and R,G,B monitoring.

At the moment, introducing more than one component format into a chain creates the need for a matrix converter (also known as a translator). These con-



Karl Renwanz, WNEV's VP of engineering and operations, in one of the station's five component editing suites which feature M-format decks, Fortel TBCs, and R,G,B monitoring.



Shintron's Model 390 component switcher.

verters keep you in the component family; they allow you to move from, say, R,G,B to Y,R-Y, B-Y without degradation of the signal. At Rock Solid, matrix converters are used with the Grass Valley switcher so that an R,G,B input can be accepted into the chain, then continued in Y,R-Y,B-Y.

David Griffin says a number of his clients prefer a Betacam master, but some require an NTSC one-inch tape. In that case, the company uses its Asaca/Shibosoku NTSC encoder prior to laying off to its Sony BVH-2000 one-inch VTR.

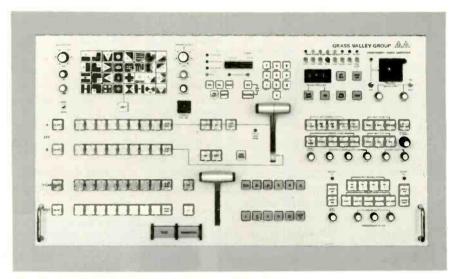
Rock Solid has also extended its component operation to include film-to-tape transfers. According to Griffin, the company has a "sister relation-ship" with Image Transform, which has a Rank Cintel flying spot scanner, modified to output R,G,B. Rock Solid will occasionally shoot in film and have Image Transform transfer it to R,G,B, then matrix convert the signal to Y,R-Y,B-Y for editing. Rock Solid has also shot in Betacam and then transferred to film at Image Transform. "We've done some tests and the quality is phenomenal," says Griffin.

#### Component telecine

Ruxton, in Los Angeles, is also involved in component film-to-tape. The company, like Image Transform, has a Rank Cintel telecine modified to output R,G,B with a translator. In addition, Ruxton has modified the framestore in its telecine to output R,G,B. Also, the noise reducer, which follows the framestore in the telecine process, has been modified to output R,G,B (it al-

plunge is WNOL, a New Orleans independent station which has designed a unique system for handling and delivering programming, primarily in a component mode. The delivery system is based around a control system, built by Connolly Systems, Ltd., that is interfaced with 16 Betacam machines, two one-inch Sony BVH-2000s, and an auxiliary input for live programming. Eighty-two percent of the prerecorded broadcast day is programmed from the Beta machines; the balance is programmed from one-inch. No master control switcher is needed-the controller provides real time or sequential switching control, machine cueing, reel change, preview, preroll, next-up, and title verifications from its internal control logic.

WNOL's system is not "pure" component from source to transmission, but



The Grass Valley 1600 1X component video switcher.

ready had an R,G,B input).

Ruxton has also added Ultimatte into its component chain—placed between the framestore and the noise reducer. To do that, the company had to modify the background input of the Ultimatte from composite to component (the foreground was already component).

Currently, Ruxton does not offer editing services—it is primarily a rental house that also provides film-to-tape transfers. However, the company is now designing a component edit bay, which will utilize Ruxton's BVW-40 recorder and a modified Grass Valley 1600 switcher. The bay will be configured to handle Betacam.

#### TV station experiences

Still another example of an operation which has taken the analog component

aspects of it come close. Any half-inch component source material-whether it's Betacam or M-format—remains in component, of course (with the aid of a matrix converter in the case of M-format). And its film source material is transferred to tape with a Rank component film-to-tape system. Oneinch source material, however, goes through a decoding/encoding process. The material is dubbed directly to a Betacam deck (the decks have NTSC inputs), at which point the signal is decoded into its components, prior to encoding back to NTSC for transmission. The station also has two post suites, one of which is all Betacam. (The other suite contains the station's CDL NTSC switcher and effects.)

WNEV in Boston has an ambitious component post-production island.

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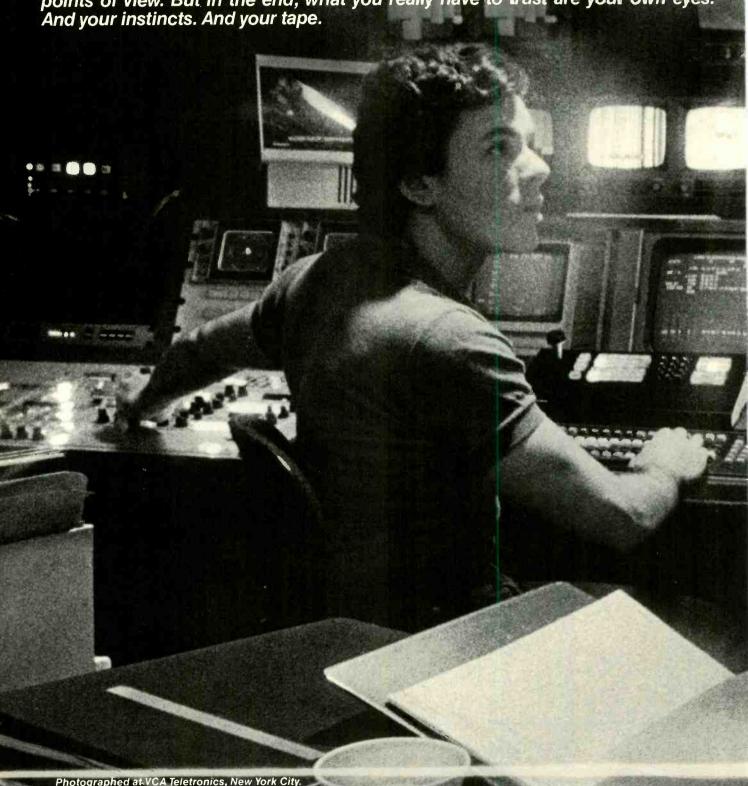
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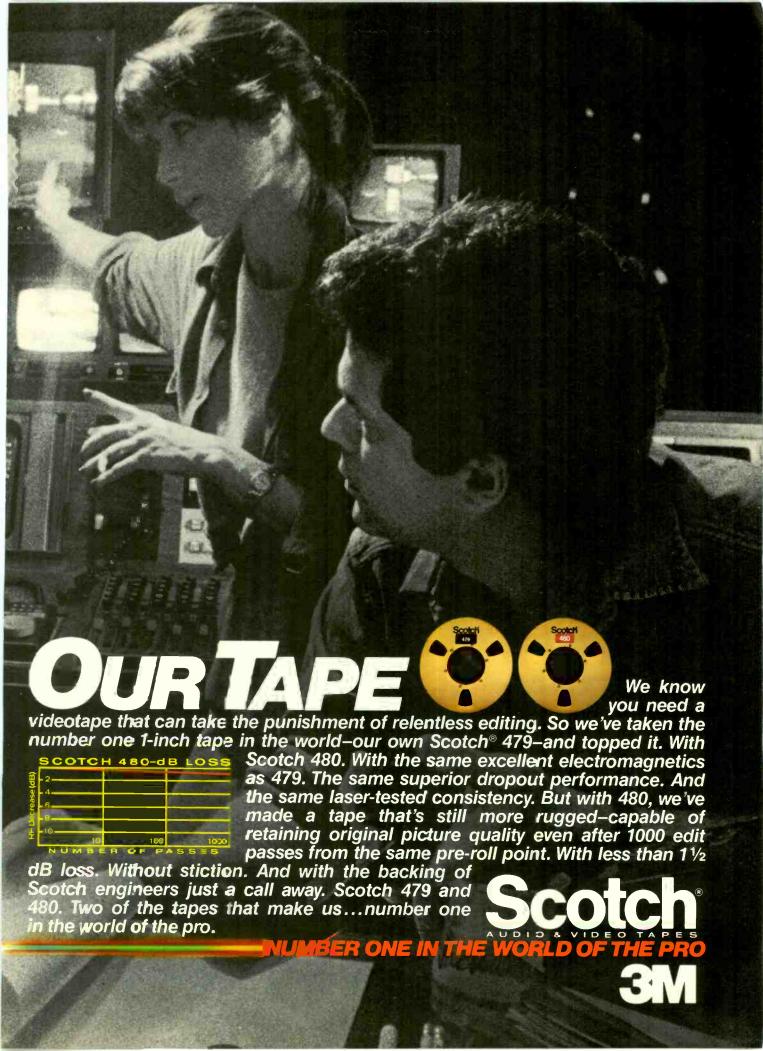




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Five three-machine edit bays with Panasonic M-format recorder/players all operate in the component mode using Fortel TBCs that were modified to include time base-corrected component output.

The station's Fortel TBCs play an important role in the way the final product is used at WNEV. In an edit suite, the TBC accepts the signal from the M-format machines in component form via a parallel interface—three cables in a multipin connector. All the time base correction is done internally as three separate signals. Then, it produces a component output.

The TBC can also encode the signal and produce NTSC, however, which is

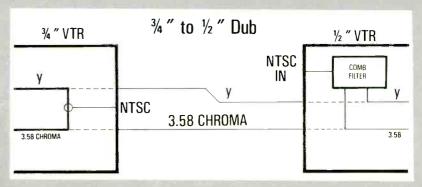
very useful for final playback. As Brian Lay, engineering director, explains, "We take the edited master to our main videotape area and it plays back on a machine through another Fortel TBC, except this time we use the NTSC output. So it usually isn't turned into NTSC until it's actually played back on the air or integrated into another program."

WNEV's other component island, an elaborate "graphics creation center" (see *BM/E's* September 1984 story on on-air graphics) ties Chyron IV graphics together with a Harris Iris still store through a custom-designed Shintron component switcher and an Asaea/Shibosoku monitor with Y,1,Q input.

### WNEV Modifies its U-Matic-to-M-Format Dub Process

M-format is clearly the newsgathering system of the future at WNEV; the station plans to convert its entire operation to half-inch component in 1985. For now, however, WNEV is shooting and editing the majority of its news in ¾-inch, and its tape library is, of course, primarily ¾-inch.

The two formats certainly can live together comfortably at the station—if they are kept separate. But when ¾-inch material is integrated into the half-inch post-production chain, an undesirable decoding/encoding process must take place. When ¾-inch video is input into an M-format recorder, the NTSC signal is decoded—and, consequently, degraded.



To improve this not-uncommon process (¾-inch library material is often used in M-format-shot productions) the station set up a unique edit room with a modified Sony 5850 U-Matic machine interfaced with a Panasonic M-format AU-300 recorder. As Karl Renwanz, VP engineering and operations, explains, "What we've done is come out of the dub connector on a U-Matic machine and bypassed the input circuitry in the high-inch machine, and bypassed the comb filter. We then go in with a Y/C component directly from the ¾-inch machine into the half-inch machine. By doing that, we maintain the highest transfer quality possible when integrating ¾-inch library material into a half-inch edit situation."

Essentially, WNEV has added a second cable to carry the luminance and chrominance directly to the half-inch machine, bypassing the comb filter—a troublesome cause of degradation. The NTSC-encoded subcarrier portion of the signal is sent over on another cable, and then is decoded by the half-inch recorder. The dubbing process, then, is 50 percent "pure" component, while the rest requires decoding, as it did before the modifications were done.

Despite this "impure" dubbing process, the result, says engineering director Brian Lay, has been a significantly improved picture which has made the marriage of %-inch and half-inch at WNEV more than palatable. The %-inchto-half-inch room is used daily, says Lay; for now, it has helped make the transition to an all half-inch component news operation a smooth one.

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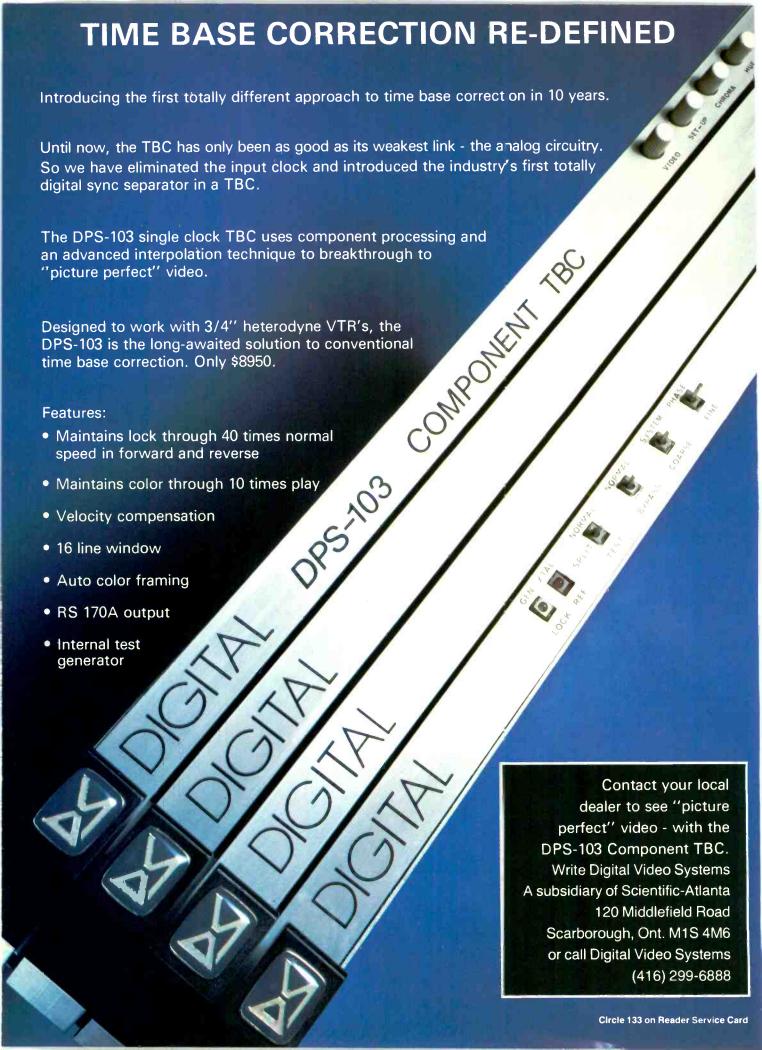
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"It uses the Harris still store," says Lay, "so you can build layers and store them." Internally, the still store operates in Y,R-Y,B-Y. (It is not unusual for a digital device to operate in components internally, but to only have NTSC inputs.) It was converted to accept R,G,B signals (it already had R,G,B out) by bypassing the NTSC input and setting it up to receive the three components. The rest of the setup includes a camera on a graphics stand, from which R,G,B is extracted, and the Chyron. All of the outputs, which are R,G,B, are fed into the Shintron.

The station has also designed a color bar generator that sends house color bars in Y,1,Q.

#### All-component problems

WNEV's component chain is obviously quite extensive, yet analog component cannot be extended throughout the plant. Why? One reason is, not enough of the devices in a plant are able to accept and pass along a component signal. There are a number of devices—such as one-inch VTRs, digital video effects processors, and processing amplifiers—that "only know" NTSC, and to pass a signal through a chain that includes these devices generally necessitates going through a decoding process that seriously degrades the signal. As mentioned earlier, many devices-including ef-



Rock Solid Productions' on-line edit suite features a Grass Valley 1600 1X switcher, a Chyron CG with R,G,B output, an ISC edit controller, R,G,B monitoring, and Betacam recorders.

fects devices and still stores—are internally component and could be modified to bypass the NTSC input and accept component without first encoding to NTSC then decoding back to components, but what happens when you need to input an NTSC source? A decoder, at the moment, is still a necessary evil.

Also, there is a problem with rout-

ing. Right now, a small component chain can be interfaced using a threecable parallel system for the three component signals, already fairly cumbersome. But in a large plant the wiring quickly gets out of hand with three cables, three sets of DAs, and a routing system with three levels of video.

Some of these problems will be overcome by the SMPTE Study Group on Component Studio Implementation, chaired by Merrill Weiss of Image X, Oakland, CA. Weiss's group is currently at work on a serial timecompressed analog component format. This format will accomplish a number of things: It is a one-cable system that, according to Lay of WNEV, "except for a wider bandwidth, is really going to look a lot like NTSC in terms of the sync pulses and pulse width and so on, so it's likely to pass through a lot of conventional video distribution amplifiers and routing switchers. In fact, you'll be able to look at it on a regular monochrome picture monitor. The picture may look a little funny, but you'll probably be able to use a lot of traditional monitoring equipment-waveform monitors, things like that."

The serial system, then, will not obsolete current routing switchers, DAs, and some monitoring gear; and because it is a one-cable system, the number of these devices will not have to be increased. The serial interface will also eliminate the need for matrix converters among component gear, and will



At WGRZ-TV, Buffalo, NY, cameramen edit their own footage on M-format machines. The station has six component edit rooms, with Fortel component TBCs.

make simpler the interfacing of equipment that is internally component.

The serial system will certainly go a long way toward making a plant conversion possible—but there are still a number of roadblocks. Bringing archival or other NTSC source material in and decoding it will still be a necessary evil that a serial format obviously cannot overcome. The one-inch and two-inch VTR, if used for more than just final mastering, will also create the

need for decoders. Also, a switcher that is not built for components would have to be modified, as would any place that a clamp is applied, or any place that sync has to be separated.

Says Weiss, "Wherever there is color separation equipment you would most likely end up bypassing it. For instance, in a proc amp, you separate out the chroma so you have separate gain control over it. It wouldn't work that way with analog components because you don't have chroma interleaved into the same spectrum. It's in a different time slot."

As Weiss says, "It's possible to modify. You don't have to throw it all out." To this end, another SMPTE group, the Joint Ad Hoc Group on Component Studio Implementation, is working to establish what can be modified and what will have to be replaced during a plant conversion. The group, which is chaired by Birney Dayton, VP engineering of the Grass Valley Group, is actually a study group charged with supplying information to Merrill Weiss's group and to Stan Baron's Working Group on Digital Video Standards.

The Dayton group's charter, according to SMPTE, is to find methods by which existing facilities can be converted to components, and work out how future component plants might be structured. The group is also working to identify the optimum mix of analog and digital a future component plant should have. Digital component—in fact, the whole question of component studio interfacing and implementation—is an area Baron's and Weiss's groups have been collaborating on for some time.

According to Weiss, the ad hoc group will try to identify how many decoders will be necessary, and then indicate what the quality of those decoders must be in order to meet certain performance standards. The group will not, however, "get into how to design a better decoder," says Weiss. The ad hoc group will also consider what kind of performance is acceptable in an existing plant to be able to "drop in" components.

There's no way of predicting just when the first all-component plant will appear. Weiss predicts, however, that the first plant will probably be built from the ground up; the conversions will probably be done later, undoubtedly because of the modifications and potentially expensive equipment replacements that many NTSC environments would have to incur.

Judging from the progress that is being made by SMPTE (Weiss's group is now working up a rough draft of a serial waveform document), and by users and manufacturers, we can't be too far away from Weiss's dream: "If we can start out in components and manage to stay in components all the way to the transmitter, then convert to NTSC, we would have one very good looking NTSC picture." BM/E

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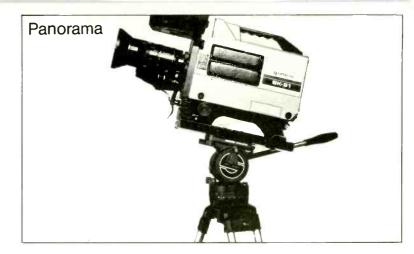
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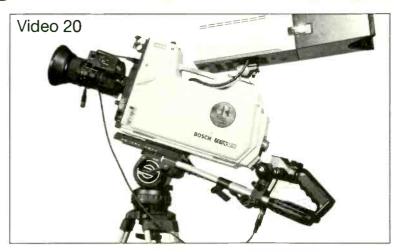
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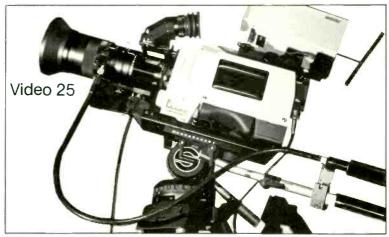
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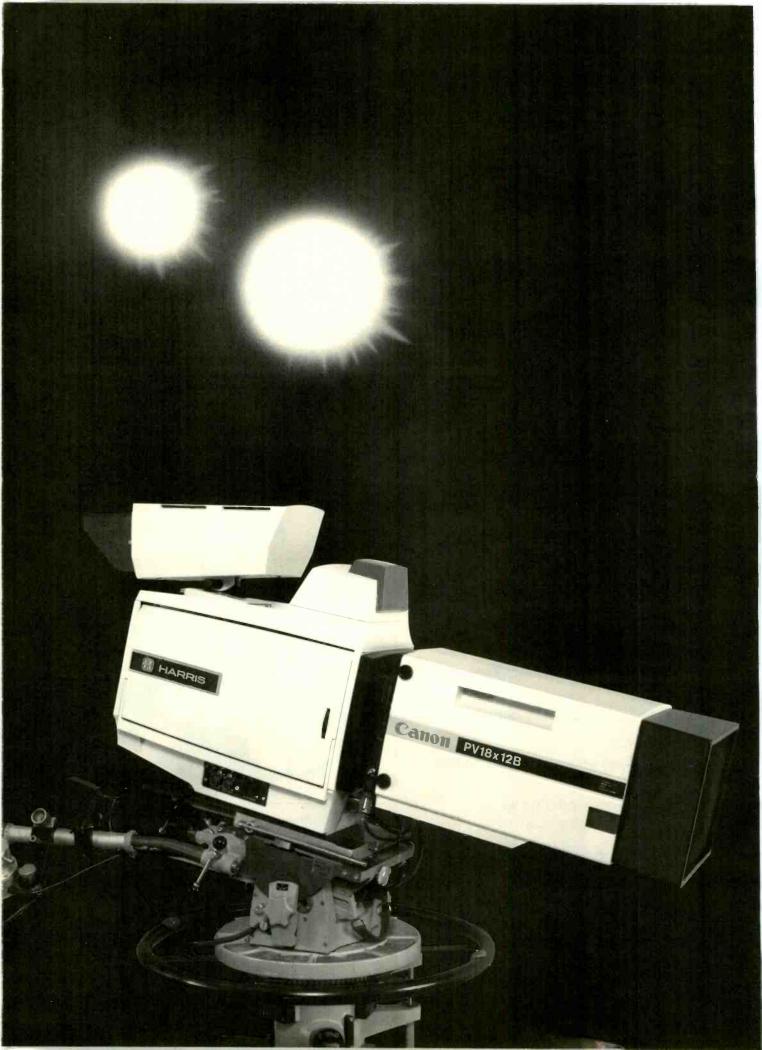
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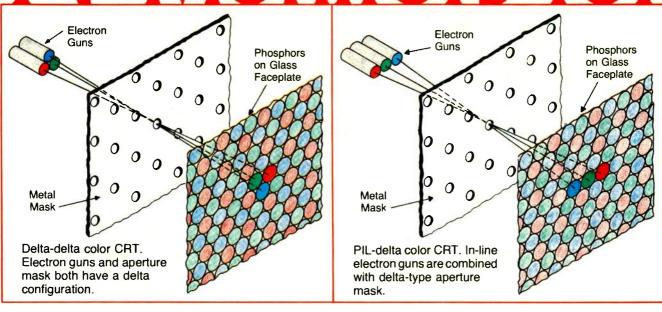
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# TV Monitors for



When talking about raster graphics, "resolution" is usually defined by the number of pixels stored in display memory and transmitted to the monitor during each frame-refresh cycle. The bandwidth of the interface, for example, must be capable of preserving the "system" resolution established by the number of pixel-to-pixel signal transitions which could occur while each raster line is scanned. The same bandwidth considerations apply to the monitor circuits which process the display signal and drive the electron gun (or guns) of the monitor CRT. It is entirely possible, however, that a severe degradation in the system resolution can occur at the final display stage—if individual pixels can no longer be readily perceived by the operator.

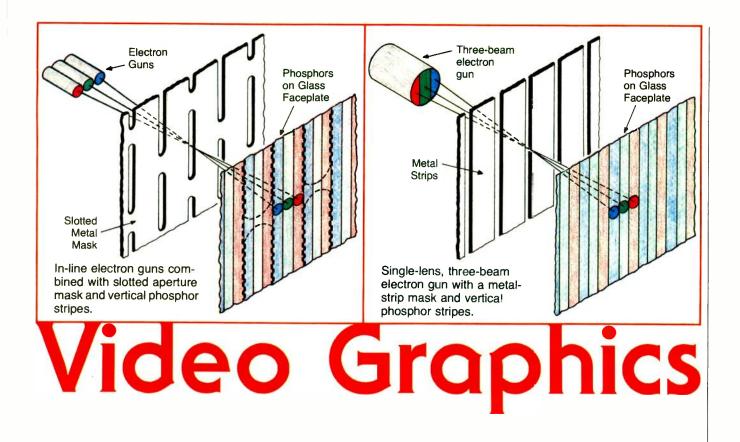
Display resolution is determined almost entirely by dimensional mathematics. A square raster with 512 raster lines and 512 pixels per line contains a total of 262,144 pixels. Each pixel area is, in effect, a square with sides measuring approximately 0.002 of the raster height or width. When displayed on a 19-inch monitor, the pixels would measure 0.54 mm on each side. The same pixels on a 13-inch monitor would have side dimensions of only 0.37 mm.

The pixel images on the display screen are not, however, square. Instead, they are formed by an electron beam with, at best, a circular or slightly oval shape (depending on the position of the beam relative to the center of the screen). Moreover, the luminance generated by the beam has a Gaussian distribution. It is inevitable, then, that a certain amount of overlapping between pixel images will occur, especially if a further requirement is that each pixel area is to be "filled" with display luminance.

Overlapping is a benefit when images consist of solid areas or subtly changing intensities or colors. A column of pixels can produce a relatively smooth luminous output across a group of raster lines. But the Gaussian spread of the electron beam creates major problems when sharp image transitions are required—as in the extreme case when graphic elements are to be separated by a single pixel width. The Gaussian "skirts" of the pixels on each side would raise the luminance in the intervening area, reducing the contrast between image and background.

The loss of contrast from this effect is given a numerical value by the ''modulation transfer function''—the ratio between maximum small-area (pixel, raster line) and large-area contrasts. If there is no loss of contrast due to overlapping, the MTF is 1.0, 100 percent or zero dB. A 50 percent contrast loss (16 dB) is normally considered to be the limit for adequate monitor performance. Larger losses in contrast would have the effect of reducing the display resolution because individual pixels would be difficult to distinguish—even on close inspection.

The MTF can be improved, of course, by reducing the spot size of the electron beam. But this lowers the overall luminance of the display and may make the raster lines too distinguishable. A compromise is therefore required. Spot sizes, measured at the diameter of 50 percent maximum luminance, are generally set to approximately the same dimension as the raster-line spacing—which would be on the order of 0.5 and 0.3 mm for the 19-inch and 13-inch monitors described above. Smaller monitors would require correspondingly smaller spot sizes to maintain an equivalent MTF, and this eventually sets one of the lower limits on the extent to which the screen size can be reduced and still produce a crisp, high-resolution display. With 0.2 mm as a practical lower limit on spot size, the minimum square-raster dimensions for a 512-by-512 display would be on the order of 100 mm. For a 1024-by-1024 display, the minimum would be



Designers of computer graphics systems must pay special attention to the TV monitor selected for displaying the image. But there are also a host of factors which must be taken into account when choosing a picture monitor for any application.

200 mm—requiring at least a 13-inch monitor.

Contributing to the MTF loss—and the potential loss of display resolution—are the diffusing effects of secondary-electron emissions within the phosphor layer and the "halation" caused by reflections within the glass faceplate. Halation rings may form around each pixel location, again reducing the effective display contrast.

Fortunately, most of the steps taken to minimize the contrast-reducing effects of reflected ambient light—such as "etching" the faceplate or adding a filter—also lower the amount of contrast loss due to halation. Etching acts by diffusing the light at the glass-air interface. Normal practice is to bond a treated glass plate directly to the front surface of the CRT. The diffusing layer reduces the amount of light reflected back toward the phosphor. The displayed image is also slightly diffused, so etching represents a trade-off between two negative effects.

Filters, either laminated to the faceplate or mounted separately, act by simply absorbing a fraction of the light—both wanted and unwanted. Luminance generated by halation

tends to leave the surface at an oblique angle and therefore follows a longer path through the filter layer. The same would be true of oblique ambient light. In addition, reflected ambient light must pass through the filter twice and is consequently attenuated twice as much as light emitted by the phosphor layer. But again a trade-off is involved. Filters reduce the display luminance and can also affect the display resolution.

A variety of filtering materials and processes are commercially available, often combined with such anti-reflection measures as vacuum-deposited optical coatings. Polarizing layers have proved particularly effective. In one instance, the 'filter' is actually an assembly of miniature louvres which shade the screen from overhead light sources.

#### Color resolution

The preceding paragraphs provide genera! guidelines on the effects that screen size, spot size, halation, and ambient light have on display resolution. In the case of aperture-mask color monitors, however, another major factor must be taken

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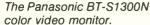
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The 1301 color monitor from Electrohome.



The 690 SR color monitor from Tektronix.



The Sharp 20J 580 color monitor.

into account: the "pitch" or distance between the aperturemask holes or slots.

In principle, the resolution of a color monitor should equal that of the aperture openings (i.e., one pixel per aperture). Experience indicates, however, that significant improvements in the appearance of the display occur as the

The pitch of a standard-resolution delta mask ranges from 0.66 mm for large-screen CRT's (over 20 inches) to 0.42 mm for miniature CRT's (less than 5 inches). At mid-range, the distance from hole to hole is approximately 0.60 mm. Interlacing reduces the vertical distance between rows of holes to only half the pitch dimension. In terms of spot size,



The Ikegami highresolution nine-inch color monitor.

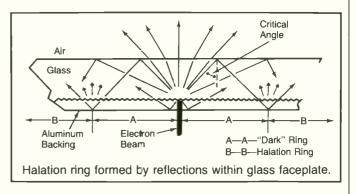


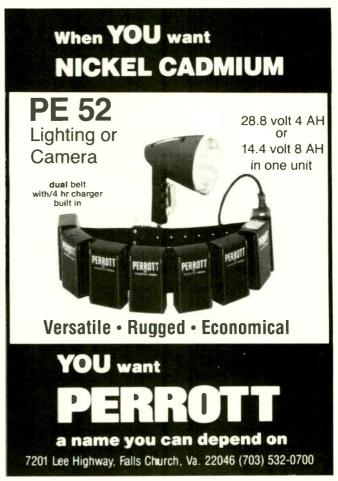
The JVC TM-R9U color monitor with nine-inch screen.

bandwidth of the monitor is increased far beyond the theoretical pixel-density limit set by the number of aperture openings. Other factors are at work, therefore, which need to be examined.

There is, for example, no synchronization (or registration) between the pixel locations and aperture-mask pattern. To avoid "missing" or low-luminance pixels it becomes necessary to increase the spot size so that at least two aperture openings are being continuously scanned. The result may be an electron-beam spot which is two or three times as large as the nominal pixel area.

The size of the aperture-mask pitch and the extent to which it potentially affects resolution are both functions of the type of color CRT. Four distinctly different types are now in use. The classical configuration is the delta-delta construction. The aperture holes in the metal mask form delta-shaped equilateral triangles, resulting in an interlaced pattern with offset holes in both the horizontal and vertical dimensions. The three electron guns are also mounted in a delta cluster. Ideally, the three beams converge and crossover at the plane of the aperture mask. The geometry is arranged so that each beam impinges on one of three colored-phosphor dots and is "shadowed" from the other two. The result is a cluster of primary-color dots with a perceived color established at normal viewing distances by the relative amplitudes of the three electron-beam currents. Less than 20 percent of the beam electrons pass through the holes; the balance are trapped by the metal mask. Very high beam currents are therefore required.





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The Videotek VM-13 PRO color monitor.

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however, the controlling factor is the horizontal column-tocolumn gap which equals the pitch times the cosine of 30 degrees (0.7), or approximately 0.4 mm for an average monitor. The nominal spot size for the converging beams must therefore cover a diameter approaching 1.0 mm in order to assure full-luminance pixels.

One way to reduce the spot size would be to specify a "high-resolution" color monitor with four times the aperture density of a conventional monitor. The pitch of a high-resolution mask is approximately 0.31 mm, which reduces the horizontal column-to-column distance to only 0.22 mm. The spot size can thus be reduced to less than 0.5 mm—a value approaching that of a monochrome display—although the designer may choose, instead, to maintain a larger spot size—covering four or five aperture openings—to reduce the moiré effects which can occur when repetitive graphic-image patterns "beat" with the spatial frequency of the holes in the metal mask.

The high-resolution apertures have even smaller diameters than those of a conventional aperture mask. Even higher beam currents are therefore required to maintain display luminance. Convergence of the three beams must also be more precise.

Convergence problems created by the delta-delta arrangement can be reduced in turn, by using a precision in-line (PIL) electron-gun assembly instead of the conventional delta guns. The beams from the three in-line guns are "self-converging," eliminating the need for complex convergence circuits and adjustment procedures. The dot pattern produced by the converging beams is also different—forming a slightly elongated oval. The pitch of the aperture mask remains exactly the same, however, so there are no changes in the color resolution or the required spot diameters.

The in-line gun arrangement was first perfected for a different type of color CRT—fabricated with a slotted metal mask and vertical phosphor stripes on the CRT faceplate. The bridges between slots are required to give the mask structural stability, but are sufficiently small so that resolution in the vertical direction is theoretically unaffected. By contrast, the horizontal pitch is on the order of 0.7 to 1.0 mm, requiring very large spot sizes to avoid blanked-out pixels. Counterbalancing this negative attribute are the high luminances which can be achieved at moderate beam currents. The slotted mask traps less than half of the beam electrons, compared to the 80 percent blocked by a delta mask.

Similar advantages and disadvantages apply to the proprietary system in which the mask consists of stretched, end-supported metal strips, producing truly infinite vertical resolution. The horizontal pitch approaches 1.0 mm. The strips require the use of a cylindrical CRT faceplate. Another feature of the design is the "single-run" structure with a single large-diameter focusing "lens" for all three electron beams.

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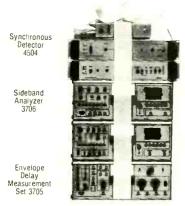
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The Barco CM-33B highresolution color monitor.

The PVM-8200 dual trinitron monitor unit from Sony.

#### Color-signal resolution

Reviewing these details, we can see that every type of aperture mask requires a spot size that is much larger than the theoretical dimensions of the pixels being displayed. How, then, can the eye perceive individual pixels? How can we explain, in fact, the definite improvement in display appearance that occurs when the monitor bandwidth is increased to support a pixel density that exceeds even the aperture-opening density?

The answer lies in the human visual system. The nerve structure behind the retina serves to "sharpen" images far beyond the limits set by the eye's optical apparatus. Moreover, the processed data is transmitted immediately to the brain and stored separately from the images that precede and follow the current image. In effect, then, the Gaussian spread of the electron-beam spot is narrowed by the eye to a much smaller-diameter dot.

Moreover, only one pixel color or intensity is on a display at a time—never simultaneously. The next pixel center is a measurable distance from the first, occurs at a later time, and is "stored" (remembered) as a separate image. No overlapping in the conventional sense occurs, therefore, and the perceived resolution can at least approximate the resolution (bandwidth) of the color signal itself.

There is, however, an upper limit established by the speed of the eye-brain system. Empirical evidence indicates that at bandwidths above 70 MHz, further improvements become marginal. Individual viewers and viewing conditions would affect the absolute limit—probably in the neighborhood of 100 MHz.

All of this assumes, of course, that the "resolution" of the color signal has been preserved by the monitor amplification circuits. An RGB monitor is essentially three monochrome monitors with shared synchronization circuits and CRT. All processing of the three color signals is performed in parallel, from the input connectors to the three CRT gun assemblies. Clearly the critical factor is the bandwidth of the amplifier or amplifiers which increase each display signal to the CRT-drive level, typically 10 to 50 volts. This bandwidth should be on the order of 20 MHz or more for most graphics applications.

A variety of ways are used to define this monitor specification. In addition to bandwidth, the manufacturer may state the minimum rise and fall times at the electron-gun interface—typically 20 to 40 nanoseconds—or the number of pixels which can be displayed along each raster line.

Equivalent specifications are rarely given for monitors designed to process encoded color signals. All of the colorencoding standards start with the requirement that the color information must be compressed within the limits imposed by the established broadcast channels. In the case of the NTSC standard, for example, the color information is used to modulate two subcarrier signals, one with a bandwidth of 1.3 MHz, the other with a bandwidth of 0.5 MHz. Most com-

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mercial monitors process the combined signal to produce two derived signals with equal bandwidth on the order of 1.0 MHz.

The effect is both to spread a lower maximum number of pixels along the raster line and to "soften" the color transitions between pixels. Vertical resolution is limited by the number of lines per frame dictated by the color-encoding standard. In practical terms the maximum pixel-to-pixel color resolution of a color-encoded raster—of any size or aspect ratio—would be 150-horizontal by 480-vertical pixels.

#### Monitor enhancements

Both the CRT and the graphics-display CRT monitor are still evolving as commercial products. A variety of monitor enhancements should be evaluated, therefore, before a selection is made.

Many of these innovations relate to reliability and device life. The use of impregnated cathodes is an example. Every CRT will eventually "burn out," just like any other eletron tube. A reserve supply of barium compound can continuously refresh the surface of a porous tungsten cathode, allowing the CRT to be driven at very high current densities and still give thousands of hours of service.

Other enhancements relate more directly to performance and should be considered within the context of a specific application. The conventional CRT electron gun, for example, "crosses over" the electron beam to give the focusing elements a point source. A parallel-flow design increases the number of electrons directed at the CRT faceplate without a corresponding increase in the cathode "loading factor."

Small spot sizes are somewhat more difficult to achieve, so the technique represents a trade-off between luminance and resolution.

Similar trade-offs apply to the choice of electrostatic or electromagnetic focusing and deflection. An all-electrostatic design would be preferred for systems requiring very fast scanning rates and modest resolution (spot size). An all-magnetic design reverses this order. Most raster-scan graphics monitors consequently use an electrostatic-focus, electromagnetic-deflection combination which represents a compromise between resolution and speed.

Manufacturers may also incorporate special circuitry into the design of the monitor itself. One example is a "beam-current feedback" circuit which maintains the black level of the display at a constant value despite CRT aging and component drift. The CRT beam current is sampled during each vertical retrace. Feedback adjustments are then made to the dc level of the display-signal amplifier to correct for any detected error.

CRT monitors are analog devices, subject to all the uncertainties which affect the performance of such devices. Enhancements like the beam-current feedback circuit help to make the monitor a stable dependable system component in the otherwise digital environment.

BM/E

Note: Material in this story has been excerpted from Chapter 9 of the forthcoming Raster Graphics Handbook, Second Edition, to be published later this month by Van Nostrand Reinhold Company Inc., New York, NY.

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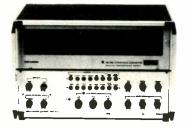
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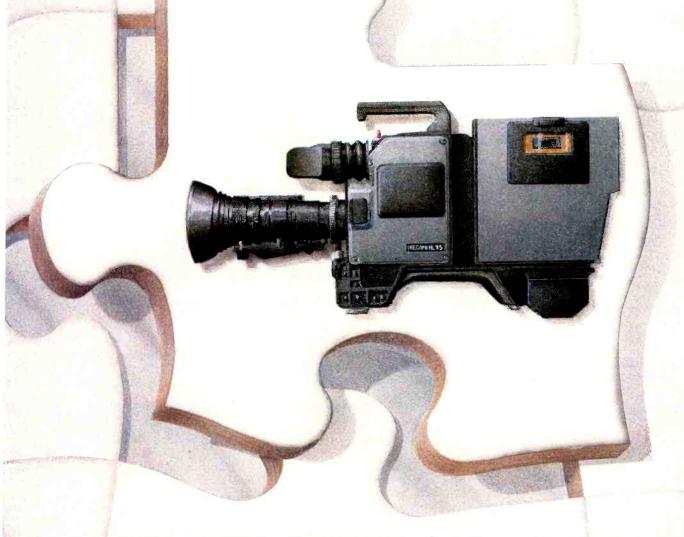
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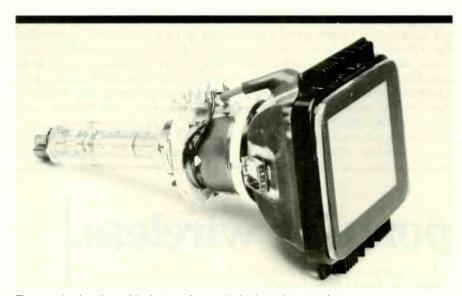
The Beyer M 260 has its own custom-designed ribbon element to optimize the mic's performance based on its Broadcast applications.

#### The Dynamic Decision

beyerdynamic)))

# INDEXTRON: A New Beam-Index Picture Tube

Using beam indexing instead of a metal plate to focus the electron beam, this new picture tube development makes possible a picture 70 percent brighter than conventional tubes.



The newly developed Indextron beam-indexing picture tube.

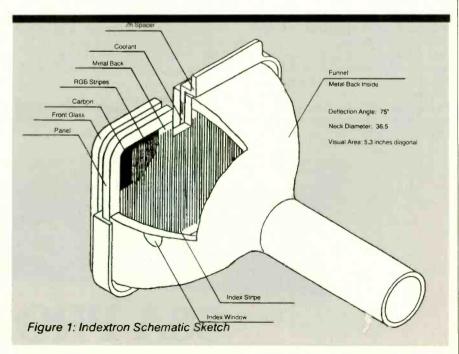
ment of phosphor dots on the front of the screen. As the electron beams from the three guns shoot towards the phosphor clusters, they pass through a shadow mask—a metal plate with extremely fine perforations (approximately 1.0 mm in diameter) spaced some 0.60 mm apart. The mask serves to focus the beams so that, theoretically, only one cluster of phosphors is illuminated by the three beams at a time, allowing the beam modulated by the red signal current to strike only the red-sensitive phosphors; the same occurs with the green and blue beams.

The problem with shadow mask technology, however, is that there is no one-to-one relationship between where the mask is placed during manufacturing and where the phosphor clusters are

#### By Robert Rivlin, Editor

When Sony engineers set out to design a high-brightness picture tube for the company's new Vidimagic video projector, they turned to an old idea: the beam index tube. This type of tube had never been mass-produced before. But by using the latest semiconductor technology, a newly-developed phosphor material, and several advanced manufacturing concepts, the engineering team developed Indextron—a beam index tube whose peak brightness, at 1600 footcandles, is six to eight times that of a standard tube.

In the conventional delta gun shadow mask TV picture tube [see the story on TV Tubes in Raster Graphics elsewhere in this issue], three electron guns (one each for red, green, and blue) are arranged in an equilateral delta pattern corresponding to the triangular arrange-



deposited on the screen. This means that, in the worst case, it is possible for a mask to be completely out of phase with the phosphor clusters, thus totally blocking every other cluster and leaving it dark.

It is necessary, therefore, that the diameter of the beams must be increased so they illuminate at least two dot clusters at once, decreasing image resolution.

Another problem with the shadow mask is that it only permits some 20 percent of the electron energy from the guns to pass through the holes to the phosphors—meaning that huge beam currents are required to generate a usable picture, and that the mask absorbs a considerable amount of heat. In terms of image quality, the heat buildup causes deformation of the metal plate and its holes, leading to decreased resolution. Still another problem with the delta gun and shadow mask is the extremely precise registration needed to converge all three guns at the shadow mask plane.

The Indextron tube, on the other hand, completely does away with the metal shadow mask. The three beams of the standard picture tube (and the



The new high-speed photodetector which makes beam indexing feasible.

three stripes of the Trinitron tube) are replaced by a single high-precision electron gun; and the phosphor dot clusters are replaced by vertical stripes of red, green, and blue phosphor material separated by narrow guard bands and with indexing stripes. As the gun moves along the raster pattern, it is sensed by a high-speed photodetector which instantaneously sends a control signal back to the gun causing it to advance to the next index position. Thus, the beam needs no focusing mechanism, but relies instead on semicon-

ductor technology in the control circuit to accurately position the beam to fall on successive phosphor stripes. The lack of a metal mask in Indextron leads to several key advantages. For one, it means that enormously high beam currents can be used without fear of warping the metal mask and causing loss of resolution. Higher beam current is also coupled with far greater efficiency: 78 percent of the beam current strikes the phosphor stripes as opposed to 20 percent in the shadow mask design. This leads to the 1600 fc peak brightness mentioned earlier-six to eight times that of a conventional tube.

Beam indexing also offers excellent resolution thanks to the extremely small electron beam size (it no longer has to be wide enough to accommodate two phosphor clusters at once). For the tube, Sony engineers designed a new type of high-performance unipotential electron gun with a triode cathode electronic lens. This design leads to an oval-shaped beam whose maximum diameter is only 0.2 mm at the maximum beam current of 2 milliamperes.

#### History of beam indexing

As mentioned, beam indexing is an

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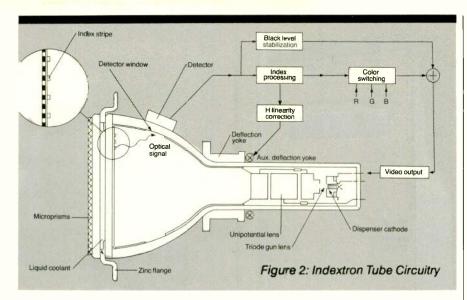
**66A PRO** 

old idea, and work on developing a beam index tube began simultaneously with the development of the shadow mask type. Philco, in fact, had an experimental beam indexing tube in the 1950s which used X-rays as the indexing mechanism.

In 1978, Matsushita developed a five-inch prototype beam indexing tube, eyeing the potential market for battery-powered home television receivers. But it never went through with plans to build the tubes or the sets.

More recently (1983), Hitachi began building a black-and-white version of the beam index tube for use in the viewfinders of its home video cameras—a design also incorporated in RCA's home video cameras. But the vertical stripe structure is considerably coarser than in Indextron, and would not suffice for picture viewing outside the viewfinder.

In 1981, Sony had developed an experimental 32-inch beam index tube using much of the same technology that was incorporated into Indextron, but with important differences, particularly in the structure of the indexing stripes. In the original tube, the pitch of the indexing stripes was approximately four



times the pitch of the phosphor stripes. With the new technology, however, the pitch of the indexing stripes has been reduced to only two times that of the phosphor stripes, leading to more accurate positioning. Further, microprisms have been incorporated into the glass face plate of the tube to "fill in" areas in the picture occupied by the guard bands separating the phosphor stripes. In this way the apparent resolution of

Indextron, though it uses only 256 groups of vertical phosphor stripes, is considerably heightened, and the vertical stripe structure of the picture is not noticeable.

#### New cooling system

We have thus far mentioned both the high-efficiency electron beam and the high-speed photodetectors as crucial in the development of the new Indextron

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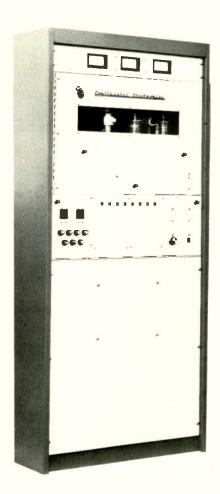
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The Indextron tube alongside Sony's new Vidimagic projector.

tube. There are several other technological advances as well which contribute to the new tube design.

The most important is a new liquid cooling system. Because there is no metal mask to absorb heat and deform, extremely high beam currents can be used. Average beam currents as high as 550 microamperes, accelerated to 31 kilovolts by the gun, can pump up to 17 W into the 5.25-inch faceplate. To handle this load, a layer of ethylene glycol and water is placed between the tube's faceplate and the cover glass, transferring the heat to zinc flanges from which it dissipates by convection.

Still another development in Indextron is a new green phosphor material, brighter and more responsive than what was previously available.

What all this means for video projection is that, for the first time, a single high-brightness tube with a single projection lens can be used, whereas before it was necessary to split the video image into three separate red, green, and blue pictures, display each on a small CRT separately, project all three images, then converge them on the screen. The equipment to do this is bulky. And moving the projector from one location to another almost always requires extensive re-alignment and refocusing of the three separate projection lenses.

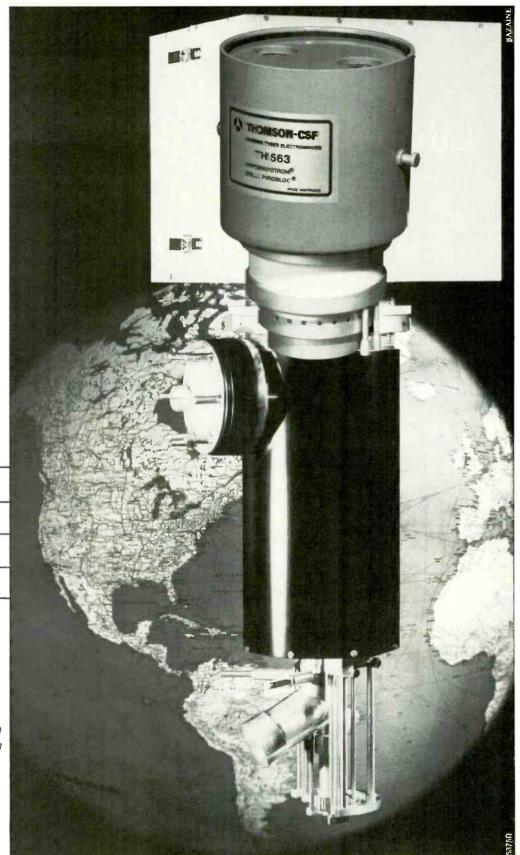
Using Indextron, the new Sony Vidimagic projector is light enough (weighing under 35 lbs. fully configured) and small enough (10 x 9 x 26

inches) to be transported in a canvas carrying case, and set up as easily as a movie projector. The operator simply points the lens at the screen, selects an image size from 30 to 200 inches diagonal, and focuses the single lens. Light output from Indextron is high enough so images can be projected onto a wall, and the projector small and light enough so it can be tilted up and the image projected onto the ceiling.

At present the projector is being marketed to industrial users for sales presentations, meetings, and so forth. Packaged with a 181-channel TV tuner, a built-in Beta format player/recorder, a remote controller, and a PA system, it is currently being sold for \$2995. A version without the Beta deck is available for \$2150. Future plans include the possible exploration of the home market; video software distributors could rent out the projector at the same time that they rent the cassettes, in the same way that many now rent out VCRs.

An even more interesting future potential, however, lies in the possibility of Sony developing a flat screen version of the beam index tube, for use in computer terminals and other displays. The current version of the tube is considered too bright for incorporation into standard TV monitors. But with the flat tube display, the high-efficiency beam can be put to excellent use. This large market could also serve to drive down the price of the beam indexing tube technology even lower than current levels.

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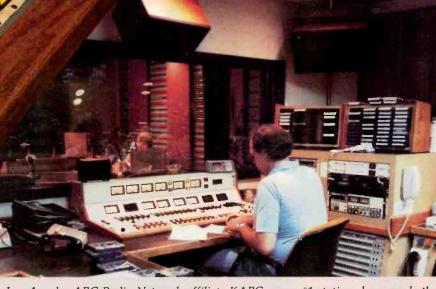
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# RINDA RINDA:

# Expansion and "How-to" Sessions in San Antonio

The thirty-ninth RTNDA conference, which will be held December 4-7, will equal, and most likely exceed, attendance and exhibition records set at last year's conference in Las Vegas, according to Lou Adler, the RTNDA's president-elect and the VP and news director of WOR Radio, New York. For this reason the conference has been shifted—for the first time—to a convention hall, the San Antonio Convention Center.

The show will feature more than 80 exhibitors and a full slate of panel discussions which, says Adler, will emphasize "how-to—such as how to handle increasing numbers of outside services, and how to work with talent agencies.

"Our members want nuts-and-bolts sessions," he continues, and that is what attendees should, for the most part, look forward to this year. Session topics will include: the role of radio news services in small and medium markets; coaching TV talent; career stress and family survival; talent agents; the role of media in society, with emphasis on libel, privacy, and coverage of criminal justice; and the televising of the New Bedford, MA, rape case.

This trial, which received national attention this year, will provide the basis for a panel discussion moderated by Ed Fouhy, the VP and Washington bureau chief of ABC News. According to Fouhy, this will not

be a how-to session; rather, the panel "will be looking for lessons from the trial in New Bedford." The issue of TV cameras in courtrooms is relatively new to the broadcast community, and as Fouhy says, "we think it needs exploring." This sort of exploration is what the RTNDA is all about for Fouhy: "The prime purpose of the conference is so we broadcast journalists can get together and discuss mutual problems and mutual concerns."

Other panelists at the conference will include Judge William G. Young, Superior Court of Massachusetts, who presided at the New Bedford trial; Ron Nessen, VP News, Mutual Broadcasting Company, and former press secretary to President Ford; Dr. Joyce Brothers; and Arthur Miller, professor of law at Harvard Law School.

There will also be an exciting lineup of guest speakers, including CBS News' Douglas Edwards, who will keynote the conference following welcoming remarks by San Antonio mayor Henry Cisneros; Lawrence Grossman, president, NBC News; and Sam Donaldson, ABC White House

correspondent. Ralph Renick, VP of Wometco Enterprises and news director of WTVJ-TV, Miami, will receive the Paul White Award this year, and will speak at the Paul White Banquet at the conclusion of the show.



The city of San Antonio plays host to this year's RTNDA conference



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#### Tuesday, December 4

a.m. Golf & tennis tournaments p.m. Welcoming reception

#### Wednesday, December 5

8:00 a.m. Business meeting

breakfast

9:30 a.m. Welcome address by Henry Cisneros, mayor,

San Antonio

9:45 a.m. Keynote address: Douglas

Edwards, CBS News Luncheon: address by

Noon Sam Donaldson, ABC

News

2:00 p.m. Joint Workshop:

Broadcasting and Marriage—Can They

Coexist?

Chuck Wolf, KIKK Radio,

Houston

Dr. Joyce Brothers Dr. Harry Hoewischer

Merrillee Cox, ABC News

3:30 p.m. Joint Workshop: Order in

the Court: The New Bedford Rape Case Ed Fouhy, ABC News David Layman, WLNE-TV,

Providence

George Gray, WBSM

Radio, New Bedford, MA

Ed Turner, CNN

Judge William G. Young, Superior Court of MA

#### Thursday, December 6

9:00 a.m. Radio Workshop: Radio News Services—Their

Role in Small and Medium

Markets

Steve Vogel, WJBC/ WBNQ, Bloomington, IL

Ron Nessen, Mutual

Broadcasting

James Hood, Associated

Press

Bob Priddy, Missouri **Network News Division** 

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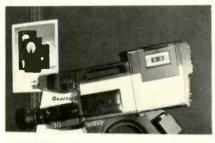
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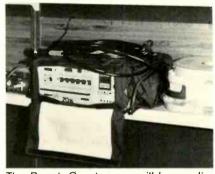
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#### RTNDA PROGRAM

Bob Kimmel, Audio Features Norm Woodruff, KFBK, Sacramento, CA 9:00 a.m. Radio Workshop: Women, Minorities, and Equal Opportunity in Large Radio Markets David Lampel, WBLS, NY Linda Santana, KSJL, San Antonio Kris Krydell, WFYR, Chicago James Rowe, WGCl, Chicago Carol Karper, KUTE/ KGFJ, Los Angeles

9:00 a.m. TV Workshop: How to Coach TV Talent Spence Kinard, KSL-TV, Salt Lake City Lynn Walker, KAUZ-TV, Witchita Falls, TX





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Jim Topping, KTRK-TV, Houston Lynne Wilford Scarborough, Audience Research & Development Eric Huguelet, Atkinson & Falder Research

9:00 a.m. TV Workshop: Talent
Agents: The Most
Important People in TV
News Are Not in TV and
Not in News
Jerome Nachman,
WNBC-TV, NY
Richard Leibner and Carol
Cooper, Leibner and
Cooper
Jim Griffin, William Morris

Agency Alfred Geller, Geller Media Management

Luncheon: address by Lawrence Grossman, president, NBC News

2:00 p.m. Business Meeting and Election

#### Friday, December 7

Noon

Media & Society Seminars 8:30 a.m. Morning Seminar: Libel Luncheon with Exhibitors 2:00 p.m. Afternoon Seminars: Coverage of Criminal

Justice, and Privacy
6:30 p.m. Paul White Reception and
Banquet; address by Paul
White Award Winner
Ralph Renick, VP,
Wometco Enterprises, and
news director, WTVJ-TV,
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#### Exhibition hall hours:

Tuesday: 6:00-8:00 p.m. Wednesday & Thursday: 9:00 a.m.-6:30 p.m. Friday: 7:00 a.m.-2:00 p.m.



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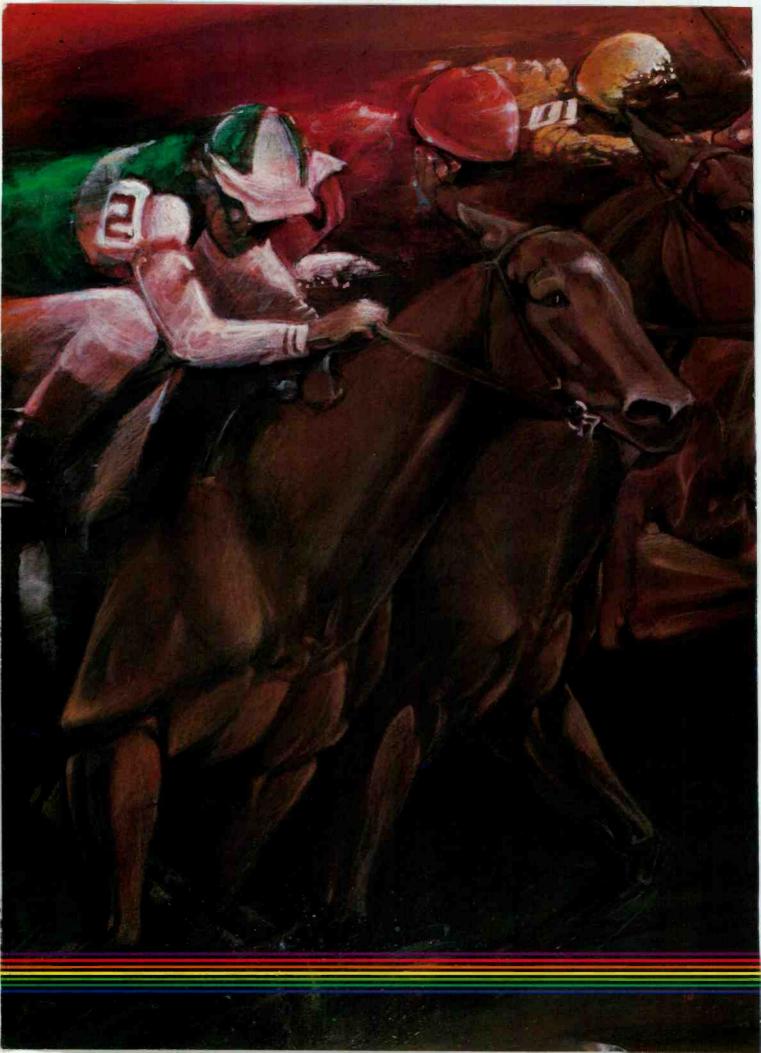
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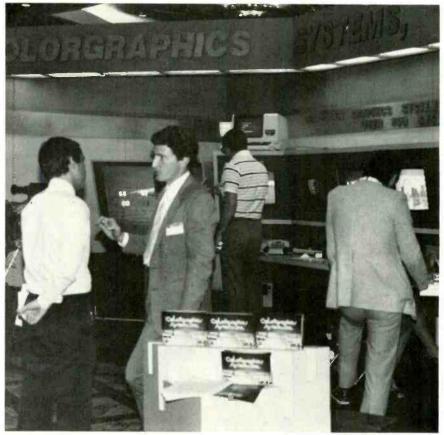
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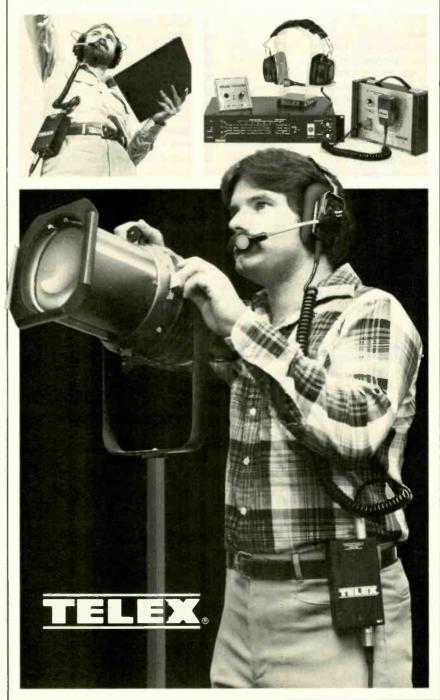
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## GREAT IDEA NOTEBOOK

# Station-Run Weather Forecasting Service

#### By John Parks, CE,WCNX Radio, Middletown, CT

Two years ago WCNX saw the need for a weather forecasting service that our listeners could call without spending a toll call to a larger city or to the phone company-sponsored weather line, which charges for each call made to it.

At the time, we also were in the process of removing older model cart machines from service in our production studios; in this case, the RCA RT-7D rack-mount model. The accompanying circuit was our solution to using the cart machine to answer an incoming call and feed a weather forecast down the line to the caller.

A phone line stops ringing and seizes when a load of 600 ohms or thereabouts is placed across it, so the circuit does the following: K-1 and C-1 sense the acringing voltage on the line and provide

the closure to remote start the cart machine. C-1 is used to block the dc path to the phone line, or else the coil of K-1 would hold the line open all the time. K-2 is across the "start" lamp of the machine used; in our case a 24 V dc CP Clare relay works fine. When K-2 closes, the phone line is loaded by the output of the machine's output transformer. (If direct output machines are to be used, a standard phone company 111C coil can be inserted between the cart machine and the relay contacts.)

At the end of the cart, the start lamp goes out, relay K-2 drops out, and the phone line is released from the load, ready to go again immediately.

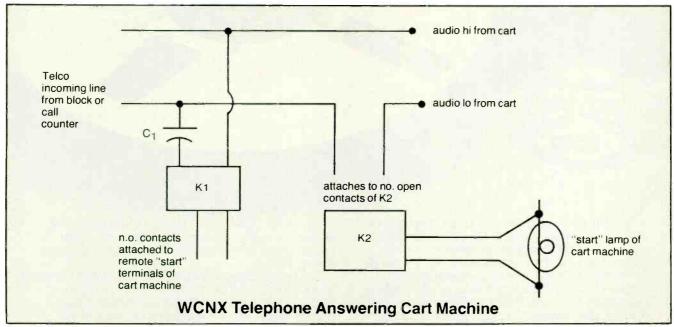
The advantages to using a surplus cart machine rather than a commercial answering machine are numerous. First, audio quality is increased; even if the machine is not up to on-air spec, it will sound great over the phone line even if it makes a 100-3K frequency response. You'd have to spend quite a bit to buy an answering machine built as ruggedly as most cart machines. Us-

ing standard carts lets us record the forecast in the production studio, so we have the option of reading a forecast, or dubbing a forecast from our weather service meteorologist. Announcers change the carts and update the forecast three times a day, and the sales department has a package that gives a sponsor a 10-second message before the forecast begins on the machine.

We use a commercially manufactured call counter as well, and can tell you that last year an average of 200-plus calls per day came into the service. In fact, it was so successful we just put a second service on line that gives callers a rundown on current arts/community events happening in the city.

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BM/E



WCNX telephone-answering cart machine. Polarity of phone line does not matter. C1 is 10  $\mu$ F 50 V dc nonpolarized. K1 is 110 V ac (like CDE 104A0-120). K2 is selected to match voltage of start lamp on cart machine; for 24 V dc operation station uses C.P. Clare 354A14A2C. Station also utilizes a call counter manufactured by Skutch Co. in Roseville, CA. The model T-8 is a four-digit counter that plugs in between the phone line and this circuit and sells for \$110.

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# FCC rules & regulations

# The New Window System: A Well-Intentioned Mistake?

by Harry Cole, FCC Counsel

The Nineteenth Century had its land rushes and its gold rushes. Now, if a recent Commission proposal is adopted, the Twentieth Century may have its own FM and TV frequency rushes. The result would be a new approach to the process of filing applications for new commercial stations in those services, an approach which could have a significant effect on strategies underlying decisions governing whether or not to file for new FM or TV stations.

The proposed system would replace the current system involving cutoff dates and cutoff lists. As you are probably aware, at present the Commission allocates FM and TV channels to specific communities. Once a channel is allocated, you are free to apply for it. There is no deadline for filing the first application, and there is technically no requirement at all that anyone ever file for any particular channel (although the Commission does assume in allocating each channel that at least one applicant will ultimately file for it). Once someone does file an acceptable application specifying a particular channel, that application is placed on an "A" cutoff list and assigned an "A" cutoff date. That cutoff date represents the deadline by which anyone interested in filing a mutually exclusive application must have his or her application on file. (It also represents the deadline for petitions to deny the listed application, although, in the context of the FCC's recent proposal, we need not dwell on that aspect here.)

Under the existing system, once the "A" cutoff date passes, the universe of competing applicants is fixed—i.e., if you don't have your application on file by the close of business on the "A" cutoff date, you're out of luck. Each application is then assigned a "B" cutoff date by which all minor amendments must be filed. Following the "B" cutoff date, the applications are ready for designation for hearing, a process which depends only on the availability of FCC staffers to review the applications and prepare the hearing designation orders. While this may seem rather simple on paper, in actual practice the overall process from the filing of the first application until designation for hearing can take two or more years.

#### Competing applications

This kind of backlog is an obvious source of concern. More troubling to the Commission, however, is the fact that placing an application on an "A" cutoff list makes it a sitting duck for competing applications. An "A" cutoff list acts like a red flag calling the world's attention to the fact that at least one applicant thinks that a new station in the specified community would be a good idea. Worse,

having called the world's attention to that fact, the "A" cutoff date affords all interested persons a 30-day period in which to prepare and file competing applications for themselves. The result is that even if the idea of filing for a particular community was unique to one applicant, that applicant is forced by the Commission to share the idea, and then to compete with everyone else who happens to agree that it's a good idea. And to make matters even worse, the Commission apparently believes that some of the applicants who file competing applications on the "A" cutoff date do not, in fact, want the station, but instead want only to blackmail the original applicant by standing in the way of a quick and simple grant. The idea, of course, is that the original applicant may be inclined to buy off the competing applicant in order to avoid the fuss (not to mention the expense) of a comparative hearing, and to get the grant that much sooner.

Not all of this situation is the FCC's fault. Back in the 1940s, in a case called Ashbacker v. FCC, 326 U.S. 327 (1945), the Supreme Court interpreted the Communications Act of 1934 as establishing a right to comparative consideration for competing applicants. In other words, the Court said that where two or more applications mutually exclusive with one another are filed, the Commission cannot simply grant one and deny the rest without first holding a comparative hearing involving all the applications. Thus, the FCC has been left to devise some system by which all potential mutually exclusive applicants are given an opportunity to get their applications on file before the universe of competing applications is fixed. The cutoff system is the most recent approach arrived at by the FCC to assure that everybody's Ashbacker rights are guaranteed.

#### The window approach

Because of the various problems inherent in the cutoff system, however, the Commission has now proposed a "window" approach akin to the manner in which cellular radio telephone applications are processed. The Commission has suggested that it designate a "window period" of 45 days during which applications for all allocated TV and FM channels could be filed. That means that if you had your eye on a particular channel in the FM or TV Tables of Allotments, you would have to file an application for that channel during the 45-day window period if you wanted to assure yourself of comparative consideration. Similarly, any future FM or TV channel allocation would include, as part of the action allocating the channel, a specified window period during which applications for that new channel would be permitted. If no one files for a particular



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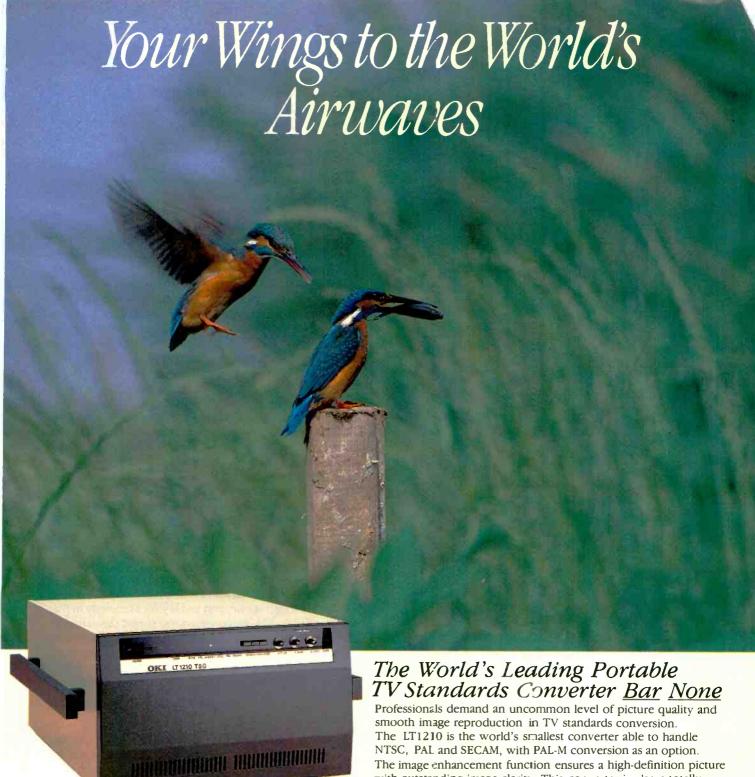
numerous applications are going to be filed whether the FCC likes it or not, and that a window period approach will not necessarily discourage applicants. In fact, it appears that such an approach may trigger more, rather than fewer, applications, since it forces everyone who has even the slightest interest in a particular frequency to file applications in order to avoid being shut out from consideration.

Another aspect of this proposal which bears some discussion is the Commission's expressed concern about applicants who, according to the FCC, file applications 'for the purposes of delay" and who may not be "seriously interested in providing better service." Obviously, applicants who fit this description are not desirable, and efforts to eliminate such filings should be pursued. But the question of an applicant's true intent is not an easy one to resolve. It is not always easy to tell from an application whether the applicant is really interested in obtaining the station, or whether the application was just filed for some other, inappropriate purpose (e.g., delay, blackmail, and so forth). This is especially true in light of the Commission's own massive effort to streamline the application form itself. That effort has led to an application form which requires virtually no time and effort, and very little money, to fill out and file.

#### More applications

What this means is that the FCC has removed virtually all the tediousness to filing applications. The obvious and inevitable result of that is going to be an increase in the number of applications filed, since there are certainly more people interested in trying to get a station if they don't have to do very much to get the application on file. In addition to this, the streamlining of the application form makes it difficult for the Commission to divine whether any particular applicant is or is not seriously intent upon building and operating a station. Further complicating this is the fact that, several years ago, the Congress and the Commission lifted the ban on profiting from the dismissal of an application. As a result, if you file an application now, and at some later time are offered a large sum of money to dismiss your application, you can accept that money even if it exceeds the amount that you have spent preparing and prosecuting your application. Even an applicant who is completely intent upon building and operating a station may have his or her mind changed if the right offer is made. But without the services of a mind reader, it is difficult to determine whether that applicant's mind was really changed, or whether he or she filed the application in the first place in order to be bought out.

The bottom line on this is that while the Commission's proposed window system is certainly a well-intentioned step, it may turn out to be more of a placebo than a panacea. And, ironically, it must be noted that some of the evils against which it is directed arise not so much from the existing cutoff process, but from the streamlined application forms which the Commission itself has developed. While we are loathe to suggest the reimposition of burdensome paperwork requirements in this enlightened age of deregulation, we might suggest that the effects of that streamlining be reconsidered in light of the perceived problems leading to the proposed window system.



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In other areas, contact: Head Office: Overseas Marketing & Sales 10-3, Shibaura 4-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108, Japan Tel: (03) 454-2111 Telex: J22627 Cable: OKIDENKI TOKYO

Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd. Tokyo 108, Japan

# One SPIKE Can Cost DOWNTIME!

Overvoltage transients can bring the biggest installation down in a microsecond, or damage it cumulatively.

Surge-Master Heavy Duty Power Line Protectors give complete protection against all transients.

All audio and video transmission equipment is vulnerable to transients on AC power lines caused by neavy motors starting up (even elevators or testing your auxiliary power system), power company load adjustments—and of course, lightning. Even if your equipment operates from batteries charged by a UPS, you're not safe. If lightning knocked out your UFS, how long could you keep going?

The MCG Surge-Master offers two stage protection. The first reacts in nanoseconds to absorb lesser transients and the leading edges of major ones. The second stage absorbs the big ones, and has three modules on each line. So, in the unlikely event that one module should be knocked out, there are still two protecting you. And a system of indicator lights tells you not only when a fault has occurred, but exactly where it is. Modular construction (and the fact that Surge-Master is connected in parallel) makes replacement of damaged modules quick and easy. Initial installation requires minimal power interruption.

Available with capabilities from 100 to 3000 amps; for 120, 240 and 480 VAC; and for single, 3-phase, wye and delta power systems. MCG also manufactures smaller units for protecting individual pieces of equipment. To learn more, contact Department 31017 at 516/586-5133 or at the address below.

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Circle 168 on Reader Service Card

#### FCC RULES & REGULATIONS

channel during the available window period, the first applicant filing for the channel after the close of the window period would automatically preclude any other application, and would thus be entitled to use of the frequency without the need for a comparative hearing. Applications for changes in existing stations would also be subject to the window period if the proposed changes would affect a vacant channel.

The Commission's idea, of course, is to give everyone the same notice as to the availability of FM and TV channels, and thus to satisfy the requirements of Ashbacker without creating any "sitting duck" situations. The Commission apparently thinks that the window system will somehow reduce the number of applications filed for FM and TV channels. The benefits which the FCC hopes to realize from this include reduction of both administrative delays and the costs incident to the application process. The FCC is also hoping that its window approach will discourage applicants who are not "seriously interested in providing better service."

As with many of its recent innovations—be they termed "regulatory," "deregulatory," "unregulatory or whatever other term may be acceptable these daysthe Commission's proposal here is not without merit. In the case of FM applications, there has long been a substantial backlog of applications which has been caused, in large measure, by the cutoff system. It should be pointed out, however, that the TV situation has suffered virtually no backlog problems, and the TV Branch has generally demonstrated an admirable ability to process new applications very quickly. Furthermore, anyone who has spent time, money, and energy in assembling an application, only to have numerous "claim jumpers" file competing applications on the "A" cutoff date, knows the frustration of having to sit back and wait while the FCC notifies the world of your application and invites everybody to file on top of you. The proposed system would theoretically eliminate that phenomenon, if only by forcing everyone to show their interest at the same time; in that way, no party could lay back in the bushes in order to check out everyone else's plans, and then pick and choose which channels to file for.

#### Conceptual flaws

However, as is often the case with these things, the FCC's proposal is not without its conceptual flaws. In particular, while the notion that a window system will reduce the numbers of applications to be filed is all well and good in theory, that notion is not borne out by the Commission's own experience. In cellular radio, where a variation on the window system has been in effect for several years, the FCC recently received approximately 150 or more applications for each of the markets in the fourth tier of cities (i.e., markets 90-120). Even in the most complicated FM cases it is unusual to find more than 20 applicants for a given frequency. And in the low-power television area, earlier this year the FCC tried to turn the cutoff system into a variation of the window approach by issuing a single cutoff list containing some 4000 applications; far from discouraging competing applications, this approach led to the filing of some 25,000 or more competing applications. The lesson, it would appear, is that

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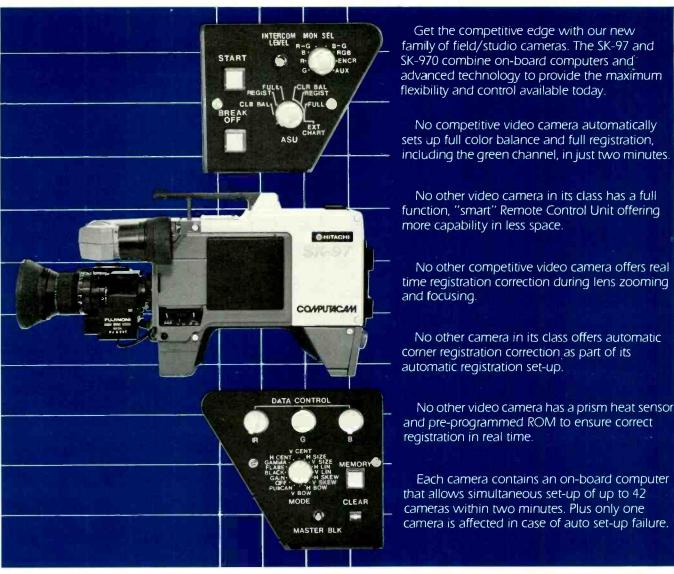
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### broadcast EQUIPMENT

#### New Mixer/ Recorder from Tascam

The Ministudio Porta One is a portable, battery operated, four-channel mixer/recorder designed primarily for field recording. Significant features of this cassette recorder are its standard 1% ips speed allowing playback of standard stereo cassettes, the ability to assign one or all four channels to any track, and its switchable dbx noise reduction for wide dynamic range.

The Ministudio's input channel mute (OFF) switch permits you to bring channels into the mix without changing a setting. Each channel has a two-band EQ with center detent plus Pan for use during recording, overdubbing, and mixdown. Discrete four-track tape cue mix and separately adjustable headphone output level control enhance monitoring flexibility. It is possible to mix all four input channels and re-



corded tape tracks into an independently controlled headphone output to hear what is being recorded and overdubbed as it happens.

Off-speed recording is prevented by the Ministudio's flashing "low battery" power indicator LED. Positive settings and protection against damage or accidental control movements are ensured with low-profile, easy touch controls. Optional AC and auto battery adaptors complement the built-in battery supply.

For More Information Circle 235 on Reader Service Card or balancing, and a low-distortion quartz crystal-controlled oscillator.

CRL has always guaranteed the finest SCA fidelity for music applications, and also guarantees no main channel interference. But now, with the SCA 300A, the company offers an SCA generator for just about any application: paging, music, data, and telemetry. The SCA 300A has an upgraded VCO response to accommodate a wide range of signals. The unit comes with both a standard "D" (RS232) connector, and a BNC connector for insertion of digital or FSK signals directly into the modulator. Linearity is excellent, and an advanced, digitally synthesized carrier is utilized.

For More Information Circle 237 on Reader Service Card

#### Panasonic Introduces Recam Playback Adaptor and New Camera

Panasonic has introduced a new Recam playback adaptor, the AU-S220, for use with the Recam portable VCR. When the two are connected with a single cable, YIQ signals from the VCR are translated into broadcast format.

The AU-S220 has SC and ADV sync inputs for TBC interface. Waveform

### New Lighting from Comprehensive Video



Comprehensive has introduced a new line of lights, modular mounts, and accessories. The V-10/6 focusing spotlight can be fitted with either 600- or 1000-watt lamps for domestic operation, or 1000 watts for 220/240-volt foreign operation. Similarly, the MF-10 floodlight can be fitted with 300-, 500-, 750-, and 1000-watt lamps for 220/240-volt foreign operation. The variety of accessories for these lights make them adaptable to all professional lighting applications.

The variable-focusing VM-300 can

be fitted with 12- or 30-volt battery operable lamps of 120- or 220-volt lamps for line operation. A "flip-up" accessory system, well-suited to TV news, enables the VM-300 to be equipped with a diffusor, dichroic filter or reflex plate, which can be left on the light and flipped into position as needed.

Comprehensive offers a choice of nine location kits. Most include a variety of useful location accessories to tailor the lights to the demands of the situation.

To make location rigging easy, Comprehensive has developed a new system of modular lighting mounts and controls. These new devices are compatible with most lightweight location lighting equipment currently on the market.

market.
For More Information
Circle 236 on Reader Service Card

#### New SCA from CRL Audio

CRL has a new addition to its SCA family: the SCA 300A. The new "A" model, like the SCA 300, has an adjustable carrier frequency with no nulling



monitor outputs with front-panel controls are: C (I/Q), RF/Y, RF, TBC, TC, and EXT. The adaptor also has audio channel I and 2 outputs with switchable levels (4 dBm/22 dBm, 600 ohm balanced), with front-panel controls and meters.

For high-quality signals, the

50 KW

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#### EQUIPMENT

AU-S220 has YIQ DUB output. A dropout compensator is included. The adaptor provides power to both the camera and the VCR. AC voltage is selectable: 100, 120, 200, or 240.

The AK-30 is the newest three-tube camera from Panasonic. The camera employs Plumbicon tubes to generate a resolution of 650 lines. The signal-to-noise ratio is 62 dB (typical in a 6 dB mode), and the standard gain is 58 dB (typical in a 0 dB mode).

The AK-30 also features digital zone registration with memory, and automatic white balance for two color temperatures. For improved dynamic range, it has an automatic knee circuit. The iris is also automatic, with variable peak/average ratio.

The camera also has aural monitoring of incoming microphone, playback, and intercom. There is a warning tone for VTR malfunction. A triax adaptor is available as an option.

For More Information Circle 238 on Reader Service Card

### New Test Set from Hewlett-Packard

Hewlett-Packard has introduced a new noise-and-interference test set, which provides an accurate, easy-to-use method of simulating flat-fade and/or interference conditions on microwave radio links. Designed for operation in the IF section of a digital or FM microwave radio, the HP 3708A will add calibrated levels or white noise and/or interference signals to the radio IF carrier, thereby maintaining an operator-selected carrier-to-noise (C/N) or carrier-to-interference (C/I) ratio.

Use of a built-in IF power meter and microprocessor control enables the radio IF carrier power to be sampled continuously at the point of noise/interference-signal injection. The noise density/interference signal level is adjusted automatically to maintain a constant C/N or C/I ratio, even in the presence of receiver-carrier-level variations

The HP 3708 is equipped with full HP-IB interface capability, and this facility has been fully utilized in the associated HP 3708S noise and interference measurement system. The price of the HP 3708A is \$13,400.

For More Information Circle 239 on Reader Service Card

## Hypercardioid Lavalier Microphone with Vibration Isolation

For TV news, remotes, lectures, documentaries, and live productions, there has never been anything like the Isomax TVH from Countryman.

Its superior side rejection allows it to go where no lavalier has gone before. For live stage and television productions, the TVH offers at least 6 dB more gain before

feedback compared to other lavaliers. For news work, it brings in usable audio from even the noisiest remotes.



The Isomax TVH is the only hypercardioid lavalier microphone available today. And the TVH has something no other lavalier has: Vibration Isolation. Normally, directional microphones are 20 or 30 dB more sensitive to handling noise. Not the hypercardioid TVH. With its exclusive electronic vibra-

tion isolation it's even quieter than

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Call or write for a free brochure or to arrange a demonstration.

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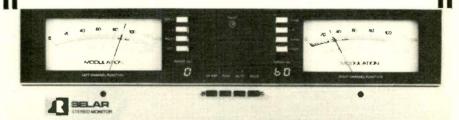
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## BELAR IS THE BEST... SUPERIOR PERFORMANCE AT A LOWER PRICE

For instance, our FM Stereo Monitors provide a signal to noise ratio of 90 dB, 0.01% distortion and 70 dB separation for 25% to 45% less money than our competition.

And they are reliable!

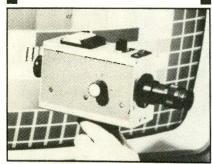
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A battery-powered visual comparator for quick and precise color temperature adjustment and gray scale balance of color monitors to recommended world standard of D6500°K.

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### TV Maintenance Engineer

FCC general radiotelephone license is required, or must be obtained within the first six months. EE degree desired. Should have three years experience maintaining video, and audio equipment including digital video effects and microprocessor based equipment, two component levels.

Send resume to: W.D. KELLY

#### WNEW-TV

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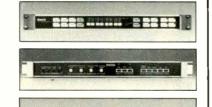
## WE WROTE THE BOOK ON TIME CODE

EECO designed the first practical time code editing system in 1967. We pioneered video editing by helping establish SMPTE/EBU time code standards and by engineering the first SMPTE/EBU time code generators and readers.

More recently, we contributed to the SMPTE/EBU recommended practice for vertical interval time code (VITC) and developed microprocessor-based editing equipment using VITC.

The industry leader, we offer a full line of precise and reliable time code generator and reader components. Easily interfaced to your studio equipment, all of our products are available from our Authorized Distributors.

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Ask for the time code book and the name of your nearest EECO

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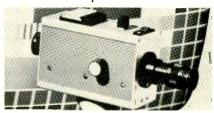


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#### EQUIPMENT

#### New Comparator from Television Equipment Associates

The IRT color monitor comparator (designed and calibrated by IRT, Munich) is a battery-powered visual comparator for quick and precise color temperature adjustment and gray-scale balance of color monitors to the recommended world standard of D6500 degrees K, by direct color comparison of the TV kine.



The comparator is presented to the face of the kine, on which is displayed a gray scale or full field white. The operator, looking through the device's ocular, observes a circular field where half of the area is a direct view of the kine face and the other half is the illuminent D reference. This reference is produced by the reflected light emitted from a specially selected bulb, which has been filtered through conversion filters and stabilized by a control-to-constant current. The operator adjusts the monitor's screen and gain controls so that the kine white balance will match with the comparator's in both highlights and lowlights.

For More Information
Circle 240 on Reader Service Card

### Satellite TVRO System from Uniden

Uniden is now offering a complete line of C-band TVRO equipment. The UST 1000 receiver features detente tuning with lighted channel indicator and automatic polarity selection to provide crisper audio and cleaner video. Also featured is a signal strength meter, tunable audio, channel 3/4 modulator, horizontal/vertical indicators, channel scan indicators, and format switch.

The UST 3000 has all the features of the UST 1000 plus a digital LED display channel selector, a built-in satellite/TV selector and indicator, and both fixed and variable audio tuning. Both the UST 1000 and 3000 operate at 70 megahertz, and have 24-channel capability.

The UST 410 low-noise amplifier features weather-sealed housing, an in-

ternal voltage regulator, built-in lighting protection circuitry, and a one-year limited warranty. The UST 460 Unirotor is a mechanical feed system. Its probe rotates over a 180-degree pattern to select either horizontal or vertical polarity. The Unirotor features an inline design and an adjustable scaler that ensures peak performance and simplifies installation. The unit interfaces with the UST 1000 and 3000 to change polarity from channel to channel automatically



The UST 111 is an 11-foot aluminum mesh antenna featuring extruding supports and 24 panels. Two people can install it in two hours. It weighs only 158 pounds. Uniden also offers an eight-foot single-piece antenna. This antenna weighs just 64 pounds and can be installed in less than one hour

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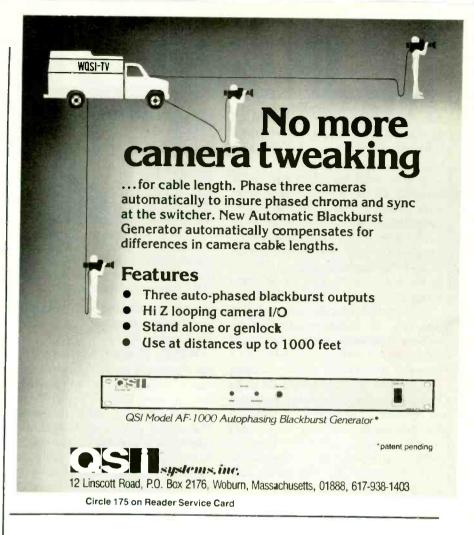
#### **JVC Introduces Super** Beam Microphone

The MU-6200E is an extremely sensitive mic that boasts horizontal directivity that is seven times greater than conventional shotgun mics. Sensitivity measures 50 mV/Pa at 1 KHz with a frequency response from 50 to 15,000 Hz.

The microphone is intended for both studio and remote locations. Indoors or out, the MU-6200E is intended to capture subtlety. The mic features continuous variable directivity, and remote control of tone and directivity. The remote control unit and an AC power supply are optional.

Sound signal can be sent at line level by the built-in amplifier with 15 dB gain. The mic weighs 4.1 pounds and is 45 inches long.

For More Information Circle 242 on Reader Service Card



# NEARLY 2,000,000 PEOPLE IN THE U.S. ARE VISUALLY IMPAIRED

The vast majority of them are partially sighted with remaining or residual vision that can be enhanced.

The Vision Fund of America (VFA) is an organization of concerned professionals and executives in the television and video industries dedicated to helping these partially-sighted people lead more useful, satisfying lives.

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Many organizations raise money for the totally blind. VFA is the first to sponsor programs for the partially sighted.

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**VISION FUND OF AMERICA** 

The video industry helping the visually handicapped

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## **BUSINESS BRIEFS**

Acrodyne Industries has reached an agreement with its parent company, Whittaker Corporation, for the purchase of a majority position in the company, to be headed by a group of investors which includes present Acrodyne management. The Whittaker Corporation will retain a minority equity interest. . . . Picture Element Limited has announced the installation of its Video Sequence Processor (VSP) in the new video facility of Omnibus Computer Graphics in New York City. . . . Matsushita Electric Corporation of America, in commemoration of its twenty fifth anniversary, has established a \$10 million foundation as a token of its gratitude to the American people. The foundation will be dedicated to funding educational programs in the U.S.... Editel/NY is doing all the post-production work for The Bill Cosby Show, a new TV series on NBC. Initial shooting is scheduled to wrap November 15, with editing continuing on into mid-December.

McDonnell-Douglas, in an effort to upgrade its single video remote truck, which has been used over the last year and a half to cover events such as this summer's Olympic Games in Los Angeles, and the 1984 All-Star baseball game, has purchased a 24-input Neve 5114 mixing console, which is specifically designed for television production needs. The 5144's features include a 4-band equalizer, full stereo capability, and comprehensive logic interfaces for microphones and muting. . . . Mon-Computer Corporation announced delivery of its Montage Picture Processor to Editel/Chicago, Editel/Los Angeles, Crawford Communications of Atlanta, and Pace International of Portland.

The United States Patent Office has issued a patent for the CompuSonics DSP-2000 audio digital recording and playback system. . . . Realtime Video Productions has expanded to full one-inch editing capability with the addition of a second one-inch Sony BVH-2000 to its CMX suite.

The Robert Bosch Corporation, Video Equipment Division, recently shipped its new PAL format BCN VTR to Intercontinental Televideo, Inc., New York. ITI's BCN-51 VTR is one of only a few units in operation in the U.S. . . . Motion picture and video production and post-production organi-



The new transportable Elliptical Antenna from GEC McMichael. The British-based satellite communications manufacturer recently opened a new U.S. office in Scottsdale, AZ.

zation Cinemasound, Ltd., has added a **new sound stage** to its facility in Washington, DC.

WFSB, Channel 3, Hartford, CT, has announced a major expansion of the station's broadcasting facilities, which include a new Harris TV-60L transmitter and circularly polarized antenna. The station also aired the first stereo television broadcast in New England on September 15. . . . KTCA-TV, Minneapolis-St. Paul, also aired a stereo TV broadcast in mid-September. Equipment was provided by Modulation Sciences.

Chyron Corporation has doubled the facilities of its Melville, NY, plant with the addition of a 26,000 square foot building. The building will become the new corporate headquarters, and will house the administrative, sales, and engineering departments. . . . Hughes Communications Galaxy, Inc. is offering part-time use of satellite capacity with a service called Galaxy Video Timesharing Service, which is available on Galaxy II positioned at 74 degrees west longitude. Hourly service rates are determined by two time-ofday classifications, prime-time and offtime.

Perrott Engineering Labs has added three new rep organizations. Innovative Concepts International, Long Beach, CA, will handle Western states; Henderson-Crowe, Inc., Atlanta, will handle the Southeast; and Omnivue, Inc. of New York will cover the East. . . . GEC McMichael/Marconi Studio Systems has announced the opening of a new U.S. office in Scottsdale, AZ. . . . British antenna company C&S Antennas Ltd. has opened an American-based company in Dover, DE, based on interest shown by the U.S. in CSA's military products which were used by British Forces in the Falklands War.

Among the personnel changes this month, Modulation Sciences has announced the appointment of Donald H. Haight as president and chief executive officer. . . . At Robert Bosch, Clifford Eggink has been named president of the Video Equipment Division, Salt Lake City, UT. . . . At CMX, Gary Schultz becomes manager, product management. Ed Bolger has been named Western regional manager, and Christin Hardman has been appointed product specialist within the product management department. . . . At Chyron Corporation, William Buynak has been elected vice president.

Harrison has announced the appointment of J. Eugene Harrison as president and CEO. . . . At UPI, Luis Nogales has been appointed president. . . . TFT has named Tony Bryan as North American broadcast sales manager. . . . Altec Lansing has promoted Gayle Campbell to national sales manager of commercial products.

#### **SALES OFFICES**

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- Totally balanced solid state switching
- Single pair control wiring
- Redundant single station architecture for ultimate reliability
- Alpha-numeric displays
- Assignment of keys locally or at central location
- Disc-based interface for storage
- Unique caller identification and reply system

- Ease of future expansion and re∞nfiguration
- Wide range of control panels and software options

The McCurdy CS9400 intercom system is already in use at major network and production facilities. The system offers total user flexibility as well as meeting complex production reconfiguration with ease.

The technology of tomorrow is here today with the McCurdy digitally controlled intercom system. Communicate with the best from the company known for its innovative design, dependeble long life performance and solid customer service. So "Say hello to tomorrow" today!





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Custom designed production facilities make a substantial contribution to overall program quality. This is particularly true with the CBC French network's new daily TV news magazine, "Le Point".

The ability to combine voice inputs from numerous local and remote locations with stucio originated sound effects and "color" is essential to the program environment.

For this custom console, Ward-Beck collaborated with CBC engineers to design a producer's dream in which one operator controls 24 inputs with submasters on the left, while another handles, the 8 effects inputs and submaster on the right. A centrally located illuminated 24 × 6 integral switch panel assures clean, unambiguous switching from either station.

