

# RF design

engineering principles and practices

February 1992

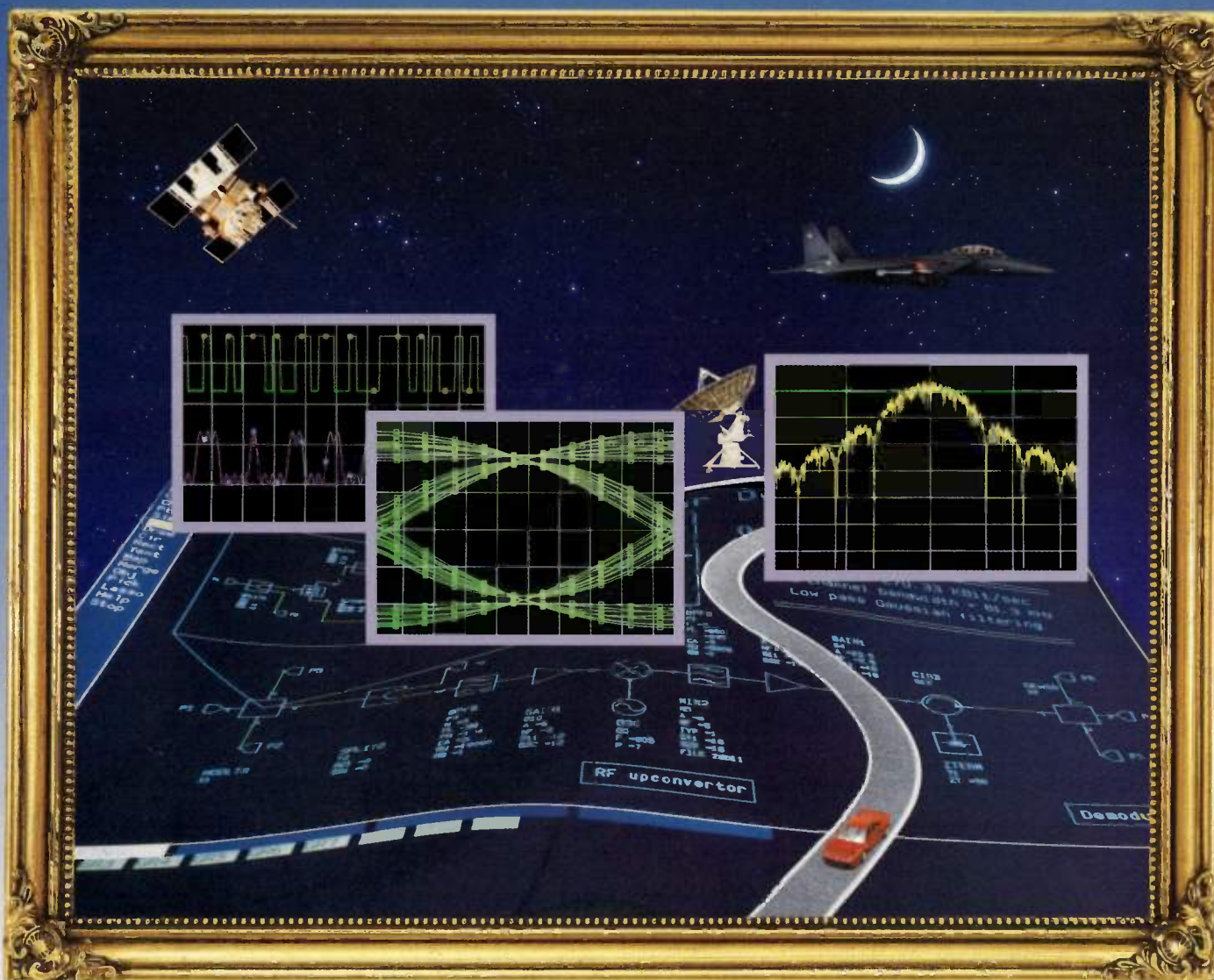


*Cover Story*  
**RFI Detector Tracks  
Power Line Interference**

*Featured Technology*  
**High Speed Video and Op Amps**

*Plus—*  
**RF Expo West Technical Program**





# Modulation-Domain Simulation Gives You the Big Picture.

## Introducing OmniSys Version 3.5.

Analyzing communication systems and complex modulated signals with the usual simulators? *Time- and frequency-domain* simulators like SPICE and harmonic balance are great, but circuit simulators don't give you the big picture. OmniSys®, EEsof's system simulator, gives you the new insight you need!

OmniSys lets you simulate system performance in the *modulation-domain* so you can see how your system will work with today's chirp, MSK, pi/4 DQPSK, and other complex modulated signals. Look at BER I-Q constellations, spectral regrowth, AM/PM distortion, and more. You'll see the effect of hardware trade-offs on your complete transmitter and receiver and you'll get your system to market faster without costly redesigns.

## See the Big Picture with OmniSys.

Contact us for literature at (800) 34-EESOF...or, if you prefer, by FAX at (818) 879-6462. In Europe, call (49) 8105-24005 or FAX (49) 8105-24000.



*Breaking the Barriers...*

**EEsof®**





## Frequency Response Testing Made Affordable

### A-7550 Spectrum Analyzer with Built-in Tracking Generator

RENT directly from IFR.  
Call 316/522-4981,  
Ext. 207 for details.

The IFR A-7550 Spectrum Analyzer with its optional built-in Tracking Generator may be all the test equipment you need to test the frequency response of any frequency selective device between 10 kHz and 1000 MHz. For higher frequency devices, the A-8000 Spectrum Analyzer with its optional built-in Tracking Generator can characterize frequency responses up to 2600 MHz.

With either analyzer you get a rugged, portable instrument that is equally at home in the field, on the manufacturing floor, or in the laboratory.

Other standard features of both the A-7550 and A-8000 include a synthesized RF system, +30 dBm to -120 dBm amplitude measurement range, 1 kHz per division frequency span, and 300 Hz resolution bandwidth. These features give the A-7550 and the

A-8000 superior amplitude and frequency measurement capability previously unavailable on spectrum analyzers in this price range.

In addition to the Tracking Generator, other available options—such as an Internal Rechargeable Battery Pack, AM/FM/SSB Receiver, RS-232 or IEEE-488 Interfaces, and Quasi-Peak Detector—allow the A-7550 and A-8000 to be custom configured to solve many other RF testing needs.

For more information or a demonstration, contact your local IFR distributor or representative, or contact IFR directly at 316/522-4981.



**IFR SYSTEMS, INC.**

CRAFTED WITH PRIDE IN  
**USA**

10200 West York Street / Wichita, Kansas 67215-8935 U.S.A.  
Phone 316/522-4981 / TWX 910-741-6952 / FAX 316/524-2623  
INFO/CARD 2



# A New Dawn. A New DAICO.

## Announcing a New Line of GaAs MMICs from DAICO.

DAICO now ships GaAs MMIC Amplifiers, which are available as chips or already packaged,  
and we can deliver from stock in as little as 24 hours!

If price, quality, delivery and performance are your objectives, then call DAICO,  
at 310/631-1143, Ext. 240 for more information.

DAICO GaAs MMIC Amplifiers

Type	Frequency Range/GHz	Typ Gain/dB	Typ Noise Figure	Typ Power/dBm	Package Style	Comments
P35-4100-0	0.05-3.5	10	6.0	22	Chip	
P35-4101-0	0.5-3.5	9	4.5	22	Chip	Self-Biased
P35-4104-0	0.05-3.0	18	6.0	13	Chip	Low VSWRs
P35-4105-0	0.8-1.8	21	3.5	8	Chip	
P35-4110-0	1-6	7.5	4.6	20	Chip	
P35-4140-0	6-18	5.5	5.5	15	Chip	Pos. Gain Slope
P35-4150-0	2-18	6.0	7.5	15	Chip	AGC
P35-4160-0	3-6	20	2.8	14	Chip	Low VSWRs



DAICO INDUSTRIES, INC.

2453 East Del Amo Boulevard, Rancho Dominguez, CA 90220

Telephone 310/631-1143 • FAX 310/631-8078

INFOCIR 30.3

WPH

This product is manufactured by GSC-Marconi Materials, UK and distributed by DAICO Industries, Inc.



### featured technology

#### 27 High Speed IC Applications Circuits

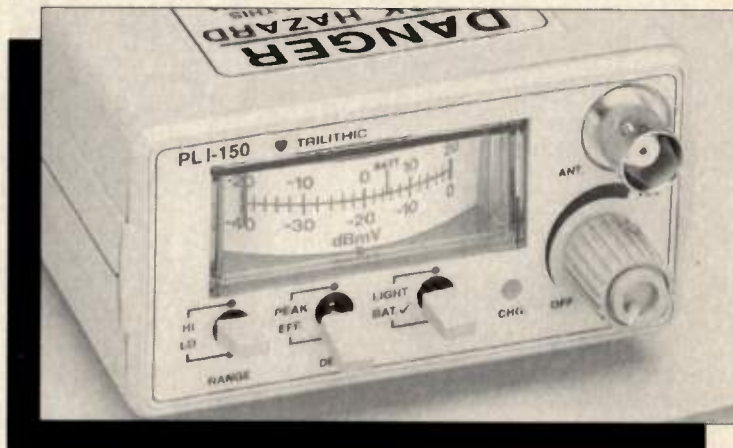
These universal analog components are being used in RF applications, as manufacturers have developed higher speed devices. Application ideas from several different high speed device makers are included in this article.

— Gary A. Breed

#### 32 Design of Low Noise, Wide Dynamic Range, GaAs Optical Preamps

The unique requirements of preamplifiers for fiber-optic systems are covered in this article. The necessary tradeoffs in gain, noise and bandwidth are discussed.

— Robert Bayruns, Timothy Laverick,  
Norman Scheinberg and Daniel Stofman



### cover story

#### 42 Locating Power Line RF Interference

RFI from AC power distribution systems can be difficult to track down. A set of tools and procedures for tracking down the culprit are outlined in this article from Trilithic.

— James Harris

### design awards

#### 59 A Quick Microstrip Matching Program

This short, quick matching program allows an engineer to determine the microstrip lines and/or stubs for impedance matching. The design can then be optimized using a more comprehensive analysis program.

— Toshihiko Takamizawa

#### 61 A Smith Chart Based Impedance Matching Program

This entry in the 1991 RF Design Awards Software Contest allows the user to generate, analyze and display matching networks using transmission lines, plus series and shunt resistors, capacitors and inductors.

— Neal Silence

#### 69 A Wide Range Oscillator

This short note, an entry in the 1991 RF Design Contest, describes a simple oscillator with a 17 to 1 tuning range.

— Wayne Ryder

#### 70 RF Expo West Features a Comprehensive Technical Program

Abstracts of technical presentations at RF Expo West are presented. Topics include everything from basic tutorials to state-of-the-art developments in RF technology.

### tutorial

#### 77 Attenuator Basics

Attenuators are common RF devices used in testing, in control of signal levels and to force matching of circuits. This note discusses resistive attenuators, with notes on other implementations, as well.

— Gary A. Breed

### departments

- 6 Editorial
- 10 Letters
- 13 Calendar
- 14 Courses
- 16 News
- 24 Industry Insight
- 53 New Products
- 78 Product Report
- 79 New Software
- 80 New Literature
- 81 Advertiser Index
- 83 Info/Card
- 86 Reader Survey

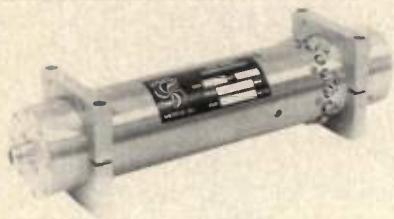
R.F. DESIGN (ISSN: 0163-321X USPS: 453-490) is published monthly plus one extra issue in September. February 1992, Vol. 15, No. 2. Copyright 1992 by Cardiff Publishing Company, a subsidiary of Argus Press Holdings, Inc., 6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650, Englewood, CO 80111 (303) 220-0600. Contents may not be reproduced in any form without written permission. Second-Class Postage paid at Englewood, CO and at additional mailing offices. Subscription office: *RF Design*, P.O. Box 1077, Skokie, IL 60076. Subscriptions are: \$39 per year in the United States; \$49 per year in Canada and Mexico; \$54 (surface mail) per year for foreign countries. Additional cost for first class mailing. Payment must be made in U.S. funds and accompany request. If available, single copies and back issues are \$5.00 each (in the U.S.). This publication is available on microfilm/ fiche from University Microfilms International, 300 Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48106 USA (312) 761-4700.

SUBSCRIPTION INQUIRIES: (708) 647-0756.

POSTMASTER & SUBSCRIBERS: Please send address changes to R.F. Design, P.O. Box 1077, Skokie, IL 60076.



## HIGH POWER 16 WAY COMBINER

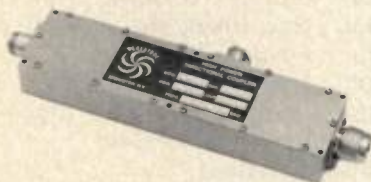


### TYPICAL SPECIFICATIONS MODEL D2599

FREQUENCY RANGE ..... 0.4 - 1GHz  
INSERTION LOSS ..... 0.5db  
ISOLATION ..... 25db  
VSWR ..... 1.3:1  
POWER ..... 400 watts

The model D2599 features full power isolating terminations which maintain impedance match and isolation in "soft failure" modes.

## PRECISION DIRECTIONAL COUPLER



### TYPICAL SPECIFICATIONS MODEL C2523

FREQUENCY RANGE .... 100-400 MHz  
COUPLING ..... 30db  
DIRECTIVITY ..... 35db  
VSWR ..... 1.1:1  
POWER ..... 750 watts

The model C2523 features exceptional coupling linearity vs input power and non-destructive precision stainless steel connectors.

1965 - 1990  
25 years in business



**WERLATONE, INC.**

P.O. Box 47  
Brewster, NY 10509  
Tel: (914) 279-6187  
FAX: (914) 279-7404

decades ahead

## RF editorial

# The 1992 Contest is Coming Up Quickly

By Gary A. Breed  
Editor



**B**oy, time sure flies! It seems like just a few weeks ago that the judging was underway for the 1991 RF Design Awards Contest. The March 20th entry deadline for the 1992 edition will be here quickly. (For you previous contest participants, this is 10 days earlier than before — the judging has gotten more difficult, and we need a few more days to do it right.)

As you have probably noticed, we have outstanding Grand Prizes again this year. Hewlett-Packard is providing their HP 8711A Network Analyzer, to be awarded to the top Circuit Design Contest entry; and Eagleware has offered a complete package of design and analysis software, plus a fully-equipped '386 computer system for the winner of the PC Software Contest. With these prizes as motivation, we expect to see some outstanding engineering work in the collection of entries.

We have a nice collection of additional prizes, as well, starting with a repeat of last year's "T-shirt for everyone" idea. Everyone entering the contest will receive a special RF Design Awards T-shirt in appreciation of his or her participation. We hope to continue this tradition in future contests, creating a whole series of unique collector's items.

Twenty five Honorable Mention prizes will be awarded, consisting of several prototyping kits, handy collections of RF components for your lab shelf. Plus, any software entry selected for publication will get a one-year subscription to the RF Design Software Service. Even these consolation prizes are worth hundreds of dollars.

Of course, I'm telling you this to

encourage your participation. My fellow judges, Consulting Editor Andy Przedpelski and 1991 winners Charles Wenzel and Mike Ellis, are waiting to be inundated with great design and software ideas! We know how much development work is going on in commercial and consumer RF applications, with new techniques being developed at a furious pace. These innovations could be potential winners. Don't give away any competitive secrets, but take a moment to think about some "new twist" you developed to improve an existing design method, or the most useful part of your "secret weapon" computer program.

Finally, I have to remind you that winning can be contagious! Our past winners definitely received more than just their prizes. They have also received recognition within their companies. Most have been given greater freedom to pursue new design ideas. Some even became the subject of promotional campaigns touting the quality of their company's engineering staff. Send us your winning circuit design or software idea. Make your boss look good for hiring you.





# NCI synthesizers get your system flying...fast.

The airborne environment is a turbulent place for a synthesizer. Shock and vibration, rapid temperature cycling, and strict limits on power consumption, size, and weight combine to make operating here a real challenge.

That's why designers who need the very best performance rely on synthesizers from the NCI Systems Division of Noise Com. We've delivered custom synthesizers for MIL-E-5400T airborne applications in less time than it takes other manufacturers to design them. They typically produce high output but consume very little power – as little as 6.1 W for +22 dBm output. And they're rugged, exceptionally reliable, and extremely small.

It's what you'd expect from the innovators at NCI. We're experts in frequency control. We build synthesizers that operate between 2 and 18 GHz with bandwidths up to 300 MHz. And we deliver them faster than anyone else – in as little as 60 days.

Give us your toughest synthesizer challenge. We'll give you a solution, fast. Call (201) 261-8797 and ask for Gary Simonyan.

## Typical synthesizer specifications

Frequency (GHz)	8.190 to 8.510
Step size (MHz)	5
Harmonics (dBc)	Less than -20
Spurious (dBc)	Less than -60
Output power (dBm)	+22 minimum
Output power variation (dB)	+/-2 or less
Output VSWR	Less than 1.2:1
Warm-up to full performance	Less than 1 min. at -40°C
Acquisition time (μs)	Less than 90
SSB integrated phase noise (deg. RMS)	Less than 2
Power consumption (W)	6.1 or less
Size (in.)	1.6 x 3 x 5.1
MTBF (hr.)	More than 10,000
Environment	Airborne MIL-E-5400T -40 to +85°C 20,000 ft 20 G shock

**NCI** SYSTEMS

E. 49 Midland Avenue, Paramus, NJ 07652  
PH (201) 261-8797 • FAX: (201) 261-8339

A division of Noise Com, Inc.  
INFO/CARD 5



# NEW from KALMUS...

## Model 710FC

- ★ 10 Watts Output
- ★ 1-1000 MHz Broadband
- ★ 40 dB Gain
- ★ 10 dB Gain Adjust
- ★ Only 16 Pounds
- ★ MOS-FET Efficiency
- ★ 19" Rack Adapters Included



UP TO

## 200W/1000MHz LINEAR RF AMPLIFIER SYSTEMS

MODEL	POWER OUT	FREQUENCY RANGE	GAIN	SIZE (CM)	WEIGHT	AC LINE	U.S. PRICE \$
700LC	1.5W CW	.003-1000 MHz	33dB	25x28x13	3.3kg	100-240V	\$ 1,695
704FC	4W CW	.5-1000 MHz	33dB	23x18x09	2.8kg	100-240V	\$ 2,195
706FC	6W CW	.5-1000 MHz	36dB	25x28x13	3.3kg	100-240V	\$ 3,195
410LC	10W CW	.006-400 MHz	43dB	30x35x13	4.5kg	100-240V	\$ 4,600
710FC	10W CW	1-1000 MHz	40dB	30x35x13	7.3kg	100-240V	\$ 6,695
727LC	10W CW	.006-1000 MHz	43dB	48x46x13	8.5kg	100-240V	\$ 7,750
711FC	15W CW	400-1000 MHz	40dB	30x35x13	5.5kg	100-240V	\$ 3,620
720FC	25W CW	400-1000 MHz	40dB	48x46x13	8.6kg	100-240V	\$ 5,995
712FC	25W CW	200-1000 MHz	40dB	48x46x13	8.8kg	100-240V	\$ 7,350
737LC	25W CW	.01-1000 MHz	45dB	48x46x13	10.5kg	100-240V	\$ 9,995
747LC	50W CW	.01-1000 MHz	47dB	48x46x26	26.5kg	100-240V	\$22,500
707FC	50W CW	450-1000 MHz	47dB	48x46x13	13.0kg	100-240V	\$ 9,995
709FC	100W CW	500-1000 MHz	48dB	44x48x18	22.5kg	100-240V	\$19,990
722FC	200W CW	500-1000 MHz	50dB	44x18x31	41.5kg	100-240V	\$31,900

**Note:** Models 727LC, 737LC and 747LC consist of two bands with one common input and output connector, switched with coaxial transfer relay, manually, or by remote. Switching speed 5 milliseconds.

MODEL 704FC



MODEL 707FC



21820 87TH SE  
WOODINVILLE, WA 98072



(206) 485-9000  
FAX: (206) 486-9657

INFO/CARD 6  
Please see us at RF Expo West, Booths #415-417.



Main Office:  
6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650  
Englewood, CO 80111 • (303) 220-0600  
Fax: (303) 773-9716

**Publisher**  
Kathryn Walsh

**Editor**  
Gary A. Breed

**Associate Editor**  
Liane Pomfret

**Consulting Editor**  
Andy Przedpelski

**Associate Sales Manager**  
Bill Pettit

**Account Executive**  
Maryanne Averill  
Main Office

**Account Executive**  
Cindy Wieland  
Main Office

**Editorial Review Board**

Alex Burwasser	Ed Oxner
Doug DeMaw	Andy Przedpelski
Dave Krauthimer	Jeff Schoenwald
James W. Mize, Jr.	Raymond Sicotte
Robert J. Zavrel, Jr.	

**Advertising Services**  
Tisha Bobersmidt Hill

**Secretary**  
Theresa Maier

**Convention Manager**  
Kristin Hohn

**Registration Coordinator**  
Dawn Keith

**Exhibits Coordinator**  
Barb Binge

**Trade Show Account Executive**  
LeAnn Nowacki

**Associate Production Managers**  
Matt Park                      Maurice Lydick

**Artists**  
Kim Austin                      Paul Rivera  
Joyce Fields                      Sheri Ryder  
Brad Fuller

**Composition**  
Mike C. Moore                      Marcie Tichenor

**Creative Director**  
Bob Stewart

Published by

**CARDIFF**  
PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.

**VBPA**

**President**  
Robert A. Searle

**Vice President — Production**  
Cherryl Greenman

**Vice President — Convention Management**  
Kathy Kriner

**Treasurer**  
Jennifer Burger

**Circulation Director**  
Patricia Shapiro

**Credit Manager**  
Tim Gleason

Please address subscription inquiries to:  
RF Design  
P.O. Box 1077, Skokie, IL 60076-9931  
Postmaster: send form 3579  
to the above address.

## VERSATILITY! MEASURE POWER FROM 2mW to 10kW WITHIN 5% OF READING.

A handful of Bird's unique 7-level plug-in elements and a 4410A series THRULINE® wattmeter, lets you cover wide power and frequency ranges anywhere — engineering lab, production floor, service bench or in the field.

Inside Bird's 4410A directional wattmeter is a patented, self-balancing bridge detecting scheme that permits fast, accurate readings from 2mW to 10kW over frequencies from 200 kHz

(or as low as 50 kHz with a special element) to 2.3 GHz.

The secret is in the new 4410 series elements providing *seven* power ranges instead of one, with  $\pm 5\%$  reading accuracy. Simply select the range you want with a front-panel rotary switch.

Available in 4 versions: battery portable, AC and battery portable, rechargeable portable, or AC and battery rack mount. Carrying case optional.

who else but  
**BIRD**

30303 Aurora Rd., Cleveland OH 44139 U.S.A. • (216) 248-1200 • TLX: 706898 Bird Elec UD • FAX: (216) 248-5426  
WESTERN REGION OFFICE: Ojai CA • Phone: (805) 646-7255

© Copyright 1991 Bird Electronic Corp.

INFO/CARD 7

## CABLE ASSEMBLIES



Soliton/Microwave manufactures and builds custom and standard coaxial cable assemblies to satisfy the most demanding semirigid or flexible specifications. Our connector facility and

MIL-STD qualification approvals guarantee you high reliability combined with cost savings. Today, put more than twenty years of cable experience to work for you.

**Soliton/Microwave**

1177 Blue Heron Blvd., Riviera Beach, Florida 33404 • Phone: 407-848-4311 Ext. 139

INFO/CARD 8



Letters should be addressed to: Editor, RF Design, 6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650, Englewood, CO 80111.

## Coupler Confusion Editor:

I found the *RF Design* article "Simple Bridge Circuit Mimics Ultra Broadband Couplers," November 1991, interesting and enlightening, but not original.

Werlatone Inc. pioneered the development of broadband RF couplers and power dividers using the ferrite loaded transmission line techniques to achieve the broadband high frequency equivalents of the bridge circuits.

The circuit and coupler described in the article were developed at Werlatone over 23 years ago. In 1969 we offered for sale three models, the DC14R, DC16R and the DC20R covering the 2-2000 MHz range. The DC16R is described by Mr. Dunsmore in the above referenced article.

The 20 dB coupler, Model DC20R, (now called the C2218) employs a ferrite loaded transmission line 1:1 transformer

utilizing UT47 coax with a low loss/low perm ferrite on the hot end and the higher loss/higher perm ferrite on the ground end as described by Mr. Dunsmore.

In 1970 I was granted a patent for a lossless version of the wideband bridge type coupler, Patent # 3,550,042, and in 1972 Hoer of NBS was granted a coupler patent employing a combination of resistive and transformer techniques, Patent # 3,701,057.

Glenn C. Werlau  
Werlatone, Inc.  
Brewster, NY

## Author's Reply

In submitting my entry to the design contest, I acknowledged that the general concept of a resistive (Wheatstone type) bridge was old. The concept of using a bridge as described dates back to before the mid 1960's, as has been indicated by this and other readers.

However, my new design, described beginning in the section headed "Coax Balun Structure," is believed to be an

improvement. This improvement is based in the application of Surface Mount Technology (SMT) resistors in a microstrip printed circuit board (PCB), and maintaining a small size to generate good directivity over a very broad band, which could "be integrated in an RF PC board" without using connectors or packaging. This design demonstrates the application of RF PC board and SMT to higher frequencies, through careful modeling and construction techniques.

The pages I spent describing how a conventional bridge can have coupling and isolation was meant as a tutorial so that my improvement could be viewed in context, and did not intend to convey the impression that I had reinvented the bridge.

Joel Dunsmore  
Hewlett-Packard Co.

**RF Design  
Awards Contest**  
Entry Deadline March 20



## Make Philips Your Long-Term Source For The Broadest Range Of RF/Microwave Products.

Looking for the most RF/microwave product choices? You'll find them at Philips.

650 products...65 package options...outputs to 350W...operating frequencies to 4GHz...standard or custom...semiconductors or modules. They're all high-performance solutions for a broad array of applications.

Whatever your system, trust your component needs to Philips—a solid source for years, and years to come. Call 1-800-447-3762 for our catalogue. Or write us at 2001 W. Blue Heron Blvd., P.O. Box 10330, Riviera Beach, FL 33404.

### Choose From...

- RF Diodes • Small-Signal FETs • CATV Amps
- Tuner, Wideband, Microwave and RF Power Transistors
- Hybrid Wideband Amplifiers



**Philips Semiconductors**



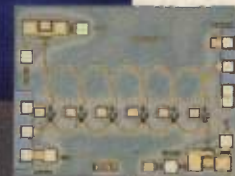
**PHILIPS**



# HP's software shows you exactly what your GaAs FET circuits will do. Even when they go nonlinear.



*Now nonlinear GaAs FET circuits like this 0.5-50 GHz amplifier can be accurately simulated using the new HP Root Model.*



© 1991 Hewlett-Packard Co. ADTMN125/RFD

## HP's Microwave Design System produces accurate nonlinear simulations.

The only way to get an accurate nonlinear simulation of a GaAs circuit is to use an accurate model. Now there is one—the HP Root Model. And it's part of the HP Microwave Design System (MDS).

Not only does the HP Root Model accurately simulate nonlinear GaAs FET circuit behavior, it accurately calculates linear behavior over bias as well.

To help you get started, popular GaAs FET devices characterized using the HP Root Model are already included in the HP MDS nonlinear libraries—ready to go.

It doesn't require optimization or specialized modeling expertise to add your own, either. Because the HP Root Model computes device parameters directly from measured data.

And the HP MDS software runs on HP, Apollo, Sun, DEC or 386-based platforms.

So if you'd like to see what will

happen when your GaAs circuits go nonlinear, call 1-800-452-4844. Ask for Ext. 2774, and we'll send you a brochure that shows you exactly what HP's Microwave Design System software can do.

**There is a better way.**



**HEWLETT  
PACKARD**

INFO/CARD 10



# New From Matrix Systems: 3-Stage 32 x 32 DC-100MHz Switching Matrices



- Efficient 3-stage design
- DC to 100MHz
- Micro-processor controlled signal routing
- RS-232, IEEE-488, and key pad control
- Redundant signal paths
- Modular design
- Rack mount

Our new model 10693 is an intelligent 3-stage switching matrix that saves space, has higher performance but lower price.

This is accomplished with an efficient 3-stage design that reduces the number of actual switches used.

Which adds up to an excellent 32x32 coaxial matrix capable of

switching signals from DC to 100MHz.

Why choose Matrix for audio, video and RF switching? Because

for over 21 years we've been designing state-of-the-art switching modules, matrices, and complete systems to the toughest electrical and packaging specs imaginable.

For demanding customers including government agencies, defense contractors, the TV industry, ATE and telecommunications companies...and more.



**MATRIX**  
SYSTEMS CORPORATION

5177 North Douglas Fir Road  
Calabasas, California 91302  
(818) 222-2301 • Fax (818) 222-2304  
INFO/CARD 11



## February

- 18-20** **International Mobile Communications Expo/Spring**  
Las Vegas, NV  
Information: Cardiff Publishing, 6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650, Englewood, CO 80111. Tel: (303) 220-0600. Fax: (303) 770-0253.
- 23-27** **NEPCON West '92**  
Anaheim Convention Center, Anaheim, CA  
Information: Michael Critser, Conference Manager, Cahner's Exposition Group, 1350 East Touhy Ave., PO Box 5060, Des Plaines, IL 60019-9593. Tel: (708) 299-9311. Fax: (708) 635-1571.
- 25-27** **EMV '92**  
Karlsruhe, Germany  
Information: Messe & Kongreb GmbH, Postfach 10 32 61, D-7000, Stuttgart 10, Germany. Tel: (0711) 61946-0. Fax: (0711) 618079.

## March

- 17-19** **Eighth Annual Review of Progress in Applied Electromagnetics**  
Monterey, CA  
Information: Perry Wheless, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, University of Alabama, PO Box 870286, Tuscaloosa, AL 35487. Tel: (205) 348-1757.
- 18-20** **RF Expo West 1992**  
San Diego, CA  
Information: Kristin Hohn, Cardiff Publishing Company, 6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650, Englewood, CO 80111. Tel: (303) 220-0600, (800) 525-9154. Fax: (303) 773-9716.

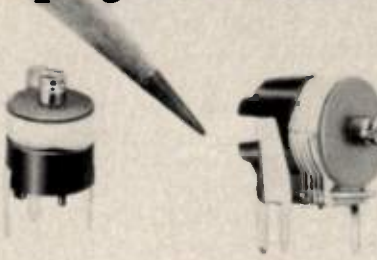
## April

- 12-16** **NAB '92**  
Las Vegas, NV  
Information: NAB, 1771 N Street, NW, Washington, DC. Tel: (202) 429-5350. Fax: (202) 429-5406.
- 21-24** **1992 Conference on GaAs Manufacturing Technology**  
San Antonio, TX  
Information: Mr. Larry Varnerin, Publicity Chairman. Tel: (215) 758-4061.
- 22-24** **EMC/ESD International**  
Denver, CO  
Information: Kristin Hohn, 6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650, Englewood, CO 80111. Tel: (800) 525-9154. Fax: (303) 770-0253.

## May

- 4-8** **InfoCom '92**  
Florence, Italy  
Information: Maurizio Decina/ Vittorio Trecordi, Consorzio Cefriel, Viale Sarca 202, 20126 Milan, Italy. Tel: (39-2) 66-100083. Fax: (39-2) 66-100448.

## Sprague-Goodman



### Filmtrim® Single Turn Plastic Trimmer Capacitors

- Cap ranges: 1.0-5.0 pF to 25-500 pF
- Q to 5000 at 1 MHz
- Operating temp:
  - PTFE, Polycarbonate, Polyimide: -40° to +85°C
  - Polypropylene: -40° to +70°C
  - High temp PTFE: -40° to +125°C
- 6 sizes from 5 mm to 16 mm
- More stable with temperature than other single turn trimmers

Phone, fax or write today for  
Engineering Bulletin SG-402E.



134 Fulton Ave., Garden City Park, NY 11040  
Phone: 516-746-1385 • Fax: 516-746-1396

INFO/CARD 12

## Sprague-Goodman



### Airtrim® Single Turn Air Dielectric Trimmer Capacitors

- Cap ranges: 1.0-3.7 pF to 2.9-24.0 pF
- Q typically 8000 at 1 MHz;  
4000 at 100 MHz; 1500 at 200 MHz
- Operating temp: -55° to 85°C
- Temp coefficient as low as  
10 ± 10 ppm/°C
- 2 sizes and 10 mounting configurations  
for printed circuit and panel mounting
- Machined from solid brass

Phone, fax or write today for  
Engineering Bulletin SG-600A.



134 Fulton Ave., Garden City Park, NY 11040  
Phone: 516-746-1385 • Fax: 516-746-1396

INFO/CARD 13



# RF courses

## How to Implement the Deming Approach to Quality Improvement and Productivity

February 20-21, 1992, Denver, CO  
Information: University of Colorado at Denver. Tel: (303) 756-8255. Fax: (800) 473-8348.

## Global Positioning System: Principles and Practice

February 19-21, 1992, Washington, DC

## Microwave High Power Tubes and Transmitters

February 24-28, 1992, San Diego, CA

## VSAT Design, Analysis, and Applications for Data, Voice, and Video Environments

March 2-4, 1992, Washington, DC

## Mobile Cellular Telecommunications Systems

March 9-11, 1992, Washington, DC

## Radar Operation and Design: The Fundamentals

March 9-12, 1992, Washington, DC

## Satellite Communications: System Planning, Design and Operation at Ku and Ka Bands

March 9-13, 1992, Washington, DC

## Communication and Radar Systems: Applying Detection, Estimation, and Geolocation Techniques

March 11-13, 1992, Washington, DC

## Modern Receiver Design

March 16-20, 1992, Washington, DC

April 6-10, 1992, London, England

## Modern Radar System Analysis

March 16-20, 1992, Orlando, FL

April 6-10, 1992, London, England

## Ionospheric Radio Propagation for System Planners

March 17-20, 1992, Washington, DC

## Satellite Communications: System Planning, Design and Operation at Ku and Ka Bands

March 9-13, 1992, Washington, DC

## Lightning Protection

March 19-21, 1992, Orlando, FL

## Microwave Radio Systems

March 25-27, 1992, Washington, DC

## Introduction to Radar ECM and ECCM Systems

March 25-27, 1992, Washington, DC

## Broadband Communications Systems

April 6-10, 1992, Washington, DC

## Introduction to Video Communications

April 13-16, 1992, Washington, DC

## Cellular Radio Telephone Systems

April 15-17, 1992, Washington, DC

## Analog/RF Fiber-Optic Communications

April 22-24, 1992, Washington, DC

Information: The George Washington University, Continuing Engineering Education, Merrill A. Ferber. Tel: (202) 994-8522 or (800) 424-9773.

## Antennas: Principles, Design and Measurement

March 11-14, 1992, St. Cloud, FL

Information: Kelly Brown, Southeastern Center for Electrical Engineering Education. Tel: (407) 892-6146.

## Pulsed EMI

March 5-6, 1992, Boston, MA

April 15-16, 1992, Washington, DC

Information: Keytek. Tel: (508) 658-0880.

## Radar Simplified

March 3-5, 1992, Northern CA

## Radar Vulnerability to Jamming

March 3-5, 1992, Northern CA

## Adaptive ECCM Processing for Radar

March 11-13, 1992, Northern CA

## Impulse Radar

March 11-13, 1992, Northern CA

April 29-May 1, 1992, Washington, DC

## ELINT Analysis

March 11-13, 1992, Northern CA

## ELINT/EW Applications to Digital Signal Processing

March 11-13, 1992, Northern CA

## ELINT Interception

March 16-18, 1992, Northern CA

## Electromagnetic Propagation

March 16-18, 1992, Northern CA

Information: Research Associates of Syracuse, John Eckmair. Tel: (315) 455-7157.

## Soldering, Cleaning and Surface Mounting

March 2-4, 1992, New York, NY

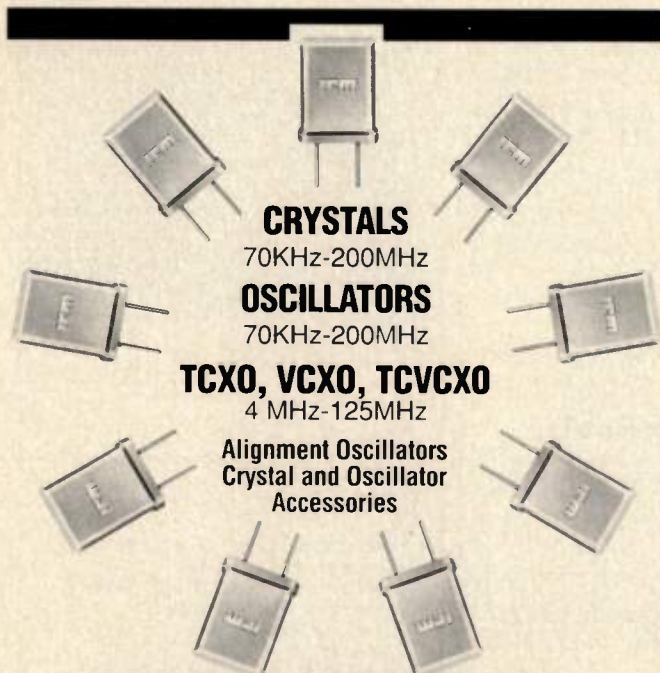
March 23-25, 1992, Minneapolis, MN

## Surface Mounting and Fine Pitch Technology - Looking Beyond Principles and Practices

March 2-4, 1992, New York, NY

March 23-25, 1992, Minneapolis, MN

Information: NEPCON College of Manufacturing, Michael Critser. Tel: (708) 299-9311.



Call or fax TOLL FREE for information

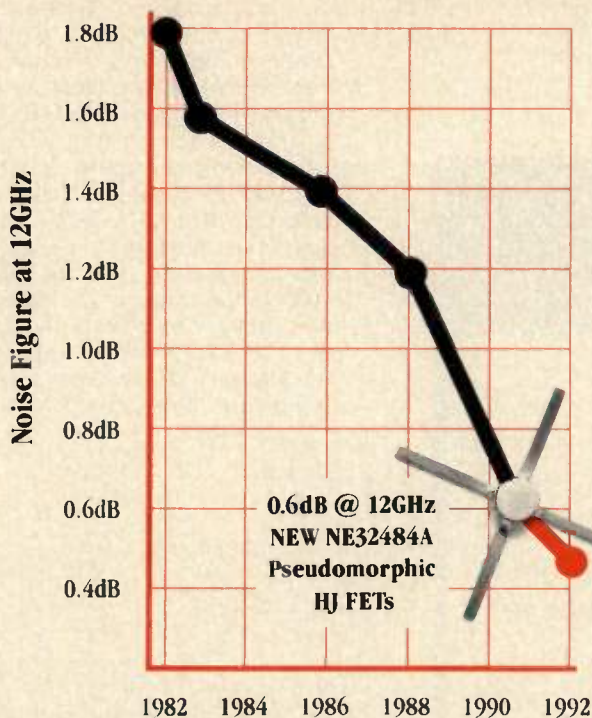


**INTERNATIONAL CRYSTAL MFG. CO., INC.**

P.O. Box 26330 • 729 W. Sheridan • Oklahoma City, OK 73126-0330 • (405) 236-3741  
FAX (405) 235-1904 • Toll Free Phone 1-800 426-9825 • 24 Hour Toll Free Fax 1-800 322-9426



# Snow Removal Devices



**The downward trend continues**

Part No.	Freq (GHz)	NF (dB)	Ga (dB)
NE32484A	12	0.6	11.0
NE42184A	12	0.9	10.5
NE76084	12	1.6	9.0
NE76038	4	0.8	13.0
NE76184A	4	0.8	12.0

Noise in a receiver means snow on the screen. With a noise figure of only *0.6dB* at 12GHz, our new NE32484A is helping keep viewers happy, even in peripheral transmission areas.

No matter what your application, our new family of Low Noise GaAs FETs can provide more margin in your LNA designs, potentially fewer gain stages, and overall lower costs.

Better yet, with a *family* of devices to work with, it's easy to match parts to your spec.

What are your requirements? Single or dual gate FETs? Chips? Plastic, low cost ceramic, or hermetic packages? Tape and Reel? Military or Space Qualified?

We have them all and can ship directly from onshore stock. And with device characterization done right here in our own engineering lab, we can shave weeks off your design cycle.

For a copy of our **NEW**

*Small Signal GaAs FET Selection Guide*

and our latest data sheets, call your nearest CEL Sales Office or circle the number below.

**NEC**<sup>®</sup>

**California Eastern Laboratories**

CEL Headquarters, 4590 Patrick Henry Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95056-0964: (408) 988-3500 FAX (408) 988-0279 □ Santa Clara, CA (408) 988-7846 □ Los Angeles, CA (213) 645-0985  
Bellevue, WA (206) 455-1101 □ Scottsdale, AZ (602) 945-1381 □ Richardson, TX (214) 437-5487 □ Shawnee, KS (913) 962-2161 □ Woodridge, IL (708) 241-3040 □ Cockeysville, MD (410) 667-1310  
Peabody, MA (508) 535-2885 □ Hackensack, NJ (201) 487-1155 or 487-1160 □ Palm Bay, FL (407) 727-8045 □ Snellville, GA (404) 978-4443 □ Nepean, Ontario, Canada (613) 726-0626



## Real Time MRI Calculations

Researchers at SRI International have developed a high-performance computer graphics system that utilizes two sets of standard image data. Based on the data alone, the system can calculate and display new images that reflect any specified combination of imaging pa-

rameter values. The new system eliminates the need to subject a patient to repeated or prolonged Magnetic Resonance Imaging sessions when initial scans are inconclusive. In routine MRI diagnostic procedures, if standard scans fail to locate the suspected pathology, other scans must be taken after adjusting the imaging parameters.

**Wideband Phase-Locked Angle Modulator** — This circuit was first described in the December 1991 *Nasa Tech Briefs* and was developed at NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory. This modified circuit allows for the filters in the modulating and phase-locked-loop section of the circuit to be designed independently of one another. The figures below illustrate both the modified and conventional circuits. The modulating signal is applied through both base-band positions thereby freeing the modulator from constraints ordinarily imposed by a loop filter. The peak modulation index must be constrained so that the total phase error does not exceed the linear range of the phase detector. For more information contact the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, NASA Resident Office, Arif Husain, M/S 180-801, 4800 Oak Grove Drive, Pasadena, CA 91109. Tel: (818) 354-4862.

## Miniature TCXO in a clock package



934 DIP TCXO

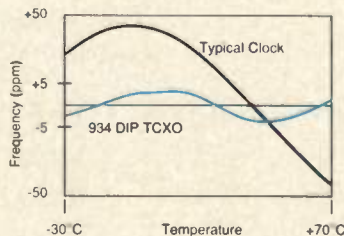
### Features

- Frequency stability 10 times better than a typical crystal clock.
- Modern design and automated manufacturing for commercial applications.
- Same pin-out as most clock oscillators, with added voltage control feature.
- Low phase noise: -145 dBc/Hz at 1KHz (typical at 10MHz).
- Available from 10 to 20 MHz with TTL outputs.

BLACK DOT OVER PIN #1  
@ SQUARE CORNER



1 Voltage control  
7 Ground/case  
8 Output  
14 +5 volts



FREQUENCY-TEMPERATURE PERFORMANCE

Call 717-486-3411 for immediate information:

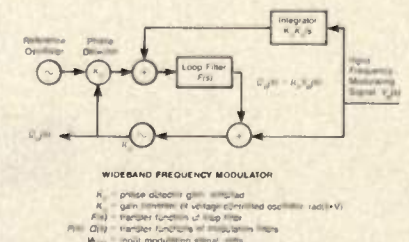
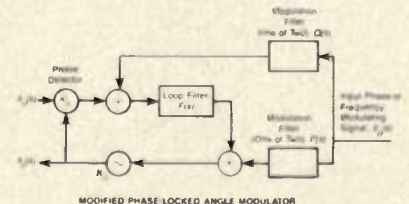
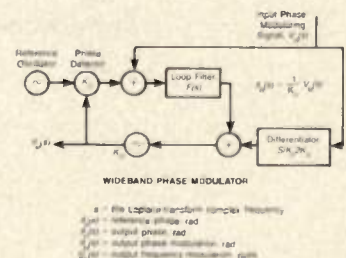
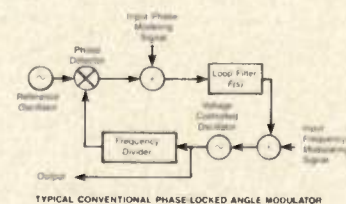
**OFC Group**

100 Watts St., P.O. Box B Mt. Holly Springs, PA 17065  
Fax: 717-486-5920.



**OAK Frequency Control Group**

McCoy • Ovenshire • Croven  
a division of Oak Industries Inc.







# Programmable Classics

Alan maintains a standard for producing excellent programmable attenuators that endure. Their switch life is 10 million selections per bit. You can be sure their performance is exact. All are manufactured under our Quality Assurance Program that complies with the full intent of **Mil-I-45208**.

Select from our miniature MDA, standard DA or new TTL Series. Choose from a multitude of models useable to 2 GHz. You will receive a modern day classic with switch speed of 6 milliseconds. For more information about these and our other RF/Microwave products, call us toll free today.

## Alan Industries, Inc.

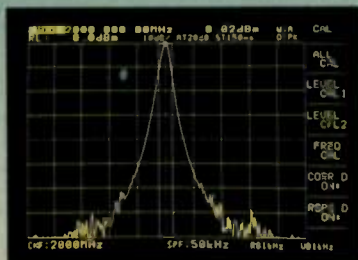
745 Greenway Drive, P.O. Box 1203, Columbus, Indiana 47202  
 Phone: 812-372-8869 **CALL TOLL FREE: 800-423-5190**  
 FAX: 812-372-5909

# Alan

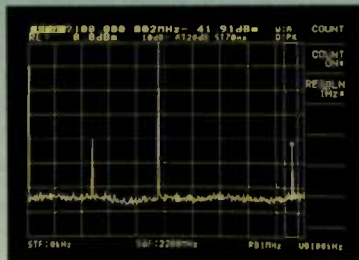
*Manufacturers of...*

**Attenuators: Programmable • Rotary • Manual Switch • Fixed • Continuously Variable**  
**Accessories: Loads • Dividers • Terminations • RF Fuses • Bridges**

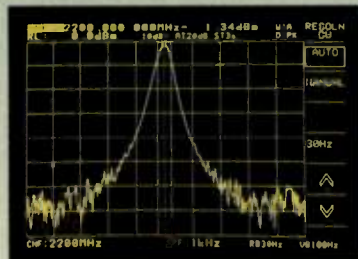




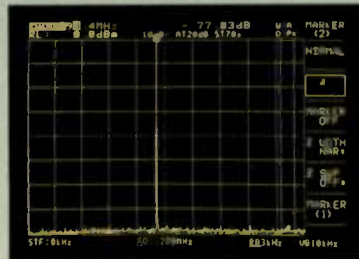
Overall Accuracy Level  
of  $\pm 1\text{dB}$



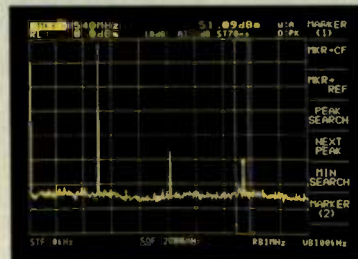
Automatic Tuned Frequency  
Counting with 1Hz Resolution



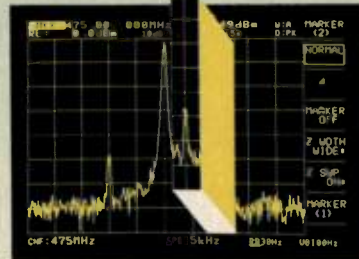
30 Hz Resolution Bandwidth



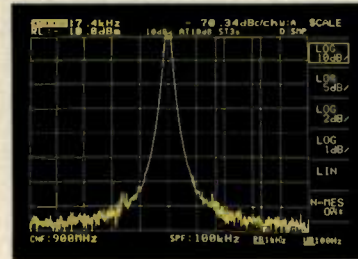
75 dB Dynamic Range



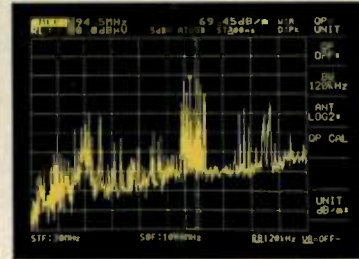
Signal Capturing Zone Marker



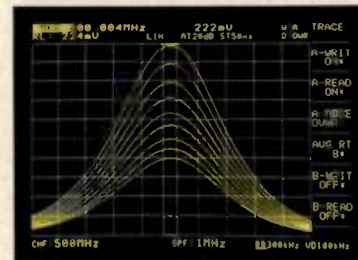
Reduction of Measurement  
Time Through Zone Sweeping



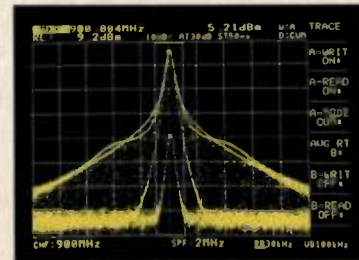
Noise Measurement Functions



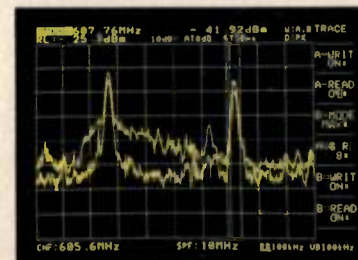
EMI Measurement Capability



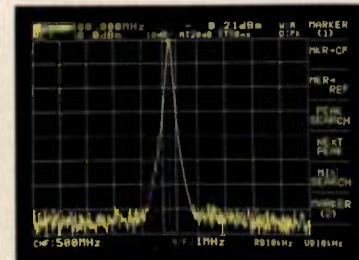
Overwrite Display



Cumulative Display



Simultaneous Dual-Trace  
Display



Frequency Axis Scrolling  
Function

# MULTIPLE CHOICE

## 12 More Reasons For Taking A Closer Look At The MS2601B Spectrum Analyzer

- Sensitivity:  $-130\text{ dBm}$
- Dynamic Range:  $75\text{ dB}$
- Frequency Response:  $\pm 0.5\text{ dB}$   
( $100\text{ Hz} \sim 2\text{ GHz}$ )
- Built-In Quasi Peak Detector (VDE/FCC)
- Noise Measurement Capability  $\text{dBc/Hz}$
- High Speed Measurement with Zone Marker  
and Zone Sweep

Whether you're testing radio communications equipment, evaluating components, or testing and maintaining satellite broadcast or CATV systems, the MS2601B is right for the job. And, the low price is right for any budget!

Best of all, Anritsu has put the highest level of performance in a compact unit that's easy to operate and easy to transport from one location to another.

Anritsu's MS2601B Spectrum Analyzer. When you add up the specs, the performance and the low price, it's the only logical choice. For detailed literature or a demo, contact Anritsu.

# Anritsu

Anritsu America, Inc. 15 Thornton Road, Oakland, NJ 07436  
Call 800-255-7234 • (in NJ) 201-337-1111 • FAX 201-337-1033

INFO/CARD 18





## Cellular Service Trial Starts in Moscow

— The first commercial cellular telephone service in Moscow recently began a limited trial. The service which initially has 100 customers will be expanded in early 1992 and have an ultimate capacity of 60,000 customers within five years. Moscow Cellular Communications was established in the Fall of 1991 under Russian legislation and the auspices of the Russian Ministry of Telecommunications and the Moscow Mayor's office. MCC is using a Nordic 450 MHz cellular system, which is widely used in Scandinavian countries. Initial construction costs are estimated at \$7 million. Customers can place and receive calls to and from all other conventional and mobile telephones in Moscow and around the world.

## Generic Radar Processor for Choosing Algorithms

— Engineers at the Georgia Tech Research Institute have developed a Generic Doppler Processor that emulates most known Doppler processing methods in real time using just one piece of hardware. The processor does not require building new hardware and is re-programmable, offering the flexibility of software. Its inherent flexibility makes it useful in evaluating electronic countermeasures techniques. Among the options the processor offers is use of digital hardware to simulate a bank of analog filters, each tuned to a different frequency. The simulator uses an industrial PC chassis with one circuit board to drive the graphics display and ten additional boards to perform Doppler processing. A 386 CPU provides disk drive access and operator interface.

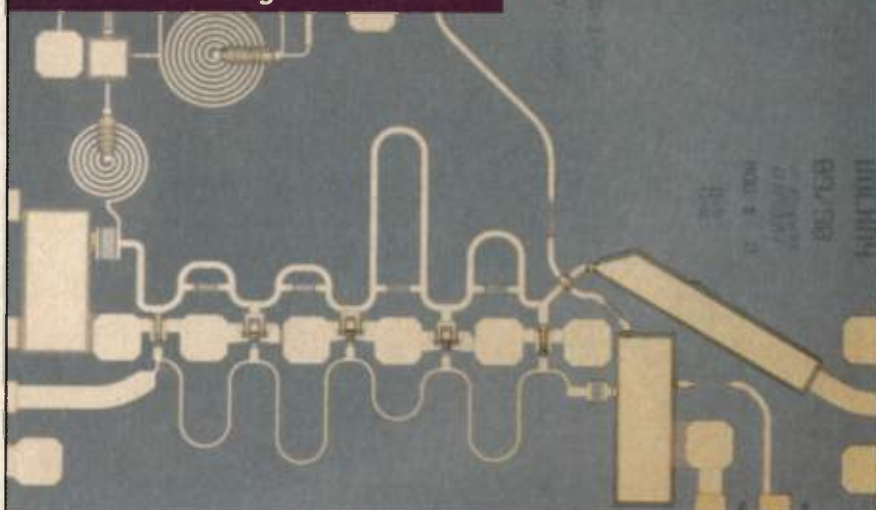
## Technical Progress Bulletin Available

— Measurement programs in semiconductor microelectronics, signals and systems, electrical systems, and electromagnetic interference are among those described in the *Technical Progress Bulletin*, available from NIST. The bulletin covers programs that provide national reference standards, measurement methods, supporting theory and data, and traceability to national standards. It features abstracts of papers and other published works arranged by topic. To receive the most recent issue or to be placed on the bulletin mailing list, write or call (stating professional affiliation or technical interest) EEEL, B358 Metrology Bldg., NIST, Gaithersburg, MD 20899. Tel: (301) 975-2220.

**IEMT Call for Papers** — A call for papers has been issued for the 1992 International Electronics Manufacturing Technology Symposium to be held September 28-30, 1992, in Baltimore, MD. Topics will address all phases of manufacturing including materials, fabrication, assembly, testing and quality systems. Special focus will be on integrating design and manufacturing, ad-

vanced packaging manufacturing, manufacturing operations improvement and analysis of manufacturing operations. A 250-word abstract describes the nature, scope, and significance of the proposed paper must be received by March 2, 1992. Abstracts may be sent to: Dr. Michael P. Cassidy, Program Chairman, AT&T, 3000 Skyline Dr., Mesquite, TX 75149.

## MMIC Designer Notes



Size: 1875 x 3000  $\mu\text{m}$

## Presenting A New 2-20 GHz Low Noise MMIC Amplifier...

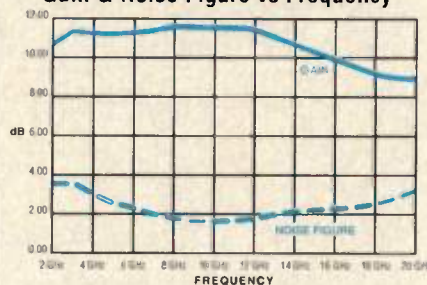
from FEI Microwave & TRW — a partnership in MMIC technology

Our AL-H101C Low Noise MMIC Amplifier is quite a performer, as you can see. It is available now in either chip or packaged form.

### Typical Specifications

Frequency Range.....	2 - 20 GHz
Gain.....	10 dB, typ.
<b>Noise Figure</b>	
2.00 GHz .....	3.75 dB
10.0 GHz .....	1.80 dB
18.0 GHz .....	2.50 dB
20.0 GHz .....	3.25 dB
P1 dB .....	10 dBm
IP3 .....	20 dBm
Output/Input VSWR.....	1.5:1
DC Power .....	100 mW

### Gain & Noise Figure vs Frequency



Contact us today for complete information. FEI Microwave, 825 Stewart Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086. Telephone 800 822 5864 Fax 408 730 1622.



**FEI Microwave, Inc.**  
A SUBSIDIARY OF FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.



# RF expo

WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST  
WEST

## TECHNICAL SESSIONS AND KEYNOTE PRESENTATION

**Top industry professionals share their knowledge on today's most important topics. RF Expo West presents the best RF-specific seminar series available. Here are a few of this year's program highlights:**

---

### WEDNESDAY 8:30 - 10:00 A.M.

---

SESSION A-1: Smith Chart Tutorial  
The Smith Chart and Its Usage in RF Design • Neal C. Silence

SESSION A-2: Modern Design Methods  
Designing for a Competitive Marketplace • (Speaker TBA)

---

### WEDNESDAY 10:00 - 11:00 A.M.

---

RF EXPO WEST KEYNOTE ADDRESS  
The Decade of the 1990s: Global 2000 • Robert Mayer Evans

---

### WEDNESDAY 1:30 - 4:30 P.M.

---

SESSION B-1: Low Cost Design  
Receiver Mixers and LOs • Jack Lepoff  
Low Cost SMD Power Limiters • Raymond W. Waugh  
Practical Variable Gain Amplifiers • Gary Franklin

SESSION B-2: Communications Systems  
A Satellite Based Radio Tag System • Ian Dilworth  
Own Jamming Excision — Changing the Way Communication Systems Are Jammed • Dennis K. Shiba  
One Technique for Increasing Compression Ratio for Facsimile Picture Transmission Over Mobile Radio • Dr. Milorad Mirkovic, Branislav Pavic, Mihajlo Vujasinovic, Vladimir Tadic

SESSION B-3: Thermionic RF Power Devices  
High Power RF Amplifiers (several papers) • Frank A. Miller, Chairman

SESSION B-4: Radar Systems  
Space-Based Angle-Tracking Radar System • Valverde, Stilwell, Russo, Daniels, McKnight  
RF Electronics Design for Space Flight Applications • A.A. Russo  
Spurious Noise Prediction and Reduction in Direct Digital Synthesizers • C.C. DeBoy, C.R. Valverde, A.A. Russo  
Electrical Performance of a GaAs DDS System for Space Applications • A.A. Russo  
Signal Processing for a Space-Based Monopulse Radar • T.R. McKnight, C.R. Valverde  
Thermal Distortion Analysis for Space-Based Monopulse Radar Antenna Array • A.R. Jablon, D.F. Persons

---

### THURSDAY 8:30 - 11:30 A.M.

---

SESSION C-1: Power Amplifiers  
The Design of RF Modules Intended for Combining High Power (Part 1 of Design of a 15 kW, Broadband VHF, Solid State Amplifier) • David N. Haupt  
High Power VHF Power Dividing and Combining Techniques (Part 2 of Design of a 15 kW, Broadband VHF, Solid State Amplifier) • Hugh Gibbons  
Monitoring, Control and Diagnostics of an RF Amplifier Over a Modem Link (Part 3 of Design of a 15 kW, Broadband VHF, Solid State Amplifier) • Paul Beatty

SESSION C-2: RF Components  
RF Components for the 90s • Peter Hoffeins  
Survey of Components for 900, 2400, and 5700 MHz Spread Spectrum • Al Ward  
Various Mixer Types Used in Cellular Radios • Phyllis Austin-Lazarus

SESSION C-3: Filters  
Tunable Bandpass Filters for VHF-UHF Receivers as a Preselector Applications • John Horvath  
GaAs Technology Opens New Frontiers in Electronically Tunable Filters • David Peterson  
High Power Filter for Broadcasting • Peter Niklaus

SESSION C-4: Antenna Design  
Shaped Beam Microstrip Antennas Applied to Personal Communication Networks • John R. Sanford  
Development of Microstrip Antennas • Marc Yacoubian  
Miniature Narrowband Radiator for UHF Application • Ian Dilworth



**March 18-20, 1992**

**San Diego Convention Center • San Diego, California**

**THURSDAY 1:30 - 4:30 P.M.**

**SESSION D-1: RF Design Awards Contest (Open Session)**  
Theoretical Basis for a Comprehensive Filter Design Program • Michael Ellis  
How Frequency Circulator/Isolator Uses No Ferrite or Magnet • Charles Wenzel

**SESSION D-2: Modulation and Demodulation**  
Spread Spectrum Cellular Communications • Steve Morley  
How a QPSK Modulator Vector Error Relates to its Spurious Output • Phyllis Austin-Lazarus  
Direct IF to Digital Conversion Using New Monolithic RF Track and Holds • Allen Hill, Tom Gratzik

**SESSION D-3: RF Integrated Circuits**  
Design of High Density, High Yield MMIC Devices for Low Cost Applications • Henrik Morkner  
Characterization of a Silicon Bipolar Process for RF ASIC Development • John Brewer  
GaAs MMIC Control Devices: Theory of Operation & Fabrication • Henrik Morkner

**SESSION D-4: RF and Computers**  
Building a Network System for an Engineering/Manufacturing Company: Keeping Your Engineers Happy  
Without Giving Away the Farm • Ken Wagers  
Modeling Surface Mount Components • John Hirsekorn  
Device Modeling and Harmonic Balance Simulation of RF/UHF High Power DMOS Transistor  
Amplifiers • Steve Hamilton and Octavius Pitzalis

**FRIDAY 8:30 - 11:30 A.M.**

**SESSION E-1: Low Noise Amplifier Tutorial**  
Design of Low Noise RF and Microwave Amplifiers • Dick Webb

**SESSION E-2: Frequency Synthesis**  
Dividerless Phase Locked Loops • Dr. Scott Wetenkamp  
Design Considerations for a Low Cost Wideband RF Synthesized Source • Chris Day  
Monolithic 12-Bit 100MSPS Digital to Analog Converter For Frequency Synthesis Applications • Chris G. Martinez, John Brewer

**SESSION E-3: RF Components**  
New Components for GSM, PCN, DECT, GPS, etc. Systems • Peter Hoeffens  
The Photistor: An Innovative, Optoelectronic RF Switch/Attenuator • Curtis W. Barrett  
The Design of a Monolithic Hybrid Integrated Circuit RF Package for Space Application • Brent Stoute

**SESSION E-4: RF Systems**  
Predict Temperature Rise in Reverse Biased PIN Diodes at High Power Levels • Mark C. Leifer, Ph.D.  
The Engineering Development of Low Cost GaAs Power Module for Cellular Telephones • Mark Easton  
Analysis of Dielectric Materials in Waveguide and Feedhorn • Tsang-Fu Chang

## SPECIAL COURSES

**MARCH 17, 18 AND 19**

**Fundamentals of RF Circuit Design:**

**Part I**

**March 17**

**Fundamentals of RF Circuit Design:**

**Part II**

**March 18**

**Filter and Matching Network Design: L-C and**

**Distributed Circuits—HF to Microwaves**

**March 17**

**Oscillator Design Principles**

**March 19**

**Ham Radio Reception**

**March 19**

EXPO WEST is sponsored by *RF Design* magazine.

### The industry's foremost RF technology conference.

Sponsored by *RF Design* magazine, RF Expo West will be in San Diego March 18-20 at the San Diego Convention Center. And special rates are being offered for early registration.

**SEE** demonstrations of the newest equipment the industry has to offer.

**HEAR** top industry professionals share their knowledge on today's most important topics.

**JOIN** electronics engineers, engineering managers, engineering service professionals, owners and consultants at the Ham Radio Reception.

**PROFIT** by choosing from among more than 50 technical sessions.

**MEET** more than 200 industry exhibitors with the latest and best in electronic design services and equipment.

**LEARN** new skills or reinforce present knowledge by signing up for one or more of the four full-day special courses. (Fundamentals of RF Circuit Design: Parts I and II; Filter and Matching Network Design: L-C and Distributed Circuits—HF to Microwaves; Oscillator Design Principles.)

**DISCOVER** new sources for answering questions about your particular needs.

**WIN** one of several big prizes being awarded by sponsors of the Ham Radio Reception.

**COME** to RF Expo West '92 sponsored by *RF Design* magazine.

The best minds in RF Design are yours for three days, March 18-20, at the San Diego Convention Center. Register now by calling (800) 525-9154.

### Plan Now To Attend

RF Expo West is attended by electronics engineers and engineering managers working in the RF frequencies. Engineers new to high frequency circuits benefit from the numerous fundamental and tutorial programs offered. Senior engineers receive valuable updates on the latest developments in high frequency technology. In 1991, attendance was as follows:

Engineers .....	58%
Engineering Managers .....	16%
Engineering Service Professionals .....	6%
Owners or Officers .....	11%
Others (including reps, buyers, consultants) .....	9%

**Call: 1-800-525-9154 or 1-303-220-0600**

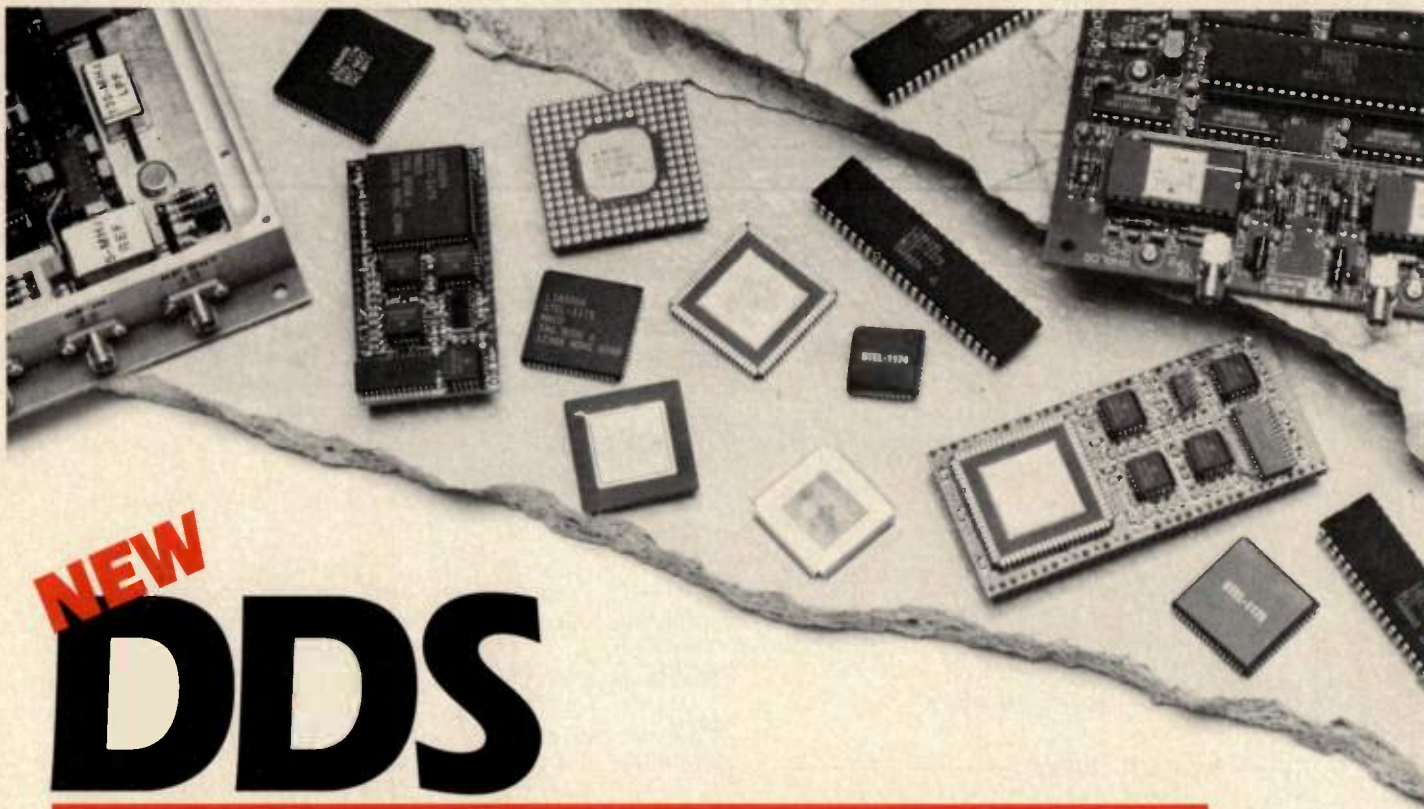
**Fax: 1-303-770-0253**

**Write: RF Expo West**

**6300 S. Syracuse Way, #650, Englewood, CO 80111**

**• REGISTER NOW •**





# NEW DDS

## PRODUCTS FOR DIRECT DIGITAL SYNTHESIS

**Stanford Telecom . . .  
continues to lead the way in  
providing the highest  
performance at the lowest cost.**

These are but a few of the many outstanding products and prices available today and offered by Stanford Telecom for frequency synthesis and digital communications. For the highest performance and most cost effective solutions in integrated digital communications products, Stanford Telecom continues to stand out as the industry leader.

Call today to discuss how Stanford Telecom might become a member of your team.

**STANFORD  
TELECOM®**

**ASIC**

Custom  
Products  
Division

2421 Mission College Boulevard  
Santa Clara, California 95056-0968  
Tel: (408) 980-5684 Fax: (408) 727-1482

### **MONOLITHIC NCOS**

- STEL-1172B 50 MHz, 32-bit, Quadrature
- STEL-1173 50 MHz, 48-bit, High Resolution
- STEL-1174 50 MHz, 16-bit, Low Cost
- STEL-1175 60 MHz, 32-bit, Phase Modulated
- STEL-1175+80 80 MHz, 32-bit, Phase Modulated **NEW**
- STEL-1176 80 MHz, BCD/Decimal, High Speed CMOS
- STEL-1177 60 MHz, 32-bit, full PM, FM, & Quadrature
- STEL-1178A 50 MHz, 32-bit, Dual NCO with phase modulation **NEW**
- STEL-1180 50 MHz, 32-bit, chirp generating NCO **NEW**
- STEL-1179 25 MHz, Serial Input PM NCO. \$5 in commercial quantities **NEW**
- STEL-2172 300 MHz, ECL, 32-bit
- STEL-2173 1 GHz, GaAs, 32-bit, BPSK, QPSK

### **BOARD-LEVEL DDS**

- STEL-1272 based on 1172B, 0-20 MHz
- STEL-1273 based on 1173, 0-20 MHz
- STEL-1275 based on 1175, 0-25 MHz
- STEL-1375A miniature assembly based on 1175 MIL Spec version now available **NEW**
- STEL-1376 miniature assembly based on 1176
- STEL-1377 miniature assembly based on 1177 MIL Spec version now available **NEW**
- STEL-1378 miniature assembly based on 1178A **NEW**
- STEL-1277 based on 1177, 0-25 MHz
- STEL-2272 based on 2172, 0-130 MHz
- STEL-2273 based on 2173, 0-400 MHz
- STEL-2373 based on 2173, 0-400 MHz - miniature hybrid **NEW**

### **CHASSIS-LEVEL DDS**

- STEL-9272 300 MHz Synthesizer based on 2172
- STEL-9273 1 GHz Synthesizer based on 2173
- STEL-9275 Synthesizer with 1 GHz internal clock **NEW**



## New Printed Circuit Board Process

— Printron, Inc. has developed a new process for manufacturing circuit boards that does not require the use of potentially toxic chemicals in the manufacturing process. The printing system, which is environmentally safe, utilizes atmospheric pressure to print metal slurries to form electronic pathways on a wide variety of substrate material including paper, plastics and ceramics. The two-step process can manufacture a circuit in approximately ten seconds, 50 times faster than current technology. Commercial release is targeted for late 1992.

## New ADC IC Surpasses 14 Gigasamples/sec.

— A new analog-to-digital converter chip that acquires data at over 14 Gigasamples/second has been developed by Hypres, Inc. The device which operates at 4.2 Kelvin, is believed to be the world's fastest monolithic ADC. It is built from Josephson-junction devices fabricated using a 10 layer thin-film deposition process. In preliminary tests, the ADC sampled at 14.3 GS/s to digitize a 1 kHz sine wave. Input bandwidth tests indicate that the ADC can digitize 5 effective bits at 2.0 GHz, 4 effective bits at 4.0 GHz and 3 effective bits at 8 GHz for an estimated aperture time of 5 ps.

**Sciteq Relocates** — Sciteq Electronics, Inc. has moved. Their new address is: 9280 Sky Park Court, San Diego, CA 92123. Their telephone and fax numbers remain the same.

**Cabot Ceramics Merged** — Micro-electronic Packaging Inc has merged Cabot Ceramics into its operations. Cabot Ceramics, now a wholly owned MPI subsidiary, will operate under the name Microelectronic Packaging America.

## M/A-COM Consolidates Product Line

— M/A-COM recently announced the consolidation and transfer of their RHG product line. As of January, the microwave mixers, mixer pre-amps and other frequency conversion products manufactured at the RHG facility will be transferred to M/A-COM's Control Components facility.

## Daico Acquires Armatek Product Line

— Daico Industries and Armatek recently disclosed that they have reached an agreement for Daico to

acquire Armatek's GaAs MIC amplifier product line. The manufacture of Armatek's MIC amplifier product line will be phased into Daico's production facility over the next several months.

## Teklogix and Infocap Announce Alliance

— Teklogix and Infocap Systems have announced a strategic alliance to co-market RF data communica-

tions solutions for manufacturing, distribution, utility and office applications. Teklogix will supply hand-held and vehicle-mounted RF terminals, RF base stations, system network controllers and remote modules. Infocap will provide software products that are designed for managing inventory, work in process, time and attendance, labor reporting, warehouse functions and file tracking.

# While Others Make Noise About Their RF Amps, We Quietly Prove Our Quality

Q-bit quality means:

- guaranteed gain windows, • guaranteed 2nds and 3rds. • guaranteed performance for every operating

parameter over a full temperature range.

Q-bit's proven designs and our patented Power Feedback™ technology yield low VSWR, flat gain response, high reverse isolation and unconditional stability. These thirteen Q-bit Corporation amplifiers are direct replacements\* for more than sixty standard catalog amplifiers of five competitors.

## Guaranteed -55°C to +85°C Performance

Model Number	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dB)	1dB Compression (dBm)	Noise Figure (dB)	Reverse Isolation (dB)	Output Intercept 3rd/2nd (dBm)	Power (W/mA)	Price For Quantity
QBH-101	5-500	13.0	6.0	3.0	24.0	18/25	15/19	\$75
QBH-102	5-500	12.3	21.0	7.5	22.0	32/48	15/95	\$85
QBH-107	5-550	14.8	-1.0	2.8	25.0	8/12	15/10	\$85
QBH-110	5-500	15.0	9.0	3.5	25.0	22/32	15/31	\$90
QBH-119	5-500	15.0	11.0	3.3	25.0	24/33	15/34	\$95
QBH-120	5-500	14.5	1.0	2.3	26.0	13/17	15/11	\$95
QBH-122	10-500	17.0	19.0	4.6	22.0	24/32	15/65	\$110
QBH-126	5-500	15.0	15.0	4.2	24.0	28/34	15/54	\$95
QBH-155	5-300	15.0	21.0	6.4	28.0	36/48	15/95	\$65
QBH-183	5-1100	10.3	14.0	6.5	12.0	27/38	15/72	\$80
QBH-184	5-1000	14.8	10.0	5.0	17.0	24/33	15/31	\$85
QBH-815	5-1000	11.4	20.5	8.0	12.5	30/45	15/98	\$95
QBH-822	10-2000	20.0	10.0	6.0	24.0	23/34	15/60	\$162

\*Meets or exceeds published specifications

**Call us for a catalog available on a PC compatible data disk.**



## Q-bit Corporation

2575 PACIFIC AVENUE NE, PALM BAY, FL 32905

TELEPHONE (407) 727-1838

TWX (510) 959-6257 • FAX (407) 727-3729

INFO/CARD 21



# Space Applications — Grand Ideas and Tight Budgets

By Gary A. Breed  
Editor

**E**lectronics for space-based applications have slowed, but there is a realistic expectation that new and developing applications will sustain the current level of activity in this part of the RF industry.

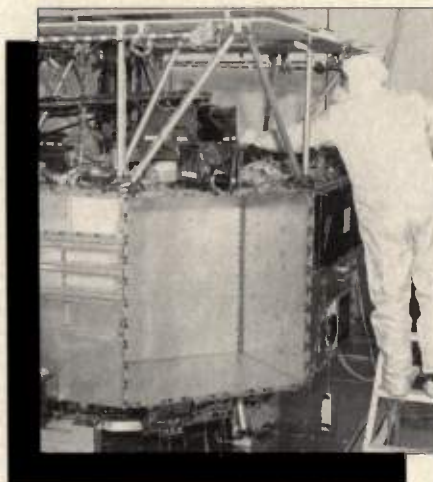
## NASA Programs

In an article titled "Budget Explorers," the latest issue of Ball Aerospace's *Challenge* magazine describes NASA's Discovery program. The program plans to launch a series of spacecraft designed for useful exploration at the lowest possible cost. Larger programs like Voyager, Galileo, and the Hubble Space Telescope are unarguably valuable in the knowledge they provide about the universe, but Discovery missions are intended to provide more results-per-dollar through smaller, and more focused objectives. The first mission is not established, but could be a rendezvous with a near-earth asteroid.

Along with an ongoing Space Shuttle program and a subsistence-level Space Station program, NASA still has a substantial budget. However, the number of programs is not growing, and the cost of each is growing faster than the funding. NASA has just reported a reduction in the workforce dedicated to the Shuttle program, and RF suppliers providing ongoing support (such as TRW) have seen business slowing for the past few years. For companies supplying hardware for NASA programs, the best news is that both the President and Congress support a continuing space program, but with a "politically correct" share of Federal funding.

## Space-Based Communications

Although research programs are being developed more slowly, there are some existing and proposed programs that are generating significant RF activity. The most obvious is the NAVSTAR/Global Positioning system, which now has sufficient number of spacecraft in place for nearly full-time coverage. The remaining members of the constellation will provide full time coverage, plus



spares.

There are two key areas of RF work for navigation products using GPS. The first is the basic L-Band receiver. With current technology, the tradeoffs between price and performance are still substantial. Considerable work on GaAs and silicon MMIC front-ends for GPS is taking place at companies like Pacific Monolithics, AvanteK and others with experience and marketing plans directed toward large quantity customers.

Antenna designs, which must have a uniform hemispherical pattern, are another part of the receiver development. The need for compact, efficient and low-cost antennas has stimulated creativity among designers. New materials, printed conductors and flexible substrates have all been explored in the search for the best solution.

The other major design area is high performance timebase systems, both for calibration of GPS products, and as precision references slaved to the GPS transmitted timing data. Companies like Trak Microwave and Austron have made significant investments in the development of GPS-based products.

Commercial and consumer products based on GPS are being developed in a hurry, although few are on the market. Trimble Navigation has both profes-

sional and lower-cost GPS receivers, but they will be joined by numerous companies in the very near future as products for transportation, aviation, and sporting reach production.

Both Motorola and a Loral-QUALCOMM joint venture have planned new applications for space-based personal communications. Motorola's Iridium system and Loral QUALCOMM's Globalstar system would provide handheld communications anywhere on the earth. Although these proposals are still being studied by the FCC for frequency allocation, either would offer a substantial market for RF suppliers, as other types of personal communications are doing at present.

Other active space communications systems include INMARSAT for maritime communications, direct-broadcast satellite (DBS), and satellite digital radio. These are microwave-spectrum systems, but RF companies providing IF, modulation and demodulation components are beneficiaries of growth in these systems.

## Short-Term Outlook

As with most technology areas involving high cost systems, the market for space systems has suffered during the current recession. In the near-term, GPS-based products are expected to begin widespread use, and continued work on DBS, INMARSAT, VSAT, and other satellite systems will provide markets for RF products. NASA support of current programs is dropping, but the Space Station and new programs will keep activity at a modest level.

Internationally, the European Space Agency, Japan, India and the People's Republic of China are increasing their space capabilities. Some RF companies can expect to benefit from these programs, which principally involve communications satellites for telephone or television transmission. **RF**

*For reprints of this report, call Cardiff Publishing Company at (303) 220-0600. Ask for the Circulation Department.*





# At last: A complete GPS station clock under \$10,000

Everything you want in a GPS station clock, in one neat box:

- GPS receiver
- Disciplined standard
- Multiple output timing signal generator, and much, much more.

What do you expect from a company with more than 30 years of production and field experience in the timing business? You'd expect a one-unit master timing station, capable of tracking six satellites simultaneously — even while moving at 1,000 miles per hour — all inside a 3½ inch rack-mount chassis.

That's the **Model 8810** — a mature product, value-engineered and time-tested, just like the ones we've been providing to NASA and DoD for decades. And there's so much built into this unit, it's hard to describe. Just review the features listed below:

- Automatically determines geographical coordinates — no need to enter position anywhere on earth
- Automatic multi-satellite acquisition
- Time accuracy maintained with platform velocities to over 1,000 mph
- Outputs position data whether stationary or moving
- Multiple time code and rate output options
- User friendly, menu-prompted setup
- 20-key keypad and 4-line, 40 character display allows complete operation, checkout, and status acquisition without ancillary equipment
- Nonvolatile memory stores setup and data indefinitely
- Accurate to within 100 ns worldwide, 24 hours a day

- RS-232 remote control and time output (optional IEEE-488 output)
- RS-232 printer port
- Displays time, position, and REF-UTC/GPS
- Time display is keypad-selectable to UTC, GPS, or local time
- 115/230 VAC with optional 24 VDC backup
- Antenna with 50' coax cable included
- Built-in test routines
- Fully modularized
- GPS receiver is drop-in replaceable
- Workmanship standards to MIL-STD-454
- Three-year limited warranty
- Plus, a host of desirable options

That's the **Model 8810**, from TRAK Systems. And at this price, there's nothing else like it on the market. So why pay more, and install boxes of equipment, when you can have it all in one neat unit?

For free literature, or more information, contact us at:

TRAK SYSTEMS DIVISION  
4726 Eisenhower Blvd.  
Tampa, Florida 33634-6391  
Phone: (813) 884-1411, extension 248  
TLX: 52-827  
FAX: (813) 886-2794



**TRAK SYSTEMS**  
DIVISION OF **TRAK MICROWAVE CORP.**

INFO/CARD 22





# CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS, FILTERS and DELAY LINES

Microsonics, Inc. a subsidiary of Signal Technology Corporation, has supplied high reliability crystal oscillators, filters and delay lines, for more than 30 years.

Our in-house crystal design and manufacturing facility ensures low phase noise and excellent long term stability in all our crystal oscillator products (TCXO and VCXO's) from 1 KHz to 1000 MHz.

Our crystal and LC filters feature low insertion losses and are available in a number of configurations, including narrow and wide bandwidths, from 10 KHz to 200 MHz. Designs are available to meet specific requirements for group delay equalization, amplitude, phase tracking, and time domain response.

Using glass and quartz as a medium, we offer the video, military, and avionics industries a wide range of delay lines from 0.25  $\mu$ s to 5000  $\mu$ s. Features include: Wide bandwidths, excellent phase characteristics, temperature stability, small sizes, and low power consumption.

30 years of experience with the ability, and dedication to provide real solutions to customer requirements today, and tomorrow.

**Microsonics, Your source for Crystal Oscillators, Filters, and Delay Lines in the 90's.**

Call today for more information.



A Subsidiary  
of Signal Technology  
Corporation

60 Winter Street Weymouth, MA 02188-3336  
(617) 337-4200 FAX (617) 337-4208

INFO/CARD 23

WRH



## High Speed IC Applications Circuits

By Gary A. Breed  
Editor

Here is a collection of applications circuits for high speed operational amplifiers, video amplifiers and buffers. These devices are seeing increasing use in RF, IF and video/baseband applications.

High speed "building block" integrated circuits have reached operating speeds comparable to RF only in the past three to five years. Their availability gives RF designers new options when designing amplification and signal processing circuitry. The predictability of a controlled-feedback op amp circuit, or the high input impedance and low output impedance of a unity-gain buffer can be extremely attractive in RF applications, as they have been for many years in lower frequency design.

### Circuit Examples

Figure 1 shows the basic supply and bypassing scheme recommended for these wide bandwidth components. Bypassing from DC to 100s of MHz is a challenge. For RF bypassing, a 0.1 uF (typical) chip capacitor placed as close to the power supply pins as possible will assure maximum stability. A low series resistance (tantalum or similar type) electrolytic capacitor helps eliminate low frequency paths through the power bus. It may be necessary to include a series

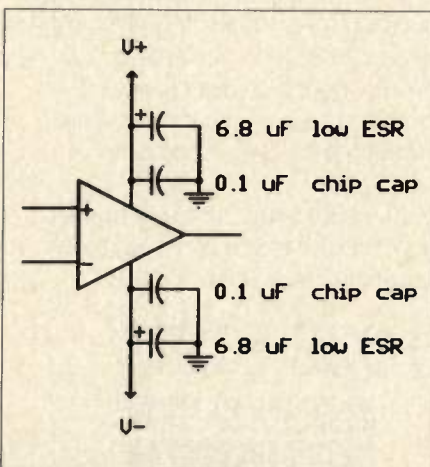


Figure 1. Power supply bypassing.

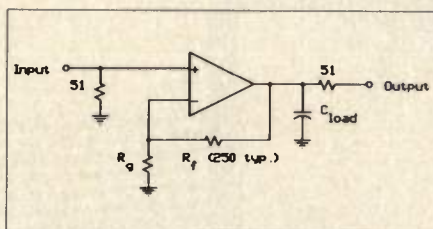


Figure 2. Basic non-inverting configuration for a current-feedback amplifier.

inductor in critical circuits to add another pole of high frequency rolloff, but it is not recommended that this be done routinely — resonances created by the addition of this component have the potential for stability problems.

The circuit in Figure 2 is a generalized non-inverting amplifier using a current-feedback op amp. A double-ended supply is assumed. Depending on the actual load,  $C_{load}$  may represent a distributed element, or it may be a 3 to 10 pF capacitor added for high frequency peaking. The 250 ohm feedback resistor is a typical value, and will most often fall in the range of 100-1000 ohms. The combination of  $R_f$  and  $R_g$  establishes the gain at  $R_f/R_g$ .

The inverting configuration, shown in Figure 3 also shows biasing for a single supply. In this case, the source resistance  $R_s$  must be added to  $R_g$  (51 ohms)

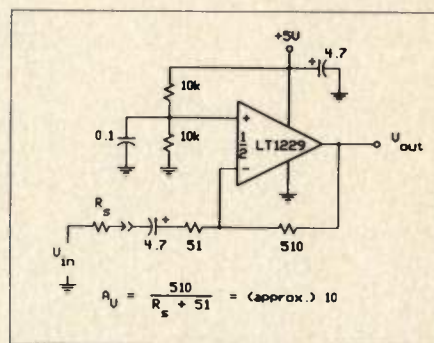


Figure 3. Inverting configuration, with single-supply biasing.

for gain calculations. If the input is driven from another op amp,  $R_s$  will be very small and can be disregarded in most cases. This circuit appears in the data sheet for the Linear Technology LT1229 dual current-feedback amplifier.

A useful RF application for these devices is a bandpass filter. The circuit in Figure 4 is a 40 MHz bandpass filter with a Q of 4 using the Comlinear CLC400 current-feedback amplifier. Adaptations of this basic circuit for tuning or control of Q are possible, which would be attractive in IF or instrumentation applications.

A bandstop, or notch filter is another application which takes advantage of an op amp's or buffer's low output and high input impedances. The circuit in

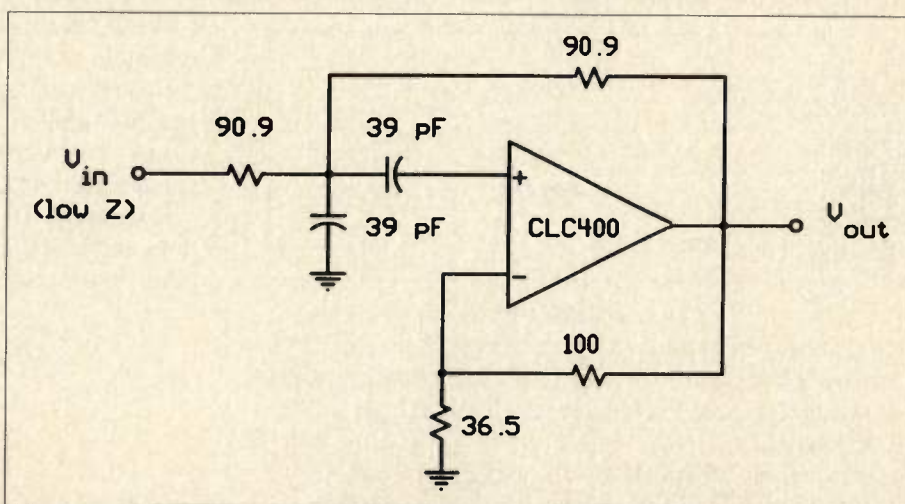


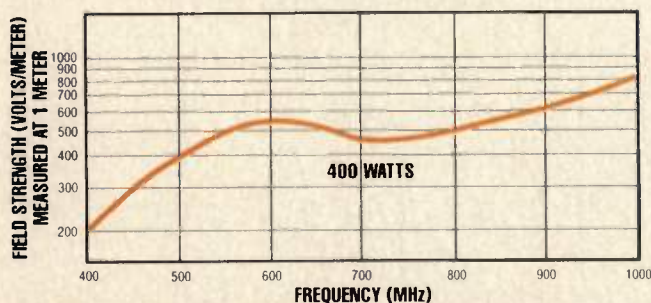
Figure 4. A 40 MHz active bandpass filter.





# Testing for rf susceptibility to 200 volts/meter? You need the power to do it.

If you're lining your shielded room with anechoic material to avoid multipath reflections, you already know you need an amplifier with infinite-VSWR tolerance. But you also



need an amplifier/antenna marriage made in heaven.

Here is one of our many matched systems specifically designed to assure you reliable field levels as high as 1,000 V/m.

Our new Model 400HB power amplifier delivers a *minimum* of 400 watts through a bandwidth of 400 to 1,000 MHz. And our Model AT4001 horn antenna dis-

plays the happy faculty of putting out more V/m as the frequencies rise.

Other matched systems of AR amplifiers and antennas cover the frequency spectrum from 10 kHz to 1 GHz with reliable power from one to 2,000 watts. Systems that give you the reserve power you're bound to need sooner than you may think. Systems that let you sweep clean through the band of interest without the headache and delay of changing antennas.

Why not chat—on our nickel—with one of our applications engineers about *your* rf susceptibility-testing situation? He'll answer the phone himself when you dial

## 1-800-933-8181

**ar** **AMPLIFIER  
RESEARCH**

160 School House Road, Souderton, PA 18964-9990 USA  
215-723-8181 • TWX 510-661-6094 • FAX 215-723-5688



Figure 5 uses an Elantec EL2003 wide-band unity gain buffer to implement a 4.4 MHz notch filter. Notch filters can be used for transmission zeros in more complex filter designs. Notch depth depends on the matching of the components.

Multiple-function ICs have also been implemented by several manufacturers. Figure 6 shows an application for the MAX455 multiplexer/amplifier from Maxim Integrated Products. This circuit can be used as a video switcher, a data acquisition input switch, or as an RF switch with a minimum 25 MHz band-

width. With 120 ns maximum switching time and typical 70 dB channel OFF isolation, multiplexing or modulation at MHz frequencies is possible.

The final example is Figure 7, a laser diode driver with 250 MHz bandwidth, using the Apex Microtechnology WB05 wideband buffer. The circuit has an input attenuator to improve the return loss of the input. The op amp stage sets the DC bias voltage and compensates for offset voltages. R1, R2 and C2 make up a lowpass filter in the feedback loop

to the bias and offset compensation circuit. The high current capability of the WB05 and other manufacturers' buffers allows them to be used as easily implemented drivers for laser diodes, which require bias currents of 200 mA or more.

### Design Hints

Layout and parasitics are the biggest problem an engineer will encounter when using these devices. It is essential that power supply decoupling, a good

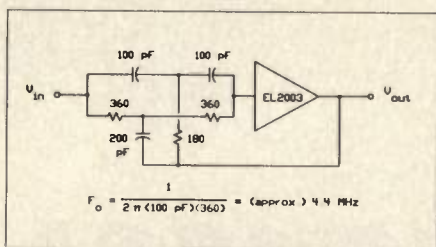


Figure 5. A bandstop filter with components which place the notch at 4.4 MHz.

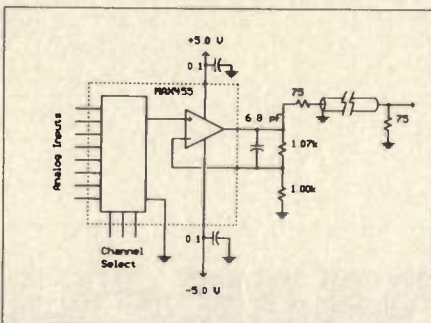


Figure 6. Multiplexer/switch IC with on-chip amplifier.

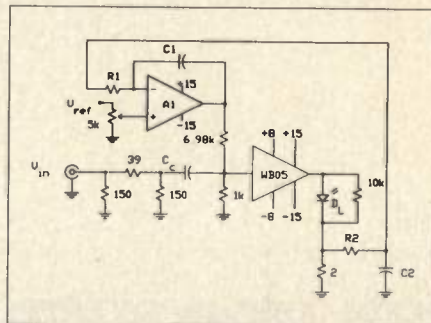


Figure 7. A laser diode drive circuit using a wideband, high-current buffer.

A V A I L A B L E N O W

# Reduced by 30%



uses center contacts and dielectrics dimensionally similar to field tested MIL-C-39012 SMB connectors yielding excellent VSWR and insertion loss from dc to 6.0 GHz.

OSX subminiature snap-on connectors offered by M/A-COM Omni Spectra are an excellent blend of size, weight, durability and performance. The small size and light weight are accomplished by eliminating the need for bulky coupling mechanisms. This new family of snap-on connectors

OSX snap-on connectors are ideally suited for cellular telephone, GPS and automotive applications or wherever small, light weight, densely packaged coaxial connections are required.

M/A-COM Omni Spectra has your inexpensive solution to dense packaging. Call today for your free OSX Connector Brochure.

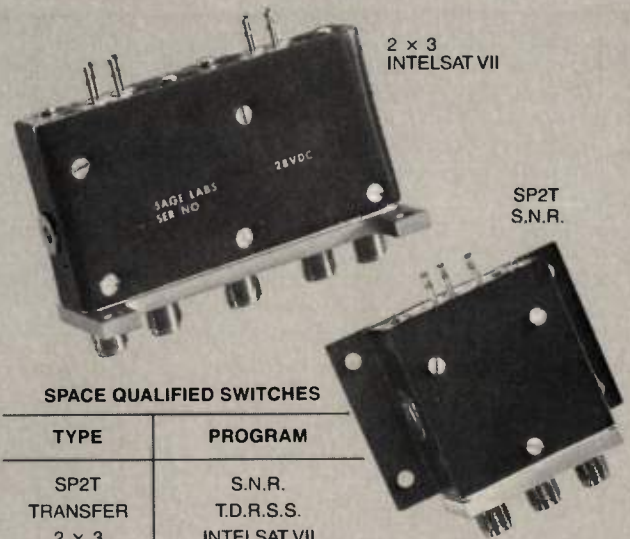
M/A-COM Omni Spectra  
140 Fourth Avenue  
Waltham, MA 02254-9101  
Tel: USA (617)890-4750  
UK (0344)869595  
Japan 03(226)1671

OSX connectors shown actual size.

**M/A-COM**  
OMNI SPECTRA



**WE HAVE SOME RATHER  
SOPHISTICATED SWITCHES IN SPACE.**



SPACE QUALIFIED SWITCHES

TYPE	PROGRAM
SP2T TRANSFER 2 x 3	S.N.R. T.D.R.S.S. INTELSAT VII

# ELECTROMECHANICAL SWITCHES? ASK SAGE

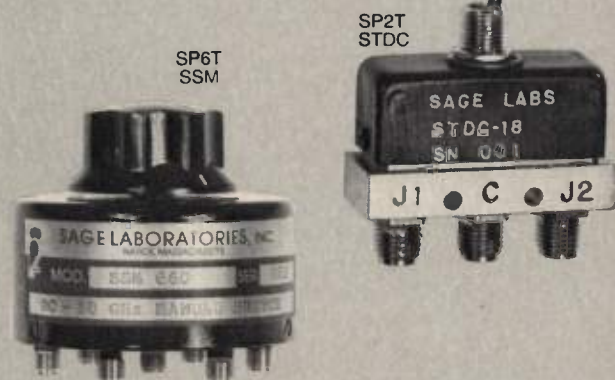
**sage**  
LABORATORIES, INC.

11 Huron Drive / Natick, MA 01760-1314  
TEL: (508) 653-0844 / TWX: 710-346-0390  
FAX: (508) 653-5671

INFO/CARD 26

MANUAL SWITCHES

MODEL	TYPE	FREQUENCY	CONNECTORS
SA	SP2T to SP6T	DC—8GHz	N, SMA, BNC, TNC, HN, C
SF	TRANSFER	DC—7GHz	N, SMA, BNC, TNC, HN, C
ST	SP2T	DC—5GHz	N, SMA, BNC, TNC
STDC	SP2T	DC—18GHz	SMA
SSM	SP3T to SP6T	DC—18GHz	SMA



**WE ALSO HAVE A FEW  
DOWN TO EARTH TYPES.**



ground plane, and transmission line interconnections are maintained. Breadboard circuits are best accomplished using "dead bug" construction on a solid piece of copper-clad material, with components soldered in direct, point-to-point manner. When transferred to a printed circuit board, changes in interconnection length must be taken into account.

Component selection in the feedback and output circuits is also important. The feedback resistor  $R_f$  should be in the range of recommended values, and must be non-inductive. Avoid resistors that use a spiral cut in the metal film for resistance trimming, since they can have modest inductance. At the output, capacitive loading can be a problem, since it causes peaking at high frequen-

cies. This can lead to oscillations as well as variations in frequency response. Techniques such as an output series resistor or more complex compensation may be required.

The experts in application of high speed ICs are the manufacturers. Since these are relatively new components, their applications engineers are still the primary source of information. These

engineers developed the circuits included in this article. In addition to the companies already mentioned, Harris Semiconductor, National Semiconductor and Analog Devices make high speed components. Each company has a different emphasis in their products, so investigate all of them if you are considering these high speed "universal" components for your next design.

**RF**

The following companies offer high speed op amp, video amplifier and buffer components:

**Analog Devices**

One Technology Way  
Norwood, MA 02062  
(617) 329-4700

**Apex Microtechnology Corp.**

5980 N. Shannon Road  
Tucson, AZ 85741  
(602) 742-8600

**Comlinear Corporation**

4800 Wheaton Drive  
Ft. Collins, CO 80525  
(303) 226-0500

**Elantec, Inc.**

1996 Tarob Court  
Milpitas, CA 95035  
(408) 945-1323

**Harris Semiconductor**

P.O. Box 883  
Melbourne, FL 32901  
(407) 724-3739

**Linear Technology**

1630 McCarthy Blvd.  
Milpitas, CA 95035  
(408) 942-0810

**Maxim Integrated Products**

120 San Gabriel Drive  
Sunnyvale, CA 94086  
(408) 737-7600

**National Semiconductor**

2900 Semiconductor Dr.  
Santa Clara, CA 95052  
(408) 721-5000

## Low Cost Silicon Prescalers to 2.8 GHz

By directly synthesizing frequencies up to 2.8GHz our low priced prescalers help you simplify your designs, minimize the number of components, and reduce board space.

What does your application call for? Low cost surface mount plastic packages? Chips or ceramic packages that can be MIL or Space screened? Low voltage and low current devices for battery powered designs?

Call today. We'll work with you engineer-to-engineer to see

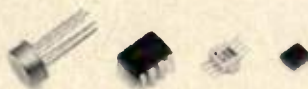
that you get the parts you need, at a price that's right. And in most cases, we can ship directly from stock.

NEC technology and quality—and CEL service. It's a powerful combination. Put it to work for you.

**FREE DATA  
FOR DESIGNERS**

For data sheets, call, write or circle the number below.

MODEL	FREQUENCY	V <sub>CC</sub>	I <sub>CC</sub>	DIVISION RATIO
UPB581	0.5-2.8GHz	5V	30mA	2
UPB582	0.5-2.8GHz	5V	45mA	4
UPB584	0.5-2.5GHz	5V	18mA	2
UPB585	0.5-2.5GHz	5V	26mA	4
UPB586	0.5-2.5GHz	5V	28mA	512/256
UPB587	0.5-1.0GHz	2.2V to 3.5V	5.5mA	2, 4, 8
UPB588	0.5-2.5GHz	5V	26mA	128/64



**NEC**

**California Eastern Laboratories**

4590 Patrick Henry Dr., Santa Clara, CA 95056-0964 Phone (408) 988-3500 FAX (408) 988-0279  
Western (408) 988-7846 Eastern (410) 667-1310 Canada (613) 726-0626



# Design of Low Noise, Wide Dynamic Range, GaAs Optical Preamps

By Robert Bayruns, Timothy Laverick,  
Norman Scheinberg and Daniel  
Stofman  
Anadigics, Inc.

GaAs MESFET technology is ideal for use in lightwave receiver applications. FET devices have a fundamental advantage over BJT transistors in low noise applications because of their inherent high input impedance. Another advantage is that FETs are majority carrier devices and can be easily used as feedback elements in automatic gain control applications.

With this in mind, two different preamp designs are presented. The first obtains a 2 GHz bandwidth using a 5 kohm feedback resistor. The second, achieves a 200 MHz bandwidth and -38 dB sensitivity. An input overload level of 0 dBm (1 mA) is achieved by use of an on-chip AGC.

## Low Noise Design

When designing an optical preamp, there is always a compromise to be reached between noise and bandwidth (Figure 1). A large value feedback

resistor is desired since the mean squared noise of the feedback resistor is:

$$i_{FB}^2 = \frac{4kT\Delta f}{R_{FB}} \quad (1)$$

However, with a large feedback resistor, the 3 dB bandwidth could suffer since:

$$f_{3dB} = \frac{1 + A}{2\pi R_{FB} C_T} \quad (2)$$

where  $C_T$  is the total input capacitance ( $C_{diode} + C_{stray} + C_{FET}$ ), and  $A$  is the open loop gain of the preamp. From Equation 2, a large voltage gain,  $A$ , is needed for low noise and wide bandwidth. For this reason, depletion type load devices are used almost exclusively in the input gain stage. But at high frequencies, the input gain stage can produce considerable noise, so a resistor load can be used instead. The input referred noise from the gain stage is:

$$i_{in}^2 = \frac{4kT\Gamma\omega^2 C_T^2 \Delta f}{g_{m1}} + I_{load}^2 \frac{\omega^2 C_T^2 \Delta f}{g_{m1}^2} \quad (3)$$

Where  $g_{m1}$  is the transconductance of FETM1,  $\Gamma = 1.7$  is a GaAs excess noise factor, and  $I_{load}^2$  is the mean squared noise current of the load device. For a 200 ohm load resistor,  $I_{load}^2$  is  $8.3 \times 10^{-23} A^2/Hz$ . For a 300 um FET,  $I_{load}^2$  has a value about an order of magnitude higher at  $1.2 \times 10^{-21} A^2/Hz$ .

Figure 2 shows the schematic of a new inductive load which provides both high gain and a lower noise than is possible in a resistive and a depletion load, respectively. The effective impedance of this load device of Figure 2 is:

$$Z_{ab} = \Gamma_{ds2}(1 + jg_m\omega L) + j\omega L \quad (4)$$

For a 15 nH monolithic GaAs inductor, an increase in voltage gain of about two times is possible, which in turn, allows the use of a larger feedback resistor. The inductor also functions to degenerate the noise produced by the FET load.

At a frequency of 300 MHz with  $g_{m2} = 42$  mS and  $L = 15$  nH,  $I_{load}^2$  is half. At a frequency of 2 GHz,  $I_{load}^2$  is  $7.8 \times$

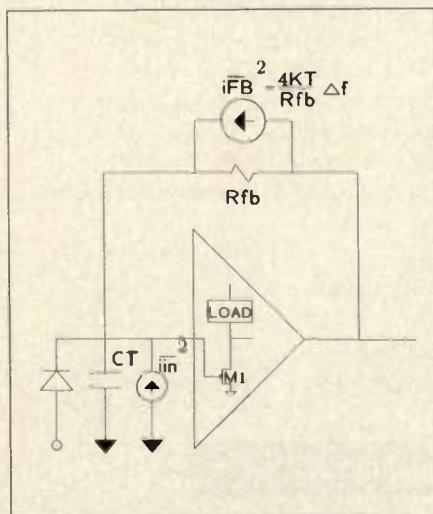


Figure 1. Equivalent circuit model of an optical preamplifier.

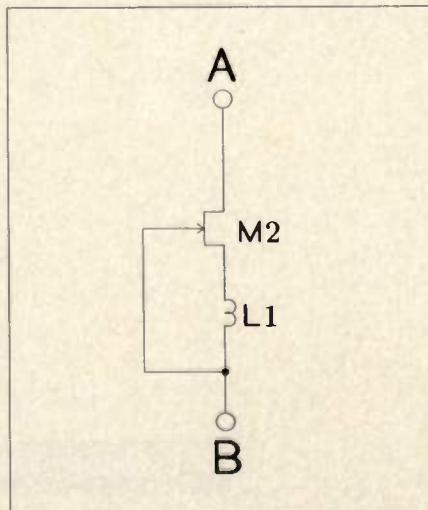


Figure 2. Schematic of an inductive load.

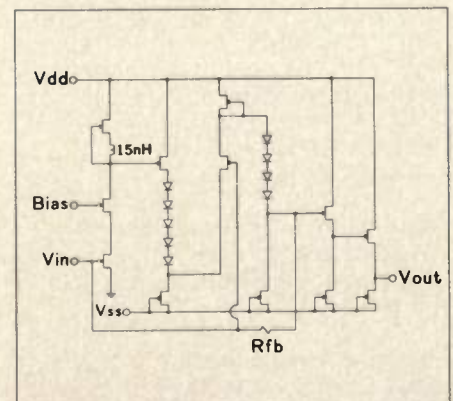


Figure 3. Schematic of transimpedance amplifier.



Because you're  
thinking fast...

# For 12-bit systems, we've combined state-of-the-art speed with off-the-chart performance.

If you're frustrated with fast parts that let you down on signal purity, here's good news. Comlinear's new 12-bit converter components zoom off the chart to give you simultaneous improvements in speed *and* performance.

## Converters to optimize your designs.

Choose our new 20MSPS CLC936 if you're looking for the fastest 12-bit A/D converter available that also delivers better than 73dB SFSR (Spurious-Free-Signal-Range), 65dB SNR (signal-to-noise ratio) and 0.7LSB differential nonlinearity. And if you need the very best in signal fidelity, choose the 15MSPS CLC935 with 77dB SFSR and 67dB SNR.

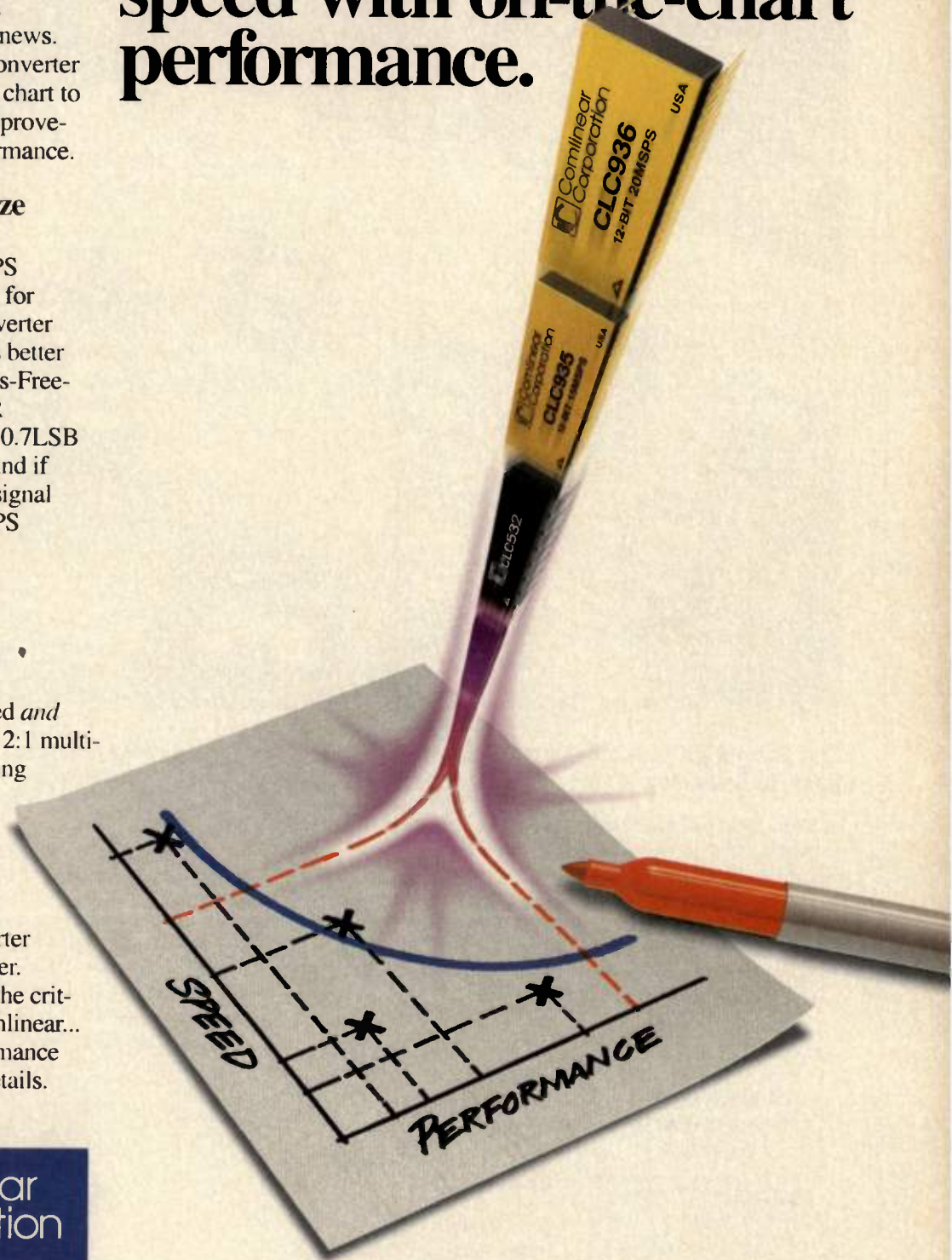
INFO/CARD 28

## New high-speed multiplexer.

Here again, you get speed *and* signal purity. The CLC532 2:1 multiplexer delivers 12-bit settling (0.01%) in just 17ns. Along with a low -80dB harmonic distortion and better than -80dB channel isolation @ 10MHz.

Fast, high-fidelity converter design has never been easier. Because now you can get the critical components from Comlinear... and avoid the usual performance tradeoffs. Call today for details.

INFO/CARD 30



Comlinear  
Corporation

*Solutions with speed*

4800 Wheaton Drive  
Fort Collins, CO 80525  
(303) 226-0500  
1-800-776-0500 (USA)

© 1992 Comlinear Corporation



# AVANTEK 5 GHz ACTIVE SMT MIXERS WILL BRING YOUR SYSTEM DESIGN TO LIFE



## And Bring A Little Fun Back To Designing

Avantek's new IAM-81008 silicon MagIC™ MMIC is the Gilbert cell active mixer/amp that will keep your parts count low, increase your circuit yield and become the design-in standard for all your communication circuits. In an SO-8 plastic SMD package, it's a complete frequency conversion device that

costs only \$3.40 in 25,000 piece quantities. Made with Avantek's advanced 10 GHz  $f_T$  ISOSAT™ process for more consistent performance than passive diode/balun devices. It requires as little as -5 dBm LO drive, and provides up to 6 dB RF and IF conversion gain from 50 MHz to 5 GHz, with high isolation and broad load-insensitivity—all from a single 5V supply.

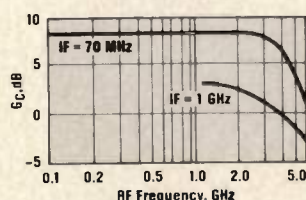
all your communications circuit designs. And it's available in tape and reel for high volume SMT manufacturing.

## Avantek Delivers Today

Call your Avantek distributor or 1 (800) AVANTEK (USA), (416) 678-9430 (Canada) for your free mixer design kit, and see if this mixer/amp doesn't make you smile.

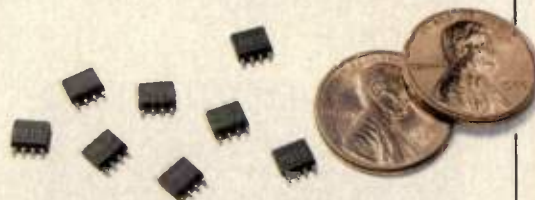


**IAM-81008 RF to IF Conversion Gain vs. Frequency**



## Upconverter, Downconverter, Multiplier, Phase Detector, Modulator, or Demodulator...

The versatile IAM-81008 is perfect for pocket transceivers, portable telephones, or spread spectrum terminals, MSAT and GPS receivers—it's *the mixer* for



**AVANTEK**  
A Subsidiary of Hewlett-Packard



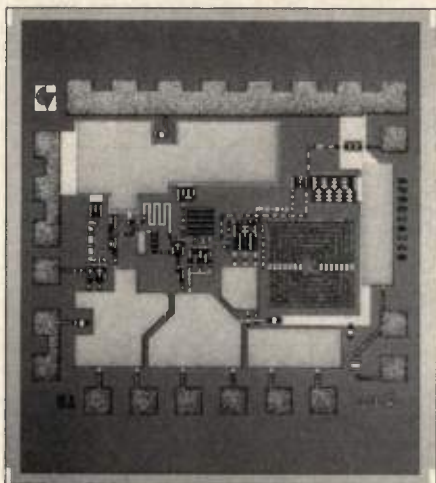


Figure 4. Chip micrograph of transimpedance amplifier.

$10^{-23} \text{ A}^2/\text{Hz}$ , which is less than M2 and a 200 ohm resistor.

### 2 GHz Preamplifier

Use of the inductor load circuit allows the design of a 2 GHz bandwidth preamplifier with a large feedback resistance of 5 kohm.

Figure 3 is a schematic of the 2 GHz transimpedance amplifier including the inductive load. This circuit has two gain stages; the first uses an inverting cascade stage, and the second is a non-inverting differential amplifier stage. The circuit is fabricated using D-mode technology with a 0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  gate length and

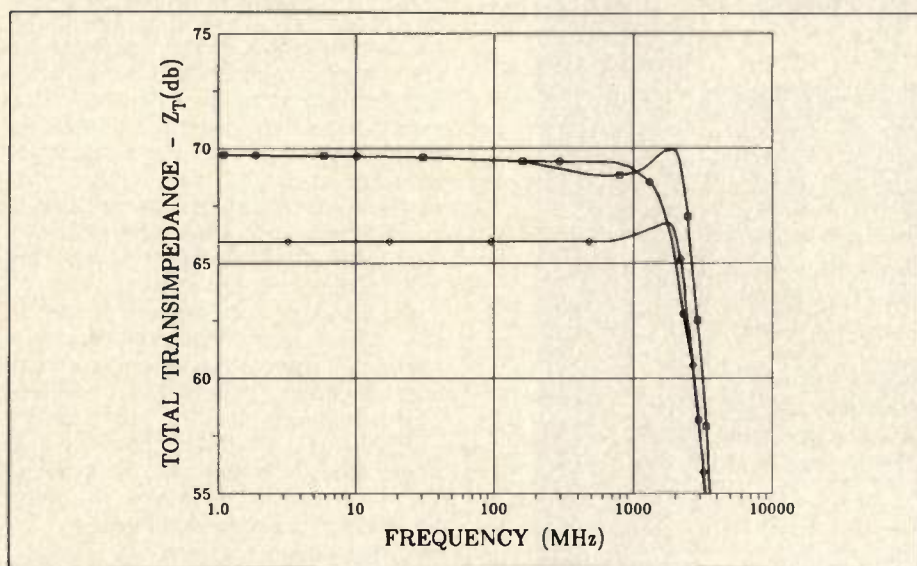


Figure 5. Measured optical frequency response.

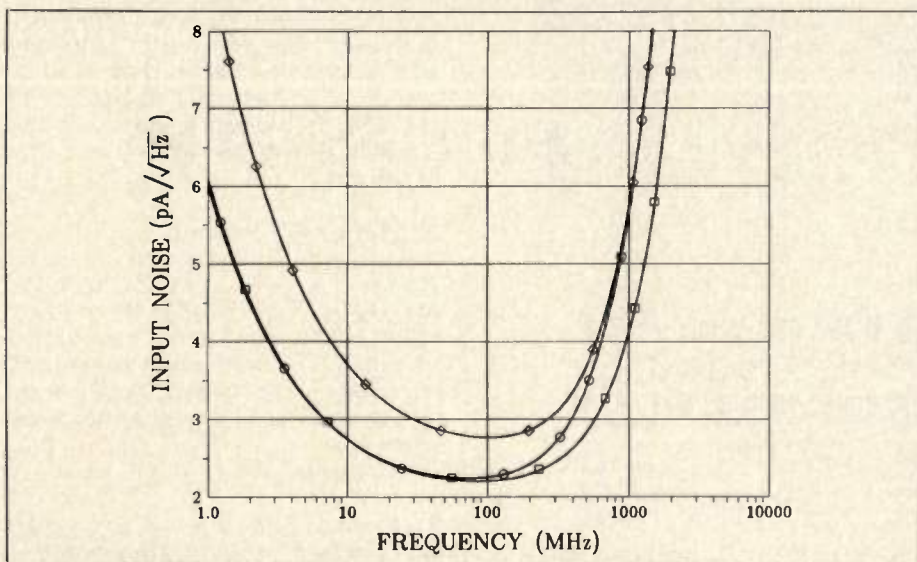


Figure 6. Noise characteristics of preamplifier circuits.

## NO WAITING AVANTEK DELIVERS TODAY



### North America

#### Northeast

Nu Horizons  
(617) 246-4442 MA  
Sickles Distribution Sales  
(617) 862-5100 MA  
Penstock, Inc.  
(508) 624-7300 MA

#### East Central

Applied Specialties, Inc.  
(301) 595-5395 MD  
Nu Horizons  
(410) 995-6330 MD  
(201) 882-8300 NJ  
(516) 226-6000 NY  
(215) 557-6450 PA  
Penstock East  
(800) 842-4035 NJ  
(516) 368-2773 NY  
(215) 383-9536 PA

#### Southeast

Penstock, Inc.  
(404) 951-0300 GA  
(407) 724-5300 FL  
Nu Horizons  
(305) 735-2555 FL  
(404) 416-8666 GA  
(205) 722-9330 AL

#### North Central

Penstock Midwest  
(708) 934-3700 IL  
(317) 784-3870 IN

#### South Central

Insight Electronics, Inc.  
(800) 677-7716 TX  
Penstock, Inc.  
(214) 701-9555 TX

### Northwest

Insight Electronics, Inc.  
(800) 677-7716  
Penstock, Inc.  
(800) PENSTOCK  
(206) 454-2371 WA

### Southwest/Rocky Mountain

Insight Electronics  
(800) 677-7716  
Sertek, Inc.  
(800) 334-7127

### Canada

Sertek, Inc.  
(800) 548-0409

### International

#### Europe

Italy  
BFI-Ibexa SpA  
(39) 2-331-005-35 Milan  
(39) 6-8088191 Rome  
Germany/Switzerland/Austria  
BFI-Ibexa Elektronik GmbH  
(49) 89-3195135  
France/Belgium  
Scie Dimes  
(33) 1-69-41-8282  
Sweden/Norway/Finland  
BFI-Ibexa Nordic AB  
(46-8) 626-99-00  
U.K.  
BFI-Ibexa Electronics LTD.  
(44) 62-288-2467

### Asia and Far East

Japan  
Yamada Corporation  
(81) 03-3475-1121

Putting Microwave Technology to Work for You

**AVANTEK**  
A Subsidiary of Hewlett-Packard



## HF LINEAR AMPLIFIERS - BROADBAND TRANSFORMERS



HF AMPLIFIERS per MOTOROLA BULLETINS  
Complete Parts List for HF Amplifiers Described  
in the MOTOROLA Bulletins

AN758 300W \$160.70	EB63 140W \$ 88.55
AN762 140W \$ 93.25	EB27A 300W \$139.20
AN770L 20W \$ 83.70	EB104 600W \$448.15
AN770H 20W \$ 93.10	AR305 300W \$383.52
AR313 300W \$403.00	

100 WATT 420-450 MHz PUSH-PULL LINEAR  
AMPLIFIER — SSB-FM-ATV

KEB67-PK (Kit).....\$159.95  
KEB67-PCB (PC Board).....\$ 18.00  
KEB67-1 (Manual).....\$ 5.00

We also stock Hard-to-Find parts

CHIP CAPS — Kemet/ATC  
METALCLAD MICA CAPS — Unico/Service  
RF POWER TRANSISTORS  
MINI-CIRCUIT MIXERS

SBL-1 (1-500Mc).....\$ 6.50  
SBL-1X (10-1000Mc).....\$ 7.95  
ARCO TRIMMER CAPACITORS  
VK200-20/4B RF Choke.....\$ 1.20  
56-500-65-3B Ferrite Bead.....\$ .20  
Broadband HF Transformers  
Add \$ 3.50 for shipping and handling.

NEW!! 1K WATT 2-50 MHz Amplifier

POWER SPLITTERS and COMBINERS

2-30MHz	2-Port	\$ 69.95
600 Watt PEP	2-Port	\$ 79.95
1000 Watt PEP	2-Port	\$ 89.95
1200 Watt PEP	4-Port	\$ 89.95

### 2 METER VHF AMPLIFIERS

35 Watt Model 335A.....\$ 79.95 Kit  
75 Watt Model 875A.....\$119.95 Kit  
Available in kit or wired/tested

For detailed information and prices, call or write for our free catalog.

We ship  
worldwide.



**CCI** Communication  
Concepts Inc.  
508 Millers Drive • Beavercreek, OH 45434-8840 • (513) 426-8600  
FAX (513) 429-3811



WE SHIP  
WORLDWIDE

INFO/CARD 35

# Don't be fooled. INSIST on the best: SEMI-FLEX®.

Available only from QMI, SEMI-FLEX® outperforms all similar hand formable cable assemblies. Why? Our cable is unique. It's built to our demanding specifications. With our 26.5 GHz anti-torque SMA plugs, it's an unbeatable combination.

**Delivery.** All popular lengths are available from stock coast to coast. Need special lengths or connector configurations? No problem!

**Price.** QMI has announced HUGE price reductions for 1992. If you thought SEMI-FLEX® was a good value before, you should check us out now!

**Quality.** It's not only in our name, it's built into every assembly we make. Guaranteed! Our customers tell us SEMI-FLEX® consistently outlasts and outperforms the competition.

**QMI. Providing Delivery, Price and Quality for today's demanding market.**

Patent Pending

In stock at QMI, and at:

Sertek, Inc. (CA) 1-800-334-7127  
FAX (818) 707-3508

### Specifications (max) @ 18 GHz

6 inch assembly	601 Series (0.141 dia)	600 Series (0.086 dia)
VSWR	1.30:1	1.30:1
Loss	0.55 db	0.75 db

Call now for your **FREE SEMI-FLEX® sample!**  
**1-800-362-FLEX**

Quality Microwave Interconnects, Inc.  
301 Ballardvale Street • Wilmington, MA 01887  
Tel. (508) 988-9090 • FAX (508) 988-9393

**QMI**®  
MAKERS OF  
SEMI-FLEX®

an  $f_T$  of 25 GHz. The transconductance is 170 mS/mm, the  $I_{dss}$  is 140 mA/mm, and the pinchoff voltage is  $-0.8$  V.

Figure 4 shows a micrograph of the transimpedance amplifier which measures  $2 \text{ mm}^2$ . The feedback resistor is made with a thin film nichrome process which has a sheet resistance of  $50 \pm 5$  percent ohms/square. The total FET periphery is about 2 mm. The current drain from  $V_{dd}$  is 100 mA and from  $V_{ss}$  is 75 mA.

The measured optical frequency response of three preamplifier chips with  $C_{diode} + C_{stray}$  of 0.6 pF is shown in Figure 5. The curve with the diamonds shows the response of a preamp without inductor  $L_1$  and a 3 kohm  $R_{FB}$ . The 3 dB bandwidth is about 2 GHz. The response curve, marked with squares, is a preamp with the inductor load of Figure 2. The feedback resistor value is increased to about 5 kohms and has a 3 dB bandwidth of about 2.2 GHz. The curve marked with the circles is of the same 5 kohm preamp but without the inductor load so the 3 dB bandwidth is reduced to 1.4 GHz.

Figure 6 shows the noise characteristics of the same three preamps. The midband noise has been reduced from approximately 2.7 pA/√Hz to 2.1 pA/√Hz due to the increase in  $R_{FB}$  (Equation 1). At a frequency of 1 GHz, the noise has been reduced from 5.7 pA/√Hz to about 4 pA/√Hz. This decrease in noise results from the reduction in noise from the load device (Equation 5). Table 1 lists the performance results obtained with the preamplifier. These results compare favorably to recently reported monolithic transimpedance amplifiers. Reference 2 obtains a 2 GHz bandwidth with a 2 kohm feedback resistor and has a noise of approximately 5 pA/√Hz at 100 MHz. An 800 ohm feedback resistor is used in Reference 3 to achieve 2 GHz bandwidth.

### 200 MHz AGC Preamp

Low cost, high performance monolithic preamplifier integrated circuits are needed for applications such as FDDI, SONET OC-3, and 266 Mb/s fiber channel. A single monolithic gallium arsenide integrated circuit (GaAs IC) preamplifier was designed with the intent of covering all three.

The design goals for this IC were:

- Operation from a single 5 V supply with less than 50 mA supply current.
- A 3 dB bandwidth of at least 200 MHz.
- Input optical overload of  $> -4$  dBm



Parameter	Value
Chip Size	2mm <sup>2</sup>
V <sub>dd</sub>	+5 to +8V
I <sub>dd</sub>	100 mA
V <sub>ss</sub>	-3 to -5V
I <sub>ss</sub>	75 mA
Transresistance	
R <sub>L</sub> = ∞	5 kohms
R <sub>L</sub> = 50	2.5 kohms
f <sub>3dB</sub> (C <sub>diode</sub> + C <sub>stray</sub> = 0.6 pF)	2.26 GHz
Input Referred Noise i <sub>in</sub>	
10 - 600 MHz	<4.1 pA/√Hz
1 GHz - 2 GHz	<8 pA/√Hz
Output Impedance	50 ohms

**Table 1. Performance of a 2 GHz preamplifier.**

(approx. 400 uA electrical)

- An optical sensitivity of < -35 dBm (10<sup>-9</sup> BER) at 125 Mb/s and <-35 at 266 Mb/s.

Parameter	Value
Chip Size	1mm <sup>2</sup>
Supply Voltage V <sub>dd</sub>	+5V ± 10%
Supply Current I <sub>dd</sub>	35 mA
+ f <sub>3dB</sub>	230 MHz
Transresistance	
R <sub>L</sub> = 50 ohms	
Pin = <-25 dBm	7 kohms
Pin = >-10 dBm	250 ohms
* Optical Sensitivity @ 10 <sup>-9</sup> BER	
B = 125 Mb/s	-36 dBm
B = 155 Mb/s	-37.5 dBm
B = 266 Mb/s	-35.5 dBm
Input Optical Overload	>0 dBm
Output Impedance	30 ohms
Output Swing	>0.3V p-p

+ C Diode = 0.4 pf

\* Responsivity R = 0.9

\* Noise Filter Bandwidth = 0.68 x B, 2<sup>15</sup>-1 PRBS

**Table 2. Performance results of 200 MHz GaAs preamplifier.**

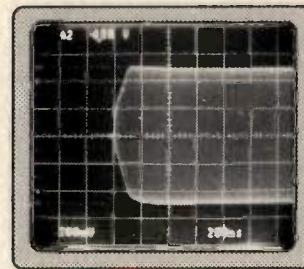
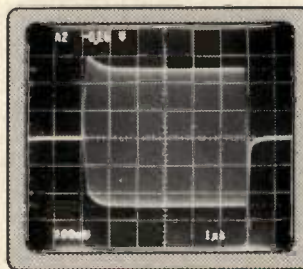
RF Design

Input Overload	Feedback Resistor	F3dB	Sensitivity	B
0 dBm	60 kohm	60 MHz	-43 dBm	52 Mb/s
0 dBm	8 kohm	500 MHz	-33 dBm	622 Mb/s
0 dBm	3.3 kohm	1.2 GHz	-30 dBm	1.1 Gb/s

**Table 3. Performance results from three lower power single supply circuits.**

## Your attenuator, please...

Cougar Components introduces attenuators with fast switching speed, high attenuation range, and low insertion loss.



**GC2530 — Switching Speed — GC2534**

Guaranteed Specifications: 0 to 50 °C

Model	Frequency Range MHz	Insertion Loss dB Typ. Max.	Attenuation dB Typ. Min.	SWR Typ. Max.	Switching Speed 10-90% 100% Typ. (μs) Max. (μs)	Control V I (mA) Max.	Bias V I (mA) Max.
GC2001	5-1000 5-2000	2.0 2.5 2.8 3.3	30 25 23 20	1.5:1 2.0:1 1.6:1 2.2:1	2.0 125 2.0 125	0-15 0-7 0-15 0-7	15 15 15 15
GC2530	500-1000 1000-2000 2000-2500	2.3 2.8 2.8 3.3 3.0 3.5	43 35 38 30 35 28	1.2:1 1.8:1 1.2:1 2.0:1 <1.3:1 2.2:1	0.2 1.0 0.2 1.0 0.2 1.0	0-15 0-10 0-15 0-10 0-15 0-10	15 10 15 10 15 10
GC2534	500-2500	See GC2530			<0.1 0.4	See GC2530	
GC2510	10-2500	See GC2530			<1.5 9.0	See GC2530	

All Cougar Components products are manufactured using materials and processes that meet or exceed MIL-STD-883 requirements.

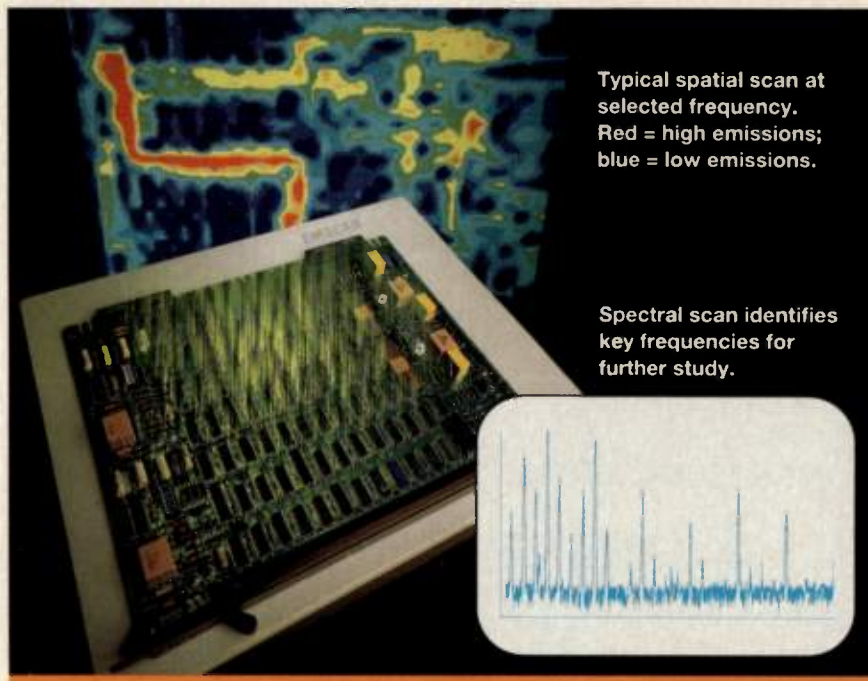
**For a free catalog and complete data sheets call 408-492-1400, or send a fax to 408-492-1500.**



**COUGAR  
COMPONENTS**

2225-K Martin Ave.  
Santa Clara, CA 95050





## Catch emissions problems at board level, where compliance fixes are least costly.

**N**ow you can quickly get a color image of the electromagnetic performance of your printed-circuit board or subassembly *before* final compliance testing. Spatial and spectral displays generated by the EMSCAN PCB emissions scanner show you which frequencies and which areas of the board under test are guilty. These scans are stored for later comparison after design alterations, to check whether offending emissions are now down to acceptable levels.

Just plug your receiver or spectrum analyzer, and your computer with IEEE-488 interface, into the EMSCAN scanner, and a matrix of 1280 H-field probes maps the area of your test board (up to 9" x 12") for high, medium, and low-emissions spots within the 10-to-750-MHz frequency range. Or you can see a spectral display showing the overall condition of the board across the spectrum. You may then choose a

frequency of particular interest for intensive spatial examination.

After the development stage, you can use EMSCAN as a quality-control tool, checking completed boards against a "good" scan before they go into assembly. This is the point where production compliance becomes virtually assured.

The software operates under "Windows" to make early diagnosis easy, even for those who are new to compliance testing. It can run on several PCs and workstations, and is readily ported to other environments for analysis.

You should learn all about this qualitative and quantitative measure of emissions for use during product development—where design corrections are least costly. To start, call toll-free (1-800-933-8181) to speak with an applications engineer and arrange to see a demonstration in your office or plant.



160 School House Road  
Souderton, PA 18964-9990 USA  
215-723-8181 • Fax 215-723-5688

For engineering assistance, sales, and service throughout Europe, call  
EMV • Munich, 89-612-8054 • London, 908-566-556 • Paris, 1-64-61-63-29

INFO/CARD 33



To obtain this sensitivity and dynamic range, a preamplifier with automatic AGC control is needed.

Figure 7 is the block diagram of the preamp IC shown connected to all external components. The inverting amplifier has an open loop gain of  $-35$  and the bandwidth is 1.5 GHz. Using a photodiode with a capacitance of 0.4 pF allows a feedback resistor of 20 kohms.

The AGC circuit is accomplished with a feedback FET whose gate is fed the average value of the unbuffered output. As the average optical input level increases, a negative current flows out of the input and the gate of the FET is turned on with a positive DC voltage. It is important that the photodiode sink current out of the amplifier. This is because the source of the feedback FET should be connected to the virtual ground at the input to avoid pulse width distortion. The final output of the chip is a source follower buffer whose equivalent output impedance is 50 ohms.

The circuit was fabricated in Analogics' low power GaAs MESFET process, which features an  $f_T$  of 17 GHz, a  $g_m$  of 160 mS/mm, a  $g_m r_d$  of 30, and an  $I_{dss}$  of 40 mA/mm. A precision nichrome resistor of 18 kohms used as the feedback resistor, is possible in this process. The tolerance on this resistor is better than  $\pm 5$  percent.

Figure 8 shows an eye diagram at the output of the preamp while operating at a bit rate of 266 Mb/s and a  $2^{15}-1$  PRBS. The upper trace shows the circuit operating at low input levels approximately 25 dBm. The lower trace shows the preamp operating with an optical input power of 0 dBm. The bandwidth at high optical levels is about 1 GHz since the feedback resistor changes from 18 kohms to about 500 ohms.

Table 2 lists the performance results obtained for the preamplifier thus far.

### Other Bit Rate Preamplifiers

The amplifier of Figure 7 has an open loop gain of  $-35$  and a 3 dB bandwidth of 1.5 GHz. By changing the feedback resistor value, we can design preamplifiers optimized for various different bit rates. Table 3 lists performance results obtained from three additional low power single supply circuits.

RF

### References

1. R. Bayruns, "An Amplifier Having a Low Noise Active GaAs MESFET Load," U.S. Patent 07/554,802.
2. Y. Hatta, et. al., "A GaAs IC Set for



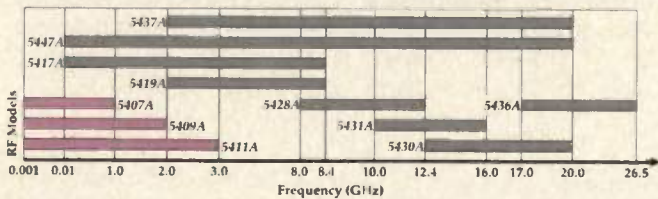
# The Complete Scalar System With Source and Savings Built-In.

## Introducing RF Versions of Wiltron's 5400A Scalar Measurement System

Three RF models provide frequency coverage from 1 to 3000 MHz. The 5400A provides a total system for measuring transmission loss or gain, return loss and RF power. The 5400A provides synthesized sweeper accuracy, ease of use, and 71 dB dynamic range - in a single integrated package - for less than the cost of an ordinary scalar analyzer and sweep generator combination.

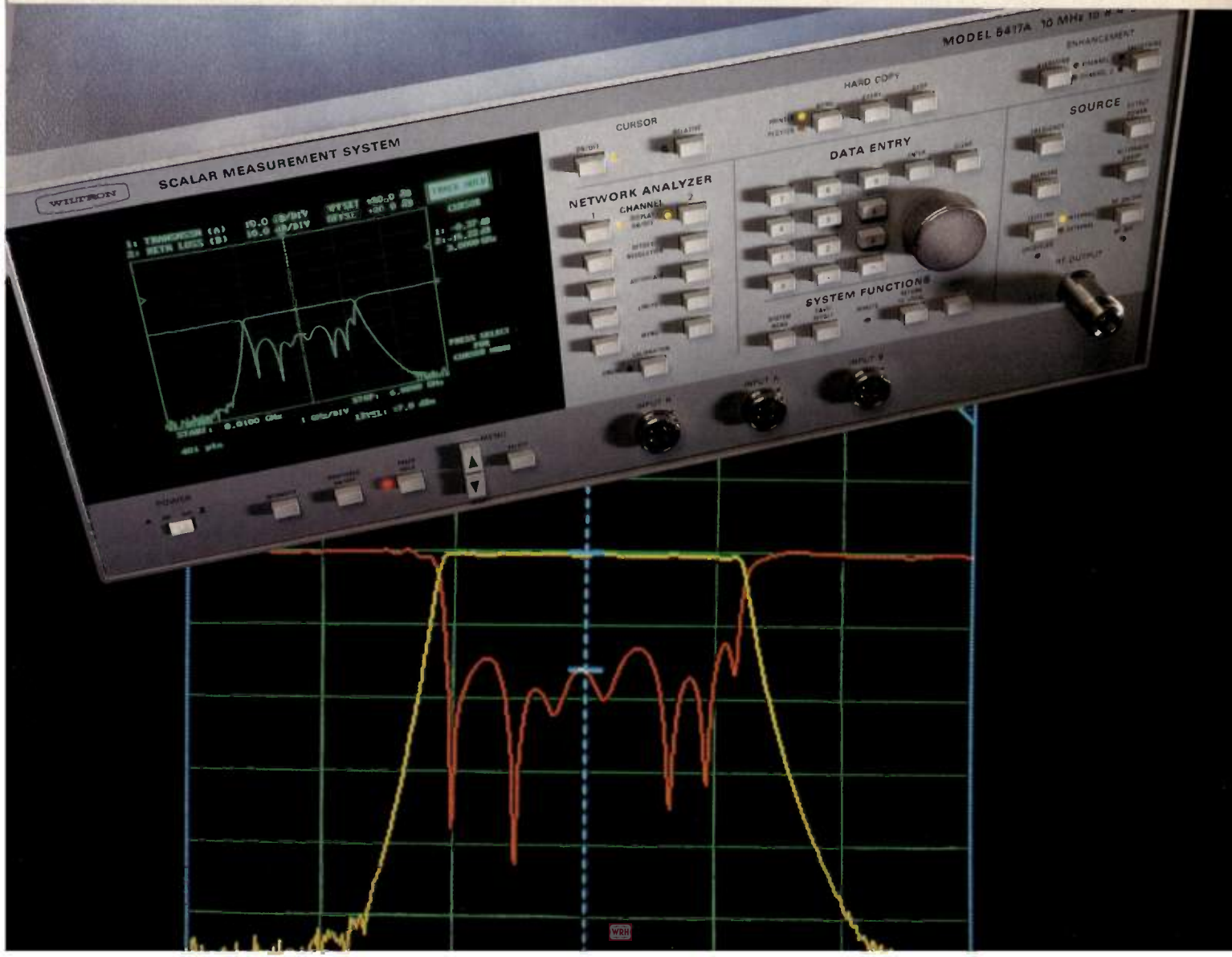
## Full Performance and Features

You'll work with advanced marker and cursor features. Custom X-axis. Smoothing. Averaging. Trace memory. Buffered printer/plotter outputs. VGA color output. GPIB interface for ATE applications. External leveling. Reference channel. And more. Request a 5400A data sheet from Wiltron Company, 490 Jarvis Drive, Morgan Hill, CA 95037 USA. Or call 408-778-2000.



# WILTRON

INFO/CARD 34





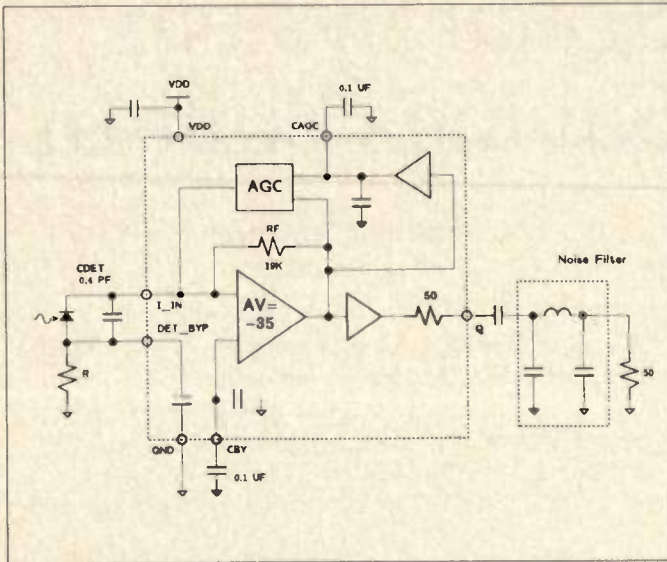


Figure 7. Block diagram of the Auto AGC GaAs preamplifier. External components are also shown.

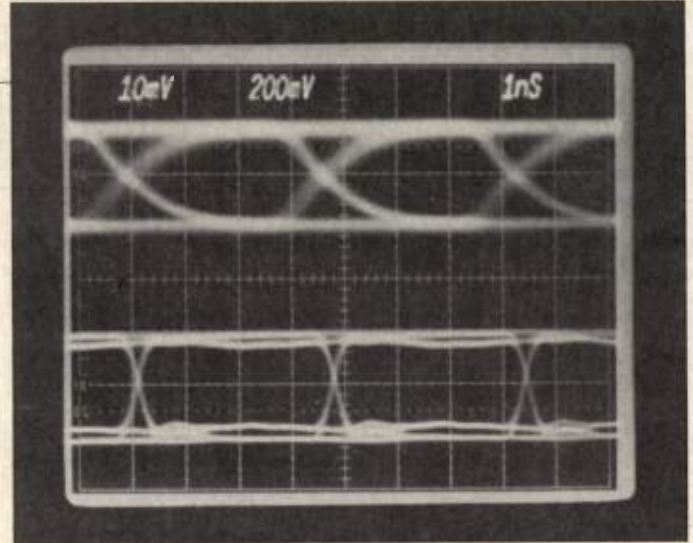


Figure 8. Output of preamplifier at 266 Mb/s and a  $2^{15} - 1$  PRBS. Upper -  $P_{opt} = -25$  dBm, 10 mV/DIV, Lower -  $P_{opt} = 0$  dBm, 200 mV/DIV.

Full Integration of 2.4 Gb/s Optical Transmission Systems," *IEEE GaAs IC Symposium Technical Digest*, pp. 15-18, 1988.

3. R. Minasian, "Optimum Design of a 4 Gbits/s GaAs MESFET Optical Preamplifier," *IEEE Journal of Lightwave Technology*, vol. LT-S, March 1987.

#### About the Authors

Robert Bayruns is the Director of RF and Digital Product Development. Tim Laverick is responsible for design, development and product engineering of fiber-optic and analog

GaAs ICs. Norman Scheinberg is the Chief Scientist as Anadigics and is working on GaAs linear circuits. They can be reached at Anadigics, 35 Technology Drive, Box 4915, Warren, NJ 07059. Tel: (908) 668-5000.

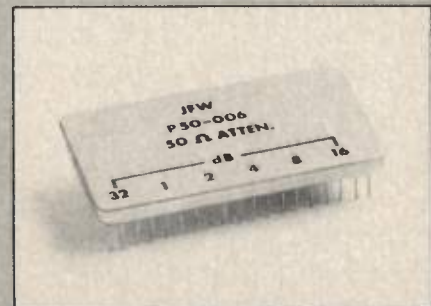
# Programmable Attenuators

**50P-076**  
Frequency Range  
DC-1000 MHz  
Attenuation Range  
0-127 dB in 1 dB steps



**50P-766**  
Frequency Range  
DC-5 GHz  
Attenuation Range  
0-70 dB in 10 dB steps

**P-50-021**  
Frequency Range  
50-250 MHz  
Attenuation Range  
0-31 dB in 1 dB steps



**P50-006**  
Frequency Range  
10-600 MHz  
Attenuation Range  
0-63 dB in 1 dB steps



**JFW Industries, Inc.**  
5134 Commerce Square Drive  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46237  
317-887-1340 Fax: 317-881-6790



# TFL HAS YOUR OSCILLATORS



## **TCXO** New! Low Priced *Temperature Controlled Crystal Oscillator*

**Frequency Range:**  
1 to 40 MHz

**Frequency Stability:**  
0 to +50°C:  $\pm 0.6$  PPM  
-20°C to 70°C:  $\pm 0.8$  PPM  
-40°C to 85°C:  $\pm 1.0$  PPM

**Outputs:**  
HCMOS, CMOS,  
Clipped Sinewave

**Supply Voltage:**  
Standard: 5VDC  
Option: 12VDC or 15VDC

**Size:**  
0.8" x 0.8" x 0.4"

**Aging:**  
 $< 1 \times 10^{-6}$ /year

## **OCXO** *Oven Controlled Crystal Oscillator*

**Frequency Range:**  
to 50 MHz

**Short Term Stabilities:**  
up to  $5 \times 10^{-12}$  (1 sec)

**Warm-Up Time:**  
As low as 1 min

**Temperature Stability:**  
 $\pm 5 \times 10^{-10}$   
(0° to +50°C)

**Low Aging Rate:**  
 $< 5 \times 10^{-11}$ /Day

**Low Noise:**  
 $< -157$  dBc@  
10 kHz Offset

**Low Vibration  
Sensitivity:**  
 $3 \times 10^{-10}$ /g

**Temperature Range:**  
-55° to +120°C

## **TCXO** *Temperature Controlled Crystal Oscillator*

**Frequency Range:**  
0.02 Hz to 20 MHz

**Frequency Stability:**  
 $\pm 0.8$  PPM  
(-40° to +85°C)

**Aging:**  $\pm 1.0$  PPM/yr  
typ.

**Supply Voltage:**  
2 to 15 Vdc

**Supply Current:**  
As low as 1.0 mA

**Size:**  
Standard:  
1.5" x 1.5" x 0.5"  
As small as:  
0.960" x 0.5" x 0.2"

## **CXO** *Crystal Clock Oscillator*

**Frequency Range:**  
TTL: 10 Hz to 100 MHz  
C-MOS: 1 Hz to 5 MHz  
ECL: 5 MHz to 500 MHz  
Sinewave: 1 Hz-1 GHz

**Frequency Stability:**  
Typ.  $\pm 50$  PPM (-20°  
to +70°C, Industrial)  
Typ.  $\pm 50$  PPM (-55°  
to +125°C, Military)  
Up to  $\pm 10$  PPM  
available (-20° to +70°C)

**Aging:**  
 $\pm 10$  PPM/yr (Industrial)  
 $\pm 5$  PPM/yr (Military)

**Outputs:** TTL, C-MOS,  
ECL, Sinewave

**Packages:** TO-5, TO-8,  
DIP, Hermetically  
Sealed Metal Case



At TFL The Quality Is Crystal Clear.  
Time & Frequency Ltd.

Only RALTRON has it all.

**RALTRON**

RALTRON ELECTRONICS CORP.

2315 NW 107th Avenue, Miami, Florida 33172 USA  
(305) 593-6033 Fax (305) 594-3973 Telex 441588 RALSEN  
INFO/CARD 37



# Locating Power Line RF Interference

By James Harris  
Trilithic, Inc.

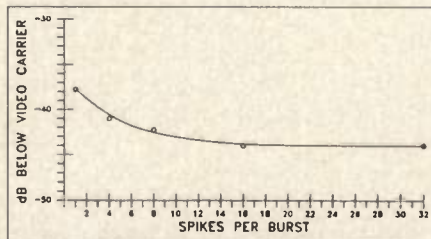
*Of all sources of radio interference, radio frequency interference (RFI) generated by AC power distribution systems is the most common and often the most difficult to track down. These systems are designed to be interference-free, but hardware defects and failures will inevitably occur, and a single defect can generate enough RF energy to disrupt VHF communications for miles. All such defects are repairable once the subject hardware is identified; not always a simple process.*

**F**inding the power structures that generate RFI is both an art and a science, and proficiency improves only with practice. However, a methodical approach to RFI-hunting and use of the right instruments can shorten the learning process. This article describes a set of tools for RFI location and an efficient procedure for using them to locate RFI-generating power structures on the first attempt.

## The Composition of Power RFI

RFI generated by power distribution systems takes the form of very short pulses or spikes. The pulses are sometimes less than 70 nanoseconds in duration and occur in bursts at one or both peaks of the AC sine wave. A given burst may contain from one to several hundred spikes. In part, the effect of a given RFI source on VHF communications is proportional to the number of spikes it generates in each burst. In TV applications, the threshold at which interference can be perceived varies as much as 8 dB, depending on the number of spikes per burst (See Table 1).

The power RFI spectrum is very



**Table 1. Power line interference limit of detectability.**

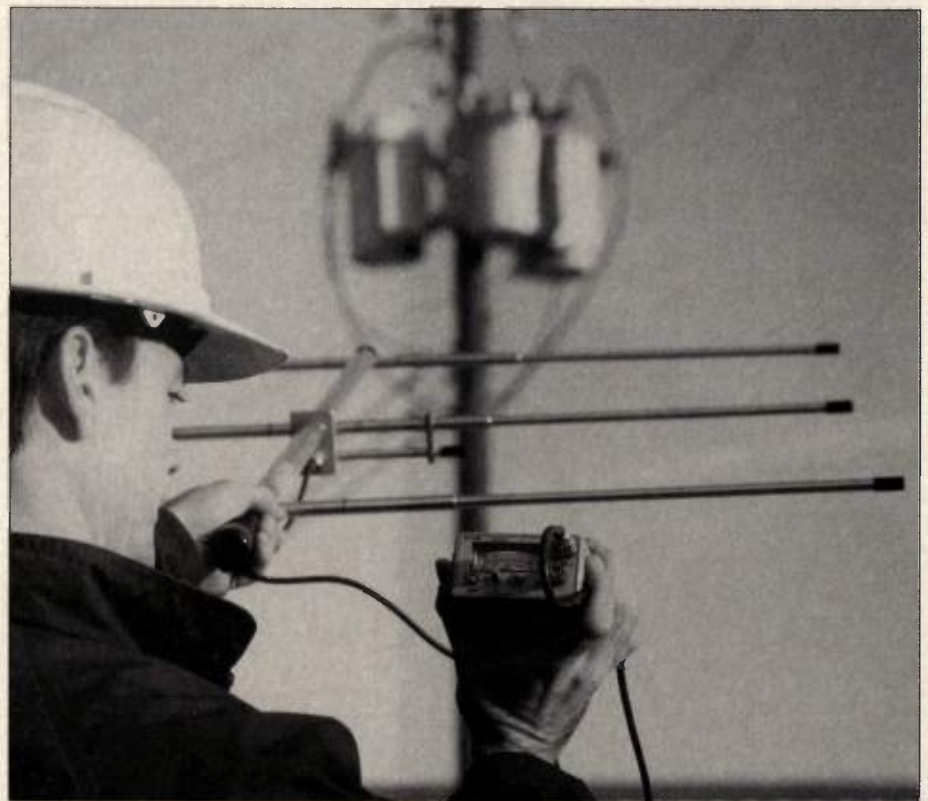
broad, sometimes extending to hundreds of MHz. Amplitude decreases with increasing frequency in a regular, predictable way, the rate depending on the mechanism by which the interference was generated. Two mechanisms, corona discharge and microgap discharge, cause almost all power-related RFI. Both are associated with very high-voltage, or transmission power lines, and medium voltage distribution lines. Secondary lines, those carrying less than 1000 volts, are rarely a source of RFI, though they may conduct RFI generated by equipment connected to them.

Corona or brush discharge occurs at a point or along sharp edges of hardware in contact with high-voltage lines. The intense electrical field ionizes the air molecules near these points, and the resulting current generates the RFI

energy. Corona discharge most commonly occurs on power structures operating at greater than 100 kV.

The amplitude of corona-generated RFI falls off very rapidly with increasing frequency. Although a problem for AM broadcasters and HF ham radio operators, corona only affects VHF communication systems if the point of radiation is very close to the receiving antenna.

Microgap discharge occurs when the field around the power line induces a charge on nearby hardware. If the charge is strong enough, very small sparks will jump between adjacent hardware, through layers of corrosion, or along cracks in insulators. These sparks, though small, generate considerable amounts of RF energy. Note that direct contact with the primary line is not necessary, so any loose pole hardware



*Engineer using Trilithic PLI-150 Interference Locator System to find a defective lightning arrester that is generating VHF electrical noise. On foot measurements will usually track RFI sources to the nearest power pole.*



# POWER



***Transforming Nature's Energy Into  
State-Of-The-Art Power Transistors.***



## **Bipolar Transistors**

Part Number	Frequency GHz	Power Out	Gain	Efficiency	Pulse Width	Duty Factor
PH3135-90S	3.1-3.5	90W	8.5dB	40%	2μS	10%
PH2729-110M	2.7-2.9	110W	8.0dB	40%	100μS	10%
PH1214-220M	1.2-1.4	220W	8.0dB	53%	150μS	10%
PH1090-350L	1.03-1.09	350W	8.0dB	60%	250μS	10%

## **MOSFET Transistors**

Part Number	Frequency MHz	Power Out	Gain	Efficiency	Operating Voltage
LF40100M	1000	100W	10.0dB	50%	40
CR2480M	960	80W	10.0dB	50%	26
UF28150J	500	150W	8.0dB	55%	28
DU1260T	175	60W	8.0dB	60%	12

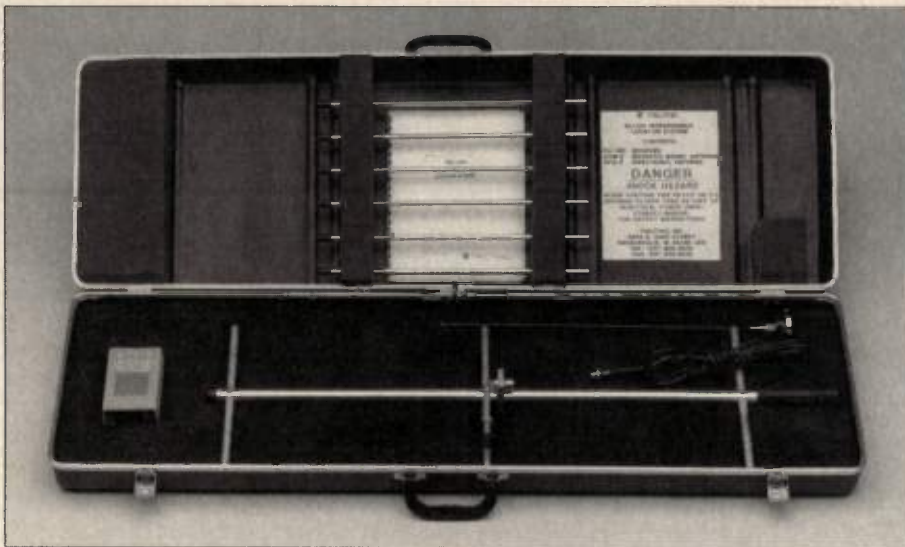
***Unparalleled Power, Gain And Efficiency.***

**M/A-COM PHI, INC.**

INFO/CARD 63

M/A-COM PHI, Inc. 1742 Crenshaw Blvd., Torrance California 90501 • 213-320-6160 • TWX 910-349-6651 • FAX 213-618-9191  
Now Distributed by Richardson Electronics LTD. USA 1-800-348-5580 CANADA 1-800-387-2280





The PLI-150 kit is provided in a convenient carrying case.

(and occasionally, a rain gutter or chain link fence) near the line can be a site for microgap discharge.

Microgap-generated RFI can occur in transmission systems but is most often found in distribution systems. Statistically, the sheer volume of hardware used in distribution makes defects likely, and distribution lines are more often found near receiving sites. Also, the amplitude of microgap-generated RFI

decreases with frequency at a much slower rate than RFI generated by corona discharge, so a microgap is likely to generate significant energy in the VHF spectrum. For all of these reasons, microgap discharge is the cause of most power-related VHF interference problems.

#### Finding Sources of Power RFI

The procedure laid out in the following

paragraphs requires the use of a portable, calibrated RFI receiver system. There are many calibrated RFI receivers to choose from, each designed for a particular application and each with its own advantages and trade-offs. The examples in this article use the Trilithic PLI-150 Interference Locator System, a fixed-tuned, 150 MHz receiver with vehicle and hand-held antennas and a mobile mount. The unit of field strength used by the PLI-150, and in the examples in this article, is dBmV/meter. The dBmV scale is referenced to one millivolt, and was chosen because a dB scale simplifies calculations and because it is a widely used unit of measure in the CATV industry.

The steps in identifying power RFI sources are:

- 1) Estimate the field strength of the interference at the receiving site (base station, CATV headend, VHF amateur radio station, etc.).
- 2) Conduct a survey to locate and measure all RFI sources in a defined search area around the antenna.
- 3) Determine which of the located sources is strong enough, and at the right distance and angle, to cause perceivable RFI.

## VCXO in Double Dip Package

ECL Compatible  
output to 250 MHz  
in .8" x .98" x .2"  
package

These state of the art oscillators can be manufactured to your requirements. Consult the factory for details of specific options.

### SPECIFICATIONS

**Operating Temp. Range:**  
-55°C to +125°C

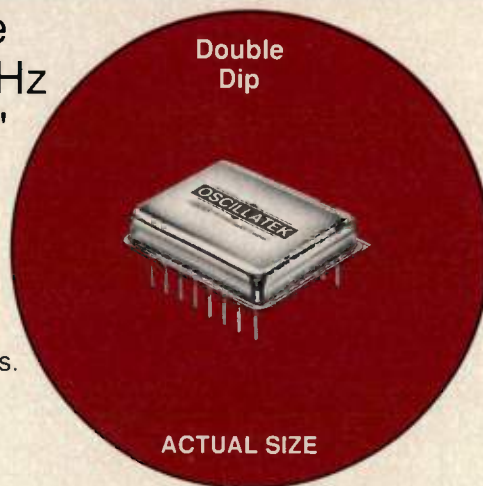
**Deviation:** to 200 PPM

**Temperature Stability:**  
to 10 PPM

**Control Voltage:** 0 to -5.2 VDC

**Linearity:** up to 5%

**Initial Accuracy:** to  $\pm 5$  PPM



Various control voltages and output waveform options are available.

**OSCILLATEK**

★ TECHNOLOGIES COMPANY

620 N. Lindenwood Drive • Olathe, Kansas 66062  
FAX: (913) 829-3505 • Phone: (913) 829-1777

## VACUUM CAPACITORS



- Voltages from 3 to 100 kV
- Currents from 30 to 1100 A
- Capacitance from 3 to 6600 pF
- Variable and Fixed Construction

These high vacuum Swiss precision capacitors are designed for long, reliable operation even in the most severe industrial environments. Modular design allows for quick and economical custom designs.

Please ask for our 50 page catalog with over 350 standard types.

### Inmark Corporation

4 Byington Place  
Norwalk, CT 06850  
Tel: 203-866-8474  
Fax: 203-866-0918

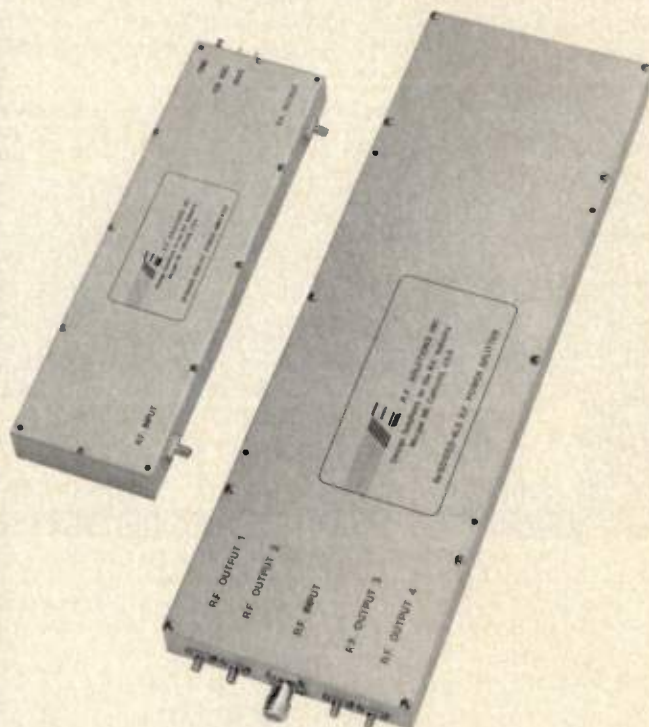


..... ONLY ?

# R.F. POWER AMPLIFIER MODULES

MODEL NUMBER	POWER Watts	GAIN dB	SUPPLY Volts	PRICE
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 5 – 50 MHz</b>				
RFP0550-100	100	44	50	\$2,100.00
RFP0550-1000	1000	16	50	\$5,040.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 50 – 100 MHz</b>				
RFP0800-100P50	50	30	50	\$1,485.00
RFP0800-100P100	100	30	50	\$1,660.00
RFP0800-100P200	200	30	50	\$2,200.00
RFP800-100	600	16	50	\$2,424.00
RFP01100-300	300	46	50	\$3,150.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 76 – 108 MHz</b>				
RFP0810-600	600	16	50	\$1,780.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 75 – 150 MHz</b>				
RFP0800-150P50	50	30	50	\$1,485.00
RFP0800-150P100	100	30	50	\$1,660.00
RFP0800-150P200	200	30	50	\$2,200.00
RFP800-150	500	14	50	\$2,424.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 100 – 200 MHz</b>				
RFP0800-200P50	50	30	50	\$1,660.00
RFP0800-200P100	100	30	50	\$2,900.00
RFP800-200	400	13	50	\$3,636.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 225 – 400 MHz</b>				
RFP0204-4	4	20	28	\$ 484.00
RFP0204-10	10	30	28	\$ 685.00
RFP0204-25	25	30	28	\$1,140.00
RFP0204-50	50	40	28	\$1,695.00
RFP0204-100	100	40	28	\$2,200.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 400 – 500 MHz</b>				
RFP0405-4	4	20	28	\$ 435.00
RFP0405-10	10	30	28	\$ 616.00
RFP0405-25	25	30	28	\$1,026.00
RFP0405-50	50	40	28	\$1,525.50
RFP0405-100	100	40	28	\$1,980.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 1 – 500 MHz</b>				
RFP00105-4	4	20	28	\$1,450.00
RFP00105-10	10	30	28	\$2,300.00
RFP00105-25	25	30	28	\$2,800.00
RFP00105-50	50	40	28	\$3,752.00
RFP00105-100	100	40	28	\$5,600.00
<b>FREQUENCY RANGE 500 – 1000 MHz</b>				
RFP0510-4	4	20	28	\$2,610.00
RFP0510-10	10	30	40	\$3,800.00
RFP0510-25	25	30	40	\$4,900.00
RFP0510-50	50	40	40	\$6,800.00
RFP0510-100	100	40	40	\$9 800.00

## STANDARD MODULES



## OTHER PRODUCTS

- Power splitters and combiners
- Directional couplers
- Standard or custom microwave amplifiers
- Filters



## R.F. SOLUTIONS INC.

16055 Caputo Drive, Morgan Hill, CA 95037, Phone (408) 778-9020, FAX (408) 779-4832



## Step 1: Estimating RFI Strength at the Antenna

There are several ways to determine the level of RFI arriving at the antenna. The most direct way is simply to measure it. Unfortunately, this is not always practical. In video applications, for example, a weak signal can be disrupted by levels of RFI too small to be conveniently measured.

A less direct, but often more practical method, is to deduce the interference level from (S+N)/N estimates. For video applications this is especially attractive because data is available to correlate

various levels of interference with effects on TV picture quality.

The simplest method of all is to determine not the actual (S+N)/N ratio, but the minimum (S+N)/N ratio that could cause perceptible interference. For example, power line interference becomes visible in a TV picture at about -40 dBc (dB below carrier). If the video carrier has an amplitude of 10 dBmV, the level of visible RFI must be at least -30 dBmV. The actual strength of the RFI might be greater, but if visible on the TV screen, it cannot be less. In this example, any RFI source found in the

field that could produce interference at the receiving site greater than -30 dBmV, regardless of precise amplitude, would be of great interest.

Having determined the level of RFI at the antenna down lead by one of the methods above, the engineer must now convert down lead strength to field strength. The calculation takes the form:

$$[\text{Field Strength (dBmV/meter)}] = [\text{Down lead Strength (dBmV)}] - [\text{Antenna Gain (dBd)}] + [20\log(.021\text{Frequency})]$$

If the engineer is using a measurement system that operates on a frequency other than the frequency of interest, an additional correction is needed to account for the decrease in RFI intensity with increasing frequency:

$$[\text{Correction Factor (dB)}] = [20\log(\text{Measurement Frequency/Frequency of Interest})]$$

Example: Assume a receiving antenna gain of 7 dBd (antenna gain reference to a dipole), and a down lead RFI strength of -30 dBmV at 77.25 MHz (Channel 5):

$$[\text{Field Strength (dBmV/meter)}] = [-30\text{dBmV}] - [7\text{ dB}] + [20\log(0.021 \times 77.25)]$$

# CRYSTAL FILTERS

## • MONOLITHIC • DISCRETE •

TEMEX ELECTRONICS is a manufacturer of Crystal Filters, Discriminators, L/C Filters and Crystals. TEMEX designs to custom specifications as well as the 10.7 MHz and 21.4 MHz standards. We take pride in fast response and the support of our customers. • PHONE • FAX • MAIL •

**TEMEX ELECTRONICS, INC.**  
5021 N. 55th Ave. #10 Glendale, Az. 85301  
(Tel) 602-842-0159 (Fax) 602-939-6830

INFO/CARD 42

# WBE

Circle INFO/CARD #43 FOR CATALOG AND PRICE LIST

## IMPEDANCE CONVERTERS

The A65 Series uses a specially designed, individually tuned broadband transformer for converting 50 ohms to 75 ohms or 75 ohms to 50 ohms with virtually no loss (.15 dB typical).

This device replaces the conventional MLP (minimum loss pad) where extra padding is unnecessary. Model A65 is frequently attached directly to a 50 ohm test instrument for use in a system requiring a 75 ohm impedance. The unit is also valuable when attached to both ports of a device under test of opposite impedance than the measuring system. When the A65 series is substituted for two resistive MLPs on each end of a two port device or on both generator and detector, a gain of approximately 11 dB is added to the circuit.

## MINIMUM LOSS PADS

MLP Series is a resistive minimum loss pad (MLP) for converting 50 and 75 ohm equipment. This is essential for direct connection to the "device under test" for critical impedance mismatch isolation. It provides accurate and repeatable through loss and gain measurements. Available as standard value of 5.7 dB or other values such as 6.3 dB for RF Bridge Suppression.

## ATTENUATOR PADS

Matching attenuator pads are available by special order for any value from 0-40 dB.

Model	Freq. Range MHz	VSWR	Loss dB	Power	Price (BNC conns.)
A65	1-500	1.2:1 max. 1-500 MHz 1.05:1 max. 2-500 MHz	.25 max. .8-500 MHz .16 max. 5-500 MHz	5 W cw	\$50.00
A65GA	1-500	1.2:1 max. 1-500 MHz 1.03:1 max. 5-500 MHz	.25 max. 1-500 MHz .16 max. 5-500 MHz	5 W cw	63.00
A65L	.05-200	1.2:1 max. .05-250 MHz 1.05:1 max. 1-200 MHz	.35 max. .020-200 MHz .15 max. .05-100 MHz	5 W cw	63.00
A65U	1-900	1.1:1 max. 2-900 MHz 1.05:1 typical 10-900 MHz	.5 max. 1-900 MHz	5 W cw	75.00

Model	Freq. Range MHz	VSWR (Return Loss)	Loss (dB)	Loss Flatness	Power	Price (BNC conns.)
MLPV	0-500	1.05:1 max. (32 dB min)	5.7 nominal	±.1 dB max.	.25 W cw	\$45.00
MLPU	0-900	1.05:1 max. (32 dB min)	5.7 nominal	±.2 dB max.	.25 W cw	75.00



# WIDE BAND ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC.

P.O. BOX 21652, PHOENIX, AZ 85036

TELEPHONE/FAX: (602) 254-1570

INFO/CARD 43



..... NOT ONLY

## R.F. POWER AMPLIFIER MODULES

1 MHz TO 1000 MHz

5 WATTS TO 20,000 WATTS

SOLID STATE - TUBE - HYBRID

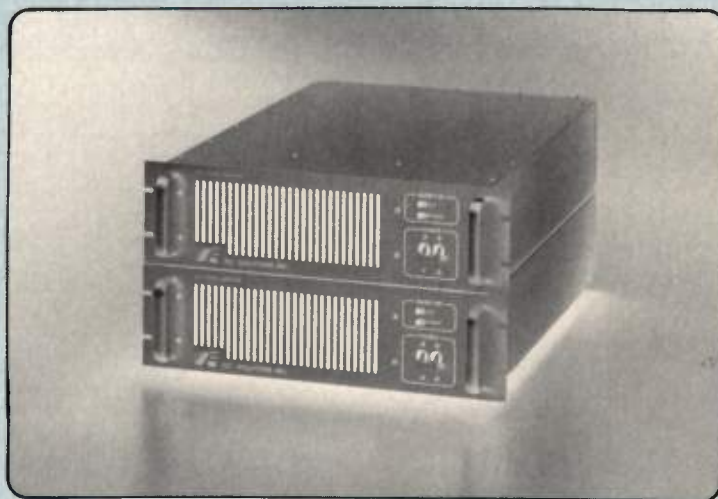
AIR COOLED - LIQUID COOLED - CONDUCTION COOLED

---

## R.F. POWER AMPLIFIER SYSTEMS

---

- N.M.R.
- E.C.M.
- RADAR
- DIATHERMY
- F.M. BROADCAST
- PLASMA ETCHING
- COMMUNICATIONS
- LASER EXCITATION
- INDUSTRIAL HEATING
- MRI - MEDICAL IMAGING
- MEDICAL STERILIZATION
- CYCLOTRON EXCITATION
- TELEVISION BROADCAST



### OTHER PRODUCTS

- O.E.M. R.F. MODULES
- POWER SPLITTERS
- POWER COMBINERS
- FILTERS
- DIRECTIONAL COUPLERS
- CUSTOM AMPLIFIER DESIGN



**R.F. SOLUTIONS INC.**

16055 Caputo Drive, Morgan Hill, CA 95037, Phone (408) 778-9020, FAX (408) 779-4832

INFO/CARD 44

WRN



77.25)] = [-30 dBmV] - [7 dB] + [4.2 dB] = -32.8 dBmV/meter

To determine the level that would be measured by an RFI receiver operating at 150 MHz:

[RFI at 150 MHz] = [-32.8 dBmV/meter] - [20log(150/77.25)] = [-32.8 dBmV/meter] - [5.8 dB] = -38.6 dBmV/meter

This value, which we will call the RFI threshold, will be used in Step 3 to evaluate RFI sources located in Step 2.

### Step 2: Conducting a Field Search

When planning a field search, the engineer is confronted with two problems. First, the area that he must search will probably be quite large. A strong source can interfere with TV off-air

reception from a distance of several miles. Clearly, it is not practical to cover such a large area on foot.

Secondly, any large search area is likely to contain dozens of power structures that radiate some amount of RF energy. Few of these will be relevant to the engineer's RFI problem. A large part of the engineer's task will be to differentiate between those few and the many sources that are not relevant.

The solution to both problems is to perform the search in two phases. The first phase is to survey the entire search area in a vehicle, using a mobile-mounted receiver and antenna, noting the location and approximate strength of all strong RFI sources and determining which sources warrant further examination. In the second phase of the search, the engineer returns on foot to these sources and makes accurate measurements using a portable RFI receiver and hand-held antenna.

There are two ways to organize an RFI search. One is to simply detect and measure every RFI source encountered and evaluate the data when the survey is completed. Although this approach will yield accurate results, most of the data will be quickly discarded during the post-survey evaluation.

Or, the engineer can plan a search using a map of the area. In preparing a search map, the engineer begins with the estimated strength of the RFI at the receiving site (the threshold derived in Step 1), allowing for the pattern of the receiving antenna. Using the formulas outlined in Step 3, he then calculates how strong an RFI source would have to be if found at various points in the search area, and marks these figures on the map for reference during the survey. During the search, he can refer to this map to evaluate sources as he finds them and take data only on those sources that are likely to contribute to the RFI problem.

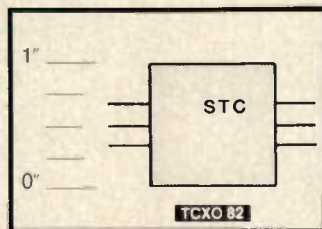
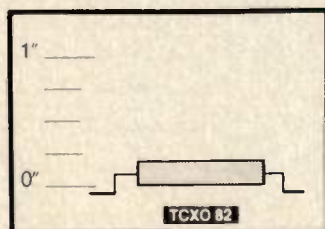
**Conducting a Vehicle Survey** — Before beginning a vehicle survey, it is necessary to verify that there are no significant RFI sources in and around the receiving site. Observe the effect of turning off compressors, fluorescent lights and other auxiliary equipment in the immediate area. The engineer may also wish to sweep the area on foot, using the RFI receiver with a dipole or directional antenna.

For the vehicle survey, it is recommended that a calibrated, vehicle-mounted whip antenna be used with the receiver. The whip should be placed on

THE INDUSTRY'S

# MOST WANTED

TCXO



## The latest TCXO from STC

### DESCRIPTION:

- 0.2 cubic inches  
1" x 1" x 0.2" high
- Mil grade available
- Surface mountable
- Custom configurable leads

### MODE OF OPERATION:

- Low phase noise
- Frequencies up to 350 mhz
- Low power consumption
- Highly stable, precision performance

## Analog Chip Temperature Compensation Technology

Buy one or borrow one.

Call us for technical literature and complete details on our unique offer.

STC COMPONENTS, INC., 636 REMINGTON ROAD, SCHAUMBURG, IL 60173  
1.800.624.6491 • 708.490.7150 • FAX 708.490.9707 • CANADA: 1.800.624.6494  
UK: 0279.626626



INFO/CARD 45



the vehicle's roof at the point where ignition noise causes minimum interference. Since the whip is omnidirectional, RFI sources are located by noting peaks in RFI strength. The engineer should methodically follow the paths of all the primary power lines in the search area, noting the location and field strength for each source and the approximate distance between the whip antenna and the power lines. If he is using a map, he need only record the sources that approach the threshold level for that location. Sources more than 6 dB below the threshold can be ignored.

Occasionally two or more sources will be close enough to be received simultaneously. If the receiver has a loudspeaker, the individual sources can be differentiated by the sound each produces. It is unlikely that two sources that are close enough to overlap will sound the same.

If a source cannot be resolved to one or more clear-cut location, it may actually be several sources spaced very close together, or it may be a diffuse source caused by multiple defective insulators. It is sufficient to map out the general area and defer final judgement until measurements can be made with a directional antenna.

**On-Foot Measurements** — The vehicle survey will establish the approximate positions of one or more sources that may be strong enough to cause RFI problems. The engineer now uses the calibrated receiver with the directional antenna to determine the power and exact location of each of these sources. This phase is best conducted on foot.

Swinging the antenna up and down, and side-to-side, the engineer walks in the direction of increasing RFI strength. Rotating the antenna along its axis (so the tips of the elements point up and down) may improve pointing accuracy if the RF field is polarized. Once the precise location of the RFI source is known, its power should be measured at some convenient distance, and the location, field strength, and measurement distance should be recorded. Remember to subtract the gain of the directional antenna from the measurement data.

### Step 3: Evaluating the Data

Received field strength depends on the strength of the source, its distance from the receiving site, and the characteristics of the receiving antenna. All of these factors must be considered when evaluating the RFI sources found in the

field survey.

Attenuation caused by distance (path loss) increases at  $20\log(\text{distance})$ . Due to path loss, an RFI source 5000 feet from a receiving antenna must be 20 dB stronger than one 500 feet away to produce the same effect. Path loss also applies to field strength measurements, and a calibrated measurement requires that the distance between the measurement antenna and the source be known.

For simplicity, it is often convenient to express path loss to the receiving site and to the measurement antenna in the same formula:

$$[\text{Path Loss}] = [20\log(\text{distance to receiving site/distance to measurement antenna})]$$

If the pattern of the receiving antenna is omnidirectional, this formula is sufficient to evaluate the RFI sources found in Step 2. By subtracting the path loss from the measured strength for each source we can determine the RFI strength at the receiving site.

$$[\text{RFI at the Receiving Site}] = [\text{Measured RFI strength at source}] - [\text{Path Loss}]$$

If this calculation yields a value that is greater than the threshold level estimated in Step 1, the respective source is strong enough to cause perceptible RFI.

Example: Assume a source located 1000 feet from the receiving site with a strength of  $-6 \text{ dBmV/meter}$ , measured from 50 feet away. At the receiving site this source would produce an RFI level of:

$$[\text{Field Strength at the Receive Site (dBmV)}] = [\text{Field Strength measured 50 feet from the source}] - [20\log(1000/50)] \\ = [-6 \text{ dBmV/meter}] - [26 \text{ dB}] = -32 \text{ dBmV/meter}$$

If this is greater than the threshold value calculated in Step 1, the source is strong enough to cause problems.

If the antenna at the receiving site is not omnidirectional, the calculation should incorporate the attenuation caused by the antenna's directivity:

$$[\text{RFI at the Receiving Site}] = [\text{Measured RFI strength at source}] - [\text{Path Loss}] - [\text{Antenna Directivity}]$$

The directivity term can be calculated by estimating the angle of each source to the antenna's main lobe, then looking

## RF Prime... The Source.

### Power Splitters/ Combiners



2-way 0°

0.1–2500 MHz from \$9.35

- Direct replacements for Mini-Circuits' PSC, MSC, TSC, and FSC series
- Isolation as high as 30 dB (typ) @ 400 MHz
- Insertion loss as low as 1.8 dB @ 2000 MHz
- Four package configurations, including hermetically-sealed metal can
- Five-year warranty

Model No.	Freq. Range, MHz	Price, \$ Each Qty 10-24
<b>Package: 8-pin mini-can</b>		
RFPS-2-1	0.1-400	9.35
RFPS-2-2	1-650	14.50
RFPS-2-5	10-1500	21.95
RFPS-2-5-75	25-300	11.50
RFPS-2-6-75	10-850	21.50
<b>Package: 8-pin micro-can</b>		
RFBM-2-1	0.1-450	15.95
RFBM-2-2	2-650	17.95
RFBM-2-3	5-1500	21.95
RFBM-2-4	5-2000	25.95
<b>Package: 4-pin micro-can</b>		
RFPT-2-1	1-400	12.95
<b>Package: connectorized case</b>		
RFPZ-2-1	5-500	38.95
RFPZ-2-1-75	0.25-300	41.95
RFPZ-2-2	1-750	41.95
RFPZ-2-3	0.2-1000	44.95
RFPZ-2-4	10-1500	52.95
RFPZ-2-5	10-2000	56.95
RFPZ-2-6	10-2500	63.95

All models are available for immediate delivery and carry a 5-year warranty.

Call toll-free today for more information on our full line of Power Splitters, Mixers, Transformers, and surface mount products.

**800-878-4669**

**RF Prime**

11305-A Sunrise Gold Circle • Rancho Cordova, CA 95742 • Ph: 916/852-8334 • Fax: 916/852-0689



# EPSON

THE CRYSTALMASTER™

leads new  
crystal oscillator  
technologies into  
the 90's with...

the most cost effective hi-temp  
SMD crystals and oscillators and  
low cost plastic thru-hole crystal  
oscillators.



## EPSON SURFACE MOUNT CRYSTALS AND OSCILLATORS



Epson has pioneered the first truly heat resistant crystal for use in its surface mount crystals and crystal oscillators. Capable of withstanding 260°C for 20 seconds... far above the demands of standard IR and vapor phase reflow processing systems... these labor-saving high-temp SMD crystals have become the accepted standard for surface mount crystal and oscillator components.

**MODEL SG-615 OSCILLATOR**  
Frequency: 1.5 to 66.7 MHz  
Symmetry: 45/55 (TYP)  
Rise/Fall Time: 5 nsec (TYP)  
Tristate: Available  
Compatible  
Technology: CMOS and TTL  
Op. Temp. Range: -40°C to 85°C

**MODEL MA 505/506 CRYSTAL**  
Frequency: 4.00 to 66.7 MHz  
**MODEL MC-405 CRYSTAL**  
Frequency: 32.768 KHz

**EPSON** EPSON AMERICA, INC.  
Component Sales Department Telephone: 213/787-6300

## EPSON THRU-HOLE OSCILLATORS REPLACE METAL CAN OSCILLATORS



Epson has introduced the first plastic low cost, high performance auto-insertable thru-hole crystal oscillator. Its unique hermetically sealed crystal, embedded in a plastic package, gives the same EMI protection and higher performance than metal can oscillators... at a much lower cost. And, the auto-insertion feature reduces manufacturing costs associated with hand inserting metal cans... into standard full-size or half-size hole patterns.



**MODEL SG-51/SG-531  
OSCILLATOR**

Frequency: 1.5 to 66.7 MHz  
Symmetry: 45/55 (TYP)  
Rise/Fall Time: 5 nsec (TYP)  
Tristate: Available  
Compatible Technology: CMOS and TTL

**EPSON** EPSON AMERICA, INC.  
Component Sales Department Telephone: 213/787-6300

CALL YOUR SALES REP TODAY

EPSON Sales Representatives: AL-GA-TN Concord Components 205/772-8883 • AZ-NM Fred Board Assoc. 602/994-9388 • CA-No. Costar 408/446-9339 • CA-Sa. Bager Electronics 714/957-3367 • CO-UT Wn. Region Mktg. 303/428-8088 • FL Dyne-A-Mark 407/831-2822 • IL-WI LTO Technologies 708/773-2900 • IN-KY C C Electro 317/921-5000 • KS-MO-IA Microtronics 913/262-1444 • MA-NH • Rosen Assoc. 617/449-4700 • MD-VA Tech Sales Assoc. 301/461-7802 • MN Electro Mark 612/944-5850 • NC-SC WLA Assoc. 919/231-9939 • NJ JMR Sales 201/525-8000 • NY Elcom Sales 716/385-1400 • Metro, NY Niktronix 516/929-4671 • OH-MI J. D. Babb Assoc. 216/934-4454 • OR-WA Matrex 503/245-8080 • PA Omega Sales 215/244-4000 • TX-OK Component Tech. 214/783-8831



up the attenuation associated with that angle in the antenna manufacturer's data sheet. Example: Assume that the source used in the previous example had been found at 25 degrees to the main lobe of a directional antenna. Suppose also, that the manufacturer's data showed that the attenuation for this angle was 10 dB. The effective strength of the RFI at the receive site would be:

[Field Strength at the Receive Site (dBmV)] = [Field Strength measured 50 feet from the source] - [20log(1000/50)]  
 -[10 dB] = [-6 dBmV/meter] -[26 dB]  
 -[10 dB] = -42 dBmV/meter

### What to Do Next

When all of the relevant sources have been pinpointed, and the search data assembled and analyzed, report your findings to the power company. Power company troubleshooting crews can take over at this point, using ultrasonic sensors and other specialized short-range equipment to verify your conclusions and pin the interference problem down to a specific insulator or piece of

hardware.

### Conclusion

Finding power-related RFI sources is as much a technical art as it is a science. More variables influence the process than can be discussed in one article. However, results improve quickly with practice, especially if the engineer uses test equipment and search procedures that are designed for the task. In this article one such system has been described. For those interested in more information on RFI location, contact the IEEE or the American Radio Relay League, both of whom publish reference books on the subject, or contact the author.

For more information on the PLI-150 system, circle Info/Card 189. **RF**

### About the Author

James Harris is a product manager at Trilithic. He may be reached at 9202 East 33rd Street, Indianapolis, IN 46236. Tel: (317) 895-3600. Fax: (317) 895-3613.

## HI-POWER RF AMPLIFIERS, TRANSMITTERS AND POWER GENERATORS

MILLIONS OF WATTS SOLD... Henry has delivered for 30 years. We can ship designs in the 2 to 500 MHz range with power ratings to 10,000 watts from stock. If we don't have it we'll design it.



**HENRY  
RADIO**

2050 S. Bundy Drive  
Los Angeles CA 90025  
Toll Free: 1-800-877-7979  
In CA: 1-310-820-1234  
FAX: 1-310-826-7790

### APPLICATIONS:

- POWER AMPLIFIERS
- SHORE STATIONS
- CW/AMTOR/TELEX
- BROADCAST
- NUCLEAR MAGNETIC
- LASER EXCITATION
- PLASMA GENERATORS
- SPUTTERING
- MEDICAL



## RF Prime... The Source.

### Power Splitters/ Combiners



2-way 90°

9-1300 MHz from \$11.95

- Direct replacements for Mini-Circuits' PSCQ series
- Octave and narrow bands available
- Isolation as high as 30 dB (typ) @ 50 MHz
- Insertion loss as low as 0.7 dB @ 550 MHz
- Hermetically-sealed metal can
- Five-year warranty

Model No.	Freq. Range, MHz	Price, \$ Each Qty 10-24
RFPQ-9	9-16	11.95
RFPQ-10	12-19	11.95
RFPQ-12	14-30	17.95
RFPQ-13	22-40	15.95
RFPQ-14	25-50	17.95
RFPQ-15	40-90	17.95
RFPQ-16	66-74	17.95
RFPQ-17	55-90	17.95
RFPQ-19	80-180	17.95
RFPQ-20	120-180	17.95
RFPQ-21	150-250	17.95
RFPQ-21A	170-300	17.95
RFPQ-22	250-450	17.95
RFPQ-23	350-450	17.95
RFPQ-24	400-550	17.95
RFPQ-29	950-1100	24.95
RFPQ-50	1100-1300	24.95

All models are available for immediate delivery and carry a 5-year warranty.

Call toll-free today for more information on our full line of Power Splitters, Mixers, Transformers, and surface mount products.

**800-878-4669**

**rf** RF  
Prime

11305-A Sunrise Gold Circle • Rancho Cordova, CA 95742 • Ph: 916/852-8334 • Fax: 916/852-0689



# HIGH POWER COMBINERS

Werlatone's extensive line of broadband high power combiner/dividers span the range of 1.0 to 2000 MHz. Both two and four way, as well as n-way power combiners, cover the power range to 20 Kilowatts. Two way combiners are available in 0, 180 and 90 degree models. High power models feature external 50 ohm isolation terminations and **WERLATONE WIDEBAND TECHNOLOGY** which assures low loss, high performance, and reliability you can count on.

MODEL	FREQUENCY RANGE MHz	INSERTION LOSS db	ISOLATION db	POWER WATTS	POWER SPLIT
D1572	1.0-1000	1.0	20	40	4-way
D1635	2.0-220	0.4	20	200	2-way
D2500	10-500	0.7	20	400	2-way
D2599	400-1000	0.5	20	400	16-way
D2076	1.5-30	0.1	22	3000	2-way
D1996	20-100	0.3	20	1500	4-way

*Over 600 additional models  
to choose from.*



An experienced WERLATONE applications engineering team is ready to answer technical questions and help with your custom designs.

**WERLATONE INC. • P.O. BOX 47 RT 22 • BREWSTER, NY 10509**

DECADES AHEAD

**PHONE 914 279 6187 FAX 914 279 7404**

INFO/CARD 50

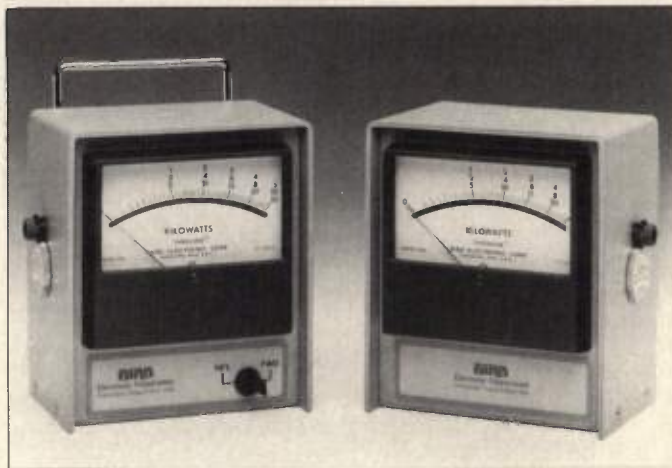


## Bird Introduces High Power Directional Wattmeters

New ruggedized THRU-LINE® Directional Wattmeters for high power rigid line applications are announced by Bird Electronic Corporation. These improved units are available for 1-5/8, 3-1/8, 4-1/16 and 6-1/8 inch 50-ohm line sections, with either EIA flanged or unflanged connection. A 10-foot shielded cable connects the meter unit to the line section. Power levels offered cover 250 watts to 250 kW using a series of plug-in sampling elements for the various power and frequency ranges. One or two element configurations are offered for either manually reversible, remotely switched, or continuous dual-directional power moni-

toring. Accuracy is  $\pm 5$  percent, enhanced with a new  $4 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$  inch mirrored-scale meter. The meter is also glass-faced rather than plastic to eliminate errors due to static buildup on the faceplate. The front lip of the case extends beyond the meter face, protecting it should the case fall on its front side. Multiple meter scales allow the metering unit to be used with different range elements, such as using a more sensitive reflected power element. The meter unit is available in single- and dual-meter configuration, in either stand-alone cases or a 19-inch rackmount.

**Bird Electronic Corp.**  
**INFO/CARD #250**



## Longer-Life 3-500Z Power Tubes

A new version of the Amperex 3-500Z power triode is being manufactured and distributed by Richardson Electronics, Ltd. These tubes, used in AM broadcast transmitter, amateur radio amplifier, and laser driver applications, are manufactured

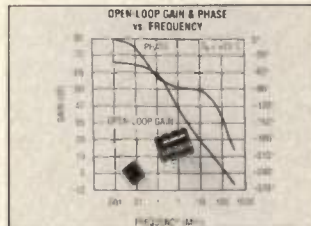


at Richardson's facility in Brive, France. The new 3-500Z model features a heavy graphite anode which improved the tube's handling of high level, intermittent overloads, a typical cause of reduced tube life. A zirconium-coated cathode also helps extend tube life. The improved ruggedness of the tube is reflected in a longer than normal warranty of 18 months or 3500 hours. The improved Amperex 3-500Z is available from stock.

**Richardson Electronics, Ltd.**  
**INFO/CARD #249**

## 80 MHz Video Op Amp

The new MAX404 high speed operational amplifier is optimized for AC performance, output drive and stability while operating from  $\pm 5$  volt supplies. This op amp features 500 V/us slew rate, an 80 MHz gain-bandwidth, 0.01 de-



gree differential phase and 0.05 percent differential gain. The MAX404 is not a current feedback amplifier, and can be used in virtually all high speed op amp applications, with fully symmetrical differential input, 70 dB common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR) and 66 dB open-loop gain. Power bandwidth is greater than 65 dB in a gain of 2, 75 ohm cable driver circuit, assuring that PAL, NTSC and SECAM video is well within the device's slew rate capability. A  $\pm 3$  volt output swing and 50 mA output current allows three 150 ohm loads to be driven. Pricing of the MAX404 starts at \$2.21 in 1000s. DIP and SO packages, and commercial or extended temperature specifications are offered.

**Maxim Integrated Products**  
**INFO/CARD #248**

## Economical 1.8 GHz Spectrum Analyzer

Tektronix announces the 2711 Spectrum Analyzer, covering 9 kHz to 1.8 GHz for bench or field service applications. Positive-feel pushbuttons are functionally grouped for easy, logical operation. Sensitivity is up to  $-129$  dBm, with 80 dB of display range, spans down to a narrow 10 kHz/div., and a selection of resolution bandwidth filters from 3 kHz to 5 MHz. Spectral activity can be viewed as a traditional analog display, or up to four digitally stored displays can be compared and measured. A built-in AM/FM demodulator with

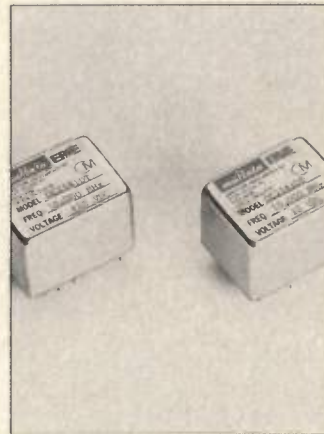


speaker and headphone outputs aids in signal identification and monitoring. The unit offers simple menu selection of automated carrier-to-noise, occupied bandwidth, normalized bandwidth, signal search and FM deviation. Price of the 2711 is \$8,750.

**Tektronix, Inc.**  
**INFO/CARD #247**

## Low-Cost Miniature OCXOs

Murata-Erie North America introduces the OC2541DT, a low-cost miniature oven-controlled crystal oscillator utilizing an SC-cut crystal. This 10 MHz unit is specifically designed for local oscillator and reference oscillator applications in satellite communications systems, and is suitable for many other applications with high accuracy requirements. Typi-



cal specifications include a frequency stability of  $\pm 2 \times 10^{-8}$  from 0 to  $+50^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  per year aging. Operating current is 90 ma at 25C, with a 10 VDC supply. Dimensions of the oscillator are  $1.08 \times 1.41 \times 1.0$  inches. Typical pricing for 1000-piece quantities is \$200 each.

**Murata-Erie North America**  
**INFO/CARD #246**



## RF SUBSYSTEMS

### RF Control Unit

Intermec announces the Model 9185 RF control unit to simplify connections between IBM mainframe and midrange computers and Intermec's spread-spectrum RF data collection systems. The 9185 features IBM SNA 3274/3174 remote controller emulation, 3278 terminal emulation and 3287 printer emulation. It can support multiple hosts and multiple RF networks. Price is \$7,580.

**Intermec Corporation**  
INFO/CARD #245

### 9600 BPS Radio Modem

The RNet 9600 integrated radio modem operates at user selectable data rates of 9600, 4800, 2400 or 1200 BPS, and is offered in the 403-430 and 450-470 MHz UHF bands. Inputs are either TTL or RS-232 levels via a



DB9 connector. Under good signal conditions, its BER performance is better than  $10^{-6}$ . The unit is available with either 2 or 4 watts of power. RNet 9600 is available in a  $3.3 \times 2.7 \times 1.5$  inch package, or in a smaller 'SLM' package.

**Motorola Radius Division**  
INFO/CARD #244

## SIGNAL PROCESSING

### Cellular/GSM Circulators

High power circulators cover-

ing 820-960 MHz in 4 percent bands are available from Narda. Amplifier protection for systems of up to 100 watts CW is offered by these circulators when used with a customer-supplied load. Performance specifications include 0.4 dB insertion loss, 1.25:1 VSWR (max.) over a 0 to +70°C temperature range.

**Loral Microwave-Narda West**  
INFO/CARD #242

### Low Cost Mixers

Synergy Microwave announces the SSM series of wide-band mixers featuring true surface mount packaging and a very low cost for high volume production. The SSM-1 covers 0.5-500 MHz with 6.5 dB conversion loss with +7 dBm local oscillator power. The SSM-2 offers a 1000 MHz upper frequency limit with 7 dB conversion loss over the entire band. LO to RF isolation is typically 25 dB at 1000 MHz and 60 dB at 5 MHz. The mixers have a 0.4 sq. in. footprint and 0.22 inch height. Prices are \$2.95 and \$3.95 for the SSM-1 and SSM-2, respectively, in 10,000 quantities.

**Synergy Microwave Corp.**  
INFO/CARD #241

### Switched Attenuator

A toggle switch attenuator line, the TX Series, is now offered in 75 ohm impedances by Alan Industries. Units are available with attenuation as high as 102 dB with VSWR no greater than 1.5:1. Connectors offered include BNC, F, TNC or Type N.

**Alan Industries**  
INFO/CARD #240

### High-Intercept Mixer

The Anzac model ESMD-C2HX2 covers the 819-915 MHz band, with IF response of 20-100 MHz. A patented design provides a guaranteed third order intercept point of +26 dBm. Recommended LO power is +17 dBm. The unit is packaged for surface-mounting using automated assembly. Optimization for 200 MHz bandwidths from 100-1500 MHz is available at no extra charge. Price is \$41.85 for 1-9 units.

**M/A-COM Inc., Anzac Operation**  
INFO/CARD #239

### SSB Modulator

TRM, Inc. announces the Model SSM 134-175, featuring low conversion loss and high sideband suppression for SSB

modulation at a frequency of 75  $\pm 1.625$  MHz. Conversion loss is 8 dB maximum with signal input of +10 dBm and modulation input of 0 dBm. Carrier and sideband suppression is specified at -25 dBc minimum. The unit is packaged in a 1 inch square by 0.15 inch thick flatpack, offered in SMT, or with radial or axial leads.

**TRM, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #238

### 500-Watt Terminating Load

Model 1434 from Lucas Weinschel offers 500 watts power capability at less than 1.10:1 VSWR from DC-2.5 GHz. This 50 ohm load is rated for full power at 25°C ambient, linearly derated to 50 watts at 125°C. Peak power handling is 10 kW at 5 usec pulse width and 2.5 percent duty cycle. It is supplied with a Type N connector.

**Lucas Weinschel Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #236

## CABLES & CONNECTORS

### Grounding Kits

Andrew Corp. introduces grounding kits for small diameter (1/4 and 3/8 inch) coaxial cables. Intended for the FSJ1-50A and LDF2-50 HELIAX® cables, the kits can also be used on RG types 6/U, 8/U, 11/U, 213/U and 214/U. For best lightning protection, all cables should be grounded close to the antenna and at the bottom of the tower.

**Andrew Corporation**  
INFO/CARD #235

### Repair Kits

7mm adapter repair kits are now available from M/A-COM Omni Spectra. These kits are designed to replace the jack or plug housing and center contact section of various connector types adapted to the Omni Spectra precision connector.

**M/A-COM Omni Spectra**  
INFO/CARD #234

### LC/LT Connectors

Large size LC and LT threaded coupling connectors for use with flexible coaxial cable are offered by Tru-Connector. The high-power connectors are fully gasketed, weatherproof, and

## Our WORLD CLASS CRYSTALS



# STAY STABLE

Our "world class" crystals are ideal for precision applications that require ULTRA-LOW AGING. And, at nearly the performance of an SC cut crystal with an AT cut crystal price.

For instance, aging better than a  $3 \times 10^{-10}$ /day for a 5.0 MHz, 3rd overtone crystal and  $5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day for a 10.0 MHz, 3rd overtone crystal is typical. (Available in HC-47 holders.)

EG&G crystals are found in some of the most sophisticated products and systems around. And, we're backed by an engineering staff available to fill your needs and solve your problems. Give us a call at 1-800-424-0266 and let us show what we can do for you.



**EG&G**

**FREQUENCY PRODUCTS**

4914 Gray Road • Cincinnati, Ohio 45232

Phone 513-542-5555 • FAX 513-542-5146

INFO/CARD 51



**NOW AVAILABLE**

# RF EXPO

## PROCEEDINGS

Successful engineers like yourself are constantly searching for information to keep them up-to-date on the rapidly changing world of electronic technology. Twice a year, this vital information is presented in the technical sessions and complete tutorial series at the RF EXPOs.

If you were unable to attend the show or a particular session — you can now obtain the same information in the RF Expo Proceedings. You'll find almost every paper that was presented at the show,

published in the proceedings. Topics covering:

- \* PIN diodes, transistors and other RF components
- \* Direct Digital Frequency synthesizers
- \* amplifier and oscillator design
- \* test methods
- \* and many other essential RF topics.

Don't miss the opportunity to purchase your own copy of the RF Expo Proceedings today. Set prices are available at discounted rates.

***Hurry, supplies are limited.***

**Please send me the following Proceedings:**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> RF Technology Expo 92 | <input type="checkbox"/> RF Expo East 91 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RF Technology Expo 91 | <input type="checkbox"/> RF Expo East 90 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RF Technology Expo 90 | <input type="checkbox"/> RF Expo East 89 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RF Technology Expo 89 | <input type="checkbox"/> RF Expo East 87 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RF Technology Expo 88 | <input type="checkbox"/> RF Expo East 86 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RF Technology Expo 87 |  |

Name

Title  Phone

Company Name

Address

Bldg. No.  M/S

City  State  ZIP

Country  Postal Code

**Price:**

\$145 each — outside U.S. add \$30.00 to total order for shipping charges.

**Save 20%** Take all 11 for \$1,280  
A savings of \$315

**Payment:** (Payment must accompany order)

☐ Check enclosed

☐ Bill my: ☐ VI ☐ AE ☐ MC

Card #  Exp.

Signature  Date

**SEND TO: RF EXPO PROCEEDINGS**  
6300 S. Syracuse Way, Suite 650  
Englewood, CO 80111

**OR FAX TO: (303) 773-9716**



have a 50 ohm impedance over 0-1 GHz. Peak voltage ranges from 5,000 to 10,000, depending on the cable type.  
**Tru-Connector Corp.**  
INFO/CARD #233

## SIGNAL SOURCES

### 0.3-2.0 GHz DTO

Model 2361 digitally-tuned oscillator from Radian Technology uses four sub-band DTOs selected for full 0.3 to 2.0 GHz coverage. Tuning and sub-band selection is via a 13-bit TTL input. Harmonics and spurious outputs are -60 dBc or better. Tuning speed is under 1 us to within 0.1 percent of frequency. The unit includes a 10 MHz bandwidth analog FM input.  
**Radian Technology, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #232

### DDS/PLL Synthesizer

QUALCOMM announces the Q0710-1 DDS-driven PLL synthesizer for 900-1600 MHz coverage in approximately 1 Hz steps. The unit features fast switching times and low spurious output. Pricing (1-9 units) is \$1595, including a complete instruction manual.  
**QUALCOMM Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #231

### ECL Clocks

The new E500 series of half-size ECL clock oscillators is announced by Connor-Winfield. Available frequencies cover 24-180 MHz, in standard 0 to 70C or industrial -40 to +85C temperature ranges. Frequency stabilities as good as 25 ppm are offered. Supply voltages may be -5.2, -4.5 or +5 volts. Prototype quantities of the E531 120 MHz unit are priced at \$43.90.  
**Connor-Winfield Corp.**  
INFO/CARD #230

### SMT Oscillator

Using HCMOS technology and an AT-strip crystal, the M-tron MM series covers 1.5-40 MHz in TTL/HCMOS, or 40.1-60 MHz in HCMOS. Tristate output is optional in either model. The MM oscillators are packaged in a ceramic SMT package with dimensions of .276 x .197 x .091 inches for applications where board space is at a premium.  
**M-tron Industries, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #229

### Airborne Synthesizers

NCI Systems introduces a new series of frequency synthesizers that can be tailored to MIL-E-5400T airborne applications. The NCS series are available for operation from 2-18 GHz with bandwidths to 300 MHz. Step size is 5 MHz. With +22 dBm output, power consumption is just 6.1 watts.  
**NCI Systems**  
INFO/CARD #228

### Low Noise Amplifier

Veritech's VMA 18C-118 is a commercial quality low cost amplifier for the 17-19.4 GHz band, covered in 600 MHz segments. Specifications include 3.5 dB noise figure, 18 dB gain, and 2:1 VSWR. The amplifiers are unconditionally stable, and come packaged in a 1 x 1 x .22 inch housing.  
**Veritech Microwave, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #225

### 300-watt amplifier

Model 300A100 from Amplifier Research covers 10 kHz to 100 MHz with 300 watts linear power output. Complete control and preamplification functions include automatic leveling threshold, detected RF input and output, pulse input capability, remote control capability and front-panel power metering. U.S. price is \$19,000.  
**Amplifier Research**  
INFO/CARD #224

## SEMI-CONDUCTORS

## AMPLIFIERS

### RF Repeater

The PrismPlus™ from Decibel Products is a low cost repeater for cellular, trunking, ETACS, GSM and conventional applications. It handles up to 64 channels and covers up to 2 miles in diameter. Two models are available, DBE34 with 2.5 watts, and DBE40 with 10 watts power output. Operation is from 110/220 VAC or 24 VDC.

**Decibel Products**  
INFO/CARD #227

### 25 Watt VHF Amplifier

ENI announces the Model 325LA with 25 watts linear output from 250 kHz to 150 MHz for applications in transmitters, RFI/EMC testing, nuclear accelerators and general lab use. Nominal gain is 50 dB and it will handle a +13 dBm input signal for all output load conditions. A front panel meter monitors RF voltage and power. Price of the 325LA is \$2,310.

**ENI**  
INFO/CARD #226

### 14-Bit 5.12 MHz ADC

Burr-Brown introduces the ADC614, a 5.12 MHz, 14-bit sampling analog-to-digital converter. The units wideband linearity allows true Nyquist spurious-free dynamic range of 88 dB below full scale. Analog bandwidth is 40 MHz. The ADC614 is a subranging ADC hybrid with pinouts consistent with Burr-Brown's 12-bit models ADC603 and ADC604. Pricing is \$990 in 100s.

**Burr-Brown**  
INFO/CARD #223

### 1/2 Watt Transistor

NEC's NE46134 is a surface-mount silicon bipolar transistor recommended for applications to 1.5 GHz, providing 1/2 watt output (1 dB compression) with a 12.5 V supply. Noise figure performance is 1.5 dB at 500 MHz and 2.0 dB at 1 GHz. In chip form (NE46100), the device may be used in amplifier applications to 3 GHz. Pricing is under a dollar in 1000s.

**California Eastern Laboratories**  
INFO/CARD #222

## Need Clock Oscillators or Crystals? Call 714-991-1580

### Quartz Crystals

50 Khz to 200 Mhz

### TTL Clock Oscillators

250 Khz to 70 Mhz

### HCMOS Clock Oscillators

3.50 Mhz to 50 Mhz

TTL and HCMOS Half Size and Surface Mount also available on request

**Fast Service -  
3 weeks or less**

**Special frequencies  
our speciality**

**CAL CRYSTAL LAB, INC. • COMCLOK, INC.**

1142 No. Gilbert, Anaheim, CA 92801 • FAX 714-491-9825

INFO/CARD 52



Semiconductors targets Personal Communications Network (PCN) base station applications with 10 dB gain and 32 watts output, measured at 1.85 GHz. In Class AB linear service, two-tone IMD is -30 dBc or better at 15 watts output. Operating efficiency is 44 percent.

**Philips Semiconductors**  
INFO/CARD #221

## 20 MSPS 12-Bit ADC

Comlinear Corporation introduces the CLC936, 1 12-bit 20 MSPS A/D converter. Key specifications include 74 dBc two-tone IMD performance, 64 dB signal-to-noise ratio, and 0.7 LSB differential non-linearity. The 15 MSPS CLC935 is also available, along with an evaluation board for either device. Pricing of the CLC936 is set at \$750 in 100s.

**Comlinear Corporation**  
INFO/CARD #220

## DISCRETE COMPONENTS

### Balun Transformers

A new line of low profile, surface mountable balun transformers is available from Toko America. Wound with parallel wire on a double ferrite core, a high degree of balance is maintained. Standard parts cover 1 MHz to 2 GHz with impedance ratios of 1:1 to 1:25.

**Toko America, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #219

### Chip Capacitors

New MNOS chip capacitors with high Q and low insertion loss are announced by FEI Microwave. The F60 series provides a Q of 3000 at Ku-band, with typical 0.1 dB insertion loss. capacitance values range from 1.0 to 225 pF.

**FEI Microwave, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #218

### Low ESR Capacitors

American Technical Ceramics announces the 180 Series 1.8 GHz capacitors. These devices feature rugged hermetic construction in a porcelain MLC configuration. The capacitance range is 0.5 to 100 pF. The devices are free of self-resonances through at least 1.8 GHz.

**American Technical Ceramics**  
INFO/CARD #217

## TEST EQUIPMENT

### VXI Signal Generator

EIP Microwave introduces the 1141A VXIbus Synthesized Signal Generator Module, a 3-slot 'C' size unit covering 2-20 GHz with 1 Hz resolution. Presettable power output ranges from -90 to +10 dBm in 0.1 dB steps. Harmonics are -30 dBc or better, with spurious outputs down 65 dB or more. AM, pulse and wide-band complex modulation are supported via external modulating signals.

**EIP Microwave**  
INFO/CARD #216

### Rental Instruments

IFR Systems announces a new rental program for selected test equipment, including spectrum analyzers, communications service monitors, options and accessories. Instruments can be rented for as little as 30 days, automatically renewed for as long as the equipment is needed. All rentals include a purchase option which allows 80 percent of the rental payments to be applied toward purchase.

**IFR Systems, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #215

### Waveform Synthesizer

FlexStar announces the 7000 Waveform Synthesizer for computer and communications system testing. A high-speed complex analog waveform can be generated at 128 kByte pattern length and minimum step of 2 nanoseconds. Price of the 7000 is under \$20,000.

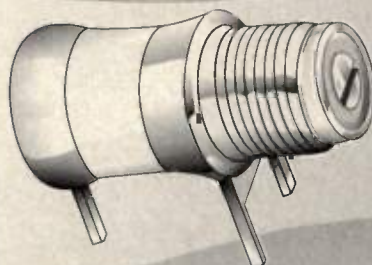
**FlexStar**  
INFO/CARD #214

### VXI Power Meter

A new power meter, the Model 4052 from Racal-Dana, is introduced for VXIbus systems. The 4052 is equipped to measure from -70 dBm to 7 watts, and occupies a single C-size slot module. Three measurement channels can be included in the same module. The power meter is an ideal detector for a swept system using a signal generator, counter and directional coupler.

**Racal-Dana Instruments**  
INFO/CARD #213

## HIGH VOLTAGE 2,000 VOLTS Teflon® Trimmer Capacitors



- Range: 1-9 pF
- Sealed: To 40 psi
- Size: .22 dia. by .5 lg
- DC Working Voltage: 1,000
- DC Withstanding Voltage: 2,000
- Mounting: PC Surface & Panel

For additional information contact:

**Voltronics**   
CORPORATION

100-10 FORD ROAD • DENVER, NJ 07834  
(201) 586-8585 • FAX: (201) 586-3404

Teflon is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont Co.

INFO/CARD 53

**Chance Of  
Brainstorms  
Likely**

The next time something brilliant strikes you, think E.F. Johnson electronic components. They're truly inspirational. For the distributor nearest you, call 1-800-247-8256. Demand the best. Specify E.F. Johnson.

**E.F. JOHNSON®**

©1991, E.F. Johnson, Inc.

INFO/CARD 54



# When Connections Count



## High Performance Coaxial Adapters From M/A-COM

When you absolutely cannot compromise on performance, specify M/A-COM Omni Spectra. Our rugged adapters are designed to survive in the harshest environments, mating after mating. Stainless steel construction and performance up to 50 GHz ensure uncompromising quality.

Stringent process controls, consistently superior workmanship and the widest range of competitively priced products make M/A-COM the preferred choice.

For over 40 years, M/A-COM has been the leader in high performance products. From our manufacturing facility or our worldwide network of distributors, we can instantly meet your needs for high quality, high performance adapters.

Call or write today for your FREE copy of our new Adapter Selection Guide.



**Accept No Compromise  
Specify M/A-COM**

M/A-COM Omni Spectra  
140 Fourth Avenue  
Waltham, MA 02254-9101 USA

Tel: USA (617)890-4750  
UK (0344)869595  
Japan 03(226)1671



**M/A-COM**

OMNI SPECTRA  
INFO/CARD 55

**NEW 2.4 to K  
dc - 46 GHz**



## A Quick Microstrip Matching Program

By Toshihiko Takamizawa  
Millimeter Wave Laboratory

*This program was an entry in the 1991 RF Design Awards Software Contest. It is a good example of the kind of program engineers write to make the "first cut" in a design problem. This program computes simple series and shunt microstrip matching sections.*

There are many sophisticated RF and microwave circuit design software programs on the market these days. These programs are very powerful, accurate, and have many functions. One such program is SANA, which I have been using on a PS/2 for a over year. I have found that I rarely use most of

SANA's software functions with one exception; the design of matching networks using stripline circuitry.

The PC hardware required to run many commercial programs occupies a lot of space. In Japan, where space is at a premium, this is a problem. Time is also a consideration. Even though I may

```
OK
RUN
INPUT FREQ.(GHz)
? 1.5
INPUT ABSOLUTE VALUE OF S11
? .964
INPUT ANGLE OF S11
? -42.1
INPUT ABSOLUTE VALUE OF S22
? .634
INPUT ANGLE OF S22
? -24.2
INPUT EFFECTIVE DIE. PERM.
? 2.08

1LIST 2RUN 3LOAD" 4SAVE" 5CONT 6,"LPT1 7TRON 8TROFF 9KEY 0SCREEN
```

Figure 1. Input data.

```
***** INPUT MATCHING NETWORK *****
***** WITH PARALLEL CAPACITY *****
INPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : 31.64392 mms
INPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : 66.3127 mms
INPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : 29.5302 mms

***** WITH PARALLEL INDUCTANCE *****
INPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : 37.69361 mms
INPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : 3.02484 mms
INPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : 23.59006 mms

***** OUTPUT MATCHING NETWORK *****
***** WITH PARALLEL CAPACITY *****
OUTPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : 22.58156 mms
OUTPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : 57.25033 mms
OUTPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : 39.76395 mms

***** WITH PARALLEL INDUCTANCE *****
OUTPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : 46.75598 mms
OUTPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : 12.08721 mms
OUTPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : 20.25154 mms
OK

1LIST 2RUN 3LOAD" 4SAVE" 5CONT 6,"LPT1 7TRON 8TROFF 9KEY 0SCREEN
```

Figure 2. Output data.

```
10 REM ***** QMAT *****
20 REM
30 REM COPYRIGHT BY T.TAKAMIZAWA
40 REM MILLIMETERWAVE LABORATORY
50 REM JUNE 5 1990
60 REM STUB MATCHING CIRCUIT.
70 REM THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES
80 REM INPUT & OUTPUT PHASE LINE
90 REM LENGTH AND STUB LENGTH.
100 REM A CIRCUITRY TO BE CALCULATED IS
110 REM PARALLEL CAP. BY OPEN & SHORT STUB.
120 REM PARALLEL IND. BY OPEN & SHORT STUB.
125 REM INPUT PARAMETERS:
130 REM F=FREQ.(GHz)
140 REM E=EFFECTIVE DIE. PERM.
150 REM AB11=ABSOLUTE VALUE OF S11
160 REM AG11=ANGLE OF S11
170 REM AB22=ABSOLUTE VALUE OF S22
180 REM AG22=ANGLE OF S22
190 PRINT "INPUT FREQ.(GHz)"
200 INPUT F
210 PRINT "INPUT ABSOLUTE VALUE OF S11"
220 INPUT AB11
230 PRINT "INPUT ANGLE OF S11"
240 INPUT AG11
250 PRINT "INPUT ABSOLUTE VALUE OF S22"
260 INPUT AB22
270 PRINT "INPUT ANGLE OF S22"
280 INPUT AG22
290 PRINT "INPUT EFFECTIVE DIE. PERM."
300 INPUT E
310 LET LG = 10 * (30 / (F * SQR(E)))
320 REM INPUT MATCHING WITH PARALLEL C
330 LET AG = AG11
340 LET AB = AB11
350 GOSUB 800
360 PRINT "***** INPUT MATCHING NETWORK *****"
370 PRINT "***** WITH PARALLEL CAPACITY *****"
380 REM
390 PRINT "INPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 "mms"
395 PRINT "INPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 + LG / 4 "mms"
400 PRINT "INPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : " LG * T2 / 720 "mms"
410 REM INPUT MATCHING WITH PARALLEL L
420 LET AG = AG11
430 LET AB = AB11
440 GOSUB 900
450 PRINT
460 PRINT "***** WITH PARALLEL INDUCTANCE *****"
470 REM
475 PRINT "INPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 + LG / 4 "mms"
480 PRINT "INPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 "mms"
490 PRINT "INPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : " LG * T2 / 720 "mms"
500 REM OUTPUT MATCHING WITH PARALLEL C
510 LET AG = AG22
520 LET AB = AB22
530 GOSUB 800
540 PRINT
550 PRINT "***** OUTPUT MATCHING NETWORK *****"
560 PRINT "***** WITH PARALLEL CAPACITY *****"
570 REM
580 REM
590 PRINT "OUTPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 "mms"
595 PRINT "OUTPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 + LG / 4 "mms"
600 PRINT "OUTPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : " LG * T2 / 720 "mms"
610 LET AG = AG22
620 LET AB = AB22
630 GOSUB 900
640 PRINT
650 PRINT "***** WITH PARALLEL INDUCTANCE *****"
660 REM
665 PRINT "OUTPUT OPEN STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 + LG / 4 "mms"
670 PRINT "OUTPUT SHORT STUB LENGTH : " LG * T1 / 360 "mms"
680 PRINT "OUTPUT PHASE LINE LENGTH : " LG * T2 / 720 "mms"
690 END
800 LET AG = 0 - AG
810 LET B = (2 * AB) / SQR(1 - (AB * AB))
820 LET T1 = ATN(B)
830 LET T1 = T1 / 3.141592654# * 180
840 LET T2 = ATN(B / 2)
850 LET T2 = (0 - (T2 / 3.141592654# * 180)) - AG - 90
860 IF T2 > 0 THEN 890
870 LET T2 = ATN(B / 2)
880 LET T2 = (0 - (T2 / 3.141592654# * 180)) - AG - 90 + 360
890 RETURN
900 LET AG = 0 - AG
910 LET B = (2 * AB) / SQR(1 - (AB * AB))
920 LET T1 = ATN(1 / B)
930 LET T1 = T1 / 3.141592654# * 180
940 LET T2 = ATN((0 - B) / 2)
950 LET T2 = (0 - (T2 / 3.141592654# * 180)) - AG + 90
960 IF T2 > 0 THEN 990
970 LET T2 = ATN((0 - B) / 2)
980 LET T2 = (0 - (T2 / 3.141592654# * 180)) - AG + 90 + 360
990 RETURN
```

Figure 3. Program listing.



only need to do a short, simple task, I must still switch on the PC and wait for it to boot up.

These are the fundamental reasons behind the development of this simple program for calculation of a microstripline matching network. Of course, for the final design of circuitry, I still use SANA. But for doing a quick draft circuit, this program is very useful indeed. I can now design a matching network using a handheld PC, or even a pocket computer with BASIC, while in the car or on the train.

## Program Description

This program is called QMAT (Quick MATch) and is written in BASIC. The method of calculation is based on the theoretical Smith Chart matching circuit design process. It traces manual circuit design procedures.

First, some parameters are entered at the prompt on the screen. They are frequency, magnitude and angle of S11 and S22, plus the effective dielectric constant of PCB material.

The program calculates the guide wavelength on the desired PCB material and the conjugate values of S11 and

S22. It then calculates all the possible matching networks using microstripline techniques.

There are four types of circuits to be calculated: parallel capacitance for the input network, parallel inductance for the input network, parallel capacitance for the output network, and parallel inductance for the output network. All outputs are viewable on a single 640 x 200 dot screen display.

This program is meant as a quick reference program and not for designing finalized circuitry. Therefore, it will not handle S12 and S21 data. This means that the effects of S12 and S21 are not reflected in the output data. In the RF and lower microwave frequency region, the outputs are accurate enough for use in prototype design. Additionally, the program cannot calculate forward or backward gain and the stability factor. But this doesn't matter because if I needed that information I would use a commercial CAD program on my PC.

All output data has been verified by a commercial RF CAD program and shows reasonable accuracy. **RF**

This program is available on disk from the RF Design Software Service. See ad on page 80 for ordering information.

# Follow the Leader...

## Q2334 Direct Digital Synthesizer

- TWO DDSs in ONE Package *FIRST*
- 32-bit Phase & Frequency Resolution *UNCOMPARSED*
- Complete Modulator-on-a-chip *EXCLUSIVE*
- Patented Noise Reduction Circuit *NEW*
- Patented Algorithmic Sine Lookup
- MIL883 Screened DDS

## Q3036 Phase Locked Loop

- Single Chip 1.6 GHz PLL Synthesizer *EXCLUSIVE*
- -150 dBc/Hz Phase Noise at 100 Hz from carrier *NEW*
- Parallel or Bus Interface *NEW*
- MIL883 Screened Version Available
- Complete PLL Boards Available

Leading the way with  
**QUALITY COMM**unication -  
Think of the Possibilities!

# the Competition Does.

**QUALCOMM**  
VLSI Products Division

Please see us at RF Expo West,  
Booths #332-334.

10555 Sorrento Valley Road  
San Diego, CA 92121 USA  
TEL: 619-597-5005  
FAX: 619-452-9096

## References

1. Guillermo Gonzalez, *Microwave Transistor Amplifiers Analysis and Design*, Prentice-Hall.
2. Samuel Y. Liao, *Microwave Circuit Analysis and Amplifier Design*, Prentice-Hall.
3. Vincent F. Fusco, *Microwave Circuit Analysis and Computer Aided Design*, Prentice-Hall.
4. Bahl Bhartia, *Microwave Solid State Circuit Design*, Wiley Interscience.
5. Genzaburo Kuraishi, *Microwave Circuits*, Tokyo University of Electronics.
6. Harlan Howe, Jr., *Stripline Circuit Design*, Artech House, Inc.

## About the Author



Mr. Takamizawa is the owner of Millimeter Wave Laboratories. His company manufactures custom PLOs, LNAs, HPAs, mixer, multipliers and other RF and microwave products. He may be reached at Parktown 21-502, 946-16 Kitahassaku, Midori-ku, Yokohama 226, Japan. Fax: (81) 45-931-5757.



# A Smith Chart-Based Impedance Matching Program

By Neal C. Silence  
Microwave Engineering Consultant

*The utilization of the Smith Chart to design matching circuits for a known impedance terminating a transmission line has been extensively documented. However, the mechanics of manipulating impedance or admittance data on the Smith Chart can be quite laborious. Particularly if one is using a dispersive transmission line. The use of programmable calculators and personnel computers in this process can enable the user of the Smith Chart to be more productive and subject to fewer errors. This RF Design Awards software entry was written for the engineer or technician to simplify the task of designing matching circuits in RF transmission lines.*

This program is menu driven and provides both graphical and tabular presentations of the data in impedance or admittance form. Data can be transferred to and from disk files in an EESOF Touchstone format. However, only impedance and admittance data in a Real/Imaginary format is presently supported for this transfer. Both TEM and waveguide transmission lines are handled by this program through the entry of a cutoff frequency. The units of measure that are used within this program are: MHz for frequency, inches for length, ohms for impedance, Siemens for admittance, picofarads for capacitance, and nanohenrys for inductance.

This program was written using Micro-soft QuickBASIC in order to take advantage of the many features offered by this relatively inexpensive package. This allows the engineer or technician the opportunity of modifying the program to fit a particular problem with a minimum

of effort. For those who do not have or wish to use QuickBASIC, the stand alone executable version of the program can be used. This program will run on an IBM compatible computer, using MS-DOS. The computer should be equipped with an EGA or VGA adapter. The program will work with either a monochrome or color display. The stand alone program is executed by entering the following command from the MS-DOS prompt: ZMATCH [E \V].

If one of the optional parameters in the brackets is used then the software will be configured as follows:

\E - EGA adapter and color display (640 × 350 resolution).

\V - VGA adapter and color display (640 × 480 resolution).

No parameter will default to an EGA or VGA adapter with a monochrome display (640 × 350 resolution).

If the program is being executed from

QuickBasic, then the optional parameters are entered in the "Modify COMMAND\$" dialog box that is accessed from the "RUN" menu.

The program starts with the display of an introductory screen which provides the usual information such as: program name and title, version number, etc. Pressing the ENTER key clears this screen and displays the main control menu. A copy of this menu is shown in Figure 1.

Selecting an appropriate number will cause that task to be executed. After completing the task, the program returns to the main menu. Data must be present for tasks 2 thru 8 to function. Data can be entered into the program by reading a data file or using task 9 to generate a fixed load. Most of the various tasks afforded by this menu are described below. The ones that are not described will be found to be self explanatory.

To add a series or shunt element  
Select one of the following:

1. Series Capacitance.
2. Series Inductance.
3. Series Resistance.
4. Series Short circuited line.
5. Series Open circuited line.
6. Series Circuit from data file.
7. Series Connection of a Series Resonant L-C circuit.
8. Series Connection of a Parallel Resonant L-C circuit.

11. Shunt Capacitance.
12. Shunt Inductance.
13. Shunt Resistance.
14. Shunt Short circuited line.
15. Shunt Open circuited line.
16. Shunt Circuit from data file.
17. Shunt Connection of a Series Resonant L-C circuit.
18. Shunt Connection of a Parallel Resonant L-C circuit.

20. Undo the last change.

0. Return to previous menu.

Which?

```
***** Impedance Matching Program *****
0. Exit Program.
1. Read a Data File
2. Plot a Smith Chart.
3. Change between Impedance and Admittance.
4. Change Reference Plane.
5. Add a Series or Shunt Element.
6. Change Zo.
7. List Current Values.
8. Save Current Values
9. Generate a Fixed Load Impedance
10. List Files on a Directory.
Which?
```

Figure 1. The main control menu.

Figure 2. Menu used to add a series or shunt element.



### Task #1: Read a Data File

The format of the ASCII data file must be as follows:

! Title (optional)

# MHz (or GHz) Z (or Y) RI R [value] F<sub>co</sub>  
[value]

F(1), RE(1), IM(1)

F(2), RE(2), IM(2)

F(i), RE(i), IM(i)

Comments:

MHz or GHz = Format used for frequency data.

Use Z for impedance data, or Y for admittance data.

RI indicates that the impedance or admittance data is supplied in a real and imaginary format (this is the only format accepted by this program).

The value after R is the characteristic

impedance of the transmission line.

The value after F<sub>co</sub> is the cut-off frequency of the transmission line.

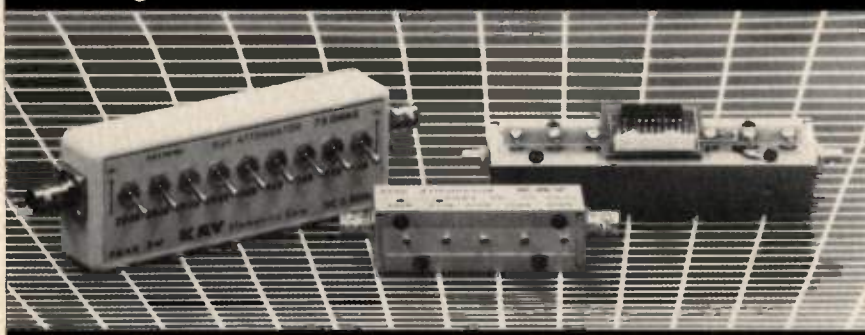
F(i) = The frequency of the i'th data point.

RE(i) = The real part of the impedance or admittance.

IM(i) = The imaginary part of the impedance or admittance.

All impedance values are in Ohms, all admittance values are in Siemens, and all frequencies are in MHz or GHz. The full path name should be used when entering a file name (e.g. A:\DATA\ZDATA1.DAT).

## Quality attenuators you can count on.



✓ Performance ✓ Dependability ✓ NEW Prices ✓ Delivery

### Manual In-Line Attenuators

837	50Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-102.5dB	.5dB Steps
839	50Ω	DC-2000MHz	0-101dB	1dB Steps
1/839	50Ω	DC-1000MHz	0-22.1dB	.1dB Steps
847	75Ω	DC-1000MHz	0-102.5dB	.5dB Steps
849	75Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-101dB	1dB Steps
1/849	75Ω	DC-500MHz	0-22.1dB	.1dB Steps
860	50Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-132dB	1dB Steps
865	600Ω	DC-1MHz	0-132dB	1dB Steps
870	75Ω	DC-1000MHz	0-132dB	1dB Steps

### Programmable Attenuators

4440	50Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-130dB	10dB Steps
4450	50Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-127dB	1dB Steps
1/4450	50Ω	DC-1000MHz	0-16.5dB	.1dB Steps
4460	50Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-31dB	1dB Steps
4480	50Ω	DC-1500MHz	0-63dB	1dB Steps
4540	50Ω	DC-500MHz	0-130dB	10dB Steps
4550	50Ω	DC-500MHz	0-127dB	1dB Steps
1/4550	50Ω	DC-500MHz	0-16.5dB	.1dB Steps
4560	50Ω	DC-500MHz	0-31dB	1dB Steps
4580	50Ω	DC-500MHz	0-63dB	1dB Steps

For price list and FREE catalog contact:

**KAY**

Kay Elemetrics Corp  
12 Maple Avenue, PO Box 2025  
Pine Brook, NJ 07058-2025 USA  
TEL: (201) 227-2000 • FAX: (201) 227-7760  
TWX: 710-734-4347

### Task #2: Plot a Smith Chart.

This task will provide a Smith Chart plot of the data as currently contained in the computer. The first data point is identified by a circle, and the last with a square. All data points are connected with straight lines. No drivers are provided to obtain a hard copy of this plot. However, a hard copy can usually be obtained by using the PRINT SCREEN key (please reference your computer's manuals for further information). Before the plot is made, the operator is prompted to supply an "ID". An ASCII string may be entered to identify the plotted data. This has been found to be helpful in keeping track of changes that have been made. This "ID" is placed in the upper right hand corner of the plot (it is also used as the second title in the data listing of task 7). A copy of a Smith Chart plot of the data generated in Example #2 (described below) is shown in Figure 11.

### Task #5: Add a Series or Shunt Element

This task allows the addition of a series or shunt capacitance, inductance, resistance, short circuited line, open circuited line, or an arbitrary impedance/admittance from a data file. Negative values of R, L, or C are allowed so that adjustment or removal of previously entered values may be accomplished. The menu that is used for this task is shown in Figure 2.

After selecting the appropriate number for the desired operation, the operator will be prompted to enter the required data to complete this operation. After completing the selected operation, the program will return to the above menu.

### Task #7: List Current Values

The capability of listing the current data values to the display or to the standard MS-DOS printer is provided



by this task. A typical listing is shown in Figure 3.

Note: If a % sign appears in front of a number in any of the columns of the listing, this indicates that the number needs more space than has been assigned. Also the maximum VSWR that will be listed by this program has been coded to be 999.0.

#### Task #9: Generate a Real Fixed Load Impedance

A fixed load impedance with any real part in the range of  $3.4 \times 10^{-38}$  to  $3.4 \times 10^{+38}$  can be created with this task. The imaginary part of this load impedance will be set to zero. An example of this task is shown in Figure 4.

#### Comments

Please note that a full path description must be entered as part of a file name if the file does not reside in the current drive and/or directory. A simple error handler is included in this program. Most of the error messages, such as "File not found" or "Disk Full", are self explanatory. Traps for the most obvious cases of arithmetic errors have been included in the program. If this type of error does occur, examining the data you are using along with the task you are executing will usually identify the problem. The message "ERROR XX No error message available" may occur for run time errors not listed in the error handler. This error may be encountered when the source code has been changed. The error code "XX" may be found on page 392 of the Microsoft QuickBASIC programming manual.

#### Matching the Output Impedance of a FET

The matching of the output impedance of a FET to a 50 ohm termination will be demonstrated. The  $S_{22}$  impedance data that will be used is shown in Figure 5. The objective will be to obtain a match at a frequency of 300 MHz using a simple L-C network as shown in Figure 6. One can readily calculate the values of inductance and capacitance needed to provide this match and then use the Smith Chart to see how this calculated result functions as a function of frequency. The calculated values for this FET at 300 MHz are 62.4 nH and 5.04 pF. Task 5 was used to add a shunt inductor and a series capacitor with these respective values, and the result is shown in Figures 7 and 9. The Smith Chart can also be used to determine the L and C values. The first step, as shown in Figure 8, is

to obtain the admittance Y1 from the FET output impedance Z1. The next step is to add an inductive susceptance such that the resulting admittance Y2 can be inverted to an impedance Z2 that falls on the unity constant resistance circle of the chart. The addition of an appropriate value of capacitive reactance will then provide the desired impedance Z3.

#### Equations Used

The plotting of data and some of the procedures used by this program are based on the complex reflection coefficient. Since impedance or admittance is sometimes a more convenient data format to work with, a set of equations is needed to translate between these forms. The following set of equations are the ones that are used by this program.

the  
**first**  
capacitor  
designed  
specifically  
for  
resonant  
power  
supplies...



**the new SERIES 5PT  
POLYPROPYLENE-FOIL  
TYPE CAPACITOR** with radial plug-in leads  
and excellent current carrying capacity.

Designed for the latest in power supply technology...with extended foil construction for low ESR and ESL; plastic case; capacitance from .01—.10 mfd; operating temperature from  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; 400 VDC, and much more.

**The only capacitor that's available for the job!**

WRITE OR CALL FOR LITERATURE

electronic  
concepts inc.



P.O. BOX 1278, EATONTOWN, NJ 07724 ■ (908) 542-7880 ■ FAX (908) 542-0524

SW-490



SAMPLE DATA TEST PLOT						
REF =	0.000 inches.			Zo = 50.0 Ohms		
Fco =	0.0 MHz					
Frequency [MHz]	-- Reflection Coefficient --				-- Impedance --	
	AMP	Phase	Return	VSWR	R	X
	-	[Deg]	Loss [dB]	--	[Ohms]	[Ohms]
1000.00	0.825	-157.2	1.7	10.40	5.00	-10.00
1025.00	0.678	156.5	3.4	5.21	10.00	10.00
1050.00	0.571	143.8	4.9	3.66	15.00	15.00
1075.00	0.571	79.8	4.9	3.66	30.00	50.00
1100.00	0.620	29.7	4.1	4.27	100.00	100.00
1125.00	0.600	0.0	4.4	4.00	200.00	0.00
1150.00	0.555	-29.9	5.1	3.49	100.00	-80.00
1175.00	0.352	-56.0	9.1	2.09	60.00	-40.00

Figure 3. A typical listing of impedance data.

FET S22 DATA						
REF =	0.000 inches.			Zo = 50.0 Ohms		
Fco =	0.0 MHz.					
Frequency [MHz]	-- Reflection Coefficient --				-- Impedance --	
	AMP	Phase	Return	VSWR	R	X
	-	[Deg]	Loss [dB]	--	[Ohms]	[Ohms]
250.00	0.690	-3.6	3.2	5.44	264.60	-44.20
260.00	0.689	-3.8	3.2	5.44	263.80	-45.80
270.00	0.689	-3.9	3.2	5.44	263.10	-47.40
280.00	0.689	-4.1	3.2	5.44	262.30	-49.00
290.00	0.689	-4.2	3.2	5.43	261.60	-50.60
300.00	0.689	-4.4	3.2	5.43	260.80	-52.20
310.00	0.689	-4.5	3.2	5.42	259.60	-53.90
320.00	0.688	-4.7	3.2	5.42	258.40	-55.60
330.00	0.688	-4.9	3.2	5.41	257.20	-57.40
340.00	0.688	-5.1	3.3	5.40	256.00	-59.10
350.00	0.687	-5.3	3.3	5.40	254.80	-60.80

Figure 5. FET output impedance data.

FET S22 DATA With L-C Matching Network						
REF =	0.000 inches.			Zo = 50.0 Ohms		
Fco =	0.0 MHz.					
Frequency [MHz]	-- Reflection Coefficient --				-- Impedance --	
	AMP	Phase	Return	VSWR	R	X
	-	[Deg]	Loss [dB]	--	[Ohms]	[Ohms]
250.00	0.419	-90.5	7.6	2.44	34.87	-35.39
260.00	0.328	-96.7	9.7	1.98	37.68	-27.54
270.00	0.239	-102.6	12.4	1.63	40.59	-20.12
280.00	0.154	-108.0	16.2	1.36	43.60	-13.10
290.00	0.075	-113.3	22.5	1.16	46.70	-6.46
300.00	0.002	-120.2	54.7	1.00	49.91	-0.16
310.00	0.064	57.2	23.8	1.14	53.29	5.79
320.00	0.124	53.3	18.2	1.28	56.77	11.43
330.00	0.177	49.7	15.1	1.43	60.36	16.80
340.00	0.224	46.5	13.0	1.58	64.03	21.87
350.00	0.265	43.5	11.5	1.72	67.80	26.66

Figure 7. Output impedance of FET with L-C matching network.

Enter the number of frequency points? 10  
Enter the Start, and Stop Frequencies [MHz]? 1000,100  
Enter Zo [Ohms]? 50  
Enter the Cutoff Frequency [MHz]? 0  
Enter Load Resistance? 75  
Enter Title: Task 9 Example

Figure 4. Setting imaginary part of load impedance to zero.

These and other useful equations are may be found on page 72 of Reference 5.

Notation:

$\Gamma$  = Complex Reflection Coefficient

P = Magnitude of  $\Gamma$

$\Theta$  = Phase angle of  $\Gamma$  (radians)

Z = Complex Impedance R = Real part of Z

X = Imaginary part of Z

$Z_o$  = Characteristic Impedance of the transmission line  $Z = R + jX$   $Y = G + jB$

$Y = 1/Z$

The complex reflection coefficient is obtained from the impedance by the following:

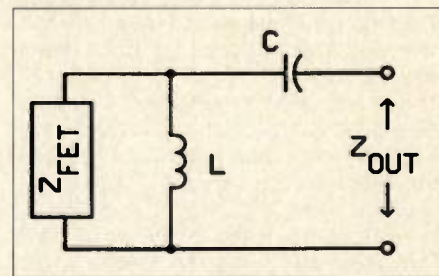


Figure 6. L-C matching network.

$$\Gamma = \rho e^{j\theta} = \frac{Z - Z_o}{Z + Z_o} \quad (1)$$

$$\rho = \sqrt{\frac{(R - 1)^2 + X^2}{(R + 1)^2 + X^2}} \quad (2)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{2X}{(R^2 + X^2 - 1)} \right] \quad (3)$$

The complex impedance is obtained from the reflection coefficient as follows:

$$R = \frac{1 - \rho^2}{1 - 2\rho \cos \theta + \rho^2} \quad (4)$$

$$X = \frac{2\rho \sin \theta}{1 - 2\rho \cos \theta + \rho^2} \quad (5)$$

The input reflection coefficient of a transmission line of length 'l' that is terminated by a load whose reflection coefficient is  $\Gamma_{load}$  is given by:

$$\Gamma_{input} = \Gamma_{load} e^{-j2\beta l} \quad (6)$$

$$b = \frac{2\pi}{c} \sqrt{f^2 - f_{co}^2} \quad (7)$$

where:



New from Narda

# SMART solutions to radiation hazards.

SMARTS™ is a critical part of a total non-ionizing radiation safety program. Operating very much like a smoke alarm, it detects radiation and gives you an immediate alert to potential hazards.

The Model 8810, covers the 2-30 MHz range and has been designed specifically for low frequency, commercial communications environments. Its response curve is absolutely identical to the new IEEE/ANSI C95.1 standard for permissible exposure.

The Model 8820, covering 0.5-18 GHz, is ideal for communications shelters, test cells, satellite uplink facilities, and other high frequency, high power situations.

SMARTS installs in minutes on a ceiling or wall. Then stays on the job

continuously to monitor potentially hazardous RF radiation. An audible, visual and TTL alarm tells you immediately if ambient radiation exceeds the factory-set threshold.

SMARTS means 24-hour-a-day area protection. Better yet, it costs only half as much as conventional monitoring equipment.

For more information, call or write Loral Microwave-Narda, 435 Moreland Road, Hauppauge, NY 11788. Tel: (516) 231-1700. Fax: (516) 231-1711.

Visa and MasterCard accepted.



Model 8820 covers  
the 0.5-18 GHz range.



Model 8810 covers  
the 2-30 MHz range.

**LORAL**  
Microwave-Narda



$f$  = frequency of operation  
 $f_{co}$  = cutoff frequency of the transmission line  
 $c$  = velocity of propagation

Due to the way impedance and admittance are displayed on the Smith chart used by this program, the real and imaginary parts of admittance may be substituted in the above equations.

This program is available from the RF Design Software Service. See page 80 for ordering information. **RF**

#### References

1. P.H. Smith, *Electronic Applications of the Smith Chart*, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, 1969. (Extensive references are included at the end of this book)

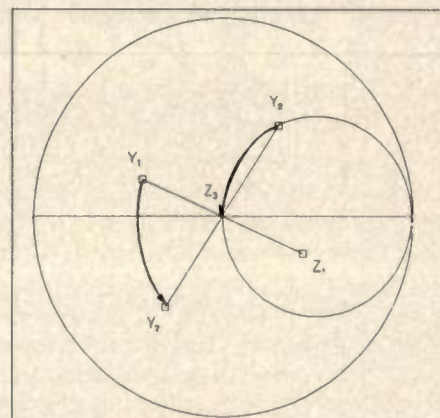


Figure 8. Smith Chart manipulations to obtain a match with a simple L-C network.

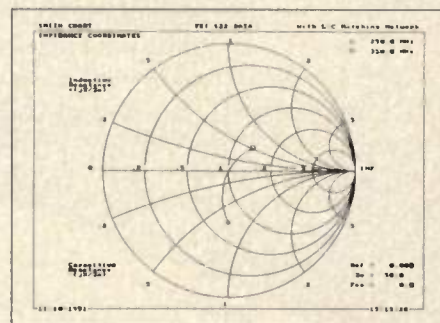


Figure 9. Copy of Smith Chart plot provided by the ZMATCH program.

## Good Sines & Bad Signs

Looking for a low-noise, fast-switching signal source?

### Good Sines

Whether it's automatic test equipment, satellite uplinks, EW communications or imaging systems, **Programmed Test Sources** has a frequency synthesizer to fit your needs. GE MRI units, Teradyne Testers, Varian Spectrometers... all use **PTS** synthesizers.

### Bad Signs \$\$\$

And while other manufacturers have big dollar signs, **PTS** synthesizers start as low as \$2 010.

**PTS** manufactures a complete line of precision synthesizers covering the 100 KHz to 1 GHz frequency range with switching times as fast as 1  $\mu$  second for our *direct digital* models. And plenty of other options as well, like resolution down to .1 hertz (millihertz available as special order), GPIB and digital phase rotation.

Just as important, along with every **PTS** synthesizer comes our "absolutely everything covered" **2-year warranty**. At the end of two years comes our flat \$350 service charge for any repair up to the year 2001! **PTS** has a commitment to quality you won't find anywhere else.

Find out how **PTS** synthesizers used the world over can help you in your application today. Call for our complete catalog, or to talk to an applications engineer.

\*\$500.00 for **PTS** 1000

Call (508) 486-3008 Fax (508) 486-4495

**PTS**

PROGRAMMED TEST SOURCES, Inc.  
 9 Beaver Brook Road, P.O. Box 517, Littleton, MA 01460



2. S.F. Adam, *Microwave Theory and Applications*, Prentice-Hall, New York, 1969, Chapter 2.
3. G.H. Bryant, *Principles of Microwave Measurements*, IEE Electrical Measurement Series, Peter Peregrinus Ltd., London, 1988, Chapter 3.
4. R.E. Collin, *Foundations for Microwave Engineering*, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, 1966, Chapter 5.
5. C.G. Montgomery, R.H. Dicke, E.M. Purcell, *Principles of Microwave Circuits*, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, 1948.

#### About the Author



Neal Silence is a microwave engineering consultant, specializing in support of the design, integration, and automated test of microwave subsystems. He can be reached at 12671 Squirrel Creek Road, Grass Valley, CA 95945. Tel: (916) 477-6659.



# Flexible, Reliable, and only \$68\*!

Introducing ReadyFlex™ microwave assemblies from Gore

## A cost-effective, high performance alternative to RG & semi-rigid assemblies

A truly flexible, easy to install microwave cable assembly for use to 18 GHz is now available directly from stock.

New ReadyFlex microwave assemblies, in a choice of .090" and .145" O.D.'s, replace hard to work with semi-rigid tubing with an easy to handle high performance package. Designed with a pre-determined feature set, these highly reliable assemblies are offered at an extremely cost effective price.

### ReadyFlex assemblies offer short & long term savings

ReadyFlex assemblies not only reduce costly installation time and failures typical of stiffer semi-rigid and less durable RG assemblies, they also eliminate expensive and time consuming 3-D drawings. This results in immediate cost savings. A single ReadyFlex assembly also replaces multiple semi-rigid configurations and lengths, further saving on inventory and paperwork.

ReadyFlex assemblies offer SMA male connectors with unique pin captivation. Bend radii as tight as 1/4", reinforced strain reliefs, operating temperatures from -55°C to 125°C, and other features have also been added to ensure long term reliability. And because they're flexible, vibration stresses don't get transferred to the connector/cable interface, further eliminating in-use failure.

### Direct from stock

ReadyFlex assemblies are stocked in lengths of 4, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 24, 30, and 36 inches. Normally, within 24 hours of an easy toll free call you can have these high performing, off-the-shelf, flexible microwave assemblies on the way to your door. For as little as \$68! Call now to order.

VISA & Mastercard Accepted.

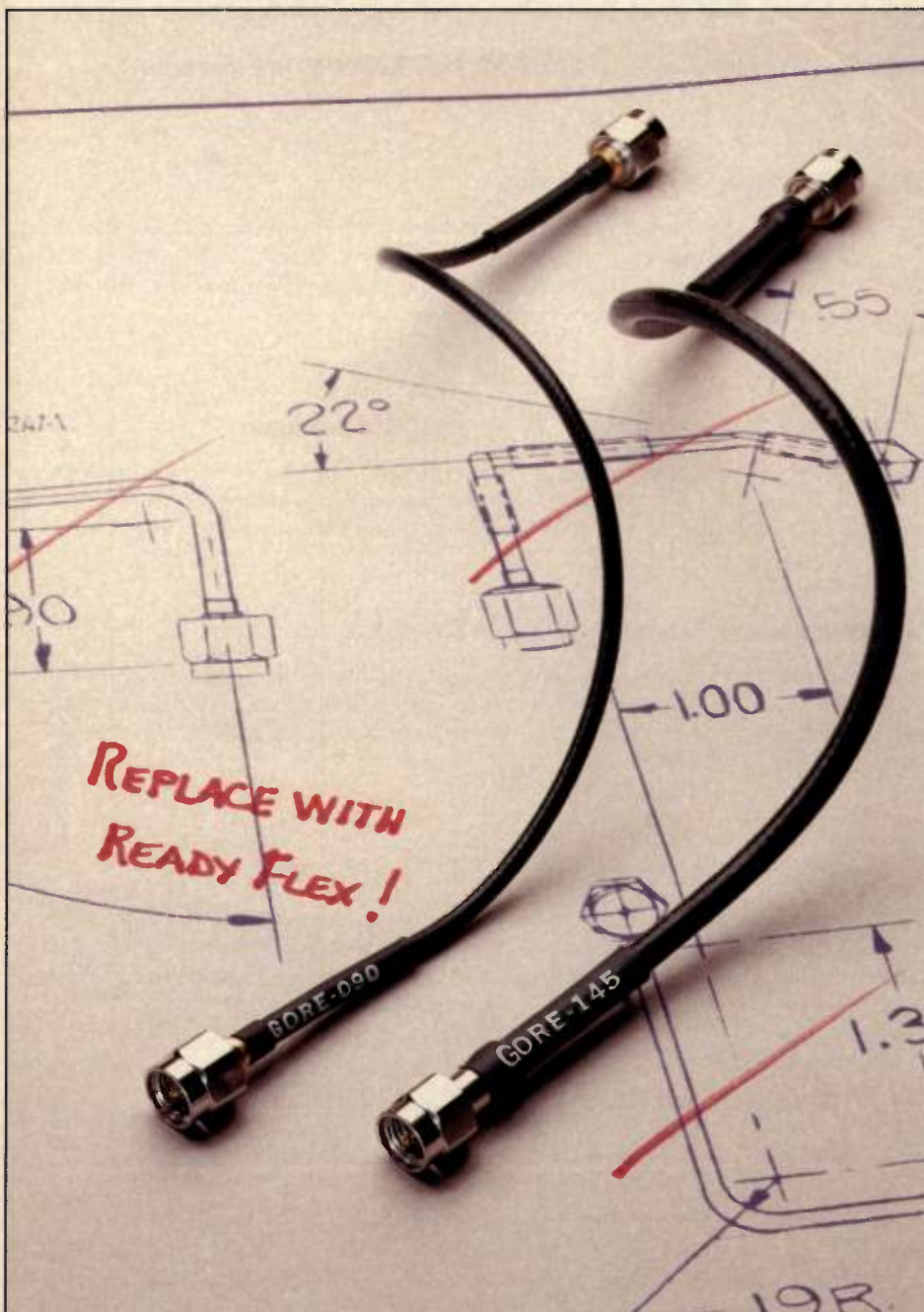
**1-800-356-4622**



Creative Technologies  
Worldwide

**Cost-Effective Interconnections**

Digital Medical Microwave EMC



### Guaranteed Insertion Loss (dB)

#### .090" Assemblies

Length (In.)	6"	12"	24"	36"
Freq. (GHz)				
2	.31	.48	.84	1.19
4	.40	.66	1.16	1.66
8	.56	.92	1.64	2.36
12	.69	1.14	2.03	2.92
18	.87	1.42	2.52	3.62

#### .145" Assemblies

Length (In.)	6"	12"	24"	36"
Freq. (GHz)				
2	.22	.32	.51	.71
4	.29	.43	.70	.98
8	.40	.60	.99	1.39
12	.49	.74	1.23	1.73
18	.62	.93	1.54	2.16

### Specifications

Cable O.D.:	.090", .145"
Frequency Range:	D.C. to 18 GHz
VSWR:	1.35:1 up to 18 GHz
Shielding:	>90dB up to 18 GHz
Impedance:	50 Ohm +/- 1 Ohm
Velocity of propagation:	85%
Bend Radius (static):	.090" - 0.25" .145" - 0.5"
Temp. Range:	-55°C to 125°C
Cable MIL SPEC:	MIL-C-17
Connectors:	Straight SMA to SMA Males
Interface:	Per MIL-C-39012



## Oscillator Design Handbook

A Collection from  
**RF design**

## FILTER HANDBOOK VOLUME 1—Applications

A Collection from **RF design**

## Power Amplifier Handbook

A Collection From **RF design**

# The RF Design Handbook Series —

**Collections of the Best Articles on These RF Topics:**

## Oscillator Design Handbook

You can benefit from the contributions of more than 30 top RF engineers as they share their expertise on oscillator theory, design and applications. Analytical topics and practical circuits are presented for crystal oscillators, LC circuits and VCOs. Along with traditional designs, this book includes some unique approaches not found anywhere else.

## Filter Handbook: Volume 1 — Applications

The best practical filter circuits from *RF Design* are collected in this book, allowing you to see how the best engineers solved their design problems. Essential information on active, passive, lumped element, microstrip, helical and SAW filters will help make your filter design tasks easier.

## Filter Handbook: Volume 2 — Design

Do you need to brush up on filter theory and analysis? This book offers fundamental and advanced material on classic Butterworth, Chebyshev and elliptic filters, plus notes on filter implementation, including filter performance with real, not ideal, components. Another highlight is a tutorial series on SAW filter basics.

## Power Amplifier Handbook

This book is loaded with practical circuits for power amplifiers operating from HF through L-band, from a few watts to over a kilowatt, with clear explanations of how these circuits were designed. Articles on high power couplers, combiners, biasing techniques and VSWR protection will help simplify the design of your next power amplifier system.

----- COUPON ----- COUPON -----

Yes, ship me all (QTY) \_\_\_\_\_ sets of the 4 different Handbooks, at \$69.00 per set,  
plus \$5 postage, per set.

Yes, ship me (QTY) \_\_\_\_\_ copies of the Oscillator Design Handbook,  
at \$25.00 per handbook,\*

Yes, ship me (QTY) \_\_\_\_\_ copies of the Filter Handbook Vol. 1, at \$25.00 per handbook\*

Yes, ship me (QTY) \_\_\_\_\_ copies of the Filter Handbook Vol. 2, sy \$25.00 per handbook\*

Yes, ship me (QTY) \_\_\_\_\_ copies of the Power Amplifier Handbook, at \$25.00 per handbook\*

\*plus \$3.00 postage

Non U.S. orders, please double shipping charges.

( ) Bill my company...signed PO enclosed. \$ \_\_\_\_\_ amount

( ) Check enclosed...payable to **RF Design**. \$ \_\_\_\_\_ amount

( ) MC ( ) Visa ( ) Amex exp. date \_\_\_\_\_

Card # \_\_\_\_\_ signature \_\_\_\_\_

Ship to: Name \_\_\_\_\_ Company \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ ms \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone \_\_\_\_\_

Prepayment required.

**Mail order to: RF Design, Circulation Dept., 6300 S. Syracuse  
Way, #650, Englewood, CO 80111, or call 303/220-0600 or  
FAX your order to 303/773-9716 TODAY!**



# A Wide-Range Oscillator

By Wayne Ryder  
Data Broadcasting

*Building an oscillator with a greater than 3 to 1 tuning range often results in amplitude variations, jumping frequency or ceasing oscillation as it is tuned. Further, many configurations offer only high output impedance. This RF Design Awards Contest entry describes an oscillator that overcomes these problems.*

This oscillator has less than 20 percent amplitude change over its 3.5 to 60 MHz tuning range. The tuning rate is 2 to 3 volts for each 5 MHz over most of its range with no abrupt changes of amplitude, wave form or frequency. Output impedance is 50 ohms and the output level is 0.6 volts peak to peak. As shown in Figure 1, the circuit uses an ECL line receiver (MC10116), tuned by an RC network with a MVAM 125 as the variable element (1).

For a greater tuning range, six MVAM 125s can be connected in parallel. The oscillator will then tune from about 0.7 MHz to 19 MHz for a range of 27 to 1.

### How It Works

At turn on, if the output is high, the input will be forced high through C1 causing the gate to latch up in the high state. It will remain there until C1 is charged by current through R1 and the input to the ECL line receiver reaches the threshold of the active region. At

that time, the output will start to go low which will drive the input low through C1 resulting in positive feedback. This reinforcement will cause the output to change state very rapidly no matter how low the oscillation frequency. Once the output latches in the low state, it will remain until C1 is charged through R1 to the opposite polarity and the line receiver again enters the active region. Again it will rapidly latch to the positive state, thus beginning the cycle over again. The oscillation frequency can be calculated using the time constant  $R1C1$  along with the output voltage swing, 0.8 volts, peak to peak, and the input threshold voltage, approximately 0.2 volts, peak to peak. **RF**

### References

1. The MC10116 and the MVAM-125 are manufactured by Motorola.

### About the Author

Wayne Ryder is a self-taught RF engineer. He has designed receivers, marine radio transceivers, modulators for cable companies, but has been active in all areas of design work. He can be reached at Data Broadcasting, 115 Hedge Road, Menlo Park, CA 94025. Tel: (415) 571-1800.

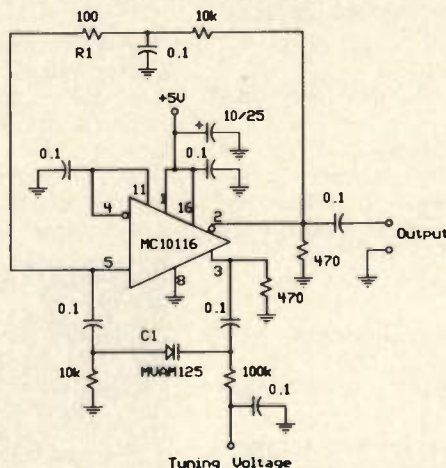


Figure 1. An oscillator with a 17 to 1 tuning range.

## MORE BITS FOR THE BUCK



### DATARADIO T-MODEM 96 The Designers Radio Modem

T-MODEM 96 is a transparent, asynchronous, high-speed radio modem with its own integrated, "designed-for-data" radio. Built around an ASIC modem designed specifically for radio, it's versatile, compact and rugged. You simply can't beat it's performance....or it's price.

- 1200, 2400, 4800 & 9600 bps
- Transparent Operation
- Designed For Industrial Environment
- Built-in Radio
- ASIC Multi-Mode Modem (MMM-16)
- Continuous Duty Operation
- Full Duplex/Repeater Configuration
- Modem Chips Available for Custom Design

The world leader in radio modem design, Dataradio developed T-MODEM 96 specifically for OEMs, system integrators, and large end-users.

T-MODEM 96 does the job, large or small. Dataradio also gives you all the expert advice and technical support you need to make your system design a success. Dataradio. Ask for us by name. And specify T-MODEM 96. Call us for details, we're always at your service.



**DATARADIO**  
The source for radio datalink technology

Telephone: [404] 392-0002

Fax: [404] 392-9199

In Canada:

Telephone: [514] 737-0020

Fax: [514] 737-7883

Telex: 058-25538



# RF Expo West Features a Comprehensive Technical Program

**Wednesday, March 18  
8:30-10:00 a.m.**

## **Session A-1 - Smith Chart Tutorial**

### *The Smith Chart and Its Usage in RF Design*

**Neal C. Silence, Consultant**

The theory behind the Smith chart, its capabilities, and its uses for impedance matching, circuit modeling and design are described in this tutorial presentation. Examples include a waveguide transition, FET output matching, PIN diode modeling and design of a matched PIN diode switch.

## **Session A-2 - Modern Design Methods**

### *Designing for a Competitive Marketplace*

**Chairman: Gary Breed, RF Design**

This session will include a presentation of the fundamental techniques required for low cost design, design-for-manufacturing, and short design cycles. A panel will discuss modern RF engineering methods and answer questions from the audience.

**Wednesday, March 18  
1:30-4:30 p.m.**

## **Session B-1 - Low Cost Design**

### *Receiver Mixers and LOs*

**Jack Lepoff, Hewlett-Packard Co.**

A balanced mixer design using a dual Schottky diode in a SOT-23 package is presented. The cost of the entire mixer is under \$1.00, and it is useful for DBS/VSAT frequencies.

### *Low Cost SMD Power Limiters*

**Raymond W. Waugh, Hewlett-Packard Co.**

Many receivers are at risk of having their front ends burned out by high power RF and microwave stray signals. This paper presents practical design techniques for low cost power limiters oper-

ating at below 2 GHz. Measured data on prototype limiters is presented.

### *Practical Variable Gain Amplifiers*

**Gary Franklin, Hewlett-Packard Co.**

This paper shows how PIN attenuator circuits can be combined with fixed gain silicon monolithic amplifiers to form low cost variable gain amplifiers.

## **Session B-2 - Communications Systems**

### *Single Phase Unidirectional SAW Transversal Filters for Communication Systems*

**Bob Potter, Tyson Turner, Dr. Peter Wright, RF Monolithics**

This paper describes a low loss filter implemented at 70 MHz for GSM applications. Losses as low as 5.5 dB and rejection of 50 dB have been achieved with this low cost technique.

### *Mixer Intermodulation Performance and Dynamic Range Enhancement*

**Elwood Brem, Locus, Inc.**

A simple, elegant method to predict the location and amplitude of spurious mixer products. A new spur chart will be presented, and data on a new high dynamic range mixer will be illustrated.

## **Session B-3 - Thermionic Devices**

### *Session Chairman*

**Frank A. Miller, Quarterwave Corporation**

This session will cover various RF power devices such as traveling wave tubes, and the requirements of their power supplies and modulators. Frequencies examined cover 0.5 to 40 GHz.

## **Session B-4- Radar Systems**

### *Space-Based Angle-Tracking Radar System*

**Valverde, Stilwell, Russo, Daniels, McKnight, Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory**

This paper describes the S-Band Bea-

con Receiver radar system, a space-based system for tracking cooperative targets, such as 4-watt beacons at a distance of as much as 8000 km.

### *RF Electronics Design for Space Flight Applications*

**A.A. Russo, Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory**

The design tradeoffs and criteria for selection of various parts of the beacon receiver are examined in this paper

### *Spurious Noise Prediction and Reduction in Direct Digital Synthesizers*

**C.C. DeBoy, C.R. Valverde, A.A. Russo, Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory**

This paper examines DDS spurious signal generation resulting from phase and amplitude quantization in the sine ROM and DAC input, plus DAC nonlinearities, including glitches and second and third order intermodulation.

### *Electrical Performance of a GaAs DDS System for Space Applications*

**A.A. Russo, Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory**

The design of a DDS system providing 35 Hz steps up to 240 MHz is summarized, along with test results on several DDS systems tested for this project. DDS-to-DDS repeatability test are also noted.

### *Signal Processing for a Space-Based Monopulse Radar*

**T.R. McKnight, C.R. Valverde, Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory**

Signal analysis using digital processing on four receiver channels is described in this paper. The system uses spectral

**To Register for  
RF Expo West  
call:  
1-800-525-9154**



analysis to perform narrow-band phase measurements of target radiation received on four spatially separated antennas.

***Thermal Distortion Analysis for Space-Based Monopulse Radar Antenna Array***

**A.R. Jablon, D.F. Persons, Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory**

This paper describes a method for predicting the beam pointing errors caused by thermal distortions. Distortion characteristics and final pointing error data are presented.

---

**Thursday, March 19  
8:30-11:30 a.m.**

---

**Session C-1 - Power Amplifiers**

***The Design of RF Modules Intended for Combining High Power***

**David N. Haupt, Erbttec Engineering**

This paper describes device selection, impedance matching networks, bias stabilization techniques and cooling requirements in a high power amplifier system using multiple models.

***High Power VHF Power Dividing and Combining Techniques***

**Hugh Gibbons, Erbttec Engineering**

Two power dividing and combining schemes are described for low loss and high reliability, as used in a 15 kW NMR amplifier with 16 1200-watt amplifier modules.

***Monitoring, Control and Diagnostics of an RF Amplifier Over a Modem Link***

**Paul Beaty, Erbttec Engineering**

Diagnostic and monitoring software requires ongoing attention in order to provide useful feedback to the product design group. Data gathering via telephone modem is an option for field monitoring of an operating unit.

---

**Session C-2 - RF Components I**

***RF Components for the 90s***

**Peter Hoffeins, Siemens Components, Inc.**

A review of the current state of the art is presented for silicon RF transistors, RF diodes and GaAs MMIC components. Packaging and quality considerations are presented, along with applications for these devices.

***Survey of Components for 900, 2400, and 5700 MHz Spread Spectrum***

**Al Ward, Avantek**

This paper reviews current components available for amplification and control functions in low cost UHF and microwave applications, such as spread spectrum communications authorized under Part 15.

***Various Mixer Types Used in Cellular Radios***

**Phyllis Austin-Lazarus, Hughes Network Systems**

Four type of mixers are explored in this paper, covering characteristics beneficial to transmitter requirements in dual-mode cellular radios.

---

**Session C-3 - Filters**

***Tunable Bandpass Filters for VHF-UHF Receivers as a Preselector Applications***

**John Horvath, Minaret Radio**

This paper presents a tunable bandpass filter design for use as a preselector in VHF/UHF receivers. The prototype circuits are implemented using low cost SMT components.

***GaAs Technology Opens New Frontiers in Electronically Tunable Filters***

**David Peterson, ITT Aerospace/Communications Div.**

Narrowband preselector filters for high dynamic range receivers have been implemented using a bank of switched, binary weighted capacitors fabricated on a GaAs monolithic chip. The example filter tunes 30-88 MHz SINGCARS band.

---

**Session C-4 - Antenna Design**

***Shaped Beam Microstrip Antennas Applied to Personal Communication Networks***

**John R. Sanford, Huber & Suhner AG**

The pattern advantages of a shaped beam antenna over a conventional broadside antenna for PCN applications is discussed in this paper. Propagation models and measured data are presented in comparison to a dipole antenna.

***Development of Microstrip Antennas***

**Marc Yacoubian, Micro Engineering**

Design, fabrication, testing and implementation of microstrip patch antennas is the subject of this pa-

per. Practical aspects of design and data on actual antennas is presented.

***Analysis of Dielectric Materials in Waveguide and Feedhorn***

**Tsang-Fu Chang, KAIMEI Electronic Corp.**

Theoretical analysis methods of an electromagnetic wave in a dielectric loaded waveguide are reviewed, then analysis of a wave in a dielectrically loaded feedhorn for operation at 10.95 and 12.75 GHz is analyzed.

---

**Thursday, March 19  
1:30-4:30 p.m.**

---

**Session D-1 - RF Design Awards Contest (Open Session)**

***Theoretical Basis for a Comprehensive Filter Design Program***

**Michael Ellis, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

This 1991 RF Design Awards Software Contest winner is a collection of program modules for the synthesis and

**HIGH ENERGY CORP**  
CERAMIC RF CAPACITORS  
**C-D/SANGAMO**  
MICA RF CAPACITORS



**JENNINGS**  
A LEAR SIEGLER COMPANY  
VACUUM CAPACITORS  
VACUUM RELAYS

**SURCOM ASSOCIATES, INC.**  
2215 Faraday Avenue, Suite A  
Carlsbad, California 92008  
TEL (619) 438-4420  
FAX (619) 438-4759

INFO/CARD 65



analysis of filters. The author describes the program configuration and the models used for the various computations.

**Low Frequency Circulator Uses No Ferrite or Magnet**

**Charles Wenzel, Wenzel Associates**

This paper describes an active RF circulator which has DC to hundreds of MHz performance for isolation and measurement applications. This is the winning design in the 1991 RF Design Awards Circuit Design Contest.

**Session D-2 - Modulation and Demodulation**

**Spread Spectrum Cellular Communications**

**Steve Morley, QUALCOMM Inc.**

An overview of system requirements and performance benchmarks for cellular communications is presented, with explanations of how CDMA spread spectrum communications fits power, noise, and channel protection requirements.

**How a QPSK Modulator Vector Error Relates to its Spurious Output**

**Phyllis Austin-Lazarus, Hughes Network Systems**

This paper derives the relationship between the CTIA digital cellular radio modulator error specifications, the actual modulator phase and amplitude errors, and the output spectrum of the modulator.

**Direct IF to Digital Conversion Using New Monolithic RF Track and Holds**

**Allen Hill and Tom Gratzik, Analog Devices**

This paper describes the use of monolithic track and hold circuitry in direct IF to baseband conversion using low cost

analog to digital converters. Conversion of 10 MHz to 70 MHz is described.

**Session D-3 - RF Integrated Circuits**

**Design of High Density, High Yield MMIC Devices for Low Cost Applications**

**Henrik Morkner, Avanteq, Inc.**

This paper describes how to design low cost MMICs for best manufacturing yield by minimizing occupied real estate, and presents several products as examples.

**Characterization of a Silicon Bipolar Process for RF ASIC Development**

**John Brewer, Tektronix Microelectronics**

An ASIC process for custom semiconductor manufacturing has been characterized for RF devices fabricated with the process. Design aids and standard cell designs are offered, as well.

**GaAs MMIC Control Devices: Theory of Operation & Fabrication**

**To Register for  
RF Expo West  
call:  
1-800-525-9154**

*RF design*

## REPRINTS!

You **can** now order article reprints from this publication!

Have you ever read a well-written, informative article in a magazine, thrown the magazine away and then a month later wished you had saved it?

**RF Design** offers a highly convenient article reprint service to accommodate your needs. Articles

appearing in **RF Design** are available for printing in quantities of 500 or more.

For further information contact:

Reprint Department  
**RF Design**  
6300 S. Syracuse Way  
Suite 650  
Englewood, CO 80111  
(303) 220-0600



# Software



# Eagleware

*Fast and interactive high-frequency design synthesis and simulation software for personal computers and workstations*

## **New! =MATCH=**

**Several matching techniques in one package:**

- ✧ Narrow or broadband with complex source & load
- ✧ Single or multistage, active & passive networks
- ✧ Choose simple or high-order solution for each network
- ✧ Best solutions available, or your money back!
- ✧ \$895. Only \$595 with =SuperStar=

## **=OSCILLATOR=**

**A unified design process for oscillators:**

- ✧ L-C, distributed, SAW, and crystal oscillators
- ✧ Estimates SSB and residual FM & PM noise
- ✧ Process addresses tuning, pulling, starting, output level and harmonics
- ✧ \$795. Only \$495 with =SuperStar=

## **=FILTER=**

**A complete L-C filter synthesis package:**

- ✧ Conventional plus narrowband, flat-delay, symmetric & zig-zag topologies
- ✧ Complete set of all-pole and elliptic transfer functions
- ✧ Includes =EQUALIZE= for group-delay equalizers
- ✧ \$795. Only \$495 with =SuperStar=

## **New GUI!**

These programs have a new Graphic User Interface with mouse support, easy data entry, and schematic display

## **=TLINE=**

**Relate line physical & electrical parameters:**

- ✧ Microstrip, coupled microstrip, stripline, coupled stripline, coplanar and coaxial geometries
- ✧ Accurate & fast algorithms with references
- ✧ Extensive set of output data
- ✧ Synthesis and analysis
- ✧ \$595. Only \$395 with =SuperStar=

*The above programs automatically write circuit files for =SuperStar= (\$695) or =SuperStar= Professional (\$995). These real-time simulators then finalize the design.*

*Programs run on standard IBM and compatible PCs, include a 30 day satisfaction guarantee, free support and no annual fees. Immediate shipment available.*

**For info or to order, call (404) 939-0156**



*Same prices internationally.  
Direct factory sales and user support by phone or FAX.*

Eagleware Corporation, 1750 Mountain Glen, Stone Mountain, GA 30087, USA, FAX (404) 939-0157



#### Henrik Morkner, Avantek, Inc.

GaAs FET MMIC control devices such as switches and attenuators are replacing mechanical and PIN diode devices. This paper describes the techniques required for manufacturing these devices, and how those methods differ from amplifier FET processing.

#### Session D-4 - RF and Computers

##### **Building a Network System for an Engineering/Manufacturing Company: Keeping Your Engineers Happy Without Giving Away the Farm**

**Ken Wagers, Erbtect Engineering**

This paper is a discussion of techniques used to create an easily maintained computer network, designed to allow

necessary access for engineering productivity, with appropriate security where required.

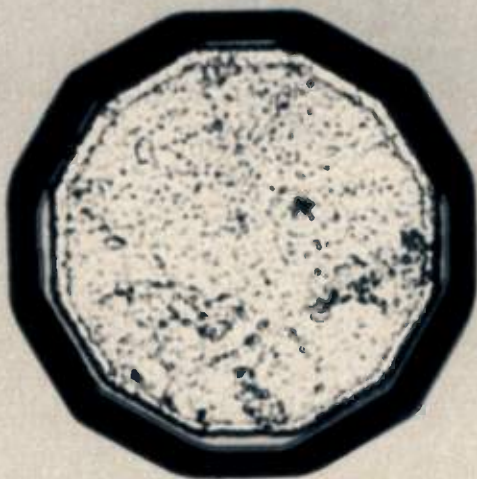
##### **Modeling Surface Mount Components**

**John Hirsekorn, Hewlett-Packard Co.**  
Development work for the improvement of models of common surface-mount components is reported, including inductors, capacitors and resistors.

##### **Device Modeling and Harmonic Balance Simulation of RF/UHF High Power DMOS Transistor Amplifiers**

**Steve Hamilton and Octavius Pitzalis, EEsof, Inc.**  
A new power DMOSFET model for simulation of RF power amplifiers using harmonic balance techniques, and the model parameter extraction methodology are described in this paper. jOmega simulation of two DMOSFET amplifiers are presented as examples.

### **PIN Diode Solutions from FEI Microwave**



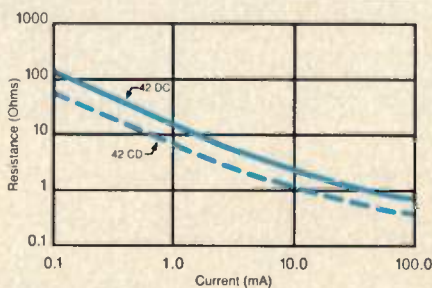
**Low Loss PIN Diodes** Our F42 Series PIN Diodes provide the low zero bias capacitance and well defined resistance characteristics that you need to match your critical attenuator, limiter, or switching design requirements.

The series features oxide/nitride passivation for reliability and an anisotropic etch for repeatability across the wafer. Our advanced metallization system produces diodes which will withstand burn-in up to +300°C – well above most processing requirements.

F42 Series PIN Diodes are *available now!* – direct from FEI Microwave, or through Penstock. Contact us today for complete information, or wafer samples.

FEI Microwave, 825 Stewart Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086. Telephone 800 822 5864 Fax 408 730 1622

Part Number	V <sub>br</sub> Min.	C <sub>i</sub> (0) (pF) Typ.	C <sub>i</sub> (-4) (pF) Max.	R <sub>s</sub> (1 mA) (Ohms) Typ.	R <sub>s</sub> (10 mA) (Ohms) Max.	T (nS)	θ C/W
F42CA-N11	100	0.040	0.025	8.5	3.5	50	150
F42CC-N11	100	0.12	0.10	6.8	2.0	50	80
F42CD-N11	100	0.17	0.15	6.7	1.5	60	60
F42DC-N11	200	0.20	0.10	18.0	4.0	200	45
F42DD-N11	200	0.25	0.15	14.0	3.0	200	40



**FEI Microwave, Inc.**  
A SUBSIDIARY OF FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.

**Friday, March 20  
8:30-11:30 a.m.**

#### **Session E-1 - Low Noise Amplifier Tutorial**

##### **Design of Low Noise RF and Microwave Amplifiers (3-hour session)**

**Richard Webb, Webb Laboratories**

This tutorial begins with a discussion of system noise contributions, followed by noise characteristics of RF and microwave small-signal amplifiers. The theory and practice of noise measurement is also discussed.

#### **Session E-2 - Frequency Synthesis**

##### **Dividerless Phase Locked Loops**

**Dr. Scott Wetenkamp, Pacific Monolithics**

This paper describes one technique for eliminating the divider noise in a phase locked loop synthesizer. New radar and telecommunications systems require performance such that divide-by-

##### **Design Considerations for a Low Cost Wideband RF Synthesized Source**

**Chris Day, Hewlett-Packard Co.**  
Low cost design techniques for a wideband synthesized signal source are described in this paper. The technique was used in the design of the synthesizer in HP's newest low cost network analyzer.



**A Monolithic 12-Bit 100MSPS Digital to Analog Converter For Frequency Synthesis Applications**

**Chris G. Martinez and John Brewer, Tektronix Microelectronics**

The design and characterization of the TKDA30, a 100 MSPS DAC for frequency synthesis applications is described, including dynamic response and spurious performance.

**Session E-3 - RF Components II**

**New Components for GSM, PCN, DECT, GPS, etc. Systems**

**Peter Hoffeins, Siemens Components, Inc.**

Both discrete and MMIC components using both silicon and GaAs are reviewed for their application in 900-2.5 GHz systems. Low voltage performance, device efficiency, packaging and proposed component lineups for GSM and PCN are discussed.

**The Photistor: An Innovative, Optoelectronic RF Switch/Attenuator**

**Curtis W. Barrett, SQ3R Consulting**

A novel photoconductor is described which permits operation into the microwave region. Operation is controlled by fiberoptic cable in environments where conducting wires would disturb operation or measurements.

**The Design of a Monolithic Hybrid Integrated Circuit RF Package for Space Application**

**Brent Stoute, Spar Aerospace Limited**

A custom RF package is described, designed for use in satellite transponders operating a frequencies up to 15 GHz. Package effects include better than 25 dB return loss as less than 0.1 dB insertion loss.

**Session E-4 - RF Systems**

**Predict Temperature Rise in Reverse Biased PIN Diodes at High Power Levels**

**Mark C. Leifer, Spectroscopy Imaging Systems Corp.**

To ensure reliability, PIN diode switch

designers must keep junction temperature low under all conditions. This paper presents a method of predicting high power performance based on low power measurements.

**The Engineering Development of Low Cost GaAs Power Module for Cellular Telephones**

**Mark Easton, Avantek, Inc.**

An RF power module suitable for the cellular telephone market is described, with initial performance results of 33.5 dBm power, 26 dB gain, and 55 percent power-added efficiency over 824-849 MHz. A second module with +35.5 dBm power and 13 db gain is also described.

**System Design Study for Data Collection Using Geostationary Satellites**

**Ian Dilworth, University of Essex**

System requirements and design of key components of a satellite-based data gathering system is described. The system monitors ocean fish migrations and movements, with tags that are released from fish, float to the surface and transmit to low-orbit satellites.

F A S T D E L I V E R Y

## Fixed Coaxial Attenuators

From cellular to satellite applications, M/A-COM's attenuators cover the performance spectrum.

- dc to 26.5 GHz Operation
- MIL-A-3933 QPL Approved
- All Popular Connector Styles
- Chip Styles: Drop-In Module, Microstrip and Cylindrical
- Power to 20 Watts Avg.
- Precision Calibrated Sets

- Space and Hi-Rel Qualified
- Ultra Miniature (0.75 inch)
- 1/2 dB Steps to 20 dB and 1 dB Steps to 60 dB

For fast delivery, call our factory or nearest authorized distributor.

M/A-COM Control Components Div.  
21 Continental Boulevard  
Merrimack, NH 03054-4343  
Tel: USA (603)424-4111  
UK (0344)869595  
Japan 03(226)1671



CONTROL COMPONENTS DIVISION

INFO/CARD 69



# HIPAX<sup>TM</sup>

## SURFACE MOUNT PIN DIODE

**MA/COM has added a square body surface mount PIN diode to its family of HIPAX diodes. It features:**

- **Hermetic MELF Design**
- **Low Loss, Low Distortion**
- **Power Dissipation to 4.0 Watts**

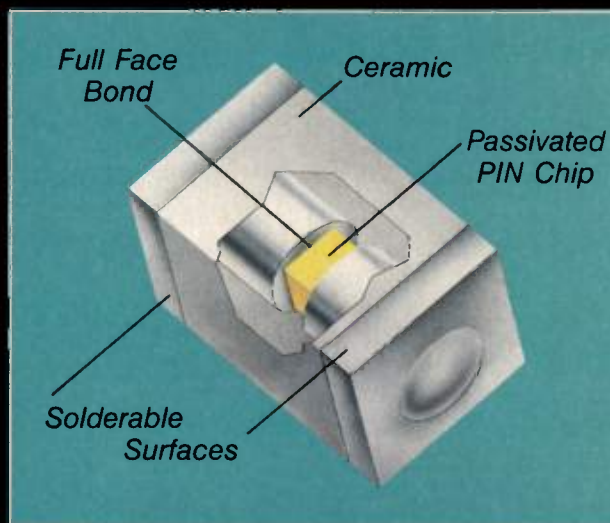
*This HIPAX<sup>TM</sup> diode incorporates a passivated PIN diode chip that is full face bonded and encapsulated in a square, surface mount MELF package. Designed for high volume tape and reel assembly, the MA4P1250's non-magnetic, square package eases automatic pick and place indexing.*

*MA/COM's MA4P1250 is designed for use as a low loss switching element from HF through UHF. The MELF package will dissipate more power than most surface mount diodes. This HIPAX<sup>TM</sup> diode is used in commercial and military communications equipment.*

*Samples/production quantities available now. For applications assistance contact Jerry Hiller on ext. 2625.*

*For more information, call  
(617) 272-3000 ext. 3808*

**MA/COM Semiconductor Products**  
South Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803  
FAX (617) 272-8861



# MA/COM



## Attenuator Basics

By Gary A. Breed  
Editor

Attenuators are common components in RF systems and test setups, but they are too often taken for granted. This tutorial note reviews the basic principles of resistive attenuators.

The common resistive attenuator is intended to perform a simple function — absorb a specified amount of power while presenting a defined impedance (ideally, purely resistive) at both input and output. Its function is that of a lossy voltage divider, with the relationships of its resistive elements presenting desired impedances at the input and output. While this is not an especially complex function, it represents three variables:

$Z_{in}$  (input impedance)

$Z_{out}$  (output impedance)

A (attenuation, numerical ratio of input to output power)

Note: Attenuation in dB =  $10 \log A$

For resistive attenuators, there are two common topologies, the Tee and Pi, as shown in Figure 1. It can be shown (analysis not included here) that three elements are required to maintain control over all three variables. The particular topology is selected primarily to allow practical values of resistance; both Tee and Pi configurations are equivalent. Typically, low attenuation values will be easier to implement with a Tee network, with higher attenuation more practical using a Pi arrangement.

Computation of the element values for a Tee attenuator follows these formulae (1):

$$Z_3 = \frac{2 \sqrt{Z_{in} \cdot Z_{out} \cdot A}}{A - 1} \quad (1)$$

$$Z_1 = Z_{in} \left( \frac{A + 1}{A - 1} \right) - Z_3 \quad (2)$$

$$Z_2 = Z_{out} \left( \frac{A + 1}{A - 1} \right) - Z_3 \quad (3)$$

For Pi attenuators, the formulas are:

$$Z_3 = \frac{2}{A - 1} \sqrt{\frac{A}{Z_{in} \cdot Z_{out}}} \quad (4)$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{1}{Z_{in}} \left( \frac{A + 1}{A - 1} \right) - Z_3 \quad (5)$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{Z_{out}} \left( \frac{A + 1}{A - 1} \right) - Z_3 \quad (6)$$

When using these equations, remember that A is a numerical value for attenuation, not a decibel notation.

### Why Use Attenuators?

The signal level reduction provided by an attenuator can be used for many purposes, such as:

**Matching signal levels.** Keeping system components within specified operating ranges is often required. Common usage is to match levels between off-the-shelf components or assemblies which have different design signal levels.

**Extending dynamic range.** By adding attenuation at high signal levels, the range of instruments or circuits can be extended.

**Calibrating signal levels.** Comparison of an unknown signal to a known reference level can be done by adding calibrated attenuation to the stronger of the two until the levels are equal, then noting the difference.

**Controlling impedances.** Another property of resistive attenuators is that they are not directional. Attenuation is the same in both directions. This means that they can be used to improve an impedance match by increasing the

return loss. For example, a 6 dB attenuator guarantees a worst-case 12 dB return loss if either port is open or shorted (6 dB loss, 100 percent reflection, another 6 dB loss back to the originating port).

When the additional loss introduced by the attenuator can be tolerated, an attenuator may be a reliable and inexpensive alternative to more complex impedance-controlling networks.

### Other Variations

Attenuators can be made variable to meet specific performance goals. Variable attenuators can have adjustable resistors in the three legs. In cases where precision is not required, a single element (usually Z3) can be made variable, and the attenuation can be varied over a modest range without too much variation in the impedance. For this kind of application, another topology, the bridged-tee is often used, adding an extra element to keep the impedance relatively constant over a wider range of attenuation.

Another common variable attenuator circuit uses PIN diodes, which act as voltage-variable resistors (2). To minimize component count and circuit complexity, these attenuators typically use a bridged-tee or similar configuration. At VHF and higher frequencies, PIN diode attenuators are very common.

It is possible to make variable attenuators using FETs as variable resistive elements (3). This implementation is often used in GaAs MMIC circuits.

Another common configuration is the step attenuator. A number of fixed attenuator sections are switched in and out of the circuit — large or small increments as required for the application.

### References

1. D. Fink, D. Christiansen, Editors, *Electronics Engineers' Handbook*, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1989, pp. 12-56, 12-57.
2. J. Lepoff, R. Waugh, "The PIN Diode - A Tutorial," *Proceedings, RF Expo West 1991*, pp. 1-13.
3. E. Oxner, *Designing With Field-Effect Transistors*, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1990, pp. 243-246.

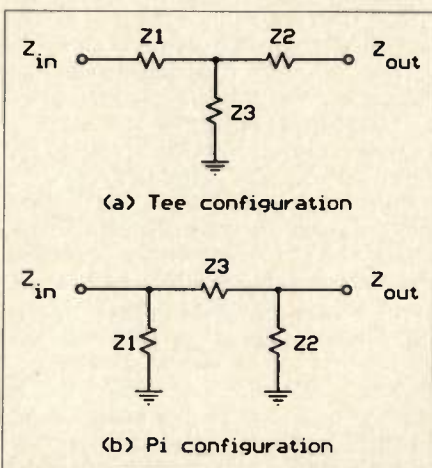


Figure 1. Basic Tee and Pi attenuator configurations.



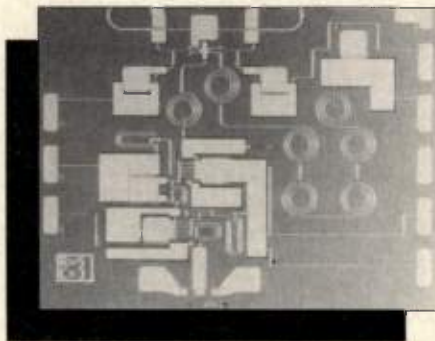
# GaAs MMICs Buck the Trend

By Liane G. Pomfret  
Associate Editor

In the past several years the GaAs MMIC industry has not exploded the way some analysts predicted, but it has maintained steady growth and is looking forward to even better growth through the nineties. The market focus has shifted from a military to a strongly commercial market, opening up new marketing possibilities.

Despite the excitement of the late 70s and early 80s, GaAs MMIC technology did not take off the way people thought it would. In the beginning, companies were jumping into the market without a great deal of forethought; consequently, the dropout and closure rate was unusually high. Companies that survived the early shake-ups have good people, a strong marketing plan, and the financial backing to keep them from closing or being bought out. There are still some changes occurring, most notably the recent TriQuint, GigaBit, Gazelle merger and Motorola's recent wafer fab startup, but these are indications of a healthy market. According to Louis Pengue a vice president of marketing at TriQuint, "The MMIC industry is the most stable part of the GaAs industry. . . and I think it has outstanding growth potential."

This growth is going to occur in the commercial sector. While military DoD spending is still occurring, it has been cut back and the large houses are now looking for other markets. M/A-COM, ITT Defense, TRW, Raytheon, Hughes and Texas Instruments are all offering high volume, commercial services. For them it is an alternative to shutting down their facilities and a way of justifying the expense of keeping them open. Steve Layton, manager of custom product sales at Pacific Monolithics comments, "I suspect we'll see a downsizing as those OEMs who now operate foundries have difficulty justifying the extremely high cost of operation." Tom Lantzsch, operations manager for Motorola's RF IC Operation describes the philosophy behind their new wafer fab, "We built a manufacturing facility based on a consumer market versus other wafer fabs which were built in the past to service the requirements of the military. The net result is we will be able to produce



products with lower costs and in shorter cycle times."

Mobile communications has opened up more areas of new technology than the electronics industry has seen in years. Manufacturers of GaAs MMICs are finding out, like everyone else, that communications of any kind is a lucrative market. GaAs MMICs have found uses in all types of mobile communications: satellite, mobile phones, LANs, DBS, GPS, PCNs, and more. Their small size and low power consumption make them ideal for applications requiring portability or tight space constraints.

In the February 1989 issue of *RF Design*, a quote ran "Three years ago, a 3-inch wafer was priced at approximately \$2000. This figure has dropped to a current price of about \$100." The report goes on to mention that pricing will fall considerably over the next two years, something that has never happened and manufacturers do not expect to happen in the foreseeable future.

When GaAs technology was first being developed, the exchange of information among engineers and companies was relatively open. That has since changed as companies have developed more proprietary processes and competition has become more intense. Development is still occurring, but information no longer flows as openly. The pace of new developments has decreased as well. As with any new technology, it has reached a point where improvements are no longer giant steps, but small increments i.e. dropping the price a bit, increasing the manufacturing volume,

shrinking the chip, making it faster, decreasing the operating voltage, or offering a new type of circuit. Many of the manufacturers have focused on niche markets instead of aiming for blanket coverage.

In the same report in the February 1989 issue, the market was described as "a somewhat custom market." This focus has changed and now companies tend to focus on application specific products rather than custom products. According to Louis Pengue, "The type of parts we're doing are application specific, and not particularly customer specific. We're doing a general receiver chip for GPS use and we've talked with three or four companies about specifying that part." This type of approach to marketing and designing makes sense as evidenced by the number of GaAs MMIC firms doing it. It targets a larger audience, but offers many of the features found only in custom designs, because it focuses on just one application. One of the most unique factors in the GaAs MMIC industry is the niche orientation of many of the companies. Many of the commercial firms, such as Anadigics, TriQuint, Pacific Monolithics and Vitesse serve different parts of the market. According to Charlie Huang, executive vice president of Anadigics, "I do believe that the business that exists today is of good enough size to keep these companies in business, especially if you look at the fact that we each have our own proprietary markets for our products and don't necessarily compete with one another."

The market and technology are still relatively young, but it has become strong and continues to grow despite a fluctuating economy. The military market no longer wields the influence that it did several years ago, and the commercial communications market has become a driving force. New marketing strategies will make the difference to many GaAs MMIC manufacturers over the next few years.

**RF**

For reprints of this report, contact Cardiff Publishing Company at (303) 220-0600. Ask for the Circulation Department.



## Analog and Digital Design

The Design Center™ software package from MicroSim can run mixed-mode simulations directly from the circuit drawing. Additional features include analog behavioral modeling, Monte Carlo and sensitivity/worst-case statistical analyses, event-driven digital simulation, device libraries containing over 4,000 analog and 1,700 digital devices, stimulus generation, device characterization, and graphical waveform analysis.

**MicroSim Corporation**  
INFO/CARD #210

## Measurement Cards

Hewlett-Packard has introduced a new test card that allows selected HP 8590 series portable spectrum analyzers to perform CT2-CAI RF transmitter measurements. The card can be used for production test of CT2-CAI bases and handsets and for field service of cordless telephone networks. Measurement functions such as carrier power, carrier-off power, adjacent channel power, out-of-band power, spurious emissions, power vs. time, intermodulation and frequency deviation and error are included in the card. Price is \$2010.

**Hewlett-Packard Company**  
INFO/CARD #209

## Selection Guide and Spice Models

A new IBM-PC compatible disk contains over 1000 current component models, an industry cross reference section, sales office listings, a listing of applications literature, domestic prices, and ordering information for Burr-Brown's high performance, linear product line. New features include more than 70 Spice models for operational amplifiers, difference amplifiers and instrumentation amplifiers.

**Burr-Brown Corporation**  
INFO/CARD #208

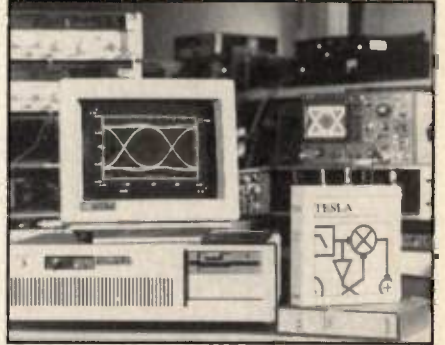
## Rain Attenuation Program

The NASA Lewis Research Center Satellite Link Attenuation Model (SLAM) is a QuickBASIC computer program for evaluating the impact of rain attenuation on a communication link established between an Earth terminal and a geosynchronous satellite. The user needs to know the longitude of the satellite, the latitude and longitude of the earth terminal, the height of the terminal above sea level, yearly average rainfall at the terminal site and the operating frequency of the link.

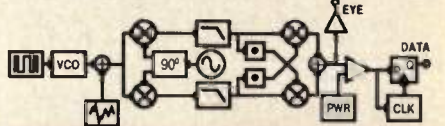
**Lewis Research Center**  
INFO/CARD #207

## Easy TESLA Block Diagram Simulation Runs on Your PC

- Nonlinear time simulation with built-in spectrum analysis lets you test with noise, multipath and adjacent channels
- Use TESLA to simulate modems, radios, cellular, GPS, spread spec, DSP, HDTV, radar, controls, audio & more!
- Over 60 analog & digital blocks: Filters, VCO, Mixer, RFamp, Laplace, A/D & D/A Converters, BER tester, Noise, S&H, Integ&dump, S-Function Generator, Phase meter, & more!
- Add new blocks with MODGEN option—BBS user library
- Use OrCAD® to input block diagrams—runs under TESLA



Simulation and lab test of FSK demod (block diagram below)



### FREE APPLICATION NOTE

TESOFT Inc., PO Box 305  
Roswell GA 30077  
Phone 404-751-9785  
FAX 404-664-5817

CALL FOR WORKING DEMO DISK  
TESLA Simulator \$695  
MODGEN Model Generator \$495  
Symbols for OrCAD/SDT® \$195

INFO/CARD 70

## BESSER ASSOCIATES PRESENTS A NEW ONE-DAY TUTORIAL:

### THE SMITH CHART AND ITS APPLICATIONS

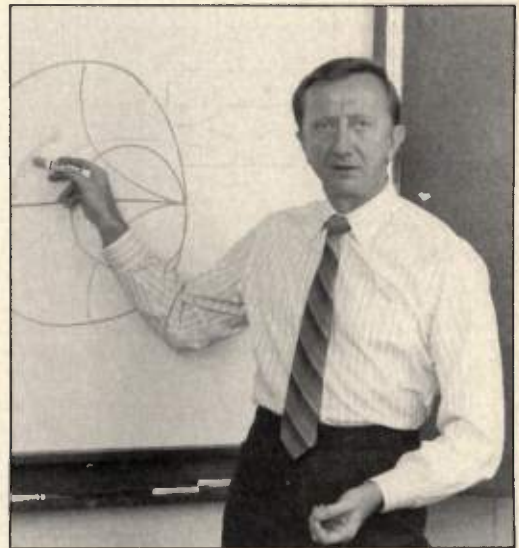
The Smith Chart is an important graphical tool that replaces the complex mathematics used in impedance transformation and matching. Unfortunately, its introduction is generally handled by field theory experts, without connection to practical applications.

Recognizing the problem, our short-course was developed for practicing engineers, technicians and managers who are involved in the design, production and testing of RF/MW circuits and systems. The course will also help high-speed digital engineers understand analog techniques. If you are in these groups, we invite you to learn the usage of the Chart through a proven step-by-step process, in one day. Lumped element and transmission line manipulations are both covered.

The tutorial will be held on March 16, 1992 at the San Diego Convention Center, and on March 23, 1992 at Santa Clara, CA. Cost of the Smith Chart tutorial is \$99 if registration is received by February 24, 1992 (\$129.00 after 2/24/92).

#### Course Outline: 8:00am - 4:30pm

- Impedance, admittance and scattering parameters
- Impedance mapping and the Smith Chart
- Smith Chart applications using lumped RLC elements
- Multi-frequency considerations; Impedance matching
- Transmission line manipulations on the Smith Chart
- Expanded and compressed Smith Charts; Q effects



For information or registration, contact:

## Besser Associates

4600 El Camino Real  
Suite #210  
Los Altos, CA 94022  
PH: 415-949-3300  
FAX: 415-949-4400





# FREQUENCY SYNTHESIS



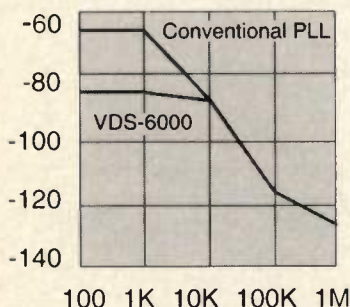
**OCTAVE BW  
BELOW 3 GHz**

## synthesizer

The VDS-6000 synthesizer product line covers up to 50% bandwidth below 3 GHz, using a Sciteq-proprietary Arithmetically Locked Loop (ALL) technique. This approach permits reduced division ratios for any given step size, thus improving phase noise performance.

BW.....<octave <3GHz  
Steps.....0.5 or 1MHz  
Spurs.....-60dBc  
Speed.....10 msec  
Package.....3" x 5" x 1.25"  
Power.....5W

typical phase noise @ 1 GHz



**<\$800 qty 1**

SCITEQ Electronics, Inc.  
9280 Sky Park Court  
San Diego, CA 92123  
TEL 619-292-0500  
FAX 619-292-9120

## RF literature

### High Speed Databook

Elantec, Inc. has released their 1992 databook. The databook contains specifications and applications information as well as macromodels, advanced product information pages, and the handbook from their analog applications seminar.

Elantec, Inc.  
INFO/CARD #200

### Signal Processing Catalog

Synergy Microwave has released its 1992/93 signal processing product line catalog. The catalog features phase shifters, mixers, power dividers, filters, directional couplers, modulators, attenuators, transformers, and doubles in frequency ranges from DC to 5 GHz.

Synergy Microwave Corporation  
INFO/CARD #199

### Land Mobile Communications

A 224-page catalog from Decibel Products outlines their products for the land mobile communications market. Catalog 23 includes descriptions of base antennas, cables and connectors, cavities and filters, duplexers, transmitter combiners, receiver multicouplers, monitors, power amplifiers, and fiber optic signal distribution systems. Also included are

sections on applications and engineering with systems design information.

Decibel Products  
INFO/CARD #198

### Wire, Cable and Tubing

Weico's new, 44-page catalog details their lines of cable, wire and tubing for the aerospace, communication, instrumentation and computer industries. Performance, temperature and electrical characteristics; physical descriptions are included.

Weico Wire & Cable Inc.  
INFO/CARD #197

### IC Selector Guide

Motorola has released a new selector guide for their linear and interface ICs. The guide includes new switching regulator control circuits, RF communications circuits, and surface mount devices in addition to their regular line of standard devices.

Motorola Inc.  
INFO/CARD #196

### Ceramic Components Bulletin

An 8-page brochure from Duramic covers the properties and potential mechanical and electrical/electronic applications of precision

## RF Design Software Service

Programs from *RF Design*, provided on disk for your convenience.

### This Month's Programs: RFD-0292

"A Quick Microstrip Matching Program" by T. Takamizawa. QMAT program does quick evaluation of simple transmission line and stub matching circuits. [BASIC]

"A Smith Chart-Based Impedance Matching Program" by Neal Silence. Menu-driven program with tabular and Smith chart displays of impedance or admittance, allowing the user to add series or shunt elements to accomplish matching. [QuickBASIC, compiled and source code]

### January Programs: RFD-0192

"A VCO Tuning Range Calculation Program" by Marshall Hollimon. VCOALC program has curves for common varactors, computes and plots tuning range, handles parasitics and allows linearity analysis. [QuickBASIC, compiled and source code]

"A Program for Winding RF Coils" by David Raley. COILTURN program computes number of turns, self-resonance, reactance, and other parameters for single-layer air-wound inductors. [BASIC, compiled and source code]

**Call or write for a listing of all available programs**

**We accept VISA, MasterCard and American Express!** When ordering by mail, please include card number, correct name, and expiration date.

**Order by telephone!** Call (303) 770-4709 to place your credit card order. Occasionally, you may reach an answering machine, but your call will be returned promptly.

Each month's program[s] .....\$ 15.00 .....postpaid, with article reprints.

Price includes shipping to U.S. or Canadian addresses. Orders from other countries must add \$8.00 per order for extra shipping and handling. Specify 3 1/2 or 5 1/4 inch disks.

Annual subscription .....\$130.00 .....(\$170 Foreign via air mail) .....get each ASAP

Check, money order, VISA, MasterCard or American Express accepted for all orders. Purchase orders from U.S. and Canadian companies accepted for orders of \$100 or more. Foreign orders must be pre-paid, with payment via charge card, check or bank draft drawn on a bank located in the U.S.

### RF Design Software Service

P.O. Box 3702  
Littleton, Colorado 80161-3702  
U.S.A.  
(303) 770-4709  
INFO/CARD 100



alumina parts and components. The brochure describes the alumina's high chemical resistance to acids and alkalies, its dimensional stability at high temperature, dielectric properties, its refractoriness, abrasion resistance and nuclear properties.

**Morgan Matroc Inc., Duramic Division**  
INFO/CARD #195

## Circuit Processing Brochure

Polyflon Company has released a new brochure detailing their microwave and RF circuit processing capabilities. The brochure covers their processing techniques, materials, CAD system, quality assurance, testing and product lines.

**Crane Polyflon**  
INFO/CARD #194

## Coaxial Connectors Catalog

Soliton's 226-page catalog contains a full range of RF and microwave connectors such as SMA, SSMA, high frequency SSMA, SMB, SMC, TNC, high frequency TNC and TY-N.

**Soliton/Microwave**  
INFO/CARD #193

## Blind Mate Connectors

An 18-page catalog from Huber and Suhner describes their new BMA blind mate con-

necter line. The connectors are used in applications requiring either rigid or floating configurations. The catalog describes adaptors, assembly tools and accessories as well.

**Huber + Suhner, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #192

## Stock Catalog

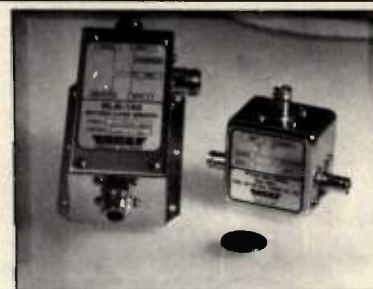
A catalog of nearly 1,800 stock items are included in a new catalog from Potter & Brumfield. Included are electromechanical relays, solid state relays and time delay relays. Also listed are input/output modules, circuit breakers, sensors, sockets, mounting boards and accessories. A photograph and brief specifications are given for each series.

**Potter & Brumfield**  
INFO/CARD #191

## Data Sheets

Data sheets covering Anadigics' series of GaAs MMICs for use in Ku-Band direct broadcast satellite downconvertors for TV home receivers are now available. The data sheets cover the four ICs in the AKD12000 series and describe performance characteristics and applications.

**Anadigics, Inc.**  
INFO/CARD #190



## Return Loss Bridges

RLB150 bridges are a high accuracy low cost solution to SWR measurements. They can be used with spectrum analyzer/tracking generator for swept SWR measurements. EAGLE RLBs have these features:

- **Frequencies:** .04 Mhz to 1.0 GHz
  - **RF reflected port**
  - **High Power rating:** Five watts
  - **Rugged construction**
  - **High Directivity:** up to 45 dB
- Model RLB150B1 .04-150 MHz.....\$259.00  
Model RLB150N3B 5-1000 MHz.....\$349.00
- FREE** application note: "High Performance VSWR measurements", call and ask for it!

**EAGLE**  
WICHITA

P.O. Box 9446 (316) 942-5100  
Wichita, KS 67277 Fax: (316) 942-5190

INFO/CARD 73

## Advertising Index

Aerospace Consulting	82	Matrix Systems, Inc.	12
Alan Industries, Inc.	17	McCoy/Ovenaire	16
Amplifier Research	28, 38	Microsonics Corp.	26
Analog & RF Models	82	Narda	65
Anritsu America, Inc.	18	Noise/Com, Inc.	7
Avantek	34, 35	Oscillatek	44
Besser Associates	79	Philips - Discrete Products Division	10
Bird Electronic Corp.	9	Power Systems Technology, Inc.	87
Cal Crystal Lab, Inc.	56	Programmed Test Sources, Inc.	66
California Eastern Laboratories	15, 31	Q-bit Corp.	23
Comlinear Corp.	33	QUALCOMM, Inc.	60
Communication Concepts, Inc.	36	Quality Microwave Interconnects, Inc.	36
Cougar Components	37	RF Design Handbook Series	68
DAICO Industries, Inc.	4	RF Design Software Service	80
DATARADIO	69	RF Prime, Inc.	49, 51
Eagle	81	RF Solutions, Inc.	45, 47
Eagleware	73	Sage Laboratories, Inc.	30
EEsof	2	SCITEQ Electronics, Inc.	80
E.F. Johnson, Inc.	57	Soliton Microwave	9
EG&G Frequency Products	54	Somersoft	82
Electronic Concepts, Inc.	63	Sprague Goodman	13
Epson America	50	Stanford Telecom	22
FEI Microwave, Inc.	19, 74	STC Components	48
Henry Radio	51	Surcom Associates, Inc.	71
Hewlett Packard	11	Temex Electronics, Inc.	46
IFR Systems, Inc.	3	Tesoft	79
Inmark Corp.	44	Time & Frequency, Ltd.	41
International Crystal Mfg. Co., Inc.	14	Trak Microwave Corp.	25
JFW Industries, Inc.	40	Trompeter Electronics, Inc.	82
Kalmus Engineering		Voltronics Corporation, Inc.	57
International Ltd.	8	Werlatone, Inc.	6, 52
Kay Elemetrics Corp.	62	Wide Band Engineering Co., Inc.	46
Loral Microwave - Narda	65	Wiltron Co.	39
M/A-Com Anzac Operation	88	W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.	67
M/A-Com Control Components Division	75		
M/A-Com Omni Spectra	29, 58		
M/A-Com PHI, Inc.	43		
M/A-Com Semiconductor Products	76		

RF Design

## RF engineering opportunities



*Whistler is a worldwide leader in the manufacture of sophisticated radar detectors and other automotive accessory products that are sold nationally. If you're a hands-on individual with a real commitment to quality, join us in the following position.*

### ► SENIOR RF DESIGN ENGINEER

We're looking for an experienced, enthusiastic individual to take responsibility for the design and implementation of RF product development for high-volume, low-cost, continuous-flow manufacturing.

The qualified candidate will have a BSEE, with the ability to design for FCC compliance. And at least 8-10 years' related experience in commercial or consumer:

- RF circuit/system design
- Receiver architecture and implementation
- Low power transmitter design
- Antenna design
- SMD manufacturing methods

Whistler offers competitive salaries and benefits. Please send resume to Human Resources Department, Whistler Corp., 5 Lyberty Way, Westford, MA 01886.

**Whistler**  
A DYNATECH COMPANY  
An Equal Opportunity Employer



# RF design

# MARKETPLACE

WHEN YOU ARE READY TO BUY-SELL-TRADE CALL **RF DESIGN MARKETPLACE**

Increase your REVENUES with **RF Design Marketplace** advertising! Over 40,000 prospects read and buy from this section each month. To reach this sophisticated, targeted market call today (303) 220-0600.

**Quality doesn't cost...  
It pays...**

Over thirty years of providing  
high quality RF products.



INFO/CARD 77



## RF SPICE MODELS

- BIPOLAR, FET, DIODE
- NON-LINEAR MODELS
- ACCURATE TO >5GHz
- OPTO, LOGIC, OPAMPS

6987 N. Oracle Rd., Tucson, AZ 85704

PHONE (602) 575-5323 FAX (602) 297-5160

INFO/CARD 78

## RF and Microwave Design and Development

- Analog design from DC to several GHz
- Prototype development
- Computer simulation, optimization, analysis
- Circuit board layout using PCAD
- Your schematics or ours
- Fast turnaround
- Technical writing
- Proposal assistance
- Custom software development

### Aerospace Consulting

P.O. Box 536, Buckingham, Pa. 18912  
(215) 345-7184 FAX (215) 345-1309

INFO/CARD 79

## RF SYNTHESIS SOFTWARE

### Smithsoft Plus by Somersoft

PC Software for Every RF Engineer

#### INTERACTIVE SMITH CHART

Data are entered directly onto the chart by using the mouse, keyboard, or by loading a disk file. Component arcs, including parasitic effects, are drawn on the chart by making component selections from the top menu bar. A schematic is automatically generated and displayed as components are selected. Once a circuit is entered, the circuit editor allows you to randomly tune, cut, copy or paste any component. This makes it very easy to experiment with many different kinds of circuit topologies in order to achieve the best design. This also makes the software very educational for those who are just learning the Smith chart.

#### ... PARTIAL LIST OF FEATURES ...

- Network Analyzer Z-Theta Chart
- H, S, Y, Z, ABCD Conversions
- Common B - Common E - Common C
- Simultaneous Multiple File Analysis
- Operating and Available Power Gain Circles
- Unilateral Power Gain Circles
- Noise Circles Stability Circles
- S-Parameter Stack for Recursive Operations
- Data Tables on Screen or Dump to Printer
- Internal Graphic Screen Dump

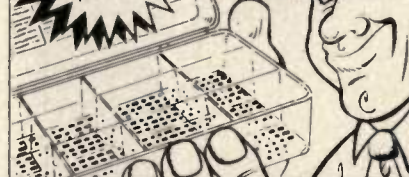
\$259.00, Somersoft, (707)829-0164

INFO/CARD 80

## Surface Mount Chip Component Prototyping Kits—

Only  
**\$49.95**

INDIVIDUAL  
VALUES  
AVAILABLE



CC-1 Capacitor Kit contains 365 pieces, 5 ea. of every 10% value from 1pf to .33µf. CR-1 Resistor Kit contains 1540 pieces; 10 ea. of every 5% value from 100Ω to 10 megΩ. Sizes are 0805 and 1206. Each kit is ONLY \$49.95 and available for Immediate One Day Delivery!

Order by toll-free phone, FAX, or mail. We accept VISA, MC, GOC, or Pre-paid orders. Company P.O.'s accepted with approved credit. Call for free detailed brochure.

**COMMUNICATIONS SPECIALISTS, INC.**  
426 West Taft Ave. • Orange, CA 92665-4296  
Local (714) 998-3021 • FAX (714) 974-3420

Entire USA 1-800-854-0547

INFO/CARD 81

**PROMOTE  
YOUR  
PRODUCTS**

**FOR  
ONLY**

**\$400/mo.**

INFO/CARD 82



RFI

EMI

EMC

EMP

# PST POWER FOR E<sup>3</sup> TESTING

Now, From One  
Amplifier:

## 400-1000 MHz, 1000 Watts Output

MIL

FCC

CSA

TEMPEST

- Class AB Linear
- Wide Bandwidth
- Thermal Protection
- Load VSWR Protection
- Input/Output Overdrive Protection



Model BHE4819-1000

- Graceful Degradation
- Low MTTR
- Built-in Test Diagnostics
- IEEE 488 Bus (optional)
- High Frequency Switching Power Supply

Model No.	Freq. Range (MHz)	Power Out (watts)
BHE1637-100 BHE1637-200 BHE1637-500 BHE1637-1000	1.5-30	100 200 500 1000
BHE2758-100 BHE2758-200 BHE2758-500 BHE2758-1000		100 200 500 1000
BHE4819-100 BHE4819-200 BHE4819-500 BHE4819-1000		100 200 500 1000

**SERIES BHE** solid state Class AB linear amplifiers deliver the high powers necessary to achieve maximum field strength for E<sup>3</sup> testing. **SERIES AR** Class A linear models feature multi-octave bandwidths for lower power applications. Both series accept all RF input signals: CW, FM, AM, pulse/phase modulated – and are available with IEEE 488 Bus for remote on-off operation and output power adjustment. Other standard and custom design amplifiers are available for powers up to 10KW and frequencies up to 4000MHz.

Model No.	Freq. Range (MHz)	Power Out, Sat. (watts)
AR1658-10 AR1658-25 AR1658-50	1-500	15 30 70
AR2728-100		250
AR1858-100		125
AR4819-10 AR4819-25 AR4819-50	400-1000	15 40 75
AR5819-100		110
AR1929-20 AR1929-30 AR1929-50		24 34 55

# PST

A COMTECH COMPANY

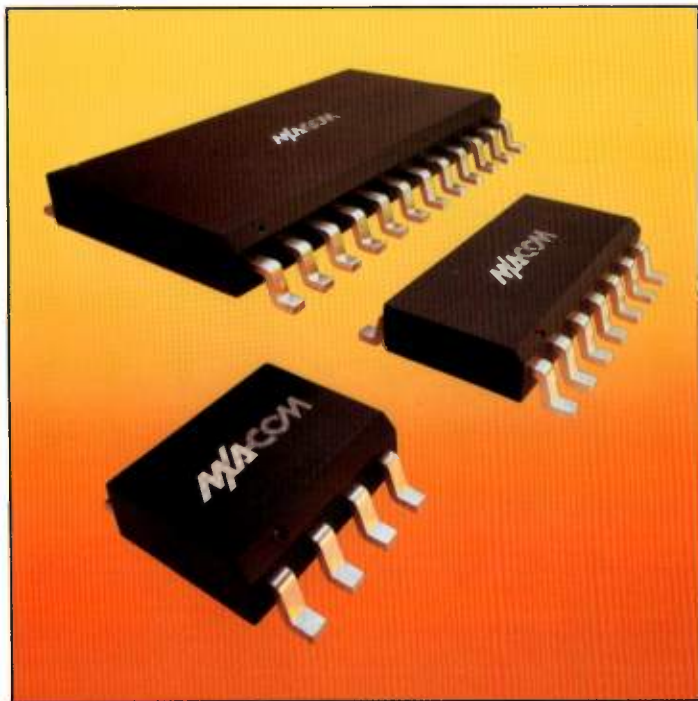
**POWER SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY INC.**

105 BAYLIS ROAD, MELVILLE, NY 11747  
TEL. 516-777-8900 • FAX 516-777-8877



# MMIC GaAs Switches

D.C. to 2000 MHz



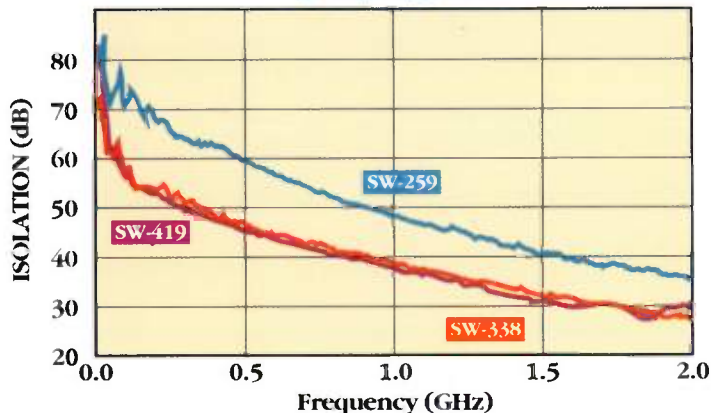
## SURFACE MOUNT SWITCHES

The newest in the fine line of GaAs MMIC Switches from our own foundry have nanosecond switching speed, microwatts of power consumption, extremely low insertion loss, and very high intercept points. Packaged to meet your requirements, these state-of-the-art switches are available off the shelf.

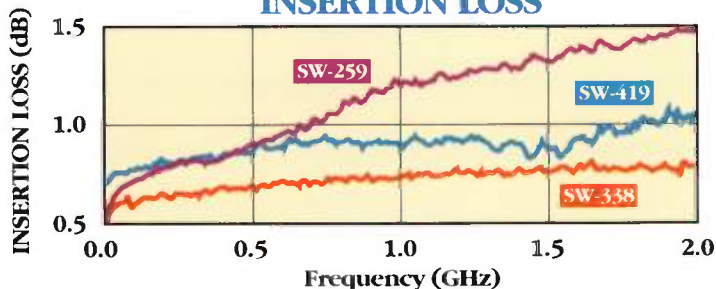
MODEL	DESCRIPTION	INSERTION LOSS (dB)	ISOLATION (dB)	VSWR	Ip3 (dBm)	PACKAGE
SW-239	SPDT	0.5	36	1.1:1	46	SOIC, 8 lead
SW-259	SPST Non-Reflective	1.0	47	1.1:1	46	SOIC, 8 lead
SW-289	DPDT	0.5	36	1.1:1	46	SOIC, 14 lead
SW-338	SPDT Non-Reflective	0.7	40	1.2:1	46	SOIC, 8 lead
SW-339	SPDT Non-Reflective	0.7	36	1.2:1	46	SOIC, 8 lead
SW-419	SP4T Non-Reflective	0.9	38	1.2:1	46	SOIC, 24 lead

\* - All parameters are typical specs @ 1.0 GHz.

## ISOLATION



## INSERTION LOSS



## RELIABILITY

TEMPERATURE CYCLE	200 Cycles, -65°C to 150°C.
LIFTEST	6,000,000 equivalent device hours @ 85°C.
TEMPERATURE HUMIDITY	Autoclave, 120°C @ 100% RH. 30 psi for 96 hours.
SOLDERABILITY	260°C for 5 seconds, 95% coverage minimum.
COPLANARITY	0.004" maximum.

## OPTIONS

Available in Tape and Reel.  
Hermetically sealed packages with or without drivers.

For more information on this product or our complete line of affordable high quality components, Call 617-273-3333 or fax us at 617- 273-1921.

# ANZAC

A **MACOM** COMPANY

In stock for immediate delivery from **PENSTOCK**  
1-800-736-7862

# A Higher Level of Integration at a New Low Price.