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MARCH 1995

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FAST FORE-WORD



ith a good deal of brotherly admiration, I would like to call your attention to the 50th anniversary of CQ magazine. Why "brotherly"? Well, there are two answers, one long and one short, and I'm going to give you the short one.

Fifty years is a rather long time for a magazine to be alive, and most don't last anywhere near that long. In fact, magazine industry pundits say that as many as a third of all newly started magazines fail within their first three years. The cause, they usually say, is lack of funding sufficient to carry them through their infancy. While I would certainly agree that adequate funding is essential during those early years, I think that there is another, more powerful process at work then-a sort of natural selection of magazines. What the founding publisher and editor may see as an essential niche, readers and advertisers may see as redundant or-worseirrelevant.

But why "brotherly"? Because both *CQ* and *Audio* were started by the same publishing house, Radio Magazines, *CQ* in 1945 and *Audio* in 1947. But indeed, the whole publishing house can make a legitimate claim to be nearly 80 years old, since it grew out of a magazine, *Pacific Radio News*, which was started by the San Francisco Radio Club in 1917.

"CQ" is the ham radio operator's invitation to talk over the airwaves, and is quite appropriate as the title for a magazine covering the field. The January 1995 issue of CQ is their 50th anniversary issue, and contains some photos we ran in conjunction with an article by John Wolkonowicz in May 1982 when we turned 35.

Audio was purchased during the late '40s by C. G. "Mac" McProud, who was ownereditor-publisher until 1966, when he sold the magazine to North American Publishing of Philadelphia. Mac had bought a curious magazine, aimed mainly at broadcast, recording, and sound reinforcement engineers. Its original title, *Audio Engineering*, was as appropriate as that of its older brother, but when the Audio Engineering Society started its

> Journal in the early 1950s, there was obvious confusion. It's worth noting, too, that the Society was begun because of an exchange of letters that appeared in Audio Engineering. But clearly, Audio no longer is aimed principally at sound engineers; rather, we are for the most-committed hi-fi enthusiasts, those who feel

> > more reasonably at home

with science than marketing, but who also can enjoy owning a piece of audio gear simply because it is physically well made.

If you would like to see what that 50th anniversary issue of *CQ* looks like, write to *CQ* Communications, 76 North Broadway, Hicksville, N.Y. 11801 and enclose a check for \$5.50, which includes shipping.







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TDK CD-Recordables

RECORDABLE COMPACT DISC CD-R/4

TDK uses a new cyanine dye material, a new high-precision stamper, and an advanced injection-molding process to produce CD-Rs that are designed to operate in all types of audio CD-R and CD-ROM writers, including double- and

quadruple-speed designs. Improved recording sensitivity is also used to compensate for the shorter exposure time in higher speed recording. The CD-R74 has a capacity of 650 MB of data storage or 74 minutes of digital audio; also available are the CD-R63 (550 MB or 63 minutes), the CD-R21 (180 MB or 21 minutes), and the CD-R18 (150 MB or 18 minutes). The discs have a label area for writing notes with permanent-ink markers. Prices: CD-R74, \$31; CD-R63, \$30; CD-R21, \$28, and CD-R18, \$27. For literature, circle No. 101



WHAT'S NEW

Pioneer Elite Cassette Deck

Cassette Deck The CT-W54 twin auto reverse cassette deck, from Pioneer's Elite line, has Dolby S NR to reduce low-frequency noise by 10 dB and high-frequency hiss by as much as 24 dB. A proprietary frequency-level expander is used to restore high frequencies and deliver clearer sound from old or poorly recorded tapes. Each transport has Super Auto BLE, which—via three calibration frequencies provides individual optimizing of bias, level, and equalization during recording. Other features include synchronized CD player start, for dubbing, and a mike input with volume control. Price: \$475. For literature, circle No. 102



CT Consolidated Technology Remote-Control Holder

"Where's that confounded remote?!" If your home echoes to that refrain, you may want to investigate the CT-Towerwhich not only holds remotes but also accepts, according to CT Consolidated Technology, "calculators, timers, alarms, flashlights, and radios, as well as note pads, clips, photos, and more." Whatever the items, they're held in place with hookand-loop fastener strips. Small, smooth pads allow the holder to be rested upright without marring a tabletop. Price: \$19.95. For literature, circle No. 100

Ring-a-Lite Telephone Signaler

You've got headphones on, and the phone rings. You might not hear it, but you can see it with help from the Ring-a-Lite, which installs with phone cords between the telephone receiver and the wall outlet. Plug a light source into the unit's two-prong, 110-V receptacle, and with each ring of the phone, the light will flash; if the light is already switched on, it will flicker. Price:



\$39.95 plus \$5 shipping and handling. For literature, circle No. 103



Niles Amp

Niles Audio bills the SI-1200 as a "systems integration amplifier" that can simultaneously distribute stereo, mono, and surround sound to different rooms. Each of the unit's 12 channels delivers 25 watts and has an individual level control, as well as independent thermal and short-circuit protection. For large rooms or power-hungry speakers, the SI-1200 bridges to six channels at 50 watts each. Price: \$799.95.

For literature, circle No. 104

Sacrifice Nothing.

B&W's Matrix HTM Home Theater Speaker resolves the movies versus music debate

once and for all. COREY GREENBERG, Home Theater Technology

WHAT STARTED OUT AS A RAGING DEBATE HAS ENDED WITH RAVE REVIEWS. HERE B&W PRESENTS THE CONSIDERED OPINIONS OF TWO RESPECTED CRITICS, COREY GREENBERG of Home Theater Tecknology [Nov 1994 issue] AND TOM NOUSAINE of Sound & Image [Fall 1994 issue].

GREENBERG: "The main reason the HTMs are so superior to any movie speakers I've heard is solely because these are music speakers first and foremost."

NOUSAINE: "This speaker is accurate. Dialogue and vocals are always intelligible and natural. Music sounds sweet and clean."

GREENBERG: "The sound of the B&W Matrix HTMs is so much better than any of the movie speakers l've heard, even systems costing many times the price of the HTMs, that it's a joke."

NOUSAINE: "The Matrix HTM is a tremendous performer. It makes a terrific center speaker and a pair of them would even do a great job as mains in a musiconly system. I'd be proud to own one."

GREENBERG: "This is the best sound I've ever had in my home theater, bar none. Whether I played movie LDs or music CDs, the sound of the B&W Matrix HTM was honest, accurate, and the very definition of the term 'high fidelity.' It's a speaker system you'll want to live with for a long, long time."

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reduce surface standing

waves to minimize

coloration - whether

you're listening to music

or watching movies.



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ARTISTS VS. ARTISANS



o you know the difference between an artist and an artisan? It is the 19th century! In Europe. What a crazy time still to serve as our overwhelming background

in so many ways. I mean, of course, crazy as we look back today; it seemed plenty reasonable to the people who lived in it.

Short of slavery among the ancients, the 19th century's early years in Europe were the worst of all for hideous exploitation and impoverishment of the supposedly liberated multitudes caught up in the Industrial Revolution. And simultaneously-don't we always have opposites?---it was the most flamboyant era for Great Art, as a thing made sacred. And for the Artist, who suddenly became a demigod (if eccentric and usually unhealthy!) far above other human beings, including kings and emperors.

Previously, in times before the era of grim coal mines and hideous industrial sloth, there had been art of every variety, needless to say; just go look in a museum. Also ge-

nius, and to spare, from the early "rebirth" (Renaissance) years to the 18th-century Age of Enlightenment when, foolish-

ly, men thought that they had at last solved all the problems of knowledge and human existence. And from Giotto to Leonardo and Michelangelo and Raphael, to Rubens and Van Dyck to And

Supremely skillful workers. The word "art" originally meant skill. That is precisely where they operated, not in a world apart but simply surrounded by an aura of reverence for their particular superiorities. And therefore not different from other people, including all sorts of artisans without distinction. That is where the 19th century, industry and all, changed things for-

from Dufay and Machaut to Mozart

and Haydn, not to mention Bach.

But these great people, over centuries, were not artists in the 19thcentury manner! They were, we

might say, high-end artisans.

ever or, rather, unto the present. And that is why art versus artisan has a lot to do with audio-the equipment, the microphones and speakers, the reproducing skillsand the music, equally, from the inaudible background to commercials, on to every kind of pop, musical, film and video, opera, and—another bit of strictly 19th-century terminology-classical. All just part of the whole. Our thousands of "artists" (including directors, producers, composers, performers) are, in plain reality, artisans—whatever they may think. Or would be if they could see it my way. How good it would be if all of them could get this idea through their heads! Like scientists and engineers.

Those are people who have always worked in teams, who honor their own in terms of skills, not Art. Have

you ever read

Richard Feyn-

man? What a

wonderfully or-

dinary guy he

was, if super-

concentrated,

one of the great

scientific and

mathematical 3

IN AUDIO, WE HAVE BOSSES AND TEAMS OF WORKERS. FORCED TO COOPERATE AS ARTISANS.

minds of our day. He was the very 5 essence of an artisan, stratosphericrank: Skillful at many things high and low, including his favorite (and useful) side skill, picking supposedly secure locks for the Atomic Energy

AUDIO/MARCH 1995



High-revving, 120-horsepower, fuel-injected engine (hey, this car's for driving, not just looking at)

5-speed transmission — you expect that on a real set of wheels, but one for around \$12,500? (yep)

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INTRODUCI

Tubular rear axle with spring-over shock sport suspension and progressive ride tuning – (means it's great on curves – you'll understand once you drive it)

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Oh, Courtesy Transportation – that's part of PONTIAC CARES too (see? we really do care)

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Aluminized stainless steel muffler and tailpipe (see above)

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Interior roominess (room like a big car inside, only it's not a big car — go figure)

Fold-down rear seats — in case you win some 9-ft. teddy bear at the carnival (hey, it could happen)

Theater dimming of interior lights — they turn of f s l o w l y, like at the theater

AM/FM radio — what, you mean it's not standard on every car? (nope_it's not) (you wanna spend a little more, you can have a built-in CD player)

> Battery rundown protection — you accidentally leave the interior lights on, the Sunfire will turn 'em off — so you don't walk home (remember to say "thanks")

> > A HUGE glovebox — big enough for a 12-pack of sodas (or some really, really big gloves)

> > > Dual outside mirrors — so you can see folks in other cars who spent more and got less

> > > Single-key locking — one key locks & unlocks doors, trunk and all the fun of Sunfire

> > > > Clearcoat paint – paint you can't see keeps the paint you can see looking good (see?)

Cup holders (you supply the cups)

Tachometer — those pricey cars got 'em, and those owners don't even know what they're for

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Commission! Also playing Latin music in local Latin bands. An inveterate prankster with a huge sense of fun (unlike Beethoven). Read him, and rejoice.

You surely can see, then, that we in audio are really returning to the pre-19thcentury idea of the artisan. Any art, skill, or trade, just as then: It could be anything from wheelwrights (Joseph and Michael Haydn's father) to jewelers, cooks and bottle washers, dramatists, and even poets. In England, both Shakespeare and George Frederick Handel were canny managers, businessmen, fund-raisers, patron-chasers (not foundations but princes, dukes, queens and kings, or newly wealthy merchants). In Italy, the composer Palestrina, whose music the 19th century enshrined as pure and otherworldly, actually did quite a bit of heavy real estate dealing on the side-just an extra helpful skill-as a matter of course. As most of us know, the great mind of Leonardo da Vinci was mainly occupied with the business of designing for the military (weapons, forts, redoubts, vehicles, almost anything) and on the side, a few li'l items like an aeroplane. Michelangelo, Leonardo's near contemporary, was much in demand for his sacred frescoes on wet plaster church walls, one of the toughest and most backbreaking of all the skills of his day. Sixteen hours at a time on his back, high on a scaffold? That's art?

Of course, in those days, unlike ours, there were not a hundred thousand diverging specialties, every one moving further and further from the rest and ever more technical, like the expanding universe. Nevertheless, coordination between skills was just as vital then as for us in audio. The famed bottega, the artist's (artisan's) workshop, was a hive of creativity and plain manual labor-and never forget that most of the big painters et al. farmed out the actual detail work to their more gifted apprentices, just as architects and Supreme Court judges do today. So it goes in our recording studios, film productions, and so on-not just one Great Genius off in his special world, but dozens of team workers and even a lot of bosses, forced to cooperate as artisans even if they still think they are sheer Genius itself! Just a leftover 19thcentury conceit, that.

Then there is the 19th-century sense of high dramatic tragedy. Ah, take pity on the

poor Artist, doomed to die for his *art*! Chopin, dying of consumption, i.e., tuberculosis—how appropriate, all in all, for those times! He surely couldn't have done better. A robustly healthy composer almost had to waste away before anyone would pay the slightest bit of attention to him. Late in the century, when opera finally began to catch up with all this, that familiar character Mimi (*La Bohème*), the



THERE IS NOTHING MORE DIFFICULT TO UNDERSTAND THAN THE OBVIOUS.

Bohemian Girl living in a Paris attic, dies soulfully on stage of—what else? consumption. Just like Chopin. Art, as they said, imitating Life? Actually, in this case it was Art imitating Art. We aren't above that ourselves today. How about Interactive imitating Interactive? All over the place, and ever so serious, just like Mimi.

So, you see, it is worlds within worlds, as usual. Our audio area is essentially an artisan world, and increasingly so every day. But there remain among us the holdouts, those who, by the thousands, are blissfully unaware of any change, who live with the Great Art concept as if it were eternal. They are not to be blamed—rather, they should be admired, staunchly aboard their slowly sinking ships, though this they will surely deny. How can it be otherwise? Adapt or perish! Believe me, they will adapt, ingeniously. They are, if as the snail and the tortoise.

Yes, I know, I am serving up a passel of big generalities that may seem obvious to some of our readers. Yet there is nothing

Grrreat Arts?

sorts of CD releases and even in live concerts; I hit the jackpot recently as "that astute musicologist" (which I am not) in a program booklet for a Carnegie Hall concert! Little do they know, these quoting souls, that the words they quote were written 30 or 40 years ago, in the '50s and '60s, from a spate of LP liner annotations I did at the time. Am I now out of date? I think they think I'm writing today. Very strange. Luckily, the notes have stood up pretty well, thank heavens. They have been inherited, of course, by the present owners of the original tapes, who are busily doing CD reissues. So am I now forever? I do hope not. I'd really prefer never to be a cat with nine lives.

more difficult to understand than the obvi-

ous-difficult to see in perspective, tough

to integrate into daily life. I think that if

each reader of these words will take a mo-

ment to provide the details of my picture,

to visualize specifically his own audio ex-

perience, whether pro or consumer, he will

see the truth of what I am promoting. Is

yours an artisan shop? Do you sense that it

is indeed an artisan audio world, in spite of

too many would-be geniuses therein? Is

your home and car listening receptive to

the artisan viewpoint? Are you able to ap-

preciate real skills rather than fathomless

I am sorry to say that the most unrecon-

structed performers in respect to this are

not the audio people, not the musicians,

but that legion of office workers who sup-

posedly keep us all in business, the publici-

ty people. As you may know, one of their

Nor should the audio profession and the music world. We've used up eight of our lives already, and time flies, as I say, like the snail and the tortoise.

Adcom would like to make this perfectly clear.

R egardless of how sophisticated your stereo and video system is, it may never achieve its full performance if plugged directly into an AC outlet. Raw and unprocessed AC power can severely diminish the clarity of audio signals and reduce the resolution of your video picture.

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Listen To The Critics

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Recommended accessory in *Stereophile*, Vol. 12 No. 4, April 1989.

Line Protection: It Pays For Itself

The ACE-515 also protects your valuable equipment from harmful high-voltage spikes and surges. And, its sequential turn-on/turn-off control circuit guards your speakers from disturbing, damaging thumps.

Again, The Critics Agree

"Electronic equipment (especially digital audio gear) is vulnerable to both annoying and catastrophic power-line problems. Your stereo gear should have line spike and surge protection, with hash filters thrown in too. Line protection—you can pay a little for it now, or you can pay a lot for it later."

-Ken Pohlman, AUDIO, November 1987.

For a modest investment, the ADCOM ACE-515 enhances both audio and video clarity while protecting your equipment from damaging line voltage disturbances. Once again, ADCOM lives up to its reputation of offering superior performance at a reasonable cost. For complete technical data, please visit your Adcom dealer. You'll discover the ACE-515 is more than an accessory. It's a necessity.



CURRENTS JOHN EARGLE THE NAME IS CD: **CD INTERACTIVE**



hilips' CD-Interactive format has made a number of strides in recent years, and the added option of Video CD playback is a great ad-

vantage. I commented on this last year when I first saw a movie played back from a CD (see "Currents," October 1994). At that time, I was looking at a relatively small screen in a very bright display area. The picture looked good, but I was anxious to take a system home and judge its performance under better conditions and on a larger screen.

Recently, a Magnavox CDI450 interactive CD player arrived for evaluation, along with a sampling of appropriate discs. Of these, only two were pure video: The James Bond classic Goldfinger (in a two-CD set) and a Pete Townshend promotional music program. The remainder of the discs were games of various sorts.

The Magnavox player is extremely lightweight, has a low profile, and is powered by a plug-in ±5 V power supply. An additional accessory is a

CD-I's PICTURE QUALITY

IS CLEARLY BETTER

THAN THAT OF

MASS-DUPLICATED

VHS VIDEOCASSETTES.

small r.f. unit that assigns the player's output to the channel 3 or 4 carrier frequency, for ease in interfac-

ing the system with a typical standalone TV set. The r.f. unit also accepts the normal antenna (or cable) feed, so the player does not interfere with everyday use of your TV set. The top of the player has two com-

partments. One accepts a multi-pin module that "programs" the unit to handle Video CDs. The other compartment contains the CD player mechanism itself. In addition to interactive CDs, the Magnavox unit also plays standard audio CDs and Photo CDs.

The video and audio encoding methods used are the MPEG-1 (Motion Picture Experts Group) Standards, and the video portion operates at an astounding 140-to-1 data-reduction ratio! The actual video data rate is 1.15 megabits/second, and that of the stereo audio tracks is 224 kilobits/second. (See Robert A. Finger's excellent article in the December 1994 issue for details on this encoding technology.)

As with all forms of perceptual encoding, whether for audio or video, the designers who set the parameters for the system make certain assumptions regarding the playback environment. For example, when audio is perceptually encoded, established masking thresholds are assumed, and this implies that the playback in the home will not exceed a certain level. If it does, then there is a chance that something which should have been masked may not, in fact, be masked. So it is with video. The visibility of certain data-reduction strategies may depend on picture size and brightness.

Some of the techniques used in Video CD data reduction are fairly benign. For example, horizontal and

> vertical resolution have been cut in half, to 352 lines horizontal and 240 lines vertical. The eve does not readily observe this, but if there were an adjacent monitor showing

the original, unreduced video signal, the difference might be quite visible.

On the other hand, there may be telltale signs of data reduction that will be visible to anyone, trained or otherwise. This is precisely what happened when I first viewed *Goldfinger*. I was bothered by a phenomenon called macroblocking. This is the appearance of distinct blocks, or squares, in the picture that stand apart from each other in overall luminance value. These, of course, vary from frame to frame, and in *Goldfinger* they were apparent primarily in dimly lit scenes. A knowledgeable friend of mine stated that the "psychovisual annoyance" of this artifact can usually be minimized by adjusting controls on the TV set, making the dark scenes a bit darker. Taking this ad-

THE VISIBILITY OF DATA-REDUCTION STRATEGIES MAY DEPEND ON PICTURE SIZE AND BRIGHTNESS.

vice, I carefully adjusted the brilliance and contrast controls, and sure enough, the effect was minimized. I could then get on with the movie without being bothered. However, if I made an effort, I could still spot the macroblocking.

The Pete Townshend disc presented the artist in a 30-minute program, filmed in New York. The notes stated that the disc was compatible with a standard audio CD player. Obviously, the disc was encoded in two 30-minute sections: The first was standard CD linear encoding of audio, while the second was in the MPEG-1 audio and video formats.

Of course, with movies there is not much available in the way of user interaction. A plug-in CD-I controller lets you call up a control strip at the bottom of the screen. Here, you can fast-forward, freezeframe, change volume, or go into a variety of slow-motion modes. Since all of this is done digitally, there is none of the raggedness that you have probably become accustomed to with your VCR. The Video CDs are indexed, so you can go directly to any point in a movie.

Overall, I would say that the picture quality of these Video CDs was clearly better than that of mass-duplicated VHS videocassettes—in other words, very good, but not up to the standard set by the LaserDisc.

> AUDIO/MARCH 1995 15

Will the Video CD ever unseat the LaserDisc? Perhaps not in its present form. But there is sure to be a standard that will. The LaserDisc has the disadvantages of being analog. bulky, and hard to manufacture. A replacement for it will be smaller, and it is possible that it will require a shorter laser wavelength in order to pack more information on the small disc. But for the purposes of interactive CD, the present standard is quite good enough.

There are many things to be considered in setting new video standards: Ultimate quality of performance must be balanced with considerations of compatibility, manufacturing convenience, and the impact of HDTV. We won't know for perhaps a year or two what direction things will go.

Incidentally, judging from the remainder of the Philips CD-I discs sent for evaluation, things have generally improved over the last couple of years. The booklets (read: operating instructions) have certainly improved, and it seems to me that the games themselves are better executed. You might ask your teenagers for their comments.

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SIGNALS & NOISE

"Planning a Home Theater System": Erratum ... and Expansion Dear Editor:

I like your magazine and would like to start a subscription. However, I have noticed some mathematical discrepancies that you may want to know about.

The first is in William R. Hoffman's "Planning a Home Theater System: Where Do You Begin?" (November 1994), most of which I enjoyed. I was confused, however, by the method of determining amplifier power, particularly in relation to the experience I have had with my own system. At first, Mr. Hoffman says to find my speaker's sensitivity on the horizontal scale of Fig. 3. I have the Martin-Logan CLS IIIa, whose sensitivity is about 86 dB. This gives me a power ratio of about 11. My room is 1,650 cubic feet with average absorption, which, according to Fig. 4, gives me a power multiplier of about 0.6. According to Fig. 5, comparing the power ratio to the power multiplier, I need less than 30 watts per channel to run my system (since the chart does not go below a multiplier of 1). Now, I might agree that most people do not need as much power as they think they do, but 30 watts? Have you ever driven Martin-Logans on 30 watts? Did I miss something?

I have a Lexicon CP-3 preamplifier feeding an Adcom GFA-555 amplifier (rated at 200 watts per channel) into the loudspeakers. A second GFA-555 amp powers separate subwoofers. Only powering frequencies above 80 Hz, I still cannot set the THX reference level with the Martin-Logans. They will not put out that much volume. How can I expect them to be sufficient with 30 watts?

The other discrepancy I noticed has to do with your subscription rates. According to the Business Reply postcards that are inserted into your magazine, a one-year introductory subscription is available for \$12.97. A three-year subscription costs \$38.97; that's 6 cents more than the oneyear subscription renewed two times. Since the postage is paid, how, then, is the three-year deal a better value? Please sign me up for a one-year subscription.

Mike Wood Lafayette, Cal.

Author's Reply: Regarding my article, "Planning a Home Theater System," an error did indeed creep into the values for power shown in Figs. 5 and 6. Also, I have heard from some readers who have mentioned that these same graph scales, when used to find values for small rooms (with low power-multiplier [M] values), are very difficult to read accurately. In order to accommodate both changes in one set of graphs, I have rescaled them, and they are reproduced here. Please use these graphs instead of the ones in the original article.



Fig. 5—Curves for determining amplifier power requirements.



Fig. 6—Curves for determining bass power requirements.

I apologize for any inconvenience the error may have caused. If there are any further questions or comments on the article, please feel free to contact me through these editorial offices.—*W.R.H.*

Editor's Reply: Regarding the introductory subscription prices, our circulation staff says the prices should have been \$12.97 for

a one-year subscription, \$25.94 for two years, and \$38.91 for three years.—*K.R.*

Dear Editor:

I want to expand on William R. Hoffman's "Planning a Home Theater System," in particular the section relating to audio.

Surround sound for the millennium will actually begin in 1995 with the introduction of Dolby AC-3 and DTS Zeta home entertainment systems. These platforms follow the SMPTE 5.1 discrete audio channel format and also recommend full-bandwidth performance from the primary four channels, i.e., left and right front as well as left and right surround. The center, or screen, channel is also to have full-bandwidth performance, even though its primary function is for augmentation in order to lock mono dialog onto the screen. With regard to the .1 special-effects channel, it is no longer accurate to refer to it as a subwoofer channel, in view of the fact that the five main channels already are capable of full-bandwidth performance from 20 Hz to 20 kHz. The idea that low frequency is nondirectional is now a myth from any viewpoint.

With regard to loudspeaker choice and placement, it is not the role of surround sound hardware to diffuse (and confuse) the surround sound image. That is a creative decision that must be in the hands of the creative person at all times, and not deferred to loudspeaker design or placement! It is assumed, of course, that motion-picture soundtrack creators will learn to take full advantage of surrounds that are on all of the time with full frequency responseand that some music and sound creators have never forgotten how to do it in the first place! Thus, it seems obvious to me that the Dolby/THX recommendations for dipole surround loudspeakers, diffused array and/or side wall locations, based upon the original Schrieber SQ quadraphonic matrix scheme of the '70s, are obsolete.

If one is interested in getting the optimum performance from a 5.1 system, the following guidelines will prepare you for the surround sound for the millennium, and will also allow for the current crop of matrixed surround-sound tracks to be reproduced without degradation from the original mix beyond what the matrix has already done to it.

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Announcing Our First National Sale On Ensemble

Audio Magazine once said that our Ensemble speaker system may be "the best value in the world." Dozens of critics and thousands of customers have applauded our Ensemble and Ensemble II speaker systems. Designed by Audio Hall of Fame member Henry Kloss, (founder of AR, KLH and Advent), these systems have become best sellers by offering very high quality construction and accurate, wide-range music reproduction with precise stereo imaging – all at factory-direct prices, with no expensive middlemen.

We are now pleased to introduce new versions of our Ensemble and Ensemble II systems, as well as our new, ultra-compact Ensemble III system.



The New Ensemble

New Ensemble is an improved version of our original, dual-subwoofer/satellite speaker system. New Ensemble maintains the dual subwoofer design of Ensemble, which allows for maximum room placement flexibility. Placement of bass and highfrequency speakers in a room-and how those speakers interact with the acoustics of the room-has more influence on the overall sound quality of a stereo system than just about anything. New Ensemble's two ultraslim subwoofers give you more placement flexibility than any speaker system we know of, and is most likely to provide the performance you want *in the real world…in your* room. Having two, compact subwoofers lets you move them around, experiment, and find that placement that gives you exactly



the sound you want. This is one of the reasons *Esquire* described Ensemble by saying "you get 30 days to return the speakers or keep them, but you'll keep them."

So What's New?

New Ensemble maintains the tonal balance, frequency range and quality of construction of the original. There are two basic differences.

1. New "long throw" subwoofer speakers with built-in heat sinks.

New Ensemble uses the 8" long throw woofer designed for our Powered Subwoofer II. The woofer's extremely long "throw" (almost 1") provides for more linear cone excursion for more accurate bass. A unique integral heat sink provides improved power handling.

2. New frequency balance controls. New Ensemble's satellite speakers use the same high quality 1 3/4" tweeter, 4" midrange driver and crossover as the original Ensemble, but with newly designed midrange and high-frequency balance control switches.

A two-position midrange switch on each satellite lets you choose the same output in the key 800-1600 Hz octave as in the original – or you can flip the switch to emphasize that octave by 2 dB. The original Ensemble's response was tailored to avoid the "boxy" characteristic typical of many speakers. This results in an "open" sound on large-scale musical works. For some music, switching to the higher output position provides a "warmer" sound that some listeners may prefer.

A second, high-frequency switch has three positions:

A) The same balance as original Ensemble.

B) A 2 dB high-frequency increase. C) A 2 dB high-frequency decrease. Rather than affecting tonal balance as does the midrange control, the high-frequency switch can subtly increase the system's "airiness" (Increase) or it can reduce any tendency towards "edginess" (Decrease).

Real Life Performance, Real Value.

In terms of "real life" performance (your music, your listening room), we believe our New Ensemble system competes with speakers selling for hundreds more. Available factory-direct with black vinyl-clad subwoofers, reg. \$549-Now \$499, or with black-laminate subwoofers, reg. \$629-Now \$599.

The New Ensemble II.

New Ensemble II is an improved version of our best-selling speaker system, Ensemble II. It's more affordable than New Ensemble because it uses one cabinet to house both subwoofer speakers. Its satellite speakers are identical in every way to those used in the New Ensemble, including the new highfrequency and midrange balance controls.



So What's New?

New Ensemble II maintains the overall tonal balance, frequency range, power handling and quality of construction that have made the original Ensemble II one of the country's most popular speaker systems. There are two basic differences. The first is

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that its satellite speakers use the same highfrequency and midrange balance controls as our New Ensemble system (see previous description). The satellites also use the same gold-plated 5-way connecting posts as New Ensemble. The second difference involves a redesigned subwoofer cabinet.

New flared subwoofer port. New Ensemble II's subwoofer cabinet encloses twin 6 1/2" long throw woofers mounted in a sealed "acoustic suspension" chamber. They project into a second chamber fitted with a single, flared port. The new port provides smoother air flow, virtually eliminating the generation of any extraneous noise on strong, low bass notes.

True acoustic suspension, sealed cavity. Cavity acts as acoustic band-pass filter.

"...Beyond Its Price And Size Class

Stereo Review said that the original Ensemble II "performs so far beyond its price and size class that it can be compared only with much larger speakers at substantially higher prices." We believe New Ensemble II carries on this

Ensemble II carries on this tradition, clearly outperforming other speakers in its category, including wellknown models that sell for about twice the price. Available factory-direct, reg. \$439 - **Now \$399**.

The Ensemble III

Now you can bring the clear, balanced wide-range sound of Ensemble speakers to a small room. Our new Ensemble III speaker system is ultracompact: a pair of twoway satellite speakers measuring 4 1/2" x 6 1/2" x 3" and one subwoofer



cabinet measuring just 8" x 8" x 15".

Surprising Accuracy and Musical Range at a Low Price.

Compared to our New Ensemble II system, Ensemble III gives up a little in the way of power handling, low bass range, and efficiency. Unlike the "cube" satellite

speakers you'd expect to find in similarly priced systems, Ensemble III's satellites are true two-way speakers with a 3 1/2" midrange driver, a 3/4" tweeter and a crossover. Ensemble III's 6 1/2" woofer uses two separate voice coils (one for each channel) in a cabinet using a

special flared port for smooth air flow.

With most recordings Ensemble III will sound virtually identical to New Ensemble II. It simply won't play quite as loudly. Its construction quality matches that of our other



Ensemble speakers. Ensemble III is available factory-direct, reg. \$329 - **Now \$299**. It is perhaps the best speaker value of all time.

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the *right* way – in your home, with no salesman hovering nearby. If within 30 days you're not happy, return your system for a full refund. We even reimburse original UPS ground shipping charges in continental U.S.



The satellite speakers used in the New Ensemble and New Ensemble II include midrange and high-frequency tonal balance controls, and gold-plated 5-way binding posts..



All three Ensemble speaker systems come with 100 feet of speaker wire, a wire cutter/stripper, accessories, and our Guide To Surround Sound.

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One should create an audio space that is generally square or rectangular and use point-source loudspeakers of equal power, voicing, and bandwidth. They should be placed in each of the four corners of that listening space. A good rule of thumb would be to face the speakers inward at about 45°, each producing about 90° dispersion with a frequency response of 20 Hz to 20 kHz (include a subwoofer with each speaker if necessary). The remainder of your system requirements will become apparent depending on personal choice with regard to the center-channel loudspeaker and the .1 special-effects bass channel.

Be advised that *audio-only* multichannel (surround) programming is on the way, and none of it has been mastered with the THX EQ curve that is so prevalent in motion-picture soundtracks (and one of the reasons that some of these soundtracks sound so . . . ah, digital?). Therefore, make certain that you have a THX EQ defeat switch in your system and use it according to personal preference.

It seems to be rather clear that we do not walk around our own little worlds with our hands cupped behind our ears, shutting off phase- and frequency-coherent ambient sound. Why should our surround sound entertainment programs be any different?

> Brad S. Miller Mobile Fidelity International Incline Village, Nev.

Directory Discourse

Dear Editor:

I am upset with the coverage your Annual Equipment Directory (October 1994) gives to digital recorders. Pioneer Elite, Panasonic, Tascam, and Fostex all have current offerings on the digital recorder market; none were mentioned. The lines offered by Marantz and Sony are only partially mentioned. Tascam is not even listed among the manufacturers, while some that retail only one product to audio consumers are included.

Your Directory does mention amplifiers and D/A converters that cost a small fortune, so I can't believe that editorial policy dictates omitting those machines that are designated "professional models."

Digital recordings are obviously the medium of the future. Digital recorders are a necessary and wonderful addition to the stereo of the future. If the average audiophile cannot record music, then he is limited to what the music industry puts in front of him, and this is no audiophile. If a publication such as yours were generating rather than stifling interest in digital recorders, perhaps more models would be available, and the prices would be coming down faster. Also, the whole question of D/A and A/D conversion, as it relates to digital recorders, is important to me, and I would like to see it addressed in your publication. Does one need a converter for recording/playback? Which decks have good built-in converters? What would make them better? Do a series on digital recording, please.

Your failure to mention commercially viable digital recorders is, in my opinion, irresponsible.

> Martin P. Hanlon Syracuse, N.Y.

Editor's Reply: We do indeed have an editorial policy not to list products of professional-only companies. This doesn't mean you won't find any promodels at all in the Directory; a consumer manufacturer may mix one or two promodels in a listing, or the company may include a product intended for both markets. But companies that cater to the promarket are not listed, as *Audio* is aimed primarily at the consumer market. This explains the absence of Fostex and Tascam.

This, too, likely explains Mr. Hanlon's view that the other companies he mentions are underrepresented. Suffice it to say that these companies supplied us with all the products they chose to list in the Directory. It is impossible for us to verify each manufacturer's submitted listing for completeness of models in all 18 product categories; that responsibility must remain with the company when it fills out our forms.

In response to Mr. Hanlon's implication that Audio is "stifling" rather than generating interest in digital recorders, let me say that I personally, as Directory Editor, have called and reminded certain companies to send us that specific form when they obviously overlooked it. (After all, the stakes are higher today, now that our former "Digital Recorders" category has blossomed into "DAT, DCC, & MD Player/ Recorders.") And articles that we have

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quality home theatre the 8B THX amplifier provides state-of-the-art performance with the unquestioned quality, value and Reliability for which Bryston has gained an international reputation. All Lucasfilm Home THX certification parameters are easily met for its' intended use within a multi-channel audio/video installation. The 8B THX is an extremely versatile and flexible amplifier designed for all Your THX theatre installations. The amplifier can be instantly connected to provide 2 channel, (400 watt output), 3 channel, (two @ 120W plus 1 @ 400W), or 4 channels at 120 watts output. This provides extreme ease in integrating the power requirements for any THX Home Theatre system. The THX stipulation for separate center channel, left and right main speakers, decorrolated dipole surround channels and one or two subwoofers, is provided in a Simple elegant package. Among the 8B's notable features is the use of four independent power supplies, one for each channel, to prevent any signal interaction among the individual channels. This provides a sonic soundstage with images locked in position with an almost holographic effect. Other features include both balanced XLR, 1/4" and unbalanced RCA input connectors to allow for flexibility in a wide variety of installations. All connectors throughout the amplifier are gold plated to provide freedom from corrosion, assuring perfect signal integrity for many years to come. Tri-colored LEDs glow green for power-on, yellow for short-term transient clipping and red to indicate continuous overload or any departure from linearity, including shortened-output or strong out-of-band information like RF or DC. Obviously, the goal of all this technology is to transport you to the scene of the movie. Experiencing all the drama, excitement and emotions as if you were right there in the show. We feel we have accomplished this with all the New Bryston THX amplifiers. Experience the movie as intended and audition the Bryston 8B THX today.



Bryston

For more information contact: 57 Westmore Dr., Rexdale, Ontario, Canada M9V 3Y6 Tel: (416) 746-1800 Fax: (416) 746-0308 Enter No. 5 on Reader Service Card published recently that relate to digital recording—in addition to this issue's report on JVC's XM-D1BK MiniDisc deck include an interview with digital-recording pioneer Tom Stockham and a report on the Sony MDS-501 MD deck (both November 1994), as well as reports on Sony portable and home DAT units, the TCD-D7 (June 1994) and the DTC-2000ES (January 1995). The latter begins with a lengthy discussion on the current state of home digital recording and recorders.—*K.R.*

Dear Editor:

I'm a longtime subscriber to Audio magazine, and I am very pleased to receive the October Directory issue every year. For me, this is my bible, and I rely heavily on it. So I wish to know if the Directory is available in software form or in a database format.

I use my computer regularly for reference. In the past, I used to type all the information of your Directory into a database file, and it took me forever to complete. But when the database was ready, I could cross-reference all the data, which is very practical. I'm sure that lots of people who own a computer would agree with me: A database *Audio* Directory could be used as a reference by the entire industry, or simply by people like me.

> Marc Dehandschutter Kihei, Maui, Hawaii

Editor's Reply: For quite some time, we have been discussing the possibility of making the Directory available on CD-ROM. Over the past year, *Audio* and all other publications of Hachette Filipacchi Magazines have completed the changeover to desktop publishing, so the prospect of a Directory CD-ROM is now more realistic. In fact, one of our sister publication's directories, the *Car and Driver Buyers Guide to 1995 New Cars*, is expected to be available on CD-ROM by spring. We'll keep you posted on our own progress.—*K.R.*

Dear Editor:

As a longtime subscriber to *Audio*, and as one who looks forward to the Annual Equipment Directory, I have several suggestions concerning the latter. Inasmuch as the Directory *is* intended to be a year-round reference work, would it not be better to print the page numbers at the lower outer edges of the pages, rather than in the center? After referring to the contents page to find the desired section, it would be so much easier to locate that page if the number were at the outer edge.

One more thing: I realize that reel-toreel tape recorder/players are almost ancient history, but are there none being manufactured currently? If there are, how about some listings?

Also, you have never listed small, portable analog cassette recorder/players, such as the great Marantz PMD series or the Sony TC-D5M. A section on this category would be very welcome.

> Ray Van Steen Chicago, Ill.

Editor's Reply: The last time we listed openreel tape decks was in the 1991 Directory. The following year, Editor-in-Chief Eugene Pitts explained our decision to make "another change away from pro-oriented recording" by dropping open-reel decks

the ultimate surround sound

Life is stressful. You could spend a few thousand dollars rushing to a weekend getaway at a rejuvenating retreat. You could mortgage your home for one of those "quiet as a recording studio" motor cars you've seen on television. Or you can keep the family fortune and relax in the sanctity of your own home with a pair of Sennheiser headphones. Discover the ultimate in surround sound... at a budget you can easily afford.

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High Frequency Drive Units:

- O (PAL[™]) pure-aluminum convex domes
- O Critically coupled diecast chassis
- O Oversized damping chambers
- O Oversized magnetic structures

Cascade[™] Enclosures:

- ${\rm O}$ Sophisticated cascade of interlocking, full
- perimeter horizontal and vertical braces
- O I" thick MDF front and back baffles









- Audio Ideas Guide on the EclipserBP

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That's John Atkinson of Stereophile. He continues, "That the \$795 Spica can do it is a testament to the talent of its designer [John Bau] ... Every audio reviewer lives for the moment when he or she hears true high-end sound quality emanating from affordable components. Which is why I got excited by the Spica 'TC-60."

Tony Cordesman of Audio says, "...the TC-60 does an exceptional job of creating the illusion of a live performance from a small enclosure...a properly set up TC-60 is one of the rare exceptions that can make you forget its size and lose yourself in the music."

Martin DeWulf of Bound For Sound says, "On absolute terms, the strongest performance aspect of the Spica has to be its ability to flat out physically disappear in the listening room...It too has legend potential."



3425 Bryn Mawr NE • Albuquerque, NM 87107 • Division of Parasound Products • 415-397-7100 Stereophile, December, 1994, Vol. 17, No 12. Audio, January, 1995. Bound For Sound, 11A-94

from the Directory: By 1991, the recorders had become "almost totally devoted to studio or location use by the music industry."

A few companies still make open-reel decks, and we suggest you write to them for more information. They include: Fostex (15431 Blackburn Ave., Norwalk, Cal. 90650), Nagra (240 Great Circle Rd., #326, Nashville, Tenn. 37228), Otari (378 Vintage Park Dr., Foster City, Cal. 94404), Studer (1865 Air Lane Dr., Suite 12, Nashville, Tenn. 37210), and Tascam (7733 Telegraph Rd., Montebello, Cal. 90640).

The portable/desktop analog cassette units you mention are, again, primarily for professional purposes (note that the Sony TC-D5M is marketed under the company's Pressman line). These units shouldn't be confused with their smaller cousins, the Walkman-type personal stereos, which we also don't include in the Directory. We do, however, list portable formats of more concern to our audiophile readers-namely, CD, DAT, DCC, and MD.

When it comes to the placement of page numbers, you're in Art Department territory-i.e., page design. The centered pagination is not new; it was introduced in January 1993 as part of a redesign of Audio intended to give the magazine a cleaner, more modern look. No matter how many months are spent laboring over a redesign, it's always difficult to ensure that every element will please our readers, not to mention ourselves!-K.R.

McIntosh Man

Dear Editor:

I would like to suggest that you do a review of the McIntosh commemorativeissue Gordon J. Gow MC-275 tube amp. It is an incredible piece of equipment. Also, I would like to know if you plan to do any reviews of McIntosh equipment in 1995. Thank you.

> Phillip R. McCreary Columbus, Ga.

Editor's Reply: No doubt you were pleasantly surprised when, shortly after mailing your letter, the January issue of Audio appeared with a report on the McIntosh MC500 amplifier and C40 preamplifier. You should also go back to the February 1994 issue for our cover report on the MC1000 mono amp.—K.R.

> AUDIO/MARCH 1995 24



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AUDIO CLINIC

CD Tracking Problem

Q I recently purchased a CD that one of my three players consistently refuses to play. When I load this disc, the unit displays the track and time information. When I press "Play," that button blinks indefinitely, as though the machine is in "Pause" mode. On those rare occasions when the music does play, it is accompanied by a noise that sounds like crumpling cellophane. All other CDs continue to play properly. What's causing this strange problem?—David A. Bertrand, Aurora, Colo.

I once had a similar problem. In my case, the belt that moves the laser carriage had stretched. But before you look for this, make certain the CD is clean. Then, as a check, attempt to play the problem child. Immediately after pressing "Play," use the forward-skip button (not fast-forward or cue) to skip to the second track. If the player finds it successfully, use the reverse-skip button immediately to go back to the start of the first track. Should matters work as they did for me, you will successfully play the first track. If your problem is the same as mine (which it strongly resembles), you will eventually find that more and more of your discs fail to play. All will be well when you replace that defective belt.

A dbx Problem

Q My cassette deck includes both dbx and Dolby noise reduction. When I record with dbx NR (especially on certain musical passages such as solo guitar and, sometimes, when dubbing from other tapes), the background noise on the tape increases dramatically when sound is not present. I do not find this rise and fall of noise when using the Dolby system. In fact, it is not always present when I use dbx NR. Why is this? Even more important, what can I do about it?—John R. MacLaren, Dedham, Mass.

You're experiencing the phenomenon known as noise pumping, which is common with systems that use heavy compression and expansion, as dbx NR does. Noise pumping occurs when the spectral content of the music being recorded fails to mask the spectral content of the noise. This happens most often when you have a sound with narrow-band energy, such as acoustic guitar. Also, it's easy to record a guitar at a low level, so that its energy is not sufficiently higher than the background noise for masking to take place. You can help the situation by recording at a higher level.

If you're dubbing from tapes that don't incorporate dbx NR, noise pumping should not occur. But when you're dubbing a dbx-encoded tape, the noise from the two tapes may be just high enough to become unmaskable. You'll probably get best results if you copy dbx-encoded tapes straight, without decoding and re-encoding. (This is, of course, precisely the opposite of what you must do when dubbing tapes encoded with Dolby NR.)

I've occasionally had problems when making dbx-encoded recordings from high-level signals, such as those from CD players. (Where some components produce perhaps 0.1 or 0.3 V, a CD player might well produce 1 V or more.) In some recorders, the signal feeds into the dbx chips ahead of the volume control. If the signal's level is too high, the dbx circuitry may have trouble handling it. The cure is to use a voltage divider of some kind between the output of the program source and the input of the recorder; try 6 to 12 dB of attenuation.

Tape Deck Motor

When the motor of my 1969-vintage Astrocom Marlux 407 open-reel tape recorder warms up, its speed decreases. I can't find a replacement for its hysteresissynchronous, dual-speed, bidirectional capstan motor. Can you help?—Name withheld

A I have no idea where you might obtain a replacement motor. My first thought is that you should place an ad in our Classified section, asking for such a motor. My second thought is that you actually might not need a new motor—you might be able to repair it. First, look for a bipolar electrolytic capacitor wired in series with one of the motor's field windings. (Such "motor-starting capacitors" bring about a 90° phase difference between two magnetic fields, which makes the motor work.) If this loses capacitance over time or loses capacitance when it heats up, the motor won't run at proper speed. Determine its value, and replace it. Shops specializing in motor repair are often a good source for these capacitors.

Also, your motor's bearings might need relubricating. (These bearings are supposed to be permanently lubricated, but nothing is permanent.) There is no obvious way to add more lubricant without dismantling the motor. What I have done is to take the motor apart, removing the upper and lower sections of the housing and carefully removing the rotor. Any pulleys fixed to the rotor shaft must be removed before you can remove the rotor assembly. Liberally lubricate the shaft bearings. (I temporarily plug up one end of each bearing so that the light oil can stay inside overnight. This allows time for the bearings to absorb the oil.) Do not soak the electrical windings! Reassemble the motor, and all should be well again.

Testing with Equalizers

Q I understand that some people make tests and adjust their equipment by using equalizers. What is involved?—Name withheld

A I suspect you're talking about people whose equalizers include real-time analyzers, or RTAs, which use a bank of LEDs to show signal or sound levels in each of several frequency bands. If your equalizer has no RTA, you should obtain one that does or get a separate RTA. Either way, the device should come complete with a properly calibrated microphone. The microphone is placed in your favorite listening position. The analyzer can produce bands of "noise" that will be fed into your loudspeakers and eventually be picked up by the microphone, and the RTA display

If you have a problem or question about audio, write to Mr. Joseph Giovanelli at AUDIO Magazine, 1633 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019. All letters are answered. In the event that your letter is chosen by Mr. Giovanelli to appear in Audioclinic, please indicate if your name and/or address should be withheld. Please enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope.



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will show your system's frequency response at the microphone position. (Response at other mike positions will vary.) This will let you test the entire listening system, including the loudspeakers and the acoustics of the room in which the equipment is housed. Most analyzers can also be plugged into some output on your system, in order to check the performance of individual components.

If you like, the equalizer can be adjusted until the response shown on the RTA display becomes flatter. (In the real world, you can never get response to be completely flat.) Check each adjustment from several mike positions to make sure the correction you're adding for one spot in the room does not make things worse in other spots; equalize only those frequency irregularities that are found generally throughout the listening area. And start by cutting down the peaks, before you try filling in the dips; dips which can't be filled should be left alone.

Personally, I don't bother with all of this. I listen to a program. If the sound isn't right and I feel like tinkering, I make a few small adjustments to the equalizer's controls till that particular program sounds better, and I leave it at that.

Editor's Note: Some authorities feel that this sort of equalization is worse than the problem it supposedly cures. These equalizers can easily add phase shift and ringing, while often having too coarse an adjustment to fix one band without hurting another.—*E.P.*

Noisy Lecture Recordings

Q I record lectures. Unfortunately the quality of my recordings is frequently poor; the voice levels are poor, and there's a lot of background noise. Can I re-record my originals to improve them? Is there some digital signal processor, not too expensive, that I can use to achieve better quality, one that will remove background noise, etc.? Must I use a conventional graphic equalizer? Should I use Dolby B or C NR? Would using highbias tapes help? I would also appreciate any hints that would help me improve my firstgeneration recordings.—Name withheld If a lecture is poorly recorded to start with, there are very few ways to clean it up. I do not have a lot of experience with digital processors, but it is my understanding that the noise which they are sometimes successful in treating is steady-state noise—such as buzzes from power-line interference, tape hiss, etc.

In dealing with poor recordings of lectures, I have used some relatively sophisticated filters as well as graphic equalizers. Neither of these tools will remove the sound of chairs scraping along the floor, loud coughs, the roar of a slide projector, or who knows what. If most of the background noise is air-conditioning rumble or the like, you can roll off the bass with either an equalizer or a filter. You can sometimes make the speaker's words a bit more intelligible by adding highs, for added clarity and to make the speaker's voice stand out from the background noises. My efforts have not always been rewarded with success, especially when I've had to deal with an overly reverberant room on top of the background noise.





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Considering that your original tapes are often noisy, I do not believe that Dolby noise reduction or the kind of tape used will significantly improve your secondgeneration copies, though either of these can keep the copy from gaining much additional noise. The main advantage of a second-generation copy is that it lets you edit out long pauses and short bursts of noise and lets you add comments about the lecturer's visual aids and such. This may clarify a point being made in the lecture.

The main thing is to make better firstgeneration tapes. It is always important to place your microphone as close to the talker as possible. Use directional mikes, which pick up less room noise. The best mikes for this purpose are "shotgun" types. These are hard to use because they must be precisely aimed at the talker—which seems simple enough, until you run into a lecturer who walks around the room as he speaks. I have also found that recording lectures in stereo makes the words more intelligible. Condenser mikes are very popular, but some have noisy preamplifier stages, as do the mike inputs of many recorders. If your mike is noisy, get a quieter one, preferably with high output, to minimize input-preamp noise. If your mike input is noisy, use a mixer with quiet mike circuitry.

Some recorders can be switched to an "automatic level" mode. Although this is

IT IS ALWAYS IMPORTANT TO PLACE YOUR MIKE AS CLOSE TO THE LECTURER AS POSSIBLE.

not a useful tool when recording music, it is quite useful when recording lectures. However, the level of noise from the room, your mike, or your preamp will seem to rise as the lecturer speaks more softly and fall when he gets louder. (All too many speakers "do a slow fade," and this will be annoying during playback when you hear the background noise rising and falling.) While room noise is the main enemy, anything you can do to minimize tape hiss will still help. It can help to use Dolby B and C NR in your original recording. Better yet, use DAT, which offers long recording time (up to 2 hours) without interruptions for turning or changing tapes. If you can find a DAT machine that lets you record analog sources at the 32-kHz sampling rate, you can get up to 4 hours of continuous recording. This sampling rate will reduce high-frequency response somewhat, to about 14 kHz rather than 22 kHz, but for lecture applications this is still excellent response.

Adding a Subwoofer

Q I want to use a subwoofer with my new receiver, which has no subwoofer output. I suppose that I must somehow route the signals from both the left and the right channels into the subwoofer so that it can work properly. Since I only want to use one subwoofer, I would guess that it would need two separate voice-coils if I am going to drive it from both output channels.



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My satellite speakers are 8 ohms. Should the subwoofer also be 8 ohms? And should I use my receiver's 4- or 8-ohm output setting? Would it be better to use a separate power amp to drive the subwoofer?—Leonard Shedler, Folsom, Cal.

A Because most subwoofers have inputs for both channels, plus highpass crossover outputs to feed satellite speakers, the easiest hookup is usually to connect your receiver's speaker terminals to the subwoofer's inputs and the satellites to the subwoofer's high-pass outputs. It will probably simplify things and ensure that the crossover works at its designated frequency if you get an 8-ohm subwoofer and use your receiver's 8-ohm setting.

There are three methods subwoofers use to deliver both channels' bass. Some subwoofers have dual drivers, one per channel, in a single box (though that box may be divided into two enclosures). Others, as you surmised, have one driver with dual voicecoils, each fed by a separate crossover. Most add the bass from the two channels together, to feed one driver with one voice-coil.

Many subwoofers (especially the singledriver type without dual voice-coils) have their own amplifiers built in or are supplied with external amplifiers. (The impedance of a self-powered subwoofer is not critical; the subwoofer and the satellites are not tied together by a passive crossover network.) Either way, there will usually be both speaker-level inputs, which you connect to your receiver's speaker terminals, and line-level inputs for use with subwoofer outputs or the main outputs on preamps. Most power amps, however, only have line-level inputs, which means you can only use them if your receiver has an output jack whose level varies with volume-control setting-such as the subwoofer jack you lack.

Where practical, I prefer a separate power amplifier because it frees the amplifier in a receiver from the need to handle the full audio spectrum. Most self-powered subwoofers have level controls to take care of any imbalance between the satellites' and the subwoofer's efficiencies. If you are thinking of using a passive subwoofer without such a control, try to get one whose sensitivity (sometimes called "efficiency," in spec sheets) is within 3 dB of that produced by the satellite loudspeakers.

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Build a

100-Watt

by dr. norman e. thagard

Mono
In the prior installments of this construction project: I described the amp's cesign philesophy and circuitry. In this firal installment, I will detail how to build, set up, and trouble-shoot this 109-watt Class-A amp and the parts you will need.

Construction Details

I would expect that builders would use various construction ideas based on experience, individual tastes, and, frankly, availability of chassis, heat-sinks, and other hardware. The amplifier, built in accordance with this article and using the components specified, should be fairly tolerant of variations in layout. Component substitutions may well require changes in the compensation scheme to ensure stability. I

con- recommend a p.c. b

recommend a p.c. board for the front-end; the pattern provided (Fig. 4) worked very well. Printed-circuit boards were also used for the voltage doubler/regulator and for the output MOS-FETs and associated components. These patterns are also provided (Figs. 5 and 6).

There are not many absolutes, but I shall mention the potential problem areas. Foremost in importance is that heat is the enemy of electronic equipment, and a 100watt Class-A amplifier can detable as a space heater! The output stage of this amp

Norman E. Thagard, M.D., is a NASA astronaut who has been selected as the prime crew member for a three-month flight on the Russian space station. Mir this spring.

PHOTOGRAPH: CARL ZAPP



FIG. 4A—Front-end component arrangement.

is constructed from very rugged devices operating at only a fraction of their rated capability-even when derated for their operating environment in this application. Nonetheless, I recommend large heat-sinks for Q36 through Q47, since they collectively dissipate about 200 watts. Unless you use forced air cooling, I recommend building the amp as a mono unit. Although this means two enclosures and two power supplies for stereo, Class-A amps at this power level are not well suited to stereo construction if only passive cooling is available. I do

not like cooling fans in a sound system, and this unit dissipates more than 0.25 kilowatt per channel. On the prototypes, heat-sink fin area was 840 square inches for one channel. The fins were 1/16-inch aluminum, painted black. Even so, the hottest device rose to 60° C above ambient. The follow-on units used commercial heatsinks with significantly more fin area and commensurately lower temperature increases. I would try to provide an area of at least 100 square inches for each output bipolar transistor. Constant-current source

transistors Q22 and Q23 dissipate about 10 watts each. They can be placed on the same heat-sink as the output transistors or even on the chassis. The MOS-FETs are in TO-220 packages; I found it convenient to mount them on their own common heat-sink, placed at the rear of the chassis. The ones I used were black anodized 1/16inch aluminum with 150 square inches of fin area.

The driver transistors Q19 and Q20 dissipate about 4 watts, so they definitely must have heat-sinks appropriate for this power level. Although not strictly required, I used small heat-sinks on second-stage, common-base transistors Q11 through Q14. As discussed, Q21 should be placed on a heat-sink to avoid excessive sagging of the output bias level.

You should note that the front-end p.c. board pattern grounds all of the heat-sinks, which were solderable-pin types made for p.c. board mounting. Because the heatsinks are grounded, you must ensure that the transistors mounted on them are electrically insulated with mica insulators. Use plenty of thermal grease to restore thermal conductivity across the insulators. Because series-pass regulator transistors Q101 and Q102 dissipate about 4 watts, they need the same sort of heat-sinking used for the driver transistors.

With all of the heat-sinking, it is still necessary to ensure that the internal volume of the enclosure is ventilated. I recommend that the top and bottom covers have ports or louvers, or be built from metal with a mesh or grid pattern. Obviously, it



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FIG. 4B—Foil pattern of front-end board shown 90% of actual size.

is not advantageous to place this amp in a small, closed space. If you intend to do this, you should use some form of forced air cooling.

Having said all of this, with a total of 10 years combined failure-free operation with four of these units, I am emboldened to say that they are probably tolerant of some amount of abuse. After all, the prototypes have woefully undersized heat-sinks, were placed near the ceiling directly under 300watt light bulbs, and got painfully hot (with no apparent ill effects). I do not recommend such abuse, however. Conservatism in design and use are the keys to extended, trouble-free operation. If you are worried about your particular installation, thermal fuses can be placed on the heatsinks to remove power, thus protecting against overtemperatures. Thermal fuses are available in various ratings; for instance, 84° C devices can be specially ordered through Radio Shack (although I didn't use them in my amplifiers).

Minimize wire lengths between the driver and the MOS-FET gates, between the

Despite abusing them a bit, I'VE GOTTEN 10 years of trouble-free USE FROM MY 4 mps.

MOS-FET drains and the power bipolar emitters, and between the power bipolar collectors and the supply rails. The lead length between driver and MOS-FET gate should be the first priority. The importance of physically separating input and output was previously addressed.

Gate resistors R40 through R51 should be attached right at the MOS-FET gates. The MOS-FET heat-sink should be grounded to the chassis, as should the output bipolar transistor heat-sinks. This is automatically accomplished with all-metal construction, but double-check with an ohmmeter. Bipolars Q36 through Q47 and MOS-FETs Q24 through Q35 should be insulated from their heat-sinks with mica insulators and silicone grease, as described for the p.c. board-mounted heat-sinks. Again, double-check with an ohmmeter to be sure that there are no shorts from transistor to heat-sink. This, unfortunately, can easily happen in the course of mounting the transistors, especially if you should overtorque the attachment screws or have a faulty insulator.

Initial Adjustment and Operation

Only two adjustments are required in initial operation. Before initial power up, it is a good idea to recheck all wiring. The



FIG. 5A—Doubler/regulator component arrangement.





I.

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Fig. 6C—Mounting details for output board.

PARTS LIST

This 100-watt Class-A amplifier is constructed as a monaural unit, so these parts are for one channel only.

Audio Circuitry

All resistors are 0.25 watt, 1% metal film unless otherwise specified. R1, R29-2.0 kilohms. R2-51.1 kilohms. R3-R6-300 ohms. R7, R8-1.1 kilohms. R9, R10-1.2 kilohms. R11, R15-R18-68.0 ohms. R12-682 ohms. R13, R14-43.0 ohms. R19, R20, R31, R32-10 kilohms. R21, R23-30.1 ohms. R22, R24-332 ohms. R25, R26-36.5 kilohms. R27, R28-3.0 kilohms, 2 watts, 5% metal oxide. R30-120 ohms. R33-16.9 kilohms. R34-1.0 kilohm. R35, R36-2.2 kilohms, 2 watts, 5% metal oxide R37, R38-3.9 ohms, 2 watts, 2% metal oxide. R39-10 ohms, 2 watts, 5% metal oxide. R40-R51-470 ohms. R52-R63-0.22 ohm, 1 watt, 5% metal oxide. R64, R65-44.2 kilohms.

R66, R67—27 ohms, 2 watts, 5% metal oxide.

R68—10.0 ohms.

P1-200-ohm, p.c.-mount trimpot. P2-100-ohm, p.c.-mount trimpot.

All capacitors are 200-V metal film unless otherwise specified. C1 -3μ F. C2-390 pF.

C3, C4—47 pF, silver mica. C5, C6—10 μF, 16 V, electrolytic. C7, C13—0.1 μF. C8—5 pF, silver mica. C9, C10—10 μF, 35 V, electrolytic. C11, C12—47 μF, 100 V, electrolytic.

D1-D9-1N4148 signal diode. D10, D11-1N4004 rectifier diode.

Z1, Z2—5.1 V, 1 watt, 5% zener. Z3, Z4—10 V, 1 watt, 5% zener.

IC1-LM334 adjustable current source (National).

Q1—2N5912 matched dual n-channel ∫-FET (Intersil).

Q2—AH5020 analog switch (National1; contains monolithic dual p-channel J-FET.

Q3, Q10-2N2920 matched dual NPN (Motorola). Q4, Q9-2N3811 matched dual PNP (Intersil). Q5, Q6, Q15, Q16-MPSA92 PNP (Motorola) Q7-SK9428 dual PNP (RCA replacement series). Q8-SK9427 dual NPN (RCA replacement series). Q11, Q12-SK9467 PNP (RCA replacement series). Q13, Q14-SK9466 NPN (RCA replacement series). Q17-2N2905A PNP (Motorola). Q18-2N2219A NPN (Motorola). Q19-SK9042 PNP (RCA replacement series). Q20-SK9041 NPN (RCA replacement series). Q21-TIP29 NPN (TI). Q22-NTE332 PNP (NTE replacement series) Q23-NTE331 NPN (NTE replacement series). Q24-Q29-IRF511 n-channel MOS-FET (IRF) Q30-Q35—IRF9521 p-channel MOS-FET (IRF) Q36-Q41-MJ15024 NPN (Motorola). Q42-Q47-MJ15025 PNP (Motorola). F1-Fast-blow speaker fuse (see text). FB1-FB4-Ferrite beads. **Miscellaneous** Parts Metal chassis.

Panel-mount RCA phono jack.
Heavy-duty, five-way binding posts (two, one red and one black).
P.C. boards (two, one for front-end and one for MOS-FETs).
Solderable-pin TO-126/TO-220 heat-sinks (three).
Mounting hardware and insulators for heat-sink-mounted transistors.
Other miscellaneous hardware (stand-offs, solder lugs, wire, etc.).
Sources
MJ15024/MJ15025 transistors and solder-

able-pin heat-sinks from Arrow Electronics (25 Hub Dr., Melville, N.Y. 11747; 800/777-2776). 2N2920/2N3811/2N5912 transistors and Wakefield heat-sinks from Newark Electronics (see Yellow Pages for local listing).

AH5020, MOS-FETs, resistors, caps, in-rush current limiters, diodes, rectifier, and transistor sockets from DigiKey (P.O. Box 677, Thief River Falls, Minn. 56701-9988; 800/344-4539).

Power transformer from Toroid Corp. of

Maryland (2020 Northwood Dr., Salisbury, Md. 21801; 410/860-0300). Power Supply and Voltage Regulators All resistors are 0.25 watt, 1% metal film unless otherwise specified. R101, R102-470 ohms, 5 watts, wirewound. R103, R104-47 ohms, 5 watts, wirewound. R105, R106-1 kilohm, 0.5 watt, 5% metal oxide. R107, R108-4.99 kilohms. R109, R110-47.5 kilohms. R111, R112, R117, R118-7.68 kilohms. R113, R114-1.5 kilohms, 2 watts, 5% metal oxide. R115, R116-12.1 kilohms. C101-0.01 µF, 1 kV, disc ceramic. C102-50 µF, 50 V, electrolytic. C103, C104-Computer-grade electrolytic filter cap (see text). C105, C106-470 µF, 63 V, electrolytic. C107, C108-1,000 µF, 150 V, electrolytic. C109, C110-0.1 µF, 100 V, film. D101-D104-1N4004 rectifier diode. Z101-24 V, 1 watt, 5% zener. Z102, Z103-75 V, 5 watts, 5% zener. Q101-TIP29C NPN (TI). Q102-TIP30C PNP (TI). Q103, Q107-MPSA05 NPN (Motorola). Q104, Q108-MPSA55 PNP (Motorola). Q105, Q106, Q109, Q110-MPSA92 PNP (Motorola); substitute 7-V zener as necessary.

BR1-600 PIV, 25-ampere rectifier bridge.

T1—Power transformer, 80 V, centertapped, at 5 amperes.

TM1, TM2—KC011L thermistor in-rush current limiter (Keystone Carbon Co.).

F101—3-ampere slow-blow fuse. F102, F103—4-ampere fast-blow fuse.

RL1—24 V d.c., 4PDT, 10-ampere relay (Sigma 76R4-24DC-SCO or equivalent).

S1-SPST, 10-ampere power switch.

Miscellaneous Parts

Three-conductor a.c. power cord.

Fuse-holders for F101-F103 (three).

- P.C. board for doubler/regulator.
- Solderable-pin heat-sinks for Q101, Q102 (two).

Other miscellaneous hardware (nuts, bolts, stand-offs, wire, etc.).

fusing used should give reasonable protection against many pitfalls, but the best protection is care and caution. Because this amplifier uses dangerous voltages, you must exercise care when testing and making the adjustments. (*Editor's Note:* Please be careful, as we cannot be responsible if you make an error.)

Trimpot P1 should be preset at its approximate midpoint, while P2 should be at its maximum resistance. Maximum resistance can be fully clockwise or counterclockwise, depending on the trimpot's manufacture. You will have to doublecheck this with an ohmmeter. Since P2 sets output bias level, excessive current can flow if it is misadjusted. This should only blow the d.c. fuses, but why tempt fate?

Place a voltmeter across one of the output source resistors R52 through R63. The voltmeter should be on its 200-mV range. If you have a second voltmeter, set it to the 1- or 2-V range and connect it to the output terminals. These initial adjustments should be performed without any load attached.

Turn power on. If the voltage across the source resistor is greater than 50 mV, power down and recheck P2 for maximum resistance. (The prototype ran about 35 mV at power up.) Measure the voltage across all 12 source resistors. They should match within 20% or so; if they don't, either the





Test the **MP CAREFULLY**, AS ONE SLIP WITH **a problem a live** CIRCUIT COULD **RUIN YOUR DAT!**

MOS-FETs are poorly matched or there is a failure or wiring error. It is prudent to power down the amplifier before moving the voltmeter probe from each of the various test points to the next one. One slip of the probe with power applied could ruin your whole day!

Next, measure the output offset voltage. If it is more than a few hundred millivolts, power down and verify that P1 is in the middle of its adjustment range. If you did not use the matched J-FETs specified for Q1 and Q2, you may simply have inadequately matched input transistors. You must, however, rule out some other problem before proceeding. If the voltage offset is reasonable, null it to zero by adjusting

P1. It is normal for this voltage to fluctuate a few millivolts, even during short time periods.

Now you are ready to set the output bias to Class-A levels. Again, place your voltmeter on its 200-mV range, and again connect the probes across a source resistor. Since R52 through R63 are 0.22-ohm devices, the current through them is about five times greater than the level of voltage you measure. This is simply Ohm's law: I = V/R =V/0.22 = 4.54 x V. Since we determined earlier that we need 2.5 amperes through our output, each of the six paralleled legs should conduct one-sixth of this, or about 420 mA. We want our voltage, then, to be 92 mV (420 divided by 4.54); slowly adjust P2 until the voltmeter indicates this.

Allow the amplifier to come to operating temperature; 30 minutes or so should do. Again, readjust P2 for a 92-mV reading (it should have decreased somewhat below this level during the warm-up). It is not a bad idea to recheck the currents through all 12 output transistors to ensure that no current hogging is occurring. If matching was reasonable before, then hogging is unlikely. It is possible for it to occur, however, especially if one of the MOS-FETs is not firmly attached to the heat-sink.

At this point, re-zero the output offset with P1. With P1 set for zero offset following warm-up, I obtained 50 and 60 mV of offset for the two prototypes at power on. This is an acceptably low d.c. drift.

This completes the initial adjustments. I recommend periodic checks of bias and offset, but none of my four units have ever required a readjustment. If you replace anything other than the fuses, you may well have to reinitialize these adjustments.

If you have an oscilloscope, a signal generator, and an adequately rated 8-ohm dummy load, you might want to check out the amp on the test bench before connecting a speaker. However, if it performed as described in the initial adjustment phase, it is unlikely that serious problems exist. Place a fast-blow fuse rated at no more than 1 ampere in the speaker fuse-holder. Connect a loudspeaker to the output terminals and a signal source set to minimum volume to the input. Power on the amplifier; the turn-on transient should be barely audible. If the speaker fuse does not blow, carefully turn up the signal source volume and listen. If it sounds okay, then you are all set.

Commercial amplifiers capable of 100watt pure Class-A operation are few in number—and all of them are very expensive. I hope that this project can help people who, like me, have hi-fi tastes on a midfi budget. At the least, I hope it serves to give you some insight into modern power amplifiers. The project occupied much of my spare time over two years and resulted in an amplifier whose objective performance is superb. The critical test for performance, however, will be in the mind and ears of the listener.



EBIG II



OPPOSITE: JOE BOYD,

ROBERT SIMONDS,

THE AUDIO INTERVIEW

ARTHUR MANN,

and Don Rose

More than a decade after its origin, Bykodisc stands unique as a major record compeny without benefit of distribution through one of the Big Six companies (WEA, BMG, Sony, MCA, PolyGram, and EMI); in the past decade, the Big Six have nurchased virtually all the great independent labels . . . Virgin, Geffen. A&M. When it was founded in 1983, Eykodisc was the only label to offer CDs ezclusively, a cold move, since no record business visionary could then see how totally the CD would replace the vinyl album.

Early releases included anthologies of Rounder Records material and a series of several environmental albums called A Day on Cape Cod. But what put Rykodisc on the map as a real player was the deal it

cut in early 1986 with Frank Zappa to reissue his back catalog on CD. Zappa's commitment to the fledgling Bykodisc convinced many industry wags that Frank had bost it, but the highly respectful treatment his material received and the project's marketplace success made others take notice. Indeed, Rykodisc has purchased the Zappa catalog outright. A year later, Rykodisc released the previously unissued *The Jimi Hendrix Experience: Live at Winterlaad* followed by a set of the Hendrix Experience from performances on Radio One of the BBC.

The label's class, musicianship, and treatment of Zappa were key factors in convincing David Bowie to sign his 16album catalog over to Rykodisc, where it was bonus-tracked and released under the Sound + Vision rubric.

In 1991, Rykodisc acquired Hannibal and Carthage Records and associated publishing holdings from Joe Boyd, who then became director of project development and European point man for Rykodisc. His labels' catalog of Richard Thompson albums and reissues of Sandy Denny, Fairport Convention, Nick Drake, and Kate & Anna McGarrigle classics, plus a variety

> of world music and British artist titles, was a perfect complement to Rykodisc's own holdings.

> The next key acquisition was the Elvis Costello catalog, formerly on Columbia. The initial release included Costello's first three al-

bums plus an incendiary 1977 live set recorded at Toronto's El Mocambo club.

While these titles might give the impression that Rykodisc/Hannibal is essentially an archivist venture, Rykodisc has been aggressive in releasing new recordings at the cutting edge, including an early release by Living Colour's guitarist Vernon Reid and jazz guitarist Bill Frisell. Texas songman Jerry Jeff Walker remains extremely pleased with the label.

ne Hendrix Other notable artists include Nils Lofs cn Radio gren. Bootsy Collins, Lloyd Cole, Martin Zellar, Mouth Music, Native American songwriter/poet John Trudell, and Mickey factors in Hart of The Grateful Dead. Hüsker Dü AUDIO/MARCH 1995

. current band, Sugar, LIKE TO THINK WE PUT **RECORDS OUT** **BECAUSE WE THINK**

THE MUSIC

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IS IMPORTANT.

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and Boston's Morphine are two of the label's most recent successes The label's conscience has had an impact in the American marketplace. The campaign to eliminate the CD longbox,

founder Bob Mould's

the costly and wasteful outer packaging, began with sales & distribution vice president Rob Simonds. Several of the label's releases have benefited various causes. A dozen or so years

along, Rykodisc is a diverse, vital, thriving label with terrific releases in many genres.

- MANN

In addition to Boyd, Rykodisc's current Big Four includes three of the four gentlemen who drafted a plan for success on a cocktail napkin at the 1983 Cannes MIDEM music industry convention: President Don Rose, business affairs VP Arthur Mann, and Simonds. Doug Lexa was the only founder to move on to other projects, though his influence lives on in the company's dealings, and its name. It was Lexa who suggested "Ryko," a Japanese word meaning "sound from a flash of light." Recently, Audio Contributing Editor Michael Tearson and Music Editor Michael Bieber spoke with the current Big Four at the label's quarterly summit meeting at Mann's Ardmore, Pennsylvania offices.

Tearson: The place to start is that infamous story about how this collaboration began. Don, tell us about that scene in Cannes, where you wrote up your business plan on a napkin.

Rose: Well, we usually refer to it as the "sacred napkin" because there were four of us from different areas of music industry background who found ourselves at the same café table talking about the advent of the Compact Disc.

Tearson: This was 1983?

Rose: Yeah. And Rob was looking to expand his audio-

phile Japanese import business, for which he was a distributor, into the world of Compact Discs. We were sharing a room, and he began to ask me about the label side of things, essentially what's involved in getting the rights to X, Y, or Z project, because he sensed the demand, in the very early days, for a whole lot of stuff that wasn't available at that time. So that discussion expanded to include a couple of other guys, Arthur Mann and our original fourth partner, Doug Lexa, who was involved in Japanese music products . . . import, export. And he became our connection to manufacturing because six out of seven of the world's Compact Disc plants were in Japan at that time.

Tearson: At that point, none yet in the U.S. Rose: Correct. And the association was responsible for our initial leg up as an independent in being able to even manufacture CDs.

So, to get back to the cocktail napkin. There were four of us having lunch. Rob and I were talking about perhaps acquiring some rights to manufacture CDs. Arthur had his background and contacts in the legal and agency end of the music business and had a lot of major label contacts to bring into the picture. So, we had the essential ingredients, we felt anyway, for the foundation, and we wrote them down on the napkin. The fact that we lived in four completely different cities never really occurred to any of us as a difficulty at that moment.

Tearson: Where is that napkin today?

Mann: It's in the vault.

Bieber: The first time you heard a CD, or even digital audio, were you immediately taken with what you heard or at least with the convenience of the technology?

Simonds: Well, I brought in a player from Japan, a Sony CDP-101, when they were first introduced-at great expense-because I was doing business with Japan, bringing vinyl in. It wasn't like a revelation when I first heard it, because all I had to listen to

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was a demonstration disc for about four or five months. But it was very clear to me that for

> the audiophile market-the people who were buying high-quality virgin vinyl, which was the bulk of the business that I was in-this was going to make that market, the vinyl side of the market, quickly obsolete. The fact that it was expensive and the discs were hard to get wasn't really that significant. It was quite clear from the outset that this end of the market was going to be very much attracted to the new format. As I spent more time with it, it became more and more clear to me that it was going to be dramatic, the convenience aspect, the amount of music, the sheer sonic quality. Even the Sony CDP-101, which cost me \$1,200, plugged into my relatively cheesy stereo, gave me sonic quality

that my system had never had before, one comparable to a much more expensive system. So, it was pretty clear that there was

something dramatic about it as well. None of us really imagined that it would catch on with the mainstream consumer anywhere near as quickly as it did.

Bieber: So, that's quite a gamble when you think about it. Both the hardware and the software, which wasn't readily available in the initial stages, were so expensive but you still wanted to try and launch a business based on the CD.

Simonds: Well, it wasn't a gamble at all, actually, though it looks like a gamble in the context of the size of the business we now have. When we started this, it was a modest business that was secondary, really, to all of what we were doing We had other businesses. We started it with the idea that we already knew that the market was out there to be able to sell "X" number of hundred pieces of almost anything that we put out on CD. We didn't have a lot of capital up front to invest, so it's not like we were risking a lot of money. It was a niche market. But the fact that CDs became as successful, and as

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mainstream, as fast as they did actually made it riskier for us. When we started the company we were perfectly happy to have this limited, very audiophile-oriented approach to what we did. That it became so successful meant that the idea of starting a CD-only label was going to quickly become irrelevant because everybody was going to be making CDs.

Rose: The success of the company was not at all based on the mainstream dominance of the Compact Disc. Simonds: But that created more challenges, I think.

Rose: Yeah, and you could argue it's a bigger gamble to go into a huge market with lots of intense competition than to be automatically in a position of prominence in this tiny market.

Tearson: When this whole thing started, did you have any kind of preconceived idea of where you wanted to take this musically?

Bieber: And how tough was it to come up with titles? Rose: Well, from the very beginning we were distinct from almost any other independent label in that we had already defined our niche as the format. Generally, the way any label gets started is as being specialists

in a particular type or genre of music. Since we had already defined the niche as the label, the musical niche was wide open, and just because there were four of us from four different backgrounds, we were pretty democratic about these things in the beginning. But we took our inspiration from labels like Island Records in the '70s, which had a vast range of musical styles, all bound together by some perception of quality or value. So we wondered, why couldn't we do the same? It was really hard because for every time you put out a new release, you had to completely redesign your outreach and marketing campaign to encompass different writers, radio station formats, and media. So it was a liability in certain respects, but in the long run it's proven to be a strength.

Tearson: This seems to have presented some special problems for distribution in getting the recordings out to the people who would be interested in them. Did it?

Rose: Yeah, sure. Because you can't necessarily follow up something that you just did successfully with something that's aimed at a similar target.

Tearson: You've set up a distribution company, the REP Company. Has this helped solve the problems in getting the music out there, or has it created new problems?

Simonds: It's given us more control over our ability to get it out

FRANK ZAPPA there anythere any

there and, I think, it solves more problems than anything. It's still a challenge. There are still a lot of records being put out by a lot of companies, and there's a lot of competition for shelf space. Most record distributors are fueled by having hit records regularly; they sell millions of copies that don't require our type of education and work. They have their superstar artists, known quantities, that are guaranteed to sell "X" amount. That really finances the company's ability to distribute other things, or overshadows, in some cases, their effectiveness in doing other things. Our advantages are that we have a

> specialized distributor for the type of music that we put out and control, that we can hire the types of sales reps that are more music-oriented, and that the distribution company isn't looking at other people's priori-

ties and other types of product.

Tearson: Increasingly, this business is a global business, rather than American or British. Joe, a lot of your focus is on Europe and much of the rest of the world. Have there been any special problems in getting Rykodisc out beyond the States?

Boyd: When Rykodisc took over the Hannibal label, which was my label, Hannibal's orientation as a company was very much based around Europe. I would say

we were selling 60% of our records in Europe and 40% in North America. And I have been based in London off and on, primarily more on than off for many years, and Hannibal has always had a London office since it was formed in 1980. My theory about Europe has always been to try and treat it like the United States of Europe, although that's an oversimplification because there are so many different cultures that you can't really do it the same way. You aspire to simultaneous release in all European territories, to try and basically use the model of jazz labels, manufacture in one place, distribute and don't license, and the whole catalog is always available in every territory. That's the approach Rykodisc has taken in Europe as part of its acquisition of Hannibal. I would say it's moderately successful, and we hope it will get more successful.

Tearson: Is this eventually going to expand to a global setup? Mann: No. REP is a U.S.-only distribution setup.

Boyd: We use other distributors around the world.

Mann: We were very successful in establishing a base in other parts of the world where our repertoire cannot be considered a traditional, Western music-oriented catalog. We represent music from all over the world; sounds trite, but the artists that we represent are from Hungary, Bulgaria, certain African countries....

Tearson: The Mickey Hart series.

Mann: Well, certainly the Mickey Hart series. But there are other world music titles, on the Hannibal label in particular, that in those countries represent the hit in that territory or a very respected music lane. You can transplant that into other parts of the world and present it as important music. There's a different process that you go through in selling music in different parts of the world.



Tearson: What's easier to sell, the hands-down best folk singer in all of Hungary or another rock album of four white guys playing guitar? Simonds: Four talented white guys.

Rose: Joe has an acronym, WPSIE projects, which stands for White People Singing in English. And that's something Hannibal decidedly does not specialize in on the basis of that theory.

Tearson: Obviously, there have been major thrusts with key catalogs—the Zappa, the Bowie, the Costello, and a couple of key Hendrix recordings. The catalogs have been helpful in providing volume and give you more ability to go after some of the unknown artists. How im-



portant is it, then, to make new artists successful, and how is the energy split?

Rose: Well, it's all part of being a well-rounded entity. The availability of catalog is limited. On the other hand, it's just as scary from our point of view to be dependent on creating hits or having breakthroughs with new artists, because so much of what happens in that process is so far out of control. Our M.O. has been to increase our abilities. Our reputation is staked on the high-profile catalogs. But at the same time it's become important for us to develop the new-artist side.

Bieber: How tough is it breaking new artists? Rose: Real tough.

Bieber: In the video markets, as well as for radio?

Rose: Well, anything that pits us head-to-head against the majors the primary activities of the majors, I should say—takes us further away from developing niches, where our small size and sensibility make us be better than they can be.



Mann: Well, we just have to find and try to sign new artists that aren't going to be promoted with mainstream radio and video. Because we already know going into it that we're up against some very, very big and powerful people that have a lot more money than we do to spend. And the types of artists that we tend to sign either have established a base that we can build on or have a certain unusual approach that might get us some non-

> traditional publicity or media attention.

It's not that we don't want one of our artists to have a video or his own taped show on MTV and to be prominent on radio. It's the route you take to get there that's different for us than for a major. Boyd: We need something to be unique, the only one of its kind, so that we're not actually in competition. There is nobody else doing what Mickey Hart is doing. John Trudell is a completely unique artist. There is nobody else like Outback or Morphine.

> Tearson: From my own experience of working at a mainstream rock 'n' roll radio station, I know that a lot of the stations' thinking of what they're going to pick comes from label support of a given record. So this again puts you right up against the Big Six in a tough way.

> Rose: I think it even puts us at a disadvantage just because of the perception of the kind of support that we're able to give. Just because we're independent, it's presumed to be lower than that of the majors. I still believe

that the mainstream media will have reservations about the ability of an independent company to support a mainstream rock act to the level that the majors do.

Simonds: When we signed Bob Mould, we signed without having heard the Sugar record, and I think that it wasn't under the idea of "Let's sign Bob Mould because he's the kind of artist that could make a great mainstream rock record that we could successfully sell to mainstream rock radio and get a video on MTV." Arthur's point is that if an artist delivers that type of a record, we're going to work just as hard, if not harder, as any other record company to get those things for that artist.

Boyd: I think one of the reasons Bob Mould came to a parting of the ways with Virgin and came to Rykodisc was because Virgin was trying to be major label-ish with him and say, "Your last record only sold X; you need to multiply that, so therefore you need this type of producer." A lot of heavy major-label A&R-ing was going on, which he had no interest in. The main thing was that we gave him the freedom to do the record that he wanted to do.

Mann: The majors put music out to satisfy the pipeline that's been established by major radio and the TV outlets. I like to think we put records out because we think the music is important.

Bieber: Here's a hypothetical situation: Michael Bolton has delivered his last record to Columbia....

Rose: No. Next question.

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Bieber: He says, "I want to sign with Rykodisc; they do great work." Here's a guy who could contribute immensely to the bottom line, and he singles you out.

Rose: We could debate forever, you know, why Michael Bolton? He is good, he is bad; is he fish, or is he fowl? But I think the question that's really important here is "Why Rykodisc?" And I would say, "No," not out of something snobbish about that kind of a mainstream artist, but about knowing who we are. And just knowing that to realize the fullest potential of an artist of that character does not correspond with the abilities that we've developed here at Rykodisc.

Tearson: This is then one way in which Rykodisc maintains its independence and its own character in the marketplace.

Rose: Knowing who we are, you know.

Tearson: And knowing who you aren't.

Rose: Yeah, good point. I mean, we're not like a small version of a major record company; we're something completely different. We're a medium-sized record company and proud of it.

Tearson: Regardless of their status right now, what in your various cases might be a dream artist's catalog that you would like to acquire or work with?

Rose: I would have answered that question at almost any point over the last 10 years with "Elvis Costello."

Simonds: There are, also, the types of artists that we think would lend themselves very well to the types of things that we do and who may not be our individual personal favorite artist.

Boyd: One of the prototypical things that we would have liked to have done was the Jimi Hendrix catalog. That would be the kind of thing that we would be really proud to be associated with.

Tearson: You've done real well with the two Hendrix releases you have. Are they going to stay here, or are they ultimately going to be moving over with the rest of the catalog?

Rose: Ultimately they'll be moving over. It was a whole catalog MCA purchased.

Tearson: Now, suppose an important jazz, blues, or R&B catalog became available. Would that be of interest?

Rose: Sure. It's not so much the genre. You have to look at the specific thing and compare it to our marketing strengths and see if

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they're compatible. Does that extend to R&B? Sure, in some cases, and probably not in others.

Tearson: Jazz has been a very small part of what you've done. Is that just a matter of fate?

Rose: For us, there are fewer opportunities in those genres, whereas we can jump into world music and do very well in it. We're perhaps the most successful group of labels within the world music genre. Jazz and classical, I think, are tougher that way.

Boyd: We're all jazz fans.

Simonds: That's probably the one genre that we all share the most enthusiasm for. But we did try some things in the earlier part of the company's history and really found that the label identity to a jazz consumer is so significant that for us to really get serious about jazz, we would have to either put in a tremendous amount of effort and build a catalog and build a name for ourselves, or ...

Tearson: Or possibly start a separate label.

Simonds: Possibly a separate label. Or even better, as you suggested, if an established label catalog became available to us, that would be probably the ideal way to get into the jazz market. [Editor's Note: Rykodisc has since purchased the Gramavision catalog.—E.P.] Tearson: The visual aesthetics of the company over the years have been quite innovative. The green jewel box tray has become a trademark and helps the label's identity in the store because it stands out. And the box sets you've done have been very distinctive and very vibrant designs—a Grammy for Bowie's Sound + Vision box. The box sets are obviously a higher ticket in the store. How hard is it to come up with a design that will catch the eye and, hopefully, the imagination? Rose: It's not hard at all.

Simonds: The hard part is coming up with a design that is affordable, even with the higher priced box set, because you can go nuts, if you want, with design. The challenge of the Bowie box, in particular, was we had an incredible genius design given to us by a very talented graphic designer. When we first saw it, it was like, "It looks incredible, but how the hell are we ever going to make this thing so that it will be affordable once the product actually gets out there?" Tearson: Rykodisc started as a CD label and eventually added vinyl for a while, and occasionally cassettes as well. Now we have the other emerging formats, digital tape and the MiniDisc, neither of which have really taken off rapidly, yet you've been active with them. Will they have a chance to take off and become as important as the CD? Is there something else on the horizon that will be more successful than these things have been?

Rose: Well, you know, the CD had a real need in the marketplace defined for such a thing. Lifestyles were changing; the baby boomers were growing up, and people were moving into smaller spaces. The whole digital information thing was on the cusp; the CD walked right into it, and people responded to it because it met a lot of needs that preexisted. There's much less of a need from a consumer's standpoint to go beyond that at this moment. We're involved on the basis of being intrigued by the technology, and we like to have as much experience with the emerging technologies as we can. However, I think that combined with the lack of consumer need, the biggest problem with the success of either DCC on MiniDisc is that there are two formats that are being promoted simultaneously.

Tearson: Competing for the same niche.

Rose: It adds up to total frustration and even hostility, I'd say, on the part of the consumer, who says, "What are these guys trying to sell us now?" And meanwhile the complete read/write CD system, at a popular price, might just be around the corner. That would solve all the format compatibility issues. There is really no rush that we foresee. Bieber: So you were planning to release your titles on DAT when the wrench was thrown into the machinerv?

Mann: We had the first commercially available DAT, did we not? Rose: First sampler.

Bieber: Were you hoping that DAT would be a format that would have presented itself to the marketplace?

Rose: We didn't really have a hope that DAT would succeed; we were just prepared to deal with it in the event that it did.

Tearson: Summing up here, five years from now do you foresee a major change in Rykodisc, in its philosophy?

Rose: I hope not.

Bieber: Are you happy with the current state of the company, regarding size, amount of business that you're doing, things like that?

Rose: Of course. Do we hope to expand our opportunities and share of influence? Of course.

Simonds: There are certainly days when we feel like we're created a monster, but all in all, we're quite happy. Mann: We're very optimistic.

Simonds: No, ecstatic.



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MARANTZ SR-92 Mk II **A/V RECEIVER**





Many audiophiles view automation with a jaundiced eye. I don't subscribe to that notion, but there are times when you can do for yourself better than some automatic thingamajig can do for you. Take the case of adjusting input balance on a Dolby Pro Logic decoder. Most products

do the job automatically, presumably on the manufacturers' assumption that consumers are too lazy or too dumb to do it themselves. That may be true for the mass market, but it doesn't necessarily apply to 'philes of the audio or video persuasion. Marantz apparently counts itself in the latter camp, for the SR-92 Mk II is the first A/V receiver to come my way in some time with user-operated input level and balance controls. I doubt that this is a matter of saving a few pennies; gain-control chips are probably far cheaper than potentiometers and knobs.

Proper input balance is essential for obtaining best separation among the five Pro Logic sound channels; a proper mating of input level with processor circuitry gain, while less critical, impacts the dynamic range you can expect from the final

panoply. Today's gain-control chips can probably obtain close to optimum dynamic range, but the same can't be said for their handling of channel balance, where Dolby Labs' permitted tol-

erance can reduce separation from upwards of 40 dB to, perhaps, 20 dB.

The Marantz SR-92 Mk II distinguishes itself from run-of-the-mill receivers in other respects as well, especially with its tuner, which harkens back to the good old days when audiophile receivers were expected to have close to state-of-the-art tuners. Alas,

many of today's A/V receivers are pedestrian at best in this area, which makes me stand up and take notice when one this good comes my way. But I'm getting ahead of myself.

The SR-92 Mk II is rated at 110 watts in each main front channel, 75 watts in the center, and 35 watts per channel in the surrounds-all with 8-ohm loads. With 4ohm loads, power bumps up to 140 watts per channel in front, 120 watts in the center, and 55 watts per channel in the surrounds. Receivers today lean toward providing equal power for all three front speakers, but Marantz contends that this is unnecessary; they say that most customers use a small center speaker and so the processor should be operated in the "Normal" center mode, which redistributes bass energy from the center to the main front speakers. Argument noted---if not necessarily bought completely. Marantz also suggests that some receivers specifying equal power for the three front channels at lower rating than for a standard stereo pair actually have similar power distribution to the SR-92 Mk II. No matter, because the power difference (front sides to center) in the SR-92 Mk II is less than 1.7 dB, not exactly overwhelming. And Marantz provides a decent total of 70 watts for the surrounds, somewhat more generous than many other A/V receivers.

Control Layout

THE MARANTZ

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OF DECODING

AND DELIVERING

MOVIE SOUND.

In addition to Dolby Pro Logic surround for movies, the SR-92 Mk II has two music surround modes ("Matrix," which sends a

> delayed difference signal to the rear, and "Hall," which routes a delayed summed signal rearward) plus simulated stereo to jazz up monaural programs. Modes are chosen by tapping the "Mode/ Surround"

(second from left in the array above the input control knobs) until the desired legend appears in the display. The "Mode/Center" button, just to the right, chooses among four center options: "Normal," "Phantom," "Wide," and "Off." (The last is used when adjusting the input balance control § situated below and to the right of the mode \overline{z}

button

buttons. The idea is to switch off the center and adjust balance for minimum dialog in the two main channels.) The input level control, to the left of input balance, is adjusted until the input level "Peak" indicator flashes occasionally on loud passages.

To the left of "Mode/Surround" is a "Multi Room" button that, in conjunction with Marantz accessories, permits listening to the same (or a different) source in another room. Above the "Multi Room" and mode switches are buttons to engage either or both of two pairs of main speakers. Similar buttons to the right allow dubbing from tape to VCR 1 or from VCR 1 to VCR 2. A final small button engages the "Test Tone" sequencer for balancing the five speakers.

Physically similar to the mode and "Multi Room" buttons, and clustered to

their right, are the input selectors. The first three-"FM/AM," "CATV," and "Mode"affect the tuner, which has inputs both for a 75-ohm FM antenna and for cable television. The "FM/AM" button toggles between AM and FM reception using the FM antenna, "CATV" switches to the CATV input, and "Mode" toggles between automatic stereo and mono reception. Three audio selectors come next-"Phono," "CD," and "Tape MONI"-followed by four A/V choices: "LD," "VCR 1," "VCR 2," and "Video," the last of which selects the frontpanel inputs at the extreme lower right. Below the input selectors are bass, treble, and balance controls and a "Bass EQ" switch, which engages a boost that is centered at roughly 60 Hz.

Sandwiched between the display and the motorized volume control are a cluster of

SPECS

AMPLIFIER SECTION

- FTC Power Rating, Stereo Mode (Both Channels Driven, 20 Hz to 20 kHz): 110 watts/channel at less than 0.09% THD into 8 ohms, 140 watts/channel at less than 0.1% THD into 4 ohms.
- Power Rating, Five-Channel Mode: Front left and right (both channels driven, 20 Hz to 20 kHz), 110 watts/channel at less than 0.09% THD into 8 ohms, 140 watts/channel at less than 0.1% THD into 4 ohms; center, 75 watts into 8 ohms, 120 watts into 4 ohms; surround, 35 watts/channel into 8 ohms, 55 watts/channel into 4 ohms.
- S/N, A-Weighted: MM phono, 75 dB; line, 82 dB.
- Input Sensitivity: MM phono, 3.5 mV; line, 220 mV; front main (left, right, and center), 1.5 V; surround main, 1.0 V.
- Input Impedance: MM phono, 47 kilohms; line, 40 kilohms; main inputs (front, center, and surround), 20 kilohms.
- Preamp Output Level and Impedance: 1.7 V from 0.5-V input; 1 kilohm.
- Subwoofer Crossover: 12 dB/octave at 70 Hz.
- Phono Overload, 1% THD: 120 mV at 1 kHz.

Usable Sensitivity: Mono, 13.5 dBf (1.3 μV at 75 ohms). S/N at 65 dBf: Mono, 76 dB; stereo, 68 dB. Capture F.atio: 1 dB. Alternate-Channel Selectivity: Wide, 60 dB; narrow, 70 dB.

Stereo Separation: 40 dB at 1 kHz. THD at 1 kHz: Mono, 0.2%; stereo,

0.5%. Image Rejection: 50 dB at 98 MHz.

Output Level: 940 mV at 1 kHz for ±75 kHz signal deviation.

AM TUNER SECTION

FM TUNER SECTION

Sensitivity, Loop Antenna: 500 µV/m. Selectivitz, ±20 kHz: 70 dB. S/N: 50 dB. Distortion at 1 kHz and 30% Modulation: 0.5%.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Consumption: 640 watts. Power Supply: 120 V a.c., 60 Hz. Dimensions: 17% in. W x 5¾ in. H x 15 in. D (45.4 cm x 14.6 cm x 38 cm). Weight: 34.1 lbs. (15.5 kg). Price: \$1,149. Company Address: 440 Med:nah Rd., Roselle, Ill. 60172. For literature, circle No. 90



IT'S BACK TO THE GOOD OLD DAYS, WHEN AUDIOPHILE RECEIVERS HAD STATE-OF-THE-ART TUNER SECTIONS.

buttons that operate the tuner and certain other functions. The 10-button alphanumeric keypad is used to set the clock, to enter station names, and to recall presets; the "0" also serves as a "Clear" button in several modes. To the left of "0/Clear" is a "Memo" button to memorize what you've entered, and to its right is an "F/P" button that toggles between displaying stations by frequency or preset number. Below are three larger pads—"Down," "Tuning/ P-Set," and "Up"—that change tuner frequency, switch preset channels, and, when "Delay" is pressed, adjust delay time in all surround modes.

The "IF" button above "Delay" toggles between wide- and narrow-band FM reception, while the "N•R" button above it activates a high-frequency blend to quiet noisy stereo stations. "Clock," which is the top button, displays the time on the front panel. "Sleep," to its right, activates a sleep timer, while the button below it, "AM/PM S•N," serves two functions: It toggles between a.m./p.m. and 24-hour clock display and also is used to load station names. To the right of "IF" is "P•S," which scans through the preset memory. The final button, "Timer/Check," can be used to set and check the timer and to cancel previous settings.

On the back panel are F connectors for the two FM inputs and binding posts for the (supplied) AM loop. Audio inputs and tape recording outputs have gold-plated



Fig. 1—FM quieting and crosstalk.



Fig. 2—FM THD + N vs. frequency.



Fig. 3—Tuner frequency response and FM crosstalk.



Fig. 4—Frequency response, CD and phono inputs and subwoofer output.



RCA jacks; composite-video connections are standard RCA jacks. The LaserDisc, VCR 1, and frontpanel video inputs have S-video connectors as well as pin jacks for composite video, and there's an Svideo output to record on VCR 1. Of course, an S-video connector is provided for the main monitor output, and there are compositevideo phono jacks for it and a second display.

Each of the five preamp outputs—front left/right, center, and surround left/right—is externally linked to its power amp input, so you can readily upgrade to a more powerful front amplifier and use the internal front amps to provide more drive to the surrounds. Connecting a powered subwoofer is equally simple, thanks to a filtered line output for that purpose.

A pair of RCA jacks near "Subwoofer Out" permits the SR-92 Mk II to be daisy-chained with components that use Marantz's D-BUS (RC-5) remote control to provide integrated control of an entire system. A "Multi Room" jack is provided to interface with Marantz's multiroom accessories. Reasonably heavy-duty multiway binding posts are provided for two pairs of main front speakers; however, the posts are not on standard centers, so GR-type dual-banana plugs can't be used. The surround and center speakers connect to spring-loaded clips; a second set of clips (below the surround terminals) powers speakers in an outlying room when the receiver is in the multiroom mode. Three switched outlets (100 watts total power) and one unswitched outlet (150 watts maximum) complete the back panel. The Marantz SR-92 Mk II comes with an imposing 70-button, three-switch, universal programmable remote.

Measurements

Although the SR-92 Mk II is, first and foremost, an "A/V" product, I can't help beginning the discussion of my bench tests with the tuner section, since I find it impressive compared with most others in today's market. It's rather rare, these days, to be offered a choice of i.f. bandwidth and a noise-reduction (blend) option to trade stereo separation for lower hiss. Even with the wide i.f., however, Marantz's tuner is more selective than average. I measured adjacent-channel selectivity of 9.4 dB and alternate-channel selectivity of 65.5 dB in that mode and 15.5 and 82.5 dB, respectively, in the narrow mode. Image rejection (51 dB) wasn't affected by i.f. bandwidth, but capture ratio

THE AM SECTION'S WIDEBAND RESPONSE IS AMAZING, ACTUALLY MAKING IT ALL THE WAY OUT TO 10 kHz.

and, to a lesser extent, AM rejection were. Capture ratio clocked in at a very good 1.1 dB with the wide selection and degraded to only 1.7 dB with the narrow choice. The AM rejection figures were arguably better than average, too, at 63.2 and 62.7 dB, respectively. Overall, this tuner should handle multipath conditions unusually well, especially in wideband operation.

The FM front-end also had excellent sensitivity, with 50-dB quieting achieved at 16.1 dBf in mono and 39.2 dBf in stereofigures that weren't affected by i.f. bandwidth. The i.f. can affect IHF usable sensitivity (really, IHF unusable sensitivity), which measured 13.8 dBf in the narrow mode and 14.5 dBf with the wider bandwidth. Marantz's NR (blend) option improved 50-dB quieting sensitivity in stereo by almost 2 dB (to 37.3 dBf) but had a negligible effect on stereo signal-to-noise ratio at 65 dBf (which came in at 67.3 dB with NR off and 67.5 dB with it on). In mono, ultimate quieting just topped 70 dB. The i.f. bandwidth usually affects distortion rather severely, but that didn't seem to be the case with the SR-92 Mk II-perhaps because even the wideband mode is really quite narrow. With NR off, stereo-mode distortion was virtually the same regardless of i.f. setting: 0.40% at 100 Hz, 0.46% at 1 kHz, and 1.95% at 6 kHz. In mono, the i.f.

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Fig. 5—Tone-control and "Bass EQ" response.











Fig. 8—Frequency response, Dolby Pro Logic mode.



Fig. 9—THD + N vs. frequency, Dolby Pro Logic mode.

bandwidth did have a slight effect at 1 kHz, where distortion rose from 0.11% in wideband mode to 0.14% in the narrow band. At 100 Hz and 6 kHz, however, the figures were close to the same—about 0.14% and 0.21%, respectively.

What did affect distortion in stereo operation was the NR circuit, which, by blending the highs, cancelled many of the noise and distortion products that were generated in the demodulator. With NR, THD + N dropped by about two-thirds, to 0.14% at 100 Hz, 0.13% at 1 kHz, and 0.41% at 6 kHz (although the narrow i.f. increased 6-kHz THD + N a trifle, to 0.52%). But if you're willing to sacrifice separation and choose the stereo NR mode, the tuner quiets faster, and distortion is little worse than it is with mono reception.

These results are plotted in Figs. 1 and 2. Figure 1 is the normal FM quieting curve, on which I've overlaid the crosstalk (1 kHz) you can expect with the NR off and on. There are separate stereo quieting curves for each condition as well, albeit the two are identical from 70 dBf up. These measurements were taken with the wide i.f. setting but were almost identical in the narrow mode. Figure 2 is a plot of THD + N as a function of frequency (65-dBf input) for all combinations of i.f. and NR settings. Since, with NR off, stereo distortion is unaffected by the choice of i.f., only one stereo curve is given for the NR-off condition.

Figure 3 shows FM stereo frequency response and crosstalk with a 65-dBf input. Response is only slightly affected by NR setting: +1.06, -0.66 dB from 20 Hz to 15 kHz with NR off (solid curve) and +1.06, -1.30 dB with it on (broken curve). The i.f. bandwidth had no meaningful effect on response, no effect on crosstalk with NR on, and a relatively minor effect on crosstalk with NR off. Three crosstalk curves that did display a difference are shown. In

general, separation with the NR (blend) off is upwards of 24.5 dB from 100 Hz to 15 kHz in the wide mode and better than 23 dB over that range with the narrow i.f. From 350 Hz up, separation is more than 30 dB (wide) and 29.4 dB (narrow). Separation at 1 kHz is slightly better in narrow (39.8 dB) than in wide (37.6 dB). Activating the NR blends left and right signals progressively above 350 Hz, but there's a decent 16.8 dB of separation at 1 kHz and 11.1 dB at 2 kHz even with NR on. By 5 kHz, separation has diminished to 5.6 dB and drops to 3.6 dB at 12 kHz. Figure 3 also shows the AM tuner's amazing wideband response. This is the first AM tuner I think I've ever measured that really makes it out to 10 kHz. Response is within +3.4, -2.3 dB from 20 Hz to 11.5 kHz!

All tuner measurements were made to the tape output and so were not affected by the tone controls. I also checked pilot and subcarrier levels there (which is where they count), with great results. The 19-kHz pilot was at -54.3 dB, and the 38-kHz carrier

THE NUMBERS SHOW A POTENTIAL MAIN-CHANNEL DYNAMIC RANGE OF 100.3 dB.

was 52.8 dB down. This is a tuner you can tape from without having the recorder's Dolby circuit mistrack, even on cassette decks that lack effective filters of their own.

I made a point of mentioning that the tuner measurements were taken at the tape outputs because all other measurements were made to the speaker terminals and include the effect of the tone controls. Unfortunately, the tone controls can't be defeated—one of my few quibbles with the Marantz SR-92 Mk II.

Figure 4 shows frequency response from the CD and phono inputs (the latter corrected for the RIAA curve, of course), as well as the characteristics of the low-pass filter on the subwoofer output. The curves shown were taken on the left channel; the right responded in the same fashion.

Including the effect of the tone controls, response from the CD input is flat within



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+0.56, -0.30 dB from below 10 Hz to 20 kHz, with a -1 dB point at 27.5 kHz and a -3 dB point at 43.7 kHz. Phono response after RIAA correction is roughly similar over its expected range, except for a bit more low-end roll-off. It's within about ± 0.75 dB from 26 Hz to 20 kHz and down 1.42 dB at 20 Hz. (Although the curve isn't shown, I also checked phono response at the tape output. It was a good bit flatter: ± 0.35 dB from 42 Hz to 20 kHz, -1 dB at 26 Hz, and -1.65 dB at 20 Hz.) Crossover to the subwoofer occurs at 71 Hz (the -3 dB point) and attains an ultimate slope of 12 dB/octave.

Figure 5 shows the tone-control range and the effect of the "Bass EQ." The latter is a resonant circuit tuned to 53 Hz, with a "Q" of approximately 1.7. When activated, it boosts 53-Hz response by 13.2 dB and may be helpful in restoring a bit of bass to small bookshelf speakers that can take the gaff. Both tone controls offer a bit more boost than cut. The bass EQ has a range of +10.1, -8.6 dB at 100 Hz, below which it shelves to a maximum of +10.6, -9.1 dB at 20 Hz. The treble EQ elicits an 8.7-dB boost or a 7.9-dB cut at 10 kHz, with an ultimate range of +9.9, -9.5 dB at 20 kHz.

Figures 6 and 7 show, respectively, THD + N versus frequency (at 1 watt, 10 watts, and rated output) and THD + N versus output (at 20 Hz, 1 kHz, and 20 kHz). Figure 6 shows both channels; Fig. 7 was taken on the left, which, at 20 kHz, was slightly less capable than the right. These measurements were taken with 8-ohm loads, both channels driven, in stereo. I also ran curves with 4-ohm loads, but they proved so similar to the 8-ohm curves (except for extending to higher power) that they are not displayed.

The general shape of the curves in Figs. 6 and 7 suggests that, except at the highest frequencies, midrange THD + N is more noise than distortion at up to 80 or 90 watts. Above about 5 kHz, distortion creeps into the 10-watt curve (Fig. 6), and, at rated power, distortion predominates from about 800 Hz up—but the distortion remains well under 0.02% at 10 watts and peaks out at 0.04% at 15 kHz and rated power.

Output power at clipping measured 145 watts (21.6 dBW) per channel with 8-ohm loads and 190 watts (22.7 dBW) per channel with 4-ohm loads. With the IHF tone burst, dynamic power reached 150 watts per channel into 8 ohms and 215 watts per channel into 4 ohms, which computes to be dynamic headroom ratings of 1.3 and 1.8 dB, respectively.

Damping factor measured 150 at 50 Hz, and output impedance remained reasonably well contained over the audio range: 50 milliohms at 1 kHz, 80 milliohms at 5

THD + N MEASUREMENTS INDICATE EXCELLENT PERFORMANCE FOR AN A/V RECEIVER.

kHz, 135 milliohms at 10 kHz, and 185 milliohms at 20 kHz. It required a 24.8-mV signal at the CD input to produce 1 watt into 8 ohms, 260 mV for rated output. Corresponding figures at the phono input (1 kHz) were 0.42 and 4.40 mV, respectively, which is about typical. Input impedances were 46 kilohms for CD and 49 kilohms in parallel with 165 pF for MM phono, and input overload occurred with an 8.1-V signal at the CD input and with a 128-mV signal (1 kHz) at the phono input. No problems here. Channel balance with the IHF volume setting was within ±0.024 dB, and there was adequate signal at the tape recording outputs: 0.5 V from a 0.5-V CD input, 0.29 V from a 5-mV (1-kHz) phono input, and 1.02 V from a fully modulated FM transmission. Tape output impedance was a bit high, at 2,850 ohms.

Channel separation from the CD inputs was better than 47 dB from 20 Hz to 5 kHz in either direction and, worst case, dropped to 36 dB at 20 kHz. A noise-spectrum analysis revealed small, power-linerelated hum components at 60 Hz and its first five harmonics, but the greatest of these (at 180 Hz) was only -95 dBW. On the whole, the SR-92 Mk II's noise spectrum was as much as 10 dB below that of some receivers I've measured. On an Aweighted basis, noise (CD input) was -88.6 dBW, which implies an excellent S/N ratio of 109.0 dB re: rated power. The phono figures weren't bad either: -74.1 dBW for an S/N of 94.5 dB.

After adjusting input balance, the Dolby Pro Logic system delivered excellent channel separation. I checked all combinations at 1 kHz; even the worst of them, surround to center, was a superb 41.6 dB. The best combination, interestingly, was the other way about, center to surround, which clocked in at 65.7 dB.

Figure 8 shows the response of the decoder channels in the "Normal" and "Wide" center modes. Main front-channel response is within +0.6 dB from 70 Hz to 20 kHz and, at lower frequencies, rises gradually to +2.7 dB at 20 Hz. The center channel has about the same high-end response and doesn't display the low-end rise. In the "Wide" setting, its response is within +0, -0.75 dB from 46 Hz to 20 kHz (-3 dB at 21 Hz). In the "Normal" center mode, high-end response is the same, and the lows roll off at 6 dB/octave below 98 Hz (-3 dB point) as per the Standard. Surround-channel response is within ±0.5 dB from 35 Hz to 5.7 kHz and rolls off rapidly above 6.8 kHz (-3 dB point), with an initial slope of about 36 dB/octave-on the money. Surround-channel response is down 1.7 dB at 20 Hz.

Figure 9 shows THD + N versus frequency for the various Dolby Pro Logic channels. The center and surround measurements were taken at rated power (8ohm loads) using the "Wide" center mode, but I'm showing two curves for the main front channels—one at rated power, the other at 25 watts. During my tests, the SR-92 Mk II would not deliver rated power in the front channels (with maximum volume setting) without lighting the "Peak" input level indicator. It would deliver 25 watts without firing a warning, so I ran the second curve at this level. I should point out that, had Marantz not included the indicator (other companies do not), I simply would have accepted the results of the fullpower measurement. They're not unusual. In fact, THD + N of under 0.065% from 67 Hz to 20 kHz (the result for the full-power front-channel measurement) is excellent performance from an A/V receiver! Centerchannel THD + N remains below 0.095% at rated power over the full frequency range (again, excellent!), and distortion in the surround channel, although substantially higher (0.6% from 20 Hz to 1.5 kHz), is certainly not atypical.

With 8-ohm loads, front-channel output power at clipping (ignoring the indicator) came in at 130 watts (21.1 dBW) per channel; the center topped out at 98 watts (19.9 dBW) and the surrounds at 45 watts (16.4 dBW) per side. The A-weighted noise levels with Dolby Pro Logic processing measured -79.2 dBW in the left front, -77.1 dBW in the center, and -75.0 dBW in the surround channel. Tie it all together, and you have potential dynamic range figures of 100.3 dB in the main front channels, 97.0 dB in the center, and 91.4 dB in the surround.

Use and Listening Tests

Properly adjusted, the Marantz SR-92 Mk II does a fine job decoding and delivering movie sound. Its music surround

THE SR-92 Mk II DISTINGUISHES ITSELF IN MANY RESPECTS FROM RUN-OF-THE-MILL RECEIVERS.

modes are modest but pleasing. Its remote control is complex but competent (with a learning ability that means you're not limited to using particular products whose codes have been preprogrammed). This receiver's tuner is exemplary. Its power reserve is adequate, delivering clean, quiet sound. Its input complement should satisfy many audio/videophiles (although I, for one, would have liked to have seen the fourth video input replicated on the back, where it would also be useful for permanent connection to, say, a satellite receiver). And the SR-92 Mk II is easily upgradable. It's a fine product.

In deciding whether the Marantz is for you, you have to ask yourself these two fundamental questions: Will you, in fact, adjust input balance and level (from the front panel, as the controls aren't accessible via the remote) whenever you change program sources? If not, automation will start looking mighty nice! And if you are the "I'd rather do it myself" type, will you spend your time watching movies or waiting for the peak indicator to flash? Only you can answer these questions; I can't.

Edward J. Foster



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EQUIPMENT PROFILE

PARASOUND D/AC-1000 **D/A CONVERTER** AND C/DP-1000 **CD PLAYER/TRANSPORT**



Parasound has quite an impressive and extensive product lineup these days, including several preamps, power amps, CD players and transports, D/A converters, and a widely discussed subwoofer. Under review here are the C/DP-1000 CD player/transport and the D/AC-

1000 D/A converter. Both are rack-mount width and about 3 inches in height.

The C/DP-1000 serves both as a standalone CD player with its own built-in DAC (an 18-bit Burr-Brown PCM67) and as a transport to feed an external D/A converter. (It is relatively easy to equip a CD player with a digital output, which is a smart marketing move: Start with the CD player, and later add one of our external D/A converters!) In addition to the standard highquality, RCA coaxial phono jack for S/P DIF digital output, my review sample of the C/DP-1000 included the Advanced Digital Adapter Module (ADAM), a \$225 option that adds an AES/EBU balanced XLR output connector and an AT&T (ST) optical connector. Parasound says that this is the only user-installable output module with AES/EBU and ST outputs they are aware of and that the insertion can be done in less than two minutes. Besides the digital

and analog output connections mentioned, the rear panel of the C/DP-1000 also has an IEC a.c. power cord connector and a special mini phone jack to accept input from an external infrared remote-control repeater to allow control from other rooms. Parasound now has a CD changer version, the C/DC-1500 (\$650), with all the features I've just mentioned.

Similar in appearance to the C/DP-1000, the D/AC-1000 D/A converter is one notch down from Parasound's top-of-the-line D/AC-1500. At the left end of the front panel is a rocker-type a.c. power switch. To the right of that, sampling frequency is indicated by separate LEDs for 32, 44.1, and 48 kHz. A data-error indicator completes the left section of the panel. To the right are four momentary-contact switches. The "Polarity Invert" switch is separated by a "De-Emphasis" indicator light from the switches that select the three digital inputs (two optical, one coaxial). All four switches have status-indicator lights. Among the rear-panel connectors are the aforementioned three digital inputs (a high-quality RCA phono jack for coaxial, and Toslink and ST optical connectors). An IEC linecord connector and a pair of RCA phono jacks for analog output complete the rearpanel lineup.

Looking inside the D/AC-1000, it is easy to see that the designers were pretty serious about power supplies, which take up half of the internal space. One p.c. board has three power transformers along with associated rectifiers, filter capacitors, and film bypass capacitors. A smaller board sports five voltage regulators (all with big heatsinks), more electrolytic capacitors, and more film bypass capacitors. A pair of small p.c. boards behind the front panel interconnects or carries the front-panel switches and LEDs. Finally, we come to the main circuit board. Again, plenty of film bypass capacitors are in evidence. This main p.c. board is populated with numerous high-quality parts. All of the rear-panel connectors are mounted directly to it, with the exception of the IEC a.c. socket. The overall build quality of the D/AC-1000 is reasonable and adequate to the task. Circuit Description In the D/AC-1000 D/A converter, the se-lected digital input signal is applied to the

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SPECS

D/A CONVERTER

- Type: 20-bit, push-pull, eight-times oversampling; independent for each channel.
- Frequency Response: 2.5 Hz to 20 kHz, ±0.25 dB.
- S/N: Greater than 105 dB, typically 110 dB.
- Channel Separation: Greater than 100 dB at 1 kHz.
- THD: Less than 0.0015% at 1 kHz.
- Amplitude Linearity: Greater than 95 dB, typically 98 dB.
- Phase Linearity: ±0.1° at 20 kHz.
- Maximum Jitter (IHF): Less than 50 pS, rms.
- Absolute Polarity: Selectable, 0° or 180°.
- Dimensions: 19 in. W x 3⁵/₈ in. H x 11¹/₂ in. D (48.3 cm x 9.2 cm x 29.2 cm).
- Weight: 15 lbs. (6.8 kg). Price: \$775.

CD PLAYER

Converter Type: Hybrid, one-bit/18bit linear. Frequency Response: 3 Hz to 20 kHz,

±0.2 dB. S/N: Greater than 110 dB, Aweighted.

Dynamic Range: Greater than 100 dB.

Channel Separation: Greater than 115 dB at 1 kHz.

Low-Level Linearity: ±1.5 dB down to -90 dB.

THD: Less than 0.002%.

Wow & Flutter: Unmeasurable.

Interchannel Phase Shift: Less than 0.6° at 20 kHz.

Disc Defect Tracking: Up to 2,000 µm.

Dimensions: 19 in. W x 4¹/₈ in. H x 10 in. D (48.3 cm x 10.5 cm x 25.4 cm).

Weight: 16 lbs. (7.3 kg). Price: \$495.

Company Address: 950 Battery St., San Francisco, Cal. 94111. For literature, circle No. 91 input of the now almost universally used Crystal Semiconductor CS8412 input receiver. Recovered output signals from the CS8412 are passed on to an NPC SM5813 eight-times-oversampling digital low-pass filter. Outputs from the filter feed two Burr-Brown PCM63P multibit DACs, one per channel. Current-to-voltage conversion is handled by an Analog Devices AD841 op-amp. A passive RC de-emphasis network is connected between the output of the current-to-voltage converter and the input of an AD845 wired as a voltage follower. Next, a third-order anti-imaging low-pass filter is implemented in the form of a frequency-dependent negative-resistance (FDNR) filter. (A more thorough discussion of this type of filter appears in the August 1993 issue of Audio, in my review of the PS Audio UltraLink D/A converter.) These filters use an AD712 dual opamp for each channel. A final AD845, wired as a voltage follower, buffers the output of the FDNR filter and drives the outside world.

As previously mentioned, powersupply circuitry in the D/AC-1000 is extensive. In addition to the three-terminal regulators that provide regulated +18 and -18 V, each signal channel has a pair of Darlington-connected capacitancemultiplier circuits. These circuits reduce and also filter the 18-V supplies to about +12 and -12 V for the analog circuitry.

Measurements

Measurements were first made for the D/AC-1000 D/A converter. Frequency response with and without de-emphasis is plotted in Fig. 1 for instrument loading. (IHF loading gave substantially the same results.) Since the two responses shown are so close, one could say the de-emphasis error, from the point of view of the difference between the curves, is essentially zero. However, the way I see it, it's better to say that the response with







Fig. 2—THD + N vs. frequency at 0 dB (digital full scale), D/AC-1000.







Fig. 4—THD + N vs. signal amplitude at 1 kHz, D/AC-1000.





Fig. 5—Input/output linearity, D/AC-1000, for 500-Hz signal.



Fig. 6—Frequency response, C/DP-1000.



Fig. 7—THD + N vs. frequency at 0 dB (digital full scale), C/DP-1000.



Fig. 8—Deviation from linearity, C/DP-1000, using CBS CD-1 test disc.

de-emphasis is deviant from flat, in the manner shown. Square and impulse waveforms had the usual linear-phase appearance—symmetry about the center of the impulse or a vertical center line of a square-wave half cycle. Additionally, the absolute output polarity was correct with the front-panel switch in its normal setting.

Total harmonic distortion plus noise versus frequency at digital full scale is shown in Fig. 2 for measurement filter bandwidths of 22 and 80 kHz. This technique is good for seeing how much the wider bandwidth raises the in-band distortion values, due to out-ofband noise. In the case of the D/AC-1000, the great similarity between the curves in the area from 20 Hz to 1 kHz, where distortion is lowest, shows that the out-of-band noise contribution is very low. This will also be evident in the wideband S/N figures. Figure 3 shows how THD + N versus frequency varies with signal amplitude near digital full scale (0, -5, and -10 dB). To make the presentation more meaningful, I have chosen to show THD + N in dB relative to full scale so that the noise floor won't vary as a function of the reading-as it would if I were measuring it as a percentage of signal amplitude, the way I did in Fig. 2. (For reference, -80 dB is 0.01%, -90 dB is 0.00316%, and -100 dB is 0.001%.) As can be seen, the rise in high-frequency distortion goes away pretty quickly with decreasing signal amplitude. The curves for THD + N versus signal amplitude at 1 kHz (Fig. 4) show good behavior in this test. Input/output linearity looks quite good in Fig. 5, which is a plot of deviation for a 500-Hz signal.

Another look at low-level linearity is a noise-modulation test devised by Dr. Richard Cabot of Audio Precision, which uses a low-level 40-Hz signal at input levels of -60, -70, -80, -90, and -100 dB full-scale. For each of these input levels, the output is analyzed by sweeping a third-octave f \ge r over the range from 300 Hz to 20 kHz. If things are in order, these five curves t isically overlie each other. This was the case for the D/AC-1000.

Interchannel crosstalk was outstanding. Crosstalk was equal to or better than 115 dB from 20 Hz to 20 kHz.

Signal-to-noise ratios, quantization noise, and dynamic range results for the D/AC-1000 are given in Table I. Out-ofband noise is very low, as can be seen in the "Wideband" data. In-band noise was low enough that one can easily see the threestate (+1 LSB, 0, and -1 LSB) nature of a -90 dB, undithered 1-kHz signal on an oscilloscope.

I was unable to get the samplingfrequency lights on the D/AC-1000's front panel to respond to changes in the actual

I WAS ABLE TO GET SOME OUTSTANDINGLY GOOD SOUND OUT OF THE PARASOUND PAIR.

incoming sampling frequency or to my changing the value of "byte 3" in the data stream's channel-status block to the proper codes for the various sampling frequencies. The 44.1-kHz light was always on. Parasound says this was due to shipping damage, which seems reasonable.

A few final measurements for the D/AC-1000: Output voltage at digital full scale was 3.242 V, somewhat higher than the standard 2 V for CD players; Parasound says current units are set at 2.75 V. Output impedance for both channels measured about 47 ohms. The a.c. line draw was about 200 mA. Overall, the D/AC-1000 exhibited very good measured performance.

The performance of the C/DP-1000 player/transport was not quite the same caliber as that of the D/AC-1000 D/A converter. (The tests to follow were done with the CBS CD-1 test CD.) Frequency response, with and without de-emphasis, is shown in Fig. 6; IHF loading didn't affect high-frequency response but did start to have an impact in the region from 10 to 20 Hz. Total harmonic distortion plus noise is

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P.O. Box 3060 San Clemente CA 92674 USA TEL 714.498.2770 FAX 714.498.5112 **Table I**—Signal-to-noise ratios, Parasound D/AC-1000 D/A converter. Quantization noise was –92.1 dE in the left channel and –91.1 dB in the right; dynamic range was 95.4 dB in the left channel and 95.8 dB in the right.

	S/N, dB			
	-120 dBfs Signal		Digital Zero Signal	
Bandwidth	LEFT	RIGHT	LEFT	RIGHT
Wideband	91.8	91.9	9 7.5	9 6.8
22 Hz to 22 kHz	93.2	93.5	104.2	105.0
400 Hz to 22 kHz	93.6	93.8	107.0	107.6
A-Weighted	95.4	95 .7	108.7	109.3

plotted in Fig. 7; the high values of distortion near 20 kHz are real and are a result of difference tones starting to appear, due to aliasing. (Parasound's design decision was that a separate anti-aliasing filter would diminish sound quality.) Deviation from input linearity is depicted in Fig. 8. Squarewave and impulse responses (not shown) had linear-phase characteristics. As with the D/AC-1000, the absolute output polarity of the C/DP-1000 was correct. Output resistance was a rather high 1 kilohm. As would be expected, when one repeats these tests with the D/AC-1000 decoding the C/DP-1000's digital output, the results are generally similar to those from the D/AC-1000 itself when fed from the Audio Precision digital generator.

Use and Listening Tests

The C/DP-1000 was used as a CD player and also as one of the transports (along with a Counterpoint DA-11A and a PS Audio Lambda) feeding the D/AC-1000, as well as the Sonic Frontiers SFD-2, Resolution Audio Reference 20, and other (experimental) D/A converters.

Analog source equipment used in my system during the review period included an Oracle Audio turntable fitted with a Well Tempered Lab arm and a IVC X-1 moving-magnet pickup, used with my own tube phono preamp or a Quicksilver Audio preamp. Other analog signal sources included a Nakamichi ST-7 FM tuner and 250 cassette recorder and a Technics openreel recorder. Preamplifiers used included a Quicksilver Audio Unit and Forssell tube line drivers (and in some listening, I used no preamp at all). Power amplifiers used were a Crown Macro Reference, Quicksilver M-135s, and a pair of Cary Audio Design CAD-805s. Loudspeakers used were B & W 801 Matrix Series 3s, augmented

from 20 to 50 Hz by my stereo subwoofer system using a JBL 1400Nd driver in a 5-cubic-foot ported enclosure for each channel.

When I initially got the Parasound equipment, I tried out the C/DP-1000 as a CD player first,

because I couldn't get signal lock when coupling the Counterpoint DA-11A transport to the Parasound D/AC-1000 D/A converter through an ST glass optical cable. It turns out that the Counterpoint and PS Audio transports have unusually high ST optical output levels, according to Parasound, who supplies a little adaptor that spaces the end of the incoming cable out a bit from the ST input connector on the D/AC-1000; it took care of this difficulty.

My impression of the sound of the C/DP-1000 as a CD player was quite favorable. I was able to play certain recordings, which tend to sound irritating on my higher resolution gear, in a refreshingly listenable manner, albeit with some loss of ultimate resolution.

When I fed the D/AC-1000 from the C/DP-1000 with an ST glass fiber cable, I was happier yet. Overall, the C/DP-1000 and D/AC-1000 combination had good balance from top to bottom, excellent sense of space, well-defined and "tuneful" bass, and an airy, generally low-irritation sound. An especially good-sounding combination resulted when feeding signals to the Cary Audio CAD-805 single-ended triode power amps, through the signal selector/attenuator in my tube phono preamp. In other equipment combinations, I was able to get some outstandingly good sound out of the Parasound pair.

Operation of the Parasound equipment was pleasurable and easy. I especially liked the way the C/DP-1000's drawer operated. No problems were encountered save the aforementioned need for the ST optical adaptor (supplied with the D/AC-1000) for use with some CD transports.

In concluding, I very much enjoyed my time with the C/DP-1000 and D/AC-1000. Go out and give these products a listen.

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Pictured, the AP-1, one of five

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EQUIPMENT **PROFILE**

JVC XM-D1BK MINIDISC RECORDER





Part fish, part fowl, JVC's XM-D1BK MiniDisc recorder is an intriguing product. If d.c. operation qualifies a device as being portable, the XM-D1BK is definitely portable; it comes with a 6-V, rechargeable nickelcadmium battery. But compared with some other MD portables, this one is large, and, weighing in at 29 ounces with battery installed, rather hefty. Yet its size is what makes

it interesting; this is a small MD deck that even fumble fingers should find easy to use. To top it off, it is packed with "bigdeck" features.

For one, this is a recording deck—not just a player—that handles both analog and digital sources. The latter must come at a 44.1-kHz sampling rate (which is fine for copying CDs but not home-brewed DATs) and arrive by way of an optical Toslink input, since no wired digital input is provided. Digital copies *from* the XM-D1BK also are possible via a Toslink output, but with the SCMS copy-management system, only first-generation digital-to-digital transfers are permitted. Stereo minijacks on the back (where the Toslinks are

JVC'S XM-D1BK STRIKES ME AS BEING A REASONABLY SOLID, FIRST-GENERATION MINIDISC SYSTEM.

also located) serve as line-level analog inputs and outputs, and stereo mini-tophone-plug adaptor cables are provided. Another back-panel jack, "Compu Link-3 Synchro," provides unified system control if the other components are compatible with the "1," "2," and "3" versions of JVC's CompuLink interface.

The battery snaps into place on the back of the deck, with the connections protected by a cover when the battery is not used. The battery/cover "Release" button is underneath the deck. The supplied a.c. adaptor (110 to 240 V) serves to charge and/or "refresh" the battery. The refresh cycle drains the battery before recharging, a procedure that helps extend its life and avoids the notorious "memory" of nickel-cadmium batteries. It takes 31/2 hours to refresh a battery and 11/2 hours to charge it. A fully charged battery is claimed to provide 100 minutes of playback or 80 minutes of recording. The a.c. adaptor can also power the XM-D1BK via an umbilical cord that plugs into the back of the deck.

What first attracted my attention to this deck was its microphone input, once again by stereo mini-jack (but I can live with that), and a three-position "MIC LC/MIC ATT" switch. According to the manual, the first two switch positions give a choice of mike-preamp gain (full or attenuated by 20 dB) with unadulterated dynamic range. The third position, "LC On," is chosen "for automatic sensitivity adjustment," which

SPECS

Frequency Response: 20 Hz to 20			
kHz, ±1 dB.			
Wow and Flutter: Less than			
measurable limit.			
Rated Input: Line, 500 mV rms;			
microphone, 7 mV rms.			
Minimum Input: Line, 100 mV rms;			
microphone, 1.4 mV rms.			
Output: Line, 1.2 V rms into 10			
kilohms; headphones, 10 mW into			
16 ohms.			
Power Requirements: Using supplied			
nickel-cadmium battery, 6 V d.c.;			
using supplied power adaptor, 110			
to 240 V a.c., 50/60 Hz.			
Power Consumption: Power on, 9			
watts; standby mode, 2 watts.			
Dimensions: 7 ³ / ₈ in. W x 2 ¹ / ₄ in. H x			
51/8 in. D (18.7 cm x 5.7 cm x 13			
cm).			
Weight: 1.8 lbs. (0.8 kg).			
Price: \$1,299.95.			
Company Address: 41 Slater Dr.,			
Elmwood Park, N.J. 07407.			
For literature, circle No. 92			

Photos: Michael Groen

implies activation of some type of limiter/compressor to set recording level automatically. This would seem to offer the best of both worlds—unattended recording with automatic level control when necessary, clean dynamics when you can adjust recording level yourself.

A reasonably sized "Input Level" thumbwheel makes it easy to set the recording level, but there's no way to adjust channel balance. With only seven segments spanning a 60-dB range, the dual recording-level indicators leave something to be desired by way of precision, but the display is generous in size and has good contrast. It is also well backlit, which makes it easy to

AMONG THE UNCOMMON FEATURES ARE A DISPLAY THAT TILTS FOR EASY VIEWING AND A BUILT-IN TIMER.

read. You can pivot the display up from the case, so it can be viewed at an angle. Although there are only three fixed detents, the display nevertheless remained at any angle I set it for.

Headphone output is set by a thumbwheel to the left of the "Input Level" control, and the headphone mini-jack is to the left of the microphone input. (The latter is color-coded, with a red ring to distinguish it from the headphone jack.) An "Input Selector" chooses the active input, "Analog" or "Digital," and an adjacent "Hold" switch permits you to lock the current operating mode.

The controls described above are on the right side panel; the front carries an "On/Standby" power button and the main operational controls: "REC," two-way "Auto Search," "Pause," "Stop," "Play," and "Eject"—some of which serve dual functions. On top is a jog dial and a number of buttons used for editing, display control, and title entry. During playback or pause, the jog dial permits you to advance or return to any point on the disc, guided by the display's indication of track time. When recording a title, a mode selected by pressing the "Title" pad, the jog dial scans through the available character set. If you don't wish to use the jog dial, you can go through the character set by pressing the "Scroll" key, the second function of the transport "Pause" pad. Characters can be toggled between upper and lower case by pressing "Display/ CHARA" and entered by pressing "Set." If you happen to make a mistake, vou can erase a character by advancing to it with the "Cursor" buttons (the second function for the two-way "Auto Search" pads) and erasing it with the "Cancel" button (the second function of the transport "Stop" key).

Tracks can be joined, divided, renumbered, or erased by tapping the "Edit" key until the desired function appears in the display. "Join" combines two adjacent tracks, "Divide" splits one track into two, "Erase" deletes a track, and "Renumber" rearranges tracks in any desired order. Nothing is permanent until you press "Enter," which causes the changes to be written to the table of contents.

When recording, tracks can be marked manually or automatically. The "Track Marking" key chooses the mode and, when manual marking is selected, new track numbers are recorded by pressing "Set." With auto marking, a new track number is recorded for each 3-S break in the signal. In playback, the XM-D1BK offers 32track programming with random play and the ability to repeat one or all tracks. There's also an "Intro" mode that plays the first 15 S of each track.

The JVC XM-D1BK's internal clock is used not only for unattended recording and playback (wake up to music!) but also to time and date recordings as they're made. This feature is accessible only via the infrared remote control, a slimline 24-button device that accesses all transport functions and gives direct access to any track by its number. (Direct track access is also possible from numeric pads on the XM-D1BK's top



Fig. 1—Record/play frequency response.



Fig. 2—Record/play THD + N vs. frequency.



Fig. 3—Record/play THD + N vs. record level.



Fig. 4—Record/play linearity error.



The snap-on battery can handle up to 100 minutes of playback, 80 minutes of recording.



Fig. 5—Fade-to-noise test (dither applied).



Fig. 6—Spectrum analysis of test-tone and residual-noise tracks.



Fig. 7—Record/play crosstalk.

surface.) Clock time is maintained for only 10 minutes after power is lost; if the a.c. supply is unplugged or the battery runs down, you may have to reset the clock. The clock, which functions on the 24-hour military system, can gain or lose up to 2 minutes a month. Therefore, you should check it when you set up for unattended recording of an important broadcast.

Measurements

I have a penchant for live recording, so the JVC XM-D1BK particularly intrigued me. Few consumer recorders sold in this country have microphone inputs, and this one, being reasonably small and battery operated, struck me as ideal for "in camera" taping. (Whoops! Discing.) But when I exercised the microphone inputs in the lab, I was chagrined to find that the overload points were barely above the minimum signal needed to make a 0-dB recording. For example, with the input attenuator set at 0 dB and the recording-level control fully advanced, the XM-D1BK needed 3.18 mV to reach the 0-dB level. However, with the recording-level control turned down, the input circuits still clipped at 4.26 mV, barely 2.5 dB higher. With the 20-dB attenuator switched in, the minimum signal level and clipping point were precisely the same, 29.7 mV. This means that unless you operate the recorder with the level control fully advanced, you'll not be able to obtain a 0-dB recording level prior to clipping!

The "LC" switch setting essentially prevents input overload (it's a whopping 900 mV in this position) but at the price of compressed program dynamics. Limiter/compressors like this are great for casual recording but hardly ideal for music. JVC's manual suggests that the recording-level control should be advanced fully whenever you use the limiter/compressor. Under this condition, I found that the XM-D1BK required 1 mV to reach a -10 dB recording level and that, as signal level increased, the limiter

clamped the maximum recording level to -0.85 dB. The calculated sensitivity of the microphone preamp in the "LC" mode is therefore the same as that in the 0-dB position, 3.18 mV.

The line inputs are free of overload problems (they handle levels in excess of 10 V), and my analog measurements were made from these. The minimum input required to obtain a 0-dB recording was a relatively high 0.226 V, and I decided to make all measurements with the recordinglevel control fully advanced to avoid the channel imbalance that occurred when the control was turned down.

Frequency response from these analog line inputs is shown in Fig. 1. Ripples in the right-channel response can be seen at high frequencies, but the response is still within +0.43, -0.62 dB from 20 Hz to 18 kHz. The left channel is relatively free of ripple, and its response is more uniform.

Left-channel THD + N (in percent) at the 0-dB level is plotted as a function of frequency in Fig. 2. It's well under 0.1% over most of the band—with the exception of a region surrounding 3 kHz, where distortion and noise jump to a peak of 0.27%. Overall, I rate distortion from the analog inputs as being no more than 0.27% from 20 Hz to 16 kHz at maximum recording level.

Figure 3 shows THD + N (in dB relative to recorded level) as a function of level, using a 1-kHz test tone. Here, the results from both channels are shown, since the right channel exhibits different characteristics from the left channel near the maximum recording level. At 0 dB, right-channel THD + N hit -50.4 dB (off the scale of the plot, and equivalent to 0.30%) while left-channel THD + N was about -64 dB (approximately 0.06%).

Figures 1 through 3 also show the results when the XM-D1BK does a direct digitalto-digital copy via the Toslink input. These

THE JVC XM-D1BK LOOKS GOOD, FEELS GOOD, AND HAS GREAT PERFORMANCE.

tests were made by copying the CBS CD-1 test Compact Disc to the XM-D1BK. As you can see from Fig. 1, the left and right response curves are almost identical in the digital transfer, so the rippling right-channel response with the analog inputs is probably caused by the A/D converter's anti-aliasing filter. Why this should differ on the two channels remains a mystery.

The digital transfer posed a puzzle too. When I transferred the frequency sweep from the CD-1 to the XM-D1BK, the recorder didn't seem to respond correctly to the pre-emphasis flag. The CD-1 sweep is recorded without pre-emphasis, i.e., the level remains at zero across the entire sweep. The XM-D1BK's display indicated constant level in both channels, but the recorder apparently decided to set its own pre-emphasis flag, since, when the disc was reproduced, the response rolled off in the highs exactly as one would expect from deemphasizing a recording that was not preemphasized.

The "Digital Input" curves you see in Fig. 1 were taken by copying the CD-1's discrete set of test tones instead of the sweep. These tones are also recorded without pre-emphasis, but the XM-D1BK had no trouble deciphering the preambles of this set. As you can see, response is quite flat: +0.41, -0.08 dB from 20 Hz to 18 kHz (-0.74 dB at 20 kHz). I have no explanation for why the XM-D1BK had trouble understanding the sweep track's pre-emphasis flag but not those of the tone set or any other transfer I made from the CD-1. However, the error occurred time and again, and I used two different test discs. When I played a disc that I had transferred from the CD-1 using a different recorder, the XM-D1BK's response was flat. Therefore, the problem obviously occurs in recording, not playback.

As you can see in Fig. 2, THD + N with a digital transfer parallels the results with the analog inputs except that distortion remains low from 2 to 5 kHz with digital dubbing. In general, it's no more than 0.087% from 20 Hz to 17 kHz. The curves in Fig. 3, of THD + N versus level, are also better with digital dubbing than when the analog inputs are used. In the digital transfer, the two channels perform identically, with a THD + N of less than -63.7 dB (0.065%) from 0 to -70 dB-and if you ignore the 0-dB point, the contamination is no greater than -65.7 dB (0.052%) from -1 to -70 dB. The higher levels of THD + N at reduced recording levels with the analog inputs are to be expected because of analog circuit noise.

Figure 4 shows linearity error when recording from the analog and digital inputs. The error is negligible to as low a level as I could measure; noise precluded locking onto signals below -62 dB with the analog inputs and below -70 dB in the digital transfer. To probe deeper, I transferred the fade-to-noise track of the CD-1 onto a MiniDisc and reproduced the MD. The results, shown in Fig. 5, suggest excellent linearity down to -90 dB (although the error mounts considerably at lower levels). Good linearity to -90 dB jives well with the measurements I made of dynamic range. These came in at 89.7 dB (unweighted, 93.3 dB with A-weighting) when dubbing a CD digitally and 90.0 dB (unweighted, 95.3 dB with A-weighting) when playing a prerecorded test MiniDisc (Sony MD Audio Test 1 Disc).

Although dynamic range and linearity measured up pretty well, the XM-D1BK left something to be desired by way of quantization noise (-67.0 dB from the prerecorded test disc, -64.0 dB when I dubbed the CD-1) and in A-weighted S/N ratio, which was actually a trifle better when transferring the CD (88.3 dB) than when playing the test MD (87.5 dB).

Figure 6 is a spectrum analysis of residual noise and of a -60 dB, 1-kHz tone, two tests contained on the Sony test MiniDisc. I used the a.c. line adaptor to power the XM-D1BK; hum-related components are conspicuously absent. The rise in noise power

I EXPECT THAT THE VAST MAJORITY OF PEOPLE WILL BE QUITE HAPPY WITH THE XM-D1BK'S SOUND.

above 20 kHz reflects the "noise shaping" used in the XM-D1BK's D/A converter.

Figure 7 shows crosstalk. With the analog inputs, separation is greater than 41 dB from 100 Hz to 10 kHz; with digital transfer, it is greater than 57 dB from 125 Hz to 10 kHz.

Among the more mundane tests, output level from a 0-dB recording was approximately 1.3 V (open circuit) at either the line or headphone output. Output impedance was 1,370 ohms (line) and 42 ohms (headphone), which implies a rather generous power output to headphones: 10.8 mW into consumer-like, 50-ohm 'phones and 2.65 mW into a professional, 600-ohm headset. Line input impedance was 43 kilohms and that of the microphone preamp was 31 kilohms.

Use and Listening Tests

In my listening room, JVC's XM-D1BK did a pretty good job on prerecorded Mini-Discs. Put it this way: Without direct comparison to a CD, I expect that the vast majority of people would be quite happy with the sound. So was I, pretty much, but then again, I don't have the world's largest MiniDisc library—and much that I do have is (shall we say) not all that taxing.

Furthermore, I'm convinced that the sound quality of any perceptual encoding system depends, in large measure, on the complexity of the encoding algorithm. I suspect that studio encoders used to create MiniDiscs for commercial release are more adept than the ones found in consumer recorders. Certainly, I found more fault with the discs I dubbed than with the commercial genre—but then again, I had the original CDs for comparison. (For the record, the flag problem that arose on the test bench did not occur on any of the discs I copied in the listening room.)

Admittedly, the material I tried to dub was meant to tax a perceptual encoding system: Some of it was solo instrument in a nonreverberant environment, while other was commercial fare of the type that strains the wits of an encoder, e.g., finger cymbals buried in a sea of sound. And also admittedly, my tests were neither doubleblind nor conducted with a listening panel of sufficient depth to yield scientifically valid results. However, the couple of pairs of ears I was able to drum up could distinguish original from copy fairly reliably on a number of instruments, particularly those of a percussive or bell-like nature (glockenspiel, castanets, harpsichord, piano, and the like). Depending on the instrument, the difference could be characterized as a dulling of the transient or as an accompanying noise puff or "echo." In general, the sound of MiniDiscs made on the XM-D1BK seemed "heavier" and less open than that of the original CDs. And often, lowlevel highs, such as on the finger cymbals mentioned above, were either absent or notably dulled when other sounds preoccupied the encoder.

All in all, the JVC XM-D1BK strikes me as a reasonably solid, first-generation MiniDisc system. I find it good looking and good feeling, and I think it has great ergonomics. Its stumbling on the test bench, together with somewhat dated MiniDisc sound and a relatively hefty price, preclude my giving it the most enthusiastic support. Edward J. Foster

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EQUIPMENT PROFILE

KLH V-01 REAR-CHANNEL SPEAKER

KLH he V-01 surround speaker is the The KLH V-01 has most unusual component of the

KLH Video Series, which also includes matching front left, right, and center loudspeakers. Each upward-sloping side panel of the V-01 holds an 8-inch woofer and a 1-inch dome tweeter. Billed as a "dipole" speaker (part of the requirements for Lucasfilm's THX certification), the V-01 is really two speaker systems sharing a common box. In order to be a dipole, the two systems would have to be wired in opposite polarity, and this is not recommended in the instruction sheet. Dipole speakers, when placed on the side walls, can provide a very diffuse surround sound. Wired as directed, the V-01 could be called a "bipole" speaker, which is probably a better design for the system's intended location-behind the listeners, radiating sound to the sides.

The rear floor location should appeal to those who want to avoid mounting a pair of speakers on the rear or side walls and running wires to them. Here, at last, is a speaker designed to be placed where most nonaudiophiles have always wanted to position them behind the sofa. It would be a

HERE IS A SURROUND

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MOST PEOPLE WANT IT.

BEHIND THE SOFA.

good idea to pull the sofa out from the wall a couple feet, so the sound can reach the side walls to reflect back.

an attractive trapezoidal shape, with detachable black fabric grilles on the sides and textured black vinyl on the top, front, and back. The back contains the two springloaded terminal sets,

intended for stripped wires, and a single port, 1.9 inches in diameter.

Measurements

The impedance, which is not given in the instruction sheet, would be rated at 8 ohms for each section. In most cases, two separate wire runs will need to be made to the power amplifier or A/V receiver even

though the Dolby Pro Logic surround signal is mono. Paralleling the speakers would result in a difficult-to-drive, 4-ohm load. (Never parallel the outputs of two power amplifiers to avoid the extra wire run.) A valley in the impedance curve, centered at 46.3 Hz, indicated the cabinet tuning frequency and also the frequency below which cone excursion increased rapidly. No problem here, however, because surround information is attenuated below 80 Hz or so.

The usual anechoic frequency response, measured on the axis of either of the side panels, revealed a fairly smooth and extended curve. However, that does not represent the manner in which this speaker would be used. The frequency response, shown in Fig. 1, was measured in my listening room as it would be heard by a normally seated listener. The V-01 was placed just above the floor, near the center of the 13-foot-wide rear wall, and the microphone was placed at listener height-about 5 feet forward into the room and on the center line. The response shown has been averaged by a third-octave filter; otherwise, dense peaks and dips caused by the room reflections would obscure the trend. We tend to hear the spectral balance of the third-octave measurement, whereas the peaks and dips are heard as room acoustics. The curve shows good bass, a peak at 140 Hz, and a treble roll-off.

The Dolby Pro Logic surround signal cuts off above 8 kHz, and a slight roll-off is desirable anyway for surround sound, so the treble roll-off is okay. When first mea-

> sured, the peak at 140 Hz was nearly 20 dB! Most of this turned out to be due to interaction with my specific room and listening position. I moved the V-01 slightly off the center line, raised it off the floor by 20 inches,

and moved my microphone forward in the room. The result is the 6-dB peak seen in Fig. 1, which I believe to represent the average of what may be expected in a listening room.

Use and Listening Tests

The KLH V-01 was installed in place of my usual pair of dipole surround speakers

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in my Dolby Pro Logic audio/video system. LaserDiscs were used for the program material. The test noise function of my audio/videoreceiver was used to set the sound levels of left, center, right, and surround speakers to be subjectively equal at my listening position. I noted that the test noise seemed to come from directly behind me when it cycled to surround. The surround delay time was set to 20 mS.



Because I found the amount of perceived surround effect to be lacking on LaserDisc material, I increased the surround gain by 6 dB. The relative loudness and the spectral balance of the surround effects were then quite pleasant, but the surrounding spatial effect was lacking. It sounded as if there was a loudspeaker behind me (and, of course, there was). When I closed my eyes, I could imagine sound sources arrayed in front of me and just behind me, but not to the sides. My dipole speakers, as well as left and right conventional monopole speakers, have done a better job of creating surround.

The KLH V-01 has its place, however, as a solution to a common installation problem. If you cannot accommodate a pair of

> COMPARED TO MOST SURROUND SPEAKERS, THE KLH V-01 HAS FAR GREATER SENSITIVITY.

surround speakers well off the floor and to the sides or rear of the listening area, it is worth looking into the V-01. Also on the plus side, the V-01 has far greater sensitivity and sound output capability than most of the small individual surround speakers now on the market. David L. Clark

SPECS

Type: Two-way, floor-standing dipole surround speaker. Drivers: Two 8-in. woofers and two 1-in. dome tweeters. Frequency Range: 40 Hz to 20 kHz. Sensitivity: 90 dB SPL at 1 meter for 2.83 V. Crossover: 1,800 Hz, L-C. Dimensions: 161/2 in. H x 105/8 in. D x 61/2 in. W at top (41.9 cm x 27 cm x 16.5 cm); 15¼ in. W at base (38.7 cm). Weight: 21 lbs. each (9.5 kg). Price: \$200 each. Company Address: 11131 Dora St., Sun Valley, Cal. 91352. For literature, circle No. 93

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AURICLE

MARK LEVINSON NO. 30.5 **D/A CONVERTER AND NO. 31 CD TRANSPORT**



he Mark Levinson No. 30.5 D/A converter and No. 31 CD transport are difficult to review, for a number of reasons. First, these products offer more technology and fea-

tures than can be described in any review of reasonable length. They not only have exceptional features as stand-alone items but offer the ability to directly interface, or "link," with Mark Levinson preamps and

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amplifiers, allowing one component in the chain to control various features in an entire system. Second, Mark Levinson's great strengthperhaps its sonic signature-lies in

> THE NOS. 30.5 AND 31 MAKE A STATEMENT **ABOUT JUST HOW GOOD** THE HIGH END CAN GET.

Describing a product as slightly more neutral or more accurate is scarcely dramatic prose, although it is what the high end is all about.

The No. 30.5 D/A converter costs \$15,950, and the No. 31 CD transport costs \$8,495. It is almost always an expensive trip to go from very good to excellent, but these prices make it clear that it's a very expensive trip from excellent to state of the art. If you are to keep things in proportion, you must recognize that you will pay a great deal of this money for small and subtle improvements. The sonic differences in high-end equipment are often described as if the sound improves from bad (mid-fi) to nirvana (the top of the line). In reality, diminishing returns set in relatively early in the high end, as they do in many other hobbies. Sound quality improves from good to state of the art in slow steps, with steadily increasing jumps in price for steadily smaller improvements in performance.

So many competing claims are being made about the technical aspects of digital sound that they tend to recede into the noise level of a review. The firms that are producing the best-performing D/A converters and CD players use very different mixes of digital and analog technologies, and each firm claims that its approach alone provides the most sonic benefits.

It is worth noting that Mark Levinson is one of the few high-end firms that actually designs its digital equipment from the ground up. The extremely high level of technical sophistication is clearly apparent in the Levinson brochures and white papers on the No. 30.5 D/A converter and No. 31 CD transport. These

> filled with generalized claims, and they are all worth reading simply to understand what manufacturers actually have to 😇

papers are not

do to create state-of-the-art digital equipment. Opening up the 30.5 \$ and 31 is also quite an experience. If you want to see why components

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like these are so expensive, look inside. You'll find electronic luxury, laid out in a form that might easily qualify these units for installation in an art museum.

In terms of key features, the No. 31 transport is a highly automated top-loading device that has virtually all of the programming features known to man, excellent vibration isolation and damping, and outstanding decoding, laser-servo, and power-supply technology. Equally important, it has very advanced output circuitry, providing AES/EBU (XLR), S/P DIF coaxial (RCA), and ST (optical-fiber) outputs. You get full remote control plus the ability to link the No. 31's control and display features to other Mark Levinson components.

The No. 30.5 D/A converter is an upgrade of the No. 30, which has been recognized as one of the three or four best converters at any price. (Leonard Feldman and I reviewed it in the January 1993 issue.) The No. 30.5 preserves the No. 30's outstanding power-supply technology and the discrete audio circuitry in the "towers" on each side of the unit. After extensive comparative listening tests, Mark Levinson also decided to retain the proprietary dual, balanced UltraAnalog 20-bit DACs used in the No. 30.

Most of the digital technology in the center of the No. 30, however, has changed. For \$15,950 (or for only \$3,000 if you have a No. 30 to upgrade), you get one four-layer p.c. board, which replaces three separate digital circuit boards in the previous model. The new circuitry has much shorter routing, and elements that can provide up to 24-bit resolution. The 30.5 has substantially less internal jitter and is much less sensitive to the jitter from an external CD transport or digital tape deck.

The 25-MHz pulse transformers in the No. 30 have been upgraded to 125 MHz, to provide greatly improved time resolution. The record and monitor digital outputs are now driven by low-skew RS-485 chips to improve the symmetry of the leading and trailing edges of a digital signal—which improves compatibility with all types of digital recorders as well as the sound quality of digital tapes made with the 30.5. The selected differential signal is sent to a Crystal digital interface receiver (DIR) for decoding. After decoding, the signal is sent to a microprocessor-controlled NPC5842 dig-

ital filter that has a 24-bit throughput capability, instead of to a filter limited to an 18bit word length. Regeneration of the sample clock uses far more sophisticated circuitry, based on a DSP-controlled FIFO (first in, first out) data buffer that incorporates custom-made, voltage-controlled oscillators operating at reference frequencies of 256 times the sample frequencies. This feature allows the No. 30.5 to reclock in ways that are far less sensitive to the input from a given CD transport, DAT deck, or LaserDisc player. The No. 30.5 can adjust itself in seconds to the long-term clock rate of given discs, and can suppress incoming jitter to the 20-pS level or better. It is also now far easier to reprogram the name shown on the display for each input.

TO SEE WHY THESE COMPONENTS ARE SO EXPENSIVE, JUST LOOK INSIDE THEM.

One of the discoveries I remake often in reviewing high-end equipment is how much the state of the art can advance in even the best equipment. This is definitely the case in comparing the No. 30.5 to its predecessor, the No. 30. When I auditioned the earlier D/A converter, I thought it was superb but that its upper octave clarity and transparency were provided at the cost of a bit of dynamic life, midrange warmth, and lower octave energy. The changes in the No. 30.5's digital circuitry have improved on the strengths of the No. 30 and corrected virtually all of its weaknesses. Low-level definition and upper octave clarity and transparency in the No. 30.5 are even better than they were in the No. 30, which I had regarded as providing the best low-level definition and transparency I'd ever heard. The No. 30.5 is also significantly more dynamic, and this added dynamic life gives its midrange better balance and warmth. Although its deep bass energy may not be quite as strong as that in my reference units, Krell's Reference 64 and Theta Digital's DS Pro Generation V, the No. 30.5's deep bass definition is superb. The deep bass is so good and so musically

natural that even bassaholics are unlikely to register a complaint.

The more I listened to the 30.5, the more I became convinced that it provides more upper octave resolution and detail than any other D/A converter I have ever heard. This purity and transparency were particularly apparent with the No. 31 transport, and some synergy exists between the two units. To be frank, this synergy was limited, and varied from disc to disc. The sound of the No. 30.5 is normally only slightly better when it's used with the No. 31 than when it's used with another transport, such as PS Audio's Lambda (\$1,795). I also was struck by the fact that the Mark Levinson No. 30.5 has the ability to provide this purity and transparency without affecting the life and warmth of the music. Do not misunderstand: This component will not add life or warmth to close-miked recordings, it will not change steel strings into gut, it will not add depth to a shallow soundstage or studio recording, and it will not age a modern concert hall by a century. The No. 30.5, however, does not have the slight trace of leanness that was a problem in the No. 30, and the dynamics are excellent.

You hear sound that makes low-level dynamics seem to rise out of total silence, without a hint of vague electronic haze. The 30.5 then offers similar accuracy at every higher level of musical dynamics, always providing the same natural dynamic energy in the bass and lower midrange that it does in the upper midrange and treble. No converter or converter/transport combination I have yet heard does quite so good a job of convincing you that you are hearing all of the detail on the recording. This is as true with naturally recorded DAT masters as it is with CDs. Further, the 30.5 has a striking ability to open up and sweeten the sound of older CDs and of CDs that seem to have closed or congested sound even on other top-quality converters-and it does this without rolling off or blurring the highs. As a chamber music fan, I am often struck by the fact that some older CDs seem to lack the openness or air of their analog equivalents, and that some current CDs still seem to have problems with groups of string instruments or even small choral voices. As a former (and truly awful) drummer, I am often struck by how Continued on page 82

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AURICLE

CAMBRIDGE SOUNDWORKS BY HENRY KLOSS SPEAKER SYSTEM



ambridge SoundWorks' initial advertisements and promotional materials featured pictures of Henry Kloss, the engineer responsible for the many loudspeaker products offered by the company. I first met Henry years ago, when KLH was introducing the Model Six at the New York Hi-Fi show; I tried to take his picture, and like most engineers, he was very reticent. I'm sure that he still prefers to remain behind the

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scenes doing what he does bestcreating exceptional loudspeakers. But Henry is a member of the Audio Hall of Fame because of the many classic loudspeaker systems he designed, and he should take a few bows. He engineered the original Acoustic Research AR-1 based on ideas by Edgar Villchur. He cofounded KLH with Malcolm Low and Anton Hoffman, and designed the classic KLH Model Six and other excellent products. Later, at Advent, he designed the Advent Loudspeaker, which is probably the best-selling loudspeaker of all time. Henry has always seemed to be able to get the most out of small, and even tiny,

loudspeakers. I still have a tiny, fullrange loudspeaker driver from a KLH Model 8 FM radio that Henry designed back in the 1960s; it's a classic.

When Henry Kloss designs a loudspeaker system, he is always able to achieve the seemingly impossible; the Cambridge *SoundWorks* by Henry Kloss is no exception. The *SoundWorks* is a three-piece, full-range, self-powered system with two $3\frac{1}{2}$ -inch cube satellites and a woofer that measures $8 \times 5 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. It is designed to be used with CD and cassette players, computers, and other components that have an output level control.

The 4-inch woofer driver is loaded on one side by a sealed chamber and on the other side by a ported chamber; the bass is produced from the port on one end of the cabinet. The control panel, below the port, has a power switch, a pilot light, a 12-V d.c. input jack, a stereo mini-jack input, a bass level control, and push terminals for the wires that feed the signal to the satellite speakers.

The three power amplifiers, which are inside the woofer cabinet, include equalizers and crossover filters. With music signals, the woofer amplifier is able to produce about 33 watts, and the two satellite amplifiers can produce about 8.5 watts each. The *SoundWorks* system can be operated from a 12-V battery as well as from a normal 120-V a.c. power line. The crossover between the woofer and the satellites is at about 180 Hz.

The nine-page manual has a lot of good information, but it doesn't specify what sound pressure level you can expect for a given input voltage. I made a number of measurements on the *SoundWorks* system, and the sensitivity was about 84 dB SPL at 1 meter with a 100-mV input. This is more than adequate for the intended use of the system. You can adjust the amount of bass with the level control on the woofer control panel; it was never necessary



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for me to turn it full up during my evaluation of the system.

The maximum output of the woofer is at 75 Hz; I measured about 3% second harmonic distortion at 90 dB SPL with the microphone at 1 meter and the woofer cabinet on a shelf against a wall. You can expect more output when you place the woofer on the floor and near a wall, as the manual recommends.

The manual also suggests that, because of their treble characteristics, you should aim the satellites straight out or even away from your listening position. I agree; I measured a rising high-frequency response with the microphone directly in front of a satellite and an almost flat response at 45° off the axis.

After I finished testing the *SoundWorks* system in my lab, I moved it to my office and used it with a CD player, a portable radio, a TV, and a computer. The satellite speakers are magnetically shielded, so they won't distort a video image. Also, they are so light that they can be attached to the sides of a television or computer screen with Velcro strips. If you use the satellites this way, I suggest that you tilt them up at a 45° angle.

I listened to the SoundWorks speaker system with a Turtle Beach sound card in my computer, and it sounded very good. The sounds that had been held prisoner by the speakers inside the portable radio and the television were really amazing. Although I didn't conduct a formal evaluation with a listening panel, as is my usual practice when I report about products, I did ask some people to listen to the SoundWorks system while I played Schemes and Dreams by Pat Coil (Sheffield Lab 10042-2-F) and Angelic Voices by The Daughters of Mary (Renaissance Endeavors CD-102; phone, 800/747-7486). Everyone who listened agreed that the sound was exceptionally good.

Because *SoundWorks* by Henry Kloss is sold directly by Cambridge SoundWorks, it probably should be compared to loudspeaker systems that cost about \$300; even then, it more than adequately holds its own. Considering that it costs only \$199, has a 30-day money-back guarantee, and sounds terrific, I can recommend it highly. Congratulations, Henry, you've done it again! *Edward M. Long*

LEVINSON, continued from page 78

unnatural the cymbal can be on many CDs; as a Bach fan, I am struck by the continuing problems I hear in harpsichord recordings.

The Mark Levinson 30.5 and 31 do not, of course, perform magic. A bad recording is still usually a bad recording, and no high-end component ever made can salvage a bad performance. Yet the 30.5 does improve many mediocre-sounding CDs that have good or great performances to the point where you can really enjoy them. If you love music (particularly acoustic music) as much as you love sound, and if you really care as much or more about the performance as you do about the recording, then audition the 30.5 not just with good recordings but also with a range of seemingly ordinary or mediocre ones.

Nonetheless, I do not want to exaggerate the extra level of clarity and transparency the Mark Levinson No. 30.5 and No. 31 can provide, or give the impression they do not have competitors. Theta Digital's DS Pro Generation V comes very close to the 30.5, at about one-third the price. Krell's Reference 64, which rivals the 30.5 in price, comes closer still and almost rivals it in terms of sheer detail. The Mark Levinson and Krell are also typical in illustrating the kind of nuances that distinguish top converters. The Krell has a more mid-hall sound than the Levinson, with slightly less dynamic energy but more space and depth.

The answer to "Who's on first?" is something I prefer to leave to Abbott and Costello. I obviously have not heard every top-of-the-line D/A converter, and further improvements will almost certainly have been made in competing transports and converters by the time this review appears. However, if you are truly seeking the best in digital sound and are seeking pure accuracy rather than some particular kind of euphonic coloration, I doubt that you will find a better combination than the Mark Levinson 30.5 and 31. These components make a statement about just how good the high end can get. Yes, you pay a lot to go from mere excellence to the state of the art. Yet if you are a true high-end perfectionist, then you really must audition the Mark Levinson No. 30.5 D/A converter and No. 31 CD transport. They are a true reference standard. Anthony H. Cordesman

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CLASSICAL RECORDINGS





Tod Machover: Bounce; Chansons d'Amour Robert Shannon, Yamaha Disklavier, grand piano, computer, synthesizers, et al. BRIDGE BCD 9040, CD; 55:01

> ere's an incredibly forceful and dissonant contemporary composer for piano (Machover) and another steely fingered young pi-

anist (Shannon). The Bridge CD label has them galore. I took one look and then made a point of listening straight through without first reading the booklet notes-after all, direct audio impact is still what counts. Let me tell you, it took all my ear tolerance to survive, at least in the extremely loud and dissonant parts. Poor piano! I began with the "Chansons d'Amour," composed way back in 1982. My CD player, now in respectable middle age, also had trouble with the unbelievably strong sound; it constantly repeated short segments, which didn't help my understanding at all. But the music is more than interesting; it is overwhelming. On first play, I particularly

liked the long, quiet middle segment, and so did my player—not a single glitch. After an ear rest (for quite a while), I played the same all over again, and this time both the player and I went right through, unscathed. It's such strong music that it knocks your teeth out.

Only then did I get to the more recent composition, "Bounce," from 10 years later and full of electronic ad-

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vancements. It's more ingenious, but I like the earlier piece, "Chansons," better. "Bounce" has too many stunts (designed, as always, to show what can be done), but it has its moments, even so.

Both pieces are played on the Disklavier for this recording. This, as some readers know, is a sophisticated electronic "player piano" system, taking down everything the pianist does, probably a lot more accurately than the systems of the early century. The music is played live, but two interesting quirks may intrigue audio people. First, the "takes" for "Bounce" were edited not from the recording but from the Disklavier playback data on the same piano, with the composer and the pianist present. For "Chansons," a difficult passage was played into the Disklavier at half speed, played back full speed, recorded, and edited into the whole. These engineers and musicians know what's what.

"Bounce," the less serious work, may be a bit affected and contrived, but it's fun. This one is full of other sounds as well as piano (the same Yamaha plus a second MIDI keyboard and all manner of connected audio generators). I was caught red-handed, for instance, when a long, tinkly highnote passage seemed to me to be faultily recorded, with too much pianoaction noise, the tap-tap of the mechanical action. Imagine my surprise when the piano sound stopped but the tapping went right on! Have to watch your step in this kind of review.

Because of all this, I do recommend the CD to just about anybody with some listening enterprise and curiosity—but *don't* try it for background music. Edward Tatnall Canby

N

Piano Trio, Op. 8; Cello Sonata, Op. 65; Polonaise Brillante, Op. 3 Pamela Frank, violin; Yo-Yo Ma, cello; Emanuel Ax, piano; Eva Osinska, piano (on piano-only version of the Polonaise) SONY CLASSICAL SX 53 112 CD; 72:26

nyone who admires the playing of Yo-Yo Ma will want this CD. It is his show from the outset, though the music is not what you'd think of as his repertory. The trio is a lovely piece, the sonata perhaps a bit more of a vehicle, and Ma makes the most of every note. But for sheer panache, the Polonaise is the showstopper. A recently discovered piano-only version of the Polonaise, played by Eva Osinska, is included here for reference; as good as her



playing is, she sounds pallid compared to Ma's verve and swagger. Sound is up close and personal. *Robert Long*

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By Martin Colloms Reprinted from HI-FI NEWS & RECORD REVIEW February 1994

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By Robert Hartley Reprinted from STEREOPHILE Vol. 17, No. 18, August 1994



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Rachmaninoff: Sonata No. 2 in B Flat Minor, Op. 36; Concerto No. 3 in D Minor, Op. 30 John Lill, piano; BBC National Orchestra

of Wales, Tadaaki Otaka NIMBUS NI 5348, CD; DDD; 71:53

Van Cliburn's winning the first prize in Moscow's 1958 inaugural International



Tchaikovsky Competition galvanized a horde of young pianists from everywhere, who hoped to emulate that coup. A dozen years later, England's John Lill did just

that. He first played this concerto at the age of 18, so he has his conception of it thoroughly worked out.

This CD's appeal derives predominantly from the unusual coupling of these two works, both big, expansive, even sprawling examples of Russian musical Romanticism at its most nakedly emotional. Lill combines blazing virtuosity with musical sensitivity, and in the concerto, Tadaaki Otaka and his band give him excellent support. The unnamed producer has provided needle-sharp sound. Paul Moor

Górecki: String Quartets, Nos. 1 and 2; Sonata for Two Violins; Genesis 1

The Silesian String Quartet OLYMPIA OCD 375, CD; 74:19

Henryk Górecki catapulted into the consciousness of American music lovers with David Zinman and the London Sinfonietta's recording of the Third Symphony, sung by Dawn Upshaw. But in his native Poland, Górecki had long been considered more or less on a celebrity par with his contemporary and compatriot Krzysztof Penderecki. This disc strides across Górecki's career, sampling as it goes. All of the music it contains is pungent and arresting. Some of it may mystify on first hearing, but if you're willing to surrender yourself to its rhythms and its insistent dissonances, you can easily discover its true eloquence.

The Sonata for Two Violins is a very early piece that, even ignoring the scoring, inevitably suggests the Bartók of the violin duos. "Genesis" is a tripartite piece for strings, also quite early, whose opening section, Elementi per tre Archi, is recorded here. It is scored for violin, viola, and cello, and its air-raid-siren glissandos and squeaking-hinge bowings make it the uncanniest work of the lot. The First String Quartet brings us to 1988 and a Górecki involved with rhythm and traditional Polish music (a perennial interest of his). The Second String Quartet, of 1991, runs a gamut from tenderness to fervor in what is the most beautiful music here.

That brings us to the sound. This is a Polish studio recording with a large amount of what I take to be artificial reverb. The feeling

it projects is extremely effective but hardly suggests how any string quartet of my acquaintance sounds in a normal venue for chamber music. At times the ef-



fect is that of a string orchestra; at others, Górecki's radical sonorities almost persuade the ear that a synthesizer is at work. Make no mistake: The reverb doesn't so much blur the music as place it in an almost lurid spotlight. The end result is exciting, though in more conventional music l'd question its taste.

How accurately the sound or the playing by the Silesian String Quartet reflects the intentions of Górecki, I'm at a loss to assess. Founded almost 20 years ago, the Silesian is no stranger to international festivals and awards, and its security and virtuosity are much in evidence throughout the recording. Perhaps this superheated hyper-reality is just what Górecki wanted; if so, any live performance of these pieces is bound to disappoint both him and us. *Robert Long*

Grainger: Country Gardens; Bridal Lullaby; Handel in the Strand; other piano selections

Martin Jones, piano

NIMBUS NI 7703, CD; DDD; 78:05

Mother Nature apparently broke the mold after Percy Grainger (1882 to 1961) surfaced



in Australia. His virtuoso championship of his Norwegian buddy Edvard Grieg's new piano concerto enabled it, and Grainger, to conquer the world. He frequently arv dirty and clad in shorts

rived at hotels sweaty, dirty, and clad in shorts and boots, having hiked all the way from his preceding gig. He had a passionate love for, and an encyclopedic knowledge of, British folk music, and he made some superb arrangements of it—including several in this nosegay of Graingeriana.

Martin Jones has technique to spare, with the result that it sometimes, in less pretentious numbers, gets in his own way: Old Handel here doesn't stroll down the strand so much as he canters. One unexpected high point: Probably the best piano arrangement ever of what the rest of the world has come to call the Londonderry Air; it's meltingly beautiful, sensitively played, and, like all this assortment, splendidly recorded. *Paul Moor*



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JAZZ~BLUES R G







work for the Stevie Ray Vaughans and Gary Moores to come.

One young guitarist who early jumped on the British blues bandwagon was Steve Hackett, beginning his career by playing raucous, honking blues harmonica before joining an early incarnation of Genesis and

then meandering far down the progressive-rock trail. Both Clapton and Hackett address their own roots on their latest releases.

Clapton's From the Cradle marks a riveting return to guitarhero status. He cuts loose with a vengeance on 16 blues classics. recalling the mighty chops he unleashed nearly 30 years ago on Blues Breakers. B.B. King's early recordings (mid-to-late '50s on the Ace, Modern, and Kent labels) are an obvious point of reference on tunes like "Third Degree" and "I'm Tore Down," while on "Someday After a While" he screams and flings around, à la Buddy Guy. 😾 "Hoochie Coochie Man" is suit- 5 ably gruff and ragged, thanks to former Muddy Waters harpist Jerry Portnoy and drummer Jim Keltner's sloppy-loose Chicago shuffle. And on "Five Long " Years," Clapton kicks into overdrive

with a warm distortion tone that is



From the Cradle Eric Clapton REPRISE 45735-2, 60:10 Sound: A, Performance: A+

EVENACHETT DESWITHAFEELIT

Blues with a Feeling Steve Hackett PERMANENT CD 27, 46:37

Sound: B+, Performance: B+ ric Clapton almost singlehandedly defined the 1960s British blues movement with his passionate playing on John Mayall's 1966 land-

mark, Blues Breakers. Simultaneously, back in the States, bands like The Paul Butterfield Blues Band, Canned Heat, and The Blues Project were exploring similar territory-emulating the rawness of Southside Chicago blues-with equal conviction. It was the birth of "white boy blues," laying the groundBlues Breakers

John Mayall wisa Eric Clapton MOBILE FIDELITY UDCD 616, 37:30 Sound: A, Ferformance: A+

When the authenticity of British blues was called int question-which was often-its saving grace was and remains Eric Capton. During the movement's mid-1950s heyday, E.C. was the anomalous white English kid who played electric guitar with the soul of a black Chicago bluesman. He was "bitten by the bug," while so many of his counterparts wallowed in "hack" status as chintzy Anglo imitators of everything they absorbed from the great Chess Records catalog.

And on Blues Breakers, a record that's considered J=hn Mayall's, it's

Clapton who outshines the other participants. He's clearly a future demigod securing his place in rock gui-



tar, as well as in rock 'n' roll history. Mobile Fidelity's gold CD reissue of Blues Breakers is currently the only complete edition of the album available domestically in any format. While some of this material exists on a Mayall compilation titled London Blues (part of PolyGram's Chronicles series), Mo-Fi's release is better if only for its remastering and sonics: Spacious, warm, and clear, where previous issues sound horsh and lacking in detail. Mike Bieber

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reminiscent of his work on "Strange Brew" from Cream's seminal *Disraeli Gears*.

Two acoustic numbers, Leroy Carr's "How Long Blues" and Charles Brown's "Driftin'," sound like holdovers from Clapton's *Unplugged* project. And Willie Dixon's "Groaning the Blues" is a guitaristic tour de force for Slowhand.

The sound and overall vibe of *From the Cradle* could be called authentic, although "authentic copy" might be a more accurate description. As convincing and full of emotion as Clapton's hoarse vocals are, some listeners will have a hard time believing that this British millionaire ever had a job in a steel mill "shuckin' steel like a slave." While his guitar playing is often transcendent, his singing, particularly on "Blues Before Sunrise" and "It Hurts Me Too," smacks of affectation rather than authenticity.

Hackett, on the other hand, does not attempt to re-create the phrasing, enunciation, and ambience of classic blues recordings. His interpretations of Little Walter's "Blues with a Feeling," Nick Gravenites' "Born in Chicago," and Freddie King's instrumental "The Stumble," as well as his vocal delivery in general, are more honest than authentic; there's no uncanny mimicry involved here. Rather than wail in Muddy-esque "Got mah mojo woikin' but it jes don' woik on you," Hackett is more likely to express it thusly: "My mojo is in an operable condition, but its efficacy has yet to be demonstrated upon you." His own tunes, notably "Love of Another Kind" and "Way Down South," are imbued with blues feeling yet remain refreshingly original.

On harmonica, the former Genesis guitarist does honk convincingly in a dirty style that recalls Paul Butterfield, though he takes an uncommonly lyrical turn on his minorkey ballad "A Blue Part of Town." As Hackett so ably demonstrates on two biting instrumental showcases, "Footloose" and "The 13th Floor," his guitar playing acknowledges the roots of electric blues while also touching on some of the dazzling technical facility and distortion tones that are a standard part of rock guitar today.

While blues purists will undoubtedly dig Clapton's heartfelt homage to his heroes, they probably won't be able to deal with the hardrocking nature of Hackett's *Blues with a Feeling*, which has more in common with Gary Moore than vintage B.B. or Muddy.

Bill Milkowski

AUDIO/MARCH 1995 90

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Hot, Blue & Righteous! Harry McGonigal HEAVY HEAT FHB 1994, 57:07 Sound: A, Performance: A

Move over, Slowhand! Flamin' Harry's here. The liner notes say McGonigal's called Flamin' Harry because of his airbrush work and his tattoos. I say it's because of his blaze guitar work. I've heard a lot of flash-guitarists during my 35 years of listening to blues, but no one is any better than Flamin' Harry when he's on. That ol' adrenaline rush, with the hair on the back of my neck stickin' straight up! For those who've not heard him live in the Philadelphia suburbs or at the Jersey Shore, the problem's been getting him down on disc; consider it solved with Hot, Blue & Righteous! The recording engineer, Guy Lutze, has gotten a wonderfully immediate sound, particularly from the drums. The acoustics are near those of a club concert, but without the rotten balances and muddy crowd noise that usually accompany venue recordings. The best cut is Harry's version of "I'll Play the Blues for You," an Albert King tune, but he's got an honest dozen on the disc, mostly from his own pen. Of these last, I like "My Baby Bought a Ticket," "Life Under the Gun," and "Rude Shoes," which seems to me like Harry's anthem. Some major ought to sign him. (Heavy Heat, 531 Chestnut St., Perkasie, Pa. 18944; 215/257-1006.) E P

These Blues

Charles Brown VERVE 314 523 022-2, 59:19 Sound: A, Performance: B+

At age 72, Charles Brown can boast about a career that, at one point, rivalled that of the great Nat King Cole's legendary trio. Also to Brown's credit is his seminal influence on the loosely swinging, low-key genre known as



Cole, however, smoothly crooning hits is but one characteristic of Brown's multifaceted talent. It's true that his vocals are as

intoxicating as a bottle of fine, mellow wine, but seldom is he credited with the other side of his forte—a wonderfully adept piano style.

Backed by an omni-swinging rhythm section, Brown's sullen voice invariably gives way to heartfelt blues solos on every tune. Clifford Solomon's raspy tenor sax and Danny Caron's twangy guitar add character to *These Blues*, but the highlight is always Brown's soulful piano—a stylistic mélange drawn from the endearing strides of Art Tatum and Fats Waller. James Rozzi

Fascination

Michael Shrieve CMP CD67, 53:22 Sound: A--, Performance: B--

It's hard to imagine Michael Shrieve, former Santana drummer, in an organ trio playing unadorned four-on-the-floor rhythms. For the first quarter of *Fascination*, Wayne Horvitz lays down smoky organ chords while Bill Frisell warps guitar lines that fall like



tinsel around Shrieve's straight-ahead grooves. Halfway through,

however, the intensity shifts. On a storming, time-shifting "One Na-

tion, Invisible," Shrieve begins drawing upon the Tony Williams' Lifetime axis of freefusion instead of Jack McDuff organ jazz. From there, Shrieve stokes the rhythm fires in free-space-jazz improvisations that bring out Frisell's gift for air sculptures and Horvitz's talent for sonic design. By the time they all get to "Soundings in Fathoms," they're adrift in intuitive space. John Diliberto



The Billie Holiday Songbook: Terence Blanchard and His Quartet (Columbia CK 57793, 57:12). Here, the interpretations of a dozen songs associated with Billie Holiday are enhanced by the presence of singer Jeanie Bryson and an orchestra that, considering Blanchard's muted trumpet, brings to mind the Miles Davis/Gil Evans collaborations. Altogether, this is an elegant tribute. J.S.

Live at Maybeck: Sir Roland Hanna (Concord CCD-4604, 50:54). Hanna's improvisational skills, which peak here on a three-song Gershwin medley, offer the kind of spontaneity that makes this album a standout. It's Sir Roland's drive, his ability to deliver ragtime-like runs and swing-influenced rhythms, each with a bop-and-beyond sensibility, that help ignite this date. J.W.P.



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HydroBath (D Cleaning System

The Discwasher HydroBath (\$59.95) is designed to remove surface contaminants, such as greasy fingerprints, from CDs. To clean a disc, you put about 2 ounces of CD6+ fluid into the HydroBath, place the CD on the spindle (label side up), close the lid, and press the start button. A 6-V d.c. motor spins the CD and sprays the fluid on its surface; a replaceable filter screen catches contaminant particles and keeps the fluid clean. The cleaning and drying takes about 45 seconds. A compartment on the bottom holds four AA batteries, but the unit can also be powered by an accessory 6-V d.c. adaptor.

The toughest thing that can happen to a CD, so far as the laser's ability to read the disc is concerned, is for finger grease to get on the bottom surface. I therefore gave this unit a worst-case test by putting some butter on a CD with my finger. Many other cleaners can't handle this, but the HydroBath could after



first wiped off most of the butter with a tissue; this time the unit removed the butter film in one cycle. While I don't recommend mixing CDs



and butter, if it does happen, the HydroBath will clean your CDs and restore them to playable

condition. It's a very good investment. E.M.L.

For literature, circle No. 125

DGX AUDIO DDP-1 DIGITAL PREAMP

It was just a matter of time before a product such as this came on the market. The DGX Audio DDP-1 (\$995) is a "digital deconvolution preamplifier" that provides for loudspeaker-specific equalization. Arrangement is made for

digital in and out, digital in/analog out, and analog in and out. The unit I received came equalized for the B & W 801 Matrix Series 3 speakers, which I use as a reference; according to the provided equalization curves, there are a



number of peaks and dips of a few decibels over most of the audio range, with a substantial bass boost of 8 dB below 56 Hz. To try out the DDP-1, I simply plugged a CD transport into the digital input and connected the audio outputs to my power amp. How did this sound compared to the normal unequalized feed to the speakers? Disturbingly better in some ways, especially the bass. Many sounds had a more natural timbre. There was some tendency toward hardness and irritation, but the more I listened, the more nuances I heard and the more I was impressed. (Construction quality, meanwhile, is adequate; the sheet metal is too thin.) In addition to 801 EQ, the DDP-1 is available with equalization for DGX's own DDL-1 speakers; equalization for other companies' speakers is contemplated. B.H.K-

For literature, circle No. 127

"PlayBack" mini-reviews are the result of short, sweet, and sometimes deadly testing by our alltoo-experienced editors and writers. These hands-and-ears-only write-ups may look like new product announcements, but the grades and text reflect what the reviewer thought after less than an afternoon's "honcymoon."—E.P. Velodyne VA-X Subwoofers. Sound So Real You Can Feel It.

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