THE SPECIAL: LAB TESTS OF STEREO FM TUNERS

MUSIC, ACOUSTICS, AND CONCERT HALLS READERS' CHOICE OF THE YEAR'S BEST RECORDS

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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

JANUARY 1963

VOLUME 10 NUMBER 1



THE MUSIC

-

3

31	THE BASIC REPERTOIRE Mozart's Clarinet QuintetMARTIN BOOKSPAN
39	THE SOUND OF "A"
51	Dissension and accord around the standard pitch. KLAUS GEORGE ROY READERS' CHOICE: 1962 A poll of the year's most popular records
56	THE ART OF THE ALBUM A gallery of the year's best record covers
58	MUSIC, ACOUSTICS, AND ARCHITECTURE Reflections on concert-hall designEDGAR VILLCHUR
63	BEST OF THE MONTH Reviews of the outstanding new releases
	THE EQUIPMENT
22	BEGINNERS ONLY A basic approach to audio
35	TECHNICAL TALK Lab reports on the Shure M222 tone arm and cartridge and the Concord 880 tape recorderJulian D. Hirsch
45	INSTALLATION OF THE MONTH Between two poles
46	LABORATORY TESTS OF STEREO FM TUNERS Full performance details on the Knight KN-250A, the Lafayette LT-700, the Grommes 101BM, the Eico ST-97, and the Sherwood S-3000-IVJulian D. Hirsch and Gladden Houck JR.
62	SOUND AND THE QUERY

Prerequisites for hi-fi soundJ. Gordon Holt

THE REVIEWS

- **69** HIFI/STEREO CLASSICS
- **87** HIFI/STEREO JAZZ
- **99** HIFI/STEREO REEL AND CARTRIDGE
- **103** HIFI/STEREO ENTERTAINMENT

THE REGULARS

- **4** EDITORIALLY SPEAKING
- **12** LETTERS
- **14** JUST LOOKING
- **112** INDEX OF ADVERTISERS

COVER PHOTOGRAPH BY SAM KIMURA

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EDITORIALLY SPEAKING

by FURMAN HEBB

A LIVELY topic of conversation around New York this season has been Lincoln Center's Philharmonic Hall. The initial reports about the new hall were generally in agreement that it was something of a disappointment. Warmth and, more specifically, bass response were said to be lacking. After a week of tuning (by adjusting acoustical cavities behind the stage and sound-reflecting panels hung from the ceiling), most critics reported an improvement in the hall's acoustical characteristics. Even now, however, some knowledgeable and responsible observers continue to express doubts that the hall will ever sound good unless major structural revisions are made.

A fascinating sidelight of the Philharmonic Hall discussion is the way it shows how terminology that had formerly been used only to describe highfidelity phenomena has gained common currency in the musical world. This is also noted by Edgar Villchur in his review, in this issue, of *Music, Acoustics, and Architecture,* an important new book by Dr. Leo Beranek, the acoustical consultant for Philharmonic Hall. In detailing the faults of the hall, several critics pointed to inadequate bass response, and more than one said he wished a bass control had been handy so he could have turned it up. Another complained of the hall's peaky mid-frequency response, overbrightness, and lack of tonal integration. Perhaps most interesting of all, Harold Schonberg, the critic of the New York *Times,* chose to describe the sound of the hall by comparing it to the characteristic sound quality of a particular type of loudspeaker.

In fairness to Philharmonic Hall and its designer, I must mention that Dr. Beranek has repeatedly stated that at least a year's time will be required to tune the hall properly, so perhaps we must just be patient. Also, by no means have all the reactions to the hall been negative, which suggests that the hall has at least some seats from which the sound is agreeably balanced.

But the aspect of the discussion that interests me most is the way it brings into question the validity of what we hi-fi listeners have always accepted as the ultimate criterion for a hi-fi system : that is, "Does it sound like live music?" In the past, we have always accepted the term "live music" as an absolute. Now, however, with all the controversy about the way live music sounds in Philharmonic Hall, it is obvious that this measuring stick is far from being an absolute. The same piece of music can sound quite different, tonally, depending on whether it is played in Carnegie Hall, Philharmonic Hall, or Royal Albert Hall in London. What this leaves us as a standard of comparison I'm not quite sure, but I suspect that common sense will prevail.

Coming Next Month in HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

JAZZ AND RACE

by Leonard Feather

APPROACHING CONTEMPORARY MUSIC by William Flanagan

REPORT ON STEREO FM TUNERS: PART TWO by Julian D. Hirsch and Gladden Houck Jr.



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Oklahoma Bill, 46. Also: Like Some-e the Water-one in Love, When I ... an edge in sonic I, Ebb Tide, Sleepy (Part I and II), 'Oeed the harmonies...gor-el Roll, 10 in all Fall In Love, etc. fidelity.''-Atlantic Lagoon, 12 in all I Do, Buster, etc. geous.''-Hi Fi Rev. Love For Sale, etc. I ovely!''-S.F. Chron. Excellent.''HiFi Rev. 195. Make wheel Roll, 10 in all Fall In Love, etc.

JANUARY 1963

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Violin Concerto

New York Philharmonic, Leonard Burnstein, Cond

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COLUMBIA

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Piano Concerto No. 2 BERNSTEIN- ENTREMONT

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Night

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11

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Bartók's Students

I read with great interest the article "Studying Composition with Bartók" in the September issue of your magazine. The author, Gisella Selden-Goth, states that she had the privilege of being the only composition pupil of Bartók. However, in reading a Hungarian biography of Zoltán Kodály by Lászlo Eöszy published in Budapest in 1956, I find on page 19 indications that Mrs. Selden-Goth might be mistaken in believing herself to have been Bartók's only composition pupil. The passage describes the musical gatherings at the house of Mrs. Henrik Gruber (formerly Miss Emma Sándor), an excellent pianist who numbered among her guests both Bartók and Kodály. The author of the book states that Mrs. Gruber was a composition pupil of Bartók, but when Bartók was unable to hold the lessons because of concert engagements in Western Europe, she chose Kodály as her composition teacher in February, 1905. Eventually, Kodály became Mrs. Gruber's second husband.

DR. BELA KUHRNER St. Louis, Mo.

Basic Repertoire Roundup

• Ever since I began reading HIFI/ STEREO REVIEW, Martin Bookspan's "Basic Repertoire" has been an invaluable service to my record collecting. With every month, my appreciation and enjoyment has grown.

Surely there must be many readers who, like myself, have not subscribed to your magazine from its inception and thus have missed the first articles in Mr. Bookspan's series. Is there any way to obtain the earlier articles?

JOSEPH D. McCLATCHY, JR. Haverford, Penna.

In response to many requests for reprints of Mr. Bookspan's articles HIFI/ STEREO REVIEW is currently exploring the possibility of publishing "The Basic Repcrtoire" series in book form. A decision will be announced in a later issue.

Operatic Bach

• Since David Hall rated it "Best of the Month" in your September issue, I bought Otto Klemperer's recording of Bach's St. Matthew Passion, and on the whole I am extremely pleased with my purchase. In grandeur and dignity of conception I know no other recording to equal this one, and none to match its opulent sound.

Still, I should like to express a reservation that Mr. Hall failed to register in his review. There seems something discon-

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certingly operatic in the over-all projection of the work, a certain agonized empathy in phrasing that is in keeping with the events told by St. Matthew but that, by its very humanization, diminishes the scope of the work.

I hope I am not too mystical in suggesting that the Passion of our Lord should not be conceived in human terms, for those terms are too confining. The medieval painters realized this when they painted Golgotha against flat, symbolic backgrounds. Bach's music, I feel, should be interpreted in somewhat the same, detached manner, which lifts it beyond the sphere of merely human suffering and merely human sympathy. In giving us an intensely human statement of the score, Klemperer has lifted the Passion from its golden Giotto-like background and set it into a realistic landscape. He did so, no doubt, with the reverent intention, but a mystery was lost.

HERBERT REID New York, N. Y.

Standards of Judgment

• Having been conditioned to believe that a record critic's strongest term of approbation is "yes, but" while the corresponding height of disapproval is expressed by "no, but," it was something of a revelation to read Robert Offergeld's unstinting and unconditional praise of Vladimir Horowitz's new Columbia disc in the October issue of your magazine.

While so many other critics try to arrive at some objective standards for validating their opinions, Mr. Offergeld gives nothing but his own reasons for his. This may hamper his status among scholars, but it goes a long way to increase my trust in him; it does seem to me that the quality of a knowing person's subjective response is still the only index for measuring the effectiveness of an artistic performance.

> HAROLD SAXON San Francisco, Calif.

• Robert Offergeld's feature review of the new Horowitz recording communicates an enthusiasm that lends new impetus to the nature of record criticism. As a music student, I appreciate the difficulty of writing a rave review without appearing to rave, though it seems to me that the heat of Mr. Offergeld's language conveys perhaps too forcibly his "personal convictions . . . impossible to dilute." Still, Mr. Offergeld should be encouraged to give us more of this kind of exciting and vital commentary.

MRS. GUNTHER GEOFFRIES New York, N.Y.

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773. Beethoven: PIANO CONCERTO NO. 1; SONATA NO. 27. Solomon, piano. Herbert Menges conducts.

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736. Mozart: 4 HORN CON-CERTOS. Flawlessly per-formed by Dennis Brain with von Karajan conducting. Monaural only

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368. NAT KING COLE. THE TOUCH OF YOUR LIPS. Not So Long Ago. I Remember You, Illusion, Funny, 8 more.



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Symphonies. No. 38 in D Major ("Prague"); No. 39 in E Flat Major. Philharmonia Orchestra.



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486. VIKING: Hollywood Bowl Symphony plays the Scan-dinavians: Grieg, Halvorsen, phony capture the Sinding, Jarnefelt.

805. THE MERRY HIGHLIGHTS. Fam Wells Opera Com favorite scenes f Lehar's immortal 780. CHOPIN WALTZES. Mal-cuzynski plays 14 delightful pieces. Minute Wattz, other favorites.

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Part



NITED AUDIO



DMS-900 MAGNETIC STEREO

THER UNITED AUDIO-DUAL PRODUCTS:



• Acoustic Research is making available separately the stylus-pressure gauge that is normally furnished with the AR turntable. Designed as a beam balance, and operating with calibrated weights, the device registers stylus pressure from as low as $\frac{1}{4}$ gram with an accuracy of 5 per cent. Price: \$1.00, available only on direct order from the manufacturer. (Acoustic Research, Inc., 24 Thorndike Street, Cambridge 41, Mass.)

circle 180 on reader service card

• Heath offers a kit version of the Thomas two-manual, transistorized electronic organ (Heathkit Model GD-232). The instrument has overhanging keyboards for easy bridging, each with 37 notes, and a 13-note pedal board. In addition to rocker-type register selectors, the organ has a separate bass pedal volume



control, a balance control for adjusting the relative volume of the two manuals, a standard expression pedal, and variable vibrato.

The transistorized tone generators, guaranteed for five years, are assembled on circuit boards. Instructions are included for accurate tuning without special instruments. Amplifier and speaker are built in, and the entire instrument is housed in a walnut cabinet. A matching bench is optionally available. Dimensions: 393/4 x 341/2 x 211/2 inches. Price: \$329.95. (Bench: \$24.95) (Heath Company, Benton Harbor, Mich.) circle 181 on reader service card

• Luxor now offers a deck version of its stereo tape recorder for use in built-in installations. The Luxor D 101 has built-in playback preamplifiers, complete (Continued on page 16)



THE PATRICIAN 800 SERIES

... a complete new collection of high fidelity loudspeaker systems and matching equipment consoles

The Patrician 800, like its famous predecessors, is devoted to the reproduction of sound with absolute honesty. It speaks only when spoken to . . . with a voice that is no more spectacular—and no less so than the music it is asked to duplicate.

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Introducing ...

As a result, the Patrician 800 is somewhat larger than most other speaker systems — even to its extraordinary 30-inch woofer—simply because a system of this magnitude is required to reproduce the deepest musical sounds accurately and without compromise.

In appearance, the Patrician 800 achieves a new standard of elegance in both Traditional and Contemporary designs ... for this system was conceived as the ultimate reflection of your good taste in fine music and superb home furnishings.

We invite your critical appraisal of the entire new Patrician loudspeaker collection at your nearby Electro-Voice high fidelity demonstration center. Or we will be happy to send a catalog on request.



ELECTRO-VOICE, INC., Consumer Products Division, Dept. 134F, Buchanah, Michigan

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When Great Performers Get Together ...



...One is always a **ROBERTS!**



ROBERTS '1057'

STEREO TAPE RECORDER . . gets together with Lawrence Welk, in rehearsal with his fabulously popular dance band. He says, "My Roberts '1057' tape recorder is the closest to recording studio equipment that I have seen." No wonder, with these outstanding '1057' features: Combines matchless performance, ease of operation at a low, low price. Features 4-track stereo and monoral record/play. Sound-on-sound multiple recording in stereo, sound-with-sound (teacher/student feature), sound-over-sound mixing . Dual speakers . Stereo amplifiers . 4 stereo headset outputs • Automatic shut-off • 314 and 71/2 ips \$339.95



Roberts Electronics, Dept. HFSR-1-T 5978 Bowcroft, Los Angeles 16, Calif. Please send me complete literature on Roberts Tape Recorders. | enclose 25¢ for postage and handling. Address_ Zone. State

CIRCLE NO. 16 ON READER SERVICE CARD

(Continued from page 14) stereo and mono recording facilities, and operates at 71/2, 33/4, and 17/8 ips. At 71/2 ips the frequency response is from 50 to 17,000 cps \pm 3 db with a signal-to-noise ratio of approximately 50 db. Flutter and



wow are ± 0.09 per cent rms, and channel separation is better than 35 db. Terminals for permanent connection to other components are concealed at the rear; a microphone jack is located on the front panel. Dimensions: 14 x 11 x 834 inches. Price: \$234.00 (\$239.00 on West Coast). (Amelux Electronics Corporation, 60 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N.Y.)

circle 182 on reader service card

• Marantz now offers an FM tuner, Model 10, that incorporates a number of circuit innovations derived from military and satellite communications practice. A small, built-in oscilloscope serves as tuning indicator, and also displays optimum antenna orientation. The built-in stereo section is automatically switched in when stereo signals are received.

The following minimum specifications are stated: sensitivity is 1.5 microvolts (IHFM), quieting at 2 microvolts is 40 db; alternate channel rejection is 100 db; image rejection is 100 db; harmonic distortion is 0.5 per cent, stereo separation is



40 db (with subcarrier filter in). Five i.f. stages are employed, with phase-linear bandpass filters and 200-kc. bandwidth; five dynamic limiters provide a limiting crest factor of 90 db. Dimensions: 153% x 53/4 x 15 inches. Price: \$555.00 (\$565.00 on West Coast). (Marantz Company, Inc., 25-14 Broadway, Long Island City, N.Y.)

circle 183 on reader service card

Shure introduces an integrated tone arm and cartridge, the Model M222. Essentially an updated version of the popular M212, the new model is equipped with the Shure N22D tubular 0.5-mil stylus, which has a compliance of 22 x 10-6 cm/dyne both vertically and laterally. The M222 tracks at pressures from (Continued on page 18)

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

*Throughout the entire world... more people listen to stereo records reproduced by the STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve than any other magnetic pickup!

*More stereo records are quality controlled and reviewed by professionals using STANTON Stereo Fluxvalves.

- *More high quality phonograph consoles use STANTON Stereo Fluxvalves than any other magnetic pickup.
- *More commercial background music systems use STANTON Stereo Fluxvalves than any other magnetic pickup.

*More automatic phonograph systems use STANTON Stereo Fluxvalves than any other magnetic pickup.



And now...new dimensions for stereo from the world's most experienced manufacturer of magnetic pickups-

STANTON 481

Calibration Standard Stereo Fluxvalve*

Model 481AA STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve-an ultralinear professional pickup for use with ultra-light-weight tone arms capable of tracking within the range from 1/4 to 3 grams. Supplied with the D4005AA V-GUARD diamond stylus assembly. AUDIOPHILE NET PRICE \$49.50

Model 481A STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve---an ultralinear professional pickup for use with manual tone arms, recommended tracking force is from 2 to 5 grams. Supplied with the D4007A V-GUARD diamond stylus assembly. AUDIOPHILE NET PRICE \$48.00

Model 481E STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve Set—same as the Model 481A but includes two additional V-GUARD styli: the D4010A 1 mil for LP's and the D4027 2.7 mil for 78's. AUDIOPHILE NET PRICE

\$60.00

STANTON 400

Professional Stereo Fluxvalve

Model 400AA STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve linear professional pickup for use with ultra-light-weight tone arms capable of tracking within the range from 1/4 to 3 grams. Supplied with D4005AA V-GUARD diamond stylus assembly. AUDIOPHILE NET PRICE \$40.50

Model 400A STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve—an ultra-linear professional pickup for use with manual tone arms, recommended tracking force is from 2 to 5 grams. Supplied with D4007A V-GUARD diamond stylus assembly. AUDIOPHILE NET PRICE

\$39.00

Model 400C STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve—an ultra-
linear professional pickup for use in automàtic rec-
ord changers, recommended tracking force is from
4 to 7 grams. Supplied with D4007C V-GUARD
diamond stylus assembly.AUDIOPHILE NET PRICE\$33.00

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PICKERING & COMPANY, INC., Plainview, N.Y.

*The hermetically sealed STANTON Stereo Fluxvalve is warranted for a lifetime and is covered under the following patents: U.S. Patent No. 2,917,590; Great Britain No. 783,372; Commonwealth of Canada No. 605,673; Japan No. 261,203; and other patents are pending throughout the world.

(c)

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CIRCLE NO. 61 ON READER SERVICE CARD



CIRCLE NO. 17 ON READER SERVICE CARD

(Continued from page 16) ³/₄ to 1¹/₂ grams, has a frequency response from 20 to 20,000 cps, 22.5-db channel separation (at 1 kc.), and an output of 4.5 millivolts. Price: \$89.50. (The N22D stylus is also available separately at \$24.75 to replace the older stylus assembly in Model M212 and M216 integrated arms. It is furnished with a snap-on counterweight that provides the requisite lighter tracking pressures for those arms.) (Shure Brothers, Inc., 22 Hartrey Avenue, Evanston, Ill.)

circle 184 on reader service card

• Sony has added a miniature model to its line of capacitor microphones. The new C-17B is 33/4 inches long, has a di-



ameter of 5% of an inch and a cardioid directional pattern with 25 db front-toback ratio. These design factors make the microphone especially suited for recording live performances, where the elimination of noises from the audience is important.

The plastic diaphragm of the microphone is only 0.0006 millimeters thick, with a 0.0003-millimeter coating of gold. Frequency response is from 20 to 15,000 cps \pm 2 db. A four-position high-frequency attenuator is included in the power supply. Price: \$299.50. (Superscope, Inc., 8150 Vineland Avenue, Sun Valley, Calif.)

circle 185 on reader service card

• University's smallest speaker system, the MINI, measures only two inches in thickness. A veneer panel as big as the entire frontal area (18 x 13 inches) is directly coupled to the woofer voice coil and acts as low-frequency radiator. A separate tweeter provides the highs. Overall response is from 50 to 17,000 cps \pm 10 db, and the unit handles 20 watts of program material. The MINI is finished in oiled walnut. Price: \$44.95. (University Loudspeakers, 80 South Kensico Avenue, White Plains, N.Y.)

circle 186 on reader service card

• Winegard introduces an antenna booster amplifier, called the Stereotron Model AP-320, that employs a lownoise nuvistor circuit to amplify weak signals without overloading on strong ones. The compact, weather-sealed unit is installed atop the antenna mast. Price: \$39.95. (Winegard Company, Inc., 3000 Kirkwood Blvd., Burlington, Iowa)

circle 187 on reader service card



said Anton Schmitt of New York's famed Harvey Radio after listening to the Acoustech I solid state stereo power amplifier for the first time. "The dynamic range and transparency of sound permit me to hear shadings and subtleties I was never aware of," Anton continued. "Even when I turn up the bass controls on the preamp, I still hear more tightly controlled lows, not boom. This amplifier sets a new standard in sound reproduction."

This dramatic advance in the art of sound reproduction results from the sophisticated solid state circuitry of the Acoustech I. The expensive all-silicon output stage (beta cutoff above one megacycle) combined with direct-coupled circuitry (no driver or output transformers) provides unequalled transient response. Together with the high damping, these unique characteristics give a clarity and ease of listening that was as immediately obvious to Anton Schmitt as it will be to you.

Matching this unparalleled electrical performance is the Acoustech I's equally unparalleled reliability. Using the most advanced techniques found in precision scientific and military instrumentation, the Acoustech I will perform almost indefinitely at its original performance level. Operation of the amplifier with no load, capacitive load, switching transients, and shorted speaker leads which can disable many vacuum tube amplifiers do not harm the Acoustech I. Mil spec glass-epoxy circuit boards, computer-grade electrolytics, girder construction, cool running and conservative operation of all components permit the most extensive warranty in the industry. Unlike vacuum tube amplifier manufacturers who cannot provide extended warranty for tubes, Acoustech provides an unprecedented FIVE YEAR warranty on the silicon output transistors.

The Acoustech I can be heard at leading audio dealers across the country.

MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS: 40 watts per channel, rms, both channels operating simultaneously, delivered 8-16 ohms, 20-20,000 cps, with less than 0.95% harmonic and IM distortion (IM measured with 60 and 6000 cps tones mixed 4:1) at rated output; Rise time 1.75 μ sec; Frequency response, ±¹/₄ db, 5-50,000 cps; ±3 db, 2¹/₂-250,000 cps; Input impedance 150,000 ohms; Dimensions 15³/₄" w x 5" h x 12" d. **\$395** including cage. (Slightly higher West of Rockies).



Harvey Radio Corporation in New York City is one of the oldest and most influential audio dealers in the country. From high fidelity's early days, Harvey has invariably been among the first to recognize the importance of significant technological breakthroughs like magnetic cartridges, acoustic suspension speakers, and now, quality solid state power amplifiers.



COMING . . . Acoustech II solid state stereo decade control center



ALL TAPE

HEADS WEAR OUT!

Is head wear causing



BEGINNERS ONLY

by HANS H. FANTEL

THE BASIC function of a loudspeaker enclosure, as explained last month, is to keep sound waves radiated by the rear of the speaker cone away from waves radiated by the front. Infinite baffles and acoustic-suspension speakers do this simply by shutting the back wave into a box. But the loss of the back wave to the listening ear must be made up in added amplifier wattage.

For amplifiers of moderate power, of less than twenty watts per channel, it is preferable to use loudspeaker enclosures that let the back wave contribute to the audible output of the speaker and help the speaker attain a given loudness with less wattage. The most popular enclosures of this kind operate on the bass-reflex principle : the back wave is let out of the box through a separate opening known as the port or vent. In some designs, the vent is joined to an interior duct, which has the effect of reducing the enclosure's necessary size.

To keep the liberated back wave from canceling the front wave of the speaker, the dimensions of the enclosure are such that they reverse the phase of the back wave so it emerges from the port reinforcing the front radiation. Offhand, this would seem an ideal solution to the problem of taming the troublesome back wave and, at the same time, getting efficient conversion of amplifier wattage into acoustic energy. However, there is one hitch. Any cavity or vented enclosure has its own natural resonance whose pitch depends on the air volume it contains. If the music to be reproduced has bass notes near the natural resonance of the enclosure, this resonance will be added to the sound, falsifying its character and making it boomy. If you have ever tried talking into a barrel, you know the effect. Speaker manufacturers get around this by matching the resonance of the enclosure to the resonance of the speaker cone in such a way that the two resonances largely suppress one another. Consequently, well-designed speaker systems of this kind are free of noticeable boominess. And by interior padding of the box and various special treatments of the vent it is possible to keep coloration at a minimum.

The most efficient of all loudspeaker enclosures, requiring very little amplifier power, are the horn systems, which work on still another principle. They use a tapered duct, acting like a megaphone, to transmit the sound from one side of the speaker cone into the listening room. Inherently nonresonant, horns present no problem of boominess, but to be effective over the whole audible range, they have to be quite long and their opening must be large. To make enclosures of this type presentable in the living room, the horn is usually doubled up and folded on itself to conserve space, and the whole structure is housed in attractive furniture, usually designed for corner placement. Still, such enclosures tend to be fairly big. But their owners usually claim that the richness of sound obtainable from horn enclosures justifies their space requirements.

In any type of enclosure, it is essential that its characteristics complement those of the speaker it contains. If you are buying speaker systems complete with their own enclosures, you need not worry about this. But if you buy speakers separately, follow the manufacturer's recommendations for a suitable enclosure.



It's what you <u>don't</u> hear that counts!

That's why you buy a turntable. For silence. Silence of operation. Rondine 2 delivers both the sound <u>and</u> the silence you want. Minus 57 db silence even at full amplification. That's what you want in a turntable, what you're sure of getting with Rondine 2. Combine it with the Auto-Poise* tonearm and you have the world's only <u>true</u> turntable with fully automatic operation. For complete catalog, write Dept. HS-1, Rek-O-Kut, 38-19 108th St., Corona 68, New York.





This great, new transistorized organ offers full-toned, high fidelity standards of sound—a chance for creative expression. The Heathkit version of the Thomas Transistor Organ has these real organ features: Two 37-note keyboards, 10 true organ voices, 13-note bass pedals, variable vibrato, variable bass pedal volume, keyboard balance control, 20-watt peak power amplifier and speaker, deluxe walnut cabinet with matching bench.

Kit GD-232, no money down, \$22 mo	\$329.95
Bench GD-232-1,	\$ 24.95



Who is Heathkit? Heathkit is the pioneer and world's largest manufacturer devoted exclusively to the design and manufacture of do-it-yourself electronic kits. All our efforts are aimed at creating more kits, better kits, essier-to-build kits.



What are Heathkits?

Heathkits are electronic equipment in unassembled form. All parts are packaged in convenient groups and a complete, easyto-read, well-illustrated instruction manual tells you how to put them together. Heath offers over 250 kits from simple portable radios to big analog computers.



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Now! A true high fidelity sound system in a custom-quality 23'' TV — relax and enjoy picture *and* sound for a change.

This superb new Heathkit Hi-Fi TV set incorporates advance engineering to bring you the finest in picture quality **plus** truly high fidelity sound (the first TV receiver that earns the right to drive a hi-fi system)! Prebuilt assemblies make it easy to complete in 2 or 3 evenings. Optional UHF.

Kit GR-22, chassis and all tubes, 70 lbs., \$16 mo.....\$169.95 With Wall Mount, \$189.95; With Console Cabinet, \$249.95. **COMPARE THESE SUPERIOR FEATURES:** • high definition 23° tube with anti-glare bonded safety glass • spark-gap socket to protect tube • deluxe turret-type Nuvistor tuner • 20,000v. picture power • Transformer power sound output for hi-fi system (± 2 db, 50-15,000 cps; harmonic dist. less than 1%) • separate sound output for 8 ohm speaker (2 watts, ± 2 db, 50-15,000 cps; harmonic dist. less than 1%) • Preassembled and tested hi-voltage section • Preassembled tuner and 3-stage IF strip • IF has 10 tuned circuits including 2 adjacent channel picture traps, 2 adjacent channel sound traps, and one sound trap • IF response 3.2 mc • Gated AGC and noise canceller • Vertical and horizontal retrace blanking • DC restorer • optional UHF easily added any time • AGC, Height, and Linearity controls available from front • Easy to assemble with circuit board plus wiring harnesses

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THE FOURTH DIMENSION

A CONSIDERATION OF THE FACTOR OF TIME AS IT RELATES TO MUSICAL COMPOSITION

By FREDERIC GRUNFELD

LISTENING to a piece of music, you rarely are conscious of its length. In fact, one of music's peculiar charms is that time virtually ceases for those absorbed in it. Whit Burnett illustrated this in a memorable short story about the "Everlasting Quartet" that played on into eternity, blissfully oblivious of the passing months and years. Few teachers of theory consider duration a factor worthy of analysis, and most students assume the works they study are about as long as is reasonable and proper.

Far from being a tributary issue, however, the time factor is actually basic to Western music. The evolution of instrumental forms, particularly, can be charted as a continuous process of expansion and experiment in the dimension of time. Chapter One of the Genesis of music reads: In the beginning was the song. And the song was short, because untrained voices have little staying power. The natural musical phrase is no longer than the duration of a normal breath, just as the primal beat of music is the musician's own pulse rate. The primitive pattern that emerged merely links a succession of parallel phrases and a concluding phrase. You find it in almost every children's folk song: "Go tell Aunt Rhody, go tell Aunt Rhody, go tell Aunt Rhody the old gray goose is dead." The common children's song lasts hardly a minute, and only the rare sophisticated folk song-usually a strophic ballad-will exceed three.

For centuries, musicians stayed within the natural time limits imposed by the frailties of the human voice. Even in their long, intricate settings of the Mass, church composers worked in multiples of the basic folk-song length. When eighteenthcentury craftsmen at last produced instruments that surpassed the voice in resonance, accuracy, and endurance—including strings and keyboard instruments that could be played without signs of strain for a solid hour—it did not immediately occur to composers to take advantage of this new-found mechanical stamina. Neither they nor their audiences were accustomed to think in terms of long pieces. A psychologist would say they had been conditioned to a short attention-span. For a time the conventions of vocal music were simply transplanted to the instrumental realm.

Bach's works, as Albert Schweitzer points out, are rooted in the Lutheran chorale, and Handel's grow out of the Italian operatic aria of his day. Not the least of Bach's achievements is that he expanded many old forms to gigantic proportions-some of his organ pieces, for example, soar to greater lengths than anyone had ever attempted. Still, Bach gave the world only an inkling that time is a coefficient of drama in music, for he subscribed to the unwritten Baroque rule that a formal unit of music could express just one "affection"; that it must maintain a single mood throughout. A suite or concerto might encompass several different moods. but only in separate compartments: first movement, cheerful; second, thoughtful; third, triumphant; and so on. That was another survival from the old vocal days-one could not sing a dirge and a paean in the same breath.

Instrumental music reached its full growth only after emotional contrasts had become possible, when a movement no longer had to reveal all its intentions in the first few measures, when composers could build climaxes using elements of surprise and deception, of conflict and resolution. This theatrical interplay of light and (Continued on page 28)



SHURE SME DESIGN FEATURES

A. Virtually frictionless knife-edge bearings. Pivot friction is less than 20 milligrams, horizontal and vertical!
B. Wood-lined stainless steel tube arm.

Resonances are outside recorded range, of small amplitude, and damped. C. Unique weight system statically balances arm longitudinally AND laterally.

ances arm longitudinally AND laterally. **D.** Rider weight adjusts tracking force from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 grams, adjustable for $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ gm. increments, as accurate as a fine stylus pressure gauge.

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Includes one shell, arm, template, alignment protractor, hardware

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F. "Anti-skating" bias adjuster counteracts tendency of the arm to move toward record center and "favor" inner groove.
G. Hydraulic lever-operated set-down

G. Hydraulic lever-operated set-down for "slow-motion" feather-light lowering onto any part of the recording.

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The Shure M33-5, of course. With the SME, provides absolute minimum tracking force ..., without distortion. Incredibly transparent sound. Peak-free high end, clean lows, astoundingly natural and clear in the middle range where most other cartridges suffer serious deficiencies. 22 x 10⁻⁶ cm per dyne compliance. \$36,50 net.





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Concertone introduces a new standard of perfection in professional quality tape recorders. The 605 brings you the ultimate in advances of the state of the art in tape recorder engineering. ■ Never before have so many features and so much professional quality been packed into one recording instrument...and for such a low price!

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shadow first appears in the later symphonies of Haydn and Mozart, who created a new attention-span, or timetable, for instrumental forms.

With Beethoven, the orchestra began working overtime. Though his themes are actually short—sometimes less than a natural voice-phrase— Beethoven drives his symphonies to unprecedented lengths. There is seemingly no limit on how far he can carry the simplest musical idea, no end to his persistence in shaping and reshaping some germinal fragment of melody. Beethoven works in giant forms from sheer necessity: he seeks to impress listeners with his own cpic vision of the universe, and for that he needs time and still more time.

His example had an unfortunate influence on the later nineteenthcentury composers, who came to regard length as a sign of moral superiority. Wagner, Bruckner, and Mahler stretched time limits almost to the breaking point. Some of their less gifted imitators simply maundered along monumentally until they had conductors dropping from sheer exhaustion. Fortunately, Victorian audiences had been softened up by heavy doses of Dickens and Dumas, by architects who built overblown buildings, and by artists who painted expansive pictures.

In our own age of anxiety and distraction, the public attention-span has shrunk once more. Composers retrenched to the point that Anton Webern could write instrumental epigrams lasting less than the primary minute. The effect is like a cold shower after a warm bath. Yet even in this frantic era, when we jiggle our phones too fast and blow our horns too quickly, the pendulum is already swinging back. Musical comedy begins to sound Wagnerian. Jazz, as it moves further away from its vocal origins, tends toward longer and longer pieces, and seems bound on a course paralleling the evolution of classical music. Electronic instruments, being truly tireless, are giving rise to new forms. Interminable lengths threaten, if the radios that blare all day in bars and filling stations are any indication. Future generations may see the day of the Everlasting Electronic Quartet, fed to their homes and offices by computercomposers capable of creating endless variations.

CIRCLE NO. 5 ON READER SERVICE CARD->







mozart's clarinet quintet

D URING the last third of the eightcenth century, musical activities at the court of Mannheim were the envy of the whole continent. Carl Theodor, Duke of Mannheim, was himself a trained musician and brought to his service an impressive array of outstanding composers, conductors, and performers. Indeed, the orchestra at Mannheim may be said to have laid the foundation for our contemporary virtuoso symphony orchestras : in 1772 the English musicologist Charles Burney referred to the Mannheim group as "an army of generals."

In 1777 the twenty-one-year-old Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart visited Mannheim during the course of a concert tour. Not unexpectedly, he was bowled over by the quality of the orchestra. especially by the exotic sound of the two clarinets. "Oh, if only we had clarinets," Mozart wrote to his father. "You cannot guess the lordly effect of a symphony with flutes, oboes, and clarinets." Mozart lost little time in employing just such a "lordly effect" in composition. On a visit to Paris the following year he was invited to provide a symphony for the season's opening of the brilliant orchestra of the *Concerts Spirituels*, which prided itself on the excellence of its wind players. Finding clarinets at hand, Mozart eagerly included them in the scoring of his new Symphony in D Major (K. 297), the "Paris" Symphony.

From its dawning in this charming work, the romance between Mozart and the clarinet persisted throughout the composer's life. Whenever he was afforded an opportunity to score for clarinet, he invariably did so. But the clarinet was still so new during Mozart's time that its availability was the exception rather than the rule. Sometimes, as in the great G Minor Symphony of 1788, he produced two versions of a work, one with and one without clarinets.

From 1781 to 1791, the last decade of his life,



Mozart's charming and easily accessible Clarinet Quintet is given a sensitive and deeply felt performance by Reginald Kell and the Fine Arts String Quartet, beautifully recorded on Concert-Disc. Another stereo version by Jost Michaels and the Endres String Quartet on Vox is straightforward, while London's mono disc contains a fine reading by Alfred Boskovsky and members of the Vienna Octet.

Mozart lived in Vienna. The court orchestra had a superb first clarinetist named Anton Stadler, with whom Mozart soon developed a close friendship. From Stadler Mozart learned the capacities and the limitations of the instrument and for him he composed a series of works that explored the clarinet's resources with wondrous perception and penetration. Among them are the Trio in E-flat for Clarinet, Viola, and Piano (K. 498), the Clarinet Concerto in A Major (K. 622), and the Quintet in A Major for Clarinet and String Quartet (K. 581).

Alfred Einstein, the late Mozart scholar, in his study of the composer (*Mozart*, Oxford University Press, 1945) writes that the Clarinet Quintet is "a chamber music work of the finest kind, even though the clarinet predominates as *primus inter pares*.... There is no dualism here between solo and accompaniment, only fraternal rivalry." I have long felt that the Clarinet Quintet, with its clarity, longbreathed melodies, pages of hushed pathos, and final rollicking good spirits is the ideal introduction to the rarefied atmosphere of the chamber-music literature. Few can help but love this work, and from it relatively simple steps lead to Mozart's other chamber music, to the quartets of Haydn, to the early Beethoven quartets, and so *per ardua ad astra*.

The Clarinet Quintet is in four movements: an opening Allegro that emphasizes the general agility of the clarinet; a Larghetto of sustained, soaring melodic invention; a Minuet and Trio that actually has two trios, the first written for the strings alone, the second for the clarinet, with the strings accompanying; and a concluding Theme and Variations that is a kaleidoscope of shifting moods ending in a playful romp.

COR VEARS during the 1930's and 1940's the standard recorded performance of the Quintet was Benny Goodman's with the Budapest String Quartet, an RCA Victor 78-rpm album. The recording was made at the height of his fame as the "King of Swing," but nowhere did Goodman permit himself the freewheeling geniality and warmth that made great experiences of such swing classics as Don't Be That Way, One O'Clock Jump, or Sing, Sing, Sing. Rather, perhaps cowed by the "serious" milieu, Goodman adopted a dead-pan performing demeanor that resulted in ennui. Goodman has twice rerecorded the score for LP, once with the American Art Quartet from California (Columbia ML 4483), and, about seven years ago, with the Boston Symphony String Quartet (RCA Victor LM 2073). Unhappily, both reveal the same inhibitions as the oldest one.

Another clarinetist who has recorded the Quintet three times is the distinguished English musician Reginald Kell. His first performance, with the Philharmonia String Quartet, had a brief currency in this country on Columbia toward the end of the 78rpm era. It was an alert, sensitive performance, deeply felt and beautifully recorded. Kell's two subsequent performances of the music on LP — with Chicago's Fine Arts String Quartet (Decca DL 9600, and a later performance, Concert-Disc 1203, also available in stereo as Concert-Disc 203)—are noticeably more superficial. His playing is technically superb, however, and the stereo version of the Concert-Disc performance offers remarkably transparent sound.

Of the remaining five recordings currently listed in the Schwann catalog, Westminster's (XWN 18269) by Leopold Wlach with the Vienna Konzerthaus Quartet is a humorless, heavy-handed approach, while Columbia's (MS 6127, ML 5455) with David Oppenheim and the Budapest String Quartet seems too carefully planned.

London Records, which once had a superb recording of the Quintet in its catalog by Antoine de Bavier with the New Italian String Quartet (LL 573), withdrew that performance when it issued a newer one by Alfred Boskovsky and members of the Vienna Octet (CM 9121). This is a warm, sensitive reading, lacking a little in spontaneity, but my own favorite among the versions currently available.

If stereo is your prevailing consideration, I commend to your attention the performance on Vox (STPL 511110) by Jost Michaels with the Endres String Quartet, a straightforward, unpretentious account of the score that is complete on a single side, allowing for a performance of the Clarinet Concerto with the same direct virtues on the reverse side.



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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

TECHNICAL TALK

by JULIAN D. HIRSCH

THE NEED for matching the channels of a stereo system has long been debated. For the most part, it has been a one-sided debate, since almost everyone has conceded that matching is highly desirable. However, a few dissenters still hold that speakers with different tonal characteristics may actually enhance the stereo effect.

Disregarding this point of view for the moment, it is obvious that anyone who is assembling a stereo system from the beginning will inevitably obtain matched amplifiers, since all modern stereo amplifiers are actually two identical units constructed on one chassis. If the unit is an integrated amplifier, there remains little for the user to do except connect the inputs and outputs, and not much likelihood of difficulty.

Many of us have had mono systems for some time, and are reluctant to throw out perfectly good components in favor of more modern stereo types. In the case of the power amplifier, almost any combination of units will give satisfactory results, so long as the amplifiers are compatible with the speakers' power requirements. If two dissimilar amplifiers require different input levels for balanced outputs, their inputlevel controls should be adjusted for matched outputs. If they have no level adjustments, the preamplifier's level-setting adjustments will serve the same purpose. In the case where neither of these control facilities exist, the balance control will do the same job.

The only real problem is in matching the speakers. It would seem desirable for both speakers to have the same frequency-response characteristics. Large differences in response inevitably will result in a side-to-side shift of certain instruments as they are favored by one speaker or the other. A shift in balance of only about 3 db will cause the apparent position of the sound to change noticeably, and it is a rare speaker system whose response can be controlled to this tolerance in production. A few speakers are this good, but under practical listening conditions, speaker placement and room environment can easily introduce much larger apparent response variations, regardless of the intrinsic merits of the speakers.

As it happens, I rarely use matched speakers for stereo listening. With a steady flow of speaker systems of all types coming to me for testing, I have had

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considerable experience in pairing off loudspeakers of different makes and models. I find that for best results the musical character of the speakers should be fairly well matched. For example, some speakers sound warm and mellow, some sweet and light, while others are bright and have a great deal of presence. Even a brief audition will reveal the basic character of a speaker.

So long as I avoid pairing speakers of obviously different characteristics, such as one with presence and one with a depressed mid-range response, I get excellent stereo performance. Of course, if one is assembling a stereo system from scratch, it is best to get two identical speaker systems, since they are more likely to harmonize with one another.



• WHEN THE Shure Studio Dynetic was introduced some six years ago, it represented a radically different approach to pickup design. It was an integrated arm and cartridge, with an arm that did not move in the vertical plane. The cartridge was pivoted for vertical motion near the head of the arm and was capable of tracking severely warped records without producing audible wow, since its pivots were nearly in the plane of the record.

With the advent of stereo, Shure developed the first Stereo Dynetic, designated the Model M212, which required a minimum force of about $1\frac{1}{2}$ grams and had a stylus compliance of about 9×10^{-6} cm/dyne. Recently there has been a trend toward extremely compliant styli, operating with correspondingly low tracking forces. As a result, Shure has now introduced the M222 Stereo Dynetic pickup, with a stylus compliance of 22 x 10^{-6} cm/dyne, and a 0.5-mil stylus instead of the former 0.7-mil stylus. The range of tracking forces of the M222 is from $\frac{3}{4}$ gram to $\frac{1}{2}$ grams. As received from the factory, the unit I tested was set for a tracking force of $\frac{1}{2}$ grams, and this force was used through most of my tests. Lower forces can be used, since the pickup tracked very high-velocity test records satisfactorily at about 1 gram.

Using the CBS STR-100 test record, the frequency response of the M222 was within $\pm 2\frac{1}{2}$ db up to 18,000 cps on one channel, and $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ db up to the same frequency on the other channel. Channel separation was 25 to 30 db at middle frequencies, and remained as high as 5 to 10 db up to 20,000 cps. This is exceptionally good performance. The output of 6.8 millivolts at 5 cm/sec velocity at 1,000 cps is typical of most good modern pickups, and is sufficient to drive any standard preamplifier.

The tracking error of the arm, mounted according to the instructions. was rather high for a top-quality pickup, and reached its maximum of 6 degrees at a 2-inch radius, resulting in a distortion index of 3 degrees per inch. Although I could hear no unpleasant effects from this, it was still surprising for such a fine pickup to have so high a tracking error.

The listening quality of the Shure M222 was excellent, with a musical sweetness and definition that was to be expected from a pickup with such an extended, smooth frequency response. Needle talk was very low, and the pickup was not particularly sensitive to induced hum. Like its predecessors, the Stereo Dynetic was almost totally insensitive to jarring, even at tracking forces of 1 gram or less, and the mechanical design of the arm made it impossible to scratch or damage records.

The M222, which has a 12-inch arm, sells for \$89.50. Also available at the same price is the 16-inch M226. Owners of the popular Shure M3 and M7 cartridges who wish to modernize them can purchase for \$24.75 the N22D stylus used in the Stereo Dynetic pickups. Most of the performance characteristics of the M222 can be obtained by installation of the N22D stylus.



• THE CONCORD 880 is a portable tape recorder equipped for making four-track stereo or mono recordings and for playing back two-track or four-track stereo or mono tapes. The machine is housed in a handsome portable case, which is extensively reinforced at all edges with polished metal frames. Inside and out, the Concord 880 is constructed extremely ruggedly.

The recorder has separate record and playback

heads, allowing the use of optimum head gaps for both functions. This eliminates the compromise in gap design required when a combined record-playback head is used. Unfortunately, the same amplifiers are used for recording and playback, preventing the user from monitoring the tape while making a recording.

Electronic functions are selected by a single fourposition switch. Colored lights indicate whether a program is being recorded or played back. A short cable supplied with the recorder interconnects the two amplifiers for making sound-on-sound recordings. Each channel has its own record-playback level control. Concentric with these are tone controls, which operate during playback only. A master volume control, combined with the power switch, controls playback volume through the internal monitor speakers.

The Concord 880 has one of the most foolproof transport mechanisms I have seen. Piano-key buttons control fast forward, reverse, normal tape motion, record, and stop. There is also an instant-stop button for cuing or editing purposes. To prevent accidental erasure, the record button must be operated simultaneously with the play button for making recordings. The machine can be switched from fast forward to rewind without any tape slack or excess tension. The button halts the tape in a fraction of a second, with no risk of damaging even half-mil tape. This remarkable performance is obtained with only one motor, plus some very effective brake mechanisms.

There are three operating speeds: $1\frac{7}{8}$ ips, $3\frac{3}{4}$ ips, and $7\frac{1}{2}$ ips. The $7\frac{1}{2}$ -ips playback response was excellent, measuring $\pm 2\frac{1}{2}$ db from 30 to 15,000 cps. The over-all record-playback response at $7\frac{1}{2}$ ips was ± 3 db from 50 to 12,000 cps. At $3\frac{3}{4}$ ips it was ± 4 db from 50 to 8,000 cps, and at $1\frac{7}{8}$ ips it was $\pm 2\frac{1}{2}$ db from 60 to 3,500 cps.

The excellent mechanical design of the transport was reflected in the wow and flutter measurements, which were 0.07 per cent and 0.12 per cent at $7\frac{1}{2}$ ips, 0.18 per cent and 0.20 per cent at $3\frac{3}{4}$ ips, and 0.3 per cent and 0.25 per cent at $1\frac{7}{8}$ ips. Rewinding 1800 feet of tape required $2\frac{1}{4}$ minutes. The hum level of the machine I tested was rather high, -35.5 db referred to maximum recording and playback level. It was not noticeable when using the built-in monitor speakers, but it was clearly audible on a wide-range external speaker system.

The Concord 880 is supplied complete with two dynamic microphones (which are of quite good quality), all necessary cables, a right-channel speaker mounted in the removable cover, and a built-in leftchannel speaker. Although the 880's performance is excellent in many respects. I would recommend that the buyer carefully check the unit he gets to ascertain that the hum level is not too high for comfort.

The Concord 880 is priced at \$399.95.

For additional product information, use the reader service card. Circle number 188 for the Shure Model 222, number 189 for the Concord 880 tape recorder. 0
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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

THE SOUND OF

HISTORICAL UPS AND DOWNS IN THE QUEST FOR AN ELUSIVE STANDARD PITCH

By measuring the string of a monochord, an instrument that retained its name even after it acquired more than one string, the philosopher Pythagoras established the mathematical ratios of the principal intervals in the sixth century B.C.

By KLAUS GEORGE ROY

RICA MUSICA, 1492

Not LONG ago I put on my favorite recording of the Beethoven "Pastoral" Symphony, the old and still wonderful Toscanini version. Something about the first phrases struck me as peculiar. They seemed a bit warmer in color, and at the same time a little brighter than usual, not quite the way I recalled them. And the Maestro's tempos, notoriously a shade on the fast side, seemed almost hectic. Was the trouble with me or the record? Did it have something to do with my playback system?

I had a sudden hunch. I tried an F on the piano. It sounded lower than the first note of the symphony, so the turntable must have been revolving faster than $33\frac{1}{3}$ rpm. My Arrival in the Country was more than halfway to F-sharp. At that rate, the Thunderstorm would have been of hurricane velocity. Beethoven, if he could have heard it, would have thrown one of his famous fits.

As a matter of fact, Beethoven might have been outraged even if the turntable had been running at the right speed. For the A to which he tuned his inner hearing was not the same pitch as our A. It was somewhat lower, by about fifteen cycles per second. So it seems that what we have been taking for granted is

THE SOUND of A

really a complex and variable matter. Just what is this thing we call pitch?

Percy Scholes, in The Oxford Companion to Music, explains it thus:

The pitch of sound is determined by the frequency of the original sound-producing body and, hence, of the transmitting air. Slowly succeeding vibrations cause what we call "low" sounds; rapidly succeeding ones what we call "high" sounds.

When a violin string is set in motion by a bow or a finger, it vibrates. So does an air column in a clarinet when its mouthpiece is blown upon, or in your windpipe when you expel air through your vocal cords. The science of acoustics can count the frequency of these vibrations; the ear hears the sound and the mind gives it a name : A, B, C-sharp. The A we are most familiar with corresponds to 880 vibrations per second, or 440 double vibrations or cycles. It makes no difference whether it is loud or soft. whether a flute or a trombone makes the sound—440 cycles per second (cps) give us an A above middle C.

But the variations on the theme of A are legion. The 1954 Grove's Dictionary of Music and Musicians has fifteen pages on standard pitch, and the first thing it tells us is that in 1939 the International Standards Association decided that a frequency of 440 cps was to be the pitch for A above middle C, and that "this value shall be maintained within the closest limits possible by soloists, orchestras, choirs, etc., throughout all musical performances and also in recorded music." If this decision had the force of law, the dockets would be full of transgressing musicians. Some of the offenses are deliberate, but some are accidental, as when a recording engineer fails to notice changes in the voltage that raise or lower the pitch by speeding or slowing a tape--either for a horrible moment, as in the old Bruno Walter recording of Beethoven's Ninth, or for an entire record.

The very establishment of an internationally acceptable pitch is something of a wonder when you consider that, historically, there have been dozens, perhaps hundreds, of different A's. Some clavichords and organs from the eighteenth century had A above middle C between 370 and 440 cps-from a minor third to a major second lower than ours. And in earlier centuries, some A's went up to 496 cps, one even retaining that pitch-name, according to notation, at 567 cps. One can imagine the difficulties encountered in performing pieces for organ and orchestra in different localities where the keyboard pitches differed. In the old days, trumpet and horn players always carried toolboxes full of extra crooks extension pipes so they could adapt their tuning to the organs'. It was possible to tune strings without much trouble, but what could they have done with flutes and oboes?

• O ESTABLISH at least local standards, musicians in the time of Bach and Handel made use of *Kammer-Ton* and *Chor-Ton*—chamber pitch and choir pitch. One was used for music performed in the king's private chamber and the other for music performed in church with voices. There were even a high chamber pitch, a low chamber pitch, and other varieties. To draw all of these divergencies together for a performance must

Generally considered the father of our system of pitch notation, the eleventh-century Benedictine monk Guido of Arezzo (shown here with his pupil Theodal at a monochord with pitch notations) was probably the perfecter of ideas proposed earlier by others. A quotation from the famous hymn "Ut queant laxis" (see first two Latin lines. opposite page) gives. with their associated neumes, or staffless pitch-signs. the rising syllables ut. re. mi. fa, sol. and la, the device with which Guido identified and taught the natural hexachord. and which still remains the basis for our solmization.



have been a grim job, and sour intonation appears to have been quite common. All accounts point to unbelievable chaos in late Baroque pitch conventions.

A century later matters were not appreciably improved. An Italian scholar reported around 1820 that:

the pitch of Rome is, in fact, much lower than that of Milan, Pavia, Parma, Piacenza, and all the other cities of Lombardy, and the pitch of Paris is not only sharper than that of Rome but much sharper than that of Lombardy....

These conditions led to a musical congress in 1885 to establish un corista di mezzo, literally translated as "a mean pitch." The attempt was unsuccessful.

N 1879, Adelina Patti simply refused to sing at the high English concert pitch of A-455, and who could blame her? Wagner had already been struck by this injustice in 1877, when he conducted in London. He "complained bitterly of the inconvenience his singers had been put to because the pitch to which they were obliged to sing here was so much higher than the pitch they were accustomed to." Perhaps it was the reaction of these two awesome figures that led the English in 1896 to set a standard "Philharmonic pitch" at A-439. They added an optimum temperature specification of 68 degrees Fahrenheit, "at which degree of heat the orchestra, the organ, and the piano should be in tune together." Thus they came to grips with another variable affecting pitch. Orchestra musicians will tell vou that during a concert, as the players' labor heats the surrounding air, the pitch will go up noticeably. It is because the pitch of the oboe is least affected by temperature changes, as well as mechanical adjustments, that it usually sounds the tuning A.

In our own day, despite improved means of controlling pitch vagaries, togetherness is only achieved with some care. Of all the musical components of a concert ensemble, a choir is the most flexible, and so it must unquestioningly adopt the pitch proposed by the orchestra-high or low, steady or fluctuating. Woe to the singer who decides on a Chor-Ton of his own! Archibald T. "Doc" Davison used to warn his Harvard and Radcliffe choristers : "Flat, and the world flats with you; sharp, and you sharp alone." This seems a clear case of moral gravity: it is always easier to drag people down than it is to uplift them. Soloists carry more weight in such matters, and it takes a valiant conductor to tug them back into line. When a famous soprano was having trouble staying with the pitch of the orchestra accompanying her in rehearsal, the conductor (it must have been Sir Thomas) finally halted the proceedings with the request, "Madame, would you kindly give us your A?"

In the light of history, the abused soloist might justifiably have felt her A was as valid as the next person's. The inimitable Florence Foster Jenkins had every right to assert that she was grateful to have suffered an auto accident because afterward she could sing a higher F than ever before. As we have seen, there is indeed such an F, and musicians can only question La Jenkins's judgment in asserting her independence of the F everyone else was using. At concerts, audiences and critics do not generally give a soloist the benefit of the doubt. Even if a singer, violinist, or cellist has an especially keen sense of pitch, but hasn't made the conscious or unconscious adaptation to the pitch of the accompanying instruments, it won't help when the reviews come out. (Continued overleaf)

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The "Guidonian Hand," teaching solmization of the hexachord.

Fortunately, the average soloist is willing to compromise in such matters, since most often his own sense of pitch is only relative anyway. But there remains a troublesome minority who have what is called perfect pitch. If you have it, and are asked for an A or a C-sharp, you can sing it precisely, as if you were a walking pitch pipe. Of course, some objection can be taken to the term "perfect pitch": pitch memory needs a reference point—an A-440, for example--and this has varied with the conventions already discussed. Sir Donald Francis Tovey once defined perfect pitch as "the pitch of your mother's piano."

Whatever the foundation for pitch memory, perfect pitch is a dubious gift for musicians. Choral directors sometimes require their groups to transpose a piece into another key at sight, in order to make it more comfortable to sing. Such cases turn the pitch-perfect choristers into musical schizophrenics, because they find it sheer agony to read in one key and sing in another. A similar plight is that of orchestral players who use transposing instruments, like clarinets in B-flat and horns in F, traditionally scored in a different key from the rest of the orchestral score. They must eternally read one note and hear their instruments play another.

But even a musician who has only relative pitch can detect when the pitch is incorrect. The feeling or color of the sound—orchestra, ensemble, solo—does not seem right to him. A person with a well-developed sense of relative pitch may be able to tell the key of a piece that follows a work, for instance, that he knows to be in the key of D Major. A listener with an advanced ear may be so familiar with the tone colors of an orchestra or a piano that he can identify a key just by color association. There is something memorable about a Beethoven E-flat orchestral chord. By contrast, if Stravinsky scores the E-flat tonic triad the color is different and the key may be harder to recognize.

Offhand, the historical changeableness of pitch might seem to play havoc with the claim that each key has its own peculiar and identifiable color or feeling. How can we maintain that Mozart intended a piece to have the particular key-feeling of A Major when his tuning fork proves that his A, an A-422, is closer to what we would call A-flat today? We need to examine our habit of saying, of the Fifth Symphony or the *Coriolanus* Overture, for instance, "that's a typical C Minor piece." Is it possible that Beethoven meant them to have the key feeling of our B Minor? How could Schubert's B-flat Major Trio have been intended as an A Major piece, in the same key as the "Trout" Quintet—itself now to be considered as in A-flat?

Hindemith writes that he composes in his head, at any hour and any place, and that perfect pitch is essential for this, since he must be able to hear a score in his head in the right key to get the proper key feeling. But Mozart's perfect pitch differed sharply from Hindemith's, since he started with a lower-frequency A as a basis for his pitch memory. So is it possible to speak of a feeling common to a key used by both Hindemith and Mozart?

HE fact is that key color seems to have more to do with the relationship of overtones-the harmonic series, the upper partials-and the way the entire tonality is balanced internally than with the basic tonal note. Beethoven must have felt the key of F as we think he did--his other music is good evidence. At the pitch level he knew, there must have been enough of the quality we associate with C Minor to account for his characteristic music in this key. Mozart's D Major is almost invariably bright and festive, just as ours is. His E-flat is warm and a shade heroic, just as Beethoven later conceived it, and as we do today. The music fits the key, and the key the music; which comes first we could not always claim to know. Even within a span of cycles per second, a key retains a color spectrum identifiable by the ear with relative pitch.

The ability to recognize changes in pitch contributes greatly to our musical enjoyment. In a Mozart symphony—the "Jupiter," for instance—it is almost essential to distinguish between the simulated and actual returns to the main theme. At one point, Mozart repeats the tune in F instead of the tonic C, and the recognition of this so-called false recapitulation is an important—and diverting—part of the total musical experience. ė



The tablature of the lute (shown above in an Italian specimen by Vicenzo Capirola, circa 1517) replaced the staff and ordinary pitch-notation with letters, numbers, and other assorted signs. This tablature is indicated below on the neck of a lute.



Musicians, like the nonprofessional listener, differ in their ability to hear such things. A singer or string player must have a highly developed sense of relative pitch. For a pianist, however, it is almost better to be a little tone-deaf, so that he cannot hear how flat his instrument sounds when he plays with an orchestra. The reason is that the tuning method for a keyboard instrument is totally different from that of orchestral instruments. Almost everyone knows that the 88-note keyboard of the piano is a compromise. It is evened out, or "well-tempered," which means that all the half-tones are approximately the same distance apart in pitch-similar in interval-throughout the scale. This makes it possible for the piano to travel from key to key without unsettling inequalities of interval. Bach proved the musical workability of the idea for keyboard instruments in his Well-tempered Clavier.

Orchestras and choruses, on the other hand, use a system of tuning closer to the pure scale invented by Pythagoras, in about 550 B.C. Unaccompanied choruses at times use what is called "just intonation," another variant. Members of a string quartet automatically make tiny adjustments to avoid the inequities of

43



Pitch related to the openings of organ pipes by solmization.

absolutely precise modulation—if, for instance, the interval of the fifth were identical in every key and register and chord structure. For the pianist, G-flat and F-sharp sound the same—they are enharmonically interchangeable, as musicians say—but for the violinist, they are two different pitches, depending on the direction in which the passage moves, or the musical meaning of the chord. G-flat is thus likely to be a fraction lower in pitch than F-sharp.

Technically speaking, these tuning mutations vary with the location of the comma, which Willi Apel defines in his Harvard Dictionary of Music as "a scientific term for the minute differences which exist between the pitches of the same tone in different systems of tuning or calculation." There are two types of comma: the Pythagorean and the Didymic-after Didymos, another Greek theorist, who lived about the first century B.C. The acoustician must know that "the Pythagorean comma is the sum of a schisma and the comma of Didymos," and the Didymic comma is "the sum of a schisma and a diaschisma." For the rest of us, they are important because they determine the subtle ratios, and thus the relative purity, of intervals, as different ages, societies, and scientists have defined purity. For example, without being aware of the mathematical reasons, members of a string quartet make "displacements of the comma" according to what modern ears hear as correct intervals.

So it is apparent that, in the final analysis, all these problems are resolved by what we are used to, by our tradition. If A-440 is now the norm, that will be what most people regard as right. The "Music Minus One" men are likely to be rather careful about the frequency of their recorded A's, in order to make the work of the missing member easier in at least one respect. But orchestras, who do not have this rigid responsibility, can initiate their own traditions. The Boston Symphony, for one, has been playing for some years at A-444, making their tone seem a bit bright and brilliant. If we are generally exposed to A-440, we are bound to notice this, even if subconsciously. The Cleveland Orchestra, on the other hand, sticks resolutely to A-440; George Szell has been reported as saying an orchestra's brilliance is less a matter of tuning than it is of playing. Many orchestras use a mixed tuning, in which certain instruments may be asked to tune slightly sharp so they come across more clearly.

The combination of tuning and playing style can largely determine the personality of an orchestra. When the Vienna Philharmonic toured this country some years ago, its tone seemed warmer and mellower than we were accustomed to. They played at A-435, so the keys of the of the program choices always seemed to have a bit of extra weight to our ears. Pieces in Eflat were more heroic, but some listeners missed an



A new method of notation for the twelve-tone scale (proposed in the American Composers Alliance Bulletin) takes a symbol from the World Alphabet for each of the twelve tones. abolishing sharps and flats and emphasizing duodecuple independence.

element of sparkle in the A Major selections, a key that shines with special brightness at the more customary frequency.

Speaking of Vienna, where music has been a habit for about two thousand years, the telephone exchange there provides many services, from giving you the time and weather to the joke of the day and a fairy tale for settling down the kids. Just by dialing 1507, you can get a scientifically exact A for tuning your instrument. A pure A-440, to be sure, and no mean pitch.

Klaus George Roy, a practicing composer with fifty works to his credit, lectures on music to educational groups in the Midwest and in New England, has written liner notes for over a hundred records, and still finds time to be the director of publications and program-book editor for the Cleveland Orchestra.



INSTALLATION OF BETWEEN TWO POLES

O NE THING Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Black particularly liked about their new home in Largo, Florida, was the open, airy look of the living room. But this uncluttered vista appeared in danger when they had to decide where to put the sound components. Cabinets were definitely not the answer, for they would take up too much space. Nor did wallmounted shelves seem promising, for the Blacks were hesitant about cutting holes in their new house. They finally solved the problem by means of two free-standing, adjustable ceiling poles on which shelf-supporting brackets can be attached by merely tightening a setscrew. This provided a shelf-type installation without anchorage to the wall.

To make the assembly more colorful, Mr. and Mrs. Black put painted panels around some of the components, thus making the top shelf a suspended cabinet with front-panel cut-outs for their Scott 330 AM-FM tuner and Scott 130 stereo preamplifier. A home-assembled Dynakit Stereo 70 power amplifier rests on the floor, concealed behind an orange-painted panel. An intermediate shelf accommodates an Empire Troubadour turntable and arm, equipped with an ADC-1 cartridge, sitting next to a Sony 262-D tape deck. Immediately below is a record cabinet the Blacks bought from a furniture store.

Two Bozak B-207A speakers, flanking the shelves, are housed in infinite baffles five cubic feet in volume, built by Mr. Black to Bozak specifications. All interconnecting wires are hidden behind a white masonite panel attached to the rear of the middle shelf. What pleases the Blacks as much as the appearance of their sound system is that the cost of the whole installation was only \$125.



THIS MONTH:

REPORTS ON THE KNIGHT KN-250A, THE LAFAYETTE LT-700, THE GROMMES 101BM, THE EICO ST-97, AND THE SHERWOOD S-3000-IV ALTHOUGH monophonic FM tuners can be converted for stereo reception by adding an external adapter, it is preferable to use a tuner with built-in stereo circuitry. Stereo-decoding circuits must be carefully matched to the associated tuner for best results, and this is obviously easiest to do when the two are designed and constructed as a unit.

We have tested a representative group of stereo FM tuners, ranging in price from about \$120 to \$250. The tuners covered this month are the Knight KN-250A, the Lafayette LT-700, the Grommes 101BM, the Eico ST-97, and the Sherwood S-3000-IV. Next month we will cover the Dynaco FM-3A, the Heath AJW-41, the Pilot 780, the Scott 350B, and the Fisher FM-100-B. The tests covered measurements of sensitivity, distortion, frequency response, separation, drift, hum level,

capture ratio, and numerous other factors. In addition, each tuner was tested under listening conditions, using off-the-air mono and stereo programs, and laboratory-generated stereo transmissions. The latter enabled us to listen to each tuner with the same program material under controlled conditions.

In most instances, our test methods conformed to accepted IHFM or IRE standards. Many manufacturers do not employ these methods in establishing their ratings, so there may be discrepancies between our test results and published specifications. All the tuners were measured under identical conditions, so the test results do permit a fairly valid comparison of their various characteristics.

Capture ratio, measured by IHFM standards, is a measure of the tuner's ability to reject interference from a weaker station that is operating on the same frequency as the desired station. Lower capture-ratio figures, expressed in decibels, are indicative of better performance. Sensitivity figures are based on the IHFM usable-sensitivity test. The signal generator was modulated with a 75-kilocycle deviation at 400 cps, corresponding to 100 per cent modulation of an FM transmitter. Usable sensitivity is defined as the lowest signal level for which the total hum, noise, and distortion is 3 per cent. Usable-sensitivity figures are a good measure of a tuner's true capability, since they in effect do not allow a tuner designer to increase sensitivity at the expense of reduced i.f. and discriminator bandwidth, which increases distortion. They therefore mean more than the so-called quieting-sensitivity figures sometimes used in advertised ratings, and consequently should not be compared to them.

Frequency response was measured by modulating our Boonton 202B signal generator with the output of an H. H. Scott Model 830 generator. A low-distortion audio oscillator was the signal source. Tuners having front-panel separation controls were adjusted for best separation at 1,000 cps. Rear-mounted adjustments were checked for optimum settings. Internal circuit adjustments were not disturbed.

Careful study of the test results will reveal that no one tuner was superior to the others in all respects, although more expensive tuners tended to have better over-all performance. Anyone considering the purchase of one of these tuners should consider all performance aspects, as well as price, before making a decision. Bear in mind, too, that the sensitivity figures are at best a rough guide, and that from twenty to a hundred times as much signal strength is required for noise-free stereo reception as for good mono reception.



• THE KNIGHT KN-250A is one of the most compact sterco FM tuners we have seen, measuring only $9\frac{5}{8}$ inches wide by $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep by $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches high, complete with cabinet. This is made possible by the use of transistors in all stages except the front end (r.f. amplifier, mixer, oscillator, and AFC stage), where four tiny nuvistor tubes are used. There are four i.f. stages, a ratio detector, and a five-transistor stereo demodulator of the matrixing type.

On the front panel is a legible, clearly illuminated dial, plus controls for tuning and separation adjustment. A miniature meter is used for a tuning aid. Three slide switches control power, mono/stereo operation, and AFC. An unusual feature (for a transistorized tuner) is the neon stereo indicator, which lights when a stereo broadcast is being received. The low operating

KNIGHT KN-250A TUNER

voltages of transistors and nuvistors are insufficient to operate neon lamps, so a separate transistor stage and step-up transformer amplify the 19-kc. pilot carrier sufficiently to light the stereo indicator.

Although it was not shown on the schematic supplied with our test unit, there is a switch in the antennacircuit, presumably to prevent generation of spurious signals from powerful local stations.

We were unable to rate the sensitivity of the KN-250A by IHFM standards, since the distortion at 100 per cent modulation never fell to 3 per cent. At signal strengths of 300 microvolts or greater, the distortion was between 3.5 per cent and 4 per cent. At 30 per cent modulation, typical of average program levels, the distortion was under 0.7 per cent with signal strengths of 1,000 to 10,000 microvolts.

STEREO FM TUNER TESTS

Residual hum and noise were -41 db relative to full output. This was largely hiss, though some hum was audible. Channel separation was 18 db at middle frequencies, reducing to 3 db or less between 10,000 and 15,000 cps. There was considerable 38-kc. signal in the audio output, which may have introduced some error in measurement of channel separation at the higher frequencies. Frequency response was within ± 2 db from 50 to 15,000 cps. The use of long output cables should be avoided to prevent excessive loss of highs.

Warm-up drift was low, but the tuning was sensitive to line-voltage variations. However, the AFC correction factor of 5.6 prevented this from being a real problem. Capture ratio was 6 db.

The small size and cool operation of the Knight KN-250A may make it especially suitable for installations where space is limited. We would recommend its use only in strong-signal areas (1,000 microvolts or greater), or with a directional antenna that provides oquivalent signal strengths. On mono programs, listening quality was satisfactory on many stations, even with a simple indoor dipole antenna, but distortion-free stereo reception was not possible at our location under these conditions. However, signals transmitted through our laboratory generator at high signal levels produced good sound on stereo as well as mono.

The KN-250A is priced at \$119.95, including case.



LAFAYETTE LT-700 TUNER

• THE ATTRACTIVELY styled Lafayette L'T-700 is housed in a two-tone tan case, with a gold and white panel and brown and gold knobs. It uses one twin-triode tube as a grounded-grid r.f. amplifier and mixer, and another as an oscillator and AFC reactance tube. Following two i.f. amplifiers and two limiters is a Foster-Seeley discriminator.

The two-tube stereo section uses conventional matrixing circuits, followed by de-emphasis networks, a ganged volume control, and feedback-type audio amplifiers. There is a screwdriver-adjustable separation control in the rear of the tuner, which was correctly set as received.

The Lafayette LT-700 had moderate sensitivity, about 13 microvolts. Full audio limiting occurred at 10 microvolts, but minimum distortion was not obtained until a 1,000-microvolt level was reached. However, the ultimate distortion was less than 0.45 per cent, which is as low as that produced by some of the most refined and expensive FM tuncrs we have tested.

Channel separation was between 18 db and 20 db from 50 cps to 2,000 cps, reducing to about 11 db in the 6,000-to-12,000-cps region. The audio output of 4 volts was exceptionally high. Frequency response was within $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ db from 50 to 15,000 cps. Unfortunately, the high-impedance volume controls cause a loss of highfrequency response, amounting to as much as 6 db at 10,000 cps, unless they are left at maximum. This requires use of the amplifier's volume control alone if full frequency response is to be maintained. The tuner's output impedance is low enough so that ordinary interconnection cables will not affect high-frequency response, but cables longer than six to eight feet are **not** advisable.

The hum level of the LT-700 was -54 db. Its capture ratio of 3 db was very good. Drift was moderate, and the AFC correction factor was adjustable from zero to a maximum of 3.85.

The neon stereo-indicator light on the LT-700 does not indicate a stereo broadcast but merely whether the mode switch is in mono or stereo position. The lack of a true stereo indicator is perhaps the only operational drawback to this otherwise smooth-handling tuner. In listening quality, the Lafayette LT-700 ranks with the finest, with noncritical tuning and low distortion. For best results, it should be used in a moderately strongsignal area, or with a good antenna.

The LT-700 is priced at \$124.50, including case.

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GROMMES 101BM TUNER

• FROM AN operating standpoint, the Grommes 101BM is perhaps the simplest tuner of this group. It has only two controls, a combined power switch and mono/stereo selector, and the tuning knob.

The bar-type tuning eye operates conventionally in mono reception. For stereo listening, it is actuated by the 19-kc. pilot signal and thus closes only during a stereo broadcast. The front end employs one twin-triode as a cascode r.f. amplifier and another as a mixeroscillator. There is no AFC, but the drift was almost unmeasurable, making AFC superfluous. Two i.f. stages and a limiter feed into a ratio detector. Stereo demodulation is by means of switching circuits, and the stereo circuitry employs two tubes and four diodes. There is no volume control, but the output of 2 volts is suitable for driving almost any amplifier.

The sensitivity of the Grommes 101BM was 16 microvolts. Limiting was complete at 30 microvolts, and



the minimum distortion of slightly under 3 per cent was reached at that level. At 30 per cent modulation, a more typical figure, the distortion was about 0.9 per cent. Channel separation was better than 18 db up to about 2,000 cps, reducing to 11 db at 10,000 cps. The hum level was -51.5 db, and the capture ratio was 5.7 db. Frequency response was within $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ db from 50 to 15,000 cps. Output cables should be kept as short as possible, since even a few feet of cable could appreciably reduce the unit's high-frequency response.

In listening tests, the Grommes 101BM produced excellent stereo sound when good signal strengths were available. It was easy to tune, and the tuning eye provided an unmistakable indication of a stereo transmission. Its control simplicity makes this a desirable tuner for the family in strong-signal areas.

The 101BM is priced at \$139.95. A metal case is available for \$7.50.



•THE EIGO ST-97 has a tuning dial divided into two sections, with the right calibrated in megacycles and the left marked from 0 to 10 for logging purposes. The pointer of the calibrated dial is a small indicator tube, whose vertical bar shortens as a station is tuned in correctly. The pointer of the logging scale, which travels together with the main dial pointer, carries a neon lamp that lights up whenever a stereophonic broadcast is being received.

The front end uses a dual-triode tube as a neutralized r.f. amplifier and self-oscillating converter. A silicon voltage-variable capacitor provides AFC. Four i.f. stages (two of which act as limiters) drive a wide-band ratio detector. The stereo circuitry uses the same filter-

EICO ST-97 TUNER

less switching design that is employed in the Eico MX-99 sterco adapter. Sharp cut-off filters in the audio outputs remove any 19-kc. or 38-kc. components remaining after the demodulation process.

The ST-97 was quite sensitive, with an IHFM sensitivity rating of 3.3 microvolts. Limiting was virtually complete at 5 microvolts, and harmonic distortion was about 1 per cent at 100 per cent modulation. With the front-panel separation control optimized, the channel separation was about 30 db at middle frequencies and was maintained at better than 18 db between 100 and 15,000 cps.

Frequency response was within ± 1 db from 50 to 15,000 cps, and was not affected by large capacitive

STEREO FM TUNER TESTS

loads. Internal hum was an unusually low -65 db at the detector output and -51.5 db at the audio outputs, after passing through the stereo circuits. The drift of this tuner was 67 kc., the highest of the group, though not large enough to be troublesome. The AFC reduced drift by a factor of 4.7. Capture ratio was 3 db.

The Eico ST-97 is a very easy tuner to use and produces excellent sound. It has no output level control, but the output of 0.9 volts is suitable for driving any amplifier. The tuning eye was equipped with a diffusing screen that masked much of its operation, and we would prefer to use it without the diffuser. The separation control can be adjusted reasonably well on stereo broadcasts when transmission is on one channel only, but it is questionable whether most users could obtain the outstandingly fine separation figures we measured in our tests.

The ST-97 is priced at \$149.95, including case, and is available in kit form (ST-97K) for \$99.95.

SHERWOOD S-3000-IV TUNER

• THE SHERWOOD S-3000-IV is basically similar to Sherwood's S-3000-III monophonic FM tuner, with the addition of built-in stereo circuits. It has a cascode r.f. amplifier, two i.f. amplifiers, two limiter stages, and a Foster-Seeley discriminator. The stereo demodulator is of the switching type, employing four matched diodes. A triode-pentode tube serves as a 19-kc. oscillator and a 38-kc. doubler, whose output actuates the switching diodes.

The operating controls differ slightly from those of most other stereo tuners. There are two knoboperated controls, one for tuning and the other a combined on-off switch and stereo/mono selector. Concentric with the latter control is a blend control, which is actually a fine-adjustment control for stereo separation. Additionally, there are two slide switches, one controlling the AFC and the other the interchannel-hush circuit. There is a bar-type tuning-eye tube behind the dial face.

The Sherwood S-3000-IV receives either mono or stereo programs automatically when the selector switch is in the stereo position. In the absence of a stereo program, the signal appears as identical outputs from both channels. When a weak stereo signal is being received, the selector may be set to mono, disabling the 19-kc. oscillator and 38-kc. doubler circuits. In this condition the tuner operates as a conventional monophonic FM tuner, with an improvement in signal-tonoise ratio as compared to stereo operation.

The measured IHFM usable sensitivity of the S-3000-IV was 2.5 microvolts. Distortion was under 1



per cent at all signal levels greater than 4 microvolts, at 100 per cent modulation. Limiting action was exceptionally good, with virtually no change of audio output level over a range of input signal strengths from 2 microvolts to 100,000 microvolts. Frequency response was within ± 1.5 db from 50 to 15,000 cps. Channel separation was about 25 db through most of the audio range and exceeded 20 db from 50 to 10,000 cps. The front-panel separation adjustment had only a slight effect on measured separation and no audible effect on received programs.

Warm-up drift was moderate, but the AFC action was extremely strong, reducing drift by a factor of 10. Capture ratio was 3.2 db, and hum was -54 db. The output impedance was rather high, so connecting cables should be as short as possible to avoid loss of high-frequency response.

As the measurements indicate, the S-3000-IV is a very sensitive tuner. Tuning is noncritical, and the smooth, flywheel tuning mechanism is a pleasure to use. However, we found the lack of a stereo indicator disturbing. Although the automatic stereo/mono circuit worked well, its use caused an increase in background noise when listening to mono programs. We found it preferable to set the selector to mono when not listening to stereo broadcasts.

The Sherwood S-3000-IV is priced at \$160.00. A case is available for \$7.50.

Coming Next Month: Reports on the Dynaco FM-3A, the Heath AJW-41, the Pilot 780, the Scott 350B, and the Fisher FM-100-B



READERS' CHOICE: 1962

THE TWELVE BEST RECORDS OF THE YEAR, AS CHOSEN BY READERS OF HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

The RECORDINGS listed in the following pages represent the preferences of our readers as polled in the concluding months of the past year. The selections were made from a broadly representative field of one hundred and forty-eight nominations.

Like the verdict of any popular poll, this list raises perhaps as many questions as it satisfies. Possibly the chief virtue of the popular poll is that it publishes statistical evidence of an articulate opinion on its subject. But it necessarily cannot publish a variety of dissenting opinion that may be more amply informed. The two things common to all the following choices are performers or scores of outstanding and well-established celebrity, most of them presented on labels that command widespread distribution. A major performer who happens to be new (folk singer Joan Baez on Vanguard is an example), or a magnificently performed major work that was deliberately written in defiance of easy popularity (Palestrina's Missa Papae Marcelli, on DGG Archive), or even a widely popular work or artist on a label with relatively narrow distribution: all or any of these may become collector's items in the next month or decade, but as of election day they are hopelessly outclassed.

Within these unavoidable limitations, the following choices offer interesting evidence of the almost fifty-fifty agreement between HIFI/STEREO REVIEW's readers and its critical staff. Five of these selections were reviewed in these pages as best-of-month choices. Four others were designated recordings of special merit. Two more received preponderantly favorable reviews, and only one frankly disappointed its local critic.

READERS' CHOICE



STRAVINSKY: The Firebird. Columbia Symphony Orchestra, Igor Stravinsky cond. Columbia MS 6328, ML 5728.

Stravinsky's first recorded performance of the complete *Firebird* score ("the master's first masterpiece") was welcomed in these pages for the poetic quality of its interpretation, its superlative orchestral playing, and its warm-toned recording.







CONCERTO

CHOPIN: Piano Concerto No. 1, in E Minor, Op. 11. Artur Rubinstein (piano); New Symphony Orchestra of London, Stanislav Skrowaczewski cond. RCA VICTOR LSC 2575, LM 2575.

Reviewed here as a best-of-month selection, this release was cited as an ideal solution of the problem of the Chopin concerto, with Rubinstein presenting it as "a long introspective poem for piano."

CHAMBER MUSIC



BEETHOVEN: Serenade in D Major. KODÁLY: Duo for Violin and Cello. Jascha Heifetz (violin), William Primrose (viola), Gregor Piatigorsky (cello). RCA VICTOR LSC 2550, LM 2550.

This issue, cited for special merit, completed the Heifetz-Primrose-Piatigorsky recording of the five Beethoven string trios with "electrifying" playing, and was "wonderfully precise" and "stylistically elegant."







SOLO INSTRUMENTAL

CARLOS MONTOYA: Malagueña. Carlos Montoya (guitar). La Virgen de la Macarena; Andalucia; and eight others. RCA VICTOR LSP 2380, LPM 2380.

Called "the finest, most completely realized program he has thus far put on discs," this issue by the flamenco master was reviewed as a best-of-month selection—"a magnificent evocation of the passionate and *misterioso* instrumental music of the Spanish Gypsy."



VERDI: Aida. Leontyne Price, Rita Gorr, Jon Vickers, Robert Merrill, Giorgio Tozzi, Plinio Clabassi; Rome Opera House Orchestra and Chorus, Georg Solti cond. RCA VICTOR LSC 6158, LM 6158 (three 12-inch discs).

The stellar cast of this second stereo Aida was rated "an impressario's dream," with the sound representing "the last word in tonal splendor."







CHORUS

ROBERT SHAW: 23 Glee Club Favorites. Men of the Robert Shaw Chorale. Five Reasons; The Pope; and twenty others. RCA VICTOR LSC 2598, LM 2598.

This issue was recommended in these pages as a gleeclub showcase. "The gentlemen who sing it can turn with equal ease from the ho-ho-ing of *Landlord*, *Fill the Flowing Bowl* to the tenderest emotions of Schubert and Schumann."

READERS' CHOICE

HANINI, NU SITI

CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA

HANDEL: Messiah. Joan Sutherland, Grace Bumbry, Kenneth McKellar, David Ward, London Symphony Orchestra and Chorus; Sir Adrian Boult cond. LON-DON OSA 1329, A 4327 (three 12-inch discs).

Of the three complete stereo *Messiahs*, this "soloistoriented" issue was considered here to deserve a special-merit citation for "the most consistent level of technical and musical competence. . . ."







BILLIE HOLIDAY: The Golden Years. Billie Holiday (vocals); various orchestras. Forty-eight selections. COLUMBIA C3L 21 (three 12-inch discs).

These "classic examples of the art of the greatest jazz singer we have had" constitute "an indispensable collection," spelling out the definition: "That's what a jazz singer is," and clarifying "what all the fuss about Billie Holiday is about."

VOCAL RECITAL



LEONTYNE PRICE: Swing Low, Sweet Chariot. Leontyne Price; orchestra and chorus, Leonard dePaur cond. His Name So Sweet; On Ma Journey; and twelve others. RCA VICTOR LSC 2600, LM 2600.

It was noted here that Miss Price's approach to spirituals was "straightforward," possessing "dignity and understanding." But her overarranged accompaniment was criticized for being somewhat "overpowering."





in.



KINGSTON TRIO: Something Special. Kingston Trio; orchestra, Jimmie Haskell cond. Little Boy; Away Rio; Jane, Jane, Jane; and nine others. CAPITOL ST 1747, T 1747.

This set was reviewed here as an example of a celebrated group coasting on "the excitement it generated in the old hard-driving days," with a loss of "youthful rhythmic drive" accentuating vocal weaknesses.



FILM SCORE

WEST SIDE STORY (Leonard Bernstein-Stephen Sondheim). Sound-track recording, Johnny Green cond. COLUMBIA OS 2070, OL 5670.

"Musically," said our best-of-month reviewer, the movie sound-track recording of Leonard Bernstein's score is "just as exciting, just as touching" as the stage version, and is "dramatically stronger" and "even more affecting."







JUDY GARLAND: Judy at Carnegie Hall. Judy Garland; orchestra, Mort Lindsey cond. Twenty-eight selections. CAPITOL SWBO 1569, WBO 1569 (two 12-inch discs).

Recorded at the celebrated Carnegie Hall event, these songs (said our critic, in a best-of-month review) are "mesmeric" and "as personal as entries in a diary," with Judy "at the top of her form."

JANUARY 1963

THE ART OF THE ALBUM

BOUT FOURTEEN years ago, the recording industry handed the American commercial artist a blank cardboard envelope exactly twelve and three-eighths inches square and said, "Put something eye-catching on this, preferably something connected with the record inside." And certain companies apparently added a codicil: "If you can't figure out a connection, just keep the customer in a state of shock while he reaches for his billfold."

Today the more orgiastic album art—close-miked bosoms (as pertaining to everything but Bach's B Minor Mass) and naughtily gartered thighs (terrific for Offenbach!)—has all but disappeared. Most topflight jacket designers today have come to grips with the creative issue involved, which is the invention of a new and appropriate art of the album, respectful of its size, its squareness, and, above all, its peculiar two-dimensionality. For the record album, as a portable physical object, is in effect a pure Euclidean plane.

In the opinion of HIFI/STEREO REVIEW's editors, the seven handsome jackets here reproduced—chosen from a field of many dozens as the best of 1962—have met these challenges triumphantly and with notable taste. Turning the flatness of the given pictorial field

into a positive asset, Atlantic's Coltrane album uses pure typography with imagination to create a powerful and unmistakably contemporary pattern. Caedmon's "Beowulf" jacket interprets the archaic poetry within by superimposing a starkly calligraphic Carolingian portrait on an ancient specimen of manuscript writing. Vanguard's abstract bird for the Vaughan Williams Fantasia is a buoyant image of two-dimensional flight. Imaging the metaphysical poetry of John Donne, Caedmon offers a richly sombre representation, in a linear technique, of Donne's three principal themes: desire, time, and death. The jacket for Atlantic's Modern Jazz Quartet makes a zestful game of pure decoration by analyzing the disjointed elements of a Commedia dell'Arte Harlequin. And two albums exploit the plane surface as a basis for primitive basrelief : Verve's Cal Tjader jacket and Riverside's Dizzy Gillespie album. The latter figure, for all its apparent modernity, was discovered in the 1880's in French Equatorial Africa, where an unknown native artist had left it (with several companion picces) on the walls of his house. Adopting this indigenous folk art to an American jazz library, Riverside's art director, Ken Deardoff, has created one of the most-discussed album series of the past year.

Atlantic's Modern Jazz Quartet album was designed by Loring Eutemey.



Beowulf Montagre hælo tan Galehel prodan mygua j ma FF Trixas pricia her mann bauna jenynan him

Caedmon's "Beowulf" jacket is by Ben Robinson; Riverside's Dizzy Gillespie album (below) was designed by Riverside art director Ken Deardorff.





Fritz Eichenberg designed Caedmon's John Donne album (right); Verve's Cal Tjader jacket (below) is a John Morello design executed by Blake Hampton.

> CAL TJADER PLAYS THE CONTEMPORARY MUSIC-OF MEXICO AND BRAZIL







VAUGHAN WILLIAMS FANTASIA ON A THEME BY

VAUGHAN WILLIAMS FANTASIA ON A THEME BY THOMAS TALLIS FANTASIA ON GREENSLEEVES NORFOLK RHAPSODY FOLK SONG SUITE Atlantic's "Olé" jacket is by John Jagel and Bob Slutzki; Vanguard's Vaughan Williams album is by Richard Schiffer.

JANUARY 1963



MUSIC, ACOUSTICS, AND ARCHITECTURE

A REVIEW OF AN IMPORTANT NEW BOOK ON THE SCIENCE OF CONCERT-HALL DESIGN BY THE ACOUSTICAL CONSULTANT FOR LINCOLN CENTER'S PHILHARMONIC HALL By EDGAR VILLCHUR

HERE IS an excitement about musical sound in a concert hall that is never quite equaled in the hi-fi-equipped living room. Over and above the drama of the live performance there is a special quality to the sound itself, which has an aura of spaciousness. In reproduction this quality may at worst be converted to direct, hard tone; the subtle resinous bite of the strings can become hi-fi rasp.

Dr. Leo Beranek, distinguished M.I.T. lecturer and acoustical consultant for Lincoln Center's Philharmonic Hall, manages to convey some of this excitement in the pages of his recently published *Music, Acoustics,* and Architecture (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, N.Y., \$17.50). He also makes it clear that a concert hall is not merely a passive device to keep out weather and noise. The concert hall has a positive role. It influences and shapes the sound, and forms part of the composer's and performer's musical intent, just as do the musical instruments.

This is an important concept, and one that needed reaffirming. Much of today's recorded and broadcast sound consists of the raw output of instruments playing in acoustically dead studios. (Concert halls with dry, dead acoustics, says Beranek, have come to be known as hi-fi halls.) A similar over-hard effect is produced when the voice of a singer is picked up by a microphone only a few inches away. The author quotes Joseph Wechsberg on hearing Wagner from the orchestra pit, where the hall has not yet colored the sound :

... [the conductor's] downbeat was followed by a crashing fortissimo that made me jump. The brassy clamor was amplified a hundred times by the walls of the pit, and it seemed inconceivable that this horrible racket should emerge in the auditorium as pure tonal beauty. A large section of Music, Acoustics, and Architecture is devoted to the construction and acoustics of fifty-four of the world's concert halls. Recognizing that these halls should serve artistic ends, Beranek has interviewed conductors, musicians, and music critics who know them. and records their reactions.

They express themselves in language reminiscent of hi-fi talk. For example, here are two conductors commenting on New York's Carnegie Hall: "It has excellent high-frequency brilliance, but the middle- and low-frequency brilliance is not the best. There is a lack of body in the sound. The hall is extremely directional. ... " and "This hall should have more lows and just a little less of the extreme highs." A conductor on Rochester's Eastman Theatre: "There is not a noble sound, it is a bit harsh. The Eastman Theatre does nothing to the sound." Bruno Walter said of Vienna's Grosser Musikvereinssaal: "This is certainly the finest hall in the world. It has beauty of sound and power." Herbert von Karajan notes of the same hall: "The sound is very full. It is rich in bass and good for high strings. One shortcoming is that the technical attack of instruments-bows and lips-gets lost. . . It has characteristics the opposite of a recording studio." (Beranek says von Karajan tends to favor dry halls.)

Isaac Stern describes Vancouver's Queen Elizabeth Theatre as having "almost a clinical accuracy." Conductor Irwin Hoffman says of this hall: "... the basses and the lower strings on the cellos are not strong in tutti passages, giving the strings a somewhat brittle sound." A music critic comments on Berlin's Musikhochschule Konzertsaal: "The sound is hard and glassy." *BBC Quarterly* notes that Philharmonic Hall in Liverpool has a low-frequency boom in the region of 110 cycles. One of the things that emerges from these interviews is that there is general agreement on the qualities of various halls. The interviews also confirm the author's point that different types of halls are suitable for different types of music. Beranek goes so far as to say that Bach adapted his musical style in the B Minor Mass and St. Matthew Passion to the acoustics of the Thomaskirche, a church with a lower reverberation time than the older cathedrals. The acoustics allowed string parts to be heard, and did not blur sounds played in brisk tempo.

Beranek also relates the contrast of styles of Stokowski and Koussevitsky—the former with a long, flowing melodic line, and the latter with a clean precision and abrupt attacks and releases—to the acoustics of the home concert halls of each of these conductors. The Philadelphia Academy was dry, and needed the orchestra's help in sustaining tone, since its reverberation time was low. Boston Symphony Hall, Koussevitsky's base, provided a reverberant cloak to the musical sound so that slight imprecisions would not be audible.

Baroque music, with its small instrumental groups, counterpoint, and fast movements, was written for halls with lower reverberation times. Romantic music does not require the listener to separate each voice to the extent that Baroque and classical music does, and it thrives in an acoustical environment that is full and does not have high definition.

An extreme example of a hall suitable only for Romantic music is London's Royal Albert Hall, with an audience capacity of 7,000. Conductors have called it "one of the world's worst halls," "two of everything for the price of one" (a reference to the echo), and "too large and too long a reverberation time." Beranek

The sound-reflecting ceiling panels of Lincoln Center's Philharmonic Hall are intended to provide the intimacy of a small hall and yet preserve the reverberation time of a larger hall.



describes a concert he attended at the Royal Albert, in which he found a Grieg piano concerto very unsatisfying in sound quality. He continues:

But then the orchestra played Tchaikovsky's *Overture 1812*... The great organ sounded out at the climax and the 'cannon' boomed forth ... The chimes clanged loudly through their part and, finally, in combination with the military fanfare theme, the *Russian Imperial Anthem* thundered forth. The echo enhanced the gunfire, the chimes, and the fanfare. The general reverberation swelled with the increased vigor of the composition. Above all, the great organ sounded like the voice of Jupiter. The audience was left breathless and tingling. It is for these moments of ecstasy that the Albert Hall continues to exist.

L HE OTHER extreme in acoustics is the dry hall with high definition and low reverberation time. An example is Royal Festival Hall in London. Sir Malcolm Sargent is quoted as saying: "Here the acoustics are first-class with regard to clarity, in fact frighteningly so... One never gets the feel of a tremendous sound of a resonant chording. The part writing is always too clear when chordal climaxes are desired."

Most of the other conductors and music critics questioned about Royal Festival Hall also thought that there was too much definition and clarity, that it had a hard, overly precise quality that made sections of the orchestra sound as if they were isolated groups rather than part of an ensemble (shades of ping-pong stereo!). Leopold Stokowski said : "In the Royal Festival Hall the double basses simply cannot be heard. ... There is also lack of sound diffusion. In this hall the sound is metallic and tinny. There is no warmth." Sir Adrian Boult told Beranek: "The Royal Festival Hall has amazing clarity and textural exactness. I would say that the designers tried so hard to project the sound outward that though a pianissimo string quartet will comfortably reach the back row of the top gallery, the extremes of fortissimo take on a rather hard quality and any forcing of tone by voices or brass instruments can become most unpleasant."

Yet there was general agreement that the hall was good for piano and chamber music, or music requiring high definition for contrapuntal lines. Two conductors liked Royal Festival Hall very much, providing a rare case of head-on difference of opinion about the acoustics of a particular hall among men in a position to judge. Von Karajan, already noted as having a taste for dry acoustics, considers it the best of the modern halls. He praises the tonal quality and says that there is perfect blend on short forte chords. Stanislav Skrowaczewski comments: "I could hear each instru-

••• ACOUSTICS •••

ment distinctly, without losing good blend. I certainly liked the wonderful transparency."

Beranek himself considers the hall very good for appropriate music, including modern, except for the lack of bass. He concludes that one hall cannot be all things to all people, although he does not believe that hall acoustics are merely a matter of taste.

Another example of a hall that has been criticized for dryness but is well liked for certain types of music (or for speech) is Kresge Auditorium, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, for which Beranek's firm acted as acoustical consultants. Some of the comments have been : "For a full symphony orchestra, the reverberation is too short, the sound is too dry," and "The sound is somewhat too clear for full orchestra, but the hall is excellent for chamber music and piano."

There is much in *Music, Acoustics, and Architecture* that applies directly to high-fidelity reproduction, and I would like to digress a bit. Since the influence of the concert hall on the quality of musical sound is part of the intent of the composer, the performing musician, and the instrument maker, this influence cannot properly be left out of a recording or broadcast. To project the sound devoid of hall color into a living room is to be unfaithful to this intent. Living rooms provide poor acoustical environments for almost any kind of music, even string quartets.

This is not to say that the ideal listening-room environment for reproduced music—once the acoustics of the hall are included in the recorded signal—is an anechoic chamber (an acoustically dead enclosure). A very dead listening room, because of lack of reflections, increases the listener's sense of sound traveling along a narrow path between his ears and the speaker, or, even worse, along two narrow "stereo" paths. In either case such an effect is most unnatural, taking concert-hall sound as the norm. But Beranek goes on to make this observation:

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One wonders whether listening to radio, phonograph, and television in non-reverberant living rooms, even with reverberation artificially introduced, may accustom us to demand music with high definition and low fullness of tone. If so, one can foresee a time when the music of the Romantic period will pass from the repertoires of our symphony orchestras, and new compositions will be matched to the acoustics of the living room. Concert halls, if there is still any need for them, will then be built with low ceilings shaped to guide the sound directly from the performing group to the listeners, with high intimacy, high definition, and low fullness of tone.

This is a chilling thought. I personally am not so pessimistic; I do not think music will be wagged by its electronic tail. If the high-fidelity public keeps in touch with live music it will demand concert hall sound in reproduction. Live concerts ought to be part of every hi-fi show.

DR. BERANEK outlines a new rating system for concert halls that is a major contribution to the field. Mystery and cant are replaced by an analysis that will be of intense interest both to acoustical specialists and to concertgoers. He applies this rating system to the concert halls studied, and compares the results with the subjective evaluations of musical experts, reporting excellent correlation. Concert halls that rate at the top include Boston Symphony Hall, Vienna's Grosser Musikvereinssaal, and Amsterdam's Concertgebouw.

Beranek arrives at a numerical rating for a hall by assigning 40 points out of a total perfect score of 100 to intimacy or presence, 15 points to liveness (rever-



London is the home of two of the world's least-satisfactory concert halls. Royal Albert Hall (left) is so echo-prone musicians remark it provides "two of everything for the price of one." Royal Festival Hall (right) is usually judged to lack tonal warmth. beration time at middle and high frequencies), 15 points to warmth (reverberation time at low frequencies, which largely determines the hall's "bass response"), 10 points to clarity, etc. Points are subtracted from the total for such negative characteristics as echo, noise, and distortion.

The sense of intimacy, which the author counts so heavily, is controlled by the time lapse between the direct sound and the first reflected sound at the ears of the listener. When this time lapse is relatively long the sound lacks intimacy. A small concert hall has intimacy, but the effect can also be achieved in a large hall by hanging panels below the main ceiling. These provide reflections similar to those of a small hall while preserving the longer reverberation time associated with a high ceiling. Intimacy can also be achieved in a large but narrow hall, where the path length of the reflected sound from the walls is not very much greater than that of the direct sound.

There will undoubtedly be discussion concerning the relative weightings in Beranek's system. Questions of the proper amount of each qualitative element for a particular hall must still be settled. The consensus of comment by music critics on Lincoln Center's Philharmonic Hall, for example, even after some tuning, points to insufficient warmth and too much intimacy and clarity. But I believe the value of the book's basic analytic approach will remain.

ATTENDED Philharmonic Hall during its second week. At the price of a sacrifice of concert manners I was able to sample the sound from three widely separated seats in the orchestra. The hanging ceiling panels did their work : from all three seats the orchestra had a dramatic immediacy that contributed to making the concert a moving experience. (When the orchestral sound is remote, there tends to be less of an immediate emotional engagement on the part of the listener.) Stimulating as was this intimate sound, I found it overly hard, a little too loud from the front seats, and, most important of all, lacking that airy, spacious quality I have always looked for in a concert hall. The quality was more like that of Kresge Auditorium than Carnegic Hall or Boston Symphony Hall.

I attended Boston Symphony Hall within a week of hearing the concert at Philharmonic Hall. I was again able to change scats, and had the good fortune to hear the same type of music. My memory had not served me falsely: the qualities I had missed in New York were present in Boston. The orchestra remained at a greater distance, and the hall gave support, color, and spaciousness to the sound. A Boston music critic once wrote that Boston Symphony Hall "is to the orchestra what a Stradivarius is to a great violinist." Philharmonic Hall reminded me more of a cold, clear glass window than an interpretive instrument. Dr. Beranek has said that it will take a year to tune Philharmonic Hall properly. I, for one, hope its intimacy will be reduced in favor of more liveness and warmth.

At \$17.50 a throw, everyone with an interest in music is not likely to rush out and buy Dr. Beranck's book. It will, I think, profoundly influence concert-hall design in the future, particularly because of its analysis of the elements that contribute to musical objectives. It is unusual for a book to appeal to both the professional and the layman. This book has that dual interest, at least so far as the music-loving section of the laity is concerned. If you didn't get it for Christmas, and don't want to pay the asking price, I recommend a trip to the public library.

Edgar Villchur, once an instructor at New York University, left academic life when he invented acoustic-suspension loudspeakers in the mid-Fifties. He is now president of Acoustic Research, Inc., a firm that manufactures loudspeakers and turntables.



Two of the best concert halls in existence are Vienna's Grosser Musikvereinssaal (left). which Bruno Walter termed the finest in the world: and Boston's Symphony Hall (right), the first hall designed in accordance with scientifically derived acoustic principles.



Low Gain

Q. My amplifier and preamp are all right, the cartridge and the pickup cables are new and check out well. Yet in order to get the volume I once got with the volume control set at one o'clock I now have to crank it up all the way. What might be wrong?

H. FENSTER New York, N. Y.

A. There are very few defects that will cause both channels of a stereo system to lose gain simultaneously, so I would be inclined to suspect a mismatch between the pickup and the preamp.

If the new cartridge is the same type you had before, chances are it is plugged into the wrong inputs, i.e., it may be in the high-level magnetic phono inputs instead of the low-level ones. Or maybe it was formerly connected to the highgain tape-head inputs, and is now in the correct inputs.

If the new cartridge is a different type, it may simply not have cnough output to drive your amplifier adequately. If so, you'll have to add stepup transformers at the inputs of the preamplifiers.

Cone Flop

Q. When strong transients, from plucked violins, for example, come through my system, my woofer cone moves back and forth an inch or more. I note this effect to the same degree whether I use a magnetic or a ceramic cartridge. What causes this, and how might I cure it?

BILL WARRICK Seaside, Calif.

A. That this disturbance occurs with the same severity regardless of the pickup cartridge indicates that the cartridge output—the transient —is triggering some instability elsewhere in the system. Low-frequency instability of this kind is generally the fault of the power amplifier, which may have a defective filter capacitor, or may simply be poorly designed. Have the amplifier checked by a factory-authorized repair agency.

TV Hum

Q. My system is plagued with a buzzing hum that has me completely stumped. The hum is present and unvarying regardless of the settings of the preamp's selector, bass, volume, and so on. The volume of the noise changes considerably when I move the shielded cables running from the preamp to the power amplifier The cables are about eight feet long, and shifting or even touching them produces changes in the hum level.

I live within a quarter-mile of a powerful TV transmitter, and a friend suggested that some part of the TV signal is being picked up and converted into 60-cycle hum. Indeed, when the station is off the air, the hum is gone. My friend said there is nothing that can be done about this interference. Can you prove him wrong?

> ANTHONY J. PASQUARELLO Columbus, Ohio.

A. Your friend is right that some part of the TV signal could produce hum. The picture transmission carries a synchronizing pulse that locks



the picture in place at the receiver to prevent rolling. The pulse recurs sixty times a second—a rate of 60 cycles and is a sharp blip, explaining why it sounds like a buzz in your system.

Evidently, your preamp-to-amplifier interconnecting cables are picking up the picture transmission, and some nonlinearity later in the system is rectifying the powerful synchronizing pulses. The easiest solution is to minimize the pickup of the signal by changing the resonant condition set up in the cables.

Try shorter interconnecting cables, that are not even fractions of eight feet—your cables may be a precise fraction of the TV signal's wavelength, increasing their efficiency as TV antennas. Also, try changing the length of your speaker leads. These, too, may be picking up the signal. If the interference persists, you may have to replace your interconnecting cables with two-conductor shielded mike cables. At the preamp end of these cables, connect only the inner conductors to the output socket, using the black wire for ground. Ground the cable shield and the black wire at the power amplifier input.

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Silent Light

Q. I am planning to install my equipment in a cabinet, and would like to illuminate the record player compartment. Will a light induce any interference in the tuner? Could I use a fluorescent lamp?

> Col. M. M. LAWSON APO, San Francisco, Calif.

A. You had better steer clear of the fluorescent lamp, as there is a good chance that this will cause audible interference with your phono as well as the tuner. As long as you keep the wiring away from audio circuits, incandescent bulbs will not cause interference problems.

Suffering Sibilants

Q. In recording onto tape from stereo discs, I find that all goes reasonably well until a singer pronounces a word with a strong "s" in it. In playback, this creates a hissing distortion, as if the gain had been set too high in recording.

My recording method is direct and should be as distortion-free as is possible. I plug the magnetic-pickup's output leads directly into the recorder's microphone inputs. When I listen through this setup, without recording onto tape, I hear no hissing sounds.

> PHILIP A. IVES New York, N. Y.

A. If this setup ever sounds satisfactory, I am surprised. A microphone input will not provide either the bass boost or the treble reduction that is needed to compensate for the frequency-response characteristics of modern discs. Your sound will be almost completely lacking in bass, and will have far too much treble.

The excess treble causes the difficulty in recording sibilant sounds. Their highfrequency energy, the excess of treble from the discs, and the treble boost normally used in a tape recorder to get flat response while recording are simply overloading your tape.

You will have to feed your pickup into a stereo preamplifier.

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW'S THE TOP RECORDINGS BESTOF THE MONTH



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A NEW TOUCHSTONE FOR DVOŘÁK'S CELLO CONCERTO

Starker and Dorati blend lyricism with power in spectacular stereo

FTER hearing a performance of Victor Herbert's Second Cello Concerto during his American sojourn, Antonin Dvořák composed his own vehicle for the instrument in 1895 before he left this country. A new interpretation by Janos Starker and the London Symphony Orchestra conducted by Antal Dorati confirms my opinion that



JANOS STARKER Challenging Casals's cello supremacy

it and Bloch's *Schelomo* are the lone works of the cello repertoire of genuinely heroic stature. At the same time, as might be expected, Dvořák leavened his heroic materials with a melodic prodigality that should endear him to any cello soloist, and provided as well a splendidly colorful orchestral accompaniment.

Such a work is done justice only by the finest solo playing, and orchestral cooperation on the same exalted level. Until now, the Pablo Casals-George Szell collaboration of 1938, now on Angel COLH 30, has been the touchstone for all performances. This new recording seriously challenges the musical supremacy of the earlier one. Save for the occasional lack of rhythmic tension on Dorati's part for example, the statement of the opening theme and the mighty orchestral outbursts midway in the slow movement

Ever since Janos Starker startled listeners in (continued overleaf)

the mid-1940's with his performance of the Kodály Unaccompanied Cello Sonata, this artist has bid fair to equal the great Casals himself. Subsequent Starker recordings of virtually the whole cello repertoire culminate in this, his second go at the Dvořák. From start to finish, there is not the slightest trace of technical insecurity or uncertainty of conception on the part of the soloist or, for that matter, the conductor. The playing of the London Symphony throughout is wholly worthy of the rapport between Starker and Dorati.

Mercury's recording is among the finest the company has done over the past decade. The solidity and impact of the orchestral bass line —something sadly missing from too many recent stereo discs—is particularly spectacular.

The Bruch Kol Nidrei gets a properly soulful reading, but it must be said that this rather saccharine music is shown up by the Dvořák masterpiece. David Hall

S DVOŘÁK: Concerto for Cello, in B Minor, Op. 104. BRUCH: Kol Nidrei, Op. 47. Janos Starker (cello); London Symphony Orchestra, Antal Dorati cond. MERCURY SR 90303 \$5.98, MG 50303* \$4.98.

NEW TONAL HEIGHTS IN BRAHMS'S *REQUIEM*

Klemperer, Schwarzkopf, and Fischer-Dieskau in an unrivalled performance for Angel

NGEL'S new release of the Brahms German Requiem has the several requisites of a major triumph. First, an up-to-date stereo treatment of this work is most welcome to augment other praiseworthy but sonically outdated efforts. Then, the new set brings together two soloists whose exceptional contributions to previous recordings of this score are fondly remembered by Brahms fans: Elisabeth Schwarzkopf (on Columbia SL 157, von Karajan conducting) and Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau (on RCA Victor LM 6050, Kempe conducting). Finally, Otto Klemperer presides over the vocalists and the splendid Philharmonia Orchestra.

Happily, everything lives up to the expectations aroused by these factors. Klemperer fuses the excellent solo and choral singing brilliantly. His reading is firm and vigorous, reverential but without the turgid solemnity that often hovers over performances of this majestic score. He



ELISABETH SCHWARZKOPF Tonal loveliness for awe-inspiring Brahms

obtains grandeur without overstatement, and the Philharmonia responds to his leadership with luminous tone and superb discipline.

Both soloists are in top form. Schwarzkopf's tones float with crystalline loveliness, Fischer-Dieskau's are projected with dignity and eloquence. The baritone's singing was already a model of tonal beauty and expressive fervor in his first recording of the *Requiem* several years ago. Now, enriched by deeper maturity and a more assured sense of style, it is unsurpassable. He also enunciates with remarkable clarity, an achievement not always matched here by Miss Schwarzkopf.

While the German Requiem is hardly an opportunity for sonic fireworks, stereo has been employed to the best musical ends in this recording. In the choral climaxes alluding to the Last Judgment in Part Six, for instance, the widespread sonorities are awe-inspiring. For the most part, however, richness and depth are emphasized over spread and channel separation.

George Jellinek **9 BRAHMS:** Ein Deutsches Requiem, Op. 45. Elisabeth Schwarzkopf (soprano); Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau (baritone); Ralph Downes (organ); Philharmonia Chorus, Reinhold Schmid (chorusmaster); Philharmonia Orchestra, Otto Klemperer cond. An-GEL S 3624 two 12-inch discs \$11.98, 3624 \$9.98.

* ENTERTAINMENT *

A CLASSIC ENGLISH NOVEL BECOMES A HIT MUSICAL

Dickens's low-life London comes raffishly alive in Oliver!

HILE America's pre-eminence in the field of musical theater has not yet been seriously challenged, there is no doubt that the English musical stage is currently enjoying a renaissance. Among its brighter lights is Lionel Bart, whose score for the imported Oliver! was recorded by RCA Victor even before the New York opening. A musical version of Dickens's Oliver Twist, it should win Mr. Bart further recognition on this side of the Atlantic. In words and music it is a remarkable evocation of the raffish spirit of London in the 1830's, and it captures in an engaging fashion the personalities of the book's characters: the innocent Oliver, the sly Fagin, and the trusting Nancy.

What is particularly admirable is that Mr. Bart's songs consistently convey the period flavor. He has, in fact, taken many of his musical cues from the street cries and popular music-hall songs of the day, thus giving a stylistic unity to his score. Boy for Sale, sung by Willoughby Goddard as he shuttles back and forth between the speakers, chillingly conjures up a situation all too common in Dickens's day. In Who Will Buy?, a song is created with seeming spontaneity out of street-vendor cries. Consider Yourself, It's a Fine Life, and Oom-Pah-Pah give us a taste of the uninhibited self-mocking gaiety of the town's low-lifes.

The main ballad of the show, As Long As He Needs Me, is a doleful lament of self-sacrifice, sung with well-controlled pathos by Georgia Brown. The two solos for Fagin, delivered with Cockney relish by Clive Revill, tellingly reveal the man's mischief and humor, and Bruce Prochnik conveys all the urgent hopes of the muchabused Oliver in Where Is Love?

RCA has provided good, though slightly sharp, sound, and has used stereo with marked dramatic effectiveness throughout. The customary outlines and photographs are included on the jacket,



BRUCE PROCHNIK AND CLIVE REVILL Tuneful imported mischief and the back cover is given over to a tribute to producer David Merrick. Stanley Green

(B) OLIVER! (Lionel Bart). Original-cast recording. Clive Revill, Georgia Brown, Bruce Prochnik, Willoughby Goddard, Hope Jackman, Danny Sewell, Michael Goodman; orchestra and chorus, Donald Pippin cond. RCA VICTOR LSOD 2004 \$5.98, LOCD 2004* \$4.98.

THE NEW DIVERSITY OF JOAN BAEZ

A major folk artist accommodates her personal style to many moods

N JOAN BAEZ'S third

Vanguard album, entitled "Joan Baez in Concert," the young folk singer takes on the challenge of a wider range of material, and succeeds in imparting to all of it her unusually compelling expressive power and purity of sound. To the traditional, dark ballads at which she excels— *Black Is the Color, Geordie,* and *Matty Groves*— Miss Bacz adds intriguingly diverse elements that reveal her full emotional expressivity.

Miss Bacz has been criticized of late for being too cool. But in this recital the Brazilian love song *Ate Amanha* crackles with zestful sensuality. She also brings to poignant but incisive life the story of a beleaguered Gold Coast girl in the African *Danger Waters*. Miss Bacz's growing interest in and affinity for country music are represented by *Copper Kettle*, a moonshining song, and *Gospel Ship*, an urgent white spiritual. Another preoccupation of Miss Bacz is the peace movement, and she has found in Malvina Reynolds's *What Have They Done to The Rain* a new song that makes a chilling anti-test point at the same time it has considerable musical interest.

Throughout this heterogeneous material, Joan Baez is firmly herself. She has been criticized, too, for having an impregnable individuality by those who would like her to sing in a more ethnic or traditional manner. But she realizes that with her voice and her background, she can be much more effective by absorbing the varied musical elements of her repertoire into her own singular perspective. She bends enough to phrase in the style on country tunes, and she shows an understanding of the narrative curve that must be maintained in ballads of British origin. But she never tries to imitate the authentic folk style. Miss Baez respects the essential lineaments of



JOAN BAEZ Distilled intensity, remarkable musicianship

each tradition, but brings a strong sense of her own epoch's feelings to her interpretations.

None of this deeply personal sense of direction would be effective, of course, without Miss Baez's remarkable musicianship. She has thorough control of her voice. There is no break, for example, in its clarity or color in the most pianissimo passages. Furthermore, her unerringly exact phrasing permits no wasted emphases. The words central to the song's mood are subtly set in relief without distorting the line of the story. In short, unlike many folk singers, she does not italicize, but goes instead for the core of each song.

The engineering is excellent, though there is no advantage to the stereo version. In fact, the narrowness of focus of the monophonic recording better fits the distilled intensity of this girl and her guitar. Nat Hentoff

③ ④ JOAN BAEZ: In Concert. Joan Baez (vocals and guitar). Kumbaya; Danger Waters; House Carpenter; Lady Mary; and nine others. VANGUARD VSD 2122 \$5.95, VRS 9112* \$4.98.

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Bernstein and the Philharmonic capture the sweep and splendor of this triumphant symphony. Dvořák: Symphony No. 5 in E Minor ("From the New World")–Leonard Bernstein, Conductor; New York Philharmonic



The towering first symphony by Jean Sibelius authoritatively interpreted by Maestro Ormandy and The Philadelphia Orchestra. Sibelius: Symphony No. 1 in E Minor Eugene Ormandy, Conductor; The Philadelphia Orchestra





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classics

Reviewed by WILLIAM FLANAGAN . DAVID HALL

GEORGE JELLINEK . IGOR KIPNIS

Explanation of symbols: ==monophonic recording ==stereophonic recording ==mono or stereo version not received for review

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

● BACH: Brandenburg Concertos. Gareth Morris and Arthur Ackroyd (flutes); Sidney Sutcliffe, Stanley Smith, and Peter Newbury (oboes); Cecil James (bassoon); Adolf Scherbaum (trumpet); Alan Civil and André Woodburn (horns); Hugh Bean (violin); George Malcolm (harpsichord); Philharmonia Orchestra, Otto Klemperer cond. ANGEL S 3627 two 12-inch discs \$11.96, 3627* \$9.96.

Interest: Klemperer Performance: Immaculate Recording: Well-balanced Stereo Quality: Good

The most impressive thing about this latest set of the six Brandenburg Concertos is the high level of instrumental playing. For sheer ensemble work, beauty of tone, balance, and precision, this album is undoubtedly the best of all available versions. Otto Klemperer's solid manner here is very much as it was in his previous recordings of these concertos, made seventeen years ago for Vox and unfortunately very poorly recorded. His interpretations are thoroughly sincere, his tempos are logical and not rushed. But, on the other hand, dramatic excitement is often lacking. A good example is No. 5, which has the advantage here of the best balance of the violin, flute, and harpsichord to be found on discs. George Malcolm's harpsichord playing is wonderfully smooth, although the brilliance of the solo cadenza, perhaps in keeping with the performance itself, seems deliberately underplayed. The liveliest of the set is No. 4-Klemperer uses flutes rather than recorders-but the remaining concertos are somewhat sober. One cannot help admiring the lovely string sounds of No. 3, but the conductor makes no effort to supply a slow movement or improvisation for the two-chord cadence that separates the fast movements. Neither Klemperer's phrasing and articulation nor his treatment of omaments are as appropriate to the music as Thurston Dart's exciting and scholarly performances on L'Oiseau-Lyre, nor do his interpretations have the warmth of Menuhin's for Capitol. The recorded sound is superb, and the difficult problems of balance have been solved with remarkable success. I. K.

BACH: Six Sonatas and Partitas for Unaccompanied Violin. Joseph Szigeti (violin). VANGUARD BG 627/9 three 12-inch discs \$9.96.

Interest: Szigeti's Bach Performance: Much to admire Recording: Very good

Just over thirty years ago, Columbia issued the first disc performances of the G Minor and A Minor unaccompanied Violin Sonatas. Joseph Szigeti, the performer, has since had a long and distinin view of the over-all musicality and depth here one cannot object to such anachronisms. His sincerity, drive, and rhythmic vitality are not easy to duplicate even among the younger virtuosos. In short these are the summing up of a lifetime of association with this music.

But no amount of adulation of Szigeti the musician can negate the fact that the violinist was long past his prime when these taxing works were recorded. Most apparent to the ear is the lack of control in the bow arm: great unevenness of tone results. This is more evident in the slow movements than the fast, although in such a staggering section as the fugue from the C Major Sonata, the technical demands simply prevent Szigeti from maintaining a steady rhythmic pulse. Some of the rapid movements, for instance the "double" of the Courante in the first Partita or the final Presto from the G Minor Sonata, are comparatively free from strain and technically impres-



ALBAN BERG (PORTRAIT BY ARNOLD SCHOENBERG) In his masterpiece, medals for Stern and Bernstein

guished association with the six Bach Sonatas and Partitas. His readings of these works in concert have been praised by audiences for years, yet it is only on the anniversary of the violinist's seventieth birthday that we are finally given a new, complete set on records.

To an extent, Szigeti belongs to an older school of Bach playing, one that makes more use of gypsy-like slides and portamentos than today's performers, but sive, but the sustained movements—the Grave from the Sonata in A Minor, for example—are distracting and almost uncomfortable to hear. I. K.

BALAKIREV: Islamey (see MOUS-SORGSKY).

RECORDING	OF	SPECIAL	MERIT
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S BARTOK: Two Rhapsodies for

Violin and Orchestra. BERG: Violin Concerto. Isaac Stern (violin); New York Philharmonic, Leonard Bernstein cond. Columbia MS 6373 \$5.98, ML 5773* \$4.98.

Interest: Modern masterpiece Performance: Electric Recording: Superb Stereo Quality: A-1

It is by common consent that Alban Berg represents the triumph of humanism over method where the twelve-tone techniques are concerned, and his opera *Wozzeck* has probably done more than any single work to bring public acceptance to the chillingly abstract intellectual conceits of Arnold Schoenberg.

But Berg's Violin Concerto, surely a less celebrated work than the opera, may very likely be his masterpiece. Certainly, there is no work in the repertoire of serious music quite like it—none that parallels the near-religious conviction that lies behind its despair. Neither Wagner nor Mahler was ever more romantic, and few works of the twentieth century bear more clearly the marks of musical genius, pure and simple, than this one.

Columbia, Leonard Bernstein, and Issac Stern deserve all the medals for giving us this disc, not just because it's so good but because it brings the work into the hands of a top-drawer violinist for the first time on records. It is no mitigation of the accomplishments of the less talented men who have braved the work —when no one else was of a mind to—to suggest that it deserves the best available and that now, at last, it has it.

The Bartók rhapsodies tend to pale in such urgent company, but they are well served by all involved. W. F.

© ® BEETHOVEN: Symphony No. 4, in B-flat, Op. 60; Leonore Overture No. 3, Op. 72a. Pittsburgh Symphony Orchestra, William Steinberg cond. COM-MAND CC 11016SD \$5.98, CC 11016* \$4.98.

BEETHOVEN: Symphony No. 4, in B-flat, Op. 60; King Stephen Overture, Op. 117. Czech Philharmonic Orchestra, János Ferencsik cond. PARLIA-MENT PLP(S) 165 \$2.98, PLP 165* \$1.98.

Interest: Lyric symphonies Performance: Speed vs. moderation Recording: Superb vs. diffuse Stereo Quality: Good in both

In the Beethoven canon, the Fourth Symphony is *sui generis*, a unique and masterly achievement wherein the claims of melody, rhythmic tension and release, and dynamic contrast find a singularly felicitous and satisfying fulfillment. The measure of satisfaction, however, is dependent almost wholly on the musical stature of the conductor; for of all the Beethoven symphonies, the Fourth is the one that "plays itself" least. It requires not only virtuoso string players and firstdesk wind soloists but also acute judgment on the conductor's part, especially of ensemble balances and of the optimal relationship between tonal impact and momentum.

The late Sir Thomas Beecham, in a 1947 recording available briefly on LP as RCA Victor LM 1026, achieved this in flawless fashion, and among today's recordings, that by Ansermet and the Suisse Romande Orchestra (London CS 6070/CM 9255) is nearly in the same class and is graced by first-rate sound.

Judged by these standards, neither of the two newest Beethoven Fourths measures up. Despite its tremendously impressive sonics, the Command disc suffers from conductor William Steinberg's overly fast tempos. One has a sense of not having a fair chance to absorb the substance of phrase and melody, especially in the body of the first movement.

The Parliament disc, with János Ferencsik, is a good buy, with sensible tempos and highly competent orchestral playing, but the reading as a whole is lacking in distinction when compared to the recorded performances of Ansermet, Beecham, or Toscanini (in the pre-war BBC Symphony recording). The sound is rather diffused by the vast spaces of the auditorium in which the recording was made—presumably the Rudolfinium in Prague.

As for the overtures that begin Steinberg's disc and conclude Ferencsik's, King Stephen gets better treatment than it deserves (it's a potboiler if ever there was one), while Steinberg's handling of the mighty Leonore No. 3 seems casual when one recalls the interpretations of Toscanini, Furtwängler, or Klemperer.

D. H.

BEETHOVEN: Violin Sonata No. 8 (see BRAHMS).

BERG: Violin Concerto (see BAR-TÓK).

 BOIELDIEU: Piano Concerto in F Major. HUMMEL: Piano Concerto, in B Minor, Op. 89. Martin Galling (piano); Innsbruck Symphony Orchestra, Robert Wagner cond. Vox STPL 512 250 \$4.98, PL 12 250* \$4.98.

Interest: Concerto rarities Performance: Excellent Recording: Spacious Stereo Quality: Very good

François Adrien Boieldieu (1775-1834) was a professor of piano at the Paris Conservatory in 1800. He wrote three piano sonatas but only one concerto. It is, I regret to say, quite dreadful, especially its second movement, a set of empty variations on a pastoral air. Johann Nepomuk Hummel (1778-1837) is a horse of a different color. A student of both Mozart and Clementi, he was one of the keyboard titans of his time, noted for his improvisations. He wrote seven piano concertos, of which the fourth, recorded here, was composed in the early 1820's. It is a Beethovenesque work, with more than a hint of John Field, and makes a worthwhile addition to the list of lesser known classical concertos. (This, incidentally, is not the same Hummel concerto recorded over eleven years ago for Concert Hall by Artur Balsam.)

The twenty-eight-year-old German, Martin Galling, who has previously been heard playing harpsichord continuo on Epic Bach discs, makes a most promising piano debut in these two concertos. He



FRANCOIS ADRIEN BOIELDIEU Charming composer, dreadful concerto

has a clean, strong technique and plenty of musical insight, and if he cannot prevent the Boieldieu from boring us, it is not his fault. The orchestral accompaniment is more than satisfactory, and its reproduction, with a fairly close-up piano, is spacious. The program notes are uninformative. *I. K.*

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

BRAHMS: Violin Sonatas: No. 1, in G Major, Op. 78 ("Rain"); No. 2, in A Major, Op. 100 ("Thun"); No. 3, in D Minor, Op. 108. BEETHOVEN: Violin Sonata No. 8, in G Major, Op. 30, No. 3. Henryk Szeryng (violin), Artur Rubinstein (piano). RCA VICTOR LSC 2619/20 \$5.98 each, LM 2619/20 \$4.98 each.

(Continued on page 72)

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW



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PILOT RADIO CORPORATION, 37-22 36TH STREET, LONG ISLAND CITY 1, N.Y. JANUARY 1963 CIRCLE NO. 42 ON READER SERVICE CARD 71 Interest: Duo-sonata cornerstone Performance: Immensely vital Recording: Lots of presence Stereo Quality: Tasteful

In this second stereo recording of the three Brahms violin sonatas, we encounter an interpretive approach to the music that contrasts sharply with the classical lyricism offered by Wolfgang Schneiderhan and Carl Seemann on their pair of DGG discs. Henryk Szeryng and Artur Rubinstein are not only virtuoso executants of the highest caliber, but they have an emotional fervor that probably stems from the Polish ancestry they share. As a result, we have performances of these three beautiful Brahms sonatas that are charged with feeling. Fortunately, the musicianship of the Szeryng-Rubinstein team prevents it from transgressing the line between fervor and sentimentality.

The sparkling Beethoven G Major Sonata, music as fresh as a spring brook, gets an exciting performance here, too. But I wonder whether its slender musical substance can quite take the tonal and rhythmic intensity to which it is subjected on this disc.

The recorded sound is on the intimate and close-to side, but not uncomfortably so. The violin-piano balance is just, emphasizing the *pars inter pares* relationship so essential in chamber music of this type. The piano tone conveys a nice combination of impact and warmth, and the violin emerges with a pleasantly virile burr that recalls the sound of Joseph Szigeti.

All told, this pair of records provides a stirring experience. D.H.

© ® BRAHMS: Symphony No. 2, in D Major, Op. 73. New York Philharmonic, Leonard Bernstein cond. Columbia MS 6374 \$5.98, ML 5774* \$4.98.

Interest: Philharmonic Hall first Performance: Full-blooded Recording: Loud and clear Stereo Quality: Emphasizes placement

In a certain sense Columbia's subtitle for this Brahms recording by Leonard Bernstein and the New York Philharmonic-"The Sound of Lincoln Center"-is a trifle misleading: first of all, because the recording took place some ninety days before Philharmonic Hall was fully completed; and second, because the hall has been designed to have not just one type of sound but many-this because of the adjustable ceiling and wall screens. Thus Columbia conceivably could have set up Mr. Bernstein's orchestra on the Philharmonic Hall stage with some adjustments of the acoustical screens and come up with a Brahms Second recording that would give us a "sound of Lincoln Center" having little or no relation to that of this disc.



CIRCLE NO. 38 ON READER SERVICE CARD

When I heard the final performance of opening week at Lincoln Center, it is fair to assume that the auditorium had reached a certain optimum of acoustical quality, and that designer Leo Beranek and his colleagues had done substantial tinkering with the ceiling panels and acoustical screens. From where I sat, the arrangement of stage and ceiling panels seemed to approximate the visual aspect of a gigantic exponential horn, and what I heard was startling in its power and brilliance-perhaps favoring the trumpets and the violin E-string register a little too much-and remarkable in clarity of texture and combined blend, with plenty of bass. Perhaps the most pleasing aspect of Philharmonic Hall for me was that it was not afflicted with the cold and sterile tone quality of many modern auditoriums. Both here and in Europe, for all the trouble taken with projective efficiency and optimum reverberation time, too little attention has been paid to resonant points that enhance musical sound rather than reduce it to a soulless neuter quality. The better radio microphone pickups from Philharmonic Hall, as heard on FM, have confirmed my initial impression.

Be that as it may, the present recording emphasizes Philharmonic Hall's projective qualities and clarity, perhaps at the expense of tonal warmth. The disc unquestionably has its value as a historic document, and it has substantial musical values, too-namely, a lusty and fullblooded Bernstein performance that stresses the passion and vitality of the music, leaving lyrical subtleties to Beecham and Walter. For sheer brilliance in both performance and recording, however, Steinberg and the Pittsburgh Symphony on Command enjoy a slight edge over Bernstein. D.H.

BROWN: Music for Violin, Cello, and Piano (see FELDMAN).

BRUCKNER: Symphony No. 7, in E Major. WAGNER: Siegfried Idyll. Philharmonic Orchestra, Otto Klemperer cond. ANGEL S 3626B two 12-inch discs \$11.96, 3626B* \$9.96.

Interest: Bruckner favorite Performance: Variable Recording: Lacks richness Stereo Quality: Good enough

Together with the Fourth ("Romantic") Symphony, the Seventh is the most immediately accessible of the Bruckner symphonies to the uninitiated listener. But despite its relative popularity (as Bruckner symphonies go), the Seventh has yet to enjoy a truly first-rate recorded performance in stereo. This rendition misses fire because of a combination of circumstances. For one thing, Klemperer (Continued on page 74)


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seems to concentrate on line and phrasing at the expense of dynamic contrast. For another, the Angel sound is oddly lacking in richness (in the bass line, especially). As a result, this is a Bruckner performance that sounds curiously monochromatic, even a bit dull. Then, too, there are just enough small roughnesses of orchestral attack at crucial moments to be annoying.

All told, this recorded performance is not up to the top Klemperer (or Angel) standard. Even so, I hope that Klemperer will be given the opportunity to record for Angel under better conditions such epical scores as the Bruckner Ninth and the Mahler "Resurrection" symphonies. Klemperer's reading of the Wagner

Klemperer's reading of the Wagner Siegfried Idyll, which fills out the fourth side of this album, uses the chamber orchestration (one or two string players per part) for which Wagner originally conceived the music. A somewhat warmer recorded sound would have helped, but more important is the fact that the solo wind players of the Philharmonia Orchestra play their parts quite beautifully. D. H.

CHOPIN: Twenty-four Preludes, Op. 28; Polonaise, in A-flat, Op. 53 ("Heroic"). Ruth Slenczynska (piano).
DECCA DL 710059 \$5.98, DL 10059 \$4.98.

Interest: Basic Chapin Performance: Erratic Recording: Splendid Stereo Quality: Big spread

Unless Artur Rubinstein or Russia's Vladimir Ashkenazy can be persuaded to do the job, I frankly despair of ever hearing a wholly satisfactory modern recording of the Chopin Preludes. The most satisfying performance presently available, that of Guiomar Novaes on Vox, offers something less than the best piano sound -understandably, as it was recorded in 1950. When I put on my turntable Ashkenazy's Artia set of the Études or Rubinstein's RCA discs of the Ballades, the sad plight of the Preludes is brought home most forcibly. For all Ruth Slenczynska's intensity of effort and the imposing piano sound that emerges from this disc, the end result is far from satisfactory musically. In the lighter pieces she lacks the effortless ease that is part and parcel of truly great Chopin playing (Ashkenazy's Études are a prime instance), and where Rubinstein's fervor seems as natural as breathing, Miss Slenczynska is not at home in most of the big and stormy pieces. Her powerful rendering of No. 22, in G Minor, is one of the happy exceptions. There is no gainsaying the accuracy and power of Miss Slenczynska's virtuoso playing, but this has yet to be integrated with a wholly convincing formal and expressive conception. Her reading of the celebrated Aflat Polonaise on this disc sums up the failure: as we hear the introduction, we are led, by virtue of her handling of the dramatic pauses and attacks, to expect a really thrilling performance, but the main body of the piece sounds more like a treadmill race. D.H.

• • COLERIDGE-TAYLOR: Hiawatha's Wedding Feast. Royal Choral Society and the Philharmonia Orchestra, Sir Malcolm Sargent cond. ANGEL S 35900 \$5.98, 35900 \$4.98.

Interest: Musical curiasity Performance: Unimpeachable Recording: Splendid Stereo Quality: Highly effective

"Not many years ago *Hiawatha's Wedding Feast* disputed with Mendelssohn's *Elijah* for the distinction of occupying second place to *Messiah* in the affections of the English public, but in post-war years it has been neglected and a generation has grown up to many of whom it is quite unfamiliar. . . ."

So writes W. A. Chislett, Angel's annotator, about *Hiawatha's Wedding Feast*, an entirely disarming oratorio by the British composer Samuel Coleridge-Taylor (1875-1912). And in the last analysis, one can scarcely offer serious resistance to the innocent amiability that inspired the work—even as one might harbor mild astonishment at the public taste that accounted for its popularity.

Perhaps it is humorless to suggest that Angel's superb production—radiant musical performance, spectacularly spacious and live recording—might have been more appropriately lent to any of several unrecorded choral works of real musical importance that come to mind. But the thought persists. W.F.

 DELIUS: Brigg Fair—English Rhapsody; Dance Rhapsody No. 2; On Hearing the First Cuckoo in Spring; In a Summer Garden. Philadelphia Orchestra, Eugene Ormandy cond. Colum-BIA MS 6376 \$5.98, ML 5776* \$4.98.

Interest: Belated tribute Performance: Philadelphian Recording: Gargeaus Stereo Quality: Envelaping

Claude Debussy and Frederick Delius, two impressionist masters from opposite side of the English channel, were both born in 1862, but understandably, the great Frenchman has fared better this year in terms of anniversary tributes, recorded and otherwise. In view of the wealth of material at Angel's disposal by Delius's greatest interpreter and champion, Sir Thomas Beecham—some of it, like the complete opera A Village Romeo and Juliet, never released on LP—we might have expected a combined Delius-Centennial Beecham-In-Memoriam package. But though EMI issued a twodisc Beecham-Delius set in England last March that included the lovely neglected Violin Concerto, this side of the Atlantic received nothing. The one American record company commemoration of the Delius centennial has now come from Columbia, and from an unexpected source, Eugene Ormandy and the Philadelphia Orchestra. So whatever reservations I have about the performances, I hereby tender the Columbia Masterworks artist-and-repertoire department a bouquet of orchids for the right idea and a fine job with the forces at its disposal.

Three of the four pieces on the Ormandy disc are currently available in superlative stereo performances by Beecham. Ormandy's bathe Delius's tonepoetry in a Van Gogh glare as compared with Beecham's muted English pastels, a difference not merely in recorded sound but in interpretive view. Ormandy goes all out for the sensual, so that the delightfully sprawling Brigg Fair, based on the old Irish folk melody uncovered by Percy Grainger, and the exquisite First Cuckoo are of glowing beauty. He also manages to extract an extra measure of interest out of the late and somewhat dull Second Dance Rhapsody. But his treatment of the lovely In a Summer Garden is a trifle heavy-handed. The recorded sound throughout the disc is of the richest Philadelphian brand.

If Columbia and Mr. Ormandy, through this record, succeed in interesting the younger generation of record collectors in exploring the uniquely personal and currently unfashionable music of Delius-not just the impressionist idylls, but also the American pieces such as Appalachia and Sea Drift-they surely will have done these music lovers a good turn. For the best of Delius is a treasurable and poignant experience, especially when rendered by Beecham. For readers new to Delius and his work, I recommend hearing this disc, reading the Beecham biography, Frederick Delius (Knopf), and then exploring the Beecham recordings, whenever and however they can be found. D.H

© FELDMAN: Durations. BROWN: Music for Violin, Cello, and Piano (1952); Music for Cello and Piano (1955); Hodograph (1959). Matthew Raimondi (violin), David Soyer (cello), David Tudor (piano), Don Hammond (flute), Philip Kraus (orchestra bells, vibraphone, marimba). TIME S 8007 \$5.98, 58006 \$4.98.

Interest: Super avant-garde Performance: Its awn standard Recording: Highest hi-fi Stereo Quality: Tricky (Continued on page 77)

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Morton Feldman and Earle Brown are both exponents of the music of chance, in which the ordinarily predetermined elements of musical substance—melody, rhythm, harmony—are not necessarily predetermined. Their works are more often than not assembled on graph paper, and the performers are left a wide range of arbitrary selection where pitches are concerned. The theories that support the activities of this far-out avant-garde do not lend themselves to the limitations of magazine space. This is perhaps unfortunate, because the theories tend to exceed in interest the actual music they produce.

The sounds that are produced by these creations are not particularly shocking, nor, for that matter, are they particularly interesting. Feldman's *Durations* is all knowledgeable musician whose work is totally without the high-flown avantgarde posturing or the chrome-plated chic that might make him better copy and, as a consequence, better known. His Second Symphony, composed in 1959, is "written on a single twelve-tone row," according to his own annotation. Its implications, however, are clearly tonal, and the piece, at its core, is traditional in the best sense. It is a solid, valuable, thoughtful work—if perhaps a shade wanting in humor and charm—and quite worthy of the attention of anyone seeking fresh musical experience.

Iain Hamilton's Scottish Dances will be a smart surprise to the listener who looks to be turned all warm and nostalgic and rural by British musical folklore, in

short, the Greensleeves syndrome. Ham-

ilton's piece is tart, snippy, and edged

with anachronistic jazz commentary. It's

a switch and even a relief, but a dubious

③ ④ GAY (arr. Pepusch): The Beg-

gar's Opera. William McAlpine (tenor),

MacHeath; Ronald Lewis (baritone),

Peachum; John Frost (bass), Lockit;

Mary Thomas (soprano), Polly; Dorcen

Murray (soprano), Lucy; Jean Allister (contralto), Mrs. Peachum; Edgar Fleet

(tenor), Filch; chorus and orchestra,

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W.F.



AT A PERFORMANCE OF "THE BEGGAR'S OPERA" Viewing eighteenth-century England through John Gay's tuneful jape

success.

very, very consistent, and slow in tempo; the Brown pieces offer a wider variety of musical texture.

The recording, as is the norm with Time, is excellent. W.F.

© FINNEY: Symphony No. 2. HAM-ILTON: Scottish Dances, Op. 32. The Louisville Orchestra, Robert Whitney cond. LOUISVILLE ORCHESTRA FIRST EDI-TION RECORDS LOU 625 \$7.95.

Interest: Impressive American symphony Performance: Earnest Recording: Adequate

Ross Lee Finney, a fifty-six-year-old American composer with a somewhat intramural reputation, is an excellent and New York 24, N.Y., and Collector's Book Society, 327 West 41st St., New York 36, N.Y.)

Interest: Complete score Performance: Vital Recording: Small studio Stereo Quality: Variable

What with the monkeyshines of Bernard Goldfine and Billie Sol Estes, the England of 1728 depicted by John Gay in The Beggar's Opera packs quite a sting for Americans of today. In 1951 the enterprising Max Goberman conducted a recording of his edition of the Gay-Pepusch romp that was issued by the now-defunct Desto label. Now we have Mr. Goberman's edition of the complete score again, this time newly recorded in stereo and mono, as the companion piece for the handsome Argonaut Books edition of the original text. The spoken portions of the epoch-making ballad-opera are abbreviated, but the music is given complete and in a generally spirited and clean-cut performance, to which Goberman's own zestful conducting is the most vital contribution.

While this recorded performance is generally superior to the currently available London/Argo edition (mono only and first issued in this country by Westminster in 1956), I have reservations about it, at least from a theatrical point of view. In the past, the practice has been to use a dual cast of actors and singers to handle the spoken parts and the airs. In the absence of information to the contrary, it would seem that Mr. Goberman has let his singers do the speaking parts as well. The disturbing factor is that the spoken lines seem to have been delivered in a wholly different acoustical setting than the songs they lead up to, and the sudden jumps from close-miked speech to more distantly miked songs are discomfiting. Likewise, apparent editing lapses have made for sudden shifts of stereo localization unjustified by the action. In short, the whole production seems to have been put together from separate performances rather than gone through scene by scene, as in the theater. This may have been economical, but it detracts from the flavor of a highly theatrical piece. The delivery of the spoken lines, too, is stilted and sophomoric, particularly in the early portions of the work, though the actors improve as the action gets more exciting.

William McAlpine turns in a splendidly virile account of highwayman Mac-Heath, and Doreen Murray is fine as the gaoler's wronged daughter, Lucy Lockit. Jean Allister is an ampled-voiced Mrs. Peachum, and Mary Thomas an appealing Polly.

As one not familiar with the performing traditions of *The Beggar's Opera*, I wonder whether the generally refined delivery and pronunciation of this recorded production are a matter of happenstance or of intent. D.H.

HAMILTON: Scottish Dances, Op. 32 (see FINNEY).

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

(S) (B) HANDEL: Alcina. Joan Sutherland (soprano), Alcina; Teresa Berganza (mezzo-soprano), Ruggiero; Monica Sinclair (contralto), Bradamante; Luigi Alva (tenor), Oronte; Graziella Sciutti (soprano), Morgana; Mirella Freni (soprano), Oberto; Ezio Flagello (bass), Melisso. London Symphony Orchestra and Chorus, Richard Bonynge cond. LONDON OSA 1361 three 12-inch discs \$17.94, A 4361* \$14.94.

Interest: First recording Performance: First-rate Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Tops

Complete recordings of Handel operas are uncommon enough to deserve praise for the issuing company's spirit of enterprise alone. But when it shows the corporate good sense to assemble a cast capable of meeting and surpassing the works' challenges, as London does in resurrecting the beauty of *Alcina*, a fuller measure of gratitude must be added.

Before joining forces for the recording, most of the principals had appeared in Franco Zeffirelli's elegant stagings of the opera in Venice, Dallas, and London. Thus we have a performance of a virtually forgotten work as fastidiously prepared as we can ever hope to hear. As with much opera of the time, for the listener to be entranced by every moment of this confusing and outdated plot concoction, he must completely and devotedly go for Baroque. But all tastes will find rewards in Handel's beautiful, vital, and endlessly inventive music, written in 1735 as he approached the height of his powers.

Zeffirelli's production was conceived for Joan Sutherland, and she has made the title role of the strange enchantress spectacularly her own. Vocal difficulties seem to evaporate as she bends the cascading and sparkling Handelian lines to her will with sovereign case. But after hearing Miss Sutherland in a series of recorded roles, I feel she has become a captive of her mannerisms. Tone production is her primary concern; and textual meaning, enunciation, expressive thrusts, stresses, and other dramatic values are often sacrificed to it. At times her singing is a stream of unintelligible vowel sounds. No one can question her technical mastery of bel canto, but this vocal narcissism does less than full credit to Handel.

By contrast, the singing of Teresa Berganza never lacks tonal variety and expressive emphasis. Since it is also admirably musical and technically exquisite, her contribution is, for me, the set's top-ranking asset. Without quite matching Miss Berganza, Monica Sinclair carries off her taxing role with aplomb, and treats us to some lusty excursions into the low register. The light-voiced Misses Sciutti and Freni, perfectly cast, are above reproach. While vocalizing expertly, Luigi Alva manages to give character to his pompous role, and Ezio Flagello—a fine singer who ought to be recorded more frequently—sings the major aria, "Pensa a chi geme," in capital fashion.

Richard Bonynge's reading has clarity, vigor, and a fine sense of balance. He is

D Major; Symphony No. 41, in C Major. Franz Opalensky (flute); Vienna State Opera Orchestra, Max Goberman cond. LIBRARY OF RECORDED MASTER-PIECES HS 7 \$8.50 (subscription) \$10.00 (nonsubscription), mono or stereo. (Available from Library of Recorded Masterpieces, 150 W. 82nd St., New York 24, N.Y.)

Interest: Haydn Symphonies, Volume 7 Performance: Splendid Recording: Superlative Stereo Quality: Excellent

Both these bright and cheerful symphonies are remarkably rich creations,



JOAN SUTHERLAND AS ALCINA Sovereign in the role of Handel's strange enchantress

abetted by the excellent orchestra and the imaginative George Malcolm's harpsichord continuo. The resonant and spacious sound and the dynamic use of stereo help in imparting a sense of action that *Alcina*, despite Handel's magnificent efforts, keenly needs. *G. J.*

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

⑤ ● HAYDN: Symphony No. 24, in

particularly No. 41, composed before 1771, with its brilliant scoring for trumpets and drums. The slow movements are unusual in that they feature a solo flute, the Adagio of No. 24, written in 1764, in fact having been interpolated from a concerto. The stylish performances are simply splendid. Careful attention is given to dynamics, phrasing, and the often problematic execution of the *(Continued on page 80)*

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

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3018-1 Kirkwood Blvd. • Burlington, Iowa CIRCLE NO. 55 ON READER SERVICE CARD 80 tricky ornaments. As with the previous six volumes, these symphonies are a model of good Haydn playing. The recording is superb in both versions, and again the balance of winds, brasses, and strings is excellent. An admirable harpsichord continuo accompanies both works. The album contains miniature scores and H. C. Robbins Landon's thorough program notes. I. K.

Interpretation of the state of the state

Interest: Excerpts from the opera Performance: Convincing Recording: Fine Stereo Quality: Suitable

Paul Hindemith's opera Mathis der Maler contains music that is among the most celebrated and popular of the twentieth century, yet the full work is all but unknown because it is virtually never produced.

So stated, this would constitute a riddle to anyone who did not know of the nonvocal symphony—similarly entitled Mathis der Maler—that is the composer's strongest, most enduring, and probably most valuable and inspired composition. Not surprisingly, the symphony contains musical materials that are essential to the score of the opera.

Now DGG has provided a big first in these vocal excerpts from the opera. I'm not sure they will take us far toward an answer to the looming question of how the opera stands up to the near-masterpiece that is the symphony, but they tell us much that is interesting.

For example, the curiously remote lyricism of the symphony does not find a counterpart in the composer's extended vocal writing, which summons up something more of Wagner than of the neo-Baroque grandiosity of the instrumental excerpts. We learn further that the thoroughly personal texture of the symphonic score is replaced by a much more conventional fabric in the vocal accompaniments. This is not to suggest that these vocal excerpts lack either conviction or power. But it is perfectly apparent that they have in lesser degree the unmistakable stamp of the composer's remarkable musical personality than does their symphonic namesake.

The performances seem altogether excellent, with Fischer-Dieskau, in particular, revealing an ease with the opera's rhetorical manner that one would not necessarily have expected from him. And DGG has provided smooth, mellow recorded sound fully worthy of a recording of much more than routine interest. W. F. ● HONEGGER: Le Roi David. Netania Davrath (soprano), Marvin Sorenson (tenor), Jean Preston (mezzosoprano), Martial Singher (narrator), Madeleine Milhaud (Witch of Endor). University of Utah Chorus, Utah Symphony Orchestra, Maurice Abravanel cond. VANGUARD VSD 2117/18 two 12inch discs \$11.90, VRS 1090/91 \$9.96.

Interest: Legendary Honegger Performance: Sympathetic Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Fine

King David, Arthur Honegger's celebrated oratorio, has been given an affectionate, careful, and highly expressive welcome to the long-playing catalog by Maurice Abravanel and the Utah Symphony Orchestra. If the work carries its years with dignity, it cannot be said at the same time that the subject looks less than its age. The wear and tear shows a bit around its modernism---an obvious line here, a sag there-and if we recognize a composer who, in hindsight, has failed to substantiate the big gesture that was his wont to enact, we can respect the sincerity of his performance in a role that was too big for him.

The people from Salt Lake City have given the piece their best, which is considerable. It would be beside the point to suggest that the Utah Symphony is not among the greatest were it not for the fact that this particular work needs all the superiority of re-creative forces it can command.

Vanguard's recording is spacious, resonant, and, at its best, quite exciting as pure sound. W. F.

HUMMEL: Piano Concerto in B Minor (see BOIELDIEU).

● JANÁČEK: Taras Bulba, Rhapsody for Orchestra; Sinfonietta. Czech Philharmonic Orchestra, Karel Ancerl cond. PARLIAMENT PLP 166 \$2.98, PLPS 166 \$1.98.

Interest: Little-known modern master Performance: Believable Recording: Serviceable Stereo Quality: Fair

Leos Janáček is not only Czechoslovakia's most celebrated and important contributor to this century's music, but he towers over any recent composer that this now highly Sovietized country has brought to the fore. Janáček was born in 1854, only thirteen years after Dvořák, and he lived to witness and compose through the violent birth of the musical styles and attitudes that were to form this century's music. Furthermore, he was responsive and alert to them and, like Verdi or Fauré, produced his most vital work dur-(Continued on page 82)

ą

David Izenzon is performing Scianni's Horizon South, written "for contrabass and electronic mutations."

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The AR-3 loudspeakers on stage at New York's Town Hall were chosen because they have a musical quality that makes them particularly suitable for working with the live instrument.



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ing the years that most composers numbly repeat themselves or cease to compose entirely.

Of the two works here, Taras Bulba, a rhapsody for orchestra derived from an opera bearing the same title, is a big, splashy, pointedly nationalistic number that dates from 1915. The Sinfonietta, however, is one of the composer's few purely nonvocal works and was the product of the composer's seventy-third year. It is the more interesting of the two works, for just below the surface of the music's comparatively conventional façade, one observes the function of an alert, imaginative musical mind.

The recorded sound is not the last word in refinement, but the disc is a good buy for the more adventurous collector, W. F.

 MARTIN: Concerto for Seven
 Wind Instruments, Timpani, Percussion, and String Orchestra; Études for String Orchestra. Suisse Romande Orchestra, Ernest Ansermet cond. LONDON CS 6241 \$5.98, CM 9310* \$4.98.

Interest: Switzerland's master composer Performance: Authoritative Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Ditto



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S MOUSSORGSKY: Pictures at an Exhibition. BALAKIREV: Islamev. Gary Graffman (piano). COLUMBIA MS 6391 \$5.98, ML 5791* \$4.98.

> Interest: A go at "the impossible" Performance: A success Recording: Fine Stereo Quality: Passable

Frank Martin-at seventy-two years of age Switzerland's most famous and ac-

complished composer-son, and a musician

of remarkable staying power on the Euro-

pean scene-is not a composer about

whom it is easy to generalize. One can

grant him, for example, a command of

the techniques of musical composition

that need defer to no man's. And the

music that springs from this civilized.

highly disciplined, and versatile craft is

perfection in every way: elegant (in its

rather ponderous way), smoothly func-

tional, and, as musical expression, totally

What it seems to lack is the hard inner core of conviction, of urgency; one admires its complex perfection even as one senses an essential hollowness that precludes not only love for the music but, finally, strong conviction about it.

The two works here-brilliantly recorded and performed-could not better illustrate the point. With their composition, Martin has created an a priori problem about instrumentation and form; in short, he wishes to demonstrate a process by which his forms take on their own peculiarities and logic as a result of the problems posed by a preconceived instru-

His success is dazzling; he has met the challenge that he himself has created and, in the process, has satisfied our minds completely. What he has failed to do, however, is to engage our hearts, to make us care about his achievement. Make no mistake about it, however,

the pieces are attractive and listenable. The Études for string orchestra, in particular, owe their existence to a master hand, and the music, taken altogether, brings us face to face with a skill that stands with the best that contemporary European music has to offer. For this, and the total lack of sham that Martin's music represents, we must be grateful.

W. F.

consistent and assured.

mental concept.

Moussorgsky's Pictures at an Exhibition. in its original conception for solo piano, has long enjoyed the reputation of being unplayable. It is "too difficult," it is "unpianistic"-no pianist, even the greatest, can make it "musical" on a mere keyboard. Whether these judgments are correct or not, the fact remains that the work-a masterpiece in the original form -is largely known through Ravel's stunning orchestral version.

Now Gary Graffman, one of a handful



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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

of American pianists under forty destined for major importance, has come along to put the work on discs and to stand up for comparison with Horowitz's earlier version on Victor.

For my money, at least, Graffman comes through the ordeal with flying colors. He spares the piece the nervous virtuosity that can make it sound so impossibly difficult, so strained and awkward. He has not tried to overwhelm us with Big Keyboard Sound—although he has power aplenty—and the work sounds quite as convincing at Graffman's hand as I ever hope to hear it. I choose the word "convincing" because it is far easier to make the work sound torrential and overpowering than it is to make it sound musical, natural, and idiomatic.

The young pianist, for good measure, has filled out his release with a keenly honed, rather dry-textured Balakirev *Islamey*—another solo piano piece celebrated for its technical problems.

Columbia has provided a good, bright recording, avoiding the souped-up sound that might easily have been an irresistible temptation. W.F.

 MOZART: Clarinet Concerto, in *A Major, K. 622.* STRAUSS: Horn *Concerto No. 1, in E-flat Major, Op. 11.* Robert Marcellus (clarinet); Myron Bloom (French horn); Cleveland Or- chestra, George Szell cond. EPIC BC 1241 \$5.98, LC 3841* \$4.98.

Interest: Vital concertos Performance: First-rate Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Well-balanced

Robert Marcellus and Myron Bloom are first-desk players of the Cleveland Orchestra, having assumed their posts during George Szell's tenure. Both display extraordinary technical mastery and thorough musicianship—qualities for which the orchestra is widely admired.

Marcellus's virile tone and Szell's incisive orchestral support contribute to an unusually dynamic reading of Mozart's K. 622 that should hold its own even against its strong recorded competition. In Strauss's youthful, Mendelssohnian, and thoroughly delightful Op. 11, Myron Bloom has only a single competitor-the late Dennis Brain (Angel 35496)-but a mighty one. Bloom cannot match the English virtuoso's incredible tonal suavity and, despite his remarkable technique, cannot toss off the final Presto with Brain's astonishing abandon. Still, this is a performance strong in tone, bold in attack, and accurate in execution. The orchestra is full of vitality, if a bit too intense for what is essentially a frothy and jovial piece of music.

Sonically, the monophonic Brain performance is completely outdistanced by the present recording. G. J. MOZART: Symphony No. 33, in B-flat (K. 319); Symphony No. 36, in C (K. 425) ("Linz"). English Chamber Orchestra, Colin Davis cond. L'OISEAU-LYRE SOL 60049 \$5.98, OL 50218* \$4.98.

Interest: Mature Mozart Performance: Subtle and caressing Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Ideal

These readings reveal Colin Davis as a Mozartian of the first rank, with a flair for precision and clarity. One need not be misled by the innocuous name of his orchestra-it is a first-rate group, distinguished by a warm, singing tone and exceptional solo playing. Except for a slightly heavy-footed Minuet in the "Linz" Symphony, these performances are pleasing throughout. Of course, this "Linz" must compete against the topnotch versions of Bruno Walter, Jochum, and Leitner, all in stereo. On the other hand, this is the first stereo version of the seldom-heard K. 319, and as such it is extremely welcome. Its only serious rival, Leinsdorf's on Westminster 18186, is still appealing for its vigor, yet the more deliberately paced Davis performance is comparably excellent and has the advantage of superior sonics.

The orchestral sound is altogether admirable—warm, exquisitely balanced, and reproduced with amazing clarity. Stereo has been employed with brilliant results: there is excellent depth and separation, and such happy nuances as dialogues between the first and second violins and woodwind interjections are delightfully captured. *G. J.*

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

S STRAVINSKY: Les Noces. Mildred Allen (soprano), Regina Sarfaty (mezzo-soprano), Loren Driscoll (tenor) and Robert Oliver (bass); Samuel Barber, Aaron Copland, Lukas Foss, Roger Sessions (pianists); Columbia Percussion Ensemble; The American Concert Choir, Margaret Hillis cond. Renard. George Shirley and Loren Driscoll (tenors), William Murphy (baritone), Donald Gramm (bass), Toni Koves (cimbalon); Columbia Chamber Ensemble. Ragtime for Eleven Instruments. Toni Koves (cimbalon), Columbia Chamber Ensemble. COLUMBIA MS 6372 \$5.98, ML 5772 \$4.98.

Interest: Stravinsky's Stravinsky Performance: Excellent Recording: Bright and clear Stereo Quality: Fine

Since I count myself as a Stravinsky lover, and since, in this year of the eight-

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ieth anniversary of the master's birth he has been all but canonized by devotees and opponents alike, it calls for special courage for me to qualify my recommendation of this excellent disc with the confession that I do not particularly like Les Noces. I do not, I never have, and it seems unlikely that I ever shall. I recognize its charm, the beauty of its texture, its dazzling originality, and its highly special and significant place in the composer's catalog. But, although it is engaging at any given moment, I have never been able to convince myself that bar 20, bar 300, or bar 700 offers much that I haven't been exposed to in the first minute of the work. As Oscar Levant (I believe) once remarked about something quite different, listening to Les Noces is, for me at least, a little like being offered a meal, each course of which is exquisitely served stained glass.

Having delivered myself of so heretical a remark, I can now wholeheartedly endorse the superb, joyous performance of the work that Columbia has so fittingly preserved. There has been a tradition connected with American performances of Les Noces, dating back to the Twenties, that its piano parts be played by renowned American composers, and, if my memory serves me, both Aaron Copland and Roger Sessions were similarly involved with the piece in its American premiere. It's a work that composers can particularly relish because its bell-like sonorities feel so marvelous under the fingers. In point of fact, it's evident from the recorded performance that everyone involved with the project had great fun with it, so bright and enthusiastic is the reading.

It's good to have Renard available on records in so sassy and breezy a performance, and the little Ragtime, which dates from 1918, is a welcome encore.

Columbia has given this program its highest-level production, and the record is a top-priority must for those who admire the composer's work. W. F.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

WAGNER: Die Walküre, Act I. Lauritz Melchior (tenor), Siegmund; Lotte Lehmann (soprano), Sieglinde; Emanuel List (bass), Hunding. Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, Bruno Walter cond. ANGEL COLH 133 \$5.98.

Interest: Recording milestone Performance: Classic Recording: Dated

With the splendors of RCA Victor's new, complete Die Walküre still ringing in the mind's ear, the sonics of this venerable 1934 classic may seem faded, but no entry in Angel's Great Recordings of the Century series is more deserving of the name, and opera fans will welcome

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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

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this renewed opportunity to savor and acquire a valuable souvenir from what was a sumptuous period for Wagnerian singing.

Here, the heroic vet mallcable and sensitively used voice of Lauritz Melchior was captured in its fullest glory, setting a standard no Siegmund has yet equaled. Here, too, Lotte Lehmann gave a display of lyric ardor ("Du bist der Lenz") and vivid narrative powers ("Der Männer Sippe") that claim the same veneration for her Sieglinde that operatic history has already accorded to her Marschallin. The Hunding, Emanuel List, is all one can ask for-his sonorous, menacing tones are filled with the sound of doom. The low-level, occasionally distorted recording is unjust to the sound of the Vienna Philharmonic, but it cannot entirely dim the authority and surging lyric power of Bruno Walter's reading. G. J.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

⑤ ● WOLF: Goethe Lieder: Mignon: Heiss mich nicht reden, Nur wer die Sehnsucht kennt, So lasst mir scheinen, Kennst du das Land?; Ganymed; Anakreons Grab; Die Spröde; Die Bekehrte; Blumengruss; Gleich und Gleich; Frühling übers Jahr; St. Nepomuks Vorabend; Epiphanias. Elisabeth Schwarzkopf (soprano); Gerald Moore (piano). ANGEL S 35909 \$5.98, 35909* \$4.98.

Interest: For lieder specialists Performance: Absorbing Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Centered

In this generous offering from the fiftyone Goethe lieder that make up a significant part of Wolf's output, Miss Schwarzkopf demonstrates her mastery. She is in absolute control of her material, unvaryingly attentive to textual meaning, illuminating the musical line with a variety of inflections and subtle points of emphasis. Her singing is extremely polished, her tone colored with imaginative skill. Songs can be overinterpreted at times, and this artist has sometimes been criticized for excessive coyness and other interpretive mannerisms. I do not find this to be the case here. True, Miss Schwarzkopf is seldom satisfied with letting the musical line speak for itself, as the excellent Hilde Roessel-Majdan does in seven of the same songs on Westminster 18847. But her individual touches are, in my opinion, really masterfully effective. Her broadly theatrical dramatization of Epiphanias, for instance, implicitly carries out the meaning of Goethe's rustic humor and Wolf's appropriately pompous music. And while Anakreons Grab is such a gem that it responds to almost any respectful and musicianly treatment, the atmosphere of sublime repose here G. J. is almost magical.



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tween $\frac{3}{4}$ and 1.5 grams) or Shure M33-7 (for tracking pressures from 1.5 to 3 grams) will audibly improve even fine quality stereo systems. Compliance is an astounding 22 x 10-⁶ for the M33-5 (20 x 10-⁶ for the M33-7). Response is transparent and smooth not only at the top and bottom but in

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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

86



Explanation of symbols:

<u>M</u>

- **()**=monophonic recording
- **S**=stereophonic recording
- *=mono or stereo version not received for review

● MOSE ALLISON: Mose Allison Takes to The Hills. Mose Allison (vocals and piano), Addison Farmer, Henry Grimes, or Aaron Bell (bass), Jerry Segal, Paul Motian, or Osic Johnson (drums). V-8 Ford Blues; Hey, Good Lookin'; Life Is Suicide; Ask Me Nice; and eight others. EPIC BA 17031 \$4.98, LA 16031* \$3.98.

Interest: Refurbished blues Performance: Small-scale but pungent Recording: First-rate Stereo Quality: Good

Because he sings on every track, this is one of the more consistently entertaining of Mose Allison's collections. His previous custom has been to divide his sets about equally between instrumentals and vocals. Allison is a spare, nimble, modern jazz pianist; but if he didn't sing, there would be little to distinguish him from scores of other deft but unremarkable pianists.

In his vocals, Allison is most intriguing when he interprets the work, as in this album, of such seasoned Negro bluesmen as Willie Love, Sonny Boy Williamson, Percy Mayfield, and Lightnin' Hopkins. He does not sing these blues with the plunging intensity of their creators, but he excels at evoking the irony in the material, and through the light but tart texture of his voice, he communicates a wry personal attitude toward life and music.

Allison is less distinctive in his performances of popular standards, but he brings to the songs also an abrasively unsentimental thrust that revivifies the most familiar. Mose Allison is no major jazz force, but having recognized his limitations, he is cultivating his small garden with skill and contagious pleasure. N. H.

© DAVE BRUBECK: Jazz: Red Hot and Cool. Dave Brubeck (piano), Paul Desmond (alto saxophone), Bob Bates (bass), Joe Dodge (drums). Lover; Little Girl Blue; The Duke; Indiana; and four others. COLUMBIA CS 8645 \$4.98. Interest: Pre-Morello Brubeck Performance: Excellent Desmond Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Reprocessed

This Brubeck album from 1954-1955, now electronically reprocessed for stereo, is probably among those that signalled the early disaffection of Brubeck fans. Shortly afterward, drummer Joe Morello was hired, and the group began to change.

This Brubeck unit habitually played three against four rhythmically and indulged the two soloists' penchant for counterpoint. Some of the old fervor had gone by this time, but the album is valuable for a prototypical Desmond solo on *Lover:* perfectly constructed, a flow of logical, charming melody, it typifies everything this remarkable player does best.



DONALD BYRD Growth and assurance, but blandness, too

Brubeck, however, was beginning to repeat himself and to make the more bombastic elements of his style the basis of his work. The set, in this way, is a landmark in these two carcers. The sound is fuller than on the original. J. G.

(Donald Byrd (trumpet), Pepper Adams (baritone saxophone), Herbie Hancock (piano), Butch Warren (bass), Billy Higgins (drums). Hush; Jorgie's; 6 M's; Requiem; and two others. BLUE NOTE S 84101* \$5.98, 4101 \$4.98.

Interest: Byrd's development Performance: Professional Recording: Excellent

Trumpeter Donald Byrd grows in technique and assurance. A few years ago, he would have been unable to perform I^m *A Fool To Want You* as he does it here. At the same time, the emphasis in this set seems to be almost exclusively on the mechanics of playing the trumpet: there was a wit and conviction on his previous disc, "The Cat Walk," that is missing here.

Byrd has found an interesting new pianist, Herbie Hancock, who contributed *Requiem*, the session's major original composition. Byrd's own pieces tend to be highly derivative—one is a combination of *Witchcraft* and All Of You, another is based entirely on a phrase from Horace Silver's Doodlin'.

Pepper Adams's baritone is also growing in stature, but he, and the album as a whole, reflect the dangers of too much concentration on technique. As with the Jazztet, it can result in blandness. J. G.

(a) (b) BARBARA DANE: On My Way. Barbara Dane (vocals), Kenny Whitson (piano and cornet), Wellman Braud (bass), Billy Strange (guitar), Jessie Sailes or Earl Palmer (drums), the Andrews Sisters (vocals), Rocco Wilson (conga drums). Take It Slow and Easy; Goodby Daddy Goodby; Good Old Wagon; The Hammer Song; and eight others. CAPITOL ST 1756 \$4.98, T 1758* \$3.98.

Interest: A good blues try Performance: Somewhat self-conscious Recording: Very crisp and live Stereo Quality: Excellent

Barbara Dane, now thirty-five, has been trying for the past decade to establish herself as a convincing carrier of the Negro blues traditions of the 1920's. The fact that Miss Dane is not Negro doesn't automatically dictate failure as a blues singer, in view of the achievements of Jack Teagarden and Teddy Grace. But Miss Dane, to a large extent, does not measure up. On the slow and medium tempos of Crazy

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Blues and Good Old Wagon, she comes close to the proud, mocking cadences of the city blues, but she leaves an impression of coming at the material from the outside. Her exclamatory style seldom seems spontaneous or infused with the bite of personal experience. And when the tempo increases or the beat becomes insistent, Miss Dane sounds stiff.

Her accompaniment is good, particulary Kenny Whitson, a pianist who occasionally plays a bristling cornet with the right hand as he lays down piano chords with the left. On two gospel numbers, Miss Dane is joined by the ecstatic Andrews Sisters-no relation to the older troika of the same name. Their jubilant cries make this listener wish they had been given some time all to themselves to show their capacities. N. H.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

S MILES DAVIS: 'Round About Midnight. Miles Davis (trumpet), John Coltrane (tenor saxophone), Red Garland (piano), Paul Chambers (bass), Philly Joe Jones (drums). 'Round Midnight; All of You; Tadd's Delight; and three others. COLUMBIA CS 8649 \$4.98.

Interest: Classic Davis Performance: Masterful Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Added depth

This 1955 recording is the first LP Miles Davis made for Columbia. It features the best group he ever had-one of the most influential in modern jazz-and is possibly the best recording they ever made. On it, Davis employs rhythms and some songs appropriated from Ahmad Jamal, displays his introspective ballad approach, and resurrects some bop classics.

This album made a contemporary standard of Bye Bye Blackbird, and a star of John Coltrane. Coltrane, dismissed at the time by many, is so compelling on Blackbird and 'Round About Midnight that he overshadows Davis himself, who plays very well on the set. The Davis rhythm section-Jones in particular-was never better.

The electronic stereo broadens the pinched upper register of Miles's horn.

I.G.

S DUKE ELLINGTON: Ellington at Newport. Duke Ellington (piano and leader), Ray Nance (trumpet), Johnny Hodges (alto saxophone), Paul Gonsalves (tenor saxophone). Newport Jazz Festival Suite; Jeep's Blues; Diminuendo and Crescendo in Blue. COLUMBIA CS 8648 \$4.98.

Interest: Gonsalves's triumph Performance: Fine Ellington Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Artificial

One night at Newport in 1956, Paul Gonsalves played twenty-seven blues choruses on the saxophone and had everyone dancing in the aisles. The incident is detailed in the liner notes in George Avakian's fascinated prose, and started a trend Ellington has unfortunately tried to prolong ever since.

I say unfortunately, because everything else on this reprocessed-for-stereo set is musically superior to that juke-joint moment. Johnny Hodges is splendid on his showpiece Jeep's Blues. Ray Nance plays superb trumpet on Blues To Be There, the lovely second part of a generally undistinguished "Festival Suite."

But the high point of the set is Ellington's piano. In brief, idiosyncratic solo or in relentless accompaniment, his piano playing is one of the rarest delights in all jazz. Without it, there would be no Ellington band. And this disc is one of the finest demonstrations, short of the rare trio and



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BARBARA DANE Blues without bite

solo performances, of that piano. Beside such powerfully compressed music, Gonsalves's solo stands exposed as meaningless time-killing. Į. G.

1 RED GARLAND: The Nearness of You. Red Garland (piano), Larry Ridley (bass), Frank Gant (drums). Why Was I Born; Don't Worry about Me; All Alone; and five others. JAZZLAND JLP 962 \$5.98, JLP 62* \$4.98.

Interest: Mood jazz Performance: Rather shallow Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Well-balanced

Red Garland's languorous examination of eight standards can serve as calming background music, but his performances are pallid by jazz criteria. Each number is taken very slowly, and to maintain interest at this tempo throughout a whole album requires unusual melodic imagination or a uniquely absorbing harmonic sense. Garland has neither. His variations

are tasteful enough, but he rarely transmutes a tune into a deeply personal communication.

Garland's support, by Larry Ridley and Frank Gant, is unobtrusive and dependable. The album is one of Mr. Garland's more expendable efforts and reinforces this reviewer's opinion that Garland is an agreeable but minor jazz pianist. N. H.

(b) (C) (C)

Interest: That swing thing Performance: Ingratiating Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Passable

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Terry Gibbs recorded this set at The Mannehole, Shelley Manne's Los Angeles club, in April of 1961. Gibbs, who shows great delight in his work, is almost completely an entertainer. "That swing thing," as the album's title has it, is very much present, but little else of musical interest goes on. Perhaps in a club a group can just swing, swing, swing, and everybody will be happy, but it is less satisfying on the home phonograph.

Gibbs trots out a march, a waltz, *Three* Blind Mice, and just about every variant of funk one could imagine. It is as if he has discovered the jazz possibilities of gospel music at a time when it was becoming apparent to others that the trick had been overdone.

Pat Moran, who was a very fine pianist in another style, has become funky, too. She does it very well, but not nearly so well as her former style. Gibbs himself, like his group, is great for fun, but a group like Clark Terry-Bob Brookmeyer's has learned how to be entertaining while making music of substance. J. G.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

● DIZZY GILLESPIE: On The French Riviera. Dizzy Gillespie (trumpet), Lalo Schifrin (piano), Leo Wright (alto saxophone and flute), Chris White (bass), Rudy Collins (drums), Tzigane Elek Bacsik (guitar), Pepito Riestria (percussion). No More Blues; Desafinado; Here It Is; For The Gypsies; and three others. PHILIPS PHS 600048* \$4.98, PHM 200048 \$3.98.

Interest: A festive Dizzy Performance: Gillespie dominates Recording: Good

Recorded during the Third International Jazz Festival at Juan-les-Pins this past summer, the session, held at the local ca-

他.

sino, reveals Dizzy Gillespie at his most buoyantly informal. It is Gillespie who makes this more than a proficient modern jazz recital. Although the other soloists, particularly Leo Wright, are competent enough, Gillespie's contributions are consistently brilliant. He has matured into a trumpeter of stunning technical assurance. His tone has become warmer and deeper, and he plays with the unabashed passion that has always been characteristic of his work.

The arrangements are undistinguished, but the program provides an instructively broad spectrum of Gillespie's skills—from his graceful, incisive muted horn in the bossa nova Desafinado and For The Gypsies to the more rambunctious flights in No More Blues and Here It Is. In I Waited for You, Dizzy demonstrates again the sweeping but penetrating lyricism of which he is capable on ballads. N. H.

BENNY GOODMAN: The Great Benny Goodman. Benny Goodman (clarinet), Harry James (trumpet), Lionel Hampton 'vibraphone), Teddy Wilson (piano), Gene Krupa (drums), others. Let's Dance; Memories of You; Moonglow; Sing Sing Sing; Don't Be That Way; and six others. COLUMBIA CS 8643 \$4.98.

Interest: Vintage Goodman Performance: Best of the time Recording: Variable Stereo Quality: Electronic and adequate

This is an electronically reprocessed reissue of some of the best concert tapes, air checks, and the like that Goodman made between 1937 and 1939. Without nostalgia, the music seems pristine, elegant, and refined. In technical excellence and the control of instrumental passion, Goodman's small groups seem a counterpart of the Modern Jazz Quartet, with Hampton in Milt Jackson's role.

It is interesting, in the light of the great reliance placed on the bassist in today's small groups, that Goodman's quartet did without the instrument.

The big band is often refined in the same way, benefiting from their Fletcher Henderson arrangements. The great Goodman showpiece -Sing Sing Sing—is here, with its unique Jess Stacy piano solo. The sidemen—Goodman, Stacy, Hampton, Wilson, James, Krupa, Henderson, Christian—are a catalog of the most widely known musicians of the era. And in the playing of Christian one can detect the first seeds of revolt that would make this and other such bands irrevocably a thing of the past. J. G.

© AL GREY: Snap Your Fingers. Al Grey (trombone), Billy Mitchell (tenor saxophone), David Burns or Donald Byrd (trumpet), Bobby Hutcherson (vibra-(Continued on page 90)



phone), Flor Morris or Herb Hancock (piano), Herman Wright (bass), Eddie Williams (drums). Minor On Top; African Lady; Hi-Fly; R.B.Q.; and four others. ARGO 700 \$4.98.

Interest: New grouping Performance: Spirited Recording: Good

This group combines the best of the two extremely successful small bands of Al Grey and Billy Mitchell. Its sound suggests members of Cannonball Adderley's band soloing on Jazztet arrangements. This group, however, has more variety than either of the two to whom it might be compared.

Particularly affecting here is Melba Liston's moody Just Waiting. Half of the disc was recorded before an audience at Birdland with guests Donald Byrd and Herb Hancock. The combination of night-club atmosphere and new blood makes this by far the more successful of the two sides. The single revelation of the set is Mitchell's urgent tenor solo on Minor On Top, the most compelling I have heard from him. J. G.

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braphone), others. Where Are You; I Got It Bad; Hi-Fly; One Note Samba; and eight others. EPIC BA 17027 \$4.98, LA 16027* \$3.98.

Interest: Hampton at bay Performance: Hampton showcase Recording: Clear Stereo Quality: Good

If the producer of this recording had consciously set out to give Lionel Hampton inappropriate backing, he could not have done a better job. There is an organ, an ineffectual Latin group, and a bland cocktail unit. Since several of the songs are movie themes, this seems to have been intended as a pop Hampton date, with one bossa nova for insurance.

But even the most inapposite backing cannot quite quell Hampton's infectious, boundless energy. He is a master of rhythm and good humor here, so much so that it scarcely matters that he has done it all before. The ballads work out less well here than the up-tempo numbers! his style requires hin to play so many fill-in notes at slow tempos that the sense of tension is lost. There are any number of better Hampton records, but few better demonstrations of Hampton himself. *I. G.*

● JOHNSON, WINDING, GREEN, DENNIS: Four Trombones. J. J. Johnson, Kai Winding, Bennie Green, Willie Dennis (trombones), Charles Mingus (bass), John Lewis (piano), Art Taylor (drums). I'll Remember April; Stardust; Move; Blues for Some Bones. FANTASY 6005 \$4.98.

Interest: Trombone seminar Performance: Discursive Recording: Adequate

This is a reissue of an album released on the now-defunct Debut label in the mid-1950's. It was recorded at a jazz concert, and the quality of sound is not high in terms of rhythm section balance and presence. The four trombonists have all the solo space, except for brief piano transitions by John Lewis.

All the hornmen can be classified as modernists, although Bennie Green has swing-era roots. Each of the protagonists has been more pointed and surprising in other settings, in which the solos have not been so ramblingly lengthy and the material has been more challenging. There is, furthermore, an inevitable blurred sameness of texture when an album consists mainly of four trombones chasing each other. Significantly, the one track in which only one trombonist is featured-Bennie Green in Stardust-is the most substantial pleasure here, proof again that cutting contests do not always. insure memorable jazz. N. H.

(Continued on page 92)

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• THE ORIGINAL DIXIELAND JAZZ BAND: Their Historic Recordings in England. Nick La Rocca (cornet), Emil Christian (trombone), Larry Shields (clarinet), Billy Jones (piano), Tony Sparbaro (drums). At the Jazz Band Ball; Satanic Blues; Mammy o' Mine; Alice Blue Gown; and thirteen others. RIVERSIDE RLP 156/157 two 12inch discs \$10.00.

Interest: Early jazz document Performance: Invitation to nostalgia Recording: Poor to adequate

Riverside has added to its jazz archives series an evocative two-volume set of rare recordings by the Original Dixieland Jazz Band. Made in England on 12-inch 78rpm discs in 1919 and 1920, these performances have never before been issued in America. For its conquering tour of England, the ODJB altered its personnel. Henry Ragas, the combo's original pianist, had died, and his place was taken by British ragtimer Billy Jones. Trombonist Eddie Edwards refused to make the voyage, and Emil Christian, a lusty New Orleans tailgater, substituted for him. The core of the quintet remained Nick La Rocca, a forceful ensemble cornetist but an indifferent soloist, drummer Tony Sparbaro, and the group's only outstanding jazz improviser, clarinetist Larry Shields.

As most jazz historians have agreed, the ODJB was rhythmically stiffer than its chief Dixieland rivals of the time, the New Orleans Rhythm Kings. The latter was much closer to the blues-strong roots of Negro New Orleans jazz, and its influence on later jazz players proved much more pervasive.

Yet, within its limitations, the ODIB was a swaggeringly entertaining unit. It played with bracing drive and swirling high spirits. It was at its best in boldly idiomatic tunes by its own memberslike its crackling version of Tiger Rag. The first two sides in the set are composed entirely of such tunes, and accordingly, these are the most rewarding performances. When it tried other writers' pieces in the era's popular veins, the band often tended to lose its distinctive character, blurring the brassy edges of its New Orleans traditions with sentimentality. Even in the thick-textured interpretations of the final two sides, however, the bittersweet poignancy of Larry Shields's clarinet lends some measures jazz worth.

The sound is what could be expected from the recording conditions of the time, but I wonder if more patient remastering by Riverside might not have produced more vivid results. Much of the tang of the ODJB does come through in spite of all. And the collection illuminates the first white Dixieland style to have achieved wide success as well as the strutting optimism with which the 1920's began. N. H. BUD SHANK: Brazilliance, Vol. 2. Bud Shank (alto saxophone and flute), Laurindo Almeida (guitar), Chuck Flores (drums and tabla), Gary Peacock (bass). Simpatico; Nocturno; Mood Antigua; Lonely; and six others. WORLD-PA-CIFIC S 1419* \$5.98, WP 1419 \$4.98.

Interest: Bossa nova Performance: Light and airy Recording: Splendid

Several years ago, alto saxophonist Bud Shank and Brazilian guitarist Laurindo Almeida made a record containing a charming piece called Blue Baiao, anticipating the bossa nova by almost a decade. Now they are back at the same game in the height of the current furor. Their cooperation is a blend of Shank's West Coast jazz and Almeida's Brazilian delicacy. The result, largely because of Shank, tends to be slightly bloodless, but on the whole superior mood music. Almeida writes instantly affecting melodies, of which Carioca Hills is the best example on this set. The two do not have the superb musicianship of Charlie Byrd and Stan Getz, who are busy at a similar effort, but their lightly Latin jazz is infinitely preferable to much of the ersatz bossa nova with which we are now being inundated. I. G.

BILLY TAYLOR: Impromptu. Billy Taylor (piano), Jim Hall (guitar), Bob Cranshaw (bass), Walter Perkins (drums). Capricious; Free and Oozy; Paraphrase; At La Carrousel; and four others. MERCURY SR 60722* \$4.98, MG 20722 \$3.98.

Interest: Polished piano jazz Performance: Leader lacking Recording: Warm and clear

In recent years, Billy Taylor has been splitting his time between playing, lecturing, and functioning as a jazz disc jockey, currently with WNEW in New York. As a jazz educator, Taylor is setting important critical standards for the music. As a pianist, however, he remains curiously insubstantial. Taylor is an unusually skilled technician with a particular capacity for improvising contrapuntally. But his work lacks the impact of a commanding and distinctive musical personality.

Everything Taylor plays is in proper taste. His original themes are attractive and neatly constructed, and his beat is fluid, but he seems to be shaping only surface emotions. He hardly ever persuades the listener that he has to express himself in personal ways. His music evinces little of the urgency to be heard in such otherwise widely varying planists as Bill Evans, Cecil Taylor, and Paul Bley.

By contrast, guitarist Jim Hall, al-(Continued on page 94)

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though essentially a lyrical player, improvises with an unmistakable personal impact. Hall, in fact, along with the team of Walter Perkins and Bob Cranshaw, provide this session with what emotional depth it has. Taylor glides, but his colleagues dig in more deeply. N. H.

③ ④ JACK TEAGARDEN: Think Well of Me. Jack Teagarden (trombone and vocals), Don Goldie (trumpet), with orchestra conducted by Russ Case and Bob Brookmeyer. Where Are You; Don't Smoke in Bed; Country Boy Blues; and eight others. VERVE V6 8465* \$5.98, V 8465 \$4.98.

Interest: Unaffected nostalgia Performance: Big T is nonpareil Recording: First-rate

Having performed several Willard Robison compositions in his previous Verve set "Misery and the Blues," Jack Teagarden has now undertaken an entire album (with the exception of Jimmy McHugh's *Where Are You*) of Robison pieces.

Now sixty-nine, Robison is a sentimental composer of themes and lyrics so naturally spun that they seem to be authentic Americana of forty or more years ago. The best-known Robison numbers in this collection are Old Folks and Cottage for Sale, but just as gently evocative are such twilit vignettes as In A Little Waterfront Cafe, Don't Smoke in Bed, and Country Boy Blues.

Jack Teagarden's ruminative singing and his glowing trombone are exactly suited to the unhurried Robison idiom. Teagarden is himself so naturally homespun that the listener rejoices for the refreshing absence of coyness.

The album could have been a distinguished success, but Verve inadvisedly decided to back Teagarden with an unnecessary string section and a gratuitous harp. The arrangements by Bob Brookmeyer and Russ Case are serviceable and not too treacly, but Teagarden would have been far better served by a small combo or a stringless big band.

Fortunately, an opposite second solo horn is present in the clear, singing trumpet of Don Goldie. By and large, Teagarden and Goldie manage to surmount the boneless arrangements. N. H.

⁽³⁾ ⁽³⁾ CLARK TERRY: All American. Clark Terry (trumpet, fluegelhorn), Budd Johnson (tenor saxophone), Lester Robinson (trombone), George Barrow (baritone saxophone), Eddie Costa (piano, vibraphone), Art Davis (bass), Eddie Shaughnessy (drums). What A Country: Nightlife; Same Language; and five others. Moodsville S26* \$5.98, 26 \$4.98.

Interest: Terry Performance: Exuberant Recording: Good



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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

This is an essay in how to make silk purses out of unpromising show tunes. Oliver Nelson drastically altered the original All American score, using only a septet, and was apparently unhampered by the economic factors that make most major undertakings from Prestige emerge slightly shoddy.

Clark Terry, for whom this was done, is a master. He is more consistently inventive and refreshingly witty than any trumpet player except Gillespie. On *Same Language*, his magnificent growl and Nelson's voicing change an indifferent song into a study in Ellingtonia. Budd Johnson is still a young, fresh saxophonist. The late pianist Eddie Costa, who plays well here, was rather strongly influenced by Dave Brubeck. The rhythm team of Art Davis and Eddie Shaughnessy is quietly apt.

Since Clark Terry makes so few records as a leader, any of his discs are worth having. This one, because of the material, is not top-quality, but some of Terry's solos are as good as his best. J. G.

© CAL TJADER: Saturday Night/ Sunday Night at The Blackhawk, San Francisco. Cal Tjader (vibraphone), John Rae (drums), Lonnie Hewitt (piano), Freddie Schreiber (bass). Summertime; This Can't Be Love; Weep; Stompin' At the Savoy; Noonies Groove; and three others. VERVE V 8459 \$4.98.

Interest: Little MJQ Performance: Superior Tjader Recording: Fine for location date

Do not be deceived by the title—this is not the well-known Miles Davis set. Do not be deceived by the music, either this is not the MJQ on a bad night. When Cal Tjader gets away from his Latin predilections, as he does here before a San Francisco night-club audience, he can be a very good vibraphonist. The only trouble is, he speaks almost completely in the vocabulary of Milt Jackson, and he has mastered only the more obvious turns of phrase. The sidemen are all commendable, particularly bassist Freddie Schreiber.

The set is well-recorded, and the players seem to benefit from being before an audience: I cannot recall hearing Tjader play so well. There is a good selection of tunes—some standards and the obligatory Miles Davis-styled piece, here called 222 Time.

This is a fine, cohesive group. It is perhaps unfortunate for such musicians that the MJQ exist, for they must stand the comparison. But, were it not for the MJQ, they would not play as they do; here they do it with neither the inventiveness nor the subtlety of their models.



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© BERLIOZ: Romeo and Juliet, Op. 17. Rosalind Elias (mezzo-soprano), Cesare Valletti (tenor), Giorgio Tozzi (bass-baritone); New England Conservatory Chorus and Boston Symphony, Charles Munch cond. RCA VICTOR FTC 7003 \$14.95.

Interest: Symphonic drama Performance: Stirring Recording: Transparent Stereo Quality: Tops

If Charles Munch has carved a special niche among contemporary conductors, it is in the Berlioz repertoire. No other conductor today possesses his unique sense of proportion as an interpreter of these scores, and no other is as watchful of instrumental balances and the precise time values of the notes that sound so often in a context of silence. Without this special insight a sprawling score like Berlioz's *Romeo and Juliet* can become hopelessly mired in technicalities, a pallid bore punctuated by bombast.

In Munch's hands it most emphatically is not. His exposition of Romeo's first flights of fancy is glowing, and the *Love Scene* is a moment of revelation. *The Capulets' Ball* is all stateliness and grace, and the "Queen Mab" Scherzo a marvel of gossamer airiness unequalled by any recording to date.

His singers generally are worthy of his direction. Giorgio Tozzi is a compelling Italianate Friar Lawrence, though it is evident that French is not his native tongue. Rosalind Elias reports Romeo's "premières transports" with tender conviction and gratifying vocal security. The Berlioz style is best served by establishing a fairly restricted, even monochromatic, range of vocal color, and never allowing that color to vary from one extreme of the voice to the other. Miss Elias has mastered this style. To Valletti it comes nat-urally, and his "Mab" aria is a model of stylistic finesse. The New England Conservatory Chorus has some trouble with enunciation at this point but otherwise acquits itself superbly.

The recording, the first on tape, is exemplary. The sound is clean, a triffe weak on bass but bright and razor-sharp on top. Especially notable are the silken string texture, the burnished brass, and the limpid clarity of the chorus, in contrast to the two-disc LP edition, which sounds a little grainy and murky. The elegant Soria disc box, however, comes with libretto and



ROSALIND ELIAS Romeo's transports imparted tenderly

notes printed in Italy. The tape does not include these extras, nor is there the usual invitation to the buyer to send for a free booklet. C. B.

© GILBERT AND SULLIVAN: *Patience.* D'Oyly Carte Opera Company, Isidore Godfrey cond. LONDON LOS 90045 two reels \$15.95.

Interest: Savoyard spoof Performance: Appealing Recording: Very good Stereo Quality: Satisfactory

It is especially good to have this rarely performed Gilbert and Sullivan complete on two reels, with the intact spoken dialogue of Gilbert's caustic satire on pre-Raphaelite aesthetic pretentions. The D'Oyly Carte performs its accustomed chores with considerable flair, though there is a little too much affectation on the part of the ladies of the company. Isidore Godfrey maintains unusually high spirits throughout. His chorus is excellent, and among the principals, John Reed's Bunthorne and Philip Potter's Lieutenant are distinguished. Stereo effects are not unduly emphasized, but the sound is airy and bright. Altogether, this *Patience* is marvelously entertaining, and the recording of both music and voices cannot be faulted. C.B.

• MOZART: Horn Concerto No. 1, in D Major, K. 412; Horn Concerto No. 2, in E-flat Major, K. 417; Horn Concerto No. 3, in E-flat Major, K. 447; Horn Concerto No. 4, in E-flat Major, K. 495. Albert Linder (horn); Vienna State Opera Orchestra, Hans Swarowsky cond. VANGUARD VTC 1648 \$7.95.

Interest: Complete Mozart horn canon Performance: Assured Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Good

Considering the virtuoso demands of Mozart's four horn concertos, and these serene, glowing untroubled performances by Albert Linder, this album richly deserves its title, "The Virtuoso Horn." A young Dane with a highly polished technique, Linder plays with a suppleness of phrase rarely come by, fine warmth of tone, and a gratifying sense of flourish (which, after all, is what the horn is for). At first the trills in K. 447 give him some trouble, but lapses of this kind are few in what follows, and for the most part these performances are magnificently controlled. Swarowsky's accompaniments are models of stylistic discretion. Although the winds are a little out of focus, the recorded sound is agreeably balanced. Stereo separation is wholly adequate. C. B.

© SCHUBERT: Quintet, in A Major, for Piano and Strings, Op. 114 ("Trout"). Clifford Curzon (piano); Members of the Vienna Octet. LONDON LCL 80092 \$7.95.

Interest: Schubert suprême Performance: Suave Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Effective

Of the eight (!) stereo recordings of the "Trout," this is clearly one of the best. Its only real competition on tape is the marvelously sanguine performance by Frank Glazer and the Fine Arts Quartet for Concert-Disc (CS 1201-S). Curzon's tends to be more reserved, smaller in scale, and somewhat more mannered. Still, the music flows with precision and FOR FULL QUALITY STEREO-MULTIPLEX OR MONOPHONIC FM RECEPTION Use FINCO

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grace throughout, and except for a few lapses, the string playing is impeccable. The sound is attractive, favoring integrated ensemble with just the right degree of separation. Intimacy and clarity of detail are uppermost. C. B.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

© SCHUMANN: Symphony No. 3, in E-flat Major, Op. 97 ("Rhenish"). New York Philharmonic, Leonard Bernstein cond. Coluмыл MQ 475 \$7.95.

Interest: Urtext Schumann Performance: Exuberant Recording: Robust Stereo Quality: Impressive

The composer's joyful sense of discovery that life could be beautiful in Düsseldorf is admirably conveyed here. Leonard Bernstein's "Rhenish" is the first and only tape recording so far, and it should easily remain the best one for some time to come, even if George Szell's excellent Epic recording is later transferred to tape. For Bernstein's youthful, optimistic outlook matches this music perfectly. That he returns to Schumann's original scoring and makes it sound well despite the generally thicker textures is further evidence of the conductor's keen ear for orchestral balances. The recording itself creates an aura of wide-open spaces, especially in the "cathedral movement," which is seldom invested with such grandeur. Stereo directionality is high, but in no way impairs the superb blend of instrumental color. The Philharmonic's gleaming brasses are beautifully offset by the warmth of the strings, the mellowness of the winds, and the rock-solid pedal point of the bass. C. B.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

(STRAVINSKY: Petrouchka (revised 1947 version). Columbia Symphony, Igor Stravinsky cond. Columbia MQ 474 \$7.95.

Interest: Basic Stravinsky Performance: Definitive Recording: Gem-like Stereo Quality: Near-perfect

This Petrouchka, the first Stravinsky has recorded in many years, is the second tape released in honor of his eightieth birthday. The first was his new Firebird (Columbia MQ 450), and while he now prefers the latter work in its early, fully orchestrated version of 1910, he finds the later, revised Petrouchka of 1947 "very much less amateur" today-rewritten, as he frankly states, for the dual purpose of preserving his copyright and adapting the score for a smaller orchestra. The thinner textures emerge from this superb recording with chamber-like clarity. The score's interior details are defined almost clinically, and orchestral timbres fairly shimmer. Stravinsky moves deftly from one tableau to the next, dramatizing each with the subtle accents and sudden insights of a master story-teller. Altogether, the performance is angular, brassy, and kaleidoscopic in color. The impeccable solo work by members of the Columbia Symphony contributes greatly to the impact. The stereo engineering is absolutely first-rate. C. B.

© VERDI: *Rigoletto.* Cornell MacNeil (baritone), Rigoletto; Joan Sutherland (soprano), Gilda; Renato Cioni (tenor), Duke of Mantua; Cesare Siepi (bass), Sparafucile; Stefania Malagu (mezzosoprano), Maddalena; Fernando Corena (bass), Monterone; Giuseppe Morresi (baritone), Marullo. Orchestra and Chorus of L'Accademia di Santa Cecilia, Nino Sanzogno cond. LONDON LOG 90044 two reels \$19.95.

Interest: Operatic staple Performance: Spotty Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Realistic

London's new Rigoletto has many assets. Among them is the strong cast headed by Cornell MacNeil, Joan Sutherland, and Renato Cioni. Another is the superb sound, which has by now become standard for any of London's operatic undertakings. Still another is the fact that the Verdi opera has here been recorded in full for the first time. This in itself is a fairly minor consideration since the traditional cuts-portions of the Gilda-Rigoletto and Gilda-Duke duets in the second act (or Act I, scene two, as they have it here), as well as the Duke's impassioned "Possente amor" further on-account for only a few minutes' playing time. Still, the restorations have been made, and they make sense dramatically.

The trouble with this performance lies mainly in its over-all blandness, for all the excitement Sanzogno occasionally whips up in the orchestra, and in the vocal eccentricities he allows Miss Sutherland to get away with. Departures from tradition, which, as noted, are commendable when it comes to presenting the score in its entirety, are inexcusable in instances where the score is arbitrarily tampered with to accommodate the personal whims of any one of the principals. The unwritten high D to which Miss Sutherland soars (with marvelous ease) as she enters Sparafucile's hideaway in the last act is both unexpected and, as it turns out, effective. Elsewhere she takes liberties with the notes as Verdi wrote them that simply disfigure the musical line and impede the established, logical flow of action. By singing ever so slightly behind the beat a good deal of the time, she frosts with bathos a Gilda bowed down by a most terrible melancholy.

Miss Sutherland's "Caro nome," to be

sure, is lovely, trills and all. She is in splendid voice throughout. And so is MacNeil. His Rigoletto has not yet the depth, the inner turmoil or exterior bite, with which Leonard Warren and Tito Gobbi invested the role, but the potential is clearly there. MacNeil's fairly limited range at present is especially evident in "Cortigiani, vil razza" and at other moments, ironic or serious, when the full weight of a crucial dramatic situation rests solely and squarely on his shoulders. Nevertheless, his unerring musicianship and frequent flashes of insight hint of greatness to come.

Renato Cioni, the young tenor who costarred with Miss Sutherland in London's recent Lucia, is a fine Duke. By contrast with his two Anglo-Saxon colleagues, he brings a kind of Mediterranean ardor to his portrayal that, dramatically, would stand up on any stage. His "La donna è mobile" caps an altogether convincing performance that is marred only by strain in the upper registers. Cioni's is not a big voice, but perhaps he should consider himself blessed. He may thus be forced to use it intelligently, which he does in this recording.

The rest of the cast lends solid support. Sanzogno's tempos are relaxed, generally slower than most, but fortunately never quite so droopy as Miss Sutherland appears to have wanted them.

Both scenes of the first act fit neatly on the first reel; Acts II and III share the second reel, one each to a sequence. C. B.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

© WAGNER: Die Walküre. Birgit Nilsson (soprano), Brünnhilde; Gré Brouwenstijn (soprano), Sieglinde; Rita Gorr (mezzo-soprano), Fricka; Jon Vickers (tenor), Siegmund; George London (bass-baritone), Wotan; David Ward (bass), Hunding; Marie Collier, Julia Maylon, Margreta Elkins, Joan Edwards, Judith Pierce, Noreen Berry, Maureen Guy, Josephine Veasey (sopranos and mezzo-sopranos), Valkyries. London Symphony, Erich Leinsdorf cond. RCA VICTOR FTC 9500 three reels \$32.95.

Interest: Wagnerian masterpiece Performance: Overwhelming Recording: Superb Stereo Quality: Totally satisfying

Any new recording of *Die Walküre* can be cause for rejoicing, but one as good as this on four-track stereo tape should be greeted with rapture. In the opera house *Die Walküre*, like any other of the *Ring* operas, can become tedious. Hearing it on tape, one has a greater sense of its entirely human passions as well as a clearer understanding of the conflicts and tensions that make the work's musical and dramatic structure.

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and insight, and delineating the structure with the utmost lucidity, Erich Leinsdorf has achieved the best recorded performance of his career. It is interesting to note that he made his American debut conducting Die Walküre at the Metropolitan Opera in 1938. A quarter of a century later he returned to the same house to conduct the complete "Ring." This recording, made in London with at least three principals familiar to Mct audiences (Birgit Nilsson, Jon Vickers, George London), obviously benefited greatly from his opportunity to restudy the score and to reacquaint himself with its complex design before committing it indelibly to tape. Eloquence, imagination, and taste are at all times evident in his reading.

Of the singers with whom American audiences are unfamiliar, Gré Brouwenstijn makes the most favorable impression. Her Sieglinde is youthful and vocally radiant in both the Act I narrative and the love duet that follows. Later on, the ecstasy with which she receives the news that she is to bear the Volsung hero Siegfried is overpowering. Vickers, who joins her in the Act I duet, quickly establishes the fact that he is one of the finest Siegmunds of our day. By the time he has finished the "Spring Song" in Act I he



has drawn a compelling portrait of the great Wagnerian hero. But to the strength and splendor of primitive emotions he so magnificently conveys throughout he adds tenderness, for example in Act II, thus rounding out a supremely moving vocal characterization. David Ward, too, in the Act I scene he shares with Mr. Vickers, is fine as Hunding.

Mme. Nilsson and Mr. London are both in splendid voice, and both, though they fill the dramatic shoes of gods, reveal masterfully the all-too-human frailties Wagner intended they have. Their several scenes together are outstanding, ranging from the touching exchange that precedes Wotan's narration, through the savage encounters of Acts II and III, to the transfigured dialogue that brings the opera to a close. The only real weakness in the production is Rita Gorr: her Fricka is menacing and strong-willed, but the singing is plagued with vibrato. Her scene with Mr. London is nevertheless beautifully enhanced by the stereo engineering, which assigns each of the singers to a separate channel and an almost godlike isolation, as if they were addressing one another across the gap between two Olympian peaks.

Generally the recording makes limited use of stereo stage perspectives. Singers are introduced on one or another channel and rarely budge. When, in Act III, Wotan moves from left to right between the first and second scenes, and to the left again for the final scene, the effect is inappropriate. Otherwise, stereo renders striking service to the orchestra. The full impact of its size is immediately felt, and the intricacies of the score are projected with immaculate clarity. The sound is spacious, with the voices occupying a kind of aesthetic middle distance. The brasses, normally warm and full, tend to whiteness at the climaxes.

Tape has an advantage over discs in that each reel contains an act. The first and second acts break at appropriate moments, but the sequence break in Act III, not only in the middle of one of Wotan's stanzas but in mid-sentence as well, is inexcusable. A handsomely printed libretto is available free to buyers who return the post card enclosed with each set. C. B.

4-TR. ENTERTAINMENT

⑤ ELLA FITZGERALD: Ella Fitzgerald Sings the George and Ira Gershwin Song Book, Vol. 2. Ella Fitzgerald (vocals); orchestra, Nelson Riddle cond. Soon; I've Got a Crush on You; Bidin' My Time; Aren't You Kind of Glad We Did?; and twenty-two others. VERVE VSTP 277 \$11.95.

Interest: Single-reel reissue Performance: Disarming Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Good The five reels it took initially to get Ella Fitzgerald's Gershwin song book onto tape now are compressed into a compact two. This twin-pack begins where the first (VSTP 244) ended, midway in reel three of the original set, and continues through reels four and five. As such it represents a remarkable bargain. The artist and the songs she sings are, of course, unrivaled. C.B.

③ DIZZY GILLESPIE: An Electrifying Evening with Dizzy Gillespie. Dizzy Gillespie (trumpet), Leo Wright (alto sax and flute), Lalo Shifrin (piano), Chuck Lampkin (drums), Bob Cunningham



ODETTA Close to the blues' stinging source

(bass). Kush; Salt Peanuts; Night in Tunisia; The Mooche. VANGUARD VSTC 275 \$7.95.

Interest: Dizzy in concert Performance: Glinty Recording: Clean Stereo Quality: Pronounced

This is Dizzy Gillespie's fourth reel, and it is his best. Recorded at New York's Museum of Modern Art in February of 1961, the set has greater immediacy and freedom than any of the others. Except for the saucy bit of nonsense he calls *Salt Peanuts*, the program has a distinct Near Eastern flavor. Kush has a quietly pulsating, almost hypnotic Casbah beat, Night in Tunisia a lusty informality, and The Mooche a few exotic opening bars quickly giving way to hard bop, yet each possesses an individual style. The on-the-spot recording is very good. C. B.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

© ODETTA: Sometimes I Feel Like Cryin'. Odetta (vocals), Dick Wellstood (piano), Buster Bailey (clarinet), Vic Dickenson (trombone), Buck Clayton (trumpet), Panama Francis (drums), Tedell Saunders (harmonica), Leonard Gaskin and Abdul Ahmed Malik (bass). I Just Can't Keep From Cryin'; Special Delivery; If I Had Wings; Darlin' Baby; and eight others. RCA VICTOR FTP 1153 \$7.95.

Interest: Odetta and the blues Performance: Gutsy Recording: Fine Stereo Quality: Ditto

Here Odetta sings the blues, and her choice of songs embraces several in the Bessie Smith tradition---Special Delivery, Poor Man, and Stranger Here--as well as the current urban style exemplified by Pete Seeger's Empty Pocket Blues. But, coming closer than most fare-thee-well singers to the true source of the blues, she draws upon Ma Rainey and Blind Lemon Jefferson, as well as the Archive of American Folk Song at the Library of Congress. The bitter nostalgia of House of the Rising Sun has been no more poignantly expressed since Libby Holman. The recording is definitely top-quality. C. B.

⑤ FRANK SINATRA: Nice 'n' Easy. Frank Sinatra (vocals); orchestra, Nelson Riddle cond. Nice 'n' Easy; That Old Feeling; How Deep Is the Ocean; I've Got a Crush on You; and eight others. CAPITOL ZW 1417 \$7.98.

Interest: Sinatra retrospective Performance: Mellow Recording: Good Stereo Quality: Adequate

Aside from the title song, a new one credited, cryptically, to "Spence-Keith-Bergman" and comfortably tailored to Sinatra's what's-your-hurry style, this tape contains a selection of some of the slow swing numbers with which the singer has been identified over the years. And he sings them about as well as he ever has. The delivery is direct and for the most part unmannered, the mood is relaxed, and signs of strain are few. Sinatra's singing here is tinged by a kind of nostalgia, a wistful mellowness that just stops short of fatigue. Nelson Riddle's backing is tasteful and restrained. The recording, though it tends to be juke-boxy in the bass, is otherwise passable. C. B.

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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

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Reviewed by STANLEY GREEN . NAT HENTOFF . JOE GOLDBERG

Explanation of symbols:

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- monophonic recording
- S=stereophonic recording
- *=mono or stereo version not received for review

⑤ ● HARRY BELAFONTE: The Many Moods Of Harry Belafonte. Harry Belafonte (vocals), instrumental combo, Bill Eaton cond. Betty An' Dupree; Zombie Jamboree; Try To Remember; Dark As A Dungeon; and seven others. RCA VICTOR LSP 2574 \$4.98, LPM 2574* \$3.98.

Interest: Expert entertaining Performance: Carefully paced Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Very good

Once folk circles understand that Harry Belafonte is a pop entertainer who adapts folk songs to his own style, much of the controversy about him will dissipate. Belafonte may think of himself as a folk singer, but his performances are much too finely blueprinted to allow even the appearance of spontaneous self-revelation that is the *sine qua non* of true folk style.

In terms of popular vocalizing, however, Belafonte is a remarkable craftsman, and his material is chosen with imagination and taste. In this set, for example, there are new, quasi-folk pieces ('Long About Now and I'm on My Way to Saturday) as well as rarely sung but caressing show tunes (Summertime Love from Greenwillow and Try to Remember from The Fantasticks). Belafonte's engaging if rather brittle calypso beat is heard in Tongue Tie Baby and Zombie Jamboree. He is beyond his depth only in songs that demand raw and fearful emotions, such as Who's Gonna Be Your Man and Dark as a Dungeon. Here the line between the pop performer and the folk singer, authentic or self-made, is most clearly revealed. When Belafonte attempts to plunge deeper than a supper-club entertainer is normally expected to go, he reveals his limitations. N. H.

• • TONY BENNETT: At Carnegie Hall. Tony Bennett (vocals); orchestra, Ralph Sharon cond. Firefly; Just In Time; Love Is Here to Stay; and twenty-

ъ

five others. COLUMBIA C2S two 12-inch discs \$9.96, C2L 23* \$7.96.

Interest: Considerable Performance: Surprisingly good Recording: Satisfactory Stereo Quality: Atmospheric

® TONY BENNETT: Tony's Greatest Hits. Tony Bennett (vocals); orchestras. Stranger In Paradise; Rags to Riches; Just In Time; and nine others. COLUMBIA CS 8652 \$4.98, CL 1229* \$3.98.

Interest: For the fans Performance: Average Recording: Satisfactory Stereo Quality: Not noticeable

Granted that Tony Bennett's vocal equipment may be slight, he is a remarkably effective song stylist when he is before



TONY BENNETT Easygoing charm in Carnegie Hall

an audience. The raw edginess of his voice and his tendency to strain for a note just beyond his grasp seem to give way to a more relaxed, even mellow quality when he is performing on stage. As a result, his Carnegie Hall program has a welcome feeling of intimacy and wellcontrolled exuberance.

Twenty-eight songs were sung in this performance, including many that have long been identified with the singer. By far the biggest ovation is after I Left My Heart In San Francisco, a piece whose appeal has so far eluded me. But by the time the recital is half finished, every song is greeted by applause after the first recognizable bars.

Among the highlights are Climb Ev'ry Mountain, which is begun almost as a lullaby; the delicately worded It Amazes Me; a surprisingly up-tempo One for My Baby; and a Lost In the Stars that begins beautifully but unfortunately ends in pretty ragged condition. Ralph Sharon provides sympathetic backing throughout.

"Tony's Greatest Hits," originally released in 1958, has been stereophonically rechanneled, though to what advantage I cannot testify. It still sounds to me like only a good monophonic recording. Five of the selections here are also among Mr. Bennett's Carnegie Hall choices. S. G.

S BROOK BENTON. Lie To Me. Brook Benton, Merry Melody Singers (vocals); orchestra. Lie To Me; Chains Of Love; Valley of Tears; Send For Me; Looking Back; and seven others. MER-CURY SR 60740 \$4.98*, MG 20740 \$3.98.

Interest: Benton's blues Performance: Top pro Recording: Good

On the front cover, this album is titled "Lie To Me." On the back cover and spine, it is called "Singing The Blues," and on the record itself, "Lonely and Blue." Whatever the title, it is another masochistic sop to the teenage market, milking the theme of the unhappiness of "first and only" love.

Benton is one of the best current pop singers. He has a sly, smooth, ingratiating voice that operates with equal facility over an amazingly wide range. He allows this facility to dictate his style, and tempers it with a touch of gospel. The set was recorded in Nashville, and is replete with the contributions to popular music that have been made by the studio musicians of that town. All the songs are blues or near-blues, the most durable being Lonnie Johnson's Tomorrow Night. One track, True Confession, is so hilarious as to qualify for a satirical cabaret act, but it was very probably intended J. G. seriously.



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(S) (B) JACQUELINE BOYER: Chanteuse. Jacqueline Boyer (vocals); orchestra, Franck Pourcel cond. Le Guimick; Jenny, O Jenny; Magdalena; and nine others. CAPITOL ST 10313 \$4.98, T 10313* \$3.98.

Interest: Winning program Performance: A charmer Recording: Slightly close Stereo Quality: Satisfactory

Jacqueline Boyer has a youthful, clear, bright, accurate, well-placed, intimate, and thoroughly professional voice, and, as you might guess, I am completely smitten. She is the most exciting young singer that France has produced in a long time, and is unquestionably well on her way to the international acclaim that was once showered on her mother, Lucienne Boyer. Her repertoire consists of such irresistible pieces as Pepe; Moi, j'aime la vie; and Pianissimo; but perhaps the most distinctive number on the disc is the exotic, throbbing Magdalena, which she emotes with almost as much dramatic intensity as Édith Piaf. There are no translations on the jacket. S. G.

S HERMAN CHITTISON: That's

All! Herman Chittison (piano). That's All; Smoke Gets In Your Eyes; Tangerine; and seven others. L'ELEGANT LES 1000 \$4.98, LE 1000* \$3.98.

Interest: Attractive program Performance: Fine stylist Recording: Lively sound Stereo Quality: Inconsequential

Herman Chittison has a boldly masculine way of attacking a melody that conveys a sense of purposefulness, and his flights of fancy never take him too far beyond bounds. Little Girl Blue, for example, may occasionally get lost, but the basic structure of Chittison's musical design always gives his work a solid foundation. I wish he had been a bit less assertive on The Touch of Your Lips, which might have benefited from the kind of warm approach he gives to Smoke Gets In Your Eyes. S. G.

S W JUNE CHRISTY: The Best of June Christy. June Christy (vocals); various accompanying groups. Midnight Sun; Bewitched; Nobody's Heart; Willow Weep For Me; and seven others. CAPITOL ST 1693 \$4.98, T 1693* \$3.98.

Interest: Christy's hits Performance: Variable Recording: Excellent Stereo Quality: Excellent

Another in Capitol's series of hit singles compilations, this one is devoted to June Christy. Like another ex-Kenton vocalist, Chris Connor, her style stems from that of Anita O'Day-all singers who have spent some time with the Kenton band tend to sound somewhat alike.

Miss Christy is so excessively mannered that it is often difficult to understand her. Her performance of the lovely *Nobody's Heart* is unbearably stolid, and a singer whose stock in trade is disillusioned sophistication should not have chosen a naïve Doris Day-type song like *Sing Something Simple*. She is much better on *Something Cool*, one of those little tales of understated desperation that pass for art in the East Side supper clubs, and are the negative aspect of Mabel Mercer's legacy.

Four tracks are remakes of songs Miss Christy recorded with Kenton, and only *Willow Weep For Me* surpasses the original. Two tracks are electronically reprocessed stereo. Side by side with Capitol's mastery of the real thing, they are pitifully inadequate. J. G.

9 PERRY COMO: By Request. Perry Como (vocals); Ray Charles Singers; orchestra, Mitchell Ayres cond. Maria; Moonglow; Moon River; and nine others. RCA VICTOR LSP 2567 \$4.98, LPM 2567* \$3.98.

Interest: Standard ballads Performance: Casual approach Recording: Splendid Stereo Quality: Satisfactory

Although his approach is, if possible, more offhand than ever, Perry Como manages to combine diffidence with sincerity. He may slur over the words and bend melodies a bit to suit his limited voice, but he does convey the feeling that he believes what he is singing. The warmth of the approach is well captured in the arrangements, particularly in More than Likely and What's New?, in which, for a time, Tony Mottola's guitar furnishes the only accompaniment to the singer. S. G.

SERGIO FRANCHI: Romantic Italian Songs. Sergio Franchi (vocals); orchestra and chorus, Wally Stott cond. O sole mio; Mattinata; 'A vucchella; and nine others. RCA VICTOR LSC 2640 \$5.98, LM 2640 \$4.98.

Interest: Pleasant repertoire Performance: Impressive Recording: Fine Stereo Quality: Good enough

Heralded by a continual barrage of promotional fanfare, Sergio Franchi here lays claim to the American audience that had once drooled over Mario Lanza. Mr. Franchi's voice is a remarkable tenor of great range and power, and it gives the (Continued on page 108)

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from ELECTRONICS WORLD

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Audio, April 1962



from RECORD GUIDE

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American Record Guide, Sept. 1962



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impression of simply bursting out of the man. Occasionally, as in Mattinata, Mr. Franchi's high notes may seem a bit unsure, but this is amply compensated by his strong musical and dramatic projection. No translations are on the jacket. S. G.

S MAHALIA JACKSON: Great Songs of Love and Faith. Mahalia Jackson (vocals); orchestra and chorus, Johnny Williams cond. My Task; My Friend; The Rosary; and nine others. Co-LUMBIA CS 8624 \$4.98, CL 1824* \$3.98.

Interest: Unaccustomed material Performance: Not always at ease Recording: Very good Stereo Quality: Passable

There is no question that Mahalia Jackson's intense and totally involved approach to gospel music has made her the outstanding singer in that specialized field. This set finds her in far less comfortable surroundings. Ranging through Because, Danny Boy, and A Perfect Day, it offers songs of a somewhat lesser emotional level that are not well served by such tear-stained interpretations. Moreover, her vocal power cannot always compensate for the oddness of pronunciation and inflection that, for example, renders two lines in Trees as: "Oy think that I shall never see-hee or porm as lovely as a tree." S. G.

S S LALO SCHIFRIN: Bossa Nova. Lalo Schifrin Group. Samba de Uma Nota So; Menina Feia; Ouca; and nine others. AUDIO FIDELITY AFSD 5981 \$5.98, AFLP 1981 \$4.98.

Interest: Brazilian jazz Performance: Expert Recording: Great Stereo Quality: Excellent

The new Brazilian rhythm wrinkle, the bossa nova, turns out to be a lively jazz variation on the samba. It is quite infectious, allowing a prolonged melodic line by either a flute or saxophone-both played here by Leo Wright---to be easily adapted to a variety of tempos. Mr. Shifrin, an Argentinian, plays a strong, propulsive piano and leads a rhythm section, including a Brazilian tambourine and a beaded gourd. S. G.

RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

S B FRANK SINATRA: The Great Years. Frank Sinatra (vocals), orchestras, Axel Stordahl, Nelson Riddle, Gordon Jenkins, and Billy May cond. Lean Baby; All of Me; Love and Marriage; Come Fly with Me; High Hopcs; Nice 'N' Easy; and thirty others. CAPITOL SWCO 1762 three 12-inch discs \$17.98, CAPITOL WCO 1762* \$14.98.

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HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

Interest: Sinatra in retrospect Performance: Nonpareil Recording: Generally good Stereo Quality: Passable

Since Frank Sinatra left to record on his own label, Capitol has been rereleasing his recordings in several ways. These discs cull representative selections from 1953 to 1960. As the liner notes point out, Sinatra was at the nadir of his career when he joined Capitol, and by the time he left he had become a show business suzerain.

Sinatra's recordings in those decisive years had much to do with his renascence, although his acting and his shrewd investments were also vital factors. Musically, the Sinatra of the Fifties was a more mature and compelling singer than the limited crooner of the Forties. Not all the selections in this expensive package are the very best of the lot, but there is an extraordinary consistency throughout. A sizable number of these performances should be remembered for decades—I Can't Get Started and When Your Lover Has Gone, for example.

Among the reasons for Sinatra's preeminence is his supple and thoughtful phrasing, which often makes lyrics more meaningful than even the composer envisioned. His way with lyrics owes much to a superb sense of timing: not only does he swing, but he is expert at delaying and otherwise elasticizing the beat. Finally, there is Sinatra's irreverent but oddly boyish wit. He sees himself as a sophisticate, but when he alters and plays with the lyrics, he is at heart a hip adolescent doing brash parodics for admiring contemporaries. Nonetheless, his humor is infectious, and he is capable of switching from showboating to exceptionally subtle and sensitive lyricism.

The arrangements—especially Nelson Riddle's, who scored twenty-seven of these tracks—are specifically and accurately shaped to Sinatra's skills. The quality of sound is first-rate, but I question the value of so-called duophonic recordings. Twenty of the songs are duophonic remasterings of monophonic originals to produce two-channel sound. For this listener, the effect is equivalent to that of a double image in photography.

The final section of the liner notes argues that Sinatra is close to the end of his career as a singer. Capitol's strong implication is that, as a result, we have in this package the best of Sinatra's great years. Several of his post-Capitol Reprise albums do not lend support to this thesis. The recent "Sinatra and Swingin' Brass," for example, is as good as much of his singing in this anthology. But for fans who did not collect these interpretations when they were first issued, these three LP's are a superior cross-section of Sinatra in his prime. N. H.

(Continued on page 110)

Puccini's three one-act operas

IL TABARRO SUOR ANGELICA GIANNI SCHICCHI

Renata Tebaldi; Giulietta Simionato; Mario Del Monaco; Robert Merrill; Fernando Corena; Chorus and Orchestra of The Maggio Musicale Fiorentino – Lamberto Gardelli Stereo OSA-1364 (3 records) Mono A-4364 (Each opera also available separately)

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RECORDING OF SPECIAL MERIT

© CYNTHIA GOODING: A Treasury of Spanish & Mexican Folk Song. Cynthia Gooding (vocals), El Niño Peregrino or Sandalio Jibaro (guitar). El Carcelero, El Toro Jubilo; Sandunga; Cascabel; and thirty-three others. ELEKTRA EKL 218 two 12-inch discs \$4.98.

Interest: Valuable Performance: Conscientious Recording: Very good

Cynthia Gooding, midwestern by birth, has trained herself in several folk disciplines. She is at her most persuasive, however, in Spanish and Mexican material, as this bountiful, bargain-price anthology makes clear. Miss Gooding has also written the detailed notes and rendered the complete translations in the accompanying booklet. But this treasury is not intended to be a definitive survey of types or a history of Spanish and Mexican folk song. Its purpose is Miss Gooding's wish to share her pleasure in the shapes, colors, and unbridled emotions of this music. In this the album succeeds admirably.

Miss Gooding's choice of songs is broadly diversified. The cross-section includes Spanish romances, Mexican corridos, war and work songs, lullabies, love plaints, children's tunes, and religious invocations. The predominant mood is dark, proud in its human vulnerability, and, for all its lyric tension, graceful.

For someone who was not raised in these traditions, Miss Gooding has absorbed this subtle musical language remarkably well. Her voice, moreover, is strong, deep, and pliable. Two superior guitarists alternate on her accompaniment, and occasionally she sings a cappella with impressive control. The range of emotions she has to illuminate is wide, but she is equally absorbing whether singing fragile lullabies, desperate or sardonic love songs, or brooding tales of death. N. H.

OLATUNJI: Flaming Drums! Olatunji (percussion), Hosea Taylor (alto saxophone, oboe, flute), Clark Terry (trumpet), Al Sackman (guitar), Calvin Ridle and George Duvivier (bass), drummers and singers. Abana; African Spiritual; Uhuru; Mystery of Love; Adofo; Hail The King. COLUMBIA CS 8666 \$4.98, CL 1866* \$3.98.

Interest: A fusion of cultures Performance: Resourceful Recording: Very good Stereo Quality: Tops

The initial American recordings by Nigerian drumer Olatunji tended to focus more on tumultuous evocations of exotica than on thoughtfully developed musical structures. In this new collection, most of the variegated numbers are more substantial musical experiences than have been associated with Olatunji up to now. All the pieces are African at bottom, but there are eclectic admixtures of European practices—the use of the oboe, for example—and jazz colors.

The rhythmic cores of the performances, as in previous albums, are the steaming polyrhythms of Olatunji and his percussion aides. But here the bold melodics in the foreground are more fully developed, especially in the sensuous, sinewy Mystery of Love and the alternately joyful and reflective Uhuru (Freedom). The other tracks are slighter, but nonetheless ingratiating, except for the singers' occasional tendency to sound self-conscious. Columbia has provided unusually competent liner notes by Dr. Akinsola Akiwowo, Professor of Social Anthropology at Adelphi College. N. H.

(S) (SABICAS: Concierto En Flamenco. Sabicas (guitar), Orquesta de Conciertos de Madrid, F. Moreno Torroba cond. Concierto en Flamenco, for Guitar and Orchestra; Salera Gaditano; El Albaicin; Camino de Linares; Con un Clavel. DECCA DL 710057 \$5.98, DL 10057 \$4.98.

Interest: Inflated flamenco Performance: Sabicas survives Recording: Superb Stereo Quality: First-rate

More than half this album is concerned with an attempt to place an improvising flamenco guitarist within the framework of the classical concerto for solo instrument and symphony orchestra. Spanish composer Federico Moreno Torroba has based each of the four movements on a traditional flamenco form—Fandangos, Siguiriyas, Algerías, Soleá por Bulerías.

The orchestral writing is romantic and continually agreeable though not distinguished. There is no obvious awkwardness in the juxtaposition of the folk guitarist and the concert ensemble. But the orchestra merely sounds gratuitous, since it only adumbrates the fiercely personal emotions that are at the base of full-strength flamenco. What gives the performance its character is the indomitable individuality of Sabicas, who improvises his part throughout.

Much more stimulating are the four solos by Sabicas that conclude the album. By himself, he *is* flamenco, and there is more substance in his blazing, complex variations on these four dances than in all of the Torroba concerto. The quality of sound in both the stereophonic and monophonic versions cannot be faulted. N.H.

(Continued on page 112)

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

110





THEATER

S OLIVER! (Lionel Bart). Stanley Holloway, Alma Cogan, Violet Carson, Denis Waterman, Tony Tanner, Leslie Fyson, Charles Granville, the Rita Williams Singers; orchestra, Tony Osborne cond. CAPITOL ST 1784 \$4.98, T 1784* \$3.98.

Interest: Appealing score Performance: Road company Recording: Fine Stereo Quality: Lacks theatrical flavor

Even before Oliver! opened in New York, record purchasers had the opportunity of choosing between two different versions, the original cast on RCA Victor and the above studio cast imported from England. This Capitol set is acceptable both vocally and orchestrally, but it is wide of the mark in creating either a theatrical or a Dickensian flavor. Stanley Holloway (as Fagin) prances through his numbers as if he were still playing Alfred P. Doolittle in My Fair Lady, and most of the other singers are equally unconvincing. Only Alma Cogan's slightly raspy voice seems right for her part as the unhappy Nancy. The musical arrangements are not especially inventive and become downright sluggish in the case of the joyous Who Will Buy? S. G.

FILM

S ALL NIGHT LONG. Dave Brubeck (piano), Charles Mingus (bass), Tubby Hayes (tenor saxophone and vibraphone), various artists. Overture; Sapphire: Noodlin'; Scott Free; and eleven others. EPIC BA 17032 \$4.98, LA 16032* \$3.98.

Interest: British jazz Performance: Variable Recording: Very good Stereo Quality: Very good

This is the sound track for the British film All Night Long, a contemporary reworking of Othello in a jazz milieu. Dave Brubeck and Charles Mingus (who would probably make a compelling Othello, but does not play the role) figure in the film. The two played a duet both have called one of the most satisfying musical experiences of their lives; however, it does not appear on the album, and reportedly has been almost completely cut from the film.

The most interesting moments are provided by Dave Brubeck's playing of two of his rhythm experiments with a British alto player, trumpeter, bassist, and drummer. It proves that his is special music that needs special men like Paul Desmond to bring it off. There are so few good jazz scores that one hopes anew for each one. This one, however, is more bland and disappointing than most. I. G.

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

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14

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW-JANUARY 1963

	NDER CE NO. ADVERTISER	PAGE NO.
1	Acoustic Research, Inc	81
2	Acoustic Technology Laboratories, Inc	
3	Airex Radio Corporation	
4	Allied Impex Corporation	26
5	Allied Radio	29, 30
49	AmeLux Electronics Corporation	
6	American Concertone, Inc.	
7	American Sintronics	
8 9	Angel Division, Capitol Record Club	
10	Angel Records	
10	Apparatus Development Co.	
11	Argo Records	89
	Artisan Organ	111
12	Audio Devices, Inc.	4th COVER
13	Audio Dynamics Corporation	3rd COVER
14	Audio Fidelity Records	. 93, 104
	Audion	
	Audio Unlimited	
15	Bell Stereo Systems	102
16	Benjamin Electronic Sound Corp	67
17	Bozak	
18	British industries (Garrard)	
	Brown Sales Corp., L.M.	
	Carston Studios	
19	Citadel Record Club	
20	Collector's Book Society	5
21 22	Columbia LP Record Club 8 Columbia Records	
22	Command Records	
23	Commissioned Electronics, Inc.	
24	Crowell Company, Thomas Y.	
25	Deutsche Grammophon	
23	Dixie Hi-Fi	
	Dressner	
26	Dynaco, Inc.	
56	Dynaco, Inc	
27	EICO Electronic Instr. Co., Inc.	
28	Electro-Voice, Inc.	15
57	Elpa Marketing Industries (Ortofon Div.)	
29	Empire Scientific Corp	6, 7
58	Fairchild Recording Equipment	94

	ADER ICE NO. ADVERTISER	PAGE	NO.
JENV	57th St. Record Shop, Inc.		111
20	Finney Company, The		100
30 31	Fisher Radio Corporation2n	4 COVE	
			106
32 33	General Electric		90
33 34	Grommes, Division of Precision Electronics, Inc.	••••	12
	Harman-Kardon		
35 36	Harman-Kardon		
30	Hi-Fidelity Center	24	111
	Hi-Fidelity Supply		111
59	KLH Research and Development		95
55	Kersting Mfg. Co.		112
37	Key Electronics Co.		108
38	Koss Electronics, Inc.		72
39	Lafayette Radio Electronics		109
55	Leslie Creations		111
60	London Records		109
	Magnum Record Service		111
40	Marantz		3 3
41	Nortronics		22
61	Pickering & Company, Inc		17
42	Pilot Radio Corporation		71
	Precision Manufacturing Co		111
43	Rabsons—57th Street, Inc		110
44	Rek-O-Kut Company, Inc		23
45	Roberts Electronics, Inc		16
	Saxitone Tape Sales		11 2
46	Scott, Inc., H. H		107
47	Sherwood Electronic Laboratories, Inc		34
48	Shure Brothers, Inc	2	112
	Stereo Component Supply Co		111
	Stereo-Parti		112
	Stereo Warehouse		111
50	Superscope, Inc.		82
51	United Audio Products		14
52	United Stereo Tapes		88
53	University Loudspeakers		2
54	Vanguard Records		94
55	Winegard Antenna Systems		80

HIFI / STEREO REVIEW PRODUCT INDEX

As an additional reader service we have indicated the products advertised in this issue by classifications. If there is a specific product you are shopping for, look for its listing and turn to the pages indicated for the advertisements of manufacturers supplying that equipment.

CLASSIFICATION	PAGE NUMBERS	CLASSIFICATION	PAGE NUMBERS
Accessories	22, 29, 30, 109	Records	8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 68, 73, 79, 85, 89, 93, 94, 104, 109
Amplification Systems	1, 2, 17, 21, 29, 30, 33, 34, 37, 38, 71, 75, 76, 91, 101, 103, 109	Speakers and Speaker Systems	53, 54, 104, 105 Cover 2, 1, 2, 18, 28, 29, 30, 34, 75, 76, 81, 95, 108, 109
Antennas, FM	29, 30, 80, 100, 109	Tapes, Prerecorded	29, 30, 89
Cabinets	109	Tape, Recording	29, 30, 109, Cover 4
🥉 Cartridges, Phonograph	6, 7, 17, 27, 29, 30, 75, 76, 86, 90, 92, 94, 101, 103, 106, 109, Cover 3	Tape Recorders and Decks	16, 26, 28, 29, 30, 38, 82, 96, 102, 109
Headphones	29, 30, 72, 94	Tone Arms	6, 7, 17, 27, 29, 30, 75, 76, 86, 92, 101, 103, 109, Cover 3
Multiplex Ada ptors	Cover 2, 1, 17, 29, 30, 34, 37, 38, 91, 109	Tuners and Tuner-Amplifiers	1, 2, 12, 29, 30, 33, 34, 37, 38, 71, 91, 101, 102, 103, 107, 109, Cover 2
Portable Phonographs	95, 109	Turntables and Changers	6, 7, 14, 23, 29, 30, 67, 75, 76, 109

HIFI/STEREO REVIEW

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SYSTEM

AT MINIMUM COST

WITH THE NEW

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TYPE: Miniature moving magnet • SENSITIVITY: 10 millivolts per channel ± 2 db at 1,000 cps (5.5 cm/sec recorded velocity) • FREQUENCY RESPONSE: 10 to 20,000 cps ± 3 db • CHANNEL SEPARATION: 30 db 50 to 7,000 cycles • STYLUS TIP RADIUS: .0007" (accurately maintained) • STYLUS TIP MASS: .8 milligrams • LATERAL AND VERTICAL COMPLIANCE: 15 x 10 - • cms/dyne minimum • RECOMMENDED LOAD IMPEDANCE: 47K ohms • TRACKING FORCE: 2 to 5 grams • MOUNTING CENTERS: Standard ½" and 7/16" centers. Unit adapts to virtually all tone arms

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