THE MAGAZINE FOR MUSIC LISTENERS



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High **Fidelity**

THE MAGAZINE FOR MUSIC LISTENERS

The Cover. Handsome though you may find this month's cover — and it is — it contains evidence conducive to two (interchangeable) suspicions. One is that commercial telephone lines are too low-fi to serve HIGH FIDELITY personnel adequately. The other is that artists, however devoted to Volkswagens, ultralinear amplifiers, the Brubeck Quartet, and other strictly twentieth-century amenities, still tend ever and anon to drift spiritually backward, like Bridey Murphy, into eras more picturesque and romantic than our own — ages graced. for instance, by the piquant Italian "s" that looked like an "f". You know what we mean: "The Lord fpake unto Motes, faying."

If you want to know why this should concern us, take another look at John S. Wilson's name on the cover. How it suffered this sea-change we know not, except that the procedure involved two artists, an engraver, and a type-house, all interconnected, in joint endeavor, by some hundreds of miles of telephone line limited by its amplifiers to a top response of some three kilocycles per second — too low, apparently, for sonic (fonic?) distinction between "s" and "f". Fo forry. Mifter Wilfon!

Next Issue. Comes another in the essayseries, "Living With Music," This one is by none other than Dr. Alfred C. Kinsey, who usually writes on other topics. He subtitles his piece "Music and Love."

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The Personal Equation

We at HIGH FIDELITY have a good deal of contact with our readers. We meet many of them at the various audio shows. We receive somewhere around 500 letters a month, on the average . . . letters of comment on editorial matter, on industry problems, on high fidelity equipment and records. Many of the letters ask for assistance and advice on equipment and record problems.

We enjoy these contacts and letters. The better we know you, the reader, the better we should be able to publish a magazine which will be of maximum value and interest to the largest possible number. We feel, and we hope that you feel, that you are not just names on a circulation galley but are individuals in whom we are personally interested and with many of whom we are personally acquainted. We know that many reciprocate this feeling.

But every now and then, some small incident occurs which brings home to us more forcefully than anything else, just how real is this—shall we call it—personal equation.

You may remember that we started off the April "Noted With Interest" column with an item about the Product Information cards, and some of the trouble we had figuring them out. We reproduced, from one card, what was to us a completely illegible name and address, and wondered, publicly, if any of our readers could help us decipher it.

Now the April issue was mailed on March 30, April 2, and 3. On April 6, a reader *phoned* in a complete translation of the signature and address. (In our excitement, we missed getting the name of this reader.) On April 9, W. H. Moerel, Commercial Secretary of the Netherlands Embassy in Washington, wrote as follows:

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THE Chamber Music Society invites you ...



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Quartet No 3 9. MOZART: Complete	Invenzione 19. BRAHMS; Clarinet Quintet
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HAVE I repeatedly lamented that few music books ever command, at least on their first appearance, a large, receptive audience? And shall I now be forced to change my tune by the public clamor currently aroused by Samuel Chotzinoff's Toscanini: An Intimate Portrait (Knopf, \$3.50). which is clearly headed for the bestseller lists?

The answers are respectively Yesand No; for this is only obliquely a book about music, and although the subject certainly is a musical personality, it is the man rather than the musician who dominates these pages. What we have here is an expanded, 148-page "profile" of the New Yorker type, in which a great artist is exposed in all his human weaknesses in a montage of candid verbal snapshots. What makes this example extraordinary is that the clay feet revealed here are positively inhuman-the almost incredible idiosyncrasies of a genius who is also something of a monster. And these grotesqueries are depicted by one of their chief victims, a disciple-manager-valet of the Master, whose frankness spares himself no less than his idol.

But music book or not, this "portrait" exerts a unique, if horrid, fascination. It has a sinister smack of the Dark Ages: a barbarian conqueror of the world, sulking in his tent and squandering his incomparable energies in unpredictable alternations of petulance and horse-play, is seen through the eyes of a servile courtier who meekly cherishes both the insults and smiles of his Emperor-God as equally natural rewards of complete submission. It requires a strong effort of will on the part of the mesmerized reader to remember that the scene is not medieval Asia, but the contemporary world of music; that the absolute monarch is not an Eastern potentate. but Toscanini; that the vassals are not tribesmen-warriors, but leading orchestra players, broadcast and recording officials and technicians.

I'd like to advise readers to avoid this book like some plague and to go on enjoying the wealth of Toscanini recordings in blissful ignorance of the brutalities that went into their making. But of course 1 can't - and in any case the temptation to taste of the fruit of the tree of knowledge is humanly irresistible. Besides, many of the "revelations" are just too provocative or enlightening to miss. Who else but the Maestro himself would dare say, in response to a doctor's amazement over the perfect condition of his heart, "Why shouldn't it be? It has never been used."? And who but an official of NBC, in whose notorious Studio 8-H Toscanini willingly recorded and broadcast, could naïvely assert that a special hazard of "outside" performances was "the dubious acoustics of concert halls" in which the conductor would have to play?

Whatever one may think of Master or Disciple, we must be everlastingly indebted to the latter for an incomparably absorbing account of the agonies and ecstasies of some thirty years of bondage. At the very least we need this "intimate" picture to appreciate more keenly the full cost of certain disk masterpieces. Yet even as we drop the book and try vainly to forget it in the imperishable Toscanini performances themselves, we can hardly silence the question, Are they truly worth that cost?

Not-Entirely-Enigma Variations

While the major part of the Toscanini legacy exists today only in the unreliable memories of his concert and broadcast listeners, a very considerable portion has been more-or-less successfully preserved in recordings. By this means almost every significant element of Toscanini's interpretative art (and even of his musical personality) can be rigorously analyzed and evaluated — at least by the evidence of our own ears. This is exactly what Robert Charles Marsh does in his providentially concurrent Toscanini and the Art of Orchestral Performance (Lippincott, \$4.50).

This book will be a source of illumination to any reader, and for readers of Marsh's Toscanini discography [HIGH FIDELITY, Dec. 1954-Feb. 1955] it will hold surprising delights. This study is vastly expanded here, not only in enriched notes on individual recordings, but also by a highly provocative and to me extraordinarily discerning general analysis of Toscanini's musicianship. Moreover, these some 135 pages are prefaced by a necessary 45-page review of the subject's whole career and its contemporary influence, and are followed by a 24-page survey of Toscanini's repertory. Appendices tabulating that repertory in detail, providing a chronology of the artist's life and data on Marsh's own playback equipment, and indexing the recordings by composer and year are also included.

Yet the prime worth of Marsh's searching work lies not so much in its minute documentation as in its aesthetic and technical analyses "in depth," and above all in its superbly illuminating insights. It well may infuriate some worshippers of The Maestro, but it also will shock his blind enemies by its virtually irrefutable proofs of his unparalleled gifts. Perhaps I can best indicate my respect for Marsh's evaluations by noting that while I by no means always agree with them in individual instances, they impress me so profoundly that I have hastened to reconsider all my own dissenting opinions. And throughout, whether I personally agree or disagree, I feel that Marsh makes out the strongest possible case for his particular judgments, many of which are based on new evidence or evidence newly and convincingly weighed.

One thing I'm sure of: no one

Continued on page ()



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BOOKSHELF

Continued from page 7

seriously interested in music and its reproduction can read this book without significantly broadening his notions of how many great (and lesser) works should be performed and recorded. Best of all, perhaps, Toscanini and the Art of Orchestral Performance ranks --- along with Roland Gelatt's The Fabulous Phonograph of last fall - as another major milestone in reproduced sound's long coming-of-age. All audio literature in the future now has real standards, to aim at and to be measured by, which for all its lusty growth it has never possessed before.

"To See Oursels as Others See Us"

Up to now most of us who are nonprofessional audiophiles have been so hungry for pragmatic advice and stimulus to enthusiasm that we could hardly cavil at any lack of "style," formal organization, and subtlety in the presentation of audio books. In general, the modest aim of most audio mentors so far is fairly stated by one British practitioner as providing "a guide to the business of modern record reproduction which will neither scare the technically uninitiated away nor send the engineer into paroxysms of ribald laughter."

I quote from the latest little "introductory" work to appear, Burnett James's Hi-Fi for Pleasure: A Guide to Equipment (Charles T. Branford Co., \$2.50), which I have relished not so much for its actual content (covering mostly ultra-familiar ground), as for the light it throws on the progress (and limitations) of the high fidelity movement in Great Britain . . . for its more urbane and "lower-powered," characteristically British writing . . . and especially for the fact that it can be read by American audiophiles with greater objectivity than they ordinarily can bring to comparable native primers. In the some 134 pages of this pocketsized volume we find not only a clear portrait of our earnest overseas hi-fi cousins, but a shadowy yet vivid reflection of our more frantic selves.

Mr. James is often as naïve as many of his American colleagues and falls into some of the same traps of undue simplifications and misconceptions perpetuating anew the familiar heresy

Continued on page 11



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L

Continued from page 9

of considering the amplifier, rather than the loudspeaker, the "heart" of a home sound system. But he has some new and valuable things to say (on "Playing Old Records" and on "Tape Records" in particular) Everything he says, however, is said with a more individual accent and easier grace of delivery than most American writers in this field manage. And he deserves some kind of Audio Medal of Honor for reminding us anew of a fundamental sonic truism: "Unfortunately, it is not the taste for good reproduction that has to be acquired, but the taste for bad reproduction that has to be erased, obliterated, or otherwise removed!"

Tape Innocents at Home

After James's demonstration that even a deliberately low-level book may be invested with some stylistic grace, and after his constant stress (implied and explicit) that technology must serve rather than enchain art, I find myself perhaps less kindly disposed than I should be toward two extremely useful but to my mind exclusively utilitarian tape primers: Charles G. Westcott's Tape Recorders: How They Work (Howard W. Sams, paper, \$2.75) and Harold D. Weiler's Tape Recorders and Tape Recording (Radio Magazines, paper, \$2.95).

Westcott's 177 pages are somewhat difficult to read, not by reason of their specialization (the book is only semitechnical), but for a combination of rather pedestrian writing and "Photofact" appearance of a text reproduced by justified typescript or Vari-Type. Yet he does a thoroughgoing job of exactly what his title promises. He has nothing to say about the uses of tape-recorders, but he painstakingly examines the equipments and circuits themselves. No attentive reader can finish these pages without a clear notion of how each element "works" and why, and how it is operated, checked, and maintained in optimum performance. All this would make it an essential handbook for every taperecorder owner, but it also has the added attraction of a preliminary history of tape recording which is the most complete and informative I have ever seen addressed to nonprofessional readers.

Continued on page 13



Inside story on the

MOST ADVANCED

PLANETARY DRIVE TUNING Edge lighted lucite tuning dials with separate logging scales. Big easy to read num bers. Quick or vernier tuning on both FM and AM sections

WIDE-RANGE AM WIDE-RANGE AM 3 position adjustable band-width including "Ultra-Wide-Range' position for receiving the full 10 kc frequency range broadcast by the better AM stations. Perfect reception under any signal conditions.

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ELMSFORD . NEW YORK

BOOKSHELF

Continued from page 11

The other, 190-page book is happily complementary rather than competitive, since despite the first part of its title it is primarily concerned with home tape-recording techniques. Except for a couple of preliminary and not always completely reliable chapters on the nature of sound and hearing and a brief one (inexplicably midway in the volume) on recorders in theory and practice, this is a highly pragmatic introduction to micro-



phones and room acoustics, mike placements for various home and outdoor recording purposes, recording from disks and broadcasts, splicing and editing tapes, the amateur production and use of sound effects, equipment maintenance for nontechnicians, and adding sound to slides and home movies.

Since Weiler has done so effectively what he intended to do, in providing completely uninformed but eager novice "recordists" with an indispensable introductory guidebook, it well may be unfair to chide him for what he either didn't want or is unable to do. Yet just because his earlier and still best-selling High Fidelity Simplified and his stylus-wear-and-care booklet brought such a fresh touch to elementary technicalities for the layman (and perhaps because the present book has been so long anticipated). I for one expected a good deal more of it. It is hard for me to imagine serious music lovers finding substantial satisfactions in the activities so earnestly described here - although at that I'd dearly relish a televised glimpse of anyone diligently carrying out to the letter Weiler's precise and quite without tongue-in-cheek prescriptions for paddling in a partially filled bathtub to produce ripplingstream and waterfall sound "effects"! Yet if all this is as interesting and important to you as it obviously is to Weiler, he'll surely keep you contentedly busy for a long time. What

Continued on page 15





TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS • 2 magnetic inputs so you can plus in both changer and turntable with a switch in front — you can easily select between the two. • 5 position record compensator that in-cludes special NARTE tape curve to let you play direct from tape heads without external pre-amp. • Separate in-out switches for scratch and rumble so even old 78 records sound Rood. • Loudness control for perfect sound at any volume setting. • 2 tape outputs, one for actually recording, the other for monitoring direct from tape. • Level control to match your phono car-tridge perfectly to the amplifier. • Separate in-outputs one for any speaker between 3 and 24 ohms. • Many other features you'd expect only from much more expensive equipment, including self-balancing output circuit and clean symmetrical clipping. • Frequency Response: Fial 20cos. — 30 Act. Harmonic distortion less than 0.8%, first-ord difference-tone Intermodulation distor-tion less than 0.3%, Hum Level: 80 db helow full output. • Dimensions In case 15½ x 4½ x 12½. Mandsome accessory case 59.95*

Handsome accessory case \$9.95* *Slightly higher west of Rockies

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BOOKSHELF

Continued from page 13

he fails to stress is that such audio hobbyism, per se, has nothing whatever to do with music and contributes nothing to a truly discriminatory sense of aural values.

GRACE NOTES

Hi-Fi Annual I. The example of the Audio Anthologies as well as its own "popular requests" has at last stimulated Radio and Television News to issue a similar compilation of reprinted articles in the first of a series of Hi-Fi Annual and Audio Handbook publications to be widely distributed by newstand as well as sound-salon and direct mail sales There are some very useful "return-appearances" here. too, if mostly on a somewhat lower technical or semi-technical level; but the typography, layouts, and illustrations, while well enough reproduced, are considerably less appealing to the eye. I regret too the omission of the dates of original publication (Ziff-Davis, paper, \$1.00).

Penguin Bach and Haydn. The latest releases (Nos. 29 and 30) in the Penguin miniature-score series are two more record and concert listeners' favorites: the Fifth Brandenburg Concerto and the Surprise Symphony, each as usual with analytical notes by Gordon Jacob, and each-also as usual in these uncommonly handsome publications - a model of what a small score for home "following" and study should be (Penguin Books, paper, 85c each).

AUTHORitatively Speaking

Tilden Wells, who on page 36 views his tavorite Muse as others see her, is a professor of music in a Midwestern liberal arts college. Among courses he teaches is one - as will be promptly obvious in music appreciation. (It's a required course, incidentally.) When not teaching, Mr. Wells composes music, some of which has been published, plays the piano, and writes children's books (pseudonym: Godfrey Lynn) and children's musical plays. This latter line of endeavor grew out of bedtime story telling for his own two children. Thus are talents uncovered.

Fritz A. Kuttner, whose three-part study of pitch-fluctuation in recordings begins on page 38, will be remembered for earlier writings in these pages, "The Science of Music in Ancient China," and "Are High Frequencies Necessary?"

JUNE 1956



Remarkable Features of THE FISHER CA-40 • Six inputs, including two Auxiliary, Tuner, Magnetic Phono, Mie and Tape, Input Level Adjustments. • Uniform response 10 to 90,000 cycles ± 0.5 db. Constant power within 1 db at 25 watts, 17 to 30,000 cycles, = 0.3 volt on high level, 0.005 volt on low level inputs produces full 25 watt autput. • Less than 1/i distortion at rated power. • Three-position Rumble and Serately Filters, with panel indicator Fights, • Five equalization positions: EUR, AES, RIAA, LP, NAB. • Balanced Spectrum Bass and Treble Controls, providing 15 db boost or cut. • ToneScope, to graphically indicate Tone Control Set-ings, • 4, 8 and 16-ohn speaker autputs. • Cathode follower recorder output. • DC filament voltages on all low level stages. • Shielded, shock-mounted construction, • covitions: Bass, Treble, Power On-Off, Function Scleeter, • stat: 123 (* v 103 (* v 5) high. • superstation voltation 24 pounds Pice Slichtly United United Interview United Sciences (* 104 weight United V) • DC filament voltages of the superstation voltation 24 pounds • covitions: 8 voltation: 24 pounds • prove Since United United V)

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NOTED WITH INTEREST

Continued from page 4

"Having had some experience with deciphering illegible return addresses of fellow-countrymen, I would suggest that the scrawl reproduced in facsimile on page 16 of the April issue of HIGH FIDELITY Magazine was intended to convey the following intelligence:

F. H. Janssen van Raay

Ruysdaelstr (aat) 5

C(uraçaose) P(etroleum) 1(ndustrie) M(aatschappij)

Cur(açao)

(Netherlands West Indies)"

On April 11, E. R. de Vries of New York City wrote us, furnishing the same "decoding" as that made by Mr. Moerel. Since this month's NWI column is being written on April 15. it's likely we'll have several more letters giving the name and address of our Curaçao reader, and before too long he himself will have received his April copy and probably exclaim, "Hey, that's me!"

But you see what we mean? Here is a relatively minor matter, tucked away on page 16 of a 138-page magazine. Yet within a few days of the time the magazine arrived at their homes, three of our readers had not only read the issue with sufficient care to come upon this NWI item but also had taken the time and trouble either to call or write. This is what we called the "personal equation"the bond of mutual interest and respect and helpfulness which stretches between publication and reader, and from reader to reader. It is something which we value very highly, and something that we look upon as a responsibility, to be preserved and nurtured.

Southwest Hi-Fi Show

Readers around Houston, Texas should mark down these dates: June 15, 16, and 17. There's to be a floor and a half of high fidelity exhibits and demonstrations at the Rice Hotel. Open to the public, of course.

News of Us

HIGH FIDELITY' seems to be getting around more and more . . In his profile in the *New Yorker* on Emory Cook, Daniel Lang quoted our October '54 article dealing with the same subject matter. And a *Punch*

Continued on page 20

2 IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENTS

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ANNOUNCES



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JUNE 1956



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THE DYNAKIT MARK II AMPLIFIER — for the first time available as a completely assembled, tested and guaranteed unit. A perfect complement to the finest loudspreakers — you can hear the difference when there is no compromise with quality. Assembled, tested and guaranteed by our technical staff for \$99.75. If you prefer, a complete kit for only \$69.75, and for those who build their own, the incomparable Dyna transformers, printed circuit boards, etc. are available separately. Special 4 ohm winding on kit available on special order at \$5 extra. Standard 8 and 16 ohm taps.

THE CONNOISSEUR TURNTABLE, an example of the very highest quality English craftsmanship, long used as a standard by radio stations and perfectionists throughout the world, now available in the U.S. A hysteresis synchronous motor, sealed main bearing and positive speed adjustment combine to give you the finest turntable at any price, at a cost well below its competitors. Absolutely quiet operation, with complete speed stability. \$110

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AR-1 complete system \$185 JanzZen tweeter—birch \$179 mahogany \$184, square utility \$161, utility array \$169 other finishes available on order.	□ I am interested in enclosed is check money order for \$	
Dynokit \$69.75, assembled \$99.75 4 ohm winding \$5 additional Connoisseur turntable \$110 All prices F.O.B. Boston, Mass.	Name Street City	

NOTED WITH INTEREST

Continued from page 18

author penned a diatribe against the insidious American practice of listening to thunderstorms and steamboat whistles indoors. (Outdoors OK, Lord Kinross?)

Roland Gelatt's *The Fabulous Phonograph* is being issued in May as a Talking Book by the American Foundation for the Blind. This seems appropriate, somehow; the cycle is complete.

Finally, one of our authors gave a talk recently which we wish we could have heard, judging by its title. The author was Allan Sangster, who did "Building Your Record Library" for our Mozart (January) issue; the talk, before the Toronto Society of Music Enthusiasts meeting, was entitled "Hell-for-Leather through the Köchel Catalogue."

News of FM

There seem to be continued indications that the FM broadcasting industry is getting its feet under it. In Boston WCRB-FM 'AM announced a rate increase recently — a healthy sign if ever there was one!

In Milwaukee, a new station should be on the air by this time: WFMR, with 25,000 watts at 96.5 mc. It is owned by the High Fidelity Broadcasting Corp.; its president, Hugo Koeth Jr., of 2567 N. 49 St., has announced a program policy of classical, semi-classical, and true jazz music.

In some areas, there are almost too many FM stations - or at least, they are packed together too closely on the dial. We have mentioned this situation before but are reminded of it again by a particularly eloquent and agitated letter from a reader who moved from New Hampshire to Torrington, Conn. He's just enough nearer to New York than we are in Great Barrington so that he can get New York with limiting, but often not without cross modulation from powerful local stations in Hartford, Conn., which broadcast on channels adjacent to those used by New York.

What with the FCC still mulling over the possibility of trimming the FM band, maybe we should start a counter move to get the FM band increased (fat chance of getting that

Continued on page 22



The best way to store tape ...Reeves SOUNDCRAFT tape chest



It's a perfect Gift for the tape recorder owner Soundcraft tape chests keep your tape library neat and compact. Five-drawer units can be easily labeled for real convenience. When you huy five reels of Soundcraft tape — regular length or long-play — Red Diamond, Plus 50, Plus 100 — buy them in the Soundcraft tape chest at *no extra cost!*

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is yours.

NOTED WITH INTEREST

Continued from page 20

through!) or at least have the stations spread out more evenly on the dial. On the writer's tuner, something like thirty stations can be listened to regularly between 88 and 100 mc but there are only three between 100 and 108 me.

The King Is Dead

Columbia Records has announced that it will gradually withdraw 78-rpm disks from its catalogue. The 78 speed was king for more than 50 years and, until this announcement, all popular single releases have been issued automatically in both 78- and 45-rpm versions. In 1956, less than 25% of Columbia's new single releases will be issued on 78-rpm disks. Sic transit gloria LXXVIII.

Wanted: Diagnostic Service

A reader in New York (lives on Long Island) wrote in to suggest that someone could make a success of a hi-fi diagnostic service-to give "owners of high fidelity equipment complete diagnosis of their set-ups to enable them to achieve the best results from their systems and to make all the necessary reports so that a competent service house could do any additional work required.'

Anyone have any ideas? This might be worth thinking about.

LP Storage Cases

Through the courtesy of reader Robert A. Rodgers of Wilmette, Ill., we have word that the Jesse Jones Box Corp., P. O. 5120, Philadelphia 41, Pa., has had so many requests for a double slip case for record storage that they have decided to produce the case in twelve different colored fronts, with black sides, to hold approximately twenty records. Cost is \$2.98 each, including packing and postage.

April Fifteenth

It used to be the Ides of March but now it's the Ides of April-and if NWI seems a little harried this month, it's because we spent most of the morning in a last-minute arithmetic sprint to beat the tax collector

Continued on page 24

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

Buy MUS-ET . . . and prepare to be

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More specifically, an enclosure of the proper volume for a given speaker or speakers - employing the correct ARU will provide performance noticeably superior to that obtained with conventional cabinets.

The ARU will:

- Provide bass response down to 20 cycles with
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Effective loading to zero cycles with greatly reduced distortion due to excessive cone displacement.



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Four ARU models are available for Goodmans Axiom and Audiom loudspeakers, or other makes of similar characteristics.

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> **A Product of Goodmans Industries** mous GOODMANS High Fidelity LOUDSPEAKERS



The amazing new Ferrograph "66" Series is the answer to the demand of discriminating music-lovers and audiophiles who seek professional results from an instrument that can easily be housed in an existing piece of furniture, or which can form part of a custom Hi-Fi installation.

This unique design includes a self-contained amplification system, so that — without sacrificing even one of the many outstanding features of the Ferrograph — sound can be fed directly into your own speaker. Or, the playback portion of the built-in amplifier may be by-passed, and sound can be fed through your own high fidelity system. The Ferrograph "66" will easily fit into a desk, a console, a bookcase, or any piece of contemporary or period furniture. All that is necessary is to cut out an opening 15%" x $16\frac{1}{2}$ "; if a drawer is used, it should be at least 10" deep, or a pair of shallower drawers may be converted for this purpose.

Most attractively finished in golden bronze with ivory knobs and acessories, the entire ensemble will readily harmonize with the most decorous or luxurious surroundings.



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ERCONA CORPORATION (Electronic Division) 551 Fifth Ave., Dept. II-6. New York 17, N. Y. In Canada, write Astral Electric Company Limited, 44 Danforth Road, Toronto 13.

NOTED WITH INTEREST

Continued from page 22

to the draw. We're delighted to know that Jesse Jones (preceding item) sells his storage cases for \$2.98, but in the middle of writing that item we began wondering if, were we to purchase one of these cases, we could deduct the cost from our income tax as a business expense — and so forth.

However, April 15th is not a day of gloom to everyone. At least one man we know of delights in that day, and he's not a tax collector, either. He's a composer, of all things! Yes, we know you've heard about him, but since this is being written on April 15th it seems appropriate to remind you that Avery Claffin's madrigal, "Lament for April 15" is included in the initial release by Composers Recordings, Inc., 250 West 57th St., New York City. The Randolph Singers do the rendition of this and other modern madrigals composed especially for them. Mr. Claffin should know whereof he writes; he was a successful banker until 1954 when he retired and promptly won musical recognition.

New Book

We recently received a copy of Norman Crowhurst's latest book, "The Quest for Quality," which goes into the semi-technicalia of achieving hi-fi. It has 80 pages with 52 illustrations and provides some excellent material about high fidelity methods of sound reproduction. The author talks about the various measures of performance and helps the reader to understand them by exlaining how to run simple tests with workbench equipment. It's available from our book department; \$1.50 postpaid. N. Barry

Wire Stripper

Wire Stripper Tools, Inc., of Glen Head, N. Y., has done a cute one: built a wire stripper into the handle of a screwdriver. Costs 79*e*, handles 14 through 20 gauge wire.

Four-Speed Changer

Collaro has announced a four-speed changer, the new speed being 1623 rpm, for talking books (and hi-way hi-fi?).

And a new price has been announced: \$34.50. Mighty good buy!





For true high fidelity...for perfect pitch and perfect tempo, records must be played at their exact recorded speed. And only Zenith's famous Cobra-Matic[®] Record Changer, now with new improved features, gives you the Stroboscope Speedometer and Fully Variable Speed Regulator — the two essentials for playing every record at precisely the speed of the original recording.

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The Debussy (above). Cobra-Matic^ø Record Changer plays all speeds from 10 to 85 RPM, including the 16½ "Talking Book" speed. Heavy duty 4-pole motor for smoother performance, 3 extraThese Two Zenith Features Take the Chance Out of High Fidelity





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sensitive Zenith-quality speakers to bring out all highs and lows. Distinctive cabinet in Mahogany veneers and selected hardwood solids, Model HFY-15R. In blond oak veneers and solids, Model HFY-15E.

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Here is the most sensational new feature in record players since Webcor first introduced a low-priced automatic diskchanger.

The MAGIC MIND in the new Webcor Diskchangers automatically selects the proper speed for each record in an intermixed stack of 45 and 33¼ rpm records of 7", 10" and 12" size. Now you can sit back and enjoy Microgroove records for hours... without raising a finger! (Plays 78 rpm records, too, of course.)



All music sounds better on a — **WEBCOR** chicago 39, III.



SIR:

Just recieving Your Magazine, finding its way to the icecould little country Sweden where the wild bloodthirsty bears are roaring in Low-Fi outside my window and the Snowstorm is threatening my house (you will find it on your schoolmap), I felt the well-known Hi-Fi thrill and is now hopelessly engaged. An unusual wonderful magazine indeed! In Sweden we are yet very few Hi-Fi-fans but rapidly increasing. And I am one of the freshiest of them You call neophytes (a very good name, of the benign sort I hope).

The Swedish Radio Industry is fully engaged in newbuilding Hi-Fi-systems and a couple are for sale although not with such excellent datas as in USA. Or perhaps our advertisers do not use (misuse?) the superlatives. I think not mutch will remain for paradise after American Hi-Fi.

Anyway I am in trouble of importing Your apparatus because I don't know at which end I shall begin to defeat the licens-machinery. Perhaps You could help me a bit on the way. With the best greetings and thanks.

Your sincere Hilding Backlund Tegnergataa 38 B Upsala, Sweden

SIR

I have read with interest the article in the current April edition [HIGH FI-DELITY] titled "Right in the Middle of Your Pianissimo" by James G. Deane. Unfortunately I have found all his comments to be true, and I heartily agree with his sentiments when he says that record manufacturers do not take enough care in the packing and shipping of records to their distributors and retailers.

As a purchaser, I find that I spend unnecessary time in returning records to my dealer; and even though he is happy to do this for me, it is very inconvenient to have to keep on.....

Continued on page 28

NEW...FROM RADIO CRAFTSMEN

€



THE CONCERTO AMPLIFIER-PREAMP. MODEL CA-11



Here is the outstanding value in the field of amplifiers with features and performance equal or superior to amplifiers selling at twice the price. Again Radio Craftsmen pioneers a new concept of high fidelity.

In the past low priced amplifiers have been the result of compromises in quality and performance. A team of Craftsmen engineers was assigned the task of designing a low priced amplifier with features hitherto found only in higher priced models, and offering performance and quality up to traditional Radio Craftsmen high standards.

The Concerto meets this ambitious goal. Here are specific examples of superior features built into this unit. In low and medium priced amplifiers it is unusual to find tone controls, as in the Concerto, that provide 17db of boost as well as 15db of attenuation. The Concerto's continuously variable loudness control is not the usual partial effect control, but follows the true Fletcher Munson curve throughout its entire range. In addition there is a continously variable level-set control. There are nine phono equalization positions, but more important, each equalization position follows the actual compensation curve employed by the record manufacturer. Instead of the usual high impedance output with its attendant losses in fidelity, the Concerto has a low impedance the new Craftsmen Concerto represents a new concept in low cost high fidelity amplifiers.





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For complete information and specifications on the Concerto and other equally distinguished new Craftsmen equipment, see the new Craftsmen catalog. This beautiful booklet is the most comprehensive catalog published by a high fidelity manufacturer. It is fully illustrated and contains fascinating, detailed information on high fidelity equipment. Write today for your free copy.

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illustrations, diagrams and plans. A com-

plete practical guide for the purchase, assembly, installation, maintenance, and

enjoyment of high fidelity music systems.

RECORD INDEX - 1954: Complete alphabet-

ical listings by composer or collection-title

of all the classical and semi-classical, jazz

and spoken word record reviews contained

in HIGH FIDELITY Magazine in 1954.

NOTICE! Sorry, the 1951-1953 Record

THE HIGH FIDELITY READER: edited by Roy

H. Hoopes, Jr. Introduction by John M.

Conly. An anthology of outstanding

articles originally appearing in HIGH FIDELITY Magazine covering various

aspects of the high fidelity phenomenon.

Among the contributors are Charles

Fowler, Roy Allison, Fernando Valenti,

Peter Bartok, Emory Cook, and David

No. 155.....\$3.50

HIGH FIDELITY RECORD ANNUAL - A first

volume of record reviews — classical music and the spoken word — from HIGH

FIDELITY Magazine. Edited by Roland

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No. 208.....\$3.95

HI-FI LOUDSPEAKERS AND ENCLOSURES, Abraham B. Cohen. A complete, wellwritten book dealing with one of the most important features of a hi-fi system. Includes an appendix of 18 complete plans for construction.

No. 209.....\$4.60

THE RECORD GUIDE, Edward Sackville-West and Desmond Shawe-Taylor.

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LETTERS

Continued from page 26

I feel that if enough readers of your magazine would voice their sentiments, something drastic could be done to improve the intolerable condition which now exists.

> Monty Belikoff Long Beach, N. Y.

Sir:

After reading Mr. James Deane's "Right in the Middle of Your Pianissimo," April issue, I knew that I had been awaiting such an article for five years. If others add their voice to Mr. Deane's, perhaps the record manufacturers will sit up and take notice, at long last realizing that Joe and Jane Record Collector are sick and tired of plunking down \$4.00 and up for an imperfect recording.

I am thoroughly convinced the manufacturers sincerely endeavor to give the public the best recording possible, and I have no argument with their techniques. One could not ask for better sound in most instances. But what happens to the recording by the time it reaches the consumer? Why spoil the entire effort with an end product that reaches us with luscious sound mixed with thumping from scratches and lesser noises from marrings, dust, dirt and filth?

During my five years of "collecting." I have exchanged countless numbers of imperfect records including the misnomered and misleading "factory sealed" jobs. To digress a moment, what happens to the latter before they are sealed at the factory shouldn't happen to the Hi-Fi cat that kept me awake last night yowling on my back fence. Record dealers who once welcomed my patronage frown at my entrance into their shops with the telltale exchange package under my arm. The salesmen, thoroughly versed in handling "pests" like myself, accuse my brand new diamond needle of old age, my pickup arm is too heavy, too light, my Hi-Fi System is inadequate. They admit to anything but that the record I am trying to exchange is less than perfect.

At one time I was a hardy soul, persistent in my exchange demands. Simulated court room scenes, however, in which I involuntarily become the Defendant, are wearing me down. If I am successful in effecting the exchange, what happens? When I play the exchanged recording at home it

bears the same imperfections. Go back again? Not on your life. I'm stuck with it. I can't take the gaff any more.

Mr. Deane's article affords me the chance of blowing off accumulated steam, five years' worth of aggravation and frustration. It's high time we raised a loud voice in protest. In no other industry can a firm survive by producing an imperfect product. Are record collectors fools or are there just a few perfectionists in existence? There are enough imperfect records sold daily to justify stirring up a storm of protest.

1 for one am ready to graduate to tape recordings and cleaner sound if someone can convince me that I would not be jumping from the frying pan into the fire. Are there any similar pitfalls in this field or is this the prerecorded music lover's Garden of Eden? Can your organization advise me on this?

> George J. Specht Brooklyn, N. Y.

SIR:

I wish to express my congratulations to James G. Deane for his article entitled "Right in the Middle of your Pianissimo." It's about time someone spoke up against the manufacturers who massproduce records in such a manner as to impair the quality of the product. I . . . am one of the "fussy" record buyers who cannot tolerate the slightest scratch or hiss from a product which is supposedly inspected for flaws and is triplewrapped in cellophane, plastic, and cardboard. If more of the recordbuying public would speak up concerning the imperfections of a company's product, the manufacturers might begin to do something about it so as to give more satisfaction to their customers.

> Donald A. Briggs N. Abington, Mass.

SIR:

Hurrah for batting out about record surfaces! We consumers have long been complaining to editors, but few ever gave us hearings. So glad you spoke out and I for one hope your words bring results.

As a record collector, may I say emphatically, its not easy to get replacements from a manufacturer. . . . Many big manufacturers refuse to change records directly. In photography, East-

Continued on page 31

JUNE 1956



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LETTERS

Continued from page 29

man gladly replaces defective film, paper, and other products of all hobbyists and encourages them to do so. It wants satisfied hobbyists. In the record world, manufacturers are still obdurate, heady, and downright insulting to complainers. Reason: Editors have been lax in airing their complaints.

> A. A. Young New York, N. Y.

SIR:

Bravo! Bravo! for printing "Equal Rights for the Percussionist" by Harold Farberman in the April issue. Talking as a percussionist, I am glad that someone finally spoke up for us forgotten snuls (in a nationally recognized magazine no less)....

To be a good percussinnist is not as easy as it looks. Anyone can pound out a basic rhythm but it takes years of practice tn play a drum (or any other percussion instrument) artistically and accurately. Percussionists, in order to develop stick control skillfully and effectively can practice as many hours a day as a violinist or a trumpet player. When he performs parts they may look easy, but don't let this fool you. Hard compnsitions appear uncomplicated when they are executed with skill and dexterity. A good drummer knows how to play indefinite pitched instruments such as the bells, chimes, celesta, marimba, vibraphone, tympani, and xylophone. Furthermore symphonic drummers have more pressure exerted on them concerning rhythm than the other members of the orchestra. A conscientious percussionist has to have much taste. He can't play so loudly or so softly as to drown out the rest of the orchestra or to prevent his part from being heard. Many times conductors do not indicate how powerful or tranquil parts should be played. Only when the drummer is pounding so loud that he reminds the leader of his presence, he receives a motion for him to keep quiet. . . . If laymen think drumming is easy, let them look at the part to Histoire du Soldat by Igor Stravinsky. This will shut them up. Naturally it takes a fine percussionist to execute parts well. These musicians are the ones who suffer most when one says "to be a drummer is easy.

> Maurice Fisher Norfolk, Va.

"no distortion in the high frequency range...the sweetest-sounding cartridge

I've heard," says

MIRATWIN Cartridge

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): a turnover cartridge consisting of two variable reluctance units mounted back-to-back for use with standard or microgroover recordings. Frequency response: = 2 db, 30 to 17.500 cycles on taird grooves: = 2 db, 30 to 17.500 cycles on taird records: 5 db, 30 to 17.500 cycles on taird records: 5 db, 30 to 17.500 cycles on taird standard 5 db, 30 to 17.500 cycles on taird 5 db, 30 to 17.500 cycles

Phono pickups have been getting lighter and lighter during the past few years, and with at least three current types designed to operate at less than 4 grams, I was at first tempted to view the Miratwin's 6-to-8-gram rating with some distaste.

But as is often the case, there is more to this pickup than meets the eye. Users of some of the modern light-weight pickups have complained of higher-than-average distortion from them, so I was curious to see whether this pickup was good enough to justify using it despite its rather high stylus force. It is!

This is one of the sweetest-sounding cartridges I've heard for some time. Used in a good pickup arm, it tracks admirably at 6 grams on both standard and microgroove records. The high end is very smooth, reducing the annoyance value of clicks and pops on disks, and imparting a velvety sheen to massed string tone.

Its measured frequency response meets specifications as far as 1 could determine, and both the standard and microgroovc cartridges are visibly (on the oscilloscope) and audibly clean over the entire measured range. There is no tendency for either cartridge to break up or introduce distortion in the high-frequency range, as do many pickups which are equally wide-range.

On very high-volume passages below about 50 cycles, the Miratwin's comparatively low compliance shows up as some detectable stress. This is nothing to worry a music-lover, but the cartridge may have a fittle difficulty tracking thunder storms. railway locomotives, and earthquakes.

Flipping the Miratwin over for 78-rpin records verifies the measured smoothness of ir. Surface noise from shellac records is about as low as it could be without using additional electrical filtering, and the sound from good recordings is remarkably clean. On worn disks it tends to produce faint spitting noises, but it fares much better on them than do most of its competitors. Incidentally, this cartridge will operate in an arm that has fixed cartridge contacts. Many turnover pickups have their connecting lugs attached directly to the cartridge, so that as the cartridge is revolved the lugs revolve with it. Connections to



these must be made directly to flexible leads. The Miratwin, though, has its output pins attached to the cartridge-mounting frame, and a pair of wiper contacts at the reat of the frame connects the pins to whichever cartridge is in the playing position. Really a cute idea. Another by-product of this arrangement is that the cartridge can be revolved in either direction; every stylus change can be made by rotating it in the same direction each time, without risk of twisting the connecting leads or tearing them off the lugs.

The compactness of the Miratwin permits it to be used in most arms without difficulty, although the styli themselves are so short that considerable care must be exercised



Styli in the Miratwin are instantly replaceable.

when installing it in a record changer to make sure the rear of the cartridge doesn't ride on the top record of a stack.

Output from this cartridge is fantastic! I don't believe there is another high-quality magnetic cartridge with as high an output as this one, and the result, if the preamplifier can take it without overloading, is up to to db of effective reduction in hiss and hum from the phono channel.

Styli are readily replaceable simply by hooking them out with a fingernail and pressing new ones into the sleeve-type receptacles. No alignment of the new stylus is required; it automatically assumes the correct position when fully seated in place.

The only reservation I would have about these cartridges, then, is their required stylus force. Since it is accepted practice to use settings of the order of 6 to 8 grams in good record changers, the Miratwin could be recommended without qualification for such use. But for use in precision transcription arms I would personally like to be able to get the stylus force down to 5 grams or less. If I had to choose between low stylus force and cleanliness of sound, though, I would definitely choose the Miratwin cartridges. — J. G. H.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: The Miratwin was designed so that it could be used in all standard arms, and is one of the easiest of the currently available carridges to install. On the inside back cover of the instruction book supplied with the Miratwin, there is an individual frequency response graph for each cartridge, showing that it has been checked at the factory. Very close tolerances have been set up for the Miratwin, and these graphs are taken with a special level recorder and correctlyequalized typical test records.



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THE BARONET KIT. Phenomenal repro-THE BARONET KIT. Phenomenal repro-ducer for such small size. This folded-horn corner enclosure is designed for use with E-V Model SP8B &-in. Radax Speaker. E-V T35 or T35B Super Sonax UHF driver can be added for a sep-arate two-way system. Finished size: 23 In. high, 14 In. wide, 13 in. deep. Shpg. wt. 24 Ib. Model KD7 Net, \$24.00



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THE CENTURION KIT. Four-way system folded-horn, corner enclosure. Uses ex-clusive E-V "W" type single-path in-direct radiator for propagation of ex-tended bass. Sealed cavity behind 15 in, low-frequency driver cone promotes superinative transient response, subdues cone excursions, lowers distortion. For use with E-V Model 105 or Model 117 package of driver components. Finished size: 424/a in. high, 29 in. wide, 221/z in. deep. Shpg. wt. 75 lb. Model KD3 Net. \$79.00

AS THE EDITORS SEE IT

TWICE in two months, now, we have carried descriptive articles on electrostatic loudspeakers. The writers of the articles have been, in their several ways, rather unrestrainedly enthusiastic. There would seem to be small doubt that electrostatic loudspeakers — tweeters, anyway — are here to stay, and perhaps to prevail.

This will cause grief among people committed, in one way or another, to moving-coil loudspeakers. Loudest in their woe will be certain manufacturers of moving-coil speakers, committed by thousands of invested dollars to the cloth cone or aluminum diaphragm made to shake out music (credit that line to Walt Whitman) by the action of a collar of circling wire. We will receive their plaints gravely, but our composure will be supported by the awareness that they themselves, for some time, have all (or nearly all) been experimenting with electrostatics, too, with intent to break in when the time is ripe or, alternatively, to stay out if it never ripens. A shrewder crew, less likely to get shipwrecked, we have seldom seen, so we will save our tears.

Closer to our sympathies are sundry of their customers — people who have lately spent hundreds of dollars on elaborate arrays of moving-coil speakers mounted in expensive baffling structures, or who have recently arrived, arduously, at the decision to do so. For the latter we can do nothing; they are doomed to temporary isolation on the peak achievement of civilized human thinking — the suspended judgment. To the former, those already equipped, we can offer a modicum of comfort, based on limited personal and vast vicarious experience. The fact is that, so far as concerns true high fidelity equipment, the onset of obsolescence is rather slow.

Take it from another approach. The new electrostatic speakers may make our writers, the Messrs. Newitt and Marsh, exclaim with wonder at their tonal purity. But I must think back to 1952, and remember an Audio Fair demonstration prepared by David Sarser, the violinist and audio engineer (now Audio Director for NBC Opera Theater). It involved a direct-to-disk lacquer recording of his sister, Miss Sebe Sarser, playing a famous cello. He played the record then, as he did later in the exhibit room, against Miss Sarser, in person, with the same cello. I have a practiced ear, but most of the time I could not distinguish between Miss Sarser and her recorded facsimile.

How perfect can reproduction get?

Mr. Sarser did not employ a 1956 electrostatic speaker. Indeed, he did not use the ultimate in moving-coil speakers available in 1952. He used a medium-priced coaxial in a conventional housing, a pickup of equivalent rating, and an amplifier of his own design, which he had made to sell for slightly more than \$100. Neither did he employ any incanrations or other necromancy. The secret and essential ingredient in the end product, as they say in TV advertising, was simply David Sarser. He had an advantage over most of us striving for optimal performance from a sound system, since he controlled the entire process of reproduction, from microphone to loudspeaker. We must leave the forepart of the process to recording company engineers. But the point to be focused on is that the combination of a keen musician's ear and a shrewd technician's feeling for circuitry and mechanical functioning had been able to bring pickup, equalizer, amplifier, and loudspeaker into interaction almost ideal, so that each component was contributing its very best efforts, so to speak. Even at its best, the rig had limitations: it could not duplicate a violin as faultlessly as it could a cello. Perhaps an electrostatic tweeter, or a latter-day output transformer, could have enabled it to do this also. But even as things were, the performance was impressive.

The moral is multiple. For one thing, the modern custom high fidelity system, in concept, is extremely flexible. Components have been designed, in some part, to compensate for each other's shortcomings. It has been possible for some years to assemble a system so well balanced that it would actually resist the introduction of new (better?) components into its ensemble. And it has commonly been the case, also, that the development of one new — even revolutionary — audio device has not born immediate fruit in the shape of drastically better home listening. The ancillary equipment had to change before the new device could be used to full advantage.

Further, high fidelity equipment has what may be called, for lack of a better word, personality. It is my own experience that it takes several months to learn how to operate a top-quality music system to get predictably, reliably good results from it. (Move it from one listening room to another, and more weeks are needed, to adjust its temperament to the new acoustic milieu.) I have unwillingly proved this time and again myself. The maker of a new device would bring it to my listening room for a demonstration. It would be, according to strict measurements and stringent tests, unarguably superior to the component in my "standard" system with which it was to be compared. Yet, with the best will in the world, I have seldom been able to keep my own unpretentious component from outperforming the new marvel. The refractory factor in the process was, of course, the man at the knobs. I could not help automatically adjusting my own system to work at its best, and I did not know how to do the same for the new device, try as I might. It is not a matter of being loyal to old electronic comrades --aroint such sentiments! - but simply of being able to rely on them. It affords a sort of security I would not sacrifice in a hurry, no matter how tempting novelty may be. J.M.C.





Frank Sinatra

Sarah Vaughn

by Henry Pleasants



T IS TIME that serious music criticism, still accustomed to think of singing exclusively in terms of opera, oratorio, and recital, paid some attention to the records of Bing Crosby, Frank Sinatra, Perry Como, Louis Armstrong, Ella Fitzgerald, Billie Holiday, Sarah Vaughn,

and Judy Garland. And quite a few others. This goes even for critics who have never developed or discovered within themselves a taste for the kind of music these people sing. Indeed, it goes particularly for them. The exercise is not concerned with changing their tastes or their point of view about jazz or popular music as opposed to classical music. Its purpose is simply to call attention to what has been done and may yet be done to the art of singing by that little electrical gadget, the microphone. Probably I should say the technique rather than the art of singing. The microphone has not affected the fundamentals of the art and never will. Line, phrase, tone, rhythm, intonation, inflection, and enunciation remain the basic criteria. Regard for these fundamentals is characteristic of the work of all the best jazz and popular singers. Indeed, with respect to the fundamentals, jazz and popular singers are generally superior to their classical singer counterparts. That this should be so is largely due to the microphone.

The accomplishment of the microphone for the vocal art may be simply stated: it has restored the acoustical circumstances under which *bel canto* singing matured and flourished in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. It has given back to the singer—and to the audience — the acoustical advantages of the small baroque theater and the large baroque salon.

The microphone makes it possible for a whisper, and the words whispered, to be heard distinctly above an orchestra or a piano, provided only that the sound engineer achieves an appropriate balance. Since most blemishes of tone and intonation among classical singers derive from the problem of making themselves heard above competing

Has our singing been afflicted by gigantism?

Bel Canto through the Microphone

instruments or voices in large theaters and auditoriums — in other words, from the necessity to sing loud and high — this should be rated a most beneficial accomplishment.

Vocalism can offer more treasurable virtues than the big fat voice and the big fat high note. This is not to imply that the good classical singers have nothing more than that to offer. But the requirements of the Verdian, W'agnerian, and Straussian orchestra made such attributes essential, and we have all come to think of them as prerequisites of superior singing. Especially among the rank and file of the devotees of operas and song recitals, they have tended to obscure less spectacular assets. The tendency has been accompanied by a steady deterioration of the vocal art in classical music.

This deterioration is generally recognized. Usually it is ascribed to lack of proper preparation by contemporary classical singers. Their vocal afflictions, infirmities, and deficiencies are attributed to impatience, to a desire to attempt too soon that which should wait upon maturity. It is always implied and often said that singers in the old days were more conscientious and less impetuous.

It is difficult to support this assumption historically. Anyone reviewing the careers of the older singers, particularly those of women, must first be struck by the tender ages at which they achieved the pinnacles of accomplishment and celebrity. Sontag, Malibran, Viardot, Pasta, Lind, Patti, and Hauk come immediately to mind. They all began their public careers between the ages of fifteen and twenty, some of them even earlier. All were reigning prima donnas before they were twenty-five. Sontag, for
instance, sang the première of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony and Mass in D when she was eighteen; she retired from opera at twenty-nine. Malibran died at twenty-eight.

This is in striking contrast to the circumstances of our own time when the age of fulfillment for singers must be reckoned as falling anywhere from fifteen to twenty years later, depending upon the type of music in which a singer specializes. The maturity of a Wagnerian singer, for instance, will be reached normally between the ages of thirty-five and forty-five. Even a Mozart singer will hardly have advanced far today before the age of thirty. There has been some tendency to relate this to the general retardation of maturity today as compared with the norm of a century or so ago. But there is a simpler and, I think, more pertinent explanation.

Prior to about 1850, singers worked in smaller houses and were accompanied by smaller orchestras. Vocal emphasis was on sweetness and purity of tone (qualities associated primarily with youth), on sound and imaginative musicianship, and on the establishment of intimate communion between singer and audience. Meyerbeer, Verdi, and Wagner, with their assertive orchestra, and the construction of larger theaters to accommodate the growing bourgeois audience, put an end to this kind of innocent vocalism.

It was this that aroused the ire and antagonism of such genuinely tasteful and devoted critics as Chorley and Hanslick. Something that they understood and loved the experience of beautiful vocalism — was threatened by new styles which they found coarse and vulgar. History has not yet sustained their estimates. But there can be little doubt that the acceptance of these larger and more dramatic styles was achieved at a cost of musical and. specifically, vocal delights. No style has everything, of course. If, in the popular music of today, the pendulum seems to be swinging back to a kind of singing of which Chorley and Hanslick would have approved, it is at a cost of the dramatic accents and reflective implications that are the most impressive virtues of classical singing at its best.

Around the turn of the century the trend to bigness and magnificence and forcefulness in classical music, the taste for the overpowering and the transcendental, was continued *ad absurdum* in the operas of Strauss, Berg, Mascagni, Giordano, Catalani, Cilea, and, to a lesser extent, Puccini. This is not to deny the thrilling effect of such music and of the kind of glorious vocalism it produces when the requirements are brilliantly met, as in the case of a Caruso or a Flagstad. But it has contributed to a situation where, strictly speaking, only the exceptional is properly tolerable.

At anything but its best it can produce a tasteless phenomenon. One has only to recall countless examples of bawling and screaming Santuzzas and Turridus, Chéniers and Maddelenas, Calaphs and Turandots, Butterflys and Pinkertons, Desdemonas and Otellos, and Manricos and Leonoras to realize just how crude, how essentially unmusical and unaesthetic, this kind of thing can be. Popular and jazz singing are not, admittedly, innocent of vulgarities of one kind and another. But they have not yet stooped to the circus device of the interpolated high C.

It is simply a fact that the growing orchestra and the larger auditorium forced the voice a good many decibels beyond its natural volume and a good four semitones beyond its natural upward range. Singers had to sing louder and higher in order to meet the new acoustical requirements. It is true that this also produced voices capable of meeting them. It is also true that there is a certain compelling grandeur in the sovereign accomplishment. But the occasions when the accomplishment is musically, as well as mechanically, satisfactory are rare. The phenomenon as a whole has made the performance of the average gifted classical singer something that would be a severe trial had not constant exposure and numbed hearing accustomed us to a kind of vocalism aesthetically unacceptable in the time of Chorley and Hanslick.

Jazz and popular singing are notably free of this dependency upon the magnificent. The success of a Mario Lanza with the popular music audience is an exception. For the most part, the jazz or popular singer, unencumbered by the requirement of working without the microphone in large auditoriums and with large orchestras, is free to cultivate subtler virtues of the vocal art. I would hazard a guess that Chorley would have found greater pleasure in the vocalism of Frank Sinatra than in that of, say, Mario del Monaco. He would probably have found it more musical, more lyrical, more imaginative. He would certainly have found it more creative and inventive.

I am not suggesting, of course, that the introduction of the microphone into the opera house is the answer to the infelicities of contemporary classical singing. It would be impossible for many and excellent reasons, chief among them the fact that the proper use of the microphone requires adjustments, not only of technique, but also of style. Its effective employment by the classical singer would require style changes incompatible with the music which he sings.

It may be argued, to be sure, that the microphone has already been employed in the performance of classical music. It is used in recording. It is used on radio and on the sound track. It is used in outdoor performances and in large auditoriums of the convention hall type, where even a Caruso or a Ruffo might have had difficulty making himself heard. But this is a long way from the use of the microphone in the sense that it is used by the jazz and popular singers.

The classical singer, confronted by a mike, does not change his style or his technique. He sings as loudly, as straightforwardly, and as high as ever — as, indeed, he must. He knows no other way to sing. All his training has been directed toward these objectives, and the music he sings requires it. The sound engineer makes the adjustment. It is not the singer who exploits the mike, as is the case with the jazz and popular singer; it is the mike, as regulated by the sound engineer, that exploits the singer.

Nor would the classical singer be disposed to use the mike as jazz and popular singers use it even if he could, and even if such a use Continued on page 106



That Crazy Mixed-up MUSE

by Tilden Wells

LMAGINE a peaceful domestic scene with the firelight glowing on the hearth and a fine pale ale in the tankard. My wife holds up a Christmas card and asks, "Who sent you this one?"

"What's the signature?"

"Well, it looks like - Reuben Roodleschnee."

She hands me the card and I study the name. It looks remotely familiar. Then I turn it over. On the back is scrawled: "Yuletide greetings! Thanks to you, I can now appreciate good music."

I settle back to reflect. Never a Christmas passes without a few cards like this. At such moments, the old academic chest swells with pride, and I think that maybe that required Music Appreciation course isn't wasted labor after all. Then at other times I'm not so confident. The chest can just as readily be deflated with the next class quiz; for the most casual remark made in the haste of a one semester course that deserves two may come home to precarious roost in an exam book, its guise as mystifying as it is unrecognizable. But hot or cold, spreading the gospel of the cultural pursuits is never a dull business. And it has one good compensation - the boner. In polite society the boner is known as a faux pas; but in the music classroom it can be defined as an egg laid in the Ivory Tower by a lay student. And what professor doesn't devour with relish a nice boner? It is the only thing that makes many a paper worth grading at all.

As for me, I've hoarded boners for years. Stowed away among the erudite files, I have quite a prize col-



lection that, I like to think, might be a rich storehouse for the gag writers. The printable begin with one which came out in a report on Bach's life made by one of my own classmates before 1 graduated into the Chair. Said she: "Bach was married twice and was the father of twenty-one children. Both of his wives greatly appreciated their husband's talent."

That one started me off, and I promptly forgot the stamp collection. Now, like Jimmy, I've got a million of 'em. Somehow, I never got around to card-indexing them in various proper or improper categories; but they fall naturally into different classifications. There is, for instance, the "unconscious" boner. How are these? "A cadenza is where the music stops and the soloist goes on" or "One of the principle functions of the cadenza in the classic solo concerto is to give the orchestra a rest." Or, to define the aria: "An aria occurs in an opera when the music stops and the soloist is allowed to display her faculties." (Would this be a bona fide aria, or only the burlesque of one?) Another, equally apt description: "An aria is a set song sung by one of the sinful characters in an opera." In fact a discussion of opera is always fruitful, as witness this student's analysis: "If there is a chorus onstage in opera, they sort of sneak it on under disguise. There is recitative in opera, also, but it is not as painful as that of the oratorio." Another aspirant writes: "Recitative is usually sung by two or more male sopranos." And in dealing with early music, the puzzled pedagogue learns, "Baroque composers modulated to keep their audience awake."

It is in this category too that for some reason special homage to Wagner is made — in such assertions as that "Wagner gave the male bass a place in opera" and, regarding this gentleman's aesthetic theories, "Wagner tried to knock out all the arias and duets from his operas; nevertheless, they are still there, except that sometimes they are pretty well hidden." Furthermore, "Wagner believed that the performer should write his own libretto," and "for Wagnerian opera a singer should have plenty of wind and a *suburp* technique." And when one reads, "Wagner wrote the Four Ring Circus," one is tempted to call long distance and ask for

Dr. Spaeth. Aside from Wagner, however, the musicologist might be particularly startled by the statements that "Debussy wrote the *Prelude to an Afternoon with a Faun*" and "The most important Italian impressionistic composer was Ottorino Respaghetti"!

It's your own choice whether you prefer the "unconscious" boner or the "language" boner. Looking through examples of the latter, especially subdivision A or "colorful" language, I wish I were a cartoonist. For in this type the actual word construction of the boner lends it a certain visual imagery. Imagine, then, your own pictures for these captions: "Church and Chamber Sonatas had four movements which were quick, slow, quick, slow, with the last movement a fugue for the Church and a dance for the Chamber." And of the classic period in general: "The Classic School - sometimes called the Viennese school of composers - came forth in pantaloons, buckled shoes, and powdered wigs . . . Composers of the classic Period were all parasites, eating off the nobility . . . Formal dress, including the powdered Whigs, was reflected in the music of the Classic Period." This sort of thing finally culminates in what I consider a classic conception: "The people of the Classic Period were very well dressed and even the men wore ruffles and lace, which had a direct influence on the pattern of the music. This period worked very cleanly into the Romantic Period when the middle class rose and everyone got more emotional."

The individual composer is likewise subjected to these new illuminations, not even the Bs escaping. One is forced to see that "Bach's greatest contribution was bringing a Passion to its peak." Beethoven either "broke into" or "slid gently into" the Romantic movement. On the other hand, he was also "the Father of the Romantic period who opened the door" when he wasn't "squashing the symphony together and making the movements connect with each other" while "balling up the sonata by writing some in only two movements." He also "gave more canvas to the orchestra" and "made an innovation in the piano sonata by leaping and jumping all over the keyboard." And his heir was Brahms who "was the first composer to hold a candle to his string quartets."

It was Mozart, however, who "as a master pianist pushed the piano as an instrument" and Haydn who "threw out the harpsichord and brought in the clarinet." One would gather that while these activities were proceeding, Schubert "pushed the art song up to its highest level" while Debussy "wore Impressionism out so it died early." Wagner, as usual, is credited with a number of achievements, one of the more pronounced being the fact that "he split up the first violins." In addition, the reader is asked to see that "Vaughan-Williams took folk music not only from England but also from Whales, and gave it a modern setting."

And then there is subdivision B of the language boner — the choice, for reasons Freudian or otherwise, of the mistaken word. Consider the feats of imagination involved in these—and give your own imagination full play. "Music of the Baroque Period had very strict rules for homodulating"; "Sonata allegro form consists of the introduction, exposition, development, and retaliation"; "One of the harmonic devices of Impressionism was wholesome chords"; "The Cyclonic Sonata was a form developed in the Romantic Period" (maybe this has its visual implications too); "The French Opera Buffet demanded vocal denunciation." Let no one suspect, though, that these definitions are confined to the sweeping generalization. While "it may be hard to explain how you recognize a composer's style except that you seem to have an inert feeling for it," brave attempts are made. For instance, "Beethoven improved greatly on the classic symphony by changing the third movement from a 'Minute' to a 'Scratzo'." Again, "Cesar Franck was an absolute musician and did not believe music should contain any flourishes and embezzlements." As for Chopin, "he experimented with everything and was one of the first composers to use enervations in piano music," in addition to the fact that "one of the small forms that he handled most successfully was the Noctarine; Chopin wrote a whole volume of 'Noctarines'."

Next comes the boner with a grain of truth in it. The question here is whether or not the boner deserves full credit *qua* boner. Draw your own conclusions from these: "A solo concerto is a form of the concerto wherein a solo instrumentalist plays antagonistic to the rest of the orchestra."; "A song cycle tells a complete story on the installment plan"; "Impressionism was the last death rattle of romanticism"; and, finally, "The customs and *manorisms* of the classic era underwent a change in the Romantic Period." Even the musically erudite might have some difficulty in flatly contradicting these statements!

Then, regularly, every teacher gets his portions of hot air, the padded answer that functions only to fill up space. Hot air, however, varies in quality. These illustrations of the hot air boner I consider worthy of preservation: "The opera was important because it led to the orchestra and the voice reaching a state of equilibrium that is, each had to learn to get along with the other"; "It is said that Strauss's Hansel and Gretel is his only composition that does not resemble or directly imitate Wagner"; "Music has really changed from Bach's Prelude and Fugue to Mussorgsky's Hindemith." And here is one to bring on the almost speechless state: "Modern music is neither homophonic nor polyphonic, but a sort of mixophonic kind of music. The composers of the Modern Period deal in facts, and they should be watched, lest Continued on page 107 they tell us too much



The Case of the F-Sharp Major Eroica

by FRITZ A. KUTTNER

Three months ago Dr. Kuttner submitted a whimsical maunscript entitled "What Key Do You Want Your Eroica In?" It dealt solely with the off-pitch phenomenon he refers to below as Virus transatlanticus. Oddly, its arrival coincided with a series of vigorous complaints from a choir-singing staff member of this magazine, who had been trying to learn a Messiah aria with the aid of four new albums of the oratorio. No version was in the same key with any other, and none in accord with the staff member's piano or pitch-pipe. Virus transatlanticus could not be blamed in all cases, so Dr. Kuttner's document went back to him with the suggestion that he investigate thoroughly the problem of why so many current records are perceptibly off-key—and, of course, off-speed. Since Dr. Kuttner's business is making records (Musurgia is his label) illustrating the tonal systems of the ancient Chinese, Greeks, Egyptians, and the like, he was the ideal man for the task. His report will run in three installments.

WO COMPLAINTS are voiced when the question of precise musical pitch on records comes up for a discussion. One is heard quite frequently and is concerned with flutter and wow in sound reproduction. The second complaint has been more rarely heard - until quite recently anyway - and deplores long-range deviation from musical standard pitches. On the flutter and wow topic countless articles have been written, and there is a constant flow of high-fidelity manufacturers' publicity devoted to reassuring the public about this unpleasant imperfection so prevalent in modern sound equipment. For this reason I feel I should concentrate on the second complaint, on which nobody has reported at length, so far as I am aware. At the end of my account, however, I propose to come back to the flutter and wow sickness, since I may be able to offer an idea or two which may prove helpful to the industry in licking the problem.

At the outset let us make one point quite clear: the author is *not* engaging in any crusade or in violent criticism of alleged or real shortcomings in the record-making industry. Rather, I wish to discuss certain weaknesses of many records from the musical point of view, for the benefit of both public and industry. I wish to put my finger on a number of problems which, so far, have been strangely neglected. In the main, I will attempt to confine myself to constructive criticism: there will be suggestions as to what could and should be done, and as to how the difficulties may be overcome or at least reduced during the engineering process.

How and when does the question of musical standard pitches on LP records become important? Let us start out with an extreme case, and assume that some hapless manufacturer holds a recording session with fine professional tape equipment that operates on 50-cycle AC power supply at the recording location. Then he goes home and cuts a master disk, playing his master tape back on tape equipment operating on 60-cycle AC power in his studio. The result is obvious: the tape will run fast at the ratio 5:6; his master disk will be cut at a musical standard pitch too high in the same proportion, and the final LP disk pressed from his master, when played back at a precise $33^{1/4}$ rpm, will be 20% faster in speed and the

Equipment used in the pitch-fidelity tests includes Ampex 350; Garrard 301, Scott 710-A, and Rek-O-Kut CVS-12 turntables; Conn stroboscopic frequency meter; Scott 210-D amplifier: Altec-Lansing 604-B speaker and cahinet; Audak cartridges and tone-arm.



interval of a minor third higher than the original performance. (The ratio 5:6 is the acoustical equivalent of the interval of a minor third, or of a pitch difference of three semitones.) To the music-loving owner of the disk it will mean that he hears his *Eroica* Symphony in the key of F-sharp major instead of E-flat major, and this is a truly ridiculous sound even to ears of average musicality. Moreover, all musical tempos will be fast by 20%, and one does not have to be a famous conductor to notice a severe distortion of all musical content and meaning when a classical symphony movement is played at 120 metronome beats per minute instead of 100 beats.

I call this case extreme — which does not mean that it is extremely rare. There used to be numerous records of the 50/60 type on the market, and even now you come occasionally across a new release suffering from this cycle malady. This kind of manufacturing error should be called what it really is: gross negligence and disregard for the fundamentals of record making. Anyone stuck with such a record should return it to his dealer and claim his money back. There is no excuse for marketing merchandise so grossly mismade.

A somewhat milder form of pitch virus has been so widespread in recent years that it could be called endemic. It is dreadfully contagious and enters the record's organism usually in the following way:

Many manufacturers of classical records are inclined to hold their recording sessions in Europe. This is particularly true with companies of less than giant size and has a simple economic reason: recording fees for musicians over there are only a fraction of what they cost in the United States. In fact, only the large and very wealthy companies can afford to pay for a recording session with one of the more important American orchestras and to take the risk of a possible financial loss in such a venture -- which in some cases they can write off against corporation taxes. Several of the smaller and medium-sized firms do not even bother to go to Europe for recording sessions; they simply buy master tapes recorded in Europe by more or less professional recording "jobbers" who, for their part, will sell their tapes to anyone interested. Let us disregard, this time, the general musical and sonic qualities of such "nonscheduled" recordings. Sometimes they are atrocious in every aspect, and sometimes they are surprisingly beautiful from practically every point of view. But common to many of them is a flaw of pitch, keys, and tempo. Here is how it happens:

Most high-class recording equipment in Continental Europe operates on the European standard tape speed of 36 centimeters per second. This is true especially for German and Austrian equipment, and a considerable portion of the "nonscheduled" master tapes come from these two countries. If these tapes are brought over to North America and played back for mastering on American standard equipment such as, for example, the Ampex 300, it will run at 15 inches per second. This happens to be 38.1 centimeters, one inch being equal to 2.54 centimeters. In other words, at playback the tape is running fast at the ratio 36:38.1, and the master disk will be cut at a pitch too high, and at a tempo too fast, by the same ratio.



Many records varied in pitch from outer to inner grooves.

"Who but possibly Toscanini," you may object, "is going to notice so small a difference?" All right, let us find out. The ratio 36:38.1 creates an interval of 98.2 cents, and since 100 cents constitutes the interval of a chromatic semitone in standard equal temperament, as we hear it on every keyboard instrument, this then is only 1.8 cents short. 1.8 cents is a micro-interval so small in pitch difference that nobody can distinguish it, not even the finest professionals' ears. Consequently, a tape recorded at 36 cm and played back for mastering at 15 ips sounds precisely one semitone too high on the final LP pressing.

I do not care to be a defendant in half a dozen libel and damage suits, so I won't name any label or specific records. But if you have a piano around that is tuned reasonably close to standard pitch A-440 cps (or a good tuning fork will do), and if your turntable runs close enough to a precise 3313 rpm, you can check this fact yourself on a variety of disks and labels. On several disks recorded in Europe and mastered in the United States your Eroica Symphony, for example, will sound in E major instead of E-flat; your Fifth Symphony plays in C-sharp minor instead of C minor which is, to sensitive musical ears, a preposterous key and sound for this work. By the same token, tempos will be fast and wrong. For most classical compositions, traditions of performance speed have formed which are more or less generally accepted; thus, it makes a noticeable difference whether a movement is played at 144 or 152 metronome beats per minute, to quote an example at random.

I call this sickness the virus transatlanticus, and so far there is no Salk vaccine available to cure it. While it is not often fatal, it badly cripples the disk attacked by it. Preventive therapy is the only remedy, because here again inexcusable ignorance, or worse, indifference is the sole cause for this virus infection. Let me warn the overconfident reader that here is no clear-cut opportunity to exchange his infected records without charge for healthy copies at the next disk shop. There are hundreds of issues of the transatlanticus type on the market, in any case far too many for the industry or the retailer to consider a wholesale restitution. We shall have to be satisfied, at this time, to have drawn the attention of the public and the record makers to this question and to give notice that in the future such negligent exposure to infection may constitute good cause for rejection.

While engaged in the clinical investigation of these two

virus types, I found it necessary to study the various steps where pitch deviations could be introduced unknowingly into the manufacturing and playback process, from the original recording session to the final turntable in the living room. To my surprise I discovered that, with very few exceptions indeed, the industry is unaware of the whole problem and its *musical* significance. This, of course, provides an alibi and extenuating circumstances for the manufacturers of recording and playback equipment, and for the makers of disks and tape recordings. Such an alibi, however, can only be valid for the past; the future will have to secure full attention to, and considerable improvements in, the matter of "*pitch fidelity*." (Patent application for this term pending in the name of the author, U. S. Patent Office.)

The reason for this general unawareness is amusing, obvious, and significant at the same time: almost everybody working in the recording industry or in the high fidelity components field is so utterly and single-mindedly concerned with new and improved engineering solutions that musical considerations go by unnoticed. When, oh when, will the industry be ready to accept the fact that they are working for, and dependent on the money spent by, music enthusiasts, and that the admirers of technological gadgets for the gadget's sake are a very small minority among the record-buying and components-using millions?

Let us now consider the most frequent affliction that may undermine the pitch fidelity of practically any record. Here the culprit virus is a complex, composite, and evasive agent extremely hard to diagnose, to isolate, or to kill. It is vagrant, disappearing, reappearing, occasionally destroying itself by an inherent suicidal characteristic, sometimes multiplying itself by a strange cumulative power which may severely damage the afflicted record, sometimes miraculously saving a disk that seemed to be doomed from the very beginning. To understand the nature of this creeping and hidden toxin, we must recall the various stages necessary to produce a recording and to play it back in the living room:

- (1) a performance is recorded on a modern highprecision tape recorder;
- (2) the tape is played back for mastering on the same (or on another) high-precision recording machine;
- (3) a master disk is cut on a modern, high-precision cutting turntable and lathe;
- (4) the final pressing is played back on a turntable in the home.

In each of these four steps the speed of the transportation mechanism influences, or may influence, the pitch of the musical performance originally recorded. If, in all four cases, the various machines run absolutely true to their speed specification — e.g., 15 ips for tape speed and $33\frac{1}{3}$ for disk speed — the pitch of the music played back in the home will be precisely the same as the pitch during the original recording session. This would be the ideal case, representing highest pitch fidelity. Deviations from the above four speed specifications may result at best in insignificant pitch and tempo distortions, at worst in a record almost completely spoiled in spite of all musical

and sonic merits it may have otherwise. Successive deviations in opposite directions may cancel each other out and save the record; deviations in the same direction will accumulate and may add up to considerable total pitch distortion.

How does one check on the speeds of the four processing units, and how does one adjust deviations once they have been spotted and measured? The answer sounds absolutely crazy: one does NOT, under normal circumstances. With few exceptions, as far as I have been able to find out, the recording studios take it for granted that the speed of their fine recording machines runs true to specifications. Usually, no checks are made except when serious trouble develops in the tape-transport mechanism, and then the transport trouble is the only reason for the checking and adjustment, not any deep-rooted skepticism about the accuracy of speed specifications. Again, the studios take it for granted that the speed of their tapes will be a precise 15 or 30 ips once the trouble in the transport mechanism has been located and adjusted. The makers of the finest standard equipment for professional recording, justly famous and admired for the excellence of their machines, do not make, or supply their customers with, any testing device that would allow high-precision measuring of tape speeds and speed deviations. When asked for advice, they recommend that one order a stroboscopic wheel machined to great precision from a precision toolmaker. In other words, they believe that the burden of test, of measuring and adjustment, is on the owner of the equipment, not on the maker of the famous product. In still other words: the manufacturers even of professional tape recorders still are completely unaware of the musical significance of pitch fidelity. RCA-Victor has procured a few of these stroboscopic test wheels from some source and may have been using them for some time. How often they use them, and how successfully, is not quite clear to me because I know of at least one otherwise beautiful recording, mastered and pressed by them, that is badly distorted by lack of pitch fidelity. On the other hand, I am informed that recently they asked a certain high-precision machine-tool maker in Connecticut to make a quantity of these test wheels for them. This shows that at least one of our great record producers has become aware of the problem and is doing something about it, possibly because one of Maestro Toscanini's furies frightened the engineers out of their wits. However that may be, my bow to RCA! Now I keep wondering whether they got their quantity of testing wheels or not, and whether they plan to sell a number of them to other needy recording studios.

DOME readers may be interested in the musical and acoustical technicalities of pitch definition and measuring. Here is an outline of the basic facts and factors involved, and of my test procedure.

It is frequently assumed that pitches and intervals in orchestras, instrumental or vocal groups are uniform and strictly geared to equal temperament intonation. This is far from correct. In practice intonations vary from moment to moment within certain *Continued on page 108*





Boston photographer Stephen W. Plimpton, who suspects that many a fi-addict, like himself, may also be a sports car enthusiast, sent us these pictures of his Jaguar XK-140, which he has had rigged for sound. A man precise with his definitions, he does not call it a hi-fi car. It is a *medium*-fi car. The AM radio in the dashboard is a Motorola 5M. The loudspeaker is a nine-by-six oval PM, set abaft the driver's starboard shoulder. It uses the luggage compartment as an infinite baffle and gives, Mr. P. says, rather nice bass. The installation is by R. J. Mausert, Boston.



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Ever and anon some iconoclast, usually a musician out of work, sits down at a typewriter and writes for Musical Quarterly or a kindred learned journal a scathing description of the symphony orchestra as a technical anachronism, whose instruments all date back to the time of Charles Joseph Sax, if not Geronimo Amati, and are grossly in need of modernization. Here we have the same gospel, preached a little less sternly. How the underclad tympanist got into the act we don't know, and don't intend to ask.







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Walker's Little Wonder

by Robert Charles Marsh

And other news of electrostatic portent from Britain.

F PETER WALKER of the Acoustical Manufacturing Company is going around with a contented, but secretive, look these days, he has every right to, since he's just finished doing something that a lot of noted theorists told him he shouldn't be able to do at all.

After three years of work (and a number of years of preliminary cogitation) in his own laboratory at Huntingdon, Huntingdonshire, he is about to produce commercially the first full-range electrostatic speaker in the world, a system that covers the frequency response of nearly every musical instrument and most human ears and — to make his achievement even more impressive — that will cost (in Britain) somewhere between \$100 and \$120 complete. Furthermore, driving the unit with one of his own 15-watt Quad II amplifiers, he can produce 95 phons of sound in an average living room of 4,000 cubic feet, which he defined as, "about what you hear in the fortieth row of the Festival Hall when you have orchestra, organ, and a big chorus going flat out."

The test of any speaker system is the sound, and the sound of the Acoustical electrostatic is absolutely phenomenal. It is clean and uncolored by the reproducer to a degree which I, for one, would not have believed possible, with an apparent reduction of surface noise and high frequency hiss to a minimum. This is a speaker that has no undamped resonances in either the mechanical



Acoustical Manufacturing Company's three-legged newcomer.

or the acoustical system. In fact it has no acoustical system in the usual sense of the term, no baffle, and — speaking subjectively — no audible crossover. What one hears is smooth, natural, and wonderfully clear sound from the bottom to the top of the range. The ear detects no peaks; the highs are there without being conspicuous, the low bass is firmly defined, without the slightest suggestion of shudder or boom. The realism is extraordinarily impressive.

Walker's speaker was first heard by the public in May of 1955, but he felt that the units exhibited at that time were not ready for production, so back to the lab they went. The system to be marketed was given its first public showings in April at the London Audio Fair, but I heard it under home conditions in its inventor's living room where it was providing Walker, his charming wife, their two children, and a pair of cats with all sorts of satisfactions. On hearing it I was pleased, among other reasons, by the fact that I am not engaged in the manufacture of moving coil speakers. (A writer makes his living with his head and, with reasonable luck. can stave off obsolescence for several decades.)

The unit measures 33 by 25 by 3 inches — slightly thicker at the bottom, where the polarizing voltage supply is housed. It stands on three legs and reveals itself simply as a handsome, gold-colored screen. A plug goes into a power outlet and two wires go to the output transformer of an amplifier (15-ohm impedance). The sound seems to emanate from all over the unit, although actually it doesn't. Any amplifier that delivers 15 watts power will drive it fully, unless its output stage tends to become unstable with a heavy capacitive load. (A Quad II is, naturally, Walker's recommendation.) The entire assembly is very light and can be lifted easily in one hand.

Since the sound is distributed in a broad, flat, figureeight pattern with its apex at the center of the unit, the speaker should be set well out from a wall. In such a position the sound appears to come from all over the room, and Walker points out that this maneuverability permits easy avoidance of bad room resonances. The speaker will not beam, and there is no effect of being off its axis, however one moves around. Similarly, the sound is wholly homogeneous, although there are, in fact, two drivers and a crossover network employed. One of the secret features is how the units can carry a complex wave form across the crossover point without its being apparent to the ear. In fact, a complex wave cannot shift more than 9° in phase at any point in the range.

Patents for the units will be held by Acoustical and Ferranti Ltd. of Edinburgh, and until they are granted, the workings of the speaker are a guarded secret. (I was not allowed in the lab where the naked insides of the units are exposed.) However, Walker is willing enough to say a few obvious things about his system on the principle that "anything people can guess sufficiently accurately you might as well tell them." His speaker, a push-pull model, carries a constant unit area charge, which results in virtually distortionless performance, a characteristic of electrostatic circuits first reported in Electroacoustics by Professor F. V. Hunt of Harvard. Walker's use of this principle was suggested "in a fuzzy way" designed to cover up technical arcana, in the first of his three pieces on electrostatic speakers which appeared last year in Wireless World. The result is a speaker that is linear in its performance and transforms the signal into vibrations in the air without adding any coloration to it or altering its wave form in any way. The efficiency of the Acoustical unit in converting the signal wattage to sound is about 3% (5% is a good average for movingcoil speakers), and the upper limit of its output is set by the point at which the air itself is ionized and the static charge begins to migrate. This corresponds to the 95 phons mentioned previously.

Walker is first in the world to produce a completely electrostatic system, but second in Britain to show an electrostatic unit suitable for commercial production. In February Mr. H. S. Leak unveiled his electrostatic tweeter (which works from 1,000 cps upwards; about the range of the pressure horn in the average moving-coil coaxial) with the remark: "I cannot produce electrostatic loudspeakers which go down to very low notes unless I use very large areas, which means you have a loudspeaker which is too big to be acceptable in a home, and/or unless I use a very large amplifier - that is 50 or 100 watts. So we are contenting ourselves with using a 10 watt amplifier. " The Leak system, therefore, is electrostatic only from the C above the staff in the treble clef and a "greatly improved" unit "entirely unlike any other moving-coil loudspeaker which has ever been made" for the lower portion of the range. Like the Acoustical units, Leak's system is scheduled for commercial release later this year, presumably after his patents have been cleared. I was unable to attend the press reception at which the units were demonstrated. I heard that it made a fine showing, though it is, in Leak's own words, "a mixture of the old and new," whereas the Acoustical system is entirely new.

The reason the Acoustical system does not require enormous power in the amplifier is that since it does not depend upon the amplifier for the polarizing voltage, a very high voltage may be used. Also, the high voltage does not have to run around the room in the speaker lines, but is produced, and remains, safely shielded from any danger of shock inside the speaker assembly itself. The unit is dust-proof as well as shock-proof. The prototype assembly I heard had a frequency response from 40-14,000 cps, the upper limitation being due merely to the impedance-matching transformer employed. I was assured that a better transformer was in the works, and that with it the high frequency response would go up to the limits of the best human ear. As for the bass end, Walker played me an organ recording in which the pedal came out as clearly as I have ever heard it in an electronic reproduction. His feeling is that 40 cps is all the bass one needs, but if one must have more he is either going to have to have an enormous electrostatic unit (such as Walker is quite willing to build, if the trade demands it), or put up with the tonal coloration that often results from loading a driver with a horn. As I mentioned before, it is the linearity and absence of added color in the Acoustical units that is stunning. (Walker has tried them in various types of enclosures and ended, in every case, taking them out.)

I use two cabinets that are braced and built like battleships, and are about as free from spurious resonances as wooden enclosures can be. It was not until I heard the Acoustical units that I realized how full of coloration they *were*. That is the really breathtaking thing about a completely electrostatic system. It offers a purity of sound that comes to the ears as a completely fresh experience, and sharpens the senses with an appreciation of just how good electronically reproduced music can be.

London has an Audio Fair

THE FIRST London Audio Fair proved to be L one of the most sumptuous held anywhere to date. Held from April 13-15 in the Washington Hotel on Curzon Street in the Mayfair district, it featured, in addition to sound, plush decor in deep claret and the light and dark blues of Cambridge and Oxford, crystal chandeliers, deep carpets, a grillroom, and a bar. Fortyone exhibitors took part, thus accounting for most (but not quite all) important British manufacturers of high-fidelity equipment. It is, however, the hope of the organizers of the fair that in future years it will take on an international character. (This year the United States was represented only through RCA's London photophone branch.)

Expecting "an absolute shambles" as a result of the flood of visitors from the trade and the general public, the management adopted the somewhat unusual practice of limiting the fair to those invited to attend. The practical effect of this policy was that persons wishing to attend had to apply to one of the exhibitors, or to one of the large retail dealers in records and reproducing equipment. This decision reflected no desire to keep the general public out, but emphasized the local situation in which one of the main problems is selling high fidelity to dealers, many of whom are still interested in marketing the old, ultralow-fi radiogram combination, a type of equipment that is almost extinct in the American market

On entering the fair, one found oneself in a central exhibition area in which static displays provided a comprehensive survey of what was being shown. If one then wanted to hear any particular equipment, he went to one of the three floors above and found the display item in working form in the exhibitor's demonstration room. The fair management policed the upper floors to keep the volume levels down. "Three or four watts is plenty," *Continued on page* 111

Any way you look at it Heetwood's

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"WORDS! WORDS! WORDS!" complains Eliza Doolittle in My Fair Lady. "I'm so sick of words. Never do I ever want to hear another word; there isn't one I haven't heard." According to Jacques Barzun, her grievance is universally shared. "We all," he agrees, "hear and read too many of them in our daily round." In Mr. Barzun's view, the "increasing resistance to words" is one of the chief causes of our voracious music-listening these days, the loudspeaker serving contemporary society as a soothing refuge from the printed page.

There is, nn doubt, something to be said for this argument; but the thing to be said against it is that the loudspeaker seems to be propagating recorded words today as it never has before. On the occasion of their recently celebrated fourth anniversary in business, the two young women who run Caedmon Publishers announced that they had sold a total of 250,000 spoken-word LP records. And as Caedmon's sales continue to rise, more and more companies are entering the field to exploit the demand for microgrooved words that so clearly exists. Probably the most ambitious of the newcomers is Spoken Arts, Inc. (a subsidiary of Westminster), which has just fired its first salvo of recorded speech. Spoken Arts intends to issue records in several categories: a Distinguished Teachers Series, offering hour-long lectures by men like Robert M. Hutchins, T. V. Smith, and (yes) Jacques Barzun; a Distinguished Playwright Series, in which Arthur Miller, John van Druten, Lillian Hellman, and others will discuss their craft on one side of the record and read from their plays on the other; a Golden Treasury of Verse Series, the first issues of which are all foreign (German verse read by Henry Schnitzler, Irish by Padraic Colum, French by Jean Vilar); an Informal Hour With X Series, featuring such guests-via-loudspeaker as S. J. Perelman, J. B. Priestley, and Dorothy Parker; a Great Artists Series, which will present actors and actresses

- Siobhan McKenna, Lunt and Fontanne, and Anthony Quayle are among them - in readings from their favorite plays, poems, and stories; and a Distinguished Composers Series, wherein contemporary music will first be played and then commented on by the composer.

Another newly organized spnkenword nutfit is Modern Voices, Inc., whose executive producer will be the announcer Ben Grauer and whose distributor will be Riverside Records, nwned and operated by Bill Grauer, Ir. (a cousin) and Orrin Keepnews. The Messrs. Grauer and Keepnews prefer not to talk about this project now, except to say that their approach will be "somewhat different" from that of others in the business. The first release of six records is due in September. Caedmon, needless to say, is not allowing all this competition to go unnoticed. It will be issuing in September: another Dylan Thomas recording (A Visit to America and assorted poems); the Molly Bloom passages from Ulysses read by Siobhan McKenna; and a series of Bible readings by Judith Anderson, Claire Bloom, and Paul Muni. Angel has recordings of The School for Scandal and The Playboy of the Western



World en route for fall release, and there are rumors of a complete Saint Join from Victor.

All of which tends to upset the Barzun theory. As for me, I am in complete agreement with Miss Doolittle and Mr. Barzun in regard to the ubiquity of words, and the last thing 1 want to hear from my record player is a lecture on "The Uses of History" by Professor Preston Slosson, a Spoken Arts disk that took me right back to Mandel Hall and the Humanities

Survey Course at the University of Chicago. Obvinusly I am not the kind of customer for whom the above-mentioned companies are manufacturing their wares.

THE QUOTATION by Jacques Barzun above is taken from his survey Music in American Life just published by Doubleday. He falls at times into overstatement when trying to score a point ("Wozzek makes at least as much money as Don Giovanni") and commits a few small errors of fact and nrthography (such as the misspelling of Wozzeck) that might well have been caught by one of the efficient "female clerk" copy editors whom he once severely chastised in the Saturday Review, but on major matters his book is both informative and provocative. His thoughts on the overproduction of professional musicians in our conservatories and universities today should be digested carefully by anyone venturing upon music as a life career. "The world," he says, "is visibly not equipped to make use of so much highly trained musical ability" and "it therefore becomes a question whether encouraging the young is not perhaps risky to the point of immorality."

Just how risky was emphasized recently in another survey, this one entitled The National Crisis for Live Music and Musicians, prepared by the Research Company of America for the American Federation of Musicians. According to this source, available jobs in 1954 were "no more than enough to provide full-time employment for about 59,000 musicians," whereas in 1930 the available jobs provided fulltime employment for 99,000 musicians. There has been an increase of jobs in opera, ballet, and symphony orchestras, but only enough to take care of an additional 1,500 musicians on a full-time basis. Moreover, the report adds, "even in the major symphonies the minimum wage scale for musicians is \$89.02 per week, which is less than the average weekly wage in metal or bituminous coal mining,

Continued on page 51



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crude petroleum production, contract construction, or in many of our durable goods manufacturing industries such as automobiles." Although this clouds the comparison by contrasting "minimum wage scale" with "average wcekly wage," the inference to be drawn is unmistakable: music, for all but a few, provides a paltry living.

THE AFM SURVEY concentrates, to be sure, on job-holding instrumentalists, but the picture is no brighter for free-lance concert artists. Only very occasionally can a young musician support himself solely by his own music-making without recourse to teaching or other ancillary occupations. One of those who seems to be making the grade is the pianist Gary Graffman. Four years ago he was described by Cecil Smith, in Worlds of Music, as typical of the extremely talented aspirant who wins recognition in the most difficult contests, studies in Europe on scholarship, and then returns to the United States "ready to challenge the organized audience of Euphola, Alabama." Gary Graffman made his Town Hall debut in 1940 at the age of twelve, studied with Vengerova at the Curtis Institute, and in the four years since Cecil Smith's book was published has been slowly making his way forward in the very competitive ranks of piano virtuosos. This year RCA Victor signed him up in hopes that he will fill the gap left by the lamented William Kapell as Victor's pianistic young hopeful.

Graffman's first record, due in October, will couple two Prokofiev sonatas with Schubert's Wanderer Fantasia. At the recording session to which I was invited, he played an excellent Steinway concert grand which, I learned, was the joint property of Graffman, Leon Fleisher, Eugene Istomin, and Jacob Lateiner. Despite the evident competition among them, these pianists-under-thirty have remained friends for many years, and now they have pooled resources to buy pianos for their tours, none of them being busy or affluent enough yet to warrant owning a concert grand for himself alone. What will happen when all of them need Steinway No. 199 on the same night remains to be seen.

SOVIET PERFORMERS have provided the record industry with its bestselling LPs for the past six months and show every indication of continuing to do so. In England the directors



RCA's Jack Pfeiffer with Gary Graffman.

of EMI made a thorough survey of the sales figures and decided to expand this company's already large list of records by Russian artists. An agreement was concluded in Moscow this spring giving EMI exclusive rights to the use of Soviet tapes in Europe and Asia (non-Communist Asia, I take it). Henceforth, all disks made from such tapes in these areas will appear on EMI-affiliated labels. In the Americas, Soviet tapes will continue to be funneled through Leeds Music Corporation.

EMI in addition has continued to record Soviet artists in its own studios. During the month of February, David Oistrakh recorded in London the Brahms Double Concerto (with Pierre Fournier and the Philharmonia conducted by Alceo Galliera), the Suite, Op. 28, by Sergei Taneyev (with the Philharmonia under Nicolai Malko), and Mozart's B-flat and Tartini's Devil's Trill sonatas (with Vladimir Yampolsky). Leonid Kogan has made, also in London, the Bach E major Violin Concerto and the Double Concerto (with his wife, Elisabeth Gilels) as well as the Mozart G major and Prokofiev G minor concertos. This month in Vienna, EMI intends to record the Leningrad Philharmonic



Callas: three new albums in prospect.

Orchestra under its regular conductor, Eugene Mravinsky, in the last three Tchaikovsky symphonies; also scheduled for this orchestra is the Tchaikovsky Violin Concerto, with David Oistrakh as soloist. And in the future EMI hopes to be allowed to bring its equipment and engineers into the USSR to tape some complete operas as performed by the Bolshoi company.

EXCEPT FOR THE FEW ISSUES featuring Soviet soloists, orchestral records have not been selling spectacularly well this year. None of the conductors currently active is luring the occasional record buyer into the shops the way Toscanini used to do — a fact that is causing no little consternation among artist-and-repertoire executives in several companies. The interest in new opera recordings continues unabated, however.

This is the time of year when operas are taped for fall and winter release, and the microphones abroad are already receiving a full spate of warbling. RCA Victor has chosen La Traviata for its annual made-in-Rome recording; Rosanna Carteri, Cesare Valletti, and Leonard Warren are the principals, Pierre Monteux the conductor. London's schedule includes Arabella (Lisa della Casa, Hilde Gueden, and George London), Elektra (Inge Borkh), Il Barbiere (Simionato, Siepi, and Corena), and Il Trovatore and Andrea Chénier (both with Tebaldi and Del Monaco). Angel, in addition to the Beecham-directed Entführung already mentioned here, has or will be recording Falstaff (Tito Gobbi, Elisabeth Schwarzkopf, with Karajan conducting), La Traviata (Antonietta Stella), Il Trovatore (Callas, Di Stefano, with Karajan conducting), Un Ballo in Maschera (Callas, Di Stefano, Gobbi, with Galliera conducting), La Bohème (Callas, Di Stefano, and Galliera), Il Matrimonio Segreto (the Piccola Scala production conducted by Nino Sanzogno), and Carl Orff's Die Kluge (Wolfgang Sawallisch conducting a cast that includes Elisabeth Schwarzkopf). As for HMV, a complete Meistersinger has just been recorded in Germany with Elisabeth Grummer. Rudolf Schock, Ferdinand Frantz, and the Berlin Philharmonic conducted by Rudolf Kempe, and this summer there will be sessions at Glyndebourne devoted to Mozart's Idomeneo and Rossini's Le Comte Ory. Perhaps this should be called the Iron Oxide Age of Opera.

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Previously released: Songs of Siren Land (Angel Blue Label 61022) — Ugo Calise, accompanying himself on his guitar, sings soft, seductive songs of Naples, Ischia and (Pronunciation: Kah-LEE-zeh.) Capri.



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Keyboard Works and Arrangements

Chorale Prelude, *Wachet auf* (arr. Busoni). Chaconne (arr. Busoni); Toccata and Fugue in E minor, BWV 914; Toccata and Fugue in D, BWV 912.

Agnelle Bundervoët, piano. LONDON DTL 93051. 12-in. \$4.98.

A French pianist of considerable merit is introduced on this disk. She plays the two clavier works sensitively and neatly, even though she does not efface the memory of the old Schnabel recording of the D major Toccata and Fugue. In the wonderful chorale prelude she brings out the chorale tune too heavily, but the brilliant romantic piano piece that Busoni made out of the Chaconne – a piece that owes almost as much to Liszt as to Bach — is magnificently performed. Very good sound. N. B.

BACH

"Short" Preludes and Fugues (8), BWV 553/60; Fantasy in G, BWV 572

E. Power Biggs, organ.

COLUMBIA ML 5078. 12-in. \$3.98.

Biggs takes us on another tour of European organs here, for each piece is played on a different instrument. Six of the organs are in Germany and there is one from Austria, one from Holland, and one from Alsace. All were built, according to the notes, from the fiftcenth century to the eighteenth. The performer plays with his customary dexterity and rhythmic liveliness. Some listeners may find his invariable retards ar final cadences and his holding of final chords rather excessive. Columbia's en-

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gineers have been quite successful, on the whole, in capturing the sound of the various instruments with clarity and realism. It is only in the Fantasy that they were defeated; this piece is mostly a blur. N. B.

BACH

Sonata for Unaccompanied Violin, No. 3, in C

+Ysaÿe: Sonatas for Unaccompanied Violin, No. 3 and 4, Op. 27

Michael Rabin, violin.

ANGEL 35305. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.48).

Young Michael Rabin (he is now twenty) makes an impressive showing on this disk. The Bach sonata is played neatly and with unfailingly good tone. In the two Ysaÿe pieces he really lets go. The great Belgian fiddler's works for unaccompanied violin are in a late-romantic vein, discursive and emotional, and their musical content is not robust; but they are brilliantly written for the instrument and exploit its capacities in passages of hair-raising difficulty. Rabin tears into them with considerable dash and seems not to be intimidated by the most complex passages. Recording is first-class. N. B.

BARBER

Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, Op. 14

Louis Kaufman, violin; Musical Masterpiece Symphony Orchestra, Walter Goehr, cond.

Copland: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra

Leo Smit, piano; Radio Rome Symphony Orchestra, Aaron Copland, cond. MUSICAL MASTERPIECE SOCIETY 105, 10-in. \$1.80

Barber's Violin Concerto consists of a wonderful lyric slow movement surrounded by a salonlike first movement and a fairly trivial finale. Kaufman's superb playing is well recorded, but the orchestra is pushed uncomfortably far into the background. The Copland Piano Concerto is a shockingly weak affair in jazz style written thirty years ago. It has some documentary interest, however. as recorded here with the composer conducting. A. F.

BEETHOVEN

Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 3, in C minor, Op. 37

Ventsislav Yankoff, piano; NWDR Symphony Orchestra, Hans Schmidt-Isserstedt, cond.

CAPITOL P 18002. 12-in. \$3.98.

Pre-eminent in devoted leadership, imposing in orchestral quality, and sonically excellent in orchestral perspective and detail, this disk would sing its way unopposed to the top of the list of Third Concertos were the pianist not stiff in his inaugural measures and his instrument not bothered a very little by some artificiality of tone at a few passages in the upper octaves. The bass of the piano is firmly alive and real; and like its master after a too certain start, the keyboard is in delicate adjustment to the deep sensibilities of the orchestra. The rondo is almost new in a new delicacy of continuous mutation, and as a whole no other edition deserves C. G. B. higher rank than this one.

BEETHOVEN

Symphony No. 6, in F ("Pastoral"), Op. 68

New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra, George Szell, cond.

COLUMBIA ML 5057. 12-in. \$3.98.

The three movements — Scherzo, Storm, and Thanksgiving — played without interruption to emphasize the awesome volatility of man's and nature's moods, are in this version at the zenith of their phonographic realization. Considered as a single flow, that is: the Kleiber Storm (London LL 916) outdoes any other. The humble devotion of the shepherds' thanksgiving has a sweet and natural utterance here, a fluent charm of happy solemnity, hard to imagine in more convincing presentation; and the scherzo is for the first time on records given out with the gusty horns unthrottled. (Regardless of the edition already owned, if one hears this one will have appetite for a second edition.) The first two movements, in very accomplished orchestral playing, are resolutely just a bit too swift to exude that sense of wonder at corporeal contentment and spiritual comfort that the music in more leisurely tempo so mellowly does exude. The New York Philharmonic has seldom sounded so well on records, distinction present in all choirs, the suavity of the strings especially to be remarked. It must be pointed out, however, that the full sonic splendor of the disk is revealed only at a high C. G. B. volume of reproduction.

BERLIOZ

Symphonie fantastique, Op. 14

Paris Conservatory Orchestra, Bruno Walter, cond.

RCA CAMDEN CAL 281. 12-in. \$1.98.

Although there are already plenty of recordings of the *Fantastic Sympbony*, there is still room for this reissue of Bruno Walter's beautifully proportioned reading. The reproduction, to be sure, is not up to presentday standards (it dates from 1938), hut it is more than adequate. Those who want more brilliant sound will find that the preferable versions are those by Ormandy (Columbia) and Munch (RCA Victor). P. A.

BORODIN

Prince Igor: Poloutsian Dances †Ippolitov-Ivanov: Caucasian Sketches

Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra of London, Artur Rodzinski, cond. WESTMINSTER W-LAB 7039. 12-in. \$7.50.

The Borodin dances are presented in the concert version the composer assembled with the aid of Rimsky-Korsakov and Liadov, in which the choral sections are assigned to the orchestra. Rodzinski offers them in an effective performance but one that does not quite project all the harharic splendors of the score. The quasi-oriental musical pageantry of the Ippolitov-Ivanov work offers unlimited opportunity for rich orchestral coloration, and the conductor certainly rakes advantage of it in a brilliant and luxurious-sounding performance. However, the omission of the third section of the Sketches ("In the Mosque") is quite unaccountable. J. F. I.

BRAHMS

Trio for Piano, Violin. and Horn, in E-flat, Op. 40

Gregory Tucker. piano; Arthur Grumiaux, violin; James Stagliano, horn.

+Stich: Quartet for Horn and Strings. in F

James Stagliano, horn; Ruth Posselt, violin; Joseph de Pasquale, viola; Samuel Mayes, cello.

BOSTON B 209. 12-in. \$4.98.

Two widely varying works, both featuring

the French horn, are played here with artistry and virtuosity by the Boston Symphony's first hornist, James Stagliano. The well-known Brahms Trio receives a strong, clean, sympathetic performance, one of the best in the catalogue. But the real novelty is the quarter by the eighteenthcentury Bohemian horn virtuoso, Jan Václav Stich, who later Italianized his name to Giovanni Punto. Mozart thought enough of him to write his Sinfonia concertante for winds especially for him, and Beethoven did likewise with his Horn Sonata, Op. 17. To judge from the present work, Stich was not only a gifted performer but a skilled composer as well. The four instruments are admirably integrated, both in the music and in the recorded performance.

In each of the works on this record there is sound that gives the illusion that the music is being played in a spacious living room without carpets or drapes. P. A.

CHOPIN Piano Miscellany

Scherzo in B-flat minor, Op. 31; Preludes: in D-flat, Op. 28, No. 1; in E minor, Op. 28, No. 4. Polonaises: in A-flat, Op. 53; in A, Op. 40, No. 1; Bereense: Nocurne in F-sharp, Op. 15, No. 2; Etudes: in E, Op. 10, No. 3; in G-flat, Op. 10, No. 5; in C minor, Op. 10, No. 12; in G-flat, Op. 25, No. 9; Fautaiste Impromptu: Mazurkas: in A minor, Op. 17, No. 4; in G minor, Op. 24, No. 1; Waltz in D-flat, Op. 64. No. 1.

lstván Nádas, piano.

PERIOD SPI. 722. 12-in. \$4.98.

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These are first-rate performances of thricefamiliar items by a young Hungarian pianist. They are notable for a kind of purity of style that is most refreshing. Articulation of each note (even the few wrong ones), exact halances, and unforced tempos contribute to this impression. The playing could stand more propulsive thythms; they are by no means flaccid, but the rocking bass figure of the *Bercense*, for example, is not steady enough and the polonaises begin much too tamely. Fine piano tone, reproduced with almost too much brilliance. R. E.

COPLAND '

Concerto for Piano and Orchestra — See Barber: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra.

COUPERIN

Vocal Music

Motet de Sainte-Suzanne; Quatre versets d'un motet composé de l'ordre du roy (1703); Verset du motet de l'année dernière: 15e verset des Sept Versets du motet composé de l'ordre du roy (1705); Dialogus inter Deum et Hominem.

Jennifer Vyvyan, Elsie Morison, sopranos; William Herbert, tenor; George James, bass; ensemble, Anthony Lewis, cond. OISEAU-LYRE OL 50079. 12-in. \$4.98.

The Motet of St. Suzanne is a kind of cantata for three solo voices (soprano, tenor, bass) and a small instrumental ensemble. One of the movements, which is twice repeated, is for chorus. Similarly, the Dialogue Between God and Man is a "motet" or cantata for tenor and bass with continuo. All of these works were written when Couperin was in his thirties. While they do not have the poignant intensity of the later Leçons de Ténèbres, they are impressive for their simplicity and sincerity, their flowing and graceful melody, and their clear construction. The Four Verses of 1703, for two sopranos, have a particularly ethereal effect: the first is sung without accompaniment, and in two of the others the singers are accompanied only by flutes and violins, or violins alone. Performances and recording are satisfactory. The excellent notes, by Marc Pincherle, would have been even more useful if the texts had been included. N. B.

DURANTE

Concertos for Strings: No. 1, in F minor; No. 5, in A

Salieti: Axur, Re d'Ormus: Overture
tVivaldi: Sinfonia in B minor ("Al Santo Sepolcro"); Concerto for Orchestra, in C, P. 16

Scarlatti Orchestra, Thomas Schippers, cond.

ANGEL 35335. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.48).

Francesco Durante, a Neapolitan contemporary of Bach, was famous in his time for his sacred vocal compositions, hut the two concertos offered here show that he is by no means to be ignored in the secular instrumental field. I was particularly struck by the wit of the finale of No. 5, which made me think of Haydn, and by the expressive fugue of No. 1. The Salieri overture is a brief, competent, late-eight-eenth-century piece. With the Vivaldi sinfonia we encounter a master again. This short work, with its poignant dis

Continued on page 56



3

Victor's Stitch In Time Saves Nine



A BOUT forty months ago RCA Victor issued an album (LM 6900) of seven disks filled with the nine symphonies of Beethoven in performances by Arturo Toscanini and the NBC Orchestra. That was a limited edition which did not remain available for long, in spite of a steep price. However, the various symphonies in these performances were put before the public in isolated disks soon after the appearance of the limited edition, separate disks of the First, Third, and Ninth Symphonies having in fact been issued before the complete collection. Victor now offers a new edition of the nine works, seven disks in a cardboard box with notes and illustrations, available as a unit at the "standard" Victor price of the moment, about half the price of the original limited edition.

Thus these celebrated interpretations exist in at least three editions, and some --perhaps all --- exist in more than three. which are not sonically identical. At each refabrication, the Victor technicians tried to improve the quality of the sound obtained in transfer from the original tapes to the master disks. The first edition of the Eroica, for instance, was a transcription untampered with except for some reduction of dynamic extremes. The second, which was that included in the limited edition. was given wider latitude in volume range (ways had been found in the interval to vary groove-spacing), and its sound has been "enhanced" by artificial reverberation. Critics, apparently including Arturo Tos-canini, found the "enhancement" distasteful. In the third and latest Eroica, the attificial reverberation is missing, which clarifies the string tone, but the dynamic range is considerably greater than that heard in the initial version. This pattern of development applies also to the First and Ninth Symphonies. All the others exist in two versions each, the pressings in the 1954 limited edition being identical with those issued subsequently as single disks. The degree of "enhancement" in these has varied from symphony to symphony, according to the need as felt by Victor's engineers. In their newest embodiment there is evident no electronic trickery.

The results estimated here below were obtained from comparisons with disks individually issued, which is to say, the original First, Third, and Ninth, and the "enhanced" Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth.

Symphony No. 1. There is a strong feeling for the externals of classicism in this performance which nowhere bends, but its disciplined light is not sunlight, and it gives an impression of strain. The technicians have been skillful here, taking stridency from the violins, giving voice to the horns, and reducing low-frequency noise. The strings are generally glossier, and the lower middle frequencies juicier, than in the old edition. in which the First and Ninth Symphonies alone occupied an album. Symphony No. 2. The three fast movements are splendid in regimented boisterousness, effecting an exultant affirmation of the delights of life, but the larghetto is rushed against its lovely musing inclination. This transfer has tempered the violins and made firmer the bass, giving some impression of cyclic holes being filled and cyclic salients being smoothed down; but a good deal of low-frequency noise remains, *pianos* are not clear, and they are not very *piano*.

Symphony No. 3. The scrawny sound of the original edition has been very considerably rectified into a pretty good and in places excellent semblance of the NBC Orchestra. The vital and noble performance, at last able to show its flame and force without constriction, may now take its place as the Eroica by which all other versions must be measured. The irresistible manly force of the first movement is in no degree vitiated by a pace somewhat faster than customary, because the great themes, not slighted in shape or significance, are driven without hesitation or detour to affect a determinative drama in which imperative conviction compels a transmission of urgency. The other movements are in keeping with this directness, whose nobility is further clarified by the extraordinary unity of the orchestral playing, a feature commonplace in Toscanini records (although not necessarily everywhere desirable) but not in the Eroica. In the new disk we can note an improvement of all timbres and a riper, deeper utterance, with a fuller bass, much more expressive horns, and drums with greater resonance. A poorish recording has become a satisfactory if not a first-rate one.

Symphony No. 4. A dazzling finale eases the strain imposed by the taut organization and rapid pace of the greater part of the two central movements. The reproduction is now pretty fair and as a whole is better than that of the earlier pressing. Substance has been strengthened by a cyclic readjustment which allocates more prominence to the bass in subduing the shrillness of the violins. This involves a loss of brightness, but that loss is the lesser fault. The tape is from a broadcast.

Symphony No. 5. Also entaped from a broadcast, the Fifth sounded dry and unsubstantial, and opaque in timbres, in its earlier pressing — and still does here.

Symphony No. 6. This is excellent in the two manifestations brought together for comparison. Sonic alterations are not importantly apparent. Timbres are fairly distinct and true but not equally for all instruments. Articulation of the bass strings is notably good, especially on the second side where the sound as a whole is more alive—not as a result of the instruments added for the last two movements.

Symphony No. 7. No one takes exception to the glorious playing of this transfiguration of rhythm except in the trio hustled along as no one else has ever driven it. Unfortunately, the sound of neither pressing is spacious, and in both the violins are acerb amidst an orchestral emanation in which the choirs never seem to coalesce. In general the reproduction may fairly be called rather uncomfortable.

Symphony No. 8. The preceding pressing was remarkable in its excellent orchestral balance and striking articulation of the strings. It was not a juicy sound, but it was very honorable in balance and clear in timbre. Evidently the technicians had not been impelled to add echo or resonance. The present version does not reveal any drastic alteration.

Symphony No. 9. The older version, sonically impressive and the best of all editions in its manifestation of orchestral detail, is in no way surpassed by the latest pressing. There seem to be some readjustments of dynamics in the chorale, some advantageous and others not. Thus the prominence of the women's voices - invariably overpronounced in recordings of this music - is occasionally more evident now than it was. The performance, to those who can absorb the initial shock of the swift declaration of the first movement, is in this opinion a revelation of the formal and emotional aspects of this stupendous homily, more fully realized than hy any other conductor. It is worth a long description, which has already been given in this magazine, for which space is not available now. Even those repelled by the curt challenge of the opening ought to hear it through in justice to the conscientious impetuosity of the rest and the all.

A few words ought to be added in praise of the orchestral quality revealed in these recordings. The homogeneity of stroke is the virtue most apparent. but the even lines, the exactitude of intervals, the unparalleled smoothness of the vertical structure — all maintained even during spans of unprecedented speed — are in the degree shown here perquisites only of this orchestra, and ought to be considered not as a matter of course, but as a matter for marvel.

The symphonies in the new complete edition have been distributed over the fourteen sides in a sequence designed for record-changers. The advantages and inconveniences of this are familiar to everyone. In the present case only Symphony No. 6 occupies both sides of a disk and requires the labor of turning by hand.

An accompanying booklet contains notes by the late Lawrence Gilman and a short essay, "Beethoven and Toscanini," by Samuel Chotzinoff. C. G. BURKE

BEETHOVEN: Symphonies: Nos. 1-9

NBC Symphony Orchestra, with Eileen Farrell (s), Nan Merriman (c), Jan Peerce (t), Norman Scott (bs), and RCA Victor Chorale (in No. 9); Arturo Toscanini, cond.

RCA VICTOR I.M 6901. Seven 12-in, \$27.98.

sonances, is deeply moving. The Vivaldi Concerto in C was originally written for a curious combination of instruments, including two mandolins, two theorbos, and two shawms. It is presented here in an edition by Alfredo Casella, who adds trumpets and substitutes harps for the theorbos and a Heckelphone for the shawms. Pincherle mentions only one movement but Casella has three, and the notes do not tell us where the other two came from. All of these works are nicely played by the Scarlatti Orchestra of Naples under the direction of the gifted young American conductor. N.B

DVORAK

Slavonic Dances, Opp. 46 and 72

Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra of London, Artur Rodzinski, cond. WESTMINSTER WN 2204. Two 12-in. \$9.96.

It is surprising how well the Slavonic Dances hold up on repeated hearings. The

release last month of Kubelik's version (London) necessitated listening to that and comparing it with Talich's (Urania). Now along comes Rodzinski, and all three sets had to be heard. Yet even my jaded ears continued to be thrilled by this infectious music. Rodzinski is inclined to be a triffe reserved and slow-paced in spots, but he often makes up for it wirh greater refinement of phrasing. The engineering in the Westminster set is every bit the equal of its two competitors. You can't go wrong with any of them, but for me Talich still comes closest to the mark.

FRANCK

Variations symphoniques

*Rimsky-Korsakov: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra. in C-sharp minor, Op. 30

Paul Badura-Skoda, piano; Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra of London, Artur Rodzinski, cond.

WESTMINSTER W-LAB 7030. 12-in. \$7.50.

Variations symphoniques

+Rachmaninoff: Rhapsody on a Theme of Paganini

Monique de la Bruchollerie, piano; Orchestre des Concerts Colonne, Jonel Perlea, cond.

VOX PL 9750. 12-in. \$4.98.

All four of the performances on these two disks might be described as analyrical in style. Clarity seems to be the chief goal of both soloists and conductors, and this they certainly achieve, as do the recording engineers. Whether clarity alone is sufficient for this essentially romantic music is another question. In any case the interpretation by Badura-Skoda and Rodzinski of the Franck Variations symphoniques is to be preferred to that by De la Bruchollerie and Perlea, which is marked by too much use of staccato. The latter's dissection, in a stately fashion, of the Rach-maninoff *Rhapsody* does, however, offer the work in an interestingly different light. P. A.

Continued on page 58

No Little Night-Music from Chopin and Friends

AN UNUSUAL spate of recorded Nocturnes (including Nadia Reisenberg's recent disk tor Westminster) provides an absorbing display of four different but equally valid approaches to these particular Chopin works. In the playing of Peter Katin, Eugene Istomin, Guiomar Novaes, and Miss Reisenberg there will be something for just about every taste and nothing to which violent exception can be taken.

As previously noted, Miss Reisenberg's performances of six nocturnes (Westminster W-LAB 7029) are well-nigh pertect; she provides everything expected of her. whether it is technical exactitude, lovely tone, a judicious amount of rubato, or the right juxtaposition of poetry, brilliance, strength, *élan*. And the recording of the piano tone is almost incredibly natural.

Mr. Katin offers consistently nocturnal readings. An atmosphere of twilit melancholy hovers over many of them and is never completely absent even in the more vigorous passages. There is no harshness; *sforzandos* are muted; the piano tone is quietly mellow; the melodies sing gently: the embellishments are exquisitely delicate. Yet the performances are not effeminate, nor even wholly feminine; and most certainly they do not cloy.

Mr. Istomin, on the other hand, plays with outspoken passion and the same clear-eyed view of the music that he might bring ro any other work. He is perfectly capable of a deftly turned slow phrase and a contemplative mood; but given the chance, he unleashes his feelings in lively, even stormy, fashion. He is happiest in the large-format nocturnes, and here many listeners will find his interpretations the best of the lot.

Which leaves the set by the incomparable Novaes. The Brazilian pianist's mesmerizing art is eloquently at work here, though it may not seem so on initial hearing. Some of her readings appear curiously literal the first time round. But repeated playings reveal countless subtleties. After listening to the other recordings, one invariably comes back to hers; as accomplished as Miss Reisenberg, Mr. Katin, and Mr. Istomin are, their playing never surprises. Miss Novaes' does, and yet what she has done that surprises comes to seem inevitably right on closer inspection.

The sense of literalness first encountered in her playing results, I believe, because she conceives the music more in terms of color than in shifts in rhythm, although these are present too. Also, once she has begun to play, she leads the listener on, almost hypnotically, from note to note: with her remarkable legato the almost overripe tones melt into one anothet magically. Her coloristic abilities enable her to orchestrate the music, as it were, on the piano — vertically as well as horizontally, so that even the tones of one chord differ in quality if she wants them to.

Passage after passage that make her readings so fascinating can be cited: in No. 1, the way the first theme steals back in, at the end, without the customary



Guiomar Novaes

slowing down in the accompanying figure: in No. 4, the three qualities of tone kept going in the opening page, and the way the con fuoco section is subdued in order to relate it to the quieter section; in No. 6, the breaking up further of the highly irregular rhythms of the opening; in No. 8, the entirely different color given a phrase in octaves by emphasizing the lower notes; in No. 10, the unbroken arch of sound maintained from first note to last; in No. 17, the trills that move from note to note (but at what point the notes change is almost impossible to tell).

So far as concerns comparison of this superb Novaes set with that by Artur Rubinstein, which RCA Victor issued last year (LM 6005; two 12-in.), my decision is that I would not be without either. Mr. Rubinstein is at his best in the Nocrurnes, which is saying a great deal. He makes the music sound, as it were, uninterpreted, just surpassingly well set forth. By contrast Miss Novaes' conception of it seems highly subjective. The Rubinstein album costs two dollars less, and its sound is nearly as good.

The engineering for Mr. Katin, Mr. Istomin, and Miss Novaes is variable from nocturne to nocturne; in general, the sound in them all is excellent and never less than acceptable. It seems a pity that Mr. Istomin's excellent set omits the brief, posthumous, but by no means negligible Nocturne No. 20.

RAY ERICSON

CHOPIN: Nocturnes, Nos. 1-20

Guiomar Novaes, piano.

VOX PL 9632. Two 12-in. \$9.96.

Nocturnes, Nos. 1-19

Eugene Istomin, piano. COLUMBIA SL 226. Two 12-in. \$7.96.

Nocturnes, Nos. 1-10 Peter Katin, piano.

LONDON LL 1281. 12-in. \$3.98.



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AND NOW FOR THE WHISPER ...

By John M. Conly in April The Atlantic

"Corelli: Concerti Grossi, Op. 6, No. 8, "Christmas," and No. 11 (Argeo Quadri conducting the English Baroque Orchestra: Westminster W-LAB 7015: 12"). Most of Westminster's laboratory-standard super-fi series has been devoted to loud music: It is a real joy to hear a chamber orchestra get the same treatment, and the illusion of actual presence is quite startling, Corelli's two lovely concertos are played with fitting charm."

NOTE: All 12 of the concetti-grossi (Gorelli's Op. 6) also available in WN 3401 (3 records) or on singles SWN 18038, 18039, 18040.

JUNE 1956

GRIEG

In Autumn, Op. 11; Romance with Variations, Op. 51 — See Schubert: Symphony, No. 6 in C.

HAYDN

Symphonies: No. 88, in G; No. 104, in D ("London")

Cleveland Orchestta, Geotge Szell, cond. EPIC I.C 3196. 12-in. \$3.98.

Both are decisive, strong, highly organized Haydn in these performances by an orchestra paramount in trim discipline. The unity of the string playing and the graciousness of the string sound command admiration from the beginning, and no fault will be found with Mr. Szell's quick positivism until the andante of the London Symphony, which is taken very fast for its tender comfort to be established as relief in the midst of an entire symphony hard-driven. The impression made is hurtful, particularly since we can feel the calculation behind the rush. Still, seven good movements among eight is a noble percentage; and the confiding, breezy effervescence of No. 88, half court and half courtyard, is granted here a realization not inferior to the best on records once one becomes accustomed to a dryness of acoustical surroundings acting on sonics otherwise distinguished by boldness and C. G. B. clarity.

HAYDN

Symphonies: No. 101, in D ("Clock"); No. 102, in B-flat

Orchestre National de la Radiodiffusion Française, Igor Markevitch, cond. ANGEL 35312. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.48).

Inexperienced in recording Haydn, Angel has made a pairing of adjacent symphonies, an offense to phonographic tradition. Only seven times before have LP entrepreneurs blundered into a similar logic. The conductor is a talented speedster who favors a taut orchestral organization in the Toscanini fashion and who enlivens most of his work by a pronounced metrical snap where it is appropriate. The hot pace in rhis opinion batters the charm from the serenely ticking andante of the Cluck but is not elsewhere detrimental to the frame or substance of the lusty pair. In fact, No. 101 is worth comparing with the Münchinger version for London or the Scherchen for Westminster, and No. 102 need bow only to the Columbia disk of Bruno Walter. Clear, strong, contemporary sound illumines orchestral playing of salient adeptness, C. G. B.

IPPOLITOV-IVANOV

Cancasian Sketches - See Borodin: Prince Igor: Polovtsian Dances.

IVES

Sonatas for Violin and Piano, Nos. 1-4 †Porter: Sonata for Violin and Piano, No. 2

Rafael Druian, violin; John Simms, piano. MERCURY MG 50096/97. Two 12-in. \$7.96.

One of the major pleasures of music is to follow the development of a composer's mind through a cycle of works which maintain a given premise of form and/or instrumentation; and that pleasure is much enhanced when the interpretative style re-

mains constant. The four sonatas by Ives show his absorption with old hymn tunes, and all express his delight in the violin as a flowing, singing instrument. The First Sonata is slightly Brahmsian, down to and including its innovations in the handling of sonata form. The Second brings in the iconoclastic Ivesian barn dance, set clangorously between the magnificent sonorities of a first movement called "Autumn" and a finale entitled "The Revival." The Third Sonata is as sweet as Ives ever gets; according to the Cowells' biography, the composer said this work was "a weak sisrer, an attempt to please the soft-ears and 'be



Ives loved the flowing, singing violin.

good." As such, it is an even more interesting document than the uncompromisingly lvesian lves we commonly hear, although its ragtime scherzo is in his great tradition. The Fourth Sonata bears a general title, *Children's Day at the Camp Aleeting*, and in it the revival hymn plays an especially significant and poignant role.

The clarity of texture in Porter's Second Sonata points out, by contrast, a virtue which lves often lacks. The work is intensely lyrical, and while it employs no impressionistic devices, it moves one as Debussy's quartet did at the magic moment when, through repetition, it had begun to sound familiar but had not yet lost its strangeness.

The playing of Druian and Simms in all five sonatas is absolutely superb, and so is Mercury's recording. Lou Harrison, one of the foremost students of Ives, provides extremely informative jacket notes, bur I wish he had included the full text of the fabulous "program" for *Cbildren's Day at the Camp Meeting*, which can be found in the score and to which buyers of these disks (there should be many) are urgently referred. A. F.

LECLAIR

Sonatas (6) for Violin and Continuo

Georges Alès, violin; Isabelle Nef, harp-

sichord. OISEAU-LYRE OL 50087/88. Two 12-in. 59.96.

These sonatas were selected by Marc Pincherle from among the forty-eight that Leclair published at various times between 1723 and 1738. They are fine examples of an art in transition, blending Italian melody, simple and direct in its appeal, with French elegance. The slow movements spin out noble song; in the Adagio of the third sonata there are turns of phrase that make one think of Gluck. The fast sections are gay and often dancelike. Perhaps the most interesting of the group is the fifth sonata. This was a lovely Sarabande and a remarkable Chaconne, in which an imposing and astonishingly varied structure is built upon the repetitions of a descending four-note figure. In this Chaconne as well as in the Musette of the first sonata a cello, unmentioned on the cover of in the notes, is added to the ensemble in accordance with Leclair's score.

Alès plays expressively and, except for one or two rough attacks, neatly; the double stops are clean and in tune. The sound is less than ideal. To achieve anything like realism the highs have to be turned down considerably, and no manipulation of the controls could clarify the constant reverberation of the harpsichord. N. B.

MACKERRAS

The Lady and the Fool, Suite

New Symphony Orchestra of London, Robert Irving, cond.

LONDON LD 9218. 10-in. \$2.98.

Charles Mackerras' score for the ballet The Lady and the Fool is an arrangement of tunes from the pages of Verdi operas, and the new London recording is of a six-number suite drawn from the full score, with various tucks and trimmings to keep it to "a practical length." The borrowed materials are of two varieties: those originally composed as ballet music to satisfy the dance-loving, or at least dance-expecting, audiences for the Paris Opéra productions of such works as Don Carlo, Les Vépres Siciliennes, and Jérusalem and for briefer choreographic interludes in such works as Ernani; and those originally conceived vocally, such as the broad, poignant melody from Aroldo that serves for a romantic pas de deux. Though it is quite possible to carp at what seems like some gratuitous rescoring, and also at some of the tempos, there is much that is very pleasant about The Ludy and the Fool. Perhaps the pleasantest is the graceful, delicate divertissement lifted from the ballet in Les Vepres Siciliennes; and where else on records can all-out Verdians hear even a few bars of Alzira of I Masnadieri of Gioranna d' Arco? Sound and performance are both good.

J. H., Jr.

MAHLER

Des Knahen Wunderborn

Lorna Sydney, mezzo-soprano; Altred Poell, barirone; Vienna Staatsoper Orchestra, Felix Prohaska, cond.

VANGUARD VRS 478. 12-in. \$4.98.

This is a reissue on a single record equalized to R1AA standards, and incorporating other latter-day improvements of music originally released several years ago on VRS \pm 12 and \pm 13. Thirteen of the fourteen songs that Mahler set are included on this disk. *Des Knaben Wunderborn* shows the composer at his very best, and the interpretation is sympathetic and sensitive. Reproduction conforms to present-day standards. P. A.

MENDELSSOHN

Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in E minor, Op. 64. — See Mozart: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, No. 4, in D.

Continued on page 60

New Records from LONDON ffrr

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Wind soloists of L'Orchestre de la Suisse Romande. LL.1374

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Wilhelm Backhaus Plays Mozart

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Friedrich Gulda

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Karl Munchinger

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Symphony No. 40 in G Minor, K. 550 Symphony No. 33 in B Flat Major, K. 319 (Mozart)

With the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra. LL.1285

Jean Martinon

Le Beau Danube (Strauss-arr. Desormier) William Tell: Ballet Music (Rossini) With the London Philharmonic Orchestra. LL.1383

Sir Adrian Boult

3 Bavarian Dances; Chanson de Matin; Chanson de Nuit (Elgar) English Dances (Malcolm Arnold) With the London Philharmonic Orchestra. LL.1335

Irma Kolassi

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With the London Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Louis de Froment. LL.1386

Peter Katin

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MOZART

Concertos for Horn and Orchestra: No. 1, in D, K. 412; No. 2, in E-flat, K. 417; No. 3, in E-flat, K. 447; No. 4. in E-flat, K. 493

James Stagliano, horn; Zimbler Sinfonietta. BOSTON B-401. 12-in. \$4.98.

In competition with this edition of all the horn concertos of Mozart the excellent Angel version is decidedly not discredited, and no dogmatism of choice between the two is permissible in true fairness. The Angel soloist, Dennis Brain, contributes fatter tone and deeper romanticism - not a requisite in this music - than Mr. Stagliano, whose remarkable surety, flexibility, and brilliance are projected with some of the linearity of a stringed instrument. His is the more striking performance although it may be no better. The Boston record has a brighter sound and betrer orchestral definition. Both orchestras are deft, and where finesse does not count may be considered equally satisfactory. But the Karaian wand weaves little niceties of tempo and dynamics that the wandless Zimblers do not try. In the entrancing child's play (not for the horn) of the horn concertos this is not important but is an attraction. Balanced against the more luminous Boston sound it makes for stalemate C G B

MOZART

- Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, No. 4, in D. K. 218
- *Mendelssohn: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in E minor, Op. 64

David Oistrakh, violin; Philadelphia Or chestra, Eugene Ormandy, cond. COLUMBIA ML 5085. 12-in. \$3.98.

The alliance of performers does not seem stylistically ideal for Mozart, before or after hearing. Nevertheless, the Philadelphia glow, a little distant, is benign and not heated, and the relaxed romanticism of the great violinist à la mode offers nothing to offend propriety and much to charm the senses. Very few records can display fiddling smooth and infinitely varied in voice like Oistrakh's in the Mozart andante, recorded here without fault; and if the enclosing movements have not the worldly poise of the Grumiaux-Paumgartner record (Epic 3060). they have a sheer physical appeal of tonal fulfillment possessed by no rival.

It is in the Mendelssohn, curiously, where a jollity of self-expression is always to be expected, that one finds overripeness of phrase and in the andante an inflation of its simple tenderness. Still this is not arrant, and the compensations of surety of intonation and versatility of tone are considerable. Sonically excellent for the solo, as good an Oistrakh as any and tar better than most, but a degree ungenerous for the orchestra acting as second fiddle. C. G. B.

MOZART

Concertos for Violin and Orchestra: No. 4, in D, K. 218: No. 5, in A ("Turkish"), K. 219

Yehudi Menuhin, violin; Philharmonia Orchestra, John Pritchard, cond. RCA VICTOR LM 1961. 12-in. \$3.98.

A promising union here produces a disk of mixed values. There is more salt in the solo violin than the player put there, and

this must be diluted via the control unit. The orchestra, larger than usual for these works, sounds distant at low volume; and when the volume is high sounds very imposing for its instrumentation of oboes, horns, and strings - particularly in Concerto No. 5, and most particularly in the "Turkish" incident inflaming the minuet of that concerto. In loud reproduction the bass strings and horns make their vital substance strongly expressive. Unluckily loudness brings the solo too far forward, and there is nothing to correct that. In this concerto, to an extent more damaging than in No. 4, the customary long-drawn lyricism of the violinist seems to have been affected by the customary decision and vigor of the conductor, depriving the songlike adagio of its continuity of flow. The minuet is curious and interesting and almost surely wrong in a timing and phrasing turned to wistfulness.

No. 4 poses few problems in the virile and candid delivery of both soloist and orchestra. One senses an incomplete apprehension of the emotional paucity of this beautiful music on the part of the violinist. always on the point of bowing some "significance" into it, but the conductor's hearty hand always saves us from seriousness, just in time. Excellent as a whole, with volume up and treble down hard; but it must be added that both concertos are afflicted with unusually extrinsic and repellent cadenzas. C. G. B.

MOZART

Sonatas for Piano and Violin: No. 23, in D. K. 306; No. 34, in A, K. 526

Maurcen Jones, piano; Brenton Langbein, violin.

LONDON 1.L 1173. 12-in. \$3.98.

These on the label are Nos. 23 and 3.4. part of a system of numeration intelligently devised and possibly correct. Playing and



Malinin: the Pictures bang together.

recording are excellent, too good to incite exclamations. London's recipe is urged on other companies eager to distinguish themselves in the production of classical sonatas on records: take a pair of intelligent human beings with sentient ears and adjust them to each other after they have learned the physical technique of play. Sun them in Beethoven and Mozart and expose them to Liszt for contrast. Remove any deviation towards virtuosity. Sprinkle with the essential oil of a fundamental injunction, "not your flavor, but Mozart's." Do not smear with goo. Serve at once, before the supervisors have time to lament the lack of sugar or hogwash or chromium. — This is a composer's record. C. G. B.

MOZART

Symphonies: No. 33, in B-flat, K. 319: No. 40, in G minor, K. 550

Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, Karl Münchinger, cond.

LONDON LL 1285. 12-in. \$3.98.

No. 33 enjoys reproduction of exceptional appeal, probably not surpassed in velvet hy any recording of the reduced orchestras affected for Mozart. In place of the grinding strings we have learned to dread in these "authentic" ensembles, we are treated to a refreshing balm without damage to unity and decision in a positive and graceful performance. This is easily the best recording.

The sternest of Mozart's symphonics. No. 40, which keeps its tenseness in tast or slow petformance, is delivered here with a strong and steady pulse in moderate time. An unusual degree of smoothness and vertical euphony has been cajoled or commanded for this music and fits it surprisingly well until the finale, whose tebrile energy would tolerate well a sharper bite. There is nothing discreditable in euphony, and to those for whom passion is less valid the present version ought to be first in preference among twenty-odd LPs. C. G. B.

MUSSORGSKY

Pictures at an Exhibition

Eugene Malinin, piano.

ANGEL 35317. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.18).

A performance of Pictures at an Exhibition tells only so much about the performer; what this debut recording tells about young Eugene Malinin is all good. The twenty-sixyear-old, Moscow-born pianist reveals the same virtues in his piano playing as does his older compatriot Emil Gilels - a big, healthy extroverted technique; a round, singing tone; a feeling for continuity and pacing combined with a straightforward reading of the music that makes the sectionalized Pictures hang together. The score hrings out a genuine flair for color and dynamic contrasts, which are not exaggerated. Good sound, on the mellow side. In all, a recording to rank with the best, barring Horowitz's very special R. E. version.

PORTER

Sonata for Violin and Piano, No. 2 — See Ives: Sonatas for Violin and Piano.

PROKOFIEV

The Love for Three Oranges: Orchestral Suite, Op. 33a

Lieutenant Kije: Orchestral Suite, Op. 60

London Philharmonic Orchestra (*Oranges*) and Orchestre de la Société des Concerts du Conservatoire de Paris (*Kije*), Sir Adrian Boult, cond.

LONDON LL 1294. 12-in. \$3.98.

These interpretations are among the wittiest, most pointed, and most elegantly recorded in the entire Prokofiev discography.

Continued on page 62

For the astute collector... a list of

HI-FI LANDMARKS!

on Columbia Records

DIMITRI MITROPOULOS AND THE PHILIARMONIC-SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF NEW YORK

SHOSTAKOVITCH

Symphony No. 10 in E Minor

Noted for the "cleanest low end" on records! Spectacular definition of tympani and double basses. ML 4959

SHOSTAKOVITCH

Violin Concerto (David Oistrakh, violin)

Splendid reproduction of the solo violin. *High Fidelity's* reviewer wrote, "the sound of the instruments seems to leap into your living room." ML 5077

EUGENE ORMANDY AND THE PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA

TCHAIKOVSKY

Symphony No. 6 in B Minor ("Pathetique") Certainly the mightiest version of this mighty work. Removal of the shell on the Academy of Music stage (used to project sound into the hall) adds a new dimension of sound to this Philadelphia recording! ML 45-14

MOUSSORGSKY-RAVEL

Pictures at an Exhibition

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Two hi-fi display pieces back to back for the first time. Both scores employ a tremendous range of orchestral color. ML 4700

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WAGNER PROGRAM

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SIR THOMAS BEECHAM, BART. AND THE ROYAL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

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Enigma Variations, Serenade in E Minor and Cockaigne Overture

Sensational balance between the choirs of the orchestra and, among other things, a tympani creasendo that lifts you right out of your chair. ML 5031

BERLIOZ OVERTURES

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POULENC

Concerto in G Minor for Organ, Strings and Tympani

Long a hi-fi demonstration favorite in that it contains the lowest organ note ever recorded. It has rattled many a speaker! ML 4329

BRUNO WALTER AND THE PHILHARMONIC-SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF NEW YORK

BRUCKNER

Te Denm (Frances Yeend, Martha Lipton, David Lloyd and the Westminster Choir)

Expert miking and excellent Carnegie Hall acoustics achieve the almost impossible in recording this huge choral work. ML 4980

BRAHMS

Double Concerto in A Minor for Violin and 'Cello (Isaac Stern, Leonard Rose)

Notable for crystal clear definition between the soloists and between them and the orchestra. ML 5076

IGOR STRAVINSKY

STRAVINSKY-Pulcinella

An example where extreme clarity of recording adds immensely to the effectiveness of a marvelous interplay of instruments. ML 4830

STRAVINSKY

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TCHAIKOVSKY

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RACHMANINOFF

Symphonic Dances (Eric Leinsdorf and the Rochester Philharmonic)

This lush score—as yet "undiscovered" by record audiences—is a natural for the hi-fi treatment. Turn up the bass for marvelous effects in the "kitchen" department. ML 4621 Numerically speaking, Sir Adrian has much competition, but he has very little competition from a qualitative point of view.

QUILTER

Songs

To Julia: Seven Elizabethan Lyrics: Three Songs by Shelley: Three Songs by William Blake.

Alexander Young, tenor; Gordon Watson, piano.

WESTMINSTER 18152. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.98).

It is no easy matter to arrange a recital of Roger Quilter songs that will prove consistently interesting; and if Alexander Young has not succeeded here, the fault lies more with the composer than the singer. Quilter was a most prolific composer of songs that are skillfully contrived, small in form, and possessed of a wellbred Edwardian air, but almost all are in the same style — and too often they are quite dull. Alexander Young's pleasant tenor voice, which seemed to me so perfect in the Warlock songs, tends to heighten the monotony of these numbers by its lack of musical color, though he is perfectly capable of managing the vocal line. The balance here is agreeable, but the sound is hardly the choicest that Westminster has offered recently. J. F. I.

RACHMANINOFF

Rhapsody on a Theme of Paganini — See Franck: Variations symphoniques.

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RIMSKY-KORSAKOV

Concerto for Piano and Orchestra. in C-sharp minor, Op. 30 — See Franck: Variations symphoniques.

RIMSKY-KORSAKOV

Russian Easter Overture. Op. 36 - See Tchaikovsky: Overture 1812.

ROSSINI

Overtures

Overtures to: Le Siège de Corinthe: Guillaume Tell; Tancredi: 11 Signor Bruscigno: La Cenerentola.

London Symphony Orchestra, Pierino Gamba, cond.

LONDON LL 1366. 12-in. \$3.98.

Although Rossini overtures are by no means drugs on the LP market in the same sense as, say, Scheherazade, there are enough to make the to-buy-or-not-to-buy decision on a new omnibus disk at least in some measure a matter of private arithmetic calculation. This new London issue manages to strike a very decent balance between the most- and less-familiar on records, and it surely deserves attention on its merits of performance and engineering. Still in his teens, Pierino Gamba is not ready just yet to supplant Arturo Toscanini as the master polisher of overtures by Rossini, but his readings have a great deal of headlong impulse and dash and kinesthetic energy. The final elegance may be lacking, but not the rhythmic bite, and certainly not the cumulative velocity. The London Symphony players, particularly the strings, have phrased more suavely than they do here from time to time, but these are alive, often exciting performances, and the recorded sound is crisp and clear - and loud. No one would be well advised to discard other good recordings in favor of these, but on balance of repertoire and presentation the disk is recommendable.

J. H., JR.

SALIERI

Axur, Re d'Ormus: Overture — See Durante: Concertos for Strings.

SCHUBERT

Symphony No. 6, in C +Grieg: In Autumn, Op. 11; Romance with Variations, Op. 51

Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Sir Thomas Beecham, cond.

ANGEL 35339. 12-in. \$.1.98 (or \$3.48).

A fine version of the irresistible early symphony No. 6, ailing only in the briskness of its finale, was presented by Telefunken a month ago and is now distanced. Sit Thomas Beecham proved years ago by means of Victor 78s that his talents were singularly apt for the bubbling, ingenuous refreshment of the "Little" C major Symphony, and it is a happy debut he makes for Angel in reafirming the aptitude. His finale, without labor but with grace, leaves the wisp of pathos evident amongst the miniature bravery; and in the other movements, where tempo is a factor less critical. he decorates the lively patterns with fine gradations of nuance. The woodwinds, so

prominent in this symphony, are delineated with the same delicacy the conductor brings to Mozart, and not with any sacrifice of vigor. The strings have the ripe ease of a regimentation too assured to flaunt itself. The registration is one of Angel's best, and the opinion here is that this edition will maintain leadership for years.

The early overture and the late variations by Grieg testify again to the keen nose of the conductor in scenting the truffles forgotten in buried archives, and to the never-failing care he applies to music of all sorts, even when there are no established criteria of performance. The harmonic individuality and keen instrumentation of the two scores are vividly revealed in brilliant playing and bright, broad sound rich in noble brass timbres.

In full probability no living music lovers will ever hear any of these three works played better. C. G. B.

SCHUMANN

Davidsbündler Dances, Op. 6; Etudes symphoniques, Op. 13

Rudolf Firkusny, piano

CAPITOL P 8337. 12-in. \$3.98.

These slightly problematic performances are so good most of the time that the over-all effect of vague dissatistaction is puzzling. Mr. Firkusny begins the *Ethdes* with a profound statement of the theme: the lyric variations have a shimmering loveliness, and there is admirable and delicate virtuosity, as there should be, in the other variations. However, the latter are turned out sometimes with a sleek speed that makes them seem superficial, and while the finale is brilliant it is also empty. For its deft, tasteful elegances, this interpretation may please many; I think the work would profit from more warmth and breadth.

The Davidsbundlertanze are better served by Mr. Firkusny's sensitively colored, often witty pianism: there is less often a sense of virtuosity overriding other elements. The pianist overpedals occasionally, but the sound otherwise comes through bright and clean. R. E.

SIBELIUS

Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in D minor, Op. 47

David Oistrakh, violin; Stockholm Festival Orchestra, Sixten Ehrling, cond.

Symphony No. 3, in C. Op. 52

Philharmonia Orchestra, Paul Kletzki, cond.

ANGEL 35315. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.48).

There are now an even dozen recordings of the Sibelius Violin Concerto in the LP catalogue, four or five of which have been issued during the past year. This latest one certainly belongs near the top. Oistrakh is at his best, most communicative form. His interpretation, as well as that by Ehrling, is well thought out, and the reproduction here is considerably better than that accorded him on an earlier Colosseum disk of the concerto, though even that was better than average. This newer one, then, belongs with that of Heifetz (RCA Victor) and of Stern (Columbia). Despite its age, however, the Heifetz is likely never to be superseded.

Kletzki, in the Third Symphony, seems inclined to rush the tempos, as does Collins (London). My preference is still for the performance by Ehrling on Mercury, P. A.

STAINER

The Crucifixion

John McCollum, tenor; Chester Watson, bass; Frank Scherer, organ; Oratorio Society of New Jersey, Clarence Snyder, cond. WORD & 4006. 12-in. \$4.98.

All told, this is the best recording yet of Stainer's sincerely pious, rather plain Victorian cantata. Clarence Snyder has chosen the right tempos to do justice to the work's sentiments without becoming too sententious, though the last chorus gets a shade too brisk. The choir makes solid, well-balanced sounds; Mr. McCollum is excellent in every respect; Mr. Watson exhibits a rich, round voice that gets only slightly pinched on high notes. Generally satisfactory engineering. (Side note: The tenor's phrase that often brings sacrilegious giggles from the less self-contained because sounds like "Here in a basement" is sensibly changed to "Here degraded.") R. E.

STEHMAN

Symphonie de Poche: Chant funèbre

Orchestre National de Belgique, Eduard van Remoortel, cond.

LONDON W 91082. 10-in. \$2.98.

Jacques Stehman is a young Belgian composer who here makes his debut on records. I found his *Pocket* Symphony instantly and utterly charming. It is a neoclassical piece, tuneful, flawlessly formed, and brightly orchestrated, reminding one a little of a youthful Milhaud who has yet to make a program of polytonality. The *Chant funèbre* is also extremely effective, as are the performance and recording. A. F.

STICH

Quartet for Horn and Strings. in F-See Brahms: Trio for Piano, Violin, and Horn.

STRAVINSKY

Concerto for Violin and Orchestra

Ivry Gitlis, violin; Concerts Colonne Orchestra, Harold Byrns, cond.

Duo concertant

Ivry Gitlis, violin; Charlotte Zelka, piano.

Card Game (Jen de Cartes)

Bamberg Symphony Orchestra, Heinrich Hollreiser, cond.

VOX PL 9410. 12-in. \$4.98.

Stravinsky's Violin Concerto, here presented in its first LP recording, was composed in 1031, at the height of its author's interest in baroque torms and textures. It also has more than a touch of the irony and *diablerie* which Stravinsky seems especially to associate with the violin; at all events, it is one of his most beautifully transparent, logical, exacting, and brilliant virtuoso pieces. The performance by Gitlis is excellent, but the orchestra is kept too far in the background and some of the ingenuities of the music are thereby lost. The *Duo concertant* translates the ideas of the violin concerto into terms of sonatalike teamwork; Gitlis and Zelka play it



RECORDS

By ROBERT CHARLES MARSH

Here is a book unique in the Toscanini literature — not a biography but a critical study. The author answers such questions as why Toscanini has been regarded as the most celebrated conductor of his time; why a Toscanini performance of a given work sounds unlike any other. He compares the Maestro's interpretation with the approaches of other conductors and gives a fascinating analysis of the Maestro's technique.

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with immense affection and spirit, and the recording is quite good. Hollreiser's interpretation of the effervescent, tuneful, satiric *Card Game* is highly sympathetic and beautifully worked out, though it lacks something of the tension which Stravinsky brings to it in his own recording. The sonic qualities of the Hollreiser performance are respectable but not exciting. A. F.

TCHAIKOVSKY

Overture 1812, Op. 49 †Rimsky-Korsakov: Russian Easter Overture, Op. 36

London Symphony Orchestra, Hermann Scherchen, cond. WESTMINSTER W-LAB 7043. 12-in. \$7.50.

Both performances were once available in

Westminster's 5000 series, though not then coupled. Their transfer to the more expensive series, with an accompanying enhancement of their original very fine sound, has not succeeded in making them any more attractive as performances. Scherchen is unduly willful in his efforts to overdramatize the Tchaikovsky overture, and under such treatment the music practically explodes. The performance of the Russian Easter Overture is considerably more idiomatic and forthright, though not completely free from the impress of the conductor's individuality where tempos and dynamics are concerned. There is a tremendous body of orchestral sound on this record, one of the best in the Lab Series to come my way. In fact, the concluding minutes of the 1812 offer some of the most remarkable sonics encountered in the J. F. I. past year.





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VERDI Opera Choruses

Va, pensiero, from Nabucco. Gerusalem! Gerusalem!; O Signore, dal tetto natio, from I Lombardi. Noi fratelli in tal momento, from Ernani. Noi siamo zingarelle; Di Madride noi siam mattadori, from La Traviata. Vedi! le fosche notturne spoglie; Or co' dadi, from II Trotatore. Fuoco di gioia! from Otello. Gloria all' Egito, from Aida.

Chorus and Orchestra of La Scala (Milan), Tullio Serafin, cond.

ANGEL 35265. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.48).

These choruses are so solidly and effectively constructed that they stand up quite satisfactorily out of context — as much, anyway, as do any collections of operatic overtures, intermezzos, or vocal excerpts. Whether it is the insinuating tune over a barrel-organ rhythm of the *Nabucco* chorus, the cumulative tonal structure of the *Aida* march, or the tricky, coloristic ensemble from *Otello*, Verdi's touch is sure and economical.

The choral scenes are offered intact, so that where a solo interjection is required, it is supplied; and the Aida scene includes the ballet music. The La Scala chorus makes a lusty, bluff, massive sound, quite opaque in texture, but Tullio Serafin gets admirable phrasing and dynamic variation from it. The transparency of the brief instrumental interludes is remarkable, the tempos are always just right, and the conductor's crackling version of the Ozello chorus makes one want to hear him lead the whole opera. R. E.

VIVALDI

The Seasons

Manoug Parikian, violin; Philharmonia Orchestra, Carlo-Maria Giulini, cond. ANGEL 35216. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.48). Felix Ayo, violin; I Musici.

EPIC LC 3216. 12-in. \$3.98.

There is no question about it: Vivaldi's Seasons are a hit again, just as they were soon after they were first published more than two hundred years ago. These are the eighth and ninth recordings of the work to be found in the LP catalogue. To choose among the best of these is difficult. It seems to me that for all-round merit the Angel must be placed at the head of the list. It is as supple and full of nuance as the performance by the Virtuosi di Roma (RCA Victor) and as gorgeous in sound as that by the New York Philharmonic-Symphony (Columbia); and it has the added advantage of Thurston Dart's imaginative treatment of the harpsichord part. The Musici also turn in a first-class - if a bit hot-blooded reading. The reproduction here, however, is not quite as faithful as in the Angel, and there is some distortion in tuttis. It is a pleasure to report that this is the first of a series of "Italian musical monu-ments" which Epic plans to release at the rate of four to six items a year for the next six years or so. NB

VIVALDI

Sinfonia in B minor ("Al Santo Sepolcro"); Concerto for Orchestra, in C, P. 16 – See Durante: Concertos for Strings.

WAGNER

Parsifal (orchestral excerpts)

Parsifal: Prelude; Transformation Scene; Closing of Act. I; Klingsor's Magic Garden; Good Friday Spell; Closing of Act III.

Philadelphia Orchestra, Eugene Ormandy, cond.

COLUMBIA ML 5080, 12-in. \$3.98.

This is by far the most extensive nonvocal representation of Parsifal on records of any speed. There is no other decently engi-neered, full-size LP given over entirely to orchestral excerpts from the work. The performance is standard-gauge Philadelphia-and-Ormandy Wagner; which is to say that the tone is rich and homogenized (and very finely reproduced), the reading conscientious but not on a very lofty level of communication. Taken alone, some sections have been better conducted and as well played - the Prelude, for instance, by Hans Knappertsbusch and the Vienna players for London; the Good Friday music by several combinations. Some hearers are sure to agree that Mr. Ormandy's transitions are not quite happy-that between the Prelude and the music that ends Act. I, for example; and others may be puzzled by some of the juxtaposed musical surfaces in the Klingsor scene and in Act III. Still and all, for the listener who wants the orchestral music of Parsifal without the singing, or who cannot afford the superb six-disk Bayreuth set issued by London, this release may hold considerable appeal. J. H., JR.

YSAYE

Sonatas for Unaccompanied Violin, Nos. 3 and 4. Op. 27—See Bach: Sonata for Unaccompanied Violin, No. 3.

RECITALS AND MISCELLANY

ALFRED DELLER The Three Ravens

The Three Ravens: The Cuckoo: How Should I Your True Lov, Know: Sweet Nightingale: I Will Give My Love an Apple: The Oak and the Ash: Go From My Window (lute solo): King Henry: Cotentry Carol: Barbara Allen: Heigh Ho, the Wind and the Rain: Waly, Waly: Down in Yon Forest: Matthew, Mark, Luke and John: A Toye (lute solo): The Tailor and the Mouse: Greensheres.

Alfred Deller, countertenor: Desmond Dupré, guitar and lute.

VANGUARD VRS 479. 12-in. \$4.98.

Alfred Deller, that vocal anachronism, whose countertenor is an echo out of the past, possesses a voice smooth, true, and consummately lovely in tone quality. His vocal purity is enhanced by lambent sound in this selection of Elizabethan folk and minstrel songs. Deller's artistry is superb and, since the historical probabilities are that countertenors played a large role in the original development of these songs, his interpretations are probably as close to definitive as any folk singing can get.

Desmond Dupré's guitar and lute accompaniments are flawless; Rockwell Kent's album illustration admirably conveys the spirit of the recital. Recommended without reservation. H. L.

DEUTSCHMEISTER BAND Marches of Many Nations

Austria: Hoch und Deutschmeister. Italy: Bersaglieri March. Hungary: Rakoczy March. Great Britain: It's a long way to Tipperary. Russia: Meadowland. Germany: Febrhelliner Reitermarsch. Czechoslovakia: Moj Konicek. America: Stars and Stripes Forever. Spain: Marcia de los Caballeros. France: La Marseillaise.

Deutschmeister Band, Julius Hermann, cond.

WESTMINSTER W-LAB 7037. 12-in. \$7.50.

There is enough variety, both in style and pace, to make this one of the most interesting and enjoyable band recordings. The Deutschmeister band, who heretofore have confined themselves largely to marches of their native Austria, now tackle the

march music of a number of European countries, with a quick side trip to America It is no simple trick for a band to eradicate its natural tone and style, and simulate that of the bands of other countries. Yet the Austrian group have succeeded admirably. There is a proper Grenadier Guards swing to their performance of the easy-paced Tipperary of England, and a jaunty performance of the fast-stepping Bersaglieri march that completely mirrors the bright sound of an Italian military band. So it is with the marches of Spain, America, and France, every one of them presented in the appropriate style. Rounding out this absorbing program of marches, are bright, spanking performances of German and Austrian band music, the whole presented by Westminster in some of the brightest brass and percussion sound to be heard

Music in the Great European Tradition



MOZART

Stunning, live sound, newly recorded in Vienna's historic St. Stephen's Cathedral during actual Mozart Commemorative Service, makes Mozart's Requiem, K. 626, a deeply emotional experience. Eugen Jochum conducts famous soloists Irmgard Seefried, Gertrude Pitzinger, Richard Holm, Kim Borg and the Vienna Symphony Orchestra and Chorus. (DL 9835*)

BRAHMS

The powerful German Requiem, Op. 45, is magnificently performed by internationally-lauded soloists Maria Stader, Otto Wiener, the Choir of St. Hedwig's Cathedral, the Berlin Motet Choir, and the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, all under the baton of the late Fritz Lehmann. "Ein Deutsches Requiem" is recorded complete on two 12" Long Play Records. (DX-136°)

ORFF

At last, the passionate, elemental Carl Orff "Trilogy" is available complete in three superb Decca high fidelity albums! The first and third sections, Carmina Burana (DL 9706°) and Trionfo Di Afrodite (DL 9826°) respectively, are flawlessly performed by the Bavarian Radio Orchestra, Chorus and soloists. Catulli Carmina (DL 9824°), the second section of the "Trilogy," features soloists Annelies Kupper, Richard Holm, four pianos, percussion and the Bavarian Radio Chorus. All three sections brilliantly directed by Eugen Jochum.



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These three volumes together form a simple, practical, and useful guide to long-playing records. The authors have supplied selected lists of recommended recordings in their fields, each book listing and discussing briefly the best available records on longplay. Composers and compositions are presented alphabetically, and there is an index of performers. A must for the intelligent selection of LPs.

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anywhere. For lovers of march music, a must. J. F. I.

RICHARD DYER-BENNET Songs and Ballads

Oft in the Stilly Night: Molly Brannigan: Down by the Sally Gardens: The Bold Fenian Aten: Three Fishers: The Bonnie Earl of Morey: Fine Flowers in the Valley: The Vicar of Bray: So Well Go No More A-Roving: Phyllis and Her Mother: The Joys of Lowe: I'm a Poor Boy: Pull Off Your Old Coat: Down in the Valley: Pedro: The Lonesome Valley.

Richard Dyer-Bennet, tenor with guitar. DYER-BENNET RECORDS DYB-1. 12-in. \$4.95.

Ever since the very first years of recordmaking, there have been performing artists who have felt themselves traduced, or at least poorly represented, by the sounds from the grooves. Richard Dyer-Bennet, for fifteen years one of the most respected as well as most popular folk singers at work in this country, can be counted amongst the uncontented - but with a difference. For he has done what very few artists in similar plight have been in a position to do: he has founded a company "to produce a series of high tidelity recordings" of his own work. So now Dyer-Bennet admirers dissatisfied with his pre-existing representation on four LP labels can hear his voice and his Spanish guitar sound as the performer's own ear dictates that they ought to sound.

For those who are long-time admirers of Mr. Dyer-Bennet, the repertoire will be familiar in style and kind, if not necessarily in all details. It ranges from traditional tunes (Thomas Moore's O/t in the Stilly Night), through music-hall songs (Molly Brannigan), composed songs (John Hullah's setting of Charles Kingsley's Three Fishers), and true ballads (The Bonnie Early of Morey). It also includes settings by the singer (of Byron's We'll Go No More A-Roving), American oncetopical songs (I'm a Poor Boy), translated and adapted versions of classic material (Martini's *Plaisir d'amour*), and original songs by the performer (*Pedro*). The real point is that all of them emerge, not violated, but bearing Mr. Dyer-Bennet's personal stamp, including shifts of melody and minor alterations of texts to suit the particular occasion of performing. His voice once was a high, flutelike tenor, almost countertenor in quality; now, as recorded, it is darker and less pure, with an incipient wobble that may be accentuated hy the extremely close miking, which leaves not a breath unheard. But the basic style and intelligence have not changed. Liking or not liking a minstrel is a very individual matter, hut by Dyer-Bennet partisans this disk can hardly be ignored. Recorded sound is as noted above; full texts (deviated from on occasion) and notes by the singer. J. H., JR.

THE KING OF INSTRUMENTS, VOL. VIII

Norman Coke-Jepbcott at Saint John the Divine

Purcell: Trumpet Voluntary; Trumpet Air and Tune. Bach: Prelude and Fugue in E minor (*Cathedral*), BWV 533; *Ich rul* zu Dir, BWV 639; *Heut' triumphiret* Gottes Sohn, BWV 630. Coke-Jephcott: Toccata on Saint Anne: Bishops' Promenade. Vierne: Canzona; Prelude.

Norman Coke-Jephcott, organ. AEOLIAN-SKINNER. 12-in. \$5.95.

Norman Coke-Jephcott was for twenty-one years, until his retirement in 1953, organist and choirmaster of the Cathedral of Saint John the Divine in New York. His recording stresses the grandiose aspects of the cathedral's Aeolian-Skinner organ, previously heard in Vol. VI of this series played by Mr. Coke-Jephcott's successor, Alec Wyton. There is considerable use of the full organ and of the piercingly brilliant State Trumpet. The sound, with its rolling reverberations, is as awesomely impressive as the cathedral's interior, but the echoes require a slow pacing of the music, and even then some of the detail does not always come through.

Mr. Coke-Jephcott's toccata is conventional, but the short Bisbop's Promenade is, intentionally or otherwise, so amiably pompous as to be delightful it hardly dignified. The sound maintains the high standards of this series. R. E.

LOUISVILLE ORCHESTRA

Tansman: Capriccio. Borowski: The Mirror. Dahl: The Tower of Saint Barbara.

Louisville Orchestra, Robert Whitney, cond.

LOUISVILLE LOU 56-2. 12-in. Available on subscription only.

Alexandre Tansman really knows how to write an entertaining piece. If in the process he recomposes much of the finale of the Sacre, as he does in the first of the three movements of this Capriccio, the fact remains that no one is more adept at juggling the magic box of colors and rhythms which a symphony orchestra affords. Felix Borowski's The Mirror is a short piece in that composer's most elegant. bittersweet vein. To write a "symphonic legend in four parts" on the life and martyrdom of Saint Barbara is an extraordinarily conventional idea for a composer like Ingolf Dahl, and Dahl's realization of it is often disappointingly obvious; still and all, the music has a good deal of spirit and would make an excellent score for a ballet along the same general lines as the Hindemith-Massine Nobilissima Visione; in fact, one suspects that that is what Dahl really had in mind. A. F.

ANTON PAULIK

A Hi-Fi Frolic with Strauss

Vienna Staatsoper Orchestra, Anton Paulik, cond.

VANGUARD VRS 476. 12-in. \$4.98.

Wonderfully bracing performances of the polkas, which are Straussian froth of the very lightest kind, followed by a lilting, easy-flowing reading of *The Blue Danube*. This is the sixth in the Vanguard series of Viennese music played by this orchestra under Paulik; as in previous issues, the performances are notable for the elegance and authentic style of the orchestral playing and for the excellence of Vanguard's sound. J. F. 1.

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

DOROTHY WARENSKJOLD Songs

Mendelssohn: On Wings of Song. Schubert: Are Maria: Ständeben: Brahms: Vergebliebes Ständeben: Wiegenlied. Obrados and Castillejo: Al Amor. Ponce: Estrellita. Malotte: The Lord's Prayer. Gounod: Are Maria. Hahn: Si mes vers avaient des ailes. Charles: Let My Song Fill Your Heart. Hageman: Do Not Go, My Love. Folk song: Comin' Tbro' the Rye. Buzzi-Pezzia: Colombetta.

Dorothy Warenskjold, soprano; Jack Crossan, piano.

CAPITOL P 8333. 12-in. \$3.98.

Miss Warenskjold's gleaming voice and seemingly effortless vocalism should appeal to fanciers of these thrice-familiar songs. The finished phrasing and excellent diction — in five languages — also make her singing easy and pleasurable to hear, while serving as a model for students struggling with these pieces. Sweetness and sincerity mark the soprano's work—the music seldom asks for more—but there is some gain in emotional projection over her previous record, which was devoted to Dvorak and Grieg songs. Still, her singing of *Colombetta* has a well-bred, suburban air alongside of Claudia Muzio's ecstatic version. R. E.

CARLO ZECCIII Piano Recital

Scarlatti: Sonatas in C, L. 104; in G, L. 103. Bach: Prelude and Fugue, No. 13, in F-sharp, from The Well-Tempered Clarier, Vol. 1; Three-Part Invention, No. 11, in G minor. Mozart: Sonata No. 9, in D, K. 311. Chopin: Mazurkas in B minor, Op. 33, No. 4; in A minor, Op. 17, No. 4. Schumann: Kinderszenen, Op. 15.

Carlo Zecchi, piano.

Love That Fair Lady!



Coote, Andrews, and Harrison.

CHANCES ARE, unless you happen to be a friend of the management or have an exceptionally clever ticket broker, that you won't get to see Aly Fair Lady for a long, long time. But why wait, when Columbia's original cast recording can introduce you to most of the beauties of this fair charmer right now? It's a meeting that you won't regret, for the musical adaptation of Bernard Shaw's Pigmalion is easily the best show album to appear in many moons.

Wonderful is really the only word to use, though perhaps you won't think so at first hearing. At least, I didn't. I found myself listening so intently to Alan Jay Lerner's urbane and witty lyrics, with their intricate and tricky rhythms, that I paid little attention to Frederick Loewe's score. Then I realized that Lerner's lyrics seemed so good in large part because of the marvelous manner in which Loewe had set them. Possibly this isn't the most singable score ever written, but it certainly grows on you, and it won't be long before you find yourself humming I Want to Dance All Night and On the Street Where You Live. However, there are even more interesting, if less immediately captivating, numbers in this score, thanks to the composer's use of musical techniques not usually found in this medium. The wonderfully effective agitated rhythm of the second part, or chorus, of Henry Higgins' I'm an Ordinary Man and the faint suggestion of Danny Deever's hanging that

JUNE 1956

runs through Liza's Just You Wait are pertinent examples. Loewe has written several very good scores, including the excellent Brigadoon, but none equals this exceptionally inventive one.

In Julie Andrews the producers have tound an ideal Liza, a youthful singing actress capable not only of managing the music with the utmost ease, with a small bell-like voice of great purity, but also of skillfully suggesting Liza's slow transformation from a flower girl into a lady. In time you will probably hear many versions of I Want to Dance All Night. but none-you may be sure-will quite catch the wonder and youthful happiness that Julie Andrews conveys. Equally good is Rex Harrison as Henry Higgins. The fact that he has little or no singing voice makes no difference, for the lustiest tenor could not possibly make Professor Higgins' songs more pointed or amusing. What Harrison lacks in voice is more than compensated for by his inimitable charm and theatrical know-how. As Liza's father, Stanley Holloway seems to have stepped right out of Covent Garden (Market, that is) by way of an English music hall; his two rollicking numbers reek of beer and skittles, with a slight hint of a red nose thrown in. Under Franz Allers' alert musical direction and Goddard Lieberson's over-all production, the whole recording has great spitit, and Columbia's engineers provided some most attractive sound.

Probably nobody knows just what Shaw thought of *The Chocolate Soldier*, adapted from his play *Arms and the Man*, and certainly nobody will know what he might have thought of *P*)*gmalion* in musical dress; but he would surely have been a curmudgeon to call it anything less than wonderful.

J. F. INDCOX

MY FAIR LADY

Music by Frederick Loewe, lyrics by Alan Jay Lerner. Original cast recording featuring Rex Harrison, Julie Andrews, Stanley Holloway, Robert Coote, and Michael King; orchestra conducted by Franz Allers. COLUMBIA OL 5090. 12-in. \$4,98.





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WESTMINSTER 18139. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.98).

Carlo Zecchi is an Italian pianist in his early fifties who studied with Busoni and appeared in the United States in 1951; he has previously made records as a conductor and as pianist with the cellist Antonio Janigro. Here he is at his best in the Chopin mazurkas (the B minor one is mislabeled on the album as Op. 41, No. 1), which profit from his beautiful singing tone and lovely cantilena and are properly moody and capricious. The Kinderszenen are lightly colored and stylized, more as sophisticated comment on the music than as a re-creation of it; in exaggerating accents in Knight of the Hobby-Horse he achieves a real rocking-horse rhythm. His clean, masculine performance of the Mozart sonata has in its favor an appealing melodic purity in the slow movement, but on the whole it lacks the verve, sparkle, or lyricism the music calls for. The Scarlatti and Bach are more satisfactory, though the C major Sonata is taken too fast. The G major departs quite a bit in notation from standard editions but stays within style and sounds very lovely in a dulcettoned performance. The recorded tone is more resonant - sometimes too much so - than one usually gets from Westminster. R. F.

THE MUSIC BETWEEN

GEORGIE AULD - ANDRE PREVIN I've Got You Under My Skin

I've Got You Under My Skin; S'posin'; I Cover the Waterfront; I Didn't Know What Time It Was: A Stairway to the Stars; Body and Soul; I Don't Stand a Ghost of a Chance with Yon: Take Care; Smoke Gets in Your Eyes; Easy to Love; All the Things You Are; Someone to Watch Over Mc.

Georgie Auld, tenor sax, with orchestra directed by André Previn, and Jud Conlon's Rhythmaires.

CORAL CRL 57009. 12-in. \$3.98.

Tenor sax solos, backed by orchestra and chorus, of twelve standard tunes that never for a moment lapse from practically perfect musical taste. There is nothing here to startle you; on the other hand, Previn's arrangements of these runes and Auld's playing of them are suitably respectful and imaginative, a rare combination at any time. R. K.

FRANK CHACKSFIELD

You

Introduction: Sunny Side Up: Tip Toe Through the Tulips With Me: You're Always in M Arms: If I Had a Talking Picture of You: The Wedding of the Painted Doll: Song of the Dawn: FII Always Be in Love with You: Painting the Clouds with Sunshin: Fm a Dreamer (Aren't We All): You Brought a New Kind of Love to Me: Rio Rita.

Frank Chacksfield and his orchestra. LONDON LL 1355. 12-in. \$3.98.

A run-through of sprightly tunes from early movie musicals in which the gay old songs are dressed in spanking new arrangements. In a way, it's a shame to miss the lyrics to such innocent gems as You're Always in My Arms but Only in My Dreams and If I Had a Talking Picture of You; however, their melodies, it turns out, are tough enough to carry the load. R. K.

FRANCK POURCEL Our Paris

Franck Pourcel and his orchestra. CAPITOL T 10002. 12-in. \$3.98.

A pleasant musical journey through the most famous of all cities. The highlights are pointed out by Franck Pourcel's or chestra, which shines up all the old landmarks until they gleam. R. K.

RANDOLPH SINGERS

Lament for April 15 and Other Modern Madrigals

The Randolph Singers.

Composers Recordings CRI 102. 12-in. \$4.98.

Madrigals have their charm but strung along thirteen in a row they take on the monotony of cultured, perfectly formed, identical pearls. Still, a single pearl can enchant, and so can almost any one of these thirteen madrigals, heard singly. Particularly enchanting is a jolly spoof on departing guests called The Interminable Farewell. There's also a delightful setting of Edward Lear's The Quangle Wangle's Hat. The title song, Lament for April 15, offers the instructions on the income-tax form set to music that is both straight-faced and dirgeful. The performances by the Randolph Singers are impeccable. RK

SUZANNE ROBERT Songs of Montmartre

ELEKTRA EKL 104. 12-in. \$5.95.

This is an attractive album in which a genuine Montmartre lady by the name of Suzanne Robert sings material authentic to her *quartier*. The results are highly effective, particularly when Mlle. Robert's Parisian vibrato goes to work on such a bitter, mournful song as *Rose Blanche*. This ditty is a hortor story about a murderous pimp, and it will convey an idea of the tough *chansons* the singer delivers. Accompanying the album is a booklet containing the original lyrics of all the songs and their translations. R. K.

CONSUELO RUBIO The Song of Spain

Consuelo Rubio, soprano; orchestra conducted by F. M. Torroba.

DECCA DL 9817. 12-in. \$3.98.

These fourteen songs are all firmly based on folk melodies that represent different regions of Spain, and F. M. Torroba's atmospheric arrangements of them will surely remind you at times of Canteloube's *Songs of the Autergne*. They haven't the latter's unrestrained joy and sweet nostalgia; but that, surely, is the fault of the songs, not of Mr. Torroba. The songs are performed by Consuelo Rubio, a Spanish soprano who has melting big tones but apparently cannot produce a pianissimo. Nevertheless, the songs are sometimes extremely beautiful and moving. R. K.

FRANK SINATRA

Songs for Swingin' Lovers!

You Make Me Feel So Young; It Happened

in Monterey; You're Getting To Be a Habit with Me; You Brought A New Kind of Love to Me: Too Marvelous for Words; Old Devil Moon; Pennies from Heaven; Love is Here to Stay; I've Got You Under My Skin; I Thought About You; We'll Be Together Again; Makin' Whoopee; Swinging Down the Lane; Anything Goes; How About You?

Frank Sinatra; orchestra conducted by Nelson Riddle.

CAPITOL W 653. 12-in. \$4.98.

It would be possible to go on practically forever chronicling the joys of this album. It's enough to say, however, that here Sinatra is at his peak, whether he's sliding along relaxedly with You're Getting To Be a Habit with Me or carefully biting off the sharpedged lyrics of Anything Goes. Nelson Riddle and his orchestra give Sinatra perfect support. A wonderful album. R. K.

SOLEIL DU MIDE

Fernandel; Rellys; Fernand Sardou; Jackie Rollin.

LONDON WB 91126. 10-in. \$2.98.

This is a strange little potpourri of Marseilles music-hall turns which must look and sound fine on stage. They have little meaning on record, however, unless you know the special argot of southern France and can understand it when it is spit out at full speed. London offers no translations, nor even the barest explanatory notes to help you along the way. Only for the complete Francophile, fully committed and ready for action. R. K.

THE BEST OF JAZZ by John S. Wilson

PEANUTS HUCKO A Tribute to Benny Goodman

Let's Dance; Bugle Call Rag: Don't Be That W'ay: King Porter Stomp: Stompin at the Savoy: One O'Clock Jump: Hucko and Big Band. Sheik of Araby: More Than You Know; Someday Sweetheart: Sweet Georgia Brown: W'bispering: China Boy. Peanuts Hucko, clarinet; Dick Hyman,

piano; Milt Hinton, bass; Don Lamond, drums.

GRAND AWARD 33-331. 12-in. 36 min. \$3.98.

This late entry in the 1956 Benny Goodman sweepstakes manages to be just a shade different and several shades better than most of the earlier Goodman and pseudo-Goodman releases. Its success is based on a bit of crass effrontery. The Goodman disks unleashed by the film of his life all concentrated on more or less the same tunes played by more or less the same band in more or less the same arrangements. If the band was led by Goodman, clarinet solos were featured. If it was led by someone else (Steve Allen, Jess Stacy) the clarinet issue was sidestepped - there was none. Here's that more-or-less same band again, playing the same tunes again, without Goodman but meeting the clarinet matter head on. Peanuts Hucko plays the clarinet parts and, sacrilegious though it may sound, he plays a more vibrant Goodman-style clarinet today than does Goodman himself. Lou McGarrity's exuberant trombone is heard in the big-band numbers, and the quartet selections give Dick Hyman a rare and welcome excuse to play completely in the manner of one of his early teachers, Teddy Wilson. He does it extremely well.

THE JAZZ GIANTS '56

I Guess I'll Have to Change My Plan; I Didn't Know What Time It Was; Gigantic Blues; This Year's Kisses: You Can Depend on Me.

Roy Eldridge, trumpet; Vic Dickenson, trombone; Lester Young, tenor saxophone; Teddy Wilson, piano; Freddie Greene, guitar; Gene Ramey, bass; Jo Jones, drums. NORGRAN MG N-1056. 12-in. 41 min.

\$3.98.

Those who harbor fond memories of that series of recordings made by various groups under Teddy Wilson's leadership for Brunswick in the Thirties, usually with Billie Holiday as vocalist, will find a heartwarming echo on this disk. It brings together five of the men who appeared frequently on those records — Wilson, Lester Young, Roy Eldridge, Jo Jones, and Freddie Greene. Their playing has much of that easy but challenging quality that marked those old sessions. Young hasn't played on records with as much fire in years as he does on this disk (he charges into Gigantic Blues as if he were back with Basie) and his slower work is cleaner, less inclined to fray at the edges than usual. The revived Young proves to be a catalyst, for both Eldridge and Wilson play with more interest and direction than



they have shown lately. Vic Dickenson's humorous, slurring trombone fits in well more often than not.

BILLY MAXTED AND HIS MAN-HATTAN JAZZ BAND Jazz at Nicks

Washington and Lee Swing: Ja-Da: Pana-

ma: Swingin' Rose of Texas: Satanic Blues: Battle Hymn of the Republic: Just Hot.

Chuck Forsyth, trumpet; Lee Gifford, trombone; Sal Pace, clarinet; Billy Maxted, piano; Charlie Treager, bass; Sonny Igoe, drums.

CADENCE CLP 1012, 12-in. 36 min. \$3.98.

Dialing Your Disks

All LP disks are recorded with treble boost following values in the table below. ROLLand bass cut, the amount of which often OFF -- 10.5: LON, FFRR. 12: AES, RCA, varies from one manufacturer to another. Old RCA. 13.7: RIAA, RCA, New RCA, To play a disk, the bass below a certain New AES, NARTB, ORTHOphonic. 16: turnover frequency must be boosted, and NAB, LP, COL, COL LP, ORTHOcoustic. the treble must be rolled off a certain num- TURNOVER - 400: AES, RCA. 500C: ber of decibels at 10,000 cycles. Recom- LP, COL, COL LP, Mod NAB, LON, mended control settings to accomplish this FFRR. 500R: RIAA, ORTHOphonic, are listed for each manufacturer. Equalizer NARTB. New AES. 500: NAB: 630: control panel markings correspond to the BRS. 800: Old RCA.

All records produced under the following labels are recorded with the industry-standard RIAA curre (500R furnorer; 13.7 rolloff): Angel; tAtlantic; Bethlehem; Classic Editions; Clef; EMS; Epic; McIntosh; MGM; Montilla; New Jazz; Norgran; Prestige; Romany; Savoy; Walden. Labels that have used other recording curres are listed below.

RECORD LABEL	NEW		OLD	
	Turnorcr	Rollof	Record No. or Date: Turnover, Rolloff	
Allied	500	16		
Amer. Rec. Soc.	400	12		
Arizona	500R	13.7	To 1955: 400, 12.7	
Audiophile	500	12		
Bach Guild	500R	13.7	No. 501-529: 500, 16	
*Bartok	500R	13.7	No. 901-905, 308, 310, 311: 500R, 13.7 No. 906-920, 301-304, 309: 630, 16	
Blue Note Jazz	500 R	13.7	To 1955: 400, 12	
Boston	500C	16		
*Caedmon	500R	13 7	No. 1001-1022: 630, 16	
Canyon	500R	13.7	To No. C6160: 400, 12	
Capitol	500R	13.7	To 1955: 400, 12,7	
Capitol-Cetra	500R	13.7	'To 1955: 400, 12.7	
Cetra-Soria	500C	16		
Colosseum	500R	13.7	To January 1954: 500, 16	
*Columbia	500R	13.7	To 1955: 500C, 16	
Concert Hall	500R	10.5	To 1954: 500C, 16	
*Contemporary	500R	13.7	No. 3501, 2501, 2502, 2505, 2507, 2001. 2002: 400, 12. No. 2504: 500, 16	
†Cook (SOOT)	500	12-15	ander and, 12. (10. 2004: 000, 16	
Coral	$\frac{500}{500}$	16		
Decca	500R	13.7		
Elektra			To November 1955: 500, 16	
Esoteric		13.7	No. 2-15, 18-20, 24-26; 630, 16, No. 1 22:400, 12, No. 16, 21, 23, 24; 500R, 13,	
	1-500R	13.7	No. ES 500, 517, EST 5, 6: 400, 12	
Folkways	500R	13.7	To 1955: 500C, 16	
*Good-Time Jazz	500R	13.7	No. 1, 5-8: 500, 16. No. 3, 9-19: 400, 12	
Haydn Society	500C	16		
HMV	500R	16		
Карр	$_{-500R}$	13.7	No. 100-103, 1000-1001: 800, 16	
Kendall	500	16		
*London, Lon. Int.	500R	13.7	To No. 846: 500C, 10,5	
Lyrichord	500	16		
*Mercury	500 R	13.7	To October 1954: 400, 12	
Norturne	500R	13.7	No. LP 1-3, 5, XP1-10: 400, 12	
Oceanic	500C	16		
*L'Oiseau-Lyre	500R	13.7	To 1954: 500C, 10.5	
*Overtone	500R	13.7	No. 1-3: 500, 16	
Oxford	500C	16		
Pacific Jazz	500R	13.7	No. 1-13: 400, 12	
Philharmonia	400	12		
Polymusic	500	16		
RCA Victor		13.7	To September 1952: 500 or 800, 12	
Remington	500	16	in orperation in and the second second	
Riverside	500R		To 1955: 400, 12	
Tempo	- 500 -	16	10 1007. 100, 10	
Transradio		$-\frac{16}{16}$ —		
Urania	500R	$\frac{16}{13.7}$	No. 7050 004 7050 7050 7050	
	3001	43.4	No. 7059, 224, 7066, 7063, 7065, 603, 7069; 400, 12. Others: 500C, 16	
Vanguard	500R	13.7	No. 411-442, 6000-6018, 7001-7011, 8001- 8004: 500, 16	
Vox	- 500R	-13.7 -		
		13.7	500, 16 unless otherwise specified. To October 1955: 500C, 16; or if AES speci	
Westminster				

Dixieland Manbattan Style

At the Jazz Band Ball: Basin Street Blues: Big Crash from China: Muskrat Ramhle: Yankee Doodle Dixie: Black and Blue: I're Found a New Baby: Hindustan.

Same personnel as above.

CADENCE CLP 1013. 12-in. 42 min. \$3.98.

The best of the month's entries from the Dixieland mill is contained on these two disks by Maxted's band. Maxted has been a steady performer at Nick's in Greenwich Village for the last ten years, playing his raw-boned, Zurke-styled piano under a succession of leaders there. Now that he is headman on Nick's bandstand, he has astutely retained Sal Pace, who has been there almost as long as Maxted and has developed into a dependable, warm-toned clarinetist. He has unearthed two new performers in Forsyth and Gifford. Forsyth plays a capable two-beat trumpet, clean when he's playing lead and with a tendency to borrow from Muggsy Spanier and Bobby Hackett when he solos. Gifford's tromboning is mostly unostentatious background work but when he steps up front he produces both sweet and zestful tones as circumstances demand. It is a neat, vigorous band which plays with a lot of drive and enthusiasm.

Followers of Julia Ward Howe will be interested to learn that, according to the label credits, The Battle Hymn of the Republic was written by Maxted. If one can believe these credits, he also seems to have written Yankee Doodle. He's mighty spry around a piano for a man of his age.

RAY MCKINLEY AND HIS ORCHES-TRA

One Band, Two Styles

Caesar and Cleopatra: Harold in Italy: McKinley for President: The Seventh Veil: Idiot's Delight: Cyclops: My Heart Stood Still: You Took Advantage of Me; It's Easy to Remember; Thon Swell; Blue Room

RCA CAMDEN (AL 295, 12-in, 37 min. \$1.98.

This disk is one more bit of evidence that the way of large recording companies passeth all understanding. The first six selections were written for the McKinley band by Eddie Sauter, recorded in 1947. and never released until now. They are excellent samples of Sauter's imaginative writing for jazz instrumentation, much in the manner of the writing he has done more recently for his own Sauter-Finegan band but with a generally sounder jazz grounding. At this time McKinley had a bright, polished young band; it played these arrangements with warmth, pre-cision, and understanding. They are easily among the better big-band jazz sides recorded in the past ten years. Yet RCA Victor kept these recordings on the shelf while McKinley struggled in vain to keep his fine band together. It was a struggle that was not helped by the type of records which Victor was urging McKinley to make, represented on this disk by the routine performances of the six Rodgers and Hart songs that make up the second side. The recording, incidentally, is as
bright and tull-bodied as it it had been done last month rather than nine years ago.

ZOOT SIMS

The Modern Art of Jazz

September in the Rain: Down at the Loft: Ghost of a Chance: Not So Deep: Them There Eyes: Our Pad; Dark Clouds: One to Blow On.

Zoot Sims, tenor saxophone; Bob Brookmeyer, valve trombone; John Williams, piano; Milt Hinton, bass; Gus Johnson, drums.

DAWN DLP 1102. 12-in. 44 min. \$3.98.

Sims and Brookmeyer are two of the more muscular hornmen on the current jazz scene. The blending of their talents on this disk has resulted in a series of lean, sinuous performances conceived and executed in a thoroughly swinging vein. Sims is one of those rare saxophonists who can project a rhythmic feeling within whatever framework he is playing. His collaboration with Brookmeyer on these numbers is light and happy. John Williams, one of the soundest of modern pianists, gets in a few telling solos too. The numbers tend to run too long and Gus Johnson's heavy-handed drumming keeps the soloist-rhythm section relationship off balance, but these are minor defects against the clean, imaginative playing of the three soloists.

SONNY STITT

My Funny Valentine: Sonny's Bunny: Come Rain or Come Shine: Lore W'alked In: If You Could See Me Nou: Quince: Star Dust; Lover.

Thad Jones, Jimmy Nottingham, Ernie Royal, trumpets; Sonny Stitt, alto saxophone; Seldon Powell, tenor saxophone; Cecil Payne, baritone saxophone; Hank Jones, piano; Freddie Green, guitar: Oscar Pettiford, bass; Jo Jones, drums. ROOST 220.1, 12-in, 35 min. \$3.98.

Part of the process of bringing the saxophones back into proper perspective is the reinvigoration of the alto that Sonny Stitt, for one, is accomplishing. Stitt's attack is tirm and positive; his tone is full, rounded, always controlled. On this disk his playing is a constant delight whether he is rolling through a fleet, fast-thinking Lover (the tempo is the standard, hackneyed "very but Stitt's handling of it is a up," refreshing change) or giving such slow ballads as Star Dust, If You Could See Me Now, and My Funny Valentine a richly soulful treatment that soars and floats over a beat which swings without falter. Stitr gets admirable help from an excellent rhythm section and from Quincy Jones's direct, uncluttered arrangements.

THE SPOKEN WORD

T. S. ELIOT

T. S. Eliot, reading poems and choruses from his own work. CAEDMON TC. 1045, 12-in. \$5.95. This disk includes selections from T. S. Eliot's verse read in chronological order from The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock (1917) to Choruses from the Family Reunion (1939). In view of a choice of titles, apparently made by the poet himself, perhaps the listener is expected to trace here a kind of spiritual odyssey, from the bleak and unredeemed harshness of "I should have been a pair of ragged claws/Scuttling across the floors of silent seas" through Ash Wednesday's "time of tension between dying and birth" to the half-affirmations of Murder in the Cathedral. (Parenthetically, it might be added that it is not the npening Chorus of this play which is heard, as the jacket listing indicates, but the Chorus beginning Part II of the play, after the Archbishop's Christmas morning sermon.) Only the final inclusion of the Chorus from Family Reunion, with its anticipation of the dreary nightly routine of news reports "weather and international catastroot phes" seems at variance with this schema. (Does it matter?)

Whatever one's reservations about the selections included, still they could not, in my opinion, be more superbly read than they are here. Mr. Eliot's dryness of tone and the even measured pace of his reading are admirably calculated to convey the sense of absolute negation, of humanity itself "etherised upon a table." And when occasionally a more positive note is struck, as in the Chorus from The Rock with its glorification of the "Light Invisible," the very refusal to indulge in the actor's rhetorical devices of persuasion and petition makes more poignant the yearning gratitude expressed. It may be that a lighter voice would better suit the feminine role in Portrait of a Lady; and perhaps, too, an individual listener might wish for a more explicitly dramatic and ironic reading of the "Triumphal March" from Coriolan. But this is to cavil. Eliot's listeners will certainly recognize in this record the fulfillment of the poet's own dicta on the uses of poetry: "[to] make us from time to time a little more aware of the deeper. unnamed teelings which form the substratum of our being." 1. G.

DYLAN THOMAS Under Milk Wood

Under Milk Wood, with the original New York cast, featuring Dylan Thomas. CAEDMON TC. 2005. Two 12-in. \$11.90.

Under Milk Wood, produced by Douglas Cleverdon, issued with the co-operation of the British Broadcasting Corporation. WESTMINSTER ARGO RG 21. Two 12-in. \$9,96 (or \$7.96).

Under Milk Wood may very well give rise to the thought that in the "play for voices" Dylan Thomas had found a new metier and one for which his talents were particularly well fitted. The poet who, according to some points of view, had feared the diminution of that tremendous fountain of lyric energy which inspired some of the most opulent verse of our time should not have been thus concerned. Under Milk Wood is as evocative and rich in implication as all but the best of Thomas' poems; and gives full scope too, to the richly humorous vein, the zestful vitality, and the story-telling facility which are not always obvious in the lyric work. Lacking in



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conventional dramatic structure as the play is, even in a reading it is full of the excitement of the theater.

Caedmon's version is the recording of a reading (the parts - of which there are more than thirty - divided among five actors, with Dylan Thomas himself participating) given in New York before, apparently, the script was completed in final form. Those who believe that only the writer can properly interpret his own work or who simply wish to hear the poet's own voice will be eager to have this record. One has the impression that certainly the cast and its audience thoroughly enjoyed themselves. But those interested in the intrinsic value of Under Milk Wood as a representation of Thomas' craftsmanship and artistry should listen to the earlier Westminster Argo release, wherein one hears a cast of professional actors (Welsh, at that) perform with consummate skill. Here too there is humor (one does not need the sound of "audience participation" to catch it), and there is pathos. And there is also the dignity with which Thomas surely intended to invest even the inhabitants of Llaregyb. Under Milk Wood is not merely a collection of grotesques and eccentrics; and the actors of the BBC make real the human status (absurd and pathetic and near-tragic) of the characters they represent. In my opinion, a reading much to be preferred to the Caedmon version. J. G.

PLATO

The Trial of Socrates

Readings from the Apology and Crito. Thomas Mitchell, reader. AUDIO BOOKS GL 604. Three 7-in. (16 rpm). \$3.95.

His accusors said that he "was an evildoer and a curious person, who searches into things under the earth and in heaven, and he makes the worse appear the better cause; and he teaches the aforesaid doc-trines to others." He replied that he was a "sort of gad-fly given to the state and all day long and in all places always fastening upon you, arousing and persuad-

ing and reproaching you." He maintained that all he did was to ask questions and to teach that "virtue is not given by money, but that from virtue comes money and every good of man, public as well as private.

Such were the crimes of Socrates - and his defense. The defense was not good enough; Socrates was put to death. Perhaps we have come a long way since 399 B.C.; though it can hardly be said that our Republic is Platonic in its essence, at least the asking of irritating questions is no longer punishable by death.

After making his defense in the Apology and having been sentenced to death, Socrates is approached by Crito, who urges him to escape. He refuses, on the score that he must uphold the laws by which he was convicted. It was 2,000 years before Voltaire polished that thought into the aphorism: "I may disagree with what you have to say, but I will defend to the death your right to say it."

This most recent Audio Book is produced in co-operation with the Fund for the Republic. The reading by Thomas Mitchell takes two and one-half hours and is superb. R. H. H., IR.

FOLK MUSIC

by Howard LaFay

PATRICK GALVIN Irish Drinking Songs

A Sub of Good Whiskey; Mush Mush; Lanigan's Ball: A Toast to Ireland: The Rakes of Mallow: The Cruiskeen Lawn: Garryowen: Mick McGilligan's Daughter; Finnegan's Wake: The Real Old Moun-tain Dew: One-Eyed Reilly: Barry of Maccroom: The Moonshiner; Flowing Bumpers: Master MacGrath; The Parting Glass

Patrick Galvin; guitar and banjo accompaniment by Al Jeffrey,

RIVERSIDE RLP 12-604. 12-in. \$4.98.

Galvin acquits himself with light-hearted assurance in this colorful, tuneful tribute to the world's most formidable race of quaffers. Several of the songs are of more than routine interest: Finnegan's Wake provided James Joyce with the title of his greatest novel; Garryoucen is the regimental song of the renowned American First Cavalry Regiment. The engineering is satisfactory despite some ghastly examples of unco-ordinated two-part singing by Galvin - a technique, incidentally, that is being worked to death by some singers. Nonetheless, a wee listen to this disk will fair perish ye wi' the drouth for a drop o' the ould poteen.

LOS GITANILLOS DE CADIZ Songs and Dances of Andalucia

Los Gitanillos de Cadiz. ELEKTRA EKL 103. 12-in. \$5.95.

Here is real flamenco! The four young Gitanillos are electric in their evocation of dark, smoky, late-at-night cafés where somber gypsies give hoarse voice to the timeless sorrows of Andalucia. The engineering handsomely complements the fiery artistry of the performers. The transients - hand claps, castanets, the staccato of dancing boots - have been captured with stunning realism. Texts and translations provided.

MAITEA CHOIR OF SAN SEBASTIAN Songs of the Basques

Maitea Choir (San Sebastian, Spain), Maria Teresa Hernandez Usobiaga, director. DECCA DL 9808. 12-in. \$3.98.

The Basques' musical tradition is among the richest in Europe; their choral skills are legendary. The Maitea Choir, an allgirl group from San Sebastian, offers a program of hauntingly lovely Basque songs some in their own language, some in Spanish. The vocal work is faultless, but Decca's reproduction is not. There is a general clouding of the choir's carefully developed effects, barely compensated for by the beauty of the Basque melodies. Texts and translations are included

THE MARINERS

Negro Spirituals

CADENCE CLP 1008, 12-in. \$3.98.

The successful singing of spirituals de-Continued on page 74

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE



JUNE 1956



The rich, colorful variety of Caribbean music, recorded on-the-spot from Trini-dad ta Haiti; from the bouncing mambos of Carnival steelband to the real goings on inside the Calypso Tent.

in the Carnival Series:

Jump-Up Cornivol in Trinidad, 12" LP cat. #10-2-\$4.98 cat, ±10-2--54.98 Le Jozz Primit; John Buddy Williams Rupert Clemendore 12 IP cat. ±1082--54.98

The Drums of Trinidad; nation rhythms of Catriacou, group drumming by Little Carib Theatre drummers, 12° LP cat. #1045—\$4,98

Colypso Lore & Legend; Patrick Jones chants and stories. Poposit's oldtime string orchestra, 12 LP RR #5016, ethnic —\$4.98

ethnic — 54.98 Bomboo-Tomboo, Bongo & the Belair; native dances and percussive forms, singing, chanting and drumming, 12° LP RR #5017; ethnic — 54.98 East Indian Drums of Tunopung; Moslem ritual drums, wedding and ceremonial, 12° LP RR #5018; ethnic — 54.98

also in Caribbean Series:

Brule Force Steel Bands of Antigua 12 LP cat. #1042-S4.98 Steel Band Clash: 12 LP cat. # 1040;

Steel Band Clash, 12 LP cat. # 1040; both contain mambos, sumbas, callypsos, erc. by Brure Force. Big Shell, Hells-gate Bands of Antigua —S4.98 Jawbone of on Ass; Cuban jazz from Santiago, one band uses jawbone as percussion instrument, 12" LP cat. #1083—S4.98

Three Rituels; Shango from Trinidad, Turnba Francessa from Cuba, 3 Yemen-ite songs from Israel. 12" LP cat. #1043; ethnic —\$4.98

Coribeone; calvpso from Jamarca, Leb-nesc ud from Port au Prince, harp & jarana from Vera Cruz, etc., 12 * LP RR #5003-54.98

jacket notations by Henry Cowell, 12" LP RR ±5004-\$4.98

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mands either utter naïveté or consummate artistry. The Mariners demonstrate neither quality here. They sing this generous and well-chosen group of spirituals with pro-fessional competence. But competence is not enough. Their close-textured harmonizing is a touch too smooth, a touch too antiseptic. They do not strike the note of awesome reverence that illuminates great spiritual singing, such as that of Roland Hayes. Cadence's sound is live and full-range.

MILT OKUN Merry Ditties

- A-Roving; Lavendar's Blue; The Bold Grenadier; Unfortunate Miss Bailey; The Trooper and the Tailor; Jackie Rover; The Little Scotch Girl; Early One Morning; Puttin on the Style: Captain Walker's Courtship; Katey Morey; Billy Boy; I Wish 1 Was Single Again; Won't You Sit With
- Me Auchile.

RIVERSIDE RLP 12-603. 12-in. \$4.98.

This is Milt Okun's best disk to date. Abetted by top-flight engineering, his clear baritone imparts a mellow patina to these mildly racy ballads; and his interpretative gifts breathe full-blown life into the songs and their characters. Many of these selec-tions are new to LP, and about half the texts and tunes were collected in the Catskill mountains by Norman Cazden. Recommended.

CARMEN PRIETTO Songs From Mexico

Carmen Prietto, soprano; Bert Weedon, guitar.

WESTMINSTER 18142. 12-in. \$4.98 (or \$3.081

The songs Carmen Prietto has chosen for this release are of pure Spanish derivation: 1 nowhere is there an intrusion of the Indian influence that has come to pervade a wide segment of Mexican music. Señorita Prietto's treatment of these attractive ballads is always beguiling, and Bert Weedon's guitar has a restrained eloquence in accompaniment. Clean, intimate sound, with a little surface noise. No texts; no translations.

JOSH WHITE Josh at Midnight

St. James Infirmary: Raise a Ruckus: Scan-

dalize My Name: Jesus Gonna Make up my Dyin' Bed: Timber: Jelly. Jelly: One Meatball: Joshua Fit the Battle of Jericho: Don't Lie Buddy: Number Twelve Train: Peter: Takin' Names.

Josh White, singer, with Sam Gary, vocal. and Al Hall, bass.

ELEKTRA EKL 102. 12-in. \$5.95.

Of the recent plethora of Josh White releases, this is one of the better. Bright, clean sound and a first-rate array of blues and folk songs provide a luminous trame tor White's relaxed style. The singer follows his recent custom of singing several selections tandem - this time with Sam Gary. The practice tends to dissipate some of the songs' emotional intensity; and it seems a particularly dubious procedure here - at least from White's standpoint -for Gary's outstanding vocalization, especially in Jelly, Jelly, threatens to eclipse the star.



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TO CUT OFF one small area of small-group jazz and label it "Traditional New Orleans" is one of the easier ways to invite trouble. The center core of basic, traditional New Orleans jazz can probably be readily agreed upon. But once you leave that core, once the New Orleans tradition starts to fuse with other influences, once you move chronologically past the old, established New Orleans men, there is bound to be violent disagreement on where traditional New Orleans ends and something else begins.

Ideally, a discography on small-group jazz should include *all* small-group jazz, just as the Big Band discography [HIGH FIDELUTY, October 1955] included all big-band jazz, regardless of time, place, style, or previous servitude. But the number of small-group jazz LP disks is now so great that a reader would have to rent a derrick to lift a copy of this magazine if it attempted to cover them all. Consequently, we have whetted our editorial knife and, averting our eyes, hacked the body of small-group jazz disks into several reasonably wieldy chunks, of which this is the first.

For our present purposes, Traditional New Orleans small groups will be taken to mean the ensembles dominated by those musicians to whom the New Orleans style is native, even though other influences — usually Chicagoan — may be strongly at work in their groups (as on many of Sidney Bechet's Blue Note recordings). It will also include those younger New Orleanists who have grown up in the tradition but have picked up strong strains of foreign habits — George Girard and Thomas Jefferson, for instance. It will *not* include the out-of-town New Orleans revivalists — Lu Watters, the Dixieland Rhythm Kings, the English traditionalist bands, etc. — who have tried to reproduce the playing of some of the older New Orleans bands. They will be dealt with at another time.

So much for ground rules. As for the ground itself, New Orleans — needless to say — is home base for jazz. In the late nineteenth century, when the most elementary forms of jazz were taking shape, New Orleans was a gusty musical crossroads. European influences, primarily French, were there. Spanish rhythms blew in from the Caribbean. Soft, sensuous Creole tunes seeped in from the bayous. African rhythms pulsed in the blood and even the memories of the Negro population. There were marches, quadrilles, polkas, operatic arias, spirituals, work songs, and, finally, rags — all contributing a suggestion here, an idea there, until such Negro bands as the one led by King Buddy Bolden were playing an identifiable, individualistic music. These were all-purpose bands — marching bands by day to bury a man or advertise an affair, dancing bands by night — and often the same tunes served both purposes. They were ensemble bands; everybody played all the time, without long solos, and the cornetists were kings because they could soar out above the ensembles. The traditional trombone style was the huff and puff tailgate manner. The great school of New Orleans clarinetists espoused the mellow, liquid Creole style.

From these beginnings there developed the primary line of New Orleans tradition, a line which includes Kid Ory, King Oliver, Louis Armstrong, Johnny Dodds, Jimmie Noone, and Sidney Bechet. There was a second line to the tradition which grew from the efforts of white musicians to play the music they heard the Negroes playing. The theoretical starting point here is Papa Jack Laine, a drummer and band leader who is called The Father of White Jazz. From Laine's band and the Laine school came Tom Brown's Band from Dixieland, which first took this music to Chicago in 1915. Here it was, in attempted contempt, referred to as " 'jass.' And the next year another Laine-descended group, the Original Dixieland Jazz Band, scored a great success in New York with this new music and made the first jazz record. Still later, yet another group from the Laine School, the New Orleans Rhythm Kings, went to Chicago and fired the imaginations of the youngsters who were to become the developers of Chicago style jazz. But by that time King Oliver's Creole Jazz Band had reached Chicago too, and both white and Negro jazz began moving out of their elementary New Orleans stages to acquire the refinements that produced Chicago, Kansas City, and New York jazz.

But those are other stories. The disks listed below make up the New Orleans story.

TONY ALMERICO

Almerico, a trumpet player, leads a seasoned group of current Orleanists who have both polish and a bright, driving spirit. It is an excellent ensemble band with a suave, swinging clarinetist in Tony Costa. On two numbers Sam DeKemel makes unfortunate attempts to play jazz on a bugle.

—"Clambake on Bourbon St." СООК 1085. 10-in. 23 min. \$2.98.

LOUIS ARMSTRONG

Armstrong is, without doubt, the major

jazz figure of the first forty years of this century and is, by the same token, New Orleans' most important contribution to jazz. It was his creative genius and soaring talent which pulled small-group jazz out of the elementary pattern in which it was settling in the early Twenties, and his showmanship combined with his unflagging abilities as singer and trumpet player have made him a highly successful international ambassador for jazz and, incidentally, American culture.

Although he has never assumed the title, Armstrong is the last and greatest in

that line of New Orleans cornet players who were acknowledged to be "king" among their fellow instrumentalists, a line which included the legendary Buddy Bolden and Armstrong's sponsor and tutor, King Oliver. Armstrong was summoned to Chicago in 1922 to join Oliver's Creole Jazz Band as second cornet. His first records, made with Oliver, are the somewhat muffled products of acoustical recording, but two of the three Oliver selections on Riverside 12-101 have been engineered into surprising clarity. (More of Armstrong's work with Oliver's band will be



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found on Riverside 1029.) In 1924. Armstrong went to New York to join Fletcher Henderson's orchestra; while he was there, he cut several sides with a Clarence Williams group called the Red Onion Jazz Babies, heard on both River-side 12-101 and Brunswick BL 5800.4 (identical performances of Terrible Blues and Santa Claus Blues appear on both disks). Again the recording dulls the performances, but Armstrong frequently cuts through with brilliant solos. Of the other selections on Brunswick BL 58004, the most notable is Wild Man Blues, made up of two magnificent solos by Armstrong and clarinetist Johnny Dodds.

Armstrong's real stature in jazz began to be discernible with the appearance, in 1925 and 1926, of his first records under his own name, the famous Hot Five and Hot Seven series which continued until 1929, when he began working with big bands. A magnificent collection of recordings from this period make up the four volumes of "The Louis Armstrong Story," Columbia CL 851/54. The first three disks in this series, at the very least, are indispensable for any basic jazz collection, for they are loaded with the devices, perfected by Armstrong, that enabled jazz to swing freely and to rid itself of the limiting hallmarks of its ragtime heritage. Folkways FP 67 contains Knockin' a Jug. which is also included on Columbia CL 854, and Papa De-Da-Da by a Clarence Williams group similar to the Red Onion Jazz Babies. Jazz Lips, on Columbia JZ 1, is a Hot Five selection which is not in-

cluded in the "Armstrong Story" collection. From 1929 until 1946 Armstrong worked almost entirely with big bands. The small group selections on Victor LJM 1005, made in 1946 and 1947, mark his return to this form but are of slight interest except for the appearance of Jack Teagarden on three selections and Armstrong's expressive performance of Do You Know What It Means to Miss New Orleans. However, these were the first sreps toward the formation of the group with which Armstrong has been traveling all over the world for the past nine years with enormous success. This group, with Teagarden on trombone and Barney Bigard on clarinet, was taking definite shape when Armstrong played a New York Town Hall concert in April 1947, recorded on Victor LPT 7. A similar concert, held in Boston the following November, is reported at much greater length and with vastly better recording technique on Decca DX 108. This is easily the best of Armstrong's recorded concerts, done when the performances had a freshness that has been lost as they have been repeated and amplified over the succeeding years. The comparison is depressingly clear on Decca DL 8168 and DL 8169, which provide similar coverage of a 1955 concert.

Decca DL 5279 and DL 5280 are studio performances by the Armstrong group as it was a year or so after the Boston concert when Earl Hines had taken over the piano chair to give the ensemble a very literal "all star" quality. Although too much space on these disks is wasted on drum and bass solos, Armstrong, Teagarden, and Hines all contribute exemplary solo and ensemble work. Decca DL 5532 is made up of two selections from the film The Glenn Miller Story and three other pieces

which are partially hokum, partially jazz. Armstrong's best work on records in the Fifties (and the highest fidelity recording he has ever had) is contained on Columbia CL 591 and CL 708. On these collections of the works of W. C. Handy and Fats Waller, Armstrong plays with great warmth and perception and his singing is richly expressive. They are high points in his recording career, comparable, as examples of his matured style, to his youthful work with the Hot Five and Hot Seven. Ain't Misbehavin', on Columbia CL 777, is the same performance as rhe one on Columbia CL 708.

-"Young Louis Armstrong." RIVERSIDE

12-101. 12-in. 35 min. \$5.95. —"Jazz Classics." BRUNSWICK BL 58004. 10-in. 23 min. \$2.98.

-"The Louis Armstrong Story, Vol. 1." COLUMBIA CL 851. 12-in. 36 min. \$3.98. "The Louis Armstrong Story, Vol. 2." COLUMBIA CL 852. 12-in. 38 min. \$3.98. "The Louis Armstrong Story, Vol. 3." COLUMBIA CL 853. 12-in. 37 min. \$3.98. -"The Louis Armstrong Story, Vol. 4." Three small group selections; nine big band numbers. COLUMBIA CL 854. 12-in. 40 min. \$3.95.

-"Jazz, Vol. 7." Two Armstrong small group selections, plus performances by 12 other groups. FOLKWAYS FP 67. 12-in.

45 min. \$5.95. —"I Like Jazz." Jazz Lips, plus selections by 11 other groups. COLUMBIA JZ 1. 12-in, 37 min. 98¢.

-"Louis Armstrong Sings the Blues." Seven small group selections; five big band numbers. RCA VICTOR LJM 1005. 12-in. 36 min. \$3.98.

-"Town Hall Concert." RCA VICTOR LPT 7. 10-in. 26 min. \$2.98. --- "Satchmo at Symphony Hall." DECCA

DX 108. Two 12-in. 86 min. \$9.96. "At the Crescendo, Vol. 1." DECCA DL

8168. 12-in. 49 min. \$3.98. —"At the Crescendo, Vol. 2." DECCA DL

8169. 12-in. 45 min. \$3.98. —"New Orleans Days." DECCA DL 5279.

10-in. 24 min. \$2.98. —"Jazz Concert." DECCA DL 5280. 10-in.

26 min. \$2.98.

-"The Glenn Miller Story." DECCA DL 5532. 10-in. 23 min. \$2.98.

"Louis Armstrong Plays W. C. Handy." COLUMBIA CL 591. 12-in. 54 min. \$3.98. —"Satch Plays Fats." COLUMBIA CL 708. 12-in. 38 min. \$3.98. —"64,000 Jazz." Ain't Misbehavin', plus

selections by 11 other groups. COLUMBIA CL 777. 12-in. 39 min. \$3.98. (Also see COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 55, Folkways FP 57, Folkways FP 63.)

PAUL BARBARIN

Barbarin is one of the older generation of New Orleans jazzmen. He went to Chicago when he was seventeen, played with King Oliver and, much later, with Louis Armstrong's big band. He has been back in his home town since the early Forties, and the band he leads on the following disks is made up of local musicians (except for the addition of bassist Milt Hinton on Atlantic 1215). Most of the tunes they play come from the basic New Orleans repertoire and all of their work has a strong rhythmic flavor of the town. Barbarin is a drummer of sensitivity and taste and in John Brunious, trumpet,

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Lester Santiago, piano, and Danny Barker (Barbarin's nephew), banjo, he has some excellent sidemen. Atlantic 1215 is, technically, the best of the recordings and it is also the most varied, though the Jazztone and Concert Hall releases (the latter, except for one number, Hindustan, is made up of selections from the Jazztone disk) have some exciting displays of drive and spirit. The two Southland programs are identical and of only routine interest.

-"Paul Barbarin and His New Orleans Jazz." ATLANTIC 1215. 12-in. 48 min. \$3.98.

-"New Orleans Jamboree." JAZZTONE J 1205. 12-in. 47 min. By subscription. —"Crescent City Carnival." CONCERT HALL CHJ 1006. 10-in. 37 min. \$3.98. (Also see RAYMOND BURKE, Southland 203; JOHNNY ST. CYR, Southland 212.)

BASIN STREET SIX

Bright, crisp performances by a young New Orleans group which features one of the most stimulating members of the town's younger generation - Pete Fountain, an excellent clarinetist with the traditional New Orleans mellowness of tone. EmArcy MG 26012 and Mercury MG 25111 are identical, groove for groove, and are a shade better than Mercury MG 25160. -"Basin Street Six." EMARCY MG 26012.

10-in. 24 min. \$2.98. -"Basin Street Six." MERCURY MG

25111. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98. —"America's Music." MERCI 25160. 10-in. 23 min. \$2.98. MERCURY MG

SIDNEY BECHET

Bechet is one of the few New Orleans men whose playing is so completely personal that it can be confused with that of no one else. Bechet's florid style with its great, wide vibrato on both soprano saxophone and clarinet can be very expressive, but his creative range is limited and eventually his work becomes extremely repetitious; it has been particularly so since he has found a popular métier in the past fifteen or twenty years in a lushly soulful form of exposition. His playing on the New Orleans Feetwarmers records which he made for Victor in the early Thirties was mostly clean and exhilarating, without the overripeness of his later work. Unfortunately, only two of these recordings have found their way onto LP, Sweetie Dear on Victor LPT 22 and Maple Leaf Rag on Folkways FP 75 (see COLLECTIONS). The rest of Victor LPT 22 and all of "X" LVA 3024 are made up of in-and-out performances recorded in 1940 and 1941.

The bulk of Bechet's recording has been done for Blue Note with groups which, more often than not, have been top-heavy with Chicago men of varied skills. Through it all Bechet has remained consistently himself. Blue Note is now in the process of transferring most of its older Bechet material, previously released on ten-inch LPs, to well remastered twelveinch disks. All of the material on Blue Note 7002, 7003, and 7008 and most of the material on 7001, 7005, 7009, and 7014 has already been transferred in this improved form to Blue Note 1201, 1202, 1203, and 1204. Blue Note 7020 and

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7022 date from approximately the same time and are roughly comparable in quality and importance. Blue Note 7026 appears to contain Bechet's most recent American recordings in the Blue Note series (he has spent most of his time in France in recent years), and they are among his best as regards recording, accompanying group, and his own performance.



Sidney Bechet.

The Riverside, Savoy, Commodore, and Storvville disks are run-of-the-mill Bechet. On Atlantic 1206 he does some unusual and generally excellent duets with the Chicago cornetist, Muggsy Spanier, originally recorded in 1940 by the Hot Record Society, but his contributions to Atlantic ALS 140 are negligible. Stinson SLP 46 shows Bechet trying something different - rhumbas and meringues - without notable success.

Bechet's overseas recordings are capped by one of his most disciplined and exciting sets, Blue Note 7029, recorded at a Paris concert in 1954. Blue Note 7024 and 7025 also report French concerts, in 1952, but they are only intermittently compelling. Dial 301 is generally interesting, Dial 302 less so, while Atlantic ALS 118 is made up of solos in which Bechet's limited creative imagination becomes all too apparent.

-"Sidney Bechet." RCA VICTOR LPT 22. 10-in. 16 min. \$2.98.

-"Sidney Bechet and His New Orleans Feetwarmers, Vol. 1." "X" LVA 3024. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

-"Jazz Classics, Vol 1." BLUE NOTE 7002. 10-in. 25 min. \$4.00.

-"Jazz Classics, Vol. 2." BLUE NOTE 7003. 10-in. 26 min. \$4.00.

"Days Beyond Recall." BLUE NOTE 7008. 10 in. 23 min. \$4.00.

- "With Wild Bill Davison." BLUE NOTE

7001. 10-in. 23 min. \$4.00. ---"Hot Jazz at Blue Note." BLUE NOTE

7005. 10-in. 24 min. \$4.00. —"Blue Note Jazzmen." BLUE NOTE

7009. 10-in. 23 min. \$4.00. --"With Wild Bill Davison, Vol. 2."

BLUE NOTE 7014. 10-in. 24 min. \$4.00. —"Jazz Classics, Vol. 1." BLUE NOTE

1201. 12-in. 39 min. \$4.98. -"Jazz Classics, Vol. 2." BLUE NOTE

1202. 12-in. \$4.98. —"With Wild Bill Davison and Art BLUE NOTE 1203. 12-in. 36 Hodes." min. \$4.98.

-"With Wild Bill Davison and Art Hodes, Vol. 2." BLUE NOTE 1204. 12-in. \$4.98.

"The Fabulous Sidney Bechet." BLUE NOTE 7020. 10-in. 27 min. \$4.00. —"Sidney Bechet." BLUE NOTE 7022. —"Sidney Bechet." 10-in. 27 min. \$4.00.

-"Dixie by the Fabulous Sidney Bechet." BLUE NOTE 7026. 10-in. 25 min. \$4.00.

-"Sidney Bechet." RIVERSIDE 2516. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.98. —"Sidney Bechet." SA

RECORDS

SAVOY MG 15013. 10-in. 17 min. \$3.98.

-"New Orleans Styles, Old and New." Four selections by Bechet, four by Bob Wilber's Wildcats, COMMODORE FL 20,020, 10-in. 23 min. \$3.85.

—"Jazz at Storyville." STORYVILLE 902. 12-in. 42 min. \$3.98.

-"Bechet-Spanier Duets." ATLANTIC 1206, 12-in. 32 min. \$3.98.

-"Dixieland at Jazz, Ltd., Vol. 2." AT-LANTIC ALS 140. 10-in. 22 min. \$2.98. —"Sidney Bechet." STINSON SLP 46. 10-in. 16 min. \$3.00.

-"Olympic Concert, Paris, 1954." BLUE NOTE 7029. 10-in. 26 min. \$4.00.

-''Jazz Festival Concert, Paris, 1952. BLUE NOTE 7024. 10-in. 30 min. \$4.00.

BLUE NOTE 7025. 10-in. 30 min. \$4.00.

-"Sidney Bechet." DIAL 301 10-in. 23 min. \$4.00.

--- "Sidney Bechet with Wally Bishop's Orchestra." DIAL 302. 10-in. 25 min. \$4.00.

-"Sidney Bechet Solos." ATLANTIC ALS 118. 10-in. 21 min. \$2.98.

(Also see COLLECTIONS. Folkways FP 75.)

SHARKEY BONANO

A trumpet player who also sings at times in the raucous manner of Wingy Manone, Sharkey concentrates on sharp, spirited trumpet playing on the following disks. His colleagues are mostly New Orleans veterans. Both Capitol disks are well recorded, the Southland somewhat muddily. All three are punctuated by informal enthusiasm. Blues singer Lizzie Miles, shouting both French and English, is an added starter on Capitol T 367 and so is Buglin' Sam DeKemel.

-"Sharkey's Southern Comfort." CAPITOL T 266. 12-in. 31 min. \$3.98.

-"Midnight on Bourbon Street." CAPI-TOL T 367. 12-in. 31 min. \$3.98.

-"Sharkey and His Kings of Dixieland." SOUTHLAND 205. 10-in. 24 min. \$3.85. (Also see COLLECTIONS. Capitol H 321.)

GEORGE BRUNIS

Brunis, the trombonist of the New Orleans Rhythm Kings, is something of a New Orleans man out of water on Commodore FL 20,008, surrounded as he is by Chicago men (in two numbers he has the comforting presence of clarinetist Tony Parenti). The style, therefore, is much more Chicago than New Orleans, the Brunis trombone always excepted, but they are vigorous, vibrant performances (including his best-known creation, Ugly Chile) on which Brunis' helpers include Wild Bill Davison, cornet, Pee Wee Russell, clarinet, and George Wettling, drums. Southland 210 involves Brunis in more genuine New Orleans surroundings but the results are routine.

-"King of the Tailgate Trombone." COMMODORE FL 20,008. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.85.

(Also see PETE FOUNTAIN. Southland 210.)

TEDDY BUCKNER

Buckner, a New Orleanist by inclination

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HIGH FIDELITY Magazine The Publishing House Great Barrington, Mass. Please send me, by return mail, a copy of the HIGH FIDELITY RECORD ANNUAL — 1955. \$4.95 enclosed Sorry, no C.O.D.s NAME ADDRESS rather than birth, plays a clear, singing trumpet with an inventive urgency that makes one think of the young Armstrong. He and his group are in top form on this excellent disk.

---"Dixieland Jubilee." NORMAN 11. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

RAYMOND BURKE

Clarinetist Raymond Burke is one of the more individualistic of present-day New Orleans men. His phrasing has much of the wistfulness of Pee Wee Russell's; but instead of the squawks which characterize Russell's playing, Burke clothes his playing in a typically rich New Orleans tone. One of the two groups he leads on Southland 209 is made particularly interesting by the presence of Thomas Jefferson, a trumpet player and singer of great potential but erratic delivery. These selections are some of the best Jefferson has recorded. Burke's selections on Southland 203 are identical with four of his numbers on 209. Some of his most attractive work will be found on two disks by Johnny Wiggs, Paramount 107 and S/D 1001.

—"Raymond Burke and His New Orleans Jazz Band." SOUTHLAND 209, 10-in. 23 min. \$3,85.

—"Raymond Burke and His New Orleans Jazz Band." Four selections, plus four by Paul Barbarin and His New Orleans Jazz Band. SOUTHLAND 203. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.85.

PAPA CELESTIN

Four capably played selections largely given over to vocals by the venerable Celestin are to be heard on Southland 206, recorded shortly before bis death in 1954 at the age of seventy. Celestin, a spry relict of the earliest days of jazz, belies his age in both his singing and trumpet playing. —"Golden Wedding." SOUTHLAND 206. 10-in. 22 min. $S_3.85$.

BUJIE CENTOBIE

Centobie, a clarinetist in the standard New Orleans mellow tradition, ranges from fair to good in these generally able performances of predominantly New Orleans tunes by a group which leans toward Chicago in style.

"Dixieland Clambake." BLUE NOTE 7015. 10-in. 24 min. \$4.00.

JACK DELANEY

Delancy is a polished young trombonist whose admiration for Jack Teagarden is evident in his playing and particularly in his singing (which is no great shakes even as imitation). He leads two good groups on Southland 201 this four contributions to Southland 201 are all found on 214, too). One of these groups is sparked by Pete Fountain's excellent clarinet while the other group benefits from the presence of the veteran Lee Collins' pungent trumpet. The band on Cook 1181 is essentially the same as Tony Almerico's on Cook 1085 and has all of its suave merits.

—"Jack Delaney and His New Orleans Jazz Babies." SOUTHLAND 214. 12-in. 26 min. \$3.98.

—"Lizzy Miles." СООК 1181, 10-in. 23 min. \$2.98.

(Also see GEORGE GIRARD, Southland 201.)

SIDNEY DE PARIS

Sidney De Paris, like his brother Wilbur (see below), leans toward the New Or leans style — even though he was born in Indiana — and he prefers a group that can conjure up the New Orleans tradition. Blue Note 7016, which puts him in company with Jimmy Archey, trombone, Omer Simeon, clarinet, and Pops Foster, bass, is a solid, hard-driving sample of a happy De Paris group. There are more diverse influences at work on Blue Note 7007, but the music is spirited, particularly when pianist James P. Johnson is in evidence. — "Sidney De Paris and His Blue Note Stompers." BLUE NOTE 7016. 10-in. 24 min. \$4.00.

—"Jamming in Jazz." BLUE NOTE 7007 10-in. 25 min. \$4.00.

WILBUR DE PARIS

The theories of Jelly Roll Morton are carried on in highly developed form in the work of trombonist Wilbur De Paris' group. It has definite style and a strong sense of group feeling. The ensembles are beautifully integrated, performed with a zest and ease rarely heard in a group such as this. All four of these disks have merit; however, Atlantic 141 is, aside from the inevitable When the Saints Go Marching In, the most consistently stimulating. Recording on the Atlantics is uniformly good; there is considerable surface noise on the A-140.

-"New Orleans Jazz." ATLANTIC ALS 141. 10-in, 28 min. \$2.98.

- "New Orleans Jazz, Vol. 2." ATLANTIC ALS 143. 10-in. 21 min. \$2.98.

--"Wilbur De Paris and His New New Orleans Jazz." ATLANTIC 1219, 12-in 42 min. \$3.98.

—"New New Orleans Jazz." A-440 AJ 503. 10-in. 24 min. \$3.00.

JOHNNY DODDS

Dodds was a clarinetist with a rich, broad tone and a rather acid style who was completely in the New Orleans ensemble tradition. He did all of his recording in Chicago and absorbed some of the roughand-tumble characteristics of the Chicago school but never enough to obscure his musical origins. He was the clarinetist in Louis Armstrong's Hot Five and Hot Seven and can be heard at length on Columbia's reissues of these disks. When he first recorded with his own group, the personnel was almost the same as the Hot Seven, including Armstrong on cornet, Weary Blues and Neu Orleans Stomp on Brunswick BL 58016, with excellent Armstrong solos, are from this period. Once he started recording without Armstrong, Dodds took a more dominant and forceful role on his disks. This is suggested on the remaining selections on Brunswick BI 58016 and comes through clearly on "X" LX 3006, a well-recorded, hard-riding group of numbers dating from 1928 and 1929. Riverside 1002 and 1015 were recorded between 1926 and 1928 when Dodds played as a sideman with various groups. These collections are of varied quality. Brunswick BL 58046 shows both Dodds and Jimmie Noone, another outstanding clarinetist, in the mid-Thirties surrounded by musicians with whom in general they had little in common, trying

to re-create some of their old successes. Under the circumstances, both Dodds and Noone do pretty well.

-"King of New Orleans Clarinets, Vol. BRUNSWICK BL 58016. 10-in. 23 т.1 min. \$2.98.

-"Johnny Dodds' Washboard Band." "X" LX 3006. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98.

-"Johnny Dodds, Vol. 1." RIVERSIDE 1002. 10-in. 22 min. \$3.98.

—"Johnny Dodds, Vol. 2." RIVERSIDE

1015. 10-in. 23 min. \$3.98. —"Battle of Jazz, Vol. 8." Four selections by Dodds, plus four by Jimmie Noone. BRUNSWICK BL 58046. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

(Also see COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 59, Folkways FP 63, Folkways FP 75.)

NATTY DOMINIQUE

Dominique, a trumpet player with a thin, biting style, moved with jazz up the Mississippi from New Orleans to Chicago in the early Twenties and recorded frequently with Jelly Roll Morton's bands. He has been in semiretirement for many years. Both of the following disks are products of his later years. Windin' Ball 104 contains some pleasantly relaxed performances, sparked by the gutty trombone work of Chicagoan Floyd O'Brien. American Music 2 is largely a demonstration record illustrating Baby Dodds's drum technique.

-"Natty Dominique and His New Orleans Hot Six." Four selections by Dominique, plus four piano solos by Little Brother Montgomery, WINDIN' BALL 10.1. 10-in. 29 min. \$3.85.

- "Baby Dodds, No. 2." Two selections by Dominique, plus two by Baby Dodds and two by Art Hodes Trio. AMERICAN MUSIC 2. 10-in. 2.4 min. \$3.85

DUKES OF DIXIELAND

The Dukes are an erratic group of New Orleans youngsters capable of both the clean, spirited playing found on Vik LXA 1025 and the dull, heavy-handed listlessness on Epic LN 1110. Imperial 3005 hits something of a middle ground. Clarinetist Pete Fountain provides many of the best moments on the Vik disk, and he may well be the fine but unlisted clarinetist on the Imperial record. Leader Frankie Assunto plays a capable trumpet. The vocals are consistently awful.

VIK LXA -"At the Jazz Band Ball." 1025. 12-in. 47 min. \$3.98. ---"Dukes of Dixieland." EPIC LN 1110.

10-in. 15 min. \$1.98. -"Dixieland Jazz from New Orleans."

IMPERIAL 3005, 10-in. 20 min. \$3.85.

EUREKA BRASS BAND

A fascinating illustration of some of the dirges and stomps that traditionally accompany New Orleans funerals as played by one of the last remaining brass bands assembled for that purpose. There is a primitive splendor in some of the massed brass passages of the dirges and a beautiful serenity in the soulful solos. The recording, made outdoors, is limited in range. -"New Orleans Parade." PAX 9001. 12-in. 28 min. \$5.45.

IRVING FAZOLA

Fazola was the most polished of the generation of New Orleans clarinetists

JUNE 1956



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The Music Box MAIN STREET **GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.** that followed those men who are now well past fifty. He died young, at thirty-six, after reaching a peak of fame during two years with Bob Crosby's band. The eight selections repetitiously offered on these three disks (every selection on Mercury MG 25016 is included on EmArcy 36022 and Fazola's contribution to EmArcy Dem-2 is one of the same Mercury selections) were made toward the end of his career when he had returned to New Orleans to work with local groups. His colleagues are satisfactory, producing smooth, relaxed jazz and Fazola is, as ever, a source of easy, flowing authority.

-"Fazola." MERCURY MG 25016. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98.

'New Orleans Express." Eight selections by Fazola, four by George Hartman and his orchestra. EMARCY MG 36022. 12-in. 35 min. \$3.98.

"Jazz of Two Decades." Clarinet Marmalade, plus selections by twelve other groups. EMARCY Dem-2. 12-in. 45 min. 084.

PETE FOUNTAIN

There are few young musicians on the jazz scene, in New Orleans or elsewhere, who are as stimulating as Fountain, a clarinetist whose style and assurance brighten almost every disk on which he plays. The four selections by his own quartet on Southland 210 are no exceptions. His clarinet work is consistently imaginative and swinging; when he switches to tenor saxophone on Song of the Wanderer, he exhibits a driving, forceful style that suggests some of the more recent developments in jazz.

-"Pete Fountain and His Three Coins." Four selections by Fountain, four by George Brunis and His New Orleans All Stars. SOUTHLAND 210, 12-in. 21 min. \$3.98.

GEORGE GIRARD

Girard is another rising young star in present-day New Orleans. His trumpet work is based on that of the traditional horn men, but he has added a Jamesian touch (Harry James, that is) of sophistication which is perfectly suitable as long as he keeps it under control. Girard often skirts the edges of suitability in some of his show pieces, but his straightforward lead and solo work is almost always commendable. The group he leads on this disk is disciplined and responsive.

-"George Girard and His New Orleans Four selections by Girard, four by Five." Jack Delaney and His New Orleans Jazz Babies. SOUTHLAND 201. 10-in. 21 min. \$3.85.

GEORGE HARTMAN

This badly recorded, rough-surfaced disk does little justice to Hartman, a clean-lined, punching trumpet player. Hartman plays well here, as does his New Orleans clarinetist. Bujie Centobie, but the rest of his group, New Yorkers who are usually more than capable, provide little help in this instance. Four of these selections, with clearer surfaces, are included on a Fazola disk, EmArcy MG 36022.

—"New Orleans Jazz." MERCURY MG 25065. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98. (Also see IRVING FAZOLA, EmArcy

MG 36022.)

MONK HAZEI

(See SANTO PECORA, Southland 202.)

ARMAND HUG (See COLLECTIONS, Capitol H 321.)

BUNK IOHNSON

Johnson is the legend who came alive in the Forties. An almost forgotten New Orleans trumpet man of the generation before Armstrong, he was discovered in a small Louisiana town in 1938, equipped with new teeth and a new horn, and brought back to activity amidst much excited publicity. He was in his sixties, long out of practice, but he could still conjure up enough of his youthful self to make all the publicity seem reasonably valid. On these disks he comes through with an occasional poignant solo or some driving lead horn but for the most part his work is uncertain and hesirant. The recording granted him is often as clumsy as his playing (Good Time Jazz 17 is an exception). On none of these disks does Johnson play well consistently, though on Commodore DL 30,007 he does better, over-all, than on the others. All of the Johnson pieces on Jazztone J 1212 are taken from this Commodore disk and they are not by any means the best ones.

-"Bunk Johnson and the Yerba Buena Jazz Band." GOOD TIME JAZZ 17. 10in. 24 min. \$3.00.

—"Bunk Johnson's Jazz Band." Сом-MODORE DL 30,007. 12-in. 36 min. \$5.95.

--- "New Orleans Classics." Seven selections by Johnson, seven by George Lewis' Band. JAZZTONE J 1212. 12-in. 46 min. By subscription.

"Last Testament of a Great Jazzman." COLUMBIA GL 520. 12-in. 32 min. \$3.98. —"Great Trumpet Artists." When the Saints Go Marching In, plus selections by five other groups. RCA VICTOR LPT 26. 10-in. 19 min. \$2.98.

(Also see KID ORY, Riverside 1047; COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 57.)

RICHARD M. JONES

Jones was one of the prominent pianists in New Orleans before World War I. He then moved to Chicago with the jazz exodus from New Orleans and was active there as a player with a variety of groups and as a recording executive until his death in 1945. The two selections on Riverside 1017, made in 1928, are thinly recorded and somewhat static variants on the Armstrong Hot Five style. Pax 6010, taken from a 1944 date for the Session label, shows Jones leading a much more authoritative group, highlighted by some excellent clarinet playing by Darnell Howard. Punch Miller, a fine cornetist in the Armstrong tradition, is in good form on his two selections although his group suffers from flat recording.

-"Collectors Items, Vol. 1." Two selections by Jones, plus selections by three other groups. RivERSIDE 1017. 10-in. 23 min. \$3.98.

-"New Orleans Stylings." Four selections by Jones, two by Punch Miller's Stompers. PAX 6010. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.85.

IONES AND COLLINS ASTORIA HOT EIGHT (See COLLECTIONS, "X" LVA 3029.)

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

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FREDDIE KEPPARD

(See COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 63, Riverside 1005.)

FREDDIE KOHLMAN

These disks represent a strained extension of New Orleans music, given strength by such a valid veteran as clarinetist Willie Humphrey and as striking a newcomer as Thomas Jefferson, trumpet player and vocalist, but diluted and cheapened by some of the more reprehensible hangovers from the swing period — the screaming trumpet, the tedious riff, and the saloon keeper who wants to play with the band. Quentin Batiste has some good piano interludes on the M-G-M disks. The band frequently hits a swinging groove, hut they work in an aura of tastelessness. — "Jazz in New Orleans." M-G-M E 297.

—"Jazz in New Orleans." M-G-M E 297. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

—"Jazz Solos in New Orleans." M-G-M E 298. 10-in. 27 min. \$2.98.

— "Blowout at Mardi Gras." Соок 1084. 12-in. 43 min. \$4.98.

(Also see GEORGE LEWIS, Decca DL 5483.)

GEORGE LEWIS

Brought out of obscurity in 1942, when he was selected as the clarinetist for the band put together for the rediscovered Bunk Johnson, Lewis took over leadership of the band when Johnson died and has established it as the outstanding (and practically only) exponent of the relatively unsullied basic New Orleans style. It is one of the most widely recorded New Orleans groups, but much of the recording is decidedly low-fi. The band has developed an excellent group rapport over the years so that the ensemble work is usually bright, assured, and skillfully developed even though Lewis and trombonist Jim Robinson are the only individual musicians of consequence.

From the point of view of both recording values and performance, Blue Note 7027 and 7028 are easily the best of the Lewis disks. Programmatically, these disks are quite representative of the group, mixing blues, marches, spirituals, and standard tunes from the New Orleans repertoire. Both Delmar 105 and Jazz Man 331 are distinctly superior collections in which the band develops a fine, raucous, charging power on the fast numbers and Lewis' eloquent clariner is warmly expressive on the blues and spirituals.

Empirical 107 is an unusual departure for a jazz band — a performance at a vesper service at Holy Trinity Episcopal Church in Oxford, Ohio. The band concentrates on its rhythmic interpretation of spirituals, and even the slight restraint imposed by the surroundings fails to quench its energetic spirits. Recording is good.

One side each of Southland 208. Riverside 2507, and Riverside 2512 is devoted to Lewis with a rhythm section, exhihiting his rich, flowing clarinet style. Riverside 1058 is evidence of an attempt to reassemble a traditional New Orleans marching band, built around Lewis' personnel (see also the Eureka Brass Band, Pax 9001, in which Lewis plays). The effectiveness of the effort is diminished by muffled recording. The remaining two Blue Nores, 7010 and 7013, are rough and vigorous

.

performances played through noisy surfaces. Blue Note 7013 includes two excellent samples of Albert Nicholas' polished clarinet work. Lewis' band acquits itself well on Decca DL 5483, but half of the disk is devoted to largely dreary work by Freddie Kohlman's band. Disc Jockey 100 suggests the amount of energy that Lewis and his band expend at a concert; but it does little else, since the balance is so bad that only the banjo and drums are heard consistently.

— "George Lewis, Vol. 3." BLUE NOTE 7027. 10-in. 23 min. \$4.00.

--- "George Lewis, Vol. 4." BLUE NOTE 7028. 10-in. 23 min. \$4.00.

—"George Lewis' New Orleans Ragtime Band, Vol. 1." DELMAR 105. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.85.

— "George Lewis' Ragtime Band, Vol. 1." JAZZ MAN LJ 331, 10-in. 26 min. \$3.98. — "Spirituais in Ragtime." EMPIRICAL 107. 10-in. 30 min. \$3.98.

—''George Lewis and His New Orleans Rhythm Boys.'' SOUTHLAND 208. 10-in. 22 min. \$3.95.

--"New Orleans Jazz Band and Quartet." RIVERSIDE 2507, 10-in. 26 min. \$3.98. --"New Orleans All Stars and Quartet." RIVERSIDE 2512, 10-in. 29 min. \$3.98. --"Original Zenith Brass Band." RIVER-

SIDE 1058. 10-in. 17 min. \$3.98. — "Echoes of New Orleans." BLUE NOTE 7010. 10-in. 25 min. \$4.00.

"Echoes of New Orleans, Vol. 2." Four selections by Lewis, two by Albert Nicholas' Sexter and Quarter. BLUE NOTE 7013. 10-in. 24 min. \$4.00.

— "New Orleans Jazz Concert." Three selections by Lewis, plus four by Freddie Kohlman's Band. DECCA DL 5483. 10-in. 29 min. \$2-98.

-"Jass at Ohio Union." DISC JOCKEY 100. Two 12-in. 100 min. \$11.90.

100. Two 12-in. 100 min. \$11.90. (Also see BUNK JOHNSON, Jazztone J 1212; COLLECTIONS, Good Time Jazz 12005.)

WINGY MANONE

Manone is a relatively minor figure, better known as a singing comedian than as a trumpet player. He is capable of driving, meaningful trumpet work, however, as these disks occasionally attest. Brunswick BL 58011, attributed to the New Orleans Rhythm Kings, is nothing of the sortsimply a Manone group which includes one original member of the Rhythm Kings, trombonist George Brunis, and an excellent New Orleans clarinetist, Sidney Arodin. The performances are inexcusably sloppy. Riverside 1030, recorded in 1930, presents as valid a claim to jazz eminence as Manone can make as he drives a band of utter unknowns (Miff Frink, trombone, George Walters, clarinet, etc.) through some happy swinging numbers. One of these selections, Tar Paper Stomp, provided the riff for Glenn Miller's hit, In the Mood. Manone's single contribution to Victor LJM 1008 is rourine.

- "Dixieland Jazz." BRUNSWICK BL 58011. \$2.98.

--- "Dixieland Jazz." RIVERSIDE 1030. 10in. 18 min. \$3.98.

--- "Jazz for People Who Hate Jazz." Casey Jones, plus selections by 11 other groups. RCA VICTOR LJM 1008. 12-in. 37 min. \$3.98.

(Also see COLLECTIONS, Capitol H 239.)

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PAUL MARES

Mares, the trumpet player with the New Orleans Rhythm Kings in the early Twenties, made these sides in 1935 with a mixture of New Orleans and Chicago men. They are cohesive, often exciting performances with Mares playing an impeccable lead horn and clarinetist Omer Simeon and trombonist Santo Pecora contributing driving solos.

— "Chicago Style Jazz." Four selections by Mares, plus selections by four other groups. COLUMBIA CL 632. 12-in. 41 min. \$3.98.

(Also see COLLECTIONS, "X" LVA 3029.)

CHARLES A. MATSON

(See COLLECTIONS, Riverside 1005.)

PUNCH MILLER

(See RICHARD M. JONES, Pax 6010; COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 63, Brunswick BL 58026.)

SAM MORGAN

(See COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 75.)

JELLY ROLL MORTON

Morton was a flamboyant lone wolt all his life from his earliest days as a New Orleans pianist to his last, lonely years when he was asserting that he "invented jazz." Even now, years after his death, he is such a yeasty character that his stock in the jazz world rises and falls regularly.

The small-group records he left behind are thoroughly individualistic. He was able to impose his spare, oddly accented style and his robust personality on almost every group of musicians that he collected for a recording date. The best of his band recordings were the ones he made for Vicror between 1926 and 1929 - wonderfully deliberate, mannered, and driving performances, many of them gems of smallgroup jazz. The Vault Originals series on Records (now known as Vik) had 'X'' released two disks drawn from these Victor sessions and, chronologically, had reached mid-1927 when that project came to a halt — a temporary halt, one hopes. Vol. t in this series ("X" LX 3008) is excellent. Vol. 2 ("X" LVA 3028) almost as good despite a dreary, unMortonish presentation of Someday Sweetheart with a string section. Victor LPT 23, which repeats two of the selections in the "X" series (The Chant and Black Bottom Stomp, both on X" LX 3008) is probably the best single Morton band LP in existence.

Riverside 1027 is made up of various earlier Morton groups, poorly recorded but still marked by his personality. Commodore FL 20,018 contains his last records, a somewhat desperate attempt to hit the jukebox market but which produced at least one fine bit of Mortoniana, Su eet Substitute. This number and three others from the Commodore disk are included on Jazztone J 1211 along with ten solos by Morton.

"Jelly Roll Morton's Red Hot Peppers, Vol. 1." "X" LX 3008, 10-in, 26 min, \$2,98.

—"Jelly Roll Morton's Red Hot Peppers. Vol. 2." "X" LVA 3028. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

-"Jelly Roll Morton." RCA VICTOR LPT 23. 10-in. 18 min. \$2.98.

--- "Kings of Jazz." RIVERSIDE 1027. toin. 23 min. \$3.98.

— "Jelly Roll Morton." JAZZTONE J 1211 12-in. 39 min. By subscription.

(Also see COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 55, Folkways FP 57, Folkways FP 63, Folkways FP 75, Brunswick BL 58026.)

NEW ORLEANS BOOTBLACKS

(See COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 63.)

NEW ORLEANS RHYTHM KINGS

The New Orleans Rhythm Kings band was one of the primary connecting links between New Orleans jazz and the later Chicago jazz. This ensemble was also one of the two groups most responsible for establishing white New Orleans jazz in northern centers (the other being the Original Dixieland Jazz Band). Actually, the NORK was a blend of New Orleans and Chicago right from the start-the front line, Paul Mares, trumper, George Brunis, trombone, and Leon Rappolo, clarinet, were all New Orleanists, but the other members of the group were usually Northerners. Their performances are especially valued today, aside from historical interest, as the only available instances of the work of Rappolo, an apparently superb clarinetist who was committed to a mental home in 1925 and remained there until his death in 1943.

The recordings on these disks were made in 1922 and 1923 and have the acoustical hallmarks of those days. Despite this, the ensembles and the solo work of the front line keep bursting through the cloudy recording. Jelly Roll Morton takes over the piano chair on four selections on Riverside 12-102 but fails to shake the essential NORK style.

---"N.O.R.K." RIVERSIDE 12-102. 12-in. 35 min. \$4.98.

- "George Brunis with the New Orleans Rhythm Kings." RIVERSIDE 1024. 10-in. 21 min 53.98.

(Also see COLLECTIONS. Folkways FP 57, Folkways FP 65.)

NEW ORLEANS WANDERERS

(See COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 57.)

ALBERT NICHOLAS

A polished and genteel clarinetist with a warm, melodic style, Nicholas is the saving grace (along with trombonist Fernando Arbelo) of these erratic performances. When Nicholas or Arbelo is out front, the selections have a New Orleans feeling; unfortunarely. Rex Stewart, the nominal leader of the group and normally an excellent and thoroughly individual trumpet man, is completely out of his element. The two disks are identical.

---"Dixieland on Location." CONCERT HALL (11J 1202, 12-in, 53 min, \$3.98, ---"Dixieland Free-For-All." JAZZTONE J 1202, 12-in, 53 min, By subscription, (Also see GEORGE LEWIS, Blue Note 7013.)

JIMMIE NOONE

Noone provides the bridge between the New Orleans clarinet and the more recent cosmopolitan style exemplified by Benny Goodman. Though Noone was firmly in the tradition of New Orleans clarinetists, the groups he uses on these disks are made up of Chicago men. The blend, dominated by Noone, is light and lyric, particularly on Brunswick BL 58006, which contains Noone's best-known recordings.

—"Dean of Modern Hot Clarinetists." BRUNSWICK BL 58006. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98.

Gems of Jazz, Vol. 5." Four selections by Noone, plus selections by two other groups. DECCA DL 8043. 12-in. 35 min. \$3.98.

(Also see JOHNNY DODDS, Brunswick BL 58046.)

KING OLIVER

Oliver was one of the most important early figures of jazz, not only because of the talents that won him the title of "King" but also because of his powerful influence on the development of young Louis Armstrong. It was Oliver who brought Armstrong from New Orleans to Chicago in 1922 and installed him as second cornet in Oliver's Creole Jazz Band, widely considered the best band of its day. This was an ensemble band in the old New Orleans tradition. Some suggestion of its spirit and power - but only a suggestion --- comes through the acoustical (1923) recordings on Riverside 1029. The Brunswick BL 58020 selections are dated 1926, 1927, and 1928. The recording quality is much better than the Riverside and permits a clearer impression of Oliver's playing-strong, positive, and dark-toned. The four 1926 numbers on this disk have a lot of bite but the later recordings show the Oliver band going down hill.

The "X" disk is the work of studio bands in 1929. Reputedly, Oliver (who was losing his teeth) had to assign the trumpet solos to others on these recordings, though this has been questioned on the basis that Oliver's is the only trumpet listed on the file sheets for these dates. Be that as it may, there are some fine trumpet passages on this disk (quite in the tradition of Oliver's rich, warm style) along with some feeble ones. The pertormances in general are sound and cohesive, often more in the Harlem tradition than in that of New Orleans.

--- "Louis Armstrong with King Oliver's Creole Jazz Band." RIVERSIDE 1029. 10in. 21 min. \$3.98.

—"King Oliver, Vol. 1." ВRUNSWH К ВЕ 58020. 10-in. 2.4 min. \$2.98.

--- "King Oliver's Uptown Jazz." "X" LVA 3018. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

(Also see LOUIS ARMSTRONG, Riverside 12-101; COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 55, Folkways FP 57, Folkways FP 63, Folkways FP 65, Riverside 1005, Brunswick BL 58026.)

ORIGINAL DIXIELAND JAZZ BAND

The first jazz record ever made was the work of the Original Dixieland Jazz Band. The date was Feb. 24 or 26, 1917. The tune, *Livery Stable Blues*, is one of the selections on "X" 1.X 300⁻⁷, all of which were recorded in 1017 and 1918. The ODJB was also the first band to make New York aware of jazz. Possibly the group's most lasting claim to fame is the amazing number of contributions it made to what has become the basic repertoire of today's Dixieland bands. Every number

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HIGH FIDELITY Magazine Depl. R17 Publishing House Great Barrington, Mass. Enclosed find Please send me a copy of: 1954 Index NAME ADDRESS No C.O.D's, please on the "X" disk, which includes Tiger Rag. Clarinet Marmalade, Sensation, and Original Dixieland One-Step, is now a standard; and they were all written by one or another member of the ODJB. The band's style derived from the white New Orleans school of Papa Jack Laine, built on marches and ragtime. Today their playing seems jagged and angular, lacking the smooth qualities of the Negro jazz of New Orleans, though Larry Shields showed much of the traditional New Orleans fluidity in his clarinet work. Considering the age of the recordings, the "X" disk is remarkably clear and well-defined.

The band heard on Commodore FL 20,003 is a 1947 attempt by Brad Gowans, an ODJB enthusiast, to revive the band around two of the original members, trombonist Eddie Edwards and drummer Tony Sbarbaro. Edwards' trombone is a tower of strength and the ensemble playing is full of vitality, but it's a far cry from the sound of the original ODJB — which may be just as well.

"The Original Dixieland Jazz Band, Vol.
I." "X" LX 3007. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98.
"Eddie Edwards and His Original Dixieland Jazz Band." COMMODORE FL 20,003.
to-in. 23 min. \$3.85.

ORIGINAL TUXEDO JAZZ ORCHES-TRA

(See COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 55.)

KID ORY

At sixty-nine, Ory — a trombonist of the huff-puff and dark, drawling smear school — is now the oldest of the active New Orleans band leaders. He has had two successful careers in jazz. His New Orleans band (1911-1919) included some of the greatest of the New Orleans greats — King Oliver, Louis Armstrong, Johnny Dodds, Sidney Bechet, Jimmie Noone. In the Twenties, in Chicago, he played with Oliver and was the trombonist in Louis Armstrong's Hot Five. He spent the Thirties in California as a chicken farmer, returning to music in 1942. By 1945 he was leading a band again and made his first records as a leader since 1921 (see Folkways FP 75).

These first 1945 efforts are understandably stiff. Jazz Man LJ 332-X and Good Time Jazz 10 and 11 are saved largely by the clarinerists, respectively Joe Darensbourg, Omer Simeon, and Darnell Howard. By 1947, when the selections on Riverside 1047 were done on a radio broadcast, the band had shaken down, Ory had his old assurance, and the uncertain Papa Mutt Carey had been replaced on trumpet by Andrew Blakeney. The tour Bunk Johnson selections included on this disk are sad samples of recording.

Some of Ory's best recorded performances — certainly his liveliest work since moving back onto the jazz scene — were made in 1949 for a Dixieland Jubilee concert on Decca DL 7022. In 1953 Ory's band made an auspicious debut in high fidelity recording on Good Time Jazz 21, highlighted by a superb performance of *Creale Love Call* and some cracked, gasping, but feelingly phrased vocals by Ory. The two subsequent annual reports on Ory (Good Time Jazz 12004 and 12008) show a band with increasingly hardened arteries. There is a show of spirit and vigor on 12,004 and a fine sample of Don Ewell's ragtime style on *Maple Leaf* Rag, but 12,008 is largely heavy, plodding music.

—"Kid Ory's Creole Band." Four selections by Ory, plus four by Johnny Wittwer's Trio. JAZZ MAN LJ 332-X. 10-in. 24 min. \$3.95.

—"Kid Ory's Creole Jazz Band, 1944/45, Vol. 1." GOOD TIME JAZZ 10. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.00.

—"Kid Ory's Creole Jazz Band, 1944/45, Vol. 2." GOOD TIME JAZZ 11. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.00.

—"New Orleans Revival." Four selections by Ory, plus four by Bunk Johnson's New Orleans Band. RIVERSIDE 1047. 10-in. 28 min. \$3.95.

— "Dixieland Jubilee." Four selections by Ory, plus selections by two other groups. DECCA DL 7022. 10-in. 24 min. \$2.98. — "Kid Ory's Creole Jazz Band, 1953." GOOD TIME JAZZ 21. 10-in. 25 min. \$3.00.

—"Kid Ory's Creole Jazz Band, 1954." GOOD TIME JAZZ 12,004. 12-in. 47 min. \$4.85.

—"Kid Ory's Creole Jazz Band, 1955." GOOD TIME JAZZ 12,008. 12-in. 41 min. \$4.85.

(Also see COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 75, Good Time Jazz 12,005.)

TONY PARENTI

Parenti, a New Orleans contemporary of Louis Armstrong, has been active in the Northern jazz scene for the last thirty years with jazz groups, commercial bands, and in studio work, yet is still relatively little known. He is a very able, schooled clarinetist who plays with New Orleans warmth. However, none of the groups he plays with on these disks is essentially New Orleans in style. On Jazzology J-1 he has the help of trombonist Jimmy Archey and bassist Pops Foster, and they manage to infuse the playing with some New Orleans feeling, particularly on Blues for Faz. Chicago's Bill Davison is in exceptionally fine form on this disk. Parenti's southern confreres on Kingsway KL 700 are Bobby Thomas, trombone, and Danny Barker, banjo, both from Paul Barbarin's band. The playing by this group is erratic; Parenti contributes most of the better moments. Jazztone J 1215 and Concert Hall CHJ 1215 (identical disks) are even more uneven with Parenti once more the steady element.

--- "Tony Parenti's New Orleanians." JAZZOLOGY J-1. 12-in. 32 min. \$5.95. -- "New Orleans Shufflers." KINGSWAY KL 700. 12-in. 46 min. \$3.00.

KL 700. 12-in. 46 min. \$3.00. — "Happy Jazz." JAZZTONE J 1215. 12in. 46 min. By subscription.

SANTO PECORA

Pecora is a trombonist in the great New Orleans tailgate tradition, full-toned, rugged, and dominating. He is well recorded with a good group on Southland 213. On Clef 123 he is as strong-voiced as ever but his band is less capable. Southland 202 is the least satisfactory of his three disks. Half of the latter disk is given over to a heavy-toned group led by drummer Monk Hazel.

-"Santo and His New Orleans Rhythm

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

Kings." SOUTHLAND 213. 12-in. 33 min. \$3.98.

-- "Santo Pecora Collates." CLEF MG C-123. 10-in. 25 min. \$2.98.

—"Santo and His New Orleans Rhythm Kings." Four selections by Pecora, four by Monk Hazel's New Orleans Music. SOUTHLAND 202. 10-in. 24 min. \$3.85.

KID RENA

These recordings, made in 1940 by Heywood Hale Broun, were the first attempt to put on record the work of the older generation of New Orleans jazzmen. Rena, a trumpet player, and Alphonse Picou and Big Eye Louis Nelson, both clarinetists, are legendary figures of New Orleans jazz but they were well past their prime and out of practice when these badly balanced, thin recordings were made. They have value as historical documents, but beyond that they are feeble jazz performances.

"Kid Rena's Delta Jazz Band." RIVER-SIDE 1060. 10-in. 26 min. \$3.95. (Also see COLLECTIONS, Folkways FP 57.)

JOHNNY ST. CYR

St. Cyr, banjoist in Louis Armstrong's Hot Five, leads a rough group through routine, recently recorded performances. Even the best of the soloists, trumpet man Thomas Jefferson, has a hard time working against St. Cyr's elementary plucking. The Paul Barbarin selections on this disk are identical with those on Southland 203. —"Johnny St. Cyr and His Hot Five." Four selections by St. Cyr, plus four by Paul Barbarin's Jazz Band. SOUTHLAND 212. 10-in. 24 min. \$3.85.

OMER SIMEON

Simeon is one of the most finished of the New Orleans clarinetists, a musician who can go well beyond the limitations of many of the other clarinetists of that school. Playing in trios on both of these disks, he is equally at home with James P. Johnson's striding piano on Pax 6006 and Sam Price's heavily accented Kansas City piano style on Concert Hall CHJ 1014. The Concert Hall disk affords him the greater scope with its several adaptations of Creole themes, a couple of standard blues, and a grear, soaring version of Bill Bailey.

-"Jazz Duplex." Four selections by Simeon, plus four by Pops Foster's Big

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ZUTTY SINGLETON

(See COLLECTIONS, Capitol H 239.)

JOHNNY WIGGS

Johnny Wiggs is a relatively unheralded veteran of the New Orleans jazz scene. Re-



Kid Ory.

cordings made by one of his groups in 1927 (John Hyman's Bayou Stompers) will be found on "X" LVA 3029 (see Collections). From 1931 until recently he taught mechanical drawing in the New Orleans school system, playing only infrequently until after World War 11. The disks below all represent his postwar work. Paramount 107 and S/D 1001, both involving the same quartet, have a delightfully casual, relaxed, after-hours feeling with several apt vocals by Dr. Edmond Souchon, a jazz-striken surgeon who also plays guitar. Wiggs, whose playing is a cross between Armstrong and Beiderbecke influences, is occasionally uncertain on these disks, but clarinetist Raymond Burke is suave and wistful in his full-toned fashion. Sherwood Magiapane is the group's capable bassist.

Southland 200 is made up of easygoing treatments of several standards, some of which (*Tiger Rag*, for instance) are usually done in a more frantic manner. Tom Brown, leader of the first white jazz band to travel beyond New Orleans (to Chicago in 1915), proves that he is still an effective trombonist while Wiggs and clarinetist Harry Shields are in excellent form. Tempo MMT 2084, designed as a tribute to Papa Jack Laine, offers substantially the same group as is heard on Southland 200 in workmanlike runthroughs of some traditional and not so traditional material. Half of the eight selections on Commodore FL 20,030 are so badly recorded as to be worthless. The remaining four selections show more recording skill but only moderate inspiration on the part of the musicians.

—''Johnny Wiggs' New Orleanians.'' PARA-MOUNT 107. 10-in. 23 min. \$3.85.

—''Wiggs-Burke Big 4.'' S/D 1001. 10-in. 26 min. \$3.85.

— "Johnny Wiggs' New Orleans Kings." SOUTHLAND 200. 10-in. 23 min. \$3.85. — "Papa Laine's Children." ТЕМРО МТТ 2084. 12-in. 41 min. \$5.07.

—''Johnny Wiggs and His New Orleans Band.'' COMMODORE FL 20,030. 10-in. 28 min. \$3.85.

(Also see COLLECTIONS, "X" LVA 3029.)

CLARENCE WILLIAMS

Although Williams is a New Orleans native and was once a piano player at Lulu White's Mahogany Hall, he has done most of his work in New York and any stylistic inclinations he may have are Northern. The New Orleans aspect of this disk is the possible presence of King Oliver on trumpet. If it is Oliver, these are less notable instances of his work. Recording is tubby.

—"Clarence Williams and His Orchestra Featuring King Oliver and/or Ed Allen." RIVERSIDE 1033. 10-in. 23 min. \$3.95.

BERNIE YOUNG

(See COLLECTIONS, Riverside 1005.)

COLLECTIONS

There are relatively few collections of New Orleans jazz in which several performers are Of this represented on a single disk. limited selection, only three or possibly four have real merit. Easily the best, and most broadly representative, is the disk titled "New Orleans," Volume 3 of Folkways' eleven-disk review of recorded jazz, a series made up almost entirely of dubbings (FOLKWAYS FL 57; 12-in.; 41 min.; \$5.95). This contains topnotch performances, recorded in the Twenties, by some of the classic New Orleans men and groups -Armstrong, Oliver, Morton, Johnny Dodds, the New Orleans Rhythm Kings - as well as more recent but scarcely comparable recordings by Kid Rena and Bunk Johnson. Several of the selections are unavailable on any other LP: the New Orleans Wanderers' wonderfully poignant Perdido Street Blues (on

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which George Mitchell's cornet is so Armstrong-like that it was thought to be Armstrong himself for many years), Jelly Roll Morton's lovely *Mournful Seconde*, and Johnny Dodds's biting *Heab Me Talkin' To* Ya, as well as Bunk Johnson's *Down by the River* and King Oliver's *Higb Society*.

Several other disks in this Folkways series contain some New Orleans jazz, though none have quite the same combination of quantity and quality. Volume 5, "Chicago No. 1" (FOLKWAYS FP 63; 12-in.; 42 min.: \$5.95) includes an excellent Oliver version of Sugarfoot Stomp, a graceful piece by the New Orleans Bootblacks (the same group as the New Orleans Wanderers in Volume 3, above), two lesser Morton and Armstrong pieces, and superior efforts (duplicated on other LPs) by Johnny Dodds, Jimmie Noone, and Punch Miller. Volume 2, "The Blues' (FOLKWAYS FP 55; 12-in.; 39 min.; \$5.95). offers the only LP appearance anywhere of the Original Tuxedo Jazz Orchestra, a fine ensemble group whose trumpet men were Kid Shots Madison and Papa Celestin, along with Jelly Roll Morton's magnificent trio version of Mr. Jelly Lord, King Oliver's sturdy Working Man's Blues, and Armstrong's deeply felt I'm Not Rough. On Volume 11, "Addenda" (FOLKWAYS FP 75; 12-in.: 43 min.; \$5.95). New Orleans is represented by a scratchy reproduction of Kid Ory's 1921 recording of Ory's Creole Trombone, a 1923 appearance of George Lewis' excellent trombonist, Jim Robinson, with Sam Morgan's otherwise unheralded band, Sidney Bechet's hard-driving exuberance on Maph Leaf Rag. and Jelly Roll Morton's amusing Kansas Cat) Stomps. The only items pertinent to this discography in Volume 6, "Chicago, No. 2 (FOLKWAYS FP 65; 12-in.; 40 min.; \$5.95) are two versions of Sweet Lorin' Man by Oliver and the New Orleans Rhythm Kings which contribute to the prestige of neither.

Oliver and Morton are both represented ON "Riverboat Jazz" (BRUNSWICK BL 58.026; 10-in.; 24 min.; \$2.98), but the star of the disk is the relatively unknown Punch Miller, an Armstrong-styled trumpet player and singer, who is featured on four selections with groups led by Jimmy Wade and Albert Wynn. He vitalizes all his numbers and, especially on Parkway Stomp, sets an exuberant, driving pace. Morton's two numbers (Mr. Jelly Lord; Midnight Mama) are typically Morton instrumentally but quite atypical on the vocals, sung by a girl instead of the master. Oliver's playing of Snag It on this disk is slightly different from his version on Brunswick BI. 58020.



"New Orleans Styles" ("X" LVA 3029; 10-in.; 24 min.; \$2.98) is made up of performances by three groups, of which the New Orleans Rhythm Kings is the only one that is widely known. However, this is a 1925 version of the NORK when all the original members but Paul Mares, trumpet, had left. Despite the installation of Santo Pecora on trombone, the two numbers on this disk are only a pale reflection of the original Rhythm Kings. The other groups, the Jones and Collins Astoria Hot Eight and John Hyman's Bayou Stompers, are infinitely superior. The Hot Eight is an admirable strutting, stomping band, sparked by Lee Collins' pungent trumpet and Sidney Arodin's liquid clarinet. The Stompers' John Hyman, better known today as Johnny Wiggs, had a hearty, zestful band backing his spirited cornet when he made his two contributions to this disk in 1927.

Three of King Oliver's pace-setting performances of the early Twenties and two of Freddie Keppard's best-known works, Stock Yards Strut and Salty Dog, are the commendable features of "New Orleans Horns" (RIVERSIDE 1005; 10-in.; 25 min.; \$3.98). Keppard was one of the great New Orleans cornetists who might be better known if his contentious nature had not led him to spurn most recording offers because of his fear that his "stuff" would be stolen by others. His "stuff" was certainly good, and it comes through these acoustical recordings with reasonable clarity. The disk is burdened by uninspired performances by Charles A Matson's Cteole Serenaders and a merely passable bit of work by Bernie Young's . Creole Jazz Band.

The bands of two veterans of the New Orleans scene, George Lewis and Kid Ory, are heard in adequate performances of some of their standard material on "Jazz Band Ball" (GOOD TIME JAZZ 12,005; 12-in.; 48 min.; \$3.98), which also includes selections by Turk Murphy and Pete Daily and their bands. There are eight bands reptesented on "Dixieland Stylists" (CAPITOL H 321; 10-in.; 22 min.; \$1.98), but only those led by Armand Hug and Sharkey Bonano are full-blooded New Orleans groups. They turn out sound, typical performances Hug's with more than the usual amount of piano, Bonano's with a raucous merriment. Wingy Manone, another New Orleans man, is buried beneath hybrid influences in a band led by Eddie Miller. Manone finds himself in much the same position with "The Solid South" (CAPITOL H 239; 10-in.; 23 min.; \$1.98). New Orleans gets short shrift in this "history," for, aside from Manone, Barney Bigard's mellow but limited Creole clarinet (featured in two selections by Zutty Singleton's Trio) is the only evidence it offets of New Orleans jazz.

In 1954 several of the current generation of New Orleans stars traveled to Los Angeles to play at the annual Dixieland Jubilee concert there. The portions of the concert recorded on "New Orleans All Stars" (NOR-MAN 13; 12-in.; 44 min.; S3.98) indicate that the trip was a mistake. Clarinetist Raymond Burke and trombonist Jack Delaney play with some measure of consistent skill, but George Girard, trumpet, Johnny St. Cyr, banjo, and Buglin' Sam DeKemel range from the pedestrian to the painful.

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by R. D. Darrell

"WHAT IS NEEDED, and just how does one begin, to explore the world of recorded tapes?"

Well, the requirements are fairly substantial, for they include money, a willingness to expend not only it but also some time and effort, and the possession - or purchase - of either a tape recorder or playback-only equipment. But given these (and after all, you weren't fazed by comparable demands when you first yearned for music on disks), the beginning itself is relatively easy. The logical steps are: a preliminary survey of the available repertory and its accessibility; a check of the suitability of your present or projected playback means, and intensive listeningstudy of several releases expressly chosen both to display the characteristic attractions of tape recordings and to form the nucleus of a truly rewarding tape library.

r. For the survey, you need only 25¢ for the current issue of the comprehensive *Harrison Catalogue of Recorded Tapes* (as useful in this field as Schwann's catalogue is in that of LPs). Determining the accessibility of tapes for purchase may be more of a problem, for comparatively few dealers yet carry fully representative stocks, although tape manufacturers are now energetically working out better distribution facilities. Luckily, however, tapes may be ordered, either via your regular dealer or directly from the manufacturers, without the occasional disk-risk of receiving an unsatisfactory copy or one damaged by previous playings.

2. The essential equipment feature to be checked is the capability of playing 2-track 7.5-ips tapes with correct head alignment and equalization for the standard Ampex or NARTB playback characteristic. (Since this column is primarily concerned with more-or-less "serious" music, 3.75-ips tapes, best suited to speech and background materials, will not be discussed here.) Most recent-model tape recorders, at least ourside the lowest price range, and all playback-only models are properly equalized. With some older or low-cost recorders, it may be necessary to have the playback preamp circuit revamped, although with good, versatile tone controls elsewhere in the system, faulty equalization generally can be brought approximately into line, at least as a temporary makeshift.

The best check means is an Ampex 5563-A5 Standard Alignment Tape, which even at its high price (\$12) is a definite necessity for any maintenance-conscious rape deck hand. For others, fair enough checks can be made with one of the "sampler" tapes (especially Omegatape D-1) or with a tape of some recording you already own and know well in its LP version. If the tape's frequency balance differs markedly from that of the disk (and particularly if the high end is either shrill or weak), you must strongly suspect your present equalization and/or head align-

ment. If you can't correct the fault easily yourself, put in a call to your maintenance man.

Some of the inexpensive "demonstrationsampler" tapes also qualify as useful first - investigatory - purchases. Of these I have heard Berkshire's H-1 (\$1.50) with excerpts from its series of Haydn Society recordings; Omegatape's D-1, D-3, and D-5 (\$2 each) illustrating the Alphatape and Jazztape as well as Omegatape series; and Phonotapes-Sonore's PM-1 (\$1.98) with excerpts from its series of Vox, other recordings. Philharmonia, and (There are many others, as well, on which I hope to report later.) None of these is really satisfactory for listening, since the selections are tantalizingly short, but they provide valuable clues both to the performance of your playback facilities and to the complete-work tapes you are most likely to want. Omegatape's D-1 is especially useful in that it (alone among the "sam-plers" I know so far) includes a "Tape Recorder Test Track."

3. Then at last you can safely turn to complete works on tape, choosing them according to your special interests, knowledge of the LP versions (if any), and possibly by reference to the following reviews — which, it is only fair to warn in advance, are largely devoted (this month only) to tapes deliberately selected for a combination of musical and technical qualities likely to alert you to the charms, powers, and rewards of the new world of sound on tape.

(Next month, a discussion and first reviews of that world's most exciting attraction: stereo sound. But meanwhile, I strongly suggest that, if you are contemplating purchase of tape equipment for the first time, and especially of playback gear only, you seriously ponder the desirability of starting with a stereo system if at all possible. For such a system is of course also capable of playing standard 2-(unrelated)-track tapes, whereas a singlechannel system is limited to these alone and generally is not easily adaptable to stereo.)

Note: All tapes reviewed, unless otherwise noted, are 2-track, 7-5 ips as standard today for serious, musically minded tapeophiles as double-sided $33\sqrt{3}$ -rpm microgroove disks are for phonophiles. The specified reel sizes (7 in. and 5 in.) are roughly comparable to 12-in. and 10-in. LPs in playing time, although of course individual tapes—like disks—vary considerably in the amount of material actually included,

BACH

Cantatas: No. 51, Janchzet Gott; No. 209, Non sa che sia dolore

Teresa Stich-Randall, soprano; Vienna

2207 Lyndale Ave. So. • Minneapolis, Minnesota

PORT DIVISION: 26 Warren Street, New Yark City 7, New York Cable: SIMONTRICE, NEW YORK (All Codes) State Opera Orchestra, Anton Heiller, cond. A-V TAPE LIBRARIES AV 1038. 7-in. \$10.95.

If you nourish the delusion that tape is suited best or only to "background" music and non-participating listening, this jubilant No. 51 (above all its ecstatic final Alleluia) and endearingly lyrical Italian Cantata, No. 209, will electrifyingly jolt you out of it. In his July 1955 review of the LP version (Bach Guild-Vanguard BG 546), Nathan Broder justly noted some imbalance between obbligato trumpet and solo soprano in the first aria of No. 51. but I must confess that Helmut Wobisch's bravura playing and ringing tone are so exciting to me that I can't regret their partially obscuring the vocal line and text. Anyway, Miss Stich-Randall convincingly demonstrates her own skill and tonal purity in other passages, and the recorded performances throughout are surcharged with irresistibly infectious vitality.

BACH

- Toccatas and Fugues: in D minor, BWV 565; in E, BWV 566; in F major, BWV 540
- Prelude and Fugue in E-flat major. BWV 552; Toccata in D minor ("Dorian"), BWV 538; Toccata, Adagio, and Fugue in C major. BWV 564; Canzona in D minor, BWV 588; Alla Breve in D major, BWV 589

Carl Weinrich, organ.

SONOTAPE SW 1011 and SW 5002. Two 7-in. \$7.95 and \$11.95 respectively.

Westminster's taptutous claims for the recording potentialities of the Church of Our Lady organ in Skänninge, Sweden, no longer strike me as extravagant after hearing these two tapes, which reveal the first completely felicitous marriage I know between the vivid tonal spectra of authentic baroque stops and modern sonic power and flexibility. Moreover, the acoustic environment seems ideal - with enough reverberation to provide the characteristic spaciousness of a church performance, yet not so much as to blur intricately woven textures. There are sure to be listeners for whom many timbres here will seem strangely "raw," and perhaps some for whom Weinrich's readings may seem unduly metronomic or lacking in conventional expressiveness. But even they hardly can remain unresponsive to the tremendous drive and novel lack of ponderousness in the usually overdramatized Toccata and Fugue in D minor. While others, who have long cherished Weinrich's Bach interpretations in spite of the wretched recording he has been given in the past, now can exult in hearing him in the most thrilling, best balanced, and most profoundly satisfying organ recordings I, for one, have ever encountered. For just one of many aural marvels, listen particularly to the pedal-points in the F major Toccata (or Prelude as it is more commonly known)! (Some, but not all, of the works played here have been released in LP versions, on Westminster W-LAB 7023 and WN 18148, which - as of April - have not yet been reviewed in these pages.)

CHOPIN

Twenty-four Etudes, Op. 10. Op. 25 Guiomar Novaes, piano.

JUNE 1956

PHONOTAPES-SONORE PM 119. 7-in. \$8.95.

My mind says this is not the way to play most of these Studies; my heart and ears indignantly demand, Who cares about occasional muddling or miniaturization when we are bewitched by such lyric warmth and truly singing plano tone? In any case, no properly definitive version of all 24 Etudes has yet appeared and Novaes', for all its digital and formal flaws, is by far the most sensuously gratifying. Strangely, the Vox LP versions (PL 9070, April 1955, and PL 7560 of 1952) never have been coupled on a single disk, so the present tape has a special value even above its freedom from surface noise and its right-inthe-room piano reproduction - superb in Op. 10 and tonally only a shade less fullblooded, but no less ingratiating, in the older recording of Op. 25.

GREGORIAN CHANT

Roger Wagner Chorale, unaccompanied. OMEGATAPE OT 8003. 7-in. \$10.95.

Granted that the male voices of the popular West Coast choral group are hardly masters of the Solesmes tradition, and that a larger ensemble, recorded less closely and in a more expansive acoustic environment, might approach more nearly the ideal in plainchant reproduction these 13 chants and 8 Introirs in 8 Modes are otherwise sung and recorded with wholly admirable fervor, straightforwardness, and clarity, thankfully without the too frequently heard but always inexcusable "support" of an organ. No less im-portantly, the velvety background of tape reproduction enhances the atmospheric magic of the music itself as no disk possibly could - although, to be sure, I haven't heard the LP versions (Gregorian Institute LAY 106 and LL 111), unreviewed in these pages, or anywhere else to my knowledge.

RAVEL

Bolero; Alborado del gracioso; Pavane pour une Infante défunte; La Valse; Rapsodie espagnole

Orchestre Radio-Symphonique de Paris. René Leibowitz, cond.

PHONOTAPES-SONORE PM 107. 7-in. \$8.95.

As I noted last month, one of the most delightful first rewards of my tape adventures was replacing my dirty (if not worn) LP of this Ravel program (Vox PL 8150, Jan.-Feb. 1954) with a tape less easily subject, if not impervious, to deterioration. But, except perhaps for the Alborado and Parane, Leibowitz's way with the music itself still strikes me as uninspired, while the recording --- ultra-sensational only a few years ago - has since been out-sensationalized. Under microaural comparison, the (clean) disk version retains a slight superiority in high-end crispness; the tape wins by an equally narrow margin in the mid and low ranges and in over-all sonic balance. And the tape enjoys an advantage that well may appeal to audiophiles dubious about the abilities of their pickups (and the diskproducer's lateral equalization) to cope

Continued on next page



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Audio Division of American Electronics, Inc. 655 West Washington Blvd., Los Angeles 15, Calif. 100 INDUSTRIAL PEQUIPERENTS CONSULT RECORDATA DIVISION with inner-groove distortion susceptibility. The two tape tracks add up to almost an hour of music, yet of course the end of each track is as clear and easy listening as the beginning.

STRAVINSKY Petrouchka

Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra of London, Hermann Scherchen, cond. SONOTAPE SW 1019. 7-in. \$7.95.

The one real technical weakness of 7.5-ips tapes 1 have observed so far is the tendency of the high end to lose something of the crispness and "bite" of the very best disks (at least when the latter are new, with unmarred surfaces and grooves). It isn't exactly distortion as we usually recognize it, but a kind of dulling of the edges of steep-fronted transients, probably mainly in the duplicating process, and of course it doesn't show up in piano or chamber music, or indeed in anything but ultra-brilliant modern orchestral works. But that it is not inevitable is conclusively demonstrated in the present release.

Scherchen's *Petrouchka* has been generally acclaimed the best to date on disks (Westminster W-LAB 7011, Feb. 1956) so there's no need to argue the merits of his reading, which although individual is completely free from the mannerisms that have marred some of his other performances. But much as I like conductor and orchestra here, the more novel and even more exciting triumphs are those of the recorders and processors, who not only achieve perfect tonal balances and clarity throughout the wide sonic spectrum Stravinsky demands, but are equally magisterial in coping with both extremes of the expanded dynamic range exploitable on tape. Even the most overwhelming climaxes here are scarcely more impressive in one way than — in another — the superbly clean planissimos of say the bass drum or solo wind instruments.

SPOTLIGHT ON PERCUSSION

Arnold Goldberg and Kenny Clark, percussion. Al Collins, narrator. PHONOTAPES-SONORE PM 115. 7-in. \$8.95.

Perhaps it's because I know the disk version (Vox bL 180, Oct. 1955) so well, and was present at one of the original recording sessions, that I'm able to detect - in close comparisons only - some rounding-off of the steepest wave-fronts here. But I doubt whether I'd be conscious of it otherwise, and certainly the mid-range reproduction and the extreme lows are if anything slightly better than in even an immaculate LP pressing. The accompanying notes have been cut down (I note with some regret, for I wrote them) from fifteen to six text pages, but at that this is the first booklet I've found with recorded-tape releases, many of which --- outside the Phonotapes-Sonore and Sonotape series, among the scattering of tape manufacturers represented this month - are issued entirely without annotations. Here, surely, is one aspect of "packaging" where tape makers would be well advised to profit by the example of their disk colleagues.



JOSH WHITE ANNIVERSARY RE-CITAL

A-V TAPE LIBRARIES AV 851. --in. \$10.95.

Any Josh White fan who has missed the LPs of this twenty-fifth anniversary program (Elektra 701, Sept. 1955) featuring an extended "Story of John Henry," or who wants to bring the balladeer into his living room even more realistically than via disks, will relish the present tape and what is perhaps the most effective "close-up" recording of a singer 1 have ever heard. Altogether apart from the performances themselves, which now sometimes approach a virtuoso slickness hardly in keeping with the folk materials, this is a recorded demonstration of sonic "presence" in excelsis.

REEL MUSIC NOTES

ALPHATAPE: *High Fidelit*, Jazz displays in short but lively measure the Hollywood All-Stars. Jack Teagarden's, and four other bands in stimulating if not especially "open" recordings (AT 1, 5-in., \$3.95).

BEL CANTO: The Best of Billy Butterfield in an ear-opening example of extremely brilliant, open recording of vivacious performances, some with enthusiastic collegeaudience participation (501, 5-in., price not stated).

JAZZTAPE: If I'm old-fashioned in my jazz tastes, that's an explanation only, not an apology, for my delight in Kid Ory's Creole Band blues performances, many of them starring the doughty Lizzie Miles, only routinely recorded but (for me) superbly played and sung (JT 4008, 5-in., \$6.95). On the other hand, Scene West, with Herbie Harper and Bob Gordon's Quintet, sends me only in its livelier moments (JT 1001, 7-in., \$9.95); and The Guitar of Oscar Moore leaves me cold except for Mike Pacheco's bongo drumming (JT 1002, 7-in., \$9.95). Moreover this last tape has been recorded in unduly bottom-heavy fashion.

OMEGATAPE: High Fidelity Showpreces, Vol. 1. is hi-fi recording (in London's Kingsway Hall) all right, with Dave Goodwyn's piano and the percussion section of the London Pro Musica Orchestra admirably captured, but Sheldon Burton's performances, spirited in an Offenbach *Can-Can* and graceful if unidiomatic in the *Rhapsody in Blue*, are strictly "Pops" routine in the Second Hungarian Rhapsody and Hymn to the Sun (OT 5011, 5-in., \$6.95).

PENTRON: A light tape (in length as well as music) especially notable for its scintillating sound qualities, as well as for Larry Paige's toe-tickling *Show Pops* selections (RT 400, 5-in., \$3,50).

PHONOTAPES-SONORE: The Holiday in Naples airs by Gianni Monese's Orchestra impress me mainly by first-rate recording of typical Neapolitan performances novel only by their inclusion of timpani as well as mandolins. But apparently I've missed some special appeal which has made the LP version (Vox 25030) something of a best-seller (PM 109, 7-in., \$8.95).

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

YOU DON'T GAMBLE WHEN YOU PLAY FIVE ACES



A

THE ELECTROSONIC CARTRIDGE MODEL C-1 "CONCERT" \$35.95

The ESL C-1 passes technical tests with unmatched ease, but its true glory is best apparent to the ear. Listen to string choirs, and hear how smooth and open they sound Listen to instruments in the midrange and hear the clarity and separation of individual timbres in the mass. Listen to bass response; the gutty sound of lower strings, and the tight "skin" sound of drums. Above all, listen for the sense of effortlessness and "silk" over the entire range. This is the way a cartridge should sound. 201M transformer \$11 A



THE PEDERSON "PARAGON" AFM-2 AM-FM TUNER

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MARK II

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nower

amplifier

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BTTD

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We don't want to be too cute about this, but it is obvious that the best asset of any merchant is the confi-dence of his customers... and that the only way to get and keep this confidence is to offer dependable products and services.

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Incidentally, we do carry all sorts of ... but not all of equipment in stock

it achieves "family" status. Those items receiving our full approval will be advertised on these pages. We hope this will prove a service to you in choosing your equipment with con-

B-207A 583.85 Here is a two-way system, with one of the

A

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MEASURING INSTRUMENTS & APPARATUS



133 WEST 14TH STREET NEW YORK 11, N. Y. • OREGON 5-7820

January 16, 1956

Gentlemen:

GARR/

World's Finest MODEL 301

"the Professional" transcription turntable

3 Stock machines selected at random!

We have tested the three Garrard Model 301 Turntables which the undersigned selected at random from sealed unopened cartons in your warehouse stock. These three bore the following serial numbers: 867. 937, 3019. We used a standard Model WB-301 mounting base without modification, a Leak tone arm fitted with their LP cartridge, and a complete Leak preamplifier and power amplifier, model TL/10.

Pickup and amplifier system conformed in response to the RIAA-new AES-new NARTB curve within \pm 1 db.

Standards referred to below are sections of the latest edition, National Association of Radio & Television Broadcasters Recording and Reproducing Standards.

Our conclusions are as follows:

Turntable Speed

Turntable easily adjusted to exact speed!

WOW less than NARTB specifications! Measurements were made in accordance with NARTB specification 1.05.01, using a stroboscope disc. In every case, speed could be adjusted to be in compliance with section 1.05, i.e. within 0.3%. In fact, it could easily be adjusted to be exactly correct.

Wow

Measurements were made at 33-1/3 rpm in accordance with NARTB specification 1.11, which calls for not over 0.20% deviation.

Garrard Serial No.	0
867	.17
937	.13
3019	.12

These values substantially agreed with those given on Garrard's individual test sheets which are included with each motor.

Rumble

Rumble less than most professional recording turntables!

Measurements were made in accordance with sections 1.12 and 1.12.01, using a 10 to 250 cps band pass filter, and a VU meter for indication. Attenuation was the specified 12 db per octave above 500 cps and 6 db per octave below 10 cps. Speed was 33-1/3 rpm.

* Mr. C. J. LeBel

President of the Audio Instrument Co., Inc.; Chairman of one of the groups which prepared the NARTB Standards; Founding member of the Audio Engineering Society, past president; Member of the Acoustical Society of America.

Audio Instrument Co., Inc., makers of special high caliber test equipment for use in laboratory measurements.

Garrard 301 has been designed to provide the professional user and quality enthusiast with a unit supreme in its class—truly the world's finest transcription turntable for home use! At \$89.00, this machine has proven its performance equal to units three to





A quality-endorsed product of the B.I.C. Group.

to those seeking finest results in a transcription turntable!

* TESTED: for performance by Audio Instrument Company, Inc., an independent laboratory.

RESULTS: Garrard Model 301 tested even better than most professional disc recording turntables...sets a new standard for transcription machines! Read Mr. LeBel's report below

<u>Signal to Rumble Ratio,</u> <u>Using Reference Velocity of 7 cm/sec at 500 cps</u>

This reference velocity corresponds to the NARTB value of 1.4 cm/sec at 100 cps.

Garrard Serial No.	DB
867	52
937	49
3019	49

The results shown are all better than the 35 db broadcast reproducing turntable minimum set by NARTB section 1.12. In fact they are better than most professional disc recording turntables.

Signal to Rumble Ratio,

Using Reference	Velocity	<u>of</u>	20	cm/sec	at	<u>500</u>	cps
Garrard Serial No.						DB	
867						61	
937						58	
3019						58	

We include this second table to facilitate comparison because some turntable manufacturers have used their own non-standard reference velocity of 20 cm/sec, at an unstated frequency. If this 20 cm/sec were taken at 100 cps instead, we would add an additional 23.1 db to the figures just above. This would then show serial number 867 to be 84.1 db.

It will be seen from the above that no rumble figures are meaningful unless related to the reference velocity and the reference frequency. Furthermore, as stated in NARTB specification 1.12.01, results depend on the equalizer and pickup characteristics, as well as on the turntable itself. Thus, it is further necessary to indicate, as we have done, the components used in making the test. For example, a preamplifier with extremely poor low frequency response would appear to wipe out all rumble and lead to the erroneous conclusion that the turntable is better than it actually is. One other factor to consider is the method by which the turntable is mounted when the test is made. That is why our tests were made on an ordinary mounting base available to the consumer.

Very truly yours,

AUDIO INSTRUMENT COMPANY, INC.

C. J. Jekel

C. J. LeBel

CJL:ds



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Write for your complimentary copy "B.I.C. High Fidelity Plan Book," a useful aid in setting up any home music system.



Address U.S.A. Inquiries to Dept. GF-26:

Port Washington, N. Y.

Inquiries regarding other territories to: Garrard Engineering & Mfg. Co., Ltd., Swindon, Wiltshire, England



Rumble: checked by

official NARTB standard

-52 db.!

method (--35 db, min.)

Rumble: checked by Manufacturer B's methods —84.1 db.!

Of greatest importance! Always consider these vital factors to evaluate any manufacturer's claim.

TESTED IN THE HOME

Continued from preceding page

usual way for minimum hum interference.

The Proctor control unit receives its operating voltages from the main amplifier chassis, and is ingeniously arranged so that it can be used either as a conventional remote-control unit at the end of a long cable or can be plugged right into the main chassis and bolted in place, so the whole thing may be installed as a single unit.

Sound-wise, the Pye system is quite clean and smooth, with very good definition throughout its range.

This is an excellent preamplifier and amplifier for use with reasonably efficient speaket systems. It isn't a roof-raiser, but its over-all cleanliness and definition on all types of program material make it an excellent system for those who know livemusic sound. - J. G. H.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: The equalization curve for the EUR-78 position meets the curcent British specification for 78-rpm standard-groove recordings, which requires 10.5 db of rolloff and 400-cycle hass turnover. In fact, major British re-cording companies have used this curve for some time prior to its publication. The phone compensators were deliberately de-signed to limit the input to the preamplifier, so that with the gain set near to maximum. the drive is never sufficient to force the amplifier above its rated distortion value. Thus we welcome the judgment that "it isn't a roof raiser..., but an ex-cellent system for those who know live-music sound." This was our design intention.

Fisher PR-6 Preamplifier

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): a compact. self-powered preamplifier-equalizer for use with a magnetic phono cartridge, basic tape re-corder chassis, or high-impedance microphone. In-puts: two; one for magnetic phono, and one for tape playback head or (with wiring modification) microphone. Frequency response: ± 2 db, 20 to 20. 000 cycles on all functions. Gair: 40 db. phono chan-nel; 46 db. tape channel; 60 db, microphone chan-nel; 46 db. tape channel; 70 db below 1 volt output on microphone. Control: Tape-Phono selector switch. Equelization: bass turnover 500 cycles on Phono: 1.600 on Tape: rolloff determined by cart-ridge loading resistor. Output: low impedance, to high impedance input. Tubes: 6SC7: selenium restifier. Dimensions: 3% in. deep by 3 5/8 wide y 3 5/8 high over all. Price; \$10.95 MANU. FACTURER: Fisher Radio Corporation, 21-21 48th Drive, Long Island City 1, N. Y.

Much as we may hate to admit it, there are many music lovers who would like to purchase high fidelity systems for their homes but are frightened away by visions of the high cost of hi-fi. Numbers of these hesitant souls are even more upset about the fact that "going hi-fi" would mean scrapping their \$500 console radios which have given such fine service for so many years.

One way, though, for these people to effect a tremendous improvement in their existing phonographs at negligible cost is by simply replacing the old crystal cartridge with a magnetic one, and adding a preamplifier.

The Fisher PR-6 is ideal fot such a conversion, as it requires only a 110-volt AC connection and has standard input and output plugs and receptacles on it. It can be mounted inside a console cabinet, and the existing phono connection into the radio chassis can in most cases be plugged directly into the PR-6. Its output plug would then go into the vacant radio chassis receptacle. AC could be supplied to the PR-6 by clipping off the AC plug and tying the leads across those going to the phono motor.

An additional convenience of the PR-6 is the second input connection, which can be used for tape playback directly from the head of a tape deck. A slight wiring modification also allows this tape channel to be used as a preamplifier, without equalization, for a high-impedance microphone.

The PR-6 has a switch located on the chassis for selecting either magnetic phono operation of tape playback. The switch, besides selecting inputs, also changes the low-frequency equalization to suit the input source. For instance, the phono position supplies the 500-cycle bass turnover to match the RIAA playback curve and to approximate closely the LP curve. In the Tape position, it changes the turnover frequency to 1,600 cycles, which is close to the calculated ideal equalization for many pre-recorded tapes.

Treble rolloff, to compensate for the high boost in LP records, is supplied by the fixed loading tesistor at the input to the preamplifier. Fisher's tecommended values for Pickering and GE cartridges give a close approximation to the RIAA treble curve, but suitable values for other cartridges would have to be worked out by the user on an empirical basis. Also, a cartridge of very low impedance, such as the Electro-Sonic or Fairchild, would have to be used with an input matching transformer, otherwise the resistive loading on the input would not provide adequate rolloff.

I was very surprised to see that Fisher did not list distortion in the specifications for the PR-6. The unit I tested produced (on our workbench test equipment) less than 0.2 per cent intermodulation at 1 volt output, which is lower than that from many commercially available high fidelity control units

Apart from the lack of equalization flexibility, which is typical of any preamplifier costing as little as the PR-6, I was disappointed only in that this unit didn't aspire to higher ambitions. Its hum, noise, and distortion levels are low enough to compete favorably with more expensive preamplifiers, so I would hesitate to recommend it merely as an interim unit for converting lo-fi consoles to hi-fi use. It could be equally applicable to better-quality systems which at present lack provision for a magnetic phono input. Of course, lack of flexible equalization is some consideration with a good system, but the benefits of low distortion and



The PR-6 tape and disk preamplifier.

full equalization down to 40 cycles from records are both highly attractive features from any point of view.

For what its obvious intention is, the PR-6 can be wholeheartedly recommended as an excellent means of appreciably improving an existing console radio or phonograph, and permitting its use with pre-recorded tapes in conjunction with a tape playback chassis. - J. G. H.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: The absence of adjustable equalization is of less importance today because of the almost universal use of the RIAA curve by the record manufactures. The Fisher PR-6 incorporates the RIAA curve.

Audiogersh Miraphon XM-110A Manual Player

DESCRIPTION (furnished by manufacturer): a three speed turntable and arm assembly. Speeds: 33 1/3, 45, 78 rpm. Motor: four-pole induction, 115 volt, 60 cycle. Automatic shutoff: velocity-trip actuated. 60 cycle. Automatic shutoffi velocity-trip actuated. Stylus force adjustment: knurled screw and counter-weight spring. Pickup erm: molded plastic with plug-in cartridge shell. Dimensions: base plate 12½ in. long by 10½ wide. 2½ in. required above base plate. 2½ in. required below base plate. Supplied with 45-rpm centre adaptor. AC cord and plug, and phono lead terminated by RETMA plug. Price: \$37.50. DISTRIBUTOR: Audiogersh Corpora-tion, 23 Park PL, New York 7, N Y.

The earlier model of this player, the XM-110, was reported in this department in



The XM-110A on its mounting base.

January 1955, and many of the same comments apply to this unit.

The current Miraphon model XM-110A performs much better than we have come to expect from manual record players.

Supplied as a unit, mounted on four short legs and equipped with AC cord and pickup lead and plug, it is ready to use as soon as the pickup cartridge has been installed. The plug-in cartridge shell accepts any standard-mounting cartridge, and fits the arm snugly, without any tendency to flop around in its socket. A knurled thumb screw under the arm controls stylus force over a wide range.

The Miraphon's speed selector switch has five positions, the extra two being neutral settings which disengage the drive idler from the motor. The speed selector switch does not control the motor itself, though. An AC switch actuated by the pickup arm turns the motor on and off, which means that playing a record on the Miraphon properly involves two simple but very necessary procedures.

To start the unit, the speed selector is turned from neutral (marked o) to the desired speed, and the arm is lifted and swung to the right until a click is heard. After the turntable has made one full revolution, the arm is placed on the record as usual. At the end of the side, a velocity trip mechanism shuts the unit off, or it may be stopped by lifting the arm and moving it toward the center of the turntable.

But there's the thing to watch out for. Turning the Miraphon off does not disen-

Continued on page ()8



You're the Sultan...with 70 watts in your harem

Our impressionable friend is high on his Persian carpet...transported by Scheherazade and the princely new Bogen D070 power amplifier. Small wonder, with 70 pure watts at his fingertips. If you are frustrated with plebeian equipment, add the Bogen D070 to your hi-fi harem. It's magnific...but why not read the astounding spec's for yourself:

NEW ROGEN D070-70 WATT AMPLIFIER (RIGHT): The finest amplifier we've ever manufactured (and, we think, the finest on the market). 70 watts at less than 0.5% distortion, with undistorted peaks of 300 words? Calibrated Power Quiput Indicator; Light Indicator for positive adjustment of exclusive Bogen Variable Damping Factor Circait (pat, pend.); Built-in Speaker Selector Switch permits separate or simultaneous use of two speaker systems, \$129,50 in Mahagang-or-Blonde-pinish metal enclosure, For horizontal or vertical mounting.

New Horden R710 FM-AM TUNER AND PREAMPLI-FIER: FM Response, \pm 0.5 db from 15 to 15,000 que; FM Sensitivity, 2.5 microwolts for 50 db quitting, Prenump \pm 0.5 db from 10 to 60,000 que, with distortion under 0.2% at rated output. Controls: new calibrated "Zero-In" Tuning Meters 5-position Record Equalizer; topat Selector Switch, Dual Concentric Tone Controls; Separate Loudness Contour Schetur; Separate cut-off 2-position filter switches, Inputs for phono, topa, other program sources, R110 Chassis, \$159.50, Mathematical relations or Blande-finish metal enclosure, \$5,50. Become a high fidelity Sultan, Hear these two units at your favorite Scund Salon tomorrow. And remember to send 25e for our 3rd edition of "Understanding High Fidelity" to Dept. WF, David Bogen Comany, Inc., 29 Ninth Avenue, New York 14, N. Y.



TESTED IN THE HOME

Continued from page 96

gage the drive idler. To do this, the speed selector switch must be returned to a neutral position. Also, disengaging the idler by itself will stop the turntable, but the motor will continue to run unless the arm's shutoff switch is actuated first.

Since this unit has a very low rumble level, it is important that the user remember to disengage the drive idler after shutting off the motor. Failure to return the speed selector to a neutral position when the unit is being turned off for any period of time may result in idler flats, and the rumble level will increase.

I've had the opportunity to examine two of these units; the one that was submitted for TITHing, and another that an associate of mine purchased recently by mail. Both units proved to have free-moving atm bearings, very low rumble, and excellent speed regulation.

But be careful to avoid cartridges that exhibit strong magnetic fields toward the turntable. The Miraphon is normally supplied with a steel turntable (brass turntable is available on special order) which will attract these pickups, considerably increasing stylus force when the pickup is on a record, and the addition of a turntable mat will simply raise the arm level to a point where it rilts the cartridge to one side, with attendant groove destruction.

The Miraphon isn't a substitute for a transcription turntable and arm in a topquality system . . . it isn't meant to be. But it is certainly a first-class unit of its kind, with no apologies needed for any aspect of its performance. --- J.G.H.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: The rubber drive wheel on the Miraphon XM-110A is made of a specially developed neoprene, which under ex-haustive tests does not develop "flats." If at any time it is necessary to replace the rubber on the drive wheel, this is lifted off in a matter of seconds and replaced like a rubber drive wheel snaps. The Miracord XA-100 changer and Miraphon XM-110A have identical chansis, so the same base and motor board may be used for either unit.

Fisher 80-R Tuner

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): a compact, FM-AM tuner of maximum sensitivity, with separate AM and FM tuning meters. Sensitivity: 3 microvolts for 20 db of quieting on 300-ohm antenna input. Frequency response: FM. \pm 1 db from 20 to 20,000 cps; AM. \pm 2 db to 7.500 cps. Built-in 10 KC whistle filter. Dimensions: 12% in. wide by 8% deep, less knobs. by 4 high. Price: \$169.50; cabinet \$17.95 extra. MANUFACTURER: Fisher Radio Corp., 21-25 44th Drive. Long Island City 1, N. Y. SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer):

The 50-R, predecessor of the 80-R, was first advertised in HIGH FIDELITY in its May-June 1953 issue; a TITH report on the unit appeared in the September-October issue of that year. At the time of its introduction, the 50-R was an outstanding unit, doubtless the best then available. Without recourse to laboratory measurements, I would hesitate to say whether my 50-R - the one tested in 1953 - has been significantly surpassed, except in detail, even today.

In detail, the new 80-R is an improvement. It is more compact. It is sleeker looking. It has two tuning meters instead of a single tuning eye. One meter indicates AM signal strength, and the other is a center-of-channel meter for FM. (Fisher's FM-80, an FM-only job, has both a center-of-channel tuning meter and a signal-strength meter; in addition, it is even more compact. Electrically, the FM-80 and the 80-R have indentical FM sections and characteristics.)

In the 50-R, AFC was variable, with the control on the back of the chassis; it could be switched in or out by changing the selector switch position. On the 80-R, AFC is also variable but the control is on the front of the panel (the smaller of the left-hand concentric knobs). The selector switch has six positions: AM



The 80-R tuner in mahogany cabinet.

BROAD, AM SHARP. FM, and three highlevel input channels for a TV set, tape recorder, or what have you.

Like the 50-R, the 80-R is blessed with a logging scale numbered from 0 to 100; really a must except in sparse FM areas. Certainly it is needed on both Coasts.

There is no front-of-panel volume control on the 80-R. The level control is on the rear apron of the chassis and is intended to be adjusted at the time of installation. Output is at low impedance (cathode follower).

So . . . two years and more have passed. and the exceptional 50-R has yielded to the more modern and compact 80-R. ----- C.F.

University Tiny-Mite, Senior, and Master Speaker Systems

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): three-way rear-horn-loaded speaker systems. TIMY-MITE — Frequency response: to 15,000 cycles. Im-pedance: 8 ohms. Power copacity: 25 watts pro-gram. Crossover frequencies: 1,000 and 5,000 cycles. Cobinet Finishes: cherry or blonde mahogany. Dimensions: 193/gin. high by 15 wide by 124/ deep. Price: \$75.75. SENIOR — Frequency responte: 40 cycles to inaudibility. Impedonce: 8 ohms. Power capacity: 30 watts program. Crossover frequencies: 700 and 5,000 cycles. Crossover network: LC type with continuously variable: Brilliance" and "Pres-ence" controls. Cobinet finishes: cherry or blonde mahogany. Dimensions: 30 in. high by 21½ wide by 155/ deep. Price: \$177.00. MASTER — Frequency response: 30 cycles to inaudibility. Impedonces 8 ohms. Power capacity: 50 watts integrated pro-gram. Crossover frequencies: 700 and 5,000 cycles. Cobinet finishes: Cherry or blonde mahogany. Dimensions: 37 in. high by 28 wide by 19¼ deep. Price: \$275.00. MANUFACTURER: University Loud-speakers. Inc., 80 South Kensico Ave., White Plains. N. Y. speakers, Inc., 80 South Kensico Ave., Plains, N. Y. White

It is becoming increasingly evident to many critical listeners that it isn't enough just to use an excellent loudspeaker in an equally good enclosure; the units must, with but a few exceptions, he designed and made to match each other.

For this reason, and also probably because

it is fat too easy for an inexpetienced high fidelity enthusiast to make a mistake when choosing components himself, we have seen more and more integrated speaket systems appeat on the matket duting the past few years.

These three integrated systems from University ate attractively cabineted in very solidly constructed enclosutes. The "Tiny-Mite" system, which is the lowest-priced of these models, contains an 8-inch ttiaxial speaker mounted in a specially designed corner-horn type enclosure.

The "Senior" and "Master" are also threeway systems, but ate mounted in much larger enclosures and incorporate separate driver units to cover the low, middle, and high-frequency ranges. Both of these systems are equipped with University's "Acoustic Baton" controls, which allow the user to accentuate or suppress the brass and string sections of the reproduced orchestra by depressing or boosting the presence and overtone ranges. Both systems use the HF-206 compression-type super-tweeter, but differ in the type of mid-range and low-frequency drivers. The "Senior," for instance, uses a 4408 mid-range driver and C12W 12-inch woofer, while the larger "Master" system contains a 4409 mid-range and a C15W 15-inch woofer.

All three systems utilize the same rearloaded woofer horn design, which brings the back-of-cone pressure out through an opening beneath the front panel of the enclosure, thus minimizing the critical roomcorner bass augmentation effects which are used to extend the low range in some other



The Master three-way speaker system.

enclosures. The systems may, as a result, be used equally well in a corner or mid-wall location.

Sound-wise, the greatest immediately noticeable difference between these systems is at the low end, where the larger enclosures of course produce deeper bass.

The "Tiny-Mite" is an ideal speaker for those who demand the ultimate in presence, although it is simply too brilliant for my taste. The "Acoustic Baton" controls on the "Senior" and "Master" systems permit a very wide variation in the middle and upper range response, so I was able to get balance from them which was much closer to the flat response I prefer. With these settings, both systems produced impressive

Continued on page 100

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

HIGH-FIDELITY TURNTABLES



Professional performance standards combined with maximum simplicity of operation. Beauti-fully machined 12" or 16" cast aluminum turnfully machined 12" or 16" cast aluminum turn-tables for super-smooth, rumble-free operation. Choice of heavy-duty four-pole motor or hysteresis synchronous motor to meet all re-quirements in speed accuracy. Three-idler drive system with interchangeable idler wheels mini-mizes wear. Single-flick shift, operated in one plane, selects 33%, 45 or 78.26 r.p.m. speeds and shuts off motor.

Model T-18, 12" turntable, four-pole mator \$ 66.00 Model T-18H, 12" turntable, hysteresis motor Model T-68, 16" turntable, four-pole motor 117.00 87.00 Model T-68H, 16" turntoble, hysteresis motor 147.00

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DISC RECORDING EQUIPMENT



Disc Recorder

Ideal for home or semi-professional use. Threespeed operation without adapters. PRESTO cutter head for both standard groove (110-line pitch) and microgrowe (220-line pitch). Re-cords discs up to 13¹/4" diameter. Comprises the popular T-18 Turntable, recording and playback amplifiers, high-fidelity pickup with turnover cattridge, and two speakers (woofer and tweeter) mounted in cover of carrying case. Separate microphone and radio inputs, mon-itor jack, level indicating meter and recording equalizer also featured.

Model K-11, complete with four-pole motor \$396.00 Model K-11, complete with hysteresis motor 445.00 Recorder mechanism only, with four-pole motor 210.00 Recorder mechanism only, with hysteresis motor 259.50

RECORDING DISCS

PRESTO Green, Brown, White and Orange Labels for Instantaneous Record-ing. Single and Double-Sided Masters.

The perfect disc for every recording need. Optimum performance combined with highest permanence. Made to conform with rigid PRESTO standards and quality-controlled at every step.

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Export Division: 25 Warren Street, New York 7, N.Y. Canadian Division: Instantaneous Recording Service, 42 Lombard Street, Toronto

JUNE 1956

TAPE RECORDING and PLAYBACK EQUIPMENT

PRESTO R-11 Series

Professional Tape Recorders

The ultimate in recorder-reproducer units. Three full-track heads. Tape speeds 15 and $7\frac{1}{2}$ ips, with others on special order. Reels sizes $10\frac{1}{2}$ or 7". Exclusive capstan drive with hysteresis motor. Torque-type reel motors. Solenoid-operated, self-adjusting brakes. Variable fast-speed control. Wired for remote control.

Model R-11 tape transport mechanism (chassis only) \$ 775.00 Model R-11 in corrying cose 827.00

Model SR-11 recording console (includes R-11 mechanism, A-901 amplifier and CC-2 studio console) 1250.00

Model SA-5 remote control switch 40.00

PRESTO SR-27 Tape Recorder

A moderately priced tape recorder for professional and home use. Consists of R-27 tape transport mechanism and A-920B amplifier. Three separate heads. Three-motor drive, including hysteresis capstan motor. Tape speeds 15 and 7/2 ips, plus fast forward and rewind. Reel sizes up to 8". 10-watt amplifier has two built-in speakers and controls.

Model SR-27 complete in two portable carrying cases \$588.00

PRESTO Long-Playing

Tape Reproducer for Background Music 8 hours continuous playback from 14" reels with dual-track operation at 3³/4 ips. Fool-proof, trouble-free, economical. Complete assembly includes PB-17A tage playback mechanism, A-904 preamplifier and CC-4 (horizontal) cabinet^{*}. Complete \$996.00

*Cabinets for vertical mounting available

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Functionally designed without mechanical or electronic "gingerbread" ... precisionengineered without compromise...massively constructed without economizing on components and machined parts . . . custombuilt without short-cuts ... quality-controlled without fail ... THAT'S the Presto Look - result of a quarter century's experience as America's leading manufacturer of tape and disc recording equipment.



TAPE RECORDER AMPLIFIERS PRESTO A-900-5, A-901 and A-920 Amplifiers

Designed to complement PRESTO tape recorders. A-900-5 Designed to complement PAESIO take recorders, A-300-3 has separate record and playback channels, three-micro-phone input, 250-ohm low-level mixer, illuminated VU meter, and 500-ohm output with ± 20 db maximum power. A-901 is similar to A-900 except for single 500-ohm trans-former input instead of mike inputs. A-920 is more compact, has both microphone and playback preamplifiers, inclu 350 ohm mike input to Neutroneous output into 15 single 250-ohm mike input, 10 watts power output into 15 ohms with provision for 500-ohm output at 0 db, plus two small, built-in speakers.

Model A-900-5, for rack mounting Model A-901, for rack mounting Model A-920, for rack mounting (Each supplied in carrying case for \$15.00 extra.)



Write for latest technical data

RESTO RECORDING CORPORATION PARAMUS, NEW JERSEY

\$388.00

350.00

309.00



TESTED IN THE HOME

Continued from page 98

sound from orchestral recordings and crisp reproduction of speech. The difference between the low ends of the speakers was really remarkable, exhibiting a definite extension of the low range each time the next largest speaker was switched in.

These are speakers which can be recommended to audiophiles who demand a highly efficient system but who vary widely in their taste for reproduced sound. The "Acoustic Baton" controls on the two larger models take care of the latter contingency, and the rear-horn-loaded, non-resonant enclosures and high-conversion drivers provide all the efficiency anyone could want. -J. G. H.

- J. G. n. MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: Because of the great convenience of small size systems like the Tiny-Mile can and often are put anywhere in the home that space permits...usually tucked a way in some crowded area. As a result, the high-frequency response and projection are generally severely damped, and over-all performance at the listening point is left wanting. For this reason University uses a driver-driven tweeter with a wide-angle born for the top range. As a rule, the resulting sound will "balance out" properly at the point of the case, the highs in rooms where this is not the case.

Audio Exchange "Big Brother" Amplifier

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer) a custom-built deluxe power amplifier, using modified ultra-linear Williamson circuit. Reted power: 60 watts. Output impedance: 4,8,00 fb 60ms. Two AC power outlets. Distortion: less than 1% IM at 60 watts. 0,2% at 30 watts (50 and 2.000 cps. 5.1). Frequency response: ± 3 db to 70,000 cps. Damping factor: 16. Controls: hum balance. bias voltage. Tubes: 2-65N7GT, 4-KT66. 2-5 V4GA. Dimensions: 17 5/8 in. long by 10% wide by 8 3,8 high. Prices 2655.00. MANUFACTURER: The Audio Exchange. Inc., 159-19 Hillside Ave., Jamaica 32, N. Y.

The "Big Brother" amplifier is obviously designed for ultra-deluxe home-amplifier performance, and is built to last indefinitely. It is large and extremely heavy.

The output stage — four push-pullparallel KT66's into an Acto TO- $_{30}$ will deliver 60 watts at 20 cycles and 40 watts at 16 cycles. Oil-filled filter capacitors are used, and coupling capacitors are of exceptionally high quality. The chromed chassis can't corrode or tarnish. The wiring, which is unbelievably precise (even beautiful) is sprayed for protection against mildew. A unique guarantee accompanies this amplifier: it is unconditionally guaranteed to be free from defects in parts (excluding tubes) and workmanship for five years! You might think that rather daring until you actually get a look at the amplifier.

Listening quality matches the construction, too. Treble is sweet and crystal clear; bass is tightly controlled and definitive, with a feeling of unlimited reserve power. As a matter of fact, the reserve isn't quite unlimited — we measured 1.6% IM distortion at 70 watts, and about 10% at 80 watts. Most will agree that that is quite enough power. We can't resist quoting another figure: at any level below 15 watts (where the amplifier would operate for 99.9% of the time in most home systems) the IM distortion on our test unit was below 0.1%!

Stability at high frequencies was as nearly perfect as is likely to be achieved.



The Big Brother on its chrome chassis.

and in low-frequency stability the Big Brother is matched by very few others. We don't know what other qualities could be desired in any amplifier: superlative construction and sound, standard output taps, plenty of reserve power, individual unit performance curves and long-term guarantee.

There is one specification, though, that won'r be so attractive to the average buyer — the price. It is undeniably high; so is that of other luxury items. Considering the quality of parts, the workmanship, and the individual attention given each aniplifier during its assembly, the price is certainly not excessive. — R.A.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: We are aware that \$265 is a high price for a power amplifier, but we have not been successful in reducing cousts without also reducing quality. Since the amplifier is not built to compete in price, we have not compromised quality in any way. The amplifier is sold only through the two Audio Exchange stores.

Zenith Trans-Oceanic Portable -- Model Y-600

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): an AC-DC-battery, all-wave portable with two builtin antennas. Wavebonds covered: standard U. S. broadcast; 31, 25, 19, and 16-meter short-wave broadcast; 2-4 and 4-8 megacycle (150 to 38 meters) weather, marine, and amateur. Power supplies: built-in battery pack; 110 volts AC or DC; plugin adaptor available for operation on 220 volts AC or DC. Outputs: to built-in speaker and to headphone jack. Input: for phonograph (crystal). Anlennes: built-in broadcast band antenna can be removed from case for greater sensitivity: built-in whip antenna for short-wave reception extends 52 in. Price: \$133.95. MANUFACTURER: Zenith Radio Corporation, Chicago 39, J11.

Over the years, quite a number of readers, living outside FM and strong-signal AM areas, have written to ask about the possibility of getting reasonably good music via



The Trans-Oceanic opened up for use.

short-wave broadcasts. The music is there of all kinds and in considerable quantity, but the problem is to get a good receiver.

Several companies manufacture short-wave tuners for commercial and amateur use; most of these suffer from lack of bandspread on the broadcast bands. The short-wave bands are all crowded... jammed is a better word! The ability to stretch out a small part of the spectrum is almost essential.

By international agreement, short-wave broadcasters are supposed to operate within the following bands:

2.300 -	2.498	megacycl	es
3.200 -	3.400		
3.950 -	4.000		
4.750	4.995	**	
5.005	5.060	••	
5.950 -	6.200	••	
7.100	7.300		
9.500 —	9.775	••	
11.700 - 1	1.975	• *	
15.100 - 1	5.450		
17.700 - 1	7.900	••	
21.450 - 2		••	
25.600 - 2	16.100		
neral the s	tations	operate	at

In general, the stations operate at 5 kilocycle intervals, but there are many stations operating closer together than 5 kc., and a number operate outside the bands listed above. All this results in a need for highly selective tuning, to reduce interstation interference. Therefore, though the broadcasters are not restricted to a given audio frequency range, most tuners must limit frequency response.

Partly to have some fun for myself, and mostly to do a bit of research into this whole question, I asked Zenith to send us one of their "Trans-Oceanic Portable" receivers. This provides bandspread tuning on major short-wave broadcast bands; it covers all those listed above except the two highest frequency bands, which are still somewhat experimental in nature.

To give you an idea of how the tuning scale is stretched out, one band covers from 11.4 to 12.2 megacycles; the tuning scale is 6¼ in. long. The short-wave spectrum is divided into 6 bands, plus a seventh for the standard AM broadcast band. The various bands are selected by pushbuttons. Incidentally, the dial includes a logging scale which is invaluable for relocating stations.

I presume the audio frequency range of this receiver is not over 6,000 cps at the most. After several evenings of listening. I doubt that a wider range would serve any useful purpose. In other words, there is plenty of music on the short waves, and it may be broadcast with a range exceeding 5,000 or 6,000 cycles but by the time the signal has traveled through atmospheric and otherstation interference it has picked up enough "garble" on its edges so that wide frequencyrange reproduction becomes more or less pointless except in rare cases.

Note that I did not say "wide frequency range *bigb fidelity* reproduction." There is a distinction here. The Zenith uses a 5-in. speaker, and sound is not bad. The Zenith also provides for earphone listening; there's a jack on the front panel. The jack is bridged in parallel with the speaker. When earphones are plugged in, the built-in speaker is automatically silenced. This jack can also be used for an external speaker, and that makes a tremendous improvement in fidelity.

Continued on page 102

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE



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The Overture AM-FM TUNER

An altogether new and brilliantly engineered tuner, designed to mate the Prelude amplifier – tuned RF stage on FM – Foster-Seeley Discriminator – Meets FCC Radiation Specifications – Automatic Frequency Control – AFC Defeat – 3 mv. FM sensitivity for 20 db quieting – Printed Circuits throughout – AM Ferrite Loopstick Built-in Antenna – Brushed Copper Escutcheon – Matt Black Cage – Dimensions: $121/2^{"}$ wide x 4" high x 9" deep.

Model T-10 (complete with cage) \$79.50

The Rondo AM-FM TUNEr

The ultimate development of the famous Harman-Kardon silhouette in a fine new tuner, designed to mate the Melody amplifier – Tuned RF stage on FM – Exclusive new FM Rumble Filter – Cathode Follower Output – Ferrite Loopstick and 10 KC Whistle Filter in AM – Meets FCC Radiation Specifications – Automatic Frequency Control and AFC Defeat – Printed Circuits throughout – Only $3\frac{3}{8}$ " high x $13\frac{1}{2}$ " wide x $8\frac{3}{4}$ " deep.

Model T-120 (complete with cage) \$95.00

The Solo combined AM-FM Tuner – Amplifier

A beautiful and complete high fidelity system on one chassis – and at a remarkably modest price. The Solo combines the tuner characteristics of the new Overture, T-10, with the preamplifier and power characteristics of the Prelude, PC-200, amplifier in a brushed copper and black enclosure only 4" high x 131/4" wide x 13" deep.

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COMPONENTS AND COMPLETE INSTALLATIONS IN ALL PRICE RANGES

TESTED IN THE HOME

Continued from page 100

The output impedance of the transformer is 4 ohms; you can connect a 16-ohm speaker, but the power loss is substantial. There's enough power in the Zenith output stage to drive my Tannoy but it's something of a struggle. as you can well imagine. Connected to a good quality 4-ohm speaker, there is plenty of volume and sound is surprisingly good.

A further improvement in fidelity can be achieved by making a slight modification to the Zenith: connect a wire from the hot side of the volume control and then run into a standard hi-fi control unit or power amplifier. Then the so-so (from the fidelity point of view) output stage of the Zenith is bypassed.

This is what 1 mean by improving the fidelity without widening the frequency range — reducing distortion. If you like your music, improve the fidelity but never mind stretching out the frequency range. Doing the latter will, in 90 cases out of 100, result in more interference and "garble." As a matter of fact, on some of the weaker stations, more pleasant listening resulted from *catting* the frequency range of the Zenith. It has four slide-switch tone control buttons; with these, range can be cut down to about 3,000 cycles, which is plenty for voice and good for music under adverse atmospheric or adjacent station conditions.

So much for the hi-fi music possibilities of the short waves. This set is also a cracker-jack all-around receiver. You can operate on AC or DC current, 110 or 220 volts, 25 to 60 cycles, and a thermal regulator tube makes up for differences of voltage over the range 90 to 130 and 200 to 250 volts.

Furthermore, it has a built-in battery pack which is said to give about 150 hours of service. It has two antennas: a whip, which telescopes into the case, for short waves, and a "Wave-Magnet" for standard broadcast reception. This is built into the top of the case, but snaps out and can then be attached to a window pane for increased sensitivity in steel buildings, cars, and airplanes. For example, I put the Zenith on the back seat of my car, attached the Wave-Magnet (suction cups are provided) to the back window, and had fine music while I drove.

To give an idea of how completely thought-out this unit is: the AC (or DC) line Cord is on a spring-return built-in reel, and there is a detailed station index and log built into the top cover.

Fun? Almost unlimited. In addition to the short-wave broadcasts, the Zenith covers several of the marine and weather bands and also some of the amateur bands. You can have hours of fun "eavesdropping" on the world. Furthermore, every clock in my house is now accurate to within half a second at the most; a weekly check-up with the WWV (Bureau of Standards) time signals, which are broadcast 24 hours a day, is all that is necessary.

So — the short waves are packed with fun and even excitement; they also contain lots of music. Low distortion reception is advocated, but I wouldn't worry too much about extending the frequency range beyond 5,000 cycles. And for an all-around, allpurpose, operate-anywhere, do-anything receiver, this little Zenith is a honey. — C. F. University 2 and 3-way Diffaxials...the largest variety of extended range speakers available today.



Model 315 A 15" 3-way Super-Diffaxial speaker. Employs the deluxe multi-sectional "Diffusicone" element and 6½ lbs. of Alnico 5 magnet. Response to beyond audibility. Exceptional power capacity of 50 watts*. 8-16 ohms. \$132.00 User net.



A 15" 3-Way Diffaxial speaker, Employs the deluxe multi-sectional "Diffusicone" element and extra heavy 2 lbs. of Alnico 5 Gold Dot magnet. Response to beyond audibility. 30 watt^{*} power handling capacity. 8:16 ohms. \$80,10 User net.



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Only bona fide compression driver tweeters are employed for highest conversion efficiency...in the order of 50% as compared to the low 5% of "ordinary tweeter variations" using less effective designs. University drivers use advanced super-sensitive magnet assemblies, are hermetically sealed and precision built. Note from graph how University tweeters fully compensate for deficiencies of the ear at high frequencies.



The compression driver is coupled to the exclusive and patented "reciprocating llane" horn ... the greatest advance in wide-angle horn development. This specially designed exponential horn positively provides maximum uniformity of wide-angle dispersion in the horizontal plane with optimum vertical coverage.

True thru-the-axis design. The tweeter driver unit is fitted to the "reciprocating flare" horn thru the center of the woofer magnet assembly. Only with this *thru-the-axis* design is it possible to project high frequencies thru a horn of scientific *formula-correct* length and configuration. Only thus can highest efficiency, lowest distortion and uniform wide-angle treble reproduction be achieved.

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Functional Design in speakers is another example of University's "Progressive Engineering". To meet any type of budgetary or installation requirement, University offers the largest variety of extended range speakers available today...including 8", 12" and 15" two and three-way Diffaxials, in both standard and deluxe models. University Diffaxials are high *only* in quality, *not* in price. *See* these magnificent speakers at your favorite hi-fi center. For technical description, write for "The Diffaxial Story."

University LOUDSPEAKERS, INC., 80 So. Kensico Ave., White Plains, N.Y.



A 15" 2-way Diffaxial speaker. Employs the deluxe multi-sectional "Diffusicone" element and heavy 24 oz. all-Alnico 5 Magnet. 30 watt" power handling capacity. 8-16 ohms. \$45.00 User net.

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Diffusicone -12 A 12" 2-way Diffaxial speaker. Employs deluxe multi-sectional "Diffusicone" element and extra heavy 24 oz. all-Alnico 5 magnet. Unusual 30 watt^{*} power handling capacity. 8-16 ohms. \$33.00 User net.



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Diffusicone -8 An 8" 2-way Diffaxial speaker. Employs deluxe multi-sectional "Diffusicone" element. Exceptional sensitivity and 25 watt[®] power capacity makes. this an outstanding performer for its size. 8-16 ohms. **\$23.50** User net.

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Heathkit 25-Watt HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIER KIT

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W-5 COMBINATION AMPLIFIER KIT: Consists of W-5M am-plifier kit plus Heathkit Model WA-P2 Preamplifier kit, Shpg. \$7950 wt. 38 Lbs. Express only.

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Designed specifically for use with the Williamson Type Amplifiers, the WA-P2 features 5 separate switch-selected input channels, each with its own input control-full record equalization with turnover and rolloff controls-separate bass and treble tone controls-and many other desirable features. Frequency MODEL WA-P2 response is within ± 1 db from 25 to 30.000 cps. Beautiful satin-gold finish. Power requirements from the Heathkit Williamson Type Amplifier.

Heathkit Williamson Type HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIER KIT

This amplifier employs the famous Acrosound TO-300 "Ultra Linear" output transformer, and has a frequency response within ± 1 db from 6 cps to 150 Kc at 1 watt. Harmonic distortion only 1% at 21 watts. IM distortion at 20 watts only 1.3%, Power output 20 watts, 4, 8, or 16 ohms output. Hum and noise, 88 db below 20 watts. Uses 2-6SN7's, 2-5881's and 5V4G. Kit combinations:

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W-3 COMBINATION AMPLIFIER KIT: Consists of W-3M am-plifier kit *plus* Heathkit Model WA-P2 Preamplifier kit. Shpg. \$6950 Wt. 37 lbs. Express only.

6 Heathkit Williamson Type HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIER KIT

This is the lowest price Williamson type amplifier ever offered in kit form, and yet it retains all the usual Williamson features. Employs Chicago output transformer. Frequency response, within ± 1 db from 10 cps to 100 Kc at 1 watt. Harmonic distortion only 1.5% at 20 watts. IM distortion at rated output 20.7%. Power output 20 watts. 4, 8, or 16 ohms output. Hum and noise. 95 db below 20 watts, uses 2-6SN7's, 2-5881's, and 5V4G. An exceptional dollar value by any standard. Kit combinations:

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W-4A COMBINATION AMPLIFIER KIT: Consists of W-4AM am-plifier kit *plus* Heathkit Model WA-P2 Preamplifier kit, Shpg. \$5950. Wt. 35 lbs. Express only.

6 Heathkit 20-Watt HIGH FIDELITY AMPLIFIER KIT

This model represents the least expensive route to high fidelity performance. Frequency response is ± 1 db from 20-20,000 cps. Features full 20 watt output using push-pull 6L6's and has separate bass and treble tone controls. Preamplifier and separate bass and treble tone controls provided. Employs miniature tube types for low hum and noise. Excellent for home or PA applications.

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HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

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Each cartridge h.ind-made and laboratory tested Frequency response within 2dB to 16.000 KCs. No undamped resonances in sub-supersonic range Simple turn-over mechanism Stylus assemblies completely independent Instantaneous replacement of styli without use of tools Optimum lateral to vertical compliance ratio Very low effective dynamic mass Output: 20 mV at 12 cm per second Termination load: 50.000 htms Tracking weight: 6 grams for all discs Available with either diamond or supphire styli



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BEL CANTO

Continued from page 35

were stylistically permissible for him. He is accustomed to think of it as a crutch upon which the popular singer is dependent, a device provided by modern science to disguise the fact that the popular singer really has no voice at all, or at best a voice incapable of going it alone. He would regard its employment in an opera house or a concert hall as a reflection upon his own vocal prowess and as a repulsive urchanical intrusion between himself and his audience.

I know how the classical singer and the classical music lover feel on the subject, for I speak from experience. Trained as a classical singer, I was a working newspaper music critic in the days when Bing Crosby's records were beginning to sell in the millions, and I heartily shared the distaste for crooning, as it was then called, that was common among most people closely associated with classical music. It seemed, when heard from our point of view, to be saccharine, lugubrious, callow, maudlin, musically slovenly, lacking in vocal virility and incisiveness, short of range-- in brief, just something in bad taste for tasteless school girls to become excited about. Then came the young Sinatra, and our worst fears seemed to have been realized.

I remember these unaccommodating reactions now when I listen with both pleasure and admiration to the records of these two singers, including records made back in the days when I rejected them so confidently. What I hear now is a most wonderfully relaxed, intimate vocal communication, a feeling for rhythm and phrase and line rarely matched by classical singers, and a smooth, often beautiful, almost always pleasing vocal tone, unblemished by forcing or disparity of registers. Nor to speak of what is accomplished in the handling of a text!

These are the technical and interpretative attributes of the best jazz and popular singers. They have been developing and maturing ever since Bing Crosby showed the way a quarter of a century ago. They are inseparable from the microphone. They were cultivated by singers who learned to make the mike work for them, who evolved a vocal technique keyed to the mike's ability to help them.

It is not that the mike makes the jazz or popular singer's voice. It can
add nothing but volume to what is there in his throat and his head. Indeed, as an instrument for the exposure of defects it is more than merciless. But it can also broadcast minute virtues, delicate refinements of melodic contour and vocal inflection, little shadings of pronunciation and phrase that would hardly be apparent without its electronic assistance. The power of the mike is that it shows off both good singing and bad. Probably that is an important reason why the jazz or popular singer usually sings well. Working so close to so severe a mentor, he must.

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The accomplishment of the jazz and popular singers has been, then, not only in meeting the mike's fiendish exactions, but in discovering and exploiting its potentialities as a means of achieving a new kind of vocalism. With the help of the mike they have restored to singing some of the fresh musical charm it lost when the emphasis in European music swung from the lyrical to the dramatic in the nineteenth century.

So, hats off to Bing and Frank and Judy and Ella and Eddie Fisher! Let's not sell them short because they seem glued to that mike. What they are offering is a new aspect of the vocal art, and the mike is a part of it.

Come to think of it, hats off to the mike, too!

MIXED-UP MUSE

Continued from page 37

for our own good." The real ne plus ultra of the hot air boner is, however, the following little essay: "Beginning with the Baroque Period, it is easy to get a glimpse of the development in music of harmony, melody, and rhythm. With the advancement of new forms of art and expression, came the mediums: the orchestra, strings, brasses, woodwinds, tympany, piano, and other instruments. Music has developed in the same manner as has our standard of living, automobiles, washing machines, and painting. It should be interesting indeed to discover exactly what will happen when the East meets the West, and the ancient Greek tonal system is seriously challenged."

After twenty years of teaching, I could reminisce *ad infinitum*. The names of students often elude me but a whole sea of faces I remember.

Continued on next page



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PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY



MIXED-UP MUSE

Continued from preceding page

Roodleschnee? I may have to hunt out his picture in an old year book to recall who he was. For here is an enigma: while I pride myself on the "hits," the ones I usually remember most vividly are the "misses." For instance, I can still see the face of that pretty little girl who gave me this gem (and she made Phi Beta Kappa, too): "One of the best loved American operas is 'Porky and Bess' by Gershwin." I believe George, himself, would have enjoyed that one! And then there was the note at the end of the final exam: "Since the object of this course was to obtain a personality of being able to listen to good music and discriminate against it, I think that I have carried away from this course more than any other. I can sit down now and be a better listener than I could a semester ago." I enjoy this kind of scrambled commendation - and 1 trust that this product of my tutelage is now, at the very least, a season-ticket patron of his home town philharmonic.

Ed. - The spelling throughout this essay is that of the original writers. Both Mr. Wells and the editors disclaim all responsibility.

THE EROICA CASE

Continued from page 40

boundaries, occasionally hitting equal temperament pitches squarely in the middle, sometimes approaching just intonation, sometimes nearing Pythagorean intervals. (In equal temperament each semitone is precisely 100 cents wide; Pythagorean scales are built of twelve consecutive fifths of 702 cents each, a procedure resulting in somewhat wider intervals on the tones in the upward cycle steps, with sharps, and somewhat smaller intervals on the tones in the downward cycle steps, with flats; just intonation intervals are replicas of the series of acoustically pure harmonics which give us scales with various deviations from equal temperament intonations. The major third C-E, for example, measures 400 cents in equal temperament. 408 cents in Pythagorean intonation, 386 cents in just intonation.)

When an equally tempered keyboard instrument, such as the piano,

.

organ, harpsichord, or the tempered harp, joins in orchestral performance, there will be a strong inclination on the part of all other instruments to adjust their intonations to the inflexible pitches of the tempered instruments. In all other cases the strings will show a tendency towards Pythagorean intervals, because of their tuning in acoustically pure fifths of 702 cents; brass instruments tend towards just intonation due to the fact that many of their tones are based on the natural harmonics series. The tonal beauty of our foremost orchestras lies partly in the skill and experience they have developed in adjusting and integrating the intonation of the various instruments continuously during performance. Lesser orchestras and amateur groups are sometimes very proficient musically and technically, but many of them produce unstable and unintegrated pitches, often to a degree where listening pleasure is spoiled.

Apart from the deviations from equally tempered pitch there are other deviations which must be taken into consideration. No singer or vocalist sticks to a clear-cut pitch on any one note sung or played. Every singer has a vibrato, and so have practically all instruments in the orchestra with the exception of the harp and keyboard instruments. Vibrato means that the intoned pitch fluctuates around a given center of pitch. For example: Pitch center: 400 cents;

Highest point of vibrato: 430 cents

Lowest point of vibrato: 370 cents. This would be the ideal *acoustical* proportion of a vibrato. The musically ideal vibrato looks different:

Pitch center: unimportant;

Lowest point of vibrato: 400 cents Highest point of vibrato: 440 cents (or less).

In other words, a good vibrato rechnique will set out from the pirch level on which the tone would have to sound without any vibrato, and the vibrato would always rise above this zero level, never fall below it. Otherwise the pitch definitions would become ambiguous: one could not really hear what pitch the performer was trying to use. (In cases of poor technique the performer may not know himself.) Thus, inconations forming a vibrato around a pitch center sound often like a bleating goar because there is no real pirch conception or definition present.

Continued on next page

JUNE 1956

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measuring pitches from an orchestral

THE EROICA CASE

Continued from preceding page

From the aforesaid it is clear that

or other musical performance in progress is a complex and difficult proposition, and that usable results can be achieved by approximative methods only. First of all, swift and florid passages usually go by much too fast to measure, let alone to take a reading. On the other hand, lively moving melodies don't give the performer much chance for a vibrato on individual tones and are thus much more precisely defined as to their "pitch intention." As a rule one waits for prolonged tones and tries to measure those, realizing at the same time that any long held tone is at least partly obscured by vibrato when it comes to pitch definition. Thus it is almost impossible to arrive at precise pitch measuring results in actual performance, unless the piece is a rather slow one. Recordings afford the opportunity for indefinite repetition, and in this way usable results may be obtained.

The best procedure is roughly as follows: one picks a certain number

of tones of a long duration, such as final chords, dominant or tonic chords and waits for them, with the measuring dial preset for the pitch one would expect by approximate guessing. The moment the tone arrives, one adjusts the meter dial according to the observation just made. This is repeated until one is satisfied that the result is reasonably accurate. This tone is charted down, and then the next tone or series of tones is treated in a similar way. Finally one has a chart comprising all or most of the tones occurring in the piece. Analysis of the charted data will show clearly where obvious errors in measuring (or in the performer's intonation, for that matter) may have occurred, and these particular tones are checked and rechecked. To eliminate the obscuring influences of vibratos, one tries to find a number of tones with a minimum of vibrato and measures those for confirmation. The rest is figuring. Comparison of all listed values leads easily to at least one unequivocal conclusion: an awareness of the pitch "intention" or pitch "planning" of a certain number of tones in the key of the performance, stripped of all influences of vibrato and other deviations, and the reference





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pitch intended tor the performance of the piece as a whole. This result can usually be reached with an approximate accuracy of roughly ± 2 cents which is good enough for definitions of performance pitch.

By the above method, I made, among many other tests, an analysis of four recent recordings of Handel's Messiah. I found that reference pitches varied considerably between the various recorded performances: 435.5, 438.2, 440.5, and 448 cps. The third figure is the one likely to contain practically no pitch distortion introduced during the manufacturing process; No. 2 is inconclusive - while No. 1 (435 cps) is a frequent organ tuning in Europe, and the organ used in the performance may well have been tuned at that standard frequency. Definitely distorted and much too high is No. 4. The organ used in that particular recording is known to be much lower in reference pitch; accordingly the pitch as it occurs on the final disk has been raised considerably by the manufacturing proc-CSS.

The above testing results of the four *Messiah* versions show, on a comparative basis, how certain recorded performances of the same composition may differ considerably. As the organ participates in all four versions, valid conclusions are impossible; the organ will always impose its reference pitch on all other performers who may, without the organ, usually perform at very different reference pitches.

LONDON AUDIO

Continued from page 45

an official told me. "If we find anyone putting forty watts into a speaker. . . ." (Sinister silence.)

One of the main purposes of the fair was to allow the potential customer to hear a wide range of equipment under conditions approximating the size of a home living room. This is especially important since most British manufacturers look upon the to-watt amplifier as the standard for domestic use, and to-watt amplifiers reveal their merits best in rooms that are not too large.

Almost every exhibitor tried to show something new, but many of the items are not appropriate for export, and the following is simply a group of things in the catalogue that

Continued on next page





H OR the past four years the most literate and informative writing on the subject of sound reproduction has appeared in *High Fidelity* Magazine. Now, for those of you who might have missed some of *High Fidelity's* articles and for those of you who have requested that they be preserved in permanent form, *High Hoopes*, Jr., has selected 26 of them tor inclusion in a HIGH FIDELITY READER. The introduction was written by John M. Conly

A LTHOUGH the READER is not intended as a "layman's guide" to high fidelity, it tells you everything you need to know, and perhaps a little more, for achieving good sound reproduction.

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402 EAST GUTIERREZ STREET, SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

LONDON AUDIO

Continued from preceding page

appeared of interest. Peter Walker's electrostatic speaker system I have described above, but please note that Acoustical showed it at the fair, together with their new FM tuner. (1 plan to run comparison tests of about five British FM tuners some time in May.) Decca (i.e. London) exhibited records rather than equipment for playing them, although EMI did the switch the other way and showed their Emisonic speaker system (three woofers, two mid-range units, and a ribbon tweeter) and an 18-watt amplifier and preamplifier unit. The HMV part of the EMI combination exhibited some home radiograms of the type American manufacturers were offering ten years ago. Garrard had as innovations a 7-inch, 45-rpm turntable, battery operated, for use with transistor amplifiers, plus a clockwork motor offering the usual three speeds for larger installations of the same type. This suggests the possibility of really portable hi-fi, suitable for the Gobi desert or Little America. H. J. Leak allowed one to look at his speaker system, still to be marketed "later this year," while Lowther offered in their TP1 corner reproducer a drive unit with 50 60% efficiency (as opposed to the 2% recently taken as an average in this magazine), which Lowther claim is unequalled by any other system. The result of efficiency of this level, of course, is to diminish the need for large amplifiers. Pamphonic showed a new preamplifier,



quite the most elaborate in its equalization of any available in Britain, while Trix unveiled their Trixonic home music system which, in their words, has "everything" and certainly appeared to incorporate all the features one could think of. TITH reports of such of these items as arrive on the American market can, no doubt be expected in due course.

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AUDIO FORUM

SIR:

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Your answer to the inquiry of Dr. Alex E. Gold, in the March "Audio Forum" section interested me very much. I am wondering whether I could not improve my speaker system by packing my Klipsch-type corner enclosure with fiber-glass.

Walter Gotsch Aurora, III.

Fiber-glass packing is applicable only to a completely enclosed baffle, mounting a woofer that is specifically designed for use in an infinite baffle, so it could not be used in your enclosure.

SIR:

I would like to ask what is the point of all this fuss that is made about record equalization. You have a table in your record section listing the recording curves allegedly used by all the record companies, you were obliged to publish a "Dialing Your Disks Clarification" in the February issue, and yet I hear acquaintances and high-fidelity equipment dealers screaming that they still don't know what curves some records use because some companies "switched gradually" to the RIAA curve and some other companies apparently never did have any idea what curve they were using.

My inclination is to say the dickens with it all! Who cares when Virago Records switched from the PLFF curve to the XMMS curve? If one of their records sounds right with a certain playback curve, then play it back that way. If it doesn't sound right, it is probably incorrectly equalized, so adjust the equalization accordingly. If no equalizer setting can make it sound good, chances are it is simply a bad recording anyway, so why worry about it?

There are enough records around now that are *known* to use the RIAA curve that a listener can tell whether his system is equalizing properly. If something is amiss in his system, these records will sound too bright or too dull or too thin or too bassy. If his system is working as it should, they will sound correctly balanced except in those rather rare cases where the record companies mess up their recordings. The listener will at least be able to get a pretty good idea of how a correctly equalized record *should* sound.

Records that are improperly equalized will *sound* improperly equalized, regardless of what "Dialing Your Disks" recommends as equalizer settings. Small inaccuracies in playback equalization are undetectable on all but the very best reproducing systems anyway, so why quibble over whether a disk is supposed to play at 12 db or 13.7 db rolloff? The exaggerated brightness that is built into many loudspeakers makes a farce out of "accurate equalization" in a control unit, so why split hairs?

Standardization of playback equalization is an excellent idea for simplifying the basically simple act of playing a record, but the fact that different record companies started out using different curves, and took some time to arrive at agreement over a standard curve, is no reason for gnashing of teeth and tearing of hair.

Correct equalization of records is necessary to make them sound realistic, but if they don't sound right with a given setting there is certainly no need for getting into a lather about it. Just adjust the equalization for the best sound and learn to accept it as the best the record is capable of.

> Mrs. Sarab Lewis Whitestone, N. Y

Amen. - ED.

SIR:

It was encouraging to see that Mr. Burke, in his article "On Modifying the Senescence and Mortality of Disks," believes that reduction of stylus force below 6 grams is not necessarily harmful to the record if the components are properly installed.

I've been trying to operate my GE single-play cartridge in a Livingston Universal arm at around 4 or 5 grams. I've been guided by the theory that you can hear it if the stylus is harming groove walls or is distorting the musical sound. I may be wrong regarding

Continued on next page



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AUDIO FORUM

Continued from preceding page

the former, but with good vertical and lateral compliance and with both the turntable and the arm operating as nearly level as possible, what can happen? I don't expect anything over 800 hours from a stylus, but I would like that *without* distortion and harm to the record.

It's a relief to have an authority like Mr. Burke finally put an 800-hour limit to the playing time of a diamond. It seems only a short time ago that diamond styli were claimed to give thousands of hours use, and we saw ourselves growing old with our jewels. *Howard Gilligan*

Montara, Calif.

It is very likely that if a stylus is operating at below its optimum force, the sound from it will be fuzzy on bigh-volume passages. Excessive stylus force will not usually be audible until record wear has reached a fairly advanced state, so a pickup should generally be run at the minimum force that produces clean sound on loudly recorded passages.

The 800-bour limit for a diamond stylus is not an absolute figure . . . it is more like a safe average. A highly-compliant pickup operating at very low stylus force on dust-free records may have a useful life of well over 2,000 hours, but it is good practice to have any diamond stylus checked periodically after about 500 to 600 hours use, just to be on the safe side.

SIR:

Since I am planning for stereophonic sound, I have a few technical problems. Where should I place the speakers, for the best monaural *and* stereophonic sound? I had originally planned to place them on top of the hi-fi storage cabinet, one in each corner; however, I recently read that the speakers should be one-third of the total wall length from each side of the room.

W. W. Barnhardt Winston-Salem, N. C.

Most of the manufacturers of recorded stereophonic tapes recommend placing the playback loudspeakers about eight feet apart, with both speakers aiming squarely into the room (without any convergence or divergence).

This type of placement will give optimum results from both stereo and

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monaural sound sources. On monaural sources your sound will be located about mid-way between the actual location of the speakers; on stereo it will stretch from one speaker to the other.

Two other things should be emphasized. First, the speakers should be identical units, and if they use tweeter level controls, these should be set to give identical tonal balance from both speakers. Second, the best blending and center fill-in on stereo programs will occur if the speakers are mounted fairly bigh in the room. Mounting at about eye level seems to give the best results.

SIR:

I am in the U. S. Foreign Service and am presently living in Greece, where the electric current is 220 volts, 50 cycles. Will a 110-volt high fidelity system function satisfactorily with a step-down transformer? Obtaining 220-volt components would not be satisfactory, because I may subsequently be living in a country where 110 volts is standard.

> Dale E. Good American Embassy

Amplifying equipment designed for 60-cycle operation at 110 volts will function quite satisfactorily when used with a step-down transformer from a 220-10lt 50-cycle supply.

A 60-cycle turntable, bowever, will run at a slightly slow speed unless there is some provision for continuously varying its speed, or unless it is equipped with a special 50-cycle deeve on the drive motor.

SIR

I own a Garrard Model T player and a Garrard RC80 record changer. They use plug-in heads, but I find it very difficult to install and align these heads correctly.

Is this the fault of the equipment, or is there a means of insuring proper alignment of these? Excessive wear on my diamond needles leads me to believe that the faulty alignment will not only ruin them but my record collection also.

> Carl R. Saia New York, N. Y

The usual cause of sloppy-fitting Garrard cartridge shells is a loose socket plug. On the underside of the pick

Continued on next page



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AUDIO FORUM

Continued from preceding page

up arm there is a small screw that serves to hold the socket plug in place. Plug one of the shells into the arm. loosen this screw, and adjust for level tracking. Then retighten the screu.

A second screw is also used to adjust the pressure exerted by a small strip of spring steel below the arm on a ball bearing that holds the cartridge shell in place. This screu should be adjusted so that the fit is firm without being too tight.

Excessive wear of your diamond styli may also be caused by incorrect stylus force. This should be checked, and should be set at between 7 and 8 grams for most magnetic cartridges.

SIR:

I should like to have your opinion on the value of an electronic crossover.

Does the improvement in quality of sound make a biamplifier system worthwhile? I have an extra amplifier of good quality on hand at the moment.

Another question. In all the drawings I've seen it shows a hookup for only two speakers, but I am using a three-way speaker system. How can I connect these speakers for biamplifier use?

> Christopher B. Sykes Ashburnham, Mass.

The main advantage of multi-amplifier systems is that they permit the woofer to be connected directly to its driving amplifier. eliminating the slight DC resistance and consequent loss of damping that a divider network choke introduces into the voice-coil circuit. Secondary advantages that are claimed for multi-amplifier systems are reduced intermodulation distortion (since the channel carrying the treble does not also carry the bass range). while the separate volume controls for each power amplifier provide adjustment of the relative levels of each channel over a very wide range without the need for speaker level controls (which introduce considerable DC resistance into the circuit).

The improvement in listening quality due to biamplifier operation is usually quite small, and whether or not it is worth the additional cost to most listeners depends, first, upon bow good the existing system is, and second, how much of a perfectionist the listener is. There are very few systems that are good enough that

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(Electronio Division) 551 Fifth Ave., Dept. H-6 New York, N. Y. they cannot be further improved by conventional means (better power amplifier, speaker, etc.), but since you already have the second amplifier on hand you might go abcad and try hiamplifier operation.

To connect your three-way speaker system for biamplifier operation, disconnect the woofer from the divider network and replace it with a 5-wait resistor of the same resistance as the woofer's rated impedance. Connect an electronic crossover, of the type designed specifically for biamplifier use, between the control unit and two power amplifiers. Select the amplifier with the best high-prequency perform ance for the treble channel, and use the best bass performer for the low prequency channel.

Then connect the wooler to the output terminals of the low-frequency channel amplifier. If the damping provided by the amplifier is too great 'if the extreme low end sounds deticient), you might try moving the speaker to the next highest output tap on its amplifier.

The divider network feeding the nud-range and treble drivery is then connected to the output of the trebleebannel amplifier.

When the system is connected, set the electronic crossover to the frequency at which the woofer channel originally cut off (when the three-way divide) network way used), and never turn it below this setting when operating the system. Lower settings will cause a dip in the response, because the low-frequency limit of the midlange speaker is already determined by its section of the crossover network.

Net the channel level controls for optimum balance, and play a recording of prano or voice through the system. While listening, reverse the connections between the treble amplifier and its output divider network, and choose the polarity which gives the best sensition of "depth" to the recorded sound. Eisten for the room reverberation in the studio or ball ubere the recording was made: correct connection of the speakers will produce the most clearly and the reproduction of recorded room aconstics.

Finally, reset the channel balance controls.

SIR

I am planning to use a good 8-inch speaker in some type of enclosure here in my rather small study. This system

Continued on next page





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AUDIO FORUM

Continued from preceding page

will also serve from time to time in an adjoining classroom as a publicaddress speaker for a tape recorder.

Will I get better results from a small corner horn enclosure or from, say, a 4-cubic-foot solidly built sand-loaded bass reflex, or a 4-cubic-foot infinite baffle?

Your advice on this problem would be greatly appreciated.

George Alder San Jose, Calif

Since you will probably be using the speaker system in a number of different rooms, you would do better to avoid using a corner-type enclosure. and should consider either a bass-reflex or infinite baffle.

Your purpose might best be served by a small bass reflex enclosure, bousing any quality 8-inch speaker.

SIR:

I am uncertain about the method of using a Garrard stylus force gauge to check the setting of the pickup on my manual player.

Garrard's directions call for placing the gauge on the turntable. When I do that, and set the arm for 6 grams, it reads 3 to 4 grams at record level.

If I set the arm at 6 grams at record level, and then check by setting the gauge on the turntable, as the instructions suggest, the reading is over 10 grams.

I'd appreciate it if you could let me know which method gives the correct pressure.

> Arnold H. Lewin Cortland, N. Y.

Probably the reason Garrard recommends putting their stylus force gauge on top of the turntable is to insure that the average stylus force on a record changer will be correct, from the first to the last record to fall onto the turntable from the changer pile. The pressure of a spring-counterweighted arm is likely to change somewhat between the first and last side played, so it is best to set a record changer arm for correct pressure at a beight of about 1 in. above the turntable.

In your case, though, since your player is strictly a manual unit, you should set the pressure with the stylus at record height.



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