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Handel on and off Records by Nathan Broder

60 CENTS

The Imperishable Wag by Charles Cudworth

THE MAGAZINE FOR MUSIC LISTENERS APRIL

A salute to

The Great Mr. Handel

1685-1759



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> A White dot shows forward, central and inward positions of Flexair woofer cone during 1" movement. (Perspective shortens apparent distance between dots for inward travel). B Diagram shows extreme accordion action of annulus permitting linear extra-long cone travel.

> > C shows the scientifically proportioned tube vent used in the Bass-Superflex enclosure for extended bass and very low distortion with the Flexair woofer. Except for vent, enclosure is air-tight. Vent action during large motions of woofer cone is dramatically illustrated in the two unrelouched photos at the right. Jensen TR-10 TRi-ette* (with grille cloth removed) was used in the experiments. In D, air filled balloon is kept in suspension by air flow from vent. Successive high speed exposures show rise of balloon when signal is turned on. In E a candle flame is deflected by air motion from tube vent with same low frequency signal.



P15-L

KT-33 KT-233



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April 1959

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1

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HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

2371 A



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tuners. FM specifications include grounded-grid triade law noise front end with triade mixer, double-tuned dual limiters with Faster-Seeley discriminator, less than 1% harmonic distortion, frequency response 20-20,000 cps \pm 1/3 db, full 200 kc bandwidth and sensitivity of 2 microvolts for 30 db quileting with full limiting at one microvolt. AM specifications include 3 stages of AVC. 10 kc whistle filter, built-in ferrite loop antenna, less than 1% harmonic distortion, sensitivity of 5 microvolts, 8 kc bandwidth and frequency response 20-5000 cps \pm 3 db.

microvolts, 8 kc bandwidth and frequency response 20.5000 cps \pm 3 db. The 5 controls of the KT.500 are FM Volume, AM Volume, FM Tuning, AM Tuning and 5-position Function Selector Switch. Tortefully styled with gold-brass excu-tcheon having dark moreon background plus matching marcon knobs with gold inserts. The Lafayette Stereo Tuner was designed with the builder in mind. Two separate printed circuit boards make construction and witing simple, even for such a complex unit. Complete kit includes all parts and metal cover, a step-by-step instruction manual, schematic and pictorial diagrams. Size is 133/4" W x 103/4" D x 41/5" H. Shpg. wt., 271bs.

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AUTHORitatively Speaking

E. Power Biggs, our guest editorialist this month, is not only one of the world's most famous organists, but also considerable of a Handel authority. He is in process of putting out, for Columbia, a complete set of the organ concertos, made last year at Great Packington, near the Forest of Arden, using an organ that Handel probably played himself.

Handel as Englishman is presented to us -on page 42-by A. Hyatt King, who is obviously also an Englishman, being Superintendent of the Music Room at the British Museum. A native of Dulwich, he took first-class honors in Classical Tripos at King's College, Cambridge, and went to work for the Museum at twenty-three. He is Chairman of the British Institute of Recorded Sound, among other things, and is fond of sea fishing, watching cricket, opera, and mountain hiking.

Winton Dean is patently well qualified to discuss methods of performing Handel (see page 46), since he has just finished what he calls "a very substantial book," Dramatic Oratorios and Handel's Masques, due just about now from Oxford University Press. He also has written biographies of Bizet, Franck, and Puccini, and the entry on Criticism in the 1954 Grove's Dictionary of Music and Musiciuns.

Nathan Broder, whose selective Handel discography starts on page 49, is of course no stranger to regular readers of High FIDELITY, having been a reviewer for us, mostly in the pre-classical field, for some years. Born in New York, he attended C.C.N.Y., and went thence almost at once to G. Schirmer, the music publisher, where he stayed fifteen years. He is now associate editor of the Musical Quarterly.

Charles Cudworth is a scholar with a sense of humor-you may remember his The Frite of Spring, or Le Scare du Printemps"-and thus the ideal man to write on Handel as wag (see page 53). He was born in Cambridge and is still there, being now Curator of the Pendlebury Library in the University School of Musie.

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APRIL 1959

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HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

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9.5







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AD-4277M	12"	20	30	,8	7%	98,000	8,000	35-18,000	39.00
AD-4877M	8 "	6	10	4-6	10%	58.300	13,000	50-20,000	26.00
AD-3800M	8"	6	10	4.6	6%	26,200	11.000	75-19,000	9.90
AD-3500M	5"	3	5	4-6	4%	26,200	11,000	130-19,000	8.34
AD-3690M	619"	6	9	4-6	5.5%	26.200	11,000	70-18,000	7.95
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Industry Growth

The Institute of High Fidelity Manufacturers reports that high-fidelity component sales in 1950 amounted to \$12,000,000. In 1958 they jumped to \$260,000,000 and are expected to reach \$300,000,000 this year.

FM radio, after several rough years, is growing in size and strength. The National Association of Broadcasters' FM Radio Committee reported that as of December 1958 there were 565 commercial FM stations on the air, compared with 533 in 1957. FM set sales for last year exceeded 500,000, bringing the total in use to something over 14,000,000.

William Speed, president of Audio Devices, predicts a 35% growth for the magnetic tape industry in 1959. Industry sales, he said, may reach \$100,000,000 in three years.

Stereo Standards

The Board of Directors of the Electronic Industries Association has established a National Stereophonic Radio Committee. The committee has been charged with responsibility to "develop a set of standards for stereophonic radio which, in the opinion of the industry as represented by the Electronic Industries Association, represents the most economical method of serving the American public. This set of standards must permit full compatibility to the extent economically feasible; that is, all reasonable systems of multiplexing plus regular FM transmissions."

Equipment Specifications

The need for standard methods of testing audio equipment is so apparent, and has been stated in print so many times already, that it makes us feel a bit like cranks to bring it up again.

Yet we are duty-bound to talk about it from time to time, in order to warm readers against giving the published specifications too much weight in comparing units of different manufacturers. There are honest differences

Continued on next page

-the Royalty of Value in STEREO HI-FI knight

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Seemingly endless refinements in high fidelity concepts and equipment have brought the average customer face-to-face with the problem of how to keep his equipment from growing obsolete.

We say *average* customer because Fairchild customers are less concerned with this problem. Their equipment is generally several years ahead of that offered by other manufacturers. In addition, Fairchild's exclusive Exchange Plan provides them with the *latest* components at practically no penalty for obsolescence. Owners of Fairchild cartridges have been taking advantage of this plan for years.

you can convert to stereo and save up to \$36! Owners of a Fairchild cartridge can turn it in to their dealer and obtain a new Fairchild 232 Stereo cartridge at a saving of ... \$8.00

Owners of a Fairchild 280 or 281 arm can ask their dealer to send it to the factory and have it converted to Stereo for a cost of only \$14.50

a saving of ... \$28.00*

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Total Saving to Fairchild owners . . . \$36.00

*If you cannot wait your dealer will give you a brand new 282 in exchange for your 280 or 281 plus \$29.50 a saving of ... \$13.00

To the audiophile who is not now a Fairchild owner we say these superb Fairchild products are more than worth their cost. The 232 cartridge with its Dual-Rotating-Coil design and linear damping provides the cleanest listening you have ever heard in Stereo records. Cost \$49.50

The 282 Stereo arm is newly redesigned, handsomely finished and comes complete with integral high quality shielded cables, ready to plug into your preamplifier! No soldering — no hum. It is the world's finest arm, and the easiest to mount. **Cost \$42.50**

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NOTED WITH INTEREST

Continued from preceding page

of opinion among manufacturers as to how tests should be made and which test methods give the most significant results; as long as there are no official standard methods of measurement, these differences will produce differing specification figures.

Confusion is caused sometimes even in the interpretation of test results from independent sources. In our March issue, for example, we published an "Audiolab Test Report" on the Bell 3030 stereo amplifier. Power output was tested on the 8-ohm output taps, which seemed reasonable to Hirsch-Houck Laboratories (our ATR test organization). The amplifier didn't quite meet the manufacturer's specs when tested that way. According to Bell, the specs are met easily if the 16-ohm taps are used. Such misunderstandings would be avoided if we had standards of measurement to be followed by everybody.

Fortunately, the Institute of High Fidelity Manufacturers is working diligently at this problem. It has worked out complete (and excellent) standards for testing timers, and these have been accepted by the membership. At the time this is written the IHFM is said to have test standards for amplifiers nearly completed. Hirsch-Houck Labs now follow the IHFM's timer standards in preparing reports; as other standards are accepted they will use them also. We may at last be getting out of the specifications mess.

Telediffusion

The heading is misleading; it's not what you think it is. Generally speaking, in the United States the word might mean some method of carrying television programs throughout a community on cable. Service is rented; you simply connect your television set to the cable outlet and you can then receive a number of television stations usually many more than if you put up your own antenna.

Thanks to reader Noel Arnold in Lausanne. Switzerland, it has been brought to our attention that telediffusion in Switzerland applies to radio programs. Transmission is direct from studio to listener by telephone cables and, in the service being offered in Lausanne, offers a selection from some twenty different studios throughout Switzerland and as far away as London. Although telephone lines are used, Mr. Arnold says the fidelity is excellent. Cost is about 50 cents per month, charged on the telephone bill. CHARLES FOWLER

HIGH FIDELETY MAGAZINE

in HI-FI the best buys are

the

experts

say...



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NEW STEREOPHONIC EQUIPMENT RF85: Stereo Dual Preamplifler is a complete stereo con-trol system in "low silhouette" design adaptable to any stereo source-tape, discs, broadcasts. Superb variable crossover, feedback tone controls driven by feedback amplifier pairs in each channel. Distottion borders on unmeasurable even at high output levels. Separate lo-level input in each channel for mag, phono, tape head, mike. Separate hi-level Inputs for AM & FM tuners & FM Multiplex. One each auxillary A & B input in each channel may be operated together with built-in clutch. Switched-in loudness compensator. Function Selector permits hear-ing each stereo channel individually, and reversing them also use of unit for stereo or monohonic play. Full-wave rectifier tube power supply. 5-12AX7/ECC83, 1-6X4. Works with any high-quality stereo power amplifier such as EICO HF86, or any 2 high-quality mono power amplifiers such as EICO HF14, HF22, HF30, HF35, HF50, HF60, "Extreme flexibility ... a bargain" - HI-FI REVIEW. KI 539.5. Wired 564.95. Includes cover.

Kit \$39.95. Wired \$64.95. Includes cover. HF86: Stereo Dual Power Amplifier for use with HF85 above or any good self-powered stereo preamp. Identical Williamson-type push-pull EL84 power amplifiers, con-servatively rated at 14W, may be operated in parallel to deliver 28W for non-stereo use. Either Input can be made common for both amplifiers by Service Selector switch. Voltage amplifier & split-load phase inverter circuitry feature EICO-developed 120W7 audio tube for significantly better performance. Kit \$43.95. Wired \$74.95.

HF81: Stereo Dual Amolifier-Preimed 274.95. HF81: Stereo Dual Amolifier-Preimplifier selects, amplifies & controls any stereo source — tape, discs, broad-casts—& feeds it thru self-contained dual 14W amplifiers to a pair of speakers. Monophonically, 28 watts for your speakers; complete stereo preamp. Ganged level controls, separate focus (balance) control, independent full-range bass & treble controls for each channel. Identical William contyne, outb null E14 opport pentitiers to calibrit son-type, push-pull EL84 power amplifiers, excellent out-put transformers. "Service Selector" switch permits one preamp-control section to drive the internal power amplipreamp-control section to drive the internal power ampli-fiers while other preamp-control section is left free to drive vour existing external amplifier. "Excellent" — SATURDAY REVIEW; HI-FI MUSIC AT HOME. "Dutstand-ing quality ... extremely versatile" — RADIO & TV NEWS LAB-TESTED. Kit \$69.95. Wired \$109.95. Includes cover. LMD-TESTED. KIT 369.95. Wired \$109.95. Includes cover, MONO PREAMPLIFIERS (stack 2 for Stereo) HF-65: superb new design, Inputs for tape head, microphone, mag-phono cartridRe & hi-level sources. IM distortion 0.04% @ 2V out. Attractive "low slihouette" design. HF65A Kit \$29.95. Wired \$44.95. HF65 (with power supply) Kit \$33.95. Wired \$44.95.

MONO POWER AMPLIFIERS (use 2 for STEREO)

HF60 (60W), HF50 (50W), HF35 (35W), HF30 (30W), HF22 (22W), HF14 (14W): from Kit \$23.50, Wired \$41.50.

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SPEAKER SYSTEMS (use 2 for STEREO) SPEAKER SYSTEMS (use 2 for STEFEO) HFS2: Natural bass 30-200 cps via slot-loaded 12-ft. split conical bass horn. Middles & lower highs: front radiation from 3½" edge-damped cone. Distortionless spike-shaped super-tweeter radiates omni-directionally. Flat 45-20.000 cps, useful 30-40,000 cps. 16 ohms. HWD 36". 15¼", 11½". "Eminently musical"—Holt, HIGH FIDELITY. "Fine for stere"—MODERN HI-FI. Completely factory-built: Mahogany or Walnut, \$139.95; Blonde, \$144.95.

Handgahy of wanter, visiss, blotte, statist, HFS1: Bookshelf Soeaker System, complete with factory-built cabinet. Jensen 8" woofer, matching Jensen com-pression-driver exponential horn tweeter. Smooth clean bass; crisp extended highs. 70-12,000 cps range. Capacity 25 w. 8 ohms. HWD; 11" x 23" x 9". Wiring time 15 min. Price \$39.95.

Capacity 25 w. 8 ohms. HWD: 11" x 23" x 9". Wiring time 15 min. Price \$39.95. FM TUNER. HF190: Surpasses wired tuners up to 3X its cost. For the first time, makes practical even for the novice the building of an FM tuner kit equal to really good factory-wired units. No alignment instruments needed. Pre-wired, pre-aligned temperature-compensated "front end" is drift-free – eliminates need tor AFC. Precision "eye-tronic" DM-70 traveling tuning indicator, supplied pre-wired, contracts at exact center of each FM channel. Pre-aligned IF coils. Sensitivity 6X that of other kit tuners: 1.5 uv for 20 db quieting, 2.5 uv for 30 db quiet-ing, full limiting from 25 uv. IF bandwidth 260 kc at 6 db points. Frequency response uniform 20.0000 cp = 1 db. Cathode-follower & Multiplex outputs. Flywheel tuning, automatic gain control, stabilized low limiting threshold for excellent performance from weaker signals, broad-band ratio detector for improved capture ratio & easier tuning, full wave rectifier & heav filtering. Very low distortion. "One of the best buys you can get in high fidelity kits" - AUDIOCRAFT kit Report. Kit \$33.95". Wired 55.5". Cover \$3.95. "Less Cover, F.E.T. incl. NEW AM TUNER HF194: Matches HF190. Selects "hi-fi" wide (20C — 9kc @ -3 db) or weak-station narrow (20C — 5kc @ -3 db) bandpass. Tuned RF stage for high selectivity & sensitivity, precision "eye-tronic" tuning, Built-in ferrite loop, prealigned RF & IF coils. Sensitivity 3 uv @ 30% mod. for 1.0 V out, 20 db S/N. Very low noise & distortion. High A 10 ck whistle filter, kit \$39.95. Wired \$69.95, incl. Cover & F.E.T.

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Clean, precision design—loaded with advanced features for the discriminating stereophile:

- Gold-plated "frame grid" cascode tube, guarantees maximum obtainable sensitivity—0.85 μv for 20 db quieting!
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STEREO SEPARATION CONTROL—an exclusive new SR feature that's a full year ahead—gives you finger-tip control of the degree of separation between the two stereo channels, lets

you blend them at will to suit your own ear. With the Stereo Separation Control, you can fill the "hole in the middle," eliminate objectionable separation or "pingpong" effect, and compensate for variations in stereo programming recorded with extreme channel separation.

Other advanced features:

- Phase alternating button enables you to separate, or to exaggerate stereo programming that is heavily mixed.
- Totally inaudible distortion only 0.08% IM at 1 volt output, 0.2% at 3 volts, 0.5% at 10 volts.
- Professional control functions include separate bass and treble, variable loudness, rumble and scratch filters.
- Twelve variable input level controls to accommodate any stereo or monaural signal inputs.

Combines two professional-quality 50-watt amplifiers, electronically isolated, yet on one chassis; engineered for stereo.

- Each channel delivers full rated power (50 watts) with less than 1% IM distortion; less than 0.2% at 45 watts.
- Switching provided for instantly paralleling channels to permit use as 100-watt monaural amplifier (200 watts peak).
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Write for your copy of the exciting new 12-page SR brochure, discover why SR components out-perform and out-last all others in their price range, and "check the specs" on other SR stereo products such as the SR-380 AM-FM Tuner/Stereo Pre-Amp tone control, the SR-534 Dual 17-watt basic power amplifier, and the SR-1717 Stereo Pre-Amp/ Dual 17-watt amplifier.

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selects outstanding recordings from every field of music. These selections are described in the Club Magazine, which you receive free each month. You may accept or reject the selection for your Oivision. take any of the other records offered (stereo or monaural), or take NO record in any particular month. You may discontinue membership at any time after purchasing four records. The records you want are mailed and billed to you at the regular list price: Popular Monaural Selections, \$3.3%; Classical Monaural, \$4.98; all Stereo Records, \$5.98 — plus a small mailing charge. To receive your three stereo or monaural records FREE, fill In and return the coupon today!

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10. A truly magnificent

Bells are

Ringing

BROADWAY

CAST

big-



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April 1959

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New design! Just demonstrated the model! FM's superb...such quieting...rock-stable tuning! Can't hear any hum in the wide-open audio preamplifier...or noise in the treble! And the power amplifier...*just feel that bass!* He has good reason to be proud. From front end to output stage, the design's a honey. And, as he says: "...the tubes are RCA!"

RCA tubes for monophonic and stereophonic high fidelity have been especially designed to bring out the best in your equipment. Among these are four special types— RCA-6973 and 7027 beam power tubes. RCA-7025, a high-mu twin triode controlled for hum and noise and the 7199, a remarkable triode-pentode combination.

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... if you agree to buy five albums from the Club during the next twelve months from at least 100 to be made available

This exciting new plan enables you to have on tap a variety of popular music . . . and, once and for all, takes bewilderment out of building such a well-balanced collection. YOU PAY FAR LESS FOR ALBUMS THIS WAY than if you buy them haphazardly. For example, the extraordinary introductory offer described above can represent as much as a 40% saving in your first year of membership. Thereafter, through the Club's Record-Dividend Plan, YOU SAVE ALMOST 331/3% of the manufacturer's nationally advertised price. After buying the five albums called for in this offer, you will receive a free 12-inch 331/3 R.P.M. album, with a nationally advertised price of at least \$3.98, for every two albums purchased from the Club. A WIDE CHOICE OF RCA VICTOR ALBUMS will be described each month. One will be singled out as the album-of-the-month. If you want it, you do nothing; it will come to you automatically. If you prefer an alternate-or nothing at all-you can make your wishes known on a form always provided. You pay the nationally advertised price-usually \$3.98, at times \$1.98 (plus a small charge for postage and handling).







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BLUE STARR Kay Starr sings and swings torch

Hugo Winterhalter's lush orchestra in 12 standards.

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SINGING STARS . BROADWAY MUSICALS . JAZZ DANCE MUSIC . MOOD MUSIC . COLLECTOR'S ITEMS

	CHECK THE FIVE ALBUMS
	WE GET LETTERS Perry Como sings 12 standards.
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NEW GLENN MILLER ORCHESTRA IN HI FI Ray McKinley. 12 dance items. à BRASS & PERCUSSION Morton Gould Symphonic Band, 17 hi-fi marches.

LENA HORNE AT THE WALDORF ASTORIA.

MARIO LANZA - STU-

Dinah Shore, torch songs. BING WITH A BEAT A Crosby jazz lark with Bob Scobey, 12 evergreen hits.

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April 1959

TOWN HALL CONCERT PLUS Louis Armstrong allstar collector's item.

LET'S DANCE WITH THE THREE SUNS Forty show tunes, standards.

SOUTH PACIFIC Original ie soundtrack

BOSTON POPS PICNIC All time favorites: Ja-lousie, Malagueña, etc.

MUSIC FOR DINING Melachrino strings in hi-fi mood music.

INDEED! Marie, Star Dust.

SWEET SEVENTEEN Ames Brothers. Little White Lies. I Don't Know Why, etc.

Gershwin highlights. Risë Stevens, Robert Merrill.

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YOU WANT. DO NOT DETACH FROM THE COUPON THE RCA VICTOR POPULAR ALBUM CLUB P. O. Box 80, Village Station, New York 14, N. Y. DLET'S CHA CHA WITH PUENTE Latin dance fare; modern. big-band style.

P. O. Box 80, Village Station, New York 14, N. Y. Please register me as a member of The BCA VICTOR Popular Album Club and send me the five albums I have checked at left, for which I will pay \$3.98, plus a small charge for postage and handling. I agree to buy five other albums offered by the Club within the next year, for each of which I will be hilled at the manufacturer's nationally advertised price: usually \$3.98, at times \$4.98 (plus a small charge for postage and handling). Thereafter, I need buy only four such albums in any twelve-mouth period to maintain membership. I may cancel my membership any time after buying five albums from the Club (in addition to those included in this introductory offer). After my fifth purchase, if I continue, for every two albums I buy I may choose a third album free.

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Address.

Cin Zone State NOTE: If you wish to enroll through an authorized RCA VICTOR dealer, please fill in here:

Dealer

Address_ Send no money. A bill will be sent. Albums can be shipped only to U.S., its territories and Canada. Albums for Canadian members are made in Canada and shipped duty free from Ontario.

Student Prince

P12-4

LARRY ELGART *at the* CONTROL CON-SOLE *of his* RECORDING STUDIO

(Note the AR-1 monitor loudspeakers, in stereo)



LARRY ELGART, RCA VICTOR RECORDING ARTIST

One of the most exacting jobs for a speaker system is that of studio monitor in recording and broadcast work. Technical decisions must be made on the basis of the sound coming from these speakers, which will affect, for good or for ill, the quality of a record master or FM broadcast.

AR acoustic suspension speaker systems, although designed primarily for the home, are widely employed in professional laboratories and studios. Below is a partial list of companies using AR speakers (all models) as studio monitors:

Dawn Records Elektra Records Mastercraft Record Plating Canterbury Records Raleigh Records Concert Network stations WBCN, WNCN, WHCN, WXCN Concertapes—Concertdisc WGBH WPFM WXHR Counterpoint Recordings (formerly Esoteric Records) Magnetic Recorder and Reproducer Dubbings

AR speaker systems, complete with enclosures—the AR-1, AR-2, and AR-3—are priced from \$89 to \$225. Literature is available for the asking.

ACOUSTIC RESEARCH, INC. 24 Thorndike Street, Cambridge 41, Mass.



Bravo for Bernstein

SIR:

I have been reading your magazine month after month since 1953 and wish to congratulate you for publishing the article "Who Lives at Carnegie Hall?" by Joseph Roddy.

Mr. Bernstein's accomplishments with the New York Philharmonic have indeed been colossal. . . As a fellow New Yorker and frequent visitor to Carnegie Hall I can fully attest to Mr. Roddy's statement that the New York Philharmonic under the direction of Mr. Bernstein sounds like Toscanini's orchestra. . .

Gunther H. Jansen New York, N. Y.

Foreboding

SIR:

I have just finished reading the article by Paul Wrablica entitled "Audio Styling: A Look Ahead" [January]. I honestly hope that the designs that he outlined are not a forecast of the fate of high fidelity. True, his ideas are original and stimulating; they stimulated me to write this letter. However, it would be sad to see electronic equipment go the way of the metal monsters issued from Detroit. Once automobiles belonged to the realm of the male. Now it seems that amplifiers and associated equipment are about to become finned and chromed things of beauty (beauty??) with wraparound cabinets.

It may be true that I "satisfy my ego" with the knowledge that I alone can operate my amplifier, but what of it? I like my audio equipment to look and sound professional.

Another point. Mr. Wrablica hints in his article that manufacturing would be made easier, which implies assembly line procedure. I do not believe that a precision device can be built on an assembly line or that human care can be replaced by an electronic brain.

A final question: Do you know a real high-fidelity addict who would object strongly enough to adjusting his

Continued on page 20

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

Engineered for STEREO by





Intensive and thorough engineering for over a year has resulted in a preamplifier *designed for stereo*. McIntosh engineering has made McIntosh products the acknowledged leader in quality, flexibility, and features and now the McIntosh C 20 Stereo Compensator is destined to continue McIntosh in this coveted leadership. See the features of the preamplifier *designed for stereo* at your high fidelity dealer. He has the McIntosh C 20 Stereo Compensator in stock.

Melntosh ... the Mark of Excellence

www.americanradiohistory.com

Designed for STEREO

Correct phase relationship of the loudspeakers is absolutely essential in the reproduction of stereo. The front panel phase switch on the C 20 controls loudspeaker phase without any change in loudness or frequency response. An essential addition in a control unit designed for stereo.

MODE SELECTOR

INVERT SELECTOR



As records become worn or dirty, high frequency noises become annoying. The high frequency cutoff switch permits the attenuation of the objectionable noise at a rate of attenuation of 20 DB per octave above 9 KC or 5 KC.

BASS

Separate equalization controls

for hass and treble to give the

highest flexibility in record com-

pensation. NAB equalization has

been incorporated for direct tape

head playback. Adequate equaliza-

tion has been provided to protect

your investment in monophonic

Mc Intosh (20-

VOLUME

IN PLAYBACK

OUT-RECORD

STEREO COMPENSATOR

TAPE

records and tape.

RUMBLE

FILTE.

- MODE SELECTOR
- BALANCE CONTROL
- PHASE CONTROL
- HI FREQUENCY CUTOFF
- AURAL COMPENSATION

A continuously variable loudness control has been incorporated to permit playback at low levels. As the control is advanced the signal is reduced in intensity maintaining the aural response of the Fletcher-Munson curve.

- INPUT SELECTOR
- BASS COMPENSATION
- TREBLE COMPENSATION
- BASS TONE CONTROL
- TREBLE TONE CONTROL

/Eight inputs are supplied including special input switching to parallel the sides of a stereo cartridge to cancel the vertical signal for highest quality monophonic reproduction from a stereo cartridge. Sufficient gain has been provided to give full output from even the lowest output cartridges.

> Jacks have been provided on the front panel to permit the use of a portable tape recorder in addition to a tape recorder built in the system. The jacks, in stereo of course, are for playback or record as controlled by the push button. By the use of these jacks two tape recorders can be used with the C 20.



4 Chambers St., Binghamton, N. Y.

IN CANADA: MANUFACTURED BY MCCURDY RADIO INDUSTRIES, LTD.; 22 FRONT STREET WEST, TORONTO, CANADA

In addition to the ganged tone controls on the front panel McIntosh has added separate and independent tone halancing controls on the back panel. The back panel controls are set once for balancing the response of the entire system. The front panel tone controls then can be used for flavoring the music without the need to rebalance the system after each use.

The push button Rumble Filter control sharply attenuates the extreme low frequencies to eliminate any objectionable noises generated in the source equipment.

Instantaneous tape comparison is controlled by the Tape Compare push button without affecting the signal being recorded. All functions are for either stereo or monophonic applications.

The C 20 is in stock at your Ill Intosh Franchised Dealer

Another Fleetwood® first...and finest the daVinci Model 900 with full electronic remote control.

Other outstanding daVinci features:

- · Wide Bandpass reproduces all useful information broadcast.
- Definition Control tailors picture texture to your taste.
- Excellent Circuitry . . . no inexpensive printed circuits; costly Silicon rectifiers for years of trouble-free service.
- · Easy Installation with new short chassis only 11%" deep. Bookshelves make perfect settings where wall apertures are impractical.

Model 910 designed for manual tuning with self-contained controls.

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Startling, striking innovations of the new 21"* da Vinci make this set a vanguard of the industry!

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LETTERS

Continued from page 16

own "complicated" gear manually to buy an effeminate, push-button condescension to "public opinion?" 1 don't. William A. Harting Boston, Mass.

Record Reviews and the Arts Sin:

I feel compelled to thank you for your impartial and splendid record reviews. Of particular interest was David Johnson's Puccini discography [December]. Mr. Johnson's careful and illuminating analysis is reassuring to us who have an extensive library of Madame Callas' recordings, for it gives authority to our belief in her vocal ability and unequaled dramatic interpretation. I might here add that her artistry is not the product of electronic amplification, but that on stage she is even more vibrant and her musicianship-if possible-even more apparent. Mr. Johnson's article fully supports my belief that artists are to be judged on performance, and that reportorial bias, prejudice, and sensationalism have no place in the arts. Doris L. Rothgesser

Hillside, N. J.

Rebuttal to Reader

SIR:

ADVERT SING

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I am writing because of the letter of Mr. Carlton C. Porter in your February issue attacking opera as, in great part, "tinsel and bombast . . . a poor and mongrel simulation of an art form."

Let me first admit that he could find examples of the nursery rhyme arias and lurid librettos he decries with little trouble. But only a person without taste could fail to find the same uneven quality in any form of music, or any other art for that matter.

Just as in the theatre, it is not poor works which justify the devotion of opera's admirers, but the occasional great masterwork which stamps opera with the badge of true art. Should the numerons bad plays of today convince us to shut our theatres because we have outgrown them?

If one should answer that great plays are still written, while great operas are not, he would have made a valid point, but not one which would discredit opera as an art form. The answer to this is to be found, not in any flaw in opera, but in the failure of modern composers to face the problems of opera and work hard

Continued on page 22

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

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Continued from page 20

enough to solve them. Puccini has had the last word in opera by default. The limits of that most beautiful instrument, the human voice, make it a poor tool for the use of moderns who scorn lyrical beauty in music.

Perhaps the real cause of opera's decline is its inherent need for beautiful melody. It cannot thrive where composers thrive on ugly discords, so much in vogue in modern music.

John Fick

Chicago, Ill.

Arm-held Speakers

SIR:

Dr. John Stern of Utica, who complains about women holding speakers in their arms [December], overlooks the fact that women have always managed to get about any response they desired from arm-held speakers and, generally, fidelity far beyond the original intention of the speaker.

What more could any speaker desire than to be enclosed in the arms of luscious listeners!

Alvin Duis Sidney, Neb.

Monophonic Future Dire?

SIR:

Not long ago we read advertisements of high-fidelity equipment promising "Listen to live sound," "Turn your living room into a concert hall," "Realistic lifelike reproduction of sound," and many other fine things.

Suddenly we are told that monophonic music reproduction is antiquated, inferior, and unreal, that stereophonic music alone is realistic music reproduction. Soon there will be no more monophonic amplifiers in catalogues, and we may have to buy monophonic records in shops for antiques.

Allow me to protest emphatically against this development. Stereophonic sound may be superior in years to come but until now I have not heard stereo (except at a price of \$2,000 and more) which I prefer to the monophonic music I enjoy with my own setup at home.....

To say that only stereophonic music is lifelike and that monophonic music appears "to come out of a box" is definitely untrue unless a poorly designed enclosure is used. Good speakers in technically good enclosures disperse the sound which is also multidirectionally reflected by walls, ceiling, and floor.

Eric Bock, M.D. Waukegan, Ill.

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LONDON-This city is to commemorate Handel and Purcell jointly, in a Purcell-Handel Festival lasting June 8-27. The BBC, the Arts and British Councils, the British Museum, and the London County Council are collaborating in this venture, of which the Queen is patron. The most interesting events are productions, by the Handel Opera Society at Sadler's Wells, of Rodelinda and Semele, one of which should star Joan Sutherland. Miss Sutherland is one of the very few sopranos today capable of dealing with Handel's music convincingly: witness her Alcina for the Handel Opera Society (some of it on a Oiseau-Lyre record) and her "Let the bright Seraphim," which brings the house down each time Covent Garden stages Samson. Other events: Dry-den's version of The Tempest, with Purcell's incidental music, at the Old Vic; concert performances of King Arthur, The Faery Queen, Solomon.

The most important scholarly contribution bids to be Winton Dean's long-awaited study of the Handel dramatic oratorios (which he believes to be much more dramatic than the operas). It is exhaustive, learned, with long analyses of each of the works, but always with an eve and an ear directed outside the study to the concert hall and opera house. A recent HMV disc of "O ruddier than the cherry," sung by Oven Brannigan, shows how scholar and performer can happily collaborate. Dean told Charles Farncombe, conductor of the Handel Opera Society, that although the score shows a treble recorder for the obbligato, Handel used to employ a sopranino recorder (an octave higher). And on this disc, for the first time, we are able to hear the deliciously merry piping, high above the amorous bass giant's protestation, which lends to the piece an irresistibly comic and attractive effect.

Klemperer Recovered. Otto Klemperer's illness (smoking a pipe in bed, he

Continued on page 28

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE



We are indebted to William Henry Fox Talbot for the invention of the photographic negative and discovery of the latent image. His work greatly advanced the art-science of photography. More than a hundred years later the laboratories of James B. Lansing Sound, Inc., developed the principle of radial refraction, a break-through which may prove to be equally significant in the field of stereophonic music reproduction. First applied to the magnificent JBL Ranger-Paragon, an instrument originally designed for use as a monitor in perfecting stereo recording techniques, radial refraction has now been used in a more compact, home-sized stereophonic loudspeaker system called the JBL Ranger-Metregon. The curved refracting panel on the front of the dual acoustical enclosure integrates two precision loudspeaker systems. A wide-angle stereo field is radiated throughout the listening area. Radial refraction obviates the hole in the middle, ping-pong effects, and split soloists which plague expedient stereo arrangements. No less than seven different speaker systems, including one with new high frequency drivers, exponential horns, and dividing networks may be installed in the Metregon. You may very well be able to use some of your present JBL loudspeakers. Write for a complete description of the JBL Ranger-Metregon and the name and address of the Authorized JBL Signature Audio Specialist in your community.

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NOTES FROM ABROAD

Continued from page 26

fell asleep; the bed caught fire and he was severely burned) jarred both London's concert season and Angel's recording plans. But Dr. Klemperer is now out of hospital; and on May 7-19 he is scheduled to record Bach's St. Matthew Passion in the Hampstead Parish Church, with the Philharmonia Orchestra and the professional Philharmonia Choir of sixty singers. The soloists are Elisabeth Schwarzkopf, Christa Ludwig, Peter Pears, Nicolai Gedda, Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau, and Donald Bell, the young Canadian baritone who was Nightwatchman in Bavreuth's Meistersinger last year. Benjamin Britten has been invited to supply the continuo.

Sopranos and Stereo. Claire Watson, an American soprano who sings at Frankfurt, made a lightweight Marschallin in the Covent Garden revival of Der Rosenkavalier-a performance conducted by Rudolf Kempe with so little emotion or affection as to jeopardize his Strauss reputation as seriously as the last Ring here did his Wagner one. But everyone who heard Miss Watson's Ellen Orford in Peter Grimes seemed to like it. She learned the role specially for the Decca (London Records in the States) recording of the opera, which has now been made, out at Walthamstow-the first opera-instereo recording to be done in England, and the first recording of the Covent Garden Opera Company. The company used the technique it pioneered in Vienna, throwing out a stage into the hall, and on to this it put, more or less, the Covent Garden production. The stage noises-oohs and ahs in the Trial Scene, dancing about outside the Boar-are said to have authenticity and naturalness. Britten conducted his own opera (for the first time ever) and everything went so smoothly that long stretches-the whole of the first scene, for examplewere done as a single take.

Flagstad has been in London again, following up the success of her Sibelius recital with another collection of Scandinavian song, Grieg and others, again with orchestral accompaniment. The Vienna-recorded *Rheingold* (in which Flagstad sings Fricka) represents a distinct stereo advance on the *Walküre*; anvils, thunderclaps, ambulatory (if not water-borne) Rhinemaidens, make a picturesque and visually evocative effect.

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Books in Review

In Memoriam: Curt Sachs. Probably only a few veteran devotees of baroque and earlier music remember that the iron bonds of "standard" repertory were first broken almost single-handedly by the imaginative daring of Dr. Curt Sachs, Even fewer may recall his pioneering Two Thousand Years of Music of 1934 or the far more ambitions Anthologie sonore series launched in 1937; vet it was these bold challenges which first aroused the record industry to the importance of historical authenticity in re-creations of old music and which persuaded listeners that the world of vital music making was far wider and more inviting than they had imagined. Dr. Sachs's long and fruitful career came to an end on February 5, 1959, with his death at the age of seventy-seven, but his wisdom has left an ineffaceable imprint on recorded music for all time.

More directly, every serious music lover is incalculably indebted to him for a legacy of writings which represent not only the finest musical scholarship of our era, but the still more precious gift of stimulating enthusiasm and curiosity. The best known of his books in English probably is Our Musical Heritage (Prentice-Hall, 2nd ed. 1955, \$7.35); yet admirable as this concise history is, the most characteristically exhilarating and illuminating words of Dr. Sachs are to be found in his larger and more deeply probing studies, all of which (in English, at least) are fortimately still, and promise long to remain, in print-in the catalogue of his principal publisher, W. W. Norton & Co. My personal favorites are the standard History of Musical Instruments (1940, \$7.95) and that remarkable exploration of the relationships among the various arts, The Commonwealth of Art (1946, \$7.50). Yet I scarcely dare give precedence to these over such no less valuable works as The Rise of Music in the Ancient World, East and West (1943, \$5.95), World History of the Dance (1937, \$5.95), and Rhythm and Tempo (1953, \$7.95). And, if rumor is to be trusted, still another work, An Introduction to Ethnomusicology, was completed in manuscript just this last winter. To know these works is to enrich immeasurably one's own capacities for catholic, perceptive, and profoundly rewarding musical experience.

Music in the Medieval and Renaissance Universities is only too obviously one of those pachyderms which

Continued on page 34

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BOOKS IN REVIEW

Continued from page 32

lumber formidably through the musicological preserves of contemporary literature: in short, a doctoral dissertation rigorously confined to the sober compilation of obscure historical facts. And even its subject (unlike author Nan Cooke Carpenter's earlier study of *Rabelais and Music*, University of North Carolina Press, 1954) is scarcely enlivening in itself. Like the writings of one of the early scholars exhumed here (the thirteenth-century encyclopedist Bartholomaeus Anglicus), "Thise wordes ben in themselfe deepe and full mystyk, derk to understondynge."

Properly, I can commend this work only to devout scholars well versed in medieval Latin and French as well as music history. Nevertheless, it would be unfair not to add that this esoteric work has its own curious fascinations and rewards. Miss Carpenter does eventually succeed in convincing us that her thesis has genuine validity and significance, that the apparently quaint "Dark-Age" and Renaissance theories of music were better articulated and disseminated than the selfproclaimed enlightened ages have ever realized, and that the composers of those days were by no means the untutored natural songsters of popular imagination, but respectful inheritors and diligent refiners of already great traditions, the influences of which remain ineradicable, however obscure. in the pages of subsequent musical history (University of Oklahoma Press, \$6.00).

Gustave Mahler: The Early Years, by Donald Mitchell, is, as its subtitle indicates, only the first installment of a badly needed standard English biography of one of the most enigmatic personalities in modern music. Since it is limited to the first twenty years (1860-80) of Mahler's life, only Das klagende Lied and a few very early songs of this composer's steadily growing discography are discussed here. but discussed in a minute detail (some fifty-seven pages of text with many musical illustrations for the Song of Lament alone). This is musical scholarship without compromise and, needless to say, neither the analyses nor the painstakingly documented (in no less that 37 pages of source references) biographical chapters are calculated for easy reading. Yet, for anyone willing to struggle through these dense thickets of facts, conjectures, and exegesis, Mahler's tortured figure does begin to emerge at last-and with it at

Continued on page 37

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE
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TONEARM - Rigid, locking key snap-in accommodation for all mono or stereo cartridges. Super lightweight one-piece construction eliminates multiple tonearm resonance, minimizes cartridge horizontal and vertical amplitude distortion developed in cartridges when mounted in two-piece or plug-in head type arms. This maintains original cartridge compliance specifications. Double set of direct-acting ball bearings (in both axes) insures complete freedom of vertical and lateral motion . . . and prevents tracking force variations possible with "damped" or otherwise poorly suspended arms due to changes in weather or environment. Fingertip stylus pressure adjustment is directly on tonearm assembly. Tonearm is automatically secured in place, when at rest.

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Three choices with the 1006! Start manually, with *either* a rotating *or* motionless turntable, setting the tonearm anywhere on the record to play all or just a desired portion. Or push a button and the 1006 starts, and finds the record lead-in groove. In all cases, the tonearm returns to rest after play, motor shuts off, and drive disengages...all *automatically*! Stop, repeat, or reject (manually or automatically) any time you please.



STEREO: MONO SWITCH – Does more than instantaneously adapt cartridge for either mono or stereo output! Also introduces special phase-cancelling feedback circuit for stereo cartridges when used on conventional single-track mono records. This removes random noises resulting from cartridge high vertical sensitivity to the rough, unused groove trough of mono records. Even mono records sound better. Two color coded 48" output cables are *individually* shielded to avoid ground loop hum.



BUILT-IN PRESSURE GAUGE – A precision stylus pressure gauge is a vital necessity for the preservation of valuable records and for optimum cartridge operation. A professional, direct reading gauge is conveniently located for instant check and adjustment of the entire tonearm, as different cartridges are used. No need for guesswork or to rely on arbitrary, printed calibrations on a tonearm. Tamperproof and factorysealed for lifelong accuracy.

TURNTABLE—Large diameter, heavyweight turntable uses unique, laminated and concentrically girded construction for *positive* retention of dynamic balance and plano surface ... vital to stereo cartridges. This, and the use of reliable Oillite type, permanently self-lubricating ball bearing assembly provide virtually frictionless, *non-resonant* rotation, avoiding need to rely on "fly-wheel action" of conventional castings, machine turnings, or "weighted" turntables to maintain constant speed. Properly designed table mat prevents record slip without surface strain to the delicate record grooves.



FOUR SPEEDS—Self-locking and troublefree, a multiple transmission system is used. With a set of individual drive gears for *each* speed, possible future changes in recording speeds are thus accommodated. All drive and idler wheels automatically disengage after *each* playback and also when machine is turned off ... nothing to adjust or remember, never any "flat spot thump." Speeds provided: 163, 331/3, 45, 78 rpm.

QUIETING CIRCUITS – Self-muting and squelch filter circuits keep the electrical operation of the 1006 as wonderfully quiet as the mechanical action of the skillfully crafted assembly. No "pops" or buzzes.

AUTOMATIC CHANGER — Whether for stereo or mono reproduction, the outstanding qualities of the 1006 as a professional turntable are remarkably preserved as a record changer too! Look...



MINIMUM CONTROLS – Simple to operate in spite of its many special features – only three buttons start, stop, reject, or repeat action. Repeat button is *self-cancelling* after replay, or can repeat same record any number of times without disturbing the stack. Spindle need *not* be removed from turntable to remove records or rearrange record sequence...even while record is playing.



 Record stack separates from bottom record.
 Rottom record descends.
 Stack gently lowers for next play.

ELEVATOR ACTION – The bottom-most record of the stack is separated by the action of the changer spindle into an *interim position*, ready for travel to the turntable, and divorced from the weight and pressure of the stack. The stack is gently lowered-*never dropped*-into position for the next record. This unique principle preserves and protects the record center-hole from wear and tear; and since no pusher arm or stabilizing guides are needed, warped records and chipped edges do not affect changer action. Furthermore, the "no load" condition of the stack eliminates damaging friction to grooves of adjacent records. Here is *truly gentle* handling of your precious recordings.



OBSOLESCENCE-PROOF INTERMIX

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FREEFLOATING TONEARM – Not just a statement, but a *fact*. New, advanced-design clutch *completely frees the tonearm during play*. Since the record lead-in groove-finding device is a part of the tonearm assembly, the arm is engaged by the cycling cam *only* during the start and stop actions.

LOW PRESSURE TRACKING – Incredibly low tracking force operates changer action ... only 2 grams! With the skill that comes with *filty years* of specialized experience, the 1006 is a classic achievement in the production of custom fitted parts that operate so effortlessly as to make this feat possible. No warmed-over mono version, the 1006 was made to meet the *exacting* requirements of stereo records. Naturally, monophonic records benefit too.

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BOOKS IN REVIEW

Continued from page 34

least some sympathetic comprehension of the ambiguities which were to lift him so close to, and yet so tragically short of, the supreme genius to which he so desperately aspired (Macmillan, \$8.50).

Loudspeakers, 5th Ed. At this late date, there can be few if any literate audiophiles who remain unfamiliar with the earliest of G. A. Briggs's books. Indeed a good index to the birth date of their interest in sonic technology might well be the particular edition (from the veteran's First of 1948 to the relative newcomer's Fourth of 1955) of the some 90-page paperback proudly cherished in their libraries. Now, however, this copy must be superseded by what is less a new edition than a vastly more substantial clothbound expansion, enlarged to 336 pages, and with over 200 illustrations, all but a handful of which are brand-new. The evangelical gospel of low-resonance cones, sandfilled or brick-reinforced enclosures. and the significance of discriminating inusical-car tests over response curves of steady-state laboratory measurements is preached more persuasively than ever, but the technical analyses are much more extensive and rigorous, thanks to the collaboration of R. E. Cooke and the inclusion of many of his invaluable wave-form photographs. Yet it still is Briggs himself-with his engaging combination of humor, poetic epigraphs, and stubborn Yorkshireman's insistence on the need for even technical complexities to make common sense in plain English-who gives the work its unique and piquant flavor. And, for good measure, he not only brings his studies of speakers and enclosures up to date to include electrostatic types, stereo applications, etc., but adds as sheer lagniappe for nontechnicians several delightful chapters of reminiscences of his own carcer as a manufacturer and writer, his impressions of audio fairs in England and the United States, and a report on the lessons he, as well as his audiences, have learned from his famous series of demonstration concerts (Wharfedale Wireless Works, Ltd., via British Industries Corp., \$4.50).

R. D. DARRELL







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A Guest Editorial by E. Power Biggs

Two Hundred Years Alive—George Frederick Handel



IN PRAISE of George Frederick Handel, what is there to add to the tributes that have echoed down the past two centuries? In these years, some four hundred books and extended articles, by about as many authors, have discussed England's great musical immigrant. His music, his personality, details of his daily life, even the minutiae of his bank accounts have been documented and analyzed.

First among the composer's biographers was John Mainwaring. His slim book, Memoirs of the Life of the Late George Frederic Handel, published in 1760, is said to have been the first biography of a musician to be set in print. Just over a century later, in 1883, W. S. Rockstro produced his enormously engaging Life of Handel. Among twentieth-century biographies, undoubtedly the book that offers us the most is the monumental Documentary Biography, by Otto Erich Deutsch. Here are organized chronologically all available documents, newspaper accounts, advertisements, and letters bearing on Handel's life. A clear picture emerges. One sees the man as his contemporaries saw him, and one is able to evaluate anew the vast range of Handel's musical thought. This book is a unique tribute of modern scholarship to the anniversary of the Halle master.

In outline, Handel's career is familiar: his eminent genius for music, so strong that it overrode his father's wish to train the young George Frederick for the law; his two or three years study in counterpoint, organ, oboe, and violin with Zachau, organist at the Liebfrauenkirche at Halle, which in fact constituted about the only formal musical instruction that Handel ever received; his short appointment as organist at the Cathedral Church of Halle, and his brief visit as a prodigy to Berlin; his journey at the age of eighteen to Hamburg, "on his own bottom" as Mainwaring puts it; the several years that he spent in the chief musical centers of Italy and his fortunate contact with the two Scarlattis, Alessandro and Domenico, and with Arcangelo Corelli-nuiscal experiences that were to add melody and frankness to his Germanic creative genius; his brief sojourn at Hanover; and finally, his irresistible gravitation, in the summer of 1710. towards England, the country that afforded him the spacious stage for his overwhelming talents and became, in fact, his adopted fatherland.

Stirring events were taking place in England at the beginning of the eighteenth century. Much of London had been rebuilt, following the Great Fire of 1666. Many Parliamentary steps towards achieving constitutional and individual liberty had been taken. There was a broadening base of support for the arts, and music reached an ever widening public. Yet no native composer of equal gifts had appeared to fill the shoes of Henry Purcell, and the times awaited the talents of a dominating musician.

It was Handel's particular genius to write music that was, in the best sense of the word, popular. He addressed himself directly to his public. Never did he need an interpreter, or a champion. The effect of his music was immediate and universal, and never has his music fallen from fashion or—at any rate—never have certain works lacked frequent performance.

Handel understood the art of living. He was quite the cultivated gentleman, an excellent Latin scholar, and master of the German. Italian, French, and English languages—several pointless anecdotes about his accent notwithstanding. He mixed with kings, yet kept the common touch; and he had a poise, a good sense, and a humor that served him under every circumstance. He could be bearish and rough-tempered, and his wit was pungent and barbed, yet it was often directed against himself. He could swear as profusely and in more languages than the best of his eightcenth-century compatriots. Yet a sincere spiritual conviction governed his whole life, and his concern for people less fortunate than himself led him to a practical and openhanded generosity unique among composers.

In Handel, then, one has this vast personality behind the creative musician. But, vital as all this is, it is selfevident that with Handel, as with any great composer, music is the essence. Emerson remarks in his *Essay on Art*: "Raphael paints wisdom, Shakespeare writes it ... Handel sings it...," Handel's music possesses enormous strength, natural beauty, a miraculous simplicity. It is in study and performance of this music, familiar and unfamiliar, that Handel will be understood at this anniversary. As Rockstro, writing of Handel and his music a century ago, put it: "If we would understand what he was, what he thought, hoped, loved and faithfully believed, it is here [in the music] ... that we must look for it...,"

Mr. Biggs, a considerable Handel anthovity as well as a famous organist, served as special consultant to the editors in the preparation of this issue.

by A. Hyatt King



Actually "Presentment of Englishry" comes from an early Norman murder law but, later, Englishry began to mean a special inclination towards English ways, and seemed appropriate to music's greatest Briton. Mr. King is Superintendent of the Music Room at the British Museum.

N April 17, 1759 James Smyth wrote to Bernard Granville: "On Saturday last at eight o'clock in the morn died the great and good Mr. Handel." Two hundred years later, this simple sentence, with its direct and moving adjectives, poses something of a paradox. How was it that the German-born composer-whose style became, and remained, basically Italian, and who was for long hardly regarded as really English-nevertheless stamped his personality on England's musical consciousness, at least from 1740 onwards, as no other musician has done before or since? What were the qualitics which made him into a national figure? If we consider some aspects of Handel's career in the light of what we know of his personality and relate it to the events and character of his age, perhaps we may shed some light on the paradoxical Englishness of his musical achievement.

We should never forget that Handel originally came to England in 1710 to compose Italian opera. *Rinaldo* was not merely the first of the long series which bulked so large in his output for the next twenty-five years. It typified the music through which Handel made an immediate and lasting impact on the English court and nobility. In this world, where music was the focus of passionate enthusiasm and controversy, Handel soon gained a secure place as royal music master with a pension. Although he became the subject of active interest in the talk and letters of the town and country, he remained at first aloof from society and cultivated only a small circle of friends.

When he first returned to Germany, in July 1711, perhaps dimly conscious of his destiny, he had begun to learn English-his statement on its virtues thirty-four years later is most illuminating-but his progress was slow. Although his name soon became Anglicized, through the Italianate "Hendel" of 1711 to "Mr. George Friderick Hendell" and to "Mr. Handel" (in 1714), and although he was naturalized in the coronation year of 1727, he seems never to have mastered thoroughly his adopted tongue in speaking. (His understanding of it is a different matter.) All his life, indeed, according to Burney and Hawkins, his spoken English retained a German accent and idiom, suggesting a certain mental inflexibility which is at variance with his adaptability in other directions and with his amazing opportunism-in the best sense of the word. This quality he linked with a tenacity and rugged independence which must have endeared him even to his enemies. For the English have always respected and admired a fighter.

From these beginnings, and with this character, what were the stages by which Handel became the center of

musical life in England? It might be thought that in this process the Italian opera, with which he was so long identified, played but little part, as its center of interest and contention lay in London. Some of the music, however, gradually became known in homes far from the capital, partly through concert performance, but far more from the inclusion of popular melodies in the delightful illustrated songbooks, such as Universal Harmony, Clio and Euterpe, The Musical Entertainer, and in anthologies of harpsichord music. These, with such charming titles as The Lady's Banquet, contained arrangements of the airs which, often all too briefly, had charmed the London stage. No country gentleman's music library was complete without these publications. The overtures of the operas, too, became very popular in arrangements for the harpsichord. Walsh issued no fewer than five sets, containing usually six overtures in each. So few copies now survive that we are justified in assuming that many became worn out by several generations of harpsichordists.

Even more powerful in building up Handel's starus in England was his musical and personal association with great public events and famous institutions. In January 1713, he completed a Te Deum in celebration of the Peace of Utrecht. But he was uncertain whether music by a foreigner would be acceptable for such an occasion, and also composed a birthday ode for Queen Anne. (This was his first important setting of English words.) She was so delighted with it that she commanded Handel to have his Te Deum and a Jubilate as well ready for the celebration in St. Paul's. Thereafter these two pieces were sung alternately at the Festival of the Sons of the Clergy (which was held in St. Paul's) every year from 1713 to 1743, after which the Dettingen Te Deum replaced that of Utrecht. In 1724 there began the long connection of Handel's music with the Three Cheirs' Festival. Three years later came the Coronation of George II, with Handel's immortal anthems, and in 1730 began the yearly performance of Handel by the Academy of Ancient Music. The year 1733 saw one of the strangest events of Handel's career, when the University of Oxford offered him an honorary degree, which for various reasons he ultimately refused, although he visited the city subsequently and gave many concerts there, winning much renown in academic circles. When Princess Anne married William of Orange in 1734, and again when Frederick Prince of Wales married Princess Augusta in 1736, Handel provided the music, as he did in 1737 for the melancholy occasion of Queen Caroline's funeral. Another notable commission came in 1739 when he composed his Ode for St. Cecilia's Day, which continued to be performed every year until 1756. Likewise in 1739 Handel took an active part, with the highest in the land, in founding the great charity now known as the Royal Society of Musicians; he left it £1,000 in his will. The year 1743 brought the noble Te Deum and Anthem in celebration of the victory of Dettingen.

Thus were strengthened the links which bound Handel to the official England of his day. Other composers, of course, had similar associations, but none so many, so lengthy, or so distinguished as his. Equally significant, in a rather different way, was his election in 1749 as a governor of the Foundling Hospital. This leads us on to the manifold Englishness of the oratorio.

On May 2, 1732, a few months after Esther was first given in public, Viscount Percival wrote in his diary: "I went to the Opera House to hear Hendel's 'oratory," composed in the church style." Before the end of the month the Royal Family attended several performances, and gradually a new form of music became firmly established, born of Handel's courageous opportunism after the attractions of Italian opera faded and died. In 1750, Madame Anne-Marie Fiquet du Bocage wrote from London to her sister in Paris: "The oratorio, or pious concert, pleases us highly. English words are sung by Italian performers, and accompanied by a great variety of instruments. Handel is the soul of it: when he makes his appearance, two wax lights are carried before him, which are laid upon his organ. Amidst a loud clapping of hands, he seats himself, and the whole band of music strikes up at exactly the same moment."

Some years earlier, Walpole had written to Horace Mann: "The oratorios thrive abundantly—for my part, they give me an idea of heaven where everybody is to sing whether they have voices or not." As a cap to these observations, we should note the remark which Handel is said to have made to Lord Kinnoull after a performance of *Messiah* and which the latter repeated to James Beattie: "My Lord, I should be sorry if I only entertained



Thomas Hudson's famous portrait of Handel in middle age.

them, I wish to make them better." Whether Handel actually said this or not, it may be taken as fairly representing the pleasurable state of exaltation felt by most of those who heard the oratorios.

Mere fashionable popularity alone would not have accounted for their hold on the public and for the quickening of Handel's rise to nationwide esteem. There were subtle overtones which were probably only half realized at the time and which we can now see more clearly. Although some of the most popular oratorios had scriptural plots, they were not ipso facto religious music: they could, however, evoke religious feeling somewhat in the way that Walpole ironically suggests. Their appeal was to all levels of society. After Lady Luxborough's steward had heard Judas Maccabaeus, in 1748, she wrote: "He speaks with such ecstasy of the music, as I confess I cannot conceive anyone can feel who understands no more of music than myself: which I take to be his case. But I suppose he sets his judgment true to that of the multitude; for if his car is not nice enough to distinguish the harmony, it serves to hear what the multitude say of it."

In the first half of the eighteenth century, men were much more concerned than perhaps they are now with the moral problems of life and its relation to a divine purpose. These problems Handel posed in abundance, and in music of majestic grandeur and moving quality, worthy of the conflicts of right and wrong and of the ethical dilemmas that form the core of the scriptural oratorios. Above all, in the mighty choruses which crystallize or resolve the moral issue, Handel went straight to the hearts of the English people. When adapting the scriptures, even the worst of his librettists could hardly help producing words of a directness and simplicity that were worthily matched by Handel's own character and the nobility of his music.

Besides the appeal of Biblical associations of oratorio to an age in which men read and cherished the Old Testament, there was its unprecedented power for charitable purposes. In Handel's day Englishmen of all classes were moved to good works of many kinds; it was hardly surprising that, quite early in the history of oratorio, performances should have been given to raise money for deserving causes. Handel's music thus became identified in the public mind with a salient virtue of the time-with what more noble climax than the performances of Messiah which he gave or organized on behalf of the Foundling Hospital from 1750 to 1759? Thereby he raised the sum, amazing for those days, of over £7,000: his example was followed and his oratorio music performed all over the country, thus adding another cornerstone to the imperishable edifice of his Englishness.

To his contemporaries, Handel's use of textual sources other than the Bible was mostly of less significance and interest than it is to us. But we must take it into account if we would understand his "English" characteristics, and here we must go rather beyond the range of the oratorios. There is little doubt that on the few occasions when Handel was setting great English poetry, it inspired him in a special way. In several sections of *Alexander's Feast*, his music perfectly matches the sonorous grandeur of Dryden's verse, even as rearranged by Hamilton. Again, in *Samson*, where Milton was heavily recast, Handel's inspiration was thus judged by contemporary opinion:

By Milton fir'd, brave Handel strikes our ear, And every power of harmony we hear. When two such mighty artists blend their fire, Pour forth each charm that genius can inspire, The man whose bosom does not raptures feel Must have no soul, or all his heart be steel.



The Foundling Hospital, for which performances of Messiah, organized by the composer raised £7,000 between 1750 and 1759.

But it is in L'Allegro ed Il Pensieroso, the wonderful music to Milton's verses, that Handel comes closest to the Englishness of the poetry, and expresses with lyrical simplicity his obviously deep affection for the sights and sounds of the countryside. He was equally sensitive to some of the musical noises of the town. Lady Luxborough wrote in 1748: "The great Handel has told me that the hints of his very best songs have several of them been owing to the sounds in his ears of cries in the street." One such cry—that of "bouy any matches"—survives written out in his autograph, and another has been detected in Elviro's flower-selling song in Serse.

In the past, scholars have held conflicting opinions about Handel's feeling for the English language in relation to his musical setting of it. Although it now seems fairly certain that this understanding was much finer than used to be admitted, it contrasts with his imperfect command of the spoken tongue. But close examination bears out Handel's own claim, put forward in a letter to the Daily Advertiser of January 17, 1745: "As I perceived, that joining good sense and significant words to musick, was the best method of recommending this to an English audience, I have directed my studies that way, and endeavor'd to shew that the English language, which is so expressive of the sublimest sentiments, is the best adapted of any to the full and solemn kind of musick." The autographs, which contain many changes of text in Handel's own hand, show that he developed a feeling for verbal niceties. In his mature vocal works there occur examples of misaccentuation, but many instances also of his finding a musical rhythm perfectly matched to the lilt of the words. The famous story, told by Morell, of Handel's difficulty in setting words with an iambic rhythm in Alexander Balus (provoking the immortal exclamation "Damn your iambics!") and of his speedy solution, serves to illustrate the quick grasp of metrical subtleties he could display.

We may well ask how far this genius, who had such a lively appreciation of the musical possibilities of the speech of his adopted country, also evolved affinities with its musical idiom. The fact that these are small is much less of a paradox than it might seem if we remember that Handel's musical style was strongly Italian before he ever came to England. What affinity there is derives from Purcell. Structurally, Handel's debt to the English tradition is small. The Utrecht Te Deum, which seems clearly modeled on Purcell, is exceptional. More generally, the reflective type of chorus which plays so important a part in Handel's oratorios certainly owes more to Purcell's usage, as does also his habit of using the same bass through several movements. The occasional use of two different rhythms simultaneously is another specifically English trait, though not akin to Purcell alone.

While these niceties were hardly observed by Handel's contemporaries, the study of them shows that he tempered his Italian style with a certain English astringency. But it is clear that his music contained a fusion of

elements which appealed strongly to "all sorts and conditions of men." He early found the secret of the common touch. This is evident not so much in the noble music which he wrote for the great ceremonies of state as in the pieces composed to match the mood of the man in the street. Handel was deeply stirred by the rebellion of 1745. His Occasional Oratorio, though not containing his best music, served well the need of the day, and the very popular song O Liberty was used again in Judas Maccabaeus. The Battle of Culloden evoked another fervent ditty, From scourging rebellion, a little after he had written the song Stand round my brave boys for the Gentlemen Volunteers. As an example of a popular work in the grand manner, we have the Fireworks Music, written to mark the general rejoicing at the Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle.

One reason for the continual growth of Handel's popularity lay in the fact that his publisher Walsh was a business man of genius, who issued an endless spate of editions, selections and arrangements, from the 1720s right up to 1759. Innumerable reprints, the bane of the modern bibliographer, kept Handel before the public as a national figure. In Walsh's extensive catalogue of about 1740, Handel's music occupies three pages out of a total of twenty-seven: no other composer exceeds half a page. Besides the medium of printing from the engraved plate, vast quantities of manuscript copies were written and circulated widely. In the so-called circle of J. C. Smith the elder, no fewer than *Continued on page 133*



Still gleaming white: the statue by Roubiliac in the Abbey.



Handel Festival at the Crystal Palace, 1859.

Four Thousand Choristers Can't Be Right

by Winton Dean

More than any other composer, for some reason, Handel has exercised on conductors and arrangers an irresistible temptation to "modernize" his works. The result has been an almost totally false public impression of this light, vital, and clean-lined music. Winton Dean is author of the new book, Handel's Dramatic Oratorios and Masques, published by Oxford University Press.

THE HISTORY OF Handel's music in performance is strange, sinister, and instructive. No composer has been subjected to more wholesale misinterpretation and disfigurement; none has lost so much credit as a result; none stood in less need of "improvement"; and none has been so consistently admired and attacked for what he never was and never did.

All music written in the baroque period was bound to present problems in performance as soon as the executive traditions that governed it were lost. This happened very quickly. Early in the nineteenth century not only the keyboard continuo (played from a figured bass) and the baroque conventions of vocal and instrumental ornament, but many of the instruments themselves (including the most important of all, the harpsichord) had been discarded as obsolete. Such old music as survived the rosy dawn of romanticism was either played as it stood, unornamented and incomplete, or refashioned by editors who, if they did not fail (as many of them did) to grasp its underlying principles, were concerned to accommodate it to contemporary ears. Much of it is still played in that way today.

Some composers can stand this treatment better than others. J. S. Bach, who was valued during his life primarily as an organist, was never typical of his age; the intricate contrapuntal texture of his music is much fuller than that of his contemporaries and leaves (or appears to leave) less to be improvised by the performer. The practices of the romantic arranger, though damaging enough, seldom distorted the music beyond recognition. The image was out of focus, but it was still Bach. With Handel the position is very different. Not only was he a much more flexible composer than Bach, requiring a correspondingly more supple response from performers; the very nature of his genius had been progressively misunderstood ever since his own lifetime. He was revered less as an artist than as a great moral teacher, a sort of musical Jehovah, whose oracular utterances required enormous choirs and no building less exalted than an abbey or cathedral.

This image of a somber, humorless Handel is a travesty. Handel was a theatre composer with a marvelous understanding of human nature in its utmost variety —grave and gay, frivolous and screne, spontaneous and inhibited, in sickness and in health—and with a no less remarkable command of vocal and instrumental sonorities ranging from the thunderbolt to the most fastidious delicacy. In both capacities, characterization and orchestration, he has since had very few rivals, let alone superiors. The practice of filling his scores with rubble and performing his oratorios as if they were sacred music obliterates the true Handel both musically and spiritually, much as discolored varnish and wholesale repainting can render an Old Master unrecognizable even to an expert.

Many people think of Messiah as a massive score. It is nothing of the sort. We know the forces with which Handel performed it at the Foundling Hospital. In 1754 he had an orchestra of thirty-eight (and probably two continuo players), five solo singers, and a choir of eighteen or nineteen; in 1758 an orchestra of thirty-three, six solo singers, and a chorus of seventeen. (In Handel's day the soloists regularly led the choruses.) His resources in the theatre were probably little larger, except for works with double chorus, when the orchestra would be proportionately strengthened. The first performance of Deborah in 1733 was "very magnificent, near a hundred performers, among whom about twenty-five singers." For a work containing seven solo parts and many eight-part choruses (and much more heavily scored than Messiah) this does not seem to us a large ratio, though by contemporary standards it was certainly formidable enough.

Handel's orchestra was usually, if not always, larger than his chorus. Its size varied at different periods. At Cannons it was no more than a chamber group: *Acis and Galatea* was probably composed for an orchestra of seven, and can be performed by a total of twelve persons, voices included. *Athalia*, another oratorio with

double choruses, was performed in Oxford by "about seventy Voices and Instruments of Musick"; and the score of Saul has an almost Wagnerian splendor, involving three trombones, harp, theorbo, carillon or glockenspiel, and two organs, not to mention the vast kettledrums of the artillery train, sounding an octave lower than ordinary timpani, which Handel borrowed from the Tower of London. In his operas and elsewhere he used clarinets, bass flute, sopranino and bass as well as treble recorders, double bassoon, mandolin, side drum, violetta marina, and many other instruments. He was the first composer to write for pairs of horns in different keys playing together (in Giulio Cesare), and he often employed double orchestras, especially for scenes of enchantment. His scoring is conditioned not by the contrapuntal texture (as is often the case with Bach), and still less by the line of least resistance, but by dramatic context. In 1748 he composed the oratorios Solomon and Susanna within a few weeks for the same London season. The former, as befits its theme, is splendidly rich, with eight-part choruses and the whole orchestra divided into ripieno and concertino groups: the violas as well as the violins are in four parts. Susanna, which is really a comic opera of village life, has the exquisite delicacy of chamber music. This same propriety governs the scoring of individual numbers throughout his work; the total effect depends on balance and contrast, light and shade, music and drama for ever going hand in hand.

It should be obvious that Handel was the last composer to need "additional accompaniments"; when he wanted them, he wrote them himself-and was, indeed, often criticized for drowning his singers. The process of distortion was social rather than musical in origin. The English middle class, strongly Puritan in sentiment, had never taken kindly to the dramatic basis of the oratorios (it is a strange fact that with the exception of Samson all the greatest of them met a frigid or at best lukewarm reception at their first London performance), and had no use whatever for the operas. Taught to regard the theatre as a palace of sin, they could swallow its offerings only when disguised by a nutritious coating of edification. And if the oratorios were really church music, the louder and more solemn the noise that went up to God, the more comfortable everybody's conscience could be. Narurally Messiah came out on top, and for generations Englishmen flocked to it, in the words of an American critic, R. M. Myers, "to experience the pious emotions of divine service without the inconvenience of a sermon or a collection." Messiah was no longer a fine entertainment, as Charles Jennens, the compiler of the text, called it, but had become almost a sacrament; the congregation even stood up in the "Hallelujah Chorus," which George III is said to have mistaken for the national anthem.

It was no far cry from this state of affairs to the mass performance, which had been foreshadowed during Handel's life by the larger provincial festivals at Oxford and the cities of the Three Choirs (Worcester, Gloucester, and Hereford). Why confine the choirs to three? Why not assemble all the best singers in the country and dispel the last lingering taint of the theatre by reverently escorting the oratorios into church? So we have the famous Commemoration of 1784 (the first of many), when Messiah made a resounding entry into Westminster Abbey with a choir of 275 and an orchestra of 250. It was not Handel's most elaborate scores that were selected for inflation, but those like Messiah. Samson, and Judas Maccabaeus which had strong religious or patriotic appeal. There were not enough such: so while many uncomfortable masterpieces were shuffled into obscurity, bogus oratorios were constructed out of anthems and opera airs, the love songs of the castrati being overlaid by an insipid sanctimony. But perhaps the most significant comment on this movement of taste is the repeated declaration of Charles Burney, who had known and played under the composer, that "from this period [1740] Handel may be said to have devoted his labours solely to the service of the church," and again that "after this period . . . he never set any other works than English, and those wholly confined to sacred subjects." In fact Handel wrote almost no church music after 1740, and it is doubtful if even an ancient Greek would have classified Semele and Hercules as sacred subjects.

The systematic rescoring of Handel began in Germany. In 1786 J. A. Hiller conducted his notorious Messiah in Berlin with an orchestra of 184 and a chorus of 118. He justified his malversations on the ground that "many improvements may be made in Handel's compositions by the employment of the wind instruments according to the fashion of the present day." It is not clear whether he offered a similar excuse for having the text sung in Italian. These junketings were a great success, and were repeated two years later at Breslau, with the orchestra reduced to 142 but the chorus expanded to 259. And in Vienna, in 1788-90, Mozart rescored four works for Baron van Swieten. They reveal a total misunderstanding of Handel; Jens Peter Larsen has well said of Mozart's version of "The people that walked in darkness" that "the Valley of the Shadow of Death has become a well-kept cemetery-garden." Incidentally, like many other arrangers, Mozart did not shrink from rewriting the substance of the music when it suited his own purposes.

Monster performances of other works followed, with the cumulative rivalry now displayed in the testing of atomic bombs. In 1812 Vienna twice heard *Alexander's Feast* (under a false title) rendered by 287 singers and an orchestra of 300 (including two double bassoons and nine trombones), reinforced by the thunder machine from the Hoftheater. A similarly dropsical *Samson* with a chorus of 400 interrupted the Congress of Vienna in October 1814. The performance took place before the Emperor and the Czar at the Imperial Riding School, though apparently not on horseback. The composer Tomaschek thought *Samson* an unsuitable choice "for such a mixed audience," and very properly complained that "in the case of such powerfully organic writing as that of Handel, a musically inept age should not meddle with the work at all, but should merely listen, the better to correct the error of its ways."

Some of the earliest English critics took the same line about the Mozart Messiah. At its first London performance in 1805 the Sun protested against Mozart's violation of the "integrity in the productions of this great Master, the result of the most powerful talents in his art"; and The Quarterly Musical Magazine and Review wrote in 1822: "If [Handel's] music does not contain within itself the seeds of immortality, let it sink into obscurity and be forgotten. It will acquire no additional fame by being tricked out in modern dress." This pronouncement proved a poor prophecy. Although the great bass James Bartleman refused to sing in performances in which the Mozart accompaniments were used, the English public and musical world soon came to regard them as considerably more sacred than the rest of the score: the latter could be tampered with, but not the former. Further expansions were of course permissible, and were frequently undertaken both in England and in Germany: Costa imported the ophicleide. Macfarren a complete military band, while Robert Franz in 1885 enlarged the Mozart version to iron out "imperfections and deficiencies," In the 1860s Peters published a full score with a foornote (in German and English) to the chorus "Glory to God": "Handel's original Trumpet parts. To be omitted in performance." The trumpets and drums are then given a grotesquely inappropriate entry at "And peace on earth."

Other works suffered just as severely. Acis and Galatea was rescored by Mozart, Mendelssohn, Tom Cooke, Cipriani Porter, George Perry, and Michael Costa. Although often announced as an oratorio, it could not be regarded strictly as church music and was permitted frequent appearances on the London stage. It had been staged in Marylebone Gardens as early as 1773, when the press announced that "before the Serenata (by a particular Desire) the Three Italian Musicians, Blind from their Birth, will perform a Comic Act." In 1829 a harpist put it on at the King's Theatre. voked with a danced version of Beethoven's Pastoral Symphony. At the Tottenham Court Road Theatre in 1841 it was provided not only with additional accompaniments but with additional dialogue: Acis acquired a father (Faunus), Galatea a mother (Doris) and a sister (Eudora), and Ulysses looked in on the family on his way back from Troy. Macready's Drury Lane production in 1842, which was a great success, began with a substantial excerpt from Shelley's Prometheus Unbound, and endowed Polyphemus with a bodyguard of Cyclopes Continued on page 130 who constructed the hundred-

by NATHAN BRODER



HANDEL on and off Records

THERE is, of course, much more off than on. It is customary, when dealing with this master, to speak of his vast output as though most of it were hidden treasure, which the opera, concert, and record world neglects to its loss. But let us face facts in this bicentennial year: Handel is a very uneven composer. There is glory enough for him. When he is at his peak, he is one of the greatest of the giants. For much of the time, however, he jogs along a middle way—always a tremendous craftsman and worthy of careful study by any composer, and often of absorbing interest to the music historian, but not invariably appealing to the plain music lover.

Nevertheless, there is much topnotch Handel not now available on records. It is generally agreed that his operas are not viable today. In the German Handel renaissance of the 1920s a number of them were performed and even published, but the seores had to be manipulated in various ways, new German recitative replaced Handel's Italian monologues and dialogues, and so on. Even so, the movement did not last. In a recent concert performance of Giulio Cesare in New York the resemblance of what was sung and played to what Handel wrote was at times rather distant. But to ignore the operas altogether is to deprive ourselves of some wonderful music. Perhaps the solution would be to adapt a procedure familiar to Handel's audiences. In those days an opera was seldom published complete. If it was successful on the stage, a London publisher would bring out a volume of "The Favourite Songs from . . . ," containing not only the best airs but also duets and trios and often the overture and other instrumental numbers. How fine it would be if we could have, well performed and recorded and intelligently annotated with descriptions of what went on between selections, "the favourite songs from" Radamisto, Orlando, Giulio Cesare, Tamerlano, Deidamia!

The situation is worse with respect to the oratorios. These are not, like many of the operas, strings of recitatives and arias. Some of those not on records—*Samson*, *Esther. Jephtha*—contain much rich or powerful and

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varied music. Acis and Galatea is one of the loveliest of Handel's works in a lyric vein. So is Semele, which was available in an excellent performance (Oiseau-Lyre OL 50098/100) until only a few months ago. These are gaping holes in the record catalogue.

As for what *is* available on records, some of it, unfortunately, would be better off. But there are a few acceptable performances of some of Handel's great works. Let us take a look at the most interesting of those that I am familiar with.

The Oratorios and Dettingen Te Deum

In Israel in Egypt (first performed in 1739) the chorus, usually divided into two four-part choirs, is the protagonist, describing graphically the plagues that struck the Egyptians and glorifying the Lord in music of great beauty ("And Israel saw that great work") or sublime profundity ("Thy people shall hear"). Fine arias are. however, not lacking (for example, "Thou shalt bring them in"). Both of the two available recordings (Angel 3550B, two LP; Westminster XWL 2224, two LP) are cut, and neither follows Handel's orchestration exactly; but the Angel, particularly (Sir Malcolm Sargent conducting the Huddersfield Choral Society and Liverpool Philharmonic), has a number of attractive qualitiesincluding good solo singing by Elsie Morison, soprano, and Monica Sinclair, contralto, a highly trained chorus, and clear and lovely sound-along with a flatness of projection that makes the words of the choras often hard to understand.

Concerning Saul (1739), which many consider one of the great oratorios, I myself must turn in a minority report. Much of it seems to me routine Handel. There are one or two fine arias, like the noble "As great Jehovah lives"; one or two first-rate choruses, like the touching "Mourn, Israel" and "O fatal consequence of rage," with its curious drunken gait at "he blindly goes from crime to crime"; and the scene at Endor has some powerful moments. But these high spots are surrounded by a good deal of characterless music. The Urania recording (URLP 240, two LP), sung in German, is rather unfortunate in its soprano soloists, somewhat luckier in its contralto (who sings David, tenor (Ionathan), and baritone (Saul). There are, as usual, a considerable number of cuts, including, unaccountably, the *Dead March*, once one of the most famous of Handel's compositions.

One of the most dramatic of the great oratorios is *Belshazzar* (1745). The scene of the handwriting on the wall is vividly painted in bold strokes by a masterly use of the chorus, reflecting now the terror of the super-

stitious courtiers, now the puzzlement of the sages summoned to interpret the strange inscription. Elsewhere there are monumental choruses, of a power rare even for Handel, like "Recall, oh king!" and "By slow degrees." the latter debouching into a tremendously impressive fugue. And the chorus of Persians, "Oh glorious prince!." has something of the sublimity of Beethoven's Ode to loy. In the Vanguard recording (BG 534/5, two LP) an attempt is made to stick to Handel's orchestration, and the overture is rich with the reedy sounds of oboes and bassoons. Unfortunately, there are serious weaknesses: the work is sung in German, the soloists are all secondrate or (in the case of the soprano and tenor) worse, the direction in general is heavy-handed, and the sound is distorted in many of the choruses. There is a great need for a good performance well recorded.

The same is true of *Solomon*, which inevitably brings us to Sir Thomas Beecham. They tell of Beecham that he was once to conduct in Canada a concert that would be atrended by the Lieutenant Governor. Sir Thomas was informed that although it was customary to play the national anthem complete for the Governor General, for the Lieutenant Governor only a portion of it was played. The conductor indignantly refused to curtail the

anthem, and in tones that decidedly settled the matter announced, "For this occasion we shall promote the Lieutenant Governor."

One treasures such Beecham stories, and lays them away in one's memory alongside recollections of some of his great performances, like his old *Magic Flute* on RCA Victor. They help to offset the other side of Beecham, which does not hesitate to commit mayhem on the works of masters he professes to revere. Handel's *Solomon* (1749) is a particularly painful example (Angel 3546B, two LP). The original libretto, though no master-



Sir Adrian Boult

piece of conciseness or logic, made some sense in its division into three acts, the first dealing with Solomon s completion of the Temple, his piety, and his love for the queen (Pharaoh's daughter); the second with his judgment between the two women who claimed the one child; and the third with the visit of the Queen of Sheba. Beecham cuts out almost all of the second act, thereby sweeping away some fine music, but keeps the chorus from the end of the judgment scene, "From the East unto the West, Who is so wise as Solomon?" which now dangles in mid-air. He deletes other numbers, and shifts this way and that

those that are left. Although Handel calls for almost as rich an orchestra as the baroque period knew, Beecham remarks: "The entire score has been reorchestrated by me"—with the addition of English horn, clarinets, bass clarinet, contrabassoon, trombones, tuba, and percussion, including cymbals. The harm that can be done by such a royal mishmash is obvicus: innocent listeners get a completely distorted notion of the work, and other record companies may hesitate to undertake the expense of recording an acceptable version while the Beecham edition stays in the catalogue. It's a pity, because we stand to remain deprived of a true masterwork, full of lovely arias, expressive recitatives, and choruses ranging from tender little poems to massive splendor.

As for Messiah, if you sang or played in a performance of that work with orchestra in school or church, the chances are ninety-nine out of a hundred that the orchestration used was Mozart's or Ebenezer Prout's or some modification thereof. The chances are about the same that certain numbers were omitted and that certain others were shortened. To most of us the sound of *Messiah* is the sound of a large chorus, of an orchestra with flutes, clarinets, and horns; and few of us ever had an opportunity to hear the complete work.

There are several recordings that present the work uncut and purportedly in its "original Dublin version," "according to the manuscript." The best of these, it seems to me, are the performances conducted by Scherchen (Westminster XWN 3306, three LP) and Boult (London A 4403, four LP). Even these are not, strictly speaking, musicologically accurate. Handel's score calls for strings and continuo throughout, with trumpets and drums in some of the big choruses. But it is known that in performances conducted by the composer oboes and bassoons constituted a

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Hermann Scherchen

sizable proportion of the orchestra. In Scherchen's recording oboes may be faintly heard in one or two numbers, and in Boult's, bassoons are similarly audible in a few spots. And Scherchen (though not Boult) ignores all unwritten embellishments, even the most obvious appoggiaturas-a case of a conductor being more Handelian than Handel probably was. Each performance has its excellences and weaknesses. Scherchen's bass (Richard Standen) is first-rate, contralto and tenor (Constance Shacklock and William Herbert) fair, and soprano (Margaret Ritchie) uneven, expressive in "I know that my Redeemer liveth," for instance, but colorless and routine in "He shall feed His flock." Scherchen's chorus (the London Philharmonic Choir) is well balanced and transparent, but so, as it happens, are all the others considered here. He is given to faster tempos than are customary. Sometimes, as in "Every valley" and "Why do the nations," his rapid tempos are convincing, and enable the soloist to take long phrases in one breath. At other times, as in "O thou that tellest good tidings," they seem too fast. Boult uses the same chorus. His soprano and tenor (Jennifer Vyvyan and George Maran) are very fine, contralto and bass (Norma Procter and Owen Brannigan) fair. In some movements his performance lacks the intensity of Scherchen's, but as a whole it seems to me that it might stand up better in the long run.

Of the conventional performances, Sargent's (Angel 3510C, three LP) seems to me by far the best. He uses Mozart's orchestration plus some ideas of his own, and omits the movements and sections usually omitted. None of his soloists-Elsie Morison. soprano: Marjerie Thomas, contralto; Richard Lewis, tenor: Norman Walker, bass-is especially outstanding here. But the chorus (the Huddersfield Choral Society) is splendid, the sound in general is beautiful, and above all the spirit of the music is so clearly and lovingly conveyed by Sargent that I am not sure I do not prefer this to any other recording of

Messiah. Beecham's version (RCA Victor LCT 6401, four LP) is for dyed-in-the-wool Beechamites. Although it is an old recording, the sound is still passable. One of its features is a recorded talk by Sir Thomas, in which he discusses the proper proportions of instruments to voices in this work, and gives sensible reasons for using four choruses ranging in size from about fifty voices to about 250. He then proceeds to perpetrate, or condone, the performance of "He was despised" and "The trumpet shall sound" with their middle sections but without the *du capo*! Now it is common enough to perform the first section only of these airs. But to do them as they are done in this recording is as if a theatrical company were to go home after the second-act curtain of a three-act play, or a surgeon were to make a neat incision and a deft excision, and then neglect to sew the patient up.

One of Handel's famous choral works is the Dettingen Te Deum. Although some of it is run-of-the-mill baroque pomposity, there are sections that belong among Handel's best, such as the extraordinarily beautiful "We therefore pray Thee" and the magnificent and majestic final number, "O Lord, in Thee." The composition has been recorded in English by soloists, the Choir of the Netherlands Bach Society, and the Holland Festival Orchestra conducted by Anthon van der Horst on Epic LC 3540. The performance as a whole is an attractive one, though slowish tempos sometimes rob it of brilliance ("Thou art the King of Glory") and animation ("Day by day"), and the choral sopranos sound a bit thin. Almost everyone here pronounces English surprisingly well, and the soloists sing agreeably, the contralto (Aafje Heynis) having a particularly lovely voice.

The Orchestral Music, Including the Organ Concertos

Handel left many orchestral works, of which by far the best, as well as the most popular, are the twelve Concerti Grossi, Op. 6, the *Water Music*, the *Royal Fireworks Music*, and the twelve Organ Concertos, Opp. 4 and 7.

The concertos of Op. 6 are scored for a concertino of two violins and a cello and a four-part string orchestra with continuo. Handel achieves a good deal of variety by pitting the solo instruments against the full band, but in many movements, including some of the finest, he ignores the soloists and writes for the string orchestra. No two of the concertos are exactly alike in pattern, and the style ranges from delicately wrought chamber music to the broad, robust, beef-eating type of writing that many consider especially characteristic of this composer. And here and there, alongside a delightful fugue or one on a curiously shaped subject, or

alongside a capricious Allegro or an attractive dance, there is a nobly songful movement in Handel's most moving and elevated style (No. 1, Adagio; No. 2, Andante Larghetto; No. 3, Larghetto and Andante: No. 12, Larghetto).

Three recordings of the complete Op. 6 are available, of varying degrees of excellence. Scherchen's (with the English Baroque Orchestra, Westminster XWN 4403, four LP) is in some respects the best and in others the worst. This puzzlingly uneven conductor at times seems to penetrate to the heart of a movement and to convey it to us with all the vitality that Handel put into it. He does this for example in the finale of No. 6, the



Sir Malcolm Sargent

third movement of No. 3, the first movement of No. 2, all of No. 4. But at other times he imposes a curiously erratic interpretation upon the music, a reading that seems to distort and for which there appears to be no sound justification. Such, to name only some instances, is the case with the brusque shift from forte to piano in the theme of the finale of No. 2, the uncalled-for sforzandi in the first movement of No. 8 and the Largo of No. 11; the Minuet of No. 9 drags and the Air of No. 10 sags towards the end; Scherchen permits his first violinist occasionally to indulge in a vibrato that is much too juicy for Handel; and he is the only conductor of the three who does not play the complete finale of No. 11. Fritz Lehmann (with the Bamberg Symphony Orchestra, Archive ARC 3084/87, four LP) may not achieve all the high spots that Scherchen reaches, but neither does he hit the low ones. With his more sensible, if at times less inspired, approach, his avoidance of tricks, the excellent solo playing, and the generally even better sound of his recording, he promises to wear better than Scherchen. The third set (Pro Arte Orchestra, Munich, conducted by Kurt Redel, Vox PL 10043, three LP) has its attractions, including some rather bold ornamentation, but is in most respects inferior to the other two, especially in the oversweet tone of the solo violinists, and the overreverberant sound of the recording.

The tangled tale of the origin of the delightful set of pieces called the *Water Music* need not be rehearsed here. What it boils down to is that we have about twenty pieces, at least some of which were performed on a barge in the Thames for the delectation of George I. No one knows precisely which pieces or in what order; a plausible surmise seems to be that the group includes two sets of pieces, played on two different boat rides. Every one of the five available recordings of the complete work (Boult and the Philharmonic Promenade Orchestra on Westminster NWN 18115; Lehmann and the Berlin Philharmonic on Archive ARC 3010; Bamberger and the Netherlands Philharmonic on Crowell-Collier Record

Guild G 144: Boyd Neel and his orchestra on London LL 1128; and Maurice Hewitt and his orchestra on Haydn HSL 107) has its very good qualities; and if you own any one of those discs, there would be no great advantage, it seems to me, in replacing it with one of the others. The following comments may, however, be of interest. Boult's performance is, I think, the most imaginative. In a movement like the D minor Adagio with the oboe solo he permits the soloist to embellish his rather bare part generously (as Handel's oboist most likely would have done) and in the trio of the F major Minuet he reinforces the viola-cello line with one or more bassoons to excellent effect. Lehmann's recording has the warmest, loveliest sound. Neel is uneven, playing some sections rather stolidly and others with a good deal of vitality. His horns are not impeccable, but his disc has one important advantage rhat all the others lack—the convenience of visible bands between movements.

Most of the present generation of concertgoers have come to learn and love this music through the suite made by Sir Hamilton Harty, who chose six or seven of the pieces and reorchestrated them. To anyone familiar with the original, whose orchestration is quite varied and colorful, Harty's version may sound overdone and not without an occasional Brahmsian or Wagnerian touch. For those who want this version, good recordings are available. The most satisfactory performance I am acquainted with is Van Beinum's on London LL 214 (with Mozart's *Haffner* Symphony), but the sound is not the finest possible. Better reproduction and an acceptable performance, if not quite as successful a one as Van Beinum's, may be found in Karajan's recording on Angel 35004 (with the *Nuteracker* Suite).

The Royal Fireworks Music must have made a splendid sound when it was originally performed in Green Park by a large wind band. It is a noble set of pieces in Handel's later version for strings and winds, excellently performed and recorded by Lehmann and the Berlin Philharmonic on Archive ARC 3059 together with two of the miscellaneous oboe concertos and the Concerto Grosso in G, Op. 3, No. 3. The Harty version of this suite is available combined with his arrangement of the *Water Music* in an effective performance by Dorati and the London Symphony Orchestra, fairly well recorded on Mercury MG 50158.

Four sets of organ concertos by Handel were published in the eighteenth century. Of these the first (Op. 4) and third (Op. 7) contain some magnificent music. They were played, mostly by Handel himself, in the intervals of oratorios, and proved so popular that the first set

was brought out in an unauthorized edition before Handel had a chance to publish his own version.

These are not massive compositions. They were written for English organs. which in Handel's time were seldom large and usually lacked a pedal (the pedal is called for only in Op. 7, No. 1). The style is that of the chamber concerto; some of the movements in Op. 4 are in fact transcriptions of movements from sonatas. The organ is treated as the equal of the small orchestra. Along with some routine writing there are many fine passages in both sets. Such, in Op. 4, are the tender dialogue between organ Continued on page 134 and strings.



E. Power Biggs



The Imperishable Wag

by CHARLES CUDWORTH

Anglo-Saxons always bave been most sympathetic to genius when it did not take itself too serionsly — which may explain why George Frederick Handel was one of the most popular men in all Georgian Britain. The author is Curator of the Pendlehury Music Library at the University School of Music, Cambridge. **I** F YOU ARE SO BENIGHTED as to think of George Frederick Handel solely as a solemn embodiment of musical uplift, it's time to mend the error of your ways. For the greater part of Handel's life, entertainment was his lot; he was indeed a public entertainer, albeit of an exalted kind. And although the great bulk of his musical output may seem to be somber in character, yet there is a vein of humor just beneath the surface of even his gravest works — think of that last little flutter of angels' wings in Messiah itself, for example, or of the chorus "All we like sheep," in the same oratorio.

He was indeed a droll fellow, in life as well as art. The friend of his youth, Johann Mattheson, tells us that even as a young man Handel was "naturally inclined to dry humour" and "behaved as if he could not count five. . . . He had a dry way of making the gravest people laugh, without laughing himself!" He seems to have made a very vivid impression on nearly everyone who met him and, as a result, his lively image is preserved in numerous portraits by his contemporaries. Charles Burney and Sir John Hawkins, the two famous English music historians of the later eighteenth century, both knew him personally and have left us accounts of him. Handel's gait, says Hawkins, was sauntering and rather ungainly; "It had in it somewhat of that rocking motion which distinguishes those whose legs are bowed." Dr. Burney adds that Handel's figure "was large, and he was somewhat corpulent and unwieldy in his motions; but his countenance . . . was full of fire and dignity; and such as impressed ideas of superiority and genius. His general look was somewhat heavy and sour; but when he *did* smile, it was his sire the sun bursting out of a black cloud. There was a sudden flash of intelligence, wit and good humour, beaming in his countenance, which I hardly ever saw in any other. He was impetuous, rough,

and peremptory in his manners and conversation, but totally devoid of ill-nature or malevolence; indeed there was an original humour and pleasantry in his most lively sallies of anger or impatience, which with his broken English, were extremely risible. His natural propensity to wit and hu-

mour, and happy manner of relating common occurrences, in an uncommon way, enabled him to throw persons and things into very ridiculous attitudes. Had he been as great a master of the English language as Swift, his *bons mots* would have been as frequent, and somewhat of the same kind." Another contemporary wrote: "Mr. Handel . . . was possessed of a great stock of wit and humour. No man ever told a story with more effect. But it was requisite for the hearer to have a competent knowledge of at least four languages — English, French, Italian, and German — for in his narratives he made use of them all."

Alas, we know all too little of the stories Handel himself may have told, but many a story has been told of him. Some of these are well known, others almost unknown. Many come from the pages of Burney, or Coxe's Anecdotes. We have a glimpse of him "sauntering" through the park, "talking to himself, so loud, that it was easy for persons not very near him to hear the subject of his soliloquies. . . ." On one oceasion he was thus soliloquizing about a boy whom he had helped, but who had "turned out ill" and run away: "Der teiffel! De fater vas desheeved; de mutter vas desheeved; but I vas not desheeved — he is ein tamned shcauntrel and coot for nutring." This seems to have been a time when the composer was not amused, but on other occasions he was quite capable of enjoying a joke at his own expense. One day he took an old clergyman friend of his, Rev. J. Fountayne, to Marylebone Gardens; as they drew near the orchestra, a new piece was struck up. "Come, Mr. Fountayne," said Handel, "let us sit down and listen to this piece; I want to know your opinion of it." Down they sat, and after some time, the old parson turned to his companion and said; "It's not worth listening to - it's very poor stuff!" Mr. Handel's reply: "You are right, Mr. Fountavne. It is very poor stuff-1

thought so, myself, when I had finished it!" But he was not always quite so patient with musical pretensions on the part of the gentlemen of the cloth. One morning he was in the midst of being shaved when a fellow musician called to request Handel's permission to add his great name to the subscription list of a set of organ concertos composed by a clergyman friend. Handel jumped up in a passion and a flurry of lather, thrust the barber's hand aside, and cried out with great vehemence: "Tamn your seluf and go to der teitfel!—a barson make concerto? vy he no make sarmon?"*

Many of the best stories about him are naturally

enough concerned with his public life. We are told that "he understood the art of asserting his own dignity, whilst rendering all possible deference to the noble personages with whom he came in contact." But, if Burney is to be believed, "all possible deference" is scarcely the phrase one would

use to describe some of Handel's almost Beethovenian dealings with people in high places. "At the rehearsals of his oratorios, at Carleton-House, if the prince and princess of Wales were not exact in coming into the Music-Room, he used to be very violent . . . if the maids of honour, or any other female attendants, talked, during the performance. I fear that our modern Timotheus not only swore, but called names; vet at such times, the princess of Wales, with her accustomed mildness and benignity, used to say 'Hush! hush! Handel's in a passion." At such rehearsals, wrote Burney, "He was a blunt and peremptory disciplinarian but he had a wit and humour in delivering his instructions, and even in chiding and finding fault, that were peculiar to himself, and extremely diverting to all but those on whom his lash was laid. . . . He wore an enormous white wig, and when things went well . . . it had a certain nod or vibration, which manifested his pleasure and satisfaction. Without it, nice observers were certain that he was out of humour."

But if things did go wrong, and Handel let his "great bear" of a temper loose, only to discover that he himself was in the wrong, then no one was quicker to apologize and make amends: "I pec your barton — I am a very odd tog!" he said to Burney, on one such occasion. The same authority relates how Handel, on his way to Dublin to produce *Messiah*, was detained at Chester, awaiting a favorable wind and tide. Thinking he would like to try out some of the numbers, he got together a number of local performers, among whom was one Janson, by profession a printer. Handel, having first ascertained that they could all sing at sight, handed out the music, but was soon in a fury at poor Janson's mistakes: "You sheauntrel! tit you not dell me dat you could sing at

* Different chroniclers' attempts to reproduce Handel's accent yield wonderful orthographical variety, but altogether they do give some idea of what it must have been like.



soite?" "Yes, sir," protested Janson manfully, "and so I can; but not at *first* sight!" Poor Janson! he is among the immortals, not for being a good printer, but for being a bad sight reader — or perhaps a smart hand at repartee. Perhaps it was on the same occasion that Handel fell foul of the old cellist who assured the great man that he was a good player, because "he played in church." Unfortunately he could play neither in time nor in tune, and soon Handel's "great bear" was loose and he was shouting "You blay in de church; very well, you *may* blay in de church, for we read de Lord is long suffering, and of great kindness. You shall blay in de church, but you shall not blay for *me*!" And with that he snatched up his part books, and rushed out, swearing, no doubt, with fearsome and polyglot fluency.

It was not merely the back desks and the chorus singers who came in for Mr. Handel's sharp reproofs, however. Matthew Dubourg, his orchestral leader in Dublin, once lost his way in an unnecessarily long cadenza; when he finally did reach his final trill, he was greeted with a loud "You are welcome home. Mr. Dubourg!" — much to the delight of the audience, adds Burney. Handel even let his "great bear" loose among the prima donnas — we have all heard of how he seized the great Signora Cuzzoni by the waist and threatened to throw her out of the window, shouting, "Dey say you are a very teiffel; you must know dat I am Beelzebub, de Brince of Teiffels!" On another occasion, when a petulant tenor objected to the way Handel was accompanying him at the harpsichord, and even threatened to jump on the instrument

and smash it to pieces: "Oh!" said Handel, "Let me know ven vou vill do dat, and I vill advertise it; I am sure more beoble vill come to see you jump, dan to hear you sing!" To one recalcitrant singer who objected to singing the famous air "Verdi prati," in Alcina: "You toe! don't 1 know petter as your seluf, vaat is pest for you to sing?" But he was not always in a passion, even with singers; sometimes the great bear merely gave a good-humored growl, as when the charming but rather featherheaded soprano Frasi told him she was going to learn thorough-bass, so that she could accompany herself. "Oh -vaat may ve not expect?" quizzed Handel, speaking in his driest vein, and knowing the lady's indolent nature only too well.

When his own favorite oratorio, *Theodora*, failed, playing to almost empty houses, he consoled himself and the artists with a "Never moind; de moosic vill sound de petter." But when a little later, two professionals applied for what we should now call complimentary tickets for *Messiah*, he flashed out, bitterly: "Oh. your sarvant, mein Herren! You are tamnaple tainty! You vould not go to *Teodora* — dere vas room enough to tance dere, ven dat vas perform'." The old dry humor continued with him to the very end. In his later years, when blindness came upon him, he was in some doubt as to how he could continue with his oratorios, and Sharp, his surgeon, rather tactlessly recommended the celebrated blind organist John Stanley. Handel gave a great shout of laughter and rejoined, "Mr. Sharp, have you never read the Scriptures? Do you not remember, if the blind lead the blind, they both fall into the ditch?"

Handel's drolleries are legion, some real, some apocryphal. And this same humor lurks beneath the apparently formal baroque lines of his melodies. Even in his music, he can "make the gravest people laugh, without laughing himself," or at least without obviously seeming to laugh. Just think for a moment of some of his avowedly comic creations: "the monster Polypheme" in Acis and Galatea; the boastful giant Harapha, in Samson; the two naughty old men in Susanna. These are comic characters worthy to be placed beside Mozart's immortal Barber. Polyphemus, in particular, is one of the greatest characterizations of all eighteenth-century music, and like all the best (or should it be worst?) fairy tale ogres, he is frightening as well as funny; after we have been laughing over his grotesque love making, we suddenly realize that he is a giant, after all, liable to become dangerous, and lo, he has hurled his piece of "massy ruin" and poor Acis

is no more. But on the whole it is the comic Polypheme we remember, and not the savage brute.

Yet Handel's characterizations did not stop at the merely comical; he could depict madness (in Saul and Orlando); villainy (the false Prolemy, in Alexander Balus); jealousy (Dejanira, in Hercules, and again, Saul); bitter regret for past miscleeds, and lost glory (in Samson); seductive feminine charm (Galatea, Dalila, and Cleopatra in Giulio Cesare), and so on and so on. Indeed, his catalogue of portraits is unending, for every character he encountered in his librettos he put into memorable music. His way with the words themselves was rather peremptory, of course, like his way with people: as he said to the tamest of his collaborators, Doctor Morell, "What! You teach me Music? The Music, sir. is good Music. It is your words is bad. Hear the passage again. There! go you, make words to that Music." There is another tale, perhaps spu-Continued on page 135





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"I DECLINE to be a part of this wholesale cashing in on Handel, so characteristic of the industrialization of music in our time. Be sure you write that down. Music has become an industry; it is no longer an art." Thus, Sir Thomas Beecham when we encountered him, on Washington's Birthday, en route to the French Riviera following two months of guest-conducting engagements with the Philadelphia, Chicago, and Houston orchestras. Beecham would not be Beecham were he not evincing some sort of extreme exasperation, so we nodded our agreement on the subject of commercialized anniversaries and acknowledged our appreciation of Sir Thomas' long, persistent, and persuasive efforts on behalf of Handel. When he had fired off a few more salvos (on America's "appalling rise of violent crime," on our "ghastly paper matches," etc.), Sir Thomas settled back in his chair and delivered some voluble and illuminating discourse on the great George Frederick.

We observed that though Handel is universally acknowledged as a composer of the highest rank, he is nonetheless represented in performance by extremely few works. "In fact," interjected Sir Thomas, "you might say that Handel is widely known by only one work, his Messiah. It was first performed in Dublin, of all unlikely places, in 1742 and immediately became wildly popular. It still is popular, in a way. At Christmas time everybody goes out shopping, the women bake plum puddings and roast turkeys, there's a general air of festivity, and then comes Messiah on top of it all. Of course, this has nothing whatsoever to do with music.

"Incidentally, Handel wrote only one really religious oratorio, and that is because it happens to deal with Jesus Christ. All the others are about people who had nothing to do with religion. As a matter of fact, they are about a lot of Old Testament gangsters. When Handel hit upon the idea of writing oratorios, he read the Bible—undoubtedly for the first time in his life—and chose lively stories of heroic deeds to set to music.

"He had the good sense to realize that the English were a singing nation and he made the chorus the chief protagonist of his oratorios. As long as choral music maintained its popularity in England, Handel's oratorios were often performed. But a serious rival of the chorus arose in the nineteenth century: the orchestra. It was mainly a poor affair until the middle of the century. Then the orchestra began to glow, and the public gradually grew to prefer the sound of instruments to the sound of voices. By the end of the nineteenth century the victory was complete. The large chorus suffered a catastrophic decline; today the public doesn't go to choral concerts at all. There's beginning to be a revival now, but it will never be as it was, Handel is no longer popular because the real protagonist of his oratorios, the chorus, is no longer popular. In the oratorios there's not enough orchestral interest to offset this disability. From this standpoint the operas stand a somewhat better chance of being revived, because of the marvelous orchestral dance music that Handel wrote for them. I am thinking particularly of Il Pastor Fido, Ariodante. and . Hicina."

This mention of Handel's orchestra led us to question the various modernizations of his instrumentation. "We must ask ourselves first," Sir Thomas began, "in what sort of building were these works first played. Handel's compositions were usually performed in buildings which seated about 500 people. Today the average concert room holds 3,000 people. Yet it is still maintained by a choice company of half-wits, called musicologists, that Handel's music should be treated on the same basis in this vast space as it was in a building seating 500 listeners. Is it really conceivable that Handel would have wanted his oratorios performed by thirty singers and thirty instrumentalists in Carnegie Hall?

"We must ask another question. Suppose Handel came on the scene now and discovered that flutes could play in tune, that the *cor anglais* was a really musical instrument, that the range of oboes and trumpets had been considerably extended, that horns could play chromatics, that a new instrument called the clarinet had been invented. Would he use the orchestra today that he had used in 1730?"

We raised the matter of recordings. Does not the microphone allow one to perform Handel under similar acoustic circumstances and with the same performing forces that the composer had originally intended? Beecham preferred not to discuss this possibility. "I record Handel in the same manner as I perform him in public, and I thumb my nose at musicologists. They are dreamers, not practical musicians. It's a matter of sound, you know, not theory."

In June, Sir Thomas Beecham will make a recording of Messiah in England for RCA Victor. It will be issued later this year as one of the first gala albums in RCA's new "Soria Series." The orchestra will be the Royal Philharmonic and the soloists will include tenor Jon Vickers and basso Giorgio Tozzi (soprano and contralto had not been picked at press time). RCA's forthcoming Messiah will, needless to say, be recorded stereophonically, a technique that Sir Thomas views with no little asperity. "It allows engineers to ruin a performance. They look in the score and think to themselves, 'What a pity that I can't hear the trombone part.' So then they go bringing something out that I have, at great pains, left successfully in the background."



Dyer-Bennet: Beethoven with much style.

laxed, not overdemanding temper may very likely find its contents intriguing, perhaps modestly delightful. For these little chamber songs, if of no great consequence as Beethoven and practically none as folklore, have still a curious hybrid attractiveness; and they are played and sung with much style and unforced charm in a recording (monophonic; 1 have not heard the stereo) that is notably natural in sound and free from technical bothers.

Mr. Dyer-Bennet recorded all these songs, plus six more of the Scottish, some time ago for a Concert Hall limited edition; but these fairish 78s have long been out of print, and are in all regards inferior to the new dise. An LP of Helen Traubel in rather majestic readings of a mostly different lot of songs could once be had from Cohmbia; but no longer. In fact, this repertoire has always been neglected more than it deserves. If nothing else, it has a fascinating history.

George Thomson, born in 1757, was an Edinburgh officeholder whose energetic character had in it something of the visionary and something of the bookkeeper, promoter and antiquary, patron of the arts and thin-lipped thrifty dominie—a mixture that might seem peculiar in anyone other than a lowland Scot. As a young man, he set out to collect (literally) every traditional Scottish tune, and determined to publish "all the fine airs both of the plaintive and lively kind, unmixed with the trifling or inferior ones." Soon he widened his program to include Ireland and, later, Wales.

But many of his select "fine airs" had no words at all, or none in English; the others had words that seemed to him foolish or indecent or not sufficiently poetical. Many of the airs themselves seemed not quite "correct" as jotted down, and all lacked accompaniments. So he set about enlisting the finest poets in view (among them Robert Burns and Walter Scott, who wrote some of their best-known lyrics for him) to provide new texts, and the best composers (among them Pleyel and Haydn) to arrange the tunes for drawing-room performance. The first volume was issued in 1793. By 1806, three more had been added. But Haydn, having arranged over two hundred airs, was slowing down; Beethoven was asked to carry on, and, bogged in unproductivity and money troubles, he agreed. Between 1809 and 1823, he completed about (computations vary) a hundred and fifty arrangements for Thomson.

According to specification, the tunes were scored for voice and piano (the vocal line doubled by the right hand), violin or flute, and cello, with little preludes and *ritornelli*. Copies of the lyrics were not usually seut with the tunes; and in answer to Beethoven's repeated protests that he absolutely had to have them ("1 will have them translated here") in order to "give the true expression," Thomson wrote with bland truthfulness that this was impossible, "since most of these words are still in the poet's brain." Nor were the writers much better informed. No one knew for sure what a song would be like until Thomson had assembled it in Edinburgh.

For all this scattered method of manufacture, the results are not all so monstrous as might be imagined. Though the poems do sometimes sit uneasily on the musical accents, and though the harmonizations do drain the melodies of their national individualities, the ensemble writing is often quite pretty and sometimes, especially in purely instrumental passages, distinctively vigorous and unmistakably Beethoven. Taken in a congenial spirit, the songs can be a good deal of fun.

As noted, the performances are excellent. Mr. Dyer-Bennet is in fresh, restedsounding voice, and within his limited resources of color sings with really lovely tone and true intonation, save in the occasional cadenzalike figurations, where discretion might have been the better part of technical valor; and the Berkshire Quartet players are never less than very good. Texts on a slipped-in leaflet. For myself, I'd buy it. J.H., Ja.

BEETHOVEN: Symphony No. 1, in C, Op. 21; Leonore Overture No. 3, Op. 72a

Mannheim National Symphony, Joseph Rosenstock, cond.

• • JANUS FST 2002. SD. \$4.95.

The first stereo First in the catalogue proves, like the Livingston tape that was its source, to be an eujoyable, craftsmanlike performance, well recorded and lacking only the element of greatness. However, in the current shortage of good recordings of this score, 'twill suffice. The *Leonore*, however, is not up to its competition. R.C.M.

BERG: Sonata for Piano, Op. 1-See Schoenberg: Piano Pieces, Op. 11.

BERLIOZ: Symphonic fantastique, Op. 14

New York Philharmonic, Dimitri Mitropoulos, cond.

• COLUMBIA MS 6030. SD. \$5.98.

The first *Fantastique* on stereo to come near being satisfactory, this is wonderfully transparent right down to the smallest detail, yet vibrantly dramatic and taut where the music requires it and, in the *Scene in the Fields*, exceptionally imaginative. (For the first time on stereo, too, this movement isn't split between two disc sides.) The impressively handled introduction to the final movement produces a particularly eerie effect. In order to get the last three movements on the second side, however, the volume level is noticeably lower, spoiling the climactic moments in the March to the Scaffold and the Dream of a Witches' Sabbath. P.A.

BIZET: Carmen: Orchestral Suite †Ravel: Boléro

Virtuoso Symphony of London, Alfred Wallenstein, cond.

• • AUDIO FIDELITY FCS 50005. SD. \$6.95.

This record deserves all praise for the quality of its sound, which it seems to me cannot be bettered, and for the quality of the performances, which are as good as any recorded versions I know. As to the imagination of its programing, that speaks only too eloquently for itself. Still, the Boléro responds very cleverly to the stereo process, with its gradual accretion of instrumental color and volume. So does the Pandora-like Carmen Suite (the adjective refers to the fact that one never knows what's to be had inside). I have been afflicted with an epidemie of Carmen Suites of late, all on stereo labels. This one is a mélange of the Preludes to Aets I, IV, III (in that order), the Smugglers' March, the March of the Street Urehins, and the Gypsy Danee. D.1.

BRAHMS: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in D, Op. 77

Henryk Szeryng, violin; London Symphony Orchestra, Pierre Monteux, cond. • RCA VICTOR LM 2281. LP. \$4.98.

• • RCA VICTOR LSC 2281, SD. \$5.98.

Here, if such be needed, is proof that music is a truly international language. A Polish-born violinist, trained in Germany and France, and now a citizen of Mexico, plays a concerto by a German-born composer who lived in Austria. The conductor, who is French, resides mostly in America, and the orchestra is English. No doubt, the violin is Italian.

Szeryng is a thorough musician, exceptionally sensitive in matters of phrasing. To judge by the recording, his tone is not massive, yet it is very clear and sweet, and every note is articulated with the utmost care and refinement. His is as fine and probing an interpretation of the concerto as anyone could want, and Monteux, an expert Brahms interpreter in his own right, seconds him with like care and sympathy. The stereo edition has the advantage over the monophonic in instrumental separation and in the increased purity of the soloist's tone. P.A.

- BRUCH: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, No. 1, in G minor, Op. 26— See Mendelssohn: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in E minor, Op. 64.
- BRUCH: Scottish Fantasia, Op. 46-See Mendelssohn: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in E minor, Op. 64.

CHOPIN: Piano Works

Fantaisie, in F minor, Op. 49; Trois nou-

velles études; Barcarolle, in F sharp, Op. 60; Berceuse, in D flat, Op. 57; Impromptus: No. 1, in A flat, Op. 29; No. 2, in F sharp, Op. 36; No. 3, in G flat, Op. 51; Fantaisie-Impromptu, in C sharp minor, Op. 66.

Artur Rubinstein, piano.

• RCA VICTON LM 2277. LP. \$4.98.

On this disc Rubinstein plays some material he never before has recorded: the F minor Fantaisie, the first two Impromptus, and the Trois nouvelles études. There is little left for him to go before he has recorded the cycle: the Ballades, Etudes, and B minor Sonata are the only major works that come to mind. Rubinstein is in top form here. His performance of the Fantaisie, which many believe to be the greatest work Chopin ever composed, is noble and in the grand line. For once, a pianist has the imagination to come smashing down on the keys on the chord that follows the pianissimo ending of the chorale, and what an effect it is! This is easily the greatest recorded performance that has been given this work, and one has to go back to the Cortot version of the early 1930s to find one that begins to approach it.

Rubinstein is just as colorful in the other pieces on the dise. This is Chopin playing that combines poetry, masculinity, a plastic rhythm, and an encompassing technique. Nobody today can match it. The recorded sound is admirably clear. There is one mistake in the label and note copy: the key of the Barcarolle is F sharp major, not minor (a prevalent error that even music researchers have fallen into). H.C.S.

COPLAND: A Lincoln Portrait Schuman: New England Triptych Barber: Vanessa: Intermezzo

Carl Sandburg, narrator (in the Copland); New York Philharmonic, Andre Kostelanetz, cond.

• COLUMBIA ML 5347. LP. \$4.98.

COLUMBIA MS 6040. SID. \$5.98.

Copland composed A Lincoln Portrait for Kostelanetz, and Kostelanetz is its finest interpreter. It is very brilliantly done here, and gorgeously recorded; Sandburg reads the test with the intonation of a poet and the philosophic understanding of Lincoln's foremost biographer.

William Schuman's New England Triptych is a new piece which here makes its debut on records. It is a short symphony in three movements based on themes by the eighteenth-century Boston composer, William Billings. Billings' craggy individualism, his moral fervor and daring inventiveness, obviously have great appeal for Schuman, and the work is a convincing salute from a highly creative American of our period to another creative American of times past. Now Schuman must get his Juilliard boys and girls together to make a handsome record of Billings' own anthems and fuguing tunes. The great New Englander is not represented under his own name in the LP lists.

The Barber intermezzo is a pleasant whiff from Vanessa's boudoir. A.F.

DEBUSSY: Images: No. 2, Ibéria †Ravel: Miroirs: No. 4, Alborada del gracioso

Hert: Escales

Orchestre National de la Radiodiffusion Française, Leopold Stokowski, cond. • CAPITOL P 8463. LP. \$4.98.

All of Stokowski's familiar mannerisms serve here to make Debussy the servant of the conductor, not his master. This is doubly unfortunate since the Stokowski palette is liberally spread with all the opal colors that any proper impressionist might demand. But throughout Ibéria the tempos are so odd-some extra-fast, some ultra-slow-that the work's contimuity dissolves in a flurry of eccentricity. Moreover, the mystery of the score, its evocation of Spain as heard in a dream, is dissipated by virtue of the phrasal exaggerations that cling to every measure. Ravel's Alborada, however, is read with a genuine virtuoso flair, and Escales is a warm bath of pseudo-exotic sound. The latter, of course, is a piece that borders often on the banal; Stokowski's way with it does nothing to adulterate the banality. JAY S. HARRISON

DEBUSSY: Prélude à l'après-midi d'un faune; Nocturnes: No. 1, Nuages; No. 2, Fêtes; Jeux

Orchestre du Théâtre National de l'Opéra de Paris, Manuel Rosenthal, cond. • WESTMINSTER XWN 18771, LP. \$4.98.

For the most part, Rosenthal's views on Debussy are worth any man's attention. His Faun is soaked in color, perfumed, too, and voluptuous but never vulgar. his instrumentalists-though the And French sound of the wood winds may appear a mite grainy-are everywhere accomplished and expert. In fact, you are not likely to hear on records a performance of Fetes more distinguished in its bravura, nor does any other conductor manage the famous march-from-afar section with quite this stateliness and bursting majesty. Rosenthal's Jeux, on the other hand, is so clear and explicit that the work tends to lose those vaporous qualities that make it unique in the Debussy catalogue. The piece is an essay in orchestral pulverization and formal disintegration; but by spelling this out for us step by step, Rosenthal quite robs the work of its secrets, acting rather as a magician who, having amazed us by his tricks, then proceeds to explain how they were done. JAY S. HARRISON



Rubinstein: still matchless in Chopin.

DELALANDE: Sur le bonheur des justes et le malheur des réprouvés-See Marchand: Cantiques spirituels.

DELIBES: Sylvia

London Symphony Orchestra, Anatole Fistoulari, cond.

MERCURY OL 2106. Two LP. \$7.96.

Sylvia's view of classical Greece is decidedly filtered through the lorgnette of Third Republic France, but those who have seen the brilliant Sadler's Wells revival can testify that it passes muster in the never-never land of the ballet stage. This first complete recording proves that much more of it than the brief suite deserves to be known. The Pas des éthiopiens for piccolo and percussion is especially fetching, and Sylvia's Dance of the Bacchante is a lesson in the use of orchestral primary colors. The scoreuncut here, save for two brief pieces in the concluding celebrations-is unified by a series of recurring motifs which justify this kind of integral recording, if any justification be needed.

Fistoulari is an experienced conductor of music for the dance, but it seems to me that neither he nor his orchestra displays the rhythmic dash and imaginative teamwork of Dorati and the Minneapolis Orchestra in *Coppélia*. D.J.

DVORAK: Symphony No. 4, in G, Op. 88

Cleveland Orchestra, George Szell, cond.

• Epic LC 3532. LP. \$4.98.

• • Epic BC 1015. SD. \$5.98.

The music of Dvořák is close to Szcll's heart and temperament. As usual, he demands and gets a performance from his highly trained orchestra that is flawless. Occasionally one might wish for a little more abandon, as in parts of the first and last movements here, but this is a most commendable interpretation.

And what is of equal importance is the sound. This is one of the first recordings made in the recently revamped Severance Hall with its new acoustical shell that permits more reverberation. For one who has heard a number of concerts in this auditorium and, in years past, has supervised some recording sessions there, the new sound comes as a pleasant shock. It certainly is a vast improvement over some of the old Cleveland discs (in recent years, the orchestra has been recording elsewhere). There is considerable directionalism in the stereo version, but that directionalism also involves an illusion of depth, the horns in particular emerging from deep center. The only flaw is a strange hiss that appeared toward the end of the second movement in the left channel of my stereo review copy. It was not in the monophonic edition. P.A.

DVORAK: Symphony No. 5, in E minor, Op. 95 ("From the New World")

Bamberg Symphony Orchestra, Heinrich Hollreiser, cond.

• • Vox STPL 10810. SD. \$5.95.

Hollreiser leads a transparent perform-

ance of the New World Symphony, one that is marked also by clean attacks and dramatic tension. But there isn't much subtlety or imagination here, although the music is satisfactorily conveyed. As for the orchestral playing, there is considerable lack of polish in the winds. Vox's sound matches the conductor's transparency; it is also admirably directional, pinpointing each section of the orchestra. However, it definitely favors the highs at the expense of the lows, which results in a thin bass line. P.A.

- FALLA: El Amor brujo-See Surinach: Sinfonietta flamenca.
- GLAZUNOV: Birthday Greeting: Ballet Suite (arr. Irving)—See Lecocq: La Fille de Mme. Angot: Ballet Suite.

GRIEG: Peer Gynt: Incidental Music

Ilse Hollweg, soprano; Beecham Choral Society; Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Sir Thomas Beecham, cond.

• • ANGEL S 35445. SD. \$5.98.

All the clarity and depth of feeling in the monophonic pressing of this performance is enhanced by the aural spread of stereo, especially in the choral movements and in the passages where there is interplay between two string sections or between winds and strings. The conducting, playing, and singing are of such a high order that they impart much greater stature to Grieg's score than it usually achieves in the average performance. Like David Johnson, who reviewed the monophonic dise, I too regret that Beecham didn't elect to record the incidental music complete, but am grateful for what has been included, such as the original choral versions of In the Hall of the Mountain King and the First Arabian Dance, as well as Ilse Hollweg's tender delineation of Solveig's Lullaby. P.A.

GRIEG: Sonata for Violin and Piano, No. 1, in F, Op. 8

Szymanowski: Sonata for Violin and Piano, No. 1, in D minor, Op. 9

David Oistrakh, violin; Lev Oborin (in the Grieg) and Vladimir Yampolsky (in the Szymanowski), piano.

• M-G-M GC 30004. LP. \$3.98.

The three Grieg violin sonatas are very seldom encountered on recital programs these days, which is a shame. Although they may seem old-fashioned to some listeners, they contain a great deal of charming music. The Sonata No. 1 does not even appear very often on discs, so it is particularly good to have this facile performance by Oistrakh and Oborin. This is early Grieg, to be sure, but the germs of what was to follow are very evident here. The Szymanowski, which Oistrakh and Yampolsky have recorded before for Angel, is also an early effort. Here, however, little of the composer's individuality shows through a pleasing, if somewhat derivative work. Processing of the Soviet tapes has been skillfully accomplished. P.A.

HAYDN: Concerto for Cello and Orchestra, in D ("Op. 121")

Wagenseil: Concerto for Cello, Strings, and Continuo, in A

Enrico Mainardi, cello; Münchener Kammerorchester, Enrico Mainardi, cond. • ARCHIVE ARC 3110. LP. \$5.98.

The Haydn performance is, unfortunately, nothing to cheer about. Both of the fast movements seem to be too slow. Mainardi, whose intonation is generally accurate (there is one sour note in the first movement), just barely resists the temptation to sentimentalize that occasionally besets performers in this lyric work. The Concerto by Georg Christoph Wagenseil (1715-1777), a compatriot and older contemporary of Haydn, was written in 1752 and rediscovered in 1953. It is an attractive piece in the rococo style of the time and it is well performed. The recording throughout, as usual with Deutsche Grammophon Ge-N.B. sellschaft products, is superb.

HAYDN: Symphonies: No. 100, in G ("Military"); No. 101, in D ("Clock")

Vienna State Opera Orchestra, Mogens Wøldike, cond.

• VANGUARD SRV 109. LP. \$1.98.

VANGUARD SRV 109SD. SD. \$2.98.

A hig-league disc from every point of view. R. D. Darrell has reported in these pages on the magnificent quality of the stereo tape version. I have not heard that version and can only say that the stereo disc presents as real orchestral sound as I have ever heard in reproduction. The two channels are not obviously separated. Instead, the instruments seem to be spaced out evenly from the far edge of one speaker across to the far edge of the other. But in this dispersal of the sound nothing is lost in the definition and tim-



Woldike: a big-league Haydn Military.

bre of the individual instruments. Add good balance, first-class playing, and a conducting job that conveys all of the joy and beauty of this music, and you have a practically unbeatable record. N.B.

HINDEMITH: Symphony, Mathis der Mater

+Bartók: Divertimento for Strings

Philharmonia Orchestra, Constantin Silvestri, cond.

• ANGEL 35643. LP. \$4.98 (or \$3.98).

The Hindemith is somewhat mannered in performance, but so beautifully recorded that one tends to forgive the peculiarities of the interpretation because of the beauty of the sound. The Bartók, a piece for small chamber orchestra, is here recorded with the full string complement of a symphonic ensemble, and, inevitably, it sounds heavy, overrich, and overromanticized. A.F.

IBERT: Escales—See Debussy: Images: No. 2, Iberia.

D'INDY: Symphonie sur un chant montagnard français, Op. 25—See Ravel: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, in G.

KHACHATURIAN: Spartacus (excerpts)

State Radio Orchestra of the U.S.S.R., Alexander Gauk, cond.

• MONITOR MC 2025. LP. \$4.98.

This ballet about the slave uprising in ancient Rome has everything-gladiatorial contests, dances of nymphs, a seduction scene, and, of course, an orgy. Its score is hereby nominated as the century's stalest. The performance seems to be better than the music deserves. The recording is mediocre. A.F.

- KRENEK: Sonata for Piano, No. 3, Op. 93—See Schoenberg: Piano Pieces, Op. 11.
- LALO: Namouna: Orchestral Suite No. 1—See Schmitt: La Tragédie de Salomé.
- LECOCQ: La Fille de Mme. Angot: Ballet Suite (arr. Jacob)
- +Glazunov: Birthday Greeting: Ballet Suite (arr. Irving)

Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Robert Irving, cond.

• ANGEL S 35588. SD. \$5.98.

The quintessence of balletic preciosity, this is a release likely to be as ecstatically prized by certain balletomanes as it is to discomfit listeners of more robust tastes. Such exquisitely delicate playing and recording are aptly tailored to Irving's potpourri of blandly elegant Glazunov dances originally assembled as a glossy display case for the six leading ballerinas of the Sadler's Wells (now Royal Ballet) Company on the occasion of its Silver Jubilee in 1956; but they ill become the far less sophisticated and epicene music of Lecocq, which is here singularly miniaturized and denatured. For those who remember the lustiness of the now-withdrawn Kurtz reading of a Mam'zelle Angot suite in Mohaupt's arrangement, all the luminosity and grace of the present Irving-Jacob version can never compensate for its deficiencies in humor, vigor, and even frank vulgarity. A great pity, for the stereo technology bere is flawless except for its apparently deliberate eschewal of sonic depths and impacts, and a properly full-blooded recorded performance of Lecocq's invigorating rhythms and lilting tunes easily might be as widely popular as those of the now overly familiar Offenbach-Rosenthal *Gaîté Parisienne.* R.D.D.

LEHAR: Die Lustige Witte

Hilde Gueden (s), Hanna Glawari; Emmy Loose (s), Valencienne; Per Grunden (t), Danilo Danilowitsch; Waldemar Kmentt (t), Cannille de Rosillon; Peter Klein (t), Cascada; Karl Dönch (b), Baron Mirko Zeta; Kurtz Equiluz (b), St. Brioche, Soloists, Chorus, and Orchestra of the Vienna State Opera, Robert Stolz, cond.

• • LONDON OSA 1205. Two SD, 811.96.

London's new Merry Widow is a considerable but not victorious rival of the classic Angel recording issued five years ago. Stereophonic sound, when it is done as well as it is here, is a decided point in favor of any opera recording. London's engineering in the Merry Widow is mellower, less raucous (also perhaps a bit less exciting) than in some of its other recent releases. Voices are a little too forward and the orchestra is at times too retiring, but there can be no question that the sound as a whole is superior to Angel'salthough the latter is still quite acceptable. Angel's Philharmonia under Ackermann plays brilliantly and is lacking neither in warmth nor idiomatic style, But the Vienna State Opera Orchestra plays with still more warmth and is even more idiomatic-as well it should be since it is led by an elderly gentleman who helped Lehár prepare the operetta's premiere in 1905 and has since conducted it hundreds of times. Robert Stolz provides especially for this recording an overture concocted of times from the work; some may consider this an asset, others a hore.

Hilde Gueden sings charmingly as Hanna Glawari, but she doesn't do the role to the teeth as Angel's Schwarzkopf does. Gueden is more peasantlike in her approach. This ought to be right for the character, but somehow it does not quite come off; one misses Schwarzkopf's ton. Gueden's speaking voice, too, does not have the nuances of Schwarzkopf's, and tends to a rather guttural monotony. Angel's Danilo is Erich Kunz, a baritone. The score calls for a tenor in this role and London provides one in Per Grunden. This might be considered an advantage if it were not that Kunz is the more polished singer and the wittier actor, Waldemar Knientt and Nicolai Gedda are more evenly matched: Kmentt is developing into a first-rate lyric tenor: his voice is handsomer and better controlled in this release than it was several years ago. Still, he does not quite measure up to Gedda's gracefully sentimental Rosillon. The lesser roles are more or less tit for tat; in fact, London and Angel share the same Valencienne.

What may be a deciding factor for prospective buyers is that London, instead of a libretto, provides an awkwardly written and incomplete summary of the action. Most of said action is carried on in fairly leisurely German dialogue, which is not difficult to follow if one has a smattering of German, Those who have no German at all will, and onght to, resent the omission of text and translation. D.1.

MARCHAND: Cantiques spirituels: Sur le bonheur des justes et le malheur des réprouvés: A la louange de la charité †Delahande: Sur le bonheur des justes et

le malheur des réprouvés

Nadiue Santereau, soprano: Jeannine Collard, mezzo; Michel Hamel, tenor; Camille Maurane, baritone: Jean-Marie Leclair Instrumental Ensemble, Louis Frémaux, cond.

WESTMINISTER XWN 18792, LP, \$4.98.

These three works are settings of two religious cauticles by Racine. In Louis Marchand's *In Praise of Charity* each of the soloists has a verse or two, and they sing together only in one verse at the middle and another at the end. Simiharly, in his *On the Happiness of the Just and the Misery of the Damned*, the three soloists (the mezzo does not sing here) join only at the end. Some of this music reaches a considerable degree of eloquence, and at no point is it unworthy of the elevated spirit of the text.

The Delalande is less elaborate. It is sung mostly by the mczzo, the soprano joining her only occasionally. The instrumental accompaniment to this work, a reconstruction by an unnamed editor, is less interesting than the orchestral portions of the Marchand settings. All of the singers turn in good, solid performances, and the sound is spacious and resonant. N B

MENDELSSOHN: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in E-minor, Op. 64 Bruch: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, No. 1, in G-minor, Op. 26

Yehudi Menulin, violin: Philharmonia Orchestra, Efrem Kurtz (in the Mendelssohn) and Walter Süsskind (in the Bruch), conds.

EMI-CAPITOL G 7148. LP. \$4.98.

MENDELSSOHN: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra, in E-minor, Op. 64 Bruch: Scottish Fantasia, Op. 46

Alfredo Campoli, violin; London Philharmonic Orchestra, Sir Adrian Boult, cond.

• • LONDON CS 6047. SD, \$4.98.

The difference between these two performances is more than a difference between monophonie and stereo recording, though that has an important place in the reckoning. Menuhin works very hard in the Mendelssohn-almost too hard. He is rather too strict in his treatment of the cadenza in the first movement, while elsewhere his playing is more intense than lighthearted. One must admire, nevertheless, the firmness of his tone and the absence of his customary slides. He sounds much happier in the Bruch Concerto, which he treats



Winograd's Mendelssohn makes news.

most tenderly, especially in the exquisitely phrased slow movement. The recording has a slightly cramped sound, with the soloist practically on top of the microphone and with a fairly limited tonal range.

Campoli is a bit freer with the Mendelssohn, and his basically sweeter-if occasionally less even-tone is better suited to this essentially sweet-tempered composition. He puts ample forcefulness into his performance of the Bruch Fantasia, however. Though the latter work is not the greatest piece of music, it is an entertaining setting of four Scottish folk tunes. From the standpoint of sound, it is the most successful of the four recordings. Whereas London's stereo makes the violin stand out in bold relief in the Mendelssohn, the orchestral accompaniment lacks sufficient presence. In the Fantasia, however, there is a more equitable balance, and the orchestra has a full, resounding ring to it. P.A.

MENDELSSOHN: Octet in E flat, Op. 20 (arr. Winograd); Sinfonia for String Orchestra, No. 9, in C minor

Arthur Winograd String Orchestra, Arthur Winograd, cond.

• M-G-M E 3668, LP, \$3.98.

The big news here is the Sinfonia No. 9 which, as far as I can ascertain, has never been recorded before. Composed in 1823, when Mendelssohn was only fourteen, it is a remarkably fresh work, perhaps more Schubertian than Mendelssolmian, but admirably put together. Any composer of forty would have been glad to call it his own. Particularly unusual is the beginning of the second movement, which is scored for violins only, in four parts. The Sinfonia, along with a number of other Mendelssohn juvenilia, was found a few years ago in the Berlin State Library. It would be wonderful to have more of these treasures. Meanwhile, we can be grateful to Winograd for bringing it to dises in a sprightly fashion. His expansion of the Octet for strings into a work for full string orchestra enhances its sonority, yet the performance retains its original lightness. M-G-M has provided good sound for this welcome release. PA.

MENOTTI: Maria Golovin

Franca Duval (s), Maria Golovin; Cenia Las (ms), Agata; Patricia Neway (e), the Mother; Herbert Handt (t), Dr. Zuckertanz; William Chapman (b), Prisoner of War; Richard Cross (bs-b), Donato. Chorus and Orchestra, Peter Herman Adler, cond.

• RCA VICTOR LM 6142. Three LP. \$14.94.

Menotti's latest opera had its premiere at the Brussels World's Fair, followed by a brief and unsuccessful run on Broadway. I am grateful that RCA Victor chose to issue this recording despite Maria Golovin's initial failure in this country, although I cannot pretend to a wild enthusiasm for it based on the first two-and-afraction hearings (the fraction consisting of the trio for the women and the whole of the second scene of Act III, which I listened to a third time for the sheer pleasure of it). As a dramatic and musical whole, the opera disappoints me-but I recall being even more keenly disappointed at first by The Saint of Bleecker Street, which I now consider this composer-librettist's most considerable achievement to date.

The libretto, like so many by Menotti, is deliberately vague as to locale, but the characters mostly have Italian names and the time of action is soon after World War II. The story, like Vanessa, handles the subject of love with its (for Menotti) concomitant complex of isolation, eaptivity, and deceit. Donato, a young architect, blinded in the war and now living in bitter loneliness with his mother and the spinster family servant (both of them bitter and lonely too), falls in love with the beautiful lady who has rented the second floor of his mother's house. Maria Golovin returns his love but their happiness is prevented by a variety of factors: she is married and has a son to whom she is devoted, the spinster servant is envious and troublesome, and Donato is fiercely jealous. A series of painful scenes ensue; finally, when a telegram arrives announcing her husband's release from a prisoner-of-war camp, Maria takes the easy way out by telling Donato that she must leave him. He brandishes a pistol and calls his mother to direct his aim at Maria. The mother pretends to do so, but beckons Maria out of the way; he shoots into empty space. "She is yours forever now, sings the mother, and leads him from the room. Maria brokenheartedly goes upstairs to the party she is giving in celebration of her husband's home-coming.

The substance is somewhat thin for three acts, but Menotti pads it out with a tutor named Dr. Znekertanz ("Sugardance") and an escaped prisoner, both of whom have substantial solos. In Zuckertanz the composer strikes out, more in amused contempt than in anger, at the snobbism of our age, which turns up its exquisite nose at neoromantics like himself, and will hear of nothing but "Monteverdi, Vivaldi, Stravinsky, Bartók, Io painting, Piero-Piero, of course, della Francesca. And the great, great Mondrian-so divinely geometrical." Zuckertanz's aria (accompanied by rhythmic horn figures straight out of Stravinsky's neoclassical period) is wonderfully funny, if perhaps not quite so integral a part of the opera as Samuel Chotzinoff's prefatory essay (a very good one) would have it.

The opera is performed by the original cast, an all-American one despite the fact that Franca Duval and Herbert Handt (the memorable Orpheus of the long-vanished Haydn Orfeo ed Euridice) have been more honored abroad than at home. Perhaps only Handt merits unqualified praise. Miss Duval has a voice appealingly tender in its middle reaches but not all of a piece; and she does not have the volume needed for elimactic moments. Patricia Neway is a dramatic soprano of real merit, but since Menotti wrote the part of the mother for a contralto it is puzzling indeed that he assigned it to Miss Neway. She often cannot negotiate it. The youthful Richard Cross, who virtually makes his first appearance in operaas Donato, has good basic voeal equipment which needs ripening-it is as yet inflexible and rather constricted. And so deep a voice somehow does not accord well with the role. The long monologue of the escaped prisoner of war is sung by a baritone whose voice assaults the eardrum most unpleasantly.

I had hoped that the orchestra would be a bigger one. Menotti has not been well served by orchestras in the recordings of his operas. The strings, as they are here, generally are far too few to carry the long warm cantilenas he sometimes assigns them (e.g., the lovely time played first by the cellos and then by the upper strings in the prelude to Act II1). And too frequently the strings are illbalanced with the brass and percussion. Adler conducts carefully but with no great imagination. The packaging is handsome, but the libretto contains many discrepancies with what gets sung, and part of the last-act duet is not printed at all. The engineers do their job well; the far-off singing in the prisoners-of-war camp is especially well realized. D.J.

MILHAUD: Le Carnaval d'Aix Saint-Saëns: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 4, in C minor, Op. 44

Grant Johannesen, piano; Philharmonia Orchestra, Georges Tzipine, cond. • EMI-CAPITOL G 7151. LP. \$4.98.

Milhaud's Carnaval d'Aix is one of the most delightful things he has ever written. It is a series of twelve short character and comedy sketches for piano and orchestra based on the score of Salade, his commedia dell'arte ballet of 1924. The parallel with Schumann's Carnaval is readily apparent, and the work is quite as successful, as full of humor, color, and original fantasy as its romantic predecessor. The performance is good, the recording fair. The performance of the Saint-Saëns on the other side is very superficial. Perhaps this is as it should be, for Saint-Saëns is supposedly a superficial composer: but the recording of the same work by Robert Casadesus gives one a totally dif-A.F. ferent feeling about it.

MOZART: Così fan tutte (excerpts)

Lisa della Casa (s), Fiordiligi; Emmy

Loose (s), Despina; Christa Ludwig (ms), Dorabella; Anton Dermota (t), Ferrando; Erich Kunz (b), Cuglielmo; Paul Schoeffler (bs), Don Alfonso. Vienna State Opera Chorus and Vienna Philharmonie Orchestra, Karl Böhm, cond. LONDON OS 25047. SD. \$5.98.

Happily, stereo does not alter the smallscaled, intimate atmosphere that Karl Böhm was at such pains to create in this performance. If anything, it helps-by accenting that balance between solo voices and solo instruments which gives Così fan tutte its unique aural appeal among Mozart's operas. For instance, Fi-ordiligi's aria "Per pietà, ben mio" has here the sense first of a duet between soprano and solo horn which later-with the addition of clarinet and bassoonblossoms into a quartet. It's all very lovely and all very delicately achieved.

No fewer than thirteen numbers are included in this stereophonic sampling of the complete set. Side 1, band two alone contains the recitative before the "Addio Quintet," the Quintet itself, the ensuing military chorus, and the concluding trio, "Soave sia il vento." This certainly suggests that stereo dises need not give one less playing time for one's money than LPs do. Incidentally, the list of credits supra may prove helpful to prospective purchasers since the record itself fails to D.J. indicate who sings what.

MOZART: Serenade for Strings, No. 13, in G, K. 525 ("Eine kleine Nachtmusik")

Tchaikovsky: Screnade for String Orchestra, in C, Op. 48

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, Georg Solti, cond.

• • LONDON CS 6066. SD. \$4.98.

The playing is impressively pithy in the outer movements of the Tchaikovsky and agreeably warm in the inner ones. The Mozart is performed with skill and sensitivity. Splendid stereo is combined with a very wide range of dynamics. But the string tone is harsh and unreal. N.B.

MOZART: Die Zauberflöte (excerpts)

Hilde Gueden (s), Pamina; Wilma Lipp (s), Queen of the Night; Emmy Loose (s), Papagena: Leopold Simoneau (t), Tamino: August Jaresch (t), Monostatos; Walter Berry (b), Papageno; Kurt Boehme (bs), Sarastro. Soloists, Vienna State Opera Chorus and Vienna Philharmonie Orchestra, Karl Böhm, cond.

LONDON OS 25046. SD. \$5.98.

The sound here seems to me as disappointing as that on the simultaneously released excerpts from Così fan tutte is admirable. The Magic Flute ought to lend itself brilliantly to double-channel reproduction-it has big choruses, it is ambitiously scored, it indulges in all kinds of antiphonal effects. But in this early effort (1956) London's stereo engincers let most of their opportunities slip past them. The twelve selections are well

Continued on page 66



Hark!

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TCHAIKOVSKY Festival Overture 1812 (with brass band, cannon and bells); Capriccio Italien. Minneapolis Symphony, Dorati. Stereo SR 90054, Monaural MG 50054. Mercury's monaural version of this work has remained at the top of the best-seller charts since its release in 1956. "There isn't, and won't be another record like this one ... it has to be beard to be believed ... is it possible to exceed this in the art of reproduced sound?"-THE NEW RECORDS

RIMSKY-KORSAKOV Scheherazade. Minneapolis Symphony, Dorati. Stereo SR 90195, Monaural MG 50009. Dorati's widely hailed monaural recording of Scheherazade for Mercury has been a fixture on the best selling charts for six years. This is the most gorgeous stereo you've ever heard.

RAVEL Boléro; Ma Mère l'Oye. CHABRIER Bourrée Fantasque. Detroit Symphony, Paray. Stereo SR 90005, Monaural MG 50020. Paray's has become THE definitive recording of this work; another chart best-seller for six years. "Fantastic dynamic range the impact of the Boléro is positively awesome."—THE AMERICAN RECORD GUIDE

SAINT-SAËNS Symphony No. 3 in C Minor. Detroit Symphony, Paray; Marcel Dupré, organist. Stereo SR 90012, Monaural MG 50167. This joined the best-seller lists two weeks after its release and has remained there since. John Conly says in THE ATLANTIC: "...one of those performances we call (for lack of a more exact term) inspired...Saint-Saëns would have thought his point well made in this Mercury version."

CHERUBINI Medea (complete recording, deluxe factory-sealed album). Maria Meneghini Callas, Chorus and Orchestra of La Scala, Serafin conducting. Stereo SR 3-9000, Monaural OL 3-104. "The most beautiful vocal recording today is that of the opera Medea on Mercury..."—THE GRAMOPHONE

PROKOFIEV Suite from "The Love of Three Oranges"; Scythian Suite. London Symphony, Dorati. Stereo SR 90006, Monaural 50157. A breathtaking demonstration of the depth and spread of sound of TRUE stereo, or as



April 1959



Wollmann: half a fine Prokofiev team.

chosen, but I would recommend the single disc of monophonic excerpts that Decca has provided from their complete set. The sonics as well as the performance are significantly better. D.J.

PROKOFIEV: Sonata for Cello and Piano, No. 2, in C, Op. 119 †Shostakovich: Sonata for Cello and

Piano, in D minor, Op. 40

Antonio Janigro, cello; Eva Wollmann, piano.

• WESTMINSTER XWN 18791. LP. \$4.98.

It would be difficult to imagine a finer performance of cello sonatas—anybody's cello sonatas—than that provided here, or a finer recording of the instruments involved. The works are not especially profound—they stand just on the good side of the line that divides salon music from chamber music—but the interpretation, by Janigro and Wollmann alike, lends them depth, dignity, and interest of the highest musical importance. A superb release. A.F.

PROKOFIEV: Symphony No. 4, in C, Op. 47/112

State Radio Orchestra of the U.S.S.R.,
Gennadi Rozhdestvenski, cond.
M-G-M GC 30001. LP. \$4.98.

Prokofiev composed his fourth symphony in 1929 for the Boston Symphony Orchestra's fiftieth anniversary celebration, but late in his life he completely rewrote it and nearly doubled its length; hence its double opus number. Written in the bardic-heroic tradition of the Russian symphony, it stands in a direct line of descent from the symphonies of Borodin, but there is a good deal of Glazunovian dullness about it, too (for which I suspect the revision was responsible). The performance seems good enough, though the recording is not especially remarkable. A.F.

RACHMANINOFF: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 2, in C minor, Op. 18

Kjell Baekkelund, piano; Oslo Philhar-

This is a rather mild-mannered presentation of a glowing concerto. The Scandinavian collaborators do not treat the work with Northern coldness, but the soloist could have been a little less analytical and could have sustained a longer singing line. At the same time, he and the conductor could have been more forceful in many of their statements in the first and last movements. Even though this disc isn't spectacular, however, it's a sincere performance, recorded in satisfactory stereo, and not a bad buy at the bargain price. P.A.

RACHMANINOFF: Symphony No. 2, in E minor, Op. 27

Detroit Symphony Orchestra, Paul Paray, cond.

MERCURY SR 90019. SD. \$5.95.

Those who are looking for a stereo edition of Paray's thoughtful reading of this symphony would do better by selecting the tape version. The sound is well distributed on this disc, but there is an unaccountable distortion of the upper frequencies that is not in keeping with the general high quality of Mercury's stereo product. P.A.

RAVEL: Boléro-See Bizet: Carmen: Orchestral Suite.

RAVEL: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, in G

[†]D'Indy: Symphonie sur un chant montagnard français, Op. 25

Nicole Henriot-Schweitzer, piano; Boston Symphony Orchestra, Charles Munch, cond.

• RCA VICTOR LM 2271. LP. \$4.98.

• • RCA VICTOR LSC 2271. SD. \$5.98.

Nicole Henriot, who has married a relative of Albert Schweitzer since her last visit to this country, is a pupil of Marguerite Long, for whom Ravel's two-handed concerto was written. This means that she has the true tradition of the picce, and her recording of it is the first to equal Mme. Long's in musical understanding. It is incomparably finer than hers, however, so far as sound is concerned, especially in the stereo version.

Mine. Schweitzer does a very skillful and competent piece of work with the D'Indy, but the Casadesus version still remains the best on records. The coupling of these two beautiful works on a single disc is extremely attractive. A.F.

RAVEL: Miroirs: No. 4, Alborada del gracioso-See Debussy: Images: No. 2, Ibéria.

SAINT-SAENS: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 4, in C minor, Op. 44-See Milhaud: Le Carnaval d'Aix.

SCHMITT: La Tragédie de Salomé †Strauss, Richard: Salome: Salomes Tanz †Lalo: Namouna: Orchestral Suite No. 1 Detroit Symphony Orchestra, Paul Paray, cond.

• MERCURY MG 50177. LP. \$3.98.

The late Florent Schmitt completed La Tragédie de Salomé in 1907, just two years after Richard Strauss's fiery operatic score on the same theme. Orginally conceived as a ballet, the work was ultimately recast as a symphonic suite. In some respects, it is far less savage in concept than the Strauss opera. For the most part, it is a combination of late romantic and early impressionistic writing, fully and colorfully orchestrated. As Harold Lawrence points out in his excellent jacket notes, the final Dance of Fright definitely foreshadows Le Sacre du Printemps. There may be more than coincidence here, for the score is dedicated to Stravinsky, who expressed his great admiration of it to the composer. Unlike Strauss, who based his opera on Oscar Wilde's play, Schmitt used as the foundation for his Salomé a poem by Robert d'Humières which varies considerably from the familiar story. The score, which employs a large orchestra, is brilliantly and opulently set forth by Paray, who plays up the sharp contrasts between its lyrical and orgiastically rhythmic movements.

Strauss's Dance of the Seven Veils makes a fitting disc companion to the French Salomé. Paray is equally enthusiastic in his treatment here, though he emphasizes the orchestral coloring rather than the sensual aspects of the music.

Next to these two incandescent works, Edouard Lalo's *Namouna* sounds just a trifle pale. Like *La Tragédie de Salomé*, it was originally a ballet, from which the composer later extracted three concert suites. With his affinity for French music of all periods, Paray enhances the Suite No. 1 with an exhilarating reading.

All three compositions are orchestral showpieces, and Mercury has set them off in beautifully balanced, wide-range sound, completely free from distortion. This disc ought to be tremendous in stereo. P.A.

SCHOENBERG: Piano Pieces, Op. 11 †Berg: Sonata for Piano, Op. 1 †Křenek: Sonata for Piano, No. 3, Op. 93

Glenn Gould, piano.

• COLUMBIA ML 5336. LP. \$4.98.

Schoenberg's three piano pieces, Opus 11, are beginning to sound like Bralums today, but their solidity and meaningfulness increase with each rehearing. The tendency to treat them merely as forerunners of Schoenberg's later style is an aberration which, let us hope, Gould's magnificent performance has finally put to rest. In his notes, Gould says "Berg's Opus

In his notes, Gould says "Berg's Opus 1 is as fine as anything he ever did. (1 am aware that this remark is open to contradiction.)" For me, it is contradicted by all the later music of Berg, but the diffuse, *schwärmerisch* sonata is of value in juxtaposition to the Schoenberg as a revelation of the master-pupil relationship.

Continued on page 68

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VOX PRODUCTIONS, INC. 236 W. 55th Street, New York 19, N. Y. The brilliantly written sonata by Krenek finally takes Schoenbergian atonality, so far as this collection is concerned, out of the romantic emotional orbit of the Viennese school and develops it in the direction of a cooler, in some ways more adventuresome, lyricism.

I become more and more fully convinced that Glenn Gould is the foremost pianist whom this continent has produced in recent decades. The beauty of his tone and the depth of his musicianship are revealed here through a recording of marvelous fidelity. A.F.

SCHUBERT: Quartets and Quintets

Vol. III: Ouartet for Strings, No. 5, in B flat, D. 68: Quartet for Strings, No. 14, in D minor, D. 810 (Tod und das Müdchen); Quintet for Piano and Strings, in A, D. 667 (Trout); Quintet for Strings, in C, D. 956.

Rolf Reinhardt, piano; Fritz Kiskalt, cello; Georg Hoertnagel, double-bass; Endres Quartet.

• Vox VBX 6. Three LP. \$8.95.

The final volume of this complete set of Schubert's quartets and quintets has the same merit of good taste and the same failing of excessive understatement 1 noted in the earlier two volumes. More disturbing is a certain insensitivity to shading and a tendency to confound mezzo and piano and to ignore pianissimo marking altogether.

But these readings are rarely menjoyable; and when one considers that the whole set can, like the others, be purchased for \$8.95, one may be willing to accept something less than perfect performances for the sake of owning the whole series of marvelous works. Certainly the C major Quintet and the D minor Quartet have been given more inspired interpretations on LP (the latter notably in the new version by the Smetana Quartet), but I am not aware that the Trout is available in a clearly superior edition. Vox has already issued this Trout as a single, stereophonic release-and curiously enough the sound in the monophonic version proves to be better than its stereo counterpart. The fragmentary Fifth Quartet has been recorded only once before, by the Vienna Konzerthaus Quartet, and the Endres group has DI the edge in this instance.

SCHUBERT: Sonata for Piano, No. 16, in A minor, Op. 42, D. 845; Impromp-tus: Op. 142, D. 935: No. 2, in A flat; Op. 90, D. 899: No. 2, in E flat

Sviatoslav Richter, piano. • MONITOR MC 2027. LP. \$4.98.

This is piano playing of great strength and authority. The 1825 piano sonata receives here easily its best interpretation to date. The grim, death-and-the-maiden atmosphere of the first movement is conveyed with a unity of design and a cumulative impact only too rare among interpreters of Schubert's keyboard music. The variations of the slow movement may be somewhat lacking in tenderness and Richter's tempos are certainly brisk, but it is a thrilling thing to hear thirty-seconds and sixty-fourths played with such ab-solute clarity and control. The trio of the ensuing scherzo proves that this artist is capable of a subdued, manly tenderness as well as delicacy and variety of touch. The A flat impromptu has been recorded by pianists more atune to it (Schnabel and Gieseking), but I doubt if the whirlwind E flat impromptu has ever fared better on or off records. A very exciting release.

Richter scrupulously observes every repeat in the sonata (including the whole of the first movement's exposition) which accounts for the fact that the work takes up all of Side 1 and half of Side 2. The Soviet engineers have reproduced the piano tone convincingly, although a trace or two of preëcho (of no great conse-D.L quence) can be detected.

SCHUMAN: New England Triptych-See Copland: A Lincoln Portrait.

SCHUMANN: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, in A minor, Op. 54

Artur Rubinstein, piano; RCA Victor Symphony Orchestra, Josef Krips, cond.
RCA VICTOR LM 2256. LP. \$4.98.

• • RCA VICTOR LSC 2256. SD. \$5.98.

Rubinstein's last recorded performance of the Schumann Concerto was released in 1948. Obviously, a remake has long been overdue. Victor now supplies one both in monophonic and in stereophonic versions, in each case using an entire dise for this work. This is something to make the economy-minded purchaser pause. About a half hour's (32'09", to be exact) worth of music on an LP disc is fairly short change these days, especially as there is available a fine performance of the work, played by Serkin, and backed with a stupendous performance of the Strauss Burleske. Rubinstein's performance, however, is, as always, beautiful, Although he drags the A flat section in the first movement a little too much for my taste, the anthority and color of his playing establish themselves on their own terms. Through the years, by the way, his conception of the concerto has changed. The 1948 version is a little less personal, much more direct and redblooded. I think it is superior to the new version, though there is room for argument on both sides. In any case, the playing in the new dises is unmistakably Rubinstein, which should be enough for anybody.

The stereophonic version has a more mellow sound than the monophonic, which comes out somewhat harshly in the climaxes. In the stereo disc, the piano is firmly centered between the speakers, and there is no wandering. The piano, however, tends to dominate the orchestra and sounds too big in this most ensemble of concertos. And can't Vietor do something about the poor surfaces that mar so H.C.S. many of its dises?

SHOSTAKOVICH: Sonata for Cello and Piano, in D minor, Op. 40-See Prokoliev: Sonata for Cello and Piano, No. 2, in C, Op. 119.

Continued on page 72

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Continued from page 68

SHOSTAKOVICH: Symphony No. 5, in D, Op. 47

Stadium Symphony Orchestra of New York, Leopold Stokowski, cond.

• • EVEREST SDBR 3010. SD. \$5.98.

Stokowski's old 78-rpm records of Shostakovich's First, Fifth, and Sixth Symphonies were primarily responsible for establishing the reputation of that composer in this country. They had a tension, a breadth, drama, richness, and drive that no other interpretation has ever quite equaled, and to hear Stokowski's performance of the Fifth again is like a home-coming. His way with the music hasn't changed in the slightest. The only thing that has changed is the art of recording, and that has been immeasurably improved. Ladies and gentlemen, the old master is back, and better than ever. A.F.

SHOSTAKOVICH: Symphony No. 11

Orchestre National de la Radiodiffusion Française, André Cluytens, cond.
ANGEL 3586 3S/L. Two LP, onc single-sided. \$8.98 (or \$6.96).

In his Eleventh Symphony, Shostakovich returns to the colossal proportions of his Seventh and Eighth. The work was composed in 1957 and commemorates, at least ostensibly, the abortive Russian revolution of 1905. Revolutionary folk tunes of that period are woven through its texture, and the titles of the four movements, referring to incidents of the 1905 revolution, provide it with a "program" that will impress the naïve and infuriate the sophisticated. As I suggested in reviewing Stokowski's recent Houston Symphony recording of this work, I suspect that its real program is not the revolution of 1905 but the spiritual autobiography of Dmitri Shostakovich, and if so, he is a bitter man indeed. At all events, there is little of the "parade ground" Shostakovich here and none of the "official" Shostakovich at all. The enormous scale of the work is altogether convincing, and the symphony as a whole is one of the most cloquent, moving, and genuinely tragic to be produced in modern times.

Cluytens' performance is very powerful, not as sensitive as Stokowski's in some respects, but still altogether authoritative. The recording is superb, and the Orchestre National de la Radiodiffusion Française is a much finer organization than the Hous-A.F. ton Symphony.

SOLER: Quintet for Organ and String Quartet, No. 6, in G minor ("Op. 1") -See C.P.E. Bach: Concerto for Organ and Orchestra, in E flat.

STRAUSS, JOHANN II: Waltzes

Emperor, Op. 437; Vienna Life, Op. 354; By the Beautiful Blue Danube, Op. 314; Tales from the Vienna Woods, Op. 325.

Virtuoso Symphony of London, Emanuel Vardi, cond.

• AUDIO FIDELITY FCS 50013. SD. \$6.95.

This is the brightest-sounding, best balanced of the three Audio Fidelity "First Component Series" discs I have heard.

Vardi has restudied these oft-played waltzes, and offers an approach completely stripped of hidebound interpretative traditions. There can be no denying the freshness of effect that results. He gives a most musicianly, abundantly exuberant account of the music, and fortunately takes the trouble to observe all repeats and, in Tales from the Vienna Woods, to include the original zither solns. Still, there will be those who prefer to hear these waltzes with more characteristic Viennese inflections, including a few more rhythmic liberties, such as the anticipated second beat and an occasional retard or hesitation. For those who want their Strauss straight, however, these are topquality presentations in every respect.

P.A.

STRAUSS. RICHARD: Also sprach Zarathustra, Op. 30

Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, Karl Böhm, cond.

• DECCA DL 9999. LP. \$4.98.

• • DECCA DL 79999. SD. \$5.98.

Deutsche Grammophon, who made this tape, record their stereo from the perspective of the balcony. They do it well in those terms, but produce a far less intense experience than the companies that work at closer range. The monophonic version consequently has a somewhat more concentrated quality than the stereo, and the best stereo version of the work continues to be Reiner's historic tape of some years ago.

Böhm's performance of the score is as uneven as Strauss's inspiration. He seems to want to eliminate the bombast and subdue the trite material, but in doing so he robs the piece of many of its most commonly appealing features. Both Reiner and Krauss struck a happier balance in interpreting this outpouring of Nietz-R.C.M. schean visions.

STRAUSS, RICHARD: Rosenkavalier: Suite; Die Frau ohne Schatten: Suite

Philadelphia Orehestra, Eugene Ormandy, cond.

• COLUMBIA ML 5333. LP. \$4.98.

Strauss himself, in the last years of his life, made a symphonic fantasia on themes from Die Frau ohne Schatten. The socalled "suite" of this recording may well be that fantasia: the annotator, in his hasty and incorrect notes (the Emperor is not turned to stone at the close of the opera), fails to inform us. Certainly the symphonic score Ormandy conducts here, the fact that there is no break in the musical architecture, the seemingly nonchronological use of material from various parts of the opera would suggest that this is a fantasy or meditation rather than a conventional collection of favorite tunes. At any rate, if Strauss did not fashion this piece, whoever did has succeeded admirably in translating the music

Continued on page 74

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drama into purely orchestral terms: most of the important musical ideas of Die Frau are woven into this score, and, by a stroke of genius, Barak's ravishing third-act solo beginning "Mir anvertraut, das ich sie hege" is made to serve as the keystone to the whole structure. Those who already know and admire this opera will find the symphonic synthesis of it quite as much a treat as some of us who know and admire Rosenkavalier find the suite excised from it an annovance.

The Philadelphia Orchestra is at its lushest here. And the sound is at Colum-D.L hia's

STRAUSS, RICHARD: Salome: Salomes Tanz-See Schmitt: La Tragédie de Salomé.

STRAVINSKY: Ebony Concerto; Symphony in Three Movements

Woody Herman and His Orchestra (in the Concerto); London Symphony Orchestra, Sir Eugene Goossens, cond. (in the Symphony)

• • EVEREST SDBR 3009. SD. \$5.98.

If someone were to issue Beethoven's Wellingtons Sieg on the same disc with his Seventh Symphony, we should have a fair parallel to what is offered here. In other words, the Ebony Concerto is a potboiler that happens to be exactly contemporary with a masterpiece from the same hand. The potboilers of a great composer are always interesting, however, even if, as here, the interest is essentially pathetic; it arises from the conflict between what Stravinsky could have done with a jazz band and the limitations imposed upon him by his (or, more likely, Woody Herman's) idea of what the Herman audience could take. The recording takes full advantage of stereo to do all manner of dimensional tricks with the music, but this jugglery does not help it much.

The Symphony in Three Movements is, of course, one of the major works of modern times, but Goossens' performance of it altogether lacks the tension and grace of Stravinsky's own recorded version, and the sound is on the thick and heavy side. A.F.

STRAVINSKY: The Rite of Spring

Orchestre de la Suisse Romande, Ernest Ansermet, cond.

• • LONDON CS 6031. SD. \$4.98.

Stereo was made to order for the Sacre, and it is not surprising that there are four stcreophonic versions of it in the catalogues. Even in the best monophonic recording, the enormous orchestral sonorities of this work are muffled and strain the speaker, and many of its subtleties are too elusive to be caught. It really flowers out in stereo, and one feels that one is really hearing it for the first time so far as recorded performances are concerned. But so far as interpretation is at issue, I can only repeat what I have often said before-that Ansermet, despite his devotion to Stravinsky, takes cautious tempos which tend to reduce the excitements of A.F. a score like the Sacre.

SUPPE: Overtures: Leichte Kavallerie; Pique Dame; Ein Morgen, ein Mittag, ein Abend in Wien; Dichter und Bauer; Tantalusqualen; Die Irrfahrt ins Glück

Philharmonic Promenade Orchestra, Henry Krips, cond.

• • ANGEL \$ 35427. SD. \$5.98.

If ever a single disc could radically transform the stereotyped image of a composer, this Krips program would dramatically redeem Franz von Suppé from the hack status with which he is now generally credited. Even the four familiar overtures here reveal powers of invention of which there is scarcely a hint in the usual bandstand and pops-concert renderings; the seldom-heard Tantalusqualen displays a still fresher treatment of similar materials, and the almost-never-heard lrrfahrt ins Glück goes even further in disclosing an authentic mastery of near-Gluckian musical drama.

The stereo recording is so effective by current disc standards that only those who have heard the recent Angel taping of the first three overtures here (the others, including the two best ones, are as yet available on tape only in England) will realize that, satisfactory as it may be when heard by itself, it still encompasses less than its "master's" exceptionally full dynamic range and sonic spaciousness. R.D.D.

SURINACH: Sinfonietta flamenca Albéniz: Iberia: Bk. 111, No. 8, El Polo Falla: El Amor brujo

Orchestre Badio-Symphonique de Paris, Carlos Surinach, cond.

MONTILLA FM 142. LP. \$4.98.

Although composers often lack the skill in handling orchestras of those who give most of their time to conducting, when they play their own music they often reveal things which the hardened profes-sionals fail to uncover. The case at hand is a good example of this, and in spite of the fine qualities of the Argenta edition, Surinach's own treatment of his Sinfonietta flamenca is of greater interest.

The Falla is played in what is described as a "symphonic version"—that is, without vocal parts. Surinach gives it a well-conceived and evocative statement, but versions such as Ansermet's which include a singer will retain a wider appeal. R.C.M.

SZYMANOWSKI: Sonata for Violin and Piano, No. 1, in D minor, Op. 9-See Grieg: Sonata for Violin and Piano, No. 1, in F, Op. 8.

TCHAIKOVSKY: Francesca da Rimini, Op. 32; Hamlet, Overture-Fantasia, Op. 67

Stadium Symphony Orchestra of New York, Leopold Stokowski, cond.

• • EVEREST SDBR 3011. SD. \$5.98.

Stokowski's Francesca da Rimini is expressive and dynamic; furthermore, it is incisive, a rare quality in too many performances of this work. Particularly effective is his beautiful phrasing of the

Continued on page 76

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wond-wind solos and ensembles in the lyrical middle section. Hamlet is a less even composition, but Stokowski makes the most of the drama and orchestral coloring in a brilliant performance, with the New York Philharmonic under its summer pseudonym playing in top form. The wonderful interplay between the various string sections at the opening is given sweeping treatment by the conductor and realistic stereo handling by the engineers. The recording has excellent perceptive depth, enabling the listener to pinpoint each of the brass and percussion instruments as they enter from the rear of the orchestra. In short, both perform-P.A. ance and sound are impressive.

TCHAIKOVSKY: Nuteracker, Op. 71 (excerpts)

Philharmonia Orchestra, Efrem Kurtz, cond.

• EMI-CAPITOL G 7149. LP. \$4.98.

For those who want a one-disc survey of the dances in Tchaikovsky's ballet *The Nuteracker*, this well-recorded album answers the need very nicely. It includes the Overture, four excerpts from Act I and, as far as I can ascertain, all of the dances in the Act II divertissement. Kurtz, a veteran conductor of ballet, makes a fine compromise between dance and concert styles in presenting this music with good effect. P.A.

TCHAIKOVSKY: Serenade for String Orchestra, in C, Op. 48—See Mozart: Serenade for Strings, No. 13, in G ("Eine kleine Nachtmusik").

TCHAIKOVSKY: Symphony No. 6, in B minor, Op. 74 ("Pathétique")

Virtuoso Symphony of London, Alfred Wallenstein, cond. • AUDIO FIDELITY FCS 50002. SD.

• • AUDIO FIDELITY FCS 50002. SD. \$6.95.

With considerable fanfare Audio Fidelity, which until now has concentrated on finely engineered recordings of popular and novelty music, has released its first classical disc. There is more than an expansion of repertoire here. Aiming for the highest quality stereo reproduction, the company has tried to retain tape fidelity in its new discs. This means greater dynamie range and quieter surfaces. The latter were not hard to come by, but the former were-and, for many, still are. For unlimited dynamic range can mean serious tracking problems for many arms and eartridges. Therefore, these new records bear the label "First Component Series," and the jackets include the warning that they can be played only with certain tested components, which are listed. Since these include many of the better stereo arms and cartridges currently in use, owners of top-grade equipment have little to worry about.

At the press demonstration for the new series, part of the third movement of the *Pathétique* was played with recommended components, then the same passage was repeated on an inexpensive stereo portable phonograph. Everything went smoothly on the first playing, but on the

second, the stylus hopped around like a Mexican jumping bean.

Since I am one of those doubting Thomases who doesn't believe everything he sees and hears at prepared demonstrations, I took the records home and tried them with arms and cartridges that were both recommended and not recommended. Except for two minor spots in the aforementioned Pathétique movement, everything tracked perfectly. There is no question about this being a superior product, carefully engineered, though the present disc is not the best one I have heard. The bass here seems a trifle overweighted, while the strings could be brighter, with a bit more presence.

Last, but not least, we come to one of the most felicitous features of this disc -the performance. Wallenstein gives a most commendable reading of the symphony, firm and forward-moving, yet amply intense and virile in its over-all conception. P.A.

VIVALDI: Six Concertos for Flute, Strings, and Continuo, Op. 10

Gastone Tassinari, flute; I Musici. EPIC LC 3541, LP, \$3.98.

These are pleasing performances, on the whole, of the finest of Vivaldi's flute concertos. Difficult passages no longer seem troubling to Tassinari, as they occasionally did in his recording of these works for Vox's de luxe album of the complete eighteen flute concertos of Vivaldi. And the sound on this disc is somewhat better than in the Vox. On the other hand the harpsichord here can be heard only by straining one's ears, and sometimes not even then; the first movement of No. 6 seems too slow (it is livelier in the Vox); and there are moments in the fast movements of No. 1 when flute and orchestra are not precisely together. N.B.

WAGENSEIL: Concerto for Cello, Strings, and Continuo, in A-See Haydn: Concerto for Cello and Orchestra, in D ("Op. 121").

RECITALS AND MISCELLANY

BOYS CHOIR OF VIENNA: "Voices from the Vienna Woods"

Boys Choir of Vienna, Carl Etti, cond. • • Omega OSL 28. SD. \$5.95.

The Boys Choir of Vienna may or may not be from the same organization that produces the internationally touring groups known as the Vienna Choir Boys, but they sing with the same piping charm, childish gusto, and seotimental style. Relatively simple arrangements of works by Mozart, Haydn, Beethoven, Schubert, and Johann Strauss 11 and of some folk tunes form the appropriately German-Austrian repertoire here. Only a tricky arrangement of Schubert's Die Forelle is chunsily performed. Orchestra, organ, or



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piano variously accompanies the boys when they do not sing alone. Except for a few places where the orchestra overpowers the voices, the sound is clear and well balanced if not noteworthily stereophonic. R.E.

JOHN BROWNING: "Debut"

Chopin: Etude in G Flat, Op. 10, No. 5; Nocturne in D Flat, Op. 27, No. 2; Grande Valse Brillante in E Flat, Op. 18. Liszt: Mephisto Waltz. Bach-Busoni: Nun komm', der Heiden Heiland; In dir ist Freude. Schubert: Impromptu in B Flat, Op. 142, No. 3. Debussy: Reflets dans l'eau. Rimsky-Korsakov-Rachmaninoff: Flight of the Bumblebee.

John Browning, piano. • CAPITOL P 8464. LP. \$4.98.

This is an exceptional record from an exceptionally gifted young American pianist. John Browning's merits already have been clearly recognized, for he has won two major awards in this country—the Steinway Centennial in 1955 and the Leventritt in 1956—and he was runner-up to Ashkenazy in the Queen Elisabeth International Contest in Brussels in 1956. Service in the armed forces interrupted the momentum these honors gave to his career, but his New York recital debut this season was a major event.

The twenty-five-year-old pianist's playing on this recording is practically flawless in its glistening tone, technical perfection, musical discipline, and stylistic intuition (including the romanticized

Bach à la Busoni). Indeed, the performances are so polished it is sometimes hard to see the substance beneath the shining surface. For example, the Schubert impromptu, full of air and grace, almost seems glib (though glibness is better here than sententiousness). The Mephisto Waltz is swift, mercurial, dazzling, without quite the demonic quality it can have. In their negative aspects these two performances point up Mr. Browning's bent towards the poetic and lyrical. The Chopin nocturne is ravishing in its dreamlike flow of tone and subtly shifting nuance; the Debussy could not be more iridescently lovely. At his best, Mr. Browning is a remarkably sensitive artist. Even now he deserves to be heard further; with increasing maturity, depth, and power he should become indispensable. RE.

GUSTAV CERNY: "Strauss in Stereo"

Johann Strauss II: Eljen a Magyar: Schnellpolka, Op. 332; Die Fledermaus: Overture; Frisch ins Feld: March, Op. 398; Ein Nacht in Venedig: Overture; Artist's Life, Op. 316. Richard Strauss: Der Rosenkavalier: Waltzes.

Graz Philharmonic Orchestra, Gustav Cerny, cond.

• • JANUS FST 2003. SD. \$4.98.

Janus, a new label, is offering disc editions of Livingston stereo tapes. To judge by the present release, the disc rivals the tapes in quality, which is saying a great deal. The sound is full, deep, and rich; instrumental presence is very good; stereo distribution is excellent; and surfaces are silent. As a matter of fact, in the heavier passages the disc is more clearly defined than its tape counterpart.

Unfortunately, the same high praise cannot be given to the performances. Cernys approach to this lighthearted music is heavy-handed and is marked by few Viennese stylistic subtleties. The orchestral playing, too, is not all it might be, with a number of unpolished wood-wind solos. Whoever wrote the jacket notes doesn't know his Strauss: though he states that there are six waltzes on this record, there are only two, together with a polka, a march, and a couple of overtures. P.A.

CHARLES K. L. DAVIS: Operatic Arias

Flotow: Martha: M'appari. Puceini: La Bohème: Che gelida manina; Turandot: Nessum dorma; La fanciulla del West: Ch'ella mi creda; Manon Lescaut: Donna non vidi mai; Tosca: Recondita armonia. Verdi: Rigoletto: La Donna è mobile; La Traviata: De' miei bollenti spiriti. Donizetti: L'Elisir d'amore: Una furtiva lagrima. Meyerbeer: L'Africana: O paradiso. Massenet: Manon: Le rêve. Mozart: Don Giovanni: Il mio tesoro.

Charles K. L. Davis, tenor; Stadium Symphony Orchestra of New York, Wilfred Pelleticr, cond.

• • Everest SDRB 3012. SD. \$5.98.

Mr. Davis won the 1958 Metropolitan Opera Auditions of the Air. Everest has



him under contract and, it may be felt. has rather precipitously hurried him into an ambitious recorded recital. The quality of Mr. Davis' voice is a familiar one. He has evidently listened long and devoutly to phonograph records of tenors like Gigli and Schipa and McCormack, tenors of marked individuality who are not, except in the most general sense, ideal models to try to reproduce. The voice is light spinto in quality, pleasant to listen to save when it is being forced to make sounds bigger than it ought and despite a decidedly nasal production (grotesquely so at the opening of the French piece). It has good flexibility: the "II mio tesoro" indicates that Mr. Davis may develop into a valuable Mozart tenor if he takes Puccini in smaller doses. He runs the notorious hurdles of this aria well, though he approaches the long-held "cercar" apprehensively the first time, reducing his voice to a virtual falsetto in order to conserve breath. "De miei bollenti spiriti" is done at a breakneck clip: both Mr. Davis and Maestro Pelletier would do well to remember that Alfredo is in love as well as in a ferment. The Manon has some lovely half-voice moments, but again I was uncomfortably conscious of the singer's eelecticism.

In short, Mr. Davis would do well to grow more familiar with himself as artist before venturing again into this most cruelly irrevocable of media. D.L

RICHARD DYER-BENNET: "Requests"

Greensleeves; The Golden Vanity; The

White Lily; Lord Rendal; Westrun Wynde; Barbara Allen; Venezuela; The Quaker Lover; John Henry; Spanish Is the Loving Tongue; I Ride an Old Paint Edward

Richard Dver-Bennet, tenor and guitarist. Dyer-Bennet DYB 5000, LP, \$4.98.

RICHARD DYER-BENNET: "With Young People in Mind'

Come All Ye: Old Bangum; Aunt Rhodu; Frog Went a-Courting; John Peel; The Leprechaun; The Piper of Dundee; Bow Down; The Tailor and the Mouse; 1 Went Out One Morning in May; Green Corn: Buckeye Jim: Little Pigs: Three Crows; The Hole in the Bottom of the Sea

Richard Dyer-Bennet, tenor and guitarist. Dyer-Bennet DYB 6000, LP, \$4,98.

It will be no new thing to remark that by no means all fanciers of the sorts of music Richard Dyer-Bennet sings hold with his custom of taking what he refers to as "the minstrel's liberty" in facturing his own versions of traditional and semitraditional material. It is quite possible to doubt the felicity of particular emendations he makes (and, for one, 1 often do). But it is rather silly to damn them, and him, on puristic grounds-and, which is the main point, it is almost impossible to keep from being beguiled whilst hearing his extremely individual, truly re-creative singing. No ballad-chanting child of nature, surely, he is just as surely a very conscious and self-exacting artist in his metier, and, furthermore, one whose abilities are even yet still maturing in emotional persuasiveness.

These two dises hold some of the most satisfying, completely accomplished performances I have heard Mr. Dyer-Bennet give. Their characteristics are typical and familiar: the high, clear voice, so pure and lacking in vibrato that it might almost be termed neuter were it not for the strongly masculine projective thrust; the far forward open vowels and precise enunciation that might seem merely alfected were this not so integral a part of his whole honest, personal manner; and so on. There are, to be sure, folksier singers, for those who prefer them, but none so sure of what they want to accomplish and how to go about accomplishing it.

Both of these releases are most attractive in detail-the by-request disc, to me, less so in sum, since it contains songs 1 myself care for less than others (e.g., Venezuela); others that are, exceptionally, not so well sung as they ideally might be (e.g., that haunting Westryn Wynde); and some that seem basically less than ideal for a voice of this timbre (e.g., John Henry). Still, listener requests doubtless have to be gratified. The socalled young-people dise, though, is a sheer (though not, by all standards, unarguably "pure") delight from beginning to end-the last a grand accumulative song, new to me, that is worth the whole price as a specific to put one in a senselessly good humor.

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The engineering is excellent. There are no printed texts, regrettably for those who might want to learn to sing the songs themselves, but good notes by the singer -brief, informative notes, save for a wonderously punctuated, rambling discourse that tells not much about The Leprechaun but rather a lot about the strange effects of dew on the mountains. Highly desirable. J.H., JR.

DANIEL ERICOURT: Waltzes

Ravel: Valses nobles et sentimentales. Debussy: Danse de la poupée; La Plus que lente. Scimbert-Liszt: Soirées de Vienne, No. 6. Chopin: Waltz in A Flat, Op. 42. Liszt: Mephisto Waltz.

Daniel Ericourt, piano.

• KAPP KCL 9021. LP. \$3.98.

• • KAPP KC 9021S. SD. \$4.98.

Now an American citizen currently teaching at Peabody Conservatory in Baltimore, the French-born and-trained Daniel Ericourt is best known in this country for his devotion to the music of Debussy and Ravel. On this disc his playing resembles that of many other Latin pianistsslightly penetrating (but not unpleasant) in tone, having much sharp accentuation and considerable individuality in treatment of rhythm and phrasing. Within this style the pianism is admirable; in particular, the Ravel and Debussy pieces are given a combination of Chopinesque rubato and etchinglike tonal clarity that makes them uncommonly absorbing if a little mannered. There is virtually no difference in sound between the monophonic and stereophonic versions played on stereophonic equipment, and the monophonic version on a monophonic ma-R.E. chine is perfectly satisfactory.

MAUREEN FORRESTER: Recital

Schumaun: Frauenliebe und Leben, Op. 40. Brahms: Gestillte Schnsucht and Geistliches Wiegenlied, Op. 90; Zigeunerlieder, Op. 103.

Maureen Forrester, contralto; John Newmark, piano; Otto Joachim, viola. • RCA VICTOR LM 2275. LP. \$4.98.

- RCA VICTOR LSC 2275. SD. \$5.98.

Maureen Forrester, the Canadian contralto who sang so beautifully in the Urlicht section of the Bruno Walter recording of Mahler's Second Symphony, makes an auspicious bow with this first solo recital. Her voice is true contralto throughout its tessitura; there is no mistaking it for a mezzo in the middle register or a dramatic suprano on top. Indeed, it is misleading to talk of "registers" with a voice like this, so perfectly homngeneous it sounds from top to bottom. As an interpreter of the art song she is not yet of the stature of a Marian Anderson or Kathleen Ferrier, but she proves to be the most likely candidate to succeed those distinguished artists. She is a far more flambovant singer than Ferrier and shnws little of the British contralto's habitual understatement and reserve; the fire that burned within for Ferrier is external with Forrester (so far) but a good, hot glow it is, nonetheless. I have never heard the Gypsy Songs done by so big a voice with quite such fine abandon-not even barring the famous 78s of Elena Gerhardt -and the two lovely songs of Brahms's Opus 91 find just the right timbre in her voice to complement their obbligato viola.

The Schumann cycle leaves me less enthusiastic, however. It is really intended for a soprano; Miss Forrester at times overwhelms its delicate structure. Her most serious shortcoming, noisy and often poorly planned breathing, is especially evident in this song eycle. But even here are ample evidences of a superior musical intelligence and a voice of real loveliness.

The stereo and monophonic versions are both well engineered. They seem fairly indistinguishable to me, except for a bit of preëcho in the more expensive edition. Texts for all the songs, but trans-DL lations only for Schumann's.

Bullet VLADIMIR GOLSCHMANN: Music

Delibes: Sylvia: Suite; Coppélia: Suite. Easdale: The Red Shoes Ballet. Weber: Invitation to the Dance, Op. 65.

St. Louis Symphony Orchestra, Vladimir Golschmann, cond.

COLUMBIA MS 6028. SD. \$5.98.

Some very pleasurable listening here. The Brian Easdale Red Shoes Bullet not only stands up well when divorced from the film sequence it was designed to accompany but makes its own claim to consideration as a solidly built and continuously interesting score. The Weber piano piece is done, as usual, in the Berlioz edition, and brilliantly done too, but I rather wish that Golschmann had chosen the pyrotechnic Stokowski orchestration, which needs a good new recorded version and would respond to stereo as the proverbial duck to water. The two Delibes offerings do not contain quite all the music generally associated with the suites from Coppelia and Sylvia, but in view of the fact that both are got onto one side of the disc, Columbia can hardly be charged with parsimony.

The sound indicates a vast improvement over the first Columbia stereo releases. Here orchestral timbres are isolated occasionally for special effects (e.g., the solo cello in the coda of the Weber), but the general impression is of an arc of D.J. richly radiating sound.

ALEXANDER IVANOV-KRAMSKOY: Recital

Alexander mitar: Ivanov-Kramskov, string quartet; Orchestra of Folk Instruments, Nikolai Annsov, cond. • MONITOR MC 2024. LP. \$4.98.

Not all the strummers in Russia play the balalaika. Alexander Mikhailovich Ivanov-Kramskoy, who started to do so when he was seven, apparently tired of that instrument when he was nineteen and turned to the classical guitar. Now forty-six, he has had, according to the

liner notes, a long and renowned career in Russia as teacher, performer, and composer of guitar music.

On this record he demonstrates an admirable technical command of his instrument and a rather earthbound style that is far from the aristocracy and sensuousness of Segovia's artistry. (One has only to compare their recordings of the Malats Spanish Serenade to see this.)

Yet, this dise has a couple of ingratiating features. The first is Mr. Ivan-ov-Kramskoy's Variations on Russian Themes, an innocently delightful piece based on pretty folk tunes and played by the soloist against a background of balalaikas, accordions, tambourines, and other simple popular instruments. The other is the Concerto for Guitar and String Quartet by Mauro Giuliani, a guitar virtuoso born in Bologna in 1780, who spent several years in Russia. This is more interesting as a curiosity than as a piece of music. The guitar and quartet of stringed instruments blend well; the long work is well knit formally, but its charm is about that of Hummel's music and no more worthy of perpetuation. Adequate sound. R.E.

SYLVIA MARLOWE: Music for Harpsichord

- Sylvia Marlowe, harpsichord.
- DECCA DL 10001. LP. \$3.98.
- • DECCA DL 710001. SD. \$5.98.

The twelve pieces presented here include such very familiar ones as Rameau's Tambourin, Daquin's Le Coucou, Handel's Harmonious Blacksmith Variations, and the little Mozart Sonata in C, K. 545, as well as some that are less well known, by Haydu (the Sonata No. 37, in D), Couperin, Rameau, Purcell, and Byrd. Adding a good deal of spice to the collection are two works by living American composers, Lagu Délem by Colin McPhee and Three Bagatelles by Alexei Haieff. The McPhee is a charmingly insonciant transcription of a Balinese tune. The first and third of Haieff's clever little pieces exude a faint scent of high-class honkytonk, while the second is a piquant twopart invention. Miss Marlowe plays all the pieces with her enstomary skill and insight. The stereo version is a little more resonant than the other, but I am not sure this is an important advantage in harpsichord music. N.B.

JOHN McCORMACK: Recital

Songs by Marshall, Liddle, Capel, Squire, Stephen Adams, Clay, Ronald, Roeckel, Claribel, Crouch, Hatten, Robinson, Moore, and Metcalf. Balfe: The Bohemian Girl: When Other Lips.

John McCormack, tenor. • SCALA 843. LP. \$5.95.

On this disc Scala issues sixteen selections, all made for the Odéon company during 1907 and 1908, when McCormack received \$750 for twelve doublesided records a year; he was not yet twenty-five at the time. Some of these songs-Absent, O Lovely Night!, Roses, Love's Golden Treasury, and the aria

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from *The Bohemian Girl*—were never duplicated in later recordings. The repertoire stems from the Irish-type song and the Victorian drawing-room ballad, as exemplified by Moore, Marshall, Liddle, Squire, and others. Among these we find the first of the four recordings Mc-Cormack made of *I Hear You Calling Me*; the composer is at the piano.

The records emphasize the foundations for an important career—a haunting quality of voice and the caressing legato acquired from study with Sabatini in Italy. At this time there was perhaps even more velvet on the tone than there was later, but consequently less projection. Here, McCormack's very personal style had not yet jelled. Later, his diction became more stenciled and his intentions more vivid. But the warm, lovely tone and the sincerity with which it was employed, even at so early a date, should

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hold more than passing appeal for all lovers of beautiful singing.

MAX DE SCHAUENSEE

DIMITRI MITROPOULOS: "Marche Slav"

New York Philharmonic, Dimitri Mitropoulos, cond.

- COLUMBIA ML 5335. LP. \$4.98.
- • COLUMBIA MS 6044. SD. \$5.98.

Mitropoulos offers here virile readings of Tchaikovsky's Marche slav and Mussorgsky's A Night on Bald Mountain; his Capriccio italien is decidedly uneven. The monophonic disc also includes the Four Greek Dances by the late Nikos Skalkoitas, which Mitropoulos introduced to his concert audiences with signal success a few seasons ago. It would have been better to have had these colorful

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MENDELSSOHN Symphon: London Philharmonic, Sir pet Overture in C, Op. 1 Orch., Hans Swarowsky. 5 Mono–UX112–\$4.98. Urania's latest releases of interest to all categories of music listeners include "Jazz at Stereaville" with Coleman Hawkins, Rex Stewart, Coatie Williams, Bud Freeman and other jazz greats; "Opera Sampler" spotlighting such international artists as Kurt Boehme, Dolores Wilson, Tiana Lemnitz and Erna Berger in artias from favorite operas in the Urania catalog; "Stereo Sampler" of selections from Urania stereo discs.

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This vibrant and exciting recording of Mendelssohn's popular "Italian" Symphony is coupled with a new Urania FIRST, the Trumpet Overture. In thrilling stereo or high fidelity monophonic, a truly exciting addition to any collection.

Other distinctive Urania sterea and manaphonic classics to keep in mind: "La Grande Duchesse De Gerolstein", Offenbach's delightful operetta featuring Eugenia Zareska and the Pasdeloup Orchestro under Rene Leibowitz; Highlights from Wogner's "Die Meistersinger"; Beethoven's "Missa Solemnis"; Tschoikovsky's Symphony No. 1 ("Winter Dreams"). and attractive dances on the stereo, too, instead of the umpteenth version of one of the other works.

Stereo adds immeasurably to the spaciousness and quality of sound, but there is not enough presence in the percussion instruments, the cymbals and tambourine sounding as if they came from the next room. P.A.

ANN SCHEIN: Etudes

Ann Schein, piano. • KAPP KCL 9023. LP. \$4.98.

The concentration here is on Chopin, with ten études drawn from both books. Schein also plays études by Debussy, Szymanowski, Moszkowski, Scriabin, Rachmaninoff, and Liszt. She seems to be a powerful technician, and she easily whizzes through all the music; but in the process she omits some of the expressive qualities. Splendid, realistic recorded sound. H.C.S.

FRIEDERICH SCHORR: Recital

Scenes from Die Walküre and Die Meistersinger. Arias from Tannhäuser, Der Freischütz, Les Huguenots, Zar und Zimmermann, Euryanthe. Schubert: Aus Heliopolis; Im Ahendroth.

Friederich Schorr, baritone.

SCALA 842. LP. \$5.95.

When one considers the high esteem in which American andiences held Friederich Schorr (for many there could be but one Hans Sachs, one Wotan), it is indeed hard to explain his almost total neglect on LP records. Scala has somewhat rectified this situation with a disc that presents the heloved Wagnerian not only in sizable slices from his two most famous roles, but also in his less-known repertoire-Meyerheer, Weber, Lortzing, and two examples of Schubert Lieder. While grateful for the present offering, we will have to await a fitting memorial until EMI delves into its stock of former HMV records to present Schorr's noble art in its "Great Recordings of the Century" series. The excerpts here were made during the acoustical era, which was unable to cope with the Wagnerian orchestra. Added drawhacks are the impossibility of plaving this record at high volume without blasting, and extensive cuts in the music.

Nevertheless, we can hear Schorr's voice and style in a curtailed Wotan's Farewell, and in four passages from his still remembered Hans Sachs. Under acoustical reproduction the voice sounds dry, a fact emphasized by the two early electric examples-Tannhäuser and Freischütz-which mirror the vibrant quality of Schorr's tone. We are also given the opportunity of admiring the baritone's fine legato in Czar Peter's third-act cavatina from Zar und Zimmermann, and in an extended scene from Euryanthe. Two Schubert songs display another facet of Schorr's art, weakly supported by a muffled, sketchy orchestra. It is good to have this singer finally represented in LP catalogues, but this example can hardly prove a satisfactory record for the true Schorr enthusiast. MAX DE SCHAUENSEE

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DAVIS SHUMAN: Recital

Hindemith: Morgennusik; Trauernusik (arr. for trombone and strings). Starer: Five Miniatures. Rimsky-Korsakov: Concerto for Trombone and Military Band; Three Russian Folksongs (arr. for woodwind quartet). Beethoven: Three Equali, for Four Trombones.

Davis Shuman, trombone; various instrumentalists.

• CLASSIC EDITIONS CE 1041. LP. \$4.98.

Hindemith's Morgenmusik, for two trumpets, horn, trombone, and tuba, is in the tradition of Johann Pezel and the other seventeenth-century composers of "tower music" for the brass bands of German towns. It is music of almost unparalleled solemnity, majesty, and power; clearly the musicians in the tower are celebrating on that auspicious morning the arrival of a pope or emperor. The Trauermusik was written in a few hours' time for performance on the BBC two days after the death of King George V. It was composed originally for viola and strings and as such has had much success: it is one of Hindemith's most frequently performed and recorded works. Shuman has arranged the viola part for trombone, and the big, noble-Roman voice of the brass instrument adds color and its own kind of dignity to the beautiful score. The modern side of the record ends with the Five Miniatures of Robert Starer, a zestful and extremely well-written suite for brass quintet in modern neoclassical style, with a lively, jazz-colored finale.

Rimsky-Korsakov's trombone concerto is an engaging curiosity. It was written for the band concerts at Kronstadt, the imperial Russian navy base, in 1876, when Rimsky-Korsakov was inspector of the navy bands and was only just beginning his career as a composer. Except for the obviously Russian character of its finale, it sounds like one of those Paris Conservatory test pieces, by obscure composers, that are to be found in the back of every instruction book for wind instruments; but Shuman has sparked it up with some virtuoso tricks of his own, has added a fancy cadenza, and obviously takes great delight in playing it. The three Russian folk songs from Rimsky-Korsakov's collection, arranged for wood-wind quartet and played by an unnamed ensemble, merely fill a few grooves between the concerto and the magnificent Equali of Beethoven, which stand in a direct line of descent from the brass canzonas of Giovanni Gabrieli and are Beethoven's finest work for wind ensemble.

Davis Shuman, the David Oistrakh of the trombone, is a very remarkable musician, and he has attracted equally good musicians to assist him. The recording is something sensational. A.F.

RUTH SLENCZYNSKA: "A Twenty-Fifth Anniversary Program"

Ruth Slenczynska, piano.

• DECCA DL 10000. LP. \$4.98

• • DECCA DL 710000. SD. \$5.98.

RUTH SLENCZYNSKA: "Encore! Slenczynska"

Ruth Slenczyoska, piano.

DECCA DL 9991. LP. \$4.98.
DECCA DL 79991. SD. \$5.98.

The first of these two collections might be described as a musical autobiography. One or two of the numbers were included by Miss Slenczynska in her Town Hall recital in New York in 1933 when, as an eight-year-old prodigy, she astounded the musical world. The other works here have, in one way or another, been bound up closely with the events of her life since that time. For example, she plays the Rachmaninoff C sharp minor Prelude to commemorate her studies with the late composer-conductor-pianist; but why she chose the one work he grew to hate is a mystery. Her interpretation of the Chromatic Fantasy and Fugue is thoughtful and elearly articulated, as is her

handling of the Scarlatti sonata. Her Mendelssohn is fluent, but her Bartók is a little too refined. The difficult Liszt Rhapsody No. 15 is performed in glittering fashion and is technically pure throughout, though the whole work could have been played on a grander scale.

The encore album-including such works as Mendelssohn's Spinning Song, Liszt's Hungarian Rhapsody No. 12, a Chopin Polonaise, and a Schubert Moment Musical-comes off with equal success. Except for a draggy Clair de lune, the pianist interprets each of these pieces here with care and stylistic individuality.

The monophonic edition of the anniversary record is marked by a rather wooden tone quality and limited range. Aside from an added richness to the sound in the stereo version (which even

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then could have been brighter), it is impossible to tell the difference between the two versions when played on stereo equipment. This same relationship exists in the second disc, but in this case both versions are somewhat brighter in texture. P.A.

LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI: Music for Strings

Bach: Mein Jesu, was für Seelenweh befällt Dich in Gethsemane; Partita for Unaccompanied Violin, in E: Prelude (both trans. Stokowski). Gluck: Iphigenia in Aulis: Lento; Armide: Musette and Sicilienne. Borodin: Quartet for Strings, No. 2, in D: Nocturne. Paganini: Moto Perpetuo. Rachmaninoff: Vocalise, Op. 34, No. 14.

String orchestra, Leopold Stokowski, cond.

CAPITOL PAO 8415. LP. \$4.98.

Capitol SP 8415. SD. \$5.98.

Stokowski has always been a master at drawing a sensuous tone from a string section. In addition, he has always insisted upon achieving the highest possible standards of sound reproduction. The combination on this record makes for a most rewarding string concert, interestingly varied in musical content, warmly and cleanly played. If there is anything to criticize, it is the conductor's rather too romantic, freely rhythmed handling of the Bach Prelude. Elsewhere his readings of this music are extremely tasteful

Since neither the notes nor the labels make it absolutely clear whose transcriptions have been used, only the versions of the two Bach works can be positively identified as Stokowski's. The recorded sound is highly polished. Stereo provides a pleasing separation of voices, though the monophonic version is almost as good. P.A.

VIRTUOSI DI ROMA: Recital

Vivaldi: Concerto in D (Accademico formato). Respighi: Antiche arie e danze, Suite No. 3. Albinoui: Concerto for Two Oboes and Strings, in C, Op. 9, No. 9. Bassani: Canzoni amorose.

Virtuosi di Roma, Renato Fasano, dir. • ANGEL 45028. LP. \$3.98.

Four pleasant pieces, of which the Albinoni and the Bassani are especially attractive. The former has the lighthearted elegance characteristic of this composer. and its slow movement is weightier than is usual with him. The piece for strings by Giovanni Battista Bassani (c. 1657-1716) is quite charming and somewhat advanced in harmony and instrumentation for its time; it would he interesting to know how much was contributed to it by its distinguished editor, Malipiero. 1 could not find the Vivaldi, which features an oboe, a violin, and a cello, in the Pincherle catalogue. The performances are up to the high standard of this group and the recording, except for a bit of distortion near the end of the Bassani, is N.B. excellent.

ARTHUR WINOGRAD: "Marches from Operas"

Berlioz: Damnation de Faust. Bizet: Carmen. Borodin: Prince Igor. Glinka: Ruslan and Ludmilla. Meyerbeer: Le Prophète. Mozart: Le Nozze di Figaro. Rimsky-Korsakov: The Golden Cockerel. Verdi: Aida. Wagner: Die Meistersinger; Tannhäuser.

Virtuoso Symphony of London, Arthur Winograd, cond.

• AUDIO FIDELITY FCS 50008. SD. \$6.95.

Some brilliant stereophony here. Listening to these refurbished bits of old finery is pleasurable first time through, but whether one is likely to play them often afterwards will probably depend upon the nature and number of one's visitors. I would call attention particularly to the effect the sets of antiphonal trumpets, playing at opposite ends of the orehestra, make in the *Aida* march. D.J.

ARTHUR WINOGRAD: "Russian Composer Masterpieces"

Rimsky-Korsakov: Easter Overture, Op. 36; The Snow Maiden: Dance of the Buffoons. Mussorgsky: Boris Godunov: Polonaise. Borodin: Prince Igor: Polovtsian Dances. Glière: The Red Poppy: Russian Sailors' Dance.

Virtuoso Symphony of London, Arthur Winograd, cond.

• • Audio Fidelity FCS 50009. SD. \$6.95.

Unusually clean-cut and transparent, yet high-spirited, rhythmically incisive performances lend freshness to these Russian orchestral showpieces. The reproduction is a trifle brighter than that on Wallenstein's Tchaikovsky *Pathétique*, in this same series. The dynamic range doesn't seem to be quite as wide either, but there is no suppression of volume. Instrumental balance is better, too, though all of the percussion except the timpani could have been more prominent throughout. Once again, surfaces are absolutely noiseless. P.A.

Reviews continued on page 87

Via Discs: Culture in Capsules, and Tennis Balls, Too

A^S THE PREFATORY SENTENCE to each little book nested into each of these language-learning packets phrases it, "The world is growing smaller every day." Somewhat nearer the pith of the argument (and no worse rhetoric) would be "Time is growing shorter all the time." Such, in effect, is the appeal to learn a language "In Record Time."

And why not? The defining contradiction of here and now is that while more people have more cultivatable leisure than ever before, few seem to find hours they are willing to invest in stretching their minds to learn anything really whole. The preferred investment seems rather to be in waiting for the *Reader's Digest* condensation, or writing off for *1,001 Things You Can Get Free.* So why not learn French, say, on a no-effort basis?

Actually, the culture-capsule courses offered here (if decidedly not for free) are well enough planned to have a certain helpfulness, so long as the prospective user does not let himself be dazzled into the notion that any real idiomatic command of a new tongue is to be got through mere passive washing in the sounds of pleasant voices saying simple things. For someone who is willing to work and who simply has no other means of trying to gain a very basic idea of now a second language strikes the ear, one of these sets is surely better than nothing at all. For anyone else-well, 39.98 is almost ten dollars. Better to spend more for fuller instruction with live people, or save money by praying for the gift of tongues to descend.

"The busy person's shortcut to everyday (name your language of preference)" is their common surtitle. "A Complete Language Course that enables you to learn... So Easy / just listen and learn / 40 Lessons complete on two 12-inch high-fidelity LP records Plus Authoritative Textbook / concise grammar ("concise" is scarcely an adequate vord) / 5000-word dictionary"; so runs the album-selling copy. And the textbook amplifies the pitch: "..., will unlock for you the treasure house of learning a language the easy way-without monotonous exercise." Which covers the facts, and a deal more besides. It all seems most disingenuous in view of the plain truth that exercise, repeated again and again, is precisely what *is* required and, in a measure, provided for.

Each thick album contains two LPs, striped into forty-odd separated bands, each containing a brief lesson, along with some smarmy words of exhortation from Teacher—and a book. The book is indispensable, for the recorded sentence material is drawn from its entely decorated pages. The sentences to be rehearsed are printed there, with English above and alphabetical-phonetic equivalents below.

The sentence ideas chosen for inclusion are pretty nearly identical for each of the four languages; they are simple, and suited to the expectations of touriststo-be. The Englishings and attempted phonetic equivalents are neither more nor less problematic than those in most other similar do-it-yourself texts. Which is to say that the English-other justapositions suffer the inevitable tension between giving sense in terms of block ideas, to be learned by rote (e.g., Veuill $ez \ répéter = "Please repeat")$, as in the tourist-oriented sections devoted to Useful Phrases; and giving translations in more carefully ordered units of syntax (e.g., Wer sind sie? = "Who are they?"). The latter appear in the much briefer but very sensible sections on basic sentenee structures, which are the most long-term useful parts of the lessons.

As for the attempted phonemes, they seem to me very variable in usefulness at best, and at worst positive impediments, especially in French, where the sounds can be but vaguely approximated by English letter combinations. At least this proved true (notwithstanding the authority of wartime Government research, or the Institute for Language Study which prepared these courses) for one American guinea pig, who had great trouble with such concatenations as "eel foh kuh zuh pahrt" for "Il faut que je part" and "Zang" for "Jean"-mainly because of sturdy republican independence in taking a "z" for a "z" and refusing to drop his "g's." Things went much better when he simply looked at the French,

listened to the record, and avoided the phonetics entirely. The same held true in less measure with other languages. Why the phonemes anyhow--especially since none are provided in the crowded dietionary sections, where of all places they might serve some purpose?

In using these sets, it is the business of the learner to hold the book, look at the proper sentence, listen to it spoken from the record, and then, during a silent interval, make a try at saying it back in imitation. How good the try is, of course, depends on individual sharpness of ear and oral facility—and, above all, on the exercise that the advertisement claims is not needed.

The results, though, can only be validated by reference to some other fleshand-blood person; the record can, or will, do nothing to correct faulty articulation. You can misparrot "Signorina, ho male d'aria" until the groove is worn out. There will be no protest. But if, when the wretched day comes, the airline stewardess fails to understand and provide an upchuek bag, the mess will be none the less. After all, any speech is a matter of communication between people, and no phonograph yet made can provide quite that, even though by investing some forty dollars you may at least learn to ask for a can of tennis balls in four different nations-and, obviously, no one can afford to be without tennis balls abroad. Probably the wisest and most significant of all the sentences included translates, from any of the languages, as "I need a doctor who speaks English." That-in German, French, Spanish, or Italian-might make the whole price worthwhile.

The speaking voices are unexceptionable, to an American ear; the recording is excellently clear; the books, well printed in a fussy sort of way.

JAMES HENTON, JR.

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Here at Home

"Easy To Love." (Songs of Cole Porter.) Cesare Siepi, Roland Shaw Orchestra, London OS 25054, \$5.98 (SD).

An interesting record, mainly because few opera singers go in for this sort of program at the peak of their careers, as the Met basso is right now. Siepi's expert phrasing and clean enunciation help to offset the fact that his big, luscious tones are a bit heavy for these songs and that his interpretations are rather ponderous and lacking in variety; but I am afraid the singer has not been greatly helped by a rather erratic stereo recording. Side 1 is particularly variable in quality, with the orchestral sound almost overpowering the singer, who periodically seems to be moving away from the mike. The arrangements are intriguing and the Shaw orchestra plays them well.

"Flower Drum Song." Andre Kostelanetz and His Orchestra. Columbia CL 1280, \$3.98 (LP); Columbia CS 8095, \$5.98 (SD).

A profusion of recordings of music from Flower Drum Song have suddenly appeared on the scene. None that I have listened to even equal this sumptuous performance by the Kostelanetz forces. This exotically colored music is of a kind that in the past frequently led the conductor into bizarre orchestral effects, Here his arrangements are striking and ingenious, yet still in good taste. The introduction of the sound of foghorns and a cable car (does this really establish the locale as San Francisco?) are the only obvious novelty effects; and since neither is objectionably intrusive, they are not annoying. There is splendidly rich orchestral sound in both issues, but I find I have a slight preference for the deeper, creamier quality of the monophonic version.

"From the Hungry i." Kingston Trio. Capitol T 1107, \$3.98 (LP).

Recorded live in San Francisco's famous "Hungry i," this disc suffers from a number of things. The sound, as might be expected, is not particularly good. The exhortations of a seemingly frantic audience are disturbing enough, but to me the most detrimental aspect is the consistent play to the gallery. This is an extremely talented trio of singers, whose earlier LP showed that they need not descend to such tricks to hold an andience. The sooner they get back to studio recording, the better for everyone concerned. Even such delicate songs as Gué, Gué or South Coast do not escape the free-for-all. They Call the Wind Maria from Paint Your Wagon is probably the only completely satisfactory band on the entire record.

"The Garbage Collector in Beverly Hills." Orchestra, Billy Liebert and Carl Brandt, conds. Warner Bros. B 1254,

\$4.98 (LP); BS 1254, \$5.98 (SD). Some decidedly odd occupations, all apparently conceived by Irving Taylor, are the basis for the wacky songs in this album. Such improbable titles as Cop in a Nudist Colony, Cab Driver in Venice, Marriage Counselor in a Turkish Harem and, of course, the garbage man of the title song will give you some idea of what to expect. This is the zany sort of material that Spike Jones favored, but I can't say that the author-composer ever reaches the dizzy heights that Spike did. The humor is too often labored and soggy, though there are one or two mimbers that will raise a chuckle, Warner Brothers maintain the excellent sound that was noticeable on their original issues, and their stereo sound is exceptionally good on this record.

"A Handful of Stars." Bill Snyder, piano; instrumental accompaniment. Decca DL 8734, \$3.98 (LP).

This is one of those all too rare piano recordings where it is not necessary to consult the record sleeve to discover what the pianist is playing. Bill Snyder, no believer in overembellishing a melody or noodling around it, plays this fine collection of "Star" songs with deceptive simplicity, but tremendous style. Particularly happy is his treatment of Kreisler's Stars in My Eyes and that real old-time favorite, Underneath the Stars. The instrumental accompaniments add greatly to the over-all pleasure of these sparkling performances, and unusually realistic piano sound and good balance make the record excellent for dancing or just easy listening.

"Have Band, Will Travel." Lester Lanin and His Orchestra. Epic BN 517, \$5.98 (SD).

Here is the kind of superb stereo record-

ing that could easily sound the knell for those five-piece bands you've been struggling to dance to at the local country club. Put this record on your turntable, and the finest society dance band in the business today is brought to you in largerthan-life, room-enveloping sound. And if the toe-titillating arrangements don't impel you to try a cha-cha-cha, why worry; you can sit it out until one of the evenly paced Lanin fox trots comes along. This is the sort of program, designed to please everyone, that actually will.

"Improvisations to Music." Mike Nichols and Elaine May; Marty Rubenstein,

piano. Mercury SR 60040, \$5.98 (SD). This remarkable exhibition of extemporaneous dialogue is a tour de force of pure improvisation. From the merest germs of ideas, the talented Nichols-May team have conjured up a series of eight short vignettes that wittily satirize a number of diverse matters. Among the more successful are those poking fun at a Noel Coward play, psychiatric treatment, a Hitchcock spy drama, and the bumbling efforts of a boss to entice his secretary up to see his hi-fi. But in every one it is fascinating to observe how each partner develops the idea, to marvel at the expert timing, and to be amazed at the credibility of the off-the-cuff chatter. Ideal background music is provided by Marty Rubenstein at the piano, the third member of an act that seems to operate by mental telepathy. Stereo sound is not al-



Lester Lanin: tops in toe titillation.

ways ideal for the intimacy of some of these scenes.

"Inn of the Sixth Happiness." Recording from the sound track of the film. Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Malcolm Arnold, cond. Fox 3011, \$3.98 (LP).

Although record companies continue to issue original sound track recordings of music from their major screen epics, I can't help wondering how many people recall anything of the music they heard while watching these masterpieces. Take Inn of the Sixth Happiness, for which Malcolm Arnold composed a score that strikes me as being a little above the usual run of such things. Some people may remember The Old Man song (now on the Hit Parade), but this is not an original Arnold work; it's a children's game song almost as ancient as the hills. The remainder of the music has vanished, I'm sure-and understandably so, since without the dramatic action of the film it has little point. Fox has provided excellent sound for the music on this disc, but the spoken dialogue, used as a bridge, is often very blurred.

"The Mills Brothers' Great Hits." Mills Brothers; Orchestra, Milton DeLugg, cond. Dot DLP 3157, \$3.98 (LP).

In an age when singing groups come and go with almost the speed of a Sputnik, the durability and success of the Mills Brothers is something of a phenomenon. The group cut their first record in 1931, for Brunswick; moved over to Decca in 1934; and here they are in 1959, affiliated with Dot, for whom they have recorded a dozen of their most successful hits of the past twenty-five years. Although now a trio, instead of the quartet they started as, they still retain the flowing style that was their original trademark-a strong accent on the melodic line, excellent harmony, no vocal tricks (they gave up instrumental imitations some time ago), and a warm well-blended sound. Thanks to Dot's fine sound and the singers' good taste, Paper Doll, You Always Hurt the One You Love, Till Then, and nine others sound even better than they did in their original editions.

"Garry Moore Presents That Wonderful Year-1940." Orchestra, Irwin Kostal, cond.; Chorus, Keith Textor, dir. Warner Bros. W 1282, \$3.98 (LP); WS 1282, \$4.98 (SD).

There are hints that this is merely the first in a series of recordings intended to recall the great songs of the last two decades. If so, I'm all for it, especially if they are as well managed as those on this first issue. Garry Moore calls anyone over twenty "an old foof," obviously a term of endearment for those who can look back with pleasure to these old favorites. The fact is that these songs are still as popular as when they first caught the public fancy. Anyone over fifteen will love them, except possibly those who find the chorus, with its inevitable cooing of Remember as an introduction to every song, an intrusion. Excellent stereo sound, though I don't think it adds much to this particular type of presentation.

\$3.98 (LP); DL 78793, \$5.98 (SD). It must be all of thirty years since Jan Garber abandoned his original dance band style in favor of one patterned closely on that of Guy Lombardo. I don't recall that Garber has ever claimed that his music is "the sweetest music this side of heaven," but there are times when I feel he justifiably could. This admirable dance program is a case in point. It is as smooth as silk, particularly in the waltz medley, brisk and perky in the cha-chachas, and nicely paced in the fox trotsin a word, a well-rounded program of fine dance music. I definitely prefer the stereo version, but Decca's monophonic sound is extremely satisfying.

"Play Mr. Banjo." The Happy Harts' "Singing Banjo" Band. Kapp KL 1115, \$3.98 (LP).

There is such a jolly and informal air about this record that even the most captious critic would be silenced. Old, old songs-some from the days of the Civil War and others belonging to what is rather disrespectfully termed the Gaslight Era-are sung with a great deal of gusto by a mixed chorus ably abetted by the excellent and jovial sound of The Happy Harts' "Singing Banjos." If their support is more notable for exuberance than polish, it matters not one whit. Everybody appears to be having a wonderful time; and should you feel in the mood for a little community singing, chances are you'll find it hard to resist joining in.

"Redhead." Original cast recording with Gwen Verdon, Richard Kiley, and others. RCA Victor LOC 1048, \$4.98 (LP).

This is Albert Hague's second complete score for a Broadway musical, and though I find it an improvement over his initial effort (*Plain and Fancy*, of 1954), it is by no means top drawer. Gwen Verdon, a comedienne and dancer of extraordinary talent, is not a strong vocalist, and I imagine the composer has attempted to tailor her numbers very carefully to her limited vocal range. I think he's managed this with some success, but



The Mills Brothers as trio.

in doing so hasn't managed to come up with anything very interesting musically. An old-fashioned tongue-twisting number on the style of Sister Susie's Sewing Shirts for Soldiers seems to suit the Verdon personality to a tee, and she appears to be reveling in it-particularly in the last chorus, which is dashed off in the Danny Kave manner. Her other numbers are decidedly routine. Her male partner, Richard Kiley, is really no more fortunate, being condemned to present a reasonable imitation of Rex Harrison, but with tonsils. With Leonard Stone in the offing to provide the sort of support Robert Coote gave Harrison, the My Fair Lady situation is quite nicely, if unconscionsly, realized. To Stone falls the most inventive and exhilarating number in the entire score, The Uncle Sam Rag, a hilarious spoof on how the English handled ragtime music. Mr. Stone does it to a turn.

The rest of the cast have little to do, except raise their voices in a typical freefor-all, the-pubs-are-closed, limey song, *We Loves Ya, Jimey*, a feat they accomplish with considerable enthusiasm. Incidentally there is an odd assortment of English accents throughout, with Miss Verdon adopting a reasonably good stagecockney accent at the start, but forgetting it by the end of the record. Jay Blackton and his orchestra are well in the picture with excellent orehestral support, and the Victor sound is good indeed. I wonder if this all might not sound more beguiling in stereo.

"Salute to the Smooth Bands." Freddy Martin and His Orehestra. Capitol T 1116, \$3.98 (LP).

Freddy Martin's attempt to re-create the individual styles of a dozen sweet bands of the past twenty years is only intermittently successful. On the credit side place his imitations of the Wayne King, Glenn Miller, Dick Jurgens, Clyde McCoy, and Lawrence Welk bands. Only partially successful is his Ray Noble, for which, oddly enough, he has chosen Blue Danube Waltz, which he considers Noble's most exciting arrangement. (Ever listen to Noble's old Who Walks in When I Walk Out, Freddy?) I don't think he has captured the Ambrose style very well; and unless my memory is at fault, Hal Kemp played Got a Date with an Angel at a much slower tempo. This does add up to a really good dance record, however, especially for those who recall the original bands in their palmiest days.

"Sea Chanties." Roger Wagner Chorale. Capitol P 8462, \$4.98 (LP).

A really good recording of sea chanties, those nautical work songs from the day of sailing ships, has long been needed. The few records that do exist are disqualified as to authenticity by being sung by a lone male singer. Now comes Capitol to fill this vacancy with these stirring performances by the Roger Wagner Chorale. Their program is a splendid assortment of capstan, forecastle, and halyard chanties, with some of the ever-popular sea ballads of the past injected to create a good variety. Recorded in lusty sound, the group catches the strong rhythmic impetus of the working chantics with fine spirit and is equally happy in the more subdued flow of the ballads. Spirited solo work by Earl Wrightson adds a great deal to the general heartiness of this most excellent record.

"Screnades for Sex Kittens." Dante and and His Orchestra. Carlton 12101, \$3.98 (LP).

For this provocatively titled record, Jay Arcy has written some embarrassingly coy notes, explaining exactly what Sex Kittens are. It appears, according to him, that they are "flat-tummied, twin-turreted gamins, amoral pixies with moist pouted underlips." Oh well, even if you don't qualify (and who does ?), this won't disqualify you from thoroughly enjoying a fine program of off-the-beaten-track numbers. The arrangements are lush, but not cloying; the Dante orchestra plays with considerable suavity; and some super Carlton sound enhances all.

"Billy Vaughn Plays." Billy Vaughn and His Orchestra. Dot DLP 3156, \$3.98 (LP).

To judge from the heavy, insistent, slow rock-and-roll beat that pervades every item in this instrumental program, Vaughu has devised it to appeal primarily to the teen-age set. They'll probably love it; but older listeners, who recall such numbers from the mid-Thirties as Red Sails in the Sunset, Indian Loce Call, or Isle of Capri as romantic, dreamy ballads, are not likely to be greatly entranced by these stodgy-sounding performances, despite the meritorious sound that Dot has lavished on them.

"When Your Lover Has Gone." Teresa Brewer: Orchestra, Dick Jacobs, cond. Coral 757257, \$5.98 (SD).

This program of torchy ballads is a deeided about-face for a singer usually associated with bonney razz-ma-tazz numbers. Miss Brewer's performance is honest and pleasing, but it strikes me that her voice is altogether too light in color and too suggestively impish to make these songs as effective as they can be. I half expected her to burst into Music, Music, Music at some point in the program and, as a matter of fact, I'm sorry she didn't. Good arrangements and support from the Jacobs orchestra, with pleasantly arranged stereo sound, but I suspect the monophonic version is almost as effective. JOHN F. INDCOX

Foreign Flavor

"Around the Samovar." Leonid Bolotine and Orchestra. Warner Bros. W 1255,

\$3.98 (LP); WS 1255, \$4.98 (SD). Genuine musical interest plus handsomely recorded stereo sound (including surfaces far silkier than the two-channel mean) spell a winner for WB. In Leonid Bolotine they have found a conductor who strikes Slavie fire from his musi-



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cians, and someone has devoted time and insight to choosing an unhackneved group of traditional Russian songs. Particularly appealing are *Troika Waltz*, *Styenka Rasin*, and *Curly-Haired Catherine*. Certainly no one will regret purchasing the splendid monophonic edition, but the crisply separated stereo disc is a runaway choice for those equipped to play it.

"Around the World." Steve Allen and His

Orchestra. Dot DLP 3150, \$3.98 (LP). To the many guises Steve Allen's talent takes-comedian, writer, poet-add another: musician. As an instrumentalist, pianist Allen plays simply, avoiding all complexities; but the results are satisfying. Allen has also composed-not brilliantly, but not without skill-five of the national portraits on this disc. Elsewhere, he has chosen the likes of Danny Boy to represent Ireland, The Peanut Vendor for Cuba. On the whole, a slow-paced, tasteful tour du monde that will appeal not only to Allen's many admirers but to those who enjoy background music on the undemanding side. Excellent engineering.

"Beat Tropicale." Harry Coon and Richard Campbell, drums; Jose Bethancourt and His Orchestra. Concert-Disc CS 33, \$6.95 (SD).

Dazzling sound with striking sterco separation is the hallmark of this release; you can, in fact, do no better at this stage of the art. While Señor Bethancourt presents a diverting rhythmic pastiche built



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around his own formidable marimba virtuosity, the flip side-Savage Drum Fantasy-is the pièce de résistance. Drummers Campbell and Coon shape an arresting sequence of African drum patterns: the Masai Rumble is hair raising. There is no plethora of musical value here, but there's a lot of fun.

"Champagne Cocktail." François Charpin Trio. Kapp KL 1111, \$3.98 (LP).

Backstopped by guitar, piano, and drums, François Charpin warbles his way through sixteen French favorites, including four of his own composition. Charpin has a soft, pleasing vocal style; his cohorts shape the *ambiance* of a *boite intime*; and Kapp's engineers have captured the whole in bright, full-range sound.

"Danzónes Bailables." Orquesta Folklorica de Cuba, Odilio Urfe, cond. Toreador T 533, \$3.98. (LP).

A sumptiously recorded program of Cuban danzónes. Derived from the Spanish word for dance, the danzón has African roots and, in its pure form, erotic overtones. In modern format, however, the highly rhythmic—yet stately—music makes for more pleasant, and far less heetic, listening than most Latin imports. At the same time it remains dance music par excellence. Here is a "different" Latin beat worth exploring.

"The Fantastic Guitars of Sabicas and Escudero." Decca DL 8795, \$3.98 (LP); DL 78795, \$5.98 (SD).

Here are two superb flamenco guitarists at the top of their form. It is awe-inspiring to contemplate the rapport that underlies these duets in an idiom that relies for its principal impact upon improvisation. To me, the peak of the record is the somber, moving interplay of the guitars in the variations and elaborations on the Andalusian folk song El Vito. Rather to my own surprise, I found the stereo version to be distinctly superior to the LP, even when the latter is played through two speakers. The two channels give an unaccustomed depth and solidity to the sound, as well as differentiate neatly between the two guitars.

"Isle of Enchantment." Charles Dant and His Orchestra. Coral CRL 757249, \$5.98 (SD).

With the rhythm section at the helm, Charles Dant and his orchestra cruise the South Seas in skillfully recorded stereo. Maestro Dant keeps an eye on the beat throughout, but tends to anoint it with too many brushes on the drums for my taste. His repertory is on the tired side, featuring as it does Harbor Lights, Blue Hawaii, etc. Actually, unless you are a blood descendant of Queen Liliuokalani, there is nothing much to get excited about here, pro or con.

"Love Dances of Brazil." Bernardo Segall, piano; Emanuel Vardi and His Orchestra. Decca DL 8764, \$3.98 (LP); DL 78764, \$5.98 (SD).

As rippling and distinctive as the mosaic sidewalks of Rio, these arrangements of Brazilian staples unfold in multihued

orchestral color beneath the gifted baton of Emanuel Vardi. Brazilian pianist Segall, front and center for all the works, blends his instrument neatly with Vardi's lush strings. The stereo recording imparts glints of light and darkness as wellas an over-all spaciousness that just are not present in the monophonic version.

"Music of the African Arab." Music of the Middle East, Vol. 3. Mohammed El-Bakkar and His Oriental Ensemble. Audio Fidelity AFSD 5858, \$6.95 (SD)

El-Bakkar is back, bracketed by mikes, in a gaudy, exotic, percussive, and brilliantly recorded tour de force. As in his previous efforts in this genre, El-Bakkar has assembled compositions of his own that reflect and illustrate characteristics of, in this case, African Islamic music. The performance is enthusiastic; and the sound, to belabor a point, is gorgeous.

"A Night at the Tropicoro." Lito Peña and His Orchestra Panamericana. Cook 2187 SD, \$5.98 (SD)

Technically, this recording adds no luster to the Cook reputation: separation, depth, and range are adequate-little more. But, lending an ear to the melodic inediocrities of Lito Peña and his henchmen-luminaries of the Tropicoro Room at Puerto Rico's Hotel El San Juan Intercontinental-one wonders why anyone would tote a single mike, let alone two, into their presence. If, as the annotation states, "the music in the Tropicoro is the best in Puerto Rico," then may God help that unhappy island.

"A Night in Vienna." 101 Strings. Stereo-Fidelity SF 6800, \$2.98 (SD)

This low-priced label scores again with its regiment of strings in a concert of old Viennese stand-bys such as Blue Danube, Vienna Life, and Merry Widow Waltz. Stereo-Fidelity's unnamed conductor prefers languorous tempos, but otherwise no interpretative idiosyneracies mar his readings. Nicely delineated, full-range sound that would be acceptable at any price; at \$2.98 it's a rare stereo bargain.

"St. Patrick's Night in Dublin." Brendan Hogan and the Ballinakill Ceili Band. Capitol T 10201, \$3.98 (LP).

It is almost inconceivable that a live recording from Dublin's Irish Club on St. Patrick's Day could miss the boat. Yet this one, sadly, does just that. Neither the musicians nor the singers are particularly gifted and a wearisome sameness informs the band's unchanging instrumental assault. Although it is impossible to demolish these grand old Irish songs entirely, Hogan and his group make a heroic attempt.

Thick-textured sound replete with coughs, laughter, and assorted background decibels adds to the carnage. In no case are the vocalists adequately miked.

"Songs of Old Napoli." Roberto Murolo, guitar. Epic LC 3544, \$3.98 (LP).

Star of Italy's popular Durium label, Murolo strays from the trodden-to-death track in his recital of Neapolitan songs.



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The clear-voiced baritone has chosen a number of lovely little-known ballads which he sings in a pure, uncluttered style. Particularly enjoyable are the droll La Cammesella (The Camisole) and the hauntingly medieval Ritornello delle Lavandaie del Vomero(Refrain of the Vomero Laundresses).

"Soviet Army Chorus and Band in a New Program of Favorites." Boris Alexandrov, cond. Monitor MP 540, \$4.98 (LP).

This is the most lucidly recorded Soviet offering I have yet heard. It is also among the most stirring. The massed chorus has always been a Russian speciality, and the Red Army group is in the great tradition. The bulk of the songs are by Soviet popular composers, with a sprinkling of folk ballads and a brace of operatic choruses thrown in. Recommended.

"T Town!" Los Tres Caballeros. HiFi Record R 810, \$4.95 (LP).

Saddest of settlements, Tijuana crouches just below the Mexican border, a long stone's throw from San Diego and the moored Pacific Fleet. Week end after week end squadrons of sailors descend on the pari-mutuel booths and drifting women of this dusty town. And week end after week end cheap wants are cheaply satisfied.

Somewhere in the frenzied miasma, HiFi Records found an instrumental quartet-unaccountably called Los Tres (sic) Caballeros-that specializes in rhythm. melody, and Latin atmosphere aplenty. Old favorites-Mexican Hat Dance, El Relicario, España Cañi-provide the underpinning of their repertory. Nothing here to awaken nostalgia in old sinners, but this Mexican night club combo is an uncommonly good one. Excellent recorded sound.

O. B. BRUMMELL

FI MAN'S FANCY

"A Farewell to Steam." HiFiRecord R 901, \$4.95 (LP); \$5.95 (SD).

Anyone who's doubted that anything new and different could ever be done with recordings of steam locomotives, is in for a surprise. High Fidelity Recordings has done it-by the simple expedient of attaching a pair of microphones to a steam engine, turning on a recorder, and letting er go. Four hours of tape, edited into a forty-minute record, provide the novel approach-a recording from the train itself. The dise is wisely engineered: microphones capable of high intensity sounds were employed, as well as electrical gimmicks which permitted the use of highfidelity tape recorders instead of lowquality portable units. The result: fascinating-impressively realistic monophonically, overwhelming in stereo.

"Favorite Marches." Norwegian Military Band, Leif Nagel, cond. RCA Camden CAS 474, \$2.98 (SD).

Here's a low-priced edition of the best-

known works of that king of march time, John Philip Sousa, vigorously performed by Leif Nagel and the Norwegian Military Band. Spirit is a trade-mark of Nagel's martial corps, and—via this crisp and well-defined recording—it's quickly infectious.

"Flight to Tokyo." George Wright, organ. HiFiRecord R 717, \$4.95 (LP); \$5.95 (SD).

Any resemblance between this disc and authentic Japanese music (or, for that matter, any Oriental music) is purely imaginary. What we have here are such purely Occidental specimens as China Nights, Rickety Rickshaw Man, and Poor Butterfly. Wright's style is well beloved of theatre-organ fanciers, and Flight to Tokyo represents no deviation. The monophonic disc is transparent and cleanly recorded, but it takes the stereo disc to swell the Wurlitzer into the monstersized demon that many fi-fans demand.

"Grand Canyon Suite." Symphonic Orchester Graunke, Frederick Stark, cond. Disneyland Records WDL 4019, \$4.98 (LP); STER 4019, \$4.98 (SD).

First reaction to this latest version of Ferde Grofé's anral spectacular is distinctly visual. The records come bound in handsome double folders decorated with fourteen (1 counted) gorgeous, full-color reproductions of the Grand Canyon's mystic moods and faces. Aurally, the monophonic disc is a thrilling evocation of fire and splendor and tenderness—but something went wrong in the recording of the stereo edition. You can search far and wide to find a more spirited performance than this, but beware the stereo.

"International Marches." Marine Band of the Royal Netherlands Navy, 1st Lt. H. C. van Lijnschooten, cond. Epie BN 510, \$5.98 (SD).

Only one of the marches here, Strike Up the Band, is of American lineage, and its composer (George Gershwin) was not widely known for band music. The rest are relatively unfamiliar European pieces. The Netherlands marines zip through everything with enormous enthusiasm, energy enough for an entire regiment. The recording is ontstandingly natural with respect to tonal and instrumental balance, its sound exceptionally pure. On this score alone, this is one of the finest discs of military music you can get.

"Leibert Takes a Holiday." Dick Leibert, organ, Westminster WST 15034, \$5.98 (SD.)

Most listeners will be glad to know that Leibert's holiday is not from his favorite musical vehicle, the mighty Wurlitzer. Here he travels to Richmond, Virginia, where he manipulates the glant Byrd Theatre instrument. Leibert is not an avid sensationalist at the keyboard, but he does risk a few entertaining shenanigans now and then. Westminster employs a distant approach in recording, but careful microphone selection and placement keep excess hall reverberation to a minimum. This is not billed as a show-off dise, but it is a fine example of what taste and restraint can accomplish in stereo.

"Mello-Dee." Lenny Dee, organ. Decca DL 8796, \$3.98 (LP); DL 78796, \$5.98 (SD).

Lenny Dee is a young virtuoso with a peculiarly adaptable name (his other al-bums have been called "Dee-Most," bunns have been called "Dee-Most," "Dee-Lightful," "Dee-Licions," etc.). His playing is "Dee" almost anything you'd care to append, except "Dee-Void" of satisfaction, which it certainly is not. Dee's organ is not identified, but it sounds very much like a Hammond. His style is mostly serene, sometimes brisk, and the occasional frills fall gracefully in place. The same is true of the drums which patter quietly somewhere off mike. Since both discs are technically first-rate, stereo does not enhance the sound significantly. It simply widens the aural curtain to fit your own speakers.

"Music in Orbit." Ron Goodwin and His Orchestra. Capitol T 10188, \$3.98 (LP).

Ron Goodwin is a thirty-three-year-old British composer and arranger who has worked for a number of name bands in Britain. Five years ago he set out on his own orbit. Music in Orbit bears scant relevance to space travel, but Goodwin's twelve compositions are lighthearted and fanciful. Recorded in London's EMI studios, Goodwin's music has been given a sparkling transparency characteristic of only the very tops in engineering.

"Nautilus." Sounds and voices recorded during the voyage of the Nautilus under the North Pole. Herb Shriner, narrator. Colpix CP 701, \$7.50 (LP). Fi-fanciers will not find this record as aurally satisfying as the space rocket documentary reviewed last month. Its sound effects are more subdued; they were collected, as a matter of fact, on recorders which make no pretense to high fidelity. Historically speaking, however, this is an extraordinary documentation of one of the most monumental scientific achievements of our time. Produced and narrated by Herb Shriner, it comes complete with illustrated folder, jam-packed with facts about the Nautilus and the North Pole in particular, and submarines and submariners in general.

"Organ on the March." John Gart, organ; The Minute Men. Kapp 1119, \$3.98 (LP).

Organist John Gart has bolstered his Conn instrument with a collection of twenty-five percussion devices and a group called The Minute Men to operate them. He plays segments of seventeen marches, improvising at will with percussion effects or oddly shaped organ tones. In fact, often slim trace of the original remains after Gart completes his tonal therapy. Despite this drastic treatment, however, Gart's pieces do remain tuneful, the percussion being so skillfully handled that it is never too loud or too prominent, but blends smoothly with the tinkling tones of the organ. This is an unusual instrumental pairing, which demands ex-







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"Overture." Hollywood Bowl Symphony Orchestra, Felix Slatkin, cond. Capitol SP 8380, \$5.98 (SD).

Many reviewers often regard new recordings of such often-performed works as these overtures with pretty jaded ears. They'll perk up at this, though. Slatkin unleashes one of the most powerful, driving, and generally impressive William Tells ever to rattle a stereo system, not to speak of Tchaikovsky's 1812, and Von Suppe's Light Cavalry and Poet and Peasant Overtures. Here is a fi festival par excellence, overflowing with stereo warmth, full to the brim with sensuous stereo spaciousness, and chock full of fortissimo punch that will shake your floors and astound your guests. This is a fullblown stereo extravaganza that no dyedin-the-wool fi fanatic should be without.

"Pop Concert, U. S. A." Cleveland Pops Orchestra, Louis Land, cond. Epic LC 3539, \$3.98 (LP).

This recording was made in Cleveland's Severance Hall in August 1958, immediately after the completion there of acoustical renovations aimed at lengthening the reverberation period-in a word, making the hall more alive. Pop Concert U.S.A. (including short compositions by Anderson, Copland, Piston, and Bernstein, and leading off with Gould's American Salute) is a tribute to the success of the undertaking. The clarity of the recording is outstanding; virtually perfect positioning of carefully selected microphones reveals every facet of the music. Distortion and surface noise are practically nonexistent. In short, this is a splendid record for fi-fans who want to demonstrate the merits of their systems, as well as one which fully displays the sonie beauties of a fine recording hall.

"The Red Army In Hi-Fi." Alexandrov Song and Dance Ensemble. Artia 101, \$4.98 (LP).

The Alexandrov Song and Dance Ensemble is another name for a musical aggregation better known as the Red Army Chorus, Orchestra, and Dancers. More than 300 members are heard here in a collection of thirteen folk songs from Russia, Hungary, and Czechoslovakia. The massive chorus, backed by an apparently gargantuan orchestra, is an auditory spectacular-one whose joys are further enhanced by superlative recording.

"Reverie." Norman Luboff Choir. Columbia CL 1256, \$3.98 (LP); CS 8074, \$5.98 (SD).

I have often thought that it is sometimes more important to have extremely low distortion in low-level, quiet recordings than in those with crushing crescendos, simply because the total effect of tranquil music depends so much on sustaining the mood. *Reverie* is such a dise. Twelve peaceful melodies (*Strange Music*, *If You Are But a Dream*, *My Reverie*, etc.) by the Luboff choir establish a nice drowsiness that even a tiny measure of distortion would destroy. Happily for listeners, there is no distortion, just sweet, sleepy melodies superbly designed for anyone's reverie.

"Strings by Starlight." Hollywood Bowl Symphony Orchestra, Felix Slatkin, cond. Capitol P 8444, \$4.98 (LP); SP 8444, \$5.98 (SD).

Felix Slatkin conducts the string section of the Hollywood Bowl Symphony Orchestra in six pieces written expressly for strings: Borodin's Nocturne; Bach's Air for the G String; Tchaikovsky's Andante cantabile and Waltz from the Serenade for Strings; Barber's Adagio for Strings; and Percy Grainger's arrangement of Londonderry Air. Capitol's recording technique, on both monophonic and stereo versions is distant, spacious, and syrupy smooth. The stereo disc is somewhat more open than the monophonic, and both are soothing fare for lazy summer evenings.

"Terror Tales." Liberty LST 7025, \$4.98 (SD).

Forty minutes of whistling winds, screams, shots, splashing waves, thunder, insane laughter, foghorns, roaring trains, and otherworldly sound effects are the unnerving background for the crackling voice of The Old Sea Hag, a role portrayed by veteran actress Martha Wentworth. Miss Wentworth's characters are convincingly created. But terror? Well, hardly, at least for those beyond the age of implicit belief in ghosts and goblins. But the stereo sound effects are another story. Under the guiding hand of some master, they form a fine horrific foundation for the narrator's scary tales.

"Virtuoso." Roger Wagner Chorale. Capitol SP 8431, \$5.98 (SD).

The monophonic version of this release was particularly impressive for its treatment of Carl Orff's Praelusio from Catulli Carmina, in which Capitol engineers triumphantly captured the massed voices and percussion ensemble with breath-taking results. Such a topnotch monophonic recording usually presages more spectacular aural thrills in stereo, and that expectation is fully realized here. To attempt to describe accurately the dynamic impact of this stereo extravaganza with its widespread chorus, thunderous percussion, and mammoth acoustics would be futile. It must be heard to be fully appreciated, an experience which I heartily recom-mend to all lovers of the finest of fi.

Western Sunset." Robert Prince and His Orchestra. Warner Bros. W 1259, \$3.98 (LP); WS 1259, \$4.98 (SD).

The titles on the jacket (Wagon Wheels, Cool Water, Red River Valley) suggest strummed guitars, wailing male voices, and twangy accents. Not so. These are orchestral versions, and each of the twelve western war horses has been newly caparisoned and presented ensemble fashion. Although the approach is sentimental, the sound of both monophonic and stereo editions is so outstandingly transparent that these records positively shine with aural brilliance.

PHILIP C. GERACI

JAZZ

Basie Reunion. Prestige 7147, \$4.98 (LP).

A warm evocation of the Basie band of the late Thirties with Buck Clayton, Jack Washington, Freddie Green, and Jo Jones present from that classic group along with Paul Quinichette and Shad Collins from later versions and the inevitable Basie piano sit-in, Nat Pierce. The tunes are established Basie standards (John's Idea, Roseland Shuffle, Blues I Like to Hear, etc.), the ensembles swing with proper Basie airiness and, except for Quinichette, the soloists play with requisite verve. Quinichette, however, goes through a flirtation with gawkish, distorted sounds completely out of keeping with the spirit of the performances.

Les Baxter: "African Jazz." Capitol T 1117, \$3.98 (LP).

Baxter's approach to what he calls African jazz will undoubtedly affront purists (jazz purists and African purists), but he has produced an unusual and frequently fascinating amalgam of musical devices. It is, in essence, a mixture of exotic rhythms, jazz, and mood music which manages to be explosive, suave, and foottapping almost all of the time. Baxter has made good and valid use of three jazz nusicians-Milt Bernhart, trombone, Larry Bunker, vibraphone, and Plas Johnson, tenor saxophone-to underline and intensify his ideas. And he has been particularly ingenious in his use of a jazz device that was very close to the heart of Jelly Roll Morton-the break. On a craftily constructed train piece, there is a train whistle break and on another occasion he pulls in a thunderclap as a break. This African jazz is a bit different and it's a lot of fun.

Benny Carter: "Jazz Giant." Contemporary 3555, \$4.98 (LP).

Benny Carter, one of the most winning performers that jazz has known, has been unaccountably neglected on discs throughout almost his entire career. Even during the Swing Era, when a musician of Carter's generally mainstream tendencies might have had a great deal of success, he managed to avoid it by spending much of the Thirties in Europe. By the time he came back and organized a big band he had missed the boat. Since the middle Forties he has been very active in the Hollywood studios but represented on records only sporadically.

This disc places him in good company (Ben Webster, Jimmie Rowles, Shelly Manne, among others), provides him with opportunities to be heard on both alto saxophone and trumpet, and gives him a sound program of standards especially suited to him (Blue Lou, I'm Com-ing Virginia, Old Fashioned Love) as well as two worthwhile originals. His pure, sweeping alto is a joy to hear as it swings lightly and purposefully through all but two selections. On these two he shifts to trumpet, playing with much the same lean purity. Webster, Rowles, An-



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dré Previn, and Frank Rosolino make themselves felt from time to time, but this is essentially Benny Carter's recorda welcome portrait of one of the great jazzmen who is still in his prime.

Eddie Davis Trio. Roulette 52019, \$3.98 (LP). Roost 2227, \$3.98 (LP).

Both discs are very similar. Davis' strident, sharply assertive tenor saxophone dominates almost all of the pieces, although it is organist Shirley Scott, kept in the background much of the time, who provides the group with its swinging strength. On each disc she is given a pair of solo pieces which are far more attractive than Davis' braying. Both programs are made up largely of ballads.

Wild Bill Davis: "Swings My Fair Lady." Everest SDBR 1014, \$5.98 (SD).

Davis' customary raucous, jabbing organ attack gives way on this disc to more subtle playing. The result is a mildly interesting jazz set which does no damage to the Lerner-Locwe score and provides a few close-ups of Jo Jones's deft and witty use of wire brush and cymbal. Stereo places Davis' organ to the right of center, Jones on the right, and Maurice Simon's unobtrusive tenor saxophone on the left, but the expansive sound of the organ holds the group together.

Delta Kings: "Down the River," Down South 201, \$4.98 (LP).

Down the River is an act of enthusiasm and love committed by a pipeline engineer and banjoist, Russ Wait, and a lawver-trombonist, Bill Crais, assisted by five practicing musicians. They form a rough, happy septet which occasionally manages to strike some bright sparks in its attacks on popular and Dixieland standards. Even in its more plodding moments the group conveys what is usually identified as a "good time" feeling. Crais is an uncommonly good trombonist, but there are times when Wait strums so enthusiastically that his time becomes vague.

Tommy Dorsey and His Orchestra: "Sentimental and Swinging." Columbia CL 1240, \$3.98 (LP).

These are further recordings made by the Tommy Dorsey band in 1955 when brother Jimmy was with it, drawn from the same sessions that produced the earlier The Fabulous Dorseys in Hi-Fi on Columbia. It is a varied program-from rather agitated Divieland to pretty ballads and brawny, swinging instrumentals, many in the heavy, lumpy vein of the present Basic band. The playing is clean, professional, and impersonal. It is hard to believe that anyone was particularly wrapped up in these pieces.

Coleman Hawkins: "The High and Mighty Hawk." Felsted 7005, \$4.98 (LP).

The high and mighty Hawk has his wings clipped repeatedly on this disc by trumpeter Buck Clayton who plays with some semblance of spirit and imagination while Hawkins concentrates on diddle-daddle exercises. By sheer rhythunie force, Hawkins jabs some life into the confined set of mechanical figures with which he elects to work, but too much of his playing is earth-bound.

Billie Holiday: "Songs for Distingué Lovers." Verve 8257, \$4.98 (LP).

The apparent shriveling of the once vibrant voice of Billie Holiday can be traced through most of her recordings during the Fifties. One almost came to dread the next bit of recorded evidence of the difficulty Miss Holiday was having in projecting her songs. Consequently, this new disc is especially welcome; it is the most refreshing and hopeful work that Miss Holiday has done in years. Not that the old flexibility has returned; but she seems to have learned how to make the most effective use of her voice as it is now, and she has reacquired the confidence to phrase with assurance. Furthermore she skirts one of her most obvious pitfalls on

recent discs—very slow tempos. This time her songs are all moderately paced, she has a buoyant rhythm section in back of her to give her an encouraging lift, and a small crisp jazz group (*no* strings, another millstone she has had around her neck) which apparently includes Ben Webster and Harry Edison. Her old artistry comes through once more on this disc, sometimes in harsher tones than it once had but quite often all the more compelling because of this.

Jonah Jones Quartet: "Jonah Jumps Again." Capitol T 1115, \$3.98 (LP). Now that he has hired a wide audience with the relatively simple, rhythmic, and stylized trumpet work on his last two or three discs, Jonah Jones has astitely broadened his scope a bit on this set. There is less dependence on formula here (but enough of it so that newly arrived Jones enthusiasts won't be scared away) and more display of the rngged, Armstrong-derived trumpet that Jones plays so well. With greater variety of material, better pacing in programing, and a wider view of Jones's real jazz talents, this is one of his best discs.

Barney Kessel: "The Poll Winners Ride Again." Contemporary 3556, \$4.98 (LP).

The three men who make up the Poll Winners (Kessel, guitar; Ray Brown, bass; Shelly Manne, drums) are an unusually sensitive and inventive trio. In view of the seeming limitations of their instruments, they find a constantly surprising variety of ways of developing their selections as a group. A great deal of this comes from Manne's use of the drums as a melodic instrument and from Kessel's ability to make interesting use of

The Search for Jazz Origins — and New Inspiration

F OR WHATEVER REASONS, the very early stages of jazz are presently commanding an unusual amount of attention. In part this attention is expressed in a searching back through the folk roots of jazz for new inspiration, in part in a flurry of interest in on-the-spot recordings of the still active exponents of early jazz forms.

The most thoroughgoing and adventurous of the on-the-spot recorders is Samuel B. Charters, who has preserved some of the more inimitable musical sounds of New Orleans in a series of Folkways discs, *The Music of Neu Orleans*. The three discs issued so far suggest that, when completed, this will be an invaluable documentation of a fastfading musical way of life.

In the first volume of the series, The Music of the Streets; The Music of Mardi Gras, jazz and folk music meet on a common ground. The itinerant street singers -peddlers, beggars, evangelists-whom Charters has caught enliven ideas and attitudes common to folk song in many different regions with a swinging, jazztinged beat that may be unique to New Orleans. Certainly it makes for unusually eatchy street music. The Mardi Gras music is even more jazz-oriented, since it is largely the music of the marching bands which contributed greatly to early jazz. The Mardi Gras recordings are rather haphazard (understandably, considering the happy turmoil on the streets), but they convey some suggestion of the musical flavor of the occasion.

Charters explores the marching bands more thoroughly in *Music of the Eureka Brass Band.* The Eureka is one of the last of the colorful bands that have been a part of New Orleans life for almost a hundred years. Its members are getting along in years, but they still attack their marches with jaunty vigor and draw from their dirges a somber sweetness both strange and moving. Trumpeter Percy Humphrey, the Eureka's leader, is a firebrand on the brighter pieces as he flares out of the ensemble to soar into some tremendously exciting solos. Charters' astute inclusion of Humphrey's brilliant work both as a soloist and as ensemble leader makes a muffled recording of a rather ragged rehearsal performance of *Panama* one of the high points of the set.

The Eureka band was recorded in a hall, but a rival group, the Young Tuxedo Brass Band, has been caught in its natural habitat-outdoors-on Jazz Begins. This gives the band a more open, a more airy (what else?) sound than a recording in which the sound is being turned inward by four walls. The Tuxedo's program is divided between the two traditional segments of New Orleans funeral music: the solemn, restrained march to the cemetery, and the abandonment and release of the journey back. The Tuxedo is particularly effective on dirges, for its leader, John Casimir, plays a plaintive clarinet which builds these pieces to a throbbing intensity.

Charters' third volume, Music of the Dance Halls, is a report of the music in the dime-a-dance joints of the Negro districts. It is played for the most part by nusicians who have been carrying on New Orleans jazz traditions in almost complete obscurity since the jazz migration from New Orleans to Chicago forty years ago-Billie and Dee Dee Pierce, Emile Barnes, Charlie Love, Albert Burbank, and others. Although their music is far from polished, it always swings; and it is frequently extremely moving, especially in the deeply traditional blues singing of Billie Pierce and Burbank's sometimes electrifying clarinet work.

The other approach to early jazz-the reëxamination of its folk roots-has appeared in the work of Jimmy Giuffre during the past two years and is also the basis of John Benson Brooks's Alabama Concerto. Brooks's Concerto is an ontgrowth of an assignment he had several years ago to transcribe for a book some folk recordings made in Alabama by Harold Courlander. He was struck then, he says, by the light this material east on jazz origins-"a different taste from New Orleans' urban finery." Working from several rural folk themes, he develops his concerto through eusembles, written solos, and improvised solos played by a quartet made up of Julian Adderley, alto saxophone, Art Farmer, trumpet, Barry Galbraith, guitar, and Milt Hinton, bass.

As an exploration of jazz origins, this composition is a rather peculiar work for there is very little in it that can be identified as jazz. The only really effective jazz moments are in some warm, firmly expressed solos by Adderley. Farmer's playing in general is sure and clean, but his solos are inclined to a static coolness that is much more drily urbane than the "urban finery" of New Orleans. Aside from the question of whether the concerto has any relationship to jazz, it lacks movement and explicit development. One gets the feeling that a single little jigging riff is being bandied about over and over again and the work becomes lost in monotony long before the two full LP sides have been completed. JOHN S. WILSON

The Music of New Orleans: "The Music of the Streets; The Music of Mardi Gras." Folkways FA 2461 (LP); "Music of the Eureka Brass Band." Folkways FA 2462 (LP); "Music of the Dance Halls." Folkways FA 2463 (LP). \$5.95 each.

The Young Tuxedo Brass Band: "Jazz Begins." Atlantic 1297, \$4.98 (LP).

John Benson Brooks: "Alabama Concerto." Riverside 12276, \$4.98 (LP).



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Shelly Manne and His Men: "Peter Gunn." Contemporary 3560, \$4.98 (LP).

The themes written by Henry Mancini for the television series, Peter Gunn, show up in an even better light on this set than they did on Mancini's RCA Victor disc of the same material. The difference lies in the fact that Mancini's own recordings were as written and played for the television series, a situation usually so far removed from jazz that it raised interest and surprise simply because some good jazz resulted. Manne's group, on the other hand, is not hemmed in by such considerations. They play the pieces strictly as jazz. There is more freedom to build in jazz terms and Manne's group takes advantage of the circumstances. Aside from Conte Candoli, whose range of trumpet ideas is rather limited, this is a good group, particularly in the bristling alto saxophone work of Herb Geller and, needless to say, the crisp, lifting drumming of the leader.

Joe Marsala: "Chicago Jazz." Stere-o-Craft 102, \$5.98 (SD).

Marsala, one of the more original and definitely hot clarinetists of the Swing Era, has not been on records for years, but his playing on this dise shows him to be as warmly swinging as he ever was. He is especially winning on a pair of richly developed ballads-good ones, too: I Cried for You and Singin' the Blues. His stimulating companions include Rex Stewart, playing some biting, muted cornet, and Marsala's old helpmate, Adele Girard, whose harp still has an effortless lilt. The stereo balance is generally satisfactory but Johnny Blowers' drumming is too dominant, at times covering Marsala's clarinet.

The Frank Moore Four. Capitol T 1127, \$3.98 (LP).

In these days when everybody in jazz is a soloist, the Frank Moore Four reverses the trend. This is a gently swinging group (accordion, reeds, bass, drums) centered on close eusemble voicing. The solos are poor, particularly those by the saxophonist, but the quartet's attractive ensemble playing makes good background jazz.

Turk Murphy: "At Easy Street." Verve 1015, \$4.98 (LP).

Murphy's band is as spirited and thumping as ever on this disc. The program is well balanced between the overdone (Fidgety Feet, Dippermouth), the less frequently heard (Take Me to the Land of Jazz, Melancholy), and a neglected masterpiece (Gene Gifford's Square Face). Bob Helm has returned as the group's clarinetist, and his Dodds-like phrasing and urgent vinegary attack are an enlivening influence. Murphy foregoes any singing (he does a recitation on Square Face), but if cornetist Larry Conger is to be the vocal alternative, it might be just as well if Murphy returned to the singing chores. George Shearing: "Blue Chiffon." Capitol T 1124, \$3.98 (LP).

The steady watering down and waste of George Shearing's talent is getting to have a macabre fascination. How far can they go? This is the most banal Shearing release yet. Music from behind the potted palms.

Stuff Smith: "Have Violin, Will Swing." Verve 8282, \$4.98 (LP).

The astringent, biting, jabbing attack of Stuff Smith is as close as anyone has yet come to a real jazz use of the violin. This disc gives ample display to his jazz qualities—possibly too ample. His tone is almost consistently harsh; and since his only accompaniment is piano, bass, and drums, Smith is the soloist throughout practically the entire record, creating a monotonous similarity of texture. The late Carl Perkins, who has a few brief and engaging piano solo spots, might well have been given more space.

Sonny Side Up. Verve 8262, \$4.98 (LP). The main participants in this blowing session are Dizzy Gillespie, Sonny Rollins, and Sonny Stitt, all of whom are known to have more than considerable ability. It is somewhat of a shock to find that they can find very little to say in the course of the four selections they play. An arrogant, joyous stop-time chorus by Rollins on *I Know That You Know* is the only point of real interest throughout a long and boring disc.

Rex Stewart: "Rendezvous with Rex." Felsted 7001, \$4.98 (LP).

Strong echoes of the Ellington small groups that Stewart once led sound through the pieces played by Stewart and some very able sidemen. Three originals hy Stewart and Dick Cary are particularly suggestive of Ellington in their minor themes, the tang of Stewart's muted cornet, Hilton Jefferson's singing alto saxophone, and the unusual coloration brought to the group by Garvin Bushell's discreet use of the bassoon. For change of pace, there is an outgoing, rocking blues with a delightfully blowsy baritone saxophone introduction by Heywood Henry, a pleasantly casual recitative by Stewart in an adaptation of the Bert Williams manner, and some rowdy muted trombone by George Stevenson. Stewart has not been recorded in such agreeable circumstances since he left the Duke.

Stewart-Williams & Co.: "Porgy and Bess Revisited." Warner Bros. W 1260, \$3.98 (LP); Warner Bros. WS 1260, \$4.98 (SD).

Instead of a "blowing" jazz version of tunes from *Porgy and Bess*, this disc is built around the idea of assigning to jazz instrumentalists the various singing roles in the Gershwin work with the intent of projecting the melodies with a jazz inflection rather than working out jazz variations on them. It is a provocative and largely successful experiment largely because the musicians involved— Cootie Williams, Rev Stewart, Lawrence Brown, and Hilton Jefferson in the principal roles—are all jazz musicians who

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

are naturally inclined toward a singing, melodic style. The jazz subtleties that are possible in such an approach are beautifully expressed in the duet between Porgy (Williams' trumpet) and Bess (Jefferson's unusually pure-toned alto saxophone) on Bess, You Is My Woman. Some of the other ballads, particularly those featuring Brown's trombone, are done almost straight, but Stewart's halfvalve technique on cornet brings an appropriately wicked jauntiness to Sportin' Life's songs. This is an imaginative and rewarding joining of jazz and a show score. The stereo disc puts the brass definitely on the left and the saxophones well on the right, detracting from the unity of the performances. The monophonic version has as much presence as the stereo disc and it brings all the elements into closer and more natural relationship (the Bess duet, for example, is greatly improved).

Buddy Tate and His Orchestra: "Swinging Like . . . Tate!" Felsted 7004, \$4.98 (LP).

There are two different groups on this disc under the leadership of Tate, who took Herschel Evans' place in Count Basie's band in 1939. Tate has rarely been heard on records since he left Basie in 1948, although for several years he has been leading his own group in New York. This band plays on one side of the disc. On the other side Tate is joined by several other Basie alumni-Buck Clayton, Dicky Wells, Earl Warren, Jo Jones -but aside from the contributions of Tate and Warren, their performances are far less interesting than those by Tate's regular combo. The almost forgotten benefits that can accrue to a jazz group simply by working together steadily make a long, languorous blues that rarity in jazz recording-an extended bit of "blowing" that sustains interest. In his group Tate is harboring a warm, singing clarinetist, Ben Richardson, and a well-grounded pianist, Skip Hall. This enticing introduction to Tate's band deserves an encore, next time with confidence on both sides of the disc.

Dicky Wells: "Bones for the King." Felsted 7006, \$4.98 (LP).

Wells's coy talking trombone is an extremely limited device which might be amusing if it were used sparingly. But Wells is inclined to look on it as a key element in his musical personality, and it takes the edge off the pleasantly Basie-ish performances (on which he is joined by Buck Clayton, Buddy Tate, and Rudy Rutherford) which make up half the disc. The other half, built around a trombone quartet (Wells plus Vic Dickenson, Benny Morton, George Matthews) places Wells in a different and more refreshing context where he is either involved in . helping to explore the majestic sounds of which four trombones are capable or giving more rational vent to his comic leanings in a loose-jointed rhythmic riff number that might have been created by Slim Gaillard. There are a few welcome glimpses of Benny Morton's neatly turned, full-voiced trombone.

JOHN S. WILSON

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HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE



The following brief reviews are of stereo tapes of the conventional 2-track 7½-ips type,

Larry Fotine's Beale Street Buskers: "Take Five." Bel Canto STB 45, 23 min., \$9.95.

I suspect that Fotine's Dixieland style is too lighthearted and by no means rough enough for the Real McCoy, but I've heard few present-day Dixie performances which take themselves less seriously, bubble over with so much exuberance, or that are as consistently good fun to listen to-even at their (obviously intentional) corniest. The raggy Rink Tink Piano Man, jaunty Goodbye Blues, saucy revival of Yes We Have No Bananas, and the eatchy title piece are perhaps the best of the nine here, but all have a persuasive lilt; and the strongly marked stereoism adds a sonic sheen no less bright than the performances themselves.

Evelyn Freeman Conducts the Exciting Voices: "Didn't It Rain." Bel Canto STB 46, 23 min., \$9.95. The "voices" here are too few for a true

The "voices" here are too few for a true chorus and their style is generally closer to jazz than to conventional spiritual singing; but with the assistance of a similarly small and jazzy instrumental ensemble they bring immense fervor to slapdash but robust "gospel-singing" performances of the title song, All God's Chillun, and seven other mostly familiar spirituals. But I wish the arranger had made more use of cross-channel-response sterco potentialities: the occasional examples here are tantalizingly few.

Arthur Lyman Group: "Leis of Jazz." HiFiTape R 607. 43 min., \$12.95.

Although Lyman's big-band exotic bestsellers, Taboo and Buana A, failed to impress me (except for their glittering sonics), his present quartet performances (the leader on vibes, Alan Soares on piano and celesta, John Kramer on bass and percussion, and Harold Chang on percussion) not only enjoy the same thrilling recording expertise and the superb acoustics of the Kaiser Aluminum Dome auditorium, but are consistently zestful and imaginative. I particularly like the cool yet lilting title piece, odd Trigger Fantasy, bright Way You Look Tonight, and ingenious Lullaby of Birdland, but the other eight pieces in this long program are almost equally outstanding. Lyman and his arranger deserve special kudos for their tasteful use of sotto-

Reviewed by R. D. DARRELL

voce and channel-antiphonal effects, as do the HiFiTape engineers for capturing the kaleidoscopic range of tonal colors here (from the most ethercal tinkle to the solidest timpani thud) in incomparably translucent and aurally bewitching stereo sound. Few pops programs in any medium can match this one in either musieal or technical distinction.

Ralph Marterie: "Jumpin' Trumpet." Mercury MVS 2-30, 17 min., \$7.95.

If you want to wean your teen-agers from rock 'n' roll, you can make a good start with Marterie's Somebody Loves Me, Rain, and three other lusty pieces here. While these have all the heavy drive and squally brass that the kids demand, there is also enough variety and jaunty songfulness to whet their appetites for more elastically rhythmed and ingeniously colored jazz styles-including those in Latin-American idiom. The last is represented here by a seventh piece, a new arrangement of Marterie's earlier hit, Guaglione-a rather incongruous addition to the present program, but one so cleverly scored and festive that it is to be welcomed for its own sake as well as for its exceptionally brilliant and stereoistic recording.

Dick Schory's New Percussion Ensemble: "Music for Bang, BaaROOM, and Harp." RCA Victor CPS 203, 26 min., \$8,95.

The titular stress on "bang" and the annotator's pride in the fact that no less than two large vansfull of assorted "kitchenware" were crowded on the stage of Chicago's Orchestra Hall for this recording session misleadingly suggest that the present tape is merely another exernciatingly noisy virtuoso percussion display. It is indeed a fi-man's dream of the glitter, solidity, and enormous dynamic range with which the most steep-fronted transients now can be recorded; but in the present combination of broad-spread stereoism and exceptionally warm and rich auditorium acoustics, the sonies here are as delightful for their crystalline delicacies as they are exciting in their incandescent-yet always musical-climaxes. The arrangements, too, of well-varied pops, exotic, and novelty materials are uncommonly subtle. A "must" tape for every percussion fancier, this should not be missed either by any connoisseur of impressionistic tonal coloring.

Hugo Winterhalter: "Goes Latin." RCA Victor CPS 156, 26 min., \$8.95.

Despite its somewhat Hollywoodian arrangements and occasional interpretative mannerisms, this is one of the best programs I've heard of semisymphonic Latin-American dance music (topped by the leader's own highly atmospheric *Isabel's Tango* based on the fifth Spanish Dance of Granados, his eatchy original La *Muñeca Española*, and a dramatic evoeation of Mexican hull ring music in La *Marcarena*). And it is technically notable, too, for the marked stereoism and reverberance with which the big band has been ultrabrilliantly recorded.

Si Zentner: "High Noon Cha Cha Cha." Bel Canto STB 47, 23 min., \$9.95.

The notion of treating the famous film theme song and other pops favorites in cha-cha style might have had lamentable results (as indeed it does in the present version, complete with vocals, of Sonny Boy); but the title tune itself and, even more surprisingly, Softly as in a Morning Sunrise and Mr. Sandman, turn out to be attractively piquant, as are several of the more suitable Latin pieces also included. And the brightly clean recording does full justice to the zestful playing of Zentner's line flute, marimba, and percussion soloists.

The following brief reviews are of 4track 3¾-ips stereo "tapettes": supplied on normal reels in the case of the HiFi-Tape releases; supplied in "cartridge" form (but removed to normal reels for present review purposes) in the case of the RCA Victor "K" releases.

"Jamaica" Highlights. Original Broadway Cast. RCA Victor KPS 4002, 47 min., \$8.95.

Since I have heard neither the 712-ips taping (CPS 100, issued at \$18.95, currently priced at \$15.95) nor the stereo dise version of Jamaica, 1 had assumed that it was largely a one-woman-Lena Horne-show. Miss Horne is indeed starred, and does some of her best singing here, but I was scarcely less impressed by Josephine Premice, Ricardo Montalban, and Adelaide Hall. And although the Broadway critics may have a point in claiming that the calypso-vein music doesn't approach Arlen's best earlier scores, I must confess that I found it invigorating throughout, perhaps thanks as much to the recording engineers, who have so successfully captured its theatrical festivity in wonderfully open stereoism, as to the verve of the performances.

The Surfers: "On the Rocks." HiFiTape R 408, 32 min., \$7.95.

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George Wright: "Goes South Pacific" and "Flight to Tokyo." HiFiTapes R

716/17, 42 and 40 min., \$7.95 each. Here George Wright cavorts with characteristic verve and schmaltz through a twelve-item anthology of familiar South Pacific tunes and another twelve-item program of pseudo-exotic divertissements (China Nights, Japanese Sandman, etc., not excluding a heart-throbbing slice of Puccinian Japonaiserie) which, as the liner notes concede, are about as Japanese as chop suey is Chinese, yet which are admirably suited to display the gong, xylophone, and bell auxiliaries as well as the more normal registration resources of his five-manual ex-Paradise-Theater instrument. Even listeners anesthetic to the charms of theatre organs must agree that Wright is one of their least offensive exponents. He can dish out sentiment with the best, or worst, of them, but he also can be as engagingly amusing as he is here, especially in a Japanese Can Can translated very freely from Offenbach and the livelier South Pacific pieces. These are surely two of the best of his many releases-and likely to be a revelation to admirers who have known him hitherto only in monophony.

Harry Zimmerman: "Big Dixie." HiFi-Tape R 608, 38 min., \$7.95.

At first I thought the recording here somewhat weaker at the high end than the best of either HiFiTape's or RCA Victor's slow-speed 4-track releases, but I soon realized that this impression was the result of the more-military-than-jazz band scoring, which mainly exploits the middle and lower registers, and which in these regions is captured with impressive strength and depth in exceptionally reverberant acoustics. Zimmerman makes no particular claim to stylistic authenticity in his powerful big-band readings of Wabash Blues, When the Roll Is Called Up Yonder, Tiger Rag, Darktown Strutters' Ball, and eight other Dixieland favorites, but his arrangements are both original and effective, and his rollicking performances inferior to none in devilmay-care exuberance.



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N.10

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20 WATT HI-FI AMPLIFIER KIT MODEL W4-AM \$3975

This top quality amplifier offers you full fidelity at minimum cost. Features extended frequency response, low distortion and low hum level. Harmonic distortion is less than 1.5% and IM distortion is below 2.7% at full 20 watt output. Frequency response extends from 10 CPS to 100,000 CPS within ± 1 db at 1 watt. Output transformer tapped at 4, 8 and 16 ohms. Easy to build and a pleasure to use. Shpg. Wt. 28 lbs.







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Some tips on

Adding the Third Channel

Some stereo systems suffer from lack of center fill. Here's how to plug that hole in the middle.

THE PRACTICABILITY of two-channel stereo reproduction is based on the assumption that any sound picked up with equal intensity by two microphones and reproduced with equal intensity by two loudspeakers will appear to emanate from a point midway between the loudspeakers. This is true in theory, but it doesn't always work in practice, as witness the number of stereo listeners who point a critical finger at a vaguely-defined area between stage left and stage right -the area commonly known as the "hole in the middle."

An ideal stereophonic reproduction of a large performing group will, when heard from a point equidistant from the loudspeakers (and at least as far away from them as the distance between them), provide an even spread of sound across the entire area hetween the speakers. Front row performers at the middle of the group will sound as close to the listener as those at the sides of the stage, and the location of all performers should be equally distinguishable. When the listener moves to one side, he should hear the instruments on that side of the stage more loudly, but he should still be able to hear the ones on the other side of the stage coming from the other speaker.

Unfortunately, the ideal is not always achieved, partly because recording engineers aren't yet thoroughly familiar with this new medium, partly because the reproducing lond-



Figure I. A speaker tied to both "hot" outputs reproduces difference signals. speakers may not be suited for or placed for optimum stereo reproduction, and partly because of the psychological effect of being able to see two distinct sources. Thus, instead of the continuous "curtain of sound," we may get something resembling a bow tie: broad and full at the ends, and pinched in the middle.

The "hole in the middle" is rarely a totally vacant area; more often, it causes a "ping-pong" effect whereby performers who should be located between the speakers seem to jump from one side to the other instead of staying put. In its milder forms, it simply shows up as a vagueness in the location of middle instruments—a perfectly natural phenomenon in the concert hall, but one that is hard to accept when, in the living room, the performers at the sides of the group are often so pinpointed you almost feed you could aim a rifle at them.

Given optimum placement of microphones at the recording session, the most usual causes of the hole in the middle are excessive spacing between or disadvantageous orientation of loudspeaker systems which tend to be directional at high frequencies. Wide speaker spacing increases the breadth and massiveness of stereo reproduction; close spacing solidifies the middle, but reduces the spaciousness of the sound. Optimal spacing and orientation of speakers depend upon their directional characteristics, the acoustics of the listening room, and the distance the listener sits from the speakers. But there are instances when it is impossible to place stereo speakers optimally, so several schemes have been worked out to plug up the resulting hole between them.

These remedial systems fall into two broad categories which we will call, for want of better designations, A+Band A-B arrangements.

An A+B system utilizes a mixture (or addition) of the left- and righthand channel signals, whereas an A-B system utilizes the signal that is left over when the main channel signals are subtracted from one another. This remnant is the so-called difference signal, which causes the stereo effect.

The simplest form of A+B'ing works on the principle that monophonic sound, reproduced through a stereo system, appears to emanate from a narrow area between the speakers." The trick here is to use a "blend control," whose range varies from total channel isolation (normal stereo) to total channel blending (mono sound through both speakers). Rotation of this control has precisely the same subjective effect as varying the distance between the speakers; increased blending tends to move the sound sources towards the middle, improving center fill-in and decreasing spaciousness.

In order to strengthen the center without unduly sacrificing breadth, it is necessary to add a third speaker between the main ones, and feed this with a separate signal that is related to the main stereo signals.

One inexpensive approach to this is Paul Klipsch's A-B arrangement, utilizing his Model H speaker (H for heresy, meaning noncorner). The center speaker is connected between the "hot" output terminals of both amplifiers (Figure 1), where equal voltages are produced when both amplifiers pass identical signals. Thus, voltage is

Continued on page 125

^o It is assumed throughout this discussion that both main speakers are in phase with and identical to one another. Identical speakers provide the least spaciousness from monophonic material, but give the least shifting of sources when reproducing stereo.



Figure 2. Resistors (R) mix the stereo signals to give a third-channel output.

audiocraft

The HF Shopper, No. 3C: Stereo Cartridges. See comments on facing page.

Manufacturer or ImporterDia.ISapp.IType3A tatic13.TBX813.TBcerA tatic13.TBX813.TBcerA udiogersh200nonemmCBS-ColumbiaSC.1D16SC.1S10cerDuotone (Acos)SC.1D18GP73D11GP73ScrysDynaco (B & O)StereodynenonemcElectro-SonicC100nonemcElectro-Voice21D, 26DST21S, 26STcer ¹⁶ Electro-Voice61DS, 66DS61, 66cerErie Resistor130481303cer	Tip RadL 0.7 &	2 J			Lat. M	Mass. Pr	Pro	Load,	ad, Output,	'n,	,	Chan. Sen O	durbur 0	-		1	
13.TBX [®] 13.TBX 200 none 200 none SC.1D ¹⁰ SC.15 ¹⁰ SC.1D ¹⁰ SC.15 ¹⁰ ST.1D ¹⁰ SP335 ST.1D ¹⁰ SP35 ST.1D ¹⁰ SP35 ST.1D ¹⁰ ST.1D ¹⁰ ST.1D ¹⁰ None ST.1D ¹⁰ St.265T ST.1D ¹⁰ St.265T ST.1D ¹⁰ St.1, 66 1304 ¹⁰ 1303				Comp. Co	Comp. ³ N		Arm Chgr.	Ŭ			Response		Terms.	Dia.	Sapp.	Dia.	Sapp.
200 none SC-1D ¹⁰ SC-15 ¹⁰ SC-1D ¹⁰ SC-15 ¹⁰ For object SC-15 ¹⁰ Stereodyne none D) Stereodyne C100 none Z1D, 26DST 215, 26ST Z1D, 26DST 215, 26ST 1304 ⁸ 1303			No	-	1 13		7 gm 7 g	7 gm 2 Meg	eg 0.5 v	20 15,000		20	4	\$16.508	\$7.95	\$15.508	\$6.95
SC.1D ¹⁰ SC.15 ¹⁰ SC.1D ¹⁰ SC.15 ¹⁰ GP73D ¹¹ GP73S Difference none Difference none Z10, 26DST Z15, 26ST Z1D, 26DST Z15, 26MST Difference 61DS, 66DS 61, 66 1304 ⁸ 1303			Yes	4.1	4.1	4	gm 4-6	gm 47 K	10 mv	IV 30-18,500 ⁴		20	4	44.50	none	24.50	none
GP73D ¹¹ GP73S O) Stereodyne none C100 none 215, 265T 21D, 26DST 21S, 26MST 21S, 26MST 61DS, 66DS 61, 66 1304*				2	2	- 5-7	gm 5-7	gm 1 Meg	0.4	v 30-20,000	- 000'	1	e	24.25	I	ſ	1
O) Stereodyne none C100 none 210, 26DST 215, 26ST 21D, 26MST 215, 26MST 215, 26MST 215, 26MST 21MD, 26MDST 213, 26ST 215, 26MST 215, 26MST		X	Yes	4	4	2	gm 4	gm 0.5 Meg	veg 1 v	40-15,000		25	4	20.7011	8.70	6.95	3.50
C100 none 210, 26DST 215, 26ST 21MD, 26MDST 215, 26MST 61DS, 66DS 61, 66 1304 [®] 1303			Yes	5	5	3 2	gm 4	gm 47 K	7 mv	30-15,000"		22	4	29.95	none	14.95	none
21D, 26D5T 21S, 26ST 21MD, 26MD5T 21S, 26M5T 61D5, 66DS 61, 66 1304 [®] 1303		Ŷ	0	5	5	2 1	ED	4 gm	12 0.5 mv	nv 35-15,000		20	4	69.9513	none	l	none
21MD, 26MDST 21S, 26MST 61DS, 66DS 61, 66 1304 ⁸ 1303			Yes	4	4	4-6	gm 46 gm	1	3-9 Meg 0.5 v	20-16,000	-	25	3	19.5015	9.9015	06.6	2.10
61DS, 66DS 61, 66 1304 [®] 1303	0.7 & 3	-	Yes	4	4	4-6	gm 4-6 gm	gm 20-100 K	00 K 20 mv	1v 20-16,000	-	25	3	19.5015	9.9015	6.90	2.10
13048 1303		-	Nor	2.5	2.5	4 6	6 gm 4-6 gm	1	3-9 Meg 0.5 v	v 20-15,000	.000,3	-	ę	15.50 ¹⁸	5.95 ¹⁸	1	- 1
		е е	1	3	e.	5 6	gm 5-6	gm 2 Meg	eg 0.5 v	v 20-16,000		20	3	24.5018	14.5018	I	1
Fairchild 232 none mc	0.6		Nois	6	6	3	gm 3	gm 5 K +	+ 4 mv	10-20,000		25	4	49.50	none	22.5019	none
GC-7 CL-7 VR	0.7		Yes	2	0	2 3.5	3.5 gm 5	gm 50-100 K	00 K 8 mv	, 20-17,000		20+	4	23.95	16.95	9.95	2.50
General Electric GC-5 none VR	0.7		Yes	2.5	4	2 2	E	-20 50-1	50-100 K 8 mv	20-20,000		20+	4	26.95	none	11.95	none
Gotham (Neumann) DST none mc	0.6		No	3.4	3.4	4	- mg	²⁰ 50 ohms	hms 0.75 mv		30-15,000 ⁹	88	5	69.00	none	20.00	none
Grado Stereo Std. none mc	0.7		No	21	15	1 4	gm 4	gm 5 K+	+ 2.5 mv	mv 10-35,000		25+	4	49.50	none	21.50	none
Special ²² none mm	0.7		Yes	4	4	1	³² -6 gm	gm 50 K	5 т.		30-14,000 ²⁸	_	4	64 00	none	1	none
Heath SF.1 none mm	0.6	1	Yes	4.3	s	- 11/2	gm 3-4 gm	gm 47 K	3 п.		20-15,00023	25	4	39.95	none	13.95	none
Pickering 371 none VR	0.724	1	Yes	4-6	4-6	- 2-4	gm 35	4-6 gm ²⁶ 27 K	IO mv		20-15,0009	24	4	29.85	none	18.00	none
Recoton RG74587 none VR	0.7 & 1 or	<i>с</i> р	Yes	4	4	3 3-5	gm 3-5	gm 68 K	4 HV	-	20-15,000%	20+	4	29.95	none	11.95	I
BF-40-4/D BF-40-4 crys	0.75		Yes	3.5	3.5	- 2-5	mg c	I Meg	.eg 0.35	v 30-15,000		24	4	18.30	12.00	6.70	1.10
Ronette Stereo OV/D ⁶ Stereo OV crys	0.75 & 2.5		Yes	9	en	- 2-5	- mg g	- I Meg	eg 0.3 v	v 30-12,000		15	4	19.008	12.75	6.70	1.10
Stereo T/D ⁸ Stereo T crys	0.75 & 2.5		Yes	2.5	2.5	- 3 6	mg à	- 1 Meg	eg 0.7 v	v 30-12,000		12	4	19.008	12.75	6.70	1.10
M3D none mm	0.7		Yes	4	4	2 3	3 gm 3 6 gm	gm 50 K	5 mv		50-15,000 ²⁴	20	4	45.00	none	22.50	none
Shure M7D none mm	0.7		Yes	3.5	3.5	2 4	t gm 4-7 gm	gm 47 K	5 mv	v 50-15,000	1	20	4	24.00	none	12.00	none
8T4 ²⁰ Cer	0.7 & 320		Yes	2	2	11 5-7	7 gm 5-7 gm		2.2 Meg 0.3 v	v 20-12,000		20	4	30	30	30	- 30
Sonotone 10731 10131 cer	0.7 & 3 ³¹		Yes	1.3	1.3	8 5-7	gm 5-7	ШĎ	2.4 Meg 0.5	v 20-15,000		18	4	38	12	33	35
CS01D C501S cer	0.7		Yes	9	9	1 2	gm 4	gm 47	K ³³ 25 r	mv 20-20	20-20,0009	25	5	17.50	9.75	12.75	4.50
Weathers SM-10D ³⁴ SM-10S ³⁴ FM	0.7		Yes	20	20	0.5 1	шŐ		_	- 10-3.	10-35,00035	30	4	Ē		34	31
Webster Electric SC-2D, SC-3D none cer	0.7 & 3 ³⁶	336	1		-	- 5-7	gm 5-7	EO	- 0.5 v		30 -15,000		3, 4 ³⁶	- 36	none	ł	1
Westrex 10-A none mc	0.7		°Z	2.6	2.6	3 5-7	5-7 gm 0.65 mv 40-15,000 23 4 275.00 none - none		- 0.6:	0.65 mv 40-15	40-15,000	23	4	275.00	none	1	none

The HF Shopper

THIS ISSUE: Stereo Cartridges

A tabulation of specifications, special features, and prices of high-fidelity components, prepared by the HIGH FIDELITY staff from information supplied by manufacturers.

Y OU CAN BUY most stereo cartridges and arms separately. In a few cases, however, they are available only as complete pickup combinations. Because there are so many stereo cartridges, arms, and combinations on the market, we were forced to publish this "Shopper" article in two installments: Tables 3A and 3B (in the preeeding issue) covered all arms including those of fixed combinations, and the cartridge sections of combination pickups, respectively. Table 3C, in this issue, contains information on all other stereo cartridges.

It should be kept in mind, however, that the "HF Shopper" is intended only to help you narrow your field of investigation to a few items which appear to meet your needs better than others. Beyond that, personal shopping is recommended; or, if that is impossible, you should rely on more detailed evaluations such as appear in our "High Fidelity Reports" section. You'll find that advertisements often are quite helpful, too.

Virtually all cartridges can be classified as one of two TYPES: magnetic or piezoelectric. Only one well-known cartridge, the Weathers FM-capacitance pickup, doesn't fall into cither category.

Magnetic cartridges include variable-reluctance, moving-coil, and moving-magnet systems; they are all characterized by low voltage output, and accordingly require preamplifier stages. Their output voltage is proportional to the velocity of groove modulation, so that they must be deëqualized to compensate for the preëqualization with which records are made.

Piezoelectric cartridges include those known as ceramic and crystal pickups. These usually have enough output voltage to drive amplifiers directly. Because their output is proportional to the amplitude of groove swing, and record preëqualization is such that groove swing is nearly constant for all frequencies, piezo cartridges can be made very nearly selfequalizing by controlled high-frequency resonance and proper loading. Thus, piezo cartridges require simpler amplifier circuits and, moreover, are generally less expensive than magnetics.

Not too many years ago it could be said flatly that piezo cartridges were also lower in quality than magnetics. But the gap in quality has been closing recently and, with stereo, the manufacturers of piezo cartridges have made giant strides. It is fair to say now that some piezo cartridges are better than some magnetics, although of the two types the best magnetics are still conceded first place.

In making your choice there are three other facts to consider. First, nearly all current control units and control amplifiers have provisions for both types of cartridges, so that the piezo unit's amplifier cost advantage is more theoretical than practical in most cases. (In fact, some piezo cartridges are designed for operation with magnetic cartridge input circuits.) Second, the lower amplification required for piezo units often simplifies hum problems. Third, aside from quality considerations, the average magnetic cartridge will play a record properly with a lower tracking force than the average piezo unit. and this implies a lower rate of record and stylus wear. There are a few exceptions.

Most cartridges are designed to allow TIP REPLACEMENT by the user, which is a real convenience factor. Obviously, though, some manufacturers are convinced that an easilyreplaceable stylus assembly would limit the quality of their cartridge designs. A few piezo cartridges are low enough in price so that the entire unit is replaceable at virtually the price of a diamond stylus alone, and at least one manufacturer of magnetic cartridges offers a trade-in arrangement at stylus replacement cost.

In a stereo cartridge, COMPLIANCE is important for both lateral and vertical stylus motion. Compliance is a measure of how easily the stylus can be moved from its at-rest position, and is, therefore, a factor in determining tracking ability. Together with the arm's dynamic mass it determines the low-frequency resonance point. Compliance should be as high as is consistent with mechanical sturdiness in any given design; if it is very high, the pickup may tend to be fragile and the manufacturer must take special precautions to keep the stylus centered and protected.

The effective TIP MASS, or the dynamic mass of the stylus assembly, is especially important at higher frequencies. It resonates with the compliance of the record material to produce the familiar high-frequency response peak. Above the peak, response invariably falls off sharply. For a given stylus radius the peak can be pushed to a higher frequency by reducing the effective tip mass; the lower this mass is, the better. Obtaining sufficiently low tip mass has been and remains one of the most difficult design problems in stereo cartridges.

Tip mass also has a direct bearing on the MINIMUM STYLUS FORCE required for proper tracking, and on the wear rate of the record and stylus. Record groove acceleration rates of 1,000 g are not extremely uncommon; it would require a downward force of 3 grams simply to keep a 3-milligram stylus assembly in contact with the groove walls under such an acceleration. Cartridges with much higher stylus mass simply will not track such high accelerations at moderate tracking force.

RECOMMENDED LOAD values are shown for purposes of information *Continued on page 128*

Next month: The HF Shopper, No. 4: Preamp Control Units



How to install and care for

Stereo Cartridges

The pickup is where disc stereo in the home begins. Here's how to start it off right, and make sure it stays that way.

A MONOPHONIC pickup requires a fair amount of care in installation, but stereo disc equipment intensifies every requirement of the monophonic medium, as well as adding a couple that are unique to stereo. Practically any pickup malfunction that increases monophonic distortion and groove wear will be even more serious in stereo.

The smaller stylus tip used in stereo, and the increased complexity of the stereo groove, combine to place unprecedented importance on the accuracy of stylus force adjustment and cartridge orientation. And as if that weren't enough, the addition of the second channel quite often breeds hum problems knottier than any ever encountered in the average monophonic system.

Mechanically, the installation of a stereo cartridge involves exactly the same procedures as are called for in mono pickup installation; stereo just makes these operations more critical. For instance, a monophonic cartridge installed with a slight list to one side might give increased distortion and chew up record grooves more rapidly than normal. But a stereo cartridge with the same amount of list will produce considerably more distortion and will lose some of its ability to separate the individual stereo signals.

In making electrical connections for a stereo cartridge you should keep these points in mind: (1) The leftchannel output from the cartridge must end up at the left-hand loudspeaker. and the right-channel sound must come from the right-hand speaker; (2) If each output channel (from the cartridge) has its own ground connection, each should be grounded at that side of the system which is fed by that channel; (3) If the stereo cartridge is to be used for playing mono discs also, there should be some means of combining the stereo channels (to give A+B mixing); (4) If the cartridge has four output terminals, the channel outputs must be wired so as to be in-phase with one another; ° and (5) The pickup arm and turntable should be grounded at some point in the system to reduce audible hum to a minimum.

If the arm has yet to be mounted, consult its instructions to determine where it is to go, and drill any holes that are needed for it. Before mounting the arm, make sure the cartridge can be installed in it once it's mounted. If it can, go ahead and fasten the arm in place. If it can't, postpone the arm installation until after the next step, which may require some cogitation.

A stereo cartridge must have a minimum of three output connections: two "hot" terminals for the right- and left-hand-signal outputs, and one fm their common ground. Four-terminal cartridges have a separate ground connection for each channel output, while five-terminal ones have these plus a separate terminal for a hum-shield around the cartridge. Similarly, a stereo arm must have at least three leads, two of which must be ungrounded for carrying the "hot" signal circuits. In general, the more of a cartridge's

In general, the more of a cartridge's output connections that can be utilized, the less chance there is of encountering hum problems. Thus, if a four-terminal cartridge is going into a four-wire arm, it's wise to use all of the separate connections that are on hand. An arrangement in which the grounds of both stereo channels are brought together at the cartridge *can* cause hum because of the formation of what is known as a ground loop. More about this later.

The limiting factor in any pickup/ arm combination will obviously be the item with the fewer output leads. If the cartridge sports four terminals and the arm has three, then you've no choice but to adopt a three-terminal system, tying together both ground terminals right at the cartridge, and running these through the arm's single ground lead. Some four-terminal pickups come equipped with an interconnecting strap between the ground terminals, enabling the cartridge to be used as a three-terminal or (by removing the strap) four-terminal type.

It is an easy matter to convert most monophonic pickup arms for stereo use: all you do is rewire the arm with the necessary one or two additional pickup leads. This can be done in any arm that does not have two-contact plug-in heads or one of those ingenious plug or plunger arrangements; the important thing is that the new leads be at least as flexible as the ones that are already in the arm. If they aren't, they'll impede the arm's lateral movement. And remember that a pair of uninsulated shielded cables whose braids touch the arm metal, or contact each other, is the same as a three-wire arm system.

There is no established standard color code for stereo pickup leads. The only thing to do in a particular instance is to follow carefully the wiring instructions supplied with the stereo arm and the cartridge, and then to double-check the final job by tracing each lead from its cartridge pin to its ultimate connection at the amplifier(s).

In case there are no instructions at hand, though, here are some safe rules of thumb. If the arm uses two shielded cables, the shields are ground connections and the inner conductors are "hot" (as usual); if you end up with the channels reversed, simply switch the input plugs at the amplifiers. If one of the shielded cables is colorcoded red, this should carry the righthand signal circuits. If the leads aren't shielded, light-colored wires carry the "hot" signal circuits and dark-colored

^{*}One system which requires out-of-phase connection of the pickup is CBS's special two-way stereo amplifier, which passes two separate program channels through a single push-pull amplifier.

ones the grounds. If any leads are paired (*i.e.*, twisted together), a pair should be used for one output channel. The most important thing at this stage of the game is to be sure that "hot" leads carry "hot" circuits, and that if there's a choice of grounds, the right-hand ground goes to the righthand side of the amplifier system, and so forth.

Once you've puzzled out the pickup connections, attach the cartridge connecting clips to the leads inside the head of the pickup arm. When soldering these, turn each clip upside down (so that solder won't run down inside it) and hold it with a small pair of pliers. *Never* solder directly to the cartridge pins, and don't attach the clip to the cartridge before soldering it. Either of these expedients can ruin a pickup cartridge.

The next step depends upon the type of counterbalancing system used in the arm. If weighted inserts must be used in the cartridge shell, the proper insert should be determined by trial and error before fastening the arm in place. To do this, screw the cartridge into its shell temporarily (leaving its leads disconnected) and put different weights on top of the end of the arm until the measured stylus force complies with the manufacturer's recommendation. When this has been done, or if the arm's tracking force can be adjusted after installation, fasten the arm onto the motor board. If the height of the arm base is adjustable, set this so that the axis of the arm is parallel to the top of a record when playing it.

Stylus force should be measured at normal record-playing height, and should be set initially for the *minimum* value recommended by the cartridge manufacturer for the type of arm you're using. Additional force may be needed if appreciable distortion is later observed during recorded fortissimi, but it should never be necessary to use a value above the manufacturer's recommended force range. Should this extra force seem to be required, the pickup or some other component in the system (possibly the arm) is more than likely to be defective or substandard.

Now drape the pickup leads at the rear of the arm so that they produce as little resistance as possible to lateral motion of the pickup, and use a small cable clamp screwed to the motor board to hold the cables in place.

The cartridge's orientation with respect to the record can be checked by placing a single, unwarped record on the turntable and laying a small, thin mirror on top of this. With the pickup stylus resting on the mirror, it is easy to see from directly in front of the cartridge whether or not its stylus is vertical to the surface of the mirror. If it isn't, note whether the whole arm is canted or whether the trouble is limited to the cartridge, and straighten the offending component by shimming it up or manipulating any leveling screws that it may have. The angle of the stylus when viewed from the side will vary from one pickup design to another, and may be assumed correct so long as the axis of the arm is parallel to the disc surface.

Now, the amplifier connections. Herein lie the answer to stereo's number one bugaboo - hum. A well-designed monophonic amplifier is so constructed as to provide no more than one grounding point for all critical low-level stages. If two widely-separated grounding points are utilized for different parts of a low-level amplifier stage, the electrical resistance between these points can inject a hum voltage into the signal. In a stereo system, it is easy to overlook the possibility of these so-called ground loops. For example, two amplifiers may have a common ground connection at one point through an integrated stereo adapter or control section, and at a second point through the common-ground connection of a three-terminal pickup cartridge. Possible result: hum.

Here's an easy way to avoid this trouble, from the outset. If you use a three-terminal pickup system, and a completely integrated stereo amplifier or two separate systems with a central stereo control adapter, connect the pickup's ground to either (not both) the left- or right-hand amplifier input receptacle, choosing that which gives the least hum. If the amplifier channels are totally separate, connect their grounds together at the commonground wire coming out of the pickup arm. With a four-terminal cartridge, connect both of the pickup's ground leads to their respective input receptacles, no matter what the amplifier system; if separate amplifiers are used, rely on the stereo adapter to make the common ground connection. The object in each case is to provide but a single ground connection between the two stereo amplifier systems. As long as this precaution is observed, there should be no more trouble from hum in a stereo system than in a monophonic one.

If hum is still encountered, it can be remedied sometimes by moving the common ground point between the systems to another part of the circuit -say from between the phono inputs to between the control unit outputs. Persistent hum in a stereo system is probably being caused by something that causes hum in mono systems.

Finally, a note about monophonic discs and stereo pickups. A well-designed monophonic cartridge will produce an electrical output only for lateral motion of its stylus. A stereo cartridge, however, must be responsive also to vertical stylus motion if it is to reproduce the intrachannel difference which accounts for the stereo effect. Unfortunately, the only vertical modulation to be found in a monophonic groove is that caused by the so-called pinch effect, which is audible as a particularly offensive form of distortion. Thus, if a stereo pickup is to be used for monophonic discs, its vertical output should be suppressed; this can be done by combining its two output channels. A versatile stereo control unit will provide for "blended" or Continued on page 126



PICKUP

Figure 1. This simple switching system enables a stereo cartridge to be used for playing monophonic discs. The switch parallels the pickup's outputs, eliminating its sensitivity to the vertical vibrations of "pinch effect" on monophonic recordings.



Figure 2. A four-pole two-position switch is required for series connection of a four-terminal stereo pickup cartridge.



combining: Audiolab Test Reports Tested in the Home

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Heath PT-1 AM-FM Stereo Tuner

Price: \$89.95. MANUFACTURER: Heath Company, Benton Harbor 8, Michigan.

The Model PT-1 Stereo AM-FM tuner represents one of the Heath Company's most ambitious efforts. A high-performance AM-FM tuner is a difficult item for a manufacturer to produce under any conditions, even with experienced personnel and complete test facilities. The design of such a tuner for home construction by relatively inexperienced individuals, which must operate without being aligned with costly laboratory equipment, is a formidable task.

This is a true stereo tuner; AM and FM sections are completely separate except for the power supply and tuning meter. The FM tuner has a cascode RF amplifier, mixer, oscillator and reactance tubes, no less than five IF amplifier and/or limiter stages, a discriminator, and a cathode follower audio output. Automatic gain control (AGC) is applied to three IF stages, and also operates the tuning meter.

The "front end" is supplied wired and prealigned, with factory-sealed adjustments. This obviates the need for the kit builder to do any alignment in the tuning portion of the receiver. The IF coils are prealigned also; it is intended that the receiver be in final operating condition after completion, without any IF alignment other than a touch-up adjustment of the discriminator transformer. A complete alignment procedure is detailed in the manual accompanying the kit, for the benefit of anyone having the requisite knowledge and equipment to perform such an alignment.

Designed as a high-quality adjunct to the FM tuner, the AM tuner is much more sophisticated in its design than most we have seen offered to the audio hobbyist. It has an RF amplifier



Heath stereo AM-FM tuner.

and two IF stages with controllable bandwidth. A push-pull germanium diode detector is used for low distortion, and there is a separate cathode follower stage for the audio output. A separate AGC amplifier and detector maintain constant audio level over a wide range of input signal strengths.

The power supply uses silicon diode rectifiers, which generate much less heat than tubes and occupy less space.

Very complete performance specifications are supplied in the operating manual. For the FM tuner, the quieting sensitivity is stated to be 3 µv for 30 db of quieting. The minimum signal strength required to pass through the timer without exceeding 1% distortion at 100% modulation is 5 µv. Hum and noise are rated at 40 db below 30% modulation, or 50 db below 100% modulation, for a 20-µv input signal. Capture ratio (the minimum difference between the strengths of two signals on the same channel for which only the stronger one is heard) is specified as 12 db, and the AFC correction factor (the amount by which a tuning error or drift is reduced by the AFC), 12 db. Suppression of amplitude modulation is claimed to be 25 db.

The AM tuner is rated at approximately 5 μ v sensitivity with the IF selectivity on the narrow setting, and 5 db less, or about 9 μ v, on the broad setting. Audio response on AM is shown as being down 3 db at 20 and 1,500 cps on the narrow IF setting, and at 20 and 6,500 eps on the broad setting. In the latter condition, which would be used for any sort of highfidelity application, there is a sharp null at 10 kc caused by the whistle filter, and this also reduces response by 10 db at 9 kc. Hum and noise are rated at 35 db below 30% modulation with a 100- μ v input signal.

The timer we tested was received from Heath already wired. We have had considerable experience assembling Heathkits, and are familiar with the unusual thoroughness of their manuals. Even so, we found the PT-1 manual most impressive. This is a highly complex instrument, both mechanically and electrically. The electrical assembly has been made nearly foolproof by the use of three printed boards for the IF circuits. The mechanical assembly of the tuning dial in particular seems quite involved; although it is fully described both verbally and pictorially, it should be a time-consuming operation. The entire manual contains seventy-one pages. and the construction of this timer is obviously not a job for a rank beginner.

Test Results

Sensitivity of the tuner was measured in accordance with IHFM standards proposed at the time of testing. The total hum, noise, and distortion in the output was measured relative to the level of a 100%-modulated carrier (400-eps modulation), as a function of signal strength. As received, the tuner showed considerable second harmonic distortion in its output at all signal strengths above 10 µv. An attempt to correct this by a simple touch-up alignment of the discriminator proved fruitless. Therefore, we performed a complete realignment of the FM tuner, including the front end. This required a sweep generator and oscilloscope (a Kay Electric "Ligna-Sweep" was used). Alignment indicated that the discriminator transformer was defective, since its primary winding could not be tuned to the correct point. The tuning slug was set as far out of the coil as it could be. and all indications were that the correct setting had not yet been reached. Nevertheless, performance after alignment was close to the published Heath specifications and, in fact, met them in most respects, so that we feel this report represents a valid appraisal of the unit.

The usable sensitivity, as defined by the IHFM standard, is the minimum signal which results in total noise and distortion being 30 db below 100% modulation at 400 cps (this corresponds to 3% distortion). We found the usable sensitivity of the PT-1 to be $6.2 \mu v$. This was the major difference we noticed between our measurements and the Heath specifications; the distortion wasn't reduced to 1% until a 16- μ v input signal was used. It is entirely possible that a good discriminator transformer would reduce the distortion substantially at low signal levels.

For signal strengths in the 50- to 5.000- μ v range, which is typical of the amplitude of practical FM signals, the distortion was less than 0.5% at 100% modulation. That is quite negligible in view of the distortion levels existing in other links of the recording and reproducing chain, from microphone to speaker. Distortion rises slightly for very strong signals (over 5.000 μ v), but does not exceed 0.8%.

The AGC action is very effective. Maximum audio output is reached with a 10-av signal, and no change in level occurs as signal strength increases from that point.

The IF transformers are overcoupled to produce a "doublehumped" response. This results in wide IF bandwidth (over more than 200 kc) combined with steep skirts



for good adjacent-channel selectivity. The discriminator peaks are about 400 ke apart. This means that even the weakest signals can be received without serious distortion from elipping of the sidebands. Even at 5 μ v, 93 ke deviation was required to produce visible clipping of the modulating waveat slightly higher signal form: strengths the permissible deviation approached 200 kc or more. The practical advantage of this design is that an FM station which overmodulates (and a number of them do) can be received without the roughness and distortion that overmodulation causes on tuners without the IF and discriminator bandwidth characteristics of the Heath PT-L

Over-coupling of the IF transformer, however, makes it necessary to use a sweep generator and oscilloscope to align this timer. Many timers can be aligned to a considerable extent using their own tuning meter, or at most an external voltmeter, but this is quite impossible in the case of the PT-1.

We measured the drift of the oscillator in the PT-I from a cold start as about 145 kc (without AFC). Most of this occurred in the first seven minutes of operation. The AFC correction was 14.7 db, which reduced the drift to an effective 30 kc. A station can be tuned in immediately after turning the set on, without AFC, and the AFC then turned on. No further retuning is required. The drift with line fluctuations from 105 to 125 volts was 31 kc, which is reduced to negligible proportious when AFC is used.

The capture ratio turned out to be 17 db, not quite as good as the rated 12 db, but the AM rejection exceeded the specified 25 db by a considerable margin. The cathode follower output stage makes the frequency response of the tuner quite independent of cable capacitance. A 1,000-µµf capacitance across the timer output reduced the 10-kc response by only 0.5 db. Overall frequency response was within ± 1.8 db from 20 to 20,000 eps. Most of this variation is, apparently, the result of component tolerances in the deëmphasis network. It is interesting to see that the response at 20 cps was totally unaffected by the AFC circuit. A common fault of FM tuners, especially inexpensive ones, is a lack of filtering in the AFC circuit which may sharply reduce the low-frequency response.

The hum level of the FM tuner was -56.5 db relative to the 100% modulation level, which is well below the -50 db specification in the manual. Power line leakage was negligible.

We didn't test the AM tuner in the laboratory, but gave it careful listening tests and A-B comparisons against the FM tuner when listening to local stations broadcasting good-quality FM and AM programs simultaneously. On much of the recorded material being broadcast there was little difference between the quality of the AM and FM tuners. When good recordings or live broadcasts were used as a basis for comparison, the loss of highs in the AM tuner could be heard. At all times, the difference in background noise level was very evident.

Summary

The Heath PT-1 is, potentially at least, a very fine AM-FM tuner at a most reasonable price. When properly aligned the FM tuner is the equal of many more expensive manufactured units. The AM tuner is distinctly better than any we have heard in combi-



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nation with an FM tuner at prices up to 50% more than the PT-1. The complexity of this set is such that we suspect the builder will appreciate the reasons behind the pricing of some of the more expensive AM-FM tuners after he has completed the PT-1. It should be a very educational process. As a matter of fact, the mere study of the manual accompanying the PT-1 constitutes an excellent home study course on FM tuner design.

Of course, we have no way of knowing how typical was our experience with the misaligned or defective discriminator transformer, but we recommend strongly that anyone building this tuner have it aligned by a competent serviceman. This should greatly increase the chances of realizing the full performance designed into it.

lsotone "Toccata" Speaker System

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): an integrated two-way speaker system incarporating cone drivers and a tuned, damped air column far woofer loading. Frequency range: 30 to 18,000 cps. Impedance: 8 ohms. Power rating: 30 watts. Dimensions: 26 in. wide by 32 high by 18 deep, over-all. Price: \$248.75. MANUFACTURER: Isotone Acaustic Spiralways, Inc., 3402 Third Ave., New York 56, N. Y.

Isotone speaker systems utilize a long column of air, like an organ pipe, to load the woofer cone. This isn't a new idea; other designs have used variations on the same theme, but the principle itself is fraught with potential problems, not the least of which is the inclination of such pipes to resonate at several frequencies unless carefully daroped. Acoustic Spiralways have attacked this problem by venting the remote end of their tuned column and loading it with a considerable amount of acoustic resistance. The result is a system which effectively combines most of the advantages of both a tuned system and a nonresonant system, but has few of the disadvantages of either.

The sound of the "Toccata" system was at once massive-sounding and sweet, yet without the boominess that is characteristic of uncontrolled resonant systems. Its bass range was subjectively flat to an estimated 40 cps, and useful response was maintained to around 30 cps. There was little evidence of doubling, and no significant peaks were observed throughout the system's entire range. Bass definition was good enough to permit fairly easy



Isotone "Toccata" speaker system.

identification of instruments and bass lines, although best results were obtained from our sample "Toccata" when it was fed by an amplifier having a high damping factor (which happens to be the nature of most of the available high-quality power amplifiers).

The middle range appeared to be free from sharp peaks, although subtly colored by an "oh" quality. Highs were smoothly sweet: there was no tendency toward spitting, and nary a trace of shrillness. String tone was reproduced musically, although without some of the gutty quality that bespeaks full response to well beyond 10,000 eps. Over-all definition was good but not outstanding; the system seemed to cause a very slight blending of sonic details rather than a reproducing of them with analytical precision.

This is by no means an inexpensive system. It has certain positive qualities of sound that are not to be found in any other systems I've encountered, however; ones which will appeal strongly to musically-oriented listeoers who prefer a wide-range system without conspicuous idiosyncrasies but having unusual warmth and massiveness. The cabinet work on our sample unit was exemplary.—J.C.H.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: Because of the very high acoustic resistance af the lsatane, we suggest that particular attention be paid to equalization and compensation of the device. Record manufacturers' recommendations should not necessarily be followed to the letter. In high fidelity everything varies. With compensation dane to a nicety, given a clean amplifier with musically adequate reserve power, we believe that the lsotone is, subjectively, the least disturbing of any conventional sound system to be obtained.

Best definition with the Isotone is obtained, usually, by lifting the rolloff and then by carefully adjusting the treble control. Also, on control-unit quality, or lack of it, depends the nature of the end result in the speaker system.

Pilot SA-232 Stereo Amplifier

SPECIFICATIONS (furnished by manufacturer): Model SA-232-dual-channel power amplifier. Rated power: music waveforms, 40 watts total, 20 watts per channel; 17 watts rms per channel. Frequency range: 20 to 20,000 cps. Harmonic distortion: 1% at full autput. IM distortion: 1.5% at full output. Hum: 90 db below full output. Inputs: channel A, channel B. Outputs: 8 and 16 ohms to channel A and channel B speakers. Two switched AC outlets, power supply for preamplifier, switched AC outlet for turntable. Dimensions: 13½ in. long by 5½ high by 5 wide, over-oll. Price: S89.50. MANUFACTURER: Pilot Radio Corp., 37.06 36th St., Long Island City 1, N. Y.

This stereophonic amplifier is for all intents and purposes two completely independent power amplifiers on a single chassis. Only the power supply is common to both channels; all other parts are duplicated from end to end.

It is equipped with two standard AC power outlets which turn on or off with the amplifier, and it has a special four-pin AC outlet for a record changer or turntable. It is adequately fused, and appears to be designed sufficiently within the ratings of its



Pilot SA-232 stereo amplifier.

components so as to assure long, trouble-free life. In addition to its AC outlets, it is equipped with a power supply outlet socket which provides heater and B+ power for Pilot's SP-210 stereo preamplifier.

Our sample SA-232 met its power specifications with ease, and its hum level was so far below the limit of audibility that it could justifiably be called nonexistent. Over-all sound was clean and well balanced, with no tendency to emphasize or deëmphasize any part of the audible spectrum, and with tight, moderately well-defined bass. Middles and highs were subtly soft and velvety rather than startlingly lucid. All in all, this ranks with the finest amplifiers in its price and power class. An excellent buy for the tightly-budgeted stereophile.

J.G.H.

audiocraft

ATR

General Electric MS-4000 Stereo Amplifier

Price: \$169.95. MANUFACTURER: General Electric Co., West Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

The General Electric MS-4000 is an integrated stereo amplifier, containing two 20-watt power amplifiers, two preamplifiers, a common power supply, and complete switching for various modes of stereo and monophonic operation.

Three sets of stereo inputs are provided: magnetic phono with RIAA equalization, tape head with NARTB equalization, and timer inputs, unequalized. In addition, there are two monophonic inputs: a nonequalized AUX input and an RIAA-equalized phono input. A single input selector switch is used.

A MODE switch selects either normal stereo operation or reversed-channel operation. A third position parallels both stereo inputs and feeds the common signal to both channels. If separate mono signal inputs are used instead of a stereo input, the MODE selector provides reproduction on either speaker from its corresponding input signal, or mixes both signals and feeds them to both speakers.

After the mode selection, all controls are common to both channels. Fletcher-Munson compensation is by means of a separate contour control which works in conjunction with the volume control. In the counterclockwise position of the contour control, the volume control is uncompensated. Clockwise rotation of the contour control introduces increasing amounts of bass boost which occurs as the volume is reduced. This arrangement provides a high degree of flexibility in adjusting loudness compensation to suit personal taste.

Bass and treble tone controls for both channels are ganged. A balance control provides a very gradual change in the relative outputs of the two channels over most of its rotation, after which the rate of change increases sharply. In its extreme positions, the balance control cuts off one or the other channel completely.



The power switch is a slide switch, independent of all other controls. A rumble filter switch on the front panel is effective on all inputs. This can be very useful when a broadcast program contains rumble, which sometimes happens. A small hole in the front panel provides access to a screwdriver-adjusted tuner input level control, affecting both channels simultaneously. This is normally set to reduce the tuner volume level to the typical level obtained when playing records.

In the rear of the amplifier are the input connectors, on a vertical terminal board which clearly identifies



GE MS-4000 stereo amplifier.

left and right channels. The two sets of speaker outputs each have 4-, 8-, and 16-ohm taps. When 8-ohm speakers are used, a special set of terminals is connected to the left-channel amplifier, and a phase reversal switch on the rear of the amplifier permits the speakers to be phased without disconnecting any speaker leads.

Two AC convenience outputs also are located at the back of the MS-4000 amplifier. One is energized at all times; the other is turned on by the amplifier power switch. Two tape output jacks supply low-impedance (10k) outputs to a stereo tape recorder. They are located after the volume and tone controls, but ahead of the balance control.

Each power output stage has a push-pull pair of 6973 tetrodes. The power supply is unusually extensive for such a compact and moderatepower amplifier. There are actually three separate power supplies: a selenium bridge rectifier provides DC to the heaters of the preamplifier and tone control stages, as well as fixed bias to the output tubes; a GZ34 slow-heating rectifier supplies the plate power to all stages; and a separate supply with a 6X4 slow-heating rectifier is used only for screen voltage on the output tubes.

Test Results

In practically all respects the two channels were identical. Except where otherwise specified, our curves apply equally well to either channel.

The power output of each channel met the manufacturer's rating of 20 watts at middle frequencies. Full power could be developed between 30 cps and 10 kc, and 10 watts could be obtained at 15 cps and 20 kc. The tone controls were entirely conventional in their operation. The loudness control worked well, although there was little effect until it was rotated beyond its 12-o'clock position.

Phono and tape equalization were both quite accurate and well matched on both channels. The over-all equalization error did not exceed 2 db from 20 to 20.000 cps. The rated distortion specification of 1% at 20 watts was exceeded handily, with typical 1.000cps distortion figures of 0.4% at 20 watts, and about 0.2% at ordinary listening levels. Intermodulation distortion also was low at low ontputs, and only reached 1.6% at 20 watts.

The only place there was any significant difference between channels was in the 20-cps harmonic distortion measurement. Both channels were quite satisfactory for an amplifier in the price range of the MS-4000 (\$170), but one was markedly better than the other. This was probably because the output tubes of one channel were slightly unbalanced. No balance controls are provided.

Hum level ratings, -62 db on phono and -73 db on timer input (referred to 20 watts), proved to be very conservative. We measured hum levels of -77 db and -82 db on the two channels for timer inputs, and -65 db and -66 db on the phono inputs. Hum on the tape-head inputs was appreciably higher, being in the vicinity of -50db.

The gain of the preamplifier is high enough for practically any of the lowoutput stereo cartridges. A full 20 watts output can be obtained with a $2.5 \text{-m} \tau$ input signal. The tuner inputs are also quite sensitive.

Output tubes and filter capacitors are operated conservatively, and the use of slow-heating rectifiers eliminates the warm-up surges which frequently overload filter capacitors. The power line leakage is 0.8 ma. That isn't dangerons but it can be felt if one touches the amplifier chassis and a good ground at the same time.

Damping factors of the two power amplifiers were measured as 6.0 and



6.4. The power which could be developed with a $3.0-\mu fd$ capacitor shunting an 8-ohm resistive load (to simulate an electrostatic speaker) was about 5.5 watts at 10 kc. Under this condition of loading, the amplifier was stable and the 10-kc square-wave response was good. (See photo.) With the shunting capacitor reduced to 0.25 μfd , however, there was high-frequency ringing which amounted to a sustained oscillation.

Listening Test

Our measurements suggest that the MS-4000 is a first-rate amplifier of more than usual flexibility. Listening to it under usual home conditions confirmed that impression completely. It is very clean sounding and easy to operate. We especially appreciated the speaker phase reversal switch, which makes possible a true A-B comparison of in-phase and out-of-phase operation.

Even at very high listening levels, there was no sign of strain or breakup. On the phono inputs, when the volume is advanced the tube hiss exceeds the hum in audibility, but neither can be heard at gain settings which would be used in ordinary operation.

The use of ganged tone controls may draw some criticism from purists, though we did not find it to be a disadvantage even with two dissimilar speaker systems. Conceivably, if the speakers were quite different in their characteristics, separate tone controls



10-kc square wave with resistive load.



50-cps square wave, tone controls flat.



would be important. We suspect that GE intended this amplifier to be used with a pair of identical speakers, in which case we can see no objection to the ganged tone controls.

The loudness compensation worked well, without the tubbiness which sometimes plagnes less flexible designs. The rumble filter also was useful, since it reduced the 70-cps response by only 3 db and the 30-cps response by 9 db. No audible change in the balance of the sound could be discerned when the rumble filter was switched in.

Summary

The General Electric MS-4000 is of excellent design and construction, and should prove adequate for most home stereo installations. The front panel has a disarmingly simple appearance in this day of multi-controlled stereo amplifiers, yet the only feature of conceivable importance lacking in the MS-4000 which is present in competitive units is that of separate tone controls for the two channels.

The instruction booklet accompanying the amplifier is unusually complete, in a way which we would like to see imitated by other high-fidelity equipment manufacturers. Performance specifications are very completely. presented-and, what is more important, the amplifier lives up to them or exceeds them in every respect. Typical curves are included showing frequency response, distortion, and other properties of the amplifier. Complete and easily understood installation and operation instructions, a replacement parts list, a functional block diagram, and a schematic diagram are a few more reasons why we appreciate the thoroughness of the MS-4000 manual.

The only possible limitation on the performance of this amplifier which was disclosed by our tests was the tendency toward instability at certain values of capacitive loading. Under the circumstances, we would not recommend the use of the MS-4000 with an electrostatic speaker. On the other hand, we know of no electrostatic speaker of good quality which would be used with an amplifier of this power rating, so that may be a trivial consideration.

In our report on the General Electric GC-5 stereo cartridge, we commented on the requirement of a preamplifier with low input capacitance in order to maintain the full high-frequency response of the cartridge. At the time. General Electric engineers assured us that their amplifiers were designed so as not to degrade the cartridge performance. We checked the MS-4000 with a GC-5 cartridge, measuring the change in response resulting from inserting the cartridge coil in series with the test signal into the preamplifiers. We found that the change in response was less than ± 2 db from 20 to 20,000 cps when the GC-5 cartridge was used. The two components obviously are quite compatible.

MANUFACTURER'S COMMENT: The particular unit tested was one of the first production models of the MS-4000. Two important modifications have been made in later production units: (1) in order to obtain maximum quality from the recording source, the tape outputs are now taken off just ahead of the tone circuit, and (2) the output transformer has been modified to handle a full 20 kc at 20 watts with negligible distortion, and is able to handle any electrostatic tweeter and any capacitance with complete stability. These modifications hove in no way offected the unit's excellent low-end performance.



10-ke square wave with 3-mfd load.



Same as above, but with 0.25-mfd load.

AUDIO FORUM

Asymmetrical Baffling

SIR:

I have read that a loudspeaker should be placed off-center when mounted on a baffle. Could you please tell me why?

Is it necessary to have the speaker's center a different distance from all four edges, or may it be placed up and over by the same distance? Is there any rule (approximate or otherwise) as to how far off-center it should be placed? If two speakers are to be mounted on the same baffle, may they be symmetrical with respect to each other-that is, one up and right from center and the other down and left from center?

Charles Ryberg Palatine, Ill.

Off-center mounting of a loudspeaker minimizes the effects of any resonant conditions between the speaker and the edges or interior surfaces of the baffle.

If a flat baffle board is used, asymmetrical speaker mounting reduces the tendency toward peaking of bass response and produces a less sharp attenuation of bass below the critical cutoff frequency of the baffle. If the speaker is in an enclosure, asymmetrical mounting on the front panel will minimize the middle-frequency peaks which arise from diffraction effects due to the radiated sound attempting to "fold" around the front edges of the cabinet.

The speaker should, ideally, be offcenter vertically and laterally, but there is no hard-and-fast rule about this. On a rectangular baffle, the unit should be off-center by about 10% of the total dimension in each direction. On a square baffle, asymmetry of about 10% in one direction and 20% in the other direction will give the desired result. When two speakers are used, these should be asymmetrical with respect to one another as well as with respect to the edges of the baffle.

Stereo Disc Equalization

SIR:

I recall when you used to publish each month a table listing the playback equalization required by different brands of monophonic LP discs, and am wondering if you intend to do the same thing for stereo discs? This would be a great help to those of us who are buying stereo discs and are not certain how to equalize them.

> D. R. Porter Pottstown, Pa.

All available 45/45 stereo discs are recorded to conform to the RIAA playback standard.

Stylus Force

SIR:

The instructions supplied with my new monophonic cartridge state that it should be tracked at a stylus force of between 4 and 6 grams, yet I find that it will stay in the groove when tracked at forces as low as 2 grans. There is some distortion audible during loudlyrecorded passages, but is it not better to tolerate this distortion in favor of the reduced record wear that I'll get from tracking at this very low force? *Lawrence M. Mader*

Pittsburgh, Pa.

A pickup tracked at inadequate force can do almost as much damage to grooves and styli as will one that is somewhat too heavy.

Excessive tracking force causes rapid wear of both the groove and the stylus, by increasing contact friction and deforming the vinyl record material beyond its limit of elasticity. Insufficient force has much the same effect, because it permits the stylus to skitter back and forth in the groove, riding up first one and then the other groove wall and battering from side to side every time the groove swings back and forth.

Optimum tracking force is a compromise between both extremes, and usually works out to be the minimum force value that can be obtained without introducing audible distortion. The manufacturer's recommended force range should be observed, using the minimum recommended value that provides distortionless, fuzz-free tracing of loudly-recorded passages.

Matched Loudspeakers

SIR:

I have read several times in HIGH FI-DELITY that "Best results are obtained from stereo material when both loudspeaker systems are identical." I'm willing to take your word for this, but I would like to ask why this should be the case.

William Mulloy Brooklyn, N. Y.

Proper aural localization of sounds in their original positions across the area between stereo speakers depends to a major extent upon the relative loudness with which the sounds issue from the speakers. A sound which emanates equally from both speakers will appear to he located dead-center between them; one which comes more strongly from one or the other of the speakers will appear to be located some distance to left or right of center. This is why it is important that the volume levels of both stereo channels be as close to identical as possible; an imbalance will seem to shift all instruments to one side, bunching them together near one or the other of the speakers.

If the two stereo speakers have widely different frequency response characteristics, it will be impossible to balance their outputs properly, because balance at one frequency will create imbalance at another frequency. The result of this is an apparent shifting back and forth of sounds which are supposed to originate from a fixed spot between the speakers.

If the speakers are only moderately different in response, there will simply be poor localization of centered sounds, rather than a constant shifting of them. This will cause lack of definiteness of the locations of instruments which were originally located between the microphones.

Amplifiers and room placement will tend to make identical speakers sound slightly different, but the chances of achieving consistent balance and good aural localization are greater when both stereo speakers (particularly the units reproducing the middle and upper ranges) are of the same make and model, and are identically baffled.



from audio salesmen

by HERMAN BURSTEIN

Two well-known audio salesmen from New York City proffer advice to the high fidelity customer on many facets of equipment purchasing.

W ITH EACH high-fidelity component available in many brands and models, and at various prices, a bewildering complex of choices confronts the newcomer to high fidelity, or anyone replacing his original system or adding a second channel for stereo. I know a man who bought a fine power amplifier and control unit several months ago. He has never put them to use; during this time he has been wandering from dealer to dealer, not knowing what tuner, what speaker, what turntable, what arm, and what pickup to buy.

Ultimately, the choice of components must be made by the purchaser. He does well to seek expert guidance first, however, and a source of good counsel is the salesman in an audio salon of good reputation. Frequently he is a technician as well, often with formal training in electronics. He has to offer not only his personal opinion based on experience, but also the concensus of other important peopletechnicians, engineers, and customers.

Following is a view of high-fidelity buying problems as seen by two well-known audio salesmen in New York City: Jim Carroll of Harvey Radio and Harold Weinberg of Hudson Radio. This is a distillation of their answers to some of the most frequent questions posed by the customers they have served.

(1) Most audio equipment on the market meets generally accepted high-fidelity specifications concerning frequency response, distortion, signal-to-noise ratio, and so on.



What, then, distinguishes the truly superior unit from its competitors? Considering components in general, Carroll and Weinberg answer that the superior item is distinguished by clarity of reproduction, definition of details, "natural sound"-that is, similarity to the original. "Listening to music through good equipment is like looking through a clear window," says Weinberg, Carroll compares the sound provided by good equipment with the sharplyfocused picture of a fine TV set.

Taking components one by one, here are some of Weinberg's pointers on each. A top-quality cartridge, while having extended high-frequency response, should produce comparatively little surface noise and needle talk. A good tone arm should handle well and not tend to fly out of the operator's hand. A turntable should be quiet in operation, and free of detectable vibration anywhere on its motor board or base. An FM tuner should have high sensitivity, sharp selectivity, and low distortion; in a low-price tuner the customer should be wary of sensitivity comparable with that of expensive units, for this may imply a sacrifice in other characteristics. A tape recorder should handle easily and have no audible wow and flutter; good places to check are at the beginning and end of a reel. An audio control unit should have high gain and low noise, no audible hum at customary levels, and should be free of any tendency to oscillate or motorboat (a frequent problem in high-gain affairs). A power amplifier ought to be of simple, straightforward design, with solid bass and transparent highs. A speaker system should be free of harshness, although it may sound brilliant (depending upon the listener's taste); it is more important for it to have smoothness and balance than the ability to reproduce extreme lows and extreme highs.

(2) Lately there has been a pronounced trend toward amplifiers of 40, 50, 60, and yet higher wattage ratings, although 20- and even 10-watters were considered until recently quite adequate for rooms of average size and speakers of average efficiency. Often the audio salesman is asked if the high-power unit provides superior performance at moderate levels, when probably a watt or two at the most is used. Carroll and Weinberg differ somewhat in their answers. Carroll's observation, based in part upon his customers' reactions, is that the high-power unit generally has greater clarity and more fullness at all levels. Most of his customers who have traded in a low-wattage amplifier for one of greater capacity have been pleased with the change. Weinberg, however, points out that if the lowpower unit produces equally low IM distortion at ordinary levels, there can be no audible difference at such levels. Apparently, in designing an amplifier to perform well at 50 watts or so, the manufacturer *ipso facto* assures excellent performance at moderate levels. On the other hand, it is also possible to design directly for excellent performance at moderate levels without having to aim at maximum power output above 10 or 20 watts.

(3) Exceptional is the man who cannot look back upon errors in the selection, installation, or operation of his audio equipment. What are the major and most common mistakes?

In choosing equipment, a fundamental error is to mistake spectacular for natural sound. Carroll likens this to a photograph with colors that are extremely vivid rather than true to nature. Mismatch of components, in the sense of acquiring units not consistent in quality, is a prominent fault; this is particularly true of the speaker, which is very often inferior to the rest of the system. The problem goes even further, Carroll holds, for it is necessary to match the speaker to its environment. He will ask a customer for a complete description of his listening room and furnishings in order to advise him on a speaker and enclosure in a given price class. Weinberg points out that another common error in selecting equipment is overgreat reliance on the recommendations of friends, who seldom have the required experience and breadth of view, or fail to consider the purchaser's special circumstances and needs-which may differ greatly from their own.

As for installing the equipment, Weinberg says that all too often the customer seems to follow the precept "when all else fails, read the instructions." The problem of hum besets many an installation. Frequently, it is caused by not inserting a phono plug tightly enough to make a secure ground connection. Hum may result from locating a phono arm too near a power transformer when mounting the equipment in furniture. It often can be subdued by simple measures, such as reversing the power plug in the house outlet, tightening a phono plug, or connecting a ground wire from a chassis to a radiator, water pipe, or similar fixture (never to a gas line). Unfortunately, many a customer starts exploring the insides of his equipment for the cause of the trouble. "Never!" says Weinberg. "Call the salesman. His job isn't finished until you are satisfied."

Acoustic feedback is a common problem, points out Carroll, because many customers place the speaker too near the rest of the system, where the sound may vibrate the phono stylus and the tubes. Weinberg says that many bassreflex cabinets have improperly adjusted ports, causing audible low-end resonance. Many light speaker enclosures can use additional bracing, he says, and suggests that the installer experiment with speaker location (an advantage of a small speaker system) because a speaker that sounds woefully bad in one part of the room may change character elsewhere.

(4) To maintain a distinct advantage over ordinary reproducing systems, high-fidelity equipment must be not merely functioning, but in virtually perfect condition. What should be done in the way of preventative maintenance? Carroll suggests that, if daily use is made of the system, the stylus be checked every three months and the tubes every six months. The owner of an FM tuner should be careful to identify the exact socket where each tube was located, because an interchange involving the same type of tube can upset alignment. About once a year all the equipment should be taken into a qualified service shop for a performance check and necessary alignment. A typical charge for this service, according to Carroll, is about \$30;

Continued on page 124



"I want a radial tweeter with acoustic feedback, a 16-ounce damping factor and blue vellum upholstery—and no backtalk!"



"My system sounded scratchy on 78s so I looked inside to find the trouble, and now it won't play at all. Fix it, will you?"



"Boy, am I glad to see you. I got this set together but it looks different, somehow. How about fixing it for me?"



"I'll hook these preamps in series, turn the bass and treble knobs up all the way, and I'll have me some REAL COOL hi fi."



Heath Stereo Cartridge

The Heath Company is now delivering its Model SF-1 stereo pickup cartridge, which will fit any stereo tone arm. Of the moving-magnet type, the SF-1 has a 0.6-mil diamond stylus. Specified frequency response is 20 to 15,000 cps, ± 4 db; output impedance, 6,000 ohms per channel; output voltage, 3 mv; and tracking force, 2 to 4 grams. The price is \$39.95.

Scott 40-Watt Amplifier

The Model 250 is a 40-watt power amplifier from H. H. Scott, Inc. which incorporates Scott Power-Balance Circuitry. Its distortion at a full 40 w output (80 w peak) is claimed to be less than 0.1% first-order difference tone, and less than 0.5% harmonic. Hum level is rated at 85 db below full output. Other specifications: frequency response, flat from 12 to 40,000 cps; sensitivity, 0.5 v input for 40 w output; dimensions, 13 in. wide by 9½ deep by 7 high. The amplifier is said to work perfectly with reactive loads such as electrostatic speakers. Prices, east of the Rockies: amplifier, \$119.95; accessory case, \$10.

Turntable Level

Robins Industries has just announced a new spirit level for adjusting turntables and record changers. The *Model* TL-1 is a compact but accurate spirit level in a gold-anodized aluminum case. Its price is \$1.15.

EICO 35-Watt Amplifier

Production of the Model HF35 power amplifier in both kit and factory-wired versions is announced by Electronic Instrument Company, Inc. The HF35 is essentially a 35-watt version of the EICO HF50 and HF60 amplifiers. Tube lineup is the same (EF86, 6SN7GTB, two EL34 output tubes, and GZ34 rectifier) and the same circuit is used except that the output stage is self-biased. An octal plug is supplied to furnish preamplifier operating voltages. IM distortion is specified as 0.15% at 20 w, 1.5% at 35 w; response, ±0.1 db from 20 to 30,000 cps at 35 w; hum level, 90 db below 35 w; sensitivity, 0.43 v input for full

output; dimensions, 7 in. high by 14 wide by 8 deep. Factory-wired price of basic amplifier is \$72.95; kit price, \$47.95; optional enclosure, \$4.50.

C & M Network Coils

C & M Coils Company offers a complete line of air-core coils for dividing network construction or other purposes. Eighty inductance values from .05 to 12 mh are available in No. 17 Formvar copper wire, and 52 inductance values from 5.0 to 20 mh in No. 16 Formvar. Accuracy is guaranteed better than $\pm 10\%$ of rated values. According to the manufacturer, all inductors are oven-baked, calibrated, the leads tinned and spaghetti-covered, the coils cotton-wrapped and varnish-dipped, rebaked, and rechecked before going into stock. Typical prices: 1 mh, No. 17 wire, \$2.40; 10 mh, No. 16 wire, \$6.00.

Sonotone Booklet

A new booklet, "Stereo Simplified," will be given free of charge to anyone requesting it. Published by Sonotone Corporation, the booklet explains stereo recording and reproduction in simple terms, and gives suggestions on assembling stereo high-fidelity systems.

Challenger Components

Bogen-Presto Division of the Siegler Corporation has announced two new stereo components in the "Challenger"

For more information about any of the products mentioned in Audionews, we suggest that you make use of the Product Information Cards bound in at the back of the magazine. Simply fill out the card, giving the name of the product in which you're interested, the manufacturer's name, and the page reference. Be sure to put down your name and address too. Send the cards to us and we'll send them along to the manufacturers. Make use of this special service; save postage and the trouble of making individual inquiries to several different addresses.

line: the Model AC210-A control amplifier, and the Model TC200-A tuner.

The AC210-A has a dual stereo preamp-control section and a power amplifier section which can be used as a 20-watt monophonic amplifier, a 20-watt power amplifier fed by one of the preamp channels, or two 10watt stereo amplifiers. Full control of inputs and outputs is provided for tape, stereo and mono records, radio, and auxiliary sources. Its basic price is \$99.95; the metal case is \$6.00 extra.

The TC200-A is a true stereo FM-AM tuner; the FM and AM sections can be used separately or simultaneously. AFC and AVC are both supplied. Basic price is \$129.50, with the metal case optional at \$6.00 extra.

Norelco Enclosures

North American Philips Company, Inc. has three new speaker enclosures designed for Norelco T-7 series speakers but which will, according to the company, work equally well with most other speakers of comparable size.

Model 1 is a back-loading folded horn enclosure for 12-inch speakers. Dimensions are 26 in. wide by 21½ high by 17½ deep, not including the 8-inch legs. It is priced at \$91.00 to \$99.50, depending on finish. With two 8-inch speakers installed, the price is \$149.95 to \$159.95, depending on finish.

Models 2 and 3 are distributedport bass reflex types (without legs) which can be installed horizontally or vertically, or in bookshelves. The Model 2 is 23½ in. by 13¾ in. by 11¾ deep; prices are \$51.00 to \$59.95, depending on finish. The Model 3 is 18½ in. by 12 in. by 8½ deep, and priced at \$31.00 to \$35.00, depending on finish.

Finishes available for all enclosures are mahogany, blond, walnut or cherry.

Multiplex Tuner

Harman-Kardon has introduced an FM-AM tuner, the *Model* 250, which contains a signal connection, power supply, and space within the chassis for the company's FM multiplex adapter. The adapter for current experimental FM multiplex broadcasts is the Model MA250.

Incorporating the new Harman-Kardon "Gated Beam" limiter and Foster-Seeley discriminator, the Model 250 also makes use of a shaded-beam tetrode in the FM front end. Tuning is facilitated by an electronic tuning bar indicator. Eastern prices are: Model 250 tuner, \$149.50; Model TC50 enclosure, \$12.50; Model MA250 multiplex adapter, \$49.95.



PILOT PROVES you can have highest quality at low cost with a superb 40-watt stereophonic amplifier at \$89.50and an equally superb, more powerful 70-watt stereophonic amplifier at only \$139.50. How can PILOT do it? It is more than PILOT's 40 years of electronics experience ... more than PILOT's dedication to engineering for uncompromising quality ... and more than Pilot's painstaking quality control in production. Combine all of these with the fact that PILOT builds every component completely within its own plant, and you can readily understand how PILOT can offer true quality components at the lowest possible prices.

We invite you to examine the specifications of these two, systems engineered, basic PILOT stereo amplifiers. And, read in your favorite technical magazines how highly the experts in the field rate them. Think, too, how much quality must be built into PILOT's integrated stereophonic preamplifieramplifiers, deluxe stereo preamplifier and deluxe stereophonic tuners and tuner-preamps! They, also, are systems engineered-designed at the outset to be used together for matched performance of the highest caliber. Only with PILOT can you get more quality at every price.



THE PILOT 232, a superb 40-watt stereophonic amplifier. offers the clean The PILOT 232, a superb 40-watt stereophonic amplifier, offers the clean response and freedom from hum you would expect from the leader in its price and power class! Its output transformers are of special, high efficiency design with interleaved windings and grain-oriented steel for maximum power response. The 232 is equipped with an 11-pin socket to power the PILOT 210 stereo preamplifier. With the 210 connected, and a record changer plugged into the 5-pin RC power socket, the entries extern will at the werks ontion, turn off automatically with the and a record changer plugged into the 5-pin RC power socket, the entire system will, at the user's option, turn off automatically with the changer. Power Output: 40 watts total; 20 watts per channel on music wave forms (program material). 80 watts peak. 17 watts per channel continuous, undistorted. Frequency response: Flat, 20 to 20,000 cycles. Harmonic distortion: 1% at full output. Hum: 90 db below full power. Output impedances: 8 or 16 ohms. Sensitivity: 1 volt for full power output. Eight tubes including four EL84 power output tubes. Size: $131/2^{"}$ long x $51/2^{"}$ high x $5^{"}$ deep. Wt. 20 lbs. Supplied with enclosure. **\$89.50**

THE PILOT 260 has every feature of the 232 plus greater power, lower distortion and, individual bias and balance controls to accurately match output tube characteristics. Power Output: 70 watts total; 35 watts per channel on music wave forms (program material): 140 watts peak. 30 watts per channel continuous undistorted. Frequency response: Flat, 20 to 20,000 cps. Harmonic distortion: 1/2 % at full output. Hum: 90 db below full power. Output impedances: 8 or 16 ohms. Sensitivity: .8 volt for full power output. 9 tubes including four EL34 power output tubes. Enclosure supplied. 1534 " long x 534 " high x 714" deep. 35 lbs. \$139.50

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TIPS

Continued from page 121

often it is as little as \$10 to \$15. With respect to tubes, Weinberg goes somewhat further and recommends that output and rectifier tubes in the power amplifier, as well as the first stage tube in the control unit, be changed every six months. The remainder should be changed every year. While this will dispose of some tubes with good performance left in them, it will also get rid of others which have not too long to go. "Bear in mind," Wein-berg reminds, "that we are concerned not with complete failure but with significant degradation of performance; tubes usually go gradually downhill rather than suddenly out like a light.'

Weinberg recommends also that moving parts, such as idler wheels in phonographs and tape recorders, be cleaned every two weeks according to the manufacturer's instructions. Lubrication at the required intervals is very important. So are cleaning and demagnetizing the tape recorder heads.

(5) Many a potential buver wonders whether tape will give sufficiently better results to warrant the added expense of a tape machine and the higher cost of recorded tapes compared with discs. Weinberg states that the quality of reproduction on the best discs and the best tapes is amazingly similar, and that discs have potentially better frequency response than tape at the extremes of the audio spectrum. Carroll also finds dises as good as tapes but adds that, while discs permit greater ease of handling and require less storage space, tape has greater permanence if manufacturer's instructions are followed closely.

(6) A good monophonic system is costly enough. A stereo system using comparable equipment is 50 to 100% more expensive. Does stereo justify this increase in expenditure, plus the problems of housing more equipment? In no uncertain terms, Carroll and Weinberg insist that stereo is the biggest single development in audio, well worth the extra cost. Both advise prospective buvers not to overemphasize the association between stereo and spatial movement or directionality; they should listen for greater detail and clarity of sound. As for the cost aspect. Weinberg holds that moderate-price stereo systems sound better than highprice monophonic ones, although it is true that a very good stereo installation sounds still better.

(7) Components can be bought separately or in various combinations,

such as a control unit and power amplifier, or a control unit and tuner, or all three on one chassis. What are the pros and cons of individual vs. integrated components? Carroll says, "Our observations show that separate components tend to provide greater versatility and lower distortion." Weinberg agrees, but points out that the integrated unit simplifies the problem of interconnecting components and represents a saving of money, often an important amount of it. In many cases, he finds, a better system over-all can be obtained by putting a given sum into a better speaker instead of separate components. He does not include the FM tuner in this observation, however, admitting that often more is lost than gained by purchasing it as part of a package.

(8) Progress and consequent obsolescence exist in every field of human endeavor. Therefore, the question can be asked with justification, "How soon will any new high-fidelity component become obsolete?" Carroll and Weinberg contend that obsolescence is relatively remote for equipment of good design and construction. The bargain-price item and the component loaded with gimmicks and gadgets are the first to be outmoded. Most changes in audio are relatively minor: true progress is relatively slow and costly. In the long run, though, it is to be expected that such developments as better tubes, increased use of transistors, abandonment of output transformers, new circuits, and new loudspeaker principles and refinements will add up to substantially better performance than we can have now.

How can the audiophile successfully tap the fund of information possessed by the expert audio salesman? "Maintain an open mind, and don't come in with preconceptions that you aren't certain are well founded." states Carroll. "The easiest person to serve is the one who asks for help and admits frankly that he knows little. This fellow also winds up the happiest, because he gives the salesman a chance to do his best." Weinberg suggests that the customer not try to argue the salesman down on points open to question; after all, the customer is not bound to accept the salesman's advice and is consuming the valuable time of both parties in a contest of opinions. Also, he suggests, "Be patient. Show the hard-working salesman consideration and don't yell immediately for the manager if things don't work out as espected right away. While 50% of the salesman's job is to represent the store. the other 50% is to represent you. He will do his best to remedy your troubles, for he expects you back-with your friends."



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THIRD CHANNEL

Continued from page 109

developed across the speaker only when there is a difference between the stereo signals coming out of the amplifiers. When both amplifiers reproduce identical signals, there is no difference voltage and, hence, no output from the center speaker.

There are several obvious theoretical flaws in this arrangement, not the least of which is the impossibility of phasing the center speaker with both of the main ones. A second objection, theoretical again, is that when signals of equal intensity are reproduced by both channels (a condition which should place the sound midway between them), the center speaker remains mute. The theoretical considerations are stressed here because, in actuality, the A-B system does work, and quite well at that. Although there is still a small area of vagueness right at the middle speaker, the localization of sounds between it and the main speakers is markedly improved.

Phasing of the center speaker is unimportant because neither polarity can phase it with both of the main speakers. Phasing *does* make a difference in the sound, however, so the polarity that sounds better is the one to use.

In Figure 1, the center speaker is shown connected to lower-impedance taps than are the main speakers, and a T-pad is shown in the speaker line. These are simply alternate ways of controlling the level of the middle channel, which should be set no higher than is necessary to achieve satisfactory center augmentation. If properlevel can be obtained without resort to the T-pad, so much the better. Because of the phasing problem, the middle speaker should have fairly restricted bass response, so it won't "fight" with the bass from one of the other speakers. A note of caution, though: this A-B hookup may cause instability in some stereo systems. Should this occur, a heavy wire connected between the amplifier output Grounds may correct the condition. If that doesn't help, it may be necessary to utilize an alternative and rather more expensive third-channel arrangement.

Several new stereo amplifiers and control units are equipped with a signal output receptacle marked "3rd Channel" (Figure 2). This supplies a completely blended mixture of the stereo signals (A+B) for feeding a separate amplifier and center fill-in loudspeaker. The advantages of this arrangement are immediately obvious:

Continued on next page



by John K. Hilliard Director of Advanced Engineering

PLACEMENT OF LOUDSPEAKERS

This much-discussed subject has been confused through attempts at oversimplification. There are a few clear-cut principles that should be followed for good stereo.

Two separate channels, from source through amplification to the speakers, provide the time and intensity difference that develops the spatial quality of stereo. If the speakers are too closely spaced, as in a single enclosure which houses two speakers only a few feet apart, the time and intensity difference is so small that spatial quality is severely limited. Eight feet is considered minimum spacing between speakers for good stereo and they should be placed in a common plane.

Good listening begins the same distance in front of the speakers that they are spaced apart, and continues for twice this distance. For example, if the speakers are placed 8' apart, the good listening area begins 8' in front of the speakers and continues to 16'.

Greater spread between speakers is desirable but the listening area must be moved back proportionately. Listening too close to widely separated speakers creates a "hole in the center" which gives the impression of two distinctly separate sound sources rather than the desired broad front of sound. When speakers have to be too widely spaced or placed in corners, a slightly converging angle will improve the stereo.

The effective dispersion angle at high frequencies is usually limited to 90° . To obtain the benefit of the entire audible frequency range, the listener should remain within this angle.

Both reflected and direct sound is required. However, staccato or transient tones are localized for the stereo effect only through direct sound. Because of this, the speakers should be directed at the listener and not first bounced off side walls or other reflectors.

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THIRD CHANNEL

Continued from preceding page

it is possible to phase the third speaker with both of the main channels, and the resulting middle-channel output is a close replica of what might be obtained from an actual third microphone on stage center, feeding a third stereo speaker. This is subjectively the most satisfactory of the three systems formulated to date, in that it gives definite location of center instruments, places them in their original relationship to one another, and has negligible effect upon the spaciousness and breadth of the reproduction. A simple gain control on the third-channel amplifier makes it adjustable to provide any necessary amount of center fill-in, and this can be preset to give ideal spread on a good stereo recording or it can be adjusted to suit each individual recording.

Rx

Continued from page 113

"A+B" operation; but if it doesn't, the user should seriously consider either adding a blend switch to his phono assembly, or using a separate pickup for monophonic discs.

Figure 1 shows a switching arrangement for paralleling the outputs from a three-terminal cartridge. A singlepole double-throw switch is used to connect together the "hot" outputs from the cartridge, and the point marked "X" indicates where one ground return might be left disconnected in the event that the amplifiers are grounded together elsewhere in the system. The circuit will be identical for a four-terminal pickup except that the two ground leads will go to separate higs on the cartridge, and both ground leads will connect to their respective amplifiers.

Figure 2 shows the rather more involved circuit needed for stereo-mono switching of a cartridge whose manufacturer recommends series connection for monophonic use. This calls for a four-pole two-position switch, and supplies a monophonic signal to the lefthand amplifier channel only. The switches in both of these diagrams are shown in the stereo position.

The typically lower tracking force of stereo pickups is obtained through the use of lighter and more compliant stylus assemblies, and it is almost axiomatic that the result will be greater physical fragility. A good stereo cartridge should never be cleaned by the

Continued on page 128



LISTENERS interested in sound repro-duction in the home can be broadly divided into two groups: broadly

- the music lover who wishes to enjoy music while removing the problems of concert attendance.
 The listener who derives emo-tional satisfaction from the sen-sation of sound, particularly when reproduced under his own control. control.

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The OUAD 11 Amplifier, either monohat the enjoynent and appreciation of music is not impeded by "amplifier sound." Similarly with the QUAD FM Tuner.



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Continued from page 126

popular expedient of scraping one's finger across the stylus. Use a camel'shair water-color paintbrush; if the stylus happens to be coated with a particularly tenacious blob of detritus, dip the brush in isopropyl alcohol. Don't get cleaning solutions or antistatic fluids on the surrounding parts of the stylus assembly, though; many damping materials will be chemically affected by the solvents in these solutions.

SHOPPER

Continued from page 111

only. Since the load resistor value has a great effect on response in many cartridges, check to see if your preamp input circuits will load properly the cartridge you want to use; if not, you must have the proper resistors installed

Piezo cartridges have enough outpur voltage to drive most power amplifiers directly, although few will be used that way. Most will be used with control units or control amplifiers, and the high-level input circuits on these usually have sufficient gain to produce full output from any piezo unit. Magnetie cartridges all require preampequalizer stages, of course, but some have output so low that transformers are needed in addition to preamplifiers. It is well to check before you buy a cartridge that the preamp you plan to use with it has enough gain and low enough noise, or that transformers for the cartridge are available.

RESPONSE is a specification that has little practical significance as applied to a cartridge, even when decibel limits are specified. Frequency response varies with the test record used, the load value, and in many cases with the length of cable from the cartridge and the type of preamplifier input circuit.

CHANNEL SEPARATION figures are given to indicate the maximum attainable isolation between right- and lefthand channels with a given cartridge. Usually they show the separation at one specific frequency or a narrow band of frequencies; consequently, an unqualified separation figure alone isn't really very helpful.

The significance of the number of OUTPUT TERMINALS has been explained in previous "HF Shopper" notes, and is further detailed in this issue's article on installation of stereo cartridges (page 112).



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reed pipe on the stage and marched off with it to serenade Galatea. The critic H. F. Chorley denounced the braying of the trombones, which had somehow insinuated themselves into this miniature score, but refused to say a word against Mozart.

Perhaps the oddest Handel production of the period, however, resulted from Rophino Lacy's praiseworthy attempt to bring the oratorios back to Covent Garden. In 1833, by way of preparation for a stage revival of Jephtha, he perpetrated a work called The Israelites in Egypt, a compound of Israel in Egypt and Rossini's Mosé. This went down very well with an audience that included the future Queen Victoria and her mother. But Jephtha, like Handel's first oratorio Esther a century before, was banned from the stage by the Bishop of London, who -we are told-"had inoculated Queen Adelaide with his pious scruples, and the Lord Chamberlain obeyed their orders." It was not till November 1958 that a Handel oratorio (Samson) reached the Covent Garden stage.

The theatre was still the house of ill fame; but excess knew few bounds in church, and none at all at the Crystal Palace, where mammoth Handel Festivals took place triennially from 1859 to 1926. The Westminster Abbey Messiah of 1834 employed a mere 644 persons; a preliminary canter at the Crystal Palace in 1857 gathered 2,000 singers and 500 instrumentalists for Messiah and Israel in Egypt. In 1859 the establishment for the same two oratorios was 2,765 and 460; in 1882 it was 4,000 and 500. Two things are remarkable about these and other Victorian Handel festivals: the narrow range of works chosen, and the appalling quality of the performances. The forty operas had been buried for a century; of the oratorios only Messiah, Israel in Egypt, Judas Maccabaeus, and Samson were familiar-two of them untypical and one a potboiler. The "multitudinous dullness" of the performances with their dragged tempos, clumsy dynamics, flaccid rhythms, and "the insufferable lumbering which is the curse of English Handelian choral singing"-not to mention the wholesale corruption of texts-has been vividly described by Bernard Shaw. Sluggish tempos were inevitable with such gargantuan choirs and orchestras, even without the false association with church music. This trouble goes back to the 1784 Commemoration, if not earlier. We know from an article by William Crotch, published in 1800, in which he gave

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the results of his experiments with a primitive metronome, that parts of Messiah were dragged in the eighteenth century. Another hereditary defect, from which we still suffer, is the excessive use of the organ; Handel never used this instrument in the secco recitatives of the oratorios, and very seldom in the airs, except to double the bass in angry or warlike pieces. (He did, of course, use it regularly in the choruses, and sometimes played concertos on it between the acts.) Shaw pointed out that "we know rather less about [Handel] in England than they do in the Andaman Islands, since the Andamans are only unconscious of him whereas we are misconscious," and suggested that the only hope of obtaining justice for Messiah in a Christian country was to "import a choir of heathens, restrained by no considerations of propriety from attacking the choruses with unembarrassed sincerity of dramatic expression." In another article he recommended "the dispersion of the Handel choir by armed force"-an expedient we still have in reserve-and paid a prophetic tribute to the first clavichord ever made by Arnold Dolmetsch, "on a moderate computation, about forty thousand times as important as the Handel Festival."

This debasement of the currency brought its inevitable sequel. Round about 1900 sensitive musicians in England, familiar with the religious masterpieces of J. S. Bach, began to denounce Handel as a hollow and pretentious fraud-which of course is precisely the image in which he had been presented for generations. His stock sank rapidly, despite a giltedged market for Messiahs and Israels, and has only recently begun to recover. Today we have two contrasted methods of performance. On the one hand senior conductors employ big battalions (but no longer army groups) to spank the life out of two or three old favorites, an exercise that still draws a faithful public. On the other hand there have been attempts to reproduce some of the conditions of eighteenth-century performance, in particular the balance of forces, the spontaneous quality evoked by ornamentation (originally improvised), and the brilliance and variety of Handel's scoring in its true colors. Despite a few misfires, there is no doubt about the success of this movement, which is rapidly gaining momentum in more than one country; besides revealing the vast discrepancy between the historical and the traditional Handel, it has begun to excavate the numerous great works buried

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CHORISTERS

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by the misguided past, and already has driven some of the more discreditable travesties into limbo. It must be added that the gramophone companies (at any rate in England) have so far shown little enterprise. We have recently had an Israel in Egypt after Costa and a Solomon under Beecham, which, apart from polluting the score with every kind of anachronism including secco recitatives delivered by brass band, reduces the dramatic and musical design of this noble masterpiece to manifest nonsense.

In the theatre Handel is at last beginning to come into his own. The initiative came from Germany soon after the 1914-18 War, when both operas and oratorios reached the stage, though at first in arrangements heavily doctored to tickle post-Wagnerian ears. Oskar Hagen's versions of Giulio Cesare and Rodelinda, which are still performed, suggest nothing so much as an illicit union between the St. Matthew Passion and a Mahler symphony, with secco recitatives scored for full orchestra and the airs chopped about and transposed. It is fatal to the balance and texture of the music, a point to which Handel paid great attention, to distribute the castrato parts among tenors and baritones: countertenors or women are the only satisfactory answer. Later German revivals have shown better taste; indeed the Halle Festivals in the last ten years have threatened to out-baroque the baroque by employing far more continuo instruments than Hapdel himself used.

England has scarcely begun to discover the operas, of which some two dozen have been produced in Germany, but has led the field with the oratorios, which are musically better balanced and much more successful as dramatic wholes. Most of these ventures have been the work of amatem societies or the Universities (especially Cambridge), using professional soloists and sometimes a professional orchestra. They have won high praise, and prepared the way for the recent restoration of Samson (though in a sadly misconceived production) to its rightful place at Covent Garden. We must hope that this is only a beginning, and that we will at last be given the chance to recognize Handel for what he was, the creator of the longest sequence of dramatic masterpieces in musical history.



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ENGLISHRY

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thirteen different copyists have been identified: outside it, were many others. It is small wonder that the man whose music was cherished in so many households became a figure of national interest. The provincial press took a lively interest in his movement and concerts and regularly reprinted



notices about them from the London papers. By the late 1740s Handel's works were frequently played in a score or more of large cities, and in many other places that are unrecorded.

His health or sequently became a matter of national concern. The course of his illnesses was followed with anxiety, and with his death, the light seemed to have gone out of English music. Apart from purely musical merit, contemporary accounts make it clear that Handel was esteemed and admired for his integrity, tenacity, simple piety, and deep charity. These very English virtues far ontweighed his sometimes uncertain temper and roughness of speech. Clearly, while Handel retained much of his native individuality, he came to regard himself as an Englishman, and an important one. Like many truly great men, he had a humble yet realistic knowledge of his own merits; for the fourth codicil to his will, dated April 11. 1759, reads: "I hope to have the permission of the Dean and Chapter of Westminster to be buried in Westminster Abbey in a private manner at the discretion of my executor Mr. Amyand, and I desire that my said executor may have leave to erect a monument for me there." Thus did the great son of a German barber-surgeon stake his claim to a place in England's national shrine. Today, Handel's monument, carved in marble by Roubiliac, stands as gleaming white in the South Transept of the Abbey as when it was first erected.





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ON AND OFF RECORDS

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in the last movement of No. 1, the thoughtful recitative that serves as third movement of No. 2, the jolly fugue that constitutes the finale of No. 4, the lovely opening of No. 5, and the interesting tone color of the fast movements of No. 6, where the violins are muted and the lower strings plucked throughout (the solo instrument was obviously intended to be a harp, though the work was published as for harp or organ). In Op. 7 the high spots are the first two movements of No. 1, which are remarkable chaconnes on different versions of the same theme, the noble Ouverture and attractive finale of No. 2, and especially No. 4 with its brooding and expressive first movement-the darkly colored opening is one of the rare introspective moments in recorded Handel and, to me, one of his great passages-and its hearty, thoroughly English-sounding finale (which, however, is said to be based on a piece by Telemann!).

There are excellent recordings of both sets, and in the case of Op. 4 there is a choice between two good complete sets. It is a choice over which we need not hesitate long. Biggs with the London Philharmonic conducted by Boult (Columbia K2L 258, two LP) is practically ideal. He uses a small English organ built to Haudel's specifications; its balance with the orchestra is perfect; and the sound of both is as delicious as a properly chilled, not too dry, white wine. The Vox set (PL 7132, two LP), performed by Walter Kraft with the Pro-Musica Chamber Orchestra, Stuttgart, conducted by Rolf Reinhardt, is in many respects first-class too, though in No. I the first movement is rather ponderous and the last lacks the grace of the Biggs, and throughout, the orchestra sounds closer to the microphone than the organ. Of interest, too, is the Archive recording of the first four concertos of Op. 4, by Eduard Müller with the Schola Cantorum Basiliensis, conducted by August Wenzinger (ARC 3100). Here, in Nos. 1 and 3, the performers employ the unspecified dotted rhythms that seem to have been commonly used in Handel's time. Müller also goes in for more boldness in ornamentation than Biggs does.

Handel left many indications for ad lib. improvisation in these works. Indeed, in Op. 7, Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 6, a whole slow movement is left for the organist to supply. What we hear in such places is, alas, not inspired but, at least in the Vox recording of this set (PL 7202, two LP), made by the same performers as that company's Op. 4, it is not so bad as to distract one from the beauties of the music Handel did supply. Here, though the organ still sounds a little distant as compared with the orchestra, performance and recording are first-rate. Presumably there is to be a Biggs-Boult Op. 7 soon.

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A single disc that offers two concertos from each set, competently played and well recorded, is that issued by Kapp (KCL 9018), on which Lawrence Moe and the Unicorn Concert Orchestra conducted by Klans Liepmann perform Op. 4, Nos. 2 and 5, and Op. 7, Nos. 1 and 5,

Because of the unsettled state of the record catalogues, 4 have listed only monophonic records. No doubt before press time many of these recordings will have been duplicated in stereo.

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IMPERISHABLE WAG

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rious, of that same gentle parson being awakened in the middle of the night by the clatter of horses' hooves and the rattle of a coach, followed by furious bangings on his door; it was Mr. Handel, come helter-skelter, on a moment's impulse, to ascertain the meaning of some obscure couplet.

Usually Handel went straight to the heart of a lyric, to its general import, rarely bothering with the exact shade of hair's-breadth word setting which so fidgets modern composers. In true baroque fashion he was out to set the general Affekt of a poem to music; "if some of its feet came on the wrong beat," well, that was just too bad, but it couldn't be helped. The famous chorus in Messiah, "For-unto us a child is born," is an excellent example. of what might happen to the underlaying if words and music came into sharp conflict; it so happened that Handel wished to make use at this point of an earlier work, an Italian duct which gave just the effect he wanted. And how magnificent the resulting chorus is, if you can forgive him for starting off on the wrong foot. Always in a hurry, he sometimes let himself be carried away by one word in a lyric; one of the most engaging examples of this is his setting of "How vain is man," in Judas Maccabaeus, 1 feel sure that Dr. Morell intended this lyric for some sententious time, reflecting solemnly on the futility of human aspirations; Handel, however, saw fit to read into the text a very

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Those librettists must have had a good deal to put up with, one way or another, when Handel's "great bear" got loose among them, but on the whole they were a mediocre crew, and their sorry verses have not been improved by the passage of time. Dr. Morell was probably the best of a poor lot, but even he sometimes descended to such doggerel as: "Pious orgies, pious airs, Decent orgies, de-cent prayers . . ." A "decent orgy" comes dangerously near to a contradiction in terms, I would have thought, but no matter; let us pass on, with averted glance, to "See, from his post Emphrates flies . . ." Which makes one wonder, first, to what sort of post one could possibly tether a river, and, secondly, if perhaps the River God was expecting a letter from the local tax collector. Charles Jennens, who is supposed to have assembled the text of Messiuh, also fancied himself as a poet; one of his gens is in Saul, where he makes the heroine, Miehal, announce that "A father's will has authoriz'd my love . . .'

Of course, Handel's librettists cannot be blamed for the many changes in the actual meanings of words that have taken place in the last two centuries. No one in Handel's day could have foreseen the eventual sad debasement of the word "awful," which in the eighteenth century still signi-



fied full of awe; if anyone had, even Handel would not have made poor Virtue, in *The Choice of Hercules*, sing "Listen to my awful voice" no fewer than eight times in the course of one aria. Purist as 1 am, 1 think that one might make some slight emendation here; otherwise Virtue will go on

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unintentionally evoking some of that "heart-easing mirth" which Handel so joyously hymned in L'Allegro ed il Pensieroso. This brings us to some of the greater poets with whom Handel found himself collaborating-after their apotheoses, naturally. I am not quite sure if we can blame Milton entirely for that curious couplet in Samson which announces glibly that "To 1 man God's universal law/ Gave power to keep his wife in awe . . ." Wistful thinking, perhaps? But I feel sure that Handel must have had a quiet little bachelor chuckle when he set that earth-shaking reflection to suitably sententious music. We have seen how he could domineer over prima donnas, but he seems to have been cautious to avoid all danger of matrimonial altereations; the wily old boy didn't even have to try to keep a wife in awe. Milton's vounger contemporary, Dryden, left one line which will always give rise to mirth in a musician's soul; what conductor can hear, without apprehension, that wonderful kindly veil over this part of the proceedings and tiptoe on.

Hitherto we have mentioned only the more obvious examples of humor in Handel, in connection with vocal works, where word setting and character drawing are concerned. But it can be observed in his purely instrumental works, sometimes overtly. sometimes slightly concealed. Chief among such music comes his crowning instrumental achievement, the twelve glorious Grand Concertos. Op. 6. To me these concertos are full of never-failing interest and variety. much more so, say, than J. S. Bach's Brandenburg Concertos. In Handel's Opus 6, no single concerto is devoted entirely to one mood, but the individual movements, like his arias, are usually dominated by one broad Affekt. Thus we have playful movements (Concerto No. 2, second movement, Allegro); boisterous movements (No. 3, third movement, Allegro); jolly movements (No. 9, second movement, Allegro); mysterious movements (the opening of No. 11); some wistful movements (the second movement, Allegro, of No. 12, when it is played at the proper gentle speed); and, of course, plenty of merely vigorous movements and several examples of Handel's own special kind of stately serenity. One movement I never cease to wonder at is the three-eight Presto of No. 5. 1 remember reading somewhere in the pages of G.B.S. how

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he saw in Beethoven's Hammerklavier Sonata a prophetic vision of nuclear theory; I have always felt that in the whirling semiquavers of this unparalleled movement old Handel showed something of the same prophetic insight.

Some of Handel's earlier concertos (the so-called Hautboy Concertos. Op. 3) also have their humorous moments, particularly in the dances-Handel's dances are rarely stiff and formal, but have a broad and earthy life of their own; one has only to think of the Water Music to feel the truth of this. Some of his most delightful dances are in the "Frenchyfied" ballet operas of the mid-1730s (Ariodante, Terpsicore, Alcina): the best example of all is the Dream Music in Alcina, a psychological pantomime depicting a conflict between good and evil dreams-the good dreams represented by the strings "à 5," the evil by tremendous unisons; the good dreams are startled (oh delicious flutterings, preechoing those disappearing angels in Messiah!) and there follows a battle, to a Lulliste Air des Combattants, between good and evil. My description may sound overfanciful, but Handel's music here is remarkable, as those who are fortunate enough to possess Boyd Neel's recording (on Unicorn UNLP 1038) will readily agree.

Many years ago I wrote in a play that to me Handel was The Greatest Common Denominator of all mankind. I still hold to that belief, and I think that it is above all his gift of humor which confirms me in my opinion. Certainly to an Englishman no man can be truly great who has no sense of humor. If you are one of those who have been brought up on what one might call the Messianic theory of Handel and his music, you may feel that I have been poking unnecessary fun at him. Indeed I have not: there is no stauncher Handelian in the world than Charles Cudworth. One does not laugh at the Great and Good Mr. Handel; one laughs with him.









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