RUDOLF SERKIN by Joseph Roddy

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JULY 1961 volume 11 number 7

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A D V E R T I S I N G

Main Office

Claire N. Eddings, The Publishing House Great Barrington, Mass. Telephone 1300 New York

1564 Broadway, New York 36 Telephone: Plaza 7-2800 Seymour Resnick, Andrew Spanberger

Chicago

10 East Huron St., Chicago 11 Telephone: Michigan 2-4245 Peter Dempers, Thomas Berry, Allen Campbell

Los Angeles 1520 North Cower, Hollywood 28 Telephone: Hollywood 9-6239 George Kelley

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CIRCLE 46 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

AUTHORitatively Speaking

In writing about Joseph Roddy in this column some time ago, we said that he was not exactly a virtuoso pianist. Mr. Roddy, we're afraid, took umbrage; he informed us that our statement was no more nor less true than the fact that he is not exactly a trapeze artist. To set the record straight, we hereby announce that Mr. Roddy plays "the intractable instrument" (his term) for his own en-tertainment. Interviewing planist Rudolf Serkin for HIGH FIDELITY gave him particular satisfaction, he says. since he had the pleasure of hearing his personal prejudices reinforced. Mr. Serkin likes the cello ("Ah ... at once, beautiful tone); Mr. Roddy is presently engaged in trying to get "beautiful tone" out of a cello; ergo, kindred spirits. In all seriousness, we think Mr. Roddy's sympathy with his subject has provided us with one of his most perceptive pieces: see p. 24.

Charles Tepfer, whose "High Fidelity Servicing" appears on p. 29, is a physicist by education, a music lover by avocation, and a free-lance writer on audio subjects by profession. Mr. Tepfer was the first editor of Electronics Illustrated, has designed and built electronic measurement instruments for cosmic ray research, and still does some design work and a great deal of kit building. In spite of the ingenuity which the above would seem at the very least to imply, Mr. Tepfer has not yet discovered how he can solve the difficulties of living in New York exurbia and maintaining his status as a sailboat fancier. We're sure he will, but meanwhile said exurban dwelling (it's a converted red barn) provides a 17- by 33-foot living room with a ceiling fourteen feet high-ideal for stereo, he claims.

As is meet and fitting, our feature on "Summer Music in the Berkshires," p. 32, is the work of two Berkshire residents, music critic Jay Rosenfeld and photographer Clemens Kalischer. Mr. Rosenfeld, onetime student in Brussels and at the Institute of Musical Art, found himself covering the musical events of Berkshire County for the Berkshire Eagle almost before he got out of uniform after the First World War. He has been continuing in this role ever since. His activities have not been confined solely to Massachusetts, however: he was representative for the New York Times at the first Casals festival in Prades and accompanied the Boston Symphony to Europe in 1952. Mr. Kalischer was born in Bavaria and grew up in France, serving in the French army in World War II until his imprisonment in a concentration camp. He came to this country in 1942, and has lived in Stockbridge, just a few miles from Tanglewood, for the last ten years. Both Mr. Rosenfeld and Mr. Kalischer are, of course, friends and neighbors of HIGH FIDELITY's Great Barrington staff.

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The maestro who's worked for fifty years at restoring the guitar to serious music says its day has just begun.

ANYONE who has watched Andrés Segovia pace to the center of a concert stage with the bearlike gravity suited to his massive physique and his massive reputation might possibly expect to encounter off stage a man of comparably bearlike disposition. But as soon as the maestro of the guitar tells you (amusement twinkling through the thick lenses of his horn-rimmed glasses) that he practices five or six hours a day "because the guitar is like a woman-it sometimes grows hysterical and is very difficult to handle," you realize that his innate dignity, at sixty-eight, is leavened by a rather broad humor. And if you have the opportunity of seeing him at work with other musicians-as he was recently, while recording a Boccherini concerto with the Symphony of the Air-you will realize further that he is a sympathetic though usually laconic collaborator. Through all the multiple details of experimenting with balances and adjusting tempos, he remains patient, becoming annoyed only at his own rare mistakes, when he will slap his knee in exasperation and, in French, beg "pardon. pardon." ("I would rather give ten concerts than make one record," he said in carefully selected English, "and I would rather make ten records than be once on television. But the microphone is-what is the word?-inhibiting. When you record and are thinking that you play a piece for eternity, it is hard to play it well in the present.")

It was several days after taping the Boccherini that Segovia stopped by the offices of Decca Records and began to talk about guitars. He was asked if he had ever suggested any changes or modifications in the guitar's traditional structure in order to improve it for concert use. "Changes? Heavens no. The guitar is a perfect instrument. It was made so by Antonio Torres in the nineteenth century, just as the violin was made perfect by Stradivarius. But in

one respect," he went on, "the guitar is like the dog: both of them, to stay close to man, have had to grow in all different sizes. There are little dogs you hold in your lap and big ones that guard the sheep, and there are little ukuleles and also enormous guitars. I remember once in Russia, after a concert one night, someone brought in a huge guitar for me to see. It was a monster, and had at least sixteen strings. I told this man to play it . . . I thought it would sound like an orchestra. And do you know-he played a simple, stupid little tune, ping-ping-ping, plunk, plunk. It was ridiculous.

"But the guitar, even of normal size, is not an intimate instrument. Stravinsky was right when he said that it does not play loud, but far."

The story of Segovia's own introduction, one day in Madrid, to the Ramírez guitar with which he was to launch his concert career (he was eighteen) has been told by the artist in his autobiographyin-progress, The Guitar and Myself. some early and vivid chapters of which have already appeared in the Guitar Review. (Segovia hopes, incidentally, to finish volume one for his publishers next year.) That guitar was his companion for many years. What instruments had he used since then? He told me that in Munich in 1923, while he was still performing on the Ramírez, he examined some violins made by a craftsman named Hermann Hauser and was so much impressed by their workmanship that he requested Hauser to undertake a guitar. The maker came directly to his hotel, Segovia recalls, and studied the Ramírez for three hours: one year later he completed a guitar identical to it in every respect, except one: "It had no soul." Hauser kept trying for almost ten years and finally. in the mid-1930s. finished the guitar Segovia had been waiting for. "I played it until last year," the Maestro said, "and now I have left it in

Continued on page 12

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SEGOVIA

Continued from page 10

Madrid to rest. The one I have here is made by Hermann Hauser's son."

Segovia, as transcriber, composer, and commissioner of guitar works, has been responsible for adding, by his own count, over three hundred pieces to his instrument's repertory. Of all these, probably the most famous is the transcription of the Bach Chaconne from the Partita No. 2 for violin alone. Before he began work on it he spent two years studying arrangements (for piano and other instruments) of Brahms, Busoni, Raff, Hubay, and others who had tried their hand. He emerged from his own labor of transcription convinced that Bach originally intended the work not for violin, on which it is notoriously difficult to render the polyphonic texture cleanly and musically, but for the guitar or for the instrument very much like it, the lute.

"The Chaconne and the Sarabande were Spanish dances; the Chaconne, in fact, was a lewd dance which young ladies were not permitted to watch. Then composers took over the form and made it something noble. Still, it is Spanish, and in Bach's work even the harmonic progressions move down by step in a manner typical of Andalusian folk music. Could he not have conceived this piece for a Spanish instrument? The key, D minor, lies perfectly on the guitar. It is one of the best keys. Only one variation is not good-though I play it, I do not suppress anything. But the simple melody is ruined on the violin. . . Here followed a devastating vocal approximation of the fiddler's attempts to encompass the four-part harmony. "Even violinists-when they have an attack of sincerity-admit that the Chaconne sounds best on guitar."

As for the works of other composers, Segovia pointed out that their adaptability to the guitar varies according to how closely they have been shaped to the original instrument. "Nineteenthcentury music has more the physiognomy of the instrument." as he put it. "Chopin and Schumann, for example, write for the piano in such a way that they do not transcribe well. But a piece which has less of the character of the instrument can be very good for guitar."

A list of contemporaries who have written for Segovia includes, of course, many of the finest non-Spanish composers as well as practically every wellknown name among his compatriots. In every instance but one, the peculiar problem has arisen: these composers do not know how to play the guitar. How, then, can they write for it? "Composers will always have to compose through the player," said Segovia. "This was true even of Villa Lobos. He himself played the guitar-very badly. He was my great friend for many years, but he was-how shall I put it?-childish-proud. He would not admit that he played badly.

Continued on page 14

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CIRCLE 63 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

SEGOVIA

Continued from page 12

He would write a chord in one position, which was possible; and the next chord in another position, which was also possible; but to get from one to the other—impossible! I had to transpose notes and rework the harmony.

"Castelnuovo-Tedesco does not play, but he writes most casily for the guitar and he is very prolific. I am working now on a new composition of his. a set of twenty-eight pieces based on Juan Ramón Jiménez's *Platero and I*. for guitar, orchestra, and narrator. Twentyeight pieces! I have learned four of them. I will record this. next year perhaps. and speak the narration myself, in Spanish."

These reflections upon his performing and nonperforming colleagues reminded me of an admirer of Segovia's who enjoys some renown as a guitarist himself. I mentioned Carl Sandburg. "Ah, he is a great poet. As a guitarist, he is . all right. We first met in Paris at the house of mutual friends, and he sang and accompanied himself. But he played all the time only two chords, tonic and dominant in the same key, while he was singing through many different keys. I said to him. 'My dear friend, that is very good, but I am going to send you some more chords!' Later he wrote an article somewhere and said that everyday he looked in his mailbox for the chords Segovia promised, but he never found them. I read this, and sent him some chords right away. But I wrote him not to play them anywhere until I could hear them."

Having devoted more than fifty years to establishing the guitar as a concert instrument. Segovia is not overlooking one important factor in ensuring the permanence of this achievement. Through his efforts, many of the major European conservatories now conduct classes in guitar, most of them taught by Segovia pupils. The master-teacher spoke with particular pleasure of the fact that one of his most gifted protégés, a twentyyear-old Englishman named John Williams, has recently been installed as instructor of guitar at the Royal Academy of Music in London.

"For the guitar," said Segovia, "this is just the beginning." SHIRLEY FLEMING

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NOTES

Oslo

By far the youngest of the major Scandinavian symphony orchestras, the Philharmonic Orchestra of Oslo has the distinction of being the most often recorded. Al-

though its history can be traced back to 1871 when Edvard Grieg was one of the founders and conductors of a Norwegian symphony, it was not until 1919 that the present organization was established. Today seventy musicians make up its permanent roster, and the orchestra gives annually about fifty public concerts. sixty radio broadcasts, and ten performances for school children. In the past few years it has also toured all over Norway, and plans are under way for a United States tour in the near future. Artistic director and conductor since 1945 is Odd Grüner-Hegge, who began his career as a concert pianist and later studied under Felix Weingartner. For several years. Grüner-Hegge was conductor of the Norwegian National Theatre where, under his baton, Kirsten Flagstad made her first entrance as Isolde. He is also a noted composer and has appeared as guest conductor in most capitals of Europe.

Scandinavian Specialties. A few years ago, partly through the mediation of the musically minded manager of the Norwegian Information Service of New York. Camden began making with the Oslo Philharmonic a series of recordings ranging from Haydn and Mozart to Tchaikovsky and Grofé. Grieg's two Peer Gynt suites were particularly well received (this journal's reviewer commented that the orchestra was "exhibiting an obvious affection for an immersion in this music"). There is, therefore, much anticipation of the forthcoming Camden release of the Grieg piano concerto, with Kjell Baekkelund as soloist. The orchestra has also been featured in recordings of contemporary music issued by Composers Recordings. This year they will tape for this company four more works: Goodenough's Elegy; Bezanson's Rondo Prelude; Brunswich's Lysistrata; and Goeb's Concertant No. 4.

Although some Norwegian works have been recorded for Mercury. a more ambitious project for recording native com-

posers is now materializing. In collaboration with the Norwegian Foreign Office, the Norwegian Composers' Association, and Philips (Epic Records in the States) the orchestra will make a number of albums-sessions started this summer-of Norwegian music. Among others, Johan Svendsen (1840-1911), one of the more prominent names in Norway's musical history, will for the first time be amply represented on discs. Apart from his popular Carnival in Paris, available on a Capitol release, his Symphony No. 1, Romance for Violin, and Festive Polonaise will be taped, as will also Halvorsen's Rhapsody No. 3. Klaus Egge's Second Symphony, and six or seven other works by contemporary Norwegian composers. FRANK HEDMAN



If you are thinking about making a record-buying expedition to France some day, you should get acquainted with the magazine Disques and with the huge annual

catalogue of the same name. These handsome publications will give you a properly scholarly feel for the situation over here. Then, when you arrive, you should listen to a Sunday afternoon FM broadcast called La Tribune des critiques de disques. a free-swinging session in which four or five well-known critics compare recorded versions of the same work. This program will make a proper connoisseur and iconoclast of you.

Panigel-Phonographic Potentate. If you follow this procedure, you will be in contact with Armand Panigel. a rumpled, rather melancholy man who has long merited a note in this space. Panigel is the editor of Disques, the publisher of the catalogue, and the quietly ruthless master of ceremonies for La Tribune des critiques. As such he is perhaps the most powerful individual in the French record industry, at least in classical music. When he puts on his three hats, he can make the sun shine or the rains fall.

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CIRCLE 66 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

acquiring records as a boy, and by World War II his collection in Egypt had grown to some twenty thousand discs. He joined the Free French and soon found himself engaged in a very pleasant sort of propaganda: playing his own records and talking about them on the radio from Cairo, Beirut, and Tunis. After the liberation of France he tried teaching mathematics for a time, but could not stay away from his phonograph. He started La Tribune des critiques on the French radio network in 1946 and his magazine in 1947, and is still surprised to find himself making money out of his hobby. Disques now has a stable circulation of about 70,000, which is very good for a French luxury magazine.

Panigel has had, of course, the troubles one finds everywhere when art and business come together. His unrelenting campaign for cheaper discs has made him something of a hero to record buyers and something considerably less to record manufacturers, who are apt to refer to him as Panigel la baisse (Cut-price Panigel). Musicians whose performances are adversely criticized on his radio program have a distressing way of turning out to be friends of a cabinet minister. And there was one terrible Sunday afternoon when an argument about Tchaikovsky led to the resounding use of a fourletter word (five in French), since which time the program has been taped and edited. Still, it is nice work.

Forthcoming for Augel. On her way from the Mediterranean to London, Maria Callas stopped off in Paris for a couple of weeks to see West Side Story several times and to record for Angel selections from Samson et Dalila, Le Cid, Mignon, Louise, Carmen, Roméo et Juliette, and Alceste. Georges Prêtre conducts the Orchestre National. Also for the Angel label in the States, Pathé Marconi has done a complete Pecheurs de perles, with Nicolai Gedda, Janine Micheau, Ernest Blanc, and the Opéra-Conique orchestra under Pierre Dervaux.

Golden Orpheuses. For centuries the French have been either reticent or defensive about the quality of their language when sung, and it must be admitted that je t'aime, as rendered by the usual Paris tenor, is not darkly lovely. But now an offensive is under way. Last year an Académie du Disque Lyrique ("academy" in this usage means simply a prize jury) was founded, and this year its oscars, called Orphées d'or, have gone to some fine records and unusual voices. Deutsche Grammophon won one of the top prizes for its L'Enfant et les sortilèges (mentioned by Kurt Blaukopf in a note in our March issue), in which the role of the Enfant is sung by Françoise Ogeas, a recent discovery at the Opéra. Joan Sutherland was singled out for her Art of the Prima Donna (London). I haven't space to list all the prizes, but another went to Guy Chauvet for his role in Massenet's Hérodiade, recorded by Véga. This strapping young tenor, who has been singing at the Opéra for only two years, is coming along very fast indeed. ROY MCMULLEN

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

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CIRCLE 57 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

Audio Doctor in the House?

OUR USUAL REVELING in the progress of high fidelity notwithstanding, we have the impression that one aspect of the art has somehow not kept pace with the increasing excellence of audio equipment or its ever widening use. What we have in mind is, simply, facilities for servicing components—for repairing defective equipment as well as for maintaining one's system in top performing condition. Despite manufacturers' service departments and authorized service centers (and the liberal warranties usually offered), many owners of high-fidelity equipment have had to put up with inconveniently located service shops, long delays, additional expense, or less than the best handling of the problem itself.

This situation is due partly to the fact that in its early days high fidelity was a hobby confined largely to the technically informed, who generally could perform their own servicing, following the instructions provided in manufacturers' service manuals. Plainly, however, today's existing (and potential) audience for high quality music reproduction extends far bevond that early handful of enthusiasts; and while equipment is now far more complicated than it was some years ago, its owner may understand its workings (not to speak of its repair) as little as he does the mechanism of an expensive watch or camera. Knowing how to troubleshoot an amplifier no longer is a concomitant of owning one, any more than, say, having an ear for the technique of an Oistrakh implies that the listener himself can play the violin, or even be able to identify its four strings.

Up to a point, naturally, *some* maintenance can be performed by *some* high-fidelity owners—but what happens when the trouble seems to be more serious than a worn stylus or a loose signal cable? Indeed, the new fidelitarian might well be found asking: "Am I expected to know whether it *is* merely a worn stylus that is causing the distortion?"

Not only is this latter-day owner reluctant to diagnose his system's ills, but—aside from the servicing facilities maintained by components manufacturers—it is not always easy for him to find someone else who can. Actually, there is little in the way of an "audio servicing industry." Often, the business of servicing has had to be grafted onto selected audio dealers, or has fallen, by default, into the area normally covered by the general radio-TV service shop. That neither of these approaches quite fills the bill is pointed out in the article by Charles Tepfer elsewhere in this issue.

One novel attempt to take up the slack in this area is the servicing offered by a new group of specialized audio technicians, or "high-fidelity doctors." Some operate independently or free-lance style; others team up and form small companies. Some charge a fixed fee, around \$40, which includes new tubes and small parts as needed; others charge an hourly rate plus cost of parts. A recent notice in a city newspaper, for instance, listed these charges: in the customer's home, \$5.95 for the first half-hour, and \$5.00 for each additional half-hour; at the service shop, \$4.00 flat, per half-hour. These would seem to be reasonable rates, assuming that the work performed is reliable.

The prospective client must of course realize that, since setting up a complete testing laboratory in the living room is obviously out of the question, work done in the home is necessarily limited. Tubes and possibly certain small parts readily discovered to be defective can be replaced; interconnections between components can be checked; some kinds of local interference (from appliances and such) may be cleared up, as well as many cases of hum and noise; and help may be given in solving general installation problems. Insofar as home servicing is technically feasible, its practical convenience is certainly very much to be welcomed.

Major repairs, alignment of tuners, and the kind of trouble that calls for lab-type testing are, however, best carried out in the service shop—the thoroughly professional kind of audio shop described by Mr. Tepfer. Perhaps seeing to it that there are many more such shops-on an organized, accredited, nationwide basis-is something for high-fidelity manufacturers to consider as their next contribution in a long series of noteworthy achievements. Certainly, it would reassure the thousands who now own high-fidelity equipment, as well as encourage countless more to take the plunge with components (rather than with poorer-sounding but more easily serviced package sets). In this sense, solving the servicing problem might easily prove to be the most effective and enduring kind of public relations the high-fidelity industry has yet embarked on. NORMAN EISENBERG

AS high fidelity SEES IT



Portrait of a pianist who prefers making chamber music in the

by Joseph Roddy

Rudolf Serkin

MUSICAL PERFORMANCES, whether on the recital stage or before the recording microphones, are, in essence, lecture hall demonstrations at which artists teach the literature of music. The artists range from the transparently mountebank to the wholly incorruptible. Their audiences vary from the innocent or infatuated to the discriminating or even erudite. Some lecturers play down to their audiences because that seems to be the surest way to lure in the largest numbers. Others simply pour out the ideas that consume their own interest at the time-an ancient didactic method based on the assumption that the teacher has a body of knowledge to teach and that his students have come in to learn all about it. Teachers who use that approach are serious. Their students are serious too.

Rudolf Serkin is an artist who is serious about music. He is serious about it in the way William Faulkner is a writer who is serious about the novel and Bertrand Russell is a philosopher who is serious about civilization's survival. In some, seriousness comes and goes, and it exists in degrees in others. Walter Lippman is a political critic who is serious, but he is addressed to a subject which is often hard to take seriously. Other types fall in place neatly. Pablo Picasso is a painter who is serious some of the time. Sir Laurence Olivier is an actor whose seriousness declines. And Ernest Hemingway is a writer who cannot be taken seriously ever again.

Seriousness in a musician is partly a matter of intention, and the rest a matter of attainment. Rudolf Serkin's intentions are primevally simple. He works for music. This is an altogether different activity from working music for a living. It means

that the art of music matters more to him than the earnings he wrests from it. From that state of mind, or moral stance, others follow. Serkin will not submit to the seeming truth of the proposition that to be a concert performer is to be a marketable commodity of Show Business. He will not feign the airs and graces a performing artist in search of listeners should by all self-serving means display, and he is far too purposeful about his work to pause and ply interviewers with accounts of how purposeful he is. In the judgment of veteran Serkin watchers, he has never played the piano in such a way as to draw attention to the pianist and away from the music, but then, he has always played recital programs of such formidable musical substance that a tawdry showpiece on a Serkin program would be as improbable as a self-display of virtuosity. As intentions go, Serkin's should have fitted him nicely for a career in musicology along the academic trail. But there he is on the concert stage instead, a testament that excellence can profit a man even in this Dark Age.

By estimating the sales in box offices and over record counters, observing the character and behavior of audiences, and poring over the pronouncements of critics, it can be deduced that Rudolf Serkin is among the surest investments a concert manager can book into his premises. This is made all the more remarkable by the fact that Serkin is among the best of the concert pianists. No block of serious opinion holds the opposite view. The precise way in which, *Pathétique* for *Pathétique* and *Emperor* for *Emperor*, he is better than, or not better than, Sviatoslav Richter will stand unGreen Mountains to making money in Show Business

eraphic and Serious



SERKIN



resolved until the precise strengths and weaknesses of Richter's performances are fixed. But with the Russian temporarily by-passed, and the whole splendid contingent of young pianists spared comparison because Serkin's age and erudition give him such a lead, then his peers in the sum of all the imperfect indices that measure reputation remain only Artur Rubinstein and Vladimir Horowitz.

Rubinstein, ever on stage, is far more illustrious than Horowitz or Serkin for a series of reasons which are not primarily audible and may even be extramusical. Pink-fleshed and cherubic-mannered at seventy-two, he is indeed so pleasing to behold that there are Rubinstein devotees who would be no less enthralled if he did not play the piano at all but simply came on stage to enable them to look at him a little. Horowitz, whose sabbatical from the concert stage continues, is more facile than Rubinstein or Serkin at the gymnastics of getting around the keyboard. For him the instrument itself appears the central fact of life. About it music seems to arrange itself as a processed material which is useful to his Steinway in about the same sense that high octane gasoline is to a Mercedes.

Serkin, unlike Rubinstein, cannot be conceived of in any context other than music. And unlike Horowitz, he does not regard the piano per se as giving his life its purpose. To Serkin, music is an enveloping ethic that he is to observe to the limit of his capacities. The piano has meaningfulness for him only as an instrument he must use to reveal his studies to others-which is quite different from revealing himself through music. Until electronic instruments take over altogether, all performing musicians will to some extent impress their own personalities on the music they play. Even a record listener, with a gain control and a pair of bass and treble filters at his fingertips, does something of the sort. But the ethic Rudolf Serkin lives by has transformed him into a medium through which music passes to emerge with few, if any, traces of the Serkin personality adorning it but with much evidence of the Serkin brain giving it coherence. This does not leave the music correct and characterless but correct and comprehensible, for it comes out with all the notes in place and with all of the character Beethoven or Mozart wrote into it.

The presence of such an uncompromising man in the main ring of music has had a somewhat Socratic effect on a scene which is far from Athenian. In recent years Serkin has become the gadfly to a loose formation of serious young performers (probably more of them string players than pianists) who regard themselves as music's latter-day Greeks and who try not to regard the rest of the profession's professionals as barbarians. A six-week summer music school at Marlboro, Vermont, has become the academy where Serkin's class of regulars convenes with each new year's converts to play chamber music magnificently and exchange ideas on how to play it better. Year after year the encampment is a money-losing venture largely supported by Serkin's fall and winter recital fees and the patronage of a few wealthy local residents. And year after year, as a result of this association, a few more virtuoso-size performers go back to the concert circuits more interested than ever before in the meaningfulness of music and less willing than ever before to see themselves merely as Show Business attractions.

By having this missionary effect on the musicians he mingles with, Serkin has at the age of fifty-eight reached a patriarchal status. Every performance he now gives in Marlboro or New York is an event which serious musicians regard as a lecture they cannot easily afford to miss. Every recording he makes serves as a textbook or reference work no pianist can be without. Whenever he plays, what emerges is a thoroughly reasoned and clearly stated exposition of some section of the piano literature. His reading can be disputed over, or assented to, but never dismissed. It is, like a Faulkner novel, or an aperçu of Lord Russell's, a hard position at which equally serious musicians can direct their disagreements. Since Artur Schnabel, no pianist has been as integral a link in the preservation of a tradition of musical performance.

Between record sessions and recital dates. Serkin is constantly sought out by young musicians who wish to perform for him. Of all the concert artists who are at the crest of their careers, Serkin is almost the only one who has made himself available in this way. His relationship to those who regard him as their teacher, either in fact or through his influence, has never been dogmatic in the way Schnabel's tutorial approach was. Serkin exercises a light and subtle authority which does not crush anyone who spends the summer with him-but then he takes great care in choosing crush-proof spirits when assembling his student body. Serkin has learned that with the moderately gifted the teacher should be a stern methodologist showing the student what to do every bar of the way, but that in dealing with a large talent, a didactic approach is limiting and causes the student to throw off the teacher quickly. The teacher endures at Marlboro because those who return there year after year are the larger talents. The talents do not regard themselves as large (which is why they probably are), and Serkin does not

regard himself as their teacher (which is probably why he is). "Rudi wants it to be as if a lot of his friends came to his house to play music," one Marlboro hand explained. "Only he wants them to play it better here than anywhere else. You will notice that he gets what he wants."

Rudolf Serkin is a somewhat gangly man who wears a shy smile when he is not at the piano, and an expression of considerable pain much of the time when he is. He does not feel comfortable seated before the instrument. He has, he claims, never found it easy to play, whether he is practicing at home or performing on stage. He is not even physically well equipped for the piano. His hands are neither large nor ideally shaped for it, and a half-century of hard use has left them honorably battered until they now look more like the hands of a bruiser who hefts concert grands for a living than a musician who plays them with a missionary sense of involvement.

Though he has spent more time at the piano than probably any man alive, Serkin is still given to day-long stretches of practicing that would inflict muscle cramp on pianists half his age and twice his strength. There is something oddly mystical or almost Zen-like about this work. When he has beaten down all the technical difficulties in a piece, he is likely to invent satanically difficult fingerings so that his practicing of it will not become routine to him. Music that he does not believe in, he practices for the same self-disciplining reasons. "I've played Liszt," Serkin said, "and I don't like Liszt much. But in playing it I learned things I needed for playing Mozart. I will tell you what Rachmaninoff used to say about this. 'Anyone can play the *Hammerklavier* or the *Emperor*,' he said, 'because they are such magnificent music. But to play Liszt —ah, there is almost nothing there and it takes a master to make something of what there is. If I don't bring something to it, there is nothing.'"

Serkin modulated then from Rachmaninoff on Beethoven and Liszt to Serkin on Mozart and Rachmaninoff. "In a Mozart sonata," he maintained, "there is nothing for the pianist to hide behind. It is not like Rachmaninoff, if you know what I mean. In Mozart the pianist must try to get up to the music. It is hard, very hard, to do. But it is so beautiful when you get there."

Serkin gleaned Rachmaninoff's views on the auxiliary uses of Liszt-sized composers when he was living in Berlin years ago. He would turn up at Rachmaninoff's studio then to play four-hand Schubert piano pieces with him. After every few bars Rachmaninoff would stop, turn to his young partner, and say, "Let us play that over again, Serkin, it is so beautiful." Serkin is quick to add that what Rachmaninoff had in mind was the music of Schubert and not the handiwork of the junior pianist on the scene.

Rachmaninoff was heard at times to work up considerable enthusiasm for his own performances



Photos by Kalischer

At Marlboro, in the company of musicians who share his seriousness, Serkin finds both spiritual refreshment and relaxation.

at the piano, but Serkin is not at all given to selfcongratulation. He is not even able to get up much of a case for the piano as an instrument suitable for the performance of music. He regards it as a machine from which it is supremely difficult to extract music. "It takes so long to get anything lovely from it," he laments. "Take a cello, a bow -ah. At once, beautiful tone." As an instrument for children beginning the study of music, he thinks the piano has a whole complex of disadvantages, which can be best overcome if the child learns to sing, or to play a wind or string instrument at the same time that he is tussling with the keyboard. "Phrasing is breathing, and so many pianists do not get to learn about phrasing," he said. "In Philadelphia a while ago I recorded the Schumann Concerto and I learned a beautiful phrasing of one passage just from hearing the oboist Marcel Tabuteau play it before me. All that I had to do was think like the oboe."

A seraphic expression came over Serkin's face as he thought about that phrase again. Matching his piano to the oboe was a chamber music experience for him, even with the Philadelphia Orchestra at full strength wafting great torrents of tone all around him. In Serkin's set of values, playing chamber music is about the finest thing in life, a mystical union of the performers with each other, and all of them with the composer. Serkin is so convinced of its restorative effect on professionals that he feels obligated to provide the setting in which they can come to feel the way he does about it. At Marlboro orchestra men wearied of submersion in the psyches of their conductors get to play unconducted Beethoven quartets with recitalists wearied of playing flashy encores for easily impressed audiences.

Reputations are left outside the Marlboro gate, for once inside the settlement only musicianship counts. The refugees from Show Business like to regard Serkin as the only celebrated figure present. but Serkin makes this hard for them by immersing himself even further than they do in the Marlboro idea. Once when pressed to account for his skill at being influential there from a concealed position, Serkin first doubted that he was, then came up with a possible explanation in which he compared himself to a string quartet's second violinist. "Sascha Schneider of the Budapest Quartet comes here in summer, and he gave me my greatest compliment one time," Serkin said, suddenly looking a little pained as he realized he had fallen into the trap of talking about himself. "Sascha said that I like to be inside the music and that I would have made the world's second-greatest second violinist. That's from the man who says he is the world's greatest second violinist, and I suppose he is, so I must respect what he says, yes?" Serkin looked relieved that his little story seemed funny rather than fatuous, but he quickly skirted back to less treacherous conversational grounds. "You see," he said, "this is not really a school at Marlboro, for there are no teachers. We are all students. Or we are all teachers. I talked to Issac Stern about another name for this place and he thought it should be called the Institute for Advanced Studies in Music. I do not know if that is right for it either."

There are some indications that the Marlboro retreat might be called the Institute for the Replenishment of Rudolf Serkin. The man of austere mien who makes world-wide concert tours most of the year dissolves into almost small-town affability once he settles in for his months in the country. The company of serious musicians pleases him completely, and Serkin's relaxation when he is with them is sometimes hard to believe. In Carnegie Hall, as in the concert halls of Kansas, Serkin's shy bow at the end of a performance looks like the compromise gesture of a man whose real wish is to disappear up the sleeves of his tail-coat. At Marlboro, all that reserve is shaken off. Before and after concerts there he is likely to greet visitors outside the little auditorium with the cheeriness of a minister chatting with his flock after Sunday service. And at times Serkin is even seen about with a baby girl in his arms. The last-born of the pianist's half-dozen children is a year-and-a-halfold daughter named Marguerite, referred to by Marlboro wags as Serkin's Opus 6. She turns up because there are often no Serkins at home to keep her company. Serkin lives on a 300-acre farm twenty miles away; but it seems even closer, for most of his family joins in the music making at Marlboro. Though his oldest daughters, Ursula, a flutist, and Elizabeth, a clarinetist, are married and unavailable, and his eighteen-year-old son John, a horn player, has taken a teen-ager's sabbatical from the scene, there are still lots of Serkins to be heard from. His daughter Judy, eleven, and his son Peter, thirteen, teamed with their father last summer in playing the three-piano Mozart concerto (K. 242). while his wife Irene Busch Serkin played the viola in the orchestra.

Serkin was born in Eger, Bohemia, but his parents were both Russians. He was the fifth of eight children, all of them addicted to making music on one instrument or another. After a year with the violin, Serkin turned to the piano when he was four and progressed dazzlingly. To accommodate the family to its prodigy, the Serkins moved in 1911 to Vienna, where there were teachers who could cope with his talent. Professor Richard Robert directed his piano studies. Arnold Schoenberg taught him composition, and George Szell was a fellow student. Schoenberg told Serkin to compose a tonal work in the style of Mozart, but the pianist never managed it. He did learn to play a lot of Schoenberg tone-row works, however, though he plays few of them any more and has recorded none. He has recorded much of the clavier repertoire of Mozart instead, including Continued on page 82



High Fidelity Servicing

A survey of the facilities available—with some pointed advice on what to seek

and what to avoid when your components need professional care.

BY CHARLES TEPFER

 $I_{N A}$ UTOPIAN world, nothing would ever break down, nothing ever need to be repaired. But in our imperfect world everything we cherish is susceptible to time and accident. High-fidelity equipment is no exception, despite its intrinsic excellence and the loving care with which it is normally treated. Sooner or later its owner must concern himself with the availability and reliability of servicing facilities, and he may discover that these can be far from ideal.

Genuinely "high-fidelity" equipment will not, of course, "break down" soon after its purchase, but occasionally defects are apparent even in newly bought components. If the unit has been purchased and taken home by the buyer himself, he will naturally report the trouble to the dealer with whom he traded. If, however, the unit was purchased by mail or ordered to be sent by a delivery service, there are complications. Most equipment carries a notice stating that damages caused en route should be handled by "a claim against the carrier." Question: how is the purchaser to decide whether a hent amplifier cage or a chipped finish on a speaker enclosure was caused by someone's carelessness at the factory or by the package's being dropped on the floor of a loading platform? And, assuming it can be determined that the damage was caused in transit, the purchaser can make a "claim against the carrier." Usually, such a claim involves some filling out of forms, a visit by an inspector to assess the damages, and finally a check in settlement. Some dealers may replace the damaged unit with a new one and will then take over the damage claim themselves, with the buyer signing the appropriate papers for this transaction.

With regard to defective parts in new equipment, the high-fidelity purchaser is relatively blessed, since

warranties for high-fidelity components generally are among the most liberal of all those provided for consumer products. Some components manufacturers offer a ninety-day guarantee (except for vacuum tubes), but many more issue a one-year warranty and some go as high as two years. In fact, one speaker manufacturer will replace an open voice coil at no charge up to three years from the date of sale. Some admit to a flexible warranty period despite the limits set on the guarantee card given the customer. Under a typical warranty, all defective parts (other than tubes) are replaced free with no charge for labor (assuming of course that the factory is at fault and the customer did not misuse the instrument). Sometimes the tubes are guaranteed for ninety days and the rest of the component or system is guaranteed for one year.

In the matter of who does the servicing, guarantees differ. Some manufacturers insist that it be done by the dealer and a very few insist on making all repairs in the factory, but most components manufacturers cover themselves for inwarranty servicing by naming authorized service stations. These stations are, in reality, independent businesses which perform in-warranty service for a number of high-fidelity manufacturers. Some components companies employ roving instructors who visit these stations, as well as selected dealers: their job is to train technicians in the repair of the company's products. Other companies offer free instruction courses in their factories to designated technicians from the authorized stations or dealers.

The drawback to this system of special service stations is that often they are too few and far between. For example, one components manufacturer offers his customers authorized service stations in only nineteen states. There are nine stations in New York City, but just one, in Newburgh-and that only sixty-five miles up the Hudson-to serve all the rest of the state. According to the warranty, the man who lives even in the heavily populated Mohawk Valley has just two alternatives: he may send the component to the nearest authorized service station (Newburgh, presumably) or he may return it to the factory (Railway Express at his expense). Both courses involve inconvenience (especially if the original packing case is not kept by the customer), some expense, and considerable time-possibly up to four weeks before the repaired component is returned. The farther a man lives from a really large metropolitan center, the more difficult his situation.

To be fair, it should be mentioned that the manufacturer cited above and many others authorize their dealers to return in-warranty equipment to the factory or authorized service station at no expense for their customers. In this connection, as in others, it behooves the buyer to read the guarantee carefully before he buys the product; he should make it at least as important a consideration of purchase as the finish of the case or cabinet.

Now, what happens after the first ninety days or one year, when the warranty and ostensibly the responsibility of the manufacturer towards his customer ends? Where does the high-fidelity owner then go for his servicing? First, let us remark the comforting fact that if we rule out the troubles caused by mishandling in shipment and the early tube and pilot light failures, all covered by the warranty, the average well-designed component does not require as much service as the average TV set. But, with the emphasis in recent years on highpower amplifiers, the need for servicing of these components has gone up. (It's not the power alone that does it as much as the closeness of the design tolerances; if capacitors and output tubes are made to carry voltages and wattages right up to their maximum ratings, things will pop after a while and take other parts along with them.) And with many components, the heat generated may play havoc with the parts and change their values after a period of use. Tape recorders certainly need looking after: tape heads probably will need alignment after two or three years of steady use, and they certainly should be cleaned and demagnetized before that; capstan and idler rollers may need replacement. Speakers probably need the least attention; they are not fragile, but rough handling (especially by children) can strain the most rugged construction. In short, servicing will be required.

It should not be necessary to point out to the sophisticated high-fidelity owner that such servicing cannot, as a rule, be provided by the one-man TVand-radio repair shop. Such establishments usually do not have a reference high-fidelity system with which to make listening-test comparisons for distortion. Often there is no FM antenna on hand to hook up to an FM tuner. And while the proprietor probably owns an oscilloscope, he frequently doesn't bother to use it for audio equipment-even though this instrument, in trained hands, is probably the most effective means of detecting, analyzing, and solving distortion, hum, degenerated frequency response, and a host of other tuner and amplifier problems. Merely "getting the set to play"-a workable goal in TV and ordinary radio servicing-just isn't enough for high-fidelity servicing, which entails becoming involved with areas of acoustic response unique to high-fidelity equipment. These "ultra" performance features are of primary concern in the design and manufacture of high-fidelity components and are, indeed, a chief reason for buying components in the first place,

For reliable servicing, the high-fidelity owner must then either return the equipment to the manufacturer or find a "specialist" serviceman. While some manufacturers will allow you to send a component to the factory for repairs after its warranty period (if you do so, prepare for delay since inwarranty repairs are granted priority), most feel that there is an adequate number of trained highfidelity servicemen throughout the country and that service is the dealer's responsibility. Unfortunately for the owner, fees are often high—many manufacturers claim to monitor the service fees charged by their dealers but in fact the dealer generally is free to charge whatever he chooses—and the servicing competency of some dealers may very well be open to question.

Recently my tuner, a well-known make with separate AM and FM circuits for stereo programs, was in need of repair. The 12AZ7 tube in the oscillator stage of the FM section sometimes would work as it should, but sometimes the tube did not heat up properly and the signal to the amplifier was low and distorted. To make the tuner a real test case of servicing efficiency, I gave the core in the primary coil of the transformer at the output of the third limiter stage five turns counterclockwise, detuning the transformer enough to introduce an obvious distortion on every station. I then put some red sealing wax over the opening at the top of this transformer "can"; the wax would have to be removed by a serviceman to readjust the transformer. (The manufacturer's service data clearly stated that this transformer should be adjusted for minimum distortion.)

These troubles were designed purposely to separate the servicing men from the boys. Any competent "tube puller" would find the defective tube easily enough and replace it, but it would take real servicing knowledge and competence in the use of test instruments to find the cause of the distortion. If a serviceman used an oscilloscope and signal generator on the tuner, he would find the mistuned transformer in a matter of minutes. If he had enough high-fidelity servicing experience, he might guess the trouble. In addition, the distortion would test the serviceman's ear and his test speaker. Continued on page 84



A service bench for high-fidelity testing should include at least a voltmeter, oscilloscope, and signal generator.



BERKSHIRES



STARTING ABOUT A CENTURY AGO wealthy families from the large cities of the Eastern seaboard were drawn to the Berkshire Hills, the Massachusetts county which stretches from Vermont to Connecticut flush along the New York State line, by its summer climate and constantly seductive scenery. With a cosmopolitan class of "summer people" and a native tradition of culture, it would seem natural that the arts



Jay Rosenfeld

Photos by

Clemens Kalischer



South Mountain provides a sylvan Temple of Music.



The Shed at Tanglewood: the Boston Symphony assembles here in full force.

should take root and flourish in this soil. There was even a music "festival" in Pittsfield, the county seat, in 1891, which, yellowed records show, included the appearance of "the world's greatest cellist." a young Irishman named Victor Herbert. But in fact it was not until after World War I that the area emerged as a music center of more than local importance—and this largely through the enterprise and determination of



At top. Ted Shawn's dance theatre at Jacob's Pillow: above; its students in class.

Summer Music

two dedicated individuals: Mrs. Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge and Serge Koussevitzky.

Mrs. Coolidge was the daughter of a well-known Chicago family, who as a young girl had seen Wagner conduct at Bayreuth and who had heard Brahms at the piano in Vienna. Once installed in Pittsfield, where her husband had decided to settle for reasons of health, she invited four former Chicago Symphony orchestra members to form a quartet and to come play for her guests at the palatial Coolidge estate on the edge of the city.

From this private pursuit soon developed the project which was to become unique in the field of chamber music. Acquiring "South Mountain," she built a 600-seat Temple of Music on the ridge and on the nearby slope cottages for resident artists. The Berkshire Festivals of Chamber Music, starting in 1918, were conspicuous for the eminence of the performers and the renown of the composers whose works were played. Many scores were specifically commissioned, and competitions—whose prizes were as valued for prestige as for their money value—were sponsored.

When the scope of the festivals required year-round implementation, the United States Congress accepted Mrs. Coolidge's offer to construct an auditorium in a courtyard of the Library of Congress in Washington. Through the Foundation established before she died in 1953, the Washington concerts have continued with vigor; those on South Mountain continue with less concentrated aim. *Continued on page 84*


Tenor Richard Dyer-Bennet, one of many artists who live in the Berkshires.



Music Mountain, in nearby Connecticut: chamber music every Sunday.



A local inn shelters the School of Jazz: here, John Mehegan and lecturer Al Mins.



by Norman Eisenberg



Transistors have made it possible to enjoy FM programming in the great outdoors

Not too MANY Julys ago, a not uncommon sight in the remote seats at a baseball park was the fan watching the game "with both hands" that is to say, with one hand shielding his eyes against the sun and the other pressing a portable radio against an ear. The radio, of course, was tuned to the station broadcasting a play-by-play account of the game. Why would anyone have to supplement his admission ticket with a radio? "Well, I came down here," went the explanation, "I may as well know what's going on."

In addition to compensating for long-distance viewing as well as the random acoustics of outdoor stadiums (including those with publicaddress systems), the portable set served other uses. It alerted its owner, for instance, to coming changes in the weather. While there was nothing he could do about it, at least he wouldn't be taken completely unawares when summer showers came down between the final play and the hike to subway, bus, or parked car. The portable also served as a private ear on the world, offering subjects for discussion on the way home somewhat less tedious than the inevitable debates over whether Di Maggio should have belted that long one in the third inning. Finally, the portable of those days (non-high fidelity, non-FM) could be tuned to what passed for the sound of music-mainly current jukebox hits (without even the bass response provided by "jukebox boom"). The occasional strains of opera. symphony, or chamber music, picked out from the crowded station dial. were a real find indeed. The music lover who for one reason or another had to depend on such a portable set for serious listening could do little more than twirl the knob and hope, like Micawber, to "be ready, in case of anything turning up."

Such recollections made for certain reservations on my part when I recently came to renew my acquaintance with portable radios. Circum-

"A jug of wine, a loaf of bread. and ..." a hevy of FM portables for turning any summer afternoon into a musical one. Upper left is the Westrex. with phonotape attachment: at its right is the Zenith. The Norelco occupies the center, while the Columbia (lower left) and the Sony complete the electronics display pictured in this rustic setting. stances, however, called for a reëxamination: professionally, I was interested in an apparent new design trend—the use of transistors and other forms of "semi-conductors" that replace tubes, facilitate tuner circuitry, and operate on the tiny power drains that can be furnished by flashlight batteries; personally, I was temporarily denied the pleasures of an elaborate stereo component system while moving my family from a New York suburb to new quarters in the Berkshire Hills of Massachusetts. This move also provided an opportunity to test a few portables under the ideal signal conditions that prevail in the metropolitan area and then again with the reception available in an unfamiliar "fringe" area.

The net result of this experience amounted to a rediscovery of the "portable principle." With the better models I sampled. I found that it is possible now to enjoy most of what is available as program fare on FM as well as a good measure of that medium's superior sound-all from an attractive set that weighs a few pounds, can be carried around more easily than an attaché case, needs no plugging in, and may soon become a more commonplace sight in the warm weather than the straw hat. Indoors, of course, the FM portable serves as a "second set" in study. bedroom, or kitchen. About the only intricacy involved in successfully using these portables is learning just how far and at what angle to set the built-in telescoping antenna. When this antenna is properly oriented, signal-to-noise ratio is improved, pull-in power strengthened, and distortion reduced. Some portables have provision for external antennas, presumably for use in a "non-portable" situation where maximum sensitivity can be achieved.

By no stretch of the aural imagination can the sound of any portable truly be called "high fidelity." It simply lacks the wide-range response and dynamics, as well as the low distortion, of high-fidelity sound and, except perhaps on the strongest of local signals, it is hardly ever completely free of some background hiss. Nonetheless, the sound is much cleaner than what is heard on the average AM radio, portable or table model. What's more, the FM portable does



Pea-size transistors replace tubes in Zenith.

provide FM programming, and there is something quite thrilling about being able to tune in on Beethoven or Bartók or Brubeck on a summer outing under circumstances that hitherto could produce only ball games, soap operas, and overworked pop tunes.

The most dependable portables with which I lived for some weeks turned out to be a Norelco, a Westrex, a Zenith, and a Columbia. In addition to their ability to furnish FM broadcasts, each has certain unique features. The Norelco has the highest rated output (750 milliwatts) as well as a "long-wave beacon band" (for those who care to eavesdrop on weather messages) and a phono jack for playing records with a high output-level cartridge. The Westrex has a short-wave band which, with a little luck, gets an assortment of marine, weather, and other relatively remote signals; it also can be connected to operate from a car battery.

Most intriguing of all, the Westrex can be ordered with the new "phonotape" cartridge and player attachment, which makes it virtually a complete sound system in miniature. The Westrex "phonotape" actually is a cross between a tape and a disc recording. It consists of a 5/8-inch-wide plastic tape on which a modulated groove is tracked by a stylus and cartridge. The pickup engages the groove at right angles as the tape spirals past it on an endless loop. The sound is amplified and heard through the Westrex portable, switched to PHONO operation. This device extends the carry-it-yourself musical horizon a step beyond the scope of radio-only portables; with the "phonotape" you always can play music of your own choice whenever the airwaves fail to satisfy you.

The sturdy and attractive Zenith model has—for my ears—the kind of sound that typifies portability at its best, plus such special features as a switch that permits its use as tuner only (to be connected to an external amplifier and speaker) or as a phono amplifier. The Zenith also employs the largest of the built-in telescoping antennas, the biggest speaker of any FM portable we've seen (a 7-inch by 5-inch oval type), as well as the huskiest power pack, a nest of eight size-D batteries that provide 12 volts to power its eleven tuned circuits.

The Columbia is the most compact of the group, and is provided with only a single-section telescoping mast antenna—yet its apparent sensitivity and sound come close to rivaling those of its larger cousins.

In New York, the fact that these sets pulled in most of the stations we had been accustomed to hearing on high-fidelity tuners did not particularly surprise us. After all, we argued, the air here is full of strong signals; it would be a poor set indeed that didn't pick up a fair share of them. On moving day as we traveled along the parkway, the portables proved less dependable: even with antennas extended precariously out of the car window, most of what we got was drowned out by the rotund staccato of the car's engine. The farther north we drove, the lower went our opinion of portables, transistors, battery operation, and *Continued on page 82* The consumer's guide to new and important high-fidelity equipment

high fidelity equipment

EQUIPMENT REPORTS

AT A GLANCE: The University TMS-2 is a stereo speaker system housed in a single cabinet. It consists of a double voice-coil woofer which reproduces bass from both channels, plus two separate sets of midrange cone and horn tweeter, one set for each channel. The total system is, in effect, a pair of full-range three-way speaker systems but housed in one enclosure. The bass radiates from the rear of the cabinet; treble, from the sides with swing-out doors acting as sound deflectors. On stereo, each system handles its own channel; on mono, both systems are paralleled.

Measurements and listening tests indicate that, in either mode of use, the TMS-2 is a fine reproducer. Prices and dimensions vary slightly with type and finish of cabinet. Contemporary models are 30 in, wide, 25 in, high, 12¹/₂ in, deep: in mahogany, \$258; blond, \$263; walnut, \$263; oiled walnut, \$269. An Early American model is 30 in, wide, 24³/₄ in, high, 13¹/₂ in, deep: in fruitwood, \$279.95. All models contain the same reproducers.

IN DETAIL: Although the dimensions for the TMS-2. or "Trimensional" speaker system, as it is called, indicate a relatively compact cabinet (especially so in view of its housing two reproducer systems), it is by no means a "book-shelf" system. It is designed specifically to stand on its legs so that the bass can radiate from behind it, while the midrange and highs are spread out from its sides.

The TMS-2 is based on two familiar concepts in sound reproduction. One is the approach that bass notes (in this case, 150 cps and lower) are not directional, or directionally perceived, and thus can be reproduced—even on stereo —from a source that need not be geographically identified by the listener. Needless to say, this approach, like so many others in audio, is a debatable one despite the fact that it is used in many speaker systems. The other concept involves the diffusion of midrange and high frequencies; "spreading" them by some means or other is held to produce a more natural quality of musical sound than merely projecting them directly into the room. This latter concept is more generally agreed on, and finds expression in a very large variety of designs for speakers and enclosures. In fact, it has even led some listeners to "aim" their speakers at a wall, since—at some angle and at some distance from the wall—the sound often takes on a smoother, "airier" quality.

In the case of the TMS-2, everything—including the bass—is "aimed" and spread, with some interesting effects noted as the spread is varied.

The system comprises a sturdy 12-inch woofer with a dual voice-coil. The twin voice-coil enables bass notes from two separate channels to be fed directly into the one speaker without the need for a mixing network. These notes are supplied from a pair of conventional crossover networks, each of which channels midrange and highs to respective 8-inch cone speakers and horn tweeters, operating independently on the two channels. These units are furnished with their own level controls for adjusting response to individual tastes.

The woofer faces to the rear of the cabinet so that bass notes radiate effectively from all four sides (assuming of course the cabinet is not jammed flush against the wall!). The midrange cones and horn tweeters look out from each side of the cabinet, left and right channels respectively. A pair of swingout doors may be opened from their fully closed position over the front of the cabinet to any position where they serve as deflectors for the sound radiatUniversity TMS-2 Stereo Speaker System



UNIVERSITY STEREO SPEAKER SYSTEM

Man in in

ing from the two sides. Obviously, the exact position of the doors is a matter of personal preference—on stereo or mono—although the more they are opened, the greater is the sense of "spread" in the sound.

This is an unusual system, and unusual pains were taken in our laboratory measurements of it. Nine different sets of response readings were taken by Hirsch-Houck personnel, varying the position of the microphone as well as that of the speaker system. All nine sets of data then were averaged for each frequency and plotted as the response curve, shown in the accompanying graph. Reports the lab: "The frequency response proved to be unusually smooth and wide. The woofer, a long-excursion high-compliance type, produced useful response to well below 30 cycles with little distortion. The waveform appeared to be clean at the lowest frequencies. For flattest response, it seems that the 'Brilliance' control should be set higher than midway; if this is done, the response curve would be within plus or minus 4 db from 30 to 12,000 cps."

One interesting thing became apparent during tests of the TMS-2: the bass response seemed to depend directly on the distance from the rear of the cabinet to the wall. Placing the speaker six inches from the wall, for instance, caused a sizable rise in lows from 50 to 150 cps. On the other hand, moving the cabinet out from the wall by several feet lowered the bass peak and actually extended the lower limit of response somewhat. To what extent this change was due to room effects could not be estimated. Obviously, some experimentation by the user in placing the system in a given room would seem to be indicated. Tone burst response, observed on an oscilloscope and indicated here in the photos, was judged to be "fairly good." Efficiency is about average; the TMS-2 is recommended for use with quality amplifiers of 15 watts or higher power output.

The net impression of listening to the TMS-2 can be summed up as one of a pleasing spread of sound, with no "hole in the middle" and with a fair degree of depth that is perceptible from most parts of an average-size living room. There was some disagreement over the setting of the tweeter control ("Brilliance" control), with some listeners urging that it be turned up, and others satisfied with it at midway position.

Whether the method employed in the TMS-2 of reproducing two channels by the common woofer and the separate midrange and tweeter units is a more successful one than that of using two completely independent speaker systems separately housed is a matter best decided by the listener, in terms of personal tastes in acoustics as well as in décor. It is apparent, in any case, that the high quality of the elements used in the "unitized" TMS-2 can make for better sound—stereo or mono—than a pair of speaker systems that employ elements of lower quality, or that are incorrectly baffled, or poorly placed in the room, even though the latter be physically separated as two distinct systems. N.E.

Sherwood S-7000 Stereo Receiver



AT A GLANCE: The Sherwood S-7000 stereo receiver is a recent addition to the growing roster of the "all-in-one." A single chassis contains stereo AM/FM tuners plus twin-channel preamplifiers and power amplifiers. The unit measures 16¹/₄ by 14 by 4¹/₂ inches. Not only is the S-7000 attractive in appearance but it incorporates many ingenious and effective operating features.

The convenience of having all the electronic elements for a mono or stereo system in a single package that can deliver high quality performance makes the 5-7000 a very worthwhile buy. Price: \$299.50 (with brown leather-ette case, \$307).

IN DETAIL: One major concern of those who plan to purchase a combination component such as the S-7000 in which dual tuners and amplifiers all are built on one chassis is its ability to dissipate heat. Heat, of course, is one of the worst enemies of a high-fidelity system, and one might suspect that it would be a problem on a chassis that contained as much as this one does. In this regard, however, the design of the S-7000 is outstanding. The output tubes are located at the rear of the chassis and are shielded from the other components. These tubes run exceptionally cool, as the result of a "chimney effect" with air coming up through the bottom of the chassis, and passing over the tubes on its way out the back. As a further aid in ventilation, Sherwood recommends leaving at least four inches of space at the rear of the unit when install-

REPORT POLICY

Equipment reports are based on measurements and listening tests. The choice of equipment to be tested rests with High Fidelity's editorial department. Many equipment reports are prepared for us by Hirsch-Houck Laboratories, an independent organization whose staff was responsible for the original Audio League reports. Some reports are prepared by the High Fidelity staff using data supplied by Hirsch-Houck Laboratories or by other similar independent testing organizations. No report or any portion thereof may be reproduced without written permission of the publisher. ing. This space also provides room for the interconnecting cables and wires to and from other components, such as phono, tape deck, and speakers.

Sherwood makes some fancy claims for the S-7000, which are verified in large measure by our laboratory measurements and listening tests. The accompanying graphs testify to the high quality of this unit. As shown, the frequency response could almost be plotted with a ruler from 10 cps to far out on the high end. Actually, response doesn't vary by more than tenths of a db over the entire range. RIAA phono equalization is seen to be very good and the NARTB tape equalization is excellent down to 30 cps.

This accurate equalization characteristic, plus the tape input and output facilities provided on the S-7000, should prove of special interest to tape owners. The excellent equalization eliminates the need for separate playback preamplification in the tape deck and suggests that this unit would be a logical mate for a playback-only deck or "tape phono." Of course, should the owner care to use the electronics in his tape deck, he can still do so since the S-7000 has connections for tape preamps as well.

Recordings may be made through the amplifier from any of its own built-in program sources (FM and AM) or from any external program source, such as a record player, feeding into it. Jacks are provided for connecting to a tape recorder. A tape monitor function also is included.

The distortion curves, measured at Hirsch-Houck Laboratories, give a clue to the clean sound of the S-7000. Both intermodulation and harmonic distortion are very low when the amplifier is driven at normal listening levels. At extreme levels of 24 watts per channel, the unit produced only 1½ per cent intermodulation distortion. This, it should be noted, was measured with both channels driven simultaneously, which indicates well-balanced channels. Pushing the amplifiers to various power levels resulted in more than 1 per cent harmonic distortion at 20 cps. The laboratory feels that this is a normal level in units of this type. Only in considerably more expensive units with very large transformers would an improvement at 20 cps be realized. The amplifiers were very stable and should be capable of driving electrostatic speakers without difficulty. The hum level was low on PHONO, but not quite as low at the AUX input. To judge from the otherwise excellent performance of the unit, the lab feels that one side of the AUX input was "evidently defective"—at least on the sample tested. At that, they were able to reduce the hum to an acceptable level.

Sherwood rates the FM sensitivity of the tuner section at 1.8 microvolts (IHFM usable sensitivity). Our laboratory approached this figure (2.5 microvolts) while pointing out that "the distortion measured in this test includes the distortion of the audio system since it was measured, at 100 milliwatts output, at the speaker terminals." The laboratory added that "this is, by any standards, as sensitive a receiver as one could wish, except for reception in extreme fringe areas."

Without AFC, the tuner checked out as "quite stable"; with AFC it was five times as good. Line voltage variations, deliberately introduced as part of the test, had no effect on the unit; it was virtually insensitive to them.

The AM section includes a ferrite rod antenna. Additionally, terminals are provided for a wire antenna and ground to improve AM reception in rural areas. The AM sound, as might be expected, was only fair in comparison to the FM sound. As an aid here, the S-7000 incorporates an "AM selectivity switch" as part of its high frequency filter. This filter, when used to select the narrow AM bandwidths, cuts audio response above 5 kc. As a consequence, it cuts most of the noise and interstation whistle, leaving the major part of the AM signal intact. A side benefit of this effective filter is better reception of AM/FM stereo simulcasts. This filter also serves as a scratch filter to reduce noise from old or worn records. The rumble filter, incidentally, is equally very effective in the low frequency region and can indeed eliminate much of the noise associated with turntable rumble without, at the same time, causing excessive loss of bass response.

The tone controls also are worthy of mention. Bass controls for both channels are ganged on the same shaft. To facilitate simultaneous or separate use, one channel is controlled by a conventional knob while the other channel is controlled by a lever or bar extending outside of the knob. A similar arrangement is used for the treble controls. This sensible ganging gives the user independent control of both channels without adding an appearance of complexity. Both bass and treble controls are, incidentally, highly effective. Their action, as well as that of the filters, is shown on the accompanying graph.

The S-7000 features a pair of "acro-beam" tuning eyes of the maximum closure type, a distinct aid when tuning in stations. Balanced flywheels give the tuning dials a smooth and easy feel. The power off/on switch is found on the loudness control for both channels. Slide switches control the loudness compensation, high and low filters, AM-AFC, AM bandwidth, phase reversal, and tape monitor. A front-panel control is provided for adjusting the phono level independently of the loudness control. It is ganged to an outer bar which serves as a channel balance control. All controls were found to work smoothly and effectively.

In sum, the Sherwood S-7000 is as attractive and as compact a stereo receiver as we have seen and one that certainly represents fine value. Its good sound and smooth operation as well as the very convenience of all the functions found on the single chassis undoubtedly will swing many purchasers to it. R.F.



AT A GLANCE: The Transis-Tronics TEC S-15 is a fully transistorized (no tubes) stereo integrated amplifier. It has a power transformer but no output transformers. All normal control functions are provided as well as twin power output channels, yet the unit is very compact, weighs eight pounds in all, runs absolutely cold and needs no ventilation, may be operated from batteries as well as regular AC line voltage, and has virtually unmeasurable hum and noise. It compares very favorably with conventionally built amplifiers in its price class, but is outclassed by the better conventional amplifiers since its distortion does rise—especially in the high frequencies—when the unit is driven to its maximum power capabilities. Price: \$129.50.

Transis-Tronics TEC S-15 Amplifier







IN DETAIL: An amplifier of this type was, until recently, a matter of speculation not only over whether it could (or would) be designed and produced, but also-being made-how it would perform, and how it would compare with conventionally built amplifiers. The former area of doubt at least has been resolved. What may have been once a gleam in an engineer's eye now is the reality of a neat. compact black (and gray) box that looks and works like, and is in fact, an amplifier. In place of tubes, the circuit stages are built around 14 low-level transistors, 4 power transistors, 2 germanium rectifiers, 2 germanium diodes. and 3 silicon diodes. These are all pea-size "semiconductors" that can be so arranged as to provide the normal complement of preamplifiercontrol facilities as well as power output stages for two channels and still be contained within a unit that measures only 3 in. high, 101/8 in. wide, and 81/2 in deep. No output transformers are used; the circuit terminations of the final stages are designed to work directly into the load represented by a conventional loudspeaker. The amplifier performs best on normal AC line voltage, although the low power demands of transistors enable this unit to be operated from batteries of 12 to 28 volts-with a considerable reduction, however, in available audio output power.

Despite its compact size, the TEC S-15's front panel has man-size controls neatly and logically arranged. Knobs include: a concentric volume/balance control, with the power off on switch on the volume control; concentric bass tone controls (operating independently on each channel); similar treble tone controls: and an input selector switch. Slide-switches, arranged vertically, provide for stereo/mono operation (on mono, either channel input may be fed to both power amplifier sections); loudness compensation (a fixed characteristic not related to the volume control setting): a scratch filter; and a numble filter.

Signal connections are made in the usual way, with standard input jacks on the rear. Since there is no output transformer, the speaker terminals are not marked with the usual 4-, 8-, or 16-ohm impedance ratings: there are in fact only two terminals for each speaker connection. The unit, of course, will drive speakers of any impedance, although our laboratory noted that it provides less available power output as the impedance is increased. The TEC S-15 also has twin-channel tape recorder outputs which by-pass all its controls, as well as an "A plus B" output signal for mono recording. The amplifier comes on instantly, without warm-up time, and runs absolutely cold, requiring no ventilation.

Internal construction, reports our lab, "is good, with printed circuits and very neat cabled wiring. Quality components are evident. Much use is made of encapsulated capacitors. The power transistors are temperature-compensated." Functional features, such as frequency response, tone control effects, phono (R1AA) equalization, loudness contour effect, were found to be conventional in design and adequate in function. The loudness contour, by the way, has a fixed boost effect which can severely overload the amplifier when it is played at high volume settings. Thus, when the volume control is turned up high, the loudness contour should be turned off, as indeed the instructions supplied with the equipment urge you to do. The rumble and scratch filters were found to be "mild in their action, but with well-chosen cutoff points. Tracking of the two sections of the volume control is good. As advertised (and expected), hum is virtually unmeasurable and noise is very low. Gain is adequate for any stereo cartridge or other program source.

In the view of Hirsch-Houck Laboratories, this amplifier is best used with a "compatible" speaker system, which is to say, a high efficiency, conventional reproducer. With a full-range electrostatic used at H. H. Labs., the TEC S-15 showed signs of instability, with a tendency to oscillate or "motorboat." Sudden shifts of the controls sometimes caused the amplifier to "block" or momentarily cut off. The action of the controls, by the way, is slightly noisy due to the fact that the arms of the potentiometers carry current (as is normal in a transistor circuit).

With a speaker system in which only the tweeters were electrostatic units, the TEC S-15 performed much better though there was a tendency to high frequency peaking. These limitations are, of course, common to many low-priced amplifiers, including conventionally built units. Similarly, the TEC S-15's modest power reserves raise some doubt about its ability to drive a truly low efficiency speaker. The power response holds up, without exceeding the 1 per cent distortion point used in normal IHFM measurements, to just below 6 kc; above this frequency, power response drops for the 1 per cent distortion level. Higher power, up to 20 kc, is of course available but with an appreciable rise in distortion. Actually, the power output, according to the lab, is dependent on speaker impedance and "thus will vary widely in different installations. At best, with a 4-ohm resistive load, we got 13.5 watts output from each channel at 1 per cent distortion." The lab goes on to state that "the distortion below clipping level is indeed low, much less than 1 per cent, but this limits the user to 7 or 8 watts, at most, per channel."

When operated from a DC supply, simulating battery conditions, power output was greatly reduced. At 12 volts, the amplifier developed 1 watt output per channel. This increased to more usable audio levels as the DC voltage was increased to 18 volts and higher. Power drain was low enough to enable the use of ordinary dry cells as a power source.

Aside from its performance with electrostatics, the TEC S-15-when operated on regular AC line voltage, and driving speaker systems of moderate to high efficiency-produced very clean sound. Distortion was lower than with some other conventional amplifiers in its price class. It seemed especially good on bass: with one speaker-which had sounded boomy with most other amplifiers-it actually improved the sound, lending it a clean. crisp tone. Thus, reproduction was very acceptable, though not the kind of sound that would fill a large room. When driven closer to its maximum limits-as when handling sudden orchestral crescendos and the like, or with the volume control turned up full, or both-distortion, particularly of the high frequencies. becomes fairly obvious, as indeed it well might do with many low-priced, lowpowered amplifiers. To conclude, then, that more expensive amplifiers clear these sonic hurdles with less strain (particularly when driving medium-to-low efficiency speakers), is only to state the obvious. Within its limitations, the TEC S-15 stands as an example of what can be accomplished with transistors. While this accomplishment, to date, may represent acoustically no more than what has been done with tubes and transformers, it certainly represents, for a given power and performance class, no less. And from the standpoint of convenience, to say nothing of its technological implications for future audio equipment, it may well represent something more. NE



The unit is a turnover cartridge with interchangeable styli. It has fairly high compliance and very acceptable sound. The unit tested was furnished with a 0.7-mil diamond stylus for microgroove records (stereo and mono), and a 3-mil sapphire stylus for 78-rpm records. Price: \$23.50. Model 9TD77V, with two diamond styli, \$26.50. Model 9TSV, with one 0.7-mil sapphire and a 3-mil sapphire stylus, \$20.50. All prices include the "Velocitone" equalizers and installation accessories.

IN DETAIL: Many high-fidelity enthusiasts have long felt that a gap in acoustic performance separated piezo-type cartridges (crystal or ceramic models) from magnetic types. The present 9T series from Sonotone should lessen that gap considerably since it is evident, from measurements and extensive listening tests on a wide variety of program material (and with different systems), that it is possible to produce a ceramic cartridge that boasts high compliance. low moving mass, fine tracking ability, good stereo separation, and very listenable sound on both stereo and mono. This has been achieved in a unit that additionally features a high degree of adaptability as well as reasonably low cost.

To begin with, the term "Velocitone" refers to the pair of plug-in adapters. Each of these is a slim tube with standard phono input and output connections. In use, the signal cables from the tone arm are plugged into one end of the adapter while its other end connects into the phono input jack of the preamplifier (or combination amplifier, as the case may be). The adapter houses a tiny printed circuit consisting of a resistor-capacitor network which tailors the response, both in amplitude and frequency characteristic, so that it is suited for RIAA equalization and the voltage gain normally available in "magnetic phono" input circuits.

The output of the **9TSDV** was measured at 12 millivolts, higher than most magnetic cartridges, but still within the range suited for magnetic phono inputs without danger of overloading the preamplifier stages and with the possible benefit in improved signal-to-noise ratio as a result of being able to run those stages at lower gain settings.

The cartridge itself is very slim and its mounting bracket will fit most tone arms with standard mounting centers. It also is rather light in weight, which means that on some arms the small weight furnished by the arm manufacturer will have to be used in the arm's cartridge shell to get sufficient downward thrust for tracking. The 9T is a turnover type, with accommodations for two styli. The model tested, the 9TSDV, is equipped with a 0.7-mil diamond stylus for all microgroove discs, stereo and mono, while the opposite side

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Sonotone 9TSDV Stereo Cartridge



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is furnished with a 3-mil sapphire stylus for playing 78-rpm discs. The stylus in either case is replaceable by the user. What's more, it is interchangeable with its counterpart, so that the buyer—if he chooses—can order the 9T with two 0.7-mil diamond tips and have, in effect, two stereo pickups in one. No model incorporating two 3-mil styli has been announced, but conceivably the basic 9T cartridge body also could be rigged in this way as well to provide a note of versatility of possible interest to the owner of a large collection of 78-rpm discs.

The cartridge appears to be sturdily made, with attention to such details as a mid-detent "needle guard" position for the stylus turnover lever, which may be used to safeguard both styluses when the unit is not being used; a considerable reduction (over former Sonotone cartridges) in the housing area near the stylus as well as in the size of the stylus holder, which makes the stylus more resistant to dust collection; and a plated metal outer cover with an electrostatic shield. The cartridge is fitted with a molded plug to which four color-coded wires are permanently connected. These wires are long enough to run through most tone arms; in most cases they will have to be cut and the ends near the cartridge then soldered to the existing leads in the arm. If this installation is a bit novel, it does eliminate the need for pesky sleeve fittings.

In tests run at Hirsch-Houck Laboratories, stylus compliance was found to be "evidently high, since arm resonance (in a test arm) occurred at about 15 cycles." The lab report goes on to state: "We found it would handle most records very well at 2 grams (stylus pressure)." Although the high amplitudes of the demanding Cook 60 test record would not be tracked at any force up to 5 grams (above which the lab did not go), the high velocity signals of the 1.000-cycle band on the Fairchild test record "were tracked remarkably well at 2 grams." Since some improvement in tracking was noted at 4 grams, this last figure was used as the stylus force in the lab tests, and in some listening tests. In other listening tests, lower stylus forces, on the order of 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ grams, were also used with no apparent difficulty. Needle talk was moderate to low.

The lab reports that the 9T's frequency response "is smooth from below 20 cycles to over 10.000 cycles, with only a slight rise of 2 db at 8,000 cycles. It dips some 5 db at 13,000 cycles, and begins to rise above this point, presumably due to the armature resonance with the record compliance." This variation is shown on the accompanying graph.

Channel separation below 1,000 cycles was generally good. Between 1.000 cycles and 5,000 cycles, reports the lab, it was extremely good, better than 20 db, and on one channel reaching 35 db at 2,000 cycles. "However, above 5.000 cycles, the separation fell off gradually, reaching zero at 12 or 13 kc." Actually, comments the lab, "the channel separation curve is reminiscent of some of the earlier magnetic types."

In listening tests, using current stereo and mono discs, the 9T produced sound that was characterized variously as "unstrained," "pleasing," and "very smooth." Its lows were notably solid and clean. Most listeners agreed that the 9T did not have the "over-brightness" or "hard sound" of many previous ceramic pickups. Yet many felt it still was somewhat "brighter" than the best of today's magnetics.

In general, one could sum up by suggesting that it is very close in quality to a good magnetic cartridge, though not the equal of the top-performing magnetics of most recent vintage—specifically in terms of an almost elusive quality of "crispness" or "transparency" at the extreme high end, a quality which, by the way, would be perceived on only the finest reproducing equipment. In the long run, of course, this suggests that all types of cartridges magnetic as well as ceramic—have been upgraded of late. In the short run, it also would suggest that, in view of its price and other features, the 9T certainly merits a careful audition by the cost-conscious buyer. N.E.

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NEXT MONTH'S REPORTS

From Europe

PREPARED FOR HIGH FIDELITY BY

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is another in a series of reports on audio developments abroad prepared for us by our counterpart in Britain. The Gramophone, and appearing here at regular intervals. This month, The Gramophone and HIGH FIDELITY both make grateful acknowledgment to the Wireless World. also of Great Britain. and to M. Jacques Dewèvre, of Brussels, for information supplied.

THE FM broadcast band in Europe extends from 87.5 megacycles to 100 megacycles, which means of course that FM programs in Britain and on the Continent can be tuned in with Americanmade FM receivers when used within a reasonable radius of the broadcasting stations. This bit of news may tip the scales in favor of toting along one's FM portable or plug-in set on a trip abroad. or may at least spur the traveler to seek out an FM set as refreshment from the usual tourist program of restaurants, museums, and markets of the "flea" and "straw" variety.

If the mechanics of FM reception abroad are not very different from those in the States, the pattern of broadcasting, as well as its apparent objectives. does, however, differ. While FM in America has been largely a matter of fluctuating fortunes. FM in Europe has simply expanded, steadily and continuously, "sponsored" as a quasi-official activity of individual governments and nurtured generally by the European Broadcasting Union, an international body which allocates frequencies and periodically examines the over-all broadcasting situation. Under the aegis of this body, FM broadcast frequencies currently are designated as "Band II" of the VHF (for "very high frequencies") spectrum. Since the entire VHF spectrum corresponds to wavelength designations from 1 to 10 meters, this region also is known as the "metric waveband."

Britain. Designations and definitions aside, just what is available on European FM? The BBC, to begin with, operates twenty VHF/FM transmitters, which

cover most of Britain. This FM service does not replace the BBC's AM services (with its famous "three-program" schedules); these, in fact, the BBC continues to improve. Other than local area news bulletins and weather reports, the FM stations broadcast the same programs as the AM stations do. In addition, however, the BBC transmits experimental stereo programs on alternate Saturday mornings. These hour-long programs use commercial stereo recordings or specially prepared material, and are transmitted by what Britishers call their "Network 3." a group of stations that regularly cater to more sophisticated tastes. On stereo, incidentally, the left channel goes out on a broadcast frequency, while the right channel is handled by BBC's television sound facilities.

Although FM is received well in most



districts with the use of the internal antennas supplied in most radio sets, BBC counsels that a better antenna can overcome distortion caused by ignition noise interference as well as by multi-path reflections of the FM signal. Sales promotional literature for FM receivers emphasizes, of course, the vastly improved sound quality of FM. Cautious engineers, on the other hand, point out that while FM can indeed improve the dynamic range and frequency response of broadcast music, this improvement-if it is to be enjoyed by the listener-must be bolstered with improvements in studio acoustics, original recording techniques, transmission land-lines, station repeaters, and finally in the audio response of the receivers themselves.

The BBC first broadcast FM in 1955 at Wrotham (pronounced Rootam). This station serves southeast England, including the London area, and still is considered to be the best for fidelity of transmission. Its land-lines to the studio centers are comparatively short, with few repeaters offering a flat frequency response up to 12,000 cps. Some of the more remote stations in the BBC network must use. of course, longer landlines, but even so the broadcast quality remains highly acceptable.

France. In 1959, new VHF/FM transmitters went into operation in metropolitan France. Since then, the RTF (Radiodiffusion-Télévision Française) has assigned these transmitters to the network broadcasting FM programs, known as "France IV." as well as for use on France I. II, and III (AM programs). The opening of the new Paris Broadcasting House and the establishment of highquality transmission circuits have made possible the broadcasting of high quality programs, including stereo, to the whole country.

Elsewhere. Pioneer work and rapid success have characterized FM in Western Germany, where the problem of introducing FM transmission-before there was any question of introducing TV service-was rather acute. In Italy, the RAI (Radio-televisione Italiana) has set up a comprehensive network, with some 490 transmitters in service. Many of these are low-powered, yet the broadcasts cover virtually the entire country.

The Netherlands has its share of FM transmitters, although for stereo's twin channels transmissions are made over the medium-wave AM Hilversum transmitters, operating on 298 and 402 meters. Norway, Finland, Switzerland. and the Vatican State all have FM transmitters of their own. Belgium's new FM network is expected to come on the air by September 1961.

Finally, it appears that some form of multiplex stereo is being planned by all of Europe's broadcasting stations. In fact, a published recommendation for a proposed standard system is expected from the European Broadcasting Union before the year is out.

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Records in Review





Today's Solti; yesterday's Mengelberg.

Mahler's Fourth Symphony— By the Concertgebouw Then and Now

N October 1904. Gustav Mahler went to Holland for the first Amsterdam performances of his three-year-old Fourth Symphony. His friend and host Willem Mengelberg had arranged a premiere such as few new works have enjoyed. Mahler himself conducted the symphony at the opening of the concert, whereupon the audience retired for intermission, only to return to hear the music again with Mengelberg on the podium and Mahler seated in ease on the main floor, listening to a likeness of himself. Frau Mahler later reported that on her husband's return to Vienna he told her that Mengelberg had grasped his meaning so perfectly that it was just as if he had been conducting himself.

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In his letters home Mahler had written, "The orchestra plays . . . so cleanly that I'm enchanted." He found the performance "magnificent" and the audience response impressive. "At first they were a little puzzled, but with each movement they grew warmer. . . . When the last note died away the tumult of applause was almost daunting. Everyone said nothing like it could be remembered. I have beaten [Richard] Strauss, who is all the rage here, by yards."

Mahler left the city after two more triumphs, thinking that he might "find in Amsterdam the musical home for which [he had] hoped in that stupid Cologne." In fact, in the years remaining to him he was to have only limited contact with the Dutch capital. His music was always popular in Holland, however, and in 1920 Mengelberg chose to mark his twenty-fifth season as director of the Concertgebouw by offering one of the first major festivals of Mahler's works.

The recordings considered here grow directly from this tradition. The first, taken during a performance of the 1939-40 season, gives us the Fourth as Mengelberg played it in his later years. The second presents the Concertgebouw of today in a splendid re-creation of the score under Georg Solti. From the point of view of sonics, there is no comparison at all between the two editions. Issued on LP as part of the Philips Documenta

Musicae series, the Mengelberg must be taken, with its faults in balance and limitations of frequency response and dynamics, as source material for history. It is actually no better or worse than average for its day, but when contrasted with the Solti its limitations are exaggerated by the fact that the new set is one of the finest representations of orchestral sound in the present catalogue.

Mengelberg was conductor of the Concertgebouw for fifty years, and even today, with more than fifteen seasons past since he left the orchestra, he remains the greatest single artistic influence in its history. Naturally, in the course of half a century, his interests changed, becoming concentrated more and more on orchestral color and nuance at the expense of rhythmic continuity and a unified presentation of the musical content. The statement of the Fourth preserved here is not, I think, very similar to that of thirty-five years earlier which Mahler admired so greatly. I amsure that the performance of 1904 must have had a firmer and more regular pulse and better-scaled climaxes. The Mengelberg version now given us will obviously arouse discussion and a strong difference of opinion between those who find it insufferably mannered and those who insist that it is unsurpassed in capturing the poetry of the score. For myself, in spite of all the lovely shadings and phrasings this performance presents, it is just plain too slow-moving and fussy. I start out being sympathetic and end by being irritated. Still, the recording is a unique document, preserving an interpretative approach that has virtually disappeared. Now available from some import shops, its expected release on the Epic label is much to be welcomed.

With each rehearing, I am more and more delighted by the new Concertgebouw version. Solti too is sensitive to coloring and phrasing, but he is also aware of the need for preserving the plastic integrity of a phrase and the forward thrust of a rhythmic pattern. This is a performance that moves, builds, soars, and yet retains the chuckle of rustic humor and the ability to beguile. Indeed if its principal asset over the excellent Reiner version were given in a word, that word would have to be gemütlich. And a special note should be made of the use of Sylvia Stahlman's voice in the finale, a clear high soprano ideally suited to the childlike simplicity of the text.

Since I have recently heard the Concertgebouw on tour. I shall not say that its performance here sounds just like the orchestra. It sounds better, as if produced under ideal conditions.

MAHLER: Symphony No. 4, in G

Jo Vincent, soprano: Amsterdam Con-certgebouw Orchestra, Willem Mengelberg, cond.

• PHILIPS W 09911 L. LP.

Sylvia Stahlman, soprano: Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra, Georg Solti, cond.

• LONDON CM 9286. I.P. \$4.98. • • LONDON CS 62:7, SD. \$5.98.



Glenn Gould: "Primarily a contrapuntalist. . . ."

Brahms Intermezzos, Strictly Chosen

by Harris Goldsmith

NEW RECORDING by the redoubtable Glenn Gould is hound to be, at the very least, stimulating. Perhaps the most controversial performer of his generation. this brilliantly gifted artist has always demonstrated musical independence as well as digital independence: a Gould rendition is always clearly articulated and, clearly, articulate. The pianist is, and probably always will be, a studentin the sense that he has a seemingly inexhaustible bent for research and discovery: he always sheds light on the music he plays, even though he is apt to disregard the cumulative light shed on the music by generations of past performers.

The release of ten intermezzos from the literature of Brahms affords one the opportunity of hearing the Gould operation in a realm he has hitherto ignored. As one might expect from a severely patrician musical personality, Gould has chosen these pieces scrupulously, with a determined avoidance of the more bombastic ones. It is clear that Gould has little use for the conventional Brahmsian rhetoric (a point of view with which I have great sympathy), but that he finds much to admire in the composer's more intimate, later writing. Primarily a contrapuntalist who favors line rather than mass, economy more than luxury, Gould never uses color for general effect, but only to clarify and separate the musical weave of lines. Then, he orchestratesnot in the usual sense of mimicking specific instrumental timbres on the piano but, rather, in the interests of musical verity.

The Op. 117 trilogy (the only opus given in its entirety here) receives a most impressive performance, with a highly dramatic account of the opening E flat major Intermezzo. Perhaps Gould misses some of the work's genial repose. but I suppose it is hard for this planist to subdue his sharp-edged, probing intellectual curiosity. The popular B flat minor, however, is a complete success. How poignant and mobile it sounds under his undulant ministrations. As for the C sharp minor, perhaps it is sufficient to say that it is faster, more impetuous, and less detached than in the celebrated Gieseking interpretation.

I am less happy with the performance of the E major Intermezzo, Op. 116. No. 4. It seems to me that Gould has here set for himself a tempo that doesn't quite work. 'Erue, the indication is Adagio, but I feel that this beautifully moving piece (my own favorite of the whole set) needs to flow with greater simplicity than it does in this rendition. The triplet figurations sound rushed and overintense, as Gould plays them; indeed, he seems to be at odds with himself, failing to convey the impression of a unified pulse throughout the whole Intermezzo. Another miscalculation, it seems to me, is the avoidance of repeats in the very brief Op. 118, No. 1, Without them, the result is flimsy and insubstantial. Perhaps Gould was striving for the kind of fleeting effect Beethoven achieves in the scherzo of his Op. 130 string quartet, but if so, I feel that he has not succeeded.

The highlights of this recording are,

to my mind, the shimmering nostalgia Gould conveys in the Op. 119, No. 1 (which, as David Johnson points out in his notes, bears striking resemblance to the Adagio of the great B minor Clarinet Quintet written the year before) and the two examples from Op. 76. Gould has reversed the order of these, placing No. 6 after No. 7, presumably so that the former's cheerful exuberance may contrast with the quiet sadness of the A minor (that piece being a fond remembrance of Chopin's F minor Nocturne). Gould's sparkle in the No. 6 and his

CLASSICAL

BACH: Chromatic Fantasy and Fugue, in D, S. 903; Italian Concerto, in F, S. 971; Toccata in D, S. 912; French Suite No. 5, in G, S. 816

- George Malcolm, harpsichord. LONDON CM 9266. LP. \$4.98.
 LONDON CS 6197. SD. \$5.98.

The Suite seems to me the high spot of this little Bach recital. Malcolm con-veys the lyrical quality of the Allemande, he intimates in the flowing Sarabande that it was once a dance, and he makes the Gigue skip gaily along. There are good things in the other pieces too, along with one or two procedures that seem questionable. Thus, the first movement of the Italian Concerto has an orchestral breadth, and the finale is jolly, but why does Malcolm change registration in the middle of the Andante? If this were a violin piece, as it could easily be. Bach would not suddenly demand a mute in the course of it. The Chromatic Fantasy too has changes of registration that I do not find motivated or justified by the music. The Toccata is first-rate for its last two thirds, but the Allegro seems rather mechanical rhythmically. The sound is excellent. N.B.

BACH: Italian Concerto, in F, S. 971; Partita in B minor, S. 831

- Ralph Kirkpatrick, harpsichord. ARCHIVE ARC 3155. LP. \$5.98. ARCHIVE ARC 73155. SD. \$6.98.

In 1735 Bach published the Second Part of his Clavier-Uebung, "consisting of a Concerto in the Italian taste and an Overture in a French style," for a harpsi-chord with two manuals. The *Italian* Concerto and the French Overture (also known as the B minor Partita) are presented here in splendid performances. I have never heard the slow movement of the former more persuasively done: the long melody is sung out on one manual, with a quasi-pizzicato accompaniment on the other. Only the rather noisy finish raises a question in this work. In the Overture of the Partita, Kirkpatrick pro-vides an object lesson in the double dotting of a highly ornamented slow section, while the Allegro has a grace not often

grave simplicity in the No. 7 really touch the heart.

Throughout the collection, there is an emphasis on the cantabile, vocal-duet quality of Brahms's writing. These performances, to be sure, savor the harmonic fundamentals of German romantic music, but the basic framework is much more elastic than is usually the case. Certainly, this is a recording one will want to return to again and again.

The album cover shows Mr. Gould, looking very serene and handsome, seated in an elegant library. He is not. as one might have anticipated, smoking a fat Brahmsian cigar! The recorded sound is very vivid and atmospheric.

BRAHMS: Intermezzos (10)

Op. 76: No. 6, in A; No. 7, in A minor, Op. 116: No. 4, in E. Op. 117: No. 1, in E flat; No. 2, in B flat minor: No. 3, in C sharp minor. Op. 118: No. 1, in A minor: No. 2, in A No. 6 in F. (1). A minor: No. 2, in A: No. 6, in E flat minor. Op. 119: No. 1, in B minor.

Glenn Gould. piano. • Солимыл ML 5637. LP. \$4.98. • Солимыл MS 6237. SD. \$5.98.

heard in Bach playing. Each of the other movements is made into a genre piece. In all of them one must admire the ease and naturalness of the embellishments, the plausibility of the tempo, and the vitality of the rhythm. Excellent sound in both versions. N.B.

BARBER: Second Essay for Orchestra; Music for a Scene from Shelley; A Stop Watch and an Ordnance Map; A Hand of Bridge; Serenade for Strings

Patricia Neway, soprano; Eunice Alberts, mezzo; William Lewis, tenor; Philip Maero, baritone; Robert de Cormier Chorale; Symphony of the Air. Vladimir Golschmann. cond. • VANGUARD VRS 1065. LP. \$4.98.

- • VANGUARD VSD 2083. SD. \$5.98.

By far the best thing here is Music for a Scene from Shelley, a short orchestral piece of great intensity and fineness, beautifully played and nicely recorded. The famous Second Essay is also a firstclass work and its performance is not bad, but the recording is poor. The choral piece entitled A Stop Watch and an Ordnance Map and the Serenade for Strings (Barber's Opus 1) are not of sufficient stature or importance to arouse much interest or comment. one way or another. A Hand of Bridge is a short chamber opera with text by Gian-Carlo Menotti. The music, too, sounds as if Menotti had written it-which in my opinion means sleazy and slovenly. A.F.

BARTOK: Concerto for Orchestra; Dance Suite

Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra, Bernard Haitink. cond. • EPIC LC 3772. LP.

- \$4.98.
- • EPIC BC 1129. SD. \$5.98.

The twelfth recorded version of the Concerto for Orchestra and the sixth Dance Suite to be listed in current cataloguesand one of the very finest of both. Haitink makes an excellent case for himself here, and the recording in both cases is first-class. A.F.

BEETHOVEN: Sonatas for Piano: No. 12, in A flat, Op. 26: No. 23, in F minor, Op. 57 ("Appassionata")

Sviatoslav Richter, piano.

- RCA VICTOR LM 2545. LP. \$4.98. RCA VICTOR LSC 2445. SD. \$5.98.
- **BEETHOVEN:** Sonatas for Piano: No. 8, in C minor, Op. 13 ("Pathétique"); No. 14, in C sharp minor, Op. 27, No. 2 ("Moon-light"); No. 23, in F minor, Op. 57 ("Appassionata")

Wilhelm Kempff, piano.

• DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON LPM 19227. LP. \$5.98.

• • DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON SLPM 136227. SD. \$6.98.

None of these four records seems likely to win any prizes for engineering. The margin between the stereo and the monophonic versions is slight, and the sound, though not unpleasant, is characteristic of several years ago.

Richter's recording of the Appassionata is a rather pale copy of the impression this planist gives in the concert room, and the exaggerations in the final movement become more pronounced when you are not distracted by the sheer presence of the performer. On purely musical terms my verdict after a couple of comparative hearings goes to Kempff, who is quite exciting enough and a good deal closer to my idea of Beethoven's intentions. There is more justification in buying the Richter disc for the Op. 26 sonata, which he projects with much greater serenity and impact than the Op. 57, once you adjust yourself to his tendency to play all Beethoven in the style normally associated with the composer's middle period.

Richter apparently is a very difficult artist to record. His tone, in particular, seems to alter when reproduced by the microphone. (Columbia's Pictures at an Exhibition is among the few Richter productions to ring true.) The Kempff collection is premium-priced, but it provides mature and disciplined performances by a distinguished representative of the German school. R.C.M.

BEETHOVEN: Symphonies: No. 1. in C, Op. 21; No. 8, in F, Op. 93

Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, Pierre

Monteux, cond. • RCA VICTOR I.M 2491, LP. \$4.98. • RCA VICTOR LSC 2491, SD. \$5.98.

You would never guess from this performance that the conductor has eightysix birthdays behind him. Quite the contrary, what pours forth from the record is youth triumphant, and radiant in its joy. The engineering here is extremely good

and gives us the full zest of a Viennese orchestra respecting French standards of ensemble coloring. The weight of tone we associate with the German tradition is here, but also Parisian elegance. Monteux is unfailingly skillful, although it is in the middle movements that he rises to the greatest heights. For me, this is the preferred version of both these scores, particularly in stereo where there is no longer any really competitive edition. R.C.M.

- BEETHOVEN: Trio for Piano and Strings, No. 7, in B flat, Op. 97 ("Archduke")
- +Haydn: Trio for Piano and Strings, No. 4, in E

Trio di Trieste.

• DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON LPM 19220. LP. \$5.98.

• • DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON SLPM. 136220. SD. \$6.98.

You cannot object to any lack of polish here, but you may protest a lack of ginger. Both these performances are in-telligently conceived and have been rehearsed to the point of ultimate genteel refinement. I admire the result for its impeccable surface, but a good deal of the communicative impact of the music seems to have disappeared along with the rough bowings. This disc provides a Archduke, however, and if you want the work in two-channel form, the choice is made.

DGG's engineering is, as always, marked by discreet aesthetic distance, and here, both in mono and stereo, the high R.C.M. gloss is retained.

BIZET: Jeux d'enfants-Sec Ibert: Divertissement.

BRAHMS: Intermezzos (10)

Op. 76: No. 6, in A; No. 7, in A minor. Op. 116: No. 4, in E. Op. 117: No. 1, in E flat; No. 2, in B flat minor; No. 3, in C sharp minor. Op. 118: No. 1, in A minor; No. 2, in A; No. 6, in E flat minor. Op. 119: No. 1, in B minor.

Glenn Gould, piano. COLUMBIA ML 5637. LP. \$4.98.
 COLUMBIA MS 6237. SD. \$5.98.

For a feature review of this recording, see page 48.

CHOPIN: Les Sylphides (trans. Jacob)

- Ponchielli: La Gioconda: Dance of the Hours
- +Meyerbeer: Les Patineurs: Ballet Suite (arr. Lambert)

Philharmonia Orchestra, Charles Mackerras, cond.

Angel 35833. LP. \$4.98.
Angel \$35833. SD. \$5.98.

The best portions of this disc devoted to light, popular ballet music are Les Sylphides and the Dance of the Hours, both accorded sensitive, idiomatic readings by Mackerras. Somewhat less satis-factory is Les Patineurs, only five movements of which are included, and these often in a slow, heavy-handed fashion. The recorded sound is good in mono, but takes on greater spaciousness and depth in stereo. P.A.

CHOPIN: Waltzes (complete)

- Alexander Brailowsky, piano. Columbia ML 5628. LP. \$4.98. Columbia MS 6228. SD. \$5.98.

This is one of Brailowsky's best recordings and should please admirers of his pianism. I am afraid, however, that I cannot number myself in their camp. The pianist has, it seems to me, little or no sense of continuity beyond that of a single measure. Even when the music plainly indicates a continuous filigree linking several bars together, he fragments the line, and disrupts the forward flow of the pieces with awkward stop-go rubato mannerisms. And while Brailowsky's interpretations are metronomical, they are not at all accurate rhythmically. Rests are not counted out with any sort of detail, many measures are fore-shortened, and the total effect is one of basic unsteadiness, even choppiness. Let it be said for the artist that he

does observe Chopin's tempo markings at all times: the posthumous D flat Waltz is moderato, and No. 3 is played at the indicated lento, for example. It should also be noted that Brailowsky's tone quality in the quieter pieces is much improved over that displayed in his recent set of the Preludes. But the interpretative



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perversities in his playing on this disc forbid my accepting it without forsaking my loyalty to Chopin's music. H.G.

COUPERIN: Concerts royaux: No. 3; No. 4

New York Chamber Soloists. DECCA DL 10035. LP. \$4.98. DECCA DL 710035, SD. \$5.98.

The Concerts royanx are chamber suites written for the entertainment of the aged Louis XIV at Versailles. Each begins with a prelude and continues with various types of dances. Some of the movements-the Sarabande of No. 3, the Prelude of No. 4-have considerable expressive power. Others, like the Chaconne of No. 3 and the Rigaudon of No. 4, are delightful character pieces. All are highly embellished but strongly constructed music of noble mien and, in this performance, rich investiture.

Couperin published them in a form playable by a single harpsichord or by other instruments, and he says that he and four others performed them for the King. Albert Fuller, the harpsichordist and editor of the version used here, has taken advantage of the freedom implied by the composer's remarks to vary the instrumentation considerably. In the twopart dances, each part may be played first by the harpsichord alone, or a flute or oboe with continuo, and on its repetition by a larger group. This constant change of color, coupled with rhythmic vivacity and expert playing by each per-former, adds up to a highly enjoyable performance. The sound is a little close up but not disturbingly so, and the balance is good. NR

- D'ALAYRAC: Quartets for Strings: in D, Op. 7, No. 3; in E flat, Op. 1, No. 5-See Vachon: Quartets for Strings, Op. 11: No. 1, in A; No. 5, in F minor.
- DVORAK: Serenades: for Strings, in E, Op. 22; for Winds, in D minor, Op. 44

Prague Soloists' Orchestra, Václav Tal-ich, cond. (in Serenade for Strings); Chamber Ensemble of the Prague Con-• SUPRAPHON LPV 410. LP. \$5.98.

Some of Dvořák's most infectious music, the two Serenades, are not done com-plete justice here. Although the Serenade for Strings is exceptionally sunny, Talich (who can usually be relied upon for authoritative, communicative Dvořák in-terpretations) treats it rather darkly, and the string playing is not always as highly polished as the music requires. The more dramatic Serenade for Winds fares somewhat better in the careful hands and lips of the Chamber Ensemble of the Prague Conservatoire. The recorded sound, while satisfactory, could have been somewhat brighter than the engi-

neers have given us here. A better version of the Serenade for Strings is that by Kubelik and the Israel Philharmonic, available on London in both mono and stereo. The Wind Sere-nade is also to be had in good mono and stereo editions by Eric Simon and the Boston Woodwind Ensemble (Boston). P.A.

FAURE: Piano Works

Barcarolles: in G flat, Op. 42, No. 3; in D flat, Op. 97, No. 9. Impromptus (complete). Nocturne, in A flat, Op. 33, No. 3. Neuf Préludes, Op. 103. Huit Pièces brèves, Op. 84. Valse-Caprice, in A, Op. 30, No. 1.

Grant Johannesen, piano. • GOLDEN CREST CR 4030. Two LP. \$9.96.

At one time there were several discs of Fauré's music around (none of them wholly satisfactory), but in recent years the American catalogue has been devoid of even a single example of his piano solo output. The omission has always struck me as being totally incomprehensible, since this lovely literature is completely romantic and accessible.

The present two-record album is Vol. 1 in a projected recording of Fauré's complete piano music. Johannesen is an ideal artist for the task: he has always shown a marked affinity for the French romantic idiom, and the present pair of discs show him in top form. An excellent technician and a splendidly forthright musical thinker, he gives the pieces an impassioned utterance, without any superficiality or mannerisms. He captures to perfection the poignancy of the impressionistic Preludes, written in 1910, and his broad virtuosity is just what the early Valse-Caprice needs. (Its burlesca rhetoric is splendidly realized). Furthermore, there is real nuance in Johannesen's tone: filigree or repeated notes always sing forth melodiously and never sound brittle. The exciting delivery of the Impromptus. especially No. 2 with its swirling tarantella figurations, exceeds my previous experiences with the music.

The resonant recorded sound is a further merit of what amounts to a definitive edition of this much needed music. In fact, the only quibble I have concerns the distribution of the material. Wouldn't it have been preferable to issue the Barcarolles, Nocturnes, and Valse-Caprices in integral sequence instead of scattering them throughout this volume and the next one? But this is just a small point, and I eagerly await the next album. H.G.

HANDEL: Concertos: for Lute, Harp, and Orchestra, in B flat, Op. 4, No. 6; for Harp and Orchestra, in F, Op. 4, No. 5. Concerto grosso in C ("Alexander's Feast")

Desmond Dupré, lute; Osian Ellis, harp; Philomusica of London, Granville Jones, cond.

OISEAU-LYRE OL 50181. LP. \$4.98.
OISEAU-LYRE SOL 60013. SD. \$5.98.

The six concertos of Op. 4 were published in London in Handel's time as for either organ or harpsichord and orchestra, with the exception of No. 6, for which the harp was also named as solo instrument. Now the British musicologist Thurston Dart claims that No. 6 was written for harp and lute with orchestra, and that the lute part has been lost. He also says that No. 5 "seems to have been designed for the harp." The present version of No. 6 includes a lute part reconstructed by Mr. Dart. This is a delicate and airy performance, and has the ad-vantage of recorders instead of flutes in the orchestra, but it seems to me that



Grant Johannesen.

the version for harp only and orchestra (also available on records) sounds more effective. On the other hand, the harp as solo instrument for No. 5 seems to suit the music less well than an organ or a harpsichord. The Concerto grosso is performed with vivacity, and the sound throughout is fine. N.B.

HARRIS: Folk Song Symphony

American Festival Chorus and Orchestra, Vladimir Golschmann, cond.

VANGUARD VRS 1064. LP. \$4.98.
VANGUARD VSD 2082. SD. \$5.98.

Of all the symphonies of Harris, this is probably the least effective. It sounds as if it had been written to confirm Constant Lambert's famous crack: "All you can really do with a folk tune, once you have played it, is play it over again louder." In other words, the composer relies far too much on the charm of his raw material and really does very little with it. Furthermore, the performance here is stodgy, the sound only fair. A.F.

HAYDN: Trio for Piano and Strings, No. 4, in E-See Beethoven: Trio for Piano and Strings, No. 7, in B flat.

HINDEMITH: Three Sonatas for Organ

E. Power Biggs.

• COLUMBIA ML 5634. LP. \$4.98. • • COLUMBIA MS 6234. SD. \$5,98.

According to Biggs's notes, these three sonatas and one concerto, the whole filling fewer than eighty pages, constitute Hindemith's entire output for the organ. Small as it may be, this composer's contribution to organ literature is of the first importance, and it is superbly represented on this disc. The sonatas are all, in their way, tributes to the memory of Bach, and the third of them makes use of folk tunes of a religious kind much as Bach himself used chorales. But this is not music about other music; Hindemith is too direct and original a composer for that. The recording brings the baroque organ of the Busch-Reisinger Museum at Harvard right into your living room. Columbia claims that Biggs has made more records than any other organist in the world, and each one is better than the last. A.F.

IBERT: Divertissement

+Saint-Saëns: Danse macabre, Op. 40; Re Rouet d'Omphale, Op. 31 +Bizet: Jeux d'enfants

Orchestre de la Société des Concerts du Conservatoire de Paris, Jean Martinon, cond.

LONDON CM 9269. LP. \$4.98.
LONDON CS 6200. SD. \$5.98.

Here is French music of fun and fantasy. Of particular interest is the satirical Ibert Divertissement, a suite of incidental music that pokes fun at Mendelssohn's Wedding March, Strauss's Blue Danube Waltz, and the Offenbachian galop. As far as I can recall, all previous recordings of this work utilized a large orchestra; this one employs the orchestra of chamber proportions for which the music was originally intended. Without overdoing matters, Martinon and the musicians perform it with a real sense of humor. Bizet's little suite of *Children's Games* is also delivered with appropriate lightness of touch, while the two Saint-Saëns symphonic poems are colorfully and convincingly set forth. The stereo reproduction has a gratifying amount of liveness and instrumental distribution. P.A.

JANACEK: Cunning Little Vixen

Hana Bohmova (s), Bystroushka; Libuse Domaninska (ms), The Fox; Ludmila Hanzalikova (ms), Lapak; Antonin Hanzalikova (ms), Lapak; Antonin Votava (t), The School Master; Jiri Joran (b), Harashta; Rudolf Asmus (bs), The Forester; Vaclav Halir (bs), The Parson and The Badger; *et al.* Chorus and Orchestra of the Prague National Theatre, Vaclav Neumann, conductor.

• ARTIA ALPO 88 B/L. Two LP. \$9.96.

While I find myself still untouched emotionally by the power so many listeners find in Janáček's Jenufa and Katya Kabanova, I have to capitulate when it comes to Cunning Little Vixen. Few operas put a complete mastery of musical materials to such use in the simplest, most direct kind of utterance. All of the composer's immense skill in orchestration and thematic variation goes to the creation of an idiom at once economical and rich.

The libretto for *Cunning Little Vixen* is an adaptation of episodes from a series of stories by Rudolf Tesnohlidek which ran in a Czech newspaper---it is almost as if an American composer were to set selected *Pogo* strips. The opera recounts the life history of the little vixen, Bystroushka. As a baby fox, she is caught and taken home by the Forester. But she proves intractable, fomenting revolt among the hens, then killing them off; in the chaos, she bites through her rope and escapes to the forest. Here, she cheats the Badger out of his den, creates disturbances to embarrass human interlopers, eludes the Forester, finds a mate and raises a large family, but finally pushes her luck too far and is killed by The Forester, out tramping Harashta. one day as he had been when he caught the vixen, finds himself overwhelmed by love of the forest and nostalgia for his younger days; as he dozes, all the animals appear before him. He realizes that Bystroushka is missing, but he joyfully recognizes her image in the face of another little vixen-her daughter.

It is clear that Janáček intended his forest and village as a microcosm of the world and its cycles of life. The opera is a description of the way things are (or were, anyway). and a plea to leave them untampered-with (Harashta, who interferes, is a poacher). The score glows with the sounds of the forest and its inhabitants, all presented with the greatest affection and precision. Even the human characters who are satirically drawn-the Parson and the School Master-are treated with a gentle warmth. The only miscalculation, it seems to me, is in the chorus of wedding celebration for Bystroushka and the Fox that is used to provide a finale for Act II-it is overblown, trite, and unnecessary. Otherwise, not a false note.

The performance can for all practical purposes be regarded as definitive. The Prague orchestra does not have the plush horns or the velvety strings of the great Western ensembles, but this is simply a matter of taste in orchestral texture; it is a first-rate organization, and Neumann

has fitted everything into place with wonderful naturalness. Rudolf Asmus uses his fine light bass to create a lasting impression of the Forester's character, and Hana Bohmova paints her vixen with strokes that are delicate but firm. The remaining cast members are perfectly suited to their parts, with particularly important contributions coming from Antonin Votava as the School Master, Vaclav Halir as the Parson (and the Badger, who bears a "strange resem-blance" to the Parson), Libuse Domaninska as the Fox, and Jiri Joran as Harashta. The monophonic sound (no stereo version) is excellent, and the complete Czech libretto is given a clear translation by Marie Winn. All in all. there is little to complain of, much to delight in. C.L.O.

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CIRCLE 34 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

LOCATELLI: Concertos for Violin and Orchestra, Op. 3 ("L'Arte del violino"): No. 1, in D; No. 4, in E

Susanne Lautenbacher, violin: Mainz Chamber Orchestra, Günter Kehr, cond. • Vox DL 500. LP. \$4.98.

Vox STDL 500500. SD. \$4.98.

When credits are handed out for the development of violin technique and the solo violin concerto, the name of the Italian violinist and composer Pietro Locatelli (1695–1764) is often over-looked. Yet his Art of the Violin, published in Amsterdam in 1733, is a most important technical and artistic legacy, comprising twelve concertos for violin and strings, together with twentyfour caprices for solo violin. A caprice is inserted into the end movements of each concerto, serving as a very extended cadenza, as well as a practical exposition of the instrument's technical capabilities -runs, leaps, double-stops, arpeggios. and so on. After listening to a few of these caprices, one is not at all surprised to learn that they influenced directly the two dozen works in this form by Paganini.

The two concertos recorded here have tremendous vitality, imagination, and invention, with cadenza-caprices that bristle with difficulties. Susanne Lautenbacher, however, proves more than equal to the challenge. She plays both works in commanding style and with flawless technique and a big. firm. yet rather sweet tone. Vox's stereo reproduction is crystal-clear. setting the soloist nicely off against the expert string orchestra and cembalo and imparting direction and spaciousness to the sound. P.A.

MAHLER: Symphony No. 4, in G

Jo Vincent, soprano; Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra, Willem Mengelberg. cond.

• PHILIPS W 0991 L. LP.

Sylvia Stahlman, soprano; Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra, Georg Solti, cond

• LONDON CM 9286. L.P. \$4.98. • LONDON CS 6217. SD. \$5.98.

For a feature review of these recordings, see page 47.

MENDELSSOHN: Symphony No. 3, in A minor, Op. 56 ("Scotch"); Scherzo, in G minor, Op. 20

Boston Symphony Orchestra, Charles Munch. cond. • RCA VICTOR LM 2520. LP.

\$4.98. • • RCA VICTOR LSC 2520. SD. \$5,98.

Highly polished orchestral performance fails to save Munch's strange interpretation of the Scotch Symphony. His treatment of the introduction to the first movement is most expressive, and he handles the Scherzo and the scherzo-like opening of the finale with appropriate lightness: but his tempos in the main section of the first movement and in the closing portion of the finale waver er-ratically from too slow to too fast. Mendelssohn's own orchestration of the Scherze from his Octet in E flat is de-Scherzo from his Octet in E flat is delivered with delicacy and precision, however.

The resonant acoustics of Boston's Symphony Hall afford spacious sonics in both mono and stereo, with the latter offering a wider lateral spread and a moderate amount of separation. The best extant version of the *Scotch* Symphony remains that by Peter Maag on London. P.A.

- MEYERBEER: Les Patineurs: Ballet Suite (arr. Lambert)—See Chopin: Les Sylphides (trans. Jacob).
- MOZART: Concerto for Clarinet and Orchestra, in A, K. 622; Quintet for Clarinet and Strings, in A, K. 581

Jost Michaels, clarinet; Endres Quartet; Westphalian Symphony Orchestra, Hubert Reichert, cond.

Vox PL 11110. LP. \$4.98.
Vox STPL 511110. SD. \$4.98.

Mr. Michaels, an artist not further identified by Vox, is, to judge by these performances, a master of his instrument. He phrases musically, his runs are smooth as velvet, and his tone in the upper register does not become fluty, as with some players, but stays reedy. The wonderful Quintet is beautifully performed here. Especially effective, to mention only one of the felicities of this reading, is the true piano achieved by all the players when the main section of the slow movement returns. This, it seems to me, is the best of the three stereo versions of the Quintet. Two thirds of the Concerto is excellent, too, but the finale is a little too gemütlich for my taste and the orchestra is not the most precise or the most polished imaginable. The re-cent recording of this work by Gervase de Peyer with the London Symphony Orchestra (London CS 6178) seems to me superior. N.B.

MOZART: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 13, in C, K. 415; Sonata for Piano, in F, K. 280; Variations on "Ab vous dirai-je, Maman," K. 265

Clara Haskil, piano; Festival Strings Lucerne, Rudolf Baumgartner, cond. • DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON LPM 18670. LP. \$5.98.

• DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON SLPM 138670. SD. \$6.98.

The Concerto performance is another endearing memento of the gentle and poetic artistry of the late Clara Haskil. This is one of the smaller concertos, in every way, and neither soloist nor conductor tries to inflate it. The former sings away in all three movements, giving full value to the moment of pathos in the first Allegro and to the plaintive Adagio interpolations in the finale. As for the conductor, he chooses an option offered by Mozart and uses only strings; the work sounds none the worse for it. This is a more musical and more attention-holding performance than its only rival now in the domestic catalogues, a Vox disc with Ingrid Haebler as pianist.

In the solo works Miss Haskil again does many admirable things. The sixth variation of K. 265, for instance, is a marvelous display of perfect evenness in rapid runs in either hand, and throughout both works there are numerous felicities of phrasing and differentiation in tone weight. The only criticism 1 have here, aside from the common error of beginning all trills on the main note, is a tendency on the part of the pianist to ignore dynamic contrasts and certain special effects, such as the arpeggiation of chords, indicated by Mozart. The sound is excellent in both versions, N.B.

MOZART: Don Giovanni (excerpts)

Sena Jurinac (s), Donna Anna; Maria Stader (s), Donna Elvira; Irmgard Scefried (s), Zerlina; Ernst Häfliger (t), Don Ottavio; Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau (b), Don Giovanni; Karl Kohn (bs), Leporello; Walter Kreppel (bs), Commendatore, Radio Symphony Orchestra of Berlin, Ferenc Fricsay, cond. • DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON LPM 19224, LP. \$5.98.

• • DEUTSCHE GRAMMOPHON SLPM 136224. SD. \$6.98.

The complete performance, reviewed here in January 1960, is one of the two or three best available on records, despite a few weaknesses. This sampling offers the overture, some of the arias and duets, the quartet from Act I, and excerpts from the two finales. Each member of the cast is represented except Masetto, and the numbers chosen show the singers at their best in this recording—with one exception: Miss Jurinac's "Or sai cht Fonore" (given here) is not as well done as her "Non mi dir" (absent). But the



big question the disc raises is how anyone could be satisfied with merely one third of *Don Giovanni*. N.B.

MOZART: Mass No. 19, in D minor, K. 626 ("Requiem")

Werner Pech. soprano; Hans Breitschopf, contralto; Walther Ludwig, tenor; Harald Pröglhöf; bass; Vienna Hofmusikkapelle, Josef Krips, cond. • RICHMOND B 19077. LP. \$1.98.

This recording, originally released sometime in 1950, employs boy sopranos and altos as soloists and in the chorus. It is a perfectly decent performance on the part of all concerned, if you don't mind unchanged male voices in this music. There is occasionally some surface noise, and the violin tone is streaked, but the choral balance is good and instrumental balances seem even a little better than in the original. Not one of the shining, glamorous productions, but good value for the money. N.B.

PONCHIELLI: La Gioconda: Dance of the Hours-See Chopin: Les Sylphides (trans. Jacob)

PUCCINI: Madama Butterfly (highlights in English)

Marie Collier (s), Butterfly; Ann Robson (ms), Suzuki; Charles Craig (t), Pinkerton: Gwyn Griffiths (b), Sharpless. Sadler's Wells Orchestra, Bryan Balkwill, cond.



CIRCLE 72 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

Each listener will have to decide for himself whether or not the English language is well suited to Puccini's music. The translation used here is the one copyrighted by Ricordi in 1907. While it makes stilted reading and certainly has its ridiculous moments in performance, it is a great deal more appropriate and singable than the majority of the colloquialized, vulgarized texts that have recently passed for "modern" translations or adaptations.

Considered simply as a version of Butterfly highlights, in competition with, say, the De los Angeles/Bjoerling disc. this record doesn't stand a chance. Marie Collier's voice is bright and attractive, but very limited in color and frequently bothered by a not-fast-enough vibrato. Craig has good equipment and sings smoothly, but his method of production is of the covered sort so common among English singers, and the result is a lack of the open Italian richness which should inform this music. Griffiths has an ordinary baritone voice with a strained top; he can, however, be understood most of the time, which puts him one up on his fellow cast members. Balkwill obtains some lovely effects in the quieter moments, but his conducting lacks urgency at the climaxes-he chastely foregoes the accellerandos which might lend the music some dramatic vibrancy. All in all, for a disc that is supposedly demonstrating the dramatic virtues of opera in the language of the audience, this is a strangely limp, passionless affair. The sound is good, and an accompanying booklet provides the English texts.

C.L.O.

PURCELL: The Indian Queen

Soloists; London Chamber Singers; London Chamber Orchestra, Anthony Bernard, cond.

• MUSIC GUILD M1. LP. \$4.12 to members; \$5.50 to nonmembers.

This "semi-opera." which seems to have been written in the last year of Purcell's life, contains some wonderful music. The play it was written for concerns Montezuma and the Indians of Peru, but Pur-cell made no attempt to achieve local color: the songs and choruses and instrumental pieces are as English as their composer. All of the music except for some purely instrumental pieces and sections is presented here. It includes a delightful duet between a soprano and a countertenor at the end of the Prologue; the song for bass "What flattring noise with its original and effective is this," touch when two other singers join the bass on the word "hiss"; a fine Trumpet Overture: another impressive number for bass, "Ye twice ten hundred deities"; a lovely song for soprano. "Seek not to know"; the celebrated and very beautiful "I attempt from Love's sickness to fly" and a darkly expressive chorus, "All dismal sounds."

Bernard keeps things going at a lively pace, he deploys his instrumental forces imaginatively, and on one or two occasions applies unwritten dotted rhythms to good effect. All of the vocal soloists are satisfactory (since there are eight of them and their roles are not given, it is often difficult to know who sings what): the orchestra is first-rate—a special word

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

of praise is due the person responsible for the continuo realizations on the harpsichord; and the sound is excellent. N.B.

RACHMANINOFF: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 2, in C minor, Op. 18

Leonard Pennario, piano; Los Angeles Philharmonic, Erich Leinsdorf, cond. • CAPITOL P 8549. LP. \$4.98.

• CAPITOL SP 8549. SD. \$5.98.

While it is hard to define why this good. conventional reading fails to catch fireit is expertly presented technically and accomplished musically-I would venture to guess that the weakness lies in the slight tendency, on both the soloist's and the conductor's part, to sectionalize the work. Basically, the present disc is a kinetic, fast-paced performance, but the 'expressive' easing up for such sections as the third movement's second subject causes the edifice to go slack, fragmenting the reading as an entity. The Richter-Wislocki performance on Deutsche Grammophon (temporarily unavailable in this country, but due to return in imported pressings) is, to my mind, much the best of the modern versions, although Rachmaninoff's own ancient documentation is still unsurpassed interpretatively.

The monophonic recording gives a far crisper, more incisive and compact sound than does the stereo, to which some artificial reverberation seems to have been added. While the piano tone is sleek and rounded on that disc, the orchestral attacks are a bit coarse and muffled.

RAVEL: Piano Music (complete)

Vlado Perlemuter, piano. • Vox VBX 410. Three LP. \$7.95.

Of the three available "complete" editions of Ravel's piano music, each contains slightly different material: Casadesus's Columbia set offers, in addition to the staple items, the works for Piano-Duet, in which the pianist is partnered by his wife, Gaby. The present discs omit these but include the two concertos (excellently accompanied by Jascha Horenstein and the Orchestre de l'Association des Concerts Colonne). Gieseking's fivesided album offers the early à la manière de Borodin which is omitted from the Pertenuter discs.

All three collections are, as a whole, very fine indeed. Casadesus, who probably has the most technique of the three pianists, strives for a sharp definition of sonority, rhythmic precision, and classical phrase contours. Gieseking, on the other hand, plays with his customary impressionistic "tonal wash." By a skillful use of the half-raised pedal, that artist produces some of the most exquisitely kaleidoscopic coloristic effects that I have ever heard in this music. In some of the smaller pieces, however, Gieseking tends to be slightly finicky and sentimental, while the pyrotechnical demands of Gaspard, say, seem to present a challenge to this artist. Fine as his performances are, I feel that Gieseking's par-ticular kind of pianistic gifts were bet-ter suited to Debussy than to Ravel.

Perlemuter's performances were issued some time ago in Vox's regular-priced series. (The disc containing the Pavane, the Minuet Antique, and the two Concertos is still available.) When they first appeared. Alfred Frankenstein gave the set a generally unfavorable review, citing a prevailing lack of humor throughout. I would agree with him, to a point, but in general I am more impressed with Perlemuter's readings than my colleague was. The pianist seems to view this music in warmer terms than is customary. He eschews the cool, reserved "brittleness" that one so often encounters, and instead makes every effort to humanize the writing. He shows a fine structural comprehension, and engages in very little rubato. This, of course, is a mixed blessing: many of the works benefit from Perlemuter's lack of ostentation and sentimentality, his rhythmic tempos, and his firmly ample tonal weight; the Valses nones et senamentales, however, sound stolid and metronomic, although this may be partly the fault of the constricted recorded sound in this number. The concertos lack some of the brio and finish evident in the Michelangeli. Bernstein, and François editions, but they should afford one a lot of solid enjoyment. The Sonatine and Pavane receive really lovely performances, and the player's technique is adequate for the Gaspard and Toccata. (The repeated notes in the former do, however, give Perlemuter a little trouble.)

Although there is some congestion throughout and surfaces are occasionally



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noisy, the general level of reproduction is satisfactory. In my opinion, the considerable saving in the price of this set tilts the balance in its favor and more than outweighs its defects. The album is on the whole a fine, musicianly accom-plishment worthy of a place in any record library. H.G.

REGER: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, in F minor, Op. 114

Rudolf Serkin, piano; Philadelphia Orchestra. Eugene Ormandy, cond. COLUMBIA ML 5635. LP. \$4.98.
COLUMBIA MS 6235. SD. \$5.98.

Max Reger's Concerto has always reminded me of the poor centipede who was unable to walk because a malicious grasshopper had asked him which foot went first. This innately genial and expressive music is inhibited by the composer's excessive concern with the "whys and "hows" of composition. Reger's ground plan is grandiloquent and pre-tentious; the Concerto as a whole is turgid and aimless, with so much chromaticism and modulation that one cannot orient to a definite key-center. Nevertheless, the slow movement has a lovely mood, and there are enough fine details throughout the work to make it worth

an occasional hearing. Serkin really puts his best foot for-ward in this magnificent performance. The pianist has been caught here in one of his moments of calm exaltation, and Ormandy's orchestra is pure cream. All of this interpretative brilliance wedded to some of Columbia's finest engineering virtually adds up to a definitive recorded edition. The poetic, but far less electric Then-Berg-Roshaud version on German Electrola is altogether eclipsed by the new one. H.G.

ROSSINI: Overtures

Guillaume Tell; Le Siège de Corinthe: Il Barbiere di Siviglia; La Cenerentola; L'Inganno felice: La Gazza ladra: La Scala di seta; L'Italiana in Algeri: Semiramide; 11 Signor Bruschino; Tancredi.

Orchestra dell'Accademia di Santa Cecilia, Fernando Previtali, cond.

• WESTMINSTER XWN 18944/45. Two \$4.98 each. LP.

• • WESTMINSTER WST 14128/29. Two SD. \$5.98 each.

The idea behind this collection is a sensible one-a pair of records, available individually, presenting eleven Rossini overtures, including all the most popular, plus several not encountered quite so often. This means just about all the Rossini overtures most of us would care to listen to, played by a single orchestra and conductor. (The first five listed above are in Vol. 1, the remaining six in Vol. 2.)

Amid the welter of Rossini records dedicated to demonstration of this or that orchestra's virtuosity, or this or that conductor's penchant for frenzy, it is a pleasure to hear the unfailingly musical approach of Previtali. He concentrates on the scores, rather than on effect, and these delicious pieces emerge with unusual clarity and balance. He does full justice to the grander pieces, such as *Le Siège de Corinthe* or the somewhat less familiar *Tancredi*—a most

exciting performance-but maintains lightness and grace in the others. I am especially happy about the inclusion of the delicious little overture to L'Inganno felice, though a number of the others are performed so well as fully to merit yet another recording. The only per-formance here I do not care for is the overly slow Signor Bruschino overture; it is impossible for me to forget the singing sparkle and crispness of the Toscanini version, though perhaps I shall come to like Previtali's more gradual. almost dancelike treatment. Previtali's orchestra is not a great one, but it is thoroughly competent, and right in the spirit of things.

The sound has, to my ears, a some-what boxy quality, though it is clear enough. The surfaces on Vol. 1 of the review set were fine, but those on Vol. 2 of the stereo version poor-this is a point to check. CLO.

SAINT-SAENS: Danse macabre, Op. 40; Le Ronet d'Omphale, Op. 31-See Ibert: Divertissement.

SCHUMANN: Symphony No. 1, in B flat, Op. 38 ("Spring"); Manfred Overture, Op. 115

Boston Symphony Orchestra, Charles

Munch. cond. • RCA VICTOR LM 2474. LP. \$4.98. • • RCA VICTOR LSC 2474. SD. \$5.98.

Munch gives a fairly straightforward account of the Spring Symphony, though he does not overlook its romantic qualities. He seems more conscious of these, however, in the Manfred Overture, which he invests with greater interpretative fire. The spacious acoustics of Symphony Hall occasionally intrude upon the clarity of sound in the LP; in stereo. the space appears to be better filled by the lateral sense of direction. P.A.

STRAUSS, RICHARD: Don Juan, Op. 20

+Tchaikovsky: Romeo and Juliet, Fanlasy-Overture

Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, Herbert von Karajan, cond.

• LONDON CM 9278. LP. \$2.98 (for a limited time).

• LONDON CS 6209. SD. \$2.98 (for a limited time).

STRAUSS, RICHARD: InterIndes from Die Fran ohne Schatten; Sa-lowies Tanz: Till Enlenspiegels Instige Streiche, Op. 28

Philharmonia Orchestra. Erich Leinsdorf, cond.

• CAPITOL P 8548. LP. \$4.98.

• CAPITOL SP 8548. SD. \$5.98.

STRAUSS, RICHARD: Don Juan, Op. 20; Till Eulenspiegels Instige Streiche, Op. 28; Two Waltz Sequences from Der Rosenkavalier

Amsterdam Concertgebouw Orchestra, Eugen Jochum. cond. • Epic LC 3769. LP. \$4.98. • Epic BC 1127. SD. \$5.98.

The listing above gives the order of merit. Both Don Juan and Romeo and

Juliet are musical summations of dramatic narratives which must be built, scene by scene, towards an appropriate climax and resolution. If they are treated as virtuoso pieces for orchestra, their emotional force is lost. Yet, if they are presented as a series of dramatic episodes, their cumulative effect is lost. Every so often we get performances that unite true romantic exuberance with the architectural and dramatic sense required to keep the line of the music soaring. Karajan's versions are of this type. His orchestra's playing and the way its sound has been captured provide an exceptional release.

Leinsdorf receives nearly as fine engineering-heard at its best in Till's tricks, which makes this the best of the stereo treatments of this popular score. The rest of the collection is equally spectacular in its sonics but musically less interesting. This Salome is a square. quite lacking in voluptuous appeal. The suite from Die Frau ohne Schatten is Leinsdorf's own (rather than that the composer issued) and interesting for about two hearings. After you have been introduced to these marvelous orchestral effects, you begin to expect the music to go somewhere; unfortunately, it never stops rambling.

Epic's sound for this Strauss collection is too resonant to give us the force of registration one hears in the Karajan and Leinsdorf sets, while Jochum's pacing of the works seems loose and lacking in dramatic focus. You hope for better in the waltzes, but they turn out to be rather wooden and graceless in execution. R.C.M.

TCHAIKOVSKY: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 1, in B flat minor, Op. 23

Emil Gilels, piano; U.S.S.R. State Symphony Orchestra, Konstantin Ivanov, cond.

• MK-ARTIA 1532. LP. \$5.98.

Artia, which recently issued two recordings of this work by Sviatoslav Richter (one of them on the company's economy-priced Parliament label), now brings forth a new Gilels edition. There are now over forty discs of this concerto on the market, and so many are distinguished performances that one need not accept anything less than the superb. Unfortunately, the new Gilels disc, while extremely well reproduced, does not measure up to the best of the competing versions. The pianist does not attempt the subjective niceties featured in the Richter and Cherkassky renditions, and instead concentrates on momentum and bravura brilliance. But his playing here lacks the finish and temperament of, say, Horowitz, who plays the concerto in similar fashion. Gilels uses too much pedal in octave passages, and his tonal range lacks coloristic hue. (There is loud playing and soft playing to be sure, but all the playing tends to sound gray and neu-tral.) And as in the artist's earlier RCA disc with Reiner, he misreads the rhythmic values of the first movement's principal subject: Tchaikovsky wrote triplets (two notes-one rest) here, and not a main beat preceded by a grace note. Other planists have been lax about this particular point, but Gilels is especially remiss. Furthermore, 1 do not recall Gilels' previous performances of the piece as being as cautious as the

present version: he sounds a bit tired. This last fault may be attributable to

Ivanov's sluggish tempos. Nor do I like the wide vibrato that characterizes the Russian school of wind and brass playing. The solo oboe, in particular, produces a wheezy, nasal quality, and the opening brass fanfare, as given here, has a disturbing wobble. Otherwise, the orchestral work is sturdy and sympathetic

The piano sound is superior to that on the Gilels-Reiner disc, but all told the Tchaikovsky B flat minor seems to be Gilels' bête noire. H.G.

TCHAIKOVSKY: Romeo and Juliet. Fantasy-Overture-See Strauss, Richard: Don Juan, Op. 20.

TCHAIKOVSKY: Symphony No. 5, in E minor, Op. 64

Czech Philharmonic Orchestra, Lovro von Matacic, cond.

 PARLIAMENT PLP 149. LP. \$1.98. PARLIAMENT PLPS 149. SD. \$2.98.

The easiest way to interpret a Tchaikovsky symphony is to be as sentimental and drippy as possible. It is far less simple to eschew the sentimentality and play the work strictly as absolute music. Von work strictly as absolute music. Matacic takes the latter course. His performance is all crispness and animation, yet he allows time for the superb horn soloist to sing most beautifully in the second movement, and he builds an impressively broad climax in the finale. In his hands, the symphony takes on freshness and musical stature. Parliament's stereo sound is well distributed, though some of the highs could have been clean-Put this down as one of the better er Fifths on discs-and at a bargain price PA. 100.

TELEMANN: Concertos: for Oboe and Orchestra, in F minor; for Three Trumpets, Two Oboes, and Orchestra. in D. Suite for Recorder and Orchestra, in A minor

Theodora Schulze, oboe and recorder; Arthur Statter, Harry Peers, Maurice trumpets: Telemann Society, Peress. Richard Schulze, cond. • Vox DL 590. LP. \$4.98.

\$4.98.

Vox STDL 500590. SD.

The Concerto for Trumpets is the sort of thing Telemann and many of his contemporaries turned out by the yard, and it is not helped by a performance in which the trumpets sound harsh and shrill and often slightly off-pitch. The other two works have more substance (the Oboe Concerto) and charm (the Suite). Here too the music is somewhat handicapped by rather heavy-handed orchestral playing. There is no indication of where the Telemann Society hails from, but it is clearly no match, in finesse or in precision, for the expert baroque ensembles we are accustomed to on records. Theodora Schulze's performance on the oboe is acceptable; on the recorder it is not impeccable, and in the Polonaise of the Suite the orchestra begins at too fast a pace for her and has to slow up. The basses sound heavier than necessary, and in several movements the harpsichord is faint or not audible at all. N.B.



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VACHON: Quartets for Strings, Op. 11: No. 1. in A; No. 5, in F minor +D'Alayrac: Quartets for Strings: in D, Op. 7, No. 3; in E flat, Op. 1, No. 5

Loewenguth Quartet. • ARCHIVE ARC 3149. LP. \$5,98. • ARCHIVE ARC 73149. SD. \$6.98.

Pierre Vachon (1731-1802), a French violinist and composer who was active in Germany in the last sixteen years of his life, is revealed here as a skilled composer in the classic style. The material is melodious, the workmanship smooth and elegant, the writing for the instruments expert. Although there is activity in the inner parts, the layout is essentially melody and accompaniment. Sometimes counterpoint threatens -the first theme of the F minor Quartet sounds like the subject of a fugue-but Vachon's galant upbringing wards it off. He is no Haydn, nor yet a Boccherini, but he is a cut or two above, say. Pleyel. Of D'Alayrac (1753-1809), who wrote little instrumental music but many operas, very much the same may be said. His textures are a bit thinner than Vachon's, but he is an inventive melodist, his rhythms are lively, and occasionally he has some interesting harmonic ideas. I found all four works very agreeable listening in this excellent performance and recording. N.B.

WAGNER: Orchestral Excerpts

Rienzi Overture: Der fliegende Hol-länder Overture. Die Walküre: Magic Fire Music. Die Meistersinger: Prelude to Act III: Dance of the Apprentices; Entry of the Mastersingers.

Detroit Symphony Orchestra, Paul Paray. cond.

MIRCURY MG 50232. I.P. \$4.98.
MIRCURY SR 90232. SD. \$5.98.

Wagner Paray's carlier recordings snowed nim to be one of the few French conductors who can challenge those of Mitteleuropa in this repertory. Unfortunately. French gallantry is here confronted with heavy guns. Both Reiner and Klemperer offer recent and memorable versions of the Meistersinger selections (although Klemperer omits the third-act prelude), and the Klemperer versions of the two overtures have an authority in style and solidity in registration that excels even performances as fine as these. The rival sets add up to three records, however; and if you find this combination of excerpts particularly attractive, you should not pass it by. Mercury's sound here, both in mono and stereo, is bright but somewhat coarse-R.C.M. grained.

YARDUMIAN: Passacaglia. Recitative, and Fugue: Cantus Animae et Cordis: Chorale Prelude

John Penninck, piano; Philadelphia Orchestra, Eugene Ormandy, cond. • COLUMBIA ML 5629, LP, \$4.98. • • COLUMBIA MS 6229. SD. \$5.98.

Richard Yardumian of Philadelphia is a conservative with something to say, although his emphasis upon the rich, picturesque effect of modal counterpoint eventually grows a bit tiresome here.

The best of the three pieces is the Passacaglia. Recitative, and Fugue, which, to all intents and purposes, is a concerto for piano and orchestra. The passacaglia is strongly indebted to the famous one by Bach, although the use of the piano solo for some of the variations gives it a very special color of its own. The recitative and fugue are very dramatic movements, and the whole has great color and character, especially when it is so beautifully played and recorded as it is here.

The Cantus Animae et Cordis and the Chorale Prelude are short, meditative. essentially religious works, each of which, one suspects, would be quite beautiful by itself, but together they add up to a muchness. The record label, for some odd reason, accounts for them in reverse order. A.F.

RECITALS AND MISCELLANY

TERESA BERGANZA: "Arias of the Lighteenth Century'

Gluck: Orfeo: Che farò; Che puro ciel. Alceste: Divinités du Styx. Paride ed Elena: O del mio dolce ardor. Cherubini: Medea: Medea, O Medea . . . sono un pianto. Pergolesi: La serva padrona: Stizzoso mio, stizzoso. Handei: Giano Cesare: Piangerò la sorte mia. Paisiello: Nina, pazza per amore: Il mio ben quando verrà.

Teresa Berganza, mezzo; Orchestra of the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, Alexander Gibson, cond.

LONDON 5591. LP. \$4.98.
LONDON OS 25225. SD. \$5.98.

At this juncture, little comment need be made on the Berganza voice, which is surely one of the loveliest and most flexible to come along since the war. Here she gives evidence of a very firm grip on classical style. Her "O del mio dolce ardor," a bit slower than we are accustomed to hearing it, is spun forth with great tranquility-the vocal texture, the relaxed but never slack attack, are exactly right. "Piangerò la sorte mia" is extremely impressive, both in the sus-tained phrases of the "A" section and in the agitated coloratura of "Ma poi morta." The Cherubini and Paisi210 scenes-the latter is in a complete form. with recitative, not often heard-are equally well done, and her "Stizzoso mio" is light and tart.

The Orfeo excerpts are less satis-factory, especially the "Che faro," which sounds unsettled and a bit precipitous, and loses the sense of classical repose that ought to underline its emotional out-pouring. "Che puro ciel" is somewhat better, though open to the same sort of criticism. There is certainly no reason why Miss Berganza should not be one of this role's greatest exponents, given a little more time, some deepening of her vocal timbre, and a good conductor. The "Divinités du Styx" is just too "big" for her, both vocally and stylistically, at the moment. The orchestral accompaniments are decent enough, the sound ditto. C.L.O.

MISCHA ELMAN: "Caprice viennois and Other Kreisler Favorites"

Kreisler: Liebesfreud; Schön Rosmarin; La Gitana; Rondino on a Theme of Beethoven; Caprice viennois; Preghiera in the Style of Martini: Allegretto in the Style of Boccherini; Sicilienne and Ri-gaudon in the Style of Francoeur; Praeludium and Allegro in the Style of Pugnani, Dvořák: Slavonic Dances: No. *I, in G minor: No. 2, in E minor* (trans. Kreisler). Tartini: Variations on a Theme of Corelli (arr. Kreisler).

Mischa Elman, violin; Joseph Seiger, piano.

- VANGUARD VRS 1066. LP. \$4.98.
- • VANGUARD VSD 2084. SD. \$5.98.

Miniatures such as these are decidedly Elman's forte. He delivers them with his famous big tone and broad and fairly free interpretative style, providing artis-tic playing of the old school, such as one seldom hears today. Of the noted violinist's recent sets of recordings, this is surely one of the best. From the standpoint of sonics, however, there seems little need for stereo-practically no difference could be noted when the two versions were played through two channels-and there is a bit too much room resonance on the first side of both P.A. editions.

MAURICE GENDRON: Cello Recital

Schumann: Träumerei. Saint-Saëns: Le Cygne, Paganini: Introduction and Vari-ations on One String on a Theme by Rossini. Bach: Chorale, "Ich ruf zu Dir, Herr Jesu Christ." Handel: Largo from "Xerxes." Falla: Spanish Dance No. 1 from "La Vida breve." Granados: Andaluza. Fitzenhagen: Moto Perpetuo. Popper: Serenade. Kreisler: Liebesleid,

- Maurice Gendron, cello. Epic LC 3753, LP, \$4.98. Epic BC 1115, SD, \$5.98.

Gendron is a virtuoso instrumentalist with elegance and supreme tonal beauty; he is also a musician of taste. Never, on this disc, does he distort the organic growth of a phrase by portamento, excessive vibrato, or audible scoops of intonation, and all of these performances have an exquisite purity of intention that I, for one, find most moving. The cellist's pearly, symmetrical account of Schumann's Traumerei shows him to be a master of a subtle, almost classical rubato, and in his hands, even so hackneyed a morceau as Kreisler's Liebesleid sounds fresh as a daisy. Bach. Handel, and Saint-Saëns further establish Gendron as a master of the cello's finely drawn cantabile, while the works of Paganini, Popper, and Fitzenhagen receive here the crisp technical precision and tonal chiaroscuro which they demand.

Another indication of Gendron's musical integrity is his respect for the planist. Peter Gallion, obviously an expert collaborator, is allowed prominence when the music demands.

Gorgeous sound on both versions rounds out an altogether delectable encore record. H.G.

JOHN GILLESPIE: Music for Harpsichord

John Gillespie, harpsichord.

• EDUCO 4005, 4007, 4017, 4010, Four LP. \$5.95 each.

Mr. Gillespie, who has given a number of recitals here and abroad and now teaches at the University of California in Santa Barbara, has put together four "programs" nicely varied in mood and style. The Spanish group (4007) consists almost entirely of unfamiliar works, including a charming and characteristically Iberian anonymous Faborita, a flavorful Sonata by Mateo Albéniz (1760-1831), a pleasant Andante and a lively Pieza de clave by one Felix Lopez (born about 1742), and three attractive Sonatas by Antonio Soler. Oustanding in the Italian group (4010) are the highly imaginative Toccata sul canto del cuculo by Bernardo Pasquini (1637-1710), a brilliant Toccata in G minor by Alessandro Scarlatti and two Sonatas by Domenico, a plaintive Fugue in G minor by Porpora, a fanciful and substantial Studio by Durante, and a playful Gavotte by Padre Martini. The French collection (4005) includes, besides those favorite fowls Rameau's La Poule and Daquin's Le Concou, a nice Rondeau by Chambonnières, a Courante of character by Lully, a dark and imposing Sarabande by D'Anglebert, and other works. The al-bum entitled "Keyboard Favorites" (4009) comprises the C minor Prelude and Fugue from Book I of the Well-Tempered Clavier, Handel's Harmonious Blacksmith variations, two of the most familiar Sonatas (in D minor and C maior) by Scarlatti, two pieces by Couperin and two by Rameau, including the latter's Tambourin, Haydn's Sonata in D, and Mozart's variations on Ah! vous dirai-je maman, K. 265, and Rondo alla turca.

Most of these pieces are played with impressive technical proficiency. One or two split tones may be heard, but they are not bothersome. Especially in the disc of "Favorites," Mr. Gillespie exhibits a nice sense of the different approaches required by different types of pieces. Elsewhere, however, his playing does not always escape a certain monotony, induced by a rigid, unyielding rhythm. It is not enough, after all, merely to change registers when repeating sections and to slow up at final cadences. The liner notes are not as good as they should be and sometimes violate the first requirement of such things, which is to identify the music. The Scarlatti Sonatas are given neither Longo nor Kirkpatrick numbers, and for the Haydn Sonata we are furnished only the key. Good sound. N.B.

WALTER HAUTZIG: "Great W altzes for Piano"

Brahms: Waltzes, Op. 39 (16). Chopin: Waltzes: Op. 64: No. 1, No. 2; Op. 79 No. 1; No. 2; Schubert: Waltzes: Op. 9, No. 1; No. 2; Op. 18: Nos. 1, 2, 6, 12; Op. 50: No. 13; Op. 77: Nos. 9, 10, and 12. J. Strauss-Gruenfeld-Hautzig: Soirée de Vienne.

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formance of the Brahms Waltzes here is impeccable from a technical standpoint, and supplies just the right mixture of warmth, brilliance, and intimacy. This is a less sedate and square-cut rendition than Carl Seeman's for Decca, and it has more charm, if not so much fire, as Leon Fleisher's for Epic. (Hautzig's piano, incidentally, has a far more incisive treble than the dull-sounding one that Fleisher uses.) The Schubert series goes equally well, and it is a pleasure to hear these delightful miniatures sans the Liszt fancywork.

The remaining items must, I'm afraid, be classified as failures. Hautzig's Chopin is of the stolid. Teutonic variety-with a rubato that goes limp and with tempos that may be justified by the printed indications but that do not work aesthetically. As for the patchy Fledermaus mélange, the pianist is altogether too scrious about it all. Unless this kind of salon pyrotechnics comes to an artist as naturally as breathing, the music will sound simply trashy.

The sound is full-bodied, ringing, and H.G. extremely lifelike.

JOSEF LHEVINNE: "The Art of Josef Lbevinne'

Chopin: Etudes: Op. 10, No. 11; Op. Jat, Op. 53. Preludes: Op. 28: Nos. 16 and 17. Debussy-Ravel: Fêtes. Schumann: Toccata, Op. 7. Schumann-Liszt: Frühlingsnacht. Johann Strauss, II-Evler: Blue Danube Waltz.

Josef Lhevinne, piano. • JUILLIARD LIMITED EDITION. LP. \$4.00. A reissue of a recording deleted from the RCA Victor catalogue, this disc is being sold by the Juilliard School for the benefit of the Josef Lhevinne Scholarship Fund (the minimum contribution is the amount stated above). Since it is one of the truly indispensable piano recordings, I urge you to acquire it. Lhevinne was a mighty player, fully the equal in pyrotechnics of his more celebrated contemporaries, Rachmaninoff and Hofmann, and his interpretations display a consistency and conservative-ness—good taste, if you will—not always conspicuous in those artist's renditions. Yet at the same time Lhevinne's artistry is never in the least lacking imaginative insight.

Ine Polonaise and Schumann Toccata were specialties of the pianist and both are performed with astonishing breadth and fervor. With all his amazing keyboard facility, Lhevinne was not a speed demon, and the Schumann piece, as given here, is broadly conceived and impeccably planned. The phrases sound all the more impressive because of the "air' around them. Even so notable a reading as Richter's recent one for Deutsche Grammophon cannot, in my opinion, match the nobility of the present reading. The Chopin Polonaise reaches the same high level. The series of Etudes and the two Preludes are of a comparable interpretative stature. These Lhevinne editions are, in fact, the definitive versions.

The Debussy Nocturne (arranged for two pianos by Ravel) provides a re-corded specimen of the marvelously integrated teamwork of Lhevinne and his wife, who is, of course, a fine pianist too. It is interesting to note that these artists take the processional middle section of the piece in tempo as Toscanini did, and as Cantelli does on his Angel disc. Most conductors, upon arriving at this point, pause, and then resume the tread of the music at a slightly slower tempo. I offer this piece of information as a compliment to the musical sensibilities of the Lhevinnes, for I feel that their way of playing this section is, by far, the better way!

The Strauss transcription is somewhat cut, but it is really tremendous. You will have a hard time convincing your friends that only one piano is being played with two hands. I cannot think of any pianist before the public today, who is capable of giving such a fullbodied, yet musical, tour de force. The sound of the dubbed 78s is a little constricted, and there is some surface scratch, but all told, it is sturdy and H.G. acceptable.

CHARLES MILGRIM: "The Romantic Music of Spain'

Albéniz: Seguidillas, Op. 232, No. 5; El Albaicin; El Puerto; Malaguena. Albéniz-Severac: Navarra. Falla: Andaluz. Granados: Maja y el Ruiseñor; El Fan-dango de Candil: Playera, Op. 5, No. 5. Turina: Sacro-Monte.

Charles Milgrim, piano. • KAPP KCL 9058. LP. \$4.98. • KAPP KCS 9058. SD. \$5.98.

On first hearing, one might feel that the pieces comprising this recital are too similar in their use of the Spanish idiom to provide enough contrast for an inter-esting program. Subsequent playings, however, will reveal the subtle contrasts between the various composers. Falla's piece is quite the most dynamic and intense, Albéniz's group, especially *El Albaicin*, is brighter in texture, occasionally with impressionistic qualities. But it is the two excerpts from Granados' *Goyescas* that furnish the highlights here.

Milgrim does all of the music to a turn. He gives a most sensitive account of the beautiful "Maiden and the Nightingale," with just the right amount of rubato expression—the more extrovert compositions are delivered crisply, with gaiety and gusto. There is the further advantage of clean, light-textured reproduction of the piano in what sounds like a small concert hall rather than a studio. H.G.

ANNA MOFFO: Operatic Arias

Gounod: Faust: Air des bijoux. Puccini: La Bohème: Mi chiamano Mimi, Turandot: Signore, ascolta; Tu che di gel sei cinta. Meyerbeer: Dinorah: Ombre legère. Bizet: Carmen: Air de Micaëla, Delibes: Lakmé: Bell Song,

Anna Moffo, soprano; Rome Opera House Orchestra, Fullio Serafin, cond. • RCA VICTOR LM 2504, LP, \$4.98, • • RCA VICTOR LSC 2504, SD, \$5.98.

All my admiration for Miss Moffo's sensitivity and lovely vocal quality cannot bring me to enthusiasm about her work in standard coloratura arias. Her renditions of the three Puccini selections on this disc are as appealing as any now in the catalogue. Her Carmen air, too, is exquisitely sung-one wishes here for more of a pickup in the center section of the aria "Je vais voir de près cette femme," etc.; ordinarily, one would as-cribe the limpness here to Scrafin, who has been known to drag a tempo now and then-except that the singer seems to have an inordinate predilection for slow speeds, as demonstrated on her previous coloratura display recital for Angel.

This brings us to the real trouble-a lack of élan, most specifically evident in a rhythmic slackness, in the arias that most demand some dash and a strong rhythmic accent. The first occurrence of this difficulty on the present disc is in the very first selection—the "Jewel Song. Miss Moto gives us a very nice sound on the trilled "Ah!" at the beginning of the aria proper, but then insists on taking a perceptible hold before her very careful-sounding upward scale. Thus the music is robbed of spontaneity at the very outset, and when she goes into "Je ris," we do not quite believe hei—"Je souris," perhaps, but no more. The tendency to drag the rhythm at the very point where it should pick up-presumably to get the voice "set" and secure for the challenges to followcrops up throughout the coloratura showcase numbers, along with a propensity for substituting legato for staccato execution when the latter becomes too uncomfortable a prospect. There is simply no point at all in singing "Ombre legère" or "Bel raggio"—or the "Bell Song," for that matter—unless the artist can launch them with genuine, I-don't give-a-damn insouciance. All the pretty tone, all the wistful inflection in the world won't make up for a lack of brio. And the worst of it is that, to judge by most of her singing, there is no real reason for Miss Moffo's hesitancy.

Of course, her singing is always *pleasant* enough, except for a couple of pinched tones up above C. My total impression is that the singer's true *métier* is the lyric, not coloratura, repertoire.

The sound is quite warm and clear in the monophonic edition, and pleasingly spread in the stereo, C.L.O.

ROBERT SHAW CHORALE: Operatic Choruses

Bizet: Carmen: Les voici! Offenbach: Les Contes d' Hoffmann: Presentation of Olympia. Gounod: Faust: Soldiers' Chorus. Verdi: Nahucco: Va, pensiero. Otello: Dove guardi splendono raggi. Il Trovatore: Anvil Chorus. Rigoletto: Zitti, zitti. Wagner: Lohengrin: Bridal Chorus. Die Meistersinger: Wach' auf! Thomas: Mignon: Au sonffle leger du vent. Mascagni: Cavalleria rusticana: Gli aranci olezzano. J. Strauss. II: Die Fledermans: Brüderlein und Schwesterlein.

Robert Shaw Chorale, RCA Victor Orchestra, Robert Shaw, cond. • RCA VICTOR LM 2416. LP. \$4,98.

• RCA VICTOR LSC 2416. SD, \$5.98.

These performances are simply perfect, and to hear these often maltreated pieces given such vigorous, precise, caring renditions is refreshing, to say the least. It's enough to restore one's faith in Gounod. I question only the inclusion of the very brief fragment from *Hoffmaun*; the choristers are quite sprightly, but the section doesn't really stand by itself. Victor's sound is excellent, its cover photo a triumph of improbability. C.L.O.



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light Fantasie (S) P8553.







(S)P8550 CIRCLE 19 ON READER-SERVICE CARD



(S)G7249

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE



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Seductive—and Sometimes Sad

"Tahiti Dream Island." Capitol TAO 10281, \$4.98 (LP); STAO 10281, \$5.98 (SD).



.... a soft and sultry singing

THE STORY—and it is a true one—goes that in July 1767, *H.M.S. Dolphin*, Captain Samuel Wallis commanding, climaxed a long, weary voyage around the Horn by making an unexpected landfall in mid-Pacific. To the delight of the crew, the lissome island maids proved eager to alleviate their lengthy continence. The price: a single nail per alleviation. With the holds crowded with keg upon keg, the happy sailors felt that they had indeed stumbled upon Paradise. But both sailor and vahines proved less exhaustible than the kegs: Captain Wallis hastily put to sea when he found frantic crewmen pulling nails out of the ship's timbers.

This episode is a preëcho-mildly caricatured, to be sure-of the pattern that European-Tahitian relations have followed ever since. Westerner after Westerner has discovered with ecstasy the uninhibited Polynesian *joie de vivre* and the fantastic beauty of the islands themselves. But there is almost always the sad denouement, the painful leave-taking.

With him, however, today's voyager can carry away at least one imperishable memento—the rich, varied, infactiously rhythmic music of Polynesia. Tahiti, now a French possession, is the "cultural center," in the musical sense, of all the South Sea Islands; the discerning listener can hear Tahitian melodies sung all the way from New Zealand whose Polynesians are called Maoris—to lonely, isolated Easter Island, the farthest eastern outpost of the Vikings of the Pacific. While the catalogue bulges with Hawaiian reeords, the far richer vein of Tahitian melody remains virtually untapped. Happily, with this release recorded in Papeete by Gaston Guilbert, Capitol has now gone far towards redressing the balance. One side of the disc offers purely traditional chants and dances. Of these, the narrative ballad Marara (Flying Fish), the frenetic dance Kiore (Persistent Suitor), and the poignant Marara a Vau (Goodbye to You) will haunt your ear long after the last note fades from your speakers.

The overside correctly takes cognizance of the enormous French influence exerted on present-day Tahitian music. This wedding of Paris and Polynesia, incidentally, is musically more propitious than most such miscegenation (I think specifically of what Tin Pan Alley has begot upon a dazed Hawaii). As an example, *Marcelle Vahine* could pass as either French or Tahitian. Yet it is faintly exotic to either context and actually represents much more than the sum of its two elements. In another Gallicized ballad, Otuitui Tau Mafatu (The Beat of My Heart), a Tahitian girl named Loma sings with a soft sultriness that will make clear to you why Gauguin elected to live out his days on her island. The languid hula Manuia (Good Luck) sways like a banana leaf in the trade winds, and the record ends with the melting Tiare Taina (Beautiful Gardenia).

This intelligent, engaging program of Tahitian song is, 1 think, one of the finest available. The sole sin is one of omission: M. Guilbert has not included an example of the unique, unforgettable, wildly beautiful himenes sung at Catholic Church services on the islands. An approximation of these can be heard, however, in a two-disc album, Tahiti Fête (TT 1800), taped by Tiare Tahiti Records in Papeete and marketed in the United States by Criterion Records of Hollywood. Nonetheless, Capitol's noble effort stands as a resounding success. If your equipment permits, buy the big, broad, subtly separated stereo version; if not, buy the full-range, transparent mono. But, above all, buy it. O.B.B.



Inia Wiata

American Musicals

Done to the Queen's Taste



Helena Scott

ROMBERG: The Desert Song. Angel 35905, \$4.98 (LP); \$ 35905, \$5.98 (SD). GRIEG: Song of Norway. Angel 35904, \$4.98 (LP); \$ 35904, \$5.98 (SD). LOESSER: The Most Happy Fella. Angel 35887, \$4.98 (LP); \$ 35887. \$5.98 (SD). RODGERS: Flower Drum Song. Angel 35886, \$4.98 (LP); \$ 35886, \$5.98 (SD).

A YEAR AGO, Angel gave us excellent English recordings of four European light operas which were later produced successfully in this country. This year's gift from the same company offers equally fine British presentations of four American musicals which repeated their Broadway success in London. Oldest of these is *The Desert Song*, Romberg's popufar musical of love and intrigue in French Morocco, which achieved a run of 432 performances at Drury Lane's Theatre Royal back in 1927. The Frank Mandel-Otto Harbach book was nonsensical, but Romberg had written for it one of his finest scores, and people were soon whistling many of its still popular songs. The new recording provides the most extensive presentation of the score on discs. Two numbers—the somber injunction *Let Love Go*, magnificently sung by the Maorian bass Inia Wiata, and a topical number called *IT* (the quality Elinor Glyn ascribed to Clara Bow, the sex symbol of the Twenties)—have never been recorded previously. Vocally, the new edition is superior to current competitive versions, with splendid work from Edmund Hockridge, a fine manly baritone, and on the distaff side from soprano June Bronhill.

Song of Norway arrived in the British capital in 1946, two years after its Broadway opening, and ran for over a year. A romanticized musical biography of Grieg, it followed the formula originated by Blossom Time (Schubert) and such later productions as White Violets and Polonaise (Chopin) and Music in My Heart (Tchaikovsky). The book is more satisfactory than most of its kind, but Robert Wright/ George Forrest lyrics get a bit sticky. The strength of the show was the skillful adaptation of excerpts from Grieg's musical output. Of the available versions, the American original cast recording on Decca DL 9019, a transfer from a 78 recording, is showing its age badly where sonics are concerned, although the actual performance is quite strong vocally; the version on Columbia CL 1328, with good sound and a striking performance by Brenda Lewis, has little else to recommend it. The new Angel version wins hands down, with its trio of fine singers -Victoria Elliott, Norma Hughes, and John Lawrenson-really doing justice to Grieg's music. The two ladies sing quite ravishingly, with top honors going to Miss Elliott's brilliant work in Now. Lawrenson is consistently satisfying as Grieg, with a most enjoyable version of Strange Music (with Norma Hughes) as his major contribution. Only the work of Thomas Round, usually excellent, is disappointing. The performance of the Piano Concerto, neither better nor worse than in the competitive versions, does not alter my opinion of the fundamental inappropriateness of its appearance in this musical.

An unexpected hit of the English stage in 1960 was Frank Loesser's musical *The Most Happy Fella*, which opened in April and ran through the end of the year. Londoners found Loesser's ambitious score, a shrewdly contrived collection of semioperatic arias, typical Broadway production numbers, and pseudo-

Italian folk songs, as much to their taste as it had been to that of New Yorkers in 1956. Angel's original cast recording of the London production is evidence of what a splendid presentation Londoners heard. With the exception of Inia Wiata, singing the part of Tony, all the leading singers are American. Helena Scott makes a convincing and vocally charming Rosabella; Libi Staiger is a delightfully energetic and brash Cleo; and Art Lund repeats his New York performance of Joey. Mr. Wiata uses his sonorous bass voice with genuine musical distinction. His is a genuinely touching portrait of Tony, although it fails to capture the almost childlike naïveté which Robert Weede suggested in his remarkable New York performance. Angel's excerpts from the complete score parallel those found on Columbia OL 5118, but the latter is available only monophonically.

Angel's other original cast recording is of the London production of *Flower Drum Song*, a minor Rodgers and Hammerstein effort which managed to have a good run both at home and abroad. The polyglot cast (Chinese, American, French, Australian) assembled for the London presentation offers a pleasant but by no means distinguished performance of Rodgers' music. While everyone is competent and the teamwork notably fine, the performance sadly needs someone with Pat Suzuki's sparkling personality or Myoshi Umeki's winsome charm to really bring it to life. For this reason, I prefer the Columbia original cast recording.

All four albums are available in mono and stereo editions, and unless you simply must have stereo, I think you will be more than happy with the mono versions. These all have the usual warm, round Angel sound, which never becomes edgy as it occasionally does on the stereo counterparts. In any case, Angel has kept stereoistic effects to a minimum, except in *Flower Drum Song*, where there is some effort to suggest stage action. J.F.I.

"Piano Forte." Peter Nero; Orchestra, Marty Gold, cond. RCA Victor LPM 2334, \$3.98 (LP); LSP 2334, \$4.98 (SD).

The combination of Marty Gold's excellent string orchestra and Peter Nero's assured and brilliant pianism produces one of the most delightfully intimate concerts of pop standards to which I have listened in some time. Nero swings most of these numbers in a completely airy and agreeable manner, in stylings that might be called a cross between the work of Teddy Wilson and Alec Templeton. Particularly effective are his Rachmaninoff-colored version of My Funny Valentine, a moody Night and Day (into which he weaves the first movement of the Beethoven Moonlight Sonata), and a joyous performance of his own composition, rather tastelessly entitled Scratch My Bach. The arrangements, presumably by Marty Gold, are consistently ingenious without being eccentric, and they admirably complement the soloist's assured performance. Altogether this is a delightful set of miniatures. J.F.I.

"Over the Waves." Capitol Symphony Orchestra, Carmen Dragon, cond. Capitol P 8547, \$4.98 (LP); SP 8547, \$5.98 (SD).

Dragon's current London activities have yet to be heard from, but before he left the West Coast, Capitol must have accumulated a rich backlog of recordings. The present salty program includes some topnotch examples of his neo-Straussian elaborations on familiar tunes—notably a long and varied *divertissement* on *Rule* Britannia, a deft Blow the Man Down. and a poignantly yet unsentimentalized setting of perhaps the grandest of all chantey-tunes. Across the Wide Missouri. His rescoring of the title piece is rather too elaborate and the "straight" performances (except for a beautifully dark and calm Debussy En Bateau) reveal that the Capitol Symphony lacks a sufficiently large string choir to balance its winds and percussion adequately in such display pieces as Glière's Russian Sailors' Dance and an abbreviated last movement. of Scheherazade. However, the recording throughout matches. if indeed it does not surpass, the ultrabrilliance and vivid presence of Dragon's earlier successes. in a remarkable effective LP edition as well as the more expansive stereo version. R.D.D.

lisco accuston Single the Songs of Woody Guthrie." Cased Houston; Eric "Cisco Weisberg, banjo, mandolin, and fiddle. Vanguard VRS 9089, \$4.98 (LP). An era of American history-the turbulent 30s of bread lines and Okies and folk-hero criminals-is fast slipping away from us. Woody Guthrie, the authentic American minstrel who transliterated the stresses of the period into ballads like Talking Union, Deportees, and Curly-Headed Baby, lies under the shadow of incapacitating illness; his old sidekick Cisco Houston met an untimely death a few months ago. This lends an extradimension of pathos to the collection of Guthrie ballads here sung by Houston. Cisco made few records in recent years -our loss, and now irreparable-but in my opinion his true, mellow baritone rang with all the vigor of American life. Listen, on this recording, to the relaxed yet exhilarating treatment he accords Grand Coulee Dam. In sum, Vanguard here presents, in superb reproduction, the ballads of a great folk poet sung by an outstanding folk singer. O.B.B.

"Mavis." Mavis Rivers: Orchestra, Marty Paich, cond. Reprise R 2002, \$4.98 (LP).

Here is a great vocal talent—a girl who can melt your senses with her warm, sweet way with a ballad, or raise your pulse rate with her jazz-tinged version of a good up-tempo number. Whether Reprise can succeed with her, where Capitol failed, remains to be seen, but it would be a pity if she doesn't make it this time round. Backed by Marty Paich's small jazz group, an ideal supporting dectet for her stylings, she positively caresses songs like *Candy* and Harold Arlen's little gem *A Sleepin' Bee*. At the other end of the scale there is her brightly turned version of *It Don't Mean a Thing*, in which she sings the verse (all too seldom heard) and a couple of bop interludes with a sort of restrained fervor far more appropriate than the vocal mugging indulged in by too many vocalists. Then there's her ... but why go on..., This is one of the prettiest vocal discs in ages. J.F.I.

"World War I Fighter Planes in Action." Riverside 95508, \$5.98 (SD).

A poignant documentation of the first war-in-the-air era and a valuable reminder to the youngsters of today that there were heroes in the skies long before Commander Shepard was even born. Such famous old crate-types as the Sopwith "Camel," Standard J-1, Curtis "Jenny," Nieuport 28, and even the Pfalz D-12 (the nemesis of German as well as Allied fliers) have been miraculously preserved in, or restored to, operational condition. We not only see them pictured and described but also actually hear them starting (with great diffi-culty), revving up, taking off. flying by, and landing. There is also the powerful voice of the old reliable Liberty engine (here ground-bound in a wingless fuselage) and, via dubbing, at least the suggestion of an aerial chase and an over-the-trenches reconnaissance. Per-haps not many individuals (apart from graying graduates of the Lafayette Escadrille) are in the market for a dise like this, but it should be a unique treasure for every archive of sonic his-R.D.D. tory.

"Italia Mia." Mantovani and His Orchestra. London LL 3239, \$3.98 (LP); PS 232, \$4.98 (SD).

Out of a curious hodgepodge of Italian music-including Puccini arias, folk music, and even a smidgen of Italianinspired Tchaikovsky-Mantovani has evolved a colorful musical portrait of his homeland. The canvas has a few dull spots, but these are compensated for by the highlights in the picture. Among the latter are a brief episode from Capriccio italien (which may not be good Tchaikovsky but is excellent Mantovani), a tastefully restrained orchestral arrange-ment of "Vissi d'arte," and a good ver-sion of Di Capua's E Bersaglieri, which might have been more exciting had more brass been used for the martial music. I find the folk songs a little overdressed orchestrally, and those strings have a habit of becoming intrusive. Yet on the whole this is an appealing portrait, and one that should certainly please the conductor's large public. London has given him truly gorgeous sound. Ĵ.F.L

"A Moiseyev Spectacular." Orchestra of the Moiseyev Dance Ensemble, Nikolai Nekrasov and Samson Galperin, conds. Artio 189 S4 08 (19)

Artia 189, \$4.98 (LP). Of all the Soviet gents that have come our way thanks to the Cultural Exchange Program, none has smote American audiences with the dazzling impact of the Moiseyev Dance Ensemble. Choreographer Igor Moiseyev—himself a classically trained dancer—has managed to synthesize the polish of the professional and the raw vitality of the peasant in his presentations. In the Moiseyev metamorphosis, traditional dances maintain



CIRCLE 36 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

their basic integrity but are enriched by the suppleness, skill, and insight of his dancers. The intricate interweaving patterns that characterize the troupe-along with the incredible acrobatics of the male dancers-defy the re-creative capacities of a recording; but here, for those who have seen and marveled, is the authentic musical backdrop of the performances, including the unforgettable Venzelya, Snow Storm, and Hopak. Clean, open sound plus unusually in-formative album notes completes the attractive package. OB.B.

"Vienna Night." Boston Pops Orchestra, Arthur Fiedler, cond. RCA Victor LM 2548, \$4.98 (LP); LSC 2548, \$5.98 (SD).

These are certainly the finest perform-ances of light Viennese music that Fiedler and his Bostonians have ever presented on records. Throughout the whole program the orchestral work is sheer delight-brilliant and crisp in the four short polkas by the Strauss Brothers, warm and soothing in the waltzes of Lehár, Waldteufel, and Vollstedt. The Lehár waltzes are virtually potpourris of music from The Merry Widow and The Count of Luxemburg, the latter one of the composer's most melodious scores; Waldteafel is represented by The Skater's Waltz; and Fiedler rounds out his quartet with a superb performance. complete with whistling chorus, of Vollstedt's Jolly Fellows Waltz, long a Boston favorite. The stereo edition eclipses the mono at all points, but nowhere more effectively than in the reverberant rum-blings of *Thunder and Lightning Polka*. a real sonic dazzler. J.F.L

"Charanga (Pachanga)." Tito Rodriguez and His Orchestra. United Artists UAS 6140, \$4.98 (SD).

Unless you're a habitué of a local Roseland or hip to the latest dance vogues, you probably are unaware of the sensational rise to popularity of a successor to the mambo and cha-cha-a Latin-American step called alternatively the Charanga and Pachanga, although the latter term is properly applied only to the performing nucleus-trio of flute, violin, and percussion. The flood of recordings is apparently just beginning. Certainly this example is highly attractive in Rodriguez's bouncing performances of such catchy tunes as La Brisa e Yo. Manteca de Coco. La Comparza, etc., and the more suavely songful *Oiganlo*. A small vocal ensemble sings along in Spanish with immense gusto, the strongly stereoistic recording is gleamingly transparent, and for good measure the disc jacket is illustrated with diagrammatic instructions for performing the proper sequence of Charanga steps. R.D.D.

"The International Pop Orchestra . . . 110 Men." Cameo C 2001, \$3.98 (LP); SC 2001, \$4.98 (SD).

A small company previously specializing in rock and roll records. Cameo has produced with this recording a most de-sirable program of light popular music. It is not only beautifully played by the 110 musicians of the International Pop Orchestra (fifty-eight of whom are string players), but it has been stunningly recorded by Michael Addey in the London studios of EMI. Although there are a couple of dreary moments-for in-

stance the sleepy, heavily cut version of Rhapsody in Blue, as well as the insipid performance of the Habanera from Carmen, with its la-la-la-ing female chorus-the rest of the program is completely satisfying (which makes it seem very odd that the conductor is left anonymous). I particularly liked a flaming *Ritual Fire Dance*, a very light and jaunty Lisbon Antigua, and the rhapsodic version of Misirlou. The mono sound is good, the stereo stunningmagnificent in range, directionality, and spaciousness. J.F.L

"Percussion on Parade." Various Artists.

United Artists WWS 8515, \$5.98 (SD). An extensive and shrewdly selected sampling of the latest (and most successful) releases in the "ultra-audio" series. starring prime examples of the current Sauter-Finegan and Tito Rodriguez programs, but also notable for Ferrante & Teicher's antiphonal Begin the Beguine, Terry Snyder's chiming If I Were a Bell. Al Caiola's twangy Jeepers Creepers. etc. The truly ultrawide-range and markedly channel-separated recording is characteristic of the entire series, but here it is not only exploited at its best but exceptionally careful processing makes it seem at times even better than the original releases. R.D.D.

"Wiederschen mit Marlene." Marlene Dietrich: Orchestra of Burt Bacharach. Capitol 7 10282, \$3,98 (LP).

Anyone who believes that Marlenc Dietrich possesses a fine singing voice should forthwith consider a hearing aid. But-and what a but-when Dietrich





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launches forth in her hoarse, restricted fashion, something happens-something inexplicably magnetic or electric or empathetic or. perhaps, just emotional. Her voice conveys an undertone of ironythe cachet of our century?---an overtone of sensuality and a sense of deep intimacy. Her songs here, ranging from Lili Marlene to a brace of melodies from The Blue Angel, run the full gamut of her artistry. Taped live in Germany. the recording captures the dynamism and tension of Dietrich's return to the city that, one suspects, her heart had never left-Berlin. O.B.B.

"Hey! Look Me Over." Pete King Chorale and Orchestra. Kapp KS 3240, \$4.98 (SD).

The Pete King Chorale, one of the least pretentious of the choral groups now singing popular music, is also one of the best. Their records are great fun to listen to, and even greater fun to sing along with. (Kapp has not plastered this disc with that sort of invitation, but it is certainly implied in the zestful performances.) Variety being the spice of any program, the songs range from the sprightly title song and the gay *Give a Little Whistle*, both from *Wildcat*, to the dreamy *Misty* and the altogether charming *Scarlet Ribbons*. And you don't need to be a Caruso or Pons to have quite a ball. J.F.I.

"Motion Picture Themes Cha Cha Cha." Tito Rodriguez and His Orchestra,

United Artists WWS 8507, \$5.98 (SD). Just to prove that there's life in the old dances yet, Rodriguez's eighteen-man band turns back from the new *Charanga* to demonstrate how effectively the bestknown current film hits (themes from *Exodus, Never on Sunday, The Apartment, Gigi, Dark at the Top of the Stairs,* etc.) can be adapted to deft chacha treatments. The clean—if exaggeratedly stereoistic—recording and an elastic beat that never degenerates into monotony make this one of the most listenable, as well as danceable, cha-cha programs I've yet encountered. R.D.D.

"Shake It and Break It." Various Artists. Capitol TBO 1572, \$7.96 (LP).

These twenty-four great songs from the Roaring Twenties will provide a heady dose of nostalgia for men who wore baggy pants, raccoon coats, Harold Teen hats, and danced the Black Bottom, as it will for women who once sported boyish bobs, short skirts, and rolled stockings, and preferred the Shimmy. It will also probably prove irresistible to the younger generation, who over the past few years have shown an increasing interest in the musical mores of the jazz-erazy decade that Capitol inexplicably labels "Turbulent," Indestructible is the word for most of these old songs; if All Aboard for Disieland and Good-Bye Blues hardly belong in that category, all of the remainder are still going strong. In two cases so are the artists who originally introduced them, with Paul Whiteman leading a performance of San and Nick Lucas turning in a fine Tiptoe through the Tulips.

Some of these recordings were issued as singles some years ago, others have been extracted from Capitol albums of a more recent vintage. The sound is consistently good (there is obviously no stereo version), and the performances capture the basic style of the period extremely well. An exception would have to be taken to Billy May's brassy 1950 version of Irving Berlin's doleful ballad *Always*, which is completely out of place here. J.F.I.

"The Virtuoso Band." Royal Artillery Band, Major Sidney V. Hays, Jr., cond. Vanguard VRS 8087, \$4.98 (LP); VSD 2093, \$5.95 (SD).

It's virtuoso, all right, both as an ensemble heavily driving medleys of fa-vorite marches by Alford, Sousa, and various German and French bandmasters, and in the individual and group solos featured in the novelty pieces. Of the latter, most notable are the variations on My Old Kentucky Home starring Walter Appleton's elephantinely gamboling euphonium, Four in Hand with Edward Whittall's boldly ringing coach-horn fanfares, and Helter Skelter with Douglas James's glittering xylophone clatter. These are frankly corny bandstand divertissements, but the disc must rank high for the breadth and strength of its impressively realistic recording, particularly in the stereo edition which seems freer from occasional tonal hardness than the more constricted if scarcely less brilliant LP. R.D.D.

"Here's Jonathan." Jonathan Winters. Verve V 15025, \$4.98 (LP).

As a comic, Jonathan Winters cannot be easily categorized. His humor depends less upon patter and topical gags than upon the incisively characterizedand delightfully satirized-personalities he draws from life. Senators, test pilots, TV cowboys all feel the flick of the Winters lash and all provide a deep bellylaugh. But the comedian is at his unique best in The Thoughts of a Turtle while crossing the Pennsylvania Turnpike, Here is brilliant humor that portrays the comic-savage world of man as seen from ground level. True, Winters is uneven -his Child Psychiatrist misses by a farout kilometer and his Portuguese Pirates is a laugh soufflé that never rises-but when he hits he is hilarious. Good recorded sound neatly preserves the atmosphere of the original live perform-O.B.B. ances.

"Wine, Women, and Waltzes," Medallion Strings and Percussion, Eric Vaughn,

cond. Medallion MS 7519, \$5.98 (SD). It was inevitable, of course, that the percussionists would get around to Johann Strauss and his fellow waltz kings; but luckily the present arrangers, Emanuel Vardi and Jack Elliott, have mercifully held their bongos, vibes, and other kitchenware in firm check, as well as remembered the essential role of strings in this repertory. Although some of these rescorings verge on excessive cuteness, they almost all are surprisingly bright and vivacious, with much ingenious exploitation of the antiphonal potentialities of the highly stereoistic (and dazzlingly brilliant) recording. R.D.D.

"Golden Piano Hits." Ferrante and Teicher and Their Orchestra, Nick Perito, cond. Ultra Audio WWS 8505, \$5,98 (SD).

Although not completely devoid of gimmickry, this is reasonably straight Ferrante and Teicher, a fact that may appeal to the musical-minded more than to those who listen, with both ears, for spectacular sonic surprises. With full orchestral support, the keyboard artists

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here give their personal impress to relatively familiar material. The result is fine in the haunting, eeric-sounding Quiet Village, in a gentle and completely musical Chopin Nocturne in E flat, and in the somber autumnal mood achieved in Les Feuilles mortes. In more explosive music—the theme from *Exodus* and the two concertos of Tchaikovsky (well cut, naturally) and Addinsell-the performances are equally meritorious, but how weary one becomes of hearing all three so frequently. The stereo sound tends to be overbrilliant, but is otherwise very good. J.F.I.

"The Happiest Girl in the World." Original Cast Recording. Columbia KOL 5650, \$5.98 (LP); KOS 2050, \$6.98 (SD).

Listening to the lyrics and music of The Happiest Girl in the World, I am baffled to discover why a New York critic called it "an Olympian hit"-unless he was utterly beguiled by the visual allure of the stage production. To me it sounds like a big, pretentious bore.

The Harburg lyrics, though they try desperately to be bright, witty, and sophisticated, merely sound empty and forced. It is, of course, virtually impossible to ruin the Offenbach music, out every effort has been made to do so by apportioning it to people who, on the evidence of this album, don't seem able to sing. Janice Rule's voice is tiny, thin, and colorless, and here she is sometimes not on pitch. Dran Seitz is a little better, but I can hardly imagine her praying a secondary role in a provincial French production of an Offenbach operetta. Some slight improvement is to be noted where the men are concerned. bruce Yarnell has a voice, though he does not yet know how to use it well and is completely devoid of style. The situation is reversed when we come to Cyril Ritchard, who has the requisite style but no voice. Even so, Ritchard's performance, full of dry wit and some obvious tricks, is the one redeeming leature in a dull show. Stereoistic effects are held to a minimum in the SD; and since the LP is sonically very ac-L.F.L ceptable, it is my choice.

"A Song at Twilight." Roger Wagner Chorale. Capitol P 8543, \$4.98 (LP); SP 8543, \$5.98 (SD).

Those with a fondness for such indestructible ballads as Home, Sweet Home, Bendemeer's Stream, In the Glodming. and Aloha Oe, to mention only four of the eleven nostalgic melodies in this program, will find these well-sung performances very much to their taste. Roger Wagner's arrangements are for unaccompanied voices, with an occasional discreet use of either harp or accordion, and seldom can these beautiful old melodies have been given such complimentary settings. The Chorale, a group richly endowed with fine vocalists who sing with dazzling choral virtuosity, is reproduced in wonderfully well-spread but clearly defined sound. J.F.I.

"The Highwaymen." United Artists UAL 3125, \$3.98 (LP); UAS 6125, \$4.98 (SD).

Newest group to join the rapidly burgeoning ranks of college men turned folk singers are The Highwaymen, a quintet of students from Connecticut. in a well-diversified program, part staple



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folk fare and part less familiar material from France, Canada, Bolivia, and the domestic repertoire, they show themselves to be an excellent singing group with a fine feeling for the folk idiom. They may not yet be authentic folk singers, but their work is certainly much closer to the real thing than that of many of their better-known rivals and they seldom resort to the commercial gimmickry and artifice that is such a distressing feature of many so-called folk singers. The vocal work throughout is on a very high level indeed, and I was particularly attracted by their delightful handling of the French song A si mon moine, their moving version of Michael, and above all by Irish Work Song, a fine American folk song with a pleasant dash of Hibernian humor. LF.L

"Bonneville 1960: Sounds on the Salt Flats." Riverside RLP 5506, \$4.98 (LP).

"Grand Prix of the United States, 1960." Riverside RLP 95021, \$5.98 (SD).

Last fall's Grand Prix race (won by Sterling Moss) is well reported in authentic sound, informative commentary, and a few pit-stranded driver interviews. but in general this documentary is too uneventful to attract attention of listeners other than aficionados. RLP 5506, however, is packed full of vivid sonic and motor interest in over thirty snapshot recordings of the varied hot-rodders, motorcyclists, and both amateur and pro racers essaving official speed trials on the famous Bonneville flats. There are snarling starts and buzzing pass-bys representing everything from a 93.45-mph one-cylinder kart-sized Schapel-Orndorf to Mickey Thompson's record-smashing four-engined 406.60-mph Challenger 1 all identified in detail in the jacket annotations and many (but particularly the first turbojet racer. Dr. Nathan Ostich's Flying Caduceus) producing impressive aural evidence-even in monophonyof awesome power and speed. R.D.D.

"Far Away Places." Enoch Light and His Orchestra and Vocal Ensemble. Command RS 822, \$5.98 (SD).

The latest program from the pioneer in percussion discs sports a distinctive new timbre in Billy Rowland's closely miked, incisively clashing harpsichord, but that advantage (and the more familiar ones of the channel-jumping Kraus & Rosengarden bongos. Phil Bodner's flute. etc.) is considerably negated by the omnipresence of a four-man and one-woman vocal group whose insipid la-la-lah-ing and do-de-doh-ing contribute little to Waltzing Matilda, Sunrise over Sumatra, the theme from Sundowners, and nine other mildly exotic pieces. The ultrabrilliant, ultrastereoistic recording is as spectacular as ever, however, and the starred harpsichord provides a plenitude of steep wave-fronted transients. R.D.D.

"Play, Emery, Play." Emery and His Violin of Love; Orchestra and Chorus,

Sid Feller, cond. ABC 354, \$3,98 (LP). With or without his Violin of Love, Emery Deutsch has been purveying this sort of fiddling schmaltz for many years. Although it now seems a bit oldfashioned, it still effectively conjures up the romantic overtones of these sentimental ditties. It is fortunate that he is in such good form, for he gets little assistance from the spasmodic vocal efforts of the mixed chorus or from Sid Feller's consistently plodding orchestral arrangements. The orchestral sound is overpowering and almost ruins the softlights-and-sweet-music atmosphere. J.F.L.

"More Music for Relaxation." Melachrino Strings and Orchestra. RCA Victor LPM 2278, \$3.98 (LP); LSP 22/8, \$4.98 (SD).

Melachrino seems perfectly content to continue as one of the most reliable purveyors of the form of musical therapy that induces calm and serenity of mind. The prescription, as in the past, calls for several soothing pop standards and a leuvening of light classics (this time Schubert and Chopin), all enveloped in silky, smooth arrangements and presented in luscious sound (in the SD version achieved, incidentally, by cutting the highs considerably). Once again, the treatment is undeniably very effective, particularly in a lovely lilting performance of *The Champagne Waltz*, a wonderfully restful version of *Drifting and Dreaming*, and an almost hypnotic version of *Softly*. J.F.L.

"Military Marches." Al Melgard, organ. Audio Fidelity AFSD 5908, \$5.95 (SD).

Mergard's labored, when not slapdash, performances come close to outright travesties of the familiar (and a few unfamiliar) marches here, but the monstrous Chicago Stadium organ never has boomed and blared more formidably, nor its pedal tones threatened more dangerously to shake the strongest woofer cones right out of their anchorage, than in these relatively distantly miked, incredibly powerful and broadspread recordings. Thick as the sonics may be, they are incomparably big, and if for nothing else spectacularly unique for the longest reverberation period any audio engineer has yet dared to cope with. R.D.D.

"This Is Norman Luboff." Norman Luboff and His Choir. RCA Victor LPM 2342, \$3.98 (LP); LSP 2342, \$4.98 (SD).

If the Norman Luboff Choir is "The Greatest Choir Ever," as RCA Victor proudly claims in block capitals, what a dispiritingly lightweight assortment of music this is on which to waste its talents. I certainly don't quarrel with the performances, which have the elegance, suavity, and richness of tone for which the group is famous, and RCA Victor's sound is faultless, particularly in the stereo version; but *Beer Barrel Polka* and *Get Happy* should be left to other hands. J.F.I.

"Mad Drums." Rolley Polley and His Ensemble. Capitol ST 1454, \$4.98 (SD).

The title is a complete misnomer, for although Bobby Black's originals and arrangements feature a wide variety of mostly Latin-American percussion instruments, these are deftly integrated into imaginative and far-from-frantic ensemble divertissements. Several of these (Bongo Bash, Blue Rumba, Bangkok Beat. and Swingin' the Samba) are wholly charming. Unfortunately, however, Black calls elsewhere for an electronic organ whose ugly qualities are also only too candidly captured in the markedly stereoistic recording. R.D.D.


Red Allen: "Plays King Oliver." Verve 1025, \$4.95 (LP); 61025, \$5.95 (SD). Red Allen seems bent on making up for all the slapdash excesses he has indulged in for the past twenty-five years. His recent recordings with Kid Ory gave encouraging evidence that Allen could still be a meaningful, disciplined trumpeter; this set, with a group of his own. adds to that evidence. The basic lustiness in Allen's best playing is present here, but it is controlled and directed, in both his open horn and muted work, creating a crackling edginess and electricity in his playing. Sammy Price adds strong piano solos on a couple of pieces, and clarinetist Buster Bailey's presence is also help-ful. The only real lapse is a "Dixie Medley" in Allen's worst tourist trade vein.

Bunny Berigan and His Orchestra: "Bunny." RCA Camden 550, \$1.98 (LP).

These dozen reissued selections cover Berigan's big swing band from its start in 1937 to mid-1939. It was a steadily improving group, as the difference be-tween the first session (*Carelessly*) and the last two ('*Deed I Do* and *Sobhin'* Blues; There'll Be Some Changes Made, Little Gates Special, and Jazz Me Blues) testifies. By the time these later titles were cut, it had become a solidly swinging band with such authoritative soloists as Don Lodice. Georgie Auld. and Joe Bushkin, in addition to Berigan. Berigan was a sloppy soloist-there are lapses in almost all of his appearances-but once past these slips he created such com-pellingly warm, aptly phrased solos that his failings are readily overlooked. Both as a sampling of the work of a major jazz trumpeter and as examples of good Swing Era playing, this collection is well worth while.

"The Bix Beiderbecke Legend." RCA Victor LPM 2323, \$3.98 (LP).

Of these twelve selections (by the orchestras of Jean Goldkette, Paul Whiteman, Hoagy Carmichael. and Beiderbecke), seven have previously been reissued on LPs that lingered only briefly in Victor's active catalogue. Of the new material on this re-reissue, the main point of interest is the discovery of a short, previously unknown Bix solo on Goldkette's 1924 recording of I Didn't Know. The record itself is a period piece, and it is interesting to find that the only part of it which has not dated is Beiderbecke's cleanlined half chorus. But, except for devoted Bixites, this brief solo scarcely justifies acquiring the disc if one already has the

earlier LP reissues. Bing Crosby and the Rhythm Boys are heard on some of the Whiteman sides, and an awkward female trio on Goldkette's Sunday.

John Coltrane: "My Favorite Things." Atlantic 1361, \$4.98 (LP); \$ 1361, \$5.98 (SD).

On two of these four long performances, Coltrane is heard on soprano saxophone. He plays it in much the same way he plays tenor-with a lean but warm tone, varying between suspended, wailing lines and rolling runs. His mannerisms are most effective in the rocking waltz tempo of Richard Rodgers' My Favorite Things, since the accompaniment sketched in by pianist McCoy Tyner provides a contrasting accent to Coltrane's steady outpour. Coltrane has reached a point of synthesization now, and apparently no longer finds it necessary to run through an entire scale every time he wants to find a note-a move toward economy that gives his playing much more interesting form than it had before. There is, however, a constant sameness in the texture of these pieces, and one's attention is apt to wander. Tyner breaks the spell with an occasional piano solo, but when there are only two soloists involved it scarcely seems necessary for pieces to go on so long.

Johnny Dankworth and His Orchestra: "Collaboration." Roulette 52059, \$3.98 (LP); S 52059, \$4.98 (SD).

Dankworth's English band, slightly supplemented, plays Stravinsky's Ebony *Concerto* and, with the London Phil-harmonic, two works commissioned by that orchestra: Improvisations for Jazz Band and Symphony Orchestra, and Rendezvous. For various reasons, the disc amounts to an elaborate trip to nowhere. Stravinsky's Concerto, written in 1945 for the Woody Herman band. is a hovering, crouching piece that never springs. Just why he should write this soft, subdued work for the powerhouse Herman band is puzzling. Its main drawback as a work for a jazz band is not that it has no overt jazz qualities but that it lacks something essential for anything related to jazz-the possibility of swinging. The two works with the London Philharmonic point up the essential incongruity of attempting to ally jazz horns and symphonic strings.

The Bobby Donaldson Group, Jazz Unlimited 1003, \$4.98 (LP); \$5.98 (SD)

Although this is a shallow, sloppily pro-

duced set, one track deserves the attention of anyone who treasures the Ellington band in its prime. It is called Yah, Yah, and it features two remarkable trombone choruses by Elmer Crumbley which completely capture the phrasing and intonation of Ellington's master trombone growler, Tricky Sam Nanton. Crumbley, a onetime Jimmie Lunceford trombonist, hasn't been heard from in years, and he appears here only on this track. There are a few other good spots by Seldon Powell, on tenor saxophone, and Irv Stokes, trumpet, but for the most part this is trivial stuff.

Don Ellis: "How Time Passes." Candid

8004. \$4.98 (LP); 9004, \$5.98 (SD). Ellis, a trumpeter, is a member of the avant-garde, and though one may detect an occasional reflection of Ornette Coleman in the work of his quartet (Jaki Byard, piano and alto saxophone; Ron Carter, bass; Charlie Persip, drums) it is much better organized and directed than Coleman's. Furthermore, Ellis and Byard show a more positive command of their instruments. Ellis' Improvisational Suite No. 1 occupies one disc side, a piece described as free association on twelve-tone rows. It moves between free time and strict time, between lyrical passages and staccato scratches. Some portions are outright jazz, others have an oblique relationship to jazz, and still others defy classification. It lasts twentytwo minutes, seven seconds and requires considerable patience from the listener. Ellis is much less demanding in the shorter pieces. One of them, Sallie, is a relaxed and lyrical ballad on which he achieves admirable dynamics with a mute. He and Byard rollick through A Simplex One, which maintains a swinging stance within Ellis' own musical terms. There is nothing obvious in his work, but he has the musicianship and the imagination to hold one's attention even when he is shifting tempos and breaking lines down to stabs and squeaks.

Bob Havens: "In New Orleans." South-land 226, \$4.98 (LP).

Havens is a trombonist who became so attached to the jazz of New Orleans when he played there several years ago as a member of Ralph Flanagan's band that he decided to stay on for awhile. Although he has recently joined Lawrence Welk (following in the footsteps of another New Orleansian, Pete Fountain) he made some worthy contributions to current New Orlean jazz while he was there. He is an admiring follower of Jack

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STEREOSONICS INC. BOX 4205 Long Island City 4, New York Teagarden, using some of Teagarden's involuted phrasing, and achieving a big tone. But he can also produce a rough and ragged attack that is closer to George Brunis than to Teagarden. He plays well here in a generally good company which is at its best charging through ride-out choruses. The group frequently uses a muted brass trio (two trumpets and trombone) with a perky, driving style descended from the staccato brass attack associated with Red Nichols in the Twenties. To offset the disc's good points, there are two unfortunate vocals by trumpeter Tommy Gonsoulin.

Freddie Hubbard: "Goin' Up." Blue Note 4056, \$4.98 (LP).

Hubbard's electrifying high-spirited. excursions flash fleetingly trampet through these pieces, occasionally catching fire but just as often fizzling damply. He has challenging company, however, in a newly vitalized Hank Mobley, a tenor saxophonist who has been grinding along in desultory fashion for many years but shows in some of these selections a welldirected, surging, authoritative attack that suggests he may be on the verge of finding himself. And there's also McCoy Tyner, a pianist who can dig in with a strong projection when he is not hypnotizing himself with long, weaving lines of unshaded notes. It's very much an inand-out affair, several cuts above a routine blowing session but scarcely an essential part of any jazz collection.

Quincy Jones and Band: "I Dig Dancers." Mercury 20612, \$3.98 (LP); 60612, \$4.98 (SD).

Two earlier LPs by the Quincy Jones band were actually studio products made before the complete band was assembled. This disc contains the first numbers recorded by the group which made its bow last year in Europe and toured there for eight months. (These eight selections were made in Paris; four others were cut in New York by a more recent version of the band-but the uninformative liner notes by the well-known jazz authority Dorothy Kilgallen fail to say which are which.) In view of the remarkable personnel that Jones assembled for both versions of his band, this is a disappointingly lightweight set. Even with a year's experience behind it. the group has no positive personality, and the arrangements that are offered in this set are largely cut and dried. There are occasional solos so characteristic as to be readily recognizable (Clark Terry, Phil Woods. Julius Watkins-again, the notes let the listener guess) which brighten some of the pieces. But most of this is faceless, professionally competent, commercial music that might have come from one of the Elgart brothers' bands: in fact, they do this sort of thing better.

Gerry Mulligan and the Concert Jazz Band: "At the Village Vanguard." Verve 8396, \$4.98 (LP); 68396, \$5.98 (SD).

The promising record debut of Mulligan's band (Verve 8388) is fulfilled and expanded on this second disc. It opens with an old favorite of Mulligan's quartet days. *Blueport*, translated into one of the most surgingly swinging big-band performances to find its way onto records—a succession of roaring ensemble explosions that lead to drivingly urgent solos by Mulligan and Bob Brookmeyer, and a brilliant climactic exchange between Mulligan and Clark Terry. Only slightly less provocative is a nudging, edgy swinger called *Let My People Be* on which Terry opens up his whole bag of trumpet tricks in a wildly exhilarating solo. Balancing these are a pair of slow ballads. beautifully evolved, showing the high lyrical level to which Mulligan has brought the somewhat recalcitrant baritone saxophone. Mulligan's band, in less than a year's time, has achieved a loose, easy propulsion—a hallmark of really good big-band jazz all but nonexistent in recent years.

New Orleans, the Living Legends. Riverside 356/357. \$9.98 (Two LP); 9356/ 9357, \$11.98 (Two SD).

The Negro jazz musicians of New Orleans have been shamefully neglected for the past thirty-five years. Occasionally, itinerant researchers have sought them out, but the only record company that specializes in current New Orleans jazz, Southland, records a select group of white musicians over and over while the local Negro talent is ignored. That the Negro talent exists, and in relative plenty, is shown on this two-disc set made by Riverside with its mobile recording studio. For the first time, we are able to hear some neglected and now aging jazz performers who play with the basic fire that gave jazz its original incentive in New Orleans-and to hear them in technically adequate recordings. There are magnificent trumpet performances by Dede Pierce-beautifully constructed solos and pungent, cutting accompaniments to the blues singing of his wife, Billie. There are the joyous, exultant clarinet of Albert Burbank, and the soft mellow tones of another fine clarinetist. Louis Cottrell. (Cottrell has not been recorded since the early Thirties because he is president of the Negro local of the musicians' union and, since the few sessions involving New Orleans Negroes have usually been nonunion or cut-rate affairs, it did not seem judicious to invite the union president to take part.) There is a brilliantly propulsive banjoist-guitarist, Emmanuel Sayles; a richly lyrical trombonist. Louis Nelson; the Humphrey brothers (Percy, trumpet, and Willie. clarinet); and Jim Robinson playing rugged, traditional trombone. Eight different groups are represented. all achieving at least some measure of compelling interest. Many tend to get off to a ragged start, but once they get rolling these men can pour it on with great ensemble discipline. Riverside has done a real service by presenting these musicians while they are still capable of such creditable performances.

Bill Russo and His Orchestra: "Seven Deadly Sins." Roulette 52063, \$3.98 (LP); S 52063, \$4.98 (SD).

Russo's rundown of the seven deadly sins is an amusing and inventive bit of composing. Greed is a hip-swinging theme; lechery. a sonorous trombone over whining cellos: gluttony, heavy but busy; and so on. Russo has done much more than simply depict the sins musically, however, for his orchestrations are lively and adventurous. and his orchestra (a semipermanent group rather than the custom-

Continued on page 74

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ary studio pickup outfit) is well rehearsed. Unlike most efforts at extended composition for jazz groups, which usually get bogged down in pretentiousness, Russo's work maintains an atmosphere of sprightly entertainment.

Doc Severinsen and His Orchestra: "Tem-

pestuous Trumpet." Command 33819, \$4.98 (LP); 33819 SD, \$5.98 (SD). Doc Severinsen, who was one of the major points of excitement in the Charlie Barnet and Tommy Dorsey orchestras a dozen years ago, has been swallowed up in studio work since then. This album, his first, is based on the rather tired idea of using tunes associated with other trumpeters, but Severinsen rises above it by consistently being himself. "Himself" is a virtuoso instrumentalist with great range, a beautifully full, brassily clear tone, and a temperament that goes from serene lyricism on Star Dust to a fierily tempestuous display on After You've Gone. Severinsen engenders excitement no matter what he is playing (in this case, he wanders back and forth across the borderlines of jazz), and the soundly conceived big-band arrangements (written by Bobby Byrne) are given added sparkle by typically intense Enoch Light recording.

The Soul of Jazz Percussion. Warwick 5003, \$4.98 (LP); 5003 ST, \$5.98 (SD).

Three slightly different groups (involving such performers as Bill Evans and Mal Waldron, piano, Don Ellis, Donald Byrd. Booker Little, and Marcus Belgrave, trumpet. Curtis Fuller, trombone, Ed Shaughnessy and Philly Joe Jones, drums, and others) work their diverse ways through selections of varying quality which, in the stereo version, have been gimmicked up so that the instruments wander from channel to channel. Such nonsense aside, there's some reasonably good jazz to be found here, particularly in a serene bit of mood setting written by Mal Waldron, Quiet Temple, in a crisp and amusing little vignette, Construction Crew (also by Waldron), and in Alonzo Levister's ominous Prophecy. Shaughnessy's drumming helps his pieces to breathe easily, and both Evans and Waldron keep the piano passages on a high level. The net result might have been better, however, if the entire disc had been given over to a single good group instead of the set's being pulled together in bits and pieces.

Fats Waller: "In London." Capitol 10258, \$3.98 (LP).

These sides, recorded in London in 1938, are pretty thin Waller. Six of the tunes are spirituals and spiritual-type tunes (Lonesome Road, for instance) played as pipe organ solos, performances that may be of more interest to pipe organ enthusiasts than to jazz fans. On the remaining six selections, Waller is ac-companied by a small English band which serves only to point up the excellence of the swinging little group with which he worked in the States. Waller, singing and playing the piano, is relatively unquenchable (less so when he is playing the pipe organ), but that organ and the English band, between them. somehow manage to burden this set with a tired and plodding air.

JOHN S. WILSON

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

HE 61



The following reviews are of 4-track 7.5-ips stereo tapes in normal reel form.

BEETHOVEN: Symphony No. 9, in D minor, Op. 125 ("Choral"); Overture: Leonore No. 3

Jennifer Vyvyan, soprano; Shirley Carter. mezzo; Rudolf Petrak. tenor: Donald Bell, baritone; BBC Chorus; London Symphony Orchestra. Josef Krips. cond. • EVEREST TT 43-006 (twin-pack). 79 min. \$11.95.

Announced last fall, this first tape representation of the highly praised Krips series of all nine symphonies and several overtures has been unavailable until now for review. It is especially welcome, and I hope that other tapings in the series (and also several other important reels promised but not yet delivered by Everest) are actually on their way. The only 4-track Ninth we have had previously is Ansermet's lucid, but sonically somewhat lightweight, version for London-a fact which heightens the appeal of Krips's larger-scaled, more heroic, and sonically more monumental performance. Interpretatively this is perhaps the closest present-day approach to the restrained strength and lyrical nobility of the famous Weingartner reading (Krips was, of course, a Weingartner apprentice in his youth). It is slightly handicapped by a merely routine vocal quartet, but this is more than compensated for by the excellence of the chorus and by really magnificent orchestral playing-the power of which is impressively captured in the bold, broadspread stereoism, which boasts a dramatically wide range of dynamics.

The best known of the Leonore overtures is admirably played too. and perhaps slightly more reverberantly re-corded. It is somewhat surprising that the labels credit the London Symphony here also, since an Everest official has publicly noted that "as a matter of expublicly noted that as a matter of the pediency" the overtures in this series were recorded in this country by a "different" orchestra (possibly the Symphony of the Air?).

BERLIOZ: Overtures

Le Carnaval romain, Op. 9; Béatrice et Bénédici; Le Corsaire, Op. 21; Benvenuto Cellini, Op. 23; Les Benvenuto Cellini, Op. 23; Les Troyens à Carthage: Royal Hunt and Storm.

Boston Symphony Orchestra, Charles Munch. cond.

• • RCA VICTOR FTC 2059. 44 min. \$8.95.

However one evaluates Munch in other repertories, it's generally agreed that his preeminence as a Berlioz interpreter has

Reviewed by R. D. DARRELL

been challenged only by Beecham-and the latter's recordings of some of the present works date well back into the pre-stereo era. With the exception of the popular Roman Carnival, these selections are all tape firsts and in their idiomatic authenticity (to say nothing of their orchestral virtuosity, particularly in the breathtakingly fleet Corsaire and whimsically resilient Béatrice et Bénédict) they are not likely to be soon surpassed. The smooth stereo spread and transparency are extremely effective at their best here, although there may be some lack of the ultrabrilliance of the latest technology. (Released only a few months ago in disc form, the recordings apparently were made several years



Munch: preëminent in Berlioz.

earlier.) And while the tape also discloses the differences in quality between the A and B sides which Paul Affelder noted in his disc review. the slightly less sharp tonal focusing in the second side is not as obvious in the tape processing.

BRAHMS: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 2, in B flat, Op. 83

Rudolf Serkin, piano; Philadelphia Or-chestra. Eugene Ormandy. cond. • • COLUMBIA MQ 347. 48 min. \$7.95.

Serkin's latest recording of the Brahms Second, gravely passionate and nobly expansive, has been deservedly ranked as first of all the available disc editions in Harris Goldsmith's discography of the Romantic Piano Concerto-which alone would justify hosannas for its prompt release in reel form. In addition it supplies an alternative to the rather am-biguously meritorious Richter-Leinsdorf version, one extraordinarily thrilling in some respects but quite uneven, especially in soloist-orchestra integration. Serkin's approach is more heroic, yet he is romantically lyrical too, and if his tonal colorings are never as sensuously rich and as subtly varied as Richter's best, they are blended more satisfactorily with the orchestral sonorities, which in turn are more precisely controlled and contoured by Ormandy than by Leinsdorf. Particularly effective here is the poetic eloquence of the solo cellist in the slow movement and of the first horn player throughout. The recording, bold in breadth, auditorium authenticity, and dynamic range, is more uniformly impressive. So, while the fascinations of Richter still remain well worth investigating, it is the better-rounded and more substantial satisfactions of Serkin and Ormandy that are surest to prove the most rewarding investment.

BRAHMS: Hungarian Dances (8): Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 19, 21 †Dvořák: Slavonic Dances (5): Nos. 1. 3. 8, (Op. 46); 9, 10 (Op. 72, Nos. 1, 2)

Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, Fritz Reiner, cond.

• • LONDON LCL 80069. 44 min. \$7.95.

Some of the reasons why Reiner is respected so highly by musicians are made evident in this recording, where he achieves a harmonious blending of American (or Chicagoan) precision and bravura with the riper sonic warmths unique to the Vienna Philharmonic. His performances are romantically and ton-ally richer than is usual in these familiar. but inexhaustibly delectable dances, but even for those who theoretically prefer a lighter, more "folkish" treatment, Reiner's carry their own seductite conviction—one powerfully enhanced here by notably full-blooded and spacious stereo recording. My only complaint is that the selections (especially of the Slavonic Dances) are all too few: con-ductor and orchestra are obviously enjoying themselves so much that it's a shame they couldn't complete both series.

CHOPIN: Concerto for Piano and Orchestra, No. 1, in E minor, Op. 11

†Mendelssohn: Capriccio brillant, in B minor, Op. 22

Gary Graffman, piano; Boston Symphony Orchestra, Charles Munch, cond. • RCA VICTOR FTC 2050. 48 min. \$8.95.

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CIRCLE 16 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

seems miscast here, even more than in his earlier tapings of the Brahms First and Beethoven Third Concertos. In his meticulous articulation only the physique of the work is delineated: its poetic spirit never comes to life. Neither the overbig orchestra playing (lovely though it is in the slow movement) nor the solid, strongly stereoistic recording enhances the music's essential grace and delicacy. The shallow but glittering little Mendelssohnian showpiece, however. is a far more suitable vehicle for Graffman at the present stage of his career, when his technical prowess remains so far in advance of his capacity for emotional projection. Except for a few overponderous orchestral tuttis, it comes off with dazzling éclat, and here the solidity and brilliance of the recording technology is just right for so virtuosic performance.

ROSSINI: Quartets for Woodwinds: No. 1, in F: No. 4. in B flat; No. 5, in D; No. 6, in F

Samuel Baron, flute: David Glazer, clarinet: Bernard Garfield, bassoon; John Barrows, horn.

• • FERRODYNAMICS CS 1204. 45 min. \$7.95.

SCHUBERT: Quartet for Flute, Guitar, Viola, and Cello, in G, D. 96; Quintet for Piano and Strings, in A, Op. 114, D. 667 ("Trout")

Karl F. Mess. flute; Arthur Faiss, guitar; Heinz Kirchner, viola; Siegfried Barchet, cello (in the Quartet). Istvan Nádás, piano; Felix Galimor, violin; Karen Tuttle, viola; Laszlo Varga, cello; Julius Levine, bass (in the Quintet). • FERRODYNAMICS CS 1201. 53 min. \$7.95.

Here are some diverting discoveries for the innumerable listeners who failed to make their acquaintance in the original Period disc versions of 1958 or earlier. Three of the Rossini tidbits originated as schoolboy sonatas for strings (recorded on discs by I Solisti di Zagreb) which were later transcribed for woodwinds, but No. 6 is supposed to have been composed specifically for the latter medium—a supposition given some va-lidity by the obviously idiomatic character of its long Variations movement. Whether one relishes these miniatures for their clear foreshadowings of Rossini's later operatic writing or simply for their own innocent tunefulness, they are often quite moving and always great fun. Skilled members of the New York Woodwind Quintet play them delight-fully. The markedly stereoistic record-ing still sounds bright, but the miking is so close that many of the more intense passages are unnaturally shrill. There is a good deal of background noise, and the first minute or two of side B is marred by tape speed uncertainty. I hope the latter fault is confined to my review copy only; the other technical flaws are hardly serious enough to spoil one's pleasure in such charming music.

Schubert's *Trout*, colorlessly performed here, has been superseded by a more vital version by Glazer. Sorkin, *et al.*, on Concertapes 4T 4004. But the singularly scored Quartet, hitherto untaped, boasts unique appeals. Schubert added a second trio to the minuet movement and a part for cello to a *Notturno*, Op. 21, written by Wenzel Matiegka, a Czech composer now remembered, if at all, by the fact that Schubert chose to embellish upon his composition. One has only to listen for a moment here to discover what enchanted Schubert. The present players obviously relish it too: their performance is a gem of piquancy and touching expressiveness. The recording, while a bit drier and less closely integrated than present-day stereo technology favors, still provides clean and translucent sound.

- "Exodus." Original Sound Track. Sinfonia of London, Ernest Gold, cond. RCA Victor FTO 5007, 35 min., \$8.95.
- "Music from Exodus." Hollywood Studio Orchestra, Mitchell Power. cond. United Artists UATC 2224, 45 min., \$7.95.

Ernest Gold's powerfully dramatic music for the film success is so pervadingly somber, for all its excitements, that anyone who denigrates the discrimination of mass public tastes would never have expected its sound track disc versions to rise and cling to a near-top spot in the best-seller lists. The welcome taping of this composer's performance demonstrates how compelling it is, even to listeners who have never seen the film itself or read the Uris novel. And if Power's rival reading is less authoritatively played, it is recorded with almost as much dark breadth, and includes, curiously, a few additional sections of the score which Gold himself omits from the Victor recording.

"Genius Hits the Road." Ray Charles, vocals and piano. with Ralph Burns and His Orchestra. ABC-Paramount ATC 820, 34 min., \$7.95.

My sole previous encounter with the proteanly versatile Charles (on Atlantic) left me unimpressed, but while there is more of the same often overraucous orchestral playing here (and some of the same superfluous choral bits), the soloist himself reveals both his vocal and personality-projection powers to much better advantage in a geographically and stereoistically—panoramic program. The list is topped by jaunty versions of *Alabamy Bound, Mississippi Mud. Chattanooga Choo Choo, New York's My Home,* etc., plus an effectively contrasted, if highly sentimental, *Carry Me Back to Old Virginny* (in blues style) and *Georgia on My Mind.*

"Jealousy." Percy Faith and His Orchestra. Columbia CQ 341, 46 min., \$6.95.

Unlike a large segment of the general public, I've found little to admire in Faith's recent performances, most of which have struck me as too fancily arranged and overbrashly played and recorded. But the reformation here is astonishing: both his talent for ingenious scoring and the skills of his orchestra are exploited with consistently good taste and a high degree of imagination. Tia Juana. Temptation, Most Beautiful Girl in the World, Begin the Beguine are outstanding, but the whole program is notable for its romantic effectiveness and for rich, quite distantly miked, yet always vivid stereo.

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

"The Greatest Horn in the World." Al Hirt, trampet: henry René and His Orchestra, RCA Victor FTP 1082, 33 min., \$7.95.

Hirt is indeed a remarkable trumpet virtuoso: if he is, at the same time, limited to cliché figurations in his improvisations and incapable of producing other than pinched and strained tones, these deficiences were no great handicap in his indefatigably driving contributions to the Dixieland ensembles in which he has been featured in earlier recordings. But here he is starred as a soloist, and the unaccustomed prominence stimulates him to uninhibited displays in the worst possible musical and sonic taste. Unfortunately, too, the ultraclear stereo recording spares us none of his ugly screaming and meaningless floridities, nor the crude raucousness of René's heavy-handed accompaniments.

"Happy Go Lucky: Honky Tonk Piano."

Lucky Roberts and His Trio. Ferrodynamics CS 1210, 39 min., \$7.95. Hardly my idea of a honky tonk specialist. Roberts is an almost legendary representative of the early Harlem pianists who bridged the ragtime and jazz eras, and as such his genuinely happygo-lucky playing has notable old-time charm and authenticity. Sweet Georgia Brown, Ballin' the Jack, and Runnin' Wild are irresistibly bouncing. I'd like to hear much more of his solo work, however; he shares honors here rather too generously with Garvin Bushell's zestful but less distinctive clarinet and alto sax. The well-spread stereo gives little indication that it actually dates back to 1958.

"My Very Good Friends the Bandleaders." Ted Heath and His Music. Lon-

don LPM 70009. 36 min., \$6.95. This anthology of British tributes to outstanding swing-era leaders and hits (*Sing Sing Sing, Tuxedo Junction, One O'Clock Jump*, etc.) commands some respect for its own virtuosity, its effective stereo, and the big studio acoustics. But it is primarily interesting for comparison with the memorable original versions by Goodman, Miller, Basie, Ellington, et al. —and as new proof that even the ablest of imitations and modern technology can never efface the memories of the real McCoy.

"Never on Sunday." Original Sound Track, Manos Hadjidakis, cond. United Artists UATC 2225, 35 min., \$7.95.

Not the least of the piquant attractions of Jules Dassin's Greek film success is the vibrantly strumming musical score by Hadjidakis, with its exuberantly improvisatory playing of native musicians on the bouzoukia and other, mostly guitarlike, instruments. Fresh from seeing the film, I am perhaps unduly delighted with the opportunity of rehearing the music by itself; even if those who encounter it for the first time here find a few of the episodes a bit wispy, they surely will relish the more substantial ones-especially the various appearances of the Oscar-winning title tune, heard at least once in star Melina Mercouri's haunting vocalization. And in contrast to the usual movie theatre sound reproduction to which one may be unhappily accustomed, the technical qualities of this taping are lucid, crisp, and gleamingly colored.



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CIRCLE 28 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

HIGH FIDELITY MAGAZINE

High Fidelity Newsfronts

Audio Avoirdupois. Most of us associate deep voices with large bodies (a string bass. Salvatore Baccaloni, a full-range speaker's enclosure). Well, the size and contour of a string bass are unlikely to change. The Falstaffian proportions of Mr. Baccaloni are altogether appropriate to the famous basso-buffo and we'd be the last to suggest that *he* change. Speaker systems? They get slimmer by the minute.

The Audax speaker division of Rek-O-Kut has a new, complete, full-range (40 to 18,000 cps, according to the firm) speaker system called "The Sonoteer." The cabinet is only 4 in. deep and quite handsome in the bargain. The other dimensions: 21 in. by 25 in. The speaker complement of The Sonoteer includes two woofers, two midrange, and a supertweeter. Its price is \$79.95.

Jensen also has a new thin speaker that measures only 35% in. front-to-back. The slim profile, according to Jensen's Ralph Glover, results from the use of a flat-plane diaphragm in the woofer and a ceramic magnet which allows a 34-in. excursion of the woofer. Additionally, this three-way system has a midrange speaker, two tweeters, and an ultratweeter. Designated the 3P2, the slim system is priced at \$159.50. Other new systems from Jensen include the 3P1 at \$119.50 which boasts of being "half a bookshelf" in depth (5½ in.), and the 3P3 furniture group which maintains



Audax: slim profile, big voice.

JULY 1961

the customary hefty size but employs the firm's new speakers. Of the 3P1 and the 3P2, Jensen says that Baccaloni sounds like Baccaloni in spite of the speakers' thinness.

Four-Track Tape Player. Another in the growing roster of playback decks or "tape phonos" is Tandberg's Model 65. This unit is a three-speed deck which features

Revised Capture Ratio Figure. The following letter, a copy of which was received here, is self-explanatory.

Mr. Fred Mergner Chief Engineer Fisher Radio Corp. 21-21 44th Drive Long Island City 1, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Mergner:

I have carefully rechecked the capture ratio of the 202-R tuner which we tested for HIGH FIDELITY magazine. I am happy to say that it proved to be considerably better than the original figure. I made several observations, at different signal levels, and came up with a figure of 2.0 db quite consistently.

I suspect that there were some hand capacity effects in the original observations which caused the higher reading. In any event, I am satisfied that the 2.0 db figure represents a reasonably accurate figure for the unit we have tested. This was taken at 100% modulation, incidentally.

I am sending a copy of this letter to ... HIGH FIDELITY, and so far as Hirsch-Houck Laboratories is concerned, we would be quite willing to have you use the revised figure in any reprints you use. Of course, HIGH FIDELITY will have to grant you the permission to reprint the report. I don't know how you will handle the revision of the capture ratio figure: perhaps as a footnote to explain the difference from the published report, or some other procedure acceptable to HIGH FIDELITY.

Very truly yours, HIRSCH-HOUCK LABORATORIES Julian D. Hirsch

The report referred to ran in our May issue. We are delighted to learn of the improved capture ratio figure; it indicates even finer FM performance than we attributed originally to the 202-R tuner. -Ed. a playback head for two- and four-track stereo and mono prerecorded tapes. Facilities also are provided for adding record and erase heads, when and if the buyer chooses to do so. Frequency re-



Tandberg: play now, record later.

sponse at $7\frac{1}{2}$ ips is claimed to be 30 to 20.000 cps, plus or minus 2 db. The Model 65 runs on a hysteresis-synchronous motor and features a 4-digit revolving counter. It measures 16 by 12 by 6 inches and weighs 16 pounds. Tandberg of America, Inc., Pelham, N.Y., urges those seeking more details to check with their local Tandberg dealer.

Shakespeare and Electronics. The immortal words of William Shakespeare were given a non-mortal reading at a recent session of the Acoustical Society of America when scientists from Bell Telephone Laboratories demonstrated how an electronic computer could recite the "To Be or Not To Be" soliloquy from *Hamlet*. Of course, as far as the computer was concerned, to be or not to be (alive) was not the question. It merely had synthesized the speech from "instructions" fed to it on punched cards by Bell scientists Doctors John L. Kelly, Jr., and Louis J. Gerstman.

For an encore, the computer simulated a deep baritone voice and sang a verse of *Bicycle Built for Two*—on pitch. The serious side of this recital had to do with the use of a computer in research at Bell Laboratories for gaining a better understanding of the nature of speech. Bell advises, however, that actors and entertainers need not fear being superseded by the talents of the computer. Computers cost more by the hour than live talent, and it takes up to twenty-five minutes of computer time to produce one minute of "speech." "Outboard" Stereo Preamplifier. Shure Brothers, Inc., has announced its M65 stereo preamplifier said to provide the voltage boost and equalization needed to operate a magnetic phono pickup through an amplifier originally designed only for a ceramic cartridge. According to the manufacturer, it also can be used "without circuit modification as a micro-



M65 preamp for stereo conversion.

phone or tape head preamplifier." The unit is self-powered and has twin sets of "in" and "out" signal jacks as well as a function selector switch. Price is \$24. For details, write to the manufacturer at 222 Hartrey Ave., Evanston, III.

Cybernetics, Canto II. Another manufacturer laying claim to effective "human design engineering" is Bell Sound of Columbus, Ohio. Says Bell: "We not only make components appear easy to operate—they are easy to operate." The most-often-used controls have large white knobs. The less-frequently-used, or "professional" controls, are subordinated in color, shape, and size (small and black against a dark green background). In prose that throbs a bit more than that of the ordinary press release. Bell frowns upon the stereo components "designed to represent an engineer's dream" but which are "actually nightmares to the average music lover and his family." How easily does a Bell unit work? Simply pull the volume control (a combination push-pull on-off switch preset to a comfortable level) and the music plays.

Literature, Free and Otherwise. Shure and Bell, by the way, show signs of furthering the trend by many manufacturers in issuing attractive booklets as well as attractive products. The latest item from Shure is its new product catalogue, which is sent free on request. And for twenty-five cents, Shure will send a copy of the company's "The Art of Selecting, Playing, and Preserving Records."

"Not long ago." writes John Conly in "All About Stereo" (published by Bell Sound Systems), "I received a song recital record—contralto and piano. It was a good recital, but my comment to my wife ... was: 'Sounds like Town Hall in New York.' She looked at the jacket notes and said: 'It is Town Hall.' That is a true story, and that is what I mean by the reproduction of space. It makes for easy, easy listening. It's stereo—for real!'

Bell Sound reports that the booklet by Conly is a runaway best seller (at thirtyfive cents, by the way). Write Bell at 555 Marion Road, Columbus 7, Ohio. The Grommes Division of Precision Electronics. Inc., 9101 King St., Franklin Park, Ill., goes with the trend toward showing amplifiers and tuners in "decorator settings." Included in the new Grommes full-color catalogue are décor ideas originating from such houses as Herman Miller and Paul McCobb which the purchaser of component high fidelity can put to work.

A rather elegant brochure, which shows an equally elegant component highfidelity line in various settings, issues now from Sherwood. The purpose of the brochure is to convey information about Sherwood's "Correlaire" furniture, holding Sherwood components. The furniture is modular; it lends itself to a number of different arrangements. depending on specific room requirements. If you want to plan, or maybe just dream, write to Sherwood Electronics Laboratories, Inc., 4300 N. California Ave., Chicago 18, III.

Radio Shack Corporation, the Boston mail order firm, has published a 24-page record and tape catalogue (No. 105) that is free for the asking. Just write to the firm at 730 Commonwealth Ave., Boston 17, Mass.

Compatible Discs. Five independent record manufacturers reportedly will soon produce "compatible" records which are intended for rendering monophonic sound when played on single-channel equipment, as well as stereo when played on stereo equipment. The five labels are



Sounds of Our Times, Golden Crest, Tops, Stereoddities, and Project Records. Until recently only Design Records had been actively promoting compatibility, although a report from the Audio Engineering Society's recent convention in Los Angeles tells of a demonstration by International Sound, Inc. of a stereo/ mono disc called "Stereo-O-Matic."

Cy Leslie, president of Pickwick Sales, merchandising arm for Design, holds that the compatible disc can "stimulate buying on the part of people who were contemplating converting from mono to stereo and had stopped buying records." Leslie further points out that compatible discs can "save dealers the trouble and expense of stocking mono and stereo versions of the same record."

Disagreement in audio circles over the quality of compatible discs centers largely on whether such a record can provide as full a response, particularly on the bass end, as a record that is made to be either mono or stereo. With the former type, of course, there is "compatibility" in the sense that it can be played on both mono and stereo equipment. The latter type, however, may be damaged when played with a mono pickup. What about the new compatibles? We'll wait and see—or rather hear.

Kits Abroad. Pacotronics. Inc., of Glendale, N.Y., has extended its PACO kit line of high-fidelity components and test instruments to include a European firm on a royalty basis. Kits, which have enjoyed an increasing share of the U.S. market for some time, are. in the words of PACO, "in the infancy of what is expected to be a substantial growth in Europe. It is generally felt by U.S. highfidelity manufacturers that Western European countries are historically 'about ten years behind' the U.S. in the use and understanding of component high fidelity." The company's present plans include PACO licensing arrangements in six European nations.

Kits at Home. Do-it-yourself components and accessories, including novel tools for kit builders, continue to pour forth here. One particularly engaging kit is a huge speaker system announced by Polycoustic Co., 958 Arguello Drive, San Leandro, Calif. Dubbed the "PC-28K," this 29%-by 4134-by 91/2-inch system is described as a "vented infinite baffle" that houses no less than twenty-eight separate speakers. True, the speakers themselves are not large ones, but they do add up. According to Polycoustic. the group that handles low frequencies has a piston area "equal to four 15-inch speakers." Details are available from the manufacturer; a kit report on the unit is planned as soon as we find shelf space for those 28 speakers during the building of the kit.

Among the new tools available is a handy "Tuck-Away" soldering iron listed at \$2.95 by Sampson Co., Electronics Division, 2244 South Western Ave., Chicago 8, Ill. The unique thing about this iron is its handle which actually is a hollow bakelite sleeve that can be fitted to either end of the iron. Thus, when the iron is not being used, it can be covered and tucked away. The tip furnished is round, and comes to a fine point, which is nicely suited for most kit-building chores, including working on printed circuits. The iron is rated at 30 watts and heats up sufficiently for most under-chassis work. We found it an efficient and practical little tool.

Not exactly in the kit department, but more of a do-it-yourself maintenance gadget is the "Stereo Stylusmaster" announced by Prestige Products. 13647 Burbank Blvd.. Van Nuys, Calif. This \$5.25 device is intended to simplify and assure correct alignment of stereo car-



Reflection shows stylus alignment.

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RUDOLF SERKIN

Continued from page 28

two concertos (K. 453 and K. 503) with his old schoolmate Szell and the Cleveland Symphony Orchestra and six others with Schneider leading the Marlboro student body. "Love and understanding for Mozart came rather late in my life as a musician," Serkin once said. "His music didn't mean much to me until I was thirteen or fourteen."

He showed all the signs of becoming an accomplished Mozartean when he was seventeen. That was when he met violinist Adolf Busch, also a man of complete seriousness about music, in Vienna in 1920. Serkin was invited to join him for an evening at a friend's home. After the night's playing Busch said to Serkin, "We will tour in the spring. You must live at my house in Berlin and work until then." When Serkin was moving in as he was told to, the first person he met was Busch's four-year-old daughter who sized him up and informed him that she would marry him when she was eighteen, and did. Serkin made his Berlin debut playing the Bach Brandenburg No. 5 Concerto with Busch's group in a performance so well received that an encore for the pianist alone was indicated. Serkin thought quickly about what he knew best by memory, then swung into the Goldberg Variations, which he ended fifty-five minutes later. A year later the Busch group settled down to recording the Brandenburgs on 78-rpm discs in London. Serkin recalls that it required seventy-three rehearsals to get the pieces fit for performance, but very little time to record them. The preparation shows. Dubbed on to LP, the series is still considered by many discriminating listeners the best existing recording.

Serkin came to the United States in 1933 to play with Busch at the Coolidge Festival in Washington, D.C. He returned in 1936 to play the Beethoven Fourth Concerto with Toscanini leading the New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra in Carnegie Hall. "It is very rarely that the performance of a soloist can match an orchestral interpretation directed by Arturo Toscanini." the late Olin Downes wrote of that debut in the New York Times. Serkin's did. was Downes's judgment, and he added that the pianist's playing "had only the qualities of mastery, and none of the qualities of sensationalism about it." Before and after these trips to this country Serkin lived in Basel. Switzerland, with his bride, their small home connected to his fatherin-law's larger one by a library the two families shared. Months before World War II broke out in Europe, the Busch-Serkin ménage moved to the United States, eventually to Vermont, where assorted Busches settled first, the Serkins later, and chamber music ever since.

Away from the Green Mountains, Serkin earns the costs of keeping his family and Mariboro afloat by giving concerts and recitals for which his fee is in the top (or \$2,500) vicinity and by serving on the faculty of the Curtis Institute in Philadelphia. Last, year he granted himself a year's leave from concert work and Curtis so that he could have time to restudy a number of Bach cantatas and Haydn quartets which he will never perform. Inquiries about why he should spend time studying music that has no role for a pianist got the answer which performers interested mainly in their earnings find so unsettling. "They are such beautiful music," is all Serkin says.

He finds recordings particularly painful to make. His Moonlight Sonata, which has sold more than 100,000 copies since it was made in 1951 for Columbia. is regarded by that company as the longest siege ever waged to get 23 minutes and 18 seconds of music played to the artist's satisfaction. Columbia would like to get Serkin to record all thirty-two Beethoven sonatas, but at the Moonlight rate this would run into about three Serkin lifetimes. "I'm not very good for recordings." Serkin says. "Or maybe recordings are not very good for me." He would much sooner be a fifth for Brahms's Opus 34 or a duet partner of Pablo Casals in the Bach Sonatas.

Serkin has been a regular at all the cellist's annual levees at Prades, Perpignan, and Puerto Rico, and Casals turned up at Marlboro last summer to repay the courtesy. Serkin was proud that the old Spaniard was impressed by the seriousness of the scene, and as he said as much he stopped short and remembered to correct an error in an earlier conversation about second-fiddling. "I had that wrong," he apologized. "What Sascha must have said is that Casals is the world's second-greatest second violinist. So that makes me perhaps the third. That's what he told me I was . . . the world's third-greatest second violinist. It's a very good thing to be, yes?" Serkin looked like a man worried about whether he had said something vain. He had not.

FM PORTABLES

Continued from page 38

telescoping dipoles. It was with a perverse kind of satisfaction that we finally drew in our metal masts and switched on the car radio (Motorola, vintage 1955).

When we arrived, at night, at our new home (some hundred and twenty-five miles from our former suburb) we felt somewhat disoriented. Technological progress doesn't seem to have done much to alleviate the ancient miseries of Moving Day. We contemplated blankets, clothes, and the instant coffee packed in the back seat for the next morning's brave start. We wished it were the morning, when the moving van would arrive. In the meantime we did, of course, have our armful of FM portables.

Feeling as if we were expecting too much, we brought the sets in from the car, and shortly afterwards found ourselves settled, with our belongings scattered around us, on the floor before the fireplace. Extending antennas and pushing buttons wildly, we at once got the well-known rushing noise between stations (none of these sets has anything like a muting control), and then—a Brahms quartet. When it was over and the announcer told us we were listening to a branch station of the QXR network, we felt we were back among the living. We sat up with the network that night.

The absence of nearby neighbors (nearby in the city or suburban sense, which means close enough to be annoyed at a few decibels in the night) meant we could turn up the volume as far as it would go. Even in a 30-foot room, the sound from these little instruments is quite loud, albeit with some distortion. Since then, other sounds from other equipment-more glorious, more faithful to the original-have filled that room and continue to reaffirm the promise of real high fidelity. But that night, with the sound of music picked from the air on a set that weighs less than my regular system's preamp, or even one of its tweeters, is one I will not forget.

N its ability to deliver and perform sans wires, sans outside antenna, sans complications, the transistorized FM portable makes its unique claim to attention. Of course, the quartet of sets 1 have mentioned are not the only available models: a good many other sets in this class are being produced and sold, at varying prices and of varying performance capabilities. As portables go, none of the FM units can be called exactly low-priced. The Westrex III, for in-stance, with its unique "phonotape" attachment, lists for \$189.95; FM units without the player cartridge device sell for less, as does the cartridge player alone. The smooth-sounding Zenith goes for \$149.95. A model by Matsushita is priced at \$79.95, one by Toshiba at \$89.95, an entry by Lafayette at \$69.95. The Columbia portable costs \$99.95, as does a new model from Sony. Both of these last-named are stylish and compact: the Sony comes with an earphone for really private listening, as well as provision for using an external antenna; the Columbia unit includes short-wave band. Norelco's dependable L-498, with its long slide-rule tuning scale and push-button operation, sells for \$99.95.

The apparent burgeoning of FM portables can be traced to two prime developments. One has to do with the general increase of interest in FM broadcasting and programming. The other relates to the increasing importance of transistors, their availability for consumer use, their lowered cost, and the widening knowledge of their application, particularly (at this stage in the art) in tuners and low-powered audio circuits. Knowledge of transistors is not yet as certain and advanced as with vacuum tubes. One thing, however, is certainand quite comforting, thanks to the FM portable: whatever the reason one may leave home ground temporarily-business trip, vacation, journey abroad, or just a day at the beach or picnic groundthe need to put up with third-rate program fare and low-grade sound no longer is a concomitant condition. The FM portable can add the sound of music to all journeyings, making the pleasant more so, the tedious less so.



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BERKSHIRE MUSIC

Continued from page 34

No patron of music, even Esterházy or Rasumovsky, ever devoted more intelligent zeal, unrelenting energy, acute vision (and, incidentally, more financial resources) towards his goal than the woman whom her British counterpart, W. W. Cobbett, called "the lady bountiful of chamber music."

In 1934 the availability of the New York Philharmonic-Symphony at the conclusion of its Stadium concerts and also of the American composer and conductor Henry Hadley came to the action-minded attention of Miss Gertrude Robinson Smith, descendant of a long line of Berkshire "cottagers." Quick as a trill, a shell for the orchestra and 2.000 seats under the skies were set out on the Stockbridge estate of Dan Hanna, son of the Ohio senator. Two seasons later the Boston Symphony orchestra and its famed conductor. Serge Koussevitzky, took over. Two more seasons-now under a huge tent, but with harassments which included a thunderstorm during the Ride of the Valkyries-brought this phase to a close. with a stern ultimatum of a permanent shelter or nothing. At this point the donation of the Tappan estate, Tanglewood, in Lenox, decided the question.

Koussevitzky's acceptance of the original invitation was considerably influenced by the prospect of fulfilling a long-held dream of founding an "academy" for particularly gifted students. With the establishment of the Berkshire Music Center on the same grounds and in conjunction with the public concerts, this vision was realized. Koussevitzky devoted himself to this project with tremendous enthusiasm and with all his prodigious talents. No other musician, certainly no conductor, has left such a legacy. The Center still flourishes, numbering among its alumni Leonard Bernstein. Lukas Foss. Lorin Maazel, Eleazar Carvalho, Seymour Lipkin, and many other distinguished young artists.

Inevitably, South Mountain and Tanglewood created a cultural atmosphere which induced others to take advantage of the presence in the area of an increasingly large and sophisticated audience. First came the great American dancer Ted Shawn to Jacob's Pillow in Lee, to establish a dance enterprise on the Koussevitzky pattern of performance cum instruction. It soon gained world recognition. Later, at Music Inn in Lenox, Philip and Stefanie Barber opened a folk song theatre (with Alan Lomax as prime mover) which evolved into one of the most serious schools of jazz in America. Just over the Massachusetts border four members of the music faculty of the University of Indiana took up summer residence as the Berkshire Quartet, giving weekly concerts at Music Mountain, near Falls Village, Connecticut. The Yale School of Music expanded its summer session in adjacent Norfolk; a school of the arts sprouted in Cummington (a small village east of Pittsfield) next to the birthplace of William Cullen Bryant. Schools of painting, sculpture, and drama followed; resort inns added instruction in the arts to their scheduled activities, and children's camps did the same.

This cross-pollination of so many endeavors has created an audience which is near incredible in both size and enthusiasm. Dominating all, of course, is the Berkshire Festival, which adheres to a policy, unique among summer orchestral institutions, of employing the entire roster of the famous orchestra (including all the first-chair men and the conductor, now Charles Munch) in programs of the same content and importance as those offered at their home hall in Boston. Some of its concerts have drawn audiences of up to fourteen thousand, which means some eight thousand sitting outside the huge Shed on the spacious lawns which are a particular glory of Tanglewood.

As for Berkshire County, it finds itself with a thriving new industry. There are some long-time residents who complain a bit that their pleasant way of life is disturbed by the week-end influx of hordes of visitors seeking "culture." Others decry the departure from the spirit of the sanctuary and workshop which characterized the initial ventures and its replacement by what they feel is a musical supermarket. These reactions are perhaps understandable: but whether or not the end is precisely what Mrs. Coolidge, Koussevitzky, and all the others envisaged, their initial inspirations have made the Berkshire Hills one of the outstanding summer music centers of the world.

HIGH FIDELITY SERVICING

Continued from page 31

I first took the tuner to a radio-TVhi-fi dealer who sold this particular make in a suburban town and whose service department claimed to perform highfidelity component and console servicing on all makes. There was one oscilloscope in the shop, a TV and FM signal generator, and a variety of other test instruments such as are found in most TV service shops. There were no speeific audio test instruments and no outdoor FM antenna, although there was a small dipole over the test bench. No well-enclosed test speaker was in evidence, but the high-fidelity demonstration room was nearby and a speaker system from there presumably could be used to test the equipment under repair.

Although properly trained servicemen are taught to question a customer in detail about what he feels is wrong with his equipment and the way it operates and then to verify the symptoms by their own ears—thus saving the customer valuable and costly servicing time—the man who took my tuner merely asked

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HIGH FIDELITY SERVICING

Continued from page 84

rather perfunctorily what was wrong. He was told that the volume was variable, blasting and then low in turn, and that there was distortion, the sound less clear than it had been a short time before. In answer to a query as to how I knew the tuner, rather than some other part of the system, was at fault, I assured the serviceman that I could play records through the system satisfactorily.

Four days later the tuner was ready and I called for it. The dealer presented me with an \$8.25 bill (\$4.75 for tubes, \$3.50 for labor), which stated that two tubes had been changed, the 12AZ7 and a 6BA6 in the AM section, and that the tuner had been "peaked up." I reinstalled the tuner in the rest of my system and turned it on. The FM distortion was still there. I rechecked the 6BA6 that had been replaced (the dealer had returned the "defective" tubes) and found that it was good and should not have been replaced! The spot of red sealing wax over the misadjusted transformer was still intact; obviously the transformer had not been touched. In effect, the tuner had not received adequate service. In such situations, the customer becomes a victim of fraud and the manufacturer who depends upon such a dealer to satisfy the needs of his customers after the warranty period is being short-changed.

The plain fact is that there are not enough good high-fidelity service shops. certainly not enough for the manufacturers of high-fidelity components to divorce themselves from the responsibility of insuring adequate service to their customers. What the high-fidelity owner has every right to expect from a dealer service department can be illustrated by the next episode in the saga of my tuner. I took it to a store selling both high-fidelity components and consoles in a small-to-medium-size city in upstate New York. Here I was questioned closely on the tuner's symptoms. I was asked about the tuner's history of service. After two days, the tuner was ready. It operated perfectly. The 12AZ7 tube had been replaced (no others!) and the tuner had been realigned. The red sealing wax on the misadiusted transformer was punctured. The repair bill came to \$12.75, which covered time and labor charges for testing and alignment and the list price of the tube. I returned and asked to speak with the serviceman who had done the repairs. This man had been servicing high-fidelity equipment for eight years, he had a good high-fidelity component system of his own at home, and he flatly stated that he could not perform satisfactory work without an oscilloscope and audio signal generator. Besides these test instruments, he uses an audio analyzer, a signal tracer, FM signal and sweep generator, and a special three-way speaker system in a bass reflex enclosure. His final listening test is performed in the dealer

demonstration room with a pair of other high quality speakers.

This particular shop, by the way, would like to do more component servicing, but the kind of servicing they offer takes time and exacting skills, reflected in relatively high servicing charges which the customer isn't always prepared to pay. What is the solution? One suggestion has been to get help from the components manufacturer in the form of a concerted campaign to inform high-fidelity owners of the need for good servicing and of places to get it. At the same time, manufacturers might foster new service shops and dealer service departments in truly significant numbers and in strategic locations. Many observers feel that when this is done, servicing will become a positive factor in increasing sales-just as the widespread availability of service stations has helped to make the Volkswagen the bestselling foreign car in the United States.

In the meantime, how does one find a good service shop when one needs it?

Let our experiences with the tuner be a guide. Look for a dealer that sells a wide range of components. Ask to see his service department. If he is proud of it and knows his business, he will be glad to display it. Look for an audio signal generator and/or a square wave generator: they will be plainly identified on the front. Notice whether there is an oscilloscope (and if it's covered with a thick layer of dust and has no test leads coming from the front, beware), Ask the serviceman whether he is familiar with your component and whether he has the service data for it (all manufacturers send service data to service shops and customers on request). Does he have a good system himself? Is there an FM antenna on the roof and a test speaker in the shop?

If you cannot find a satisfactory service shop in your area, then your best bet is to send your piece of equipment to the nearest authorized service station. If you do not have the name of one, the manufacturer will send you a list on request. Be sure to use prepaid Railway Express, and most important, pack securely, using the original packing case if you still have it. One manufacturer recommends a case within a case. with cut-up newspapers, excelsior, or similar packing material inside to serve as a buffer. In an accompanying letter describe the problem clearly and in full detail. And before you send your unit to the factory itself, write to inquire whether or not your unit will be accepted.

Check the guarantee before you buy. Determine for just how long you will be covered for defective parts and service. If you buy a kit, you cannot expect the manufacturer to guarantee your labor, but the service policies of some kit manufacturers are very liberal; they have a flat fee for rewiring or otherwise repairing a defective kit-built unit when it is returned to their plant. New parts, needed after the warranty period, will of course cost extra for kits, as they do for factory-built equipment.

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This classified space is available only to those who wish to buy, swap, rent, or sell used equipment, records, or whathave-you. Rates are only 45¢ a word, including name and address. Remittance must accompany copy and insertion instructions. Copy must be received by the 5th of the 2nd month preceding publication and is subject to approval of publishers.

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