

1974

The launch of the first internationally successful live sound console

1976 The first commercially available 8-buss recording console

1979 The first Queen's Award For Export to a Pro Audio company

1981 The launch of the world's best-selling studio console

1982 The world's most successful live sound console unveiled

1983 The première of the most technologically advanced live sound console

1984 A second Queen's Award For Export Achievement

1986 The world's first fully remote-controlled multitrack recorder launched

1987 The next chapter in this success story: Room 202. Queen Elizabeth II Conference Centre at AES London.



- Editorial: Keith Spencer-Allen asks can our instruments match the clarity attainable with digital equipment?
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worth of recorded sound takes a lot of looking after as Tim Leigh Smith found out when he visited the NSA in London

- 88
  - NEP Productions: Terry Nelson from this New York A/V, post-production and music mix room facility
  - A speaker connector-some response: Ken Dibble's article in December on a possible standard provoked a number of replies
  - Bob Auger: Janet Angus interviews a specialist in classical recording
- Review: Neil Grant's technical evaluation of the UREI 813C monitor speaker
  - Review: Hugh Ford reviews the Fostex E-22 twintrack ½ in tape machine





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#### (II) PUBLICATION

Publisher and consultant to APRS for Studio Sound's Producer's Guide to APRS Members 1984/85 Number 3 March 1987 ISSN 0144-5944 Volume 29

### THE ADVANTAGES OF A STUDIO CONDENSER WITHOUT A SOUND OF ITS OWN

For all of its virtues, the typical studio condenser imparts a definite character to any recording. These impositions are often considered inevitable technical imperfections: accepted, ignored or tolerated by audio engineers.

Characteristic anomalies of condenser performance such as exaggerated high end response or distortion have even been rationalized as compensation for the high frequency losses inherent in typical analog formats. Nowadays, however, they are increasingly viewed as unnecessary intrusions in critical analog and digital recording situations.

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An Atypical Approach To Condenser Sound. Beyer has never relied on conventional technical solutions. A manifestation of this kind of thinking, the MC 740 eliminates the icy, strident quality typical of most condensers to reproduce voices and instruments with warmth and intimacy. It's no coincidence that these are characteristics often ascribed to our ribbon microphones.

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Germany: Eugen Beyer Elektrotechnische Fabrik GmbH & Co., Theresienstrasse 8, Postfach 13 20, D-7100 Heilbronn Tel: (07131) 617-0 Telex: 728771 f there is an ability to edit a trade publication such as this magazine then it has to be a working knowledge of what your

readership *wants* to read. There has to be a secondary element also that allows you to publish articles and information on topics that you feel your readers *ought* to know about. This means that the editor has to keep his ear to the ground (not really an apt place in this case) and try to identify trends and future needs. Sometimes you think you have found an important lead but you are not completely certain. Here's one.

While decorating I had the radio on. BBC Radio 4 is good decorating radio for a few hours with its mixture of news, documentary and drama helping to free your thoughts from the mind numbing aspects of painting. One programme was about how classical music performed today often sounds quite unlike the original sounds in the mind of the composer due to the dramatic changes that have taken place in instrument design and performance, tunings, playing ability and interpretation. Quite naturally, the earlier composers 'suffer' most. There was nothing very new in this programme it was just presented in an informative way.

A few hours later, still decorating, I was listening to a rock music channel and what struck me was that several tracks featured an instrument that had largely disappeared from a rock context—the acoustic guitar—and amongst the multitudinous examples of the synth programmer's art, they stuck out in the extreme.

Back in the office a few days later I had a phone call from a small production company asking if we had a list of studios in London with a piano suitable for recording serious classical music (at the time we did not)-they said that so far they had drawn a blank with a large number of studios not having any piano at all. This did not surprise them, or me, but the difficulty was that, yes, they could hire in a piano for the recording but firstly, they felt that as far as recording goes the piano would probably be something of an unknown quantity; secondly if the selected studio did not have an even half way decent piano in the studio to start with, there was little chance of knowing how the room would record; thirdly if the studio were not used to recording piano there was high risk factor over the sonic success of the complete venture. Further they were of the opinion that for the type of work they were to record they were not aware of locations outside studios that would be quiet enough.

If we then take these disconnected points. More acoustic instruments being used in successful rock recordings; an apparent shortage of suitable pianos and locations for recording classical piano music in London; if development of musical instruments changes the way that we perform and hear live classical music then there was a possibility that developments in recording technology affect the way we hear recorded classical music. The answer to this last point is, of course, yes but looking further than this, could it be that the acoustic instruments of today are not of a suitable quality for recording to the standard that is now possible: a horrid phrase but are they 'digital-ready'? For example most manufacturers of pianos have seen the piano as a performance instrument rather than a recording tool and you have to question the suitability for recording of many examples of piano from the major names. The requirements of performance are different from recording where the buzzes and rattles, clarity of notes and evenness of intonation become so



very obvious particularly without an analogue noise floor. If there were a shortage of suitable pianos and recording locations, an increase in interest in acoustic instruments, perhaps we should look at what any musical instrument manufacturers might be doing in this area. In some ways this might be seen as an extension of the recording chain. Recording engineers and producers have always had a hand in the choice of instruments for recording but with closer attention being paid to sound than ever before as the signal chain gets progressively better we have to look at all areas. The introduction of digital recording and superior noise performance led us to listening more closely to consoles and, more importantly, to some of the mics we were using and their suitability. If we have reason to maintain high standards it might be that we have to look beyond the microphone and study the recording abilities of the instrument in a way that is similar to a piece of the recording chain proper, ie noise floor, dynamic range, acoustic distortion, spurious noise, etc.

Well we found one manufacturer of pianos taking this aspect seriously and we have given coverage to them and their ideas which I think are to be highly commended. I hope they are not alone and should there be any other musical instrument manufacturers who have something worthwhile to say in this area I would urge them to contact us.

Oh yes, there is one other ability that is useful to an editor of a magazine such as this—the ability to find the most obscure reasons for doing something you wanted to all along.

#### Keith Spencer-Allen



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8 Studio Sound, March 1987

# INTER-PO-LATE (in tur' na lāt) vt [l <inter-between +

in-ter-po-late (in tur' pə lāt) vt. [L.  $\leq$  inter-between + polire, to polish>] 2. to insert between or among others.

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C10-C19	26p	24p	22p	33p	31p	30p	36p	35p	34p	C15	36p	34p	32p	l
C20-C29	28p	27p	25p	35p	34p	33p	42p	41p	40p	C20	38p	37p	36p	
C30-C39	31p	29p	27p	38p	35p	34p	46p	45p	44p	C30	44p	40p	38p	
C40-C49	33p	31p	29p	42p	40p	39p	52p	51p	50p	C45	46p	42p	40p	
C50-C59	<mark>36</mark> p	35p	34p	50p	48p	46p	60p	59p	58p	C60	52p	46p	44p	
C60-C69	38p	37p	35p	54p	53p	52p	66p	65p	64p	C90	60p	56p	52p	
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Calceby AMS emerges

Probably the most noteworthy piece of news since the publication of the last Echo Times is the merging of Advanced Music Systems and Calrec. The two companies have independently addressed the professional audio industry for over 10 years and are now determined to use their joint experiences to enhance their separate product lines as well as jointly introducing new products.

AMS and Calrec are only 14 miles apart and are located approximately 20 miles north of Manchester. The merger is not a mere financial exercise and building work is now underway at the new AMS headquarters in Burnley to provide extra room for the Calrec workforce and staff. Although the move is not intended to be completed until sometime in mid 1987, Calrec digital R & D staff moved into the new AMS office complex the day following the signing of the Calrec purchase agreement.

#### THE CALREC COMPANY

Calrec began life as a manufacturer by designing and building microphones culminating in the world's highest quality microphone system, the Soundfield. More recently, Calrec have become recognised for their expertise in the custom design and build of broadcast consoles. These consoles range from small portable systems like the Minimixer, to the most recently developed digitally assignable system. The one common factor amongst the entire range of consoles built by Calrec is the transparent nature of the electronics and the resultant high audio quality when following any signal path through the console.

#### THE UA 8000 MUSIC CONSOLE

The UA 8000 is a music recording console, the specifications for which were identified during many years of custom building. Although the marketplace for large 'flagship' consoles is very competitive, 1986 has seen a great deal of success for this no compromise console. The first UA 8000 was sold to the Abba studios in Stockholm, but the most talked about location of the UA



UA8000 installed at Puk Studios Denmark

8000 has been, until recently, the excellent 'no expense spared' PUK facility in Denmark.

At the same time as the AMS Calrec merger, probably the most famous recording studio in the world, EMI Abbey Road announced their decision to install a UA 8000. The choice was made by Abbey Road because of the exceptional audio fidelity of the console. At the November AES in Los Angeles a document was presented to one of the



Steve Jagger, Stuart Nevison and George Waddington following Abbey Road decision to purchase UA8000 console. directors of Calrec which detailed a year long search by Master Mix Recording Studios of Nashville for a new console. The conclusions of the document resulted in the first North American sale for the UA 8000. There is now considerable interest in the UA 8000 as it seems to offer a unique choice in this very exclusive area.

Only a limited number of UA 8000 consoles can be manufactured during 1987 compared with the number of orders and the amount of serious interest being shown. There is no doubt that the UA 8000, in the short term at least, will remain a unique and in demand piece of equipment available at only a few exclusive locations throughout the world.

#### THE DIGITALLY ASSIGNABLE CONSOLE

At the same time as the evolution of the UA 8000 music console, digital research was channelled into an assignable console. Again, although pursued by many of the leading console manufacturers Calrec have taken great pride in designing, manufacturing, commissioning and accepting payment for two complete digitally assignable installations. The first of these consoles was supplied to Thames Television and at the time of writing, the second was undergoing final acceptance tests by the British Broadcasting Corporation. The desk supplied to the BBC is a 112 input console fitting across the width



Digitally assignable Calrec console installed in BBC Master sound control vehicle

# ON THE UP AND UPDATE

#### 

 $\Lambda$  THE NEXT STEP

MS announced before the end of 1986 that it had been over 12 months since the first AudioFile was sold and that there were now over 50 systems in the field. These facts alone must make AMS AudioFile the world's most popular tapeless audio recording system. The past twelve months have provided AMS with a database of user requirements, some of which have already been incorporated in AudioFile and some of which are soon to come. Each AudioFile owner seems to have been more than pleased to participate in providing operational feedback which has been vital in making AudioFile fast, easy to use and a desirable, essential piece of studio equipment for anyone wishing to manipulate audio.

#### 

#### THE CURRENT POSITION

CUE on AudioFile represents any recorded piece of information and an EVENT LIST is a series of cues for sequential or simultaneous playback. Once one understands this popular terminology takes over and everyone should then understand 'AudioFilese'.

The last standard issue of software for AudioFile in 1986 was Version 4. Some of the system enhancements included in that issue are described here as well as some additional features that have been made available since then.

#### 

ATHE 'RECORD PAGE' n update to the Record Page on AudioFile now allows Cues to be recorded either into the Cue Library or directly into an Events List. Recording may be manually implemented or programmed against incoming timecode.

The new record page includes Insert Record which equates to drop-in on a tape based system. Insert Record is initially nondestructive of any original Cues and the facility also exists to audition an Insert before commitment to it or retrying.

The Record Page now permits the selection of the audio standard to be recorded, be it analogue, digital – PCM 1610 format which includes direct input from 1630, 3324 digital tape recorders and the Sony CDP 3000 compact disc player, or finally F1 / 701 format.



AMS AudioFile putting sound to picture.

of the BBC's Master Sound Control Vehicle which is used for all the major outside broadcast recordings made by the BBC. The success of these two installations is not only measured by the fact that many other broadcasters are now also interested in the technology, but that both Thames Television and the BBC are looking to repeat orders for the systems they are now working with.

#### THE FUTURE

The announcement of the AMS Calrec merger has been greeted with enthusiasm by the professional audio industry. The two companies exhibit both strong similarities and radical differences. On the one hand Calrec have an expertise in custom manufacture of mixing consoles for the British marketplace, on the other AMS's experience lies in the production-build audioprocessors for an international marketplace. From these differences and from the strength associated with two companies adopting a parallel approach to digital research, must come an interesting future.

#### 

A BACK UP AND DISK ARCHIVING Ithough there is a great deal of talk concerning various optical media and digital tape streamers for backing up audio material stored on Winchester type hard disks, AMS have not yet committed their AudioFile users to any of this current technology. Hooks have been designed into the AudioFile hardware which will allow connection immediately to most of the systems that are being speculated about. However, AMS believe none of these systems currently offer the correct combination of data transfer rates, mass storage or cost effectiveness.

As an interim, AMS have developed a system which utilises a piece of equipment common to many recording studios – the Sony F1 or 701. Raw Cues from AudioFile's hard disks may be transferred digitally along with edit points and timecode information onto a VHS, Betamax or U-Matic video tape. By keeping the relevant AudioFile system disc associated with the Cues, any Events Lists created may be re assembled rapidly on reloading AudioFile's hard disks from the digital audio cassette.

This back up is accessed and controlled via the Filing System page. Also new to the filing system page is the ability to select frame-rate. 24, 25, 30 and 29.97 (Drop Frame) are available with a default condition stored on the system floppy disk.

#### 

#### MACHINE CONTROL

A lso full machine control

▲ including rewind, play, stop, fast forward,shuttle, jog and locate is now offered from the dedicated controls and digipots on the AudioFile control surface. The current list of machines capable of being controlled is as follows:

- Sony BVU 800/850 series
- Sony DMR 2000 VCR

JVC Professional series of VHS machines Sony 5800 series in conjunction with an IF 500 converter.

# AMS OUTBOARD STILL OUT FRONT



AUDIOPROCESSORS STILL REPRESENT THE BEST VALUE PROFESSIONAL SYSTEMS ON THE MARKET



1986 will be remembered as the year of the cheap digital reverb. It seemed that each month a different manufacturer introduced a new product aimed at the semiprofessional, for a price half the cost of the previous month's new introduction.

Many recording studios have seen the advantage of these budget systems and today, it is unusual not to see a wide and varied selection of these systems slotted into studio control rooms.

Distributors worldwide reported a period of obvious confusion as all sorts of lower and lower priced digital audio processors appeared, which seemingly promised everything offered by a professional system at a fraction of the cost.

A recent survey of North American dealers revealed that AMS had come through this period of industry uncertainty with flying colours and that whatever people's views may be on budget audio processors, the best value for money in a system designed purely for the professional remains an AMS system. Some quotes made early in 1987 explain why:



After 5 years of selling AMS products, sales are as strong as ever – which points to demand for quality updatable equipment. Investment in AMS holds over a long period of time which is highlighted by how little, if any, used equipment ever appears for sale. After working with AudioFile we expect the same to hold true with that as well.



Audio quality and construction is the primary reason for AMS's good sales record. Certain key producers, engineers and musicians latch on to these products because of these facts.

. . . Martin Audio, New York. 🎾



The RMX 16 offers excellent preset programs – most other reverbs have so-so parameters but the RMX offers good sounds more easily and more quickly and still at a good price. The DMX is still the leading product of its type offering dual channel delay, sampling and pitch change.



AMS has become the accepted thing. 85% of AMS units are sold to record companies because it takes an AMS to make a hit record and they don't object to that. More note is taken when an engineer doesn't request AMS for a mixdown.



We feel AMS is the finest product we can offer to our customers. We have high end customers who only want to buy one time and not fool around.





AMS has such a good name and reputation and is so reliable, as well as being good both sonically and very quiet. There are a lot of other systems out there but without full bandwidth and noisier.

After 5 years of selling AMS products, Simply because the quality is so superior.

. 🗋 Lake Systems. Massachussetts. 🍤

EME PARK W

ems 📣

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customers on is the fact they really do everything that they are supposed to do – good solid products and of course the DMX 15-80S is unique ...Veneman Music, Maryland.



#### A/V SYNC FOR US ARMED FORCES NETWORK

In January an order was received from the USA to supply 19 A/V Sync digital audio synchronisers for supply to the US Armed Forces Network. The A/V Sync is a specialist dual or triple channel audio delay compensator for use with video synchronisers.

The A/V Sync can automatically prevent loss of lip-sync which is introduced by varying amounts of video signal delay associated with passage of vision through a field or frame store. The system can also be programmed manually, allowing fixed offsets to be introduced to accommodate situations where synchronisation is lost again when vision has been transmitted via a satellite and sound by landline.

The A/V Sync has proved a popular system with broadcasters worldwide and in the U.K. alone systems are in daily use with the BBC, Thames Television, London Weekend Television, Television South, Yorkshire Television and HTV.

#### GRT ORDER 11 MINIMIXERS



Greek Radio and Television have taken delivery of the first six of a total order of eleven Minimixers. The Calrec Minimixer was chosen because it offered more facilities than any other for the size and price. The 19" rack mount mixers have been supplied with rechargeable battery packs capable of powering each system for up to ten hours.

#### ECHO TIMES CHANGE OF STYLE

This issue of Echo Times has had a slight change of style due to the large amount of news items reported. Echo Times 10 will return to the more familiar format and two excellent interviews are already on file for inclusion in future editions.

istributors

- Australia: Syntec International PTY Limited, 60 Gibbes Street, Chatswood, NSW 2067. Tel: 406 4700/4557/4627. Telex: AA70570 CONTACT: Robert Sloss.
- Heaton Communications Pty Ltd, 26 Ridge St, North Sydney, New South Wales 2060.
   Tel: (02) 428 3430. Telex: 20149. Ref. ST281.
   CONTACT: Paul Heaton.
   Austria: Studer Revox Wien, Ludwiggasse 4, A-1180 Wien. Tel: (0222) 47 33 09.
- CONTACT: Ing H. Mussmann.
   Canada: Manta Electronics Group, 204 King Street East, Toronto, Ontario. M5A 1J7.
- Tel: (416) 868 0513. Telex: 06218665. CONTACT: Marshall Freund.
- Denmark: Slt Studie & Lydteknik Aps, Skjulhoej Alle 57, DK-2720 Vanlose. Tel: (0) 1-71 33 44. Telex: 22924 slt dk. CONTACT: Ole Lund Christensen.
- Finland: MS-Audiotron, Laitilantie 10, 00420 Helsinki 42. Tel: 566 4644. Telex: 125778 msa sf. CONTACT: Jarmo Roivas.
- France: High Fidelity Services SA, 4 Rue Pierre Semard, 75009 Paris. Tel: 285 00 40. Telex: 290585. CONTACT: Jean Noel Kendirgi.
- West Germany: Elmus GmbH., Hohenzollerndamm 58, 1000 Berlin 33. Tel: 030 823 99 61. CONTACT: Henri Keinert. Greece: KEM Electronics O.E., 28 Papadiamadi Str., 14452 Metamorfosis, Attkis. Tel: 2819151/2811626. Telex: 222700 fimigr. CONTACT: Thimios Koliokotsis. Hong Kong: Audio Consultants Co. Limited, 9th Floor, Kai It Building, 58 Pak Tai Street, Kowloon. Tel: 3-7125251. Telex: 54640. CONTACT: John Ho. India: Katonix, C-15 Greater Kailash 1, New Delhi - 110048. Tel: 641-1369. Telex: 3163145 ktnx. CONTACT: Manjal Prabhat.
- Italy: Audio International SRL, Via Santa Maria 100, San Maurizio AL Lambro, Milan. Tel: 0039-2-25390121. Telex: 322251 AUDINT. CONTACT: Roberto Beppato.
- Japan: Continental Far East Inc., Sa Saki Building 18-9, Roppongi 3, Chome, Minato Ku, Tokyo.
- Tel: 583 8451. Fax: 5890272. CONTACT: Shingo Araki. • Netherlands/Belgium: Audioscript BV, Nijverheidsweg 13, 3762 EP SOEST.

Tel: 2155-20302. Telex: 49353. Fax: 2155-22806. CONTACT: Jan Slooter.

Norway: Pro-Technic A/S, Lyder Sagens Gate – 19, Oslo 3. Tel: 02 460554 Telex: 72580. CONTACT: Martin Viktorin. New Zealand: Maser Communications Limited, 3/7 Marken Place, Glenfield, Auckland.

Tel: 444 3583/4. Telex: 63100. CONTACT: Gareth Jones. South Africa: Tru-fi Electronics S.A. (Pty) Limited, P.O. Box 84444, Greenside 2034, Republic of South Africa. Tel: (011) 786-7177/8. Telex: 4-28708. CONTACT: Fleming Ravn. Spain: Fading S.A. Servando Batanero 8, Madrid 17.

Tel: 408 67 00/408 68 08. Telex: 44330. CONTACT: Felix Mayor. Cash Productions, Agastia 20, Madrid 27. Tel: 267 52 22.

- CONTACT: Jim Kashishian.
  Sweden: Soundtrade AB, Rasundavagen 45, S 17152 Solna. Tel: 08-7300400. Telex: 10551. CONTACT: Carl Langeskiold.
- Switzerland: BVS AG, Neuhof, CH 8164 Bachs. Tel: 010 411 858 13 13. Telex: 56857 ABQCH. CONTACT: Rolf Jauch/Mark Ofner.

 U.S.A.: AMS - Harris Sound Inc., 6640 Sunset Blvd., Suite 110, Hollywood. CA 90028.
 Tel: (800) 233-1580. Telex: 265871 MONREF G.
 Quoting: 84:DGS1547. CONTACT: Harry Harris.
 U.S.A.: Calrec by AMS - Calrec by AMS, P.O. Box 31864, Seattle, WA 98103 - 1864, Canada.
 Tel: (206) 633 1956.
 CONTACT: Nigel Branwell.

• Distributors currently with AudioFile Demonstration System.



In the world of hard disc based recording, one particular system is rapidly achieving byword status.

The AMS AudioFile. The Japanese have discovered a yen for its reliability.

Frankly, the French have fast developed a penchant for its fidelity.

And you can bet your bottom dollar, the number of Stateside studios with this most valuable production tool is growing and growing. All told, the AMS AudioFile is in

All tota, the AMS Audiorne is use in more locations, in more countries than any other system. A hard fact that's hard to ignore.

You won't have to travel the world to test a system. The AMS AudioFile is available for demonstration in Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Japan, Sweden, Switzerland and the USA. For more details on a hard disc demo contact AMS today.



Advanced Music Systems, AMS Industries plc, Burnley, Lancs. BB11 5ES. Tel: (0282) 57011. Telex: 63108 AMS-G. Fax: (0282) 39542.



The Queen's Award for Export Achievement to Edendeck Ltd. 1984/85 and AMS Industries pic 1986

In July 1985 Edendeck Ltd. became AMS Industries pic.

STUDIO SPARES 16 Stucley Place, Hawley Crescent, Camden Town, London NW1 8NS TELEPHONE ORDERS: 01-482 1692 ADMIN: 01-485 4908



MM 





# <u>NEWS</u>

# Obituary

It is with great sadness that we have to announce the death of Hugh Ford.

Hugh had been closely associated with Studio Sound for many years both as a consultant and reviewer. His first review appeared in 1971 and since that time he had acquired a worldwide reputation as an authority on virtually all aspects of professional audio equipment. Hugh's reviews were accepted in many areas as the definitive judgement on technical merit, and with the emphasis that he placed on electrical safety he set standards that would cause consternation amongst some manufacturers, but he was not one

easy life.

Aside from his involvement with this magazine, Hugh ran a successful consultancy and was heavily involved with numerous industry associations and societies. During the 1985 European AES Convention, Hugh was given an AES Fellowship Award for his years of forthright equipment evaluation and his contribution to membership education via technical articles and journals.

Hugh Ford died in his sleep on January 1st, 1987. He will be sadly missed by a large section of our industry. On behalf of those who knew him through this magazine, we would like to send our condolences to his family.



Agencies

• Soundcraft Electronics have announced the appointment of Jands Electronics Pty as sole Australian distributors for their entire range of equipment.

• Gauss have announced the appointment of Philips AKG Acoustics as its exclusive representative for Canada. AKG will act as a stocking distributor for all Gauss loudspeakers, high frequency drivers, horns and systems. AKG Acoustics, 601 Milner Avenue, Scarborough, Ontario M1B 1MB, Canada. Tel: (416) 292-5161. Telex: 0655100 PHILIND TOR.

• California-based Versadyne International have announced the appointment of Leo Young of The Video People in Hong Kong as their representative in China. Further west, Serge Doubine of SAAV in Paris will handle all European sales, service and installations, while in the UK, Versadyne will be represented by Tony Costello of The Professional Recording Equipment Co Ltd. • Gexco International have been appointed export agents for both TimeLine Inc and Kintek. • FM Music Studio Division in Middlesex have announced that they have taken over the pro-audio UK distribution of Wellard Research. FM Music, Penton House, 64 High Street, Harrow-on-the-Hill, Middx HA1 3LL, UK.

# Stolen equipment

On Sunday February 1st, the following items were stolen from Denmark Street Studio in London: AMS *RMX-16*, serial no 2950; AMS DMX 15-80S, serial no 2941; Quantec Room Simulator, serial no 727; Sony

#### 701-ES, serial no 600324. Any information on the whereabouts of any of this equipment IS can be relayed to the studio on ntec 01-836 6061 or 01-836 4623, or to

Holborn CID on 01-725 2283.

JBL installation at Yellowstone County Fair Contracts

• Ampex have announced an agreement with Otari in which all analogue and digital recorders will now be tested exclusively with Ampex tape. Included in the deal is an agreement by Otari to supply all recorders shipped to the USA, Mexico, Central America or South America with either 456 analogue or 467 digital mastering tape. • Sonifex Ltd (UK) have received an order to equip 23 local BBC radio stations with NAB cartridge machines and associated equipment. A total of 207 micro HS series recorders and replay machines are to be delivered within the first half of this year.

• Abbey Road Studios have placed orders with DDA for a third *D* series console, a custom 10/2/2 for CD remastering. And London-based Snake Ranch studios have placed an order for a 36/24/2 AMR24.

• Michael Stevens & Partners have just completed work on an in-house studio for HMV's new Oxford Street Branch in London. Housing all the presentation hardware, the circular studio has at its heart a Soundtech console, from which programme material is sent to five different music areas in the shop, via specially modified Quad 520 power amps. Ninety Rogers LS2 speakers provide the sound distribution.

• Advanced Music Systems have announced the installation of two Calrec 24-channel recording consoles at the Central Office of Information Studios in London. This addition upgrades the studio to a complete video post-production and radio presentation training facility. Coach Audio Sales of West Germany have announced the recent supply of MCI JH24s to Rail Recording Studio in Konstanz and to AFC Film Studios in Cologne. This follows their installation of Soundcraft 2400 consoles in Hansahaus Studio, Bonn, and J Fritz Studio, Cologne; and the completion of a 16-track recording studio installation for MAG Music. Coach have also been appointed as exclusive dealer in West Germany and

Luxembourg of Quested monitoring systems.

• FWO Bauch (UK) have announced an order to supply seven more Albrecht *MB51* sepmag machines to the BBC. These are destined for the new film post-production area, schedule to be installed in London this summer.

• More than \$150,000 worth of JBL's *Concert* series equipment has been bought by Morgan Sound Inc in order to meet the sound reinforcement requirements of the Yellowstone County Fair in Montana.

• Allen and Heath Brenell's *CMC 32* mixer has been installed in Sweden's largest studio facility, Stockholm-based Sonet Studios, and will be used for synthesiser recording using the mixer's MIDI facility.

• Munro Associates of London have signed several new design contracts for studios due for completion in '87. These include Markant Studios in Eindhoven, Holland, who will be building a new control room to full Munro specifications, and similar projects at: Sweet Silence Studios, Copenhagen; Eggars Hill Studios in Aldershot, UK; Leroy Street Studios in London, Solid State Logic in Oxford: Berwick Street Studios and San Souci Studios both in London. • Soundcraft Electronics (UK) have announced the delivery of the 200th SCM 760 multitrack tape machine to be sold in the UK. Producer Tony Clark was the recipient, and the machine will find its home in Clark's studio on board his ocean-going power boat 'Tao Princess'.

• Pro-audio rental company Hilton Sound have announced an investment in Sony DASH format *PCM-3324* machines, which will complement their stock of Mitsubishi digital recorders.

• Benchmark Associates, recording studio designers, have joined with architects Downtown Design to specialise in the design and construction of complete recording facilities. Benchmark Associates with Downtown Design, 425 East 63rd Street, New York, NY 10021, USA. Tel: (212) 688-6262.

# Low-cost digital audio comes of age.

The Sony PCM series has now been available for several years. In this time recording and broadcast organisations, government, educational and industrial establishments, as well as individual users have all acknowledged the unique value of these units, and made them a new standard. It is the superlative quality of Sony PCM digital, coupled with extremely low cost that has brought about this professional acceptance of the range. This is borne out by the number of new ancilliary products from other manufacturers, that have further increased the flexibility and versatility of the range Examples of these products are the 'CLUE' logging and editing system from HHB, as well as various interfaces which allow digital communication with the PCM 1610.

policy towards these products. Accordingly they have upgraded them from the domestic catalogue, and, realising the need for professional support and all that that entails, have appointed HHB as specialist dealers to represent them in the pro-audio market.

We are proud to announce this appointment, and happy to assure our customers of continued availability of the PCM range. The re-instatement of the PCM production line has been very largely due to pressure from end-users, who are after all the motivating force in the audio world. So if you are involved with audio recording and are still unfamiliar with Sony digital, then you owe it to yourself to call HHB – the No. I name in Digital Audio.

Sony has acknowledged that this acceptance by professional users necessitates a change of



HHB HIRE & SALES, 73-75 SCRUBS LANE, LONDON NW10 6QU. TEL: 01-960 2144. TELEX 923393



# NEWS Beatles CDs

EMI are poised to start releasing the first Beatles albums on CD in the UK on February 26th (this excludes the Abbey Road album available for a short period from Toshiba/EMI). These will be the first four albums of chronological UK release — With The Beatles, Please Please Me, Hard Day's Night and Beatles For Sale. This is the beginning of the full catalogue the UK originated masters are the basis of worldwide release.

As one of the major acts whose albums are not yet available on CD there is bound to be considerable interest particularly from the recording industry, perhaps looking to a standard for transfer of old material to CD and with so many of us having been weaned on the albums anyway.

Abbey Road studios have been keeping very close control over the selection and mastering of tracks but I was able to attend a preview recently. The basic philosophy has been to take the masters used for original vinyl release and transfer to 1610 using the same EQ as was used for the original less any EQ which was added purely for vinyl problems. The mastering concept was to treat the master as unalterable and just transfer. To this end all the CDs are mono—the stereo was never right(?).

The original tapes were apparently in good condition and transferred in this way the results are far better than one might expect. The first two albums sound rather rough in their original recording although Love Me Do sounds like it could have been recorded at a far later date. The Hard Day's Night album is a vast improvement with the drums and bass recorded with far more subtle use of compression. I think what will be surprising is the general subtlety of production and some of the little touches that you will hear for the first time. On the negative side it is perhaps arguable that a little more could have been done to remove LF noise in the quieter passages but this would involve tampering beyond their philosophy.

With the influence of The Beatles still quite strong, those of us Beatles 'Weanies' have some instructive and enjoyable treats coming. KSA

### People

• Gexco International Inc have announced a number of new appointments. Edwin Cohen has been named as operations manager, while Patricia Kynes moves to administrative assistant. Michael Fleyzer, with experience in international financial transactions, has been appointed controller.

# IBS lectures

The Institute of Broadcasting Sound have announced further details of big names to bolster their 1987 series of lectures. On March 13th, Ray Dolby will describe and demonstrate the new *Spectral Recording* noise reduction system, while on May 14th, Rupert Neve will talk on his pioneering achievements and his latest work. In between, on March 19th, a *Light Entertainment Forum* will be held, which aims to foster mutual exchanges within the industry. All will be held in Central London, and for information contact Elaine Thorpe, 6 Greenfields, Maidenhead, Berks SL6 1BA. Tel: 0628 74355.

# Address changes

• Reflexion Arts have moved from south London to Bruton, Somerset. The building is an old chapel and there are plans to use the main hall for concerts; this is linked to an upstairs recording studio which will additionally serve for development and demonstration use. The basement area will provide laboratory and test facilities. Manufacture will, however, remain at the other location. The full address is now Atlantis Buildings, High Street, Bruton, Somerset BA10 0AE, UK. Tel: 0749 812260. London based Arup Acoustics, consultants in acoustics and noise control, have opened a satellite office in Winchester, Hants. Newly appointed Richard Bussell now heads the London office, coming from Sandy Brown Associates with seven years work on architectural, building and electro-acoustics. Arup Acoustics, 30 Percy Street, London W1P 4FF, UK. Tel: 01-636 2853, Arup Acoustics, Radley House, St Cross Road, Winchester, Hants SO23 9HX, UK. Tel: 0962 69111.

• Swiss-based Electro-Voice SA have moved into new headquarters in Ipsach. The 22,000 ft<sup>2</sup> facility includes the company's European headquarters and administration department, assembly facilities, operations, service and warehouse sections. The address is Keltenstrasse 5, CH-2563 Ipsach/Switzerland. Tel: 032 51 68 33. Telex: 934 045. Fax: 032 51 12 21.

• Total Systems have moved to Weller Eggar House, High Street, Hartly Wintney, Hants RG27 8NY, UK. Tel: 025 126 4757.

• Sue Graham Associates, business and travel consultants, have moved to 24 Lambolle Place, London NW3 4HP, UK. Tel: 01-722 3394/586 1057. Fax: 01 722 4969.

• Following the recent move to St Albans, Herts, Mitsubishi Pro-Audio Group's new telephone number is 0727 40584.

• Teac UK have moved to Victoria House, 28-38 Desborough Street, High Wycombe, Bucks HP11 2NF, UK. Tel: 0494 26211. Fax: 0494 459540. Telex: 83389.

• Martin Audio Ltd have moved to Cressex Industrial Estate, 19 Lincoln Road, High Wycombe, Bucks HP12 3RD, UK. Tel: 0494 35312. Telex: 838048 Maudio G.

Audio FX Ltd is moving from their Belsize Park location to AFX House,
5-7 Buck Street, London NW1 8NJ, UK. Tel: 01-482 1440.
Chromatix have moved from Ealing, to 73 Princedale Road.

Holland Park, London W11 4NS, UK. Tel: 01-229 2041/5131.



The new Electro-Voice headquarters in Switzerland and (below) the assembly room





# We're on the move

We've all come a long way in ten years.... And while many of you have enjoyed successful projects and opened up bigger and better studios, we've had an increasing struggle against decreasing space, landlords, motor traders, rag traders and so forth in our delightful premises in New Crescent Works.

At last we've found a new home – not half a mile down the road from where we are now, but infinitely more salubrious and easier to find.

From **3rd November 1986** we shall be trading from our new headquarters in Scrubs Lane offering expanded facilities for both demonstrations and servicing, a much larger digital editing suite, as well as far greater levels of comfort for staff and visitors alike. Our enormous new showroom will allow us to demonstrate complete 24 track studio systems, 16 track audio-visual packages and the very latest in digital recording technology. Additionally we will have our usual permanent demonstrations of the very best in home studio recording systems, video equipment, amplifiers, CD players, signal processors, mics, monitors - in fact everything you might need. So to make sure you don't lose us and we don't lose you, please make a note of our new address and telephone number. Here's to the next ten....

HHB Hire & Sales, 73-75 Scrubs Lane, London NW10 6QU Tel: 01-960 2144 Telex: 923393

# NEWS In brief

Queen Magic, the rock group's film documenting their successful concert at the People's Stadium in Budapest, has become the first to be mixed in Dolby Stereo in an Eastern bloc country. The special encoding equipment was sent from London to the Mafilm studios in Hungary, where the music tracks were mixed with atmospheres, special effects and narrative... The first Dolby SR modules are now in use in preparing digital masters for VHD videodisc production at JVC's Video-Tech in Tokyo. Digital soundtracks for transfer are copied to ¼ in SR encoded analogue tape, cut and splice edited then copied back to digital for the master... The British Library's National Sound Archive has now reopened. An enlarged and more comfortable reference library of printed materials augments an increase from seven to 20 individual listening areas, all free of charge. The commercial search and copy service provides soundtrack material for a variety of uses. For more information and the 1987 events programme, contact National Sound Archive, 29 Exhibition Road, London SW7 2AS. Tel: 01-589 6603... Alpha Electronics (Scotland) have opened a shop to cater for customers throughout Scotland and the north of England. As well as supplying a comprehensive range of test and measurement products, Alpha will also offer a full repair and calibration service. Alpha Electronics, 73 Wester Broom Drive, Corstorphine, Edinburgh EH12 7RG. Tel: 031-334 5107... Of interest to those involved in spoken word recording is K-Tek in Surrey, a 16-track studio equipped with an M&A 24/8/2 console, Revox B77 HS and an AKG C414. Sevenhour weekdays and nine-hour weekends are available. Peter Kunzler, PO Box 172A, Surbiton, Surrey KT6 6HN, UK. Tel: 01-399 3990...3M and Nagra Magnetic Recorders have announced jointly that all new US-targeted Nagra recorders will be standardised to use

3M's latest 3M 808 tape, and that one reel of the tape will be included with each new recorder shipped to the US... UK-based Whiteley Electronics have bought the assets of Audio Music Manufacturing Ltd, makers of Ram and Dynamix mixing equipment. Whitely have created, especially for these products, a new Audio Manufacturing Division...Fairlight Instruments (Australia) have announced the acquisition of a controlling interest in their US sales and service outpost, Fairlight Instruments Inc. Paul Broucek has been appointed as the new chief executive officer in the US...Canford Audio (UK) have announced the opening of a new factory in Washington, Tyne and Wear. The 23,000 ft<sup>2</sup> facility will employ over 30 staff, which the company expects to rise to 40 by the end of the year ... Apogee Sound Inc of California have announced the expansion of their Northern California production facility and the establishment of their Southern California sales branch, headed by newly appointed vice president of sales, Joe Manning. .. UK company **GM Technical Services** have announced an extension to their product range of nameplates, labels and front panels. They are now available in a wider range of photoanodised aluminium, and photoetched and filled stainless steel, at thicknesses between 0.125 and 1.65 mm. A large range of colours is offered, as is a choice of equipped fixing holes or self-adhesive backing. Tooling facilities are offered to suit individual control/fascia and instrument panels...January marked the opening of Nashville's newest studio entry, Sixteenth Avenue Sound. Designed and built by engineer Mike Poston, it was christened with the recording of Steve Winwood's latest single... KEF Electronics, Bang & Olufsen of Denmark and the Danish **Technical University's Acoustics** Laboratory, have announced plans

for a five-year co-operative research project under the EEC's EUREKA programme. The aim of the project is to gain a greater understanding of physical and psychological aspects of listening in rooms, so that with new techniques in sound reproduction, sonic illusion can be greatly enhanced and controlled... JRF/Magnetic Sciences and Globe Precision Products PTE Ltd are to associate to establish the first Asian company outside Japan to sell and service audio magnetic heads. Based in Singapore, the new company will be known as Globe Magnetic Sciences PTE Ltd... The AES Educational Foundation have announced the opening of their 1987 educational grant programme. The annual awards are for university graduates only. Details from: AES Educational Foundatation, 60 East 42nd Street, New York, NY 10165, USA. Tel: (212) 661 5528...AB Interntional have announced the acquisition of all product assets of AB Systems Inc. AB International Electronics Inc, 1830-6 Vernon Street, PO Box 1105, Roseville, CA 95678, USA. Tel: (916) 783-7800...Springboard in Hackney, part of London's two-year Youth Training Scheme, is looking for placements for their second year students. The nine-part curriculum includes: using the Fostex X15,

studio layout, tape operating and editing, sound engineering on the AHB CMC 24, microphones, sound processors, drum machines and synthesisers, and computer operation.

Springboard, 1 Stamford Hill, London N16 5TU. Tel: 01-800 1230...Air Studios have announced the opening of their new Studio 5, a MIDI programming facility based around the Fairlight Series III and Apple Macintosh. This provides a total of 216 tracks controlling a variety of synthesisers and samplers. In Monserrat, Air have refurbished their studios with a new 60-channel console incorporating 48 channels by Solid State Logic, fully integrated with 12 more channels by Focusrite ... London-based Gateway have announced a nationwide tour of UK cities in conjunction with Fostex. Following the success of the Turnkey Hands on Shows, 1987's tour will include a day of seminars on recording techniques, backed by demonstration of the Fostex equipment. The tour expects to visit Bristol, Cardiff, Birmingham, Manchester, Glasgow, Newcastle, Dublin and Belfast, and the lectures will be held on weekends with a 200 limit at each. Information is available from Atlantex, Brent View Road, London NW9 7EL.



The pro-audio sound room at Yamaha Music Pulse

### **Contracts**

• Recent contracts for Amek have included customised *BCII* to WMRS, London, who provide radio studio facilities; a post-production console for Cheshire based video facility Viewplan Facilities; a large six-group *BCII* and an *Angela* console for the new London video post-production facility of Paul Headland (ex operations director Molinare); and a further *BCII* to Granada TV to be installed in a new VTR editing suite in Manchester.

• Tecniche Del Suono (TDS) of Milan

have recently supplied a JH24/24 to Il Parco Studios, Naples, a JH24/24to TransEuropa Studios in Turin; and 24 channels of *telcom c4* to Titania Recording in Rome.

• Yamaha have announced the opening of a new London retail shop aimed specifically at users of computer based musical instruments and pro-audio hardware. Opened by Kemble Music Ltd, at 58-60 Conduit St, London W1, Yamaha Music Pulse makes use of product specialists for each range of product.



### IT MAKES TAPE MORE FLEXIBLE

Otari would like to draw your attention to a remarkable new recorder. The MX70.

The MX70's microprocessor-controlled tape transport, closed-loop tension control and real-time tape counters give you instant, accurate tape control. And that gives you more time to do a better job.

The MX70 is designed for ease of use with machine controllers and synchronisers, meeting a variety of standards, including SMPTE. This makes it as valuable in video



post-production and broadcast studios as it is in audio recording.

Features like these, and many others, make the MX70 one of the most flexible tools any growing studio could wish for.

But there's one area where Otari's MX70 really does offer the kind of flexibility that no other machine can match. In formats.

The MX70's option list lets you choose between 1" 8-track and 1" 16-track formats. Convert to  $\frac{1}{2}$ " 8-track. Or even switch between all three options on the same machine.

But while the MX70 sets new standards for flexibility, the men at Otari have stuck rigidly to tradition.

They haven't budged an inch on quality.



For more information on the MX70 or other Otari products, contact Industrial Tape Applications, 1 Feigate Mews, Studland Street, London W6 9/T Telephone: 01-7489009 Stirling Audio Systems Ltd., 1 Canfield Place, London NW6 3BT, Telephone: 01-6254515

Otari Corporation 2 Davis Drive, Belmont, California 94002 Telephone: (415) 592-8311 Telefax: (415) 591-3377 Telera: 910-376-4890 OTARICORP BLMT Otari Electric Co. Ltd. 4-29-18 Minami-Ogikubo. Suginami-ku. Tokyo 167 Telephone: (03) 333-9631 Telefax: (03) 331-5802 Telex: 126604 OTRDENKI Otari Singapore Pte Ltd., 625 Aljunied Road, 07-05 Aljunied Ind., Complex Singapore 1438 Telephone: 743-7711 Telefax: (743) 6430 Telex: RS36935 OTARI

Otari Electric Deutschland GmbH Gielen Strasse 9. 4040 Neuss 1 Telephone: 02101-274011 Telefax: (02101) 222478 Telefax: 8517691 OTEL D distributors for their *CMI series III.* Toronto-based Computer Music International will also be handling all after sales support and service in Canada. In Barcelona, Sistemas Midi, a division of Ventamatic, will be handling Spanish distribution.

• Surrey-based Soundtracs plc have announced the appointment of AKG Acoustics Inc, Stamford, CT, distributors for their products in the USA.

Executive Audio Ltd have announced that they are the European distributors for Samson Products, 159 Park Road, Kingstonupon-Thames, Surrey KT2 6BX, UK. Tel: 01-541 0180. Telex: 889294.
UK-based McKenzie Acoustics have appointed sales agent Dave Martin International to handle all its overseas orders and sales.

• Millbank Electronics Group (UK) have given licensing rights to Motwane Private Ltd of Bombay to manufacture Millbank PAC-System equipment exclusively for the Indian sub-continent.

• Syco Systems have been appointed by Neotek of Chicago as exclusive distributors in the UK of all Neotek products. Syco have also agreed to handle exclusive UK distribution of PPG's *HDU*.

• Audio Kinetics (UK) have appointed Grothusen GmbH to represent and distribute their products in Austria.

• Philip Drake Electronics Ltd of

Hertfordshire have announced plans to appoint RTS Systems Inc of California as exclusive Drake distributor for the USA. Britannia Row Equipment Ltd have been appointed the European distributor for the range of Summit valve limiters and remote controlled mic amps. The London company now also distributes BGW amplifiers in Germany as well as in the UK and will soon be appointing dealers. Additionally, they are now responsible for marketing Electrospace products throughout Europe, and in their role as Westlake distributors in Europe, have appointed Interstage as sole dealer

for Denmark. • DDA Ltd have announced the appointments of official agents in the Far East. In Japan, Studer Revox Japan will exclusively handle the AMR24. All other DDA products will be handled by Unicus International (importers) and Atlantic Audio (distributors). Studer Revox (Far East) has been chosen to represent DDA in Hong Kong, as well as in the Chinese market. Studer Revox Audio will represent DDA in Singapore, as well as covering Indonesia and Malaysia. Studer Revox Japan, 1-22-2 Yoyogi, Shibuya Ku, Tokyo 151. Tel: (03) 320 1101.

Studer Revox (Far East) Ltd, 25th Floor, Arion Commercial Centre, 2-12 Queen's Road West, Hong Kong. Tel: 5-412050.

<u>NEWS</u>

# Agencies

• Kelsey Acoustics Ltd have been appointed sole UK importer and distributor for the products of the Carver Corporation including professional power amplifiers and hifi products.

• Uher Sales & Services have ceased trading. The company has made the following arrangements for the continued supply and support of distributed products. Sole distribution and service of professional Uher products within the UK will be the responsibility of Telecommunications Information Systems Ltd, 223

Twickenham Road, Isleworth, Middlesex TW7 6TG, UK. Tel: 01-847 3033. Distribution and service of Bruns, Visonic and ASC products in the UK will be handled by: R J Education Supplies Co Ltd, Unit 2, Westham Trading Estate, London Road, Westham, Kent TN6 3BR, UK. Tel: 0959 62255.

• EMT-Franz GmbH, manufacturers of studio digital electronics and turntables, are to be MBI's exclusive West German representative for the UK company's radio station design, installation and commissioning services.

• Fairlight Instruments have announced Canadian and Spanish

**CLEAR REASON** 

For the music studio owner, no decision is more critical than choosing a console. Both financially and creatively, the success of your operation may well depend on the capabilities and quality of the system you select, and the company that supports it. Clear reason, we suggest, to consider the SL 4000 E Series Master Studio System from Solid State Logic. But certainly not the only reason.



Consider, for instance, that only SSL has builtin track remotes on every channel, integrated with the industry's most versatile monitor fader and foldback facilities. Or that SSL alone provides pushbutton signal processor routing for each channel's noise gate and expander, compressor/limiter, high and low pass filters, and parametric equaliser bfree audio subgrouping

plus switchable phantom power, patchfree audio subgrouping, AFL and PFL monitoring, fader start for external devices,

and stereo modules with balance and Image Width controls.

Consider that SSL makes the industry's only comprehensive studio control system — with integral synchronisation of

up to five audio/video machines, concise English commands,



tape location by timecode, foot/frames, cue numbers or key words, and complete session list management. And that SSL alone offers extensive fader, group and mute automation and mix manipulation *plus* optional programmable parametric equalisation and panning, multi-repeatable Events Control, and Automatic Dialogue Replacement.



Studer Revox Audio PTE, 173 Goldhill Centre, Singapore 1130. Tel: 250 7222.

Unicus International, Room 307, Aoyama Kyodo Building 3F, 3-6-18 Kita-Aoyama, Minato-Ku, Tokyo 107. Tel: (03) 407 8195.

Atlantic Audio, Room 101, Sun Haitsu, Koenjminami, Suginami-Ku, Tokyo 166. Tel: (03) 316 1120.



• Beyer Dynamic UK have announced the appointment of Phillip Neighbour to their outside sales team with special responsibility for London and the South east. He was previously with Court Acoustics. • There have been a number of promotions in Sony Broadcast's Basingstoke headquarters. General manager of Pro-Audio Osamu Tamura takes on the additional role of co-ordinating the marketing services programme for the entire Sony Broadcast product range. Chris Hollebone becomes senior manager, Pro-Audio Sales, John Frazer takes on the newly created role of UK sales manager, and Clive Lorton becomes senior sales engineer with emphasis on broadcast. Richard Salter becomes senior manager,

Product Management, and will be coordinating close liaisons with the company's European customers in developing new products. A new RF product group has been created, and will be headed by Chris Walden as RF manager. And coming from the BBC is new product engineer for audio tape recorders, Andy Tait, who will be working with newly promoted senior product engineer, Digital Audio, Phil Wilton.

• Torquil Dearden has joined postproduction company Video Tape Recording Ltd of London as an editor, joining Phil Stone and Ant Frend. Dearden comes from Carlton Television where he specialised in pop promos, and before that he designed and built the editing studio at Island Records.

• Sony Corporation of America have announced the promotion of Jason Farrow to vice president, Corporate Communications, from Director of corporate communications.

• Neve Electronics have appointed Alistair Bullock as sales manager, UK Recording Studios, joining recently acquired Roger Cameron who becomes sales executive for Recording Studios.

• John Romer has been appointed financial director and Stuart Goward production director within Whiteley Electronics in Nottingham. This follows the recent appointment of Steve Radford as engineering director  Editor Mark Alchin from VTR Ltd and Steve Turner, Ewart TV's head of sound, have joined Molinare in London to strengthen the company's commercial and promotional markets.
 Photomag Recording Studios of New York have announced the appointment of Terry Mader as postproduction mixer, and Dominick Tavella as recording engineer.
 Soundcraft Electronics Ltd have announced the appointment of Philip Hart to the position of managing director. He comes from Thorn EMI

manufacturing director.
Jon Ridel has been appointed to manage and develop the recently

1. 11

Datatech, where he was

established Syco Studio Division in London. Ridel moves from Turnkey after six years in the development of studio sales.

• Audio Kinetics Inc, New Jersey, have appointed Iain Roche as vice president of sales.

• JBL Professional of California have appointed David Kimm as sales manager for Soundcraft USA. Coming from Morgan Sound in Washington state where he was involved in sound system design and installation, Kimm's new responsibilities will include overseeing the sales management and distribution of his company's products in America and Mexico.



Then consider that SSL's Studio Computer alone goes beyond mixing automation to provide Total Recall<sup>™</sup> a unique system, completely independent of the audio path, which stores all I/O module settings after each session. The new TR AutoScan function makes

it faster than ever to recreate headphone and monitor mixes, equalisation, or entire console setups with quarter dB accuracy and rapid verification. And SSL alone offers data-compatibility with more than 300 installations — in over 80 cities around the world.

Finally, consider a company whose record of practical innovation, ongoing development and in-depth technical support has earned repeat orders from many of the world's toughest customers — a company that other manufacturers use as a standard for comparison. We join them in urging you to compare. Our 40 page colour brochure on the SL 4000 E Series is a good place to start. It's yours for the asking, and it just might make your difficult decision a whole lot easier. Clear reason, may we suggest, to write or call us today.

### **Solid State Logic**

Begbroke, Oxford, England OX5 1RU • (08675) 4353 200 West 57th Street • New York, New York 10019 • (212) 315-1111 6255 Sunset Boulevard • Los Angeles, California 90028 • (213) 463-4444

### Increased training facilities at Salford College

The Salford College of Technology have announced the opening of their new 16-track studio, an addition that complements the already existing 8-track and electro-acoustic studios of its Department of Performing Arts and Media Studies. Salford expect

this to greatly enhance their higher diploma course in popular music with recording. During 1987 Salford is also offering a course in music recording and technology, designed in consultation with APRS.

# Audio+Design/SWA US joint venture

Audio+Design Recording and Straight Wire Audio Inc have announced a joint venture for the distribution and manufacture of Audio+Design products in the US. Audio Design's US distribution company will be moving with SWA into new manufacturing premises at 4611 Columbia Pike, Arlington, VA 22204. Also the two companies will be pursuing joint development of

digitally orientated products. The first result of this is a stereo image enhancer utilising UHJ transcoder technology to be known as the SoundScape SpreadBox and will be launched at the NAB Convention. Telephone numbers for the venture are (800) 368-2081 for product info and orders; repairs and after sale service will be on (703) 522-7780.

# VD Gateway courses

Gateway have announced new courses for '87, which include comprehensive looks at MIDI, as well as MIDI mixer technologies as they appear on the market. Linked to the MIDI courses is one on sampling. which will be based on the Akai

S900 but others are hoped to be studied as they appear. Gateway's primary and advanced multitrack courses are available to tie all the latest information together. Gateway, 1a Salcott Road, London SW11 6DQ, UK. Tel: 01-350 0340.

### Literature received

• A new full-colour, technical booklet from Fabritrak details how studio wall covering can be given that professional looking finish, despite whatever odd angles or curves there may be. Fabric is stretched over wall surfaces and neatly tucked away at the edges thanks to a tracking system fixed to the existing wall. A layer of 9 mm thick subsurface is used between the wall and fabric, the choice of which depends on insulating requirements. Fabric used can be just about anything though cotton linen variations seem to be the most popular. Fabritrak offers an extensive range of colours and patterns.

Fabritrak, 20a Pimlico Road London SW1W 8LJ, UK: Tel: 01-730 9087/9439.

• Communique Systems have issued The Used Equipment Price Guide, aimed at anyone interested in the sale or purchase of used medical and audio processing equipment. Published quarterly, the Guide has been compiled as a cross-Britain computerised survey of asking prices

for a comprehensive range of equipment. There will be no classified advertisements, although the guide will list used equipment retailers, repair/overhaul companies, and provide free space for lost or stolen equipment. A heavy duty cover and quick reference layout have been incorporated with constant use in mind. Single issues cost £3.95 and annual subscriptions are £14.00. Communique Systems, Unit 104, 5-10 Eastman Road, Acton, London W3 7YG, UK. Tel: 01-749 5295 Telecommunications cable manufacturer Dauratube & Wire Ltd have published their 1987 Cable Catalogue, which lists in 24 pages of full colour their entire range of products. Full specs are included, there is an easy colour coding guide feature and the company now uses brand names for each group of cable. Free copies are available from: Duratube and Wire Ltd, Feltham, Middlesex TW14 0XD, UK, Tel: 01-890 3453. Telex: 934316. Fax: 751 4518.

Nemesis have recently introduced the In addition, it is possible to switch Q4, a 4-band parametric equaliser with Q, centre frequency and 15 dB cut and boost. Each band can be individually switched in and out of circuit. Input gain is -10 dB to +20 dB with 0 dB at the detented centre position. Level matching is provided to enable the matching of processed and direct signal levels.

The four bands comprise LF, 30 to 500 Hz; LM, 170 Hz to 2.8 kHz; HM, 550 Hz to 9 kHz; and HF, 1 to 20 kHz. The HF and LF bands are normally bell-shaped but can be individually switched to shelving response. High and low pass filters are included. These are normally post-EQ but can be switched pre-EQ.

Nemesisparametric equalisers

> the entire filter section in and out as a block.

Electronic balancing is standard (transformer balancing is available as an option) and automatic bypass-in case of power failure--is also provided. Male and female IEC connections enable several units to be linked to a single mains feed. In addition to the standard model (and options) Nemesis also offer a more extensive customising service on all their products.

Nemesis Electronics Ltd, Cornwallis House, Howard Chase, Basildon, Essex SS14 3BB, UK. Tel: 0268 286668.

# Neve DSP-The digital experience.

Many audio console manufacturers tell you that they are 'ready for digital' – some even claim that their control technology is fully developed for digital audio processing 'when the hardware is ready'.

Only one manufacturer has a range of fully operational digital audio consoles – including tape transfer units, a unique discmastering system, and stereo broadcasting and multi-track recording consoles.

The Neve DSP console at CTS Studios in London is the world's first truly automated console, with levels, dynamics, equalizers and routeing all resettable by the Necam automation system.

The BBC Digital Control Vehicle is

in constant demand for live broadcasts and recording, and recently won a Sony Broadcast Award.

Westdeutscher Rundfunk demonstrated their confidence in Neve's digital experience by ordering a second DSP before their first one – commissioned ahead of schedule – was officially in service.

Neve's digital experience – today's reality.



#### Capturing sound at its purest

NEVE ELECTRONICS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED, CAMBRIDGE HOUSE, MELBOURN, ROYSTON, HERTS, SG8 6AU, TELEPHONE: 0763 60776, TELEX, 81381, FACSIMILE: 0763 61886, CABLES: NEVE CAMBRIDGE.



# Teldec DMMlaser cutting equipment and photo-

Teldec have recently announced a new mastering system for CDs, The new technique is based on earlier video disc research and uses a cutting technique somewhat similar to the analogue DMM (Direct Metal Mastering) process.

In the new technique a signal from a U-matic master is fed directly to a diamond 'cutting' stylus (having been converted into a suitable data stream) and the signal is embossed directly into a specially prepared, copper-coated CD master blank. After embossing, the blank can be processed with conventional galvanic equipment to produce a metal negative (which can be used as a stamper) or further processed to provide additional mother and stamners

In the conventional CD mastering system, special clean room facilities, etching techniques are needed to produce the master disc. The Teldec DMM-CD process, however, can be used in a normal cutting room environment, is considerably cheaper and, because it cuts metal master directly, less processing steps are required, thus making the system faster and reducing the risk of damage during plating.

Availability is expected to be later this year but no firm plans have been announced as yet.

Teldec Schallplatten GmbH, Finckensteinallee 38, 1000 Berlin 45, East Germany. Tel: 030/8 30 00 50.

UK: FWO Bauch Ltd, 49 Theobald Street, Boreham Wood, Herts WD6 4RZ. Tel: 01-953 0091. USA: Gotham Audio Corp, 1790 Broadway, New York, NY 1001 9-1412. Tel: (212) 765-3410.

# New TAC products

TAC recently released a number of new consoles. The major new product is the SR9000 Superconsole designed for the sound reinforcement market. TAC say that the console is the result of over a year's research into the needs of the world's major hire companies. Features include a standard 40 input mainframe with 16 audio groups, 16 aux sends, eight VCA groups (optional and with bypass), eight mute groups, 16×8 output matrix, 4-band parametric EQ, and on-board jackfield. An optional 16 module input expander will be available as a stand alone unit enabling configurations of 56 and 72 inputs. A stereo line input module will be available at a later date.

In the Scorpion range, TAC have added a third frame size available in two options. The PB has 45 module positions with on-board TT jackfield and three input/bus configurations available as standard; the XL holds 53 modules allowing configurations from 40/8/2 with eight aux sends and appropriate master modules and many other variants. There have also been a number of new modules added to the Scorpion range and the option of VU meters for the stereo bus and PFL.

Total Audio Concepts Ltd, Unit 17, Bar Lane Industrial Park, Bar Lane, Basford, Nottingham NG6 0HU, UK. Tel: 0602 783306. USA: TAC c/o Amek Consoles Inc, 10815 Burbank Boulevard, North Hollywood, CA 91601. Tel: (818) 508-9788.

# AMB cable tester

Designed for testing either long cable batteries and comes with adapters for runs (including multicores) or short lengths of cable, balanced or unbalanced, the AMB cable tester provides a comprehensive visual indication of most commonly found faults.

The unit will display the condition immediately a cable is connected to the send and remote connections (XLR or jack) and the designer claims that a 25-paired multicore (with one person either end) can be checked in a few minutes. The tester requires two 9V

checking leads fitted with RCA phono connectors.

Wolfram Altenhovel, Hustadring 63, 4630 Bochum, West Germany. Tel: 0234 702190.



Tascam ES-50 synchroniser

Tascam have developed a new synchroniser, the  $E\hat{S}$ -50 and a matching control unit, the ES-501. The unit includes a locator, synchroniser, event controller and timecode generator and is claimed to be compatible with all popular tape machines and VTRs.

Main features include multi-CPU system with digital circuitry to remove the need for daily calibration; sync accuracy to within  $\pm 50 \ \mu s$  for the majority of tape machines;  $\frac{1}{10}$  to ×100 speed reading of timecode via custom LSI, synchronises to 24, 25, 29.97 or 30 frames timecode and composite video sync lock to frame pulse with generator and slave.

Synchroniser features include chase capability using timecode, subframe accuracy in  $\frac{1}{100}$  frame steps, frame sync with timecode pulse or video V pulse, slow sync function and

auto/manual machine interface calibration.

The event section includes five relays with latching or momentary modes activated by preprogrammed timecode addresses. Preview, edit and review functions are available for slave punch in/out.

SMPTE, EBU and film standards are provided by the internal generator which also has jam sync capability, and the wide band timecode reader permits timecode only synchronisation. Teac Corp, 3-7-3 Naka-Cho, Musashino, Tokyo. Tel: 0422 53-1111.

UK: Harman Audio (UK) Ltd, Mill Street, Slough, Berks SL2 5DD. Tel: 0753 76911.

USA: Teac Corporation of America, 7733 Telegraph Road, Montebello, CA 90640. Tel: (213) 726-0303. 

# Mosses & Mitchell Jacks & Jackfields used in Broadcast Systems Worldwide



Plasmec Systems, a member of Plasmec plc are a leading manufacturer of Jack Sockets and Jackfields with a well earned reputation for excellent engineering standards.

Plasmec's range of Jacks and Jackfields are marketed to Broadcasting and Telecommunications industries throughout the world under the trade name of Mosses & Mitchell.



Weydon Lane, Farnham Surrey GU9 8QL Tel: (0252) 721236 Telex: 858820 Using the latest engineering techniques Mosses & Mitchell Jacks and Jackfields are manufactured from the highest quality materials, to meet the most exacting specifications for quality and reliability that our customers demand.

For more details of the Plasmec range of products send for our new brochure.

For enquiries in the U.S.A. contact: Penny & Giles Inc. 2716 Ocean Park Boulevard Suite 1005, Santa Monica 90405 California. Tel: 2133 930014

# Servisound spool flanges

Danish sound engineer Marcel Buttrup is currently producing plastic spool flange kits for protecting flangeless tape stored on NAB hubs. Two versions are currently available—one white, one grey.

The white plastic flanges fit all Zonal and BASF hubs and the two flanges interlock completely through the hub to make the complete spool. A red locking cap inserted into the mouldings provides extra security.

The grey version fits Ampex and most tapes that do not include hubs with the two larger holes. Ideally this version should be glued with a little polystyrene cement to make a secure spool. According to the manufacturer, provided the spool isn't dropped on the floor the push fit should provide a reasonably good spool.

In some instances, only one half of the spool may be required, in which case one part can be used to provide a supporting flange for the tape. Servisound, Hestkobvej 1, DK 3460 Birkerod, Denmark. Tel: 02-81 81 10.

UK: Canford Audio Ltd, Stargate Works, Ryton, Tyne & Wear NE40 3EX. Tel: 091413 7171.



Texas based Logitek have developed what they believe is the first 'stand alone' automatic audio crossfader designed to be controlled directly from contact closure outputs on A/B roll edit systems. The Crossfire fades between two sets of dual channel inputs controlled by contact closure (GPI outputs) or audio control ramps.

Three fade options are availabledirect crossfade, 'fade to off' and fade down background for voice overs. Fade rates are variable in 0.1 s increments anywhere from instant (cut) to 9.9 s. Levels can also be set with either edit controller ramp signals or external pots (using the unit as a 4-channel VCA).

Input/output levels are  $600 \Omega$ balanced (0 dBm normal, +21 dBm max) or 100 k $\Omega$  if the input resistor is removed. All connections are via wire clamping terminal blocks and all inputs can be connected to balanced or unbalanced lines.

Logitek Electronic Systems Inc, 3320 Bering Drive, Houston, TX 77057, USA. Tel: (713) 782-4592.





EQUALISATION/SPECTRUM ANALYSIS/SOUND CONDITIONING/DIGITAL BEVERBEBATION/DIGITAL DELA
## AKG DSP 610 delta stereo processor

#### The AKG DSP 610 is a

multichannel, controllable delay with integrated digital signal processing. It provides the vital link in the Delta Stereophony System, a new patented sound reinforcement technique designed, essentially, to provide a precise stereo picture for every seat in the audience and at equal listening levels. The complete system requires a suitable loudspeaker array and the insertion of the DSP 610 in the mixer/power amplifier feeds.

The unit provides digital matrix routing of six delayed inputs (from the mixing desk) to 10 outputs (feeding the power amplifiers). Additionally there are four (nondelayed) aux inputs. All the attenuation, input/output connections, digital processing and delays are contained within the *610*.

The DSP 610, however, is controlled through the RS232 interface of an IBM compatible computer. The computer provides a display of all input/output levels plus the delay settings. Also displayed on the monitor is the entire stage area and this can be used to effectively follow moving sound sources (with a mouse). The software calculates the delays, controls the delay time values and attenuation levels, stores all data sets for stage layouts and switches one or more matrix connections or individual input or output channels on or off.

#### AKG GmbH, Brunhildengasse 1, A-1150, Vienna, Austria. Tel: (43222) 95.65.17-0.

UK: AKG Acoustics, Catteshall Wharf, Catteshall Lane, Godalming, Surrey GU7 1JG. Tel: 4868 25702. USA: AKG Acoustics Inc, 77 Selleck Street, Stamford, CT 06902. Tel: (203) 348-2121.

## Quantec QRS/XL digital effects processor

Quantec have developed a 1U high digital effects unit that offers delay, chorus, flanging, reverb, filtering and the QRS room simulation algorithms all in the one unit. Up to 120 prestored programs are available with the internal processing capability. Two controls (Effects Level and Select) and a backlit liquid crystal display of title and parameter information provides simplified setting up for 'standard' selections.

The XL uses a 32 bit signal processor with specially designed 16 bit oversampling A/D converters, ×4 oversampling 16 bit D/As and linear phase filtering. This provides two 15 kHz channels which can be used either for stereo effects or the fully independent processing of two separate channels. The unit also features a fully floating I/O section, non-volatile program storage and MIDI control capability.

The QRS/XL also features a RS232 interface which allows various personal computers control of the unit's full processing power, eg changing parameters 'on the fly', creating custom programs or controlling multiple unit setups.

Quantec also provide support in the form of program libraries, PC compiler/assembler software and the Quantec data network. This latter service enables users to access Quantec's VAX computer in Munich in order to obtain the latest Quantecdeveloped software, obtain technical assistance and exchange programs for distribution via electronic mail. Quantec Tonstudiotechnik GmbH, Postfach 440253, D-8000 Munich 44, West Germany. Tel: 4989-089 333034.

UK: Syco Systems Ltd, 20 Conduit Place, London W2. Tel: 01-724 2451.



#### The first name with sound system designers

Whether it's for Concert Sound, Broadcast, Public Address Sound Reinforcement, or the staging of a complex theatre spectacular, sound system designers who rely on equipment performing to specification have come to trust Klark-Teknik's commitment to the professional sound engineering industry.

Klark-Teknik's Graphic Equalisers, Digital Audio Delay Lines and Spectrum Analysers are living up to their reputation for reliable and dependable standards of operation in sound systems throughout the world.

Klark-Teknik's progressive electronic design and industrial grade engineering practices, have given these products an unrivalled price/performance ratio and meet specifications as accurately as they reflect the professional intentions of those who use them.

Klark-Teknik.....products you can specify and build into your sound systems with confidence.

#### Klark-Teknik Plc

Klark Industrial Park. Walter Nash Boad West, Kidderminster, Worcestershire DY11 7HJ, England, Telephone: (0562) 741515 Telex: 339821 Fax: (0362) 745371



## Sequential Studio 440

An unfinished Studio 440 was previewed at the 1986 British Music Fair but the design is now complete. The 440 is a powerful sampler/ sequencer/drum machine along the lines of the Linn 9000 but cheaper; it has eight velocity and pressure sensitive programming pads which can memorise four 'kits' at a time, and the 8-track MIDI sequencer has 50,000 note capacity and real or step time composition and keeps MIDI channel data independently editable.

Auto-looping aids the creation of 12 bit sampled sounds; 32 samples can be stored in memory at any one time. The 440 has stereo outputs and eight individual outputs plus the SCSI (Small Computer Systems) interface to dump information to a computer or

hard disk drive, and a built-in 31/2 in disk drive on the front panel. Each voice has 32 programmable pan positions, fully sweepable filters and VCAs, and sample monitoring to show the effect of different sample rates. The sequencer holds 999 measures per sequence and 99 sequences with song build, programmable tempo or tap tempo, two MIDI outputs for 32-channel control and all MIDI channel information retained per track. Sequential Circuits Inc, 3051 North First Street, San Jose, CA 95134, USA. Tel: (408) 946-5240. Europe: Sequential Circuits/Europe, Nijverheidsweg 11c, 3641 RP Mijdrecht, The Netherlands. Telex: M.J 12721

## Hohner MIDI rack

MIDI synthesisers or keyboards can be expanded using Hohner's new MR250 MIDI rack instrument. A 1U 19 in rack mounting device, it has digitally generated sounds in six groups, full MIDI control and an optional MRC250 controller which allows pushbutton access to all functions for control from simpler MIDI instruments such as accordions.

Function groups are rhythm, bass, group I, group II, preset I and preset II; there are 16 rhythms with intro/ending, 12 monophonic bass sounds, 20 4-voice polyphonic accompaniment sounds in group I including four pianos and four guitars; 12 4-voice polyphonic accompaniment sounds in group II including trombone and synth organ; 14 preset I polyphonic sounds, six of

which including piano, clarinet and vibes are velocity sensitive; and 14 polyphonic preset II sounds ranging from trumpet to cello and including control over brilliance, portamento, auto chords and mono mode.

Twenty-one percussion sounds can be accessed from the keys of a connected MIDI keyboard (with accents if velocity is transmitted) and there are individual volume controls for the six sound groups. A cartridge port is used to expand the on-board voices and store complex arrangements.

#### Hohner, Hohnerstrasse, Postfach 160, D-7218 Trossingen, West Germany.

UK: M Hohner UK, 39/45 Coldharbour Lane, London SE5 9NR. Tel: 01-733 4411. MJ

## Korg DSS-1 club

UK purchasers of the DSS-1 sampling synthesiser are entitled to free membership of Korg's new DSS-1 Owners' Club. The company are now producing a regular newsletter for its users.

Specific uses and functions of the machine are covered, together with tips and ideas from musicians and programmers. The first newsletter gives an overview of the DSS-1, information on how to produce 30 samples on the keyboard at one time, and details of Korg's own sound library, which includes discs for pianos, guitars, chorus, Japanese instruments, sax and brass, orchestra, Indian, drums, etc, and will include 50 discs soon. A sampling CD will also be available soon while the STP-2000 sampling cassette with 165 sounds is available now

UK: Korg DSS Owners' Club, 32 Gordon House Road, London NW5. Tel: 01-267 5151. MJ

## Gig Stands

John Hornby Skewes have announced and has a height of 60 in and a new additions to the Gig Stands range. Model KS438 is a 3-tier keyboard stand with a height of 60 in and a width of 48 in. It features large locking nuts for easy assembly.

Model RS110U is for 19 in rack mounting units such as delays, reverbs, synth modules and samplers. It takes up to 12 units of equipment

## Casio keyboards

Casio's launches for the Frankfurt Music Fair are largely based on the success of their £99 SK-1 Sampler. The new SK100 model has polyphonic sampling with loop, reverse, key transpose and envelope settings, with PCM sampling at a maximum rate of 10 kHz for 0.81 s samples or a lower rate for long samples up to 1.6 s. There's a PCM percussion section and built-in mic but external mic or line inputs can be used, while the keyboard has four octaves of miniature keys.

The SK200 has a similar specification with power off memory, 4×0.8 s sampling, a multichannel memory function holding up to 1024 steps for one melody using a preset sound and one using a sample, 16 presets and four samples for the upper keyboard, 10 presets for the lower keyboard, 20 preset rhythms and two programmable rhythms, PCM percussion sounds and battery power option.

The SK2100 has a similar specification to the SK200 but has

width of 54 in. Both stands are manufactured from lightweight alloy tubing, are supplied in a fold-away carrying bag and can use a matching microphone boom, Model KA10. John Hornby Skewes, Salem House, Garforth, Leeds LS25 1PX, UK. Tel: 0532 865381.

M.I

#### four octaves of full sized keys and battery operation. Also available will be the DZ1

pads-to-MIDI converter which has eight inputs for Casio DZS or similar drum pads. The converter can be used to control the Casio RZ-1 or any other MIDI drum machine. It has a pedal footswitch input for open/closed hi-hat, and MIDI channel (0-16), program (1.128) and patch (1.128) can be set for each pad input. Synthesisers or multitimbral samplers such as the Mirage can also be connected.

Four pad settings to define different 'kits' can be stored and selected by footswitch and a sensitivity control allows you to set the detection level from 003-127 for each pad input. Battery power is available, and the DZ20S drum pad and DZ-30B bass pad are available now. UK: Casio UK, Unit 6, 1000 North Circular Road, Staples Corner, London NW2 7JD. Tel: 01-450 9131. USA: Casio Inc, 15 Gardener Road, Fairfield, NJ 07006. MJ



# WHAT'S HAPPENED HERE?

# ....A COMET CRASH? ....A MOLE INVASION? ....ALIENS? ...OR WAS IT SUPERMAN?



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## <u>NEWS</u> SSL French office

Solid State Logic have announced the headed by Frederic Coeffin. creation of a subsidiary in France, Solid State Logic SARL. The new office is located near Paris and will become the centre of the sales and service operation in France. It will be

SSL SARL, 1 Rue Michael Faraday, 78180 Montigny le Bretonneux, France. Tel: 3045 3747. Fax: 3045 2920. Telex: 695073 F.

## Correction

In our monitor update on page 40 of the December 1986 issue, we inadvertently listed the wrong address for Lockwood Audio Sales.

The address is: 51 High Road, Bushey Heath, Herts WD2 1EE. Tel: 01-950 2209/866 0671.

## Sound reinforcement at Los Angeles

The size of the Convention Centre in Los Angeles prompted some exhibitors to make almost life size installations. JBL, for instance, were able to fly a complete cluster system comprising their Concert series, though some thought that the competition had been able to install one of their systems over the JBL stand. (Like cars, modern 'all-in-one' speaker enclosures are tending to look similar these days.)

Joking apart, the 81st AES convention did not appear to offer any world shattering product launches as far as sound reinforcement was concerned but closer investigation revealed quite a few items of interest and the continuing trend to try to bring studio quality reproduction to live sound.

Aphex introduced the model 303 Compellor/Aural Exciter which combines compression, peak limiting and psychoacoustic enhancement for one channel in a 1 U rack package. It features an RF-filtered instrumentation differential balanced input amplifier with electronically balanced transformerless output. Immediate applications include solo vocals, etc, where increased clarity and presence are required.

Audio Digital Inc showed a range of interesting products, many of which could be used for live sound. The TC-2 digital delay processor features 1140 ms delay over a full 16 kHz bandwidth as standard, or 2280 ms delay as an option. A flexible control system offers such effects as deep 'analogue-sound' flanging, simultaneous positive and negative flanging, a new effect in the form of pitch controlled flanging and chorusing (caused by the relative pitch of the incoming signal controlling the delay time), triple tracking via the TC-2's auxiliary (or

second) delay output, independent control of first echo and repeat delay times and real time display of delay times in all operating modes. Apart from the effects it offers, the TC-2features very high audio quality together with silent operation (as demonstration in a quiet demo room verified).

Also from Audio Digital were a series of delay lines: the TC-3 is intended as a pre-delay unit for mechanical reverb systems with a delay time of 540 ms-expandable to 1040 ms but the 20 Hz to 20 kHz bandwidth and 90 dB dynamic range make it useful as a stand alone delay unit. This is enhanced by the inclusion of mix (delay/dry) and regeneration controls, the latter turning the TC-3 into a high quality echo unit. The ADD-2 and ADD-3 are high quality delay lines with two and three outputs respectively. Delay range is 0 to 490 ms in 15  $\mu$ s increments to 10 ms and thereafter in 1 ms increments, thus allowing both driver alignment in clusters and synchronisation of staggered arrays. An alphanumeric LED display on the front panel shows channel, delay time and diagnostics. The ADX-2000 is a microprocessor-controlled modular delay system with a maximum configuration of six input modules and 40 output modules. Delay range is 1 to 261 ms in 1 ms steps. Designed for sophisticated permanent or touring installations, the ADX-2000 features 12 pages of non-volatile memory for the setting and storing of multiple configurations with an option of expansion to 24 pages. Remote terminal control can be accessed through an RS-232 port.

Biamp Systems have gone through various corporate changes recently and now find themselves in a stronger position to take on the proaudio market. The company showed an interesting range of graphic equalisers plus a 4-band fully parametric equaliser, all with balanced inputs and outputs and new circuitry to ensure smooth operation. New were two ranges of MOSFET power amplifiers, the XA and the Tseries, and a rack mount mixer, the Rackmax. The XA series comprises XA100, XA300, XA600 and XA1000, with power outputs of  $2 \times 50$  W into 4  $\Omega$ ,  $2 \times 150$  W into 4  $\Omega$ ,  $2 \times 300$  W into  $4 \Omega$  and  $2 \times 500$  W into  $4 \Omega$ , respectively. The XA300/600/1000 feature variable speed fans that pump air through an enclosed heatsink tunnel for dust-free cooling, Biamp 'Auto Limit' circuit that provides a smooth sound even when the amplifier is being driven hard, mono switch for bridge operation and LED indicators for temperature, signal presence and clipping. Input connectors are jack and XLR with 5-way binding post output connector.

The T500 and T1000 produce 2×240 and 2×510 W respectively into 4  $\Omega$  for uninhibited 2  $\Omega$  operation.

Specifications are similar to the XA series though mono bridge operation is also suitable for 70 V line use.

The Rackmar is a 16/2 rack mount mixer for stand alone use or as a submixer. Each channel features 40 dB input gain control plus 20 dB pad switch, mic/line switch, 48 V phantom switch, 3-band EQ, indicator LEDs for peak and signal present and three auxiliary sends that can be preset by internal jumpers to be prefade (pre or post EQ) or post-fader.

Carver showed their range of power amplifiers now finding success with touring companies such as Clair Brothers. Announced at the show was the PM 2.0t which uses much the same technology as the PM 1.5 and weighs 10 lb (as opposed to the PM 1.5's 21 lb) for 465 W/channel into 8  $\Omega$  and 600 W/channel into 4  $\Omega$ . Bridge operation provides 625 and 1000 W into 8 and 4  $\Omega$  respectively.

Cerwin-Vega showed a variety of systems intended for PA, keyboard and playback of recorded music.

The Dual Spruce Moose is a midtreble horn loaded system with two M-162 compression drivers for the mid frequencies 200 Hz to 3 kHz and a TI-1 1 in throat compression driver with 90°×40° Controlled Coverage horn. The TI-1 is specified with a usable frequency range up to 20 kHz and features an aluminium diaphragm and surround with an edgewound copperclad aluminium wire voice coil on a titanium former. The M-162 driver is a 2 in compression driver with 4½ in nodally driven phenolic dome, 4:1 transformation ratio, stepped pole piece and front plate together with an aluminium flux stabilising ring. The design is said to result in high efficiency, better bandwidth and considerably lower distortion compared to comparable 2 in drivers. Sensitivity in the mid range is 111 dB/1 W/1 m which Cerwin-Vega claim offers superior performance over multiple cone midbass systems. The two  $\hat{M-162}$  units feed a single Controlled Coverage horn via a 90° bend midway through the flare, this bent horn design allowing a 3 ft path length for a depth of 17 in. The DSM-200 has an EIA power handling capacity of 300 W and is intended for use with Cerwin-Vega L-36 bass horns.

The SW-18 is a direct radiator for use in subwoofer systems and uses the 189SC Stroker woofer. The loudspeaker features an adjustable dual-spider alignment system for precise longitudinal stabilisation of the voice coil in the gap as well as an additional spider attached to the inside surface of the cone that is coupled to a centrally located stainless steel rod. This assembly is designed to produce optimum performance at very low frequencies. The enclosure is designed to be used with the DB-10 bass equaliser and high pass filter which provides for

# SA's NEW LOUDSPEAKER

# BLASTS LIKE A BOMB!!

#### No-compromise design

The new SA 1503 is a 15" low-frequency loudspeaker, primarily designed to match the exceptional quality of the SA Compact Drivers. Since the basis of our design philosophy is to continue where the competition leaves off, we have assembled the good points of contemporary market-leaders in one design. And then we improved upon them! The result is a loudspeaker that is exceptionally reliable and has extremely low harmonic distortion

#### Indestructible construction

If you take a close look at our loudspeaker, you'll see that it has a die cast chassis just as thick and solid as the chassis of an 18 " woofer, but with a 15" diameter. On top of that, clever design eliminates the risk of gradual loosening and moving of the magnet structure. The 'top-plate' is completely enclosed by the chassis and fixed to it with an exotic heavy-duty two-component adhesive that was originally developed for use in the space and aeronautics industries. Unfortunately we have to disappoint those who think that it will come loose. The strength of this assembly method was severely tried in heavy tests such as dropping the chassis onto a solid

concrete floor from a height of nine feet. Although the loudspeaker was damaged, the adhesive bonds were never broken.

#### Superior voice coils

Unlike many other loudspeaker manufacturers, we make our own voice coils. A custom designed winding machine, with an integrated unit to produce the edge-wound ribbon, was built to meet our specific needs. In combination with the use of copper thread exhibiting extremely high heat resistance, this machine has enabled us to develop very strong and reliable voice coils. The strength of these superior voice coils was further improved by the application of the latest adhesive techniques. The power rating of 150 W RMS and 300 W continuous program for the SA 1503 is therefore rather conservative.

We strongly believe that with our 1503 we have not added "just another loudspeaker" to the market, but have considerably improved the performance of low-frequency loudspeakers to match the demanding standards of the digital sound era. Whatever your requirements for high power HiFi sound quality are, put the SA 1503 to the test! Hearing is believing!!

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# **NEWS**

maximally flat bass response while protecting the speaker from potentially destructive subsonic components. Usable response of the SW-18 is 28 to 500 Hz with a recommended range of 30 to 100 Hz for most sub-base applications. Maximum input is 500 W for a total SPL of 125 dB.

Countryman Associates Inc showed their Isomax range of precision electret microphones with the Isomax *II* being the most interesting for sound reinforcement applications. The Isomax is available in four polar patterns-omni, cardioid, super cardioid, fig-of-eight-and features a very linear frequency response, together with a wide dynamic range (120 to 125 dB) which makes overload almost impossible. Due to its small size  $(8 \times 16 \times 4 \text{ mm}/\frac{5}{16} \times \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{5}{32} \text{ in})$  the Isomax finds applications in almost all areas and is equally at home with acoustic guitar, sax, flute, etc, as it is with a full kit of drums. As well as a standard shock-isolated clip, various accessory clips are available for mounting the microphone on flute, saxophone and horns.

The *Isomax* can operate from 15 to 50 V of phantom power or from an optional battery power module that provides 100 hours of use, with a red LED that flashes continuously during the last 10 hours of battery life. Apart from being unobtrusive on instruments, the *Isomax* offers an elegant solution to multimic techniques on drums, at once allowing optimum positioning and doing away with a forest of microphone stands.

A new real time analysis system was introduced by dbx. The instrument on show was one of several prototypes and feedback was invited from the audio community in order to finalise the final version and its options.

As it stands the analyser is a selfcontained rack mount unit with CRT display, though the video output can also be connected to an external colour monitor for enhanced graphics. The frequency range is on ½-octave ISO centres from 20 Hz to 20 kHz with 32 vertical bargraph readout, 31

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frequencies and broadband SPL. In addition to the bar display, the analyser can also show graphic curves which can be superimposed over the main display. Similarly, when the analyser is in peak hold mode, different bar shadings (and colours) show peak values together with real time values. The analyser is PC interfaceable through multiple RS-232 ports together with a parallel port for a printer that also includes screen dump capability. All necessary functions of real time analysis are to be found including averaging normalising and inverting. The unit has built in pink noise generator, true RMS level detection, 3rd order filters and two high quality microphone preamps with 48 V phantom. The last feature is extremely useful as it enables analysis to be made of, say, left and right stacks without having the roadie running around with a single microphone.

Probably one of its most useful features is a new technology which allows the music or signal source to be used to analyse frequency response. This means that in a concert situation the system can be adjusted as required during setup and tweaked to the changes in response caused by the audience. The screen will show the curve for the empty hall together with the new response and thus allow changes to system equalisation to be accurately made.

Various options, such as RT60, are under consideration and the analyser should be available during the second half of 1987. Because the unit is essentially software driven, programs can be created to suit demands offering flexibility for the future.

Eastern Acoustic Works Inc showed some product updates as well as new systems. The KF550 horn loaded full range system now comes fitted with the new RCF H9040 constant coverage high frequency horn and TAD 4001 2 in compression driver. The new design of the horn is said to eliminate the harshness sometimes found on similar types of horn and the throat has been computer optimised in the design for lower distortion at high pressure levels. If required, the KF550 can be supplied without driver for the new horn and user components installed with EAW mounting kits. Other new features include vinyl dipped perforated steel grilles, slant back design with heavy duty castors and optional MX800 electronic processor for use with or without the new SB550 subwoofer. The SB550 is identical in size to the KF550 and features four RCF 15 in drivers capable of handling a total power of 3000 W, with a recommended frequency range of 20 to 100 Hz. The FR253 nearfield system has now been upgraded to the FR253B and EAW refer to it as a 'high definition system'. Intended for high output nearfield use, the FR253B houses two 15 in drivers, two midrange drivers and high frequency horn and compression driver. In keeping with the trend towards wide band mid range response in order to avoid crossover anomalies, the FR253B features two poly-laminated 170 mm cone drivers operating in the 450 Hz to 3.5 kHz band in order to offer a flat power response over the bandwidth of the system, thus making it eminently suitable for use in sidefill and stage systems as well as for smaller house PAs.

The KF850 is a new horn loaded modular system comprising a mid bass unit in a constant coverage enclosure and a separate constant coverage bass horn with a constant coverage high frequency horn mounted in its mouth. The system is designed for proper phase alignment and features a response of ±2 dB from 35 Hz to 20 kHz when used with the MX800 crossover and SB528 subwoofer. The trademark of the system is Virtual Array Design and the cabinets are built trapezoidally in order to build up precise horizontal configurations. Each cabinet provides constant coverage over 55° and adding on systems increases coverage in 55° increments. Vertical coverage is 50° and for very long throw and short throw situations, systems can be vertically stacked and splayed between 20° and 40°. Normal use would require the main system being flown with the subwoofers on the floor for better coupling. The SB528 subwoofer houses to RCF 18 in drivers operating between 25 and 80 or 100 Hz and has a power capacity of 2000 W. The MX800 electronic crossover provides three stereo outputs and a mono sub-bass output. In addition to normal crossover functions it also provides time/phase correction, asymmetrical equalised crossover slopes, low frequency enhancement and distortion protection.

Also new from EAW was the SM222 monitor wedge. Developed to be a smaller version of the SM600 monitor, the new speaker features

two 12 in drivers with a centrally mounted high frequency horn using either a TAD 4001 or RCF 2 in compression driver. Coverage angles are  $100 \times 40$  with a power handling capacity of 750 W (AES standard). The very smooth frequency response (±1.4 dB from 200 Hz to 10 kHz) makes for very high gain before feedback and provides 131 dB SPL at 1 m in an ultra compact package.

Electro-Voice introduced the MTH-4 3-way horn loaded system using 'Manifold Technology' which now completes the system started by the MTL-4 subwoofer cabinet shown earlier this year. The MTH-4 uses four drivers for each of the three frequency bands manifolded to single constant directivity horns; the mid bass section covers the 150 Hz to 2 kHz range and uses four DLX 10 in drivers feeding a 60×40 horn via proprietary phase plugs. The mid range coverage is from 1.6 to 8 kHz (recommended crossover points) and uses four DH2 compression drivers feeding an HP64  $60 \times 40$  horn; the high frequency section consists of four DH2010 drivers feeding an HP64 horn and provides a smooth frequency response up to 20 kHz. The MTH-4 is designed to be used with the Electro-Voice XEQ-3 crossover which provides the proper equalisation, time delay and crossover points for the system, resulting in a very even response. E-V are putting the final touches to a dedicated crossover system which will eliminate time in setting up systems, since all the necessary adjustments and calibrations are preset in the unit itself.

The advantages of the manifold technology are quite considerable, providing increased output (360 acoustic watts average mid-band), reduced space, and approach to theoretical point source coverage by the use of single horns. (An equivalent system would use four horns each for the high and mid bands with two or four for the midbass, with all the attendant problems.) As a result, the sound is not only louder but a lot cleaner with better definition. The MTH-4 may also be ordered with optional twopoint flying hardware that permits a wide range of angle adjustments.

Hot on the heels of the SH-1810 3-way all horn loaded system is the SH-1810S. Basically an 1810, this configuration provides the 18 in bass speaker in a separate cabinet that combines horn loading and vented box principles together with a mid/high frequency section that houses a DLX 10 in speaker feeding a  $60 \times 40$  constant directivity horn via a proprietary phase plug (250 Hz to 2.5 kHz) and a 1 in titanium diaphragm HF driver feeding a  $60 \times 40$  constant directivity horn.

• See these pages next month for more sound reinforcement news.

# **LIGHT AS AIR!**

## Introducing a new standard: the **COMPACT DRIVER**<sup>©</sup> "The first real innovation since the compression driver"

## Extremely light diaphragm

The unique, voice coil-less diaphragm of the SA 8520 Compact Driver has a moving mass of only 0.2 grams (this is less than one sixth of the moving mass of competitors' diaphragms). It is part of an exclusive, patented driver, intended for mid- and high-frequency reproduction in high power professional sound systems.

Due to this extremely low mass, it not only has a flat frequency response beyond 30 kHz, but also an amazingly short attack and decay time. In combination with the carefully damped, computer designed rear chamber, it provides superb transient response, giving the driver unmatched clarity and reproduction of dynamics.

#### Super HiFi quality in high power sound systems

Many studios and big hiring companies have experimented in using HiFi components in their speaker systems. They invariably came to the same conclusion: in spite of improved sound quality, power handling and reliability were unacceptable.

With the SA 8520 & 8525 Compact Drivers, it is now possible to have super HiFi quality in high power sound systems, without the constant danger of damaging mid- and high-frequency drivers. Power rating is 30 W RMS for the 8520, 60 W RMS for the 8525, for a continuous per od of one hundred hours! And they can safely handle transients of more than 400 W.

#### One driver instead of two

Because the Compact Driver is capable of reproducing frequencies from 1000 Hz beyond 30 kHz, it makes using extra tweeters unnecessary. Besides saving money and space, the obvious advantage is having a 'one point sound source. This gives considerable improvement in transient response and stereo imaging.

#### Incredible distortion figures

Top quality compression drivers have typical THD figures of at least 2% at 1 W, rapidly going up to an incredible 25% at 30 W.

The Compact Drivers have a THD of a mere 0.4% at 1 W, but, more incredibly, this remains well under 1 % at 30 W!! And that's no printing error!

Loud is beautiful... if it's clean. The SA Compact Drivers can be loud and very clean indeed! If these figures don't impress you, their superior sound quality certainly will. Hearing is believing !!



## Stage Accompany ..... the name for quality

For more information contact: Holland: Stage Accompany, Anodeweg 4, 1627 LJ Hoorn, tel: (0)2290-12542, telex:37989 Stage nl Australia: East Coast Audio, PO Box 6494, Victoria 3004, tel: (0)3-241224 Austria: Kühnl & Wurzer, Waldeggstraße 68, 4020 Linz, tel: (0)732-688125 Belgium: Stage Accompany, Hendriklei 50, 2020 Antwerpen, tel: (0)3-210352 France: Stage Accompany, 3 Rue Vieille, 59160 Lomme, tel: (0)20-925091 Germany: Stage Accompany, Marienburger Straße 29, 4460 Nordhorn, tel: (0)59211-6196 Hong Kong: Studer Revox (far east) Itd. 25<sup>th</sup> floor Arion commercial centre, 2-12 Queens Road West, Hong Kong, tel: 5-412050 Israël: Killim & sons Itd., 10 Heiez street, Haifa, tel: (0)4-640222 Italy: Kennel snc, 324 Corso Unione Sovietica, 10135 Torino, tel: (0)11-612148 Japan: Stakata engineering co Itd, 2-6-8 Ohjima Koto-Ku, Tokyo, tel: (0)3-682-8411 Spain: Laboratorio de Electro-Acustica S.A., Verdi 273, 08024 Barcelona, tel: (93)- 214 14 12 United Kingdom: S.E.D., 27 Gwiddord street, Luton LU1 2NQ, Beds, tel: (0)582-452495

## NEWS Fazioli pianos

Over the last five years we have seen considerable improvement in the quality of the recording signal chain almost to the point where we now have to look beyond the audio equipment itself, past the microphone and study the instruments making the sounds themselves. In some cases they are quite simply not up to the quality of the rest of the recording chain and if we are looking to maintain recording quality then we have to be more selective about which instrument we record.

Being more specific, the acoustic grand piano has almost always been a compromise. I have only ever come across very few pianos that were worth taking seriously as a recording instrument and these were odd examples rather than instruments from specific makers. There is quite plainly room for development of the grand piano as a recording instrument. At the end of last year I was given the opportunity to visit a small Italian piano manufacturer that is continuing development on the grand piano as well as beginning to address the problems of pianos for recording. I promise to refrain from references to the 'digital-ready' piano.

Fazioli Pianoforte are a small company based in Sacile just outside Pordenone which in turn is about 50 miles north of Venice. Paulo Fazioli started developing a piano about seven years ago. So far only about 170 instruments have been made but they are beginning to appear in small numbers in concert halls around the world. The fact that they have made such rapid progress in so short a time is really a tribute to Paulo himself and how he has



Paulo Fazioli studied music from the age of 10 continuing through to take exams at the conservatory in Pesaro while studying mechanical engineering at university. After a year in industry his family asked him to work for the family furniture company. It was while looking after one of the family factories in Turin manufacturing steel furniture he began to think about making a piano. He felt it was possible to make a better piano using the resources of the family-the woodworking craftsmen, the technology of manufacture and the contacts they had in scientific areas outside the company. The family were happy to back him as long as he was sure it would work and so a corner of the wooden furniture factory in Sacile was set aside to make pianos.

It took three years to produce the first piano although right from the



Complete soundboard showing ribs

beginning they were liaising with a technical institute in Turin specialising in acoustic problems. Founder Pietro Righini worked on many aspects of the project preparing detailed research on all aspects of the piano. The advantage of this kind of back-up reduces the number of piano making experiments as predictions of response can be made.

Paulo describes the process of designing a piano as 'first the man with the intuition, then comes the verification of the idea' and with this technical back-up you can go straight to the heart of the problem. The design of a piano begins and ends with the use of ears.

Anyone who has had the opportunity to look round a small piano factory will be amazed by the processes involved. Fazioli make about 50 pianos a year and they are largely all made by hand. The items such as the frame, the action and keyboard are all designed to their specification and bought in. Most of the time at Fazioli is spent on the areas of working with wood and the aspects that alter the sound on the instrument. There are so many variables in construction that it is seemingly impossible to consider the piano as a precision instrument to be calibrated against a standard ideal. Any products depending so heavily on selection of natural materials will differ in some way and therefore no two pianos will be absolutely identical. But what are the major areas of the piano that determine the sound character?

Obviously the materials of the hammers and the size of the piano are critical factors but perhaps the most important is the soundboard and the positioning of the ribs that cross it. The frame and the wooden casing do not directly affect the sound although they may cause changes. For example the soundboard is glued to the wooden frame and if it is not rigid then the soundboard loses curvature and the sound changes. The strength of the structure is therefore important. The coating finish of the piano is only an aesthetic consideration as due to the nature of the soundboard it moves air above and below it and the casing plays little part in modifying that.



Basic metal frame

40 Studio Sound, March 1987



Shaping and binding soundboard to ribs

# WE'VE LAUNCHED IT!

## A spectacular new concept: THE BLUE BOX®

## "The sound system that won't disappear in the sands of time"

#### The perfect match

Designed around our revolutionary Compact Driver and superior 15" low-frequency loudspeaker, the Blue Box offers the perfect match between exceptional acoustic performance and high-tech electronics. Featuring superb sound quality, maximum flexibility and ease of operation, the Blue Box is a very compact active full-range cabinet that's ideally suited for a multitude of applications.

#### Unrivalled versatility

As a studio monitor, the Blue Box is the ultimate performer, unequalled by any of today's existing monitor systems. On stage, stacks of Blue Boxes form the ideal monitor system. A partly slanting rear panel also facilitates use as a floor monitor. In small and medium sized venues, matched stacks of 4 or 8 Blue Boxes make a very powerful HiFi PA system. And, in large venues, Blue Boxes are really dynamite in massive flying sound systems.

#### High-tech electronics improve performance

The PMS-5000 is a built-in active 2-way system that consists of a Bessel crossover, two power amplifiers and a microprocessor to operate all control functions. It also features many unique innovations like DDC (Dynamic Damping Control), AEC (Auto Energy Control) and DC servo control.

DDC cicuitry measures loudspeaker cone movement and compares it with the amplifier's input signal. If discrepancies are found, extremely fast corrections are made, giving the amplifier almost infinite damping. This results in exceptionally precise sound reproduction.

AEC measures output power during a specific time period and slowly reduces the input signal if the danger of loudspeaker damage arises. Short transients pass unhindered, while heavy overloading is prevented. When overloading disappears, the original gain is automatically restored. Therefore AEC is much more effective against loudspeaker damage than a limiter and has the advantage that sound quality is not influenced at all.

#### PC for user-friendly remote control

Top of the bill is the sophisticated Personal Computer Remote Control facility (optional), which offers ultimate control of large quantities of Blue Boxes. Imagine how easily extensive sound effects can be realized. This powerful new concept creates unlimited possibilities and offers total control and recall for complex set-ups of large sound systems.



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NEWS

The lid, however, is important as it acts as a sound reflector although it affects the sound mainly, of course, by its position rather than its construction.

The soundboard is one of the first parts of the piano to be made and probably the most critical. Fazioli use red spruce timber that they get from the same forest that Stradivarius used to obtain his timber. Selection of the timber is a critical process and a number of measurements are made on the timber to assess its rightness for the job. The ideal is a light timber with a fast transmission of sound within it. One test used is to calculate the specific gravity of the timber in question and then measure the speed of transmission within it by use of an elasticity meter. Speed/specific gravity gives a reference number which should be a figure greater than 120. The selected timber is used in strips of about 2 in wide and these are glued together to form a large sheet. When this is completed it is glued to ribs that cross it and the curvature in the soundboard is created. It is the position of these ribs, their number and angle that is possibly the most important aspect of piano sound. The distribution of sound within the soundboard will be controlled by the ribs as will the sustain and many other factors.

Fazioli have tried to produce a

piano with a clear sound. It is quite noticeable when standing beside one being played and looking into the string area. Unlike most other pianos, the sound seems to develop in specific areas and the sections of the keyboard range remain distinct. For recording purposes this retains a clarity and also a spread of sound in the stereo when close miking. Paulo says that they don't know precisely what aspect of their soundboard design gives those features but they do know how to control it. Although clarity is good for recording, in the concert hall it gives the impression that a piano lacks power. At this point in time Paulo describes all their pianos as compromises in that they try to balance the needs of the concert hall and the recording studio within the one instrument. There are

plans afoot to produce a piano for recording where the clarity aspects can be optimised.

The design criteria of Fazioli are optimising the 'dynamic range or power' of the instrument, its speed of response and length of sustain. Some of these factors are occasionally contradictory. For example, trying to increase the 'power' of the piano may increase distortion in the form of inharmonicity, ie the uneven spacing of the harmonics of the fundamental developing from a struck string. The easiest solution to this is to increase the size of the piano-which largely has the effect of lengthening the bass strings and the soundboard in that area with a smaller increase in the treble areas. With the longer strings and larger soundboard the sound is cleaner and louder.

Fazioli are about to take this one step further with work on a 3.8 m piano which their research suggests would offer even greater improvement in dynamics. At the time of my visit a wooden model of the metal frame for this piano was under construction so the instrument should be developed a few months after this article is published.

What about the mechanical aspects of the piano—the action? The noise created by the hammers lifting can be a problem on a very quiet piece of music but it looks like there is little that can be done at present in this area. Fazioli are looking at using different materials for the roller aspect of the action where they say the noise mainly originates from. It



Fixing soundboard to wooden inner frame

is possible that selection of certain materials may reduce the noise but elimination of it appears not to be possible with the standard piano action. Optimisation of these felts for the action would be another aspect of any piano designed for recording use. The type of felts used on the hammers can alter the sound but when using good quality materials the sound is just different rather than necessarily better or worse.

Just optimising the design and construction of a piano is no guarantee that it will perform optimally all the time. The conditions it is kept in will also be important although there is a range of acceptable parameters. The most dangerous condition is low humidity. Humidity must remain between 40% and 80%. Low temperature is also a bad condition with an acceptable range being between 10° and 35°C. There is, however, a relationship between temperature and humidityhigh temperature with high humidity is acceptable (within limits) and so is low temperature with low humidity. Low temperature and high humidity, however, is a real problem. Other problems include unequal heating of the piano itself and air conditioning which changes the humidity in areas that it passes over. On pianos this can cause movement of the soundboard and at best you lose the tuning. The humidity can also change the sound of the piano, ie in high humidity the soundboard rises lessening power. The felts of the hammers can also take up the humidity and retain it softening the surface with a loss of sound quality. Next year Fazioli open a new

factory and production should hopefully reach the 100 a year mark. For myself I look forward to hearing the new 3.8 m instrument which possibly may be the ultimate recording piano.

KSA

Fazioli Pianoforti srl, 33077 Sacile–Pordenone, Via Ronche 47, Italy. Tel: (0434) 72026. UK: Cristofori Pianos, 20 Conduit Place, London W2. Tel: 01-402 4304.



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Construction of wooden template frame for new 3.8 m model

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Another unique method of music input is the MCL (Music Composition Language) where 'unplayable' polyrhythms and poly-tonalities can simply be typed in.

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The Series III also forms the heart of any audio and video post production, with four MIDI ports to control external equipment and a powerful SMPTE 'Eventsync' cue page.

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## **AES CONVENTION PREVIEW**

The 82nd Convention of the Audio Engineering Society will be held at the Queen Elizabeth II Convention Halls, Westminster, London, March 10th to 13th, 1987. As usual the convention will consist of a wide range of technical papers with an associated exhibition. In this preview we have concentrated on the new items on show from details available to us at the time of writing.

• a&a Systemes: broadcast equipment including EL20 RIAA preamp; MM74 passive switching matrix; ident units; standard cassette jingle machines; telephone interfaces and the Cora broadcasting console. • Adams-Smith: timecode, tape synchronisation and audio-for-video products for production and post-production use. • AEG: analogue tape machines from ¼ in to multitrack as well as the PD format digital multitrack. • Agfa-Gevaert: audio, video and duplicating tape and cassette products. • Akai: signal processing devices, MIDI equipment, keyboard controllers and sampling units. • AKG: full product range including microphones, headphones, delay and reverb systems, mic stands and phono cartridges. Featured products will include the ADR68K digital signal processing unit and the Delta Stereo processing system. • Alpha Automation: BOSS audio editing and machine management system that combines high level synchroniser control with sophisticated software routines for track building, looping and event triggering. • Altec Lansing: audio products including microphones, mixers, signal processors, amplifiers, loudspeaker components and systems, and accessories. • Amcron: Amcron/Crown microphones, amplifiers and the TEF-12 analyser. Amek Systems & Controls: products on display will include the APC1000 assignable console, the BCII broadcast console system and the Classic console. Featured new product will be the G2520 multitrack mixdown console. • Ampco: no information available. • Ampex Mag Tape: analogue and digital mastering tapes.

Featured will be a new ¼ in precision reel for 467

digital tape available in three reel sizes. • AMS: featured will be the AudioFile hard disk based digital recording system with latest software developments including sync recording, punch in/ punch out, remote machine control, digital interfaces for other PCM equipment and many additions to previous software. The full range of other AMS processors will also be on display. For Calrec by AMS see the Calrec entry.

• Anchor/ROH: Anchor will be showing their line of self-powered and battery powered monitor speakers for the first time in Europe. ROH, a division of Anchor Audio, will be showing their series 300 intercoms, series 200 modular audio systems which include wide separate modules, and the series 100 audio line monitor available in both mono or stereo formats. • ANT: a selection of items from their wide product range. Featured will be the telcom c4e noise reduction system. • Apex: hand and semi-automated equipment for label printing directly on to cassette. • Asona: range of duplicating equipment and accessories. Of special interest will be the recently introduced 2015 winder and the 301 twin slave unit. • ATB: will be providing details of their audio and video cassette components for the duplicating industry.

• Audio & Design: full range of Scamp, Ambisonic Surround Sound and other A+D signal processors. Featured will be the professionalised digital 701-ES with 1610/1630 interface and Ad-Mix coupled with the SoundStreamer card for use with a microprocessor for the transfer of stereo 16-bit audio to computer on hard disk. Also on display will be the Davis 810 studio monitors and telcom c4e cards in a demonstration using 16-bit digital recorders enabling enhancement to 20-bit performance. • Audio Developments: portable battery powered mixers including the AD160

ENG mixer, AD260 ENG mixer, AD145 with 4, 6 or 8 inputs, and the AD062 with 4 to 16 inputs with optional modules. Also featured will be the Port-a-Flex range of battery powered units which include compressor/limiter, distribution amp, 2-channel monitor, filter, interfaces, mono headphone splitter and a 2-channel splitter. • Audio Kinetics: synchroniser systems and timecode equipment including the low cost Pacer two machine synchroniser; the Eclipse audio editor; the Q.Lock 4.10; and MasterMix console automation. New products include the Striper, a timecode generator with normal facilities of reading timecode or user bits and the ability to stripe tape at  $1\times$ ,  $2\times$  or  $4\times$  play speed; and the new version of the Timelink, now upgraded and known as the Gearbox. • Audio Precision: System One IBM PC based audio test system with full range of accessories and latest software. To be introduced at the show will be two new testing modules-one for measuring DC voltage and resistance, providing variable DC output voltages and digital input and output; and the second module for generating tone bursts, square waves, pink and narrowband noise. Also the first public showing of the 'A-version' System One which has the capability of measuring amplitude on both stereo channels simultaneously. • Audio Technica: selection of wide product range. Featured new products will include the AT4462 stereo field production mixer designed for broadcast or location recording; and the AT871 UniPlate boundary mic. 
• Audiomatic: international distributors for Electro Sound duplicating equipment. • Auditem: no information available. • Audix: featured products will include the AAT3000 digital control mixer, and Access, the all digital studio talkback system. On show for first time will be first of series of digital audio sampling rate converters. Three converters developed by the ITCA and manufactured by Audix will become available during this year, each dedicated to a single conversion ratio-44.1 to 48 kHz, 48 to 32 kHz and 32 to 48 kHz. • AVS: will be demonstrating high speed cassette duplication systems, cassette to cassette copiers and a microprocessor controlled receiver for measuring broadcast antennae.

B

• **B&W:** three new models using B&W's recently introduced *Matrix* technology. The *MM1* is a miniature speaker system with a moulded enclosure and totally new drive units; the *MM2* uses the *MM1* as a mid range treble 'head' assembly over a 14 litre bass section; and an entirely new professional monitor using *Matrix* technology model on the established 801.

• BASF: full range of professional audio and video tapes, cassettes, magnetic film and calibration test tapes. • Bel Marketing: full range of condenser and dynamic microphones delay lines and sampling systems. • Beyer: full range of condensor and dynamic microphones, studio headphones, wireless mic systems and headphones. New products will include the MCE 10 miniature electret condenser mic and the MPC 60 boundary mic with exchangeable capsules. • BNS: will be showing their monitor speakers that have been developed in conjunction with NOS, the Dutch Broadcasting Foundation. The Professional Monitor 1 is an active 2-way system developed for smaller control rooms and OB vans. Newly introduced is the active Mini Monitor which is intended for nearfield monitoring applications and can be powered from

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It cuts editing time too, because unlike other audio recorders, the ATR-80 allows edit previews. In other words, it eliminates retakes and ruined tracks.

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The ATR-80 even accepts 14 inch reels—a complete, uninterrupted one hour show's worth of tape.

The fact is, no other post production recorder keeps you competitive in so many ways. So take a look at an ATR-80 and put it through its paces. It'll be first past the post.



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## **AES PREVIEW**

the mains of a 12 V car battery. • Brady: will be introducing a new splicing tape which is 1.2 mm thick with an acrylic based adhesive designed to solve problems caused in loading equipment with current thicker types of splicing tape. Also on display will be master splicing tape *DR-10109*. • Bruel & Kjaer: selection of units from their wide range of audio test equipment and precision measurement microphones. Also featured will be the range of music recording mics. • Brooke Siren: see Edge Technology entry.

## C

• Calrec: centre piece will be the Assignable '86 Broadcast Console-a comprehensively equipped assignable console offering the user the ability to control up to 128 channels and 12 stereo groups from a small control surface. Console offers fully assignable channel controls, routing and faders with instant reset and floppy disk back-up of system status memories. Also on show will be the *Minimixer* and the range of Calrec microphones. • Canford Audio: details of company's distributed and manufactured line and catalogues of products including studio fittings and furnishings, and a wide range of interfacing and interconnecting products. • Capitol Magnetics: range of tape and disc cutting products. • Cetec Gauss: drive units and loudspeakers for professional monitoring and PA applications and a range of high speed duplicating equipment



including the latest 2400 high speed duplicator. New products include the model 2480 master reproducer and the model 7228 coax studio monitor.  $\bullet$  Clear-Com: wide range of intercom systems.  $\bullet$  SJ Court Associates: monitor systems from the new Court Signature series of which the studio monitor series comprises the SN20 nearfield compact monitor, the SN30 middle sized monitor and the SN60 biamplified top of the range monitor. There will also be examples of Court speaker systems for sound reinforcement.  $\bullet$  Crest: selection of models from the Crest range of power amplifiers.

### D

• D&B Audiotechnik: wide range of sound reinforcement systems. • D&R Electronica: complete range of mixing consoles including the Discom, 200 series, 300 series, 700 series, 900





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## AES PREVIEW

series, 1500 series, 2000 series, 4000 series and the top of the range 8000 series. Additionally the full range of signal processors will be on show. The 300 series now has 100 mm travel faders; the 700 series is now a modular console. The 4000 series is redesigned with eight floating subgroups; the 8000 series is redesigned with a new patchbay and the Score automation system is now available with motorised faders. • dbx: full line of products including noise reduction, compressor limiters, 900 series modular signal processors, model 700 digital audio processor, dbx OEM products and the new RTA system. • Digital Creations Corp: DiskMix second generation diskbased audio console automation storage/editing system which interfaces with ARMS/JH-50 console computer systems. • Digitec: is the new name for the Enertec professional audio department which has been purchased by private investors. New products include the F550 and F600 tape machines; the UPS 6000 series of mixing consoles in both 10- and 16-channel versions; the UPS 6500 designed for radio/TV broadcasting use with a computer controlled switching matrix. Other products include the Europe series of amplifiers, the 10×10 and 10×1 range of audio matrices, the GCE 5000 electronic switching system and the Dynamax CTR 10 and CTR 100 series from Fidelipac. • Dolby: full range of Dolby products with featured items including modules for the new Dolby SR process

including Cat 431 for multitrack use in the XP and SP series interfaces. The complete XP24 SP multitrack unit, and Cat 280 modules for the 360/361 and M series multitrack units will also be on show. The Model 392 Dolby C replay unit will be shown for use with VTRs to make older units compatible with new C-type equipped systems. Also Dolby will be showing equipment incorporating Soundlink Adaptive Delta Modulation principles. • Dorrough: full range of Dorrough products including the loudness monitor LED-type meter. A bargraph function shows average material level and a separate dot mode shows peaks. Designed to help user adjust for uniform levels from variety of source materials. Dvnaudio: professional monitoring system Accent 3 which is an active three-way monitor.

## E

Eastlake Audio: examples of past and future studio and acoustics design projects. Will be available to discuss possible new projects.
 Edge Technology: full range of products from its subsidiaries BSS and Turbosound. BSS products will include the FDS-360 frequency divider, DPR-402 dynamic processor range and MCS frequencing dividing network. Featured new



Digitec UPS 6500



52 Studio Sound, March 1987

products include the MSR-604 mic signal distributor and the DPR-502 dual channel noise gate. From Turbosound the featured products will be the TFM-2 floor monitor which uses two 15 in

speakers combined with a 2 in HF driver in a very compact enclosure. Other new products include the V-2, a HF device designed to couple two 1 in compression drivers; and the LS-2403 24 in speaker available mounted in the TSW-124 enclosure. • Editron: range of timecode synchronisation equipment. • Eela Audio: products include portable ENG mixer together with consoles for broadcast and general audio use. Feature product will be the new digital mixer.

• Electro Sound: high speed duplication equipment including the ES4800 digital slave, 4300 automated quality control equipment and the 8000 high speed duplicating system.

• ElectroVoice: selection of products including microphones, monitor speakers, signal processors, sound reinforcement systems, drive units etc. A featured item will be the *Manifold* system.

 Electroimpex: items include studio tape machines of all sizes, mixing consoles, broadcast studio systems and studio monitors. • EMT: wide range of products including EMT 455 digital audio delay with optional remote; EMT 448 Unimatic digital audio spot recorder with remote; Multioutput-Mixsystem transportable mixer for multiple uses; EMT Multioutput-Mix system 40 Mixer expandable to 40 channels; range of EMT broadcast turntables; EMT 266X transient limiter; and the range of modules including compact limiter, noise filter, compact filter/limiter, compact compressor/limiter and a rack mount frame for the modules. • Ensoniq: range of keyboard based synthesiser musical instrument systems. • Etelac: will be showing the Amix CS-AV modular broadcast mixers; SCOOP-9 portable field production mixer; RMC-53 rack mounted production mixer; Master-MC turntable; CR-10 phase correlator. Also on display will be the Milab range of microphones.

• Fairlight: CMI series III show with latest software and peripheral equipment. Also on display will be the CVI. • Fane Acoustics: selection from the very large number of new



The fact that we don't want to mention digital recording in this advert is no reflection on its undoubted merits, or the merits of Brüel & Kjær Series 4000 Professional Microphones.

The thing is, we've seen enough adverts claiming that the ultimate microphone for digital recording has arrived; too many in fact. To paraphrase Shakespeare, "methinks they do protest too much". And he was acknowledged as a genius without mentioning digital recording once....

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86-348

Lexicon 2400 stereo audio time compressor/expander



## **AES PREVIEW**

speaker products that they have introduced including full range professional co-axial units together with special versions for live applications; crossover units; industrial speakers; bullet tweeters; LF drive units and musical instrument speakers. • Future Film Developments: comprehensive variety of cables, cords, connectors, jackfields, wiring aids and associated components plus a wide range of audio accessories. New products on show include Noriyuki timecode products, RTS programmable tone generator and Shintron timecode products. Fidelipac: range of NAB cartridges and cart machines. • FM Acoustics: full product range of power amplifiers, crossovers and Forceline high energy transfer cables. New products will include the FM236/4 linear phase crossover, the FM214 precision balanced line driver and the FM216 precision line driver. • For.A: showing the Sirius-100 digital audio memory, a hard disk based recording/replay system with the possibility of multiple work stations and up to 1000 minutes of recording time. • Fostex: full range of Fostex products including audio/video synchronisers, compact multitracks, mixers, mics, headphones and speakers.

## G

• Genelec: will be demonstrating the full range of five active monitoring systems. This includes the biamp 1019A nearfield monitor; the triamp S30 broadcast monitor; the triamp 1022A music monitor; the triamp 1024B studio monitor; and the 1025A control room monitor. • Gexco: Gexco will show products from Lexicon, Alpha Automation, Switchcraft, MRL, TimeLine, Kintek and Valley People in their role as international distributor. For full details see under company names. • Ghielmetti: matrix programming equipment for routing/switching audio and video signals. • Giese: range of synchronisers and timecode equipment including the TAKER 1000 ADR system. • Graff Electronic: Gem range of high speed cassette duplicators including the Sapphire, Ruby and Diamond models. The Sapphire and Ruby are stereo and mono systems respectively with designs that minimise number of moving parts for increased reliability. The Diamond is a sophisticated expandable stereo copier system with no limit on slave numbers.

## H

• Harmonia Mundi: showing the bw 102 digital processor and interface with capabilities including

direct digital transfer between different formats for each of two sampling frequencies and level control, polarity or channel assignment reversal, filtering, EQ, compression, time delay, etc. • Harrison Information Technology: full range of power amplifiers and crossover units. • Harrison Systems: selection of consoles from their range for sound reinforcement and recording. Featured will be the Series 10 fully automated console system. • Heyna: range of duplication systems. • HHB: smaller Sony digital products in the form of the PCM-F1/701; the CLUE editing logging unit; EVC de-glitcher; digital interfaces from A+D and RTW; the AMS AudioFde; EVC replacement oversampling chips for the Sony 3324, 1630 and 701; replacement filters for the 3324 and 1630 from Apogee; Sontec cutting EQs and delays, mic preamps and preamps for 701; Sony products including 3324, 3402, 1630, DTA2000 and DMR 2000; consoles from Amek and including other products from Yamaha, AMS, Drawmer, UREI, BSS, Amcron and Fostex.

● Industrial Acoustics: range of systems for acoustic control treatment and complete installations. ● ICM: representatives from the CD pressing plant will be in attendance. Also on the stand will be audio cassette C-Os, library boxes and various products for the tape duplication industry. ● Ilsemann: cassette manufacturing equipment including wrapping, packaging and sorting equipment for the CD, video and tape duplicating industry. ● ITC: full line of cartridge machines and accessories including Performance System, Economy System, 99B series with ELSA cartridge preparation system, Delta and Omega series cartridge



• JBL/UREI: JBL 4400 series studio monitors, the UREI Time-Align studio monitors, JBL concert series speaker systems, individual speaker components, UREI signal processing and the JBL Control One Mini monitors. • JVC: VP-900 digital audio processor, AE900V editor, CR850U U-matic video recorders, FC900 and the FC901 format converters. New will be prototype PQ editor and error checker.

K • KEF: selection of speaker systems designed for professional use. • Kenwood: test equipment and quality control systems. • King Instrument: tape loading equipment for the audio and video duplicating industries. • Kintek: television stereo audio system with metering, compensating and synthesising products. • Klotz: comprehensive range of studio/broadcast cables, including multicores, loudspeaker, microphone and single screen cables. • Kudelski: range of portable and studio based-tape machines with latest introductions of centre track SMPTE/EBU timecode developments.

■ Leonhard: range of modular and maltipurpose amplifiers and power supplies. ■ Lexicon: Lexicon products will be situated on two separate stands. Lexicon products on the Gexco stand will include the PCM-70 digital effects processor now with an additional software package V3.00 with over 40 different programs including MIDI



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AUDIO KINETICS INC 1650 Highway 35, Suite 5, Middletown, New Jersey 07748, U.S.A. 201-671 8668 Fax: 201 671 6902 library cases, boxes and blank cassette tapes.
Music Produktiv: no information available.

N

• Neumann: range of professional microphones, consoles and disc cutting equipment. Also to be featured is the autonomous microprocessor controlled equaliser, fader and microphone amplifier system. • Neutrik: full range of plugs, sockets and connectors in addition to the Audiograph 3300 measuring system with the latest modules added to the unit. 
 Neve: fully working automated multi-channel DSP console for the first time at any exhibition. Also on show will be the V Series analogue multitrack console and a 48-channel Necam 96 system in TV audio postproduction demonstration. • New England Digital: Synclavier hard disk recording system along with the latest software and updates. • Nexo: on display will be the integrated and mini-integrated loudspeaker systems for sound reinforcement. New to the show will be the PC-LINE range of cabinets which currently consists of five cabinets and two dedicated signal processors. The two 3-way systems can easily be expanded to 4-way with the addition of the PC-SUB bass unit. • NTP Elektronik: new stereo monitoring unit featuring a stereo phase scope with fixed or automatic gain control, a dual PPM with selectable integration time and a compatibility meter. Other products will include the full range of PPMs and VUs, multichannel metering unit, compressor/expander and limiting amps, automatic telephone balancing units, audio routing switchers and remote controlled pre-mix system for OB use.

• Orban: extensive range of signal processing equipment. New to the show will be the Co-Operator level control system and a programmable mic processor. • Ortiplas/Gema/ Socimag: wide selection of audio and video cassettes and magnetic tapes. • Otari: on show will be the *DTR-900* 24- or 32-track digital multitrack; *MX-80* 24-32-track analogue multitrack; *CTM-10* cartridge tape machine; *MTR-9011* 24-track multitrack; *BTR-5* broadcast 2-track; *MTR-20* 2-track top end analogue machine; *MTR-1211-CT* 2-track machine with centre track timecode; *MX-70* 1 in 8- or 16-track multitrack; *MX-5050* tape machines; *DP-80* 64:1 high speed duplicator systems and the *DP-4050* 8:1 speed cassette copiers.

 Pearl Mic Labs: range of microphones. • P&G: full range of studio faders, servo controlled audio faders, quadrant faders and T-bar types. • Pro-Bel: new products include the digital TDM audio router which is suited for larger program routing requirements and will be demonstrated using mixed analogue and digital inputs and outputs; and the BBC digital audio Waveform Generator. Additionally on display will be the 6410 16×4 compact audio switcher and the range of audio switchers and control panels. • Publison: will be showing the Infernal Machine 90 and the current range of software options, SMPTE and hard disk interfaces. • Pyral: magnetic tape products and disc cutting lacquers.

• Quad: will be displaying the 500 series of professional power amplifiers. The 510 is a single channel amplifier with isolated ins and outs giving 135 W into any impedance between 2 and 75  $\Omega$ . The 520 is a 2-channel amp delivering 100 W into 8  $\Omega$ . • Quantec: in addition to the QRS simulator on show will be the new QRS/XL, a 1U high digital effects unit with several effects including the QRS room simulation algorithms.



## **AES PREVIEW**

autotempo, inverse room, combinations and dynamic decay; the 480L digital effects system with latest software; and the 2400 stereo audio time compressor/expander. The Lexicon stand will feature the Opus audio production system which consists of a workstation, electronics cabinet and disk storage cabinet. Up to 8 hours of audio can be stored and accessed from hard disk. The workstation includes full digital editing, time slip, panning, overdubbing, signal processing etc. Lipsner Smith: no information available. • Lyrec: on show will be three product lines the model TR533 16-24 track tape machine which accepts 14 in reels and is particularly suited for audio-video synchronising; the complete duplication line with equipment for mastering, duplicating and quality control with 64:1 ratio capability with Dolby HX Pro; and FRED editing tape deck for handling ¼ in tape.

## M

• Marquee Electronics: will be featuring the new Eventide BD980 broadcast delay line with a full bandwidth, 10 s delay and ramp to zero facility. The Eventide SP2106 will also be on show with the latest programs including First Order Effects, MIDI effects etc. Also on the stand will be a range of professional products from Adams-Smith, JBL, Goldline along with other professional products. • Martin Audio: will feature various loudspeaker arrays and cabinets suitable for a variety of differing PA applications. • Meyer: full range of professional speakers and associated audio products. In addition to the UPA-1A and MSL-3 sound reinforcement systems and the 833 studio monitors, the complete range of 500 series products will be shown which now includes road box versions and stage monitors. The system features a common integrated stereo controller/amplifier. Featured will be the new MS-1000 stereo power amp rated at 1000 W continuous sine wave into 4 ohms with both channels driven and 1200 W peak. • Mitsubishi: range of digital audio recorders and mixing consoles. Featured products will include the X-86 2-track digital recorder which is available in three different versions suited for broadcast, music recording and film; the X-850 32-track digital multitrack; the X-400 16-track digital multitrack; and the Westar console in a redesigned format. • MRL: selection from range of formatted and custom audio test tapes. • Music Lab Hire: will

be providing details of a wide variety of professional digital and analogue sound recording equipment currently available for hire.
Musicbox: wide range of C-O cassette shells,

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## **AES PREVIEW**

R

• Ranson: will be showing the following equipment: Inovonics FM stereo audio processors; Audiometrics AMCDS 1000A multiplay broadcast CD player; Gentner teleprocessing equipment; Shively FM antennas; Broadcast Electronics tape cartridge equipment; Soundtech audio consoles; CRL Dynafex equipment; CTE International transmitters and Sonifex tape cartridge equipment. On show in a demo room in conjunction with Incomtel and Allied International will be the Mediatouch Touchstone system allowing computer control of a complete radio station with a colour TV monitor replacing the audio console. • RE Instruments: range of test instruments featuring the RE201 dual channel audio analyser. • Robotecnica (AEG): range of tape cassette loaders. • Rood: range of broadcast products including stereo encoders and decoders, bandwidth extension systems, MPX equipment, and drives for FM transmitters. • RTW: featured will be the new 1150DA peak meter for digital audio signals. It is connected

direct to the status port of the *PCM1610/1630* processor and offers overload indication, displays for CRC, average, hold, parity, mute and emphasis. Also featured will be the analogue/digital interface for the Sony *PCM-701* offering conversion from 701 to 1610/1630 code digitally in both directions; and also the *CL-1* cassette loader for medium and small load cassette production. The full range of RTW meters will also be shown.

## S

• SAJE: variety of consoles suitable for radio. TV, recording, theatre and stage applications. Featured will be the Memory assignable console. • Saki Magnetics: line of long life ferrite heads for Ampex, MCI, Otari, Scully and Studer tape machines. Featured new product will be a ferrite audio post head for the Sony BVH 2000. • Sanken: full range of Sanken mics. Featured is the CMS-7 portable MS stereo handheld mic with a stereo control matrix box and designed with high immunity to noise. Also on show will be the CU-41 double capsule condenser mic, the CMS-2 MS stereo condenser; the CU-31 and CU-32 small condensers. • Scenic Sounds: UK distributor of products from Schoeps, Audio Precision, Lexicon, Publison, dbx, Orban, etc. will be showing details of their product ranges and services. • Schmid: no details received.

• Schoeps: full range of microphone products and accessories. Featured will be a prototype power supply with mic preamp for connecting professional mics to line inputs. • SCV: range of signal processing equipment including dual compressor/limiter, 13 and 28 band graphic equalisers, spring reverb and frequency selective noise gate. Other products include active and passive DI boxes, crossover, phase checker, buffer and mic splitter. • Seem Audio: no information available. • Sennheiser: range of RF wireless, condenser and dynamic microphones along with headphones for various applications. • Sescom:



ART ProVerb and Stramp CP-1 from Struven



range of audio and interface products including mic splitters, audio transformers, modules, snakes, line drivers, extension cords, etc.

• Shape: Mark 10 audio cassette designed for professional applications incorporating unique design features and Agfa high bias tape. Also available will be details of their video cassette products and CD manufacturing facilities.

• Shure: microphones and accessories will be on display including the latest SM 89 shotgun mic. the FP series audio mixers and the new wireless microphone system. • Siemens: no information received. • Sifam: full range of meter products including PPM and VU types in addition to wide selection of collet and push on knobs. • Solid State Logic: will be demonstrating their complete range of audio consoles, studio computer systems and machine control systems in the form of the SL 5000M series, SL 6000E series and the SL 4000E series. Featured will be the new high performance Studio Computer which allows productions that would normally have taken two floppy disks to be loaded into high speed dynamic RAM giving instant access to any part of the mix. Large amounts of data can be carried on the compact 20 M/byte disk cartridges. • Sonosax: range of small portable mixers designed for broadcast, fixed or mobile studios, and postproduction. • Sony Broadcast: equipment will be displayed in two demo rooms and 'workstation' areas that make up the stand. 'Dem room 1' features the merging of audio and video showing the BVH-2800 1 in C-format VTR with 16-bit digital audio. 'Dem room 2' shows digital editing with PCM-1630 CD mastering system and DAE-1100A editor and DMR-4000 U-matics with DTA-2000 tape verification in addition to an edit pair of PCM-3402 stereo 2-speed DASH machines. Other equipment includes the MXP-2000 broadcast mixing console, CD players including the CDP-3000 pro unit and the CDK-006 'juke box', full range of analogue tape machines and the DASH product line with the PCM-3324 being demonstrated in 48-track configuration with a range of interfaces.

Sound Engineer: sound recording magazine. • Soundcraft: featured will be the new TS12 in-line console interfaced to the Saturn multitrack equipped with Total Remote. The TS12 contains many of the features of the TS24 and is suited for 24-track operation. Also on display will be the new series 600 patchbay console with 24-track monitor module; the series 500 monitor desk for live work; and the series 200SR monitor console for more modest PA applications available in 8-, 16- and 24-channel frames. • Soundtracs: range of mixing consoles including the T, M and MRseries. • Stanton Magnetics: will be displaying their range of professional cartridges and stylii. the 310B professional preamp equaliser and the 30M/SR disco headphone. • Stellavox: full range of tape machines. Featured will be the TD9 with its newly developed tape loading and muting program. • Strand Magnetic: wide range of products for the audio and video duplication industries. • Struven: featured will be the CP-1 mixdown automation system to automate audio levels up to 64 channels. New for the show will be the CP1-RC remote control which is a modular controller system allowing up to four controllers direct access to all 64 channels either for single groups or complete groups. • Studer: wide range of products with featured models being the A820 multitrack tape machine; the A807 2-track compact recorder; the A812 mid-sized professional recorder; the SC 4008 system controller and the 963 compact mixing console. • Switchcraft: full range of audio connectors, switches and jackfields.

Studio Sound, March 1987

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... and if these are the stars of the HOWEVER, YOU ARE NOT ABLE TO ATTEND THE AES SHOW IN LONDON. UT REQUIRE FURTHER DETAILS ON THE SONY TOP PERFORMING RANGE UT REQUIRE FURTHER DETAILS ON THE SOLVEN AND SEND IT TO: show, you should see the full supporting Marketing Services, Belgrave House, Basing View, Basingstoke, FG2 2LA cast!

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**AES PREVIEW** 

• TAC: full range of TAC consoles with featured new products being the SR9000 advanced sound reinforcement console and the new Scorpion model XPB added to the range with an integral patchbay. • Tannoy: celebrating their 60th anniversary, Tannoy will be showing the SGM series of dual concentric monitors; the DTM-8 compact desk-top monitor for nearfield work; the FSM studio monitor; the Wildcast live music PA loudspeaker systems and the Tannoy SR840 power amp. • Tape Automation: range of duplicating equipment including master transports, slaves and loaders. • Tapematic: will be featuring the model 8000 fully automated cassette feeding device, tape winders, video loader, 480 in/s duplicating system and quality control equipment for audio duplication systems. • Tascam: in addition to the ATR 60 series and series 40 tape machines and the 300/500 series mixing consoles there will be a large number of

#### new products including the ATR 80 24-track 2 in multitrack featuring high speed tape handling; the 16 bus M600 series console with 24 to 32 inputs and 16- or 32-channel monitoring; the ES 50 synchroniser for sync of a slave ATR to a master machine and the ES 51 synchroniser control unit allowing expansion up to 4 machines; the CD 501 professional CD player; and the 122 Mk2 pro cassette recorder. • Timeline: on show will be the Lynx timecode unit and LTC-422 controller. • TracSystems: will be showing their modular-based cassette duplication systems for short production runs and fast turnaround. • Trident: featured will be the Di-An digitally controlled console, now fully working, and a restyled series 80C with a new monitor module. Turbo-Sound: see Edge Technology entry.

• Turnkey: no information available.

## V

● Valley People: featured new products include the model 400 mic processor which is a multifunction single channel unit comprising a transformerless mic preamp, 3-band EQ contoured for the spoken word, compressor and de-essor; model 440 limiter compressor/dynamic sibilance processor; and the model 610 dual compressor/expander. ● VCL Audio: futuristic console design for controlling sound, light and video. ● Versadyne: professional high speed duplicating equipment including the advanced 1500 series system.

## W

• Wandel & Goltermann: range of test equipment including the NFA-1 automated test system. • Westec: will be demonstrating the LT 3000 SMPTE-based console using hard disk storage and floppy disk backup. • Westlake: full BBSM range of nearfield monitors. It is hoped to have the new BBSM-15 three-way high level monitors on show. Westlake distributor in Europe, Britannia Row will also be showing the full range of BGW amplifiers including the new SPA1 and SPA3 signal processing power amplifiers; the Summit TLA 100 tube levelling amplifier and the TPA 2 tube mic preamp; the full range of Sonosax mixing consoles; the full ElectroSpace product range and details of their hire services.

## Y

• Yamaha: new professional products include the DMP-7, an 8:2 automated digital mixer with three built-in multi-effects units and motorised faders along with the low cost 8:2, MV802 rack mounted mixer. Other products include the TX81Z fully programmable, rack mounted FM expander; MFC1 MIDI foot controller; S500 three-way sound reinforcement speakers and the PD2500, a 2U high 500 W per channel power amplifier weighing only 12 kg.

• Zonal: full range of tape products including 900, 950 and 200 series MSR film; 675 and 610 series audio tape and the complete range of cassette tape products. New product will be the 839 series of tapes designed for portable recorders, duplicating and logging use.

Ζ

Studio Sound will be based on stand 375 exhibiting copies of the latest issues together with magazines from our sister publications Broadcast Systems Engineering, One To One and our reference publications. Both editorial and advertising staff will be in attendance at the stand or around the convention and we look forward to meeting anyone who wishes to drop by for a chat.





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## LIFTING A DIGIT FOR ART'S SAKE

Alan Parsons mixes some personal views with practical experience on the subject of digital multitrack recording. The basis of this article was originally presented by Alan at Digital Information Exchange '86

offer. It is particularly difficult for studio owners to justify the capital outlay on digital multitrack recorders unless their rates can be sensibly increased, and they can guarantee their studios will be booked because they have kept up.

There is a further problem with the lack of a digital multitrack standard. On the other side of the fence, the vastly increased studio rates charged to artists for digital recording have led to the need for more thrifty use of studio time. Caught in the middle are the record companies who demand to know why the cost of an album can be increased by as much as 100% by this mysterious new technology. They have had a further shock to the system recently as they've had to spend as much as half their budget in a day and a half to shoot the obligatory promotional video.

Video is a high-tech area which has to be paid for and is an acknowledged and accepted expense. Digital recording is also a high-tech medium, and therefore also entails high costs. Record companies find this difficult to accept; few realise that the payoffs can be not only a dramatic improvement in the sound quality of the finished record but also a potential new breed of musical product made possible by the creative use of the latest technology.

Pre-production can always save time, and therefore expense, but is sometimes not practical. The artist will often take the attitude that it's not their money. (It nearly always is!) Current trends allow for sequencers and drum machines to be programmed at home (by voice command in the bath perhaps?) or in a cheaper demo type studio. Rehearsal halls offer another cheap alternative for routining material while others enjoy the freshness of creating the product from scratch in the studio. Many thousands of hours of studio time have been wasted trying to 'get it the same as the demo' so cutting out the demo stage can help in some cases but it is usually only those with superstar status that are given this opportunity.

Many A & R men consider digital recording as an expense which they feel can be avoided but would they shoot a promo video on VHS? Not on your life! "If this album does well we'll think about doing the next one digital." I think the industry should come to terms with the fact that by their refusal to give their artists the benefit of the new technology, they are holding back the development of music. If the record companies were just a little more adventurous, increased sales would mean hardware prices could come down and everyone would benefit. Here we are in the age of the laser scanned digital disc, and many of us are still using studio recording technology dating from the thirties.

The norm for the recording of rock music is now 48-track  $(2\times24 \text{ analogue})$  in many music studios but facilities offering a pair of in-house Sony 3324 machines are fairly scarce. The PD format's 32 digital tracks have been found by many to be not quite enough and a pair, making 64, would be too much—especially since there are no music studios that I know of that have 64 monitor positions on their console. Both systems have their supporters, however, and it is still unclear which system is going to stick. Perhaps Studer will be the guiding force for a standard (*in number of tracks only—Ed*).

I have my own doubts about the realistic practical use of a 64-track system owing to the restrictions imposed by console monitoring configurations but I would not wish to get into deep water with a discussion of the other merits of Sony v Mitsubishi. I have yet to work with the Mitsubishi system hands on, and can therefore not comment on its audio performance. In most respects both systems offer similar operational facilities, and although my experience is with the Sony DASH format, there is much common ground from a user's point of view between the two systems.

Dolby SR has been given a lot of exposure in recent months. Multitrack analogue, particularly beyond 24 tracks, does benefit from noise reduction and I acknowledge that the SR system is extremely good at reducing noise but not a great deal more than that. It covers up a major problem that exists in analogue recording, ie tape hiss, but it doesn't make transient clipping disappear altogether, and problems associated with inaccurate machine alignment, azimuth and tape wear, still don't go away. I therefore do not regard Dolby SR with analogue any real alternative to digital; it is simply a very good hiss reducer and—to Dolby Labs' credit—a great deal better than Dolby A. It is, therefore, of benefit to those who insist that the future lies in the ancient technology of analogue electronics.

Right! That's the criticisms out of the way. Now on to the operational stuff!

## A nice pair

Firstly, a statement for which I may be criticised myself: to take full advantage of the creative and technical potential of digital multitrack in the recording of rock music it is vital to work with a pair of machines. This goes beyond the fundamental requirement for a large number of tracks as we shall see.

Much has been said on the subject of manual editing on digital multitrack. The Sony system does not allow us to make infallible splice edits. Even if we are lucky enough to have successfully cut and spliced two sections of tape together (with our sterilised gloves and face mask in a dust-free room) the manufacturers recommend safety copying the tape immediately. (Requirement number one for two machines.) So why not take a tip from the video guys (who threw away their razor blades long ago) and edit electronically? (Requirement number two for a second machine.) Even Mitsubishi, with their more reliable cut and splice editing facility, would have to acknowledge that electronic edits are more flexible.

With electronic editing there are distinct advantages. Firstly we can hang on to the original unedited sections and make new decisions based around old and new versions. (Classical producers love this!) Secondly a 'preview' of the chosen edit can be made via the machine electronics without recording a note,

Alan Parsons started his career as assistant engineer with The Beatles in Abbey Road studios at the age of 18. He went on to engineer for Paul McCartney, The Hollies and Pink Floyd for whom he recorded the classic *Dark Side of the Moon* album. As a producer, his credits include Pilot, John Miles, Ambrosia, Al Stewart and of course his own Alan Parsons Project. He is apparently available for weddings and bar mitzvahs and makes great tea.

and any inaccuracies can be corrected by trimming the 'in' and 'out' points with 1 ms resolution. This would be equivalent to joining on or cutting off bits of tape less than 1 mm in length (at 30 in/s), or 1/40 of a film frame, and also avoids the shaking, sweaty hands and heart failure!

Requirement number three (and probably the most exciting and as vet unrealised justification for a second machine): is for manipulation of sounds and sections. It has become commonplace in many productions for a bank of, say, backing vocals to be recorded on only one chorus of a song and then 'spun' in for the remaining choruses. The source is often an AMS or similar Infernal Machines (sic) with a long memory store or a stereo recorder containing a mix of the appropriate section. (Digital stereo recorders are difficult to 'hand sync' unless synchronised with timecode.) There seemed to be a competition going on at one time to see who had the greatest memory capacity in their AMS! The disadvantages are of course that the A/D/A conversion in the sampler of the AMS will result in increased noise and a deterioration of signal quality. Needless to say, any analogue tape generations bouncing material backwards and forwards will also be at the expense of audio fidelity.

There has been some experimentation in manipulation of sounds with devices like Fairlights, Synclaviers and AMS (again!) AudioFile systems. A second digital multitrack offers a good specification, the longest 'memory' and the best track flexibility for this technique of all the systems. It remains at all times in the digital domain and gets stored on a shelf as a tangible piece of real time product—not as a hard disk buried inside a machine or as a microchip which might crash.

I have found a system of selective digital bouncing, or 'lifting a digit' has been incredibly useful and musically creative. For example a drumfill, taken from an earlier take, can be inserted into the same tracks of the master multitrack with no signal degradation. Similarly, if the piano player only managed to get his part right before the band went to the pub, his sober performance can be incorporated into a new master where the remaining tracks come from different takes or a new live performance. (This does make the assumption, of course, that all recording has been made to a click track.)

Further uses for the second machine are the formatting of different versions of songs, ie 12 in mixes, album and single versions, and the compilation of whole album sides including effects and crossfades where necessary. Once again the degradation that would be expected following any analogue processing does not exist. Also a multitrack tape can be sent abroad for a Jellybean or dance-music-engineer-of-the-month remix, and a multitrack 'clone' just as good as the original can be retained back at base.

## Old digits die hard

The best way of dealing with the operational differences between analogue and digital recording is to make comparisons at each stage of the recording process.

*Hiring machines and transport:* Many digital machines are owned by hire companies, and are readily transported on a project by project basis to the studios that do not possess their own. Digital machines tend to be very heavy. The time taken for a difficult load-in therefore needs to be taken into account. It isn't my intention for this article to enter into a 'buy or hire' discussion but it has always baffled me why record companies don't go into the equipment hire business!

Line up: 48-track Dolby analogue can involve as many as 624 adjustments if a client's tape is to be used for the first time. (For those who don't believe me the following sequence is necessary to line up a Studer machine: Replay—level, HF, LF; Sync replay—level, HF, LF; Record—bias, level, HF; Dolby replay in and out; Dolby record in and out—13 parameters×48=624. And then if you want to use 15 in/s as well as 30!)

Suffice it to say that digital scores greatly in this area. Although a full technical line up on digital machines can be fairly time consuming and involves an oscilloscope and other test equipment, the only day-to-day adjustments are level in and level out. Most users have adopted a standard level setting and have left these adjustments completely alone for weeks, even after a machine has been unused for several days. Abbey Road studios allow two hours for line-up on Day 1 of a 48-track analogue session, and say 20 minutes to tweak daily. The attitude with a digital machine is switch on and go, perhaps making a quick check that the machine gives unity gain between the console and the monitor chain. Ask any studio technical engineer which he would rather do! In fairness to Studer I should mention their new analogue multitrack. When *is* their digital multitrack coming?

*Tones:* All that is usually necessary is a 1 kHz tone at 0 dB across all tracks. High and low frequency tones are not necessary on digital multitrack, but a 10 kHz tone is useful for a later phase check on 2-track formats like F1, if a mix is made on multitrack.

*Timecode:* Many analogue multitrack users would not bother to lay down timecode until it was needed, perhaps for a synchroniser or automated remix. There is some advantage in pre-striping code on both analogue and digital multitrack and I would recommend it for either. In the case of analogue machines, a definitive identity is given to each point on the tape, and machine counter inaccuracies can be checked. Also any timecodebased drum machines or sequencers can be clocked or triggered with reference to a taped timecode. When striping a digital tape



I think the (record) industry should come to terms with the fact that by their refusal to give artists the benefit of the new technology, they are holding back the development of music

## LIFTING A DIGIT FOR ART'S SAKE

with timecode we lay down the control track at the same time. This gives us a 'no tears' situation for later locating, synchronising and overdubbing. For 48-, or 64-track, it is a good idea to match the timecodes and control track numbers of both tapes, so that no offsets will be required for synchronisation. An advantage of digital recording is that new code can be added after the event, since the speed of the tape has to be the same as the pass on which the control track was recorded. But analogue machines are essentially free running devices, and a new code striped on to an analogue tape will bear no relation to the recorded material, meaning a sync drift will almost certainly occur. Digital machines invariably have a dedicated timecode track making all 24 or 32 tracks available for music.

Tape speed and sampling rates: It is usual on analogue to choose the highest tape speed, ie 30 in/s for most applications in music recording, though the lower speed (15 in/s) might be used for running time or economy reasons. With digital we have to decide whether or not to use emphasis, and make the choice between 44.1 kHz and 48 kHz sampling rates.

In the case of the DASH system, there has been much discussion about which settings give the best results though 48 kHz is obligatory for use with the Neve *DSP* all digital

... analogue systems do suffer from tape compression which tends to prompt 'Where's the punch?'

> console. For me the decisions are easy. I use 44.1 kHz sampling so that a direct transfer can be made from a pair of 3324 tracks to a 1610 or 1630 processor. This is via a special interface designed by Sony for the purpose. I do not use emphasis for the simple reason that the music is most likely to be louder on CD without emphasis than if the recording had been made with the emphasis switched on-end of story!

> The first recording: When noise reduction is used for a first time analogue recording, the machine's performance is usually ignored until playback. The only chance we get of checking the tape is listening to a distinctly nasty fizzy rendition of the encoded programme, or by looking at line out on the console meters. In the old days (why does everybody always talk about the old days?) it was an accepted practice to monitor everything including the current input off tape. Noise reduction turned this into a forgotten luxury, since each channel could only handle one mode at a time, ie record or replay. At least at mixing stage we could listen off tape, because tying up four Dolbys for a stereo machine wasn't so extravagant. (Notice the past tense all you antique dealers!)

> With digital, noise reduction can be forgotten about. (Cue for another endless discussion.) Although we cannot monitor the tape itself while recording, we can at least hear what the digital processing is doing to our sound. I have recently been monitoring all input material via the machine. This is similar to

getting an off tape signal without the tape running! If you make the assumption that any later error correction is transparent, there will be no surprises after the material has been recorded. From this point on, a digital machine is dealing with numbers. All we are asking the machine to do is remember to output the right numbers in the same order that they were put in, and not to take away the number we first thought of!

Playing back the good one: As mentioned earlier, analogue systems do suffer from tape compression which tends to prompt the comment 'Where's the punch?' Digital systems arguably have a transient response unequalled by any analogue system, and since the majority of rock music is based around drums, it is important that we keep all the 'oomph' we can.

At a recent comparison (set up by the British Record Producers' Guild) of analogue with Dolby SR against DASH digital, the off tape differences were very subtle with a close miked piano. The SR did in fact give the lowest noise level. But as soon as a Linn drum machine was plugged in, the lack of punch off the analogue machine against the DASH machine was really quite noticeable. Even at low level the analogue machine could not compete with the digital's extra kick.

One further comment: a digital recording does not suffer in the same way as analogue when it is played repeatedly, perhaps hundreds of times. Tape wear on most analogue systems results in a loss of high frequency response which is difficult if not impossible to retrieve. On a digital recording, tape wear leads to increased error correction. This is usually not noticed by the ear unless the errors are very serious, and can be alleviated by copying the tape after a sensible number of passes. It is important to keep an eye on the error lights in the machine.

Dropping/punching in and out: I have successfully dropped in and out on entire backing tracks on digital machines. Although analogue machines have had improved specifications in recent years, there is still often a glitch, especially on drop-outs. Digital machines also offer a rehearse mode which helps to avoid accidents. Also those tight one-syllable inserts can be stored in memory and recalled.

Headphone cue monitoring: Because of the nature of digital processing, there is a small time delay between input and output. This is an extremely short delay and certainly not long enough for the ear to perceive as a late signal. However, if a processed and unprocessed signal are directly combined, a noticeably phasy sound will result.

For the sake of simplicity, engineers usually send to studio headphones from monitor or tape return circuits. This means that when a vocal track, for example, is being overdubbed and dropped in, the vocalist will hear the voice on the tape and a line in signal via the machine when the tape is stationary or when he is recording. If he asks to hear himself as well as his recorded voice before the drop-in, a direct feed to the cue circuit is sent from the microphone channel or, in the case of SSL consoles, Ready Group and Ready Tape are pressed together. This is fine for analogue recordings. On digital the time delay phase errors result in endless complaints about the voice in the headphones sounding different before and after the drop. As soon as the machine goes into record, a delayed line in signal gets combined with the live microphone feed and consequently gives a phase error.

A good way round this problem is to turn down the mic channel cue send and assign the microphone to a dummy machine track which is used exclusively for sending to the headphones. The chosen track on the machine remains on line in at all times and will always be in phase with the track on which the recording is being made. This is because the dummy track has undergone similar processing and therefore will appear with the same time delay as the useful track.

Track bouncing: It is usually necessary on a rock recording to reduce a quantity of recorded tracks down to a more manageable number. This would be typically for 'vocal combining' between various performances or to balance up multi-layered parts down to, say, a pair of tracks. Bouncing can also be a clean-up operation to create space for new material.

Careful engineers working in analogue would be reluctant to bounce drums around as any generation losses are most likely to be noticed on transient material with a lot of frequency content. They would further avoid bouncing anything more than once.

Digital offers great flexibility, as track-to-track transfers can take place in the digital domain with no multi-generation losses



## LIFTING A DIGIT FOR ART'S SAKE

(even drums). Mixing down multi-layered parts does mean, of course, a D/A/D conversion but a minimum of quality is lost. Unlimited amounts of material can be stored digitally on other tapes (if you have another compatible machine—sorry!) and later retrieved.

Mitsubishi supply a well designed on board digital patchbay with their machine and an external patchbay is easily constructed for the Sony system. Mine is a network of bantam jacks which is pluggable via 50-way connectors to the 3324 machine's digital data ports. Sony are currently working on software-controlled digital patching.

Mixing: Video productions, notably documentaries which may



Rock and pop music is so much based on quality sound and production these days, and writers and musicians are hungry for new techniques. . . Digital recording isn't just a science; it's becoming an art form

have several different language versions, are sometimes recorded on analogue multitrack and mixed internally on two spare tracks of the machine. This can then be used as a submix to which commentary can be added. For analogue music recording, a mix on multitrack would offer no benefit as a further tape generation would be inevitable to get the mix on to a mastering format.

On digital, if we mix on to two spare tracks, we have the advantage of not having to set up a 1610/1630 (or other stereo machine) to record on to until we are convinced we have the definitive version of our mix. Then the transfer is just a formality and the mix can stay in the digital domain (unless we are transferring to an incompatible format). With a mix running alongside the source and with digital's clean cut drop-in and out facility, short sections of a mix can be corrected without editing, or running the tape for its entire duration. Of course, there is no harm in mixing directly to 1610/1630, F1/701 or even 2-track analogue but, as I will explain, there are further advantages to having a mix on the multitrack tape.

If we come back to a mix days later and say to ourselves: "The mix is great but it needs a little more rhythm guitar," we can run the existing mix into two faders on the console, and add the rhythm guitar via another fader into the overall balance. Then we can record the result on another pair of tracks—or can we?

There are two areas for concern. Firstly, the process I have just described has taken the music out of the digital domain for the second time (the first was the recording of the first mix). Now the mix, containing the rhythm guitar at its original level, has gone D/A again and back into the desk. The guitar track, appearing on a different channel is still first generation.

Whoops! The same time delay phasing problem has reared its ugly head again. All the elements in the mix have been processed twice but the guitar is just going through one D/A conversion. In order to bring the guitar back out of its time warp, we have to delay it, either within the machine as previously described (see 'headphone cue monitoring') or via an external delay line. There would be a good case for manufacturers to come up with a variable 'digital domain delay line' for this purpose.

Album compilation: If by now all our mixes are on 1610/1630 format, we can take our stack of U-matics to a digital editing suite or hire in a Sony DAE 1100 editor, with a second VTR, and compile our album.

If we have the mixes on multitrack, however, and we are lucky enough to have a pair of machines (does he ever give up?) we can stripe and code a piece of blank tape long enough for the whole production, and make digital transfers on to a pair of mix master tracks from the various source tapes.

A digital patchbay is again essential for this operation. Crossfades and effects can be compiled on other tracks and edited into the mix master tracks. It should be mentioned that we have gone D/A too for the duration of the crossfade but on analogue, crossfades always mean a downgrade of one tape generation.

## The future

Ah! The good old standby 'future' heading, which means I now have to meaningfully wrap things up!

I admit to being utterly sold on digital-both multitrack and stereo. Possibly I had already made that clear.

These days everyone's a hi-fi buff. It is no accident that CD hardware is selling the way it is. Even punters can tell a good sound from a bad one, particularly when it is an export pressing mastered in the Middle East from a copy that was made from the export copymaster of the copy of the compilation EQ'd production master copy which 'we think was Dolby'd' or an off azimuth pre-recorded cassette which the (major) record company 'could not afford' to put on chrome tape or use the best tape housings. Rock and pop music is so much based on quality sound and production these days, and writers and musicians are hungry for new techniques. We've barely scratched the surface up till now. Digital recording isn't just a science; it's becoming an art form.

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Power Handling: 250 watts. Impedance: 8 ohms nominal. Sensitivity: 96db. Size: Width 794, Height 546, Depth 360mm. Weight: 35 Kg. Crossover: Passive 300Hz and 3500Hz. System: 15" roll surround If, 8" homopolymer mid, 1" ferro fluid soft-dome hf. SN60

Frequency Response: 25-20.000Hz±3db. Power Handling: 200 watts. 400 watts. Impedance: 8 ohms hf. 4 ohms lf. Sensitivity: 97db. Size: Width 1078, Height 546, Depth 360mm. Weight: 82 Kg. Crossover. Passive 3500Hz and 200-300Hz electronic. System: 2x15" roll surround lf, 8" homopolymer mid, 1" ferro fluid soft-dome hf.

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## **CHIPPING NORTON**

Janet Angus reports from this well-established residential studio in the rural setting of Oxfordshire, England

> he studios in the old school house at Chipping Norton are run by the Vernon brothers—Mike and Richard, both very familiar figures in the business for many years. The rural setting is more

reminiscent of country mansions than a prospering market town. Pastoral views from the main building stretch over a rambling green valley with, of all things, a tweed mill off in the distance.

The main building is of course the school house, circa 1853, with accommodation consisting of a series of cottages. These form one side of the courtyard of a former coaching inn, originally a stopping off point for the Stratford to Oxford coaches. The cottages were converted from the old stables. All very romantic.

The atmosphere at Chipping Norton is not one of high pressure. It is best summed up by one pro-audio dealer not very far north of Watford when he said that Chipping Norton was his favourite studio because when he arrived a little early for an appointment he was told to go into the kitchen and have some breakfast while he waited! And what a kitchen too; but more of that later.

The school became a studio over 14 years ago. Residential studios were very much a new idea then—Rockfield had just started and the Manor was thinking about it. Mike Vernon at the time was enjoying not inconsiderable success as a record producer, and he and brother Richard had started the Blue Horizon Records label which boasted amongst its acts Fleetwood Mac. Since they were spending money left, right and centre on recording studios it was only sensible to acquire one of their own. The residential idea started simply for practical reasons and over the years has developed a luxurious nature which no band could possibly find wanting.

The original studio was built within the confines of the existing building and the first studio design was by David Grinstead, then of Decca. The original set up was six bedrooms and self catering but Neil Grant has now completely redesigned the recording facilities.

The studio area itself has not changed dramatically but a live room has been added. It is in the control room, however, that changes have really taken place. The area has been extended and further space has been afforded by the removal of the machinery to a separate machine room. Mike Vernon: "We closed down between mid-November 1985 until mid-

Mike verion: We closed down between hid-November 1953 that hid-March '86. The studio had been redesigned in 1977 by John Storyk of Sugarloaf View. The reason we chose him then was that we have always been inclined not to follow trends and everybody else here was having Eastlake or Westlake. It was fairly futuristic for the time but the acoustics were far more successful than they had been! We were doing it a bit in the dark first time round. We still didn't have a live room with that design—we used to use corridors and things. We never looked past what we had in terms of structure you see. If we had put a live room in then there wouldn't have, been room for a studio. But it worked. The drum sound on *Baker Street* became quite popular and we got quite a name. But it was never truly satisfactory. Over the last two or three years we began to realise that we had to do something major—adding a live room and a larger control room especially with the increasing popularity of electronic keyboards and MIDI facilities in the control room. As it was before, there was no room to get anything in at all!"

Although the building is Victorian with lovely high ceilings, the original design incorporated false ceilings which had then been forgotten about. Raising these, taking the floor down 5 ft and taking out two walls increased the available working area.

"We chose Neil Grant to design the new facility because we wanted something different, and we felt that Neil's designs tend to be unique."

Quested softdome monitoring was also installed. "They're tremendous—I can't speak too highly of them. We listened to lots of other systems but really there was no alternative."

Measuring 7.5×5.5 m the new control room is of the lighter and brighter design which is currently favoured to give a less stressful working environment. Low voltage lighting enhances the light grey fabrics which tone with the grey RPG diffusers at the rear of the room. Smoked glass mirrors give an added illusion of space. There is a great deal of room behind the console with a seating area at the back. The overall design is of the LEDE-type, and in addition to the RPGs, there are wooden slats on the side walls which suck in the mid range. Between the monitors are sliding glass doors through to the new machine room, which is faced by the console. The control room wiring has been designed by Brian Haywood to accommodate any quantity and combination of keyboards desired. Chief engineer/studio manager Barry Hammond reported that he has not come up against any keyboard situation that they have not been able to handle. There are 32 keyboard inputs plus 16 parallels dotted around the room. In addition there are MIDI points all round the room and thus anything can be plugged in anywhere

Another feature of the control room wiring is that there are machine inputs at the back of the room so that if a producer wants to have the machines in during the mix they are easily wheeled through from the machine room.

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## **CHIPPING NORTON**

The mixing console, as far forward in the room as is practical, is a 32/24Trident TSM with phantom power on channels and extra auxiliaries.

Mike: "We used to have a Trident A series 16-track with MCI and Scully machines and JBL monitoring. One of the reasons we have always stayed with Trident is that the EQ is so good with the faders—it is something that we have always favoured. We have always been very pleased with the results we have got out of the desk—lots of hit records and clients who come back. We felt that we did not want to be 85th on the list of SSL studios. We have been Trident here for 14 years and it hasn't done us any harm. We got the TSM six years ago and our next move may well be the Di-An."

The tape recorders are an MCI JH24 24-track and Studer A80 (4 in) and A820 (4 or  $\frac{1}{2}$  in) as well as a Sony PCM-701. The Dolby collection comprises A361s, M16H and M8H all housed in the machine room which is quite roomy,  $5.25 \times 2$  m deep, and cosmetically furbished to tone in with the control room.

In addition to the main Quested monitors. nearfield monitoring is by Yamaha NS-10Ms, Visonik David 6000s and AR 18s. There is an extensive complement of outboard gear including AMS RMX 16 and Klark-Teknik DN780 digital reverbs, AMS dmx 18-80S digital delay with pitch shifter, Publison Infernal Machine with 21 s stereo sampling, Drawmer DS201, Roger Mayer and Kepex noise gates, dbx 902 and Orban Parasound de-essers, Marshall Time Modulator, Bel BF20 stereo flanger, Orban 621B parametric equaliser, dbx 160 and 165 limiters, UREI 1176 limiters, Survival Projects stereo panner, Eventide 1745M digital delay and H910 Harmonizer and two EMT 140 stereo echo plates. There are also Aiwa and Tandberg cassette decks for copies.

Plans for the future equipment-wise: "We're looking at Dolby SR at the moment. We definitely won't be buying a digital machine because they can't make up their minds about the format, and with analogue and Dolby SR you can virtually deliver the same. It really doesn't warrant spending the sort of money involved. Realistically speaking we won't be even thinking about digital until we have a new desk. The cost of equipment and the amount of equipment you need to have available because clients demand so much puts studios almost in a financial bind so that prices have to go up and then the record companies won't pay. Album budgets nowadays are in the region of  $\pounds 100,000$  and on a new band A&R men don't like it. It's a vicious circle but our answer is not to buy the sort of equipment which forces us to charge those sort of rates.

"As for machines, we are MCI at the moment but will probably go for an Otari or Studer. We are getting a lot of enquiries for 48-track and the new room is prewired for it but it stretches the *TSM* so that is why we are looking at desks. But you have got to take these things slowly and think about it, listen to our clients..." which include Duran Duran, Level 42, Barbara Dickson, the Fureys and Gerry Rafferty whose gold discs adorn the kitchen walls.

The new live room measures  $4.25 \times 4.85 \text{ m} \times 5 \text{ m}$  high. RPG diffusers feature again here on one side wall and the oak is set off by the grey fabric also used in the control room. Loose carpets may be moved or removed as required. There is a track above the glass doors to mount *PZMs*. The studio area has not changed a great deal. There are soffits down one side which are finished in a combination of oak, grey fabric and stone. Angled windows give clear vision through to the control room and the mahogany flooring gives a nice feel to the room. Built within the original building it is possible to walk right round between the two which is obviously useful for wiring purposes.

Within the main building there are various nooks and crannies where a band member may lose himself—sitting rooms, video and listening rooms, pool room, all accessed from different routes and all comfortable. One sitting room features old school photographs which turn out to have been a job lot from a local dealer and not originals, but you wouldn't notice the difference. There is a small kitchen for sneaking the odd cup of coffee behind the machine room but upstairs is the real centre of the universe. The main kitchen has also been given a face lift with very attractive wooden finishes and a huge kitchen table constantly laden with all sorts of delicious fare provided by three cooks who work various shifts to ensure that there is



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## **CHIPPING NORTON**

always something interesting about to come out of the oven.

Also upstairs is the overflow accommodation which consists of five bedrooms of various descriptions and which is presumably the original accommodation. Out in the courtyard the row of cottages provides total



to be carried out before the control room 'rebuild' could start.

A former kitchen, workshop and basement boiler room were all ripped out in order to create more space and bring the control room floor down to the same level as the studio area. The lowering of the floor increased the ceiling height enormously. A new foundation slab was installed and building of the room started all over again.

Neil Grant: "The previous control room was extremely small and sounded dreadfully bad—it needed enlarging and acoustically treating so that there was no imaging, etc."

The height of the room, some 4.5 m is what Neil considers the most appealing feature of the room. Designed on an "...evolution of the LEDE principle—known as reflective free zone (RFZ) I was creating an area wherein mixing and working areas of the room would hold no competing reflections. I used RPG diffusers (whereas before I would have used splayed surfaces, as a result of my more recent experience I now employ RPGs).

"Having broken out the original floors and excavated the basement, the builders demolished the workshop and kitchen, toilet and stairs landing and lowered the level of the floors to accommodate the new foundation; new structure membranes had to be put in. In this large void we built a timber acoustic shell.

"It is a very tall room. One of the big limitations in London is that you usually cannot get the height-here we had two storeys to play with."

Acoustic finishes are essentially rear of the room diffusing and front absorbing. The rear of the room is finished in beech and ash hardwoods as well as RPGs, with a newly created access to the reception area. The front of the room consists of two densities of Rockwool: low/medium backed by a higher density. "There are voids behind the structure for LF absorption while the timber shell functions as an LF absorber."

The control room ceiling and front wall are covered in a series of grey and charcoal open weave woollen fabrics. The floor is light oak tongue and groove with a section of carpet at the rear. Possibly the most visually striking feature of the room is the unusually large floor to ceiling windows through to the studio which are matched for symmetry on the facing wall with smoked glass mirrors, angled to control reflections.

The old light fittings were replaced with low voltage lights which, although initially more expensive, are cheaper to run and because of their privacy and comfort and should people wish to bring their families each one is totally self sufficient. There is even a laundry room.

As Richard said, he thinks people like staying at Chipping Norton because there are so many places to get away from people and you can make it pretty difficult for people to find you if you want to! The whole complex is run on a very small staff which also helps to create the family atmosphere. Chipping Norton Studios Ltd, 26/32 New Street, Chipping Norton, Oxfordshire OX7 5LJ, UK. Tel: 0608 3636.

#### higher colour temperature, are brighter and provide a more comfortable working environment.

Monitoring proved to be a bone of contention between designer and client. Neil: "The monitors are on concrete plinths and were designed to be mounted on isolation pads. The studio's engineer thought that wouldn't work because he could push them... we have since proved that it does work. However, Barry vetoed it. When the monitors are bolted on to concrete, LF energy travels faster through the concrete and fabric than air, so it is travelling through the structure of the room and shows the bass response. Subjectively you get more bottom end but this is an illusion, so it is our policy to isolate them. It was just a last minute burst of nerves on the part of the client."

Neil Grant had more or less a free hand in the designing of the room, the only client requirement being that they must be able to see the machines, and there should be as much room as possible for musicians in the control room. Although the newly created machine room is not inordinately large, it does leave the control room clear of clutter. It is equipped with its own air-conditioning plant which was installed as part of a major revamp and replacement of the existing system.

The mixing console is placed very far forward in the room, allowing space for working behind it. "Yes the console is far forward—my rooms are all forward biased."

The original studio area was very dead—"an anechoic little box"—into which Neil introduced variable acoustics with one end relatively dead and lifeless for piano and vocals, getting progressively brighter towards the live room end. "The request for an actual live room as such only came about half way through the project!

"We didn't do too much in the studio. We put in a new 'technical ceiling' to match the rest of the facility; changed fabrics and removed some of the trapping to brighten it up. It is still controlled but not as dead as it was."

The live room used to be a tape store. "Again there is a lot of heightvery nice. All surfaces are reflective. We built a timber shell, as in the control room, and apart from some LF control there are no absorbers. There are sliding glass doors into the studio and one wall holds a bank of RPGsotherwise the walls are splayed and angled."

Either side of the sliding doors there are little recesses which turn out not to be a subtle part of the acoustic design but "little nooks and crannies to be in keeping with the studio area".

Neil's overall assessment of the finished work: "It is a very unusual control room with a unique high ceiling."

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# New sounds only change what we hear.



#### New approaches to ambience, imaging and sampling

The new 480L digital effects system from Lexicon was created to produce more accurate room simulations. However, within its innovative software and hardware are possibilities that extend far beyond the limits of realism: combinations of plate, gated and ambient reverbs, unique cascaded time-based effects, sampling. Personal settings can be stored and transported on RAM cartridges.

Controlled from the familiar LARC, the 480L's multiple high speed processors operate in several configurations. Samples can be processed with reverb and time-based effects, all in the digital domain. Two control rooms can use one 480L. Or two 480Ls can be connected through their digital I/O ports. A 480L can even be connected to a 224XL and both units operated from a single LARC.

#### Moving forward by looking back

The 480L is a generation beyond other digital processors in both hardware and software. Yet many of its advances were conceived in centuries-old con-

cert halls. Close analysis uncovered basic flaws in the usual digital techniques of ambient simulation.

In real halls, the rate of the first 15 dB of decay is crucial to the perception of spaciousness and ambience. For many listening positions, this initial decay is longer than the measurement of total reverb time would suggest. To emulate these fine old halls, it is necessary to control the initial decay independently of the overall reverb time.

#### Hall programs of unprecedented realism

The initial reverb envelope defines apparent room size and ambience to the ear. In real spaces, this buildup and decay is gradual, with a complex, nonexponential profile. The use of digital pre-delays does increase apparent room size, but adds unnaturally defined attacks that make the sound artificial. The 480L's SHAPE and SPREAD parameters emulate the complex profile of natural reverb. SHAPE affects the contour of the reverb envelope, while SPREAD controls the time factor for that contour. When balanced with SIZE (reverb density) and RT60 MID, SHAPE and SPREAD create deep, warm, spacious ambience without excessive decay times.

AEG Nederland N.V. Prof. Audio Dept. Aletta Jacobslaan 7 1066 BP ÁMSTERDAM THE NETHERLANDS







GRISBY MUSIC PROFESSIONAL s.r.l. Via delle Industrie, 4 60022 CASTELFIDARDO (Ancona) - Italy Phone (071) 781714-5-6 - Fax (071) 7819048

# Only new ideas change the way we listen.



#### Now we have a clearer picture.

The 480L's innovative SHAPE and SPREAD controls continuously adjust the diffused reverb profile to match the ideal ambience characteristics of a real hall — with uniquely natural pre-delay.



#### Digital processing for digital production

The 480L is engineered for the unforgiving alldigital audio environment, with its higher standards of accuracy and dynamic range. The PCM 1610/1630 compatible *digital I/O interface* lets you add true stereo ambience and sampling, *all in the digital domain.* 18 bit linear internal architecture and converters produce a wet signal dynamic range of 98 dB. Now you can add reverb without adding noise even on a digital master.

#### The next stage - and beyond

Right now, the 480L is a powerful and dramatic step forward in digital signal processing technology. Yet its present software doesn't strain the architecture, which is itself designed for future hardware additions. If you need continually expanding creative options more than disposable packages of cliché sounds, experience new possibilities. Treat your ears — and your imagination — to an hour with the new 480L Digital Effects System from Lexicon.

> Gexco International Inc. is the worldwide distributor of the Lexicon 480L and other high quality products for the recording, broadcast and postproduction industries.



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# MARTIN POLON'S PERSPECTIVE

he night is warmunseasonably so for London. On this June evening two men pull a van up to the deserted sidewalk on Osnaburgh Terrace near London's fashionable Regent's Park. They are circumspect as they get out of the vehicle, as though they are only too aware of the district police facility less than half a 'click' away up Albany Street. One of the men is vaguely oriental as though one parent had come from Hong Kong several generations ago. The other man is large and swarthy, with thick sweating lips that come from descent via the desert. Both men are well dressed but the larger man looks of New Oxford Street while his Asiatic companion bespeaks New Bond Street. The two men begin unloading four large wood and cardboard boxes. From their markings, these boxes have clearly reached London via freighter from Asian waters.

Another car suddenly pulls up to the kerb; this time a shiny blue Rover that parks behind the van. The two men are startled from their unloading but recognise the driver and nod. Two men fashionably attired respectively for the business suites of Damascus and Tokyo exit the Rover. One of them carries a small aluminium suitcase. The obvious leader of the second group, seemingly Arabic in nature, issues a curt command to his underling. This worthy exits around the corner of the large 1930s building, only to return quickly with a porter pulling a trolley. All of the containers are loaded on to this ancient transportage. The merged group follows behind the load as it is wheeled into the discrete and genteel ambience of the lobby of the White House Hotel. The leader now asserts his command of the whole group and slips the porter a £5 note with a room key. The group waits for several minutes and then heads for the lifts. The four men emerge on the sixth floor and enter a large suite.

Once inside, this surreptitious force take their respective coats off and roll up their sleeves. From the boxes, four sleek electronic components emerge along with test generators, scopes, digital multimeters and tools. Of the special components, three are larger than the last. Screwdrivers and other tools are flourished and quickly the innards of the four units are bared to the harsh glare of the overhead fixture. From the aluminium case comes small plastic boxes cradling computer chips. A 'black' box dangling thick cables is also brought out. Ninety minutes later the modifications are completed and the testing and alignment begins. Finally, the units are then connected together and the four men synchronise their watches. The leader reaches for the 'black' box and pushes a button. The men hurriedly exit the room and dash for the lifts!

Does this report tell of a deadly Libyan threat to the peace of London? Is this a gathering of sophisticated Asian and Arab terrorists? What terrible weapon have they foisted on the unsuspecting residents of London North West One? Perhaps an Iranian-backed effort to sabotage peace efforts in the Middle East? A disastrous turn of events engineered by the Soviets in the epic struggle between Iraq and Iran?

No, dear reader, if we are to believe what the press says the Western World's record companies are currently engendering, something far worse is taking place—R-DAT digital tape machines have been modified to make digital one-on-one copies of compact disc recordings. In our little story, the modified DAT units are busily dubbing away as the pirates leave their copying set-up to partake of a spot of late supper in the cosy French restaurant below.

That the Western World's major record companies have been waging a vitriolic campaign against R-DAT is fact; that the real reason is the threat of digitised piracy remains a question to be analysed. According to published reports, no less a figure than the honourable Stanley Gortikov, President of the Recording Industry Association of America (RIAA), told members of the United States Senate that the impending introduction of digital audio tape (DAT) "has struck fear into the hearts of the music industries throughout the world". Gortikov reportedly also stated, "Congress has a rare opportunity to devise, in separate legislation, a permanent solution to the digital home taping problem before severe incremental damage is caused by the product."

Unfortunately for the RIAA and its world partners in the IFPI, the White House has taken a strong position against home taping legislation and Congress is so obsessed with issues like deficit reduction, tax reform, the war on drugs and 1987 budgets that no action is expected on the DAT issue at this time. Nevertheless, the concern shown by American record company executives has been categorised by many as extraordinary. One executive was quoted as stating that R-DAT would turn every home into a record factory.

On the international front, officials at Philips have taken a very strong stand on R-DAT as have officials of other companies. There has been a strong suggestion of a possible direction to be taken by the members of the IFPI global label trade group and the European Association of Consumer Electronics Manufacturers (EACEM). The veiled threat of prohibitive duty within the framework of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) has been raised, according to many observers of the European A/V scene. It is even hypothesised that such action would encompass a joint US/EEC response against R-DAT. As one US journalist assigned to trade negotiations put it, "Why fight the Pasta war or the Orange war when you can beat up on R-DAT. It has no friends outside of Japan." Whether or not that last statement is true, R-DAT has stirred up a veritable hornets' nest on a worldwide basis.

The clearly implied threat of R-DAT is that it would be an ideal tool for copying the compact disc-the vessel, parrot and broad sword of the digital pirate. Does that implication match the reality of R-DAT? The answer is probably not. It would not be impossible to use R-DAT for compact disc copying but there is a real lack of logic to the process. Compact disc in playback utilises a single set of digital to analogue (D/A) converters to produce a usable stereo audio output. The use of an R-DAT recorder would require that the D/A converted analogue signal from the CD be subjected to A/D conversion at the input of the DAT recorder and then to undergo another set of D/A conversion when the R-DAT is in playback mode. There is justifiably no reason to make such a recording from the point of view of fidelity of the recorded copy since the CD in playback requires only one set of conversions-the R-DAT mode sees the use ultimately of three sets of conversions.

Aha, you say. Clever people will modify their R-DAT machines by simply bypassing the D/A circuitry, leaving the desired functions in the digital domain, you say. The approximately 84 signatories to 'the R-DAT Concordat' (great title for a Ludlum thriller) conceded the possibility of illicit copying and designed the R-DAT with 48 kHz sampling. This total incompatibility with the 44.1 kHz sampling rate of the compact disc player means that nerdy teenagers with broken glasses patched with tape, will not pop the covers of their CD and R-DAT and short circuit the analogue converters to record digitally. Not that is, unless they can afford the \$10,000-plus pricetag necessary for a viable digital audio standards converter. In addition, the initial plan for R-DAT encompasses blank media providing less recording time capacity than that needed for the transfer of CD software.

Aha, you say. The record companies are concerned that the evolved R-DAT will be used to steal the CD by consumers who are willing to sacrifice some quality for relative fidelity of the digital copy, you say. That is all well and good but the evidence points in another direction. The R-DAT will sell at introduction for a premium price in the \$1200 range. If CD's history is an accurate predictor, it will be at least two years before R-DAT reaches the \$500 price point: portable and automative R-DAT players will come but not overnight. Blank cartridges for R-DAT will also cost about the same as video cassettes when it reaches mass market status. In the near term, blank media could cost closer to \$10 a pop. Aligning the future of CD with the same time frame, we find CDs selling in the \$10 price range. That provides little economic justification to the 'home pirate' who has to spend upwards of \$1000 to break into the game and \$10 for each tape that is 'pirated'. If and when R-DAT achieves some success and those figures are reduced to \$500 for the recorder and \$5 for a tape; there is still not sufficient incentive considering the potential loss of digital fidelity for the sophisticated audio enthusiast. The bulk of all illicit copying is done by young people, according to several recent studies, and they use recorders costing under \$200 and blank cassettes costing less than \$2 They copy for convenience, to save money and to avoid the poor quality of pre-recorded cassettes.

The question of CDs and cassette copying does provide some alternative insight to the problem of copying. It seems that our friends in Japan have devised sophisticated combinations of CD players and high quality cassette recorders in the same package. One maker has a CD-cassette component with necessary timing and control electronics. The product is targeted at 'the audiophile with limited space' just the thing for turning out a perfect copy of the latest Bruce Springsteen album. Another well known Japanese name has a sophisticated 'executive boom box' with a CD player, two highspeed cassette recorders and the necessary control electronics to automate the entire process of multiple taping of a CD. Sold with its speakers, AM-FM tuner, equaliser and amplifier, the unit is just the thing to set a budding entrepreneur up in the copy business. Add a dual high-speed dubbing deck and four studio-perfect cassette copies are available in the blink of an eye.

No one can argue with the record companies calling 'foul' over home hardware configured suspiciously as to allow piracy. That the need for such equipment has been engendered by the record companies' notoriously poor cassette quality is not the point here. Two wrongs do not make a right—even in the audio industry. Then why haven't the record executives launched an attack of equal virulence at CD-cassette copying? It might have something to do with hidden agendas towards R-DAT.

Item one involves the threat that R-DAT could affect the future success of the whole CD format. Highly coercive metal tape cartridges, slightly smaller than the analogue Philips cassette, are attractive in size, could be used in pocket-sized digital 'walkers' and would be a sensational format for automative usage (the tape medium eliminating the 'jiggle' problems that moving CD players seem to have). Commercial software generation via digital tape copying would be significantly improved for R-DAT over the multi-million dollar 'clean room' technology of current CD pressing facilities. Large quantities of R-DAT software could be placed on the market in a relatively short time and be quite price competitive with the CD. We are told that CD pressing plants will achieve billion disc output by 1990. Unfortunately, if we have 5 million players searching for 100 million discs in 1986, we could well find 50 million CD players in need of the 1

billion discs promised for the next decade. Add 1,000 titles for a reasonable catalogue of CD releases divided into one billion disc capacity, still leaves only 1 million copies of each disc to serve potentially 50 million CD players worldwide. So, it appears that CD software shortfall and portability issues of CD hardware are areas of threat posed by R-DAT to the future of the compact disc.

Item two is the potential for the recording CD and/or other optical digital recording formats. Recent Wall Street Journal articles have linked major audio/video companies like Philips, who control record label affiliates, to the development of the recording CD. It certainly seems to make little sense to place R-DAT into the marketplace and then try to introduce a similar disc-based system several years later. Curiously, both Philips and Sony are important signatories to the R-DAT agreement. It is impossible to pinpoint all the elements involving R-DAT that are making the record companies hot under the collar but what we do know is that where there is smoke there is fire.

Some analysts see the most disappointing facet of all this as the apparent ease with which the Japanese have been backed down. Several respected technologists who work for Japanese consumer electronics companies have been heard expressing private doubt if R-DAT 'is really the right product': the same individuals were ecstatic about R-DAT three months earlier. Does this mean Japan is suddenly talking down R-DAT for good reason or merely because of the direct and relatively political pressure that has been applied. Is there a private horsetrade to avoid the 'Hunter-Killer' chip on conventional audio recording products in exchange for a significant delay in R-DAT's consumer introduction? All very hard to say and even harder to prove.

What is fact is the reality that Japan is not going to abandon R-DAT. Certainly, the demand for a top ticket true digital R-DAT for the recording studio and professional broadcast marketplaces has never been greater. Reported agreements between several powerful Japanese consumer electronic companies have apparently mandated a Spring to Summer 1987 release for R-DAT. Whether that will be in the consumer marketplace or in the professional audio sector remains to be seen.

The bottom line, boys and girls, of the world's consumer electronic companies and record companies is that if you bungle the transition amongst digital products, you will without doubt throw consumer confidence out the window. Certainly, the 'final solution' (not my words, the words of a record executive at a conference) offered by record companies to the 'problem' of R-DAT is not a consumer confidence builder. This is the insertion of the now infamous CBS Labs 'Hunter-Killer' or 'Filter-Chopper' chip that disrupts recording from commercial releases so configured. Here we have the audio industry's version of the pre-frontal lobotomy. Or as a CBS Labs press release implied: you don't hear a thing.

For better or worse the new/old owners of CBS have marked the lab for extinction and whether The Chip ends up in all our R-DAT machines or on general sale remains to be seen.

Please, all ye of little faith who runneth this industry—please let's work together to establish consumer confidence in digital products of all kinds. Remember that there was *not* an eleventh tablet hauled down from the Mount with the inscription, 'Thou shalt buyest all consumer electronics hardware and software.'



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# BARRY BUSINES

#### Name dropping

Word has just filtered through of a musician found by the police slumped helpless over the wheel of his car on the motorway hard shoulder.

He wasn't drunk or ill, he was just helpless with laughter. Another musician in the car had just told him about what happened on the LBC radio phone-in programme a few nights earlier...

The phone-in host was giving away T-shirts as prizes in a musical competition. Callers had to give the Christian names of famous musicians.

An Australian phoned to compete.

"The name of the musician," said the chat-show host, "is Mozart. What were his two first names?" Silence.

"We'll give you some help," said the host." His first name was Wolfgang and there was a film about him. All you have to do is tell us his second name."

Silence again. Time is running out. Finally the man from Oz who had volunteered for the job, spoke up hopefully. "Er...er...would it be Bruce?"

#### Stereo TV for Britain

It looks as if Britain will be getting stereo and bilingual sound with television by 1988-using the first terrestrial digital system in the world. Because the system is digital, it can also carry data, text or graphics. And the technology is compatible with the digital sound format that all Europe has agreed to use with MAC TV for direct broadcasting by satellite.

The far reaching decision by the BBC to go ahead and start broadcasting TV sound in stereo, and the promise by the IBA to follow, has been underplayed because there is continuing confusion over which government department is responsible for technical matters like this in broadcasting.

Currently the only way the British get stereo TV sound is through simulcasts. Japan, the US, and West Germany have started broadcasting stereo with TV. A technical compromise is always necessary because the stereo signal must be compatible with existing mono receivers. Everyone including, now, Britain has chosen a different compromise. The British system really does look like being the best.

All television programmes in all countries, are broadcast with the picture signals on one carrier and mono sum sound on a second carrier of higher frequency. The spacing between the vision and sound carriers differs from country to country but is usually around 5 or 6 MHz.

For stereo, Japan chose a multiplex system similar to that already used all round the world

for FM stereo radio. The sound carrier has an extra sub-carrier, either for difference information (for stereo) or a second language (for bilingual tracks). A pilot tone tells the receiver whether to keep the two signals separate for bilingual or matrix them for stereo.

Europe, led by West Germany, refused to adopt the Japanese system. The official argument was that it could not adequately separate two different language channels. The real reason was that politicians wanted to limit low cost imports from the Far East. The West German system puts the stereo signal on a second sound carrier which is transmitted at a slightly higher frequency, and lower level, than the main sound carrier. Patents on the idea are probably worthless because it is old technology, so the import ban would not hold anyway. There have been some problems with birdies and although the Germans don't talk about it, stereo sets incorporate a noise reduction chip derived from the old Burwen studio system.

The US scorned the German technology and modified the Japanese multiplex system. The stereo sub-carrier is processed by dbx noise reduction.

The BBC has effectively updated the West German system with digital technology. There will be two sound carriers. The main carrier, with mono sound, is analogue and picked up by existing receivers. The second carries a stereo pair in digital code, and will be received by a new generation of sets or bolt-on decoders.

The bit stream is compatible with the C-MAC bit stream adopted by the European Broadcasting Union and all European governments for DBS. For stereo hi-fi or bilingual broadcasts, the sound is sampled at 32 kHz, and encoded into 14 bit words which are compressed down to 10 bits. One or both sound channels can be replaced by data running at 704 kbit/s. This stream can carry teletext, graphics, paging signals or even still pictures.

Responsibility for broadcast decisions in Britain is now split between the Department of Trade and Industry and the Home Office. The BBC asked the DTI to approve its system, and the IBA backed up the request. The DTI recently decided 'yes', but thought it was up to the Home Office to issue a formal announcement. The Home Office thought there was no need for an announcement because the system does not need any extra radio frequency allocation. Actually, says the Home Office, there was no need for Government approval anyway!

Need or no need, the BBC had to go through the motions because manufacturers would not invest in the design of sets without some kind of formal blessing. Most now promise sets in the shops by 1988, in time for the BBC's service. The IBA will join in later: after 1988 when it starts to replace aging mono transmittters with new ones which are stereo-capable.

The big question now is, what will West Germany do? Their system was launched with a bang in autumn 1981-at the Berlin Radio Show. The German electronics industry saw stereo as a way of selling new receivers to a saturated market. But five years later still only one of the three TV channels (the second channel) is transmitting stereo and still only a few programmes a week. Germany and France will soon get DBS and digital sound from C-MAC. The terrestrial TV broadcasters in Germany could easily switch to the BBC's digital system. But the people who have bought receivers for the analogue system will not be amused.

Sometimes it pays not to be first.

The BBC terrestrial TV transmissions, or German and French DBS programmes, will not be the first digital TV sound broadcast direct into homes. Japanese homes can already receive digital stereo with TV signals from a direct broadcasting satellite.

Japan began DBS in May 1984. There was an incentive to do this because Japan is so mountainous that terrestrial transmission cannot reach some parts of the country. Commercially Japanese DBS has been a flop because two out of the three transmitters on board the satellite failed. The Japanese blamed French company Thomson, which supplied the microwave amplifier tubes. In the future they will buy Japanese.

A second satellite is now broadcasting and the omens look better. The sound from the Japanese satellites is PCM. It can be transmitted in either of two ways, modes A or B. In the A mode the digital data stream carries four audio channels each sampled at 32 kHz, coded into 14 bit words and companded to 10 bit. In mode B there are two channels, sampled at 48 kHz with 16 bit linear coding.

By sacrificing the analogue TV signal, and using the whole 10 MHz satellite channel to carry digital audio, there is room for 12 or 16 channels of hi-fi mono, six or eight stereo pairs or a deluge of teletext, fax, HDTV still pix or MIDI music.

#### Timecode explained

A German company claims to have developed a timecode system that can be used with 1/2 in domestic video recorders. Normally there is no room for a timecode track on the tape. The new system, called Rapid, slots digital timecode words into the pulse track on the edge of the tape which is used to synchronise linear tape transport with rotation of the video head drum. When checking the story and comparing it with SMPTE coding, I found not a single text book on the shelf which explained SMPTE code clearly and concisely. Most of them just waffled.

No wonder there is such confusion, for instance over 'drop frame', the electronic bodge necessary to compensate for the fact that American and Japanese colour video tape does not run with a frame rate of exactly 30 Hz-it's a shade under (29.97 Hz) to avoid interference effects. Anyone looking for a clear description of timecode, not just SMPTE but VITC (Vertical Interval Timecode) as well, need look no further. Future Film Developments of Wardour Street, London, will sell you one which is published by Cipher Digital Inc of Boston Massachusetts. It's written by Walter Hickman and in 100 or so pages tells all in English which is as plain as possible for something that is as tricky as timecoding. The only snag is the price. Those 100 or so pages will cost you £8. (Well recommended. Ed)

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INSIDE THE NATIONAL SOUND SOUND ARCHIVE Tim Leigh Smith

delves into the <u>records</u>

he National Sound Archive began life in 1951 as the British Institute of Recorded Sound (BIRS) in Russell Square near the British Museum, 1968 brought a move to west London alongside an accumulation of renowned museums (Science, Geological, Natural History, Victoria and Albert) and educational establishments (Imperial College, Royal College of Music, Royal College of Art, City and Guilds College). Funds were provided directly by the Department of Education and Science until 1983 when the National Sound Archive (NSA) became a department of the British Library. This meant more secure funding and a brighter future. The NSA acquired the use of a second building in Exhibition Road and was able to make improvements to its facilities, including the installation of Neve's fourth DSP desk.

The scale of the Archive's work is somewhat mind-boggling as it aims to be a comprehensive collection representing the full spectrum of recorded sound, particularly in Britain, over the past century. This so far comprises about a million discs of all kinds and over 45,000 hours of recorded tape.

The NSA collection is divided into various subject areas which are the responsibility of specialist curators. Music is covered in four areas: Jazz, Popular Music, Traditional Music from all parts of the world, and Western Art Music. Two curators specialise in the spoken word: one deals with Recorded Literature including plays and poetry; the other deals with recordings of interest for their linguistic content such as accents and dialects.

One curator is responsible for the collection of Wildlife Sounds which has major contributions from the BBC Natural History Unit at Bristol, individual recordists and members of the Wildlife Sound Recording Society. Another area where enthusiastic individuals have already done considerable groundwork is Industrial Sounds; from transport and factory noise to weaponry ancient and modern. The NSA is now establishing a curator to develop this part of the Archive.

#### Acquisition

The collection continues to grow very rapidly as the NSA receives copies of most currently available commercial recordings and makes its own recordings of broadcast material and live performances likely to be of historic interest. It also receives occasional gifts or bequests of both commercial and private recordings from individual collectors, and even complete backcatalogues from some record companies.

An arrangement with the British Phonographic Industry ensures that the NSA receives copies of 80 to 90% of all discs commercially available in Britain, including major imports. This amounts to between 2,000 and 3,000 discs a month: from pop and classical music to the spoken word and wild life sounds; from singles, 12 in singles and remixes to albums, cassettes and compact discs.

A secondary source is by way of the Gallup organisation which acquires copies of all chart discs to check label details against sales data sent in by retailers for the chart compilation. These discs are subsequently passed on to the NSA to help fill any gaps as many small independent labels are not members of the BPI. Thus any record that makes the Top 100 is assured of its place in the Archive. Cataloguing this vast influx of material should be greatly assisted by the National Discography computer database which began operation in January 1986. This is a joint venture between the NSA and the Mechanical Copyright Protection Society. It is intended first to cover all new releases, then gradually to include all currently available recordings and finally to work backwards in time to take in all existing material in the Archive.

The NSA also holds copies of all BBC Sound Archives material and BBC Transcription Service discs (radio programmes for sale to broadcasters overseas). Independent local radio does not have a central archiving system but ILR material is acquired from the Association of Independent Radio Contractors' programme sharing scheme.

Some 20 hours of BBC programming is recorded off-air each week. A rack of five *PCM-F1*-type digital processors each feeding up to three Betamax machines controlled by digital time switches provides unattended off-air recordings. Three VHF tuners cover Radio 2, Radio 3 and Radio 4; a fourth tuner takes Radio 1 medium wave and a line feed from Broadcasting House can be used for Radio 1, Radio 4 long wave, or BBC World Service.

About 300 hours of live material is recorded each month by NSA staff. Much of this is spoken literature from the National Poetry Centre, the Institute of Contemporary Arts, the British Council and major literary festivals. It includes almost every production staged by the National Theatre and the Royal Shakespeare Company over the last 20 years and the English Stage Company at the Royal Court since 1973. Recordings are also made of visiting musicians from overseas whose work is not widely available on commercial recordings.

Portable recording equipment comprises four Nagra 4.2s, a Uher and two portable F1 kits. A couple of Marantz cassette machines with Dolby C are used when lightweight gear is needed for overseas travel. Microphones include the AKG C451 capacitor mic with its range of different capsules, and moving coil mics such as Beyer M210, AKG D202 and D220.

Theatre recordings have been done on a single Nagra using double play tape at 3% in/s to get the required running time. More recently it has been found that the stereo signal from a pair of C451s with the CK8 short shotgun capsule is quite good enough to justify digital recording.

It is perhaps surprising that the National Sound Archive also collects videotape recordings. These come from two main sources. Some video productions are bought in because they feature historic sound recordings which are not otherwise available. The NSA also makes its own video recordings of some of the events it covers, where it is thought that the visual image provides an unusually high degree of information about the



The Neve DSP alongside a 1924 gramophone designed by Louis Lumiere

sound. For example performances by foreign theatre companies or visiting overseas musicians playing unusual instruments.

The NSA's Education Officer Jeremy Silver points out that these are purely archival documents and not multi-camera productions: "We're very concerned that the cultural events we are documenting are not affected in any way by our presence. Obviously that's where sound still wins out, and that's why we've been able to make recordings in so many different places for so long. Even with low-light cameras and so on, video technology still isn't capable of making a satisfactory recording in a darkened theatre but we are starting to video a certain number of events. It's something that we'd like to move into more—it's a question of resources—at the moment we can't afford it."

#### Conservation

The bulk of the Archive collection is stored in climate controlled vaults downstairs. Back-up copies are kept at a secure store 'somewhere in England' lest any of the worst excesses from the small print of insurance policies come about. Every spare corner of the premises is occupied by work in progress: boxes of tapes and discs of all ages and sizes awaiting treatment, duplication or cataloguing.

For instance one attic room is the temporary home for about 1,000 tapes and over 3,000 discs which constitute 'the Bishop collection'. Jack Bishop provided recordings of sound effects and background music for many West End theatre productions in the 1930s, 40s and 50s, first on disc and later on tape. He also occasionally recorded the performances providing an intriguing side light on theatrical history.

In the offices and technical areas Revoxes and Studers, mainly *B62*s, abound. Besides swish Technics turntables there are older workhorses according to the HF content of the signal. The results are most impressive.

## INSIDE THE NATIONAL SOUND ARCHIVE

such as the Garrard 401 fitted with SME 12 in arm and Shure M44 cartridge to track 78s at four grams, or more, using a wide range of special styli which Expert Pickups provide to suit all types of groove. Dirty discs get the full treatment from a Keith Monks twin turntable Record Cleaning Machine.

Familiar equalisers are supplemented by machines like the Packburn Audio Noise Suppressor. This unit aims to get the best signal off a mono disc played with a stereo pickup. The operator can select a stereo output, or a single channel, or combine both channels to read either lateral or vertical information.

The combining system works on the principle that modulation which is the same on both channels is signal and any difference is noise. If either channel is more than 3 dB noisier than the other then the quieter channel is selected. If neither channel is more than 3 dB noisier then the two are attenuated and mixed so that the summed signal maintains the same level and the noise is reduced.

In the second stage a type of peak clipper is used to recognise the sudden impulse of a scratch or click and apply gain reduction to suppress the noise. The final stage is a form of dynamic noise suppressor. A soft knee low pass filter rolling off at about 9 dB/octave is automatically adjusted to operate from any point between 15 kHz and 3 kHz

#### The Neve room

Much of the NSA's technical equipment is tucked away in small back rooms but the Neve *DSP* desk is presented in a tastefully curtained room. This console has three 2-channel inputs and a 2-channel output so it is more like a *DSP* mastering unit than the mighty multitrack desks such as at CTS and BBC OBs. It is intended mainly for processing individual items so the faders are set off to one side and the signal processing controls are right in front of the operator.

Each channel has 4-band EQ offering up to 12 dB lift or 24 dB cut from 30 Hz to 15 kHz with considerable overlap between adjacent bands; high and low pass filters with up to 24 dB/octave roll off; three notch filters which are each tunable over the range 45 Hz to 200 Hz in 1 Hz steps, 200 Hz to 1 kHz in 5 Hz steps and 2 kHz to 16 kHz in 50 Hz steps with variable Q. Limiter, compressor, expander and noise gate are also available.

As in other *DSP* desks a single set of controls is assignable to any channel and the various processing stages can be configured in any sequence. Digital readouts allow very accurate and repeatable settings, any of which can be held in one of 30 memories or stored on micro-floppy disk.

Day-to-day operation of the DSP is in the hands of Noel Sidebottom whose superbly descriptive job title is Audio Restorer. He has found the precision of the DSP controls particularly useful-mains hum and its harmonics are no problem: "When it's not simply a mains hum I use a spectrum analyser (Klark-Teknik DN60) to identify exactly what we're getting. You can usually see if there is a particularly irritating colouration or resonance. Then I can key in exactly what I want to remove. I had to remove a cricket recently from an Amazonian field recording. It was quite near the microphone and was distracting from the music which was on the other side of the river. You could actually see the thing at almost exactly 12 kHz on the analyser so I notched it out. That



For playing wax cylinders the NSA constructed this machine

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worked extremely well."

The convenience, cost and quality of the PCM-F1 format make it a very attractive storage medium for the NSA, particularly as there is rarely any requirement for editing. Thus material from acetate tapes or discs of dubious longevity, for instance, is currently being transferred on to Betamax.

It is NSA practice to put two versions of mono material on to the twin track copy: one channel is treated to achieve a more acceptable sound by present standards and the other is a straight copy without any processing so future generations can still get back close to the original as tastes and sound processing technology change. The University of Cambridge Department of Engineering is developing a digital scratch filter which is already achieving good results but is not yet up to real time signal processing.

#### Chief engineer

Chief engineering officer Lloyd Stickells worked closely with Neve engineers in the planning of the NSA DSP equipment. Lloyd started out as a technical operator in BBC Radio and worked in the Film Unit at Maida Vale, transferring extracts from film soundtracks to ¼ in tape for programme inserts and helping to compile programmes such as Movietime and Movie-Go-Round.

A move to the government Central Office of Information (COI) Radio Division was quickly followed by three years with Radio Zambia. Lloyd then returned to the COI as maintenance engineer in the Radio Division. In 1974 he joined the Imperial War Museum's Department of Sound Records which basically deals with oral history recordings. Then in 1979 Lloyd was invited to fill a vacancy for chief engineer at the BIRS.

Several special bits of equipment have been built by Lloyd Stickells—"cobbled together" is his expression. One of these is a sequential monitor system which allows a single operator to keep an ear on several playback or recording machines. The duration of the sample from any machine can be individually adjusted to between 4 s and 1 min to suit the relative importance of each feed.

A prize exhibit is a device for playing wax cylinders. An earlier attempt to motorise an Edison machine had resulted in mechanical noise from clanking gears and thrashing wheels which often exceeded the noise on the cylinder. With several thousand cylinders to be dubbed off it seemed worth the effort to construct something better.

An old machine was found with a belt drive fitted directly on the mandrel which carries the cylinder. Suitably mounted, this offered much quieter operation. The drive motor had to provide a wide range of speeds as cylinders were nominally recorded at 160, 144 or 120 RPM and could require higher or lower speeds.

Early recordists working in some far flung corner of the Empire were more concerned with getting an event on wax than niceties of recording speed, as Lloyd Stickells has observed: "There is a certain degree of guesswork if you don't know what the material originally sounded like — if you've got a recording of chanting, you don't know whether it's children chanting or women chanting or men chanting, and depending on what speed you play it at it could sound like any of them—but I've played cylinders that needed speeds down to less than 80 or up to over 200.

"It can vary quite widely sometimes from one end of the cylinder to the other. They were spring



Giovannetti

INSIDE THE NATIONAL SOUND ARCHIVE

driven motors and if the guy was trying to squeeze another one in before he wound it up again then occasionally the speed would drift a bit between one end and the other."

A Revox capstan motor with varispeed proved to be the ideal drive. The next stage was to fit a pickup arm. People have settled for simple solutions such as a 12 in SME arm tracking in a shallow arc, arguing that tracking error is not the greatest problem with cylinder.

Lloyd decided to go for parallel tracking. Experiments were made with a stepper motor driving the pickup carriage but this caused too much vibration. Most of the companies making turntables with parallel tracking arms were reluctant to part with the arm alone but Studer readily agreed to sell the arm assembly from a Revox *B795*.

This has a DC drive carriage which follows the head across the playing surface using optoelectronic servo control. The length of travel on the arm had to be slightly extended to accommodate all sizes of cylinder then with a Shure *M44* cartridge installed the system was ready for action. A final refinement was a 3-digit LED readout showing speed in RPM.

The finish may be functional rather than cosmetic but Lloyd points out that most of the noise from this machine is caused by the vibration of the mains transformer on the baseboard. It also works very well, successfully tracking cylinders at over 200 RPM. The next



The NSA often have to deal with damaged discs

project Lloyd has in mind is a universal wire recording playback system.

Will dedicated audio engineers in 100 years' time build home-made *PCM-F1s* to recover historic recordings of the late 20th century?

# Conservation manager

Peter Copeland joined the National Sound Archive in October 1986 as conservation manager in charge of the Conservation and Technical Section—the people who operate the recording, playback and sound processing equipment.

Peter became interested in collecting records at the age of 10 when his grandfather died and the family inherited a wind up gramophone and record collection. The gramophone had woodworm and was quickly banished to the bottom of the garden. This did not dampen Peter's enthusiasm, he braved the British weather to play records in the rain.

Determined to build up a collection within the limits of two shillings pocket money a week (less than half the price of a single new record) he went looking for worthwhile second hand records in junk shops. He soon learned how to tell the date of a record, its probable quality and even its contents if the label was obliterated, just by the look of it. An ability which has been refined by over 30 years of record collecting and is proving useful at the NSA.

While still in his teens Peter began to experiment with sound recording. A local library provided a book on the subject—published in 1928. It explained that recording was done by cutting a groove in a wax disc. So some modelling wax was melted down in a tin lid to produce a disc-shaped slab and a Meccano machine was made to cut the groove.

This set up was in the summer-house at the bottom of the garden without electric power so Peter's first recordings were made by the acoustic method—yelling into a horn. (Edison would have approved.) The only problem was he had no lightweight pickup to play the soft wax discs.

By now it was 1960, Peter was 18 and leaving school. Someone suggested he should apply for a job as a BBC technical operator. He took one of his wax slabs to the job interview and was promptly accepted for a post with the BBC External Services at Bush House. At that time very few of the 33 studios there were equipped with tape machines but they all had turntables and there were numerous disc cutting channels for direct recording. Peter got a lot of experience cutting live material on to 78 RPM lacquer discs.

Within a couple of years the BBC began to sell off this disc cutting equipment. Peter bought several sets, keeping the best and selling the rest at a profit. He converted his lathe to microgroove with new gear wheels, new lead screws, a heated stylus cutter head and the appropriate RIAA equalisation. Thus in 1962 he set himself up a profitable sideline as an independent disc cutter.

Very few people had tape recorders in their homes then and Peter Copeland arranged his business accordingly: "It wasn't possible to make any money doing tape recordings but it was possible to make a recording and then sell copies on disc. In fact I never actually charged for making the original recordings. This will horrify *Studio Sound* readers: the thought of my making a charge for recording a pop group for three days just never crossed my mind because I knew that I would get the money back from selling the copies. I was operating like an old-fashioned record company in that respect."

In the meantime Peter's BBC career was developing: he transferred in 1964 from engineering to studio operations at Broadcasting House and broadened his experience by offering to travel to any BBC regional station to cover staff shortages. He also spent some time helping to establish the BBC Gramophone Library Transfer Suite where rare and valuable discs are copied to tape.

In 1971 he became senior sound supervisor in charge of the Bristol dubbing suite which proved to be absorbing work. In 1986 he was appointed conservation manager at the NSA.

#### Access

Anyone can listen to material held in the Archive free of charge simply by making an appointment to visit the NSA in London or the British Library's Document Supply Centre in Boston Spa, West Yorkshire. The London facilities have been closed to the public for some months to allow major renovation, but should reopen on Tuesday 24 February 1987.

The London listening service includes viewing facilities for the increasing collection of videotape recordings. There is also a reference library of books, monographs, catalogues and magazines relevant to technical aspects of recording and the various subject areas covered by the Archive. This can be consulted free of charge without appointment.

A commercial search and copy service offers information about the existence of recorded material and its copyright owners. The NSA can provide a copy of material from the Archive at 'a quite reasonable price' but only if the user has obtained copyright clearance from the owner.

A series of public events is staged at the NSA in the form of talks, discussions or demonstrations illustrated by material from the Archive. In recent months topics have included the influence of European commercialism on Afro-Caribbean music, the music and experience of popular female singers, the role and achievements of the popular music press and the uses of digital sound spectrography.

These events are recorded and become part of the NSA collection. They are presented by people with considerable experience in the appropriate field and are often attended by other experts. For example, Michael Gerzon was in the audience for a recent presentation on the validity of recording improvised music. He has recorded a great deal of such improvisation and agreed to lend his collection of tapes to the NSA so that copies could be added to the Archive.

This year sees the 40th anniversary of the Institute of Contemporary Arts. The ICA and the NSA are combining forces to produce a series of presentations on the subject of 'British Culture over the past 40 years' at the ICA with George Melly as MC. These lively events will be recorded and edited highlights will be broadcast on LBC. At the time of writing a sponsor for this venture is being sought. Any offers?

If Studio Sound readers have any suggestions of suitable subjects for a NSA presentation they should contact Jeremy Silver at the NSA. The National Sound Archive, 29 Exhibition Road, London SW7 2AS, UK. Tel: 01-589 6603.

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# NEP PRODUCTIONS

This New York facility comprises A/V post-production suites and music studio mix rooms. Terry Nelson reports

pened in 1985, the new audio control room at NEP represents a new breed of studios: a fusion of music studio mix rooms and A/V post-

production suites.

Though primarily concerned with audio tracks for video productions, the new NEP Audio B has been acoustically designed as a mix room, rather than just installing audio equipment in an A/V room.

NEP Productions Inc occupy two floors in central Manhattan, New York, with two 1 in computerised video edit suites, a  $\frac{3}{4}$  in computerised editing suite—which can also handle  $\frac{3}{4}$  to 1 in editing and copying plus Beta editing— Audio A and the new Audio B. Other facilities include a Rank Cintel telecine room,  $25 \times 30$  ft stage with lighting grid and satellite up-link. The company also run two immaculately maintained large mobile video production trucks, the 'Supershooters'.

Audio A is equipped for recording, mixing and sweetening and features an Ampex 16-track recorder, ADM 16/2 console and a selection of outboard graphic and parametric equalisers plus reverb. The multitrack is equipped with dbx noise reduction and other recorders available include 4and 2-track machines, NAB cartridge and cassette recorders. A large booth adjoins the control room and the studio is tied in to the two 1 in edit suites. Three-machine synchronisation is achieved via an MQS synchroniser.

The room itself is fairly conventional and though in appearance more like a lounge, the treatment of spaced panel absorption and moquette surfacing provides an efficient working atmosphere with reasonable sonic accuracy. The console is placed almost hard up to the large booth window with the JBL broadcast monitors either side of the top corners of the window and angled down towards the back of the room. The increased awareness of the importance of

audio and use of sophisticated multitrack mixing techniques meant that NEP were either having to go to outside studios for mixing or losing out altogether. The obvious step was to build their own in-house mixdown room. Barbara Flyntz is chief audio engineer: "Though

there still is a certain amount of resistance to the idea of women engineers (dare one say male chauvinism?) we are not quite the rare breed we once were and you will find women popping up in studios, though it does tend to be more common in A/V work where women have been involved in television more than with music recording. However, there does seem to be a bit more opportunity for girls to make a career in audio if they feel so inclined—though it is still by no means easy!"

How did Barbara come to be involved with NEP? "I was working in a music recording studio where being a girl was definitely a disadvantage! As often happens, I got to hear about NEP through friends and that they were looking for an audio engineer with multitrack experience and also some experience with video. I had done some audio for video work for some personal projects with friends and that stood me in good stead. In short, I got the job and everything is turning out very well."

The bulk of the design for Audio B was done by Jim Maher with in-house input from people such as John Martin, head of audio, and Bill Hurlock, chief engineer (which in video parlance means design and maintenance). The basic structure is standard room-within-a-room with an interior floating ceiling and floor. The floorplan is a symmetrical polygonal shape to disperse the sound evenly and avoid any build-up of standing waves. Large panel absorbers are used quite extensively with four sections on the ceiling and two fronting the rear wall. The surface treatment consists mainly of moquette and hardwood with some black acoustically transparent fabric over the low frequency absorption areas, which blends in well with the overall beige/natural wood colour scheme.

The rear of the room is raised, housing a large producer's desk with intercoms, telephones, etc, where clients can supervise—or just watch—the production in hand. There is ample space for three or four people to work without being cramped. In front and below this section are the tape machines, racks and console. An attractive wooden wing has been built out from the right of the console to form a convenient working area for scripts, etc, and houses a turntable (which is used mainly for playing sound effects records, etc). The raised area is carpeted while the 'studio floor' is parquet.

Monitoring is by JBL 4311s powered by a Crown PS-400 and equalised by White <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-octave graphics. ("As it turned out, the response of the room doesn't really need any equalising so we can either use them for really fine tuning or creating an overall response on masters or problem areas, etc.") Secondary, or nearfield, listening is provided by console-mounted NS-10s and Auratones powered by a BGW 75. The JBLs are mounted flush into the front wall sections and are completely isolated from the structure. Video monitoring is with a Mitsubishi 40 inch rear screen projection monitor which is free standing between the loudspeakers.

Mixing in Audio B centres around a Sound Workshop series 40 automated console (ARMS automation) with 28 input channels and 16-track busing. For 24-track recording the first eight buses can be assigned as 1 to 8 or 17 to 24.

Flyntz: "I find the Sound Workshop real easy to work with. Like every console, it takes a bit of

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Barbara Flyntz, chief audio engineer, at the Sound Workshop mixing console

# **NEP PRODUCTIONS**

time to get to know it but I found it very easy to get on with right away. The EQ section is comprehensive (4-band parametric) but more importantly, sounds very good. Some consoles have very brutal or hard-sounding EQs but the series 40 is very smooth and just sounds nice. I like it!" Any particular reason why NEP chose Sound Workshop? "We needed a console that would perform well and do the job without costing the earth. A/V work is different from music recording and there are some features that you just don't need. For instance, the console has 16 buses and routes to 24 at the touch of a button. Most recording will be done one or two tracks at a time so the routing on the console we have is just fine.

"There was obviously some shopping around and gathering of opinions and the series 40 seemed to fit the bill with regards to both performance and price. The construction of the room was not exactly cheap and we didn't want to eat into that budget. After all, it's the total installation that

Control room layout

counts in the end, not just one item."

Recorders are an Otari MTR-90 Mk II 24-track with Dolby XP noise reduction rack, Ampex ATR-104 4-/2-track recorder, Otari MX5050B Mk III 2-track and Nakamichi MR1 cassette machine. Four channels of Dolby 361 are also installed and other machines include Dynamax-Audio NAB cart machines and Sony 5850 U-matic VCR. Synchronisation between machines is achieved with a btx/Cypher/Shadow/Softouch system configured for one master and three slaves.

Whereas according to Barbara, "NEP don't have masses of outboard gear though we did try and get what was felt to be necessary," they don't do too badly and the equipment racks feature a UREI LN 1178, two dbx 160X, Aphex Compellor and Kepex II gates for gain reduction, with digital reverb and delay effects from an Eventide SP2016 and H949, Lexicon PCM 60 and Super Prime Time. Special processing is also available from an Aphex Aural Exciter II and Ursa Major MSP126 stereo simulator.

As can be seen from the floor plan, the layout of the room permits easy working without too much moving around, with the outboard equipment rack and tape machines being easily reached by just turning round from the console. The entrance to the room is at the rear so people can come and go with the minimum of disturbance. There is also a small voiceover booth to the front right of the room which is accessed externally.

The console is fitted with a video switcher that can call up on the monitor, any VTR in the complex for viewing and adding 'mix to pix', in effect making the whole NEP studio the machine room(s) for Audio B.

Since opening last year (1985) NEP have been "...real busy. In fact sessions were being done before the final finishing was in place! Stereo television and video are definitely what is up and coming and I think we have come in at the right time with the new room."

NEP Productions Inc, 56 West 45th Street, New York, NY 10036, USA. Tel: (212) 382-1100.

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# A SPEAKER CONNECTOR -SOME RESPONSE

#### Ken Dibble's 'A speaker connector—three years on' in the December issue provoked some considerable comment

B Weingartner, President, Neutrik AG, FL-9494 Schaan, Furstentum, Liechtenstein Our agents in the UK, Eardley Electronics Ltd, have brought Ken Dibble's article to our attention. We were rather surprised by some of Mr Dibble's statements in this article. There is no doubt that users wish to obtain standardisation in this area and that suitable connectors are not yet available.

We appreciate Mr Dibble's efforts to find a solution for this long standing problem but wish to clarify certain aspects insofar as they refer to ourselves.

Mr Dibble has not formally approached usindeed discussions only occurred during a few moments at an exhibition. Had he provided us with the opportunity, we could have informed him that our negotiations with Dixon failed, for both technical and commercial reasons. At the end of 1983 we would have been happy to have licensed some aspects of these proposals but we expressed concern regarding the potential damage to contacts and to the shell, due to the semi-open construction, and safety problems, arising from the difficulty in shrouding the contacts.

Mr Dibble argued strongly in favour of these requirements in his article 'A Loudspeaker Connector at Last? Proposals for a Standard' published in *Studio Sound* in December 1983.

To expand upon our reasons for going our own way:

The Grunberg/Dixon/Utilux design is superficially interesting but on consideration has two major shortcomings, which are inherent in the design principle and therefore cannot be solved. The reason for this is that the contact and the surrounding shell, although being 'hermaphroditic', is not robust enough for the intended use. A very simple test, ie stepping on a free connector or bending a mated pair of Utilux connectors, makes the point better than words. The plug is not 'test finger proof' according to IEC 65. This is a basic requirement which we consider necessary for any new speaker connector design to become an internationally accepted standard, since potentials involved exceed those designated as non-hazardous by the EEC 'low voltage directive'.

There are other lesser shortcomings but these hardly matter alongside two major design defects.

Grunberg/Dixon/Utilux were unwilling to allow detailed engineering evaluation of their proposals, even when offered *bona fide* protection, as is normal in technical/commercial negotiations. It was thus not possible for them to allay our apprehensions as to design shortcomings.

Grunberg/Dixon/Utilux made it clear, by setting unusually high licence fee targets, that they were more concerned with taking what advantage they could of the market, rather than attaining standardisation, even though they recognised that we have a very much better entry to the market than they have.

The Cannon PDN-series are variations of the XLR types using a different insert. Unfortunately, using that shell means that the contact size, insert strength and applicable cable diameters are compromised.

We suggest that the IEC specification required by users based on our market research could be summarised as follows:

The device should have four contacts, ie 'bi-amp' or true stereo capable.

Only two variations for the simplicity of the connector shell; a free version and a chassis mounting type.

The terminations to be solderless, with easy assembly, making the free connectors field serviceable.

Contact accommodation up to  $6 \text{ mm}^2$  core (10 AWB).

Cable clamp to be effective on cables with OD of 6.5 to 15 mm, with cable retention force >300 N

Chassis connector to be airtight. Chassis connector to utilise existing cut outs.

Connector to be robust and withstand relevant IEC durability tests.

An effective latch, capable of resisting a disengagement force of 200 N but certain to disengage below 300 N

Connector design to be such that any damage caused by load connection or disconnection (arcing) is minimised, ie the connectors to have a high inrush/outrush current capability 30 A/20 ms.

Current rating 30 A RMS each contact. Contact resistance 3 m $\Omega$  initially and after 5,000 engagements and withdrawals.

Voltage rating >250 VAC working.

Test proof voltage >4240 V peak to peak.

All contacts to be touchproof and the connector to meet the test safety requirements of IEC 65.

It will come as no surprise that we have been working against the design criteria set out above. We have solved the problems the application sets but we value our international reputation too greatly to release the product before our own tests have confirmed that the product is as robust and safe as it must be.

Unlike others in the field we will actively seek to make reasonable licensing arrangements for what we are sure will become the basis of the IEC standard loudspeaker connector.

#### Ken Dibble replies:

I really cannot argue with any of the technical

observations and statements made by Mr Weingartner. The shortcomings of the Utilux connector mentioned in Mr Weingartner's letter are all identified in my own appraisal of the connector in the article, and his listing of the desired qualities for a suitable connector are I think widely appreciated—except perhaps for the Neutrik assumption that 4No contacts are necessary. The only point of issue then appears to be that Neutrik were not consulted in the preparation of the article.

The article was not intended as a thorough survey of the activities of everybody in the field who may be contemplating the manufacture of a loudspeaker connector. It was prompted by commercial realisation of Dixon/Grunberg Design which had been the subject of an earlier article, and that contrary to their stated intention at the time, ITT-Cannon had simultaneously launched the PDM line. I had indeed made enquiries of Neutrik at the Paris AES Convention in 1984 and had been categorically assured that Neutrik saw no market demand for such a connector. I subsequently learned from Mike Dixon that preliminary negotiations with Neutrik had subsequently taken place and that these had broken down on a number of technical and commercial points. As no new connector had at the time of writing, and still has not been announced by Neutrik, I see no reason therefore, why Mr Weingartner feels that he should have been consulted.

In fact, if Neutrik are to launch a third loudspeaker connector after all, the market will be no further forward as I can see little prospect of standardisation with three alternative options available, and all directed at the same user group. I would, however, be delighted to receive details and samples of the proposed Neutrik product as and when this finally becomes available.

#### Hugh Ford:

Following Ken Dibble's article in *Studio Sound* December 1986 I wonder just what the interest is in hermaphrodite connectors—at first sight they may seem to be a good idea for loudspeaker connections but there is one very serious danger in their use.

Whilst most modern power amplifiers do not take great exception to having their outputs shorted, interconnecting the outputs of two separate channels is a different story, usually resulting in instant death of an amplifier channel. Such a situation can very easily arise if hermaphrodite connectors are used in a multiamplifier installation.

The XLR type of connector body is a well established industry standard which is proven to be extremely robust and the AXR-PDN connector appears to be a natural progression provided it is used the right way round. I have never understood the practice in audio circuits of having pins live and sockets dead—we were always taught that pins should be dead for the sake of safety irrespective of voltage, as shorting outputs is asking for trouble.

Turning to the Utilux connector, I have only briefly examined this type but find it hard to believe that it is as strong as the Cannon types. Also, whilst it is said to comply with safety requirements so far as access to live parts is concerned, I am far from satisfied that it is safe.

Whilst the standard test finger cannot touch live parts they are far from shielded and there would be a very good chance of making direct contact with them or shorting the live parts if, for instance, the connector were dropped into a box of tools.

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# A SPEAKER CONNECTOR -SOME RESPONSE

W Graham, Technical Manager, Borough of Harrogate Resort Services Department, Harrogate Centre, Kings Road, Harrogate HG1 5LA, N. Yorks, UK

I write on behalf of the Association of British Theatre Technicians (ABTT) Sound Committee following Ken Dibble's article in the December 1986 issue.

The ABTT will publish a standards document early next year which identifies the AXR-PDN series as the standard low impedance loudspeaker connector for performance sound installations in concert halls, theatres, conference centres or any other auditorium building.

The ABTT will also recommend that 100 V line systems should only be used on permanent installations where quality is less important, such as paging or background systems, and where the connections may be made by soldered or compression terminal blocks.

The *AXR-PDN* is already on the specifications for several UK and overseas auditorium projects in line with these new standards.

I regret that Ken Dibble has indicated opposite to the above—he does after all have access to the papers of the committee compiling the document.

It has taken many years to get this one sorted and we can do without red herrings at this stage!

Ken Dibble replies:

I confess to being quite pleased over the reaction we seem to have generated.



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LTD Unit 3, Button End, Harston, Cambridge CH2 SNX, Telephone: 0223 871711 (4 lines). Telex: 81687 HITCAM G Firstly, I accept that the ABTT are free to recommend any 'standard' they feel appropriate to the theatre industry, but even though there is a solid case for industry-wide standardisation in this area, the insular action by the ABTT does not necessarily blind other users to a standard which has been arrived at for one particular application. You may recall that my conclusions summarised that the AXR-PDN connector would be highly suited to this type of application.

My view remains, however, that it will not find widespread acceptance amongst sound hire companies for use on touring rigs due to the difficulty of terminating jumbo cable into this connector. It seems to me that there is little virtue in advocating specific connectors for different parts of the market and therefore a connector is needed which will meet both requirements. In essence, the PDN is a good connector which fully complies with the BS415/IEC-65 'finger test' and it therefore seems appropriate to use this for 100 V constant voltage line distribution systems where the third contact is more likely to be used to advantage and jumbo cables are not normally used. The extent to which the 100 V (or 70 V in the EEC and America) line system is used should not be under-estimated and contrary to the inference that such systems are second rate, there are many applications where constant voltage line distribution is the only technically acceptable approach. So why should an installer working on such systems have to mess about with soldered permanent sections-which are unsatisfactory at best-when an almost ideal connector has at last become available.

While Bill Graham may feel that he and his committee have 'got this one sorted' this does not necessarily mean that their solution will be acceptable on an industry-wide basis and I think I detect a degree of arrogance in his assuming this to be so. As regards 'red herrings', the search for a 100 V line connector has been going on elsewhere for at least as long as the ABTT search for a low impedance connector, and with respect I would suggest that the ABTT would do far better had they involved other parties to the debate, eg ASCE, AES, APEHC, etc, rather than arriving at their own proposals in isolation.

For my part I am simply looking to open the debate in a hope that something useful may come out of it at the end of the day. I certainly have no personal interest in whose connector is used or any other axe to grind on the matter. In my capacity as an independent consultant, a good deal of information crosses my desk well before it becomes common knowledge. Also I need to be alert to such boring matters as standards and regulations and if I can use this background and many years of experience to put a subject into perspective in order to fuel the debate, why not?

Unlike Bill Graham with his dogmatic approach, I am not saying that this is how it must be. I am offering some suggestions as to how these new connectors might be usefully employed having regard to the identified strengths and weaknesses of each design, in a hope that something constructive might eventually emerge. Surely he does not think that having developed and tooled up for the new connector, Utilux are going to sit back and have the entire project thrown out because one minority user has other ideas—this irrespective of any observation I may make on the subject?

The last thing we need is several different connectors being used by different sectors of the industry for the same purpose—a situation which is looking increasingly likely with the apparent imminent entry of Neutrik into the arena.





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# **BOBAUGER**

#### Janet Angus speaks to Bob Auger, specialist in classical recording

b Auger must surely have one of the most unusual backgrounds of any recording engineer today-13 years with British Rail!

A love of music and recording, however, finally won through, and today he is one of the select few who specialise in recording classical music. Not that he is averse to the odd foot tapping melody, as the heavy metal records strewn around the studio bear witness. It is more a case of musicians recording as musicians should. The day multitracking pop and rock techniques took the ensemble work out of the recording studio Bob Auger retreated to the world of the classics where at least the musicians can come in rehearsed, do their bit and go away again.

"We were using 8-track, and there was talk of 16-track and I found that the recordings weren't exciting any more in the studio. The groups were coming in and using the studios as a workshop which is more or less what they do today, and that's when I got out. As long as they could stand up, play and sing, more or less all at the same time I was very happy."

As with so many people of his generation, Auger's hobby interest led to him entering the profession full time. His first job, as trainee engineer was at Nova in Bryanston Street, London, where they recorded anything for anybody who wanted something done.

"You got people walking in off the street recording messages for relatives overseas and we recorded an awful lot of stuff for foreign radio programmes, newsreaders—NBC, Voice of America and all those people for their London correspondents, and a lot of political stuff of course; music station idents for Rediffusion when they started commercial television in 1955 was the first time I had been involved in recording an orchestra of any size."

Nova was unusual in that it used Ampex tape machines which were insisted upon by their American clients. When Pye formed their classical department around 1956, which they equipped with American equipment, Auger was invited to join them as an English engineer experienced in these matters, alongside American Bob Fine, to record the Hallé orchestra in Manchester with Sir J<mark>ohn Barbaroli</mark>.

"It was like crossing the footlights for mesomebody who I had admired since way back in 1943 and suddenly I was asked if I would like to work with him!"

A very educational two weeks was spent working with Bob Fine whose influence on Auger was very strong and Auger spent the next four years working for Pye.

This was followed by two and a half years at Granada television, commencing in 1960, as chief sound supervisor, in charge of sound output for the whole network. The job entailed watching over the recording of programmes such as *University Challenge* and the great English soap opera, *Coronation Street*, which both started during his time there.

"I was supervising the stage and the sound output and just occasionally got something which was in my line like the Duke Ellington Band and the Count Basie Orchestra, which suited me fine. But they were very few and far between; it was mostly mundane speech stuff, so after two and a half years I got a bit bored."

Once again Pye came to the rescue and put Auger in charge of their new studio project at Marble Arch, Bryanston Street, where he stayed until 1970.

This is where he had a very enjoyable eight years recording a lot of studio pop music, as well as putting together a mobile recording unit which they hired out to "...anybody who wanted to use us, and we did a lot of classical music which is what I am in the business for really. I was able to do a lot of it for RCA and CBS and people who hadn't got their own equipment."

He also played an active role in launching the Pye Collectors and Pye Golden Guinea classical labels.

"We must have done about 100 albums there for Pye, besides doing operas for RCA (we did Richard Strauss' *Salome* for them) and all that kind of thing."

About the end of 1969 Auger was getting itchy feet again, particularly since this was when the multitracking techniques were beginning to take a heavy hand in rock and pop recording.

"We made some lovely records and had great fun-all the Kinks LPs, Spencer Davis, the Nashville Teens, Yeah Yeah, for Georgie Fame-I did a tremendous amount of R&B all through the 60s, and a lot of foreign groups used to come to London then to record because they didn't have the facilities back home; London was the place to be.

be. "They didn't use the studio as a workshop; if they wanted to make a single they came in and spent about three hours at it, went out, came back the next day, tarted it up a bit by mixing and whatever they wanted to do, and that was the end of it. None of this business of going into the studio for six months to make an album. I got a bit worried because these groups started booking the studio for a week, coming in on Monday morning without an idea in their head. They'd sit down, work out something and within 36 hours perhaps lay down a rhythm track. I thought this was not for me so I decided to concentrate on the classical side."

Whilst seeking finance to start up his own mobile, Auger found himself once again at Granada's door, where rather than offering a bundle of money, they offered to set the project up as a Granada company, with Auger at the helm and his own master. This was the beginning of Granada Recordings, based in the old Decca factory at the Oval, where for four years they recorded classical repertoire. "That was very nice. It didn't make much profit

"That was very nice. It didn't make much profit for the company but we didn't lose too much either!"

After four years he decided it was time to upgrade from 8-track to 16 or 24, and feeling that Granada would not want to invest more capital in the project, he sought to buy it from them instead.

"They were very kind-they sold it to me at a rock bottom price and helped me with the finance and said if you get into any real trouble come back again. Fortunately I've not had to go back."

This was 1974. His immediate plans were to open an editing and dubbing suite and he automatically felt the facility should be based in London. In the nick of time he realised that his own home, in Henley-on-Thames, would provide a much more suitable base. The house was extended to incorporate a large studio room which doubles as a living room when the equipment is secreted behind floor to ceiling curtains.

"All the equipment is down one wall and the Neve mixing console moves out into the middle on wheels and we sit here in the middle of the room looking out the window at the garden while we are mixing—it is very comfortable. All the editing is done here.

"Unfortunately we don't do any more jazz. It doesn't seem to be commercial anymore. A very similar situation seems to have arisen with brass bands. We did a phenomenal amount of brass band recording. I should think two weekends a month we were up North recording bands for somebody. Those bands were so fast and efficient, such good musicians. Unfortunately that market became saturated which doesn't surprise me. There is very little of that going on now. So the business has tailed off quite a lot, as it has on the classical side as well.

"I was doing 200 albums a year from 1969 to about 1976. We used to do most of CBS's classical work—we did seven operas back-to-back one summer—but most of that has gone away because the pound was too strong. It is not economical for the company anymore. I can't really handle a dollar at 1.50 to the pound but when it went down to nearly one to one we had phone calls from people we hadn't heard from for 10 years. Our turnover of albums per year is down to 35 to 40. They are not all for one company-two major clients in terms of numbers are CRD (Continental Record Distributors)-mostly chamber music-and Unicorn Records, who do much more varied music and a lot of Avant Garde music. That's very exciting and they do quite a bit of big orchestral stuff."

Other clients include the Norwegian Composers' Guild, who do a lot of their recording in London.

As part of the deal with Unicorn, Auger looks after their Sony 1610 digital mastering system. Everything he records nowadays is digital.

In addition to the Neve console in the mixing room, Auger has an original Midas 12/4 console (serial number 1) which he takes on the road.

"It is an ancient Midas which has been marvellous. I thought perhaps the old desk was a bit noisy for digital work, so I had it updated last year and now it's quite amazing. Midas had only built PA desks before they built this one. One of my engineers upgraded all the chips and now it's very quiet.

"The Neve is a 16/8 which is about 12 years old. I did some work with Soundstream about three years ago. It was with one of their first digital systems on the market-a reel-to-reel and very high quality with electronic editing, not knife and fork editing like some of the reel-to-reel machines have now. The electronic editing was all done in Utah in the States. I never saw it working. Anyway their engineer brought some machines over and we had to record for them. He checked out the Neve to see if it was good enough and he was amazed. It was the quietest mixer he had ever come across, so I felt a bit chuffed and never changed it. Generally speaking it tends to stay here. It is very heavy and we tend to take the Midas with us to most places. The Neve goes out occasionally-we take the modules out for which we have special cases but the Midas is performing so well and it is a one-piece mixer.

"The Midas has 12/4 channels which are fully selectable, 3-way equalisation, the usual echo send and return system, a foldback system and talkback, and an oscillator. That's about it. The equalisation is very simple and I so rarely use any it doesn't really matter.

"It's the same with the Neve. It has fairly straight equalisation and we only use it for correcting things. We don't use it in a creative way at all.

"I calibrated the equipment myself and I know that every microphone into every module in both the channels with a fader set at a particular place will produce the same level. They're completely calibrated. We use about three or four different microphone systems-I could virtually balance without monitors. You don't need monitor speakers if you know that the eight microphones usually work in this configuration and with the faders in this particular setting-you're not going to be far wrong if you don't listen to it till you come back. The fact that the control room is either too bright or too dull-if it doesn't offend the artist when you have a playback then it doesn't offend me. I just don't compensate for it. You have to decide whether it is the studio that's got a particular colour or whether it's the control room. If you know the control room's colour, either bright or dull, then you just have to say to the artist 'I'm afraid you might not like the sound of your voice in this room, in fact it's the room, believe me.' Usually they trust you and get on with it. It usually seems to come out alright.'

For many years a digital fan, Auger first worked with a Sony *PCM1* in 1978, then the 100, then for seven or eight years the 1600, and now the 1610.

"I believe the *1600* was the first one you could edit—before that you had to accept the best you could do and compile a master. You could only put movements together, you couldn't edit within movements. It didn't last too long fortunately. We were all quite surprised when we learned of the new digital editing technique. It's so much more sophisticated than a razor blade.

"It's different for people on the popular side; they don't have the technical commitment the way we do with the classics because they get their masters made and a lot of them die off in another year or so, never to be heard of again. So if they changed their recording system it wouldn't matter very much. The investment on the classical side into one particular system—all the masters made and put into a library on that system—you're going to have a hell of a job trying to talk classical companies into using something different. The fact that they went wholeheartedly into the Sony *PCM* system is remarkable really; that's why other systems have either disappeared or are not made anymore.

I think a lot of engineers would agree that we don't need 24 tracks but it would be very handy for classical people to have four. We could do with a little rebalancing back home. It doesn't matter how big the score is at the moment—it's very exciting, the way I was trained to do it—I would do it 2-track.

"I think all of us get it right most of the time on a 2-track but there are times when for example with a violin concerto you come back and say that's OK but you know if you had the violin on a separate track and you mixed it back into the orchestra...you could get exactly the same balance but you could alter the sound of the violin a little bit. Maybe it's a bit dry-you could put a bit of artificial reverberation on the violin and mix it back and that would be 5% better. So a 4-track machine would be nicer but I can manage without it. If they could get out a simple 4-track system based on the 1610, I'm sure some of the jazz and pop groups wouldn't mind moving on to 4-tracks. The 24-track is phenomenally expensive as a machine.

"The recording engineers in the classical world accepted digital with open arms. The people who didn't accept digital, much to my amazement, were the hi-fi fraternity; they fought it off for as long as they could—the journalists in particular. For two years hi-fi journalists didn't want to know about compact disc. All they could find was faults; they couldn't hear the obvious.

"One of the great things about digital is not just the lack of noise but the pitch stability. You play a chord on the piano on a digital machine, you play it back and it's as rock steady as it was in the first place. You can't say that about any black disc. People just don't seem to notice that. Anything musical they couldn't hear—they only heard harmonics or extraneous coding noises; they are obviously not interested in music at all. You won't find much criticism of it in the papers today."

Microphones: Bob Auger uses a lot of Neumann microphones, especially 87s. "I've still got a lot of *M49s* which are much loved by brass bands and the like. The designs are over 30 years old but they still sound very good."

The orchestral microphone set-up generally used in reverberant halls involves four 87s across the front of the orchestra, two each side. "In the middle I would normally put a stereo mic like an old SM2-which is not a nice microphone on its own but fantastic used with others. So I tend to put the SM2 stereo mic over the conductor and then two mics each side—one on the front desk and one on the back desk (of violins) and perhaps another mix on the double basses which would make five up front and the two channels of SM2.

"The reason I like the SM2 is that it gives a nice stereo picture mixed in with the others and is also very bright—it clears up any fog that's around or any mushy sort of noise. That has proved a marvellous combination and I would normally have the others on cardioid—the SM2goes on double figure-of-eight—that's the most useful one of all. Then some boosters on the wind, timpani, percussion and horns.

"I've got some Calrec 1050 cardioids, which are marvellous; they're not too narrow, very clean and very pure. I use those on keyboards and most of my piano and harpsichord records. On the horns probably an 87 and I use the old M49s on the timpani which make a wonderful timpani sound. I try and make getting the percussion straight one of my specialities. I use a separate microphone for percussion usually because, especially in modern music, you get an awful lot of quiet instruments mixing with the loud ones and you get a lot of vibraphones and marimbas which, if you want to hear them, they've got to be helped, otherwise they just get buried under the strings. If that's what the composer wants, then that's alright, but I find that they don't usually complain if you can actually hear what they're doing. We get a lot of tom toms these days which are very loud, and I can't stand a tom tom that sounds as if its coming from 50 yards away. I like it to be reasonably pleasant and not tight, so we use extra mics on those just to get it in the

so we use extra mics on those just to get it in the right position—not too far and not too near. It's a question of adding some of it and not all of it, so



Bob with film director Christopher Mupen and the Philharmonia Orchestra

## **BOB AUGER**

we'd probably use 87s on those.

"It's quite a good idea to use as many similar microphones as you can on a job, just in case you have any kind of failure-it's easy to change round. You've always got to be careful on a location job when there are cables about-someone will always either trap a cable in a door or kick a microphone over. So the more similar stuff you've got the better it is really. Especially if you've got lights to worry about as well, which we do in a lot of places.

Yes, for some peculiar reason it quite often falls to Auger's lot to provide lighting in dim locations, and he has even been known to supply heaters! He feels that it is better to do all you can to help a client than begrudge arranging things which are strictly beyond his responsibilities.

'Everything's the engineer's fault. I don't like having to provide lighting but sometimes you have to. The same with heating-it's our fault if it's cold!"

Monitoring at the studio is on 15 in Tannoy Reds with custom cabinets. Although they have several pairs which may go on location, a pair of flightcased JBL 4311s are used instead, for convenience as much as anything else. "They don't sound so different from the Lockwoods which I am used to." Monitor amps are Quad 405s and 406s.

Smaller jobs-both in size and budget-will more often than not go down on Sony F1.

"About 18 months ago we did the music for the film Greystoke-the Tarzan movie. We did that at Tooting and the client didn't care how much we spent on it."

The vice-president of the film company enquired of Auger which digital system he proposed to use, and was told Sony 1610. Discovering that this was a paltry two tracks, he asked about multitrack. So even though it was a symphonic score and there was no need for multitrack, he discovered that it was possible to hire a Sony 3324. 'Get two!'

"So we probably had the first session in Europe with two Sony 24-tracks. Yes we used most of the tracks somehow-I think we got up to at least 14. But we only did it because the company asked for it, I don't think it gained a lot from being 24-track.

So much for multitrack, digital or analogue. The Neve console was originally developed for broadcast use. The input modules are 1066s with 3-band EQ and a bass cut-off. "Then there's an 1883 routing module which goes round the eight tracks and also there are echo and foldback. You can route anything to anything and there are eight master faders. It's a marvellous desk to take out on the road because if anything untoward happens you can plug round it very easily. You can change the modules round, you can change all the connectors on the back. It has stereo echo send and stereo return plus all the complicated monitoring you might want to do. You can put echo on the monitors. We have a separate 24-track monitor mixing console as well which sits on top or on the side."

Tape machines are Scully 8-, 4- and 2-tracks which have always been thoroughly reliable.

"We've dropped some of those off vans and things and we've never had anything go wrong with them; even the cases haven't split. They haven't got American motors in them. We were lucky, when they changed the 117 V machines in the States for 240 V they put German motors in, so we've got Pabst motors which are perhaps the best in the business; maybe that's an advantage. They're built like a battleship and I understand them, so they can't be too complicated! They are obviously designed by an operator of a tape machine. There is nothing complicated about them at all; the alignment is very straightforward.

"We're still using U-matics for the Sony but they have been very reliable. If you log your editing carefully and do your paperwork on your editing then you can edit just as fast with that as you can with the latest machines.

"We also have 16 Dolbys, the original 301s. We found them much cleaner than the later 361s. We have got some 361s which go out on location but the 301s live in the studio. Tve read about Dolby SR but I haven't tried it out. I wouldn't use it anyway because we wouldn't work analogue anymore. Here we have a bank of Aiwa cassette machines and there's the booze cupboard at the end.

The whole house is wired up although these

"We did a lot of quad when it was about. We didn't know what to do with it that was the trouble. Thinking it might happen we used to try



and talk all the customers into mixing down quad as well. They would work in 8-track or 16 and when we did the 2-track mixdown we used to say, 'well what about doing the quad in case it's. needed.'

"The thing is nobody knew what to do with the classical stuff-whether to wrap the instruments around you, which we did try, or whether to just broaden out the acoustic, the ambience. Making the ambience nice round the room was quite exciting because we kept the orchestra at the front. But it was so subtle really that the man in the street wouldn't have been bowled over by it, so of course he wasn't prepared to buy any equipment for it. I don't blame them really. It's different on the popular side where you wrap the instruments around and do all kinds of effects but I think that failed because the discs were so bad. It would be easy in digital of course now but I don't think anybody bothers anymore.

"We haven't found a need to change the equipment very much; we are always making good tapes. In the last 15 to 20 years the problem was always getting it on to disc. There was so much quality lost in getting a black disc out; most discs didn't get to within 60% of what was on tape. What the public has discoverd now, much to their amazement, is how good the tapes were because now we are getting CDs made up of analogue tapes and old analogue masters and they are very close indeed to some of the digital recordings in quality. I think that the man in the street in most cases won't know the differencetape noise is not too obtrusive. Some of my other work at the moment is actually converting old masters to digital masters, especially on the classical side.

"Where possible, if we did record the original on 4-, 8-, 16-track or whatever, I try to convince the customers to go back to those original recordings and re-mix it down to digital and not be tempted to pick up the old 2-track tape which produced the original record. There were tremendous losses in the mixing down to analogue for the second generation. Most of them agree to do that. It can be fun mixing down some of the old tapes. It's getting quite hard to find some of the instructions and notes we made in the first place, but they're around somewhere!"

Recent work in this area includes a complete recording of Elgar's Dream of Gerontius for CRD from the original 16-track "It was marvellous going back to those. The difference in the dynamic range and what we were able to get on to the digital compared with what we had to squash on to the 2-track recorder before.

We prepare tapes for CD mastering ourselves. We make the master cassette here but we don't do the PQ coding-that's usually done at the pressing plant. We prepare the tape and do all the instructions and the index to the music for the tape. I'm really only interested in preparing the musical side of it."

Working for small independents does not involve recording traditional classical repertoire, since the major companies have that side of things more or less sewn up. Auger therefore finds himself involved in the recording of a large proportion of contemporary classical music: "Music written in the last 50 years or last week, for example Peter Maxwell-Davis, Nigel Osborne, people like that. In all the years I've been in the business I've not recorded a complete Beethoven or Brahms cycle yet and I don't suppose I ever will now.'

There is nothing insurmountable about recording this type of music as far as Auger is concerned: "It's written to be heard, so long as

Bob with Leonard Bernstein

#### THE BLUE CHIPS.

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## **BOB AUGER**

it's written for acoustic performance then it should be possible to reproduce it. In our way of recording you shouldn't have to go into a studio. The only thing you have to watch of course is that they use a tremendous range of orchestral colour and it's not uncommon to record an orchestra with 60 or 70 percussion instruments so you have to make sure you can cover it all.

"I did the six symphonies of Carlos Chavez (who's a top Mexican composer) with the LSO for a Mexican company three years ago and there was an incredible amount of percussion; a lot of American/Indian instruments—anything you can scratch or rattle—so we had to get that all under control and make sure they all evened up, otherwise if you don't mic them up and do a bit of sorting out you find that some of them sound miles away and others sound close. You've got to sort some relationship out of it.

"The musicians are up against it because they are playing music they are unfamiliar with and they don't have unlimited time. They have to master it as quickly as they can and you have to help them out with some detail. Most of the stuff we've recorded hasn't been played in concert, it's all new and certainly new to the musicians."

Although not an active musician, Auger does read music, but anyone who has ever set eyes on a contemporary music orchestral score will know that a knowledge of conventional notation will not necessarily make you any the wiser! Auger tends to rely on a good briefing from the producer. The producer can, in a telephone call, describe the type of music they are going to be tackling.

"You agree it on the wavelength 'it's a bit like Gershwin's piano concerto except for this and that' so we've got the style of the thing cracked before we go. Sometimes the producer will tell you that there's a piano in the orchestra and you will ask how important it is. 'Bloody important; it's not a piano concerto but it's a wizard of a piece of piano playing.' So we'd better make sure we can hear him properly; you know you can't get away with using a percussion mic—it requires more individual miking. The producer suggests what's needed and you make you own mind up whether it is or it isn't."

Piano miking in general: "In an orchestra you wouldn't take quite as much trouble over the piano itself, just make sure that there are two microphones which cover the whole instrument. You wouldn't really go for the detail quality. I would probably use the Calrec because it's a reasonably tough cardioid which will shut out an awful lot of the other stuff.

"For solo piano works I would again use two Calrecs, very carefully (they wouldn't be coincident because I don't like that very much) angled out quite a lot, about 6 in apart with a very wide angle of about 120 degrees. That would be quite close to the piano which would give you a fairly wide image and possibly then they would be a bit on the dry side, so we would probably add two other mics in the studio to add some life. That would be a standard way of working. I don't like a very narrow piano image but it shouldn't be too wide either. Sometimes I've done it too wide but I do like to hear the notes move a little bit from the centre.

"I had been working with a pianist for four or five years, when he said to me 'I've only just worked something out which I've been worried about for quite some time—when I sit at the keyboard the treble's on the right and the bass on the left, and I couldn't work out why on all the records I hear, especially yours, the treble is leftish but of course that's the way the audience hears it."

"For ensemble work, I don't like string quartets too loud and I don't like one violin in one speaker



B3C Symphony Orchestra at West Ham Central Mission

100 Studio Sound, March 1987

and a cello in the other. I try and get them a bit in between the two speakers if I can; it's more interesting. It makes even dullish music sound interesting if you've got some sort of stereo movement in it. I'd use the same sort of mikingprobably two 87s on a quartet (because they've got more body in them), pretty high and fairly close and on one stand looking over. I have to wait and hear the room to decide whether they're going to be cardioids or not. They might go into figure-of-eights or you'll get some reflection from the back of the mic-it depends on the room. The 87 is quite a nice mic if you get it in the right place-it's quite sweet. The cello's usually alright. I wouldn't expect to use more on a quartet. But then again we might have to add two at the back of the hall somewhere.

"I don't like distantly recorded chamber music; it's intimate music and I think it should be recorded fairly close. The difficulty in working at any distance from a chamber group is that there's too much noise coming in. It is difficult to find anywhere that is really quite to record in, apart from CBS studios."

Auger has recorded a great many operas in his day. At the time of this interview he was looking forward to recording Emilia di Liverpool, written in 1824 by Donizetti-the first complete recording.

"That's going to be done at Conway Hall. It's not a very big score and we have to record on eight consecutive days because that was when we could book the singers. It has caused enormous problems in getting a location. Eight consecutive days rules out all the churches because it cuts across two weekends which you can't do because of Sunday services; town halls weren't available for such a long time. We were lucky to get Conway Hall; it's very small but it will take us all and I did a lot of Handel there in the 70s—the stage is just big enough to take a small chorus. With an orchestra of about 50 we will be okay and it should sound quite nice actually.

"That is going to be 2-track. It is for Opera Rara, who have worked 4-track analogue previously and I've done about nine operas for them so far. I like working with them—they produce some very good singers and artists; they take a lot of trouble to get the pressing right too. It is always disappointing when you work for a company that takes your tapes and then goes to a pressing plant where the result doesn't reflect the effort that's gone into it."

As for the recording set-up: "The singers and chorus always work behind the orchestra and that works well—they'll be up on the stage in this case, the singers in front of the chorus. We'll just add probably three mics for the singers, depending how close the chorus is to them. With the singers being behind the orchestra you pick up their voices on the orchestra mics as well; they sing over the orchestra so you're able to get a nice sound off the singers—the orchestra mics adding reverb to that."

Bob Auger's reputation and standing in the world of classical music recording is best summed up in a sleeve note which producer Bob Hardcastle wrote for a record he and Bob made in 1981 called *Hear This!* On it the two experts discuss the history and development of recorded sound from the early days of mono to digital recording in the 80s.

"To be a consistently successful recording engineer like Bob Auger you need much more than the very latest equipment and a high level of expertise. You have also got to have exactly the right temperament, a knowledge and a love of music, and an instinctive understanding of the way in which musicians' minds work."



902 De-essing or full load band ducking, auto threshold sensing 903 Stereo strappable Overeasy " compressor limiter 904 Fully adjustable gate 905 Parametric EO with infinite notch or: each band

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102 Studio Sound, March 1987


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フランスSCV社は、パリ近郊に本社を置くプロ周辺機器専業メーカーです。 SCV社の製品創りのポリシーは、現場の生の声を最優先し、 製品ラインに反映する姿勢を一貫して崩さないことです。 プロの現場エンジニアが欲する機能性と使い勝手、さらには 「こんな場面に即応できる機器があれば、どんなに便利だろうか!」という 見解を積極的に受け入れ、独自の開発による高性能機器群を生み出しています。 まさにフランスならではのエスプリが感じられる、 ヒューマニティ溢れる製品を世界に供給し続けているのです。 我国では音響特機が、プロのお手許にお届けしています。





#### MODEL DI BOX 2

アクティブ・ダイレクト・インジェクション・ボックス 最先端技術を駆使し開発された本機は、トランスを使用 リーやファンタム電源により駆動できる、ハンディで、 イ・バフォーマンスなDI BOX 2です 🖕



法(mm):120 W A So 94 D ● 复查:430g 120W×56H×

#### MODEL PC80 フェイズ・チェッカー

PC80は、オーディオ信号系の位相を、電気的にも、アコ PC80は、オーディオ信号系の位相を 電気的にも、アコ ースティックな面からもチェックできる、ハンディーム フェイス・チェッカーです ミキサーのバッチポイント、 パッチ盤、ワイヤリングの端末など、ライン系の位相の 他に、マイクやスピーカーユニット、スピーカーシステ ムなどのアコースティックな位相し正確にチェックでき ます PC80は1Hzのワイドバンド・パルスを発振するく発 指部)と、読み取り用マイクを内蔵した(受信部)とで構 成されます。新設の音響システムの優勢チェック、ホー ル等での持ち込み機材と既存システムとの位相合わせ、 さらに、プロセや天井埋め込みなどの既存設置メビーカ ーの位相の見通したど「音響好像のあるところには1会。 ~の位相の見直しなど、「音響設備のあるところには1台」 絶対に欠かせない位相チェッカ・



【SPECIFICATIONS】●ハルスレート(発導部)H2●周波教スペ クトラム:エレクトリカル(発導部)H2~20KH2(検知部)H4~ SVKH2 アコースティカル(発揚部)200H2-SVK1(検知部)100H2 ~15KH2●出力レベル(発揚部)20~IV●入力レベル:マイク・ボ ヨン(検知部)05 ジション(検知部>10mV~1V、ラインボシション(検知部>0.5~ 50V● 寸法:113W×60H×310(mm) ● 重量:(発振部>280g(検知 部)250g

#### **MODEL NGS-2**

テュアル・チャンネル・ノイズ・ゲート プロユースとして開発された。ステレオ2chのノイズゲートで す プロ現場のあらゆる使途に対応でき。例えば演奏ステージ のミュージシャンが使用しているマイクのON OFFを,自動的に 行ったり、ゲートをかけたい周波教パンドの選択も可能です パランス入力で、リリース・タイムは0.1~35ecの間でアジャス



#### **MODEL SRL 2**

ステレオ・リミッター・コンプレッサー・ディエッサー ステレオ・リミッター・コンプレッサー・ティエッサー ステレオタイプのティエッシング(戦略をもつ、コンプレッサー・ リミッターです、FMトランスミッター、ディスクのマスターリ ング・プロセス、SRやディスコティックの音楽シーンに対応し、 ギターやベースなどのサステイン効果のコントロールなど、多 彩なファンクションを表しています 入力感覚を含めた出力ゲイン、アタック・タイム、リリース・タイ ム、コンフレッションとすなどのパリアブルな調整が可能です。 パーディスプレイの表示は、出力レベルとリダクション・ケイ ンガ、スイッチングにより切り換えられます ゲイン・コントロールは、超ローノイズ級のICとFEを効果的に (使用、本供の開発段階からの意図として、RFIのプロテクション には、高大の配慮が成されています。● [SPEEFICATORS] ●周達物件(20~20KHz)・40、-0 25db●SN比: 73db●ライスタイム・2x8xc●HD0.015%●MD1.00%●コンプレッショ

73dB ● ライズタイム・2#sec ● THD:0.15% ● IMD:0.01% ● コンプL ョン比:2:1~20:1 ● 寸法:483W×190D×44.5H (mm) ● 重量:4.1kg



#### MODEL 824

アクティブ・マイクシグナル・スプリッター マイクロホンからの信号を効率よく分配するために構成された 分配器で、各チャンネルあたり3系統の出力が得られ、入力側 にはパッドが装備されています。

にはパッドが装備されています。 モデル824は「ユニットで86h構成であり、各入出力にはハム・ ルーブをカットするグランド・リフト・スイッチが設けられてい ます。モデル824の特徴の一つとして、入力信号の簡易モニクー 機能があり、ヘッドホッとバークラフによりモニターが可能です 使用例としては、出力の「系統はメインのSRミキサーへ」系 抵信レコーディンクへ、残りは中継へ送り出すといったことが できます。その場合、出力はライン・レベルのため、信号の劣化 を生ぜず、読導雑音に対しても、(第カにブロラクトされます。 BFCEF(EATDRS) ● 15 × 20-2016 ± 0 = 0.158 【SPECIFICATIONS】 ●F特:20~20KHz +0、-0.5dB●THD:0.01% ● IMD:0.01% ●重量:7.5kg●電源部(824ps)別売



#### MODEL 209

デュアル・バラメトリック・イコライザー テュアル・パラメトリック・イコライザー ステレオ 2 ch 構成のハイバス「ローバス・フィルターを 発価した9 素子パラメトリック・イコライザーです 各 9 のポイント周波数において、±15dBのゲイン・コン トロールと、16~2オクターブまでのQ値のコントロー かできます、ハイバス ローバス・フィルターは、大 出力時のスピーカーの保護に有効な遮断特性が設定され ています、トータル・ゲインは一つからもも3dB間で任意 にセットでき、動作中パイパスの入戦にもできます ハイインピーダンス・パランス形入力と、ロー・インピー ダンス・パランス形トランス出力により、あらゆる機器と 提続ができます、ルーブから派生するへんをカットする マンベバノンスが51ノンペロリーより、のつゆの機器と 授続ができます ループから派生するハムをカットする グランド・リフト・スイッチを装備しており、フロント・バ ネルには、アクリル保護カバーも付属しています。オブ ションのカードにより、2WAYのチャンネル・デバイダー としても機能させることができます。●



【SPECIFICATIONS】 ●F持 20~20KHz +0、-1dB ●SN比:84dB ●THD:0.01%●寸法:483W×133H×190D(mm)●重量:6kg

#### MODEL MD8 マルチDI BOX

MD8は、きわめて評価の高いDiBOX2を8連装した、画 期的な19インチラックマウントタイプの 8 ch マルチ DI BOX です。従って、ユニットの基本的な機能やスペック は DI BOX 2と共通です。 はDIBUX 2と交通です MDBは、その優れた音色に加えて、この8ch マルチ DI BOXという独自の機能性によって、スタジオ、SR、放 送局等々応用範囲は広く、特にマルチャーボード演奏シ ーン等には最大の効果を発揮します







- この4、2031、ワインアング ノバランス入力。フロントパネ ルで出力レベル調整可能。キャ ノン3Pコネクター。 ・284は、電気的バランス入力で、 アンパランスツサ
- ンス入出力。

- M288は、プロ現場で派生するほとんどの難問を、 モジュールタイプ
   ■282:マイク・ブリアンブ、入カ
   応用例①
   入力レベルがマイクレベルだった。あるい
   トランス使用のバランス形入力。
   はー20dBでどうしても+4dBは欲しい。
   低増音回路採用。フロント・バ
   応用例②
   出力インピーダンスがハイインピーで、
- トラジス使用のパラジス形入力。 低雑音回路採用。フロント・パ ホルで感度調整可能。 ■283: RIAA イコライザーイ RIAA イコライジング後の出力 応用例 ③ 出力がアンバラ出力だ。ノイズが心配だ// は、トラシス使用のパランス形。応用例 ④ 出力がアンバラ出力だ。ノイズが心配だ// は、トラシス使用のパランス形。応用例 ④ 出力を2パラ、3パラ、それ以上のパラ
- □コントパネルで、出カレベル 出力が欲しい。 調整可能。 ■284.285.285Tラインアンブ //ブランス入力。フロントパネ に作用例 ⑤ なんてこった、フォノプレーヤーを結ば なければならない。プリアンプなんて手 元にない //
  - 応用例 600 ○出し、600 ○受けで統一しなければ ならない。機材にトランスを入れるわけにはいかない。
- \*2834は、電気的パランスとかっ、 ならない。 度材に トランス たっかすい ならない。 ほれいかない。 にはいかない。 トランスによるバランス出力。 こんな時こそ (問題処理アンプ)M288の出番。プロ \*285Tは、トランスによるバラ 現場のテクニカル・サポーターとして、そんな諸問題 たっかい かん たうです。 たっかに 加油 解決してしまう プロの強い味方です。 を一挙に処理、解決してしまうプロの強い味方です。

#### MODEL 228

- アユアル 1/3 オクターブ・グラフィック・イコライザー ステレオ 2 ch i 3オクターフ・ハント 28素子構成のクラフィ ク・イコライサーて、位相差のきわめて少ないLC RCネットワ
- くと 超ローノイスにとて構成されています 放送局、ティスク・マスクリンク・フロセス、ポストフロ SR コーズと広い途合範囲をもち 28ポイントの中心周波数で上!2 dBの可変レベル幅をもっています 出力ケインの調整幅は--
- ~+ 6 dB です
- ~+も48です イコライザーのパイ・ハス時にはランフで表示され、リレー動 作により、クリック音の発生を防止しています ハイ・インヒーダンス電子バランス入力と、ロー・インヒータ
- ンス・バランス形トランス出力をもち、あらゆる機器と接続か 可能です ハム・ループをキャンセルするクラント・リフト・ス イッチを装備しており、フロントハネルにはアクリル 保護カハーか付属しています 事



[SPECIF CATIONS] ●周店数特性(20~20KHz) +0、-1dB● SN比 924B●THD 0 01%●寸走 483W×190H×178D(\*\*\*) ●重量 7 lkg



■14 书

4

- ■等 長 1) INPUTには通常入力の他、HILEVELボジションを選択 すると、最大 300W 出力のアンプからの信号をダイレ クトに入力することができます 2) 低出力ビックアップ用には、ゲインを 20dB アップす ることができます
- 3) バラシス出力(キャノン)の他、アンバランス出力を 用意しています
   4) グランドリフト・スイッチ及びりヤーバネルには、バ
- レルコ・マルチ出力コネクターが標準装備されています

【SPECIFICATIONS】●F特 20~20kHz、+0dB~-2dB●SN比 96 dBV●TH0:0.08%●10:0-196●電源:ファンタム又は外部パッ テリー●寸法 483W×133D×170H(m)●電量 4.1kg●キャノン 接続 1番グランド、2番ホット、3番コールト

### MODEL 222

MODEL 128

います

モノラル・グラフィック・イコライザー

レコーディング・スタジオ、放送局、ポストプロ、SRに 対応する、LCフィルター・ネットワークとローノイズ に とて構成された28 葉子のクラフィック・イコライザーです 各28のポイント周点数におけるゲインのコントロール編

は±12dBで、トータル·ゲインは-∞~+6dB間で可変 てきます また作動中のハイパス・スイッチも設けられて

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# **REVIEW**

### Next in the series of technical loudspeaker reviews, Neil Grant examines the UREI 813C

of United Recording Electronics Industries by the JBL Corporation, it was perhaps only a matter of time before the integration of manufacturing and engineering facilities resulted in the production of new models, based on previous UREI products.

One of the first of these is the UREI 813C, externally familiar enough but in fact a completely new and re-engineered speaker system, that owes only its external dimensions and design philosophy to its predecessors in the 813 range.

Based originally on a successful Altec dual concentric device, the 813 range has been developed through a series of models since the design inception by Ed Long. The principal marketing edge has always been that of 'Time Alignment', a registered trade mark of UREI's, and one of the most emulated but least understood of speaker design philosophies.

It is perhaps worthwhile, before discussing the change to the 813, to briefly pass over what is and is not involved in "Time Alignment', and as to whether this is a valid engineering, as opposed to marketing, principle.

### Time alignment

Loudspeakers are dynamic devices; their amplitude performance varies with respect to frequency and the power input applied to the terminals. This is an effect generally categorised as power compression. The same effect is observed in the time domain.

It is incorrect to presume that any loudspeaker is a point source. The position, or 'acoustic centre' of any loudspeaker, or combination of loudspeakers, varies with frequency and input level. This position may, or may not, be related to the voice coil position. In some low frequency devices the apparent source is centimetres behind the physical position of the speaker. Now without attempting to simplify excessively a highly complex issue, the acoustic centre of a single loudspeaker is not a critical matter, and its wandering with respect to frequency, within defined limits, need not concern us. If a system is assembled which consists of more than one driver, however, the matter becomes most important. Because of the finite slope of the practical crossover filters employed, it is obvious that at least two drivers in the complex system will be radiating the same frequency information and at the crossover point, with the same amplitude. If the two drivers are not in the same acoustic plane, then the acoustic phase at the crossover frequency will not be the same for both drivers.

In the real world this results in losses at the crossover point, measured as a notch, along with poor imaging and coherence.

The 'Time Alignment' of a system compensates for this path difference at the crossover point, and smooths the amplitude and phase response by inserting a short delay into one of the drivers, to precisely match the acoustic centres at one frequency—the crossover frequency. Movement of the acoustic centres above and below the crossover point will continue as before but the system will now be integrated at the crossover.

This speaker will not be a point source over its entire bandwidth, for the reasons given above. The time smear over the operating bandwidth will ensure that the cabinet acoustic centre occupies quite a large area but this is typical of any moving coil dynamic loudspeaker system.

It is to the credit of UREI that, in designing a crossover network that persuaded a recalcitrant dual concentric to function properly through the crossover region, an engineering solution was turned into the very powerful, and much misunderstood, sales tool that 'Time Alignment' has proved.

### Crating

The speaker system is delivered as two crates, each on a small wooden pallet. Each cabinet is crated in two boxes; an outer waxed carton, and an inner, heavy, tri-wall box. Unpacking instructions are thoughtfully stencilled on the external faces of the box. There should be little risk of any damage to the cabinets or drivers during shipping with this level of protection. Polystyrene packing protects the internal cabinet

## Manufacturer's specification

Power rating: 150 W (to IEC 268-1). Frequency response: 45 Hz to 17 kHz,  $\pm 3$  dB. Sensitivity: 101 dB SPL, 2.83 V input, 1m. Impedance: 8  $\Omega$  nominal, >4  $\Omega$  minimum. Enclosure volume: 326 litres. Weight: 91 kg.

Dimensions: (whd) 787×914×585 mm. JBL International, 8500 Balboa Boulevard, Northridge, CA 91329, USA. UK: Harman Audio (UK) Ltd, Mill Street, Slough SL2 5DD. faces and the protruding horn assembly. The enclosed operating instructions manual carefully warns against removing the blue open cell foam from around the lip of the horn assembly, it is there to reduce the shift in impedance, and consequent diffraction, around the lips of the mouth of the horn. UREI have obviously suffered frequently in the past with this being removed and discarded with the balance of the packaging on arrival at the purchaser's studio.

# Cabinets and drivers

The system design philosophy is fundamentally unchanged from the very first UREI 813 model; each cabinet is fitted with three speaker drive units, two 380 mm bass units, and a 50 mm diaphragm diameter, 25 mm throat, compression driver, mounted concentrically with the upper bass driver and loaded through a short horn mounted on the pole piece of this driver.

Each cabinet is attractively finished in a charcoal textured paint and it is at this stage that the first important external difference is noticeable: UREI have engineered out the light bulb assemblies, originally provided as protection for the previous generations of drive units, all with rather limited thermal headroom.

The space on the control panel is now taken up purely with three amplitude trim controls, wire wound potentiometers, flush mounted, and designed to be adjusted with a screwdriver. The idents on the panel are rather poorly screened, the effect being somewhat cheap and rushed, out of character with the initial impressions of the rest of the cabinet.

Terminations are to the rear of the panel, on two somewhat inadequate push terminals.

Users of large diameter, multistrand, speaker cables will find termination difficult, especially since the cabinet connectors are mounted on a small lightweight plastic moulding, which would not lend itself to modification. It is also questionable whether rear mounted connectors are ideally situated, since the cabinets have to be terminated prior to installation in a monitor wall, not necessarily the easiest of gymnastic manoeuvres.

Internally, all three drive units are entirely new, and now obviously of JBL parentage. Impeccably engineered and presented, their appearance was somewhat at odds with the quality of cabinet construction and cabling.

The crossover unit has been reduced from the previous rather complex two box assembly, and is now a neat single card, accessible from the front of the cabinet as a rear-mounted extension of the control panel, sliding out between wooden rails. The cabling interconnects are lightweight, however, and unsupported within the cabinet.

The cabinet itself is manufactured from a medium density chip particle board, the front baffle being laminated, the carcass apparently from 25 mm sheet.

The internal faces are extensively braced with  $100 \times 50$  mm softwood timber, which would appear to have been more than adequate but was in practice badly jointed and secured to the cabinet walls.

The result produced a reasonably stiff baffle assembly and similar rear wall but the side walls were poorly supported. It was noticed during the distortion tests conducted at high level that these faces showed considerable movement.

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# <u>REVIEW</u>

Internal acoustic dampening is achieved with the use of flat glass fibre slabs, wedged around the perimeter of the box.

Great care has to be taken in the removal of any of the drivers, especially the concentric units. With a rearward centre of gravity, the tendency is for the speaker to tilt sharply on removal, and since it is checked back into a routed recess in the baffle, the lip of this quickly becomes damaged.

Because of the symmetricity of the dual concentric, the cabinet can easily be mounted vertically or horizontally, care merely being taken to ensure, if the cabinet is inverted or rotated, that the high frequency horn maintains the correct, horizontal, orientation.

# *Time domain performance*

**Fig 1** is an energy time curve, showing the time behaviour of the system to a passing transient. Note the initial early arrival at about 6 ms. This is the leading edge of the bass section of the system, arriving fractionally before the higher frequency information from the horn assembly.

The decay of the system is quickly controlled, and passed within approximately 3 to 4 ms. Transient behaviour and coherence will be good.

The envelope, however, is ragged; this is partly due to the residual diffraction around the edges of the cabinet but principally originates from diffraction around the lips of the horn assembly, despite the foam edging and horn slotting used.



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# Modulus of impedance

Fig 2 illustrates the electrical behaviour of the system between 10 Hz and 2 kHz, as the modulus of impedance with frequency. The bottom of the curve is at 134 Hz, an impedance of 3.6  $\Omega$ , fractionally below the minimum claimed by the manufacturer. Note the three related notches at 548 Hz, 752 Hz, and 1.45 kHz.



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# REVIEW

Whereas the 20 Hz and 53 Hz resonant peaks are the inevitable result of the competent design of the box low frequency loading, which works well, these three resonances appear to be the result of the interaction of the two bass sections within the system, indicating a muddying of the upper midrange section of the system response.

### Electrical phase

The electrical phase of the system, Fig 3, plotted over the same frequency limits as the previous impedance curve, illustrates the reactive behaviour of the system. The worst case load, the capacitive reactance, is the maximum capacitive phase angle, where the amplifier is required to deliver maximum current and a low

instantaneous voltage but maximum voltage slew rate.

In the case of the UREI 813C this occurs at 69 Hz, with a phase angle of  $-45.5^{\circ}$ . This is considerable, though not excessively severe but consider power amplifier choice carefully. Amplifiers should be rated to below  $4 \Omega$ , and capable of at least 250 W into a nominal 8  $\Omega$ impedance. Considering the swings in impedance with respect to frequency, first class low impedance hook up cable should be used to avoid impairing the frequency performance of the system.

The balance of the impedance response of the system is illustrated in Fig 4, with three curves being overlaid.

The centre curve is for the system set up for a nominally flat response, the lower with all three trim controls at maximum, and the upper with all three controls at their minimum.

The phase angle at high frequencies, though briefly capacitive, is not severe, there is therefore little likelihood of a competent amplifier running into problems slew rate limiting with this speaker as a load at higher frequencies.

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### Frequency domain and amplitude response

The speaker amplitude response is shown in Fig 5. Generally, the response is commendably flat,



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and well controlled. The ripples between 800 Hz, and 5 kHz are the frequency domain results of the diffraction around the lips of the horn noted earlier. The jagged response above 18 kHz is due to the nature of the resonant structure of the high frequency compression driver diaphragm and, though apparently severe, only marginally effects the more audible areas of the high frequency response over the immediately preceding octave.

The performance of the individual drivers and their respective crossover frequencies is illustrated in Fig 6.

Acoustically, the two cone drivers run together until the lower is crossed out, passing the high frequency unit at 1 kHz.

The two dual concentric units crossover acoustically about half an octave higher. This arrangement will give a maximally flat on axis response, given the relative sensitivity of the two cone drivers, and the high frequency unit.

The high frequency response is 3 dB down at 13.1 kHz. This does not meet the manufacturer's specification, which indicated 17 kHz.

Fig 7, the low frequency response, gives a -3 dB point of 65 Hz, with the system radiating into  $4\pi$  free space. The system is obviously designed to be mounted flush with a rigid baffle within a monitor wall, and mounted thus should then comfortably exceed the manufacturer's prediction of 45 Hz as a half power point. It would not be recommended that the system is mounted in free air on a stand.

The acoustic phase response of the system confirms that the low frequency section of the system is in polarity.

In other words a positive going electrical impulse will produce a positive going pressure wave from the cone drivers, and that the compression driver high frequency section is 180° out of polarity. Not untypical of this kind of passive system.

Fig 8 details the on-axis frequency response to variations in the trim controls on the cabinet. The centre curve is the nominally flat response, the

lower with all controls set at minimum and the upper with all controls set at maximum. There are three controls: high frequency trim, high frequency drive and midrange trim. Whereas the manual recommends adjustment to suit the room characteristics, it is likely that these controls will be used more frequently to adjust the response of the cabinets themselves according to subjective tastes.

### System decay and polarity response

The decay curve in Fig 9a confirms the orderly, rapid and controlled way in which the system settles following the passing of a transient. Note the frequency shifting curve of the settling low frequency section, and the only objectionable resonance decaying at 200 Hz. Fig 9b is the frequency time curve of this display, which has been converted to iso-contours.

The 200 Hz resonance decay is very clearly illustrated, as is the slower decay of the





FIG 9A TRANSIENT RESPONSE-3D DECAY

CURVE 0 dB: 0.00002 Pa

Log frequency axis: 2.7 decades Resolution: 4.7928E +00 m and 7.1565E +01 Hz

Time of test: 32000 µs 1.0976E +01 m to 0 μs 0.0000E +00 m -1032 μs/step or -0.354064516129 m

Sweep rate and bandwidth: 5009.55 Hz/s and 7.0000E +01 Hz



FIG 9B TRANSIENT RESPONSE - FREQUENCY TIME CURVE

Resolution: 4.79284 m and 7.1565E +01 Hz Sweep rate and bandwidth: 5009.55 Hz/s and 7.0000E +01 Hz



FIG 10A POLAR RESPONSE-3D DECAY

0 dB: 0.00002 Pa Scale: 5462.12 Hz/in or 2150.44 Hz/cm Resolution: 3.3109E + 00 m and 1.0362E

Time of test: 5823 µs 1.9973E +00 m (front) to 5823 µs 1.9973E +00 m (back) 0 µs/step

Sweep rate and bandwidth: 10734.80 Hz/s and 1.0362E + 02 Hz

CURVE

+02 Hz

or 0 m



FIG 10B POLAR RESPONSE-FREQUENCY TIME CURVE Resolution: 3.31087 m and 1.03598E + 02 Hz Sweep rate and bandwidth: 10734.76 Hz/s and 1.03619E + 02 Hz

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Put The Best To Test!

# <u>REVIEW</u>

information below 100 Hz, along with the shift downwards in frequency as the system amplitude decreases. With the exception of this resonance, this is an excellent performance for a speaker of this type and class.

All low frequency moving coil transducers exhibit this frequency shifting behaviour as excursion amplitudes decrease following the passage of transient information.

The polar response of the cabinet has been illustrated with two curves in Fig 10. Fig 10a is a conventional 3D, with the curve being on axis with the microphone and the outer curves being at right angles in line with the edges of the baffle. Already it can be seen that there is a pronounced step in the off-axis performance between the low frequency section of the system, and the horn section. Reference to the FTC of this curve set, Fig 10b, shows a severe waistband effect between 1 kHz and 2 kHz, then a broadening to a still very directional high frequency section, pencil thin above 12 kHz.

Whilst typical of this type of monitor, this is a highly directional system and I would query whether, in large modern control rooms, imaging across the rear of the room would suffer because of the beaming. Certainly frequency shifting offaxis is noticeable, due to the lobing of the response above the upper mid band.

### Distortion

The introduction of JBL drivers and engineering has improved sensitivity and power handling very considerably. Judging that headroom was now sufficient, the manufacturer has omitted the bulb protection, with the associated power related nonlinearities and it would seem that that confidence was well placed. Fig 11 shows the distortion performance of the system at 100 mW, 1 W, 10 W, and 100 W levels. This is creditable. Sensitivity, though slightly down on the claimed figures, is still very high.

The system is showing little signs of distress at 100 W input, equivalent to an RMS sound pressure level of 119 dB, ref to 20  $\mu$ Pa. Clearly, though this is a very substantial level, there is potential for much more.

### Summary

To all intents and purposes, the UREI 813C, though externally similar to its predecessors, is a totally new monitor loudspeaker.

There have been many improvements. The new JBL drive units are superbly engineered and significantly improve the system sensitivity and power handling. The response is very linear onaxis and the system is well damped, behaving in an exemplary fashion in the time domain, imaging and transient response both being good.

Power handling and sensitivity are high by comparison to direct radiating monitor systems and even though the distortion performance of the UREI is only average for the type, the system headroom is high.

Disappointing, though, was the poor standard of box construction, the indifferent cabling internally, the average external connectors and



the general finishing.

Off-axis response is poor, though this is fundamental to this type of design.

The UREI 813C is an expensive passive monitor system in Europe, and it would be hoped that the cosmetic points could be improved because the engineering improvements to the system will continue to extend the life and popularity of an otherwise thoroughly competent system.

### UREI comment

UREI thanks *Studio Sound* for the review of the *813C* system, which is very well done, and appreciates the opportunity to respond.

Time Align and its derivations are registered trade marks of E M Long Associates and are not generic terms. UREI is the exclusive licensee of this trade mark and process for full-size studio monitor applications. The technical explanation of the process is correct and clearly written.

The pair of 813Cs reviewed were the first pair off the production line and were hurried through the process in order to meet a show deadline. Consequently, a few cosmetic details may not have met normal UREI standards, such as the network panel screening. current production reflects normal cosmetic standards for this series of products.

Contrary to the description in the review, UREI uses 5-way binding posts, spaced 19 mm apart, and does not use push terminals. These posts will accept up to 12 AWG wire directly as well as crimped lugs and will directly accept standard dual banana plugs.

UREI does not believe that installing connecting terminals on the front of a loudspeaker enclosure is advisable for permanent installations, although it can be of use in temporary ones. Normal studio practice in most installations has been to run monitor loudspeaker cabling through conduit to the rear of the speaker soffit. All transducers and well as the *Time Align* network may be front of the enclosure for maintenance.

The internal cabling of the first production run of 813Cs was smaller than desirable because of a problem with material availability. Subsequent production uses 12 AWG wire for the link between the rear panel terminals and the network and 14 AWG wire for connections to the transducer.

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The Fostex E-22 is a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> in twin-track transportable tape machine. This is Hugh Ford's technical performance report

hilst the advantages in terms of dynamic range of the ½ in twin-track format are well-known it has been largely restricted to the more expensive machine manufacturers, introduction of a

pro/semi-pro machine is therefore most welcome. As standard the Fostex machine is a portable (more transportable-Ed) machine fitted with sensible recessed carrying handles at the sides; however, a console mounted version is available with a tilting stand and a separate meter bridge. It would appear that it is very simple to convert one version into the other and the machine may also be mounted into a 19 in rack, with the meter bridge and control panel separated.

Whilst the standard machine is readily portable, weighing only 30 kg, the standard of construction leaves something to be desired and care in handling is essential. The main frame of the machine is formed from folded 2 mm thick steel covered in plastic trim at the sides. The top, bottom and rear covers are folded steel 1 mm thick secured to the main frame by self-tapping screws and the machine has a matt black finish.

The tape transport is formed from a 6.1 mm thick alloy plate underneath which the reel motors and capstan motor are secured with their shafts feeding through holes which appear to have been punched rather than machined. The reel motors are DC servos operated at constant tape tension, the latter being sensed by spring loaded



### Manufacturer's specification

Tape: ½ in (12.7 mm), 1.5 mil base. Format: 2-track, 2-channel with centre track. Heads: three in-line heads (erase, rec/play and

Play). Reel size: 10½ in (270 mm) NAB hub. Tape speed: 30 and 15 in/s (76 and 38 cm/s),  $\pm 0.1\%$ . Pitch control:  $\pm 15\%$ .

Line input: +4 dBm nominal, balanced and floating, imp 40 k $\Omega$ , max input level +24 dBm, -10 dBV/0.3 V nominal, unbalanced, imp 40 kΩ.

Line output: 4 dBm nominal, balanced and

Line output: 4 dBm nominal, balanced and floating, imp 40  $\Omega$ , max out level +24 dBm 600  $\Omega$  load, -10 dBV(0.3 V nominal unbalanced, load imp 10 k $\Omega$  or higher. Equalisation: 30 in/s; AES/IEC-2 (infinity + 17.5 µs). 15 in/s; IEC-1 (infinity + 35 µs). Record level calibration: 0 VU referenced to 250 n Wb/m of tape flux. Wow and flutter: 30 in/s: ±0.05% WTD, ±0.08% UNWTD. 15 in/s: ±0.05% WTD, ±0.10% UNWTD. Starting time: 30 in/s: 1.0 s or less. 15 in/s: 0.5 s or less.

05 s or less Fast wind time: 140 s for 2,500 ft (762 m) of tape. Frequency response: 30 in/s (sync/repro): 40 Hz to 30 kHz,  $\pm 3$  dB. 15 in/s (sync/repro): 30 Hz to 26 kHz,  $\pm 3$  dB. 30/15 in/s (cue sync): 50 Hz to 12.5 kHz,  $\pm 3$  dB. Signal to noise ratio: 30/15 in/s (repro): 74 dB WTD, 70 dB UNWTD. 30/15 in/s (sync): 74 dB WTD, 68 dB UNWTD. 30/15 in/s (cue sync): 64 dB WTD, 58 dB UNWTD. Total harmonic distortion: better than 1% at 1 kHz, 0 VU. Erasure: better than 70 dB at 1 kHz **Erasure:** better than 70 dB at 1 kHz. **Crosstalk:** cue to L, R track, better than 80 dB/1 kHz from max peak recording level (all tracks in REC mode).

tracks in REC mode). Power requirements: 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 125 W. 220 VAC, 50 Hz, 125 W. 240 VAC, 50 Hz, 125 W. Dimensions: (whd) 430 × 463 × 313 mm. Weight: 30 kg (standard version). Manufacturer: Fostex Corporation, 560-3 Miyazawa-cho, Akishima, Tokyo, Japan. UK: Bandive, Brent View Road, London, NW9 7EI

USA: Fostex Corporation of America, 15431 Blackburn Avenue, Norwalk, CA 90650.

tension arms with electronic position sensors. Both shafts are fitted with solenoid operated band brakes above the transport plate and turntables which accept cine type spools provided they have the three large locating holes. Sensible NAB adaptors are provided, these being secured on to the platters by large threaded knobs.

From the reels the tape passes over the 12.9 mm diameter ball bearing tension sensor rollers then to 45 mm (approx) diameter roller guides also fitted with ball bearings. The guide at the pay-off end is rubber covered and is used to drive the tape timer via optical pickups; the roller at the take-up end is just a guide.

At the head area there is an optical tape presence sensor before a fixed post edge guide followed by a steel post and the ferrite twin-track erase head. The capstan is directly driven by a servo motor with a very long shaft. Before this there are two further fixed edge guides with the metal record and replay heads in between. Each head has wide left and right tracks and a narrow centre track.

The tape guides are fitted to a plate which is supported on the main deck plate by stand-off posts. Further posts support the head plate with the heads slung underneath. Spring loading provides the height, azimuth and zenith adjustments. The overall finish of these parts and the head mounting is poor. Severe permanent azimuth errors could be introduced by just touching the heads.

The capstan motor with its metal shaft is DC servo controlled and locked to a crystal or external frequency source. The internal varispeed function is by means of a variable frequency oscillator. The solenoid operated pinch roller is conventional with a sleeve bearing and is secured by a threaded cap with easily lost shims on either side which bears on to the 12.044 mm diameter capstan.

Access to all mechanical components is very good as all except the motors are above the transport plate, itself covered by a readily removable cover. Within the head area a pushbutton operated head shield covers the record and replay heads and a solenoid operated tape lifter removes the tape from the heads in fast modes. The lifters may be manually defeated.

Below the tape transport but forming part of it to the left is the power on/off switch, the 30/15 in/s speed selector switch and a Meter Calibrated/Line Out switch which switches the metering to the variable level line out or to a point before the gain control. The latter two functions have red warning LEDs with a third LED indicating Bias 2. A slide switch below the panel allows two bias and record equalisation settings to be used. To the right is the tape timer indicating hours, minutes and seconds corrected for tape speed and giving positive and negative indications. This display is also used to indicate tape speed if the nearby coaxial fine/coarse varispeed potentiometer controls are touched, the indication being as a percentage of nominal speed. A pushbutton switch selects the nominal or varispeed functions. A red warning LED is illuminated in the varispeed mode which may be used in both record and replay. The final feature of this section is the dump edit button which like other functions has a red warning LED.

At the bottom the 2-part control panel may be hinged forward to give access to the audio alignment controls and the Bias 1/Bias 2 switch. This panel is easily removed permitting remote control of the audio functions, the tape movement functions or both. Within the audio section are three illuminated VU meters which include red



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# REVIEW

peak LEDs—one each for the left, right and cue tracks. In the case of the left and right tracks there are input and output level controls below the VU meters; the cue track only has an input level control.

All controls are calibrated for  $\pm 10 \text{ dB}$  to  $\pm 30 \text{ dB}$  and thence an infinity (off) position in addition to a Cal marking at 0 dB. The output level controls are detented. To the right of the VU meters three vertical rows of momentary pushbuttons control the functions for each track. A red LED indicates the current status for each button.

The Safe/Rec Ready control flashes its LED in the record ready state but is constantly illuminated in the record mode. The remaining buttons select the line output signal between input, sync and reproduce.

Within the tape movement section momentary pushbuttons select the normal fast, play and record modes. The record function illuminates a red LED in the record mode. A nice feature in the fast modes is that holding down the fast button while fast winding slows down the tape and if it is held down the tape proceeds at a low speed.

Seven further buttons are associated with the tape timer, the first being the reset button with two further buttons loading the current timer indication into Memory 1 or Memory 2. Locate buttons locate zero or memory time in Memory 1.

Of the remaining buttons Auto Return plays to the time stored in Memory 2, then rewinds to the time stored in Memory 1 and stops. If Auto Play has been selected (shown by an LED) the machine will cycle between the points stored in the two memories.

To the rear of the machine the three sets of

audio inputs and outputs are available balanced at XLR connectors or unbalanced at phono sockets. In addition to these there are three ribbon cable connectors, a 20-way connector for the remote meter bridge, a second 20-way connector for a synchroniser and a 40-way connector for a remote autolocator. Whilst these connections are designed for use with Fostex accessories they may well have alternative uses.

There remain two ¼ in jack sockets intended for use with a foot switch. One provides a locate function: when in the stop mode it starts the recorder or when in other modes performs a Locate 1. The second socket provides a punch in/out facility so that when in the play mode the switch puts the machine into record until it is again actuated and performs a punch out. Alternatively if in record, the switch performs a punch out.

Removing the back cover gives access to the transport control electronics mainly mounted on to three printed circuit boards of good domestic quality with useful component identifications for servicing. The toroidal power transformer is mounted between the reel motors with the power stabilisers and individual fuses for the six separate rectifier circuits. All the fuses are properly identified in value.

Secured to the rear of the capstan motor is the capstan servo board with three preset potentiometers, two for the tacho pickup and one for setting the mid point of the varispeed oscillator.

The control logic is on a hinged board just inside the rear cover, thus giving very good access for servicing. This board has 10 preset potentiometers which may be adjusted from either side of the printed circuit board. These adjustments are almost entirely concerned with tape tension in the fast mode, play mode and edit mode.

In the audio department the electronics are contained on six plug-in boards which are accessed beneath the machine but most of the alignment controls are reached by hinging down the VU meter panel. Each of the three audio channels have identical record and replay electronics boards (except the cue track which includes a low pass filter). Like the other printed circuits these are to a good domestic standard using indirect edge connectors for reliability.

The controls beneath the machine are the input and output level calibration controls and a metering calibration control—that is those that normally need little attention.

Beneath the VU meter panel the replay amplifiers have separate sets of controls for the reproduce and sync replay modes, each having a level control and high frequency equalisers for the two tape speeds. Whilst the standard equalisation is to the AES 30 in/s and IEC-1 15 in/s ( $35 \mu$ s) standards there is a removable link for inserting the 3180  $\mu$ s NAB low frequency time constant but this is restricted to affecting both tape speeds.

Within the record electronics there are adjustments for the two optional bias settings with separate high and low frequency equaliser controls for the two settings. The remaining controls set erase level, tune the erase head and set record level.

With the tape in motion the machine was quiet and ran cool but the operation of the solenoids was rather noisy giving a healthy 'clunk'. When fast winding the speed was such that it took about 100 s to rewind 2,400 ft of tape—an average speed of about 280 in/s which is rather fast and tended to give uneven winding but not excessively so.

During all tape movement operations the tape tensions were very well controlled without the slightest tendency to snatch; in the play mode the tension was close to 120 g, ideal for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in tape. In the fast wind modes the take-up tension was 150 g maximum at the take-up reel remaining at 80 g at the pay-off reel—very satisfactory conditions.

Whilst the machine came to a steady halt from



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any mode in the event of power failure this was not the case when the tape was rewound off the machine: the brakes failed to be applied and the tape flayed about for quite a long time. There was also a peculiarity in the dump edit mode where again there was no tension on the pay-off spool when exiting a dump and the spool continued to dump tape.

Editing by rock and rolling the reels was not ideal but quite reasonable with the autolocate and autoreturn functions being smooth in operation locating the tape to the nearest second.

When in the preset record mode any track could be punched in/out with the record ready buttons and in the event of recording in the autoreturn mode, the machine dropped out of record at the Memory 2 point before entering the rewind mode. As may be expected of a budget machine, other than normal bias ramping, punching out of record leaves a gap in the recording due to the difference in position of the erase and record heads.

### Inputs and outputs

The balanced and unbalanced audio inputs and outputs were very well contrived with the balanced input impedance being 19.8 k $\Omega$  for each leg. This gave a total input impedance of 41.6 k $\Omega$ with a maximum input level capability of >+32 dB.7V being able to cope with any eventualities, the shunt capacitance being only 80 pF.

Common mode rejection for two channels was reasonable (see Fig 1). The unbalanced input had a similarly high input impedance of 38.6 k $\Omega$  in parallel with 20 pF and a maximum input level capability of +23 dB.7V.

At the audio outputs the impedance was 223  $\Omega$ for the unbalanced outputs which were capable of delivering +19.5 dB.7V or  $43.8 \Omega$  for the balanced outputs ( $\overline{2}2 \Omega$  on each leg) which could deliver +27.0 dB.7V. The output was not truly balanced but formed from separate out of phase output amplifiers such that grounding one leg halved the output level.

As received, a replayed fluxivity of 320 nWb/m indicated +1.5 VU in the Cal metering position, this delivering about +6.5 dB.7V in the 0 dB position of the replay gain controls at the balanced outputs; in round figures 6 dB less at the unbalanced outputs. The range of the replay gain controls was such that this could be varied between +16.5 dB.7V and -30 dB before the control cut the output rapidly to the off position.

At the inputs with the level controls at the Cal position +4 dB.7V was needed to record 320 nWb/m at the balanced inputs or about 6 dB less at the unbalanced inputs with the controls having 10 dB gain available.

1

## Frequency response

The overall response in the input monitor mode from the balanced inputs to the balanced outputs was as shown in Fig 2 for two channels. Both are effectively identical with -1 dB points at 30 Hz and 80 kHz.

Measurement of the replay response to the AES 17.5  $\mu$ s standard at 30 in/s and the IEC 35  $\mu$ s standard at 15 in/s revealed 1.5 dB differences between channels at high frequencies, so the machine was carefully re-aligned after which the response was within +0/-0.5 dB from 60 Hz to 18 kHz.

In the record/replay mode using Ampex 456 tape for which the machine had been aligned, the

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response of the left and right channels was fairly well matched. The results at 15 in/s and at 30 in/s are shown in Fig 3 and Fig 4 and the improved response obtainable from both channels is shown in Fig 5 and Fig 6 where the two channels are intentionally offset.

The available range of the replay and record high frequency equalisers was similar at both tape speeds. The results for maximum cut and boost are shown in Fig 7 and Fig 8 at 30 in/s using Ampex 456 tape biased to 4 dB over bias at 10 kHz at 15 in/s as recommended by Fostex. Clearly, whilst the equalisation range of the replay equaliser is good, that of the record equalisers is most inadequate, being around only 2.5 dB at 20 kHz. Because the cue track has a much narrower track width than the left and right tracks the low frequency response shows significant low frequency deviations as shown in **Fig 9** for 30 in/s with the peak at 200 Hz being shifted down one octave at 15 in/s. In other respects the equalisers were similar to the left and right tracks.

In the sync mode the frequency response of the left and right tracks was close to that of the response in the normal replay mode but the cue track in the sync mode includes a low pass filter. This restricted the high frequency response to a -3 dB point at 17 kHz but in other respects the response was close to that of the normal replay mode at both tape speeds.

# Noise and distortion

Noise was referred to a fluxivity of 320 nWb/m. The left and right channels were close to each other except in the 22 Hz to 22 kHz band limited measurement where the right channel was 2 to 3 dB better than the figures shown in **Table 1** measured with tape. The table shows noise figures with and without tape recorded on the machine with no input signal present. The figures show a good margin between machine noise and tape noise, particularly when operating at 15 in/s with the 35  $\mu$ s time constant. Noise in the sync replay mode was very close to that in the normal modes for the three channels.

In the case of the cue channel the reference level to noise ratio is worse due to the narrow track width to the extent of 10 dB with tape. This was consistent with all weightings.

Third harmonic distortion was measured when recording the reference fluxivity of 320 nWb/m on Ampex 456 tape. The maximum output level for 3% third harmonic distortion was also measured ref 320 nWb/m.

In all cases the second harmonic was at a very low level, indicating that the bias waveform had minimal even harmonic distortion. The figures in **Table 2** were tape limited. In fact the machine was able to drive levels in excess of 20 dB above

TABLE 1				
	Reference level (320 nWb/m) to noise			
Measurement method	Left & rig	ht 30 in/s	Left & rig	ght 15 in/s
	Tape	No tape	Таре	No tape
22 Hz to 22 kHz RMS	55.2 dB	63.9 dB	55.2 dB	69.8 dB
A-weighted RMS	66.3 dB	75.0 dB	66.3 dB	80.3 dB
CCIR-weighted RMS	58.5 dB	66.4 dB	58.6 dB	72.5 dB
CCIR-weighted quasi-peak	55.7 dB	62.5 dB	55.3 dB	68.7 dB
CCIR/ARM ref 2 kHz	65.3 dB	72.9 dB	65.3 dB	79.1 dB
TABLE 2				
		in/s		in/s
		ght Cue		ght Cue
Distortion at 320 nWb/m		9% 0.37%		1% 0.43%
Maximum output level	+11.3 $+1$	1.8 +11.0	+11.5 +1	2.0 +11.0

FIG.6 FOSTEX E-22 FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF LEFT AND

**RIGHT CHANNELS AT 15 IN/S** 

5dBr

4dBi

3dB

2dBr

1dBr

OdBr -1dBr

-2dBr

- 3dBr

~4dBr ~5dBr

20



### FIG. 8 FOSTEX E-22 PERFORMANCE OF HIGH AND LOW FREQUENCY RECORD EQUALISERS AT 30 IN/S

100



1k

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### AND THE BEAT GOES ON

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320 nWb/m for Ampex 456 tape before the onset of serious record amplifier distortion.

When in the input monitor mode total harmonic distortion did not vary widely; level below +20 dB.7V remained below 0.01% up to 1 kHz and then rose to 0.1% at 20 kHz.

Partially in view of the lack of transformers square wave performance was remarkable. Fig 10 shows a 1 kHz square wave recorded and replayed at 15 in/s.

# Crosstalk and erasure

Crosstalk between the channels was measured at 15 in/s and Fig 11 shows the situation between the left and right channels. There was very little crosstalk at low frequencies. The crosstalk between the right and cue channels was of course worse. Crosstalk into the cue channel from the right channel was more serious than that into the right channel from the cue channel in view of the different track widths. This is shown in Fig 12 where the upper trace is the crosstalk into the cue channel.

The erase performance was checked for a 1 kHz tone at 15 in/s with the left and cue channels erasing by 77 dB and the right channel by 80 dB on the first pass. Some multitrack machines leak the erase field between tracks, therefore a 20 kHz tone was recorded separately on each track and subjected to the erase field from adjacent tracks. No significant difference in level was observed.

# Wow, flutter and speed

Wow and flutter was measured at the beginning, middle and end of a 2,400 ft reel of Ampex 456 tape with very little variation between the positions. IEC quasi-peak weighted figures were close to 0.075% at 30 in/s or 0.09% at 15 in/s—a good standard.

Narrow band analysis of a 10 kHz tone recorded at 15 in/s is shown in Fig 13 where quite severe sidebands are apparent, separated from the 10 kHz carrier by  $\pm 10$  Hz,  $\pm 20$  Hz and  $\pm 30$  Hz. These sidebands clearly relate to the capstan diameter of 12 mm.

The accuracy between the two speeds and also the drift from one end of a reel of tape to another were both less than 0.005%. The varispeed facility has a range from -17.58% to +16.77%. The indicated speed variation in the tape timer display was within the 0.1% resolution of the display with the fine speed adjuster having a sensitivity of about 7% per turn of the control giving a good resolution.

### Other matters

The VU meters were found to be genuine instruments complying with the standard rectifier characteristics and ballistics—an unusual feature for a machine in this price range. Within the VU meters the red peak indicator LEDs became illuminated at +12 VU giving a readable indication at 2 ms of overload.

As the machine was aligned for Ampex 456 tape with 0 VU corresponding to approximately 13 dB below the 3% maximum output level, both the VU meters and the peak LEDs are set to ideal levels.

A complaint is the difficulty in accessing some of the alignment controls. Whilst the VU meter

panel hinges down to give access to the trimmers, the hinge is limited in movement making it difficult to reach the lower controls. Also, all controls need the use of a smaller screwdriver than normal trim tools.

The Accessory 1 connector intended for a Fostex synchroniser includes TTL level command inputs for tape motion and tally outputs which are grounded when the appropriate function is activated. A +5 VDC rail is available for lamps. Also included on this connector is a standard 9.6 kHz capstan reference input, this source being automatically connected when an input is present. Using an external oscillator, stable operation was obtained down to -95% nominal speed and upwards.

### Summary

The Fostex E-22 is an attractive proposition as a  $\frac{1}{2}$  in twin-track machine. The audio tracks offer a good performance with all the advantages of the wider track width in comparison with  $\frac{1}{4}$  in stereo machines.

The cue track is a useful addition for lower quality audio, timecode or other applications, however, whilst crosstalk from the cue into the audio tracks is low, the reverse is not true and caution may be needed.

Generally this is a well made machine for its class and very easy to maintain with an excellent service manual and good access to all parts. Some improvement in the construction of the head support is desirable, however, as the head mounting is far from positive. Also the range of the record equalisers is far from satisfactory.

The audio input and output configuration is excellent and the machine has the ability to interface with professional and domestic levels and impedances. The remote control facilities and provision for external synchronisation is a valuable asset.



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140 Studio Sound, March 1987

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