

THE MANY WORLDS OF MUSIC FALL 1975



AWARDS GALORE: BMI CELEBRATES COUNTRY MUSIC WEEK IN NASHVILLE

Deep in the Heart of Texas



IN AUSTIN: Participants and BMI officials gather at the close of session. They are (l. to r.) Alvin Crow, Doug Sahm, Frances Preston, Mike Tolleson, Paul English, Russ Sanjek, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Nelson, Roger Sovine.

BMI MUSIC SEMINAR In a first for Texas and a first for Austin, BMI recently conducted a lengthy seminar on mu-

sic performing rights at the Armadillo World Headquarters, Austin, Tex.

Attended by some 150 writers, publishers and attorneys, with writers in the majority, the four hour session was preceded by a slide and sound presentation devoted to copyright and the role of BMI in music licensing.

Taking part in the presentation,

which was followed by a question and answer period, were BMI officials Frances Preston, vice president, Nashville, Russell Sanjek, vice president in charge of Public Relations and Roger Sovine, director of Writer Administration South.

The seminar drew interested participants from Austin as well as San Antonio, Fort Worth, Abilene, Arlington, Houston and Dallas. At the close of the seminar, attorney Rodney J. Sheppard of Austin wrote Mr. Sovine

noting that the session was "enjoyable and informative" and adding that "everyone I talked to who attended was impressed with the interest of BMI in coming to Austin to share some insight into the music business."

BMI represents over 40,000 writers and publishers. Some 3,500 writers and publishers in Texas alone are BMI-affiliates. Among them are Willie Nelson, Waylon Jennings, Michael Murphy, Floyd Tillman, Ted Daffan, Mickey Gilley and Ernest Tubb.



THE MANY WORLDS OF MUSIC

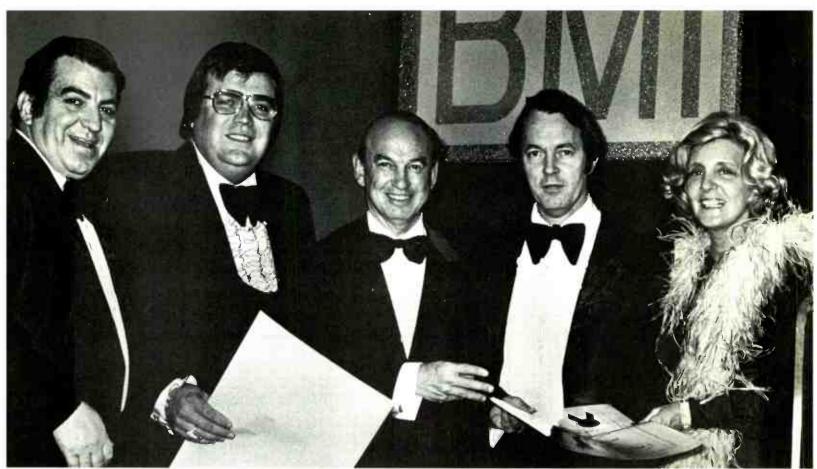
FALL 1975



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BMI's Ed Cramer (c.) with big winners. They are (l. to r.) Al Gallico, Norro Wilson, Billy Sherrill and Lillian Evans.



BMI staffers Del Bryant, Helen Maxson, Patsy Bradley and Roger Sovine share a light moment.

John Rostill

BMI News

BMI COUNTRY AWARDS One hundred and three (103) writers and 71 publishers of 106 songs have been presented

with BMI Citations of Achievement in recognition of popularity in the Country music field, as measured by broadcast performances for the period from April 1, 1974 to March 31, 1975. The awards were made at ceremonies in Nashville, Tenn., on October 14, by BMI president Edward M. Cramer and Frances Williams Preston, vice president of BMI's Nashville office.

The sixth annual Robert J. Burton Award, presented to the most performed BMI Country song, was given to "If You Love Me (Let Me Know)," written by the late John Rostill, and to Al Gallico Music Corp., publisher. The award, honoring the late BMI president, is an etched glass plaque mounted on an aluminum pedestal. It

is presented annually to the songwriters and publishers of the most performed BMI Country song of the year.

Seventeen of the songs honored with BMI awards were presented with citations marking previous awards. Eighth-year awards were presented to Dramatis Music Corp. for "By the Time I Get to Phoenix," written by Jim Webb, and to John Hartford and Ensign Music Corp. for "Gentle On My Mind." Fifth-year awards went to "For the Good Times," written by Kris Kristofferson and published by Buckhorn Music Publishing Co., Inc., "Help Me Make It Through the Night," Kris Kristofferson and Combine Music Corp. and to "(1 Never Promised You A) ROSE GARDEN," by Joe South, published by Lowery Music Co., Inc.

Honored for the fourth time was "My Elusive Dreams," written by Curly Putman and Billy Sherrill, published by Tree Publishing Co., Inc.,

Mac Davis (r.) with Columbia-Screen Gems group, Irwin Schuster, Paul Tannen, Lester Sill, Ed Cramer (c.).



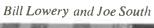


Greeting some old timers is Ed Cramer. He's shown with Pee Wee King, Wesley Rose and Redd Stewart.



Shel Silverstein

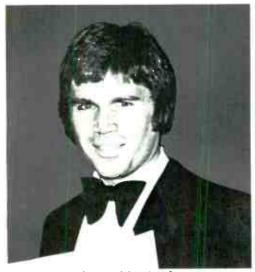








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Layng Martine Ir.

with third-year honors going to "He Thinks I Still Care," written by Dickey Lee, published by Jack Music, Inc., Glad Music Co.

Second-year awards were presented to "Behind Closed Doors," written by Kenny O'Dell, published by House of Gold Music, Inc.; "I Can't Help It (If I'm Still In Love With You)," Hank Williams, Fred Rose Music, Inc.; "Is It Wrong For Loving You," Warner McPherson, Unichappell Music, Inc.; "Let Me Be There," John Rostill, Al Gallico Music Corp.; "The Most Beautiful Girl," Billy Sherrill, Norro Wilson, Rory Bourke, Al Gallico Music Corp., Algee Music Corp. and "The Promised Land," Chuck Berry, Arc

Music Corporation.

Also, "Six Days on the Road," Earl Green, Carl Montgomery, Newkeys Music, Inc., Tune Publishers, Inc.; "Stop the World," Carl Belew, W. S. Stevenson, Four Star Music Co., Inc.; "Tie A Yellow Ribbon Round the Ole Oak Tree," Irwin Levine, L. Russell Brown, Levine & Brown Music, Inc. and to "A Very Special Love Song," Billy Sherrill, Norro Wilson, Algee Music Corp.

Norro Wilson is the leading BMI Country writer award-winner with six songs, followed by Billy Sherrill with five, Kris Kristofferson and Dolly Parton with four and Shel Silverstein with three.



Frances Preston (with mike) on dais with Shelby Singleton, Freddy Fender, Huey Meaux, Vivian Keith and Ben Peters.



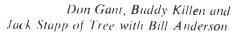




L. Russell Brown

The leading BMI publisher-award recipients are Tree Publishing Co., Inc. with eight awards, followed by Algee Music Corp. and Al Gallico Music Corp. each with seven. Four awards each were presented to Acuff-Rose Publications, Inc., Owepar Publishing, Inc. and Screen Gems-Columbia Music, Inc.

A 1973 BMI Country award was made to **Arthur Smith** and Combine Music Corp., for the song "Dueling Banjos," which was featured in the motion picture, *Deliverance*.







Charley and Rozene Pride with Frances Preston





Art Satherley and Mrs. Preston

Reception group: Jimmie Davis, Don Light, Jack McFadden and James B. Shaw



Johnny Gimble

At CMA Awards: Tanya Tucker, Tammy Wynette, Waylon Jennings

CMA AWARDS

Nashville's Grand Ole Opry House was the site of the ninth annual Country Music

Association's awards presentation. The event was nationally televised by CBS-TV.

Dolly Parton was named Female Vocalist of the Year. Male Vocalist of the Year honors went to Waylon Jennings. The Statler Brothers-Don Reid, Harold Reid, Louis Dewitt and Phillip Balsey-won the Vocal Group of the Year award.

Conway Twitty and Loretta Lynn comprised the Vocal Duo of the Year. The Instrumental Group or Band of the Year was the unit headed by Roy Clark and Buck Trent. Johnny Gimble was selected Instrumentalist of the

The song named Single of the Year, "Before the Next Teardrop Falls," as performed by Freddy Fender, was written by Ben Peters and Vivian Keith and published by Shelby Singleton Music, Inc.

The CMA show, co-hosted by Glen







Loretta Lynn and Conway Twitty

Campbell and Charley Pride, featured, as award presenters and entertainers, such leading Country names as Bill Anderson, Lynn Anderson, Chet Atkins, Mac Davis, Donna Fargo, Mickey Gilley, Bobby Goldsboro, Freddie Hart, George Jones, Pee Wee King, Loretta Lynn, Willie Nelson, Dolly Parton, Johnny Rodriguez, Gary Stewart, Mel Tillis, Tanya Tucker, Conway Twitty, Porter Wagoner, Mac Wiseman and Tammy Wynette.

NSA HALL OF FAME The Nashville Songwriters Association named six new members to its Hall of Fame—all of

whom are affiliated with BMI. The sixth annual presentation by this organization, one of the opening events during Country Music Week in Music City, took place at the Sheraton Inn South, October 12.

The writers honored were Bill Anderson, Danny Dill, Eddie Miller, Marty Robbins, Marijohn Wilkin and Wayne P. Walker.

Also singled out during the ceremonies was John B. Denny. He was one of the recipients of the President's Award for having done "more than any other person for the benefit of

Dolly Parton accepts her CMA Award as Bobby Goldsboro (l.) and Mac Davis look on.



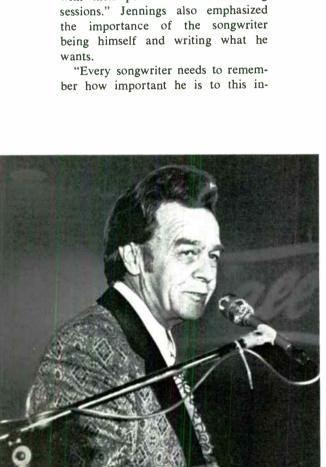
songwriters" during the past year. Mary Reeves Davis, president of the organization, bestowed the award.

Those named to the Hall of Fame received, for the first time since the NSA was formed, a Manny-a carved hand, holding a quill pen. In previous years, Hall of Fame entrants were given scrolls, signifying their selection by their peers.

Among the presenters of the bronze Mannys-for manuscriptwere Johnny Bond, Harlan Howard, Willie Nelson and John Denny. Marty Robbins' son, Ronnie, and Bill Anderson's wife, Becky, accepted the awards because both songwriters were on the road. Mrs. Dolly Denny accepted for Wayne Walker.

The event opened with a sung invocation by Jessi Colter, written by her especially for this occasion. Later on in the program, her husband, Waylon Jennings spoke.

He insisted that "songwriters should get more involved with their business, with their publishers and recording



Eddie Miller

Harlan Howard and Becky Anderson



At NSA: Danny Dill



Ronnie Robbins and Willie Nelson





AT NSA: Marijohn Wilkin



Wayne P. Walker

dustry," Jennings pointed out. "It's pretty easy to find a good singer to do the song, but it's pretty damned hard to find good songs today."

More than 400 people turned out for this event.

MRS. PRESTON HONDRED Frances Preston, BMI vice president, Nashville, was honored during Country Music

Week in Music City. She received the Metronome Award for being "an outstanding ambassador of good will for the Nashville music industry."

Nashville Mayor Richard Fulton made the presentation during the Country Music Association's 17th anniversary banquet and show at the Municipal Auditorium, October 17. It marked the first time Fulton had named the Metronome winner and the first time this annual presentation was made at the CMA banquet.

"Our choice for the Metronome award tonight is an outstanding ambassador of good will for the Nashville music industry, a champion of the industry's writers and publishers," the Nashville chief executive said.

Mrs. Preston replied: "This is indeed an honor for me to accept. Really, my greatest award comes from the opportunity to work with the wonderful people in the industry.

"Without their cooperation and support, I wouldn't be able to accom-

plish the things this award represents. So, with your permission, I would like to share this with all of them. Thank you very much."

BUDDY KILLEN DAY **Buddy Killen**, BMI songwriter and publisher—he's president of Tree International—

was the recipient of the ultimate honor. He was given a day by his hometown Florence, Ala. It took place on October 3.

Killen began early, visiting his alma mater, Coffee High School. He spoke to several classes. He was then honored at a luncheon at the Turtle Point Country Club, where he received praise and a proclamation from the



Ira Taxin

Commissions to compose chamber works have been awarded to Morton Feldman (r.) and Ira Taxin (above r.) by the Serge Koussevitzky Music Foundation.



BMI Archives Howard



It's a big occasion for Buddy Killen as Florence, Ala., his hometown turns out to celebrate his 'day'.

State of Alabama, presented by Mrs. Cornelia Wallace on behalf of Gov. George Wallace.

The afternoon festivities were highlighted by a parade, led by Killen. Later in the day, he was guest of honor at a reception at the city's Holiday Inn, attended by nearly 450 friends, including a contingent from Nashville. Presentations were made to Killen by Coffee High School principal Ralph Smith and BMI's Frances Preston.

"Buddy Killen Day" moved to a close as he was honored again, with a proclamation on behalf of Tennessee, presented by Jim Allen, special advisor to Gov. Ray Blanton. The award was given during half-time activities at a Coffee High football game.

At the High School auditorium, he was given the key to the city of Fiorence by Mayor Bill Batson and, in turn, presented the school with a scholarship check.

OPRY SALUTE

OPRY Club, BMI saluted the Grand Ole

Opry op the operation of its 50th

Opry on the occasion of its 50th birthday. BMI vice president Frances Preston presented a Commendation of Excellence, on behalf of the company, to Irving Waugh, president of WSM, Inc.

Mrs. Preston hailed "the nation's longest, continuous radio broadcast,"



Mayor Richard Fulton of Nashville presents the coveted Metronome Award to BMI's Frances Preston in Country Music Week ceremonies.

calling the Opry, "the most important Country music show in the world."

MORE Music Foundation in the Library of Congress has commissioned Mor-

ton Feldman and Ira Taxin to compose works of chamber music. Feldman is Edgard Varèse Professor at the State University of New York, Buffalo. Taxin is Assistant Professor of Music at Briarcliff College, Briarcliff Manor, N.Y.

Including this year's awards, the Koussevitzky Music Foundation, in the Library of Congress, founded in 1950, and the Koussevitzky Music Foundation of New York, founded in 1942, have commissioned 192 works. Both foundations endeavor to perpetuate the life-long efforts of Serge Koussevitzky to encourage contemporary composers.

CMA NIGHT LOOKED LIKE BMI NIGHT.

When the Country Music Association went on TV it was a great night for BMI. Here's to the BMI people-winners, finalists and artists who made the CMA show a stunning success.

Bill Anderson Lynn Anderson Asleep At The Wheel

Chet Atkins Sherry Bryce Larry Butler Glen Campbell Roy Clark Jessi Colter

Billy Crash Craddock

Mac Davis Donna Fargo Freddy Fender Mickey Gilley Johnny Gimble Bobby Goldsboro Jack Greene Freddie Hart Waylon Jennings

George Jones Vivian Keith Pee Wee King Loretta Lynn Chips Moman Willie Nelson

The Osborne Brothers

Dolly Parton Ben Peters The Po' Boys

The Pointer Sisters Charley Pride

Jerry Reed

The Earl Scruggs Revue

Johnny Rodriguez Jeannie Seelv Hank Snow

The Statler Brothers

Garv Stewart B. J. Thomas Mel Tillis Merle Travis **Buck Trent** Tanya Tucker The Twitty Birds Conway Twitty Porter Wagoner

Kitty Wells Mac Wiseman Tammy Wynette

And Minnie Pearl, who's

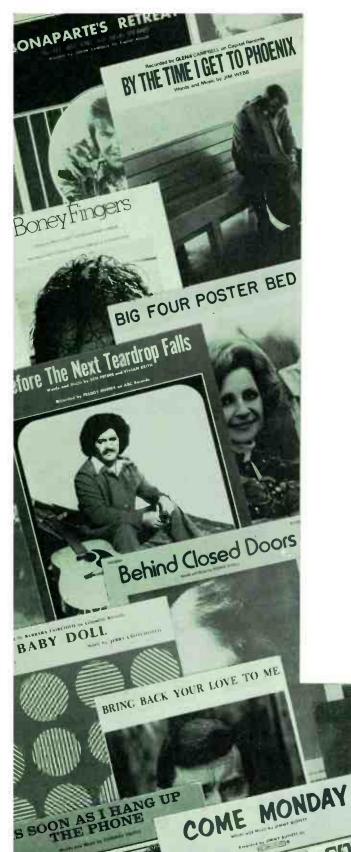
been in our hearts

since 1940.



BROADCAST MUSIC INCORPORATED The world's largest performing rights organization.





ALAVAONS.

BMI Country

AS SOON AS I HANG UP THE PHONE

Conway Twitty Twitty Bird Music Publishing Company MCA: Loretta Lynn and Conway Twitty

Jerry Crutchfield, Don Earl Duchess Music Corporation Columbia: Barbara Fairchild

BEFORE THE NEXT TEARDROP FALLS

Vivian Keith, Ben Peters Shelby Singleton Music, Inc. ABC/Dot: Freddy Fender

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

2nd Award Kenny O'Dell House of Gold Music, Inc. Epic: Charlie Rich

BIG FOUR POSTER BED

Shel Silverstein Evil Eye Music, Inc. MCA: Brenda Lee

BONAPARTE'S RETREAT

Pee Wee King, Redd Stewart Acuff-Rose Publications, Inc. Capitol: Glen Campbell

BONEY FINGERS

Renee Armand, Hoyt Axton Irving Music, Inc., Lady Jane Music A&M: Hoyt Axton

BRING BACK YOUR LOVE TO ME

Don Gibson Acuff-Rose Publications, Inc. Hickory (MGM): Don Gibson

BY THE TIME I GET TO PHOENIX

8th Award Jim Webb **Dramatis Music Corporation** Capitol: Glen Campbell

CAN'T YOU FEEL IT

George Richey, Carmol Taylor, Norro Wilson Al Gallico Music Corporation, Algee Music Corporation Epic: David Houston

COME MONDAY

Jimmy Buffett ABC/Dunhill Music, Inc. ABC: Jimmy Buffett

COUNTRY BUMPKIN

Don Wayne Tree Publishing Company, Inc. MCA: Cal Smith

COUNTRY GIRL Peter Gosling (PRS) Alan Hawkshaw (PRS) Al Gallico Music Corporation Epic: Jody Miller

COUNTRY IS Tom T. Hall Hallnote Music Mercury: Tom T. Hall

THE CREDIT CARD SONG Dick Feller House of Cash, Inc. UA: Dick Feller

TOM T. HALL Country Is COUNTRY BUMPKIN CanilYouFeell Country Girl

Awards 1975

CRUDE OIL BLUES

Jerry Reed Vector Music RCA: Jerry Reed

DELTA DIRT

Larry Gatlin First Generation Music Co. Monument: Larry Gatlin

DRINKIN' THING

Wayne Carson Rose Bridge Music, Inc. RCA: Gary Stewart

EVERYBODY NEEDS A RAINBOW

Layng Martine Jr. Ahab Music Company, Inc. Barnaby: Ray Stevens

EVERY TIME I TURN THE RADIO ON

Bill Anderson Stallion Music, Inc. MCA: Bill Anderson

FAIRYTALE

Anita Pointer, Bonnie Pointer Para-Thumb Music Corporation, Polo Grounds Music Blue Thumb: The Pointer Sisters

FOR A MINUTE THERE

Jerry Foster, Bill Rice Hall-Clement Publications Epic: Johnny Paycheck

FOR THE GOOD TIMES

5th Award Kris Kristofferson Buckhorn Music Publishing Company, Inc. Columbia: Ray Price

Crude Oil Blues

GENTLE ON MY MIND

8th Award John Hartford Ensign Music Corporation Capitol: Glen Campbell

GET ON MY LOVE TRAIN

Carmol Taylor, Norro Wilson Al Gallico Music Corporation, Algee Music Corporation

Capitol: La Costa

HANG IN THERE GIRL

Freddie Hart Blue Book Music Capitol: Freddie Hart

HAVE YOU NEVER **BEEN MELLOW**

John Clifford Farrar (PRS) ATV Music Corporation MCA: Olivia Newton-John

HE THINKS I STILL CARE

3rd Award Dickey Lee Glad Music Company, Jack Music, Inc. Capitol: Anne Murray

HELLO LOVE

Aileen Mnich, Betty Jean Robinson Four Star Music Company, Inc. RCA: Hank Snow

Everybody Needs A Rainbow

HELP ME MAKE IT THROUGH THE NIGHT

5th Award Kris Kristofferson Combine Music Corporation Mega: Sammi Smith



For A Minute There



WE WATCHED COUNTRY

It's hard to believe that only thirty-five years ago Country Music was still in the country.

Back then, this important facet of our native American music was scoffed at by the establishment. And considered too small-time for the big-time music business to take seriously. As a result, Country writers and publishers had no way to collect royalties from performances of their songs.

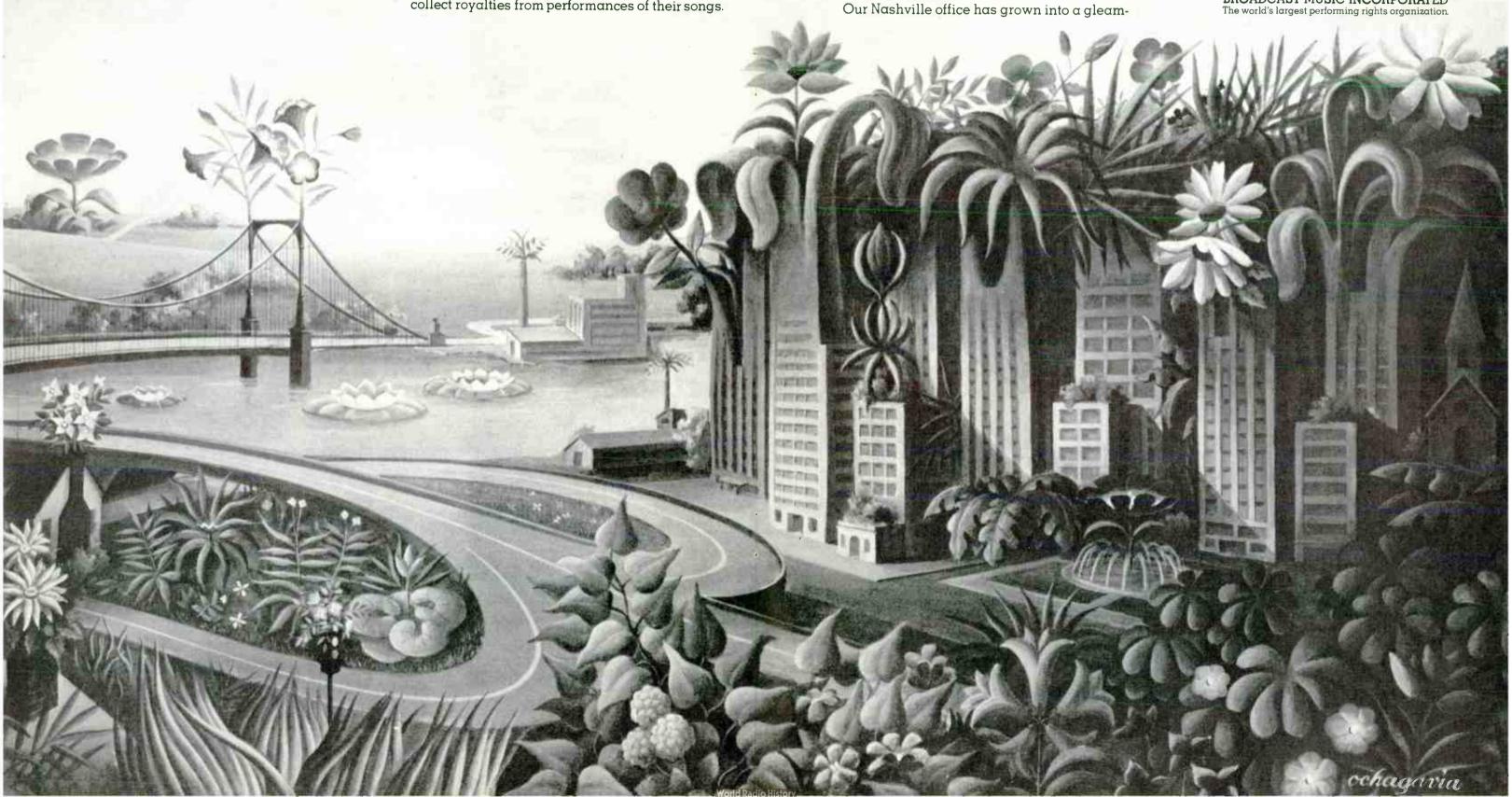
TAKE OVER THE COUNTRY

Until 1940. In 1940 Broadcast Music Incorporated began to license Country Music. Today, BMI is the world's largest performing rights organization, and Country Music is a major reason why. From April 1, 1974 until March 31, 1975, 80% of the top Country songs on the trade paper charts were licensed by BMI.

ing building on Music Row. And Nashville has blossomed into an international phenomenon called Music City U.S.A.

Country Music is city music. It's everywhere. Where it's green or where it is concrete, Country Music is firmly rooted. At last.

BROADCAST MUSIC INCORPORATED
The world's largest performing rights organization.





ON THE COVER OF THE MUSIC CITY NEWS

Buck Owens, Shel Silverstein, James B. Shaw Blue Book Music, Evil Eye Music, Inc. Capitol: Buck Owens

ONE DAY AT A TIME

Kris Kristofferson, Marijohn Wilkin Buckhorn Music Publishing Co., Inc. Mega: Marilyn Sellars

OUT OF HAND

Jeff Barry, Tom Jans (ASCAP) Broadside Music, Inc., Almo Music Corporation (ASCAP) RCA: Gary Stewart

PLEASE DON'T STOP LOVING ME Dolly Parton, Porter Wagoner

Owepar Publishing, Inc. RCA: Dolly Parton & Porter Wagoner

PLEASE DON'T TELL ME HOW THE STORY ENDS

Kris Kristofferson Combine Music Corporation RCA: Ronnie Milsap

THE PROMISED LAND

2nd Award Chuck Berry Arc Music Corporation RCA: Elvis Presley

PURE LOVE Eddie Rabbitt

Briarpatch Music, Pi-Gem Music Publishing Company, Inc. RCA: Ronnie Milsap

(I Never Promised You A) ROSE GARDEN

5th Award Joe South Lowery Music Company, Inc. Columbia: Lynn Anderson

RUB IT IN Layng Martine Jr. Ahab Music Company, Inc.

RUBY BABY

Jerry Leiber, Mike Stoller Unichappell Music, Inc. ABC: Billy "Crash" Craddock

ABC: Billy "Crash" Craddock

SHE CALLED ME BABY

Harlan Howard Central Songs, Inc. RCA: Charlie Rich

SIX DAYS ON THE ROAD 2nd Award

Earl Green.

Carl Montgomery (ASCAP)
Newkeys Music, Inc., Tune Publishers, Inc. Atlantic: Johnny Rivers

SOME KIND OF WOMAN

Tommy Cash, Jimmy Peppers Coal Miners Music, Inc. Mercury: Faron Young

SOMETHING

George Harrison (PRS) Mercury: Johnny Rodriguez

SON OF A ROTTEN GAMBLER

Chip Taylor Blackwood Music, Inc., Back Road Music Capitol: Anne Murray

STOMP THEM GRAPES

Ronald E. McCown Sawgrass Music Publishers, Inc. MGM: Mel Tillis

STOP AND SMELL THE ROSES Mac Davis, Doc Severinsen (ASCAP)

Screen Gems-Columbia Music, Inc. Columbia: Mac Davis

STOP THE WORLD

2nd Award Carl Belew, W. S. Stevenson Four Star Music Company, Inc. Capitol: Susan Raye

THE STREAK

Ray Stevens Ahab Music Company, Inc. Barnaby: Ray Stevens

TALKIN' TO THE WALL

Warner McPherson Folio Publications, Inc. Columbia: Lynn Anderson

TELL ME A LIE

TROUBLE IN PARADISE

Stop and Smell the Roses

the streak

tie a yellow ribbon round the ole oak tree

Mickey Buckins, Barbara Wyrick (ASCAP) Fame Publishing Company MGM: Sammi Jo

tell me a lie

IT'S MIDNIGHT

Jerry Chesnut, Billy Edd Wheeler (ASCAP) Geronimo Music, Inc., Imagination, Inc. (ASCAP) RCA: Elvis Presley

KENTUCKY GAMBLER

Dolly Parton Owepar Publishing, Inc. Capitol: Merle Haggard

THE LADY CAME FROM BALTIMORE

Tim Hardin The Hudson Bay Music Company

Columbia: Johnny Cash

LET ME BE THERE

2nd Award John Rostill (PRS) Al Gallico Music Corporation MCA: Olivia Newton-John

LINDA ON MY MIND

Conway Twitty Twitty Bird Music Publishing Company MCA: Conway Twitty

LOVE IS LIKE A BUTTERFLY

Dolly Parton Owepar Publishing, Inc. RCA: Dolly Parton

MAN THAT TURNED MY MAMA ON Ed Bruce

Tree Publishing Company, Inc. Columbia: Tanya Tucker

MARIE LAVEAU

Shel Silverstein, Baxter Taylor III Evil Eye Music, Inc. RCA: Bobby Bare

MEMORY MAKER

Mel Tillis, Kent Westberry Cedarwood Publishing Company, Inc. MGM: Mel Tillis

MIDNIGHT, ME AND THE BLUES

Jerry House Sawgrass Music Publishers, Inc. MISSISSIPPI COTTON PICKING **DELTA TOWN**

OLD MAN FROM THE MOUNTAIN

Memory Maker

THE MAN THAT

TURNED MY MAMA ON

LINDA ON MY MIND

NO CHARGE

love is like a butterfly

Midnight, Me And The Blues

Harold Dorman, Wiley Gann Hall-Clement Publications RCA: Charley Pride

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL GIRL

2nd Award Rory Bourke, Billy Sherrill, Norro Wilson Al Gallico Music Corporation, Algee Music Corporation Epic: Charlie Rich

MY ELUSIVE DREAMS

4th Award Curly Putman, Billy Sherrill Tree Publishing Company, Inc. Epic: Charlie Rich

MY WIFE'S HOUSE

Bob Jennings, Lorene Mann (SESAC)
Four Star Music Company, Inc.,
Ace Music (SESAC),
Burlo Music (SESAC) MCA: Jerry Wallace

A NATURAL WOMAN

Gerry Goffin, Carole King, Jerry Wexler Screen Gems-Columbia Music, Inc. Epic: Jody Miller

NO CHARGE

Harlan Howard Wilderness Music Publishing Company, Inc. Elektra: Melba Montgomery

THE OLD MAN FROM THE MOUNTAIN

Merle Haggard Shade Tree Music, Inc. Capitol: Merle Haggard

THE OLDER THE VIOLIN, THE SWEETER THE MUSIC

Curly Putman Tree Publishing Company, Inc.



THAT SONG IS DRIVING ME CRAZY Tom T. Hall Hallnote Music Mercury: Tom T. Hall

THERE'S A HONKY TONK ANGEL Denzil Rice, Troy Seals Danor Music, Inc. MCA: Conway Twitty

THEY DON'T MAKE EM LIKE MY DADDY

Jerry Chesnut Passkey Music, Inc. MCA: Loretta Lynn

THINGS AREN'T FUNNY ANYMORE

Merle Haggard Shade Tree Music, Inc. Capitol: Merle Haggard

THIS TIME
Waylon Jennings
Baron Music Publishing Company
RCA: Waylon Jennings

TIE A YELLOW RIBBON ROUND THE OLE OAK TREE

2nd Award Irwin Levine, L. Russell Brown Levine & Brown Music, Inc. ABC: Johnny Carver

TROUBLE IN PARADISE Kenny O'Dell House of Gold Music, Inc. MCA: Loretta Lynn

US OF A Donna Fargo Prima-Donna Music Company ABC/Dot: Donna Fargo

A VERY SPECIAL LOVE SONG 2nd Award Billy Sherrill, Norro Wilson

Billy Sherrill, Norro Wilson Algee Music Corporation Epic: Charlie Rich WE COULD

Felice Bryant House of Bryant Publications RCA: Charley Pride

WE SHOULD BE TOGETHER Allen Reynolds Jack Music, Inc. JMI: Don Williams WE'RE NOT THE JET SET

Bobby Braddock
Tree Publishing Company, Inc.

Epic: George Jones & Tammy Wynette

WE'RE OVER

Barry Mann, Cynthia Weil Screen Gems-Columbia Music, Inc. Mercury: Johnny Rodriguez

WHAT A MAN MY MAN IS

Glenn Sutton Rodeo Cowboy Music, Inc.

Columbia: Lynn Anderson

WHEN THE MORNING COMES

Hoyt Axton Lady Jane Music A&M: Hoyt Axton

WILDWOOD WEED

Don Bowman, Jim Stafford (ASCAP)
Parody Publishing,
Ensign Music Corporation,
Famous Music Corporation (ASCAP)

MGM: Jim Stafford

WOMAN TO WOMAN Billy Sherrill Algee Music Corporation Epic: Tammy Wynette

WOULD YOU LAY WITH ME (IN A FIELD OF STONE)

David Allan Coe Window Music Publishing Company, Inc., Captive Music Columbia: Tanya Tucker



At the BMI Country Awards Dinner, held in Nashville, October 14, 1975, the Burton Award honoring the Most Performed Song went to IF YOU LOVE ME (LET ME KNOW), written by John Rostill (PRS), published by Al Gallico Music Corporation. First presented in 1969, the Burton Award is a crystal and aluminum plaque. The roster of Most Performed Country Songs includes:

BMI

1974 LET ME BE THERE John Rostill (PRS) Al Gallico Music Corp.

THE HAPPIEST GIRL
IN THE WHOLE U.S.A.

Donna Fargo Algee Music Corp. Prima-Donna Music Corp.

1972
HELP ME MAKE IT
THROUGH THE NIGHT
Kris Kristofferson
Combine Music Corp.

U.S.of A.

1971 (I Never Promised You A)

ROSE GARDEN
Joe South
Lowery Music Co., Inc.

1968, 1969, 1970 GENTLE ON MY MIND John Hartford Glaser Publications, Inc.

1967 RELEASE ME Eddie Miller, W. S. Stevenson Four Star Music Co., Inc.

1966
ALMOST PERSUADED
Glenn Sutton, Billy Sherrill
Al Gallico Music Corp.

WHYLUN JENNINGS
THIS TIME
ITS NOT BE THAN MAY



IN 1940 BMI WAS THE MUSIC LICENSING ORGANIZATION THAT WAS PROUD TO LICENSE COUNTRY MUSIC.

Thirty-six years ago there were no Country charts, no award-winning Country songs, no royalties for Country writers and publishers, no Music City U.S.A., and no BMI building on Music Row.

Congratulations to the 109 writers of the top BMI Country songs most performed from April 1, 1974 to March 31, 1975. 80% of the Country songs on the trade paper charts in that period were licensed by BMI.

Peter Allen Bill Anderson Renee Armand Hoyt Axton 2 Awards Jeff Barry 2 Awards Carl Belew Chuck Berry Rory Bourke Don Bowman Bobby Braddock 2 Awards L. Russell Brown Ed Bruce Felice Bryant Mickey Buckins Jimmy Buffett Larry Butler Wayne Carson 2 Awards Tommy Cash Jerry Chesnut Johnny Christopher David Allan Coe Jerry Crutchfield Mac Davis Harold Dorman Don Earl Donna Fargo 2 Awards John Clifford Farrar (PRS) Dick Feller Jerry Foster Wiley Gann Larry Gatlin Don Gibson 2 Awards Gerry Goffin Peter Gosling (PRS) Earl Green

Merle Haggard 2 Awards

Tom T. Hall 2 Awards Tim Hardin Don Harris George Harrison (PRS) Freddie Hart John Hartford Alan Hawkshaw (PRS) Ronald Hellard Jerry House Harlan Howard 2 Awards **Bob Jennings** Waylon Jennings Vivian Keith Carole King Pee Wee King Kris Kristofferson 4 Awards Dickey Lee Jerry Leiber Irwin Levine Sammy Lyons Barry Mann Layn'g Martine Jr. 2 Awards Ronald E. McCown Warner McPherson 2 Awards Aileen Mnich Chips Moman Kenny O'Dell 2 Awards Buck Owens Dolly Parton 4 Awards Gary S. Paxton Ray Pennington Jimmy Peppers Ben Peters **Anita** Pointer Bonnie Pointer Curly Putman 2 Awards

Eddie Rabbitt Jerry Reed Allen Reynolds Bill Rice Denzil Rice George Richey 2 Awards Betty Jean Robinson John Rostill (PRS) 2 Awards Troy Seals James B. Shaw Billy Sherrill 5 Awards Shel Silverstein 3 Awards Joe South Joe Stampley Ray Stevens W.S. Stevenson Redd Stewart Mike Stoller Glenn Sutton 2 Awards Billy Swan Baxter Taylor III Carmol Taylor 2 Awards Chip Taylor Dewey Terry Mel Tillis Conway Twitty 2 Awards Porter Wagoner Daniel T. Walls Don Wayne Jim Webb Cynthia Weil Bobby (Red) West Kent Westberry Jerry Wexler Marijohn Wilkin Hank Williams Norro Wilson 6 Awards



Bicentennial News

BMI

A major American music business contribu-**EXHIBITS** tion in celebration of the United States Bi-

centennial is being made by BMI which has begun shipping of four national traveling exhibits, a special display exhibit to be shown in Western Europe under the auspices of USIA, the United States Information Agency, and a loan collection to the America On Stage presentation at Washington's Kennedy Center. The material has been gathered from the Carl Haverlin Collection/BMI Archives.

The four displays of exhibits are free to participants and the public and will be shown in 80 locations in the United States, with others to be selected. The USIA showings in Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Finland and England will take place during the Bicentennial Year.

Rich with rare and interesting documents, the BMI exhibits will be shown at colleges, universities, libraries, museums and under the auspices of various organizations.

On view, for example, is a letter by George Washington written in the last year of his life (1799); a letter by Benjamin Franklin written from the Court of Versailles in 1778; a rare copy of "Union Hymns," with signature and a few bars of music by Stephen Foster, plus Foster first editions; a letter by Ulysses S. Grant written in 1864 during the siege of Richmond and a letter by Thomas Paine (1807) concerning the fortifications for the

harbor area adjoining New York City.

Also included are five editions tracing the history of "The Star Spangled Banner" from 1780 to 1861; an original program of the first broadcast concert (1877); an autographed first edition of Daniel Emmett's "Dixie," together with letters concerning the song written by members of the Bankhead family of Alabama; an Edgar Allan Poe autographed manuscript and a first edition of "America."

Highlighted by documents from American history, the exhibits have been specially chosen by James G. Roy, director of the Haverlin Collection/BMI Archives.

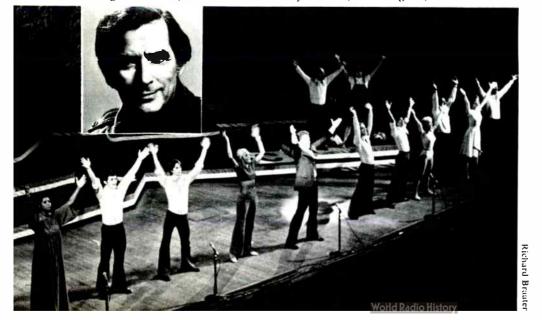
In announcing the BMI Bicentennial exhibit tours, BMI president Edward M. Cramer, said:

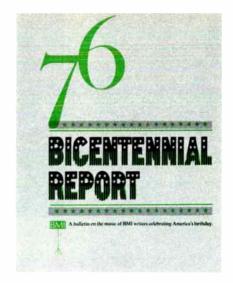
"It is a privilege to share the treasures of Americana from the Carl Haverlin Collection/BMI Archives with the American public and with Europe. Items on display range from the mid-18th century to the present. Many of the items are being shown for the first time to the public, such as letters of George Washington, Robert E. Lee and Woodrow Wilson. Several of the pieces are works of art, such as Eugene Field's "Little Boy Blue," with color illustrations by the poet himself.

"While there is a fine sampling of sheet music from the past, the world of contemporary popular and 'serious' music ranges from the autographed manuscripts of John Kander and Fred Ebb's 'Cabaret' to Pulitzer Prize winner George Crumb's 'Makrokosmos, Volume One.'

"Patriotic songs from the Revolu-

'Sing, America, Sing,' written and staged by Oscar Brand (inset) swings into the finale at the Kennedy Center, Washington, D.C.





tionary and Civil Wars, music of European immigrants and the minstrel music of the Negro: these add a sense of history and tradition to the exhibits.

"Finally, many of the sheet music covers are excellent examples of the lithographic skills of the 19th century.

"These exhibits were chosen from the BMI Archives containing more than 6,000 items from which we plan to offer displays on a similar broad scale in the near future."

The guiding spirit and dominant force in the creation of the Archives was Carl Haverlin, who served as BMI president from 1947 to 1963. The first purchases of rare books and music from European as well as American sources were begun in 1949 and have been expanded upon through the years. The Archives rank as one of the finest private collections in the country. Falling into several categories, the collection contains first editions of European classical masters, autographed scores of contemporary popular and serious composers, American sheet music from 1790, letters, documents and rare books.

'SING **AMERICA** SING'

Sing, America, Sing, a Bicentennial celebration of American music written and staged by

Oscar Brand, was presented at the Kennedy Center in Washington, D.C., September 8-21. The two-hour look at America's history and popular music, which included 64 numbers, starred John Raitt as narrator and performer. Other leading members of the cast included Jean Ritchie, Glory Van Scott, Lunn Hardy, Gilbert Robbins, Jay Unger, Jonathan Pickow, Peter Pickow and Brand. A 12-piece band was led by Ron Frangipane.



David Figg



Andrew Hill



Curtis Fuller



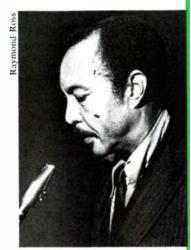
Michael Mantler



Cedar Walton



Alan Shorter



Harold Land

The 200-year retrospective of American songs provided a musical idea of where we've been and what we've been doing. To help make a variety of historical points, Brand mounted a number of dramatic vignettes, featuring the 20-odd singers and dancers.

The National Endow-**ARTS** ment for the Arts re-**ENDOWMENT** cently announced **GRANTS** grants to artists and organizations from 37 states and the District of Columbia for 1975, and the Bicentennial. Awards were made to established composers and arrangers, as well as gifted performing artists, as part of the Jazz/Folk/ Ethnic Program of the National Endownient. Nancy Hanks, chairman of the Endowment, commented: "The Jazz/Folk/Ethnic Music Program is filling an important need by identifying our grassroots musical culture and bringing expression to the many facets underlying our pluralistic society."

Among the musicians singled out by the Endowment are:

Richard L. Abrams, the Chicago composer, who will complete several

compositions for a choir of three pianists and two double bassists, based on the styles of great Afro-American musicians.

Richard P. Brown, another Chicago creator, will compose a large work embodying musical materials and forms, which results from his research on contributions to the American jazz scene by Afro-American musicians.

Anne Bryant, a New Yorker, will compose a series of band and orchestra pieces for high school and college ensembles.

Roy K. Burrowes, from the Bronx, New York City, plans to complete five works in progress and to arrange at least two of the works for 10-piece ensemble.

Alf H. Clauson, who resides in North Hollywood, Calif., will compose a suite for concert jazz group.

George Coleman, a New York resident, plans to complete composition and orchestration of a five-movement jazz suite for nine-piece ensemble featuring the saxophone.

Albert Dailey, who lives in New York City, will compose a suite for instruments and voices which will explore the ethnic roots of Black music. Brooklyn's Charles A. Davis intends to compose 10 works for the Baritone Saxophone Retinue, augmented by brass instruments.

Jack De Johnette, of Willow, N.Y., will compose a suite which utilizes results of research on historical and technical fundamentals of international scales and African, West Indian and Latin rhythms and incorporates them with the composer's own concept of polyrhythms and harmonic tonal colors.

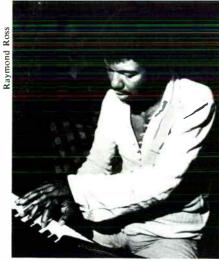
David Figg, of Roanoke, Va., will compose a three-movement work for 20-piece orchestra which will outline a 200-year history of music from a Southern view.

New York's Curtis D. Fuller will compose a sonata for jazz orchestra depicting Black culture.

Albert J. Hall Jr., of Los Angeles, is to compose a four-movement suite for full orchestra and jazz octet.

Bill Harris, a resident of the nation's capital, will compose and arrange music for guitar, voices and orchestra, entitled "American Music Black and Blue."

Andrew Hill, of Smyrna, N.Y., will complete a composition fashioned for



Jack DeJohnette



Julian Priester

four jazz performers and orchestra.

Los Angeles' Harold Land will compose a jazz suite for quintet or sextet, with percussionists.

Mark J. Levine, of Oakland, Calif., plans to create a suite for small jazz orchestra, using traditional jazz elements with Latin-American rhythms, particularly Afro-Cuban and Brazilian.

Charles J. Levy, of Chicago, will arrange a Dixieland jazz suite for jazz orchestra.

Michael Mantler, a New Yorker, will compose a suite based on words by Edward Gorey for voices and small group.

James Mtume, who makes his residence in Newark, N.J., will compose a major six-movement work for 61-piece ensemble which preserves, promotes and perpetuates the traditional African vocal and instrumental textures within the context of contemporary Afro-American music.

Julian Priester, of San Francisco, plans to compose and arrange a work for large orchestra and soloists.

James R. Riley will complete a five-movement vocal and percussion suite for 26-piece ensemble. He lives in Roxbury, Mass.

Robert E. Scott of Berkeley, Calif., will compose a jazz work which will be written to demonstrate how the small jazz ensemble can be used to create different moods and backgrounds for the cinema.

Alan Shorter, of Newark, N.J., will compose music for large orchestra, using tubas, French horns, trombones and basses.

New York's **Heiner Stadler** intends to compose a large-scale work for an ensemble of nine or 10 players.

Jeffrey E. Steinberg, of Bethesda, Md., will compose a work for 18-piece jazz band and symphony orchestra.

Thomas W. Stewart Jr., of Decatur, Ga., will create a jazz suite, entitled "Ellingtonia," to be performed by the Morehouse College Stage Band.

Cedar Walton, of New York City, will compose a suite for jazz triò and orchestra, titled "Firm Roots."

AMRAM

David Amram is working on a Bicentennial composition. Commissioned by the Philadel-

phia Orchestra, it is scored for mezzosoprano, oboe and orchestra. During the 1975-76 season, the composerconductor-educator is scheduled to appear at colleges and schools through the country as well as with the Toronto, Birmingham, Winnipeg and Milwaukee Symphonies.

The Bicentennial Music
SALUTE TO Festival in New York
COMPOSERS City's Washington
Square Park, the even-

ing of August 5, took the form of "A Salute to Living New York State Composers." Igor Buketoff conducted the Festival Orchestra. Soprano Paulette Schmidt was featured artist in this, the third in a series of six concerts.

Included in the program was John Watts' "Laugharne," (1974) a setting of three texts by Marie-France Armstrong Rose for soprano, electronic tape and soprano, which refers to the Welsh town where poet Dylan Thomas is buried. "It had an attractive elegiac atmosphere, and . . . was sung with a lovely tone by Paulette Schmidt," The New York Times' Raymond Ericson said.

Also programed were John Lessard's "well constructed" "Concerto

for Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Solo String Quartet and String Orchestra" (1952) and Lester Trimble's "Concerto for Woodwind and Strings" (1956), described by Ericson as "most satisfying with its grace . . . and elegance of sound."

ASPEN

Earle Brown was one of the composers-in-residence during the Aspen (Colo.) Confer-

ence on Contemporary Music, subtitled "The American Bicentennial, Part I: The Americans." It was held July 14-29 and included panel discussions and concerts.

Four pieces by Brown were programed: "Centering" featuring violinist Paul Zukofsky; "Syntagm III" (1970), conducted by the composer; "Times Five" and "From Here" (1963) conducted by Brown and Richard Dufallo.

Other composers represented at the concerts were William Schuman—"Prelude for a Great Occasion"; Milton Babbitt—"Composition for Viola and Piano" (1950); Gunther Schuller



David Amram



Earle Brown (foreground)



Alice Cooper celebrates America

—"Fantasy for Cello Solo, Opus 19"; Edgard Varèse—"Ionisation"; Wallingford Riegger—"Music for Brass Choir, Opus 45"; Yehudi Wyner—"Memorial Music I & II for Soprano and Three Flutes" (1971-73); Walter Piston—"Woodwind Quintet" (1956); John Harbison—"Variations on 'Amazing Grace'" and Larry Austin—"First Fantasy on Ives' Universe Symphony."

HAPPY BIRTHDAY AMERICA Alice Cooper and the Los Angeles Bicentennial Committee presented a celebration,

June 17, at the Hollywood Palladium,

commemorating the growth and success of the American Music Industry during our country's first 200 years of development. Over 1,500 people attended the event.

The Palladium was bicentennially decorated in red, white and blue streamers, balloons and banners. The food served was very much American-fried chicken, cornbread, ribs, apple pie. Uncle Sam on 10-foot stilts welcomed all who attended this party. The entertainment was diverse, everything from the Van Nuys Royal Cavalier's 110-piece marching band to fife and drum duos. The highlight of the evening: an enormous birthday cake which said "Happy Birthday America," was rolled in front of the bandstand. Out jumped Alice Cooper, to the delight of all on hand.

BRUBECK WORK Connecticut's musical inauguration of the Bicentennial Year took place on May 3 at

Woolsey Hall on the Yale campus in New Haven. The New Haven Symphony, under Erich Kunzel, commissioned and premiered Dave Brubeck's "They All Sang Yankee Doodle," an ethnic panoramic tone poem for orchestra. The work is dedicated to the memory of another Connecticut composer, Charles Ives.

"'Yankee Doodle' with variations is the most concise way to describe the piece I have written for the New Haven Symphony for the Bicentennial celebration," Brubeck explained.

"'Yankee Doodle' is interwoven with other folk and national melodies

to stitch a tapestry, or more precisely, a patchwork, designed to depict American history through combining fragments of popular tunes."

The piece also takes another form. It is written as a concerto for two pianos as well. The first performance of the concerto was given by Sandra Shaw Murphy and Rita Lapcevic during a Brubeck salute concert, sponsored by the Westport Weston Arts Council, at Long Lots Junior High School, Westport, Conn., June 6.

On July 18, at the Norse Park Center, Dallas, the Dallas Symphony, with Erich Kunzel conducting, performed the work with Brubeck at the piano. This marked the first time the piece was done with the addition of improvisatory sections for piano.

COMMIS-SIONS Symphony News, the newsletter of the American Symphony Orchestra League, recently

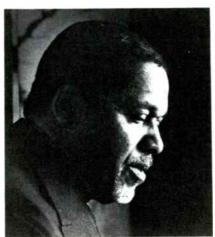
noted: "Symphony orchestras are firing off the first rim shots of the American Bioentennial, and the result may be a revolution in our appreciation of music by contemporary American composers."

The National Symphony of Washington, D.C., has commissioned Gene Gutche, Ulysses Kay, Gunther Schuller and William Schuman, among other composers.

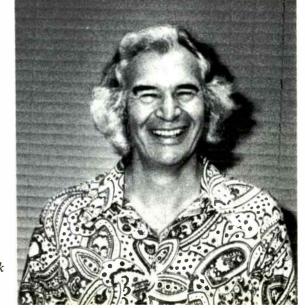
As part of a \$60,000 National Endowment for the Arts program, Elliott Carter and Leslie Bassett will create works for the New York Philharmonic and the Philadelphia Orchestra, respectively.



Jacob Avshalamov



John Lewis



Dave Brubeck

Donald Erb is writing a trombone concerto for Stuart Dempster, to be premiered by the St. Louis Symphony on March 12, 1976.

An orchestral work with jazz elements, to be written by John Lewis, has been commissioned by the Kansas City Philharmonic and scheduled for its 1976-77 season. William Bolcom has received a commission from the Seattle Symphony Orchestra. He is to create a piano concerto for an August 1976 premiere under the direction of Milton Katims. Bolcom will be the soloist.

The Oregon Symphony has announced its commission of a new work for chorus and orchestra by **Jacob Avshalomov** at some time during the 1975-76 season.

Norman Dello Joio is writing a work for the Philadelphia Orchestra. It will be introduced in May 1976 by the organization at the Grand Opera House in Wilmington, Del. The Farmers Bank of the State of Delaware is underwriting this project, the state's salute to the nation's 200th birthday.

"Triplum II," another Bicentennial work by Gunther Schuller—a Baltimore Symphony Orchestra commission—was premiered, under the direction of conductor Sergiu Comissiona, on February 26, 1975.

OPERAS

During the Bicentennial celebration, operas composed in honor of America's anniversary

will be introduced. One of these will be a concert opera by Gil Evans, written for the New York Jazz Repertory Company. A grant to Evans from the New York State Council on the Arts made this work possible. It is to be premiered sometime in 1976.

Another Bicentennial opera, commissioned by Opera/South of Jackson, Miss., is Jubilee. Ulysses Kay and Donald Dorr are working on this offering, which is based on a book, of the same title, by Margaret Walker. Jubilee tells the true story of a Georgia plantation owner and a slave family. April 12, 1976 is tentatively given as the date of the first performance. Cincinnati's Baby Grand Opera Co. has announced a 1976 premiere for Land Rights, a Scott Huston-Dan Bredemann collaboration.

'PARADE OF AMERICAN MUSIC' A 20-month "Bicentennial Parade of American Music" is being held at the John F.

Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts in Washington, D.C. This tribute to America's musical heritage began on May 7.

Each of the free concerts highlights music written in, or about, a particular state by American composers. By the time the series of events is completed, a wide range of music will have been offered.

The program, May 19, saluting the state of New Jersey, featuring the Masterwork Chorus (David Randolph, director) and pianists Frances Walker and Michael May, included Ulysses Kay's "Give Ear to My Words, O Lord." Mr. Kay lives in New Jersey.

On June 4, the program dedicated to Georgia, the fourth state to ratify the Constitution, had among its features Wallingford Riegger's "Introduction and Fugue" and "Piano Trio No. 1 in B Minor" and Edwin Gerschefski's "200 Years: 1) Minuet For Loyalists; 2) Lullaby for Orphans." Riegger was born in Georgia and spent the first 15 years of his life there. Gerschefski teaches at the University of Georgia at Athens.

The Connecticut recital on June 16 featured Norman Dello Joio's "Piano Sonata No. 3," as interpreted by Karen Shaw; Charles Ives' "Processional," "They Are There" and "Circus Band March," all performed by the College Choir of Southern Connecticut State College, under the direction of Dr. Harmon Diers; Ives' "Feldeinsamkeit," sung by soprano Betty Jones, and two Dave Brubeck works: "They All Sang Yankee Doodle" and "How Praise a World." The Eastern Brass Quintet offered the former; Ms. Jones sang the latter.

Mr. Dello Joio, who currently is Dean of Fine and Applied Arts at Boston University, studied at Yale under Paul Hindemith. Ives was born, educated and lived in Connecticut. Brubeck is now living in the state.

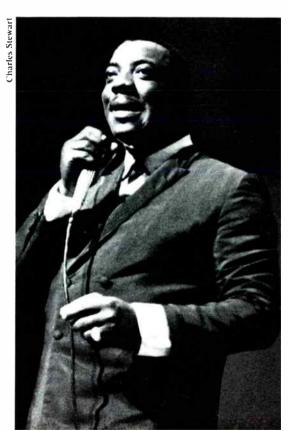
Rev. James Cleveland's "While I Have a Chance," performed by Helen Green, was one of the items on the Bicentennial Parade at American Music concert, honoring the state of Massachusetts, July 14.



Ulysses Kay



Edwin Gerschefski



James Cleveland



Gunther Schuller . . . 'Treemonisha' recreated

RAGTIME OPERA Riding the wave of interest in ragtime, *Treemonisha*, the folk opera by leading ragtime com-

poser Scott Joplin, has surfaced, been produced and evoked great interest within and beyond the members of the music community.

Working from the original piano score, Gunther Schuller has brought a sense of realization to the work,

completed in 1911, via his "superb orchestral setting." He has re-created the work, not veering from the original material, only enhancing what already was there.

"... It has a period charm that's indestructible," Schuller says. "When I orchestrated it, I resisted the temptation to 'do something' with it. I wrote as closely as possible to what Joplin would have done in terms of the instrumentation and abilities of pit bands of his day. I tried to keep in mind what Joplin would have had in his ear. If I had jazzed it up, it would have killed the period feeling."

Auditioned by Joplin, himself, at his own expense in 1915, *Treemonisha* received its first full-scale production in Atlanta in 1972. In its current form, the opera first was mounted last May, by the Houston Grand Opera Company with the support of the City's Revolutionary Bicentennial Association. The Houston import subsequently had a run at the Kennedy Center in Washington before coming into New York in October.

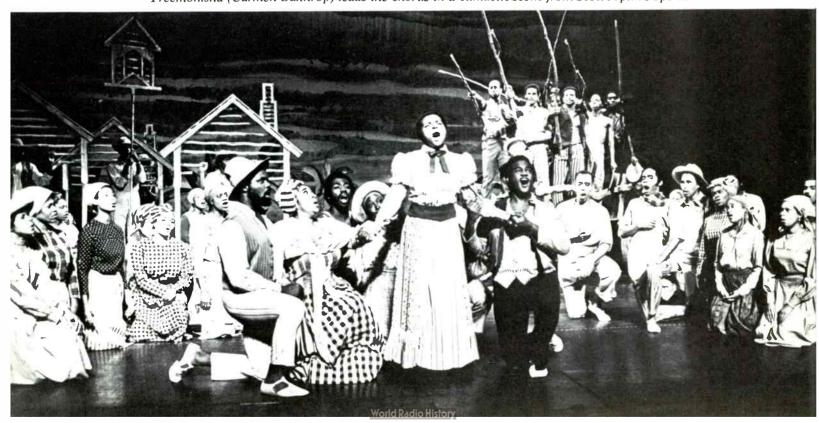
"The story is simplicity itself," critic Douglas Watt noted in *The New York Daily News*, "Just after the Civil War, an Arkansas couple, Ned and Monisha, both former slaves and both enlightened people, long for a child

who can be educated and lead his people 'out of their backwardness. The child, a girl, is found under a tree, hence her name, and after antagonizing and being kidnapped by a pair of conjurers she is rescued and accepted as a leader. Eschewing revenge, Treemonisha asks that the conjurers be set free and all ends in jubilation."

Time described Treemonisha as "innocent and pure," adding that Joplin wrote his own libretto and "decked it out with orchestral preludes, choruses, solos, duos, even a quintet." New York's Alan Rich declared the opera "craves your indulgence and rewards it with radiance and show. . . . It has been rescued from the dust and restored with respect and honesty. . . . He (Joplin) knew 'opera' as the world defined it, but created his own score as if the medium had never existed. His ethnic pieces—the dances, the ragtime finale-probably came easy. But the great surprise here is the beauty of the solo songs."

Staged by Frank Corsaro, choreographed by Louis Johnson, designed by Franco Colaveechia, it is "beautifully sung," *The New York Post* commentator Richard Watts asserts. "... It provides an enchanting evening. I've rarely been in the presence of a happier audience."

Treemonisha (Carmen Balthrop) leads the chorus in a climactic scene from Scott Joplin's opera.





The conjurers (Ben Harney, Dorceal Duckens) are forgiven and set free.

The leading role is played by lyric soprano Carmen Balthrop, mezzosoprano Betty Allen sings Monisha, and baritone Willard White portrays Ned. Gunther Schuller, the key ingredient in this production, indeed in the rise of ragtime from the ashes, created the orchestrations, conducts the orchestra and serves as musical supervisor as well.

Interested in ragtime since the late 1950s, Schuller initially became professionally involved with rags at a Festival of Romantic American music at the New England Conservatory. He subsequently made a best-selling album for Angel, on which he conducted the New England Conservatory Ragtime Ensemble in arrangements of Scott Joplin rags from the famous New Orleans Red Back Book of Rags.

Ragtime suddenly became big business. Schuller's album sold like a pop single. Then, the Red Back Book arrangements, as edited by Schuller, were heard in the score of the motion picture, *The Sting*, winning an Academy Award for Marvin Hamlisch in 1974. It was Schuller's edition of "The Entertainer," also on the soundtrack of the film, that won Hamlisch a Grammy for the Best Pop Instrumental Performance for 1974.

So, the Schuller connection with *Treemonisha* was almost inevitable. Once involved, he truly loved the ex-

perience of working with the Joplin music (published by Unichappell Music Inc., BMI).

"... It has some of the most beautiful music Joplin ever wrote," Schuller told James Lincoln Collier in *The New York Times*. "I think I've probably done more Joplin than anyone. I've played some of his rags 200 times, and I'm not kidding, I still approach them with enthusiasm . . . Joplin's work always remains fresh."



Carmen Balthrop



Celebrating the Biomismial year the Cirl Haverlin, BMH Archives continue on display in the U.S. and Europe. Photos of recent exhibits (top two) Bob Iones University. Greenville, S.C., Citteens and Southern National Bank, Charleston, S.C., and (bottom) Brussels, Belgium. The Archives will be opin to the public at close to 85 locations throughout 1976.

Chuck Berry

BY ROBERT HILBURN

When ballots for Don Kirshner's Rock Music Awards television show were mailed to participating disc jockeys and critics a few months ago, there were five names listed in the prestigious Hall of Fame category. The names—selected by a panel charged with the responsibility of nominating the leading contenders in each area of the awards competition—represented the five most important and influential figures in the history of rock music.

It was no surprise to see Chuck Berry's name among the nominees. He had long been considered one of the key rock pioneers. But when BMI's Berry emerged as the winner—over such major figures as John Lennon, Paul McCartney and Elvis Presley—it may have surprised some on the fringes of rock. But it came as no surprise to those who have been close to the music. The award simply demonstrated where the songwriter from St. Louis, Mo. stands in the rock community.

Though Berry may not have been as dominant a figure in rock in the 1950s as Presley, his records and, particularly, his songs represented virtual blueprints for untold thousands of rock musicians who followed him to the scene.

It's hard to imagine a rock musician who didn't have a Berry song in his repertoire during some point in his career. And Berry's impact was just as great in England as in the United States. The Beatles, for instance, used Berry's "Too Much Monkey Business" in their stage act and put two more of his songs—"Roll Over Beethoven" and "Rock and Roll Music"—in their early albums.

The Rolling Stones relied on Berry even more. They started their recording career with Berry's "Come On" and included his "O Carole" on their first album. They later recorded or performed live such Berry tunes as "Bye Bye Johnny," "Johnny B. Goode," "Nadine" and "Little Queenie." In the United States, meanwhile, the Beach Boys did a surfing version of Berry's "Sweet Little Sixteen," Johnny Rivers did "Memphis," Elvis did "The Promised Land," and on and on.

Berry's success as a writer was based on both his simple, yet highly infectious melodies and the extraordinary universality of his lyrics. Though several of his songs ("Memphis," "You Never Can Tell") touch on adult themes, it was Berry's ability to capture the language and attitudes of teenagers that first propelled him to stardom.

While Berry's tunes never really dealt in serious so-

cial comment, there was a bit of gentle "get off my back" sentiment directed at parents and others in authority in several of his songs.

The irony of Berry's success was that he, unlike Presley, the Everly Brothers and many other early rock stars, was well past his teens when he started churning out hits in the 1950s. An even greater irony was that he originally wanted to be the kind of ballad singer that young rock fans rebelled against two decades ago.

Berry began singing in a church choir with his family. He later sang in the high school glee club and remembers being stagestruck when he got an enthusiastic response from the audience for his rendition of "Confessin' the Blues" at a high school assembly.

Though he spent much of his early years listening to Country music (St. Louis' two most powerful radio stations at the time both played Country music) and later developed a deep fondness for the ballads sung by Nat Cole and Frank Sinatra, Berry found the blues to be his most effective musical outlet.

It was, in fact, bluesman Muddy Waters who helped Berry get a recording contract. He was playing a club in St. Louis (\$21 a week for his trio) when he decided to drive up to Chicago to see and hear Muddy perform. "I drove up there in a 1937 Olds," Berry once recalled. "We must have had 13 flats along the way. I played three songs for him during his break. When he was getting back on stage, I asked him how to go about making records and he suggested I go see Leonard Chess (of Chess Records)."

When Berry did see Chess, the record company executive asked him if he had any of his own songs. "It surprised me," Berry said. "It was the first time I had thought about my own material. I went home and began writing." When Berry went back to Chicago two weeks later, he had four songs for Chess: "Maybelline," "Wee Wee Hours," "Roll Over Beethoven" and "Too Much Monkey Business." Within three months, "Maybelline" was on its way to becoming a hit.

It has been 20 years now since "Maybelline" entered the Top 10, but Berry's music—both through his own versions and cover versions—remains both a commercial and historical force in rock. It's no wonder, then, that Berry has been called the "paragon of '50s rock" and that he was voted into the Hall of Fame. Everyone has learned from him.

Critic Hilburn covers the pop music scene and reviews recordings on a regular basis for The Los Angeles Times.





Hoyt Axton

BY MAE BOREN AXTON

"My self image is that of a songwriter. That's what I am. That's the essence of what I do," my son Hoyt Axton told interviewer Cynthia Kirk, getting to the heart of things. "Everything else is frosting—the recording, the performing, the acceptance of songs by other artists."

Oklahoma-born, Florida-reared, California-based, Hoyt loves music, making it, listening to it, day or night. I guess it's no accident. His Dad and I were musically-involved school teachers. I wrote songs and my husband sang. Hoyt grew up listening to the Country, gospel and Black music of the South.

He was deeply affected by what he heard and he vividly remembers when we lived near a Black Southern Baptist Church: "Every Wednesday and Sunday night for about five years I went to sleep with the windows open, listening to the congregation sing." He got close to artists with roots in that kind of music: "Early in my career I worked a lot with Josh White, Sonny Terry and Brownie McGhee. Later, I hung out with Lightnin' Hopkins and John Lee Hooker."

Hoyt became involved with songwriting as a teenager. About 17 years ago, at 20, he started to make his living at music, working up and down the West Coast, performing traditional and contemporary Country and folk songs, with a few of his own thrown in, for good measure. He became an underground figure in California, with a large following. Then, in 1962, he wrote "Greenback Dollar," with a guy named Ken Ramsey. It was recorded by the Kingston Trio and did exceedingly well.

Two years later, John Kay, the moving force in a group called Steppenwolf, heard Hoyt sing at the Troubadour in Los Angeles. He was deeply impressed by the power and quality of "The Pusher," a song about the drug scene. Steppenwolf taped it and the message about Hoyt's truth-telling in song spread.

Time passed. Hoyt kept growing. He experimented as a songwriter, dabbling in new forms and with various types of subject matter. He got into acting in motion pictures and television, appearing in the film, *Smoky*, such TV series as *Bonanza*, *Iron Horse*, *I Dream of Jeannie*, and on a variety of music and talk shows. He continued to sharpen and better his onstage performances.

The most important Axton song? According to the writer, "Joy to the World (Jeremiah Was a Bullfrog)," brought into the foreground by Three Dog Night, is the one. Why? Hoyt insists that the songs that get

across to the largest number of people are the ones that are truly relevant. Because "Joy" has climbed to the top of the charts in virtually every corner of the world, he considers it his most significant effort.

Of course there are other songs of parallel importance. The "No No Song," popularized by Ringo Starr, and "Never Been to Spain," another hit for Three Dog Night, are certainly major efforts. "Boney Fingers" and "When the Morning Comes," two among several of his BMI award-winners, also are "big ones" in an ever-growing catalogue that appeals to a variety of artists. Over 100 recordings of his songs have been made by performers covering a wide stylistic range.

A song, Hoyt says, is always evolving. "It's like any growing, living thing. The first pleasure is in the creation," he explains. "Then I sing it to my friends and family and it grows a little. When I do it in a club, the song evolves a bit more. The next step, hopefully, is a recording. The process continues. When someone else does it, in person or on record, that adds to the dimensions of the melody and lyrics. The song is the thing; as it grows, I grow."

What kind of man is my son, the songwriter? Well, first off, he's not perfect. What son is? He's made his share of mistakes. But, basically, he's deeply loyal to his family, friends, folks in general. He's deeply interested in people, especially children, notably his own: Mark, Michael and April. He's into life and his surroundings. His interests are diversified—religion, antiques and motorcycles, athletics (he was an All-State high school tackle in Florida) and his dog, Fearless.

In recent years, he has reached beyond himself into areas that speak for his increasing maturity. Like most people, Hoyt took some time to live up to his potential. Now, I think, he is moving in the right direction.

He has involved himself in the Indian Welfare Movement and Interplast—a non-profit Stanford University concern that reaches into Latin America and Mexico and gives help to people disfigured by burns, cleft palates and bone diseases. He spends time in behalf of lonely, needy children and shut-ins. Hoyt is also very active in UNICEF.

Anti-war, committed to social change, Hoyt points out "I'm not as altruistic as it might seem. But I do try to do what I can. Music is a healing force. It can help fight the enemies of greed, impatience, ignorance."

Mrs. Axton, creator of songs and articles on music, is cowriter of the famed pop standard, "Heartbreak Hotel."

Harlan Howard

BY EVE ZIBART

When BMI's Harlan Howard was fighting to become a big name in Country songwriting, he figured big houses went along with fame. Now, looking back over an incredible list of more than 2,000 recorded songs in the last 17 years, he says: "For a guy who came from a factory, I've had enormous luck and success, been through everything. Now, I'm back where I started. I want a little house."

Leonine, expansive, articulate, Howard long since has passed the point of being uncertain about himself or his work. In the over-stuffed luxury surroundings of his Tree International office, he spoke of new houses and new songs, both symbolic to him that he has come full circle in his career.

"After 15 years and all the money I've made, I found out that the things I want cost so much less than the things I've had. At 44, I don't want any more huge houses. The big house didn't have any more love in it than the little house."

All his life, Harlan Howard has known what he wanted—to be a songwriter. Kentucky-born, Michigan-raised, through four years in the Army, Howard wrote songs. Because he had only a high school education, he worked in gas stations and factories. But the creation of songs was his obsession. He wrote during the day, at night, all the time, frequently getting fired by his employers for not attending to business.

"That's why I never learned a trade," he explains. "I took jobs that didn't engage my mind. I always wanted to sneak away and write music."

He wound up in Los Angeles with a printing company job, working seven days a week and using his saved-up days off to hammer on doors in Hollywood. Finally he knocked at the one outside a publishing company belonging to Johnny Bond and Tex Ritter. That was the start.

Howard's first hit was "Pick Me Up on Your Way Down," recorded by Charlie Walker in 1958. In 1960 he moved to Music City, and by 1961 had picked up a total of 10 citations of achievement at the annual BMI Awards dinner. (To date he has received 30 BMI awards for his songs).

Among his hits are such classics as "I Fall to Pieces," "Heartaches By the Number," "Tiger By the Tail" and "She Called Me Baby." His best songs, he believes, are ahead of him.

"I won't be writing 12 at a time as I did in years gone by," he says. "I don't need to do that now." But he looks forward to a fruitful period, writing maybe

"three or four really good songs" in the next couple of months. "I've always been a wintertime writer," he explains.

Getting in to see Harlan Howard means working around certain mornings set aside for writing. Working to him is a matter of habit as well as inspiration—partly because like most writers, he could manage to find other things to do.

"I go through all kinds of tricks in my mind," he asserts, feet on the desk. "A writer will use any excuse not to write—I guess we're afraid of failure.

"I like to wake up about six o'clock in the morning and have that first eigarette and coffee. I deliberately don't turn on the TV or radio—I have to write practically out of a sense of boredom.

"I get up with no thoughts, no titles, nothing, and I strum the guitar a little . . . just playing with lyrics and chord progressions until suddenly I get into something good." It is, he says, like using a lens to focus sunlight into a beam so intense it will burn: "I have to concentrate my mind."

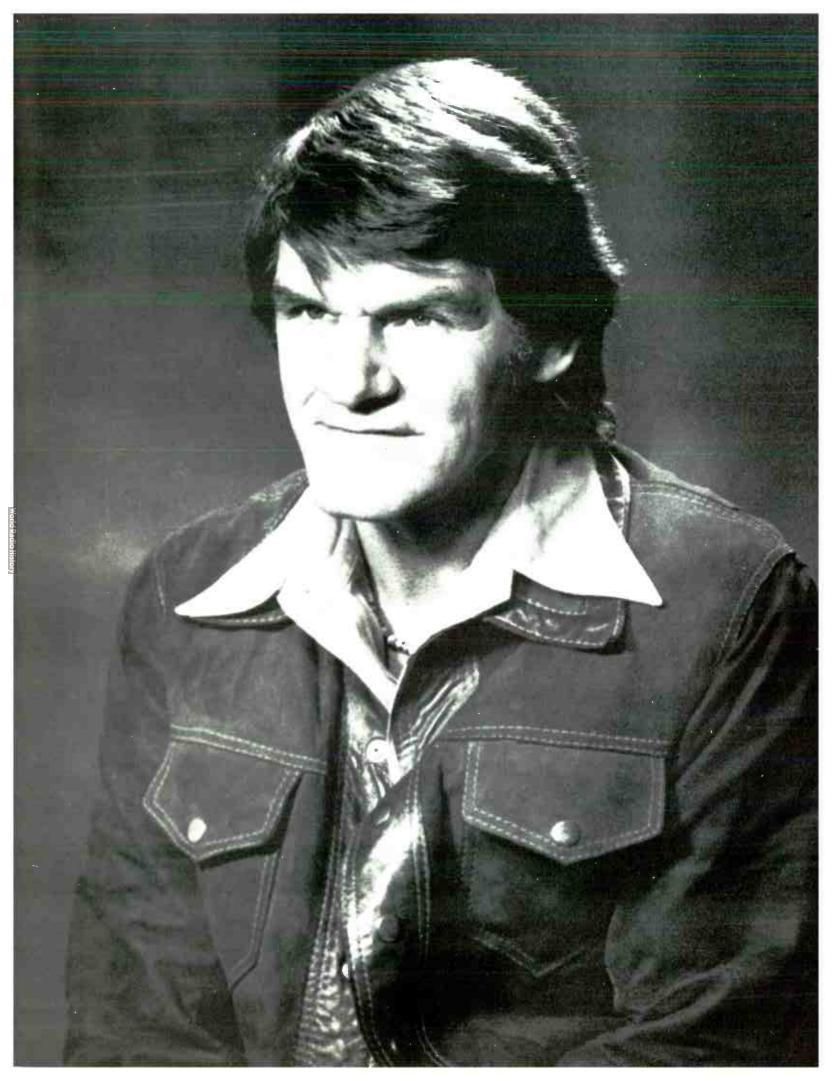
Once started, the creative energy snowballs. "If I get into something I like, I'll write eight or 10 songs, all completely different, from that energy—almost like I focused that beam of light on creativity. The better writers, the more prolific writers, just make that spurt last longer."

Howard believes that the years of working at his art have honed his writing to a fine edge. Where once he dashed off verses with bad rhymes or serviceable emotions, he now polishes and rewrites until satisfied. Some songs, he says, like "I Fall to Pieces," he wouldn't change a word; but there's a place in the last verse of "Heartaches By the Number" that could bear revision. He's never been truly happy with it.

He sees himself clearly, too: an introspective, restless man with a "Virgo mind" and a taste for the "streetfighting" of pushing songs. He understands as well the motivations of success, the ego-gratification and the material desires. In fact, he says, now that he's not scrounging for either recognition or money, he sometimes comes up a little short on motivation.

"You know, it's really nice when people come up and say, 'Boy, you really used to write good songs.' But when I hear that I realize I've been a bit lazy lately. It's time to get down to it again and write songs."

Ms. Zibart, staff writer for The Nashville Tennessean, often reports on the Country music scene for the paper.





Marijohn Wilkin

BY BILL HANCE

This has been Marijohn Wilkin's year.

During Country Music Week in Nashville in October, "Mama John" received the Gospel Music Association's coveted Dove Award, for gospel excellence, for "One Day at a Time," which she co-wrote with Kris Kristofferson. She was inducted into the Nashville Songwriters Association's Hall of Fame and also was singled out at the BMI Awards dinner.

"I never had a desire to become a star," she asserts. "Music, when I was growing up, always was a means to an end. My singing, for example, got me through Hardin-Simmons University in Abilene, Tex.

"Once I graduated, I began teaching school. I taught for a short period in New Mexico and realized that songwriting was what I wanted."

She'd had other options. Marijohn could easily have become a star in western movies. But the Texas cowgirl didn't pursue a career in films, although Hollywood producers promised her the world.

"While teaching I had written a couple of songs, but that wasn't enough. It began gnawing at me," Marijohn continued. "So I quit teaching school and went to Springfield, Mo."

She cut a demonstration tape and had a song recorded. Success began to flow in her family during those days. Her son, Buck, a guitarist, landed a guest shot on *The Ozark Jubilee*. He also made a series of appearances on the Red Foley TV show.

"I wanted to write Country songs, but my lyrics weren't believable," Marijohn recalls. "This was 20 years ago. Songs were a lot more Country than they are now. That I had taught in public schools and majored in English didn't do me any good.

"I just couldn't bring myself to put the word 'ain't' in a song. It wasn't proper. I would go all the way around something to keep from ling 'ain't."

In the 1950s, Marijohn moved to Nashville. "I learned a long time ago that if you want to hunt tigers, go where the tigers live," she said. "I was a Country songwriter. So it was logical that I should live among people who made Country music.

"I almost starved to death in Springfield. It got so bad I had to take a job in a piano bar. Can you believe it? I went straight out of the church choir and the public school room into a piano bar.

"One night an attorney came in and heard some of my songs and convinced me I should audition them in Nashville.

"I knew Nashville was going to be the hotspot some-

day," Marijohn said. "Then I watched it all happen. The city became more and more of an influence. Even our music changed.

"Chord progressions and lyric content became increasingly sophisticated. The time came when I wasn't forced to put the word 'ain't' in a song.

"When Kris Kristofferson sought me out for help when he was starting out in Nashville, I related to him very strongly. We had a great deal in common. We both had rather extensive educational backgrounds and similar interests.

"Because of the progression of Country music, it has worked out well for Kris and me. Our schooling now proves a help rather than a hindrance."

Over the years, while living through the growth of Nashville, Marijohn Wilkin developed a major reputation. She is widely admired by her colleagues, whether she uses 'ain't' or other colloquialisms in her songs or not. Country music fans certainly have not found her songs wanting. Among her past glories: "Waterloo," "Long Black Veil," "P.T. 109," "Grin and Bear It," "Take Time" and "Fallen Angel."

And she continues to grow and to change as a songwriter. Of late Marijohn has deeply involved herself with religious music. Her award-winning song, "One Day at a Time," convinced her she was on the right track.

The reason for her turning to what she calls 'Jesus music': "I had a religious experience two years ago. It was not a real emotional one. I just returned to my roots. I went to Texas to stay with some elderly members of my family. I found out who I was, really!"

Marijohn feels gospel music is the sound of the future: "I feel that it will be the next major musical influence on the people of the nation."

A gospel audience, particularly a Southern one, consists of the same people who go for traditional Country music, she says.

"The high school and college student favor contemporary Country. But old-time Country music fans enjoy and are deeply into gospel."

What does Marijohn Wilkin's interest in gospel bode for the future? She insists it does not mean that she is abandoning Country.

"I'm not forsaking anything," she says. "I'm just writing what is in my head at the moment."

Mr. Hance, a devotee of Country music, offers his views on this and other key matters in The Nashville Banner.

Can you name the one thing these 60 winners in the down beat readers poll have in common?

John Abercrombie

Airto

Gato Barbieri

Blood, Sweat and Tears

Randy Brecker

Garnett Brown

Ray Brown

Gary Burton

Ron Carter

Stanley Clarke

Billy Cobham

Miles Davis

Richard Davis

Jack DeJohnette

Paul Desmond

Earth, Wind and Fire

Keith Emerson (PRS)

Gil Evans

Joe Farrell

Maynard Ferguson

Stan Getz

Lionel Hampton

Herbie Hancock

Joe Henderson

Freddie Hubbard

Bobby Hutcherson

Milt Jackson

Bob James

Keith Jarrett

Howard Johnson

J. J. Johnson

Elvin Jones

Quincy Jones

B. B. King

Roland Kirk

Hubert Laws

Chuck Mangione

Charles Mingus

Mtume

Oscar Peterson

The Pointer Sisters

Jean-Luc Ponty (SACEM)

Julian Priester

Flora Purim

Sam Rivers

Sonny Rollins

Roswell Rudd

Wayne Shorter

Jimmy Smith

Sun Ra

Steve Swallow

Cecil Taylor

Toots Thielemans

McCoy Tyner

Mitoslav Vitous

Tony Williams

Phil Woods

Larry Young

Joe Zawinul

and in the Hall of Fame Julian "Cannonball" Adderley

ANSWER: BMI, the world's largest performing rights organization. We license their music. We see that they are paid for performances of that music. We honor them for their outstanding contributions to music, as recognized in the fortieth Annual Down Beat Readers Poll.