

Thomas Thomas Dolby User-Friendly? By Freff

THE ALARM THOMPSON TWINS CHET BAKER

MARCUS MILLER

MU MCKLC SSOLPARS STLVE MACKELVIE SSLS RTH ST C LEWISTON ID B3501 LEWISTON ID B3501

JCM 800 Matshall Matshall 1/2 Singt ant to make the the Selfmand 200. while the line to the tonte to what here a 1'd like the Mandrall his Dear Jimi for years ! Series owe for do 10 Heat F Marshall buted by Unicord Elliot Randall shot on location at the Record Plant, NYC. Westbury, N.Y. 11590 To receive a Marshall catalog and neusletter, send \$2.00 (check or money order) to: Unicord, 89 Frost St., Westbury, N.Y. 11590 ©Unicord 1983

The fully professional, digitally programmable, MIDI-interfaceable, surprisingly portable, unbelievably affordable Korg Poly 800.





The new Korg* Poly 800 literally creates an entirely new category of professional synthesizers. Korg's constant refinement of synthesizer technology allows us to bring you a totally programmable polyphonic synthesizer, loaded with sounds and features, that sells for less than \$800.

8 VOICES - PROFESSIONAL SOUNDS

The Poly 800's unique architecture makes possible an extraordinary variety of sounds, colors and textures that are a basic part of today's music.

Fat brass, expressive strings, distinctive lead patches and unusual special effects give you a full repertoire of possibilities to enhance your performance. And of course, the kind of organ, piano and clav sounds that any professional would expect. In fact, the Poly 800's powerful layering mode

In fact, the Poly 800's powerful layering mode can give you two different sounds for each note. This means even thicker textures and more complex voicings.

64 PROGRAMS - 50 PARAMETER CONTROL

The Poly 800's Digital Access Control System (DACS) lets you call up any sound instantaneously. Each sound can be altered in terms of 50 different parameters. High-resolution control enables the most precise fine-tuning of patches.

The Poly 800's digital envelope generators utilize six individual envelope parameters (most others offer only four) This feature is a significant improvement over common ADSR-type envelopes, allowing more expressive control.

Your patches can be saved in the Poly 800's memory and off-loaded to tape in 14 seconds. You can even rearrange your programs into a specific order and recall them in live performance via a footswitch.

THE MOST SOUGHT-AFTER PROFESSIONAL FEATURES

The Poly 800's built-in polyphonic sequencer lets you store anything from bass lines to chord patterns. You can solo over the sequencer and write any pattern onto tape.

A Noise Generator with individual articulation circuitry lends realism to sounds such as flute, other wind instruments and dramatic special effects.

An on-board programmable Stereo Chorus adds extra depth and richness to the Poly 800 sounds.

A 4-way joystick controls pitch bend, vibrato and filter mod.

The Poly 800 is also equipped with the new MIDI interface, which provides an external link-up to other MIDI-equipped synthesizers or computers, for greatly expanded sound and performance capabilities.

13 LBS - THE MOST PORTABLE POLYPHONIC

All of the versatility offered by the Korg Poly 800 fits into an amazingly light and compact 13 lb. package. AC and battery power means you can attach a strap to the Poly 800 for full freedom of movement in live performance. And the headphone jack lets you practice anywhere.

If you want to expand your keyboard set-up or you've been held back by the high price of polyphonic synthesizers until now, investigate the unbelievably affordable Korg Poly 800 at your local Korg dealer. Or send \$3.00 (check or money order) to Unicord, 89 Frost St., Westbury, New York 11590 for a Poly 800 demo record, color brochure and poster.

For the name of the Korg dealer nearest you call: (516) 333-9100. Outside N.Y. call: (800) 645-3188.



World Radio History

TANT

you could ask for, and also provide programmability to allow you to go from one delay setting to the next in an instant. You see, where the other digital delay manufacturers give you a lot of knobs, Roland has elected to give you a lot of convenience. The programmability of the Roland Digital Delays lets you go from crystalline echo to full-dimensional flanging to lavish chorus and on from there...just push a button (or a footswitch when you're onstage). What's more, Roland has provided programmability while offering higher resolution and more delay time per dollar than any product on the market. The features speak for themselves: Both Units: Four convenient footswitches: Delay switch between Memory Channels), Playmate (to time), and Hold. Precision control of Delay Settings: to 10 mSec in 1 mSec steps. Wide Frequency Re-Noise: Digital Companding and Pulse Code Modulation 16 bit A/D converter) increase frequency response, to tive dynamic range of 100 dB with only .03% THD. SDE-1000: Four channels of microprocessor-based memory, 1.125 Sec. of Delay and LED readouts for Delay time for \$499.00.

digi-

feature

SDE-3000: Eight channels of memory, 1 mS to 4.5 Sec. of LED readouts for Delay Time, Feedback Level, Output Level, ulation Rate, and Modulation Depth-all for \$1099.00. Instant Delay. Once you've experienced it, you won't be able to settle for less.

Roland RolandCorp US, 7200 Dominion Circle, LA,CA 90040.



World Radio History



On/Off, Preset (to remotely set delay adjustable from 1 sponse/Low (equivalent to a give an effec-

With most digital delays, the more features you add, the more time it takes to set up good sounds. Why let any product slow you down? The new

tal delays from Roland give you every

1 mSec to

Delay, Mod-

MUSICIAN

JHOMAS DOLBY

No longer blinded by bigh tech, a sonic archaeologist turns bis gaze to the post-electronic era and gets bis feet back on Flat Earth again. A detailed search for the key to Thomas Dolby, video superbero, microprocessor poet, boffo social commentator and musically misunderstood humanist.

the Alarm

A fiesty band from Wales bearing acoustic guitar assault and ambitious promises blows fresh wind and fierce ideals across a jaded landscape.





Chet Baker

An intimate conversation with one of the seminal trampet voices of jazz, an exile from safe civilization whose bittersweet tone and evocative economy with the likes of Gerry Mulligan, Charlie Parker and Art Pepper gained him the title "the James Dean of jazz."

By Geoffrey Himes

WORKING MUSICIAN



MARCUS MILLERThe rubbery, dynamic bassist uboreers from R&B with LuberVandross and Aretha to jazz withMiles and Grorer;By J.D. Considine62ROGER NICHOLSBy Jock Baird68TIM POPEBy Roy Trakin70

WOMACK & WOMACK	
Soul dispatches and gospel truths from the funky front of to	
By J.D. Considine	
THOMPSON TWINS	
Declaiming, dancing and dabbling in cross-cultural techno By Mark Rowland	
CARL PERKINS	22
Through the past brightly: a living legend of blues, suede an By Bill Flanagan	
LETTERS	
MUSIC INDUSTRY NEWS	
FACES	
BEST BUYS/READER SERVICE	80/106
RECORD REVIEWS	
ROCK SHORT TAKES	
By J.D. Considine	
JAZZ SHORT TAKES	
By Francis Davis	

COLUMNS & DEPARTMENTS

Cover Photograph by Deborah Feingold

DAVE MATTACKS

MORE THAN JUST AN ALBUM THE WORKS FROM

Including "RADIO GAGA", "TURN IT UP," "I WANT TO BREAK FREE" and more.

NOW AVAILABLE ON RECORDS AND NEW HIGH-QUALITY XDR* CASSETTES FROM CAPITOL

Co-Publisher/Advertising Gordon Baird **Co-Publisher/Editor** Sam Holdsworth Assoc. Publisher/Ad Director Gary Krasner **Executive Editor** Vic Garbarini Art Director Gary Koepke **Managing Editor** Jock Baird **Promotion Director** Paul Sacksman Staff Photographer Deborah Feingold Associate Editor Mark Rowland **Contributing Editors** David Breskin David Fricke Brian Cullman J.D. Considine Timothy White Charles M Young Francis Davis Freff Rafi Zabor Sales/Promotion R. Bradford Lee J.R. Morse **Advertising Sales** Ross Garnick **Production Manager** Pamela Ellis Hawkes Production Jeanine M. Guerin Keith Powers Elizabeth East Typography Don Russell Assistant to the Publisher Cindy Amero Administration Michelle Nicastro Deborah Reid Maria Pallazola Main Office/Production/Retail Sales 31 Commercial St., P.O. Box 701 Gloucester, MA 01930 (617)281-3110 New York Advertising/Editorial MUSICIAN, 1515 Broadway, 39 fl. N.Y.C., N.Y. 10036 (212) 764-7400 **Group Publisher** Gerald S. Hobbs **Circulation Manager** Barbara Eskin (212)764-7467 Subscriber Service Gregory Thompson (212) 764-7536

Chairman And President: W.D. Littleford. Executive Vice Presidents: Gerald S. Hobbs. Patrick Keleher, Jules Perel. Vice Presidents: William H. Evans Jr., Treasurer; Lee Zhito, Billboard Operations; John B. Babcock, Product Development; Mary C. McGoldrick, Personnel; Ann Haire, Circulation; Paul Curran, Trade Group. Secretary: Ernest Lorch. Corporate Manager: Robert Lewis, General Manager of Publishers Graphics.

Musician (USPS 431-910) is published monthly by Amordian Press, Inc., P.O. Box 701, 31 Commercial St., Gloucester, MA 01930. (617) 281-3110. Amordian Press, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Billboard Publications, Inc., One Astor Place, 1515 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10036. Musician is a trademark of Amordian Press, Inc., © 1984 by Musician, all rights reserved. Second class postage paid at Gloucester, MA 01930 and at additional mailing offices. Subscriptions \$18 per year, \$34 for two years, \$48 for three years. Canada and elsewhere, add \$6 per year, U.S. funds only. Subscription address: Musician, Box 1923, Marlon, OH 43305. Postmaster send form 3579 to above address.

Current and back issues are available on microfilm from University Microfilms Intl., 300 N. Zeeb Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48106

PRODUCTION VALUES.

Producing your music with professional results has never been so easy. Or so affordable. Introducing the Yamaha Producer Series multi-track Personal Studio System.

The heart of the system is the MT44 4-track cassette recorder. With it, you can record up to four channels at a time, or independently in any combination. Overdub with complete synchronization. Do ping-pong recording. And punch-in/punch-out recording with the MT44's full logic controls.

The 1% IPS tape speed lets you play pre-recorded tapes. And there's also Dolby* B and C noise reduction, zero play/zero stop, optional remote control and outstanding specs.

For mixing, there's the MM30 4 x 2 mixer with built-in analog delay, 7-band master graphic equalizer, and LED peak reading meters.

And the RB30 combines the MT44 and the MM30 in a

oduc



system rack complete with patch bay and accessories compartment.

But there's more to the Producer Series than multitrack. There's also the CS01 synthesizer, MA 10 headphone amp, MM 10 portable mixer, MR 10 drum machine, MS 10 powered monitors, and the MH 10 headphones. A full range of equipment to produce professional results at an affordable price.

No one else has it all together like the Yamaha Producer Series. For complete information, visit your local Yamaha dealer. Or write us. Yamaha International Corporation, P.O. Box 6600, Buena Park, CA 90622. In Canada, Yamaha Canada Music Ltd., 135 Milner Ave., Scarborough, Ont. M1S 3R1.

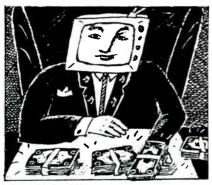


Dolby is a registered tradenjark of Dolby Libs, Inc.



by Mark Rowland

MTV is offering considerable cash sums to major record labels in return for exclusive use of rock video product. A recent proposal to Capitol/EMI, as reported by Billboard's Leo Sacks, totaled \$1.25 million over a three year period, in addition to several free advertising spots. In return MTV would receive exclusive use of thirty-five percent of all Capitol/EMI vids for a month; two thirds of the entries would be picked up by MTV and the remainder by the company. Similar proposals have apparently been submitted to other labels. Benefits for the record companies are fairly obvious-such substantial moola will help offset spiraling video production costs. And since those costs could at some point



SUSAN B SOUTHWORTH

imperil the quantity and quality of videos, that becomes a concern of MTV as well. So does the proliferation of video programs on cable and network stations around the country by tying up exclusive contracts with the majors, MTV effectively retains a guarantee of primacy in the field.

Meanwhile, a major advertising

agency has become the first such company to enter rock video production, through it surely won't be the last; the Doyle Dane Bernbach agency has put together the newest Alan Parsons Project vid, "Don't Answer Me." Interestingly, the vid is one of the more adventurous commercial releases, featuring cell animation superimposed over 3-D sets. The trend toward hiring ad agencies will doubtless continue within a medium so prone to emphasizing visual style as a means to promote a product. Indeed, according to Bernbach vice-president Jay James, many prominent video directors are getting their concepts from ad agencies in the first place.

South Africa boycott update: Some Musician readers have pointed out that any official boycott by outside entertainers of the South African regime also necessarily penalizes the inhabitants of South Africa, whose interest such a boycott allegedly serves. Dick Griffey, president of the L.A.-based Solar Records, has devised an intriguing alternative. According to Griffey, Solar will continue to sell records in South Africa, but all royalties from sales and publishing will in turn be donated to "the people who help finance the revolution.... While I don't think we should stop selling records in South Africa, because of the joy and happiness they bring our brothers and sisters there," Griffey observes, "African-Americans shouldn't make a profit from a nation that keeps twenty-six million people in slavery." For Solar, such revenues will add up to an estimated \$300,000 this year. Griffey plans to work out financial details this spring with representatives of the Organization for African Unity.

Phil Collins is producing the next album by Eric Clapton Plans are underway for a Rod Stewart tour with former compadre (and former boss) Jeff Beck. Stewart's career could certainly use the boost-his latest release sold in the neighborhood of two hundred thousand copies, down considerably from his three million record days, and plunging him perilously close to Peter Frampton syndrome. Beck will also appear on Stewart's forthcoming album, as will B.B. King Marshall Crenshaw's new five-song EP (available only as a Jem import) features no less than four

remixed tracks from last year's *Field* Day (plus a live cover of "Little Sister"), which suggests that someone wasn't terribly happy with the original production by **Steve Lillywhite**.... New .38 Special video is being produced by former Saturday Night Live home-movie maven Gary Wels.... No truth to the persistent rumor that Mick Jones' new band with Topper Headon wants to call itself the Clash. Jones is also currently studying at a theatrical workshop in London, with aspirations toward an acting career.... The Thompson Twins' U.K. tour got off to a rocky start when someone made off with £4,000 from the band's dressing room. The dough was slated for road expenses.... The Gang of Four have announced their breakup following a farewell concert in London this April. Meanwhile, Gang guitarist Andy Gill is producing the debut LP of the L.A.based Red Hot Chili Peppers Culture Club producer Steve Levine is currently working on a solo albumthe first single scheduled for release was penned by none other than Boy George. Prince Crimson? Ex-Foreigner/King Crimson multiinstrumentalist Ian McDonald has joined with former Wings drummer Steve Holley, ex-Garland Jeffreys and the Rumour/Bryan Adams session bassist Brian Stanley, and newcomer Louie Merlino to form Danger St. Slight Twist of the Month: Woodwind Wiz McDonald will be playing lead guitar. Look for a world-wide satellite broadcast from the Police around next Christmas, according to guitarist Andy Summers.

Chart Action

Surprise, surprise: Thriller's current thirty-two weeks (and counting) run at the top of the Billboard pop charts surpasses Fleetwood Mac's Rumours, and thus becomes the longest running #1 record in the last twenty years. It has a way to travel before toppling the all-time record holder though; that honor belongs to the original cast LP of South Pacific, which ran for sixtynine weeks starting in 1949. Next comes West Side Story-fifty-four weeks, beginning in 1962-then Thriller. Tied with Rumours at thirtyone weeks is Harry Belafonte's Calypso, and yet another South Pacific soundtrack, this one from 1958.

Elsewhere on the pop charts, Culture Club's Colour By Numbers, Van Halen's 1984, Lionel Richie's Can't Slow Down, the Pretenders' Learning To Crawl, Billy Joel's An Innocent Man and the Police's Synchronicity hold their own at positions #2 through #7, respectively. Huey Lewis and Duran Duran have flipped-flopped to #8 and #10, while Yes' 90125 rocks steady at #9. The charts have become so resistant to new entries that this year's debut leader, the Alarm's Declaration, can only cut in at #95.

BON·JOVI

Forme bands were born to rock. Properting Bon Jon. If the hardest altitude debut of the your, featuring the first single, Runaway."



PolyGram Records

BONJOVI

Womack Womack

Cecil and Linda Womack are sitting on a couch in their home near Philadelphia while Micah, their youngest, plays with a pull-toy on the floor. Outside, the previous week's snow glistens in the sun; inside, Cecil Womack is talking about Love Wars, the album he and Linda just released, and some of the more unusual reactions they've received. Like the fellow who told them he thought it was a new wave record.

"New wave?" Cecil snorts, recalling his disbelief.

"Well, whatever it is," the fellow told him, "I've never heard it before. So it *must* be new wave."

The laughter bounces through the room, and even Micah looks up and giggles. Not that she really gets the joke after all, when you haven't even reached two yet, everything is new wave. But to Cecil and Linda, who've been caught up in one aspect or another of rock 'n' roll for the last two decades, the idea that what they do is "new wave" strikes them as outrageously funny.

In fact, the Womacks have roots that run so deep into the rock tradition that it's almost hard to believe that he's thirtysix and she's only thirty-one. But they started out pretty young. Cecil was singing with the Womack Brothers, a gospel group organized by his father, Friendly Womack, Sr., when Cecil was a lad of four; later, he and his brothers crossed over into rock 'n' roll as the Valentinos, spinning off a series of hits starting with "Looking For A Love" and "It's All Over Now." Linda wasn't as precocious a performer, but she started writing not long after her father, the great soul and gospel singer Sam Cooke, died, and she managed to turn in her first hit at age fourteen, writing "I'm In Love" with Bobby Womack for Wilson Pickett. As a team, they've written and produced material for Teddy Pendergrass, Patti Labelle, the O'Jays, Randy Crawford, the Five Blind Boys and others.

They don't wear all this experience on their sleeves, however, and the sound of *Love Wars* is in no way revivalist. Rather, it continues the tradition Womack & Womack grew up in, but on entirely contemporary terms.

"It's really strange," says Linda. "Nowadays, the music is spread in all different directions; some I can appreciate, some I can't. Many times, the basis for the music has been lost. Some of the groups tend to hold onto it more, expecially the English groups—Culture Club, the Beatles and the Rolling Stones. The music can sound the same, feel the same, Soul dispatches & Gospel Truths From the Funky front of Love Wars.

J.D. CONSIDINE



Ace songwriting duo Cecil & Linda Womack have penned hits for all-star R&B clients.

when it comes from that root, the old gospel thing. They respect that that's the real basis for the music.

"It's diluted now in American music. The synthesizers are taking over, and in a lot of instances, they're not used as dressing so much as the whole thing. There's nothing wrong with the machines, the technology—we use it on our own records as dressing. But you can't use it for everything and still have the same feel as when you add your heart and feelings."

"You know, a lot of the things that you

hear people doing on records now came from old gospel groups who people don't know about," adds Cecil. "One singer who they really got to know, because he stepped out of the arena, was Sam Cooke. Plus, they also got to know Johnnie Taylor. But a lot of people who didn't come straight from gospel, and a lot of things in blues music, have their roots there."

Understanding how the spirit of gospel music, that emotional spark that ignited the music, lives on in contemporary pop is important, Cecil feels, because with that knowledge "you know exactly where you have to go. You don't have to fish the water.

"Musicians nowadays, they don't think they should have to know those people. They say, 'Man, that ain't gonna help me.' You tell them that it will, and they'll say that they're doing a whole different type of music. But they're not. They can't even do what they're doing, because they don't know where they're coming from.

"It's like with history—if you can find out where you came from, you can appreciate where you're at now." Cecil pauses for a moment, then adds with a laugh, "I always used to hate history when I was in school."

A good case in point would be the Womacks' own careers as songwriters. One of the reasons why their work is so popular is that the duo can write effectively for individuals, not just assemble catchy verse-and-chorus combinations. As Cecil explains, "The minute you start to write for somebody else, you've got to think, 'Hey, can this guy sing in *this* key? Does he like to say this?'"

"Does it *sound* like him?" adds Linda. "Because when we do different things, we have to be sounding more like the person. You have to fit the whole mood of the song to that person, so it wouldn't make them uncomfortable."

"To be able to do that," says Cecil, "you have to know the person."

Know them in the sense that you can understand their own musical background and thinking, that is; that's where being well-grounded in the music comes in handy. Cecil mentions how "Love T.K.O.," an early song that reappears on *Love Wars* as "T.K.O.," got recorded by Teddy Pendergrass. "See, his style of music, and the style of music he was doing with the Blue Notes, was similar to our background. Real churchy type of music. So he could relate to it automatically, just like that," he says, THE HEART OF HUEY LEWIS & THE NEWS' STAGE SYSTEM:

The Peavey Mark IV" Monitor Mixer.

Huey Lewis & The News are one of the growing number of top acts who tour with their own monitor system. They, like other performers, realize how vitally important the monitor system is to the overall performance of the group. They demand optimum performance. That's what they get with their Peavey system.

The group's monitor system consists of six Peavey 1S45TH enclosures, two Peavey Project VTH side fill enclosures, eight Peavey EQ-27TH graphic equalizers, eight Peavey CS-800TH steree power amps, and a Mark IVTH 24 channel monitor board.

Catch Huey Lewis & The News in action if they're in your area or "take a listen" to their latest album, Sports (featuring the hits "Heart and Soul" and "I Want a New Drug"). You'll see for yourself why these artists and Peavey are receiving rave reviews.

See your authorized Peavey Dealer for details on the entire line of Peavey Monitor Systems, or send us \$1.00 (to cover postage and handling) and we'll send you a copy of the latest edition of our *Monitor* magazine. In this issue is a cover story/interview with Huey Lewis listing the band's complete Peavey stage setup including guitar amps, keyboard system and drum monitor.

THE MUSICIAN'S EDGE"

Johnny Colla



*84 PEAVEY ELECTRONICS CORP. / 711 A ST. / MERIDIAN, MS 39301 ' TELEPHONE: (601) 483-5365 / TELEA: 504115 World Radio History snapping his fingers. And because Pendergrass had such a solid grasp of the song, audiences weren't far behind, helping "Love T.K.O." become a gold single for the singer.

That Womack & Womack wrote so frequently for Kenny Gamble and Leon Huff's Philadelphia International stable can be chalked up to a similar blend of backgrounds. Back when the Valentinos were recording for Cooke's Sar label in Los Angeles, Gamble & Huff were at Cameo/Parkway in Philadelphia, and without knowing it, the two groups were taking cues from one another, and basing their standards on the other label's work. "In the years before we started writing," Cecil says, "before they formed the record company, we used to run across them. They'd always say, 'Man, we should get together. It'd be great!' We'd sing them our stuff and they'd sing us their stuff, and there would always be that interchange, the feeling that our musics were the same, that we talked the same language."

As it turned out, the Womacks spoke Gamble & Huff's language so well that their studio and writing obligations kept them too busy to step out on their own. "That kind of work can be more demanding than your being onstage," Cecil admits. "Bobby had done so much studio work that by the time he did come out as an artist on his own, it was a period of slowing down. He didn't have to do so much as he was used to. But it's worth it, because you get to work with a

All over the world...

We've played guitar with the best. Sit in with us at your next session. Bronze, Wound, or Phosphor Bronze—Ask for us at your favorite music store. We're available in a gauge to meet your special needs. THE MARTIN GUITAR COMPANY NAZARETH, PA 18064 U.S.A.



lot of different people. You get experience that money couldn't buy."

One of the biggest lessons for Womack & Womack has been mastering the art of making the rhythms slick enough to seem contemporary, but still honest enough to connect with the listener. As Linda puts it, "What we want to do is make it listenable for the people today. You don't want to leave them totally, because you've got something there to express. We do want the contemporary market, although we're not going totally commercial."

So Cecil and Linda pay close attention to the beat. It's central to their writing, because, as Cecil tells it, "You've got to take that feel and build around it; if you lose that rhythm part, you ain't got *nuthin*'. That's the original idea, the origin of the thing." How they generate that rhythm varies, depending upon the specific feel they're after. "Sometimes we use a drum box," says Linda, "sometimes, if something's missing, I'll beat it in." Thus, table tops, the walls, boxes and anything else that's handy may be pressed into service.

In the studio, things are a little more professional. For one thing, the Womacks had an ideal drummer in James Gadson, a musician whose understanding of the rhythmic tradition is easily equivalent to the Womacks' feeling for melody and voices. "We'll be in the studio," Cecil says, "and we'll say, 'Hey, James! Put it here, man!' And he'll say, 'Stax! Yeah!''' Cecil- imitates Gadson's drumming, a big grin on his face, and then pretends to call, "'All right, is this it?' 'No, bring it up a little more.' 'All right— Motown!'''

Occasionally, Womack & Womack will use drum machines, like the Linn-Drum on "Love Wars" or Linda's ancient Korg rhythm box on "Catch And Don't Look Back." But they try to keep the mechanics to a minimum, because they're not interested so much in efficiency as in quality, the music's *feel*.

Or what the feeling becomes. One song on *Love Wars*, "Baby, I'm Scared Of You," starts off with a samba-flavored Philly groove that falls somewhere between the Hues Corporation's "Don't Rock The Boat" and the Blue Notes' "Don't Leave Me This Way." Linda sings the lyric, which is about a woman who doesn't want sweet-talk and flash from her man, just real, honest love. As she sings over the dreamy harmonies of the chorus, "I don't believe in magic/I believe in love everlasting." As love laments go, it's both eloquent and beguiling.

But it doesn't stop there Suddenly the groove veers onto a tough, minor-key Latin pattern. As the drums heat up, the mood changes, with Cecil taking the man's role. Although he promises that, *continued on page 36*

Full Bandwidth. No loss of highs or lows. The best for guitar, bass, keyboard or vocals. Maximum Control. All the controls you need—all usable at any setting.

Studio Performance. Things like superior Delay Time in the Stereo Chorus, no noise in the Distortion +, no breathing in the Dynacomp, all guarantee you the best effects for studio recording and live use.

Dual Outputs. Two effects in each package. Stereo Outputs, Delay only, and unique second outputs increase your versatility. **Rugged.** All metal case, durable finish, and highly reliable circuitry. **Exclusive Peatures.** Multi pin connector for interface with Pedalboard, Remote Control and future expansion. Dual LEDs show Active and Bypass mode. Multiple power sources—AC, battery, or Pedalboard Interface. Reliable, easy to activate electronic switching.



. the musician /engineers

MXR Innovations, Inc., 740 Priving Park Avenue, Rochester, New York 14613 (716) 254-2910

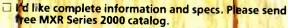
1	/orld	Radi	o His	story

The second s	M-5/84
MAR Innovations, Inc., 740 Driving Park Av	nue,
Rochester, New York 14613	3.84

SPEED

WIDTH

REDECHOR





民

Zip

DEPTH

THOMPSON TWINS

DECLAIMING, DANCING AND DABBLING IN CROSS-CULTURAL TECHNO-CURRENTS

MARK ROWLAND

"We were a cult band. Now," says Tom Bailey, "we're a successful pop band, so the means of communication changes. We are what we stand for—you know, a mixture of men and women, black and white. I can't think of another group that does that so succinctly."

Well, not since the demise of the Mod Squad.

"Just a photograph of us actually says something intensely political, if you like," continued Bailey in cool, even Brittones. "Although we're never going to really start ranting and raving about it, you know."

No, that would be rather bad form, and these days form-visual, musical and, not least, marketable-is very much Bailey's band's ace. The Thompson Twins-one black, one white, one blonde-boasts neither Thompsons nor twins, but Tom Bailey, Alannah Currie and Joe Leeway hardly lack for image. A silhouette of their decidedly crosscultural countenances doubles as a graphic logo. Percussive accents that hook dance club hits from "In The Name Of Love" to "Lies" to (I predict) "The Gap" have become their musical signature. And a live show in which all three Twins dance, sing, cavort and otherwise interface with their audience while instrumental mercenaries provide sonic backdrop is certainly well in keeping with prevailing MTV dictums; sell the face and the feet will follow. Synthpoppers from Duran Duran to A Flock of Seagulls to Soft Cell have pursued similar strategies with all the acumen of stock brokers, and with about as much soul. Are the Thompsons less calculating?

Was a time, you may recall, when the Thompsons were more granola than high-tech; a seven-member aggregate that played their own instruments, aggressively allied themselves with Britain's anti-nuke movement, and even encouraged audience members to come onstage and participate in percussive free-for-alls. That last experiment



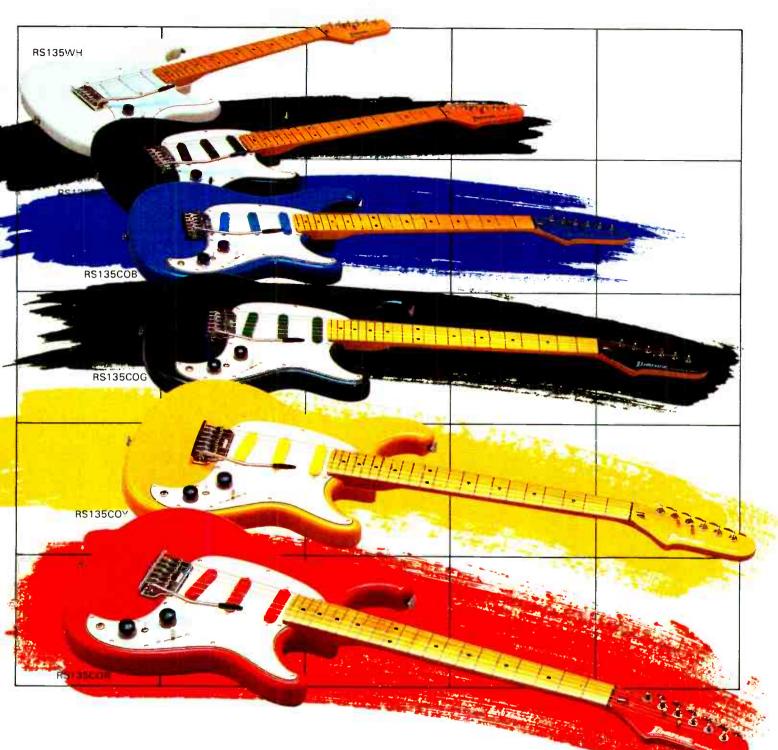
Hydra-headed, unidentical Twins Alannah Currie, Tom Bailey and Joe Leeway.

was rather ruefully abandoned when it turned out that the percussion instruments were being ruined. The septet, which also included current Thomas Dolby collaborator Matthew Seligman (Dolby himself contributed synthesizer parts on some early TT tracks) was disbanded under more telling circumstances. According to Bailey, it followed the genesis of "In The Name Of Love," a dance track spontaneously concocted after hours by Bailey, Currie and Leeway. "We were just finishing the record," Tom recalls, "and I said, "I'll do some doodling on the synthesizer. And then we wrote what turned out to be the hit song on the album. So it was very much a sign that the old group had come to the end of its life, and that the three of us should work together and continue in that direction."

More to the point, streamlining the band gave Bailey, as the only trained musician of the trio, considerably more creative autonomy. And the techo-funk crosscurrents of "In The Name Of Love" certainly held more commercial promise, if less atmospheric intrigue, than the guitar/syndrum blend of Stevelillywhitepop that defined their earlier sound. "t gave us a kick in the backside," Bailey admits. "We realized on what side our bread was buttered."

A follow-up LP, Side Kicks, under the aegis of Grace Jones producer Alex Sadkin, and consisting exclusively of three-minute synthesizer, vocal and percussion tracks, had its flaws-too many of the tunes sounded like the same idea spun sideways-but it also gleaned a fair-sized hit ("Lies") and a tour in which the Thompsons effectively consolidated their reputations and stylized image. The band's overtly political stance was muted, and all songs from the band's previous two LPs were stricken from their live performances (save "In The Name Of Love," of course, which was often performed twice to help fill the breach). It was as if the Thompsons had obliterated their own history, and simply re-invented themselves-which, in a way, they had.

So, it would be logical to assume that with Into The Gap, their latest LP, Bailey, Currie and Leeway would continue to mine the catchy if formulaic dance grooves of its predecessor. Instead, they've staked out far richer, warmer and more adventurous musical territory, and without sacrificing any rhythmic thrust. They did, however, commit several



BEYOND ALL LIMITATIONS...

The new Comet Series RS135 by Ibanez defies any and all limitations you might expect to place an aftordably priced guitar. With features like the new Powerocker Tremolo Tailpiece, a 305 mm flat radius fingerboard (with an extended 22 fret range) and a graphite nut (for reduced string friction), the RS135 lets you ignore your guitar's limitations and concentrate on eliminating your own ! The RS135-its available now at your authorized Ibanez dealer in 6 exciting new colors !



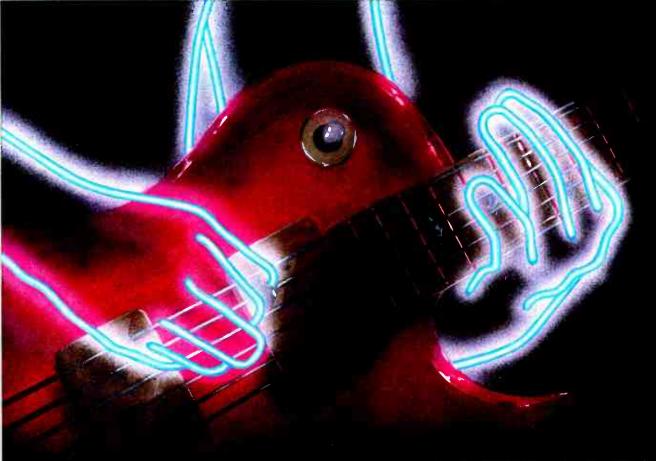
World Radio History

For a full color catalog send S2:00 to Ibanez dept. M ● P.O. Box 886, Bensalem, Pa. 19020 ● 17421-B East Cale Ave., City of Industry, Ca. 917450 P.O. Box 2009, Idaho Falls, Id. 83403 ● In Canada: 6969 Trans Canada Highway, Suite 105, St. Laurent, Ouebec, Canada H411V8



Look for this banner at your authorized Ibanez dealer.





For the electric guitarist in us all

You don't have to play rock guitar to use D'Addario XL Strings. Or jazz. Or country. And you don't have to play R&B or reggae or heavy metal or new wave to use D'Addario XLs. As long as you play electric, they're the strings to use. For electrifying tone, sustain and harmonics. D'Addario XLs. For the electric guitarist in us all.





synth-pop heresies—integrating traditional instrumentation like pianos and guitars to round out textures, essaying the character of romantic relationships without flippancy or sarcasm, even going about the business of composing and structuring—gasp—real songs. Thus the Thompson Twins saga becomes a paradigm for the cyclical nature of pop itself—old turns into new, the past becomes the future, the most elemental musical values shore up the new frontiers.

"We were a lot more pressured about the songs than the sound of the tracks this time." Bailey cheerily admits. "On the last record there were a lot of dance tracks and we'd sing over the top of them, so it was a much more percussive and angular sound. Whereas this time we were very much of the business of composing a good song, more lyrically and melodically based, and *then* putting it in a musical context. I think overall it has smoothed down the sound, and brought down the tempos as well made the whole thing less aggressive."

"I've always been a guitarist," he continues, "but we decided to stay away from those rock 'n' roll cliches for a while. We'd self-imposed that limitation of making a synthesizer, vocal and percussion record. But having done that, we felt more mature and confident to explore those areas again. Also we were very cynical in our look at human emotions. We didn't want to tackle things like love until we were sure that we were mature enough as songwriters to handle it properly."

If the Thompson Twins latest hit single, "Hold Me Now," serves as a twopronged exemplar of this recent "maturity," it also helps illustrate the differences that otherwise exist between the band's modular recording techniques and more conventional approaches. "With that song I basically started with the bass figure," Tom recalls, "which uses three thumps and a gap repeatedly through this long rhythm section. And I was enjoying that sort of groove-Alannah and I had been talking about writing a good sort of love song - and very soon we came up with the chords for the chorus. And we put the two together, Instantly we knew we were on to a good thing. Joe started putting in polyrhythmic stuff on congas, and we wrote in string parts-and then we just locked ourselves in the room with the recording equipment, the three of us, and worked until it was finished."

"We don't actually play songs, you see," he goes on to explain, "we just layer it bit by bit. Thinking, 'What does it need now, and wouldn't it be nice if...?' Sometimes that leads up a blind alley, and you have to retrace your steps or even record from scratch—but that's the way we do it. It also means, when we finish the record, we've never actually played the songs as a whole. We have to go away and learn to do that; and it's very difficult, because of all the studio technique we use."

A classically trained pianist, Bailey still views his synthesizer work as a key exponent of the Thompson's musical approach, but, no longer views it so much as an end in itself. And he's absorbed enough tech expertise to employ synths as an aid to a more human vision, rather than simply allowing them to determine it.

"It always comes down to the person who uses them," he observes. "You know, it can be cold. It can be unemotional, it can lack some of the classic emotions that over the past twenty years we've learned to associate with pop music. And so I think any discerning performer will work hard to put those things in.

"But I mean, on this album everyone was saying to me, 'Look, you've got to get into the Fairlight system or the Synclavier and so on,' and I rejected that. I said, 'I'm basically going to use the same tool I've used before, which is the Oberheim.' And the reason is, I know how to make that thing work for me. I



Now, miking your amp takes on a new twist.

When it comes to miking a guitar amp or speaker, Shure's new Z-bracket is the smarter alternative to a microphone stand and boom.

Aside from being far less expensive, the Z-bracket is smaller, lighter, and easier to set up than stand and boom sets. And, it fits right in your instrument case or mic bag.

The Z-bracket can be positioned on top or underneath any speaker cabinet or guitar amp and is strong enough to support any microphone, including the SM7. An adjustable mic clip adaptor allows versatility in speaker-to-mic placement and angular position for optimum tonal response.

For more information on the model A45Z Z-bracket, visit your Shure dealer, or call or write Shure Brothers Inc., 222 Hartrey Ave., Evanston, IL 60204, (312) 866-2553



THE SOUND OF THE PROFESSIONALS...WORLDWIDE



WOULD YOU TRUST THIS PLACE TO DO YOUR STAGE LIGHTING?

Ever wonder why other bands are getting all the choice gigs? You're spending a lot of money on amps, mixing consoles and equalizers but you've probably overlooked an important element behind your band's success—*stage lighting*.

Take two bands with similar styles and material. One has a professional lighting system and the other depends on local clubs or noisy, homemade lighting for their visual presentation. Who do you think gets the work? Good professional stage lighting intensifies the impact of your music. You can create "scenes" to dramatize each song or spotlight individual members of the band during a performance.

ETA—The Lighting People—offers a wide selection of lighting systems from compact and afford

able "club packages" to full-fledged professional concert systems. An ETA dealer can help you design a component system including lighting control consoles, dimmer packs, relay packs, chase systems, lighting fixtures, cabling and gels. We've even designed a foot-controllable unit to let you pre-program and control your lights from the stage.

Our lighting expertise has produced special in-line noise filtering circuitry to eliminate the common problem of onstage hum in your sound system. Portable, rugged and extremely flexible, ETA Lighting Systems let you start small and add on as your budget grows. And it will, because ETA professional stage lighting can make the BIG difference.

Write to ETA for more information on how to get into lighting and the name of the ETA dealer closest to you:

2223

ETA Lighting 1710 Enterprise Parkway Twinsburg, Ohio 44087 (216) 425-3388



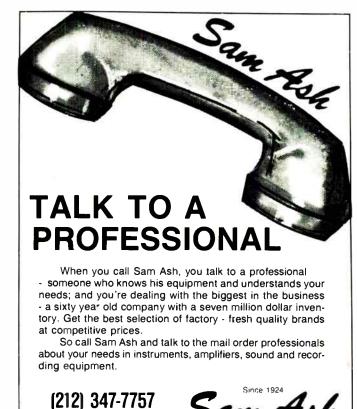
know it inside out. I enjoy its qualities. It's got a coarse sound that may not be that attractive on its own, but, when you make a record with a lot of synthesizers, they remain distinct parts, especially when you're overdubbing. Perhaps there are more advanced machines on the market, but it would take me the album to learn how to use the thing. So what's important is the expression of the idea behind the song."

For all his musical pedigree, however, it is really Bailey's relatively unsophisticated cohorts whose punch remains the Thompson's most recognizable feature. Though neither ever played before joining the group, their backgrounds (Leeway is from South Africa, Currie from New Zealand) may have helped instill a natural, flowing sense of rhythmic proportion and Third-World accents into Bailey's more classically-oriented forms. Not to mention their shared penchant for the exotic-several tunes, including "Lies" and "The Gap," are humorously embellished by strains of what I'd call ersatz Indian cobra music. Perhaps it's just, as Bailey puts it, that they have a good ear for what's "fun."

"Being in choir school, I studied North German classical harmony," Bailey says, "and I think that's basically at the root of everything I do. I tend to think in those ways. But I can miss the point absolutely and get in a real rut. Whereas they're unhindered by such things they just know what's right at the right time. They're very light-hearted. It's no big academic thing to them."

Which is fortunate, since their most successful collaborations depend on just the right balance between Bailey's furrowed formalism, and Currie and Leeway's rhythmic esprit; without it, the incessantly loping tempos and lugubrious textures of songs like "Doctor Doctor" and "Storm On The Sea" suggest a new wave answer to the Moody Blues. Of course, either approach is bound to strike a popular chord. In England, where the Twins, like Dolby, had heretofore remained a commercial disappointment relative to their reception in the States, Into The Gap has already presold platinum. Bailey's not surprised: "I'm a big believer in the idea of something being good no matter where. But I am very interested in what's going on in America. America is the perfect place for the Thompson Twins, you see. It's like a mini-world, isn't it? It's got that mix of cultures already.

"You see," he concludes with what amounts to a declaration of principle, "it's a question of learning the language of mass communication. Our message is one of personal freedom...and I just want to communicate that to the general public. So I've got to find the language that's going to suit them."





TWX 510-222-1630 SAM ASH HEMP

VISA

Now, when you shake, rattle and roll, your microphone won't.

MUSIC STORES

124 Fulton Avenue, Hempstead, New York 11550

The Shock-Stopper[™] from Shure.

The amazing Shock-Stopper[™] microphone mount from Shure. Whether you're on stage or anywhere else, this microphone mount significantly reduces mechanical and vibration noises. It is available in both a half-circle version—literally a shock-mounted swivel adapter-for quick removal. Or, it comes in a full-circle design for vibration-free studio or stage instrument miking at any angle. For more information on the A53 and A55 Series Shock-Stoppers,™ visit your Shure dealer, or call or write Shure Brothers Inc., 222 Hartrey Ave., Evanston, IL 60204, (312) 866-2553.



CARL PERKINS

THROUGH THE PAST BRIGHTLY: A LIVING LEGEND OF BLUES, SUEDE & ROCKABILLY.

BILL FLANAGAN

Carl Perkins remembers dying: "It happened in 1962 in Diresville, Tennessee. We were playing on a trailer in a courthouse yard. Somebody put a big window fan on the side. It had no frame on it. I was taking the guitar off, taking a bow, when I stuck my hand in there."

Perkins holds up his left hand. "It busted this bone all to pieces; wiped the whole hand out. The end of this thumb was off. The fingers were just danglin', just hangin' off.

"The driver had to take me about sixty miles to the hospital. They just wrapped a towel around it. It bled so much. I was in a '62 Buick. Blood filled the floor boards and was running out the back doors. I got the main arteries and every time my heart beat, blood poured out of the towels. I remember getting weaker and weaker, I remember so vividly that it seemed like I lifted off the back seat. I put my hand down to hold onto the seat and my hand was still there! It hadn't moved. I went through that passing from life. I can remember a dark, gray tunnel and a peak of light at the very end of it. I went out and it was the prettiest colors of blues and orchids. I was just floatin' like a feather through those beautiful colors.'

At the hospital Perkins' wife was begging a reluctant physician not to remove the guitarist's ruined fingers. Finally the surgeon agreed, though he warned that the digits were dead and, if Perkins lived, would only get in his way.

For four hours they pumped blood into the guitarist's body, and then for six hours the surgeon operated.

"I woke up the next afternoon." Perkins recalls. "My wife was sitting on one side of the bed and the doctor was sitting at the foot. He said, 'You are very, very lucky. You were beyond life. It was very touch and go. But you're gonna be all right.'

"To get that close! I was happy to have a thumb left, anything! I tuned my guitar in open E, laid it across my lap and picked with the end of my thumb with



Perkins' fiery simplicity still ignites young audiences (note Dave Edmunds at left).

that big cast on. I was gonna play!" Perkins worked and worked, and eventually got back the use of the two first fingers on his damaged hand. He plays using those fingers and his thumb, and sometimes even manages to use the paralyzed little finger; he looks down and places it where he wants it to go. What he cannot play is the Chet Atkins style of picking that depends on a mobile little finger to supply harmony. But the guitarist shrugs off his limitations.

"People have told me, 'Carl, you play better than you ever did." He lets out a rolling laugh. "I think I play a little *louder*. I move a little bit. If I get into trouble with the guitar I just jump and they say, 'Oh, he meant to do that!"

Meeting Carl Perkins is, for a rock 'ŋ' roll fan, a visit to the museum. Perkins, Johnny Cash, Elvis Presley and Jerry Lee Lewis were Sun Records' Mil ion Dollar Quartet. Perkins composed—and had the original hit with—"Blue Suede Shoes." Driving to New York to perform that song on the *Ed Sullivan Show* in 1956, the guitarist was in an automobile crash that broke his neck and nearly took his life. Presley ended up being the one to go on *Ed Sullivan* and sing that song.

Unlike most of the 50s stars, Perkins embraced the 1964 British invasion He hung out with the Beatles in London.

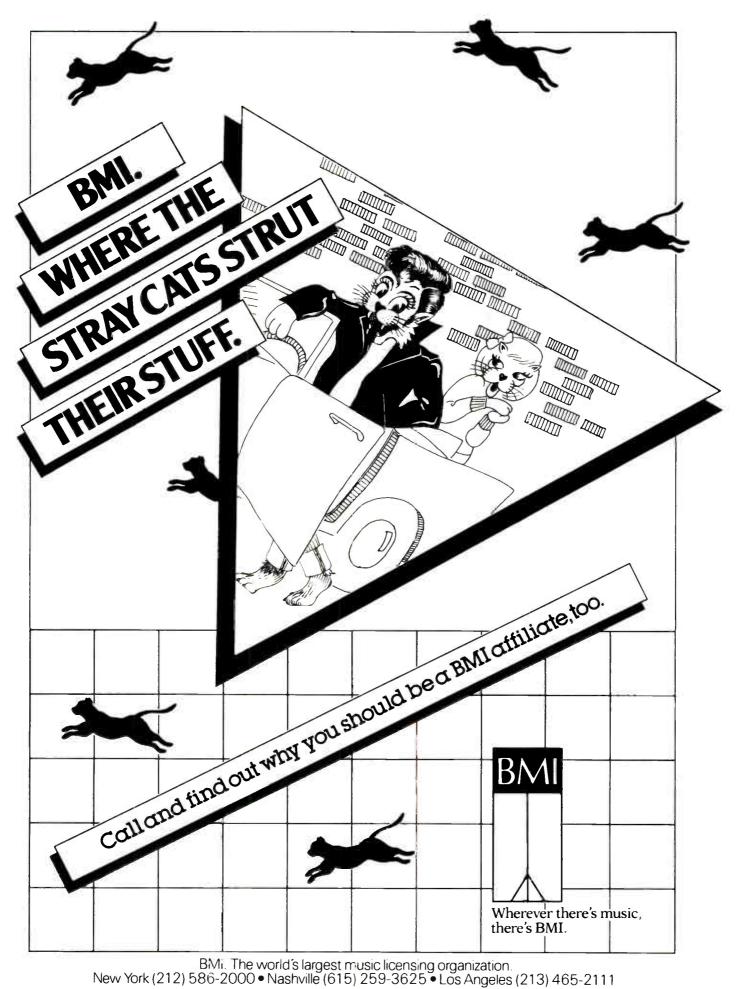
showed them guitar licks, and watched proudly as they recorded "Honey Don't," "Everybody's Trying To Be My Baby." "Matchbox" and other Perkins tunes. In the late 60s Perkins reunited with Johnny Cash, then approaching the height of his fame Carl played guitar with Cash, opened his concerts and appeared regularly on his television show. In 1968 Cash had a hit with Perkins' gospel composition, "Daddy Sang Bass."

I met Perkins in the spring of 1981 when he was touring with old allies NRBQ. It took two more years to pull together a formal Carl Perkins interview.

Unlike younger rock stars who stay hooked into self-promotion through record companies and publicists, Perkins is of the era when musicians built careers around live shows. Gigs aren'ta way to sell records to Perkins; gigs are what a music an *does*. All the extensions of playing live—records, television and certainly press—are somewhere down the list.

Efforts to reach the guitarist through formal channels were stifled by the absence of any publicity machine on the artist's side. Dialing obscure area codes in Southern towns, the most common refrain I heard was, "Carl's gone fishin."

Finally in the summer of '83, Perkins was scheduled to play two shows at



World Radio History

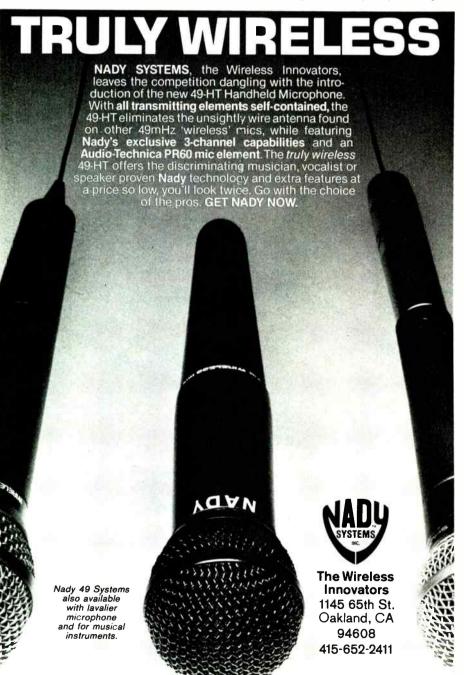
Jonathan Swift's, a pub in Cambridge, Massachusetts. Despairing of formal arrangements—and remembering the guitarist's hospitality at our previous informal meeting—I grabbed a tape recorder and headed to the bar eight hours before showtime. Eventually the bus pulled up and the band started unloading their gear. Road manager Bill Hall relayed *Musician*'s request to Perkins, who agreed to sit down with me at his hotel.

Musician: You were with the Beatles when they recorded your songs?

Perkins: Yeah. I was over in London on tour. They invited me to the studio—sent a car for me. We messed around, just showin' them different licks I did on the old things. Ringo kept sittin' beside me there callin' me "Mister Perkins." He seemed a little nervous. All of a sudden he blurted out, "Do you mind if we cut some of your songs?" I said, "God, no, man. I'd love it." He said, "Guys, he don't care! He don't care!" And he jumped up and got on the drums.

The first thing they did was "Matchbox." They said, "What do you think, Carl?" I said, "Why that son of a bitch sounds like that old Sun record." They said (cheers and claps), "God! That's great!" They really wanted it to sound like that old Sun record.

Musician: They cut it live in the studio? Perkins: I don't know of a thing that was changed. It's just those four boys pickin'. Same thing with "Everybody's Trying To



Be My Baby" and "Honey Don't."

Now that night they did record "Blue Suede Shoes" and "True Love," and they have a *hell* of a cut on "True Love" that never has been released in any form. Of the five songs of mine they cut that night, that was by far the best thing. Their harmony was terrific on that song! asked Paul about it and he said, "Oh, it's in the can." He just smiled.

Musician: Maybe some EMI executive will read this and say, "I didn't know we had that!"

Perkins: (laughs) Yeah. It's there somewhere.

Musician: Let's talk about how your guitar style developed.

Perkins: My guitar style is nothin' in the world but black blues speeded up. I loved the blues. I grew up in the cotton lands of Tennessee. I worked in the fields with black people. I loved their gospel, spiritual singin'—all that rhythm. I listened to an old black man by the name of John Wesbrook who lived on the plantation. I was a kid, six to ten years old. He wasn't that great a guitar player, but I thought he was. He was playin' much different from what I was hearin' on the Grand Old Opry.

Musician: Were blues and country ever mixed before rock 'n' roll?

Perkins: I think rockabilly is the music that united the two. As far as guitar is concerned, I'm certain of it. But it relied even more on black gospel—that's where the beat and the rhythm came from. I know Elvis loved black quartets. Bill Monroe was my favorite country singer because he had uptempo bluegrass. Bluegrass and black blues with a drumbeat is about all you've got in rockabilly. That's what it is.

Musician: In all the men who created rock 'n' roll, one sensed a tension between the fundamentalist Christian, spiritual part and the hell-raising part. Some -like Little Richard and Johnny Cashwent away from the hell-raising toward the spiritual, while others-like Elviswent the other way, towards hedonism. Perkins: Elvis got into religion so deep that it eventually hurt him as much as any one thing ever did. It got too mindboggling. He lost reality. Religion ain't supposed to be that complicated, man. It ain't meant to destroy your life and warp your mind. It's a very simple, private thing between a man and his maker. We don't die in groups and we ain't gonna wake up and face Him in groups. I'll be alone. Elvis was alone when he died.

Musician: You're one of the few people who knew both Elvis Presley and John Lennon. Do you see any parallels in their lives?

Perkins: Lennon...It was so, so terribly sad that this boy had to be taken out at a time when he was touchin' reality. He said he'd found a place where he could walk down the street. He thought he had.

A&M SP5000

KSON Body and Soul



PRODUCED BY DAVID KERSHENBAUM AND JOE JACKSON

orld Radio History

1984 A&M RECORDS: INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

He wanted that.

McCartney's got that. He sees to it. When I was with him down in Montserrat, he had Linda and their children there. He didn't get upset one time. We'd be right in the middle of a take and that little boy would be settin' there. Paul'd be barefoot and the little boy'd be playin' with his toes. Now that, to me, says somethin'.

I don't belong to the country club. I'm not sayin' it's bad if that's the way you were raised. Certainly. That's part of America. But I was raised in a cotton field. I feel fortunate to have what I've got, but it's not the only thing in life. My wife and children are, and my friends.

Musician: How did your upbringing shape your musical attitudes?

Perkins: Bein' poor, workin' in the fields with the blacks, we were forced into close association. The wealthier kids weren't influenced by 'em as much. But I was. By their talk, the way they acted. They liked to have a good time on Saturday night and I did, too.

I like that carefree attitude. The white men in that part of the country who owned land had to worry somebody was gonna take it away from them. But if you don't have much of nothin' it's pretty easy to get along with people. We picked up on a lot of the black man's traits.

Music was one. It comes from the soul of those people and I like that. I like music of any kind played by people who are sincere about doin' it. To play just to get paid don't move me. If a group is givin' it all they got, I don't care what kind of music they're doin'.

I like a simple amplifier. A guy with a guitar plugs in and gets at it. There was a period during the 60s and 70s when amplification, foot pedals and a lot of things made up for a lack of ability. Maybe those guys could play and just liked the sounds those wah-wahs and do-dunks were kickin' out. If gadgets work for a guy, let him do it. I ain't puttin' him down. But I still enjoy seein' a guy plug into his amp and show what he can do.

Rockabilly's simple music but it's not that easy to play. Rockabilly music gets under the skin, gets inside the ear and stays. You are a part of that song. If it's real, it'll move you some way or another. If you ain't tappin' your foot, you're missin' the boat. Might as well go to the next club.

Musician: Who do you like among young guitar players?

Perkins: The boy who plays with the Stray Cats—Brian—I like his style of rockabilly playin'. I like the Blasters. They mean the licks they're hittin'.

I think it's a healthy thing that rockabilly's showin' some signs of coming back. Because it will open things up for new talent. A few years ago, it got to an outrageous point where if a kid didn't have ten or twenty thousand dollars to buy instruments and amps, he felt inferior. Rockabilly's simple. A kid can modify a cheap guitar. You'll see some young boys get a lot better chance than they had ten years ago.

Musician: When you get down to that simple, anyone-can-do-it approach, how does one artist rise up and stand out?

Perkins: You work at your craft and you'll eventually come up with something. It may just be a few little simple guitar licks, but that's usually all it takes to make your difference. I just hung onto a G string and kept ridin' it. One time Bo Diddley said to me, "You know, Carl, what I do is absolutely nothin'. I tune my guitar to open E and ... " (hums Bo Diddley shuffle). Bo Diddley does not get down and play a lot of guitar. He told me a long time ago, "If I started learnin', I'd be put in that group of Good Guitar Players and they wouldn't know who Bo Diddley was. They know who I am now. I hit my lick and they say, 'Wo! That's Bo!' I'm recognized by staying very simple."

There's a lot to that. What he does is very identifiable. Bein' different's better than bein' good.

Musician: When you began performing, did you run into folks who resented a



Pat Metneny Clinics Synclavier If your business is music, make it your business to attend this exciting and educational event. see and hear Pat Metheny demonstrate the synclavier Computer Music System during June 1984. June 12 June 14 Montreal June 16 Chicago June 18 Dallas Los Angeles June 20 June 22 Atlanta June 23 Toronto New York Boston Important: All attendance is strictly limited. Each attendee must have an admittance ticket. Please mail esseu stampeu envelupe lu. New England Digital Corporation allenuee must have an aumiliarite unit a self-addressed stamped envelope to: White River Jct., Vermont 05001 Pat Metheny Clinic Remember, first come, first serve. P.O. BOX 546MU Please indicate which clinic you World Radio History wish to attend.

@1984 New England Digital



white man playing black music?

Perkins: No, not too much. The white man liked the black man's music. The white man always liked certain things about the black man. Black man's always liked certain things about the white man.

I think music had as much to do with integrating people as anything. I was talking not very long ago with Fats Domino. He's a very wise man. He said, "You know, Carl, when I first heard 'Blue Suede Shoes' I thought you were one of us. Then when I found out you wasn't, it made no difference. Because we had so much in common." And he said, "You know, maybe in our own humble way, without realizing it, we did have something to do with getting a lot of problems solved."

I said, "Man. there's no question about it. In the white honky-tonks where I was playin' they were punchin' 'Blueberry Hill' and 'I Want To Walk You Home.' And white cats were dancin' to Fats Domino. They were dancin' to Chuck Berry."

Musician: Was there. at Sun, any sense of competition between you and Elvis and Jerry Lee and Johnny Cash?

Perkins: No, no. (slowly) There might have been just a tad with Jerry Lee. Jerry Lee's kind of like Muhammad Ali who said, "I'm the greatest!" In a way, Jerry Lee is. He can be. I think he's one of his own worst enemies, by tootin' his horn a little bit too loud. But there wasn't any animosity among the guys at Sun. He would say, "I'm gonna be the biggest damn thing Sun Records ever had! You wait 'til this 'Whole Lotta Shakin'' comes out!" He was almost right. He's got a lot of confidence and he expresses that. Where I never would.

I think deep down Elvis never worried about anybody catchin' or passin' him. But he certainly never acted like he was a big cock o' the walk. Elvis was as fine actin' a guy as I ever knew. He was the most courteous, was not conceited in any way. I think he lasted under the pressure longer than any of us could have. Even when the Beatles were number one. Elvis was always back there. He never really died and he never will. You don't change as much of the world as Elvis Presley changed-hair styles, clothes, attitudes, moods, looks, sideburns-dad gum! He's gonna be history, man. And he should be.

Here was a guy who never taught kids bad things to do; who loved his parents and proved it. He went out onstage and, sure, he shook around. But that was his way. It was part of getting it out of his system. But he didn't talk bad onstage, he wasn't on drugs. I'm not talkin' about the last part of his life. The Presley I knew would never have let himself get out of shape, get so bloated. He was very concerned about the way he looked. He got into karate, he worked out. But then I started seein' these pictures pop up in later years. I said, "Uh, oh, something's wrong." As it turned out, Elvis was a sick man. I mean he actually had physical illnesses.

Musician: It's interesting to me that when the fathers of rock 'n' roll really get down to it, be it on the Survivors album you did with Cash and Jerry Lee last year or all the way back to Sun's Million Dollar Quartet, you always choose to sing gospel music.

Perkins: It goes back to what I told you earlier, Bill. Gospel music has so much to do with rockabilly music. It's the *bone* of it, no question. That rhythm came out of there.

Musician: There was talk a while back of you, Cash and Jerry Lee going out on the road together. What happened?

Perkins: We did a couple of shows, played Madison, Wisconsin and Terre Haute, Indiana. Jerry Lee and John have a little problem with...uh, I don't know...it may be an ego thing. Jerry wanted to close the show and John wanted to close the show. They didn't have any words in front of me but...there were a lot of dates planned and we just played two.

Musician: Too bad. It seems like everyone could have gotten a turn closing.

Perkins: Why certainly, man. I've never had a problem with opening shows. I'll take 'em fresh any time! When "Blue Suede Shoes" was number one, if they wanted me to open the show, I didn't care. I'll get my money and sit back and watch the other guy. In fact, I'd rather open and get it over with. It's work to me. I take it seriously. It's the best I can do.

Carl Perkins on Guitars

"I don't know nothin' about the electronics of a guitar, couldn't set the neck on one. I've heard the word 'intonation.' I don't know what it means. I pick it up; if Elike it, I play it. I don't play 'em 'cause somebody gives me guitars. I can't do that. If I don't like it, I can't play it. I'm playing Peavey now because I like the guitar. And that's only 'cause it's so much like a Fender used to be. The people at Peavey are very kind to me. My son Greg has two or three Peavey basses layin' on the bus out there, but you see what he's got in his hand? The first thing he learned to play on-his Rickenbacker. He said, 'Daddy, I like it better.' I said, 'Well, that's what you play.' I have a Fender layin' out there, too. If this thing acts up, it'll go in the van and that Fender'll be back. It's about a '61. I've also got two or three early 50s models. Leo Fender gave me one of the first Stratocasters they ever made." M

SUBSCRIBE!

MAYBE YOU'D USE WIRELESS WITH GREATER FREQUENCY IF IT WAS EASIER TO CHOOSE FREQUENCIES.

INTRODUCING THE WIRELESS MICS YOU CAN USE ANYWHERE WITHOUT HAVING THEM RECRYSTALED. Wireless mics were invented for people who are constantly on the go. Unfortunately, the only

place wireless mics seem to be constantly going is back to the lab for a different frequency. Which is why Sony developed this

which is why sony developed this new VHF wireless system. It has a circuit that can synthesize frequencies built right into it. So all you do is turn the units on, select a frequency, and you're ready to go. Anywhere. One mic. Two. Up to 24. In simultaneous operation.

And since the entire system is based on frequency synthesis, chances are your Sony wireless mic dealer will always have the frequencies you want.

· 984 Sony Corp. of America. Sony is a registered trademark of the Sony Corp. Sony Drive, Park Ridger AJ 02656 History

On hand, not in a catalog. EXTRAORDINARY PERFORMANCE AT A SURPRISINGLY

ORDINARY PRICE. Still, the best part of the story is how this system sounds. After all, Sony designed it to the same standards as its UHF system, the wireless system ABC chose to take to the 1984

Games. So its specs are duly impressive—dynamic range: greater than 90 dB; frequency response: 100-15000 Hz; S/N ratio: greater than 60 dB.

You can also eliminate drop-out by using the systems true space diversity receiver. And the entire system is AC/DC operable. Yet the Sony VHF wireless mic system is priced right in line with all the wireless mics you're used to seeing (or not seeing because they're out getting their crystals changed again).

So, whether you've been dragging your feet about going wireless, or have already gone and are going crazy with frequency problems, one thing is clear. There's never been a better way to cut the cable.

Just visit the Sony wireless mic dealer in your area, or contact your nearest Sony Professional Audio regional office. In the North, (201) 368-50(0); in the South, (615) 366-0333; in the Midwest, (312) 773-6000; in the West, (213) 537-4300. And see the reception you'll get.





Get in on the Electro-Voice Mixer \$52 rebate* at these fine participating dealers:

ALABAMA

Dyess Family Music Center 207 Cummings Ave. Opp 36467 Sonics Assoc., Inc. 237 Oxmoor Circle Birmingham 35209

ALASKA

The Music Works, Inc. 2811 Dawson St. Anchorage 99503

ARKANSAS

Custom Products 107 East Calhoun Magnolia 71753 Stanley Communications Co. FLORIDA 3600 W. 69th St. Little Rock 72209

ARIZONA

DJ's Rock 'n' Roll West Ltd. 2440 E. McDowell Rd. Phoenix 85008

CALIFORNIA

American Electronic 1200 North Vine St. Los Angeles 90038 The Guitar Center 1563 Mission San Francisco 94103 Guitar Center 7402 Sunset Blvd. Hollywood 90046 Guitar Center 3430 Stevens Creek Blvd. San Jose 95117 The Guitar Center 630 C Street San Diego 92101 The Guitar Center 1515 Main Street Santa Ana 92702 **Guitar Center** 14760 Ventura Blvd. Sherman Oaks 91403 **Guitar Center** 1801 San Pablo Ave. Oakland 94612 International Television Corp. INDIANA 2772 W. Olympic Blvd. Los Angeles 90006 Leo's Pro Audio 5447 Telegraph Ave. Oakland 94609 PF Sound Company 2727 N. Grove Industrial Dr. Fresno 93727 Skips Music, Inc. 2740 Auburn Blvd. Sacramento 95822 WAH Sound 1115 R Street Sacramento 95814

COLORADO

Bobbys Music Center 1025 Éroadway Denver 80203 **Robbs Music** 927 Pearl Boulder 80302

CONNECTICUT

Bankos House of Music 360 East Main St. Ansonia 06401 LaSalle Music Shop 22 La Salle Road West Hartford 06107



Spire Audio Visual Co. 24 Northwest 36th St. Miami 33127

Thoroughbred Music 2202 E. Hillsborough Ave. Tampa 33610

GEORGIA

Mega Music 6527 Jimmy Carter Blvd. Norcross 30071 Music Mart 575 Cherokee Rd. S.E. Smyrna 30080

HAWAII

Harrys Music Store 3457 Waialae Ave Honolulu 96816

ILLINOIS

Bridgewater Custom Sound 160th & Halsted Harvey 60426 Guitar Center 2215 West 95th St. Chicago 60643 Guitar Center 5822 N. Milwaukee Chicago 60646 Milam Audio Corp. 1470 Valle Vista Blvd. Pekin 61554

Conservatory of Music 3400 South Ú.S. 41 Terre Haute 47802 Top in Sound 3409 State Road N. Anderson 46012 Witmer McNease Music Co. 220 W. Marion Elkhart 46514

KANSAS

KC Music & Pro Audio 6924 West 79th Overland Park 66204

KENTUCKY

Denny Haglin Music 734 Madison Ave. Covington 41011 Music Center, Inc. 526 South 5th Louisville 40202

LOUISIANA

PaulKadairs Home & Com. Audio NEW MEXICO 11420 Airline Hway. Baton Rouge 70816

MARYLAND

Washington Music Center Sales 11151 Viers Mill Rd. Wheaton 20902

MAINE

Buckdanger's Choice Music 10 Longfellow Sq. Portland 04101

MICHIGAN

Electronic Sound & Equip. 2249 South Division Grand Rapids 49507 Pro Audio, Inc. 0-1640 Lake Michigan Dr. N.E. 124 Fulton Ave. Grand Rapids 49504 Hempstead 115 Gus Zoppi Music Center 3123 E. Eight Mile Rd. Warren 48091

MINNESOTA

Hi Fi Sound Electronics 1226 Harmon Place Minneapolis 55403 Marguerites Music 2409 Tenth St. Moorhead 56560 New Life Communications 424 W. Minnesota Ave. Willmar 56201 Show Pro Corp. 2132 W. Third St. Duluth 55806

MISSOURI

Sound Engin. & Design Co. 1942 South Stewart Springfield 65804 Swank Audio Visual 2800 Market St. St. Louis 63103

NORTH CAROLINA Campbell Music Co.

3403 S. Main St Archdale 27263

NEBRASKA

Dietze House of Music 1208 "0" Street Lincoln 68508 Rainbow Recording Studio 2322 S. 64th Ave. Omaha 68106

NEW HAMPSHIRE

The Music Workshop 326D South Broadway Salem 03079

NEW JERSEY Sam Ash

East 50 Boute 4 Paramus 07652

Multi-Media 4617 Broadway S.E. Albuquerque 87105 Sound Ideas 1624 Eubank Blvd. N.E. Albuquerque 87112

NEVADA

Professional Music Center 608 Maryland Pkwy. Las Vegás 89101

NEW YORK

Alex Musical Instruments 164 W. 48th St. New York 10036 Sam Ash Music Stores Hempstead 11550 Sam Ash Music Corp. 178 Mamaroneck Ave. White Plains 10601 Sam Ash Music Corp. 447 Route 110 Huntington Station 11746 Sam Ash Music Store 113-25 Queens Blvd Forest Hills 11375 Sam Ash Music Store 160 W. 48th St. New York 10036 Sam Ash 1669 E. 13th Brooklyn 11229 Audio Speaker Techtronics College Station 77840 250 West Broadway New York 10013 Big Apple Music 100 Oriskany St. Yorkville 13495 Bonne Discount Music 3455 Erie Blvd. E. Dewitt 13214 **Boynton Studio** Melody Pines Farm Morris 13808 Universal Sound Product. 119 Smith Lane

Lake Bonkonkoma 11779 OHIO

Heyday Sound 1483 W. Sylvania Ave. Toledo 43612 Mike's Music 1961 E. Market St. Akron 44305

OKLAHOMA Oklahoma Audio 111 Hal Muldrow Norman 73069

OREGON Apple Music 225 S.W. 1st Portland 97204 HIS Sound 715 S.E. Grand Ave. Portland 97214

PENNSYLVANIA

Cintioli Music Center 5359 Oxford Ave. Philadelphia 19124 Swarthmore Music 8-12 Park Ave. Swarthmore 19081

RHODE ISLAND

Ross Music 1470 Mineral Spring Ave. North Providence 02904

SOUTH CAROLINA

Dixie Electronics 1900 Barnwell St. Columbia 29202

SOUTH DAKOTA

Gourley Distributing Co. 400 North Main Ave. Sioux Falls 57117

TENNESSEE

Good Music 210 W. Oakland Ave. Johnson City 37601 Nicholson's High Fidelity 115 19th Avenue So. Nashville 37203 Opus Two 4284 Summer Memphis 38122 Sound Post 6712 Ringgold Rd. Chattanooga 37412

TEXAS

Cherijons of Harlingen 1117 No. Seventh Harlingen 78550 Missionary Tape & Equip. 3275 South I 35W Burleson 76028 Musician's World 907 D Harvey Rd. Sherman Electronic Supply 702 San Pedro San Antonio 78212

UTAH

E & S Sales 509 West 300 No. Salt Lake City 84116

VIRGINIA

Alpha Music 33 Southern Shopping Ctr. Tidewater Dr. Norfolk 23505

WASHINGTON

RMS Sound 17517 15th Ave. N.E. Seattle 98155 Sound Preservers Co. 911 E. Fourth St. Olympia 98506

WEST VIRGINIA

The Pied Piper 1200 Third Ave. Huntington 25701

WISCONSIN

Full Compass Systems 6729 Seybold Rd. Madison 53719 Henris Music Co. 500 So. Military Ave. Green Bay 54303 Video Images Div. 12200 W. Adler Lane Milwaukee 53214

* Valid sales slip and completed original warranty card must be submitted to Electro-Voice for rebate on or before June 30, 1984.

World Radio History

The EVT Series 52 Mixers

There's more to a quality mixer than a price tag and spec sheet. That's why we were tremendously pleased when well-known audio writer and critic Len Feldman reviewed our EVT 5212 mixer in *Modern Recording & Music*

magazine. Len states: "I was impressed not only by its ease of use, but by the high quality of sound reproduction which it provided. The board delivered clean, transparent sound... crisp highs and a totally realistic low end.

Musicians size up a mixer in a variety of ways—the price, how it's laid out, how the controls function, and most importantly—how it sounds. Len agrees that hearing is the final proof. "I strongly suggest that in evaluating the 5212, you do some good hard listening as well. I think you'll be pleasantly surprised at what you hear!" In addition to the 12channel EVT 5212, be sure to listen to the 8-channel EVT 5208 and the 16-channel EVT 5216 (illustrated). Each Series 52 mixer is designed and priced to give you the best value for your



Write for a free copy of the entire Len Feldman article

sound dollar. And beginning April 1, 1984, you'll get even more value. You can receive a \$52 rebate* direct from Electro-Voice

on any Series 52 mixer purchased before June 30, 1984. See your participating EVT Electronics dealer for complete details.

ΗW

For more information and our new electronics catalog, write: Greg Hockman, Director of Marketing/Music Products, Electro-Voice, Inc.,

600 Cecil St., Buchanan, MI 49107.

GREAT SOUN

REAT REVI

Flectro. Voice SOUND IN ACTION"



Valid sales slip and completed original warranty card must be submitted to Electro-Voice for rebate on or before June 30, 1984.

GEORGE RUSSELL Theory & Practice

SIMON TOWNSHEND Sibling Assistance



If you were to form a view of George Russell's music based solely on the press he receives, you'd probably arrive at a grand image of coldly technical, highly intellectual art marching in lockstep to the formal dictates of his Lydian Chromatic Concept of Tonal Organizationwhich, of course, would be chiseled in granite. Sure, Russell is a theorist of the highest order, but as he puts it, "Bird, Trane, Ornette, Ravel, Stravinsky, every person who broke the laws of music, had to invent their own laws and had to be conscious of their own private theories. I'm the only fool who goes around telling everyone what my theory is.

Russell's recent New York premiere of the "African Game"—a suite he considers his greatest achievement to date—possessed all of the elements of his very human visions. Introduced as an impression of the evolution of humanity in the Atrican cradle, the work brilliantly balanced the palpable (and inseparable) joys and sorrows of our existence with the lonely a we of standing inside an infinite universe.

The drum ensemble, the field shout and the pentatonic essence of the blues all served as reference points. Performed by a fourteenpiece band consisting primarily of his New England Conservatory students and other Boston-based musicians (not the best band Russell ever put together, but the real story was his composition, anyway), the programmatic suite flowed flawlessly over peaks of polyrhythmic intensity and primal sectional exchanges to almost pastoral passages of serene elegance. Russell's command of compositional proportion and contrast. harmonic tension and release, and orchestral color and texture has served as the meat of his designs since the 40s.

But perhaps the most distinct element of his recent compositions (including the "Vertical Form" series and "Time Spiral" from his latest record, *Live 1n An American Time Spiral*) is his return to soulful bass lines and corresponding rhythmic propulsion.

"I view rhythm and the ability to elevate one of the ground rhythmically as the most essential element of music.... It's using Afro-American music. I've been in love with bass lines ever since I started. The only time I had to suppress it was when Cool (Jazz) was around Even though I love the 4/4 bass line played artfully by Milt Hinton or Water Page, I was always more in love with hearing them play a repetitive ostinato figure. Black people used to be ashamed of their culture to the point of emulating white culture. But as soon as the 60s released us from that, we telt free to refurn to some of the basic elements of the church and rhythm & blues." - Cliff Tinder

"I'm always getting asked, am I being overshadowed?" Simon Townshend sighs, queried about how it feels to follow in the footsteps of a Rock Giant, his brother, Pete Townshend. "It seems like such a silly question sometimes. Lalways wanted to play myself. It wasn't particularly because of Pete playing, 1 got my first guitar when I was eight-a smashed one that Pete stuck back together for me. I haven't got any memories as a child when the Who didn't exist. I first saw them in '66 when I was five. To see them onstage then-they were just stars. Anythina they've done beyond that-Tommy, Quadropheniadidn't make them any more famous to me

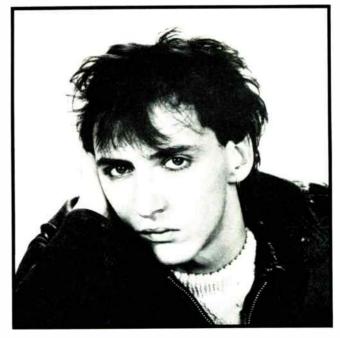
"The fact of it was, Pete was always away when I was growing up. I hardly ever saw him. But I had my own guitar."

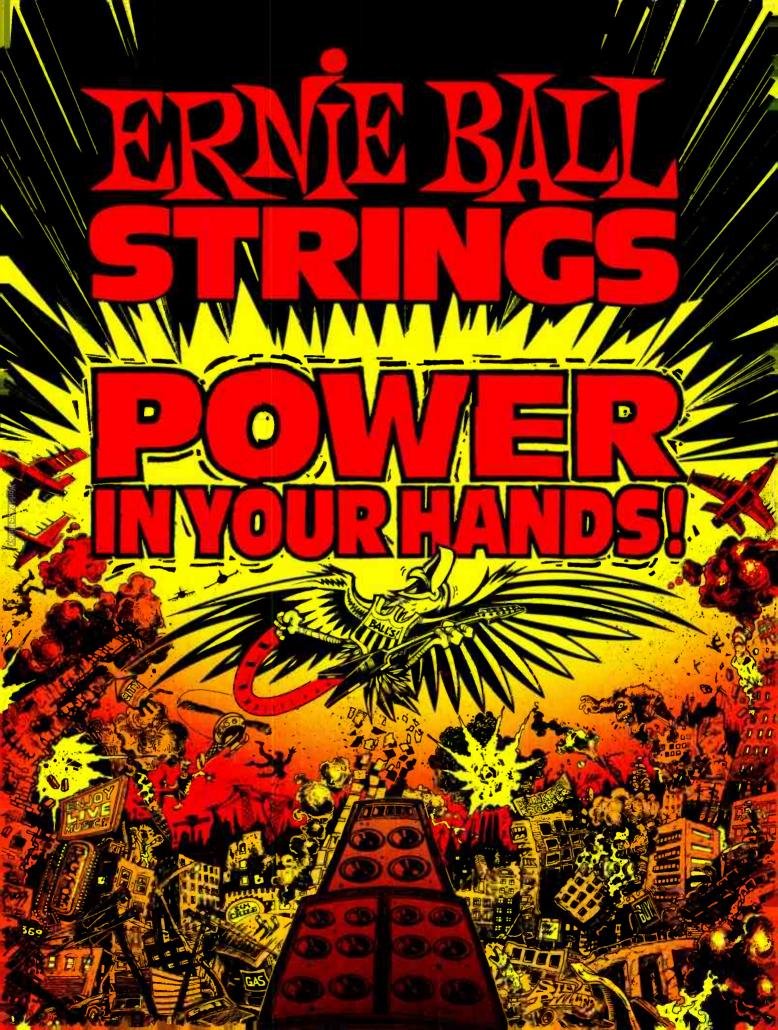
His album. Sweet Sounds. produced by brother Pete, does demonstrate some flatly saccharine moments that swerve perilously close to Pete's less-illustrious solo work. This Simon blames on the time-lapse inherent in solo recording.

"I've always been in *bands*. Because of that, I'm used to approaching things head on. But with recording the album, I had to perform as a solo artist, doing most of the parts on my own—dubbing, overdubbing. So you lose the immediacy of just diving right in there."

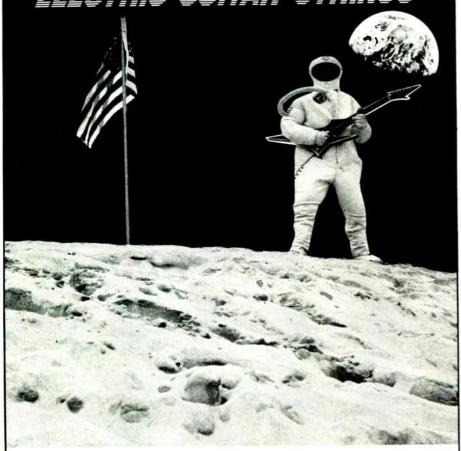
Any doubts are dispelled as soon as Simon's wiry frame spins onstage like an overwound top, offset by Andy Shillito's laconic bass meanderings. Simon's breakneck vocals and ambitious, if a bit undirected, quitar solos intertwine with Shillito's pointed bass melodies. driven by Paul Abbot's percussive keyboards and Gary Barroughs' strong, energetic drums. Together, the four conjure up a kinetic swirl of sound enacted with seemingly endless stamina that leaves the audience vicariously exhausted long before Simon's elated latter-day dervishing starts showing signs of running down. And the best part of it is ... it bears absolutely no resemblancevisual or aural-to the Who.

"Having an audience full of Who fans doesn't bother me that much, because they've obviously got good taste. But ultimately, these people come to see a show. If we couldn't give it to them, they'd get upset...no matter what my name was. But we can do it." — Khaaryn Goertzel





CONCEPT CONCEPT CONCEPT CUSTOM LEAGH ELECTRIC GUITAR STRINGS



Concept custom length strings are made to fit your guitar *perfectly.** Restringing is *faster, easier* and *hassle free.* Saving wire in manufacturing enables us to bring you the *finest* electric strings at a most affordable price. Ask your dealer for information.
* Guitars with tailpleces may require conventional length strings.



Concept I are for all electric guitars with tuning pegs three per side.







Concept II are for all electric guitars with tuning pegs six in line.

Rochereau from page 33

shasa, the capital of Zaire. "I was asked to perform, and I walked out a star," he said solemnly. "It was an enormous amount of fortune."

South African singer Miriam Makeba has been his greatest influence. But Louis Armstrong's visit to Zaire in 1958 had a decided impact. He showed the Zairians how to fine-tune their trumpets, which are now an essential part of Rochereau's driving sound. James Brown's visits to Zaire also left a mark on him, "because of the way he dances."

Sunny Ade provided many Americans with their first taste of African pop music. His sound washes over and entices listeners. Rochereau's music knocks them down and demands a response.

Rochereau expects to get that response in America. "I want the world to listen to my music," he said. "Up to now, I haven't had the chance. But once people hear my music, they won't ever stop." — **Dean Johnson**

Womack & Womack from page 14

"Like Rudolph Valentino, I can fall down on my knees/Pull flowers out of my sleeve/Girl, I know you will be pleased," she answers each boast with the refrain, "I can't understand that." Finally, she declares "I need a man who means everything he say," and when he offers, "Baby, let me groove you," she changes her chorus to "Ooh, baby, I need a little more." It's a remarkable turnaround, one which vividly mirrors the dynamic of a lot of real relationships, right down to Cecil's final laughing, "Baby, I'm going on about my way. I can't do *nuthin'* for you no more!"

It was also mostly accidental.

"That was a song she was singing by herself," Cecil explains. "But when we got into the studio, we got this other groove going, and we kept emphasizing that, and it changed the whole thing. We were just going to leave it open, have the song be real loose, but our producer, Stewart Levine, said, 'That music is so long it should have something on it.' So we put something in there."

"Life can have turnarounds that can be very funny like that," adds Linda. "I'm not saying that it's not a very serious or hurting thing when a girl meets a guy she feels is talking a lot of mess to her. But seeing it in the context that turns out, that feeling of playfulness at the end, you deal with it in a different frame of mind. Possibly out of that, people can learn more about one another."

Quite likely, but there's another lesson there, too. As Cecil points out, "That's the good part of what happens when you get into the studio. Things happen that you never would have imagined. You have to be real loose, let it flow."

In other words, do things the traditional way.

World Radio History

"IF IT WASN'T FOR CALZONE, WE'D PROBABLY BE WORKING A CAPELLA."



Tom Schuman Rick Cua

If you can identify with the unfortunate instrument pictured above, then you're bound to remember that sinking feeling when you realized that the show would be going on — without you and your instrument.

Leading musicians like Tom Schuman of Spyro Gyra and Rick Cua of the Outlaws make a living by showing up on time with their instruments in perfect working order. Their extensive touring schedules often take them on the road for months of punishing travel conditions in all types of weather, so they depend on Calzone road cases to provide the ultimate protection for their most important possessions — their instruments.

With Calzone cases to protect his extensive collection of keyboards and synthesizers, Schuman doesn't let equipment worries interfere with his performance. Rick Cua claims his valuable '64 Precision[®] bass wouldn't be on the road if it wasn't for Calzone.

Calzone's top-line Escort cases are chosen by more professionals because they're made from the finest quality space age materials. Features like Calzone's unique patented Double-Angle construction, G-Spec recessed handles and catches and high impact-resistant laminates insure maximum protection for long life. Our tough and lightweight

Convoy cases are the ideal choice for local cartage.

We make a wide selection of different models to fit the needs of today's electronic musician or we can custom-build any type of case — in a hurry.

If you truly care about the life of your instrument, depend on us for the utmost in high-tech protection. Calzone handles with care.

Precision^{*} is a registered trademark of CBS Musical Instruments.



Calzone Case Co., 225 Black Rock Ave., Bridgeport, CT 06605



E ven before they take the stage, the Alarm emit contagious optimism. With their black cowboy shirts tipped in silver and their hair teased into long, curling tentacles, these young Welsh rockers lean forward in their restaurant chairs and speak so fervently about purpose and goals, it seems they're recruiting rather than giving an interview. As they bubble enthusiastically about their heroes Bob Dylan and the Who and about their friends U2 and Big Country, it's clear they're still rock fans even as they're becoming rock stars, convinced they can relight and keep the promises that the Stones and the Clash once lit and lost. While such idealism is refreshing after meeting so many pop cynics, it also makes one fearful and protective of such a new band galloping into the giant maw of the music biz.

Dave Sharp, the Alarm's thin slice of a guitarist, rushes to get the words out: "These are real hard times; in Britain especially, there's a massive recession, so people have to turn to themselves as a source of inspiration. What we try to do is inject hope into people, to show people that the individual is a creative force, that you have to make your own situation. We want to encourage people to turn around and look themselves, and say, 'Yeah, we can do something.'"

Even more quickly, he blurts out: "Everybody's got something special they're destined to do. It lies within you. Everybody's got to look hard at themselves and decide what they want to do; they have to put their heart behind it and go for it. That's what we're doing. We're just some kids from Rhyl trying to achieve something. Our life lies in being in the Alarm, and we want to make the Alarm the best band the world has ever seen."

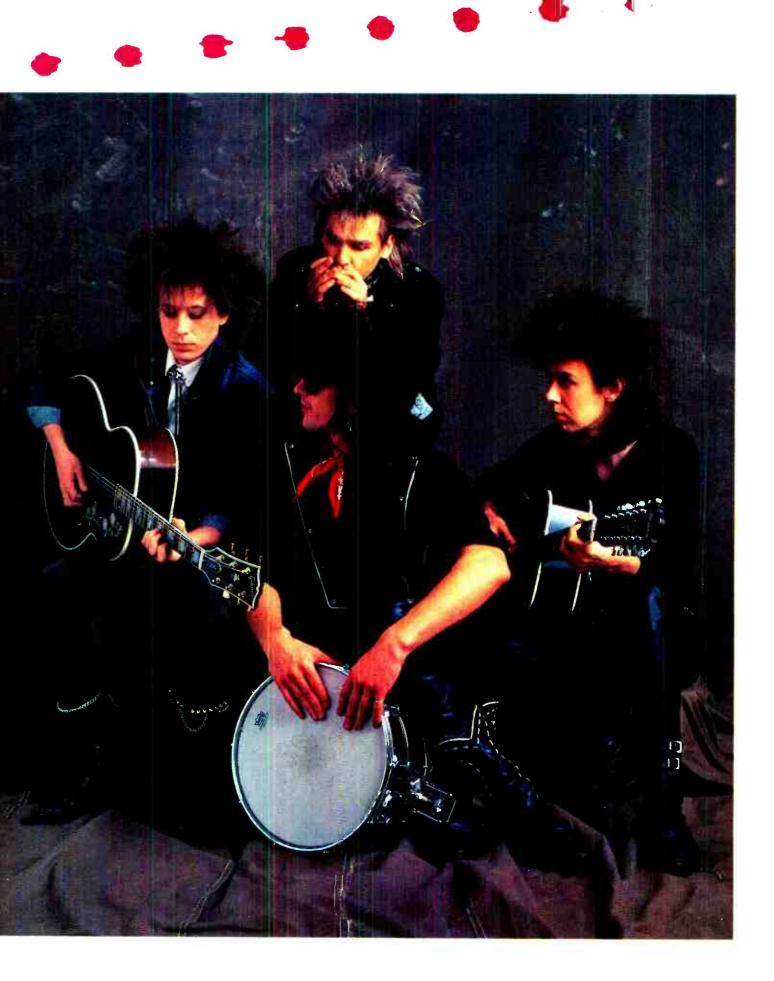
When they hit the stage at the Bayou in Washington, that optimism motors their music. Sharp and Mike Peters strum their acoustic guitars furiously in the folkie fanfare of "Declaration," the title cut of their new, debut album. The burly, spike-haired Peters bellows out this declaration of principles: "Take this so-o-ng of freedom put it on and arm yourself...." With that, Nigel Twist, the band's beanpole drummer, snaps the song out of its suspended strumming with a crashing downstroke, and baby-faced Eddie MacDonald follows right behind with a loping, melodic bass line.

All of a sudden, the bands falls into the headlong, pell-mell charge of their 1982 British single, "Marching On." "There's a young boy standing, staring at the world," cries Peters in an anthemic call-to-arms. "He can't control his anger/ You can see it in his eyes/ He's gonna smash the window/ He's gonna tear down the walls/ Hey mister you don't understand it/ Take a look at it through my eyes." Sharp and Peters step in place and turn their acoustic guitars forward and sideways as if they were marching down a street. All four lend their voices to the chorus: "Hear our sound; hear our voice./ We're growing stronger, and we'll go marching on."

Back at the restaurant, Peters, decked out in his new American Civil War duds, tries to explain the band's idealism: "For us, making a stand is forming a band and singing songs. A group can inspire people and pass on hope. It can give people an example of someone who's made a stand—both in our songs and in our actions. In that sense we're a political group. People are brought up with words like freedom and democracy, but they forget the meaning of them. It's easy to take freedom for granted and think you're free when you're not. Maybe we are naive. I like being naive, because the opposite of naivete is cynicism. I'm not a cynic; I have hope for people. I think great things can come, that great things will come. If that's being naive, having hope for yourself, then great, I'm naive."

Ah, yes. The Alarm's *Declaration* (I.R.S.) is a great album, likely to be this year's talisman for those who were swept away by U2's *War* and Big Country's *The Crossing* last year. Yet the very idealism that makes *Declaration* such an appealing record raises questions about the band. Audiences will only accept naive enthusiasm once from a group, and it worries me, fond as I am of the band, that Peters sees no alternative to cynicism and naivete. He and his comrades talk a lot about the implied promise a band makes to its fans when they first fall in love with each other and how often that promise is broken. But as any bedroom veteran knows, an initial infatuation can't sustain a relationship; it takes something tougher and more knowing.

By Geoffrey Himes





Mike Peters and Eddie MacDonald grew up next door to each other in Rhyl, a faded resort town on the north coast of Wales, not unlike Asbury Park, New Jersey. When Dave Sharp and Nigel Twist moved there from Manchester, England, at the age of fourteen, the foursome soon became fast friends. They were all seventeen and eighteen in 1977, when the Sex Pistols came along and changed their lives.

"We saw the Sex Pistols in Chester, just across the Welsh border in England." Peters recalls, "You couldn't believe the energy coming from the stage; it was like nothing I'd ever witnessed. I have this Sex Pistols' bootleg, called Indecent Exposure, which was recorded just a few days after we saw them in Chester. I wish you could hear it, because you'd realize what a great band they were. They played the Who's "Substitute" and the Monkees' "Stepping Stone." They weren't what they became a few months later, when they said they hated everything from the past. Americans only saw a complete parody of the Sex Pistols; by that time it had turned into a joke. But back then it was stunning. At the time, I had a job and was sort of interested in music, but that show made me realize I was still young, and there was a whole life out there for me to live. The message was get up there and do it yourself. I went home the next day, cut my hair and made a headlong rush into learning to play the guitar."

The four spent the next four years playing in different bands together and separately, but found themselves spinning their wheels, unable to get past their influences and find a voice of their own. They even got a shot at opening for Dexy's Midnight Runners, but after a test gig, Kevin Rowland told them they weren't ready. They knew it.

Meanwhile the situation in Rhyl deteriorated. A factory closing threw a lot of people out of work. Many of the Alarm's friends ended up on the dole and apathetic, hanging out with nothing to do. "The town just became dead overnight," Sharp notes. "We were in the same situation—just drifting around. So what we said to ourselves was, 'Look, we've got to find a way out of this situation. Okay, there's no jobs here, but we can still do something.' We were sure there must be a way out; we wouldn't accept it the way it was.

"So the first thing we did was open a clothes shop called Riot in 1981. We made all our own clothes and sold them. We encouraged people to start fanzines and take an interest in what was going on. Then we opened up a club, the Gallery, because there was no place at that time playing the kind of music we wanted to hear. Very quickly, almost overnight, the whole atmosphere of the town changed. Young kids had somewhere to go; they were getting involved again."

After spinning records for a few months, the club started booking bands. One band drew a large out-of-town crowd which had no attachment to the club. A fight broke out; the place got smashed up and then closed down. Undaunted by this turn of events, the guys decided to channel their efforts into the Alarm. "We wanted to take the hope and enthusiasm that had sprung up in our hometown," Sharp claims, "and take it out there to all those people who were jealous or just didn't understand."

So they headed for London and worked for months pulling pints in bars and driving vans. "We knew we'd make it," Peters says, "but we knew it'd be a fight. So we lived out of each other's pockets, stayed at the same flat and saved up all our money to make a record." That record was a single

Building" b/w "Up For Murder," released at the end of '81 on their own White Cross label. Only 2,000 were pressed, and they're all gone now. "One thing we wouldn't do," Peters continues, "is make any demo tapes whatsoever. We felt every time you go into a studio to make a demo tape, that's more money you've wasted, because they just sit on a shelf and no one listens to them. Once you've made a demo, you might as well make a record."

"We used to walk into people's offices with our acoustic guitars," Sharp remembers with a chuckle, "slap the record on their desk, and say, 'Listen to this,' and play the song. That approach seemed to work, because we got a reaction right there and then. It was either, 'Get out,' or, 'Get on the stage.' They couldn't say, 'We'll phone you back in two months and decide then.' That's how we got our first gigs."

The Alarm attracted a lot of attention right from the start, due in no small part to their novelty as a punk band playing acoustic guitars. The acoustic guitars were more than just a gimmick, though. In some ways, it was natural for a band as idealistic as the Alarm to gravitate to this folk instrument: there's something about the way an acoustic guitar chord lingers in the air that reinforces lyrics meant to linger in the mind the same way. There's something about the cheapness and portability of an acoustic guitar that makes it the perfect vehicle for young kids trying to make their own music.

"When you're a kid first going out there to see a band," Peters argues, "and you go, 'Wow! I want to play that,' it's not too often you have a million-watt amp back in your room at home; it's not too often you can go out and buy an electric Fender and a big Marshall amp and make it go 'Boom!' What you tend to do is find that your dad has an old guitar hanging on the wall, or that there's an acoustic guitar shop around the corner that's got one for five quid. So you get one and go, 'pri-i-ng.' It's a sound that stays with you for the rest of your life."

"Originally we all wrote songs on acoustic guitar," Sharp chimes in, "because if you were playing electric guitars, the old man downstairs would shout upstairs, "Shut up in there!" We all like to stay up and play late at night, and with acoustic guitars you can carry on a little longer. You can't have inspiration stopped because it's too loud."

"It's got to be a great instrument to inspire so many people to write so many great songs on it," Peters picks up again. "It rattles your bone structure; it feels like it's a part of you when you play it; maybe that's what pulls so many songs out of people. It lends itself to closeness. People tend to write songs on the acoustic guitar late at night alone in their room, when they're quiet and into the spirit of things. When you play electric guitar, you can obviously be inspired by the volume, but when you play acoustic guitar and get inspired at such a low level, you're being inspired by the song itself.

"I remember one day Dave tried out his song on electric guitar in rehearsal, and it just didn't come across. We all got so frustrated, because it had sounded brilliant when he'd played it for us on the acoustic guitar he'd written it on. So Sharpie says, 'Maybe I've got to write it again.' Then it finally hit **us: m**aybe we'd retain the spirit of the song better if we played **it on** the instrument it was written on. And **it worked**.

"Then we had to figure out a way to make the sound more massive, so it would fill up a concert hall. We couldn't afford to go out and buy transducers and all that. So one weekend,





Eddie and I went to London to see a gig, and Dave came around to my house while I was gone and nicked my Angelica acoustic guitar and went 'round to Eddie's and picked up this cheap little Eros electric guitar Eddie had. So i came around to Sharpie's, looking for my guitar, and I heard this drill going b-z-z-z! I found out he'd ripped all the electronics out of Eddie's guitar and slapped them into mine. Then he hit us with this sound, and it was just what we wanted."

"The trick," reveals Sharp, "was we used very cheap pickups, which oidn't pick up very well, so they didn't distort as much. Later, when we had more money, we tried all the modern-day equipment. We thought once we got transducers, we'd have a real acoustic guitar sound, but when we got home, they sounded all woolly and loony. So then we bought some really expensive electric guitars and pulled off their pickups and put them on the acoustics. But they just went *pfwoosh!* It sounded really distorted. So we went back to the shop and said, 'Can we have the most awful, pathetic, little Japanese pickups you have?' And they said, 'Here, take them all; get them off our hands.' We said, 'No, no, we only need a few.'

"See, what happens is this: there's not enough wire on the coils of these cheap pickups to pick up the vibrations of the strings on an electric guitar, so the sound is very, very bad. But when you have the whole soundboard of an acoustic guitar vibrating as well as the strings, a cheap pickup can handle that, while an expensive, sensitive pickup will pick up every grain of wood and just go *pfroom!* A cheap pickup will hold it back almost. It's just something we stumbled onto by accident really."

Up until Christmas of '82, the Alarm featured three acoustic guitarists and a drummer. "We tried to get a real ambient bass drum sound," MacDonald relates, "and use that as a bass. But we realized that we needed more melody in the bottom to give it a fuller range. We needed something solid with the drums to hold Mike's strumming and Dave's picking in place. Because Mike sings most of the time and Dave plays lead, I got to play bass. I still play guitar, but now I like playing the bass."

Steve Tannet of I.R.S. Records turned up at an early Alarm gig in London. "He was like a breath of fresh air." Sharp asserts. "A lot of record companies had talked to us, but they just wanted us for the way we looked and the fact we had acoustic guitars. They were interested in making money really fast, so we decided not to go with those labels. Instead we went out and did more gigs. Then Steve came up and said, 'I can see what the band is trying to do.' From day one, he was over the moon about the band, which is what we wanted to hear from a record company, not, 'Hey, boys, we can make lots of money out of this.' I.R.S. said, 'You make the music, and we'll make the records.'"

The first I.R S. single, "Marching On/Across The Border/ Lie Of The Land," was released in Britain in September, 1982, and scratched the charts. The second single, "The Stand," penetrated more deeply last spring. The four above songs plus an early live version of "Declaration" constituted their first American release: a five-song EP, *The Alarm.* "Sixty Eight Guns," a brass-powered ode to a youth street gang facing pressures to break up, became their first big single in England last fall. It was tollowed by "Where Were You Hiding When The Storm Broke?," the band's fiercest anthem yet, this past winter. Those two singles plus revised versions of "Marching On," "The Stand" and "Declaration" are all on the new twelve-song album, Declaration.

Before the Alarm even had a record in America, they came over to open a tour for U2. "We were playing a small club in England, and U2 came down to see us," Sharp recounts. "We got talking and found out we had so much in common, because they're a passionate band and want to continue to be, and we're the same way. They got us quite a few gigs in England opening up for them and then brought us along for their American tour. It was a really special thing every time we played for them; we tried to blow them off the stage, which is why they invited us in the first place. It makes them work twice as hard to have a good act to follow."

"We got a great reception here," Peters proclaims. "I think the grapevine's back in action in America. There's some great bands, and the kids are getting excited about music again. I think we're about to see some of the greatest music since the 60s right now. Bands like U2, Big Country, R.E.M., the Violent Femmes and Aztec Camera are great, because they write great songs, and they're committed to their audience. We've learned from the past; we've been fans ourselves for years, so we know how important it is to keep the promises that bands make to their audiences."

"I'm very wary of a lot of new bands," amplifies Sharp, "because not many bands have fulfilled the promise to be there forever, to be there when you need them. Like if you're feeling a bit down one night, and you want to be lifted up, you want to hear your favorite record by your favorite band. So you go up to your room and put it on the stereo, and you want to know the band is out there somewhere doing that song for you that night on some stage in the world. If we put out a record now, and we're not around in two years to play the songs on that record, it undermines people's trust in music. And to believe in music is very important, because music is so powerful. It can lift you up and put you down; it can make you happy; it can make you sad; it can make yougo out and do something; it might even change the world."

I'm wary too of new bands who hope for so much when pop history is littered with so many broken hopes. Yet, having lived through too many years when hopes were scarce and pragmatism carried a mean streak down the middle, I'm willing to put aside my caution and feel heartened that there are still young bands brave enough to hope again and make promises.

ALARM BOXES

Dave Sharp: "I use an Epiphone acoustic guitar and a Fender Telecaster onstage. I put the Telecaster through a Roland JC-128, which I like better than the earlier model, because it rings. I like the Telecaster because it has a bright sound, almost like an acoustic." Mike Peters: "I use a Lorenzo twelve-string acoustic through two little Vox AC40s with a treble boost-you can't get them over here. Hike the twelve-string sound because it tends to come back more sexy, more like an acoustic guitar, but I'd rather use a six-string acoustic with a flanger to get that twelve-string sound, because it's easier to keep in tune, but I just busted the head on my six-string." Eddie MacDonald: "When I decided to play bass, I bought an Epiphone semi-acoustic, but it had to have a lot of work done to it, because it lacked a lot of sound. We took it to the hospital and put new pickups on it, because the old, big Epiphone pickups weren't right. I thought the hollow-body bass might lend more to the sound of the acoustic guitars, but I found in the end, it worked better when I used the electricity more powerfully; it gave it more of a throb." Nigel Twist: "I've got a set of Ludwigs; they've got an immense sound." 🖾

PHOTO BY DEBORAH FEINGOLD

INTUITION AND MOTION

JHOMAS DOL<mark>s</mark>y

BY FREFF There's blood in the air this afternoon, at the offices of Capitol Records. The MTV remote crew can smell it: hot, heady, decisive. Their boy Roberts is on the prowl again, poised to savage yet another poseur, ready to probe and puncture and pulverize in the name of the countless invisible millions of zoned-out vidiots living life second-hand through his show, Screen Heroes.

Morgan Roberts. The Man himself. Celebrity, media idol, virtual god, his crazy gray flyaway hair wild as a corona, his penetrating eyes masked by glinting gold Ferrari sunglasses, his patterned polyester shirt open all the way down to well below his beltline.

The crew mutters. There'll be no escape for Thomas Dolby. Not from The Man. Roberts smiles, idly playing with his heavy gold Libra medallion. He's heard about this boy. Intelligent answers that aren't quite answers. Disarming jokes in unexpected places. The buzz in the industry is that Dolby is distant, a little reserved, maybe a little weird. An onion man, you know? Laver after layer after layer. And strong.

Well, by heaven, this time those layers get peeled. Roberts turns to bring the full power of his opaque Ferrari gaze on Dolby's chair. He pounces.



ROBERTS TO DOLBY Now Thomas, you're a very colorful personality Tell me, how did somebody like you come to play guitar with a far-out rock band like the Fixx?

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Actually, Morgan, I don't.

Stunned silence in the crew. Roberts reels, and then regroups. So Dolby wants a fight, does he? By God, Roberts is just the man to give it to him!

The thing about our culture that's surprising—always surprising me, anyway—is how everybody, absolutely everybody, can know for a fact that something isn't actually true. "Factoids," Norman Mailer calls them. Things which have been printed enough and repeated so often that they've acquired a kind of a zombie pseudo-life, even though their resemblance



to reality is somewhere between vague and nil.

Bogie never said "Play it again, Sam" in *Casablanca*. Sherlock Holmes never said "Elementary, my dear Watson" (not in any of the books, anyway). Catherine the Great, Czarina of all the Russias, did *not* die while attempting to screw a horse.

And—returning our focus to the subject of this narrative—everybody knows that Thomas Dolby, the composer/performer behind "She Blinded Me With Science," is a synthesizer wizard.

Only he isn't. And never was. To ask .him about it is to watch his eyes glaze over.

What Dolby actually is, is a traveler. An explorer. Someone on a journey, half-planned and half-inspired, using the most appropriate tools available at any given time: an archaeologist of sound, digging through layers of lyrical and musical meaning, pursuing the reconstruction of a world that might have been; an astronomer of sound, staring up at the ancient starlight falling on all of us and projecting traces of what the future could be; an absorber of the world, sharing observations and dreams.

Ah, but didn't Dolby use lots of synthesizers on his first album, *The Golden Age Of Wireless*? True—with an emphasis on the point that he used *them*, and not the other way around. But tools come with the times, and times change. The focus of the lens shifts. On his new album, *The Flat Earth*, Dolby is in a whole new landscape he calls "post-electronic."

Small wonder, then, that the LP's cover photos show him prospecting for gold somewhere in the Andes, instead of scheming with glowing neon microcircuitry. Thomas Dolby is an artist. And artists shouldn't stand still, factoids be damned.

ES:

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: So...to quote from "Hyperactive," the single off your new album, how long have you been having these delusions?

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Well actually, that's what my analyst asked me as well. The psychiatric profession is up in arms about me. They think that I'm poking fun at them, which is probably true. But I tend to think it's better to laugh away your idiosyncracies and peculiarities, instead of shoveling in another handful of the pills that they prescribe for you. And anyway, it's not me that's mad. It's the rest of the world. I'm the only sane one. AAAAHH!!

Digging Up the Past

Dolby was born twenty-five years ago in Cairo, the capital of Egypt. His father was by trade an archaeologist, and since one of the conditions of that profession is a state of largely-perpetual travel, movement became young Dolby's only norm. Mostly he grew up around the Mediterranean, in France and Italy and Greece, with a brief fling in Seattle and passing nods to a few other sovereign nations. England was always home, of course, because that's where his relatives lived. But his sense of place, of purpose, was bound in motion. Not uprooted ("because if you don't have a root in the first place, then you can't be uprooted")...but rootless.

"Absolutely." He puts on a Bogart accent. "I'm a very rootless kind of guy! Rootless!" Moving on, then.... "That's to the point, because if I'd grown up on the streets of the Bronx and become a musician, I'd still be making music for the same street corner. If I'd grown up in the East End of London I'd probably sound like Madness. If it had been Kingston, Jamaica, maybe Eddy Grant. The fact that I didn't have a root meant that I wasn't restricted by any musical guidelines. But it's not like I spent all my time in bazaars, enthralled by Algerian *shenai* players, or that kind of thing. I can't claim to have any ethnic authenticity simply because I've traveled a lot. Most of it was railway stations and taxis and cheap hotels, not the cultures. Me, I'd wander around and find a toy car to rebuild."

Life changes, day by day. Most of us would agree with that. But for Dolby, life *is* change, even now that he calls the shots, instead of being moved from locale to locale at the whim of random scientific discovery.

"I've always had this impulse to make do, wherever I am. I like living away from home. I like arriving in a hotel room and rearranging the furniture. That's always what I've been best at. In fact, I get upset if I stay in one place for very long because I feel like I'm missing out on what's happening everywhere else in the world.

"My father's specialty was Greek pottery. You know, the stuff in two tones of brown with figures painted around it, usually the Rape of the Virgins, or something...and for a long time I thought all archaeology meant was a bunch of dirty pots. But in fact it's more than that. It's people. Somebody made those pots. There were stories and places involved. It turns out that the things that make my father tick are the same things that I enjoy, but he found a different vehicle for them. I chose music. He chose ancient art. But perhaps there's something about what I'm doing that *is* like archaeology. Computer sampling is certainly that way—it's all just piecing fragments together. Finding things."

Finding things...like lyrics and chords, melodies and beats. The *pieces* of a tonality called a song, which is in turn a piece of a greater totality called music.

Dolby's earliest memories of music are of playing along with records by the Shadows, using the family silverware for percussion ("the ladles, the big soup spoons, those were the low notes"). There was time spent in a choir, time spent haphazardly teaching himself guitar and piano, time spent playing bad jazz in restaurants, time spent listening. Especially listening to anything and everything.

"I preferred pirate radio from Europe. That was the most incredible mixture of music at the time, because they made no distinctions between types of music: they would quite happily play a Motown song followed by the Beatles followed by Zappa followed by Engelbert Humperdinck. Programming didn't appear to exist in those days. A hit was a hit."

Through all of this, Dolby wrote only scraps of tunes and lyrics. The pieces wouldn't yet come together. "That jazz music I was playing wasn't really from me. It was almost like I'd listen to some records for a few hours and I'd pick up the atmosphere and mimic it. Not the notes, the atmosphere. And everything I was playing came from someone else's language. It was...it was like talking with an accent."

Punk came. In it Dolby—now living in England—found energy (if not musicianship). Punk went. And in its after-



math, he discovered the key to the lock that bound his soul: the synthesizer.

The minute he found it, the pieces began to come together. Dolby now was arawing on his imagination, not imitating. Finding sounds and textures and atmospheres that existed nowhere else. They'd been dormant in his heart and mind; but now they were set free.



ROBERTS TO DOLBY: Do you feel, as some people do, that synthesizers tend to take the human element out of music? **DOLBY TO ROBERTS:** I'm as threatened and intimidated by the new technology as everyone else, but I'd rather be a passenger than a victim.

Video Sold The Radio Star-

Timeskip: A synth-playing Dolby joined Bruce Wooley and the Camera Club, and later the Lene Lovich band. Backing Lene brought him to the U.S. on tour; and the success of a song he wrote for her, "New Toy," prompted him to give up

touring in 1980 in order to concentrate on his solo career.

Covering expenses himself, he recorded two songs, "Leipzig" and "Urges" (lovely little numbers you can find on the first American version of *Wireless*; they were scrubbed to make room for "She Blinded Me With Science" and "One Of Our Submarines" on the reissue). He even got them released as a single on the Armageddon label.

They went precisely nowhere. As for Dolby, he wound up singing Neil Young tunes in the Paris subways. "I gave the songs to a lawyer to take around to the record companies. He thought he had secured a deal, but we were blown out at the last minute. And he said, 'By the way, Thomas, you haven't paid me for three months, you know.' And I said, 'Right, I'll have the money for you this time tomorrow,' and promptly got on a bus for Paris. Once there I stayed in a flat with some friends, bought a cheap guitar, worked out a few songs, and then sat on my backside and sang."

After a time he found it was far more profitable to go to fashionable restaurants, ask the manager if he could sing for a half an hour, and then pass the hat. "It was the first and last time I ever played Stairway To Heaven," for an audience of about ten. Actually," he laughs, "I think they rather liked it, up until the lead solo, and then the disappointment was evident in their faces."

Timeskip: 1) The lawyer finally got a deal together. 2) Dolby's session work took a wildcard turn for the better when he was called to do the synths for Foreigner's 4. 3) New singles were released. This time they charted, cracking the top fifty in England.

And then there came...video. Music video, a medium that rarely aspired to anything more sophisticated than becoming the 80s version of *Shindig*. A format desperately trying to figure out how to wed what was essentially hot—rock 'n' roll of any stripe—with TV, the media quintessence of cool.

Right time, right place, right performer. Dolby clicked.

Videos for "Europa And The Pirate Twins," "Àirwaves" and "Radio Silence" attracted growing interest. And then the first one he directed for himself, an eccentric vision of a visit to the Institute for Deranged Science—you may have seen it helped break MTV wide open, dragging American radio along for the ride.

Funny, though, that Dolby isn't particularly fond of the tune.

"She Blinded Me With Science' is very frivolous, and I must say I dislike it for that reason. I'm hacking the bottom out of my very existence here, of course, but all of my most commercially successful songs have been my least favorite. The ones where I'm not really trying are the ones that seem to get through to people."

The new album has so far generated three videos, of three vastly different stripes: "Hyperactive," a frenetic collage of imagery, something like flipping through a demented artist's sketchbook; "I Scare Myself," a Dan Hicks cover—(Dan Hicks? How could anyone have ever thought Dolby had a heart of pure electrons?)—replete with sleazy bar and white grand piano; and lastly, "Dissidents," the subject of the latest twist in an old artistic sin—plagiarism.

On the one hand, "Dissidents." And on the other, Duran Duran's "New Moon On Monday." Dolby and Duran Duran are both on Capitol Records, and share the same video production company, Limelight Films. Go look for yourself. And remember that "Dissidents" was shot first.

"Let me say I'm not the type to get paranoid about this," says Dolby. "I accept that a lot of what I do is public domain. I mean, the drum sound from 'Science' is on Emulator discs all over the world by now, and you just have to accept something like that. But I am very angry about this because it was a very important video to me. It was the first time I ever wrote a song as a soundtrack to a video; the idea for the visuals came first. And I'm especially angry because they must have realized that they were in no danger, that the accusations would be leveled at me and not them, because they knew through their access that people would have seen their video before they saw mine."

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: (attempt at ingratiation) So...video star, video director. Have you ever thought of making moving pictures or anything like that? Ever thought of coming out to Hollywood? Great place, great place....

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Well, actually, I wanted to be a ballet dancer. But my legs were too hairy.

Catalysts Of Creation

"The first thing that happens is that there's a rush of an idea from somewhere in my imagination—maybe sparked by a real-life experience, maybe not. It might be a completely arbitrary thought or feeling, out of nowhere. It's a framework, a mood, a color I can't see.

"How do you imagine a color when you close your eyes? It's like that. I see a

color, but until I can put it physically in front of me, I'm never quite sure what it is. Only that I'll know it when I see it. Then I start trying to fill in the gaps in the framework of the mood with bits of lyrics, bits of music, events that I pluck from my experience and tack on, like a sculpture. As it starts to take shape I'm more and more able to decide whether the next thing will fit or not. So it's just *exploration*, really."

Dolby rarely writes out anything in standard musical notation, which he says he never read very well to begin with. Instead he uses his own system ("it looks a bit like hieroglyphics") to jot down ideas and depict sound textures.

"A lot of it I do in my head, though. I've got a large amount of RAM in my head. (laughs) Definitely 516K. And when I'm driving in my car or in the bath or standing in a queue for a takeout meal, things occur to me—and I just store them. The next time I'm at the keyboard I'll be able to find them in my memory. At that point it goes to a different form of storage. Not tape, though—I can't stand recording things more than once. On the first album I had to demo all the songs, and recording them again was no fun at all. It was *reproducing*. So now, once I've worked it out on the piano, I have a mental picture of the keys and chords and the tune, and I just don't forget these things. They're building all the time, moments of creative

When I'm in a state of excitement, I produce my best work. I can induce it by planning catalysts."

*Anyway // a not me fluid team/ > 19's the rest of the world."

Q.

40

energy which at some point I will commit to tape."

As with most things, there's an exception. Lyrics."Yeah, I do write those down, because I like to read them on paper. That's the literary heritage. I like my words to look good as poetry."

The Flat Earth wasn't discovered in quite the same way as earlier projects. Piece by piece, yes, but this time Dolby's mastery of his equipment provided a creative environment with room left for the purely human. "Henry the Second" (as he has dubbed his customized amalgamation of Fairlight CMI, Simmons drums and PPG 340/380 Wave computer) was set up in a rehearsal hall and used, not to dominate the creative process, but simply to focus it.

"I gathered three musicians I really admired—Matthew Seligman on bass, Kevin Armstrong on guitar and Cliff Brigden on percussion—and then I set up my basic keyboard and drum machine parts on the computer, and had it play them for me. It freed me. I could stand there, pace around the floor, make suggestions in Kevin's ear, wander up to a microphone and sing a bit of melody as it occurred to me. It enabled me to be as spontaneous as possible, to get the adrenalin flowing and myself excited, and thereby come up with the goods."

The computerized synthesizer became the backdrop, instead of the point. The tool returned to being a tool. Dolby's whole musical feel went through a transformation, becoming human again. His lyrics had always been that way: from heart and head to hand and page, in a straight line (no matter how obliquely-angled the emotional subject matter). Now his music was traveling the same road.

"I had worked with arranged music and I had worked with improvised music, but I hadn't worked with the kind of thing that happens when there is chemistry between musicians. And yet a lot of the music I had the most affection for was precisely that. You can analyze that music in terms of what's playing what note, but you simply cannot analyze the magic, the intangibles. So, on at least fifty percent of the album, that's the approach I took. Though I must admit I did it thinking all the time that I was going to wipe my guide piano parts, or my vocals, and then do a lot of overdubbed keyboards."

That didn't happen. In fact, notably on "I Scare Myself" and "The Flat Earth," Dolby found that after a few plays he couldn't live *without* those parts, bum notes and all. He not only accepted the imperfection of being human, he reveled in it, and the results—particularly on a one-take wonder like "I Scare Myself"—were extraordinary.

"The main thing I believe is that there are infinite possibilities in my imagination. Possibly subconscious things. Possibly a result of things that I have absorbed: influences, bits of music, bits of film, all my firsthand experiences. They are all in there somewhere, and there are endless combinations of them, which in the right situation can come to the surface. Now these combinations require certain catalysts to bring them out. It might be somebody walking in the room. A mistake on the piano. A newspaper headline which I misread. And because I know that my best work is often sparked off in this way, I can induce it by planning catalysts. What I'm saying is that when I'm in a state of excitement, I produce my best work. In order to achieve that excitement I have to be in the right studio, with the right people, with the right instruments, with the right food in my stomach. And when that happens I will have a few hours of complete hysteria-rushing around jotting down bits of lyrics, whipping through chord sequences, programming sounds, bouncing tracks, mixing a song down, editing tape, writing a story for a video, planning something for a stage show. I rush around and the ideas are coming faster than I can even get them on paper. And then it will go calm again, and I'm indifferent, complacent, bored and depressed for a few hours or days or weeks.

"But the main difference between now and then is it used to be that most of my catalysts were the tools I was using, the machines. And on this album it was the place that I was, what I'd been doing—I tried to space it so that I could live a bit while recording—and the people that I worked with, that had the greater bearing."

 \bigotimes

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: This album, I think, is going to raise a few eyebrows. But you know...it's still an album I'm very, very proud of.

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: And rightly so. Is it a concept album?

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Well, not so much a concept album as a collection of concept singles, loosely connected I suppose by the magneto-gravitational theory of the structure of space. In other words, the Earth is a disc some twentyfive thousand miles in diameter. Underneath what we call the North and South Poles are two black holes with inverted polarity. This throws a uniform energy field over the Earth, meaning that light travels faster on the outside of the disc than it does on the inside. Therefore if you walk towards the edge of the disc it's very likely that you will curve round and end up back where you started.



Now, this energy field is concentrated in a dot in the sky—we call it the sun—which moves from east to west on a twenty-four-hour cycle, with a yearly oscillation in its axis between the two Poles—which we call the seasons. And up in the sky, what appear to us to be the planets and the stars, those are actually discs similar in structure to our own, on the same plane in space. But the light from them is curved over as it reaches the Earth's atmosphere, by the action of the two black holes, and therefore they appear to be in the sky. Et cetera.

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: Umm...do you believe all this? **DOLBY TO ROBERTS:** No.

On The Flat Earth

There are seven tunes on the new album. Shorter than one might have hoped, but crafted with care. And warmer, more organic, than anything Dolby has yet committed to disc.

The first song is "Dissidents," which Dolby insists is "not political." And he may be right at that, because the spirit of the tune is wrapped up in the *romance* of the dissident writer, rather than his ideology. It's the fact of dissidence that counts here. What Dolby's really doing is posting a warning. He could have taken the easy (and marketable!) way out, following up his biggest hit with forty minutes of the same. But he didn't. Abandon all preconceptions, ye who enter here.

Second up is the title track. "The Flat Earth" is a love song. A love song to what no one can say for certain—perhaps to the vector of Dolby's motion, or some new perception of his universe's boundaries and his proper place within same. But it's a love song in its heart, bringing echoes of "Sexual Healing" to the mind.

please remember... the Earth can be any shape you want it any shape at all dark and cold or bright and warm long or thin or small but it's home and all I ever had and maybe why for me the Earth is flat

"Screen Kiss" is a savage little short story, the broken picture of a British love triangle baking in the hothouse depths of the L.A. Experience. Wry and sentimental by turns, the lyrics are underpinned with orchestrations and a Jaco-like bass line reminiscent of Joni Mitchell, circa *The Hissing Of Summer Lawns* (not surprising, since Mitchell is one of Dolby's major influences, and he covered another song from that album"The Jungle Line"—on the B-side of the British 12-inch of "Science").

"White City" isn't a drug song, no matter what you might think from lyrics like "a thin white powder film on everything." Pointless visions of Utopia, dancing in a young man's not terribly reasoning head. A hint: at the end of the song, Keith isn't lecturing. He's being interviewed.

"Mulu The Rain Forest" is an inverted dream of an endangered place—or perhaps the other way around. "There are very few rain forests left," says Dolby. "And they are tremen-



dously important. Mulu is actually one in Tasmania. But there's one rather like it in Borneo. There are lots of nocturnal species that live nowhere else, and the local aborigines have deified it as the place of the dreamtime, which is sort of an inverted reality. All of this I've actually learned after the fact; I wrote the song from some vague impression of information about it that I had picked up along the way. That rain forest is in danger of flooding, you see, from a new dam that's being built. One time thirty or forty botanists crashed the construction site and refused to leave. They were all arrested.

"Musically, it's actually quite a conventional tune. Rather like 'Airwaves,' in fact. So I avoided conventional arrangements. I built it out of things from the rain forest atmosphere insects and flutes and trees falling in the forest and reptilian bass. Matthew Seligman has a fretless with a transducer in its neck, and when you play over that it sounds quite like a string bass, and very dark."

That brings us to "Hyperactive," the album's single. It wasn't meant to be that way. Another tune originally carried that banner, but it failed the grade during recording when it was judged too similar to "Science." Ask me if I'm complaining..."Hyperactive" blasts you off the end of the album like a rocket. It's got Michael Jackson sound-alike vocals from Adele Bertei and brother, does it have a *beat*, a beat that slams you in the face and then reaches down to set your feet bopping, a purely relentless beat that isn't in the drums (which are actually fairly restrained) but locked into everything—the nooks and the crannies.



ROBERTS TO DOLBY: (getting desperate) We've come to expect a lot from your videos, Thomas. That's a hard act to follow onstage. Can you describe to us what it's like at one of your shows?

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: (offhanded) My stage show? Well, it's kind of like being dragged backwards through a carwash with a bag over your head. And that's before you even find your seat.

Live Wireless

Whether it's that bad or not we'll be able to tell for ourselves, because the Flat Earth tour will be rolling through this quadrant of the disc from mid-April to mid-June, just after covering Great Britain, Europe and Canada, but before zooming on to Japan and Australia. A word of warning. This is no wall of electrosound and flashing LEDs that's coming round, systems-engineered by stiffbacked Numanesque mannequins in jumpsuits. This is a *band*. Guitarist, bassist, drummer, keyboardist, backup singers, the works—and Thomas Dolby. On piano.

That's right, piano. That most dazzlingly high-tech of instruments. (Think not? Consider for a moment what it did to the membership of the clavichord players union.)

Call it Stage Three of the Dolby Road Show. Stage One was the one-man-band multi-media approach that first got him labeled a synthesizer wizard. Stage Two was looser, as you can see in a sixty-minute concert film he directed and edited that will air this spring on MTV. He'd cut back to just a Roland Jupiter-8 interfaced with his PPG Wave, his drummer on a Simmons kit and his guitarist and bassist adding occasional keyboard licks from a Moog Source, a Micromoog, a Solina string ensemble, an old Jupiter-4 and a Juno-60. There were bits of his videos, all time-synched to the music through the PPG, and random but relevant slides, but by and large the presentation was kept sparkling with small human touches: a handheld fan on "Windpower"; walk-ons from a violinist and two extra percussionists when needed; and Lene Lovich showing up to sing lead on "New Toy."

But still...a piano? No synth?

"What happened in Stage One was that I was so obsessed with the functions, the nitty-gritty keyboard parts and program settings, that I was unable to experience any sense of interaction. I couldn't be a performer, a performer having a relationship, having sex with my audience—which is what happens at the best concerts. The machines also left me in a cold sweat most of the time because they were fragile and tended to go wrong. So I decided to do away with all the machines I was using. What talent I have is for activating a situation, be it a recording studio or a video shoot or stage covered in bits of machinery. And it's always been that, rather than the kind of intangible magnetic quality that you associate with a lot of great performers. I'm quite curious to explore that now and see how much of a performer I am.

"I can do it in front of a camera, I can communicate it. But that's in bursts of twelve or fifteen seconds, and I've got three takes to get it right. There's a whole extra language and craft attached to the show business thing, which people call charisma, but which is actually the craft of being in front of audiences, and the few simple devices used to rev them up. You know—Shakespeare, and some things you can update but shouldn't mess with. There are things about the stage that will always hold true."

X)

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: So, Thomas, is it true you've been working with Michael...Jackson?

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Vicious rumors, Morgan, vicious rumors.

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: So you won't be producing his new album?

Thomas' Terrible Secret

"Um," he says, and pauses for a long time. "This is actually very plebian taste, but I like Michael Jackson's music."

Dolby's contact with Michael happened when a friend named Steve Barron, one of Britain's most successful video directors (and owner of Limelight Films), was asked to do the video for Michael's "Billy Jean." While going over some of the company's output, Michael saw "Science" and was favorably impressed. He'd heard the single on American radio, but hadn't known Dolby was English.

They met a few weeks later, in Los Angeles.

"I actually really liked him, because I could see that his public eccentricity is very much a product of the niche that people have forced him into. He wasn't weird, or freaky, he was nice and funny and didn't take himself too seriously. Even though we are from different backgrounds, we found we had a lot in common, by virtue of the lives we've had. All his earliest memories are of limousines and airports and freeways and always moving around, never being in one place. So we got along and had a very amusing time."

Michael was hard at work on the new Jacksons album, but hadn't settled on all the material to be used, so he suggested that Dolby might write some tunes.

"In my time off from recording my own album I worked on a few things for him. What he wanted was grooves, sounds, not completed songs. He just wanted me to be me, and put some

SIGHT FOR SORE EARS.

Dam Mar

When you look for an amplifier, ou'll probably find 10 or 20 trands that call themselves profesional. Unfortunately, the extra money ou'll spend for a "professional" amplifier fill rarely be justified.) With one exception.

Pean Markley has built an amplifier that has drawn raise from professional musicians for innovation, style nd unsurpassed functional design. Artists like Pat Travers, evin Carlson (Aldo Nova), Ric Olsen (Berlin) and many more e using the new Signature Series Markley amps exclusively.

he Signature Series amplifiers feature active tone controls, effects loops, vitchable channels and special tube circuitry for the right sound, the first me. Our rack mount heads pack a lot of punch in a small package, making it sy to arrange all your amplification and signal processing equipment in a comlet, easily moveable unit.

ean Markley Amplifiers are available in power and speaker combinations to fit any aving situation. From small recording sessions to large halls, you'll get versatility and liability that will last, performance after performance.

if you have gotten a case of sore ears looking for the right amplifier, then stop by your local an Markley dealer and play our new Signature Series Amplifiers. ter all, it's about time you give your ears the break they deserve.

ean

ideas down on tape that he could write his own vocal lines to. On this one particular sequence I worked out, almost purely as a joke, I mixed in a drum kit that was constructed entirely from computer samples of Michael's vocals from 'Billie Jean.' Just to see if he'd notice. He didn't. We talked a little more after that, but I don't know if or when any of this stuff might see the light of day. I can't see Michael recording solo for a while, because he's under a great deal of pressure.

"But still," smiles Dolby, "it was very nice to have made the connection. Because the guy's like an all-time hero of mine."

\otimes

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: It's a long, hard grind to the top, as we both know. So now that we... now that you've reached the pinnacle of your achievements, would you say that success has changed you as a person? Have you gone under as a personality? Have you stayed true to your ideals? Are you still a nice, modest, level-headed sort of bloke?!

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Let's put it this way. I don't care if I never make a lot of money out of this game, just as long as I have an exotic lifestyle and all the things my heart desires.

Will The Real Thomas Dolby Please Not Tell?

Poses. Masks and poses. Sometimes it seems like Dolby's carrying enough for the entire Western World. At other times it seems like he's utterly unwalled and defenseless, but so very distant that's he's actually backed all the way round the flat Earth and bumped into you from behind.

So who is he? Is he the English Tom Swift with his Nucleotronic Tea Caddy, as all the publicity shots from *Wireless* would have you believe, intently tinkering with tubes and wires and careful notes? Is he the South American explorer deep in the fossil rift valleys of the Andes? Is he the sleazy jazz pianist, the sweaty projectionist from *Live Wireless*, or the refugee crossing the border with false documents?

Who? Which? Why?

"Everything's an extension of my own character. I mean, I think it would be dishonest of me to contrive something completely different. I'm not a great actor, but I'm capable of spotlighting aspects of my personality that are already there. That's what I tend to do in the videos. And if you listen to the songs, very often you'll find me singing almost in the third person. I'll concoct situations which are extensions of real-life ones, but after a point, the fantasy has taken over.

"Look at 'Europa And The Pirate Twins,' which I wrote about a girl I fell madly in love with when I was fourteen. Her father was a diplomat, and of course at the time I was traveling around Europe with my father the archaeologist, and she...disappeared. Moved to another country. But she had so much charisma, I fantasized that one day she'd turn up again as a film actress, a pop star on a magazine cover, and that when I tried to reach her, her bodyguards would drag me away. Those are the kinds of situations I tend to dream up. And the part that I play in those situations is rather like a dream or a nightmare. I'm a third person. I'm just another character.

\bigotimes

At the MTV remote, things have reached rock bottom. Morgan Roberts is left with no recourse but The Personal Insult.

ROBERTS TO DOLBY: Thomas, a lot of people are very keen to know one thing in particular. And that is... those spectacles you wear. Are they prescription? Do you really need 'em, or are they just an image kind of thing?

DOLBY TO ROBERTS: Appearances are a very deceptive thing, Morgan. I mean, just by throwing away these and wearing your shades there I could probably put on the appearance of a bronzed Californian. Here, give them to me.... **ROBERTS TO DOLBY:** You should try the wig, too.

The flyaway gray corona comes off. The glinting gold Ferrari

sunglasses come off. It's Thomas Dolby in both chairs, or it's Morgan Roberts in both chairs...but actually it's (full name) Thomas Morgan Dolby Robertson in both chairs. Masks and poses, and poses and masks, and keys that open unlocked locks....

Dolby looks at Dolby. Dolby reels, and then regroups. So Dolby wants a fight, does he? Then, by God, Dolby is just the man to give it to him!

Curtain Call

When Dolby recorded "Screen Kiss," he ran into trouble. He usually sang in one of two voices, either the breathy one on "I Scare Myself" or a kind of rasping shout, as on "Science." But neither of those were right for "Screen Kiss."

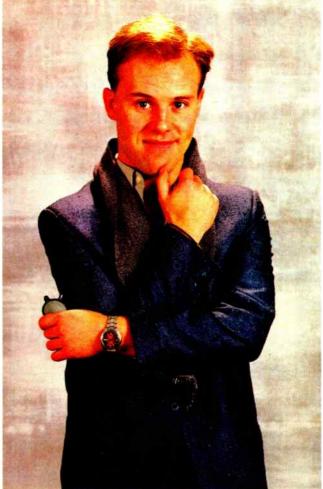
It was a horrendous experience. The emotional event that had given rise to the song was still busy dying. He felt down, vulnerable, worried that he was behind schedule on the record. And now, on top of all that, he was smashed by the frustration of his vocal ineptitude, his lack of chops. Somebody like Paul Young could have walked in and reeled it off straightaway...but Dolby couldn't.

Then out of the blue a note came through his larynx, a note he'd never heard before, one from a totally different person. It was two a.m. That night he got two or three lines recorded in that voice. He spent all of the next day and half of the one following failing to find that voice anywhere in his body.

It took ten days to pull enough out of himself to meet the needs of that song.

But he stuck it out. Behind the masks and poses, there's a new key to be turned, and hidden. Dolby is finding his voice. "Yeah, I'm finding it." He frowns. "But it's hard."

"I can do it in front of a camera, I can communicate it."



carries the features that are a cut above the competition.







It carries a price that's a cut below.

At Soundcraft, the tradition of building mixing consoles like no one else can, continues.

The Series 200 represents a complete redefinition of what you can expect from a four buss mixer. And where you can expect to use it. Post production editing, video sweetening, club installations or on location. So revolutionary that it

(514) 685-1610 Telex: 05-822582

is suited to more applications than any other portable system. And perhaps most impressive, it's priced to suit the tightest budget.

Available in an 8 input rack mount or 16 and 24 channel sizes, it is as versatile as you are talented. When used in 8 track recording, the separate monitor section allows you to monitor all 8 returns individually in creating your mix. With 4 auxiliary sends (2 pre and 2 post) it has twice the capacity of comparable consoles making it ideal for small clubs, PA and broadcast requirements.

Unlike semi-pro mixers that have a -10dB nominal



operating level, the Series 200 at + 4dB conforms to industry standards when interfacing with VTR's and multi-tracks, for post production and a variety of other demanding professional applications. Additional sound improvements include a 1kHz oscillator for external alignments, electronically balanced mic and line inputs and long throw faders.

As with all Soundcraft consoles, the Series 200 is distinguished by 4 band EQ's so musical it sets the industry on its ear. However, for all the sonic breakthroughs, there is one sound you'll be pleased not to hear. Contamination caused by distortion and limited headroom. And, an outboard power supply eliminates any transformer hum.

Offering features like these that are a cut above other mixers, for a price that's a cut below, might sound amazing to our competition. To our customers it sounds unmistakably like Soundcraft.

oundc Soundcraft Electronics Canada, Inc. 1444 Hymus Blvd. Dorval, Quebec, H9P 116

Soundcraft Electronics 1517 20th Street, Santa Monica, CA 90404 (213) 453-4591 Telex 664-923

Soundcraft Electronics Limited 5-8 Great Sutton Street, London, ECIVOBX, England Telephone: 01-251 3631 Telex: 21198

PARIS. Another night, another club: for Chet Baker it is the same story as yesterday, as tomorrow, as twentyfive years ago. A set, a break, another set, sweat. Science fiction lighting adds to the haziness of time and period; everywhere, in the inevitable mirrors and even in the floor, one can contemplate one's image. Without a microphone the sounds flowing from his trumpet would be but a murmur barely more preceptible than his voice—a voice so much softer than the profoundly marked face which only opens enough to let it filter out.

It is hard to believe that he was once called the James Dean of jazz. Chet Baker's face, which bears an eerie resemblance to Antonin Artaud's in the last part of his life, is

now but a fascinating mask sculpted by the trials of life and creation.

Without his glasses he seems even farther away, lost in an opaque fog. Chet sees little, but enough to instinctively piece together the listening forms and shadows. Enough in any case to guess, night after night, the other side of the spectacle: the bartender shaking a cocktail, the waitress moving back and forth in front of the stage, the noisy silhouettes leaning on tables.

Even when he's not playing, Chet grips his trumpet like a weapon; he continually licks the embouchure and his elastic face invents new wrinkles. And if he gets up to sing, his hand keeps looking for imaginary pistons on the microphone. Mysteriously, time and tobacco have only

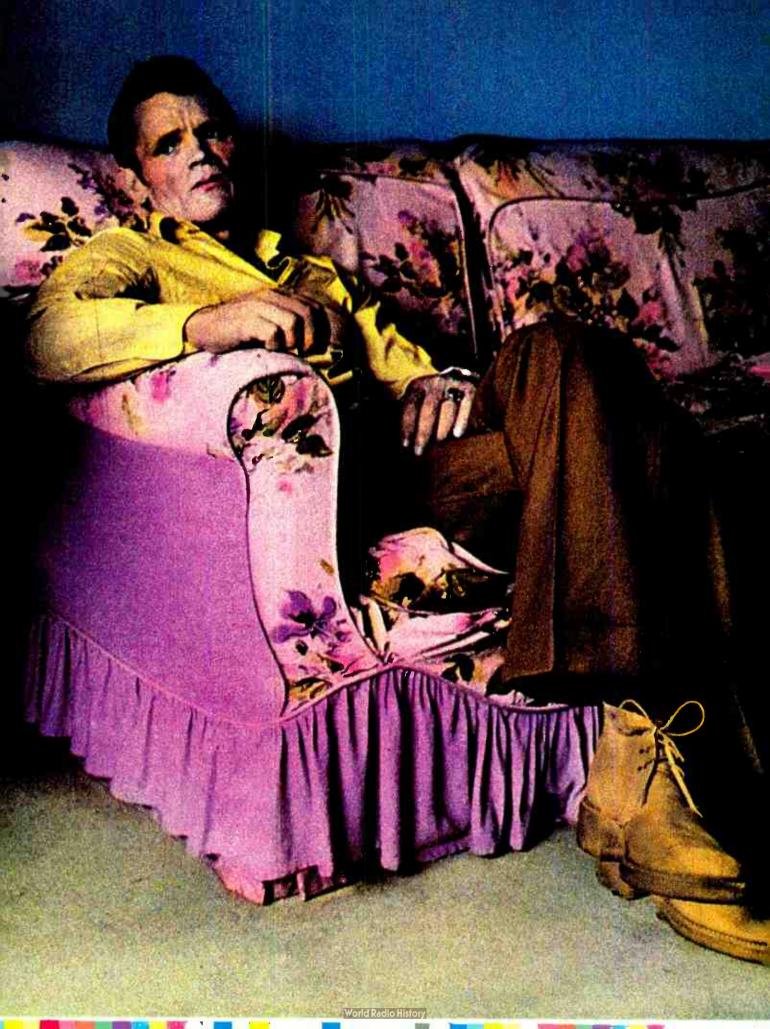


polished his voice, with its imperceptible falsetto which plays every register of feeling. Virtuoso instrumentalist and tightrope singer, Chet has arrived at an extraordinary osmosis of two forms of musical expression, comparable to the great blues singers/harmonica players.

Chet Baker has been a star in Europe for almost thirty years. He has spent the major portion of his career there, beginning with his first, triumphant visit to Paris in 1955. He'd grown up in California; his father had played banjo and guitar in various swing bands. A few cursory lessons in junior high school comprised the whole of Chet's formal musical training; later, as a member of an Army band, he learned to sight-read

by picking up marches by ear and then transposing what he'd heard to the printed sheets before him. Discharged in 1948, he flunked his theory classes at El Camino College in L.A., then re-enlisted to join the Presidio Army band station in San Francisco, and, not coincidentally, join the nightly jam sessions at Bop City with the likes of Dexter Gordon, Paul Desmond and Hampton Hawes. By 1952 he was playing West Coast dates with Charlie Parker. The following year he joined the Gerry Mulligan quartet, where the chemistry between Mulligan's probing baritone and Baker's light, lilting trumpet thrust both toward international prominence. By 1953, the year he began recording under his own name, Baker had already won the downbeat poll as the best

Tightrope Trumpet and Solitary Survival at the Edge of Civilization



trumpet player in jazz. He was twenty-four years old.

With its lyrical and mellow West Coast sound, the Mulligan-Baker quartet dominated jazz in the early and mid-50s. Baker's fresh, openly romantic style hasn't really changed much over the years, but his subsequent experiences have given his sound an edge that's intensely melancholic and bittersweet. His problems began almost before Chet had a chance to savor his success-first a gum disease which threatened to destroy his health and career, then a lengthy bout with heroin which effectively accomplished the same end. Arrests and prison stretches in Europe commenced with a drug bust in Italy in 1959; in 1968, while back in San Francisco, Baker suffered a vicious mugging that ultimately resulted in the loss of his teeth. He stopped playing for two years, began a slow recovery from his addiction through methadone, and culminated his comeback with a reunion concert with Mulligan and several club dates around New York City in 1974-75. Then he migrated back to Europe. But, as with Miles Davis, whose muted blue tone Baker's own has long resembled, fate's scars have never altered the inexpressible beauty of his art. If, as it has been said. Miles sounds like a man walking on eggshells. Chet sounds like Goethe's Werther singing to himself on the edge of a precipice. Along with a handful of others, he remains one of the last great jazz musicians in an ever-shrinking world where few recall what that "jazz" ever meant-though perhaps (ironically) Baker's exquisite solo on Elvis Costello's "Shipbuilding" might broaden the chance of his "discovery" by yet another generation of fans.

It's four a.m. The magical intimacy inside the club has dissipated with the last encore. Covered with sweat, Chet

"Anything I play on the born I can sing. I think of every note I play."

timidly holds his trumpet case like a junior executive with a briefcase. I ask him, stupidly enough, how he can stand all these nights in claustrophobic, smokey basements. He smiles slightly: "Lots of practice." For years he has refused interviews—this time, and who knows why, he says yes.

Several days later we meet at the country home of one of his musicians. Chet sits up on his bed, then for hours lies there with his eyes closed, sucking on candy after candy and cigarette after cigarette. At the end he gets up and, with a malicious smile, shows me his trumpet, telling me it's a student model. The music is in him, no matter what object. As I ready to leave he puts a Walkman over my ears. He smiles, always a rare moment, and gives me the cassette as a goodbye present.

MUSICIAN: You call yourself a loner. Have you ever tried to settle down?

BAKER: A couple times. Once in 1974 in upstate New York, with my wife and children. But when the people in the neighborhood found out who I was—through something about me on the local TV station—they started bothering my children, breaking my windows. Calling me "drug addict" in the street. The civilized world we live in is a lot of crap. I tried again a little later on Long Island and that didn't work either. People think I'm some kind of scum, so I just gave up the whole idea. Yeah,

we moved out. My kids are grown up now, I don't have to worry about them. None of them are musicians.

MUSICIAN: Are you happy about that?

BAKER: Yeah, I'm happy about that. Yes I am. The odds against a talented musician being successful are so great.... **MUSICIAN:** And how do you feel about your music now?

BAKER: It's just my way of improvising and of bouncing off what the other musicians are playing. I respond very much to what is going on around me, since I play a hundred percent by ear. The conditions I grew up in don't exist anymore. I think I'm part of a dying breed. Yeah. It's kind of sad in a way, but that's progress, I guess.

MUSICIAN: The end of a certain jazz.

BAKER: A certain kind of jazz, a very personal kind of jazz. There aren't too many groups anymore like the trio I have, especially without drums. It makes it more like a chamber trio. I'd prefer to play completely acoustic. The louder the music is, it seems the more people talk. But in many places people do listen. In some clubs in Paris you can hear a pin drop.

MUSICIAN: Speaking of progress, don't you think conditions are better now than for, say, Charlie Parker in the 1940s?

BAKER: I think Charlie Parker had a very happy life. He had tremendous success, was loved and adored by so many people. He was the king, the same as the king of a country. Playing with Bird was the very greatest experience I ever had. But I was too young and too stupid to get as much out of it as I should have. I did get to spend a lot of time with Bird—on the stand and off. I would drive him around, go to the beach...we got to be good friends. He certainly told me to stay away from drugs, and he kept certain people away from me who would have tried to give me things. I was twenty-two at the time, and I didn't start taking drugs until I was twenty-seven. Although people seem to think that I started much earlier.

MUSICIAN: It's hard to believe you. You were playing with users like Gerry Mulligan, Dick Twardzick, Art Pepper....

BAKER: I know, but I was totally clean. As clean as a whistle. Dick's overdose [while on tour with Baker in 1955] totally destroyed me. Destroyed me. Dick's parents felt it was my fault, even though I was completely unaware of the situation. **MUSICIAN:** So why did you start at twenty-seven?

BAKER: Because I had to find out about it. I'd been fascinated for a long time, but I'd managed to fight it off. Then I started, in the States. I'd gotten married a second time, which was a great mistake She was a wonderful person, but....

MUSICIAN: And you were less popular than you had been in the early 50s....

BAKER: That could have been a reason too...could have been. It's not because of the "jazz world." It depends on the person. Some musicians were afraid to try drugs because they had a certain success and didn't want to jeopardize it. I'm not like that. I've been up and down so many times.... I have no property, no bank account, no money, and I probably will die broke — which is fine because that's the way I came into the world. I don't get any money from all those records I made. Just the advance. I've been cheated out of my record royalties by almost every company. I have no idea how many records I sell.

MUSICIAN: So, for you, do drugs have anything to do with the way a musician plays?

BAKER: No, I could have played just as well without it. I don't think it hurt it, but I don't think it did it any good. It gets in the way when you're strung out and have to play sick on the stand. I don't need drugs for inspiration. The music comes from inside, and is pushed out by outside influences from the musicians I'm playing with. I love to play, and I think it's the only reason I was put here on this earth.

MUSICIAN: You say that in a religious sense.

BAKER: Yes. But I don't believe there is a God. It's a beautiful story, but.... I was put here through thousands of years of people having children and it finally got to me. And my father was a good musician, he had a good ear, good time.

MUSICIAN: So you really feel you were gut here to be a jazz musician.

BAKER: Yeah, I really do. If I'd played another kind of music I would have been a more successful and wouldn't be playing anymore. I'd be retired by now.

MUSICIAN: And it all started when your father gave you a trumpet, at thirteen. **BAKER:** Well, my father wanted me to play trombone, since he liked Jack Tea-garden very much. But I was too small physically to be able to play it. I was rather small for my age. So my father got me a trumpet.

MUSICIAN: In California?

BAKER: Yeah, we'd moved from Oklahoma. I'd been playing about six months when a rock hit me in the left front tooth, chipping it. And I played that way for about twenty-five years. That, of course, made me invent my own technique of playing the trumpet, having that tooth missing.

MUSICIAN: It's assumed—erroneously, I think—that you were influenced by Miles Davis. You were both growing up at the same time, and none of the trumpet players were playing in the style you both developed. It was Roy Eldridge and then Dizzy Gillespie.

BAKER: It's a style that I evolved myself. Yes. Yes.

MUSICIAN: But who were you listening to in your youth?

BAKER: I listened to a lot of saxophone players. Quite a bit of Lester Young. Wardell Gray and Dexter Gordon. Wardell and Dexter lived in California. The trumpet players I knew were very young, like myself. Jack Sheldon, Pete and Conte Candoli. Also Art Farmer. We were influencing each other, and influenced by the saxophone players in L.A. at the time: Art Pepper, Lennie Niehaus, Joe Maini, Bill Perkins, Richie Kamuca.

MUSICIAN: Were you listening to singers?

BAKER: Not really. I admired Frank Sinatra and Mel Torme, Tony Bennett, and Steve Lawrence also.

MUSICIAN: You made your first record as a singer in 1954 for World Pacific (Chet Baker Sings). Had you been singing since childhood?

BAKER: Yes. My mother made me enter talent contests as a singer in the L.A. area. I'd compete against girl accordion players, tap dancers, etc. I never won, but I came in second once. I'd sing songs like "That Old Black Magic" and "I Had The Craziest Dream." It was a lot of fun, and good experience. In 1954 Dick Bock, the owner of World Pacific, suggested that I make a record as a singer. He'd heard me sing a few times in clubs—I'd sing maybe a tune a set. I never sang wnen I was with Gerry Mulligan. Only on our recording of "My Funny Valentine," in the studio in 1953. People really loved it or they hated it.

MUSICIAN: Another question about your childhood. Is it true that you smoked marijuana with your parents when you were growing up?

BAKER: No. And I don't know how that story got invented and circulated. My father would smoke with other musicians a few times a week at the house, but I was very young at the time. I never smoked with my family. What a ridiculous story—my mother was very strict and she was against all that.

MUSICIAN: And now since we've come to that period in your life, the early 50s, the inevitable question about Gerry Mulligan....

BAKER: Playing again with Gerry is out of the question. He



just doesn't want to have anything to do with me. He's so pissed off. Because I've been able to make it on my own, without him. He can't hack that. I was supposed to be his trumpet player for life, I guess. And at ridiculous wages. Which is why I left him in the first place. He wouldn't give me a raise, and I'd just been voted the best trumpet player in the world.

MUSICIAN: You did make that CTI live reunion album together in 1974....

BAKER: We did that just for old times' sake. You can imagine how many people come up to him and ask him when he and I will play together again. It just drives him out of his mind. It's so stupid, because even if we only got together for only one year, for a world tour, it could be fantastic economically. But he won't do it.

MUSICIAN: In 1965 you made that nice Plays Billie Holiday album. Did you listen to a lot of Billie Holiday, especially her last years?

BAKER: I never listened to anyone a lot. **MUSICIAN:** That fascinated me in Art Pepper's book (Straight Life), and in Charles Mingus' book, too (Beneath the Underdog); they hardly ever talk about music or other musicians.

BAKER: I found Art Pepper's book kind of disgusting. All that shit about how good looking he was, his peeping into bathroom windows...masturbating. Art

was really a loner, but not in the same way I am. It was very difficult to get to know him. People like Pepper and Mingus were a little too preoccupied with their genitals. I realized at a very tender age that there just isn't time or opportunity enough to screw every beautiful woman in the world. It's better to just be cool—if that's possible—and to be selective and wait for the opportunity. I can't really comment on Art because I never really knew him, never got high with him, not even once. I was always rather disappointed with Art's playing when we recorded in the 1950s. He wasn't completing any ideas things were broken up into fragments. There were no long lines. But I never got to hear him live. I heard that in the 1970s his playing was twice as good as it had ever been.

MUSICIAN: What did you do between 1969 and 1973 when you quit playing?

BAKER: I had my other front tooth knocked out in 1969. My teeth were in oad shape anyway from all the drugs, I had so much pain that I decided to have them all pulled out. I got a denture, and when I tried to play again I couldn't even get a sound out of the trumpet. So I quit playing. I worked in a gas station sixteen hours a day for almost two years. Then I tried again, koking for a new embouchure. It took me two years. By the summer of 1973 I felt I was ready to try to go back to work. So I was driving to New York and stopped in a club in Denver to hear Dizzy Gillespie. I told him what I was doing and he called a club in New York. And that's how I started playing again. Then I went to Europe, and found the audiences very receptive. And now I find myself working in Europe seventy-five percent of the time.

MUSICIAN: Why do you spend so much time in Europe? **BAKER:** It's very difficult to work regularly in the States. In New York if you work in a club you can't play in a club in New York before or after for a least a month—it's in the contract. So you have to travel. It's a lot easier to travel in Europe. And the level of comprehension is much higher than in the States. The average listener in the States has the mentality of a twelveyear-old.



MUSICIAN: You've made a lot of records over the years. Are you happy with them, or were a lot of them for the money?

BAKÉR: I always need the money. I'm fairly happy with the results. I would say seventy percent of the records are worthwhile musically. Of the recent ones, *Broken Wing* (Inner City) is very nice. *Two A Day* (Steeplechase) is nice. I've recorded a lot recently, mostly live club dates. In 1982 I did one in New York which I like a lot, I wish it would come out, but the producer—a guy in the garment industry—is having problems. There's Kenny Barron, James Newton, Charlie Haden, Howard Johnson and Ben Rilev.

MUSICIAN: You recently recorded with Elvis Costello ("Shipbuilding," on Punch The Clock (Columbia). How'd that come about?

BAKER: I'd never heard of him. I was working in London and he contacted me. He is a very nice man. He is the only person not from the jazz world who has contacted me so far for a record date. **MUSICIAN:** He added some nice little

electronic touches to your solo. Does working more with electronics interest you?

BAKER: Not really. It would be fun to try to do it. But most jazz record companies

don't seem to be interested in that. They want me to keep it...simple. For my public.

MUSICIAN: You've always loved Miles. What do you think of his electronic playing, as of 1969?

BAKER: I think Miles enjoys doing things that upset people. I prefer his playing of twenty years ago, but I find what he's doing now just as valid.

MUSICIAN: Do you hear many young trumpet players you like? Musicians influenced by you?

BAKER: Yes, I think my style of trumpet playing is coming back a little. After all, how fast can you play? It's much more musical and certainly more—in my way of thinking anyway— difficult to play in a style where you play less notes and leave more open spaces and choose the notes you play very carefully. Playing a beautiful ballad is very difficult.

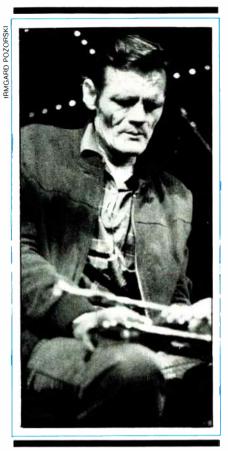
MUSICIAN: More difficult than playing a fast bebop tune? **BAKER:** Well, of course, some of the bop tunes are very complicated, and if you try to play them at bright tempos you triple the difficulty, and you get to the point where it's so difficult that it's no fun anymore—just a lot of hard work. And most people listening can't follow you anyway.

MUSICIAN: Your music is often so pretty that people may not realize just how complex it really is.

BAKER: I've been thinking about that a lot. It does look like it's a little too easy. I'm just sitting in a chair with my legs crossed. That's part of the problem. I'll have to make it look a lot more difficult somehow. But, you know, I've been playing for forty years. Why does it have to look so difficult? It's difficult to do, anyway. But this of course is a problem because people can't relate to that; if it doesn't look hard then it must be easy to do. And if it's easy then it can't be much.

MUSICIAN: There's a definite singing quality to your trumpet playing. Do you hear the notes that way in your head?

BAKER: Oh yeah. All the time. Anything I play on the horn I can sing. I think of every note I play. Once in a while I'll play something that's rather cliche-ish, because there are only a certain number of ways to get through a chord progression of a standard unless you really want to take it out.



MUSICIAN: How do you keep your lip in such good shape?

BAKER: Oh, the main thing is to play every night. I can play about two to three hours a night before I get tired. I don't practice at all, so even if there's one night in the week I don't play the next night I notice it in my playing at first. I have to play every night.

MUSICIAN: You play so much, aren't you sick of playing?

BAKER: Right now I enjoy playing. It means a lot that I have musicians with me that I have good vibrations with. It makes me feel like giving everything I have. It's not always that way—sometimes I find myself in cities with musicians that I don't like and I really don't want to play.

MUSICIAN: When are you going to stop?

BAKER: Within five years. And if I ever teach I'd like to get kids not to depend so much on the music on the paper. Look at Berklee, that's a good example of the problem. There are shortcuts you can show kids that could give them a different insight into music that would save them a lot of time. To make them understand that improvising is a complete separate art in itself, outside the mechanics of the knowledge of chords, et cetera.

MUSICIAN: You don't compose much. Your piece, "Blue Gilles," on the Broken Wing album is beautiful.

BAKER: It's hard for me to compose. By the time I notate it I've already thought of five other ways it could be. By the end I'm frustrated with the way it sounds—it could always be better. The way it could have been. Since I play by ear I do it all in my head, but some day I hope to have a place and piano. Then maybe it would be easier to get things done. I'd like to write a few things before I give up for good.

MUSICIAN: Could we talk a bit about other trumpet players? Don Cherry, for instance.

BAKER: I knew him from way back at jam sessions in California in the mid-50s. I liked Don's playing with Ornette later, but it's not my taste at all.

MUSICIAN: Clifford Brown?

BAKER: (a big smile) Now that was a sweet man. There was no race problem with him at all. I had the chance to hear him live. Trumpet playing would be different today if he were still alive. He was another man who was put here to play trumpet. **MUSICIAN:** Booker Little?

BAKER: (another big smile) Oh yeah! I liked him very much. And Blue Mitchell and Kenny Dorham.

MUSICIAN: You used to run around with Lee Morgan.

BAKER: I didn't like him as a person, so it was hard for me to care about his playing. Morgan and I used to go up to Harlem together to cop and to get high, and if you turned your back for a second he'd shoot up all the stuff. If I don't like someone I wcn't be able to like his music.

MUSICIAN: Yeah, but even Charlie Parker had a rough reputation....

BAKER: He never did anything bad to me. Though I do know that he would borrow instruments from people and then pawn them. It's a terrible thing to do. But I don't think that Bird would ever have done anything like that to me. I used to go up to Harlem a lot. At one point I knew everybody. I could go alone arytime at night and walk down the street and everybody would say, "Hey"...you know. But not now, all those people are gone.

DELTALAB STOPS THE HIGH PRICED DIGITAL REVOLUTION!

EFFECTRON[®] JR GOES TO THE PRICE/PERFORMANCE LIMIT.

Just as DeltaLab's Effectron II continues to be the standard of excellence in digital delay, Effectron Jr is destined to become the undisputed standard of value.

Whether you want doubling, chorusing, positive/negative flanging, or infinite repeat, Effectron Jrs' 12 kHz bandwidth, quality circuitry, and quiet operation give the highest possible performance at the lowest possible cost.

Stop, listen, compare: When it comes to value without compromise, Effectron Jr is the only way to go.

Visit your local dealer and check it out!!!



\$269*

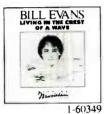
"YOU HAVE TO LISTEN... YOU CAN'T GO BY TALK. THAT'S THE WAY PEOPLE SELL THINGS." —MILES DAVIS



Steps Ahead is building a reputation as one of the true "super bands" in jazz for the 80's. Having placed at #2 in the Downbeat

Critics Poll as Best Acoustic Band of 1983, the group has produced a more widely accessible second album that features both acoustic and electronic music. With Mike Mainieri on vibes, Mike Brecker—tenor, Eddie Gomez—bass, Warren Bernhardt piano and Peter Erskine—drums, this group has a totally distinctive ensemble sound and five master soloists.

Steps Ahead / Modern Times



Bill Evans / Living In The Crest of A Wave

The debut solo album by one of the brightest new saxophonists in Jazz. Bill has gained acclaim for his work with Miles Davis over the past three years and will next be featured with the re-formed Mahavishnu Orchestra. His exciting debut album features Bill on Tenor and Soprano sax in a program of all Evans originals. Supporting players include Mitch Forman, Adam Nussbaum, Mark Egan and Manulo Budrena.



1-60298



In Performance at The Playboy Jazz Festival

A specially priced 2 record set featuring the most exciting moments of the 1982 Festival at The Hollywood Bowl. Grover Washington, Jr., Pieces Of A Dream, Weather Report, Dexter Gordon and Woxdy Shaw. The Great Quartet with McCoy Tyner, Freddie Hubbard, Ron Carter and Elvin Jones, Nancy Wilson and The Art Farmer, Benny Golson Quintet. Special feature is Weather Report and The Manhattan Transfer together for the first time on 'Birdland.'

McCoy Tyner / Dimensions

The extraordinary pianist composer joins Musician for a powerful debut album by his new Quintet featuring Gary Bartz alto, John Blake—violin, John Lee—bass and Wilby Fletcher on drums. Compositions include "Understanding," "Just in Time," "Uncle Bubba" and a stunning Tyner solo performance of "Prelude To A Kiss."



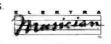
Bill Evans / The Paris Concert, Vol. II

More brilliant performances from Bill's historic 1979 Paris Concert. Our first edition was heralded as one of his finest recorded concert performances and was awarded an 'Oscar' as Best Jazz Album of 1983 by The Association of French Jazz Critics. Edition 2 features "Nardis," "Joanna," "Re: Person I Knew" and more. Joe LaBarbara is on drums and Mark Johnson is on bass.

SIX NEW RELEASES THAT SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...LISTEN.

AVAILABLE FROM ELEKTRA / MUSICIAN RECORDS AND CASSETTES

© 1984 Elektra/Musician Records A Division of Warner Communications Inc. •



MUSICIAN: So, do you think heroin is as present in jazz now as it was before? BAKER: No. I think it's pretty much a part of the past. One reason is that it becomes so expensive so quickly. And if vou're depending on jazz to make money-hah-you can't earn enough money. And if you like cocaine to make speedballs, then you need to earn twice that to mix the two together. And you need to find all that money every day. Drugs were much cheaper in the 50s, and the quality was much better. You could buy really good heroin for three dollars. It's so expensive now, no one can afford it. Which is good, I guess.

MUSICIAN: Speaking of drugs, you smoke way too much tobacco. You don't do anything for your voice and yet it sounds great. Every time I hear you sing your voice is different.

BAKER: I do smoke too much, but I don't know why my voice changes the way it does. I just have to learn each night how to get around my voice. I have noticed in the past few weeks that the people who come to hear me react especially well to the numbers in the set when I sing.

MUSICIAN: Art Pepper told me a year before his death that every time he played he was playing as if it were the last time.

BAKER: Yeah, I play every set as though it could be my last set, too. It's been like that for several years now. Because I don't have a lot of time left and I want to show the musicians playing with me—more than anybody else—that I'm giving it all I have. I don't want anyone holding back.

Baker's Ingredients

"For a while now I've been playing a Beuscher student model. My trumpet-a Conn Constellation model-was stolen in New York and someone gave me this Buescher, It's similar to a Bach trumpet. I've been playing Conn for years. They're beautiful horns, but they're so expensive. The Conn is a very difficult instrument to play. It's very heavy to hold, and the upper register is hard to play, but the tone in the middle and lower registers is very beautiful, very dark. I played a Martin Committee for years, until the man who was responsible for the workmanship of Martin died. The company changed, and Host interest. I used to go to the Martin factory quite often and I'd spend a whole day walking around and trying the horns until I found one that I liked.

Baker's Delights

Gerry Mulligan-Chet Baker Quartet (Prestige twofer) Chet Baker Sings (World Pacific) Chet Baker In New York (Riverside)

Chet Baker And Strings (Columbia) Chet Baker Quartet And Big Band (World Pacific)

Broken Wing (Inner City) Once Upon A Summertime (Artist House) Night Bird (Circle) Carnegie Hall, Vol. 1 & 2 (CTI)

360 Presents the Best Acoustic Instrument Sounds in the World.

Introducing a keyboard that doesn't synthesize its sounds – it duplicates real ones. Imagine strings with the rich sound that only the best acoustic instruments have. Now you can have them, and almost any other sound you can think of. We've recorded a whole catalog of instruments in the studio and stored them on digital memory chips. They're as real as the master tapes they're made from. Now you can cut your album, score your film, or perform live with some of the world's most impressive sounds.

NOT PIEN

The 360 Digital Keyboard is eight voice polyphonic, and holds up to thirty-two instruments. You can even play two instruments at once – two under each key, or divided by a player-selected split point. We've included vibrato and pitch bend wheels, filtering, and an expression pedal so your performance can really come alive.

Choose your favorite sounds for the

360 Keyboard at the time of purchase. Get as many or as few as you want; it's always expandable, and you can add new instruments yourself at any time. Check our current Available Instruments List to find out what's deliverable now.

1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999

The sound of the 360 Digital Keyboard is unlike any other because we use fulllength notes (some are eight seconds long) with no looping, no audible transpositions and no synthesized envelopes. L.A.'s top session players are called for our sessions, and we engineer their performances under tightly controlled studio conditions.

But judge the sound yourself. Write for a free demo record and the name of your nearest dealer.

360 SYSTEMS 18730 Oxnard Street #215 Tarzana, California 91356 (213) 342-3127

PECIAL REPORT: IN CITIES AND TOWNS ACROSS AMERICA, CITIZENS ARE BEING BOMBARDED BY...







This month we pay tribute to the faceless and fameless: the backup musicians who make or break records, the engineers who work until dawn refining a mix, the video directors who give songs new visual iconography. No-names? Maybe, but try making it work without 'em.

62 MARCUS MILLER

Luther Vandross' bass ally and co-producer, a jazz and funk sessioneer extraordinaire.

68 ROGER NICHOLS

Steely Dan's engineer, a digital proponent who never loses sight of the human factor.

70 TIM POPE

An original and prolific new music video director, caught in the act of "Adult Education."

72 DAVE MATTACKS A drummerly exponent of tasteful eclecticism

recalls his studio triumphs.

Co.



MARCUS MILLER GETS AROUND. If you're a pop fan, you probably know him through Luther Vandross. His melodic, string-popping bass lines underscore almost all of Vandross' productions, grounding the songs with a rhythmic and harmonic sureness that combines the muted romanticism of Michael Henderson with the muscular authority of Larry Graham. In addition to that, Miller has written with Vandross for Aretha Franklin, Dionne Warwick, Cheryl Lynn and, of course, Luther Vandross. Miller also

THE FUNKY THROUGH-LINE BEHIND LUTHER VANDROSS ARETHA; THE JAZZY AGITATOR BEHIND HILES, GROVER & SANBORN

If, on the other hand, your tastes lean more to jazz, perhaps you know Miller as the bright young co-produced Vandross' latest album, Busy Body. bassist whose rubbery blues lines and deft blend of bebop syncopation and funk percussiveness

sparked Miles Davis' last three albums. Or maybe you know Marcus from his days with Grover Could be that you saw Miller in the Saturday Night Live house band with David Sanborn, whose Washington. Or Lonnie Liston Smith. Or Bobbi Humphreys. Backstreets Miller helped produce. If not there, then possibly on the road with Roberta Flack or

Lenny White. And should you be the type who reads album credits, you've undoubtedly run across his name somewhere by now, as Miller has recorded with everybody from Joan Armatrading to Kazumi Watanabe (and that's not including the hundreds of uncredited jingles and commercial BY J.D. CONSIDIME



sessions he's done).

A busy fellow, to be sure. In fact, at twenty-four, Miller has spent so much time in New York studios that you half expect him to have the grayish pallor of one whose only light has been fluorescent. Yet Marcus Miller no more looks the part of the studio mercenary than he tarks it, and his conversation isn't centered around matters of sound and technique but around concepts like "feel" and "musicality."

"When I was playing with Roberta [Flack]," he recalls, "the only notes you could play were the *right* notes, and there are only so many of them there for you to play. Even if it wasn't the right note in the chord, you had to find that note, *hit* that note and make it mean something.

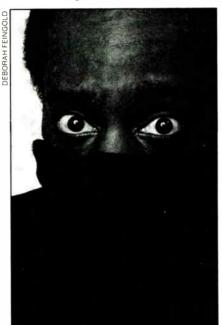
"On a lot of pop records, I hear bass players playing a lot of notes. I think what makes me different from a lot of bass players is that my notes have a lot of weight. If I tried to play as much as some of the guys are playing now, even though physically I know I can and would have no problem doing so, when you heard it coming out of your speakers it would sound like an elephant running through the record. If the notes mean a lot, you have to be more selective. You get wild at the right moment, when you just can't *help* it anymore."

Paradoxically, Miller came to this realization not through his extensive experience in blue-chip pop, but through his jazz work. "The main thing that jazz contributes to pop music is musicality, the ability to listen to something for what it is and add your element," he says. "That's what you do when you play jazz—aside from improvising, it's understanding how to combine ideas and accept things for what they are. As opposed to saying, 'Aw, man, he's rushing,'or, 'He's flat,' you make music out of whatever's happening.

"The ability to do that works really well in pop music, because with pop, you have to come up with something different but make it sound like it belongs. Make it sound like it's *supposed* to be there, like it's been there for *years*. So you come up with a new feeling, and you have to play it with conviction. And if you do that, it works."

Conviction is central to all music, really, but it's usually only the best musicians who can manage it all the time. Whether it's "Louie, Louie" or L'Incoronazione Di Poppea, mere technique always takes a back seat to interpretive ability, and to his credit, Marcus Miller realized that early on. Growing up in the Jamaica section of Queens, New York, Miller was reared in a remarkably rich musical environment: there was the funk he heard with his friends, the calypso records his parents would play, the jazz his cousin Wynton Kelly was known for, the Jackson Five records that young Marcus would sing along with. His first

instrument was clarinet, but by the time he got to Music and Arts High School in Manhattan, he was also playing bass. "In order to be accepted as a musician in my neighborhood, funk had to be your forte." he explains. "When I went to high school. Larry Graham was *it*. They had this little stage in one of the rooms at



"Being hip doesn't mean anything to me now if you're not saying anything."

school, and all the bass players used to get together and jam. There were all these girls around, and funk was the thing. It was like being the hippest basketball player—the funkiest guy got all the girls, all the respect. Music as sport, you know?"

Bass became more than a means of getting girls, as Miller scrambled for any club or session jobs he could talk or play his way into. More important than that, though, was the fact that his experience on bass helped Miller understand himself better as a*musician.

"I didn't play the bass at Music and Arts; my primary instrument was clarinet. That helped, because you have to read to play clarinet—that's how they teach you the instrument—so I got that part of my musical training together. But clarinet repertoire is mostly from the classical era, not the romantic. I could read it well, I was good at sight reading, but I just couldn't get the emotional part, I couldn't connect myself to it. A lot of guys are good at learning and interpreting the phrases that were hip at that time, making it a part of themselves, but I couldn't.

"On the bass, I was getting instant acceptance because I had the feel. Even though I didn't have the technique or know anything about the instrument, I was getting accepted because I had a good feel."

Thus, at seventeen, Marcus Miller decided against the music conservatory and wound up working with Bobbi Humphreys, writing for and recording with Lonnie Liston Smith and then hitting the road with Lenny White. As his studio reputation grew, he landed dates with the likes of Elton John, Bob James and Tom Browne, as well as signing on for a stint with Roberta Flack. But the truest test of his mettle came when he got a call to audition for Miles Davis' new band.

"I went over and played, and he gave me a hard time—as he gives everybody—but we got along really well," Miller recalls. "He asked me if I wanted to be in his band. I said, 'Sure.'

"I figured he wasn't going to do anything." Miller adds parenthetically. "I mean, he hadn't played in seven years—I figured he was just going into the studio for kicks. A couple of months later, his manager called me up: "We're getting ready to rehearse, we'll be playing *blah-blah-blah* and *blah-blahblah...*."

Miller laughs at the unexpectedness of the whole thing, but counts his time with Miles as one of the most instructive periods of his musical development. Oddly enough, it was the fact that Davis was relearning the blues that lead to Miller understanding so much about the meaning and method of playing music.

"Miles was really kind of rediscovering the blues, because Miles doesn't remember anything." Miller says. "He makes sure he doesn't remember, so it wasn't like he was playing stuff that he'd played years ago. To him, it was [Miller affects a Milesian whisper], 'Hey, man, the blues is comin' back." As Davis dug deeper and deeper into the bedrock of blues, Miller found that his own playing had to be adjusted accordingly, and that meant keeping things simple and direct. "Lots of times, I just played the patterns," he says, "because when Miles is playing that bluesy, there's only so far away from that you want to go. You want it to reach people's hearts, because that's what he's going for; he's not going for their brains.

LinnDrum – the programmable digital drum machine with studio quality sounds. Other drum machines may try to compare their sound to the LinnDrum, but there is no comparison. Listen to LinnDrum's long, deep. noiseless toms – its crisp, sizzling, long-sustaining cymbals and hi hat – its punchy bass and snare – and clear. well-recorded percussion.

Add to this LinnDrum's many exclusive features, its ease of operation, its attention to detail, and its large library of plug-in alternate sounds. It's no wonder that for recordings and live performance LinnDrum is the overwhelming choice of professionals worldwide.

Call or write us for a free demo record. color brochure. and

the name of your local dealer.

NONE EQUALS IT.

From the inventors of the digital drum machine:

World Radio History 18720 Oxnard Street, Tarzana, California 91356 • (213) 708-8131 "Miles told me once, 'Don't ever go to church unless you just can't help it anymore.' He's in church now; when I listen to him, he's playing some church. The thing that I have to do is just give him the basis for that, the kind of bass that thing sounds good against, so it goes straight to the people's hearts. They don't have to think about what I'm playing—I don't want anyone to even care—because they should be getting into that feeling.

ILLER

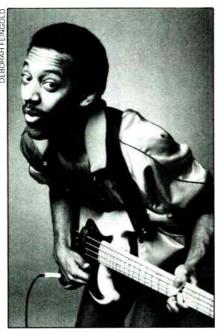
"That's what I've been getting into. I say to myself, 'Okay, being as deep as I can is important, but it's not as important as getting to people's hearts.' Because going to people's minds doesn't do anything for me anymore. Used to. When I was younger, I used to listen to some stuff and think, 'Man, this is so deep.' My mother would make me turn it off sooner or later, but to me it was hip. The thing is, being hip doesn't mean anything to me now if you're not saying anything. When I'm playing with Miles, I don't care how much I'm varying the blues line; it could be the pattern from the first Mel Bay book, for all I care. If that's what's happening, then that's what's happening, and that's what will make Miles sound as good as he can sound."

Miller presents a different aspect of that approach in his work with Luther Vandross, acting as the solid, rhythmic backbone to the meat of Vandross' soulful vocalisms. Like Miller, Vandross also emerged from years of heavy studio work, and his grounding in the mechanics of record-making is as solid from that angle as Miller's is from the instrumental. "He knows so much about voices, because he's not just a singer, he's a producer," Miller says. "He's a great casting director that way. He'll sit down to do a song, and he'll say, 'Okay, on this top note I really need Cissy [Houston], because when she starts singing this note, there's this gruffness to her voice that's going to be perfect for this recording.' That's how deep he gets into it."

When writing together, Miller and Vandross almost instinctively play off each others' strengths. Miller recalls, "He said to me, 'I'm getting ready to do Dionne Warwick; do you have any songs?' I told him, 'Well, you write ballads wonderfully by yourself, so you probably won't need much of my stuff for this record.'

"Well, I am going to write a couple of ballads by myself,' he said, 'but I went to her concert, and she was singing "Love To Love You Baby" and a Kool & the Gang song, and I thought it would be wonderful if she had some of her own uptempo songs to do. Because you can't do a whole concert of ballads. So let's see what we can do.'

"So I worked out some things, and sent him a track to see if he liked the feel of it. He listened to it, and called me up a few days later. "I've been listening to this, and each time I hear it I like it more and more. I'm going to work with this.' He works with it for a little while, on words and hooks and stuff, and then calls me up again. I think it's going to be great,' he says, and sings me what he's got over the phone. 'Now why don't you come up with a bridge or an extended section, something like that?' he says when he's



"Playing a lot of notes sounds like an elephant running through the record."

finished. We just work back and forth like that.

"Then we'll get to the final thing, and he'll sing me the words. Occasionally, I'll say, 'What did you say there? Did you say *with*?' And he'll say, 'No, I said something else, but I like *with* better. Let's go with that.'"

Miller, it should be added, is a prolific writer on his own, and has most recently been assembling material for saxophonist Dave Sanborn as well as for his second solo album, *Marcus Miller*. But Miller has to be careful not to fall into the trap of easy commerciality. "My ears are like magnets," he says. "If I listen to the radio too much, whatever I write that day is going to have some of that in it. I could probably sign with some publishing company and turn out 'B' songs—you know, like 'B' movies—and make a great living. But I'd be miserable, because my standards would be pretty low, and I'm not going to get into that."

Still, he has had some trouble writing for himself, because his ability to go in so many different directions was hampering his own sense of who he was. "On my first record, *Suddenly*, I think I was a little bit scared to show too many sides of myself. I had to sort things out, try to find myself. So now, I'm almost finished my second album, and I feel good about it because I didn't worry it. I just felt that whatever was going on in my head was me.

"There are through-lines to it, though. It's not like in fusion, where everybody's record was fragmented: there's the rock tune, the Latin tune, the reggae tune, the funk tune, the polka.... With that, every album had ten different feels, and there were no through-lines. When I was making this record, I tried to avoid that at first, but then I realized that I could make a through-line out of it all coming from me. My *musicality* is my through-line."

In the long run, Miller feels that the combination of his experiences, from the technical versatility demanded by studio work to the emphasis on emotion and conviction required by the best of his jazz and pop efforts, has given him the tools to truly have his say, musically. As he puts it, "Some guys can play one type of music. Then there's another world of people who are just musicians, who simply *make music*. They just take whatever affects their lives, apply it to what they're doing, and the music just comes out of them.

"That's what music should be-a reflection of your life's experiences."

Marcus Miller Bass-ics

"I usually play a Fender Jazz bass. I have an Aria Pro, but the Fender—you know how you try to leave your woman? You find this other woman who looks better, wears better clothes, but it's just not the same thing. You miss some fault of your old girlfriend. With this bass of mine, I miss when the C doesn't die on the G string. I've been working around that for so long, it leels a part of me. When it doesn't happen, it feels unnatural, almost like the C is feeding back."

In addition to the Aria, which Miller is refining with the help of the company, he has a custom bass by Roger Sadowsky. Sadowsky also put a pre-amp in Miller's J-bass, which was modeled after the Stars Guitars pre-amp. His strings are Dean Markley super-wound round magnums, occasionally Roto-Sounds. He doesn't own an amp, though. "I've been in the studio, and when I do use an amp at a club or something, a friend of mine just lets me borrow his Ampeg." His only effect is the Lexicon PCM digital delay.

HOT ROCK 'N ROLL 60UND TO GO

World Radio History

63

If HOT Rock 'n Roll sound is what you hunger for, Ibanez has just the thing! A complete line of professional signal processors including UE Rackmount systems, UE Floor Units and individual pedals made to satisfy today's most discriminating tastes.

Visit your authorized Ibanez dealer and hear how HOT your sound can be!

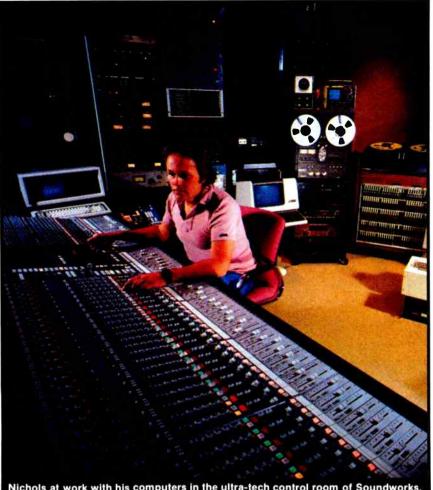


Look for this banner at your authorized Ibanez dealer

For a full color catalog send 52.00 to Ibanez, dept M. P.O. Box 886 Bensalem PA 19020, 17421 "B: East Gale Ave. City of Industry, CA 91748, P.O. Box 2009, Iragho Falls, ID 83403. In Canada 6969 frans Canada Highway. Suite, 105, St.-Laurent Guebec, Canada H411/8 IONEL FREEDMAN

R

0



D

C

U

Nichols at work with his computers in the ultra-tech control room of Soundworks.

ROGER NICHOLS: DAN TO DIGITAL

High Tech and High Touch with Steely Dan

By Jock Baird

or most of us, the first (and probably) the last) look at engineer extraordinaire Roger Nichols was his photo on the back cover of Steely Dan's 1975 curveball LP, Katy Lied. Jaunty and mysterious in his ghetto golf cap, Nichols joined a select gallery of the Dan's studio inner circle, a kind of central committee for the musically disturbed. Nine years later, the inner circle has shrunk even further; of the seven pictured, only

Donald Fagen, producer Gary Katz and Nichols are still making the biennial Dan reunion, as this month Fagen goes back into Manhattan's Soundworks to begin a follow-up to his 1982 dark-horse delight, The Nightfly, also engineered by Nichols. Roger has been at the controls for the entire Steely Dan catalog, recordings renowned for their impossibly high standards of technical perfection (and occasionally their impossibly high prices).

Today Nichols is one of the principal authorities on digital multi-track recording, partly because he has already logged more time on digital equipment than virtually any engineer in America, and partly because he is a computer fiend. The office he shares with Soundworks owner Charles Benanti is littered with nearly a dozen different personal

computers, some of them not yet out of their boxes because there's no counter space left. Among Nichols' computer modifications is the legendary Wendel, the first digital drum machine ever used one of the first working digital drum machines. Quite at home in his menaginvolved program to computerize Soundworks' billing and booking functions. Wearing a new red Scotch audio tape T-shirt, well worn jeans and feelthy Bad Sneakers, he seems an unlikely diplomat for the computerized future. Nonetheless, at the age of thirty-nine, Roger Nichols has become not only a skilled digital technician and designer, but more importantly, digital's conscience and bastion of common sense.

N

G

Nichols' faint Southern-Californiavia-Texas drawl are the last traces of a youth in the American heartland as a service brat: "My dad was in the Air Force, so I lived all over the place, Louisiana, Texas.... My dad flew B-47s. Then he got out of the Air Force in '57 and I went to junior high school in Torrance, California, just south of L.A. I went to high school in Cucamonga, the same one Frank Zappa went to. Frank actually used to come over to my house and mess around with guitars and things. Then I went to college at Oregon State, majoring in nuclear physics.'

So Roger had visions of harnessing the atom in the great benign nuclear future? "Yeah I did," laughs Nichols ruefully. "I worked for San Onofre, the nuclear power plant for Southern California Edison-I was a nuclear engineer there from '65 through '68." Shades of "I.G.Y."! Did Fagen write that tune for Nichols? "Yeah, partially. But I was always interested in high quality sound and recordings. I would go out and record bands with my little two track Magnacord 1028. I got more and more annoved with the sound of records, the clicks and the pops and the ticks and the snaps. So a couple of other guys and I built this studio in a four-car garage in Torrance called Quantum and started doing things like commercials. I guit the nuclear game and just started recording full-time. Then we built a bigger Quantum and started building other studios and supplying equipment. I ended up going to work for ABC as a staff engineer in 1970 and started working with the Grass Roots, Hamilton, Joe Frank & Reynolds, and John Phillips and Denny Dougherty of the Mamas & the Papas. Then Gary Katz came to ABC as staff producer, and he was instrumental in the signing of Donald and Walter as staff writers. I was the default staff engineer who ended up working with them on continued on page 100



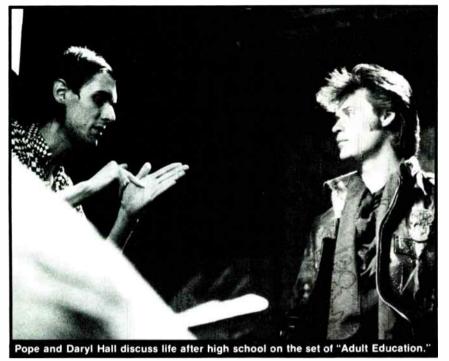
If your income depends on professional audio production — from 2 to 8 tracks — and you haven't taken a good look at our M-30 and M-35 compact mixing consoles, it's about time you did. Whether you're cutting radio spots, doing production/post-production for video or film, making demos or building multi-image audio, TASCAM mixers have both the features and price you need to keep your bottom line black and your toughest clients happy.

Let's face it, every client and every job makes its special demands on you and your equipment. Your mixer is no exception. Its features have to translate into the benefits you need again and again. No do-everything PA board is going to cut it like TASCAM's true production mixers, the M-30 and M-35. Built tough, these mixers are more versatile, offer better and faster control of the recording process, and give you more of the production functions you need than any board at the price.

To find out which of our incredibly superior mixers is exactly what you've been looking for, see your TASCAM dealer, or write TASCAM Production Products, 7733 Telegraph Road, Montebello, California 90640, (213) 726-0303. Copyright 1983—TEAC Corporation of America.

TASCAM. ANYTHING LESS WILL COST YOU MORE.





TIM POPE'S OPERATIVE SYMBOLS

On Location with Rockvid's Hottest Young Director

By Roy Trakin

n between controlling the propane torches which illuminate the cavernous set of Hall & Oates' "Adult Education," the pyrotechnist, veteran of many feature film shoots, points admiringly at director Tim Pope, a vision in greasedback, falling-out-of-rubberband ponytail, crumpled and wide-lapelled paisley jacket, above ankle-length peg-leg black jeans and pointy, winkle-picker shoes.

"He's the Ichabod Crane of rock video," he nods.

At twenty-seven years old, with nearly one hundred of what he calls "music films" under his belt, lanky U.K. native Tim Pope is currently one of the most in-demand rock video directors about. His production company, GLO, has recently begun working on stateside projects, of which Hall & Oates "Adult Education" is the first full-scale, big budget (\$80,000 plus) test. A twenty-six person crew, including representatives of Champion Entertainment, Hall & Oates' management company and executive producers were present to make sure the two-day shoot went smoothly.

The wiry, energetic Pope is a feverish dynamo on the set, whether consulting his cinematographer about a setup with the Louma crane, walking the grips through a tracking shot or coaxing performances out of his actors. In fact, he got his start training politicians in the art of communicating effectively on television, a skill he now offers to rock stars.

"Artists respond to Tim immediately," says his GLO producer, Beth Broday. "He sits down with the individual and extracts their essence, who they are."

"I expose their vulnerabilities," says Pope during a break. "In the end, all people have weaknesses. I'm like a psychiatrist, pulling out what's inside them and throwing it at the camera. Which can be a painful experience Even for a Daryl Hall. That's why I like to work with younger bands on the way up, too.

"The one quality I do have is the ability to get people turned on to things. I get in there and get involved. When I speak to bands, I try to use their language. I've never been turned down by an artist for a concept I've explained to him. I describe the song with words they'll perfectly understand. I translate my needs into their language by describing visual qualities in terms of sounds. It usually works."

Pope graduated from schooling U. K. Labour politicians in media savvy to making videos for the synth-pop duo Soft Cell, whose surrealistic eroticism caused much controversy as well as censorship for far-out pieces like "Bedsitter" and "Sex Dwarf."

"The great thing about music video is I can be a professional filmmaker one day and an amateur the next, then I can do something else," Pope enthuses. "If you look at most video directors' work, you can tell who's doing what from their styles. If anyone ever spotted my work, I'd give up."

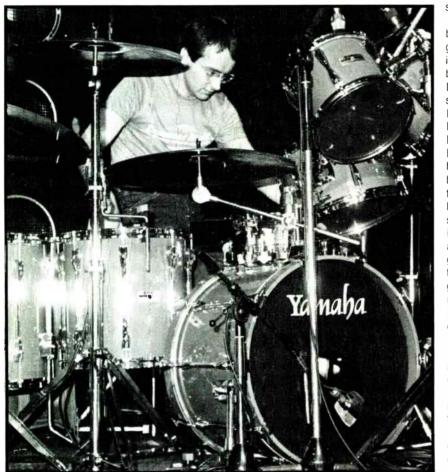
Indeed, since his start with Soft Cell, Pope has gone on to direct videos for Style Council, Talk Talk, the Cure, Siouxsie & the Banshees, the Creatures, Blancmange, Roman Holliday, Slade, Tim Scott, Jacqui Brooks, Paul Young and, after this current project, the Psychedelic Furs. He dares you to spot his signature in the medieval pastorality of Men Without Hats' "Safety Dance," the pop art montage of Bow Wow Wow's "Do You Wanna Hold Me?," the cartoon pixilation of Neil Young's "Wonderin'" or the sweeping scope of H&O's "Adult Education."

"These films should become them," he says. "They aren't supposed to become me. They have nothing to do with me. I don't even want people to know I'm here. I want to be invisible. I don't believe in making videos with two thousand cuts in them. To me, something is amazingly cut if there are no edits at all in it."

Silvercup Studios is located in a converted bakery across the East River from Manhattan in Queens. On a huge soundstage which once housed silos filled with flour, the set of Hall & Oates' "Adult Education" has been constructed with polyurethane, sand, sticks, chicken wire, tiles, toys and a lot of junk "picked up lying around the studio." according to Alex McDowell, the young English production designer and a longtime collaborator of Pope's.

"It's based on desert architecture," he explains. "The markings on those walls stand for magic, alchemy, Japanese etchings, subway graffiti. It's as if a cross-section of New York simply caved in. All the ideas came from the song. We continued on page 78





C

11

S

Mattacks' hefty studio credits include Fairport, Eno, McCartney and Nick Heyward.

DAVE MATTACKS' UNCOMMON MODESTY

Rhythmic Reflections of a Drummer For All Seasons

By David Fricke

Being Dave Mattacks is hard enough—drumming behind folkrock magician Richard Thompson one minute, keeping time on a BMW automobile commercial the next, and then mixing with rock royalty on a McCartney session. But admiring him for it is even worse. This thirty-six-yearoid English drummer, best known for anchoring Fairport Convention's original flights of English folk fantasy in solid rock, refuses to accept greatness as his just reward.

"I am not unaware of the difference between doing the backing beat for a BMW jingle and working with Richard," he declares between mouthfuls of a take-out deli lunch in *Musician*'s New York offices during a brief Stateside holiday. "For one thing, I can get more money doing a one-hour session with BMW than I can doing a gig with Richard.

"But when people say, 'Well, you're a creative artist,' I get this vision of people walking around with the back of their nands against their forehead. I'm so against the terminology because so many people have made it so meaningiess. Lenjoy what I do and I happen to get paid for it. And sometimes, not as often as I would like, I come up with something special. But the rest of the time, I'm just doing the best that I can in any given

situation."

S

The best Dave Mattacks can do has been, over the years, embarrassingly good. In spite of his militant modesty, he is loose enough to accommodate the brassy pop turns of Britfunk heartthrob Nick Heyward yet well hard enough to stir up a brute Zeppelin roar with Jimmy Page on the Death Wish II soundtrack. Polar opposites like Paul McCartney and Brian Eno, Bill Nelson and Cat Stevens, Bill Wyman and the McGarrigle Sisters have all tapped Mattacks for studio work because of his firm expert backbeat and the quietly intuitive way he articulates basic rock 'n' thump. Certainly in his seven on-off-and-on-again years with Fairport Convention during the late 60s and 70s, he was a critical fulcrum in the group's mercurial balance of traditional folk allegiances, fireside warmth and good humor, and charged progressive rock ambition, in much the way Levon Helm rocked steady with the studious country-blues classicism of the Band. Which is strange when you consider Mattacks came to Fairport straight from a series of English Lawrence Welk-style dance bands and thought groups like Blood Sweat & Tears-"complex time signatures, jazzy horns, phew!"-were the real deal.

0

N

"It amazes me, this question of how I did it," he says of his abrupt switch from cha-cha-cha to whirl-around-the-maypole boogie. "It was just logic. A song had so many verses and it was a story about some geezer and a witch and there were these terrible comings and goings. The structure of the song was partly determined by the fact that Swarb (violinist Dave Swarbrick) worked out the arrangement per verse. One line might have seven meters in it, another line would have eight.

"For the dance tunes, the jigs and reels, I couldn't do just 4/4 because it sounds too staid. And I couldn't just do the high-steps. So I figured out these tunes needed two backbeats. I just combined them, half-polka drumming and half-Ringo backbeat."

Levon Helm, ironically, was just the name to drop with Fairport Convention in the Liege And Lief and Full House days. The fatter, deadened drum sound on those two albums ("There's no highs on the cymbals," Mattacks points out) was the direct result of long hours spent in communion with The Band and Stage Fright. But when he confesses other influences like Tony Meehan of veteran British instrumental group the Shadows, session king Snakey Jim Keltner, earthy swinger Tony Williams and Swedish ECM drummer Jon Christensen ("not an innovator, but articulate"), you begin

STRENGTH MEETS SIMPLICITY



X-Hat



Omni Lock Tom Holder





introduces an exciting new concept in drum hardware - Titan Touch Lock. Titan Touch Lock combines the quality and strength you've come to expect from Tama along with the simplicity of any easy to use single cam locking system enabling fast, easy set up. Also new from Tama are two multi clamp attach-

ments the All Purpose and Triple Holder clamps, each designed and engineered to make your set up as



Touch Lock System



Iama

Look for this banner at your authorized Tama dealer.

versatile as your imagination. Visit your authorized dealer for aetails on all the new hardware lines from Tama. Now for a limited time only, your authorized Tama dealer is making this offer; purchase any Tama 5 piece drum set and receive the Neil Peart banner shown at left FREE! Actual size is 3' x 6'. Offer expires March 31, 1984 and is available only through authorized Tama dealers.



All Purpose Clamp



Triple Holder Clamp

For a full color catalog send \$2.00 to Tama, aeot. M
P.O. Box 886 Retristient, PA 19020
17421 "B" East Gale Ave., City of Industry, CA 91748
P.O. Box 2009, Idaho Falls, ID 83403
In Canada, 6969 Trans Canada, Highway, Suite 105, St.J. aurent, Ouebec, Canada, Hatave

What do you want from an electronic drum kit?



We put this question to hundreds of drummers and got a unanimous reply: great sounds, total flexibility, visual appeal and a modest price tag.

and a modest price tag. So we armed the SDS 8 with the legendary Simmons sound. We gave it separate channels for bass drum, snare drum, high, mediam and low toms, each with an individually selectable factory pre-set sound and a highly versatile userprogrammable option.

We provided a remote footswitching



facility to change all channel pre-sots simultaneously, and incorporated a stereo mixer and individual audio outputs for maximum flexibility.

We employed newly improved hexagonal drum pads, with softened playing surfaces, to allow unparalleled dynamic control and complete an electronic percussion system worthy of the name that revolutionised drums.

And the price tag? Well, perhops we made just one compromise.

Group Centre Inc.

Unit B, 5115 Douglas Fir Road, Calabasas, CA 91302 Tel: 213 884 2653

MATTACKS

hear in Mattacks' reliable attack a modest versatility that enables him to ease gracefully from the jazzy lilt of Nick Heyward's records to the rainbow folk eloquence of Richard Thompson and the Fairport spinter group, the Albion Band.

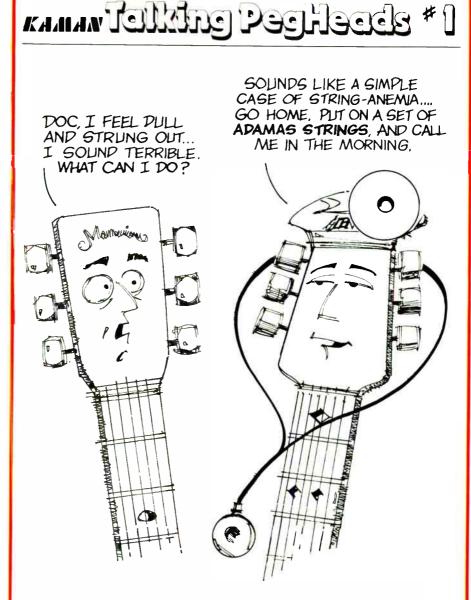
Of slight compact build with spectacles and elfin features that make him look like an Oxford divinity student with mischief on his mind. Mattacks insists he is just a "meat-and-potatoes drummer," that his best work is a matter of "my personality responding to a situation." Yet his recent contributions to Paul McCartney's *Tug Of War* and *Pipes Of Peace* LPs suggest there there is more to his technique than he'll admit.

"He knows how he wants the songs to go," he says of the ex-Beatle's studio manner. "But there have been times when I would suggest things for certain parts and he would accept them or elaborate on them. On 'Through Our Love' (the swelling romantic finale of *Pipes Of Peace*), I didn't come in until halfway through the song. Then there's a key change and it takes off at that point.

"I played the track and said, 'I've got an idea. How about from that point onwards I overdub another snare drum and get this really big sound. I can use a deeper drum and if we speed the track up and play it back, it will sound deeper." And Paul said, 'Yeah, that's a great idea, we'll do it.'" Too bad it wasn't a totally original idea. To Mattacks' chagrin, McCartney later recalled that was exactly the same technique the Beatles used for the drum sound on "Rain."

Other session misadventures include Nick Heyward's post-Haircut 100 LP Whistle Down The Wind, on which Mattacks was called to overdub new drum parts-after the guitars, vocals, brass and strings had already been laid down. There's also the film score he did with George Fenton, who scored the music for Gandhi. "I couldn't see the white on the paper-the damn charts were black," Mattacks laughs. "We were cutting it live, there was a seven-piece rhythm section, brass and thirty strings. And I have this terrible headphone mix with the high-hat, second trumpet, thirty violins and this click track in the background with me straining to hear it."

What is interesting about Mattacks' drumming is how little his kit will change from gig to gig. He is basically using the same setup on Richard and Linda Thompson's Shoot Out The Lights. Death Wish II and a recent BBC television series backing up Leo Sayer as he did on Liege And Lief—a cymbal low over the bass drum, Buddy Rich-style, and one tom on the bass. What used to be a Gretsch is now a Yamaha Recording Series kit and Mattacks has four of them, two studio workhorses with different "dead" and "live" qualities and two road setups, one a quiet compact ar-



Does **your** guitar sound sick? There's an easy remedy for the string blahs...put on a set of Adamas Strings. Your

guitar will come back to life with a rich brilliant sound. Adamas Strings are not only made from top quality materials, their composite gauging design results in consistent setto-set performance.

Why let your guitar sound sick...put on a set of Adamas Strings today!



PO Box 837 Bloomfield CT 06002

- Alusical String Corp.

If you can afford the Beyer M 200, you can afford a professional microphone.



At Beyer, we understand that choosing your first "professional" microphone usually means being overwhelmed by an unending barrage of outrageous advertising hype and meaningless specs. We've used the extensive experience derived from years of making world-class microphones to concentrate on the most *critical* performance features in a vocal and instrumental mic for the dedicated first time user — the new Beyer M 200.*

Frequency Response

Unlike other manufacturers, we don't promise you a magical frequency response capable of sonic miracles in every application. The M 200's flat frequency response of 50 to 15,000 Hz, without an exaggerated curve, offers you a natural, wellbalanced sound that works equally well for vocals or instruments such as guitar and piano. The M 200's comprehensive response picks up all of your voice or instrument while adding a measureable amount of presence and intelligibility to your sound.

Pickup Pattern

The M 200's cardioid polar pattern benefits from the new Beyer technology by providing a frequency-uniform directionality, usually limited to more expensive microphones. This means you get the same feedback suppression characteristics at all frequencies for a more balanced performance, along with minimal off-axis coloration. The M 200's focussed pickup pattern provides better separation in the studio and a built-in filter prevents "popping" in close-miking situations.

Construction

Many microphone manufacturers seem to equate rugged construction with a heavy, cumbersome mic. The M 200's unique all-aluminum case provides exceptional durability at the unheard of weight of 5 oz. Once you've tried the M 200, you'll realize why "heavy" doesn't necessarily mean "better."

Price/Performance

Every aspect of the Beyer M 200 has been precisely engineered to offer legitimately professional performance at a price of less than \$100. We've put our international reputation for excellence in top-line microphones to work for you so that you get *exactly* what you need in a serious, affordable microphone. We leave exaggerated performance claims and meaningless specifications to the others. Now more than ever, Beyer is dedicated to providing you with the highest quality standards at the lowest possible price.

The Dynamic Decision

beyerdynamic

*Also available with lockable, noise-free on-off switch as the M 200S.

Beyer Dynamic, Inc. 5-05 Burns Avenue, Hicksville, New York 11801 (516) 935-8000

MATTACKS

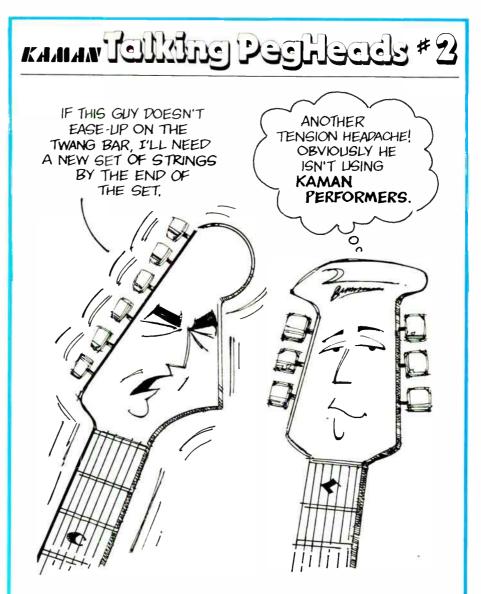
rangement that he's used on Richard Thomoson tours and a bigger flashier variation that came in handy when he recently toured with Nick Heyward.

"I'm very old-fashioned by contemporary standards," he shrugs when talk turns to equipment. "These days, everybody's all over the tom-toms and not using cymbals, that very Peter Gabriel-Phil Collins way of playing, I'm more into backbeat than anything else." Now that's not entirely true. While he will often mix his Yamaha toms (8-inch, 10-inch, 12-inch, 14-inch and 15-inch, the latter two floor toms) with old Gretsch and Ludwig snares, Mattacks' true passion is cymbals, Zildjian by name. Over the years he has collected nearly a hundred different models and shapes that he will select for particular sessions. "When I'm working with fat pop stars," he grins, "I normally have an extra case with ten or fifteen specialty cymbals I can pull out and use." And the one thing that is standard on all his kits is the high-hat, which always consists of a 13-inch medium thin cymbal over a 14-inch heavy "so I don't get any airlock."

For a drummer, Dave Mattacks also spends a surprising amount of time at the ivories. He doesn't own a single drum machine but is well-stocked with Yamaha keyboards, his favorite being the CS70M synthesizer with which he discreetly tarts up the experimental folk sparkle of the last two Albion Band records, *Light Shining* and *Shuffle Off*.

But there is something about his single-minded attitude toward drumming, his refusal to sit on the laurels accumulated during his Fairport tenures, that has allowed him to converse so freely with strikingly different artists and genres. Instead of playing to please, Mattacks is simply pleased to play, with anybody. He is bitterly amused by the attitude taken by the acidic British press towards him as a result of his divided loyalty between Richard Thompson and Nick Heyward. "I go from being a sensitive percussionist blah blah with Richard to a washedup 70s hack in one easy move." He tells a story about the time Heyward was on British radio running down the lineup for his touring band-Mattacks, ex-Sutherland Brothers/Al Stewart guitarist Tim Renwick-when the DJ suddenly exclaimed, "My God, it sounds like a folk group!"

"The drum licks remain the same," Mattacks cracks in conclusion, "only the lyrics are changed to protect the innocent. Look, I'm aware of the differences in the music. But I try to apply the same standards. My attitude is the same, my responsibility is the same. I still feel disappointed if I come out of a studio or off stage and I don't feel I've played well. I will never say, 'Oh, that's good enough for *him.*"



Are you easing up on your guitar because the strings cannot take the stress? Then put on a set of Kaman Performers. They are designed to meet the demands of any player...no matter how tough you are on your guitar.

If high-output heavy metal is your style — you'll want Kaman Performers Electronic Strings. If you play straight ahead rock and roll — try our new Nickels.

Make the switch to **Kaman Performers** today and save your guitar from Tension Headaches!



P.O. Bax 837. Bloomfield. CT 06002

Alusical String Corp.

from page 70

interpreted 'Adult Education' as sexual initiation, rites of passage."

Songwriter Daryl Hall came up with the concept after meeting Pope in London and asking him to do the video. "He had basically the same idea of what to do as I did," recalls Daryl in his trailer between takes on the set. "That there is life after high school. I pictured a parallel universe below New York City of granite rock, artifacts and caves. So we set up an alternative civilization that exists underneath the real city. Everything the initiates use in their ceremony has trickled down from above."

As the giant Louma crane tracks into the Cecil B. DeMille-vintage Hollywood set, replete with multiple pools of light, a sacrificial altar, towering Egyptian columns, flaming torches and a mansized sphere, the gangly director is shouting encouragement. "The operative word is symbolic!" he implores.

"I always work within very solid structures which are well embedded in my head," he says, insisting he never uses storyboards (though he does do line drawings, which Al McDowell helps him shade in).

"I'm a great believer in improvisation. When you work with musicians, you're dealing with people who aren't actors. They're liable to be different each day. You're not working with a constant. So I try to compensate for that by staying loose and seeing how much I can push." Assistant director Brooke Kennedy,

GHS STRINGS for Connoisseurs of Sound!

Ron Eschete, jazz recording artist, writer, teacher at G.I.T.

As one of America's top instrumentalists and teachers, Ron Eschete is very choosy about his strings. He tailors his sound with a different type of GHS String for each guitar: Pure nickel for jazz, Boomers for rock. Smoothwound LaClassique for classics. GHS makes a type of string to satisfy any connoisseur.



Mfg. by G.H.S. Corp. 2813 Wilber Ave. Battle Creek, MI 49015

an experienced New York production manager, praised Pope's professionalism. "He's taken the time to learn his craft. He knows what he wants and how to get it. He's a pleasure on the set. He doesn't actually have a shot list because he only begins to visualize what he wants when he's standing on the set. But you couldn't do that on a feature film."

Which is all right by Tim because he's one of the few video directors who doesn't necessarily aspire to helming full-length movies. "I still love television," he insists. "Many people making these videos use the language of feature film. I like going into people's homes and being seen by forty million strangers. It's amazing. Leaders like Roosevelt and Churchill didn't even have the ability to reach so many people. That's why I use the language of TV. From working with politicians, I know the power of a close-up or a wide shot as well as the value of structure.

"I'm not a filmic person. I don't believe in that crap. I try to create truth in front of the camera. With big, inverted commas and a small 't' of course. I prefer shooting in 35mm and transferring to video for editing, but I'm not afraid to go out with a Super 8 or a VHS camera either. I'm the person who squiggles on the film with a felt pen. Whatever it takes. Film purists shudder at some of the things I do."

Like filming an unmoving Neil Young lip-synching "Wonderin'" at half-speed, so that when the song played normally the background would appear to be moving twice as fast. "That was based on the idea that Neil lived his life at halfspeed," says Tim. "We had Neil sing the song twice as slow while we shot at twelve and a half frames per second. Neil himself appears to be singing in real time while everything in back of him is going twice as fast as normal."

Actually, the only constant factor in Tim Pope's method is his insistence on never merely restating the plot of a song. "I like to set up a situation where the video works organically with the song and complements it," he says. "You can't just impose a concept on a song.

"I work with music so much these days, I can't be objective. Every piece of pop becomes a film for me now. At home, I can't listen to anything but classical music and jazz to keep my sanity. As a track is being played, I begin coming up with storyboards. Pictures instinctively go through my head."

Pope feels the future of the medium entails musicians and video directors working together from the outset, a method of creation he already experiences with bands like Soft Cell, where he gets involved at the songwriting stage, or when they enter the recording studio. But not all artists share this point of view, including Hall & Oates.

continued on page 94

BECAUSE THERE'S MORE TO MUSIC THAN MEETS THE EYE.



With all the new faces on the music scene today, it's tough to keep up. Active listeners want as much information as they can lay their ears and eyes on, which is one reason

music videos have become so important. But magazines are still the only format that can go behind the visuals and provide in-depth music coverage, and *MUSICIAN* provides more of it, about more different types of music, than any other magazine on the stands. Month after month, we talk to today's most influential music-makers and offer incisive analysis and perspective on their new releases and performances. Find out for yourself why *MUSICIAN* continues to be required reading

for people who need to know more.

Buy a 2 year subscription and receive Laurie Anderson's new album free! Just fill out and return the postpaid subscription card in this issue and you'll receive *Mister Heartbreak* (Warner Bros. Records) with your paid 2 year subscription.



LAURIE ANDERSON

Roland unveils its next generation of drum machines, the TR-909 Rhythm Composer. New sound-generating technology delivers nine studio-quality drum sounds: bass drum, snare drum, low tom, mid tom and high tom, hand clap. rim shot, high-hat and cymbal. Two different degrees of dynamics



Roland TR-909 Rhythm Composer

can be programmed on the bass, snare, high-hat and all tom sounds. An accent can be assigned to any sound, along with programmable flam and shuffle effects for increased human "feel." These drum sounds can be arranged into ninety-six user-programmable patterns. The patterns can then be grouped into songs on four tracks of memory, each track having two banks, giving the TR-909 a total on-board memory capacity of 1,792 notes. The TR-909's MIDI Interface allows it to control and be controlled and programmed in real time by any MIDI-equipped instrument. Roland, 7200 Dominion Circle, Los Angeles, CA 90040. (213) 685-5141.

ADA announces its 2.56i Digital Delay, a full-functioned delay processor for both live performance and recording uses. The 2.56i produces delay times from a short 0.3 millisecond for high flanging to over 2¹/₂ seconds of delay for digital tape loop effects—all at a full 16kHz bandwidth. A LED Rate Indicator blinks at a rate equal to the delay time for accurate. real-time echo setting. For producing special effects, the 2.56i has Regeneration,



Modulation and Repeat Hold features for natural decay, 3 octave flanging and Waveform control to continuously blend the shape of the modulation from a triangle to a sine to a square wave. A Repeat/Add feature repeats indefinitely for background rhythm effects. Repeat Hold and Bypass functions are remote switchable. \$800, from ADA, 2316 Fourth St., Berkeley, CA 94710. (415) 548-1311.

D'Angelico introduces Concept Custom Length electric strings. Designed to eliminate excess wire that is clipped off and discarded, Concept Series provides enough extra-length to wrap around the tuning post at least four times. Easy to follow restringing diagrams are also provided on the back of each set. Changing strings is faster, easier and hasslefree with no wire clippers needed. Concept I are made for electric guitars with opposing tuning pegs three per side. Concept II are made for electric guitars with tuning pegs six in line. List price is \$5.95 and each style is available in four gauges.



D'Angelico custom length strings

Carver has introduced its Magnetic Field Power Amplifier PM-1.5. a professional low-feedback, high headroom amplifier. When Bob Carver introduced his first Magnetic Field Power Amplifier, the M-400, a 200watt-per-channel amplifier housed in a seven-inch cube and weighing less than ten pounds, he was deluged with requests from sound reinforcement professionals for a "pro" version. The result: the Carver PM-1.5, a thoroughly road-tested and bench-tested amplifier designed and engineered to provide sonic excellence coupled with professional durability. Features include: fully proportional fan cooling: no "thermalling out"; high power, light weight, low profile; recessed front panel controls; adjustable speaker protection circuit thresholds; remote turn-on sequencer with soft-start "power up" mode; dynamic headroom controller; dual modes of precision balanced inputs with one percent resisters; clipping eliminator; easy-to-see LED power monitoring:



and reinforced front and rear rack mounts. \$995. from Carver, 14034 N.E. 193rd Place, Woodinville, WA 98072. (206) 483-1202.

TOA's RXA-212 and 216 Powered Mixing Consoles with 12- and 16input channels respectively, are fully integrated sound reinforcement systems featuring dual 9-band graphic equalizers and a built-in analog delay system. All critical components are modular, including TOA's exclusive PowerBlok amplifier assemblies. Sensitive input electronics are grouped into units of two and have extensive shielding to keep out interference and hold to an ultra-low noise specification. TOA, 480 Carlton Court, San Francisco, CA 94080. (415) 588-2538

Yamaha has unveiled a low-cost, high-featured digital reverberation unit, the R1000, designed for use with a wide range of instruments, stage equipment and mixers. Incorporating the most up-to-date advancements in digital sound processing, R1000 utilizes proprietary Yamaha developed Large Scale Integration chips (LSI).

Reverb and direct sound may be varied continuously in any of four



Yamaha R1000 digital reverb

different reverb time settings; input/output levels can be adjusted for compatibility with peripheral equipment. The three-band parametric equalizer allows for continuously variable adjustment at low, mid and high frequencies. Lists for \$795. Yamaha Combo Products Division, Yamaha International Corporation, P.O. Box 6600, Buena Park, CA 90622. (714) 522-9134.



Carver PM-1.5 Magnetic Field power amp

First, you have to hear yourself!

Now Journey depends on new ATM63 dynamic microphones for full control of their monitor and live concert sound. With better rejection of not just offaxis sound, but everything else on stage. Even with a stack of Marshalls up close, the monitor mix is cleaner, with better separation than ever before.

Find out what Journey's Steve Perry, Jonathan Cain, Neal Schon, Ross Valory, and Steve Smith heard on stage...and why monitor mixer Chris Tervit and producer/live mixer Kevin Elson insist on the ATM63. Now at leading music and sound specialists.

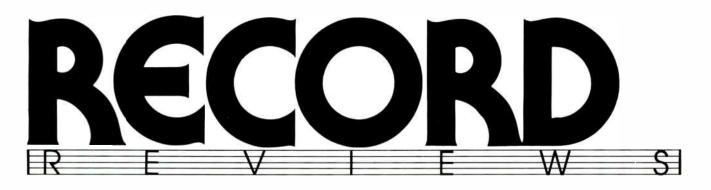
The ATM63

chosen by JOURNEY because...

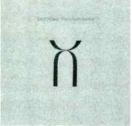
When you sound right to yourself, you sound great to everyone!



Audio Technica J.S., inc., 1221 Commerce Dr. Stow, OH 44224 • (216) 686-2600



King Crimson Three Of A Perfect Pair (E.G./Warner Bros.)



Through each of its Robert Fripp - engineered incarnations, King Crimson has always been about reconciling intellectual splendor

with the simple, eloquent pounding of a rock 'n' roll heart. Certainly with *Discipline*, the 1981 debut of the Belew/Bruford/Levin configuration, the band—and particularly founding guitarist Fripp came closer to that perfect marriage than at any time since the *Larks' Tongues In Aspic* and *Starless And Bible Black* LPs nearly ten years earlier. There was an unmistakable scent of salty locker room sweat stirred into the group's new intensive dance math, the thrill of hearing brainy sessioneers like Adrian Belew and Tony Levin energized by the fresh air of emancipation.

That rippling art-rock muscle, the atomic crack of their advanced schematics broken down into powerful thump, still counts heavily in the current Crimson's soul-and-science equation. "Sleepless," the mighty zip-funk gallop that sparks the first side of Three Of A Perfect Pair, lifts off with machine-gun bursts of Levin's thunder-thumbs bass, slashed with ballet glides and kamikaze plunges of synthetic Fripp/Belew guitar. But the hairline crack between head games and heartbeat that appeared on the group's '82 album Beat has widened here into a dangerous chasm that literally splits this album in two.

Of the actual "songs" dominating side one, only "Man With The Open Heart," with its graceful Oriental bends and the pastel shades of Belew's multi-tracked pleading, recalls the relaxed pop elasticity of "Heartbeat" on *Beat*, easily the most *natural* recording Crimson has ever made. Otherwise, the band's interlocking riffs and coyote vocals sound too rigid. These are great ideas—the leapfrog guitar pattern and half-step rhythm strategy of the title track, the angular cut of "Model Man"'s weird martial walk—cut off at the pass in the interest of group democracy. The delicate balance of power that holds Crimson together—basically four headstrong rock intellects desperately trying to be team players—too often blunts the impact and authority of the music.

You can feel drummer Bill Bruford stiffen in frustration at the stripped-down kick of those side one songs. At other times, Fripp retreats to a rhythm guitar role in deference to Bruford's native energy. But the difference between Crimson in theory and Crimson in flight becomes even more crucial when they demonstrate on side two how far beyond their inhibitions they can really go. The instrumentals "Industry" and "No Warning" are frantic, scary abstracts, Belew's rhino guitar wail running at dangerous odds with the bristling torpedo thrusts of Fripp's own, while Levin and Bruford carve out deep black holes of rhythm space with zoom bass and stark percussion. In between, Bruford's talking drums, a crafty mixture of electronic code and jungle slang, speak volumes under Belew's paranoid babble in "Dig Me.'

Ironically, *Three Of A Perfect Pair* is most frustrating at its greatest—like the incandescent reprise of "Larks' Tongues In Aspic," with its industrial guitars vigorously erected at awesome *Metropolis* angles—because it shows how wide of the mark Crimson threatens to fall. Of course, few albums are this potentially brilliant. But when you hear this Crimson really burn, you wonder how much more you're missing. — **David Fricke**

R.E.M. Reckoning (I.R.S.)

R.E.M. Reckoning On their second album, *Reckoning*, R.E.M. takes dead aim at the charge that "nothing" lies at the core of the elaborate musical

textures they wove on last year's *Murmur.* "Why are you trying to secondguess me?/ Who will be your book this season?" taunts singer Michael Stipe, before bolting into "Second Guessing"'s confident, guitar-charged chorus: "Here we are, here we are."

Indeed, *Reckoning* offers a clearer musical and thematic portrait of R.E.M. than did either *Murmur* or the *Chronic Town* EP. Convinced that it was more important to be felt than understood, R.E.M. conveyed emotional meaning on their first two records through densely layered music that surged and surprised, and lyrics that, even when they could be made out, evoked more than they stated.

On Reckoning the group (and producers Mitch Easter and Don Dixon) stripped away the layers of overdubs and effects and designed a cleaner guitar/bass/drums/vocal sound more reflective of R.E.M.'s propulsive stage show. Strangely, this studio austerity produced expansiveness, not constriction, as if the band found it easier to test new styles once their essence had been defined.

Reckoning's biggest surprise is "Rockville," a rollicking country heartbreak ditty ("At night I drink myself to sleep/ And pretend I don't care that you're not here with me") that Stipe chillingly subverts at the bridge: "It's not as though I really need you/ If you were here I'd only bleed you." "S. Central Rain (I'm Sorry)," "Letter Never Sent" and "Camera" enact the struggle between distance and desire that threads through so much of R.E.M.'s material, but here the tone is more personal and sympathetic, less abstract than it's been before.

Peter Buck's fierce ringing guitar rhythms heighten Stipe's quiveringvoiced frustration (an effect he attains by hammering his chest) over the girl with "Pretty Persuasion," while his Velvets-like droning adds a note of dread to the murky atmospherics of "Time After Time." Reckoning's conclusion finds the band rocking back out on the road in "Little America," where the sameness of the scene ("Another Greenville, another Magic Mart") and an off-hand comment to the group's manager ("Jefferson, I think we're lost") suggest a much more profound and pervasive spiritual bankruptcy.

When a combo this young insists on a

"reckoning," is that arrogance? I reckon it's not when the album they deliver displays a reach that unquestionably establishes them among the half-dozen most important bands in the country. With *Reckoning*, R.E.M.'s pilgrimage gains still more momentum. The only question of significance now is how much better can they possibly get? — *Anthony DeCurtis*

The The Soul Mining (Epic) The Smiths The Smiths (Warner Bros.)



"Fifteen minutes with you/ I wouldn't say no," sings the Smiths' Morrissey, echoing Warhol's famous dictum. Well, there you go again, as

President Reagan is wont to scold his opponents. Yet two more Next Big Things from the Land of Boy George, these U.K. exports are hot prospects from opposite ends of the pop spectrum. The The are actually a one-man band, Matt Johnson, from the same Some Bizarre stable which produced Soft Cell, Depeche Mode and Blancmange, while the Smiths are a surprisingly populist guitar-oriented entry from the ordinarily radical Rough Trade combine. Both groups are a tribute to the democratic nature of the British charts; whether they have a chance to duplicate that success here is probably directly related to how well they translate to MTV.

Despite their lineage, the The are not just another heartless synthsoul outfit. Jack-of-all-trades Johnson has sculpted multi-layered parallel landscapes of sound on Soul Mining, firmly grounded in a chest-thumping, primal rhythm machine beat, with an inner weave utilizing real instruments (or has the computer created yet another illusion?). Live or Memorex, there's a lot more going on here than meets the ear. Accordionsalong-the-Seine mutate into seesawing Irish fiddles on the English 45. "This Is The Day," as a Doors-like Farfisa riff haunts the mock pessimism of "The Sinking Feeling." A muted funereal bugle marks the The's "Perfect," a take on Suicide's "Cherie," of all things, while even chic solipsism and self-pity can't mar the mantra conun-Drum of the title track, with its refrain paraphrase of Murphy's Law, "Something always goes wrong when things are going right Out-of-control boogie-woogie piano underlines the anxiety in "Uncertain Smile."

For all its seamless craftsmanship and thick tribal stomp, Soul Mining never does quite coalesce into more than a

"Cyan't Blame de Youth"

By Timothy White

These are the transitional times that try the souls of the riddim rank-and-file, but let's face up to the nature of the test: requaedom will work its way out of its current guandary only by keeping its mind on its work. I'm not sure the signing of Yellowman by CBS is very encouraging, but the news that the Melody Makers, Bob Marley's brood, are in league with EMI to be produced by Steve "Culture Club" Levine most certainly is. Contrary to popular belief, the youth of Jamaica are into Boy George and Eurythmics, as well as Michael Jackson and DeBarge. Once again, Jamaica is looking beyond its shores for fresh musical grist. ("You have reached us...and we have developed; it's good," said the avuncular Bunny Wailer recently, "Because we are trying hard to reach the Americans"-plus the Anglo studio-synthwhiz fans.) Yet the real change will come when teenage ghetto musicians challenge the hegemony of the elder rockers statesmen, and win the right to back up their contemporaries.

So, while the future will simply have to wait for a bit longer, Sly & Robbie themselves are out canvassing for seasoned new blood to bridge the gap, and their hot tout is twenty-sevenyear-old ini Kamoze, whose "Trouble You A Trouble Me," which opens his new Island LP, was a big smash on the island last year. Instrumentally, Sly & Robbie have turned their backs on their trademark density, both rhythms and mix-wise, to serve up a sound as tranquilizing as it is frothy. And there is a throaty sensuality to Ini's vocal tags that both distills and mocks the slack (smutty) trend of much of the male singers in the last two years.

Live And Direct (Island) is what it claims to be. The Britain-based Aswad avoids any nods to current reggae fashion, pursuing a scorchedearth policy in a blistering performance that blends the best of everything from lock-step lover's rock sashays, sattastyle rhythms and soca jamdowns to marvelously thick horn flourishes in the classic rockers mode. Lead vocalist Brinsley Forde is one of the most unpretentious and engaging singers in all of reggae, and the throng at the Notting Hill Gate Carnival in 1983 is justifiably delirious as he spurs and presses the transported band through "Rockers Medley."

Nonetheless, the trophy for reggae LP of 1984 must be entrusted to **Steel Pulse** for sakekeeping on the strength of *Earth Crisis* (Elektra), an album so texturally arresting, rhythmically



inspired, harmonically enchanting and immaculately produced that it will stand as a benchmark record for years to come. The gifted David Hinds once again guides a crew that is so canny in every category on this self-produced gem that there'd be nothing left for, say, a Quincy Jones or an Adrian Sherwood to do after they were finished but skim the ashtrays for spliffs and shut off the lights. There aren't any lessthan-exceptional tracks here, and when the cry goes out to 'Give me back my radio!" in "Rollerskates," I cringe for fear somebody will snatch this windfall from my midst.

Devotees of lover's rock can once again worship at the altar of their deity, **Gregory Issacs**, whose "Private Secretary," on *Out Deh!* (Mango) is the ultra-debonaire sequel to his infamous "Night Nurse." The Roots Radics band puts some keen edges on the man's effortless delivery, particularly on the title track. "I was tired of the jails but the jails wasn't tired of me," he sings with his best Jerry Butler nonchalance, referring to his recent, umpteenth gun bust.

Lastly, *Making History* (Island), the long-awaited new release by **Linton Kwesi Johnson**, finds reggae's premier poet in a musically spirited setting, mixing a *shebeen* brand of blues-jazz with the one-drop as he analyzes the chilling international bumblings of the American "Eagle" and the Russian "Bear." As Johnson coolly counsels, whenever cynical superpowers parry around the nuclear panic button, most of the real bullying—and dying—gets done in the Third World, where the stakes and spoils reside.

And so, a few tempered comers and reggae stalwarts have stepped just outside the unbroken inner circle to keep the scene original and vital. Just as soon as several bold young upstarts leap *int*o the ring, reggae may regain the dynamic tension it craves to develop further. Truly, it's a ripe moment for some savvy spree bwai or two to turn the beat around.

series of evanescent, overlapping licks. On the other hand, the Smiths' singer/lyricist Morrissey and his musical cohort, guitarist Johnny Marr, attempt to create a full-blown pop statement, with a fatalistic romanticism that is self-critical but never maudlin.

Morrissey's been dubbed the Oscar Wilde of rock, having penned a trio of sexually ambiguous love songs that have each struck a nerve with the British record-buying public: "This Charming Man," "Hand In Glove" and "What Difference Does It Make?," all included on this remarkably poised debut LP. Combining the nasal drawl of the Only Ones' Peter Perrett with the world-weariness of Velvets-era Lou Reed and the angstridden wanderlust of pre-leprechaun Jonathan Richman, Morrissey provides the head while Marr's jangly Rickenbacker cuts to the heart of Pop Then (Byrds, Searchers, Hollies, et al.) and Now (R.E.M., U2, Alarm and so on). This is one group of critical darlings that might just transcend cult status.

Certainly they aren't confined to the doom und gloom of obvious forebears such as Joy Division or Siouxsie & the Banshees. Not with great lines like "I dreamt about you last night/ And fell out of bed twice" ("Reel Around The Fountain") or "I'm not the man you think I am" ("Pretty Girls Make Graves") or "Does the body rule the mind or does the mind rule the body/ I dunno" ("Still III"). Like Aztec Camera's Roddy Frame, Morrissey is a throwback to the classic sing-



a round of applause in the palm of your hand

The new digital clap trap employs the multi tracked sound of real handclaps, stored in memory and triggered from a variety of sources including foot switch, drum mic and

tape track. With control over pitch, decay and noise content, this handy little box is ideal for adding percussive handclaps to your music. Ask your dealer for a demonstration.



Simmons Group Centre Incorporated, PO Box 1444, Reseda, California 91335 Telephone 213 884 2653

er/songwriters. Similarly, the Smiths' neo-folk-rock has emerged with a holistic vision, the kind of world view that's so explicit it doesn't even need a video. Now, *that* would be a refreshing change, wouldn't it? — **Roy Trakin**

The Cars Heartbeat City (Elektra)



Like their namesake, the Cars have fulfilled the American dream. Millions of people buy them. They're dependable. They get you where

you want to go, with no surprises.

No surprises. In the two years since their last album, the Cars have had plenty of foreign competition—much of it from bands following a similarly steely aesthetic. The most immediately surprising thing about the Cars' fifth album is that it's the first without producer Roy Thomas Baker, replaced by fellow Brit Mutt Lange. The switch doesn't affect the Cars' sound: smooth as always, with Elliot Easton's high-powered guitar held in check by Greg Hawkes' sophisticated keyboards and those shock-absorbing vocal choruses.

Of course, this year's Cars have made some requisite model changes. The opening "Hello Again" contains a fashionable bit of ersatz DJ/turntable effects. More promising is the continuation of a trend launched on the preceding Shake It Up: songwriter Ric Ocasek imbuing his romantic protagonists with more than two dimensions. From album title to "Magic" (and out-and-out love song!), Ocasek strives to break away from the stereotypical Cars lyric of the frustrated lover, obliquely sketched. Not that that theme doesn't dominate Heartbeat City-the ice-bitch/love object of "Why Can't I Have You" is the usual Ocasek femme fatale-but even "You Might Think," an assembly-line Cars product if ever there was one, has humanizing detail ("you flash that fragile smile") as well as the trademark eightto-the-bar guitar pulse.

With easily assimilable eight-bar themes and a narrow harmonic compass, *Heartbeat City*'s music isn't likely to break new paths in pop. (Then again, Arnold Schoenberg never went platinum.) Two cuts, both slower tunes, do show the group opening up a little. "Who's Gonna Drive You Home" has a pleasant, low-key feel—the Cars' "Every Breath You Take." "Jacki" makes an inconclusive final track, with its moody keyboard washes. Small steps for the Cars, giant leaps for the listening audience.

So what's wrong with hooky riffs,

3rd Annual Synclavier[®]II Summertime Seminar

June 25–30, 1984

Hosted by Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire Sponsored by New England Digital Corporation



Pat Metheny



Laurie Anderson



Oscar Peterson

Lectures · Private Instruction · Workshops

Due to the overwhelming success of the previous Synclavier II seminars, New England Digital has decided to schedule another in 1984.

Enjoy a week of your summer vacation at Dartmouth College in beautiful Hanover, New Hampshire learning about the future of music while meeting some of the industry's most influential and prominent musicians. As a seminar student, you will receive daily small group and private instructions on the world's most advanced computer music system ... the Synclavier II, featuring real-time digital synthesis, Sample-to-Disk, and enhanced automated Music Printing. N.E.D.'s staff will also be on hand to lecture on advanced hardware and software developments for the Synclavier II.

To complete the curriculum, you will also attend daily lectures and hear prominent Synclavier II owners describe how they use the Synclavier to realize and implement their creative ideas. Plus, there will be special musical events. Attendance is strictly limited and all participants must have a basic knowledge of synthesis or computers.

New England Digital Corporation reserves the right to select all seminar students.

on Apple College protest

Synclaviet

HUNILOWER PROFESSOR

SPECIAL OSCAR PETERSON CONCERT Oscar Peterson will give a solo piano concert on June 28 in Spaulding Auditorium at Dartmouth College

Aute Ange son and pe

aute Anderson

ALL OF CHE OF THE OF TH

ALORO FOR FIGARD



* Minesel and Competition

surve and ale as a sort

é 3

Ungrainuscal consulant

PA Meren al guard and

Patweneny

Please remit \$400.00 tuition and a brief resume with your return address and phone number to:

Route Contract and Company and

TODUCI 13 RO TOTO

Wattin Rustrent

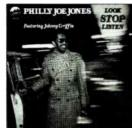
Oscal peesson pane and Peromet

New England Digital Corporation Dept. SEM P.O. Box 546 White River Junction, VT 05001



repeated song lyrics and careful arrangements? The Cars could do worse, as do many bands who aren't half as popular. As a musical Ford Motor Company, the Cars have yet to design a Mustang. But at least they haven't given us an Edsel. — **Scott Isler**

Philly Joe Jones & Dameronia Look Stop Listen (Uptown Records)



wn Records) Great intentions don't necessarily produce great results—witness last year's To Tadd With Love, Dameronia's first tribute to bop era

composer/arranger Tadd Dameron. Murky recording and uneven solos marred what should have been a revelation: thirty-year-old charts revamped for a contemporary nonet. But with the aid of a real producer (Helen Keane, the late Bill Evans' right-hand woman) and a first rate guest soloist (Johnny Griffin, the "Little Giant" of the tenor saxophone), Dameronia get it right the second time around, turning in a set worthy of the man they are honoring on *Look Stop Listen*.

Tadd Dameron was frequently undervalued as a composer because his masterpieces were so modestly drawn. Understanding that a bop tune could be more than a guick unison head followed by a set of chord changes for the soloists to blow on, Dameron balanced sharp, catchy turns of melody with instrumental colors unusually lush for the bop era. Thankfully, under the leadership of former Dameron associate and hard bop drummer extraordinaire Philly Joe Jones, Dameronia prove themselves a repertory band that know Dameron intended his music to be performed in jazz clubs, not museums. The material here ranges from the familiar ("If You Could See Me Now," "Our Delight") to the undeservedly obscure ("Focus," "Look, Stop, And Listen"), and without resorting to rhythmic updating (a la Blythe's tribute to Monk), Dameronia's readings of these charts manage to make them sound as fresh and intense as they must have when first performed by Dameron's own groups. The distinction between sidemen and soloists, so unclear the first time around has been worked out now, with virtuosos Frank Wess (alto) and Walter Davis (piano) dividing the lion's share of solo space with Griffin, and dependable journeymen Cecil Payne, Charles Davis, Virgil Jones and Benny Powell handling the ensembles with panache. Disciplined by the arrangements, Griffin-usually a loguacious sort-turns in some of the

digi drums

NEW DRUMULATOR SOUNDS!

The E-mu Systems Drumulator is no longer "just" a top-notch drum computer. With Digidrums sound chips, digital recordings of over 100 different instruments and sound effects can be installed in

any Drumulator. Each sound chip set replaces all of the standard Drumulator sounds with studio quality new sounds.

Digidrums offers the

widest selection of high quality sounds, at the lowest price (about \$25.00 - \$30.00 per sound as purchased in sets). Installation? Easy. Just plug your Digidrums sound chips into sockets located inside the Drumulator. No soldering or wiring required! Sound chips sets can be interchanged in minutes.



Wish you had a full latin percussion ensemble at your fingertips? Want to record a "drum track" consisting of dog barks, car horn, garbage can the Digideume Deumulator

and shattering glass? With Digidrums Drumulator sound chips, you can!

SETS NOW AVAILABLE: Electronic Drums #1 • Electronic Drums #2 • Rock Drums Latin Percussion • Analog Drum Machine • African/Miscellaneous Percussion • Jazz Drums Sound Effects • Trigger Set (8 trigger outputs) • Trigger Set w/Cymbals (5 trigger outputs)

A demo cassette is also available. To order, send \$3.00 (check or money order) to: DIGIDRUMS 100 S. Ellsworth 9th floor San Mateo, CA 94401 Tel: (415) 579-1514

SING with Body Power

Vocalists suffering from fatigue, hoarseness, and the inability to realize their full range, power, and timbre will discover a new dimension in their vocal abilities by utilizing the Gan-Tone Method.

The Gan-Tone Method described in this book revolutionizes the traditional beliefs for producing the singing voice by revealing the natural laws that unify the body for the ultimate in singing energy through total body power!

The Gan-Tone Method will enable any sincere seeker to develop a beautiful and powerful singing voice, either for Rock or Opera, and will enable the professional singer popular or classical—to retain the voice for many years.

In Singing Energy, Robert Gansert rejects traditional beliefs and establishes new reference points to enable the vocalist to understand and make use of the entire body in the production of the singing voice, resulting in previously unknown depth power and uality.

> Singing Energy is required reading for anyone who wishes to become aware of a new dimension in energizing the singing voice!

SINGING ENERGY



ROBERT GANSERT ILLUSTRATIONS by the AUTHOR Illustrated 324 pages. Hard Cover. \$37.50

About the Author: Robert Gansert has been a performing vocalist for over twenty years, and has been featured in numerous concerts and recordings. His work has been internationally acclaimed. He is currently a noted instructor at the Carnegie Hall studios.

WORLDWIDE SALES

MAII	ORDER	FORM

5/84

Please send me _____ copies of SINGING ENERGY in the Gan-Tone Method of Voice Production @ \$37.50 each, which includes postage, handling and sales tax. (Outside U.S.A., \$38.50.) Includes a moneyback guarantee.

NAME_

CITY

LARYNGEAL-PELVIC^{ordera}FUSION • AWARENESS

ADDRESS

STATE

71P

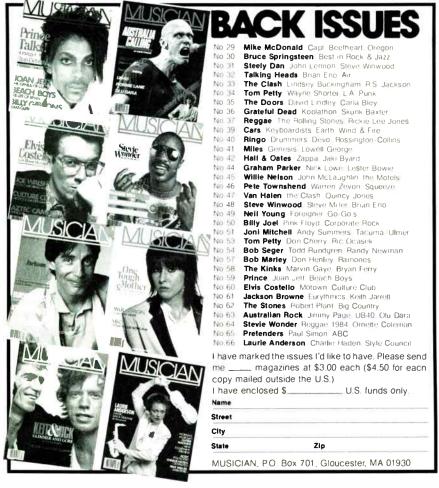
Send to: GAN-TONE PRODUCTIONS, Carnegie Hall, Studio 1105, 881 7th Avenue, New York City, NY 10019. (Allow 3 to 5 weeks for delivery.)

GAN-TONE PUBLISHING CO.



get a transmitter and receiver with adjustable frequency for under \$150. Use the whole system with your own amplifier, or just the transmitter with any FM receiver. Your home stereo becomes the perfect set up for practice sessions or small gigs. Test drive this affordable wireless system at your Authorized Suzuki Dealer and shift





leanest, most well constructed blowing he has put on record since returning to the U.S. in the late-70s.

To show they have a future outside the confines of Dameron's works, Dameronia also do rousing, uptempo justice to Benny Golson's "Killer Joe" (there's another overlooked composer-Golsononia anyone?). - Steve Futterman

The Go-Go's Talk Show (I.R.S.)



talk show * Car 'n' bar dance bands are a pop staple with a frequently short shelf life. One or two albums into some of these careers, then it's Judy's

turn to cry. Between the sophomoreslumped Vacation and Talk Show, apparently, it was the Go-Go's turn. Not that they were ever cartoons, but Talk Show has an inner voice of sadness and anger that we might not have expected. It stumbles under that emotional weight as often as it runs, but no bones get broken. Some pop bands are crippled forever after their first steps into the dark side

The tangible changes from the first two LPs are small and sturdy, the unglamorous plodding toward creative maturation. Belinda Carlisle is really singing from her guts now-phrasing less ingenuously, pushing her range, stretching for more subtle dynamics and textures. Guitarists Charlotte Caffey and Kathy Valentine are becoming masters of minutiae. The solos in "Turn To You," "You Thought," "Capture The Light" and "Forget That Day" exponentially increase their melodies' eloquence-in other tracks, the guitar work is the eloquence. Everyone is trying hard to play with more thought, more fire.

Still, the Go-Go's are a singles band, and one's rightful wait for jukebox heaven isn't altogether rewarded here. Side one comes closer than side two, and with a reward you weren't waiting for: the best party songs are the ones with the darkest and angriest hearts. With the exception of side two's "Yes Or No," all of Talk Show reaches to express loss and the hope that confronts loss with sweat on its forehead. Into the narrow spaces of party rock the Go-Go's are pushing metaphors, similies, turns of phrase; the tensions of the tight fit could force the band toward extraordinary work. "Beneath The Blue Sky" is a preview of the possible, a moving anti-nuke song precisely because it's so simple and immediate. Talk Show doesn't quarantee more of the same later on-but at sock hops, you take it one dance at a time. - Laura Flssinger

Become a Qualified Become a Qualified Assistant Sound/Recording Engineer... in 5-6 Intensive Weeks

"Learn the Art of Recording at the largest and most renowned school for sound/recording in the world. For over a decade, our approach has been a practical, hands-on experience the studios literally become a working classroom."

•The first and foremost recording workshop in the USA and Canada since 1971

- -Recognized nationally in the music recording industry
- Exclusively offers "the Recording Engineer Apprentice" certificate and curriculum
- -7 sessions offered year-round
- Licensed by the State of Ohio State Board of School and College Registration: #80-07-0696T

THE RECORDING WORKSHOP

CHOOSE WORKSHOP DATES

EARLY SUMMER '84 June 11 – July '3 LATE SUMMER '84 July 30 August 31 EARLY FALL 84 ... Sept. 17 – Oct '9 LATE FALL '84 ... Nov 5- Dec. 7 WINTER 85 January 9 – Feb 10 EARLY SPRING '85 Feb. 27 March 30 LATE SPRING '85 Anne 11 July 13 LATE SUMMER '85 June 11 July 13 LATE SUMMER '85 July 30 August 31 EARLY FALL '85 Sept 17 – Oct. 19 LATE FA'LL '85 Nov. 5 Dec. 7 Learn Recording Engineering, Sound Reinforcement, the Business of Music and Creative Record Production (how to produce)

- Hands-on music recording/mixing in 24. 16, 8 track and digital recording studios

- · Seminars taught by top music pros
- 5 recording studios Job placement assistance • Co-educational
- Ideal experience in a relaxed country setting •On campus housing



NAME ____

ADDRESS _____

SPEND A YEAR AT BERKLEE THIS SUMMER.



There's a year's worth of music being made every summer at Berklee. By musicians, students, and teachers of all ages and levels from all over the world.

In our Career Exploration Program, you get a close-up look inside the world of music and the professional musician while learning more about how to make

your own music. In the Skills Development Program, you can concentrate on Performance, Composing/ Arranging, Music Production and Engineering, Film Scoring, or Synthesizers/Electronic Music.

And, in our full credit accelerated program, you can take exactly the same courses offered during the regular school year under the guidance of the same outstanding faculty of music professionals.



Whichever Berklee Summer Program you choose, it will be composed of a rich blend of classes, ensembles, private lessons, faculty and visiting artists, and access to Berklee's superb technical facilities.



An unbeatable combination. For complete information, call toll-free 1-800-633-3311 (9 am to 5 pm EST). In Massachusetts call: 617-266-1400. Or write: BERKLEE, Admissions Office, Dept. F6, 1140 Boylston Street, Boston, MA 02215.



Thompson Twins Into The Gap (Arista)



Pop instincts are funny things. Occasionally you'll come across a performer or group with a melodic sense that just won't quit, but more

often than not it's the sound of the music that catches your ear, not just the melody itself. Sure, that occasionally leads to being suckered by a neat noise once in a while, but on the other hand, it's equally possible for an otherwise average song to be made irresistible by tweaking the right instruments. Consider, if you will, the case of the Thompson Twins.

Obviously, this is a band that knows how to sell a melody-"In The Name Of Love" and its successors proved that without trouble. But with Into The Gap, the Thompsons have made a breathtaking show of just how adept they are with a telling detail, an illuminating flourish. "You Take Me Up" features a melody that's just a little too busy to stand out on its own, but after the Thompsons have girded it with an underpinning of marimba, set it on a slippery shuffle and sprinkled the verses with homey harmonica obbligatos, it's hard not to sit transfixed. Similarly, the title track dusts off the tired ploy of thrift-shop Orientalisms to give an otherwise silly song an air of camp glamour.

At times, the gimmicks can be as slight as a synthesizer setting (cf. the cool computer pulse of "Day After Day"), but they invariably make the album seem dazzling even when it isn't. Or, at least, oughtn't be. Of course, that means there's a lot here that qualifies as little more than this month's aural wallpaper, but it's worth noting that the Thompsons are never the least bit coy about the disposability of their material. After all, they seem to say, this month's wallpaper is always going to be better than last month's. - J.D. Considine

Weather Report Domino Theory (Columbia)



Weather Report mixes a bona fide jazz sensibility with rich electronic textures and rocking Third World rhythms so skillfully that the hy-

phens don't show. And co-leaders Josef Zawinul and Wayne Shorter are among the most expressive composers in contemporary music. But there have been signs on the last several albums that





White, Black, Red



RGTS Rogers T Red, Black, White



FDTJ Fender Tour Jacket \$35.00 Silver Black



FDBC Fender Baseball Cap White Front, Black Back



FDMT Fender Muscle T \$8.00 White, Pink, Black, Turquoise



STMT Strat Muscle T Black, Pink, White, Turquoise



RGMT Rogers Muscle T White, Pink, Black, Turquoise \$8.00



FDGS Fender Golf Shirt Navy Blue, White, Tan



FDWB Fender Wrist Bands/pair White with Red





FDSS Fender Sweat Shirt Red, White, Black



STSS Strat Sweat Shirt Red, Black, White



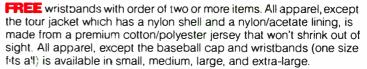
RDTS Rhodes T White, Red, Black



FDBJ Fender Baseball Jersey Blue Sleeves, White Body \$10.00



5-(28-30), M-(32-34), L-(36-38), XL-(40-42)





LogoPromotion is the exclusive distributor of Fender apparel. Fender, Strat, Rhodes and Rogers are trademarks of Fender Musical Instruments.

World Radio History



FDMS Fender Muscle Sweat White, Black, Pink, Turguoise



STMS Strat Muscle Sweat \$18.00 Turquoise, Black, White, Pink



RDMT Rhodes Muscle T \$8.00 Turquoise, White, Black, Pink



FDSB Fender Sports Bag Blue, Red (8" x 16")

\$15.00



Box of six

Miking the Acoustic.

Fender's new M-1 cardioid condenser isn't just the bestsounding miniature mic in the business. It's also the most versatile.

Hear what it does when you clip it to the soundhole of an acoustic guitar (using the optional mounting kit). You get a smooth, natural, musical sound without the rawness of a pickup. There's also a switchable hi-pass filter that gets rid of "boom." Plus a separate, tunable notch filter that gives at least 6dB more gain before feedback than conventional mic setups.

The M-1 is hard to see—but easy to use in any number of innovative ways. Try one at your Fender Pro Sound dealer soon.



SUPERWOUND THE DESIGN OF THE TIMES

UNIQUE 'PIANO STRING' DESIGN

- only the centre core goes over the bridge

SELECTRA

Nickel on Steel guitar strings with brilliant response and longer sustain. Selectra Standards are easier to play too. Selectra Specials have slightly heavier wound strings for extra power with the same flexibility. Designed to fit all popular solid-body electric guitars.

Extra FREE 1st String

SUPERWOUND STAR PLAYERS INCLUDE: The Edge-U2, Stuart Adamson-Big Country, Mick Box-Uriah Heep

Superwound String Patent Nos: USA: 4037506, Canada: 1018375, UK: 1464556 and throughout the world. Zawinul and Shorter may be getting tired of being Weather Report.

Happily, Domino Theory has a little more punch than the group has shown on vinyl in some time. Some of the tracks, like the synthesizer-heavy Zawinul tone poems "The Peasant" and "Domino Theory," have an overly familiar, almost formulaic sound, But there is a visceral excitement reminiscent of Weather Report's earlier days in selections like Shorter's lilting, Caribbeaninflected "Predator" and especially Zawinul's exuberant "Db Waltz," which offers not only compositional ingenuity but also solid, soulful improvising by both the composer and Shorter-something that tends to be in short supply on a Weather Report record.

The renewed energy level found on much of *Domino Theory* is largely attributable to the hot young rhythm section of bassist Victor Bailey, drummer Omar Hakim and percussionist Jose Rossy. On their second album with Weather Report, they sound like they belong; Hakim, who from time to time lights a welcome fire under Shorter's saxophone, even gets co-producer credit.

Artistically, Domino Theory breaks no new ground, but it's got the guirkily funky groove of a good Weather Report album. Commercially, it may be the group's biggest record since Heavy Weather, for an odd reason: the lead track, a pretty ballad called "Can It Be Done," which has almost nothing to do with Weather Report. The focus is on guest vocalist Carl Anderson; if Shorter is there at all, he's inaudible; and the song was written not by anyone in the band but by New Orleans pianist Willie Tee. Hard-core fans may find themselves skipping this cut, but I bet they'll also find themselves playing "Db Waltz" over and over. -Peter Keepnews

Elvis Presley Elvis: The First Live Recordings (The Music Works)



"Well, sir, I don't know about this here *First Live Recordings* album you just put out...." "Elvis, whaddaya mean?! Didn't we do a dynamite job?

We got these tapes from the *Louisiana Hayride* radio show you did back in '55 and '56—most of 'em haven't even been bootlegged! Then we got Frank Page, the *Hayride* announcer, to reminisce for a coupla minutes so the album wouldn't fall too short of fifteen minutes. Then, to make it look classy, we got two vintage photos of you for the cover, and had Milton Glaser design the whole schmear. And he ain't cheap, you know!" "Yessir, he probably got more than the \$18 I got for each *Hayride* appearance. Mebbe that's why we fooled around with the false starts on 'That's All Right' (which you call 'That's All Right Mamma'), and why I blew the lyrics on 'Maybelline' and 'Tweedle Dee.' That last cut, sir, don't sound like my band of Scotty Moore and Bill Black playing along with me, as you wrote on your back cover. I never had no pedal-steel guitar in *my* group! And wasn't that a broadcast from Gladewater, Texas, not Shreveport, Louisiana? And—'scuse me, sir—why do you keep spellin' it 'Shreevport?"

"Details, details! Look, Elvis, these are historic performances. We know they aren't the very first live recordings—we're saving that for another record—and the sound isn't so great, but people wanna hear this stuff! We got you doing a steamy 'Hound Dog' and a fine 'Baby Let's Play House'—I know, we called it 'I Wanna Play House With You.' We got lotsa girls screaming in the background. It's fun! Besides, didn't we wait a respectful seven years after you died before putting it out?" "Well, sir, I'm just glad you did."— Scott

Isler

Billy Idol Rebel Yell (Chrysalis)



It's mildly intriguing how MTV determinism and the canonization of late-60s white rock (and its sometimes tawdry trappings) have

helped shape several self-conscious, derivative but by no means untalented new acts. John Cougar, who made a highly promising LP recently in homage to the Stones, is one example. Billy Idol is, marginally, another. The title track of Rebel Yell is redolent of the "Soul Kitchen" brand of party-cum-sex records Jim Morrison made so few of, but it's too well-recorded and sung, and takes itself far less seriously, to be considered a throwback. Unfortunately, the rest of the album's A-side is utterly without merit, although "Blue Highway" seems to indicate that Billy can also scan (and recall the gist of) the titles of bestselling books.

"Flesh For Fantasy" starts the second round off with a contained yet surprisingly seductive slice of ballroom rock that merits an extended spin around the dance floor. Not a shred of irony here, but I still like it a helluva lot. "Catch My Fall" is an unfey and far less interesting circular outing. Like "Crank Call," it has a thin melody built around a dumb catchphrase, and is punctuated by Idol's usually irksome trademark growl. "(Do Not) Stand In The Shadows" is a tepid electronic diddle not interesting enough to

One Smash Hit Deserves Another.

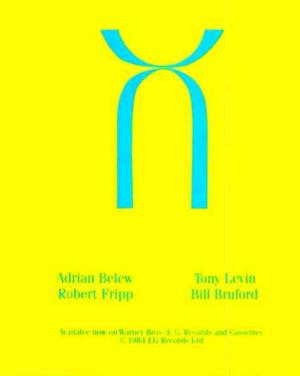
You don't have to put up with a forest of heavy mic stands surrounding your drum kit. Not with the miniature, multiapplication Fender M-1 mic.

The M-1 is a cardioid condenser mic with exceptional sonic performance...with a staggering 148 + dB spl capability. So you can enjoy the superior isolation of ultra-close miking — without risk of overload distortion. And it's easy to mount anywhere.

Hear this draat your Fender hit in almost Pro Sound dealer. It's a sure any application.



King Crimson Three of a Perfect Pair



If your instruments and equipment are stolen or damaged...



gives you the cash to replace them.

If you're a serious player, a stolen or damaged instrument is a personal tragedy.

If you're a professional musician, it's also "instant" unemployment.

Replacing a quality big ticket instrument, not to mention your equipment, could cost you an arm and a leg.

So what do you do? Borrow? Withdraw hardearned savings?

Now thanks to Musician's Cover, you don't have to do either. Because Musician's Cover is an insurance policy that's been developed to guarantee you'll have the money you need if your instruments and equipment are stolen or damaged. And you never have to pay back one penny.

But the best thing about Musician's Cover is the price tag. While the actual cost depends on the value of your equipment and instruments and whether you purchase an individual or group policy, this comprehensive protection can be yours for as little as 78¢ a week.

Find out more about Musician's Cover. And you'll discover why thousands of professional and amateur musicians have already put it to work for them. Complete and mail the coupon that will bring the details right to your mailbox. No salesman will call. Mail your coupon now. Or for further information, call (212) 928-2473 or (201) 569-8090.

Instrument Insurance Agency

A Division of Popkin Lebson Bergstein Inc.



YES, I want to know more about the policy that gives me the cash I'll need to replace a damaged or destroyed musical instrument. Send details now.

NAME				
ADDRESS				
CITY	STATE	ZIP		
MAIL TO: Instrument Insurance Agency P.O. Box 800, Tenafly NJ 07670				
THIS POLICY IS UNDERWRITTEN BY AMERICAN FIDELITY FIRE Insurance CO. And May be subject to restrictions in Your state.				

comment on. However, "The Dead Next Door" is a sweet sun's-up sequel to the Doors' "The End," and with the right director it could make for a, er, diverting video—after the release of "Flesh For Fantasy" has exhausted the LP's singles.

Since Idol's post-Generation (and/or Gen) X output has been repackaged a lot after going solo on Chrysalis, I recommend that his own version of "Dancing With Myself," plus "Mony, Mony," "White Wedding," "Hot In The City" and the three worthy tracks on this album, be collected on one fey record entitled Cut-Rate Idol Plays Comic Book Rock; in that context, they would appear both precocious and self-effacing. As for the rest of Billy's career, he'll have to start dressing himself better, reading hard-bound literature and writing about who he might be, before we'll get further indications of his possible gifts. What more can you ask of a simulated and/or emulative pop star in the mid-80s? Uh Huh. --

Timothy White

POPE

from page 78

"When we write songs, we feel they have to stand on their own," says softspoken John Oates. "They have to be good when we play them in the studio, so they sound good when you hear them on the radio. They have to exist as pure music first. Music for movies doesn't necessarily have to stand on its own. It's



475 OAKLAND AVE. • STATEN ISLAND, NY • 10310 (212) 447-7500 FREE BROCHURE there to enhance the visuals."

Still, Tim Pope begs to differ when informed of his clients' feelings on the subject. "Daryl and John actually remixed 'Adult Education' so that it would sound more tribal for the video; they're part of this evolving process, whether they're aware of it or not," insists Tim.

After spending four days building the set, Pope and his crew are left with two straight nine-to-five days to finish the four-minute film. Still, Tim enjoys the immediacy of the form, in which the piece can be edited and in MTV's rotation within a week of shooting.

"I've conditioned myself to work that quickly," he shrugs to suggestions of pressure, despite not having bathed or changed clothes in forty-eight hours. "Anyone can make a film like *Cotton Club* that comes in millions of dollars over budget. There's no discipline in that. Sometimes, there is more compromise than I might have wanted. But I'm the only one who knows what a shoot could have looked like. The audience only knows what it sees on the screen."

Finally, aside from his hard-earned craftsmanship and uncanny ability to relate to rock musicians, Tim Pope has a spirituality that imbues his set with a feeling of divine purpose and magical chemistry, turning the ordinary, everyday objects on the "Adult Education" set into transcendental symbols. He allows even the lowliest grip to feel part of the overall plan by achieving what John Oates referred to as a "unity of vision."

"I'm not an artist," says Pope modestly. "I'm an artist with a small 'a.' Art with a big 'A' is about stuff you can't understand. I'm dealing in communication. These music films are for mass distribution, not to be hung in a museum.

"This may sound pretentious, but I enjoy dealing in issues people can understand, like love and fucking. I think these music films are turning into a fascinating form. I see them as cave paintings. Rock 'n' roll was the same in the 50s; it was youth's representation of its own natural drives, the things vital to its culture, just as the cave paintings were about things important to prehistoric civilization, like sticks, animals and fire. All I'm doing is using the latest medium, the marrying of sound and vision. I'm just going, 'Grunt, grunt, grunt.' I'm only now beginning to learn my trade. I'm starting to be able to polish stones. 'Rites of passage' is only one cave painting. The next one might be love or eating or hunting."

The towering crane majestically withdraws from the set as Hall, Oates and the rest of the band dance to the primal beat of rock 'n' roll, while the shadows from the flaming torch dance on the cavern walls. A slight, stooped-over, stickthin figure orchestrates the movement like a wizened sorcerer. Tim Pope has passed the audition.

TODAY'S ROCK SOUND IS WILD!



The World of Rock demanded a new and more durable cymbal with the power and color needed for today's music.

Now, Pearl has captured this exciting sound in our new CX-600 "WILD" series.

Designed to meet the needs of the "Pro", but at a very affordable price, Pearl's WILD'S give you the sound you've been waiting for.

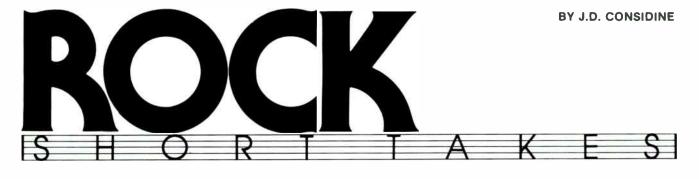
If you thought you had "heard 'em all", give us a try! You're into ROCK, so why not go all the way . . . go WILD! The sound is "Pro", but not the price!



Pearl CX-600

While "WILD" is for ROCK, Pearl's CX-600 series is a complete line of high quality cymbals offering a wide variety of sound to complement any style of music. Made from a special blend of raw materials, the "regular" CX-600 cymbals give you a professional sound at a most affordable price.





First, my back pages:

If you've been reading about **Jason & the Nashville Scorchers** lately and getting mad because you can't find their indie EP, calm down. EMI/America has picked the record up, and gone so far as to add a killer cover of "Absolutely Sweet Marie" to the six songs from the original. So don't waste any more time catching up with this energetic marriage of country heart and new wave spirit, because it's not likely that they'll make this good deal any better.

Also, if you've been put off by the import prices and lack of English that came with the German version of 99 *Luft ballons*, Epic has released a bilingual version of the **Nena** album with one side in English and the other *auf deutsche*. Those as crazy for the single as I am will rejoice at having a version on each side, but the best news is that the entire album carries the same blend of canny pop craft and vocal ingenuousness as the hit, making this the sort of record that loses nothing in the translation. Now on to the new:

Shannon — Let The Music Play (Mirage). The title track is a marvel, contrasting the mechanically precise electrofunk of the rhythm tracks against the all-too-human emotional frailty of the vocal in a perfect display of dancefloor duality. So perfect, in fact, that the device props up almost every song on the album. Trouble is, it isn't the trick so much as the song that wins you over with "Let The Music Play," and though there are grooves galore for dancing, there's precious little here beyond the hit for listening.

Simple Minds — Sparkle In The Rain (A&M). These lads know their dazzle, no doubt about it—even when it's obvious there's nothing but veneer to a cut, the Simple Minds still manage to transfix the listener through their exquisitely lush textures, unerring ear for detail and absolute confidence in the significance of their blather. Yet it's hard to dismiss them as the ultimate poseur band, because despite all that surface, now and again they turn in something as resonant as "Speed Your Love To Me," in which every gesture rings true.

Spinal Tap — Smell The Glove (Polymer/Polydor). A lyric like "Crank up the

volume to the point of pain/ Why waste good music on the brain?" sounds so much like a real heavy metal couplet that a lot of listeners may miss the joke entirely. It does, after all, require a certain cynicism to yuk it up over the dumber-than-life burlesques of Uriah Heep ("Hell Hole") and Jethro Tull ("Stonehenge"). If, on the other hand, Heep and Tull strike you as utterly laughable in the first place, skip the record and go straight to the movie.

Grandmaster Melle Mel — "Jesse" (Sugar Hill 12-inch). This may sound too much like a paid political announcement to garner much airplay—the "Jesse" is presidential candidate Jackson—but Melle Mel's analysis of how Reaganomics screws the poor makes this record even more cuttingly urgent than "The Message." Even if the arrangement does borrow a little too heavily from Grandmaster hits of the past.

Original Soundtrack — Footloose (Columbia). Flash-in-the-Pan-Dance. Scorpions — Love At First Sting (Mercury). With Germany's heavy metal blitzkreig well under way, it looks as if the Scorpions will be the band taking the most ground in America this summer. Between the steady stomp of the rhythm section and the ear-splitting raunch of Matthias Jabs' lead guitar, the Scorpions have enough firepower to beat any listener into submission, but because the songs are among the sharpest, catchiest hard-rockers since Def Leppard discovered hooks, the musical muscle adds an exhilarating edge.

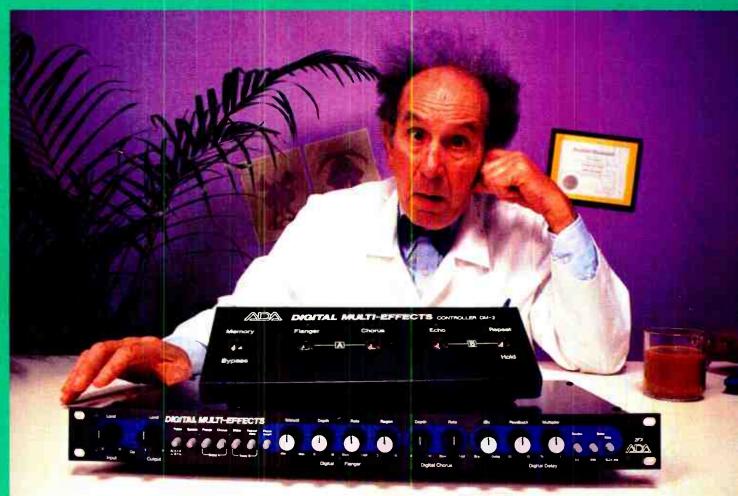
Golden Earring — N.E.W.S. (21). Just as "Radar Love" rolled half a decade's metal mannerisms into a single, allembracing cliche, the band's current material shreds the basics of contemporary hard rock and synth pop into an easily digestible pulp. Naturally, this trash-masher approach doesn't exactly excite, but what would you expect from a band whose original drummer came up with the "Stars On" concept?

Chen Lei-shi — Spring Night On A Moonlit River (Nonesuch). The gu zheng, or ancient zither, is the Chinese forebear of the koto, and though it shares the latter's banjo-like pungency, it can also produce rippling, harp-like glissandi of startling delicacy. The com-

positions here are mostly traditional, and Professor Chen emphasizes the melodic development over flashy ornamentation enough to keep Western ears thoroughly delighted. Especially recommended to fans of The Moon On High. John Butcher Axis — Stare At The Sun (Polydor). Butcher seems to have gotten a handle on his ambition since the last album, and as a result the songs are tighter, the playing more focused. Even his pop instincts find their niche, as "Don't Say Goodnight" amply demonstrates. But it's hard to shake the sense that this band has yet to hit its stride, and though "Can't Tell The Dancer" hints at the power this trio can generate, hinting isn't enough.

Silly Wizard — Kiss The Tears Away (Shanachie). Should you imagine that the Scottish rock movement runs no deeper than Big Country and Aztec Camera, here's where to learn about roots. Just as the Flying Burritos wedded rock and country to rediscover both musics' roots, the Wizards have grafted a rock sensibility onto their Celtic traditionalist approach. It's a sweet sounding result, and when Andy Stewart's vocals are out in front, downright irresistible (Dalebrook Park, Hohokus, NJ 07423). Paris Working - Paris Working (Fatal Marble). This Bay Area band manages what New Order often doesn't-angular, driving dance music that doesn't sacrifice soul for its sense of alienation. As a result, you get the same intellectual kick as with, say, "Blue Monday," but at a much more immediate emotional level, thus providing a real reason to dance (1792 Shuttuck Ave., Berkeley, CA 94709). Conlon Nancarrow -- Complete Studies For Player Piano, Volume 4 (1750 Arch). Because Nancarrow turned to the player piano when he realized it would free his music from the limits of human ability, there's a ferocious virtuosity to these pieces that makes Cecil Taylor seem like Burt Bacharach. Yet because Nancarrow's ear is attuned to the modalities and textures of jazz, even the most excessive moments retain a warped familiarity, like Gershwin gone mad. And because every note is played by a machine, it offers an interesting counter-argument to synthophobes (1750 Arch Street, Berkeley, CA 94709).

SPLIT PERSONALITY





SYMPTOMS: Patient exhibits an extreme case of split personality. i.e., under the control of a guitarist. PATIENT: ADA DIGITAL MULTI-EFFECTS keyboardist, soundman, or recording engineer, the Digital Multi-Effects will:

The Digital Multi-Effects is the first digital delay I have examined that exhibits the above and the following

c) Footswitch Controller provides remote access to each effect and the Repeat Hold function, and has characteristics:

MEMORY BYPASS which remembers the last combination of effects used. d) It also exhibits a feature not found on any other digital delay, a PATCH SWITCHING SYSTEM

which allows the musician to place each effect in any sequence without using patchcords. DIAGNOSIS: The Digital Multi-Effects is a very unique device. It combines the

power of a programmable digital delay with the simplicity of dedicated controls and the versatility of two RECOMMENDATION: Visit your ADA dealer today and find out how a split personality can help your

2316 Fourth Street, Berkeley, 94710 performance.



(415) 548-1311 Telex: 470 880 ADA UI SIGNAL PROCESSORS (800) 241-8888 World Radio History



Jim Pepper - Comin' And Goin' (Europa); Gato Barbieri - Para Los Amigos (Doctor Jazz); Jan Garbarek --Wayfarer (ECM). These three tenor saxophonists (one a Native American. one an Argentine, one a Norwegian, all veterans of an era in which the tenor saxophone became the clenched fist of the black liberation movement in jazz, in Frank Kofsky's oft-quoted phrase) deserve respect for struggling to preserve their cultural self-identities, problematical though the results of their struggles often may be. Pepper's celebration of his tribal heritage may utimately prove as tiresome and transparent a shtick as Barbieri's socio-political variation on the Latin spitfire routine did in the 70s. But all celebrations should be as celebratory as Pepper's! In limited doses, his hearty tenor leaps, and crusty chants and hollers are novel and tough to resist. And when you consider he's invited to record only once a decade or so, you find it easy to forgive him for reprising the infectious "Witchi Tia To" on each of his LPs, especially since this latest fullblooded effort is such a far cry from the paleface Brewer & Shipley cover most of you will remember. This production is flawless, and the supporting cast is stellar with Nana Vasconcelos, Collin Walcott, John Scofield, Kenny Werner and an uncharacteristically moist and Milesian Don Cherry among those comin' and goin'.

The Doctor Jazz live double is Barbieri's best showcase in some time, with a churning Latin rhythm section and absolutely no sweeteners. But four sides of Barbieri blowing full steam convinces me more than ever he's a one-dimensional character actor who was perfectly cast to type on several of Carla Bley's more scenic opuses, but who falters quickly under the burden of carrying a lead role.

I don't think I've ever heard Garbarek play better than he plays on *Wayfarer*; then again, I've never been much of a fan. But it would appear as though Garbarek's continuing maturation as a composer and bandleader is resulting in his becoming a livelier, less solemn soloist, too—witness the title track's Mingus-y accelerations of tempo, which playfully mock his dolorous timbre and the mea-

sured reserve of his phrases. And witness the care with which he has assembled a unit that beautifully underlines the catch-in-the-throat which has always been his most attractive characteristic as a player. (With Eberhard Weber, bass; Michael DiPasqua, percussion: and Bill Frisell, a sensitive quitarist who manages at times to sound as though he has a "catch" in his hands.) Amina Claudine Meyers — The Circle Of Time (Black Saint/PSI), She's so versatile she's one of a kind, and that could be why she's been so arievously overlooked-it's hard to pin convenient labels on a pianist with so encyclopedic a style, much less a singer at once so dramatic and sweetly unaffected. Here, with valuable assistance from drummer Thurman Barker and bassist Don Pate. she does a little bit of everything, from sanctified rejoicing to free-form inward gazing. And does it all with skill, needless to say, and with the kind of absolute conviction that rules mere eclecticism out of the discussion.

Randy Weston — Blue (1750 Arch, from New Music Distribution Service, 500 Broadway, New York, NY 10012). The opportunity to spread his fingers across the length of a nine-foot Steinway concert grand has resulted in what is perhaps the most whimsically expansive of the many solo recitals this veteran pianist has recorded. And both his teasing homage to Ellington and his many sly paraphrases of Monk suggest that the wisdom of inimitable role models is that you'll eventually wind up sounding pretty inimitable yourself.

Toshiko Akiyoshi & Lew Tabackin — *European Memoirs* (Ascent, Box 20135, New York, NY 10025). Save for the coleaders, the orchestra lacks convincing soloists, and Akiyoshi's travelogues of Italy, Germany and the Austrian Alps are too episodic to realize their programmatic intentions. But her memorial to Bud Powell is a haunting work, masterful both for its overall orchestral tapestry and for the piano stitchery that holds the tapestry together.

John Patton — Soul Connection (Nilva/N.M.D.S.). Under the direction of drummer Alvin Queen, Nilva is becoming a much-needed haven for veteran players who have dropped out of the public eye and time-honored styles which have fallen out of fashion at the majors. Patton is as distinctive an organist today as he was when he was leading dates for Blue Note in the 60s, and over the years he has become more adventurous without sacrificing any of his earthiness. Here he leads a proud, tough guintet featuring trombonist Grachan Moncur III-himself an intriguing figure not much heard from these days. Stephan Roane - Keeping A Secret (Mothlight, 7 No. Cotternet Street, Irvington, NY 10533). A sturdy young bassist steering a guartet/guintet through a thoughtful but fiercely swinging program of his own compositions (and Coltrane's "Naima"). With saxophonist Richard Grando, pianist Noreen Grey and drummer Gerry Fitzgerald-all likeable newcomers-and the shamefully neglected veteran altoist Frank Strozier.

Space — An Interesting Breakfast Conversation (1750 Arch/N.M.D.S.). Free improvisations, some alarming and alluring (credit Roscoe Mitchell and Gerald Oshita's powerful saxophone conjunctions), some arid (blame Tom Bruckner's "extended" voice, not as flexible or emotionally resonant an instrument), some recorded live at the Public last spring, all of them tightly focused—this last no small achievement in itself.

Ned Rothenberg — Portal (Lumina/N.M.D.S.). One comes away from these works for solo alto and soprano saxophones and bass clarinet (with Rothenberg simultaneously doubling ocarina on one piece and trap drums on still another, on which Gerry Hemingway also adds steel drums) impressed not only with Rothenberg's mastery of such performance techniques as multiphonics and circular breathing, but also with his broad vision and pristine sense of development as a composer. Difficult listening, and well worth the effort.

Alan Broadbent & Putter Smith — Continuity (Revelation / N.M.D.S.). Pianist Broadbent's overly brainy charts for Woody Herman in the early-70s hardly prepare you for the warm heart and solid muscle of his duets with bassist Smith on this record which started off near the bottom of this month's pile and has quickly worked its way up near the top.



A speaker design with your ears in mind

When we designed the "SD" Speaker Series, our goal wasn't to produce impressive specs — we wanted to produce great sound.

Sure — extended frequency response was important. So was a smooth crossover between lows and highs. But <u>most</u> <u>important</u> was psychoacoustic satisfaction. Acoustics is the science of sound. But psychoacoustics goes deeper. It's the science of how the brain perceives sound. We wanted a speaker that pleases the brain, so we focused on the characteristics that affect your ears, not our speakers.

Characteristics like tonality ... transparency ... and faithfulness to the original sound.

ETOA

So we designed a threeway system, not two-way, for an all-around sound. For a punchy, tight bottom end, we incorporated acoustic filtering on the front panel. And we put in a moving coil tweeter for a clean high end with lots of definition. In total: great sound.

And great sound means great specs. Specs like 360 watts continuous power 102 dB efficiency rating. . .and smooth response over a wide 50 Hz to 20 kHz bandwidth.*

handling. . .a very sensitive

The Thiele-Small aligned bass reflex cabinets are a real plus. So is the highfrequency attenuation that lets you tailor the SD's output to your performing requirements and the room acoustics.

*Model 38SD © 1983 TOA Electronics, Inc

Then

NTOA

there's ergonomics: a protective steel mesh recessed handles interlocking corners for easy stacking a built-in adaptor for stand-mounting

Small. Lightweight. Built to take the abuse of the road. Sold with a two-year warranty. What else is there?



TOA Electronics, Inc., 480 Carlton Court So. San Francisco, CA 94080 (415) 588-2538 In Canada: TOA Electronics, Inc. 10712-181 Street, Edmonton Alberta T5S 1K8 (403) 489-5511

Besides psycho-acoustics, that is.

AOTM

from page 68 their demos.

Nichols shared with the duo a nearly compulsive desire for good audio quality: "I thought they were great, because they cared about what stuff sounded like and wanted to take the time to get things happening right, and the other artists I was working with never wanted to do that. They were both hi-fi nuts, especially Walter with his quad electrostatic speakers at home and always the *latest* cartridge and the *latest* tone arm."

In the aftermath of Donald and Walter's split, particularly given the quality of The Nightfly, it's been suggested that Becker's contribution to the partnership was less than equal. Nichols firmly disagrees, "It was always Donald and Walter together. They're both equally talented and it really was a fifty-fifty operation. Either one of them could've done the records alone, but you can tell that there is a difference when both of them bounce their ideas off each other. They just get fine-tuned that much more. Walter's a great guitar player. The only thing is, he takes a long time to do solos, about an hour a bar, so it takes us a day to do an eight-bar solo. When we started using studio musicians, Walter would show 'em what he wanted, so the later guitar parts were very much influenced by him."

What's Becker up to these days? "I don't know at this point," says Roger, choosing his words carefully. "It was left open for them to get back together when they decided to go their separate ways—it was an amicable separation. He's just sort of resting in Hawaii."

Nichols feels one of the fundamental reasons the post-Pretzel records were so extraordinary was how much Becker and Fagen got out of veteran and supposedly jaded session musicians: "It's like the musical Olympics. Here's a musician whose style and capability they know, and they'll push him to ten percent beyond his limits. Just the chords they've written and the things they have in their mind; maybe Larry Carlton's not used to playing these scales over these chords. Another big factor is that we don't care how long it takes. The musician will say, 'Hey, I'm really sorry it's taking so long. It's a great idea, I'm trying to execute it,' and we say, 'We don't care how long you take.' It's all constructively done, and it just takes a long time to do it. But every time somebody comes out, they say they've never played that well in their lives. And then they always want to come back.

One player who said he emphatically did not want to come back, however, was guitarist Mark Knopfler. He told *Musician* at the time that he felt somewhat used, as if he were an object. "Yeah, I read that," replies Nichols. "He thought we'd really beaten up on him because he couldn't read and so it was a little bit harder to get the part across and still let him be himself when he played. But then, after the initial shock of it wore off, I ran into him in Europe and he said, 'Yeah, I really did enjoy it.""

The cut Knopfler attempted was "Peg," a track which began the rumor that a Dan modus operandus was to tape dozens of guitarists over the same solo and choose the best. Were a lot the cuts done that way, and was Steely Dan's rep as cold-hearted interchangers of musicians a deserved one? "Oh, that was just on that one tune," scoffs Nichols. "And there were only eight guitarists who tried, not thirty. It was just that everyone had their own idea of what the solo should be and it just wasn't matching up to what Donald and Walter expected of it. Jay Graydon was their last ditch effort-it became the Jay Graydon solo by default. It came out pretty much the way they had in mind, though.

"Usually they'd put a band together for the rhythm sections based on the tune and the style of the musicians: 'These three guys will work well together on this tune, let's put 'em together and try it.' Sometimes it worked out and

H.W. PAD-SAVER the most significant instrument care development since the case

A swab can get a lot of moisture out of a woodwind instrument's main bore: but, unfortunately leaves a lot on the pads where the damage is done. That moisture, left on the pads, can make keys stick and cause the pads to deteriorate and rot.

You can avoid those annoying inconveniences and the unnecessary cost of replacing pads by simply sliding a Pad-Saver into your instrument before you put it away. Pad-Saver reaches into even the most inaccessible places and absorbs the damaging moisture from the pads. That's almost impossible with an ordinary swab. But with Pad-Saver it is easy, takes no time at compared to the cost of a repad job, all and when it hardly makes sense to be without one. They are simply the most significant instrument care development since the case.

DIGITAL DELAY DIGITAL CHORUS DIGITAL FLANGER

The new 900 series Digital Delay systems from DOD can do much more than just echo effects. ONLY with DOD do you truly get all three delay functions in one unit. The DOD R-908, R-909, and R-910 all have sweep widths of 10 to 1; this allows each unit to flange and chorus like no other digital delay system.

R-908 Digital Delay: PCM (900 ms.-30-8KHZ) R-909 Digital Delay: PCM (450 ms.-30-15KHZ) R-910 Digital Delay: PCM (1900 ms.-30-15KHZ)

*When comparing digital delay systems, check the specifications—you will find that the effect specialists at DOD have developed the only full function digital delay systems available today.

*Note: Most other digital delays have sweep widths of less than 6 to 1.

DOD Electronics, Manufactured in the U.S.A. 2953 South 300 West, Salt Lake City, Utah 84115 Telephone (801) 485-8534



sometimes it didn't *quite* work out, so you'd put together another rhythm date later with a different combination. But it wasn't like there were ten tunes to cut and you tried five different bands on all ten, and then picked the best one. It sort of got blown out of proportion by the time the rumors started spreading around: (affecting Gabby Hays) '*Eighty-five* bands tried that tune!'''

How were (and are) the duties of producer Gary Katz and Nichols divided? "It works out pretty well," reflects Nichols. "Once in a while I'll have to slam him against the wall, keep him in line. 'I'm not going to do that! *Kerrump*.' But it's just one of those things that clicks. The musicians pretty much know what they want. They're in charge of that. I'm in charge of getting it on tape and making it sound great." And Gary Katz's specialty? "Hiring and firing musicians," laughs Roger. "No, Gary's really

Duraline heads cost 50% more. But on an average they last three times longer than the heads you are using today.



11300 Rush St., So. El Monte, CA 91733

MUSICIAN T-SHIRTS

Become a trend-setter, admired and influential! Win new friends and have your opinions jotted down! Soft black cotton Tshirt with yellow logo, perfect for backstage press parties.

Detach and mail with your name, address, and check to MUSICIAN, P.O. Box 701, Gloucester, MA 01930 good at getting the most out of Donald when he's doing his vocals. The rest of the time, it was pretty much Donald and Walter leading the musicians down the right path, and then Gary more or less the executive producer. Donald and Walter were the real producers."

As Steely Dan's records grew more mature, the complaint began to be heard that they were too perfect, that the raw edges had been homogenized out. But Nichols reveals that perfection was a goal they attained and abandoned in one evening: "I remember mixing the tune 'King Of The World.' Everyone else went home, Gary Katz fell asleep on the floor and Denny Dias and I stayed until seven in the morning, doing it in little sections, getting the balance between all the instruments perfect, then on to the next section, all of it perfect. Then we spliced the 2-track master sections together, which is how we used to mix down before we got the Necam digital mixing system. The next afternoon we came to the studio and played it back: the song started, and then the fade came. We went, 'Wait a minute. Did we leave something out? What's going on here?' And we played it back again and we had to really concentrate to realize the song was going by. You could hear everything, but you couldn't hear anything, like sonic wallpaper-really strange. We ended up using the mix we'd done ten hours before, which had more three-dimensionality to it.'

So all those supposedly perfect Dan records aren't perfect? "Oh, those were sloppy," laughs Roger. "If the mix had been that perfect, they'd never remember hearing it."

In addition to the Dan work, Nichols mid-70s work as a staffer at ABC included LPs by Jim Weatherly, Rude Boy Slam & the Sex Change Band ("Boogie Til You Puke"), Dirk Hamilton, Mark Jordan and Thomas Jefferson Kave. Then came a change of ABC's top management and a rapid falling out with the new studio head; Nichols took a job at Warners the next day. As the mindboggling Steely Dan/multi-label lawsuits complicated allegiances, Nichols became guasi-independent and then completely independent. When Becker and Fagen returned to New York to do Gaucho, the indispensable Nichols fol-



lowed them back.

It was during the making of Gaucho that Nichols' growing interest in computers led to his designing Wendel: "We found there were certain feels that we couldn't get out of real drummers-they weren't steady enough. So we had to design something that would do it perfectly, but with some human feeling, the right amount of layback. Instead of just one high-hat sound that repeats machine-like, over and over, we had sixteen different ones, so it had the inflections. Wendel can play exactly what the drummer plays-if he plays it a little early or a little hard, Wendel plays it a little early or a little hard. Play it once, Wendel memorizes the song, then you play it again and it repeats what it hears.

"The first version was an 8-bit machine, sort of like a Linn machine. Roger Linn was working on his at the same time I was working on Wendel. I decided to use mine for the one studio application; because of the extra high fidelity we needed and the amount of memory it took to do that, it was a pretty expensive machine. The first Wendel would've been twenty grand. It takes lots of memory to have a higher sample rate, which gives you an 80kHz frequency response-today's consumer units have only 20kHz. Just one snare drum beat takes 48K of memory. One crash cymbal takes \$12,000 worth. We just used the brute force method so we could get it done. The new improved Wendel has a megabyte of memory, thirty-two megabyte hard disc, higher sample rates and it's 16-bit. I use it quite a bit these days.'

A less illustrious piece of Dan history also occurred during the making of *Gaucho*: "A maintenance guy at Soundworks accidently erased the *best tune on the album*," groans Roger. "We tried to recut it and it never came out as well, so it was never on the album. That track was impossible to get anyway. It was done at 4:30 in the morning—Donald and Walter had left. At the last minute, Jeff Porcaro and everybody decided, 'Okay, we're going to *get* this,' and they just stuck it out, and then edited pieces together—it was just a miracle."

Weren't there any submixes or safety copies made earlier? "No, because we'd made up our minds a long time before that we'd never use a safety and we didn't want to be tempted to, because it's a copy, and it wouldn't be as good as it could be."

If Roger's audiophile obsession was a liability in this one case, his quest for absolute authenticity in recording has otherwise been amply repaid, beginning with the first *Nightfly* sessions at L.A.'s Village Recorders, where they'd brought in a new 3M 32-track digital machine as a backup to the trusty analog Studer. *continued on page 106*

1 USG THE ANSWERS UP ON YOUR



THE OLD TAX DESCRIPTION AND INCOMENTATION AND INCOMENTS. and place and the back dealers. Also dealers are presented as a in geta line to be with some This shift that PROPERTY AND DESCRIPTION OF A CANADA STREET, SALES looker of a helping over 100,000 grant sincertify it in

CHARGE AND SEAL STANDS. The Reprint Address in a section



and the state of the second state is a state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the In strength of the fragments of the provided strength with the second line

NOW THEY WORK

The new series interaction with the encoder all the second states of the product of the product of the second states and block of the se

and the part of the second s and the second second

The 12 B Allows Ma Wards, 2 Process Review and a probability and reparated in a solid or place frame. However, descended a solid probability the second se

CASE AN ANY METERS NUMBER OF THE INCOMENDATION OF THE PROPERTY OF T their expression which are simply as we will be set of the set of the set

TABLE OF REVEL Transferring contenues of the only and accessful interruption three blog patient, address of the side and the solution of the second strength of of the second stre

Please send me: Guitar Poster(s) and Keyboard Poster(s) at \$7.95 ea.	My VISA/MASTERCARD # is	
Please send me: Table(s) of Keys and Chord and Scale Table(s) at \$3.95 ea.	Expiration date/	
Please send: Guitar Poster(s) and Keyboard Poster(s) (mounted, laminated, and framed in gold or silver) at \$85.00 ea. U.S.A. ONLY	NAMEADDRESS	
Enclosed is \$ for my order. Cal. residents add 6% sales tax. Foreign orders add \$1.00	CITY STATE ZIP	
Also available in fine music stores everywhere	Send checks payable to:	Musician Magazine P.O. Box 701

Published by Castalia Publications, Petaluma, CA

_

Please allow six weeks for delivery.

World Rectionlistory

Gloucester, MA 01930

BOOKS & PUBLICATIONS

NOVUS, Hawaii's contemporary music magazine that keeps you in touch with Paradise. Interviews, concert and record reviews, and articles focused on the current scene in Hawaii \$10.00/year NOVUS. P.O. Box 152, Honolulu, Hawaii 96810

ROCK MUSIC BOOKS at DISCOUNT PRICES. OZZY OSBOURNE Songbook \$8.95 PRIEST Anthology \$8.95 BILLY SOUIER SONGBOOK \$9.95 ZEPPELIN Complete Guitar \$9.95 SAB-BATH Shattering Sounds \$6.95 Best of ZEPPELIN \$5.95 VAN HALEN 1 & II \$12.95. CUSTOMISING YOUR ELECTRIC GUITAR \$7.95 Electronic Proj-oute For Musiciane \$14.95. Guitar Gadets \$14.95 CONTELECTRIC GUITAR \$7.95. Electronic Proj-ects For Musicians \$14.95. Guitar Gadgets \$14.95 RUSH Complete \$19.95. .38 SPECIAL Anthology \$10.95 DEF LEPPARD Songbook \$10.95 FREE CATALOG DISCOUNT MUSIC WAREHOUSE, PO Box 212M, Lindenhurst, NY 11757.

THE ROCK SYNTHESIZER MANUAL. A comprehensive handbook for all synthesizers. Just \$15 postpaid from: ROCK TECH PUBLICATIONS, 171 W. Putnam Ferry Road, Woodstock, GA 30188.

EMPLOYMENT

FIND BANDS TO JOIN. Find musicians and gigs Write: MUSICIANS NATIONAL HOTLINE, B 7733, Murray, UT 84107, Phone (801) 268-2000.

MUSCIANS FOR CRUISE SHIPS. Ships employ band leaders, musicians, singers, specialty acts, and many non-music related positions. Our guidebook is written by former crew members for the crew of tomorrow Reviews 85 cruise lines and hir-ing concessions. Nearly 100 pages of job leads. Tells how to apply and what to expect Play your way around the world¹ \$12 00 (postpaid): SEA PEOPLE LTD, Suite 454-C, 2895 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, FL 33137

INSTRUCTIONS

WALT ECKSTEIN PIANO TUNING COURSE: Amazing new kit includes video and audio cassettes transparencies, illustrated text, tools and more. Like having a piano tuning technician in your home. Write for free brochure: P.O. Box 441, Oceanside. CA 92054. (619) 722-2040.

VINTAGE USED & NEW INSTRUMENTS. Guitars, banjos, mandolins, keyboards, amps, accessories. Free stock list and catalog. METRO MUSIC, Box 12191, Albany, NY 12212. (518) 458-7717 Mon - Sat We buy used instruments We ship anywhere

GUITARISTS, KEYBOARDISTS, write and read charts like studio musicians Play in any key. Understand chords and intervals. For beginners and professionals. Written by a studio musician. Send \$6.00 for book, send \$9.00 for book and cassette tape to: NUMBERS SYSTEM, Box 204, Sisseton, SD 57262

LEARN RECORDING ENGINEERING by top pro instructors. 2-24 tracks. Eight sessions year-round Check with us before deciding. Free brochure. JTM WORKSHOP. (814) 797-5883. Knox, PA 16232.

LEARN GUITAR IMPROVISING and rhythm guitar playing. Send \$9.50, money orders, certified checks only to ARIF CO., 10955 S, Esmond, Chicago, IL 60643 Guaranteed to work with daily practice.

HYPNOSIS HELPS MUSICIANS! Find out how hypnosis can help you Send S.A.S.E. for free information to THE REED GROUP, 1550 A, Orchid. Longview, WA 98632-3421. Dealer enquires welcome GUITAR INSTRUCTION BOOK The Right Touch-the art of hammering with the right hand, (Van Halen technique) \$8.00, Scale Power (modes) \$5.95 Sight Reading on Guitar \$6.95. Teach Yourself Lead \$6.95. Teach Yourself Rock Bass \$6.95. Harmonics For Electric Bass \$7.95 Bass Guitar Complete \$9.95. Pat Martino Linear Expressions \$9 95 Playing Bar-Chords \$5 95. Free catalog DIS-COUNT MUSIC WAREHOUSE, P.O. Box 212M, Lindenhurst, NY 11757

The Music Business Institute

The Music Business Institute A CAREER PROGRAM IN MUSIC course includes recording, studio, concert and video production; artist representation and management; retailing and whole-saling, record promotion and marketing, copyright and music industry law, songwriters and music publishing; and more Employment assistance Accredited Inancial aid available Wite for free brochure and career guide MBI, Dept M, 3376 Peachtree Rd., N.E., Atlanta, GA 30326. (404) 231-3303.

INSTRUMENTS

DRUMMERS! Drum Recovering Kits are available! Over 30 choices for Pearls. Sparkles, Flames and Woodgrains. Send \$1.00 for full info and samples (refundable on first purchase). Precision Drum Company, Dept. A. 151 California Rd., Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

LEFT-HAND GUITAR SHOP, New, Used and Vintage, complete access. Write 6615 Backlick Rd., Springfield, VA 22150 (703) 451-0752

FANTASTIC DISCOUNT ON STRINGS. reeds, etc. for free catalog write: RITCHIE'S MUSIC, 50 West Main St., Rockaway, NJ 07866.

STRINGS, PICKS, PICKUPS at Discount Prices¹ We carry only high quality name brand mer-chandise. FREE price list Mail America, P.O. Box 8939, Baltimore, MD 21222.

FREE CATALOG-UNBELIEVABLE DISCOUNTS on all accessories and instruments. Write STIX-N-FRETS, P.O. Box 49, Smithtown, NY 11787.

SAM ASH MUSIC STORES Mail Order Service. Deal with the Professionals N.Y.C.'s largest inven-tory and best prices on musical instruments, sound and recording gear 1-(800)-645-3518. N.Y. state 1-(800)-632-2322

FOR SALE: EMU EMULATOR \$6,500. Includes flight case, RS232 computer interface, a lot of soft-ware, and more. Call or write: WILL FIVEASH, 7594 Chevy Chase #205, Austin, TX 78752. (512) 458-9365.



SATIN PANTS, etc. for entertainers, etc. Write/ call for catalog: enclose \$1.00; refundable with order: SATIN SALES; Dept. 34; 7 South 5th Street, Minneapolis, MN 55402. (612) 333-5045.

SMOKING AND SNUFF ACCESSORIES. Send \$2 for our catalog of the very finest in contemporary smoking and snuff accessories. HIGH CLASS, 4009 Pacific Coast Highway, Dept M. Torrance, CA 90505

MUSICIANS

1984 MUSIC BUSINESS DIRECTORY-Complete current listing of over 1,000 Record Companies, Music Publishers, Producers, Managers and Booking Agents. Send \$9.95 check or money order to: TOP TEN MUSIC. 130 West 72 St., New York City. NY 10023

RACK MOUNTABLE DIGITAL/ANALOG DELAYS from \$149.95 SA.S.E. 1984 Recording Industry Contact List \$6.95 each. Mini-Guide to Home Multi-track \$6.95 each. P.B.A., Box 532, Lowell, MA 01853



REMOVES VOCALS FROM RECORDS

Our VOCAL ELIMINATOR can remove most or virtually all of a lead vocal from a standard stereo record and leave most of the background untouched! Record with your voice or perform live with the backgrounds. Used in Professional Performance yet connects easily to a home component stereo system. Not an equalizer! We can prove it works over the phone. Write or call for a free brochure and demo record.

Write to: LT Sound, Dept. MU, PO Box 338 Stone Mountain, GA 30086 In Georgia Call (404)493-1258 TOLL FREE: 1-800-241-3005 - Ext. 64

OPPORTUNITIES

FELLOW STARVING MUSICIANS. Earn 100's to 1000's in mail order business at home. Send S.A.S.E. for free information or send \$12.00 for mail order business guide: K.S. SALES, 3520-C Iris Ave... Boulder, CO 80301.

RECORDS & TAPES

NEW WAVE COMING-BE PREPARED! Duran, Clash, Adam Ant, Stray Cats, Men At Work, Devo, U2—many morel S.A.S.E. or 25 cents: MUSIC UNLIMITED, P.O. Box 25388-M, Washington, DC 20007

MORE THAN 2000 JAZZ GUITAR ALBUMS. Out of print, foreign, domestic. Send \$2.00 for 72-page catalog, free auction list Write: ROBERT YELIN, PO Box 3436, Littleton, CO 80161.

Your Alternative				
Your Alternative Music Source!				
ROUNDUP RECORDS				
You won't find a mail-order outfit with a more diverse selection anywhere. We carry 350 domestic and imported record labels, featuring the best in jazz, blues, reggae, folk, bluegrass. African music, classic r 'n' b and rockabilly, and more. Try us for fast service and low prices.				
77 page catalog and sample newsletter. Free with record order, \$1.00 if ordered separately.				
Birdsongs at the Masozoic EP. (Ace of Hearts				
1008)\$5.50				
(Braineater 1)				
Kin Maarakan Desire Develops an Edge with Jamaaladeen Tacuma, Jack Bruce, Steve Swallow,				
Ricky Ford (EP plus LP American Clave 1008/9)\$9.00				
Dectar Jaka The Brightest Smile In Town.				
(Cleancuts 707). \$6.50				
Nazz Nazz. Classic reissue. (Rhino 110) \$6.50 Carl Parkins The Sun Years. 3 LP boxed set				
(Charly Sun Box 101)\$16.50				
□ Viva Zimhahweł Contemporary Dance Music from Zimbabwe (Earthworks 2001)\$6.50				
□ Chet Baker No Problem. (Steeplechase 1131)\$7.00				
Archie Shepp The Good Life. (Varrick 005) \$6.50				
Jehnny Cepeland Texas Twister. (Rounder 2040) \$6.50				
Mutaharaka, Brazze, Matachi Swith Word Soun' 'Ave Power, Dub Poets of Jamaica				
(Heartbeat 15)\$6.50				
Handling; U.S. add \$1.00 if only ordering one record. Two or more, no handling charge. Other countries. Add \$3.00 for first record. \$1.00 for each additional.				
Roundup Records				
P.O. BOX 154, DEPT M10				
N. CAMBRIDGE, MA 02140				
CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE				

"Carvin Does It Again!"



"My V220 is more serious than my other guitars because it feels more solid and better balanced. The Kahler is the only tremolo I have ever used that really works without going out of tune. The V220 is now my main guitar. I love it!"

"People keep asking me if my Carvin X100B's have been modified, and my answer is always the same, they're totally stock. I really can't say enough about Carvin amps. After 3 years of heavy touring and 2 albums, they keep delivering the sound I like, without failure."

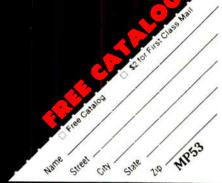
- Craig Chaquico, Jefferson Starship



The V220 guitar and X100B amp stack are available "DIRECT" from our manufacturing plant in California. If you haven't tried Carvin products, you are missing an opportunity to improve your sound. If not convinced after trying them for 10 days, your money will be refunded.

Send for your FREE CARVIN 84 page color catalog, or send \$2 to rush by 1st class mail.

Toll free 800-854-2235 Calif. 800-542-6070



CARVIN Dept MP53, 1155 Industrial Ave. Escondido, Calif. 92025 V220T with Kahler locking tremolo \$549 V220 with standard bridge \$399 (Prices are for standard finishes, not curly) X100B 100 watt tube head \$499 X60B 60 watt tube head \$419 4-12" celestion speaker box \$399 Single stack (X100B and 1 bottom) \$879 Double stack (X100B and 2 bottoms) \$1259

Free sample copy ...

of Goldmine, the world's largest record collector's publication! Thousands of records for aale in each issue. All types of music, all eras from rare to common records. Plus articles on recording artists of the past and present. New jazz section. Expanded C & W coverage. Published every two weeks. Sample free. 13 issues \$22. GOLDMINE, Circulation Dept. AG2, 700 E. State St., Iola, WI 54990.

SEND FOR FREE CATALOG. 1000's of oldies. out-of-print LPs, imports, unusual records, now available by mail.OFF THE RECORD, Dept. D, 6136 El Cajon Boulevard, San Diego, CA 92115.

ANY OLD CHRYSALIS FANS OUT THERE? IMAGO 12" EP, 4 new Spider Barbour songs. \$6.00 postpaid from: INSTAR RECORDS, Box 346, Bearsville, NY 12409.

MUSIC LOVERS! Albums and cassettes at LOWER than store prices. For FREE catalog and information write: ENTERTAINMENT PLUS, PO Box 442-M, Lynbrook, NY 11563.

JAPANESE PRESSINGS: Best in the world Many out of print in U.S. Low prices. Two catalogues, Jazz and Rock. \$3.50 each. Refundable with order Visa / Mastercharge SCHOOLKIDS RECORDS, Dept. M, 523 E. Liberty, Ann Arbor, MI 48104.

SORRY! A missing comma created an incorrect address last time—it's Dept. M. 523 E. Liberty, Ann Arbor, MI 48104.

RECORDS. CASSETTES, IMPORTS, DOMESTIC, cutouts, oldie 45's, accessories, catalogs \$2.00' NERT, Box 268-M, Lawrence, MA 01842.

PHOTOS & POSTERS

COLOR CONCERT PHOTOS! Huge selection, hundreds of rock, country, southern bands. Send \$1.00 for beautiful illustrated photo catalog. Mention your favorite. SMILE PHOTOS LTD., Box 15293-M. Chesapeake. VA 23320-0293.

HANK WILLIAMS — Unpublished backstage photos of Hank Prints from original negatives. From collection of Opry performer: DAVID WILDS, Box 14517, Portland, OR 97214

SERVICES

RUN YOUR CLASSIFIED AD in America's #1 Trade Music Magazine. ABC audited, \$2 00 per word. Display \$68.00 per column inch Major credit cards accepted. Call Jeff at BILLBOARD MAGA-ZINE, (800) 223-7524.

SONGWRITERS

LEARN SONGWRITING & COMPOSE MUSIC. Professional instruction by mail. For course description: AMERICAN CORRESPONDENCE INSTITUTE. Box 31021-E. Cleveland, OH 44131.

SONGWRITERS Enter the Canadian songwriting contest. For an entry blank write: DAVID STRATT-FORD, #2205-4001 49th Street. NW. Calgary. Alberta, Canada T3A 2C9.

SONGWRITERS!! Let us help you find a record company or publisher for your original songs. NO RIP OFFS OR SCHEMES. YOU RETAIN ALL RIGHTS Write: MUSIC SERVICES GROUP. PO Box 184. Stillwater. MN 55082 for details.

READ	ER SER	VICE
Amek	□ Fender (714)879-8080 □ Gibson (615)366-2400	Sequential Circuits (408)946-5240
(216) 593-1111 Audio-Technica (216) 686-2600	□ Ibanez (215)638-8670 □ Martin	□ Simmons (213)884-2653 □ Zildjian (617)871-2200
Electro-Voice	(215) 759-2837 Nady (415) 652-2411 Ovation (203) 243-1711	* Keyboard Korg (516) 333-9100 Kurzweil (617) 244-2121
(213)921-1112 GLI (516)351-2100 Shure	 Pearl (615)833-4477 Peavey (601)483-5365 	(017) 244-2121 □ Prophet (408) 946-5240 □ Roland (213) 685-5141
 Soundcraft (213)453-4591 TOA 	□ Scholz (617)894-9875 □ Stick (213)656-6878	Circuits (408)946-5240
* Guitar & Effects	 Unicord (516) 333-9100 Yamaha (616) 942-9223 	(303)493-4488 Yamaha (714)522-9011
□ Boss (213)685-5141 □ DOD (801)485-8534 □ EMG	*Drums & Drum Machines Linn (213) 708-8131 Pearl	
(707)525-9941	(615)833-4477	

NICHOLS

from page 102

Nichols was so surprised by the difference in sound between the two, he embarked on a series of rigorous experiments, enlisting both Fagen and the musicians to do the classic is-it-live-oris-it-Memorex test. The 3M proved uncanny: "One was *exact* and the other was...you could tell it was the analog tape. And that's when we decided to do the album digitally."

Nichols has a curious metaphor in distinguishing between these ultrahigh-tech \$100,000 to \$140,000 units: "The 3M's are like Fords: you can repair 'em with baling wire and paper clips and parts from Radio Shack. The Mitsubishi and the Sony are like the next generation: they've got a lot better error correction, but if something does go wrong, they're harder to troubleshoot, because each circuit does nine different things."

How can a studio make back such a substantial investment in digital? "You have to end up charging more for the time, but I think it makes projects go faster, makes things sound better so you don't have to work on as much to overcome the deficiencies of analog tape. Punch-in and punch-out is infinitely easier. You can punch out in the middle of a note without any glitches or holes left in the tape. With digital, you can combine different tracks with no degeneration."

Nichols' respect for digital has recently made him begin a new crusade, a one-man volunteer quality-control program for compact disc releases. Roger first became involved when Stevie Wonder called him up to say that a CD of The Nightfly sounded "funny." Nichols got the recording and found it worse than the analog LP. Playing a CD of Billy Joel's The Nylon Curtain for producer Phil Ramone confirmed Nichols' worst suspicions. He discovered third and fourth generation masters were routinely being used to make CDs. Sallying forth with his mighty word processor, Nichols wrote a detailed article in the December issue of Recording Engineer Producer demanding the industry use original 2-track masters to make CDs if it intended to rebut the current criticism that CD is more great hype than great hope.

Nichols' view of the raging analog vs. digital debate is that it is heavily colored by personal prejudices: "When sound recording was invented, it was analog, and that's all there ever was. So psychoacoustically you've made yourself believe that something sounds like what was recorded, because there was no other choice. There were little deficiencies, so you made up for 'em. It's just like your car pulls to the right, so you're subconsciously leaning on the steering wheel and you've never taken it in to get it fixed. Now, since digital plays back

World Radio History

exactly what you record, that translates to 'Something's wrong; it's accentuating the highs.' No, it's not accentuating the highs, it's just not attenuating them, which is what you're used to."

Nichols' next move may be even more significant than his ample accomplishments to date: he's invented a digital microphone that can be built incredibly cheaply: "How does it work? It's so simple that if I tell you you'll end up doing it. No diaphragm or anything—it actually digitizes the air pressure changes."

In the meantime, having recently finished an album with his friend John Denver, Nichols is back to work on new software programs for MIDI hookups, adding more sounds and software to Wendel, going back into Soundworks to start the new Fagen LP and expanding his nascent but lucrative digital consulting practice. On weekends, he pursues his hobbies with typical overachiever's intensity: photographing auto races for national magazines and teaching scuba diving. He's also helping out his wife, Connie Reeder, a veteran backup singer, with a solo LP.

Nichols' laid-back sensibilities make him choose his projects carefully; his engineering credits rarely venture outside the Dan community. Why, when he could work for anyone and become a name producer on his own? "It's just easy, like a little family effort. It's absolutely no work at all to do an album with people you get along well with. I've turned down a lot of calls because I'd rather do this sort of thing. So instead of being rich and famous, I guess I just ended up being famous."

Nichols screws his face up in mock angst: "Oh, I'm so depressed!"

Soundworks' Cockpit

The main board is a Solid State Logic 8L6000E Studio Computer. The monitor system is powered by a Crown PSA-2; house speakers are Urei 838 Time-Aligned monitors, but Roger prefers Visonik David 9000s and carries spare sets with him everywhere he goes. The cueing system is powered by Crown D-150s. The digital decks include a 3M 32track and 4-track, a Mitsubishi X-80 PCM deck and a Sony 1610 2-track mastering deck, all of which use Scotch tape. Analog decks include a Studer B 67 mastering deck, a 3M 32-track, and a Technics 1520 2-track, all of which use Ampex tape. Soundworks' extensive outboard gear includes Eventide SP2016 harmonizer, digital delay, phaser/flanger and compressor, dbx 160X compressor/limiter, Lexicon Prime Time digital delay, Urei 1176LN peak limiter, digital metronome and model 539 room equalizers, Orban parametric eq, Teletronix leveling amp and Marshall time modulator. Nichols himself prefers to work at the sound source, adding a bit of eq only as a last resort; for that he favors a Neve eq system he cut out of an old board and relocated to Soundworks

EFFECTRON I

EFFECTRON I

0

DeltaLab has incorporated virtually every major delay line feature into the Effectron II° series — rugged, pro level delays designed for the toughest stage or studio environment.

Listen to the Effectron ${\rm I\!I}$ with positive/negative flanging, chorusing, doubling, vibrato, slapback echoes, or long echoes, and you will hear the crisp, matural sound that only comes from a full 16 KHz bandwidth and 90 db dynamic range.

There are also plenty of extras: Stereo outputs, infinite repeat (ADM-256 and ADM-1024 only), delay time control voltage input, wide range LFO modulation, 8:1 flanging sweep on the ADM-64, and much more.

Sometimes only the best will do. And when you need the best, DeltaLab delivers the performance you need — at prices you can afford. Visit your local dealer and check it out!!!!

EFFECTRON &

T

Listen and Compare

ADM-256 1/4 Second Delay \$399*

<u>6.</u> <u>6</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u>

ADM-1024 Full Second Delay \$499



ADM-64 nger/Doubler

\$299*

applause

More than a guitar... it's a Roundback!

You've seen the distinctive Ovation roundback on stage, TV, and music video, and you've wanted one. GOOD NEWS! You don't have to spend your hardearned money on one of those conventional flat back guitars. Applause is the roundback designed for you. It's the affordable guitar from Kaman, the same people that developed the Ovation. The Applause is loaded with features you'd expect from a much more expensive guitar, features like a solid mahogany neck, rosewood fingerboard, dove tail neck joint, factory installed piezo-electric pickup under the saddle. And best of all, it's a roundback, just like the professional quality Ovation guitar.

Go to your local Applause dealer and get the feel of playing a roundback. Now's the time for you to get Applause!

Acoustic and acoustic-electric Applause guitars are available in five finishes including sunburst and natural (shown below). The classic Applause has a traditional wood finish.



Applause—A Kaman Music Company P.O. Box 529, Bloomfield, CT 06002