Model B-16 RECORDER/REPRODUCER

Service Manual



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	1
2. SPECIFICATIONS	2
3. THE CONTROLS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS	4
4. THEORY OF OPERATION	9
4.1 LSI peripheral controls circuits	9
4.2 Remote Punch In/Out, REC-PLAY	10
4.3 Input monitor	10
4.4 Capstan motor drive circuit	11
4.5 Solenoid intermittent circuit	
4.6 Counter section	12
4.7 Reel servo	17
4.8 Function switch (Function/Display)	20
5. ALIGNMENT AND ADJUSTMENTS	23
5.1 Test equipment required	23
5.2 Transport check and adjustment	
5.3 Reel servo adjustment	29
5.4 Record/Reproduce Amplifier check and adjustments	35
6. DISMOUNTING OF MAJOR COMPONENTS	42
7. EXPLODED VIEWS, PCB ASSEMBLIES AND PARTS LIST	48
OVERALL EXPLODED VIEW	50
TRANSPORT EXPLODED VIEW 1	51
TRANSPORT EXPLODED VIEW 2	53
AMPLIFIER EXPLODED VIEW	55
SYSTEM CONTROL PCB	57
HEAD TERMINAL PCB	62
CONNECTOR BOARD PCB	66
SWITCH/DISPLAY PCB	67
POWER SUPPLY PCB	69
FUNCTION/DISPLAY PCB	72
RECORD/REPRODUCE AMPLIFIER PCB	
REMOTE CONTROL EXPLODED VIEW	78
CONTROL/COUNTER PCB	79

3 .	. CIRCUIT SCHEMATICS	. 81
	REMOTE CONNECTOR	. 81
	SYNCHRO CONNECTOR	. 82
	METER CONNECTOR	. 82
	HEAD TERMINAL	. 83
	CABLING INTERCONNECTION	84
	SYSTEM CONTROL	. 85
	SYSTEM CONTROL	. в6
	CONNECTOR BOARD	. 87
	RECORD/REPRODUCE AMPLIFIER	88
	CHANNEL SELECTOR OF CONNECTOR BOARD	89
	FUNCTION DISPLAY	90
	POWER SUPPLY	91
	CONTROL/COUNTER	92

NOTES

- * Adjustment procedures are given in this manual which also includes a Parts List and schematic diagrams to assist the service technician in maintaining the Model B-16.
 - Please feel free to contact the nearest Postex Dealer and Distributor, or write directly to a Fostex office, the addresses of which are printed on the back cover of this manual.
- * Noise Reduction System manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation. 'Dolby' and the double-D symbol are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

CAUTION

△ Parts marked with this sign are safety critical components. They must always be replaced with identical components. Refer to the Fostex Parts List and ensure exact replacement.

1. INTRODUCTION

Model B-16 is a 1/2 inch tape, 16 track 16 channel recorder/reproducer. The function of each control are explained in Section 3 of this manual. If you need more details on their use, please refer to the Owner's Manual included in the Model B-16.

With the Model B-16 in the vertical position, behind the meter panel on the lower section of the transport are located 16 record/reproduce amplifiers - 1 channel/1 PC card - and, the power supply and system control section on the rear side of the transport.

Routine maintenance is explained in the Owner's Manual but for periodical checks, alignment and adjustments after making repairs, refer to Section 5 of this Manual.

Operation of each circuit is explained in Section 4, Theory of Operation.

Should it become necessary to exchange parts, refer to Section 6 for procedures on dismounting and assembling.

In making orders for replacement parts, please be sure to refer to the Parts List and check for the correct parts number.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

Tape 1/2 inch tape width, 1.5 mil base

(Ampex 456, Scotch 226 or equivalent)

Format 16 track, 16 channel Reel size 10 1/2 inch, NAB hub

Tape speed Fixed : 15 ips (38 cm/s)

Variable : 15 ips ±15%

Inputs (x16) -10dBV (0.3V)

Impedance: 25K ohm, unbal.

Outputs (x16) -10dBV (0.3V)

Load impedance: 10K ohm, unbal.

System operating level OdB referenced to 320nWb/m of tape flux

Equalization IEC (infinitive + 35µs)

Overall frequency

response 40Hz - 18KHz, +3dB

Signal to noise ratio BOdB weighted, 60dB unweighted

(With built-in Dolby C)

Referenced to 3% T.H.D. level(10dB above operating

level) at 1 KHz

T.H.D. 11 at 1 KHz

Erasure 70dB at 1 KHz
Crosstalk 55dB at 1 KHz

Wow & flutter ±0.06% peak weighted (ANSI) measured with

flutter tape

Power requirements 120V, 60Hz, 170W (U.S.A./Canadian model)

220V, 50Hz, 170W (European model)

240V, 50Hz, 170W (UK/Australian model)

Dimensions 445(W) x 430(II) x 235(D) mm

[17 1/2"(W) x 17"(II) x 9 1/4"(D)]

.

Weight 30kg (67 lbs)

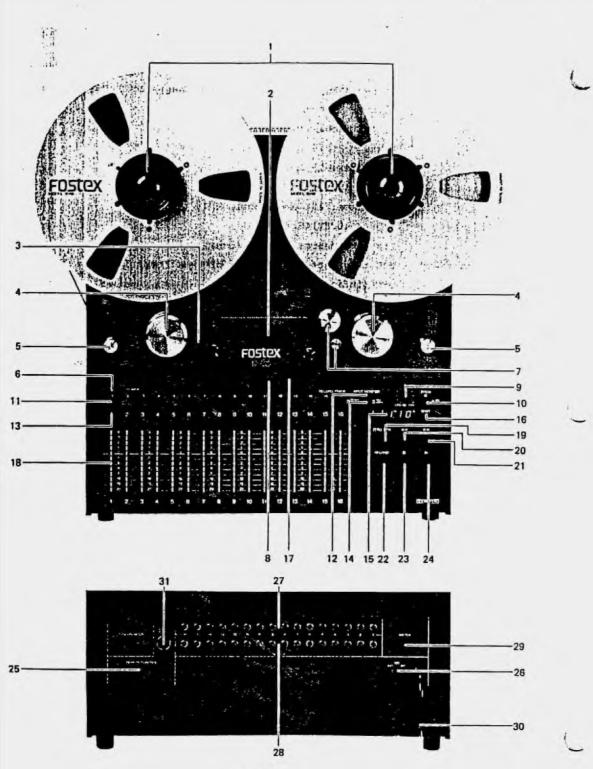


Fig. 3.1

3. THE CONTROLS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS

- 1) Reel clamper
- 2) Head assembly
- 3) Tape presence sensor

If tape is completely wound onto the other reel or if it is broken during operation, this sensor will be activated to put the transport in the STOP mode.

- 4) Idler roller
- 5) Tension roller
- 6) POWER switch
- 7) Capstan and pinch roller
- 8) Head shield gate

This head shield gate located in front of the head can be manually raised or lowered. If it is in the lowered position, it can be raised by slightly depressing it to release the catch.

9) PITCH control knob

Tape speed can be changed over a range of ±15% for sound pitch control during play or record. This control is a dual concentric - the outer knob is for large changes and the inner knob is for trimming.

10) PITCH control switch

NORMAL SPEED or VARIABLE SPEED of tape is selected by this switch.

11) RECORD TRACK selector

These 16 pushbuttons determine whether recording can commence on a given track.

The specific function also depends on whether or not tape is stopped or is advancing in the record ready mode.

a) If tape is stopped, depressing a RECORD TRACK button places the corresponding track in the record READY mode, and the LED above that track's LED meter will blink.

If the RECORD button only is depressed, the VU meter indications and signals from the OUTPUT jacks will change from tape out to input monitor only for those channels whose RECORD TRACK buttons are depressed, and if the INPUT MON switch is set to INDIV, the INPUT MON LED will change to blinking. This mode will be cancelled again by depressing the RECORD button but will not be cancelled by depressing any other buttons.

If the RECORD and PLAY buttons are subsequently depressed, recording begins,

the RECORD TRACK LED stops blinking and remains on, and the RECORD LED also turns on.

The VU meter indications will read the input signal of the channels placed in the record mode; the other channels will remain in the tape out signal monitor mode.

- b) If tape is rolling in the PLAY mode, depressing a RECORD TRACK button has the same effect as in a), above; it readies the track for recording. In this condition, the VU meter indications and signals from the output jacks will be tape out signal monitor for all channels.
- c) If tape is rolling in the record ready mode (i.e. RECORD and PLAY buttons have been depressed), the RECORD LED adjacent to the RECORD button will blink.

Subsequent depression of a RECORD TRACK button immediately causes that track to enter record mode; both the RECORD LED and the RECORD TRACK LED now remains on.

- 12) INPUT MONITOR LED (Green)
- 13) RECORD LED (Tracks 1 ∿ 16)
- 14) INPUT MONITOR selector
 - a) If the ALL function of this switch is depressed, all channels will go to INPUT MONITOR and the green LED (12) will be lit.
 - b) If this switch is set at INDIV, individual channels can monitor the inputs in the following way:
 Place the RECORD TRACK selector (11) to READY; when LED (13) is blinking, depressing the REC (22) button only will make LED (12) blink and the B-16
 - depressing the REC (22) button only will make LED (12) blink and the B-16 output for that channel only will change from TAPE OUT to INPUT.
 - c) Subsequent depressing of REC (22) button again will change the B-16 output from INPUT to TAPE OUT.
 - d) Should the REC button only be depressed when the RECORD TRACK selector (11) is at safety, LED (12) will blink but the B-16 output will not change to INPUT.
 - NOTE: While a certain channel is in the RECORD mode, depressing the RECORD TRACK selector button for another channel to put that track in the READY mode will make the B-16 output change to INPUT, but this track will also enter the RECORD mode.

15) Counter display

A five digit counter displays the hour, minute and second of tape travel. For positions below the zero point, a "-" is displayed before the hour digit.

16) RESET button

The counter display is set to zero by depressing this button.

17) CUE lever

Pushing this lever forward toward the head makes the tape lifters retract, allowing tape cueing during F.FWD or REW modes.

18) Bar graph meters

These are peak indicating meters.

19) ZERO RETURN

Depressing this button stops the tape at the "0" position of the tape counter.

20) REWIND button

Tape is wound at high speed from the takeup reel to the supply reel by depressing this button.

21) F,FWD button

Tape is wound at high speed from the supply reel to the takeup reel by depressing this button.

22) REC button

This button has the function of putting the tape deck in RECORD mode when simultaneously depressed with the PLAY button and also to individually switch each channel to INPUT MONITOR (See above 14-b).

23) STOP button

Depressing this button once stops tape; depressing this button a second time releases both left and right reel brakes (both reels will pull tape in opposite directions and the tape will be stopped in a balanced state). This function allows manual editing of the tape but the CUE lever must be pushed forward.

24) PLAY button

Depressing this button puts the tape deck in the PLAY mode and PLAY LED (green) will be lit. When both the ZERO RETURN button and then the PLAY button are depressed, the tape will rewind to the counter "O" position and will automatically enter the PLAY mode (the PLAY LED will then be lit). The PLAY LED will blink while tape is being rewound.

25) Remote control connector

Remote control is possible by using the Model 8090 Remote Control Unit.

6) NOISE REDUCTION INT/EXT selector

The Dolby C noise reduction circuit contained in the B-16 is switched in by setting this switch to INT. If this switch is set to EXT, this internal noise reduction circuit is bypassed and an external NR system can then be connected.

- '7) INPUT jack
- 8) OUTPUT jack
- 9) Meter

The LED bar graph meter on the front panel can be lifted out and installed at another location such as a mixing console or video switcher. In choosing this method, the optional Model 9082 cable must be used.

- 0) AC cord
- 1) REMOTE PUNCH IN/OUT jack

Remote PUNCH IN/PUNCH OUT is accomplished by using the Model 8050 Foot Switch.

odel 8090 Remote Control Unit

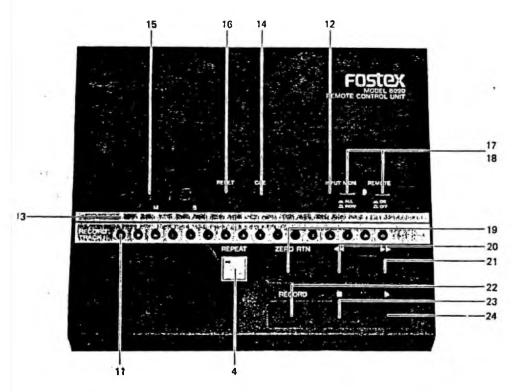


Fig. 3.2

All functions are the same with B-16 except for (4), (14), (17) and (18).

(4) REPEAT switch

This control has the function of repeating the tape between the ZERO position and the CUE point memorized by the CUE button (14).

when this REPEAT button is depressed, the tape rewinds to the ZERO position and immediately enters the PLAY mode. Upon reaching the CUE position, the tape will again rewind to the ZERO position and then enter the PLAY mode. If the tape is at "-" display position of the counter, depressing this REPEAT button will have no effect.

The REPEAT mode can be cancelled by any transport button other than RECORD (ZERO RTN, F.FWD, REWIND, STOP and PLAY).

(14) CUE button

This button is for memorizing the tape position at which the REWIND mode is entered from PLAY during the REPEAT mode.

This memorized CUE position will be renewed each time the CUE button is depressed.

Although the CUE button can be depressed during any mode to enter a new tape position, this function is not possible if the counter is showing a "-" position.

(17), (18) REMOTE switch

This selects whether the control should be at the B-16 or the Remote Control Unit in terms of the RECORD TRACK selector and the INPUT MONITOR selector.

when LED (18) is lit, the RECORD TRACK and INPUT MONITOR selectors can be controlled at the Remote Control Unit but not at the B-16.

The other control switches, however, can be operated at either the B-16 or the Remote Control Unit, as they are wired in parallel.

4. THEORY OF OPERATION

4.1 LSI peripheral control circuits

Control signals which are basic fundamentals in tape transport operation are generated by a TTL type LSI, Ul4.

1) CR 1 (U14-5)

This is the reset signal input pin of Ul4. During the short period after switch ON of power until Q3 switches on, Ul4-5 is kept at "L" level and thus Ul4 is reset.

During the period when Cl2 is being charged, Ull-10 and U6-4 go to "H" level via Dl3 and Dl4, to reset each D flip-flop. At the same time, the CR-1 input signal puts U6-10 to "H" level which resets this flip-flop.

2) EBR IN (U14-4)

When the STOP button is depressed during the F.FWD or RWD mode, the transport temporarily goes into the reverse tape travel mode. Then, "L" level is input to EBR IN and then into STOP mode to apply the mechanical brakes. When tape speed decelerates to about 38 ips, an "L" level is applied to EBR IN from U7-6. This is due to the nature of the circuit such that the height of the saw tooth wave at the collector of Q4 generated by the motion pulse becomes higher with progressively slower tape speeds. The timing chart is shown in Fig. 4.1.

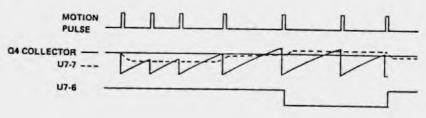


Fig. 4.1

3) ZERO RTN

when the ZERO RTN button is depressed, the transport goes into RWD or F.FWD and when the counter reaches "O", it will go into the PLAY or STOP mode. When the ZERO RTN button is depressed, U6-8 goes to "N" level by U3-11, flip-flop U6 is set, U6-13 goes to "N" and U6-12 goes to "L". At the same time, U3-5 and U3-2 goes to "N" level and if the counter display is "+", then U3-1 will be "N" level, an "L" level will be input at U14-2 and the transport will go into REWIND. If the display is "-", U3-6 will be "N", an "L" level will be input at U14-3 and the transport will go into F.FWD.

After going into the REWIND or F.FWD mode, tape will go to mid-speed when the counter reaches ±1 minute, low speed at ±10 seconds, and when it reaches ±1 second to 0 second, a ZERO signal from the counter LSI (U23) is input to U4-2 at "L" level. If the tape speed at this instant is such that U7-6 goes to "L" level, then U4-3 goes to "L" level. If tape speed is still fast and U7-6 is at "H" level, then the above operation after depressing the ZERO RTN button, is repeated.

If U4-3 goes to "L" level and the mode is RTN TO PLAY, then, U5-9 goes to "L" level and thus enters the PLAY mode. At the same time, "L" is output from U4-10 and passing through U3-8, becomes "H" level at U6-10 to reset the flip-flop and thus ZERO RTN is cancelled.

If the mode is RTN TO STOP, U2-12 goes to "L" and thus enters STOP mode. Then, Q16 switches ON, the collectors goes to "L" and passing through D69 and U3-8, resets flip-flop U6 and ZERO RTN is cancelled.

4) EDIT mode

EDIT mode means the condition whereby the transport reel servos are active and tape is stopped by balanced tension from the left and right reel motors.

While the transport is in the STOP mode, depressing the STOP button an odd number of times will put the D flip-flop output U8-13 to "H" level and an "H" level will be output from U10-3. The FAST SOL is activated by this output, the brakes released, the collector of Q16 becomes open and the reel servo circuit goes into the EDIT mode.

If the STOP button is depressed while in the EDIT mode, the D flip-flop U8-13 output goes to "L" and the transport will enter STOP mode.

4.2 Remote Punch In/Out, REC-PLAY

The latching type foot switch is plugged into the rear panel REMOTE PUNCH IN/OUT phone jack.

The signal obtained by repeated charge and discharge of C17 each time the foot switch is depressed, is applied to U1-6 and the same delayed signal is also applied to U1-5 and a pulse is output from U1-4. U8-4 is at "L" level when in the PLAY mode and D flip-flop U8 is inverted by U1-4. Due to this, U8-1 alternates between "H" and "L" and thus send or cut off a transport REC signal to J10-1. (Refer to Fig. 4.2)

When in the REC-PLAY modes, U8-6 goes to "II", and regardless to output level of U1-4, U8-1 goes to "H" and a transport REC signal is output to J10-1.

4.3 Input monitor

An ENCODE/DECODE output which is an individual input monitor control signal,

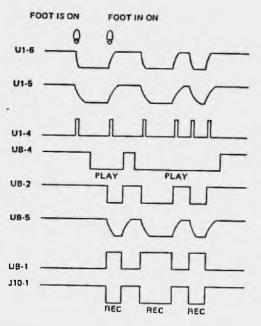


Fig. 4.2

is output from J10-2.

When the REC button is depressed, "L" level is input to U1-8 and U1-10 goes to "R" level. D flip-flop U6 is inverted by this output, U6-2 goes to "L" level, Q13 switches off and an ENCODE signal is output from J10-2. When the REC button is depressed again, D flip-flop will invert again and Q13 switches on and a DECODE signal is output from J10-2. When the ENCODE signal is output and the INPUT MON switch is at INDIV (not depressed), the INPUT MON LED will blink and the input signal of the channel whose RECORD SELECTOR switch is depressed, will be monitored.

4.4 Capstan motor drive circuit

When the transport is in other than the PLAY and REC modes, Q25 will be ON, and therefore Q27 will also be ON, Q28 is then switched OFF and U13-3 will go to approximately OV. Therefore, the capstan motor will not be driven. When the transport enters the PLAY or REC mode, Q25 switches OFF, Q28 switches ON, a high voltage will be applied to J24-3 and the capstan motor will be driven. A tach generator output of about 2400Nz is applied to U13-12 and output from U12-14 as a square wave. This square wave is differentiated by C32 and R132, and Q26 is switched ON by the rising edge of this waveform.

As Q21 and Q22 are constantly in the ON state, the integration circuits of R309, R136 and C331, C34 are always functioning. Therefore, the saw tooth wave generated by this integration circuit and by the on/off of Q26, is applied

to comparator U13-9. Output U13-8 which is compared with the reference voltage U13-10 is smoothed by the integration circuit consisting of R142, R143 and C35, passed through Q28 and applied to the DC amplifier. This is then current amplified by Q29 to control the capstan motor.

When Q29 switches OFF, Q30 switches ON to absorb the inverse electromotive power from the motor which thus serves as a braking circuit.

4.5 Solenoid intermittent circuit

There are two plunger solenoids in this transport. One is used to draw in the pinch roller and release the brakes when in the PLAY mode. The other is used to push out the tape lifter and also release the brakes during the FAST WINDING modes.

When the PLAY button is depressed, U9-11 goes to "H" level and this signal passing through the differential circuit of C23 and R78, momentarily switches ON Q6 for a duration of 5 \sim 10msec.

when Q6 switches ON, C24 is discharged and when Q6 switches OFF, the signal passing through the integration circuit of R81, C24 and R83, momentarily switches on Q7 for a duration of 100 % 180msec. By switch ON of Q7, Q8 is switched ON and +26V is applied to the solenoid. Then, at the moment Q8 is switched OFF, +13V is applied to the solenoid via D68. During this time, at about the same instant that U19-11 goes to "II", U7-12 also goes to "II", and as Q9 and Q10 is already ON, the PLAY solenoid will be activated.

In the same way, when the transport is put in the FAST WINDING and EDIT modes, U9-4 goes to "N", and by charging of C22, +26V and +13V are applied to the solenoid, Q11 and Q12 are switched ON and the FAST solenoid is activated.

4.6 Counter section

The major component of the counter circuit in this system is the P-MOS type LSI, U23.

1) Count pulse input circuit

In the following is explained the circuit from count pulse detection up to the UP/DOWN input and COUNT input of U23.

The circuit and timing chart is shown in Fig. 4.3. The frequency divider circuit have been omitted for simplification.

Linear tape motion is transferred to the footage roller, at right side of the transport, by rotating it. This rotation is detected by two photo-

sensors and their outputs applied to Jl on the System Control PCB.

After wave shaping, the two outputs are input to U28-6 and U20-5, a count pulse output at U22-11, and an UP/DOWN output to indicate tape travel direction, at U25-13 and U25-12.

Since the indications are "+/-", the UP/DOWN input at U23-40 must all be "UP" in directions leading away from 0 sec., and "-" indication, it must be in reverse to UP/DOWN of tape travel. This operation is done by using the outputs of U25-13, U25-12 and U23-39 and output at U19-4.

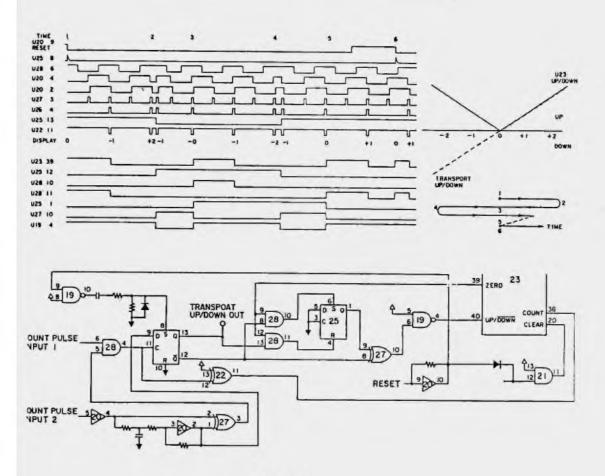


Fig. 4.3

4 =

2) Frequency divider circuit

A count pulse of 64 pulse/sec. is output from U22-11 at a tape speed of 15 ips. As the count input of U23-36 is a lsec. indication for each pulse, the signal must be frequency divided by 1/64 by U1 and U2 on the Divider PCB before it is applied to the above. This timing chart is show in Fig. 4.4.

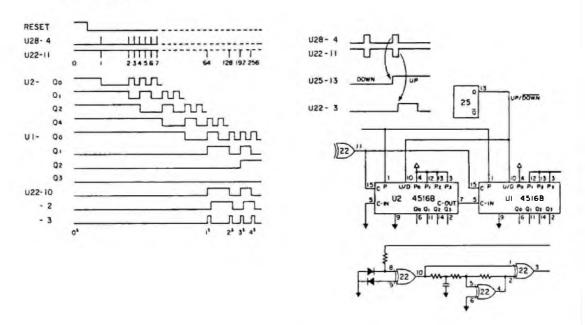


Fig. 4.4

3) Display

The counter display is the dynamic scan type and can indicate from -1H59M 59S up to 9H59M59S. "-" is indicated by using the "g" segment of digit 5. This timing chart is shown in Fig. 4.5.

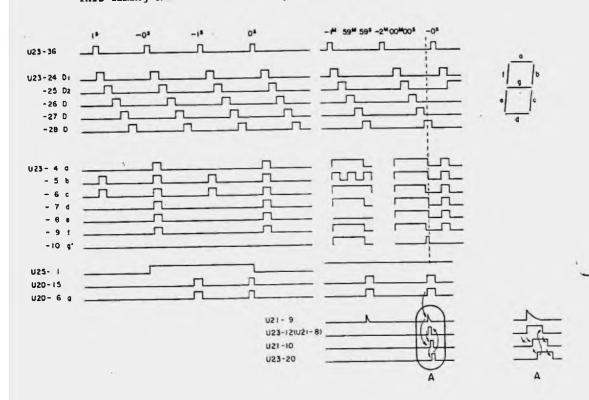


Fig. 4.5

4) Counter LSI, U23

BCD out: When the digit codes are output by dynamic scanning from Dl through D5, each display number is converted to BCD and output by approximately the same timing as with the digit output.

For instance, if the Dl display number is "7", the BCD codes will be output in the following order from LSB throughout the duration when Dl is at "H" level: A=H, B=H, C=H, D=L.

 $R_{
m A}R_{
m B}R_{
m C}$: Input terminal of the U23 internal register for storing the BCD counter codes. $R_{
m D}$ pin is not used.

Load register : The ${\rm R}_{\rm A},~{\rm R}_{\rm B},~{\rm R}_{\rm C},~{\rm R}_{\rm D}$ codes are stored in the register when

this input pin is at "H" level. In other words, the BCD codes, $R_{\rm A}$ through $R_{\rm D}$ representing the number that is output, is stored in the register.

EQUAL : A signal is output here whenever the values of the register and counter agree.

5) Area output for ZERO RTN

As the specifications for this system are as presented in 4-1, item 3, above, outputs for middle speed area and low speed area are required. The middle speed area are set to ± 1 minute and the low speed area to ± 10 seconds. The circuit for this operation is shown in Fig. 4.6 and the timing chart in Fig. 4.7.

 ± 10 second is detected by U31 and ± 1 minute is output by storing one minute in the U23 memory, then setting the U26-13 flip flop by the equal output from U23-23.

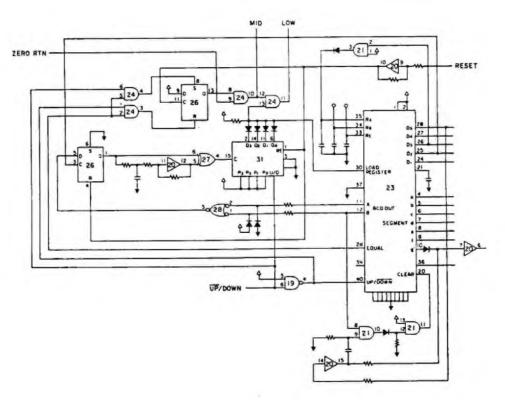


Fig. 4.6

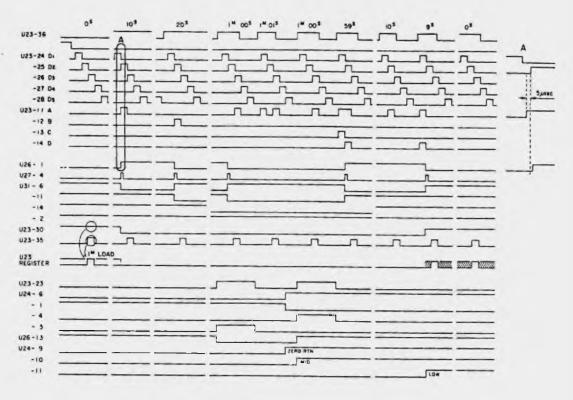


Fig. 4.7

6) Display LED

D36 through D40 on the function/display PCB are the count display LED and are connected to J2 and J3 on the system control PCB by a flat cable. Dot D38 is lit as the dividing point between the Minute and Second LED's.

4.7 Reel servo

In this transport the reel servo circuit functions to apply constant tape tension during PLAY or EDIT modes, and maintain constant tape speed during FAST winding and ZERO RTN modes.

1) Tension control circuit

Tape tension is detected by the photo-interrupter whose output is proportionate to movement of the tension arm and the output response is as shown in Fig. 4.8.

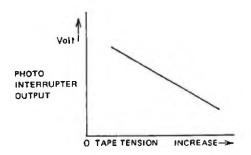


Fig. 4.8

For the takeup side, the photo-interrupter output fed to U16-3, is compared with U16-2 and output at U16-1. Then, passing through a phase advance circuit, is applied to the motor drive circuit consisting of Ul7, Q38 and Q101 (current feedback is applied by R188) to drive the motor. The motor torque thus created puts tension on the tape which moves the tension arm and its position is detected and output by the photo-interrupter. As shown in Fig. 4.8, when tape tension rises, the photo-interrupter output drops and U16-1 also drops. In response to this, the motor drive circuit input also drops and as a result, motor torque decreases to reduce tape tension. When tape tension falls, the operation is reversed to increase the tape tension. As a result of these operations, tape tension is maintained at a constant figure. This constant figure can be established by the voltage input to Ul6-2. In other words, the emitter output of Q37 is the reference voltage by which tape tension is established. This reference voltage is set by R302 for the EDIT mode, by R300 for the PLAY mode when Q15 is ON, and by R301 for F.FWD mode when Q36 is ON. It must be noted that since R300 and R301 are wired in parallel with R302, the adjustments of the former two pots will be affected by any change of the latter pot. The situation is the same for the SUPPLY side.

2) FAST WINDING speed control circuit

Tape speed is controlled by the motion pulse signal from the counter section. Q44 is switched by the motion pulse and a saw tooth wave generated by the integration circuit of C51 and a resistor. The peaks of this saw tooth wave is detected by D46 and C52, then output from the emitter of Q45.

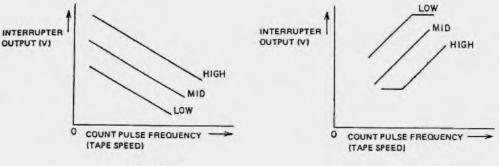


Fig. 4.9

Fig. 4.10

Resistances in the integration circuit for generating the saw tooth wave differs according to tape speed and, for LOW, resistors R308 and R221 are used; for MID, Q42 is switched ON to put R306 and R219 in parallel with the LOW resistors; and for HIGH, both Q42 and Q43 are switched ON to put R307 and R220 in parallel with the resistor combinations for the MID speed. Therefore, the emitter output levels of Q45 will be as shown in Fig. 4.9. The saw tooth waveform will be the same as in Fig. 4.1 and the Q45 emitter output waveform will be the same as from U7-7 shown in Fig. 4.1.

The output of Q45 passing through U18 is applied in parallel with the tension control voltage to the takeup side fast winding servo circuit. Therefore, when tape speed rises, output of Q45 decreases to reduce motor torque of the takeup side and the speed drops. On the other hand, when tape speed goes down, the circuit reacts to raise the speed.

The output of Q45 is inverted by Q46 resulting in an output shown in Fig. 4.10. This output passing through U18, is applied in parallel with the tension control voltage to the supply side fast winding servo circuit. The output of Q46 rises in proportion to rise in tape speed and this raises motor torque of the supply side, thus acting to reduce tape speed but will react to raise the speed if it goes down.

As explained above, speed controlling circuits in the reel supply side and takeup side operate to maintain tape speed at HIGH, MID and LOW with the least effect from differences in amount of tape on either reel.

3) R/P amplifier control circuit

Operation of channel 1 only will be explained as all 16 channels operate in the same way.

When an ENCODE signal arrives from the system control PCB, Ul-1 goes to "L" level and if channel 1 of the record selector switch is depressed, U1-2 will also go to "L" level. Then, Ul-3 and U2-9 will also go to "L" level, the R/P amplifier will change to ENCODE mode and channel 1 will be in the input monitor mode.

If the transport is in the REC-PLAY mode and if a TRANSPORT REC signal is input at "L" level from the system control PCB, U1-13 goes to "L" level, and when the channel 1 of the record selector switch is depressed, U1-12 goes to "L" level. As a result, Ul-11 goes to "L" level, U2-6 and U2-9 also to "L" level, and the R/P amplifier will go to the ENCODE mode. Simultaneously, the output of Ul-11 passes through the integration circuit of R4 and C2, and after a certain delay, an "H" level is output from U1-10. This switches ON the REC relay in the R/P amplifier.

The output of U1-10 is delayed by R7 and C3, and since U1-5 is "L", and "L" level is output from Ul-4 to switch ON the BIAS ON/OFF in the R/P amplifier. At the same time, this signal passing through D4 switches OFF Q6 to switch ON the MASTER BIAS.

When either the TRANSPORT REC signal goes to "H" or the RECORD SELECTOR is switched OFF, Ul-11 goes to "H", Ul-5 goes to "H", and Ul-4 also to "H", and thus the R/P amplifier BIAS ON/OFF signal goes to OFF. After a certain delay of the U1-11 "H" level by R4 and C2, it makes U1-10 go to "H" level. As a result, the REC relay is switched OFF. The output of Ul-10 also delayed by R7 and C3, goes to U2-3, 4 which results in "H" level output from U2-6 and U2-9. Due to this, R/P amplifier goes to the DECODE mode.

The operation is the same for channels 2 through 16.

4.8 Function switch (Function/Display)

- Sl through Sl6 are the RECORD SELECTOR switches and the numbers correspond to the channel numbers 1 through 16.
- Dl through Dl6 are the mode display LED's for the RECORD SELECTOR switches.
- Sl through Sl6 are 2 circuit 2 contact switches with one circuit used for the SAFE/RDY signal and the other used for LED control. Ql and Q2 make up
- a constant current circuit and is controlled by the FUNCTION LED CONT

signal. Q3 and Q4 are for REMOTE/LOCAL switching and when ON, the transport RECORD SELECTOR switch becomes effective.

4.9 Remote control

Using the system control signal and counter signal from the transport, a repeat function in addition to operations possible by the control buttons on the transport are provided and channel selecting for recording, etc. is possible by using the FUNCTION signal.

1) Switch/Display PCB

Signals from the transport are received by Jl, the 40 pin connector on this PCB, and distributed to the Control/Counter PCB.

All functions are controlled by switches S1 through S17 which are wired in parallel via diodes with the transport function switches. However, priority of the function switches on either the transport or the remote control unit is selected by S18. When S18 is switched ON, a single pulse is generated by U2 to null the transport controls.

Control of the transport is done by S19 through S24 which are wired in parallel with the transport control switches. It must be noted here that the Repeat Switch S101 and the Cue Switch S26, not provided on the transport, are sole features added to this unit.

2) Control/Counter PCB

The repeat function is such that by depressing the CUE button at the "+" count area, then depressing the REPEAT switch makes the transport go to the ZERO RTN TO PLAY mode, lets it PLAY to the CUE point, then repeat the ZERO RTN TO PLAY mode again.

3) Control circuit

When the repeat switch is depressed, flip-flop U3 is set and U3-13 goes to "H" level. As U7-8 will go to "L" level at the same time, Q4 switches ON to make the ZERO RTN input go to "L" and the transport thus goes to ZERO RTN. Then, upon the counter reaching O second, a ZERO output of "H" level is output from the counter circuit and applied to U4-5. An "H" level indicating LOW tape speed is also received by U4-4 from the transport. This results in "H" level of U4-6, U4-9 also to "H", Q5 switching ON, PLAY input going to "L" and the transport goes to the PLAY mode.

Upon reaching the CUE point, an "H" level EQUAL output signal from the count circuit is applied to U7-3. Therefore, U7-6 goes to "L", U7-9 to "H", Q4

switches ON to enter the ZERO RTN mode.

This operation will be repeated continuously but if it is to be cancelled, it is only necessary to depress any button except REC or REPEAT. U7-10 will then go to "H", flip-flop U3 reset and U3-13 to "L" to cancel the repeat mode.

4) Counter circuit

The count pulse and UP/DOWN signal from the transport are used. In the main part is used the same P-MOS type LSI used in the transport main unit, designated U8, and since the display is the "+/-" type, it is driven by U1, U2, U3, etc. For details, refer to the counter section, 4-6. There is, however, one point which differs from that in the transport main unit and that is repeat function. Due to this additional feature, it must output an EQUAL signal at the CUE point. For this purpose, the EQUAL function of U8 is utilized. When the CUE button is depressed, C13 is discharged through R49 and D19, but charged again through R48 and R50 when the button is released. Then, during the period until U5-14 reaches threshold potential, U5-15 goes to "L" level and U8-30 (LOAD REGISTER) goes to "H" level. The counter display number is output from BCD OUT and this is sent to the register inputs RA ∿ RD via D22 ∿ D25. During the period when U8-30 is at "H" level, the signals from BCD OUT are input to RA RD and latched by the register. In this way, the counter display time at the instant the CUE button is depressed and released is latched by the register and when the counter reaches the time that was latched in the register, an EQUAL signal is output from U8-23.

5. ALIGNMENT AND ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Test equipment required

Spring scale 0 ~ 4kg. (0 ~ 8 lbs.)

0 ∿ 300g. (0 ∿ 10 ozs.)

Flutter meter Meguro Denpa Sokki Co., Model MK-668B (Japan)

Audio oscillator

Frequency counter Range: $0 \sim 1 \text{MHz}$; sensitivity: 0.1 Vrms;

impedance: >1 $M\Omega$, <25pF

Band-pass filter General purpose frequency analyzer

AC voltmeter Range: $-80dB \sim +40dB$; impedance: $>1M\Omega$, <25pF

Oscilloscope General purpose

Test tapes For reproduce alignment: Fostex Model 9200,

P/N 8266033001 or MRL 31J329

For wow/flutter measurement: Fostex Model 9201,

P/N 8266034001 or STL CAT No. 62

Blank tape Ampex 456 or Scotch 226 or equivalent

5.2 Transport check and adjustment

1) Pinch roller pressure

Pinch roller pressure is applied by the Pinch Roller Pressure Spring only and it is most important that the solenoid plunger be fully bottomed before taking a pressure measurement.

a) Attach a suitable spring scale to the pinch roller shaft with a short loop of twine as shown in Fig. 5.1.

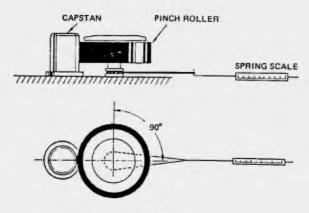


Fig. 5.1

- b) Put the deck in the PLAY mode, and positioning the scale as illustrated, slowly draw it in direction opposite the capstan until the pinch roller stops rotating.
- NOTE: Insert a piece of opaque paper between the LED and sensor so as to deactivate the Tape Presence Sensor.
- c) The spring scale should indicate 2.5kg $^{\circ}$ 3kg (5.5lbs $^{\circ}$ 6.6lbs).
- d) If the reading is off specification, loosen the screw securing the plunger solenoid bracket and shift the solenoid in direction of arrow shown in Fig. 5.2.

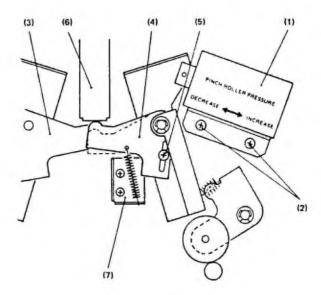


Fig. 5.2

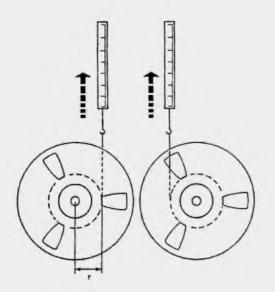
- e) With the solenoid in the bottomed state, manually lift lever (3) to its uppermost position, loosen screw (5) to allow changing the upper limit of lever (4), then match the top side of the left end of lever (4) with the same top side of lever (3), and tighten screw (5).
- f) Loosen the two screws securing the stopper (7) bracket and fix the stopper position so that the top side of both arm end of levers (3) and (4) are at the same distance from lever slide (6), then tighten the two screws.

2) Brake torque

Brake torque is applied mechanically. Pressure is set by variable spring force. While making these measurements and adjustments, be careful not to bend the brake bands. As brake torque will change after cleaning, brake drums and brake shoes should be cleaned only when absolutely necessary. If cleaning is required, use isopropyl alcohol. After cleaning, operate the machine for a month of normal operation before performing the procedures below.

Brake adjustments are made with NO power to the equipment.

- a) Place an empty reel on the left reel table, and fasten one end of a 30" length of twine to the reel anchor.
- b) Wind several turns of twine CCW around the hub and attach a suitable spring scale to the free end of the twine.
- c) Take a reading only when the reel is in steady motion since the force required to overcome static friction will produce a false, excessively high initial reading.
- d) The reading should be 1800 $^{\circ}$ 2200 g-cm (25 $^{\circ}$ 30.5 in-oz).



*FORMULA FOR TORQUE CALCULATION

T(g.cm/in.oz) = R x W

WHERE - R - RADIUS OF HUB (cm/in)
W - (g/az)

Fig. 5.3

if the measurements do not comply with the specs, brake torque is adjusted by changing the hook position of spring (4).

Brake torque can be changed in five steps by different combinations of the hook positions for spring (4) as listed below:

Maximum tension	C	&	a'
Strong	c	6	b'
Standard tension	b	8	p,
Weak	a	&	þ'
Minimum tension	a	2	c'

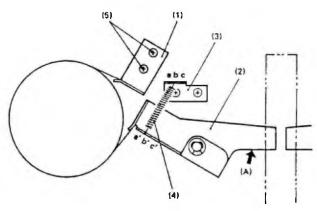


Fig. 5.4

- NOTE: a) Referring to Fig. 5.6, loosen the two screws holding Bracket Stopper (16), shift the Bracket Stopper downward, and tighten the two screws previously loosened.
 - b) Loosen the two screws (5) of the Brake Band Bracket (1), Fig. 5.4, move Lever (17) 3mm upward so that Slide Lever (13) is also shifted upward, then with the brake band touching the drum, move the Brake Band Bracket (1) until the protrusion on Slide Lever (13) just touches the Brake Lever (14). Then, tighten the previously loosened two screws (5).
- 3) Tension roller height adjustment

If tape travel is unsatisfactory due to a misaligned tension roller, its height must be corrected by loosening the 4mm hex screw (3), readjusting the height and then tightening the hex screw again.

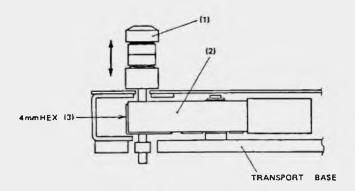


Fig. 5.5

- 4) Height adjustment of the head assembly guide Height of the center guide in the head assembly must be adjusted when tape travel is unsatisfactory. The height is adjusted by rotating the screw on top of the guide with a 3mm box wrench while running a tape over the guide.
- 5) Tape lifter adjustment
 - a) Referring to Fig. 5.6, with the solenoid (1) plunger bottomed, the solenoid bracket (5) position is adjusted so that the gap between the rubber sleeve on the lifter pin (3) and the lower part of the perpendicular hole in the base guide (4) is 2 % 3mm.
 - b) With the plunger still bottomed as before, the lifter stopper (6) is moved left or right so that the gap between the rubber sleeve on the lifter pin
 (8) on the lifter arm (7) and the shield plate (9) is 1.5 * 2.5mm.
 - c) With the plunger of solenoid (1) bottomed, push Lever (17) upward by 5mm, then tighten screw (15).

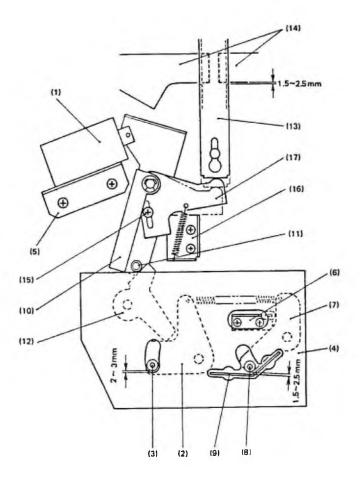


Fig. 5.6

- 5.3 Reel Servo Adjustment
- 1. Necessary equipment

Oscilloscope

Tape tension gauge Tentel Model T2-H20-ML

Blank tape

1/2" width, Ampex 456 or Scotch 226

- 2. Adjusting procedure
- 2-1 Tension sensor adjustment
 - 1) Swing out the System Control PCB.
 - 2) Connect an oscilloscope or voltmeter to the System Control PCB test point 2 (Takeup side) or test point 3 (Supply side) to measure the voltage.
 - 3) Loosen screw A, on the Tension Sensor mounting plate (Fig. 5.7), for the takeup side.
 - 4) Make sure the tension arm is at its lowest point.
 - 5) Move the tension sensor until the test point voltage is 8V, $\pm 0.2V$ (14V, ±0.2V when changed to the NEW Tension Arm Ass'y), then tighten screw A. Check the voltage again after tightening this screw.
 - 6) Loosen screw B, for the supply side tension sensor, and follow the above procedures 2) through 5) while checking the voltage at test point 3.

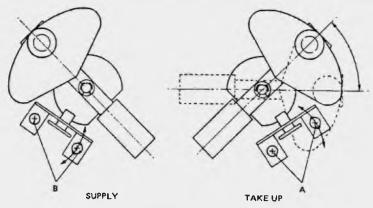
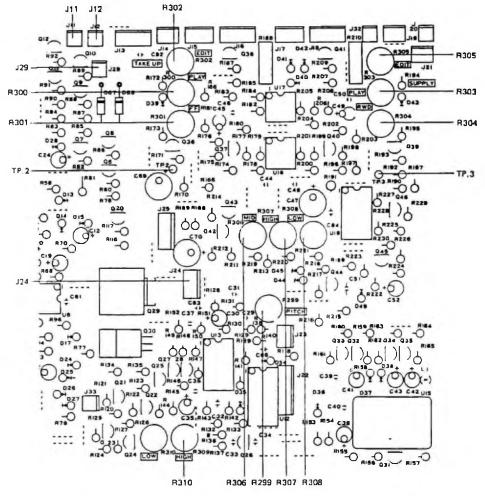


Fig. 5.7

- 2-2 Tape tension adjustment (Refer to Fig. 5.8 for connector and pot locations)
 - 1) Load a 10-1/2 inch blank tape on the transport and wind tape so that both supply and takeup reels hold approximately the same amount of tape.
 - 2) Pull out connectors Jll and Jl2, on the System Control PCB, and plug Jl2 into J29.



- Fig. 5.8
- 3) Pull out J24 (J33 for B-16D) to prevent the capstan motor from running at PLAY mode.
- 4) Looking from the component side of the System Control PCB, rotate all trimmer pots R300 through R305 to extreme CW position.
- 5) Put transport in EDIT mode by depressing the STOP button.
- 6) Insert the tension gauge into point A and set tape tension to 30g, $\pm 2g$ by adjusting EDIT pot R302 on the System Control PCB. Next, insert the tension gauge into point 8 and in the same way, set tape tension to 30g, $\pm 2g$ by adjusting EDIT pot R305.
- 7) Put transport in the PLAY mode.

- 8) Adjust tape tension at point A to 115g, $\pm 5g$ by PLAY pot R300, and tape tension at point B to 80g, $\pm 5g$ by the PLAY pot R303.
- 9) Put transport in the F.FWD mode.
- 10) Adjust F.F R301 for a 150g, ±5g tape tension at point A. This is a rough adjustment - refer to Item 16), 2-3 for final precise adjustment.
- 12) Adjust RWD R304 for a 150g, $\pm 5g$ tape tension at point B.
- 13) Put transport in the STOP mode.
- 14) Remove connector from J29 and plug into J12. Also return connectors J11 and J24 into their original receptacles.

NOTE: Procedures from step 7) and later can be conducted in any order.

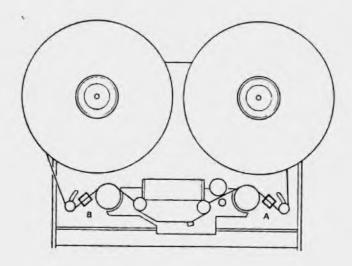


Fig. 5.9

- 2-3 Fast wind speed adjustment (To be done only after completing 2-2)
 - Monitor the System Control PCB test point 1 (Fig. 5.10) signal with an oscilloscope (square wave footage roller output).
 - 2) Wind tape to about equal amount on both reels.
 - 3) RESET the counter.
 - 4) Put transport in P.FWD mode until counter reads +8 \sim +9S.
 - Set the oscilloscope TIME/DIV to about 2msec. to enable monitoring of a 10msec. waveform.

4-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8288 0681 00

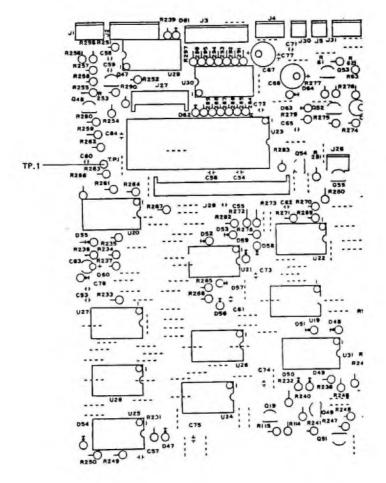


Fig. 5.10

- 6) Depress the ZERO RTN button. (NOTE: Do not depress ZERO RTN directly from F.F mode. Depress STOP and then ZERO RTN only after tape has stopped completely.)
- 7) Adjust LOW R308 so that one cycle length of the square wave at test point 1 until tape comes to a complete stop is a minimum 10 ±0.4msec.
- 8) Repeat above 4) % 7) and adjust R308 until a minimum 10 ±0.4msec. is obtained.
- Reset the oscilloscope TIME/DIV to about 0.5msec to enable monitoring a waveform of 2.5msec.
- 10) Put transport in F.FWD mode until counter reaches +40 ∿ +59S.

- 11) Depress the ZERO RTN button. (NOTE: Do not directly depress ZERO RTN during F.F mode. Depress STOP and then ZERO RTN only after tape has completely stopped.)
- 12) Adjust MID R306 so that one cycle length of the square wave is a minimum 2.5 ±0.1msec.
- 13) Repeat 10) $^{\circ}$ 12) until 2.5 ±0.1msec. is obtained.
- 14) Put transport in RWD mode until counter reads -40 ∿ -595.
- 15) Depress ZERO RTN button. Observe same NOTE: as in 6), above.
- 16) Adjust F.F R301 so that one cycle length of the square wave is a minimum ±0.1msec. of the adjustment results of above 13).

 Looking at R301 from the component side of the PCB, the cycle will become shorter by CCW rotation and longer by CW rotation. Also, rotate the pot very slowly as cycle change response is slow in regards to resistance change.
- 17) Repeat 14) % 16) until one cycle length of the square wave is ±0.1msec. of the adjustment results of above 13).
- 18) Wind a maximum amount of tape on the supply reel. Put transport in the F.FWD mode and set the oscilloscope TIME/DIV to about 0.1msec.
- 19) Repeatedly adjust HIGH pot R307 so that the square wave cycle becomes $0.75 \sim 0.80 \text{msec.}$ at maximum F.FWD speed (when square wave cycle is minimum).
- 20) Put an empty reel on the supply side, thread tape on transport, put in RWD mode and when maximum tape speed is reached, confirm the square wave cycle to be ±0.05msec. of the results of 19) and in addition, that it is

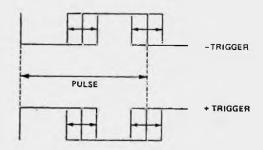


Fig. 5.11

within 0.72 \sim 0.83msec. If these figures are off spec, repeat the procedures from 9), above.

NOTE: 1. Go through the above procedures in order listed.

 Although the square wave jitters sideways, measurements are taken at the center of the jitter. Measurements will be easier with less jitter, obtained by experimenting with +trigger or -trigger signals.

2-4 Tape Speed Adjustment

2.4.1 Necessary equipment

Counter Frequency counter or Wow/Flutter Meter w/counter

Test tapes Fostex 9201 (for wow/flutter measurement, Fostex P/N 8266 0340 01 or STL #62-1 (1/2 inch, 15 ips, 3000Hz)

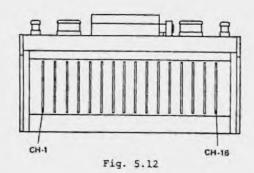
2.4.2 Adjusting procedure

NOTE: Always conduct the following only after PLAY Tape Tension Adjustment as tape speed will be affected by tape tension during the PLAY mode.

- 1) Swing out the System Control PCB.
- 2) One OUTPUT from among channels 2 \sim 15 is monitored the counter.
- 3) Thread test tape on transport.
- 4) The pitch control pot (R14), on the Function/Display PCB, is set to approximate center and the pitch control ON/OFF switch at right of R14 is switched ON.
- 5) Adjust HIGH pot R309, on the System Control PCB, for a counter reading of 3000Hz ±5Hz.
- 6) Switch OFF the pitch control.
- Adjust PITCH pot R299, on the same PCB, for a counter reading of 3000Hz ±1Hz.

5.4 Record/Reproduce Amplifier Checks and Adjustments

Checking and adjusting the record/reproduce amplifiers can be speedily and efficiently carried out by following the procedures below.



- 5.4.1 Calibrating the Dolby encode mode and meters
- To calibrate TRACK 1, depress the RECORD TRACK 1 button, depress RECORD to put TRACK 1 (CHAN 1) in the recorde mode without running the tape.
- 2) Plug in an audio oscillator output to the recorder rear panel INPUT l jack and apply a lKHz, -10dBV (0.3V) signal.
- 3) Set the NR INT/EXT switch on the recorder rear panel to EXT, connect a level meter to test point TP-1 and adjust REC CAL (R-101, $10 \mathrm{K}\Omega \mathrm{B}$) so that the level here is 390mV.
- 4) On completing the above adjustments, connect the level meter to OUTPUT 1 jack on the recorder rear panel and check that the level here is -10dBV (0.3V) ±1dB.
- 5) After checking the OUTPUT jack level, adjust METER CAL (R-102, $50 K\Omega B$) for a OdB reading on the recorder BAR GRAPH METER.
- 6) Calibrate tracks 2 \sim 16 in the same way.
- 5.4.2 Calibrating the Dolby decode mode
- Set the NR INT/EXT switch on the recorder rear panel to EXT and switch off all RECORD TRACK buttons.
- 2) Playback the Reference Level Section of the Reproduce Alignment Tape.
- 3) Beginning adjustments from TRACK 1 (CHAN 1), connect a level meter to test point TP-1 located near U2 upon the CHAN 1 PCB of the record/reproduce amplifier, and adjust REP CAL (R-104, 10KΩB) so that the level is 390mV.
- 4) After these adjustments, connect the level meter to the recorder rear panel OUTPUT 1 jack and check that the level is -10dBV (0.3V) ±1dB.
- 5) After check of the OUTPUT jack level, confirm that the meter reading is OdB, ±1dB.

- If the reading is not OdB, ±ldB, repeat the adjustments in the previous section, Item 5.4.1.
- : Calibrate tracks 2 $^{\circ}$ 16 (CHAN 2 $^{\circ}$ 16) by the same procedures for TRACK 1, above.
- in completing the above adjustments, return to INT the NR INT/EXT switch on the recorder rear panel.
- i.4.3 Adjusting the reproduce frequency response
- Set the NR INT/EXT switch on the recorder rear panel to EXT and switch off all RECORD TRACK buttons.
- Playback the Head Azimuth and Frequency Response sections of the Reproduce Alignment Tape.

The Azimuth and Phase Adjusting Screw is adjusted for this alignment as shown in Fig. 5.13

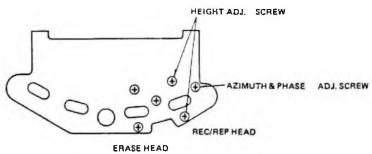


Fig. 5.13

3) Adjust the Azimuth and Phase Adjusting Screw for maximum reading on all sixteen BAR GRAPH meters of the recorder.

Then, connect the vertical input of the oscilloscope to TRACK 1 output and the horizontal input to one among TRACKS 2 \sim 16; set the oscilloscope to XY mode to obtain a lissajous waveform to check the phase.



Fig. 5.14

If the trace length between (1) and (2) are not the same, it means that the two inputs are not of the same Ievel. Correct for equal lengths by the oscilloscope controls.

If the playback head azimuth is out of alignment, the following patterns will result:



IA LARGER ERROR





SMALL MISALIGNMENT (A LARGER ERROR 30° OUT OF PHASE) 90° OUT OF PHASE)

Fig. 5.15

As a result of phase check with a 10KHz signal, the adjustment is finished if difference in phase is less than 90° between tracks and azimuth adjustment is at the best point.

4) Check the playback frequency response of each channel by playback of the Frequency Response section of the Reproduce Alignment Tape. The recorder BAR GRAPH meters can be used for this check, but if a more accurate measurement is necessary, the level meter is plugged one by one into the recorder rear panel 1 ~ 16 OUTPUT jacks and the levels are then measured here.

The normal playback frequency response should be within $\pm 3dB$ for a frequency range of $40 \sim 18,000 Hz$.

If response is not within spec, adjust REP EQ R103, $5 \kappa \Omega_{\rm B}$.

5) Whenever RlO3 is adjusted, the Dolby encode must be recalibrated.

5.4.4 Bias leakage check

Two bias trap modules are provided for each channel. One is in the first stage of the reproduce amplifier and the other in the output stage of the record amplifier.

1) Reproduce bias trap module, U5

To check bias leakage of TRACK 1, the oscilloscope probe is connected to TP-3 and the probe ground clip to the nearest GND.

Put TRACK 1 in the reproduce mode, the adjacent TRACK 2 in the record mode and check bias leakage at TP-3 and trim the slug of U5 for a minimum reading. (At checking TRACK 2, put the adjacent tracks 1 or 3 in the record mode.) If the

voltage is high, it is adjusted by rotating the center slug of U5 but before doing this, check the frequency (100KHz, ±0.5KHz) of the erase/bias master oscillator. To check the oscillator frequency, the record/reproduce amplifier PCB is pulled out from the B-16 and the frequency at connector pin No. 4 is checked.

If the oscillator frequency is off spec, replace the erase/bias master oscillator module (UI5).

2) Record bias trap module, U9

To check bias leakage of TRACK 1, the oscilloscope probe is connected to TP-5 and the probe ground clip to GND nearest to TP-3.

Put TRACK 1 in the record mode and check bias leakage at TP-5. Normal voltage is 1.1V P-P.

If response is off spec, check frequency (100KHz, t0.5KHz) of the bias/erase master oscillator. Then rotate the center core of U9 to adjust bias leakage.

5.4.5 Erase current adjustment

In adjusting the erase current, put the track to be adjusted in the record mode.

To adjust TRACK 1, for example, connect the hot side of the oscilloscope probe to TP-4 located near REP CAL, and the ground clip of the probe to GND pin at rear of U6, L.P.F. Set the core of L-1 so that the voltage at TP-4 is 1.7V P-P.

Adjust the remaining tracks 2 % 16 in the same way. 1.6 Upp

5.4.6 Bias current adjustment

The track to be adjusted is put in the record mode.

To adjust TRACK 1, for example, connect the oscilloscope probe hot side to TP-2, located near connector J-1, and the ground clip to the GND pin.

Then, set the BIAS LVL trimmer capacitor C42, 150pF, for a level of approximately 450mV P-P.

For an accurate adjustment, load a blank tape (Ampex #456, Scotch #226) on the recorder, record a test signal, set the NR switch to INT, and trim the BIAS LYL trimmer capacitor so that the overall frequency is within 3dB between 250Hz and lokHz, or within 5dB when the higher end is 14KHz (measured at -25dB below the reference level).

During this adjustment, temporarily set the screwdriver adjusting slot of REC EQ, R-106, 2KNB so that this slot is parallel with the PCB plane, then trim it for a flatter overall frequency response.

5.4.7 Recording level adjustment

- 1) Proceed to the following adjustments only after checks and adjustments in the previous Sections 5.4.1 \circ 5.4.6 have been completed. Set the front panel NR INT/EXT switch to EXT.
- 2) Load a blank tape (Ampex #456 or Scotch #226) on the transport and apply an audio oscillator output of lKHz, -lOdBV (0.3V) to the INPUT jack on the recorder rear panel.

Also, plug in a level meter to the OUTPUT jack.

Using TRACK l as an example, the connector number is "1" for both INPUT and OUTPUT jacks.

- 3) Depress the RECORD TRACK 1 button, then, depress the RECORD and PLAY buttons to put TRACK 1 in the record mode.
 - when in the record mode, the meter will indicate the input level regardless of the position of the input button.

Check to see that the reading of this meter is OdB ±ldB.

Repeat this procedure for the remaining tracks 2 \sim 16.

- 4) It will be convenient to rewind the tape to the start if the tape index counter reset button is depressed, at start of recording, to return the display to 0000.
- 5) After recording a certain length of lKHz, OdB signal, depress the ZERO RTN button; to rewind tape to the starting point, put the transport in the PLAY mode and check the meter reading. The MONITOR switch must be at TAPE.
 In normal condition, the meter reading is OdB tldB.
 If response is off spec, correct by adjusting REC LVL R-105, 5KΩB.

5.4.8 Overall frequency response

1) With the rear panel NR INT/EXT switch at EXT and under the measurement setup of the previous Section 5.4.7, apply signals from 40Hz through 18KHz at -10dBV (0.3V) to the recorder INPUT jack and set the NR switch to INT. To adjust TRACK 1, for example, apply the signal to INPUT 1 and plug in a level meter to OUTPUT jack 1. Put TRACK 1 in the record mode to record a certain length of the signal, rewind it to the start, and playback the tape. In normal condition, the frequency response in reference to IKHz is within +1dB and -1dB.

If response does not fall within spec in the high frequency region, correct it by a slight rotation of the REC EQ pot R-106, $2 \mbox{K}\Omega B$.

2) Check and adjust the remaining tracks in the same way.

5.4.9 Overall S/N measurement

- 1) Set the front panel NR INT/EXT switch at INT.
- 2) Upon completing checks up to Section 5.4.8, apply a lKHz, -10dBV (0.3V) signal to the rear panel INPUT jack 1 (example for track 1), record the signal onto a blank tape, then, without stopping the tape, unplug the oscillator connected to the INPUT jack and further record a length of no-signal on the tape.
- 3) Plug a level meter into OUTPUT jack 1, play back the recorded signal section to measure the noise level of the no-signal section against the IKHz reference level, add 10dB to it and obtain the ratio between peak recording level and noise level.

Specification: 80dB weighted 60dB unweighted

5.4.10 T.H.D. measurement

- 1) Set the front panel NR INT/EXT switch to INT.
- 2) to adjust TRACK 1, for example, apply a lKHz, -10dBV (0.3V) test signal to INPUT jack 1, record it, playback the recorded tape and apply its output from OUTPUT jack 1 to the distortion meter.

Specification: T.H.D. 1% or less

3) If response is not within spec, demagnetize the head, check the bias trap adjustment and record level.

If response still does not fall within spec after taking the corrective measures above, readjust the bias current by the procedures in the previous Section 5.4.6.

4) When the Section 5.4.6 adjustments are made, it is necessary to go through procedures in Sections 5.4.7 and 5.4.9.

5.4.11 Erase measurement

- 1) Set the rear panel NR INT/EXT switch to INT.
- 2) To adjust TRACK 1, for example, apply a 1KHz, OdBV (1V) signal which is 10dB higher than the reference level, to INPUT jack 1 and put TRACK 1 in the record mode.

Partially rewind the tape to retain a section of the LKHz signal and then record over the remaining section without any signal at the input.

3) Rewind to start of recording, playback the tape, insert a lKHz bandpass filter between OUTPUT 1 and the level meter to measure the output.

- 4) The level ratio between the 1KHz recording and the no-signal recording is the erasure figure. In normal condition, erasure is higher than 70dB.
- 5) If response is less than the spec, increase erase current by about 10% according to the procedure of Section 5.4.5. Monitor the erase current waveform on the oscilloscope and set the core just before the waveform begins to deteriorate. A higher current will heat the erase head and result in damage to the tape.

6. DISMOUNTING OF MAJOR COMPONENTS

Depending on the extent of special maintenance, you may have to remove the bottom cover, trim panel, and furthermore, dismount major components inside.

For the sake of efficient maintenance, please follow the procedures below. Should it be difficult to fully understand the procedures, please refer to the EXPLODED VIEWS.

6.1 REAR PANEL (Fig. 6.1)

- * Screw (A) Four on the rear cover and two on the top are removed.
- * Screw (B) Two on the rear lower side and four on the bottom are removed.
- * Adjusting of trim pots for METER CAL and REC CAL on the R/P AMP can be done from the bottom by removing the six screw (B) and removing the bottom cover.

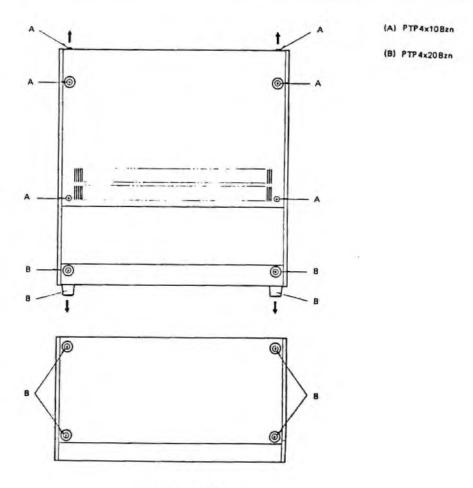


Fig. 6.1

6.2 TAPE TRANSPORT PANEL (Fig. 6.2)

- * Remove the head housing by unscrewing the two housing screws (A) with a coin.
- * Rotate the pinch roller cap (B) CCW to remove it and then take off the pinch roller.
- * Remove the four screw (C) and the head base panel can be lifted out.
- * Loosen screw (D) and the panel display and the panel function unit can be lifted out.
- * Remove four screw (E).

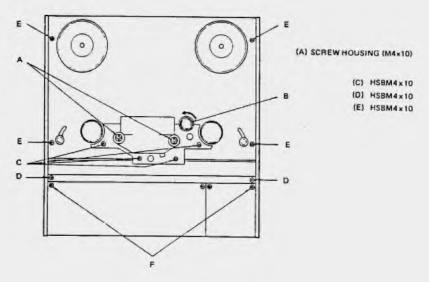
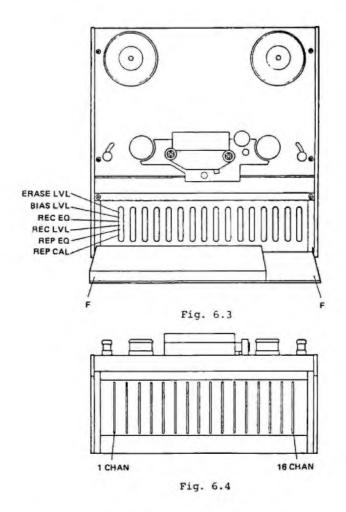


Fig. 6.2

* The tape transport panel can then be removed for adjusting the pinch roller pressure, brake torque, tape lifters, etc. For each adjusting procedure, refer to pages 23, 25 and 27.

6.3 AMPLIFIER PANEL (Figs. 6.2 and 6.3)

* By removing two screw (F), the amplifier panel hinged at the lower side, can be swung down to make adjustments on other than METER CAL and REC CAL from the front side.



6.4 RECORD/REPRODUCE PCB (Fig. 6.4)

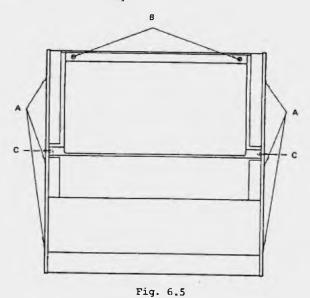
* Regular adjustments on the record/reproduce amplifier is possible without removing the bottom cover, as previously mentioned, but for adjusting the bias trap coil or to connect an AC voltmeter and oscilloscope to the test point at adjusting trim pots, the record/reproduce PCB must be brought out by using the extension card (Fostex P/N 8286012000).

6.5 SYSTEM CONTROL PCB ASSEMBLY (Fig. 6.5)

* After removing the rear cover, removing screw (B) will allow the System Control PCB to be swung down pivoted on the lower side by two screw (C). If the System Control PCB must be removed from the B-16, the side boards must be removed by unscrewing (A), then removing screw (C).

6.6 POWER TRANSFORMER (Fig. 6.6)

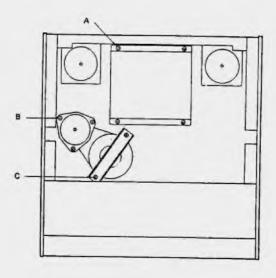
- * Remove the four screw (A).
- Unsolder the primary wires at the power switch and the secondary wires at the rectifier PCB assembly.



(A) PTP 4x10Bzh

(B) PTP 3x88zn

(C) PTP 4x10Bzn



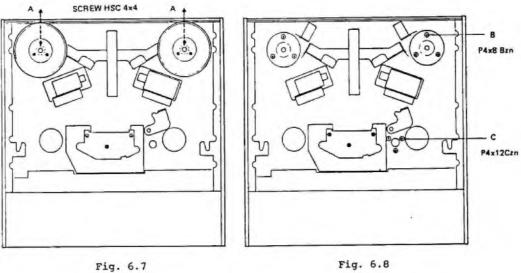
(A) PTT 5x10Czn

(B) P4x12Czn

(C) P4x12Czn

Fig. 6.6

- 5.7 CAPSTAN MOTOR ASSEMBLY (Fig. 6.6)
 - * Remove the three (B) screws and the capstan motor assembly can be taken out.
 - * Unsolder the motor lead wires at the terminating PCB.
- 6.8 REPLACING THE CAPSTAN BELT (Fig. 6.6)
 - * Remove the two (C) screws and take off the bracket to replace the capstan belt.
- 6.9 REEL MOTOR ASSEMBLY (Figs. 6.7 and 6.8)
 - * Loosen the two (A) screws at left and right to remove the reel drums. Then, removing three each of screw (B), on the left and right side, and the assembly can be lifted out.
 - * Unsolder the motor lead wires at the terminating PCB.



- Fig. 6.8
- 6.10 CAPSTAN ASSEMBLY (Figs. 6.6 and 6.8)
 - * Remove the bracket by removing two screw (C) shown in Fig. 6.6.
 - * Remove three of screw (C), in Fig.6.8 and the capstan assembly can be lifted out.

CAUTION: Whenever the capstan assembly is replaced, loosen screw (A) and adjust thrust play to 0.1 ∿ 0.5mm (Fig. 6.9)

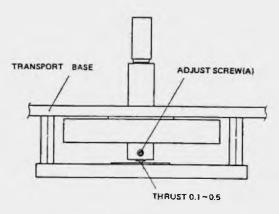


Fig. 6.9

6.11 AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY (Fig. 6.10)

- * Remove all screws as detailed in previous Items 1) and 5).
- * Remove the eight screw (A) four on each side.
- * Referring to the EXPLODED VIEW (Page 51), remove the two screws securing the Head Shield Sheet, Ref. No. 26, and unplug the cables from the jacks and connectors on the R/P Amplifier.
- * Unsolder the AC cable at the power switch terminals.
- * The AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY can then be removed from the main unit.

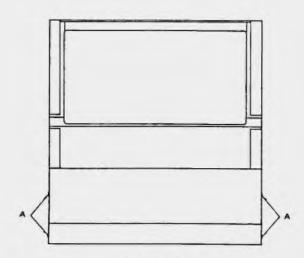
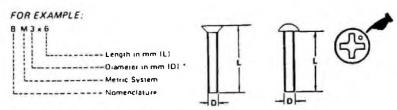


Fig. 6.10

7. EXPLODED VIEWS, PCB ASSEMBLIES AND PARTS LIST

ASSEMBLING HARDWARE CODING LIST

All screws conform to ISO standards, and have crossrecessed heads, unless otherwise noted. ISO screws have the head inscribed with a point as in the figure to the right,

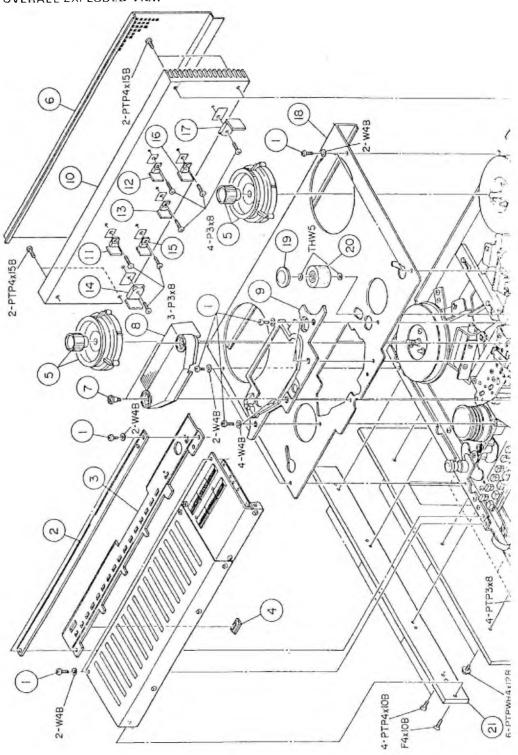


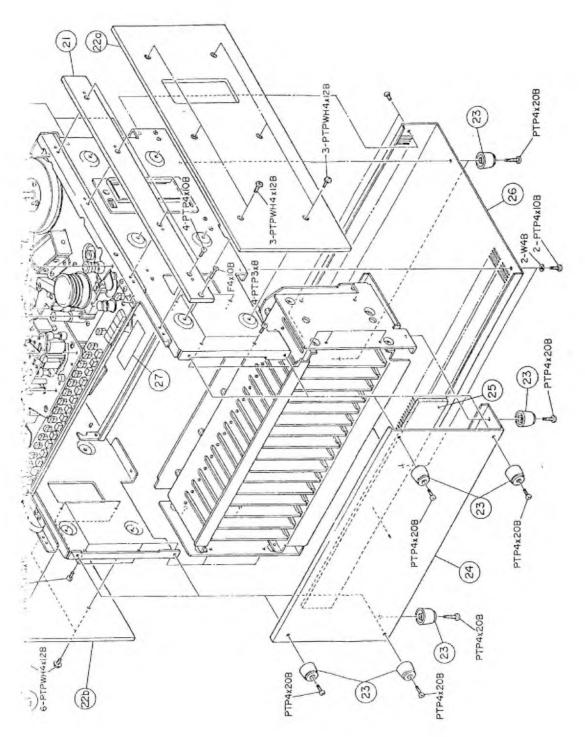
* Inner dia, for washers and	nuts
------------------------------	------

	CODE	NAME	TYPE		COOE	NAME	TYPE
	P	Pan Head Scient	0=	5	TW	Trim Washer (Counterwest)	9
3	т	Stove Head Sciew (Truss)	() married	N. DG. N	N	Feet Null	9
SCREW	9	Binding Head Scrimi	0==	WASHER, LUG, NUT	L	Lve	9
MACHINE	F	Fiel Countersons Head Screw	(I) THE REAL PROPERTY.	WAS	THW	Thrust Washer I Poly Washer 3	©
K	0	Onel Countersunt Head Screw	0		HSF	Her Sociali Sespone Flat Point	Strong]
	PWH	Pani Washan Head Screw		R W	HSC	Here Socket Setyprese (Curp Point)	
EW	AW	Round Head Woold Screw	()	SETSCREW	\$\$F	Storred Socket Stocker (Flat Point)	
D SCREW	FW	Flat Counterpunk Wood Screw			SSC	Statem Social Singletone (Cup Point)	
WOOD	OW	Oval Countersunk Wood Screw	0	5	MSB	Her Soket Hand Boll	(1)
	PTP	Pari Head Sall Tabbing Scienc B (you)	1	8	нв	Hips Heard Bolt	Danner
SCREV	PTPWH	Pan mather Head Self Tanzing Scient (B 1928)	()mm		ER	E Ring (Reserving Warker)	(20
TAPPING SCREW	ттр	Stove Head Self Tapping Screw (8 type)	()		CAR	C-Ring (Inner)	@
1	FTP	Flat Countersunk Head Sell Tapoing Scient I B Ivon I	(3)	2	CRS	C-Rang (Outer)	0
3	PTT	Pan Head Tectoring Screen		ENG.	GR	Sanger Ring	đ
SCREW	PTTWH	Part Washer Heard Tapping Screw	0		SP	Spring Pin	
TAPTITE	TIT	Slove Head Tapping Science	()		SR	Shed Ring	₩ -w>
TA	FTT	Flat Countersunk Helms Tapping Screen	-		Zn	Zinc plating	
S.M.	PS	Pan Head Sciene with Soring Wester	(Common of the common of the c		CZn	Colored zine plating	
SCREW	PSW	Pan Hand Scraw with Washer and Spring Weshell		1.	820	Black zinc plating	
TO.	w	Flat Water	0	FINISH	Ni	Nickel ofering	
	LW	Spring Washer	®		BNI	Stace numericalising	
WASHER, LUG.	LWI	Internal Teatri Lock Washer	©		Cr	Chromid pleting	
WAS	LWE	Example 1 anii Lock Washes	(C)		BC.	Black chrome plating	

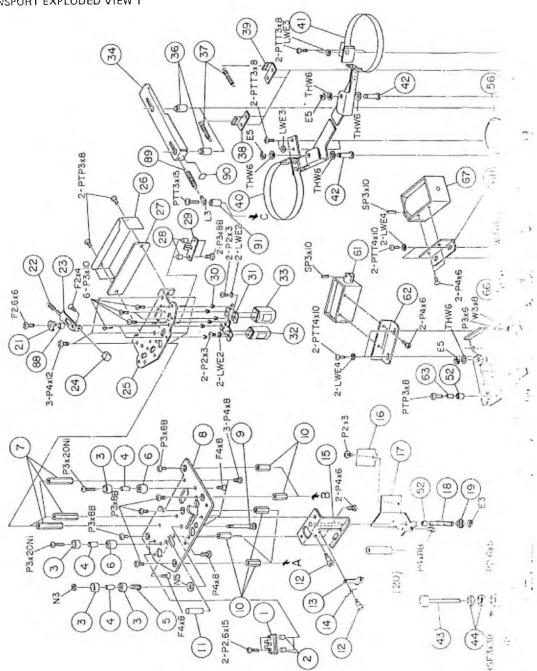
Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenc la ture
1	8204 0190 00	Screw, button head, M4x10
2	8212 0780 00	Panel, display
3	8220 1690 00	Panel, function
4	8226 0191 00	Escutcheon B
5	8260 1270 00	Reel clamper ass'y, 1/2
6	8220 2381 00	Cover, heat sink
7	8214 1100 00	Screw, housing
8	8212 0773 00	Housing, head
9	8212 0760 00	Panel, head base
10	8223 1010 00	Heat sink B
11	8273 1190 00	PCB ass'y, regulator, Ul
12	8273 1220 00	w w n U4
13	8273 1210 00	" " U3
14	8273 1180 00	<pre>power transistor, supply</pre>
15	8273 1200 00	" , regulator, U2
16	8273 1170 00	" , power transistor, takeup
17	8273 1230 00	" , regulator, US
18	8220 1681 00	Panel, transport
19	8223 0670 00	Cap, pinch roller
50	8260 1340 00	Pinch roller, 1/2
21	8223 0600 00	Side sash
22a	8216 0752 01	Panel, side (R)
224	8216 0752 02	- (L)
23	8207 0016 01	Foot, tranleg. TL-016
24	8220 1710 00	Cover, bottom
25	8216 0741 00	Cushian, PCB
26	8220 1702 00	Cover, rear
27	8216 0900 00	Screen, caunter

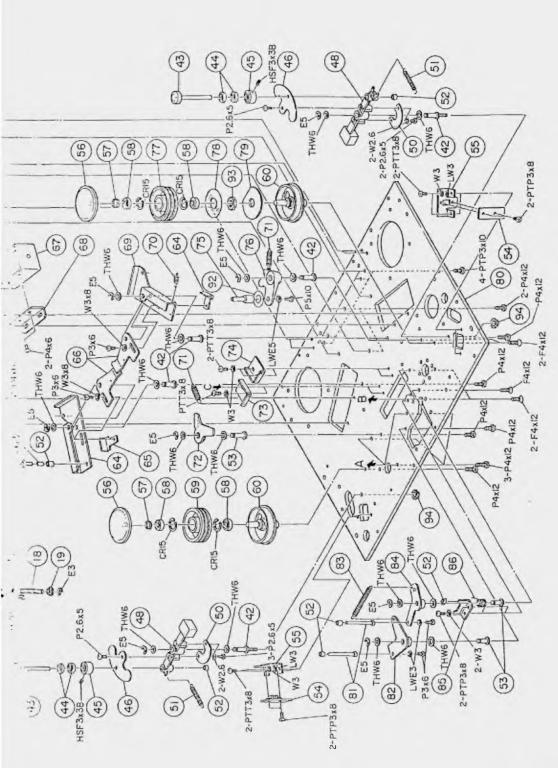
OVERALL EXPLODED VIEW





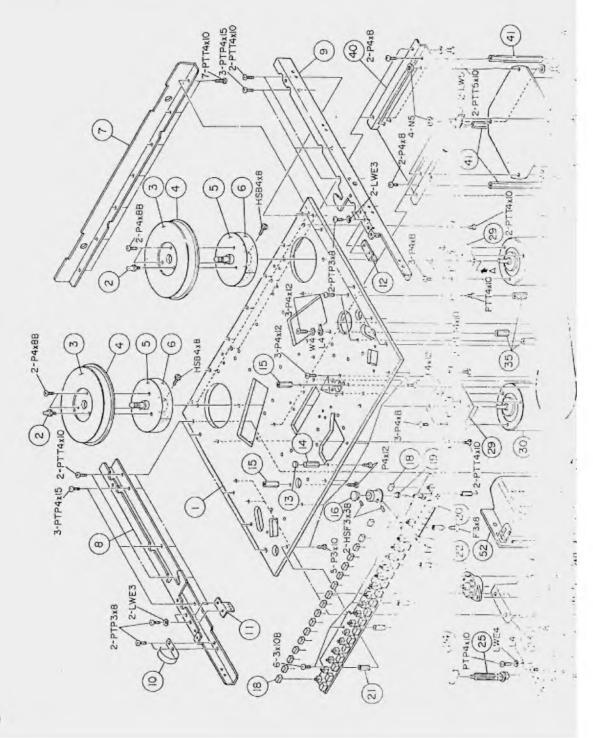
TRANSPORT EXPLODED VIEW 1

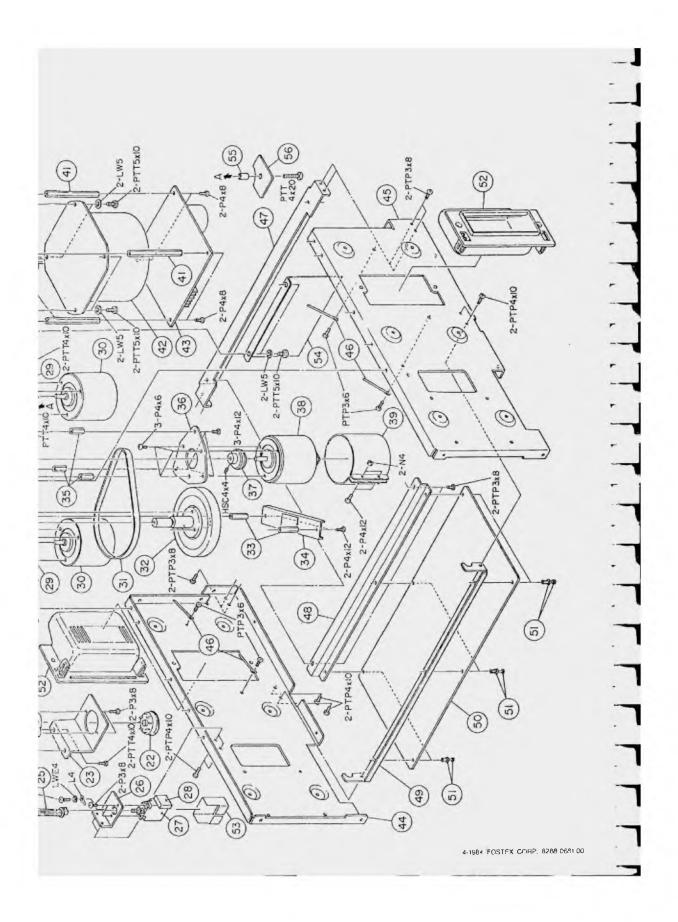




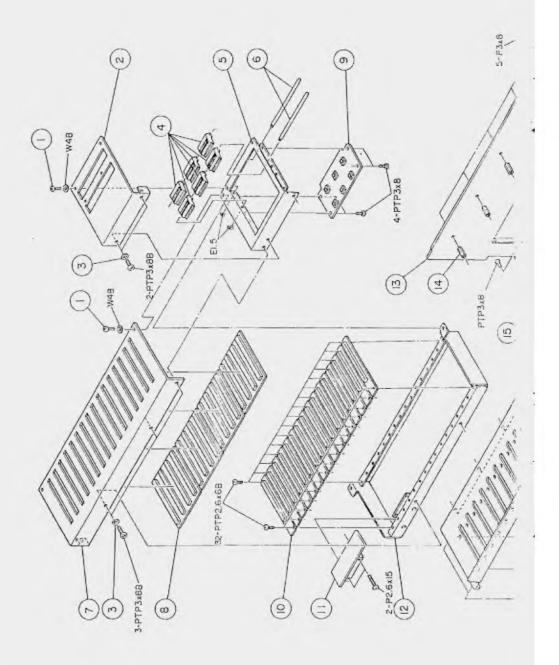
ef. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
1	8273 1300 00	PCB ass'y, shut-off	51	8214 0950 00	Spring, tension
2	8204 0130 04	Spacer, 3x5	52	8216 0070 00	Tube, rubber
3	8223 0881 00	Guide, tape A	53	8223 0691 00	Shaft, arm S
4	8223 0870 00	Guide, 1/2	54	8273 1250 00	PCB ass'y, sensor, supply
5	8214 0970 00	Spring, guide	55		Bracket, photo-coupler
6	8223 0851 00	Guide, tape B	56		Cap, tension roller
7	8223 0680 04	Stay, 40	57	8214 0960 00	· Spring, bearing
8	8220 2041 00	Base, guide	58	8204 0200 00	Bearing, 6962Z
9	8223 0860 00	Shaft, guide	59	8223 0730 00	Roller, footage L
10	8223 1710 00	Stay, base guide	60	8260 1510 00	Base ass'y, footage roller
11	8223 0840 00	Stay, head	61		Solenaid, B
12		Sholdek, M2.6x4	62	8220 1920 00	Bracket, solenoid B
13	8220 0471 00		63	8204 0130 04	Spacer, 3x5
14	8214 0160 00	Spring	64	8220 1930 00	Lever, solenoid L
15	8260 1460 00	Base ass'y, shield	65	8220 1960 00	Nut
16		Plate, shield C	66	8220 1951 00	Lever, A
17	8220 2071 00	Bracket ass'y, shield B	67	8249 0120 00	Solenoid, B
18	8214 0980 00	Spring, shield	6B	8220 1920 00	Bracket, solenoid B
19	8223 0900 00	Washer, spring	69	8220 1940 00	Lever, solenoid R
20	8223 0891 00	Buttan, shield	70	8214 0120 00	Spring
21	8223 0170 00	Collar, 2.6x4x1.1	71	8214 0100 00	Spring, solenoid arm
22	8214 0060 00	Spring	72		Arm ass'y, joint
23	8220 2091 60	Arm, cue B	73		Bracket, stopper L
24	8223 0921 00	Knob. cue B	74	8220 1820 00	" R
25	8220 2083 DO	Base, head B	75	8223 0660 00	Shaft, pinch roller
26	8216 0761 00	Sheet, head shield	76		Arm, pinch roller
27	8273 1310 00	PCB ass'y, head terminal, B-16	77		Roller ass'y, footage R
28	8204 0130 02	Spacer, 3x3	78		Sticker, strobe
29	8220 2101 00	Bracket, cue	79	8273 1160 00	PCB ass'y, count sensor
30	8214 0990 00	Spring, head B	80		Base, transport
31	8220034100	Bracket, head	81	8223 0700 00	Shaft, lifter
32	8279 0090 00	Head ass'y, E, B-16	82	8260 1420 00	Ann ass'y, lifter A
33	8279 0080 00	" " R/P. 6-16	83		Spring, lifter B
34	8220 1781 00	Lever, slide	84	8260 1430 00	Arm ass'y, lifter B
35	8214 1050 00	Spring	85		Stopper, lifter
36	8223 D650 00	Shaft, slide	86	B214 0931 00	Spring, arm
37	8214 1030 00	Spring, brake	87	8273 1250 00	PCB ass'y, sensor, supply
38	8220 1790 00	Bracket, spring L	88	8223 1130 00	Collar, cue
39	8220 1800 00	Bracket, spring R	89	8214 1050 00	Spring
40	8260 1290 00	Band ass'y, brake L, B-16	90	8216 0840 00	Felt. stopper
41	8260 1300 00	" " R, "	91	8204 0130 09	
12	8223 1120 00	Shaft, arm L	92	8214 0031 00	
13	8260 1500 00	Shaft ass'y, tension roller	93		Nut, M12x0.75xT2
14	8204 0210 00	Bearing, 624ZZ	94		Nut, flange H4
5	8223 0941 00	Base, tension roller			
16	8220 2470 00	Screen, tension roller			
17	8260 1650 01	Arm sub ass'y, tension L			
81	8260 1650 02	" " R			
19		(Deleted)			
0	8220 2481 00	Plate, servo			

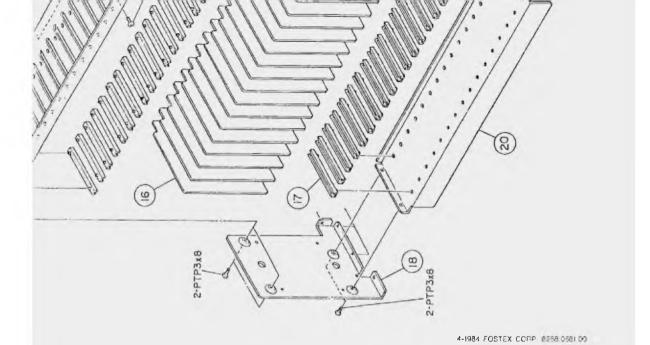
TRANSPORT EXPLODED VIEW 2

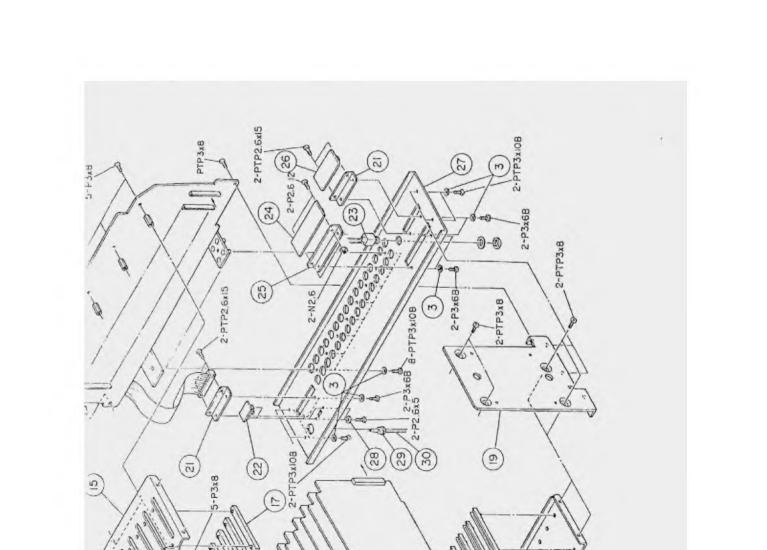




ef. No.	Parts No.	Nomenc lature	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
1	8223 0610 00	Base, transport	44	8220 1743 00	Chassis, side L
2	8223 0630 00	Pin, stopper	45		Chassis, side R
3	8216 0780 00	Sheet, recl	46		Cord retainer, SCF50226
4	8223 0620 00	Base, reel	47		Angle, rear
5	8260 1281 00	Drum ass'y, reel	48		Bracket, control A
6	8216 0770 00	Felt, brake	49		Bracket, control B
7	8220 1770 00	Angle, transport	50		PCB ass'y, system contr: . 8-
8	8220 1720 00	Angle, side L	51	8207 0004 00	Plasti-rivet, 201-00-98;
9	8220 1730 00	Angle, side R	52	82121130 00	
10	8214 0910 00	Spring, open	53		Cover, switch A
11	8220 1790 00	Bracket, spring L	54		Plate, shield L
12	8220 1800 00	Bracket, spring R	55		Spacer, 4x10
13	8216 0130 00	Foat, D12	56		PCB ass'y, sensor AOJ
14	8223 0720 00	Stay	30	02/3 14/0 00	rcb ass y, sensor Auj
15	8223 0680 02	Stay, 22			
16		Knob, double A			
17		Knob, double B			
18		Button, push D			
19		Button, counter reset			
20		PCB ass'y, function/display			
21		Spacer, M3x15.4			
22		Connector, voltage selector			
23		Bracket, voltage selector			
24		Button, push B, blk			
25	8212 0810 00				
26		Bracket, power switch			
		Switch, push, power, SDGA3P			
		Sparkiller, UL, NSK135			
	& 8256 0100 00	" CSA, NSK132			
	▲ 8256 0\10 03	* SEHCO, 4700pf, PME265			
	∆ 8256 0090 00	" DM, NSKG115			
29		Bracket, reel motor			
30		Motor, reel B			
31		Belt, capstan			
32					
33	8223 0680 03	Capstan ass'y, 1/2			
		· ·			
34 35		Brackel ass'y, thrust			
36	8223 0680 01				
37		Bracket, capstan motor			
		Pulley, capstan motor			
38		Motor, capstan			
39		Cover, motor shield			
40		Bracket, transformer			
41	8223 0680 05	* '			
42 /		Transformer, power, B-16			
4.5	H / / I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	PCB ass'y, power supply, 8-16, FCA/CND			
43	8273 1130 02	" " EUR/UK//			





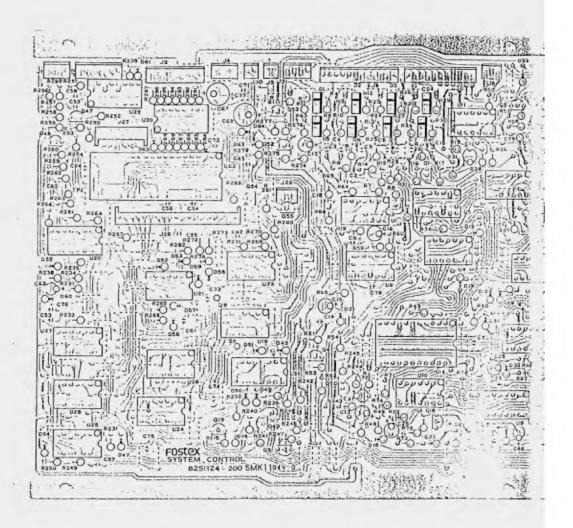


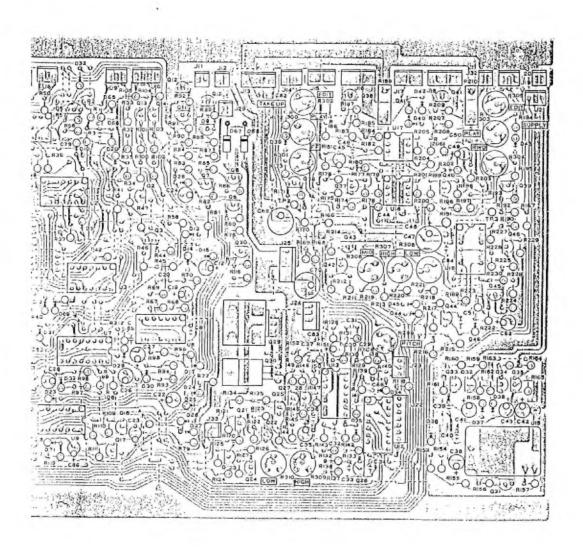
```
Novemblature
Ref. No. Parts No.
 1 8204 0190 00 Items, Latton head, RSB M4x10
        8220 2270 00 Famml, control
        8204 0140 D1 Washer, Fylar, 43
8226 0411 00 Sutton, Sonirol
  3
  4
        8220 2281 00 Smocket, control
  5
     8223 1020 00 Shaft, Institut
        7
  8
  9
        8256 0190 00 Module, bar graph. 12 dot
  10
        B273 1290 00 PCB ass'y, meter connector A
  11
          8220 2263 00 Cover, meter panel
 12
  13
          8273 1100 00 PCB ass'y, connector board, B-16
         8223 0750 01 Spacer, M3x15.4
  14
        8220 2200 00 Bracket, R/P amp. A
  15
        8273 1090 00 PCB ass'y, R/P amp. B-16
  16
        8212 0280 00 Guide, FCB
  17
          8220 2181 00 Bracket, R/P amp. L
  18
         8220 2191 00 Bracket, R/P anip. R
  19
         B220221000 Gracket, R/P amp. B
  20
         8220 2230 00 Bracket, connector, 20P
  21
  22
          8273 1110 00 PCB ass'y, NR switch
         8276 3160 00 Cable ass'y, punching, 8-16
 23
        8273 1270 00 PCB ass'y, connector, remote
 24
 25
         8220 2240 00 Bracket, connector, 40P
        8273 1280 00 PCB ass'y, connector, synchro
 26
  27
          8220 2220 00 Panel, rear
         8204 0140 02 Washer, Mylar, ¢2.6
 28
         8207 0002 14 Bushing, SRSN-4, HYDRD
 29
          8207 0002 08 Bushing, SR4N-4, EX/DM
 30
        1 8276 0050 0D Cord, power, HYDRO
        .∆ 8276 3130 00 " " 3 wire, EUR

.₺ 8276 3140 00 " " " UK

.₺ 8276 3150 00 " " AUS

.₺ 8275 0030 00 " " 2 wire, EX/DM
```





ef. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature	Ref. No.	Parts No.		enclatur	
01		PCB, system control, B-16	035	8234 0037 02			
)1	8273 1150 00	PCB assembly, voltage divider	Q33	8234 0038 02	2241050A		
	LC's		Q34	8234 0037 02			
))	8236 0032 01	Digital, CMOS, 40708	Q35	8234 0038 02			
2	8236 0041 00	" , 4082B	Q36, 37	8234 0002 03			
33	8236 0005 01	* , 4011B	Q38	8234 0037 02			
04	8236 0033 01	" 4071B	039, 40	8234 0002 03			
05	8236 0040 01	4081B	Q41	8234 0037 02			
26	8236 0007 01	" , 4013B	Q42, 43	8234 0003 03			
07	8235 0028 01	" + 4049UB	Q44 ~ 55	82 34 0002 03	2SC1815GR		
8	8236 0007 01	* 4013B		DIODES			
)9	8236 0005 01	" " 4011B	001 ≈ 04	8234 0039 00	Diode arra	v. HA15	1WK
10 .	8236 0033 01	" 40718	005 ~ 08	8234 0040 00	41 11	, MA15	
11	8236 0007 01	* 40138	D09 ~ 43		MATSOFVS		
12	8236 0195 00	Transistor array, TD62504P	D44. 45	8234 0019 02	Zener, 11V	, D5Z111	r
3	8236 0259 02	Analog, LM324	D46 % 66	8234 0035 00	MA150FVS		
14	8235 0190 00	Digital, syscon, AN6251	067, 68		184002		
15	8256 0171 00	Module, OSC, 100KHz, LR	D69	8234 0035 00	MA150FVS		
6. 017	8236 0215 00	Analog, NJM29040	D7 0	8234 0018 00	MA150		
18	8236 0270 00	Analog, switch, 4066B	073	8234 0035 00			
19	8236 0005 01	Digital, CMOS, 40118					
20	8235 0029 01	" 4050B	All resist	CARBON RESIS		wise not	ed.
1	8236 0040 01	. 4081B	R001				
2	8235 0032 01	4 40708	R002	8230 0044 72 8230 0041 03	nertical m	ounting,	
3	8236 0193 00	" , counter, MK50396N	R003	8230 0041 04	16	n	10KR
4	8236 0040 01	" , CNOS, 40818	8004	8230 0041 04			100KΩ 4.7KΩ
5. 026	8236 0007 01	4 40138	R005	8230 0041 03	н	н	10κΩ
7	8236 0032 01	* 40708	R006	8230 0041 04	0	(a	100ΚΩ
28	8236 0040 01	" 40818	R007	8230 0044 73		u	47ΚΩ
29	8236 0195 00	Transistor array, TD62504P	R008	8230 0041 04		16	100K0
30	8236 0194 00	" , TD62505P	R009	8230 0044 72	11		4.7ΚΩ
31	8236 0059 00	Digital, CMOS, 45168	R010	8230 0041 03		u	1000
	1RANSISTORS		R011	8230 0041 04		*	100KG
	17/1/2/2/10/2		R012	6230 0044 72	Vertical m	neinting.	
i	8234 0002 03	2SC1815GR	8013	8230 0041 03	#	u u	10kn
?	8234 0003 03	2SA1015GR		8230 0041 04			100KB
3 1 07	8234 0002 03	25C1815GR	R016	8230 0041 04		н	47KΩ
1	8234 0038 02	2SA1020Y	R017	8230 0041 04	4.		100KA
9	8234 0002 03		R018	8230 0041 03	*	11	1000
)	8234 0037 02	2SC2655Y	R019	8230 0041 04		ır	10000
		25C1815GR	R020	8230 0044 72			4.7KΩ
2	8234 0037 02		R021	8230 0041 03		10	10KN
3 1 21		2SC1815GR (B-16)	R022	8230 0041 04		0	100%
1 20		(B-19 <u>D</u>)	R023	8230 0044 72		4	4.7KΩ
24	8234 0003 03		R024	8230 0041 03		н	10ΚΩ
1, 24	0224 0222 0	(Deleted)	R025	8230 0041 04		10	100KN
26	8234 0002 03		R026	8230 0044 72	*	**	4.7Ks
7, 20	8234 0003 03	2SA) 015GR	R027	8230 0041 03		47	JOKU
3	8234 0008 02	2SD880Y	R028	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ
)	8234 0005 02		R029	8230 0044 72			4.7 ΚΩ
	8234 0002 03	2 2 5 1 9 1 9 6 16	R030	8230 0041 03	4	*1	10KΩ
			R031	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ

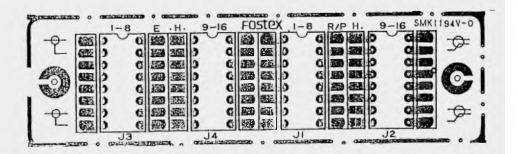
			menclatur	-	Ref. No.	Parts No.	- No	palenclatur	
	33 8230 0041 81	11	"	1800	R099	8230 0041 04	0	"	100κΩ
2	8230 0042 22	"	17	2.2KN	R100	8230 0044 73		n	47KΩ
.:	8230 0041 23	"	44	12ΚΩ	R101	8230 0041 04	n	0	100Kf
	038 8230 0041 04	н		100ΚΩ	R102	8230 0044 73	Vertical	mounting	47ΚΩ
19	8230 0044 73	lP .	μ	47ΚΩ	R103, 104	8230 0041 04	41	, "	100κΩ
141, 0	8230 0041 04	*		100KU	R105	8230 0041 03	a		10ΚΩ
112	8230 0044 73		"	47KΩ	R106	8230 0044 73		11	47KΩ
1:3, 0	44 8230 0041 04	46	11	100ΚΩ	R107	8230 0041 04	4		100κΩ
.45	8230 0041 03	*1	31	10KΩ	R108	8230 0044 73	44	н	47ΚΩ
::5	8230 0044 74	m	+	470ΚΩ	R109	8230 0041 04	0	u	100ΚΩ
47	8230 0041 03	11	U	10KN	R110	8230 0041 03		41	ΙΟΚΩ
:3	8230 0047 53	н		75ΚΩ	RIII	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ
19	8230 0041 01	44	14	100Ω	8112	8230 0041 03	0		10κΩ
50	8230 0046 81	n	10	680Ω	R113	8230 0041 D4	н	tø.	100κΩ
51 %	054 8230 0047 04	#	ıl	100ΚΩ	R114	8230 0044 73	84	14	4759
55	8230 0044 74	n	0	470KN	R115	8230 0041 04	**		100кΩ
56	8230 0046 83	Vertical	mounting	, 68KN	8116	8230 0041 03	44		10Kn
57 ∿	059 8230 0041 04	++	u	100ΚΩ	R117	8230 0041 04		11	100ΚΩ
€0	8230 0044 73	11	ě»	47KΩ	R118	8230 0041 52	**	U	1.5κΩ
51	8230 0041 00	v	a	102	R119	8230 0042 03	1+	h	20κΩ
6.5	8230 0046 81	**	41	6809	R120 № 123	8230 0041 04	la.		100ΚΩ
263	8230 0041 02	И		1κΩ	R124 ~ 127		(Deleted	1	100104
64	8230 0041 04	н	10	190k0	R128, 129	8230 0041 04		, mounting,	10000
65	8230 0044 73	le .	**	47ΚΩ	R130	8230 0041 02	"	" "	1KD
66, 6	7 8230 0041 04		h	100ΚΩ	R131	8230 0042 24	11		220KΩ
68	8230 0041 03			10κΩ	R132, 133	8230 0041 03		-	1000
169	8230 0044 71	и	h	470Ω	R134, 135	8230 0041 04		h	100KB
70	8230 0042 24	41	44	220ΚΩ	R136	8230 0047 53	н		75KN
71	8230 0041 01	н	64	100Ω	R137	0.0000077	(Deletec	1	73/41
72	8230 D041 04	ıl	j4	100ΚΩ	R138	8230 0048 22		mounting.	מאב פ
73	8230 0041 02	D	is .	1 KG	8139	8230 0041 04	#	#	
74	8230 0041 04	41	и	100ΚΩ	R140	8230 0045 62	19	ps.	100KU
75	8230 0044 73	88		47ΚΩ	R141, 142	8230 0041 03		н	5.6KN
76	8230 0041 04		14	100κΩ	R143	8230 0041 02			10ΚΩ
77 ∿ 0	79 8230 0041 02	10	al	1κΩ	R144 1- 146	8230 0041 04		N	1ΚΩ 100ΚΩ
80	8230 0041 04	44	#1	100Kg	8147 n 150	8230 0044 72	0	u	4.7KΩ
81	8230 0041 02	н	**	1ΚΩ	R151	8230 0041 03	и	н	10ΚΩ
32	8230 0041 01	0	•	1000	R152	8230 0044 71		**	470Ω
33	8230 0042 22	10	41	2.2KN	R153	8230 0041 51	Vertical	mauntilaa	
34	8230 0041 04	**		100κΩ	R154	8230 0041 31	" "	mounting,	1509
35	8230 0041 02	"	a	1ΚΩ	R155	8230 0043 12	**	Ð	9.1 ΚΩ
86. D8		и	0	10ΚΩ	R156	8230 0041 03	b -		JOKU
38	8230 0041 04	44	0	100κΩ	R157	8230 0042 20			100KU
39	8230 0041 02	n	18	JKB	R158	8230 0042 20	10	и	220
0	8230 0041 03	**	**	10κΩ	R159, 160	8230 0043 62	d		5.6KA
91	8230 0041 04	18	н	100ΚΩ	R161, 162	8230 0041 09	a.		10
92	8230 0041 02	10	hg	1ΚΩ				0	5.6KΩ
3	8230 0044 73	ч	*1	47KΩ	R163, 164 R165	8230 D041 09	br.		10
4. 095			*4	100ΚΩ	R166	8230 0045 62 8230 0044 72			5.6KΩ
6, 09		al	#1	47ΚΩ	R167, 168	8230 0044 72	11		4.7KΩ 1. Evo
8	8230 0041 02	PI	**	1 K D	R169	8230 0041 52			1.5KΩ 4.7KΩ

Ref. No.	Parts No.	100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ė	Ref. No.	Parts No.	No	menclature	
R170, 171	8230 0041 04		100k.	R227	8230 0042 22	h	44	2.2KR
R172, 173	8230 0044 71		47D.	R228, 229	8230 0041 02	"	*	าหถ
R174	8230 0044 72	d	4.7%.	8230	8230 0041 03	20	*	10K0
R175	8230 0042 72	44	2.7Ki.	R231	8230 0041 04	**		100ΚΩ
R176	8230 0041 02	44	1KL	R232, 231	8230 0041 03	ч	м	10ΚΩ
R177	8230 0043 32	11	3.3%.	R234	8230 0041 04	41		100κα
R178	8230 0041 04	U	100K	H2 35	8230 0041 05	Vertical	mounting.	1MΩ
R179, 180	8230 0041 03	n .	10κς.	R236	8230 0041 03		ti .	10103
R181	8230 0044 24	1)	470KC.	R237	8230 0041 05	м.	m	180
R182	8230 0041 04	44	10000	R2 38	8230 0041 04	pt.	II .	100KN
K183	8230 0042 23	U 1	22K!2	R239	8230 0044 73	10	•	47 KΩ
R184	8230 0043 32		3,3KL	R240, 241	8230 0041 04	н	li .	100ΚΩ
R185	8230 0041 52	H c	1.5kc.	R242	8230 0044 72	**	41	4.7κΩ
R186	82 30 0042 22		2.2K.	₹243, 244	8230 0041 04	н	н	100ΚΩ
R187	8230 0041 02	64 p	IK.	-345	8230 0044 72	h	*1	4.7K2
R188	8230 0353 38	Power resistor, &	. U. 33 :	-2:6. 247	8230 0041 04	**		100KR
R189, 190	8230 0041 04	Vertical mounting	, 100Kr.	-7:3	8230 0041 03	14	11	1000
R191	8230 0071 00	Flat mounting, in	, 10Ω	E.249	8230 0041 02	n	н	1 KO
R192, 193	8230 0041 04	Vertical Nametra		-350	8230 0041 04		11	100κΩ
R194	8230 0041 02	10	IK.	1251, 252	8230 0044 72	41	44	4.7KN
R195	8230 0044 71	H 0	4700	=253, 254	8230 0041 03	**	н	10Kn
R196	8230 0044 72		4.7KG	7215	8230 0041 04	**	н	100KD
R192	8230 0042 72	Vertical mounting	2.785	1255, 257	8230 0044 72	*	ır	4.7KN
R198	8230 0041 02	10 41	LKS.	9259, 259	8230 0041 03	**	,,	1 0 κΩ
R199	8230 0043 32	N 11	3.386	=250	8230 0041 04	н		100ΚΩ
R200	8230 0041 04	H _c p	100KS	2261	8230 0043 94	n		390KR
R201, 202	8230 0041.03	si s	10KS	3262	8230 0041 03	ч		10ΚΩ
R203	8230 0044 74	и п	470KG	-263	8230 0041 04		30	100ΚΩ
R204	8230 0041 04	e li	100KG	- 504	8230 0041 05	**	н	1140
R205	8230 0042 23		2 2 K3	2265 ≈ 270	8230 0041 04	el	•	100ΧΩ
R206	823U 0043 32	6. (1)	3.3KC	8271	8230 0041 05	н	n	1 MΩ
R207	9230 0041 52	n a	1.5ΚΩ	R272, 273	8230 0044 73	4	м	47K9
R208	8230 0042 22	н	2.2KR	1i274 ~ 277	8230 0041 04	**	*	100X9
R209	8230 0041 02	p n	110	R278	8230 0041 03			10KΩ
R210	8230 0353 38	Power resistor, 24	V, 0.330, 151	R279	8230 0041 02	b	10	1 KO
R211	8230 0044 73	Vertical mounting	47Kn	R280 ~ 283	8230 0041 04	**	41	100ΚΩ
R212	8230 0041 04	II II	100ΚΩ	R254 ∿ 290	8230 0041 03	H		10KΩ
R213	8230 0044 73	11 91	47KΩ	R291 ~ 297	8230 0041 81	h	u	1800
R214	8230 0041 04	. n	100KU	R298	8230 0060 10	н	b	13
R215	8230 0044 72	н	4.7KΩ					
R216	8230 0044 73	w n	47KΩ		CAPACITORS			
R217	8230 0041 02	н	1 (0)	CO1 ~ 05	8232 0351 03	Ceramic,	50V. 0.01L	F, YF
R218	8230 0041 04	м н	100κΩ	006	8232 0501 51	**	" , 150pF	, 5%, SL
R219	8230 0234 73	Metal film, 1%,	47 KΩ	007 ~ 10	8232 0351 03	D	" . D. 01 u	F. YF
R220	8230 0232 43	D in in	24KΩ	CII	8232 0054 75	Electroly	tic. 35V.	4.7uF, 20%, 5
R221	8230 0041 04	Vertical mounting,	100ΚΩ	C12	8232 0063 35	H.	, 50%.	3.3uF, " "
R222	8230 0044 73	и и	47ΚΩ	C13	8232 0031 06		, 167,	10uF. "
R223	8230 0044 74	D H	470K9	C14	8232 0261 04	Mylar, 50	۷. O.luF.	SI. AMX
R221	8230 0042 22	"	2.2KΩ	C15	8232 0061 05	Electroly	tic, 50V,	luF, 20%, SH
R225	8230 0044 73	tr u	47KΩ	C16	8232 0062 25		. " .	2.2uF, 20%, 5
R226	8230 0042 24	# (6	220ΚΩ	C17	8232 0061 05	и	. " .	1uF, 20%, SH

4 (COMP. 8288 OCS) OD

Ref. Na.	Parts No.	Nomenclature	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
18	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, SOV, O.OluF, YF	R308	8231 0032 24	" , 220KA, B
19	8232 0054 75	Electrolytic, 35V, 4.7uF, 20%, SM	R309	8231 0012 23	" flat mtg., metal film, 22%
20	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, SOV, 0.01uF, YF	R310		(Deleted)
21	8232 0024 76	Electrolytic, 10V, 47uF, 20%, SM	R299	8231 0033 32	Trinmer, flat mtg., 3.3KN B
22, 23	8232 0064 74	" , SOY, 0.47uF, 20%, SM	R300	B231 0034 73	" , 47ΚΩ, "
4	8232 0031 06	" , 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	R301	8231 0033 13	" , " , ЗЗКЯ, "
15	8232 0061 05	" , 50V, luf, 20%, SM	R302	8231 0031 03	" , " , 10Kn. °
26, 27	8232 0054 75	" , 35V, 4.7uf, 20%, SM	R303	8231 0034 73	" , 47ΚΩ, "
28	8232 0022 26	" , 10V, 22uF, 20%, SM	R304	8231 0033 33	" , " , 33ΚΩ, "
29	8232 0263 33	Mylar, 50V, 0.033uF, 5%, AMX		MISCELLANEOU	
30	8232 0062 25	Electrolytic, 50V, 2.2uF, 20%, SM			
31, 32	8232 0313 31	Polypropylene, 100V, 330pF, 5%, APS	1001	8242 0530 00	Inductor, 150uH
33	8232 0266 82	Mylar, 50V. 0.0068uF, 5%, AMX	J001	8245 0530 04	Jack, 8263, 4, straight, wht
34	8232 0313 92	Polypropylene, 100Y, 0.0039uF,5%, APS	3002	8245 0530 07	M H d n n
35	8232 0054 75	Electrolytic, 35V, 4.7uF, 20%, SM	J003	8245 0530 09	" " g, " "
16	8232 0263 33	Mylar, 50V, D.033uF, 5%, AMX	J004	8245 0530 04	и ч 4, и н
17	8232 0261 52	* , " , 0.0015uF, 5%, AMX	J005	8245 0530 02	о и 2, " п
38	8232 0024 76	Electrolytic, 10V, 47uF, 20%, SH	J006	8245 0530 12	# # 12, " ii
39. 40	8232 0261 03	Mylar, SOV, O.DluF, 5%, AMX	J007	8245 0530 11	в ч 11, ч и
11	8232 0064 74		J008	8245 0530 03	n 3, n a
12	B232 0041 06	, 25V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J009	8245 0530 23	en ar n n red
13	8232 0064 74	" , 50V. 0.47uF, 20%, SM	J010	8245 0530 04	4. " wht
14		Mylar, 50V, 0.022uF, 5%, AMX	J011	8245 0530 22	" 2, " réd
5		Mylar, 50V. 0.086uF, 10%, AMX	J012	8245 0530 02	# # 0 # %F2
6	8232 0261 03	Mylar, 50V, 0.01uF, 5%, AMX	J013	8245 0530 05	м н 5 ₄ н п
7		Electrolytic, 25V, 100uF, 20%, 5*	3014	8245 0530 03	4 3, " "
8		Mylar, 50V, 0.022uF, 5%, AMX	J015	8245 0530 04	* * 4, "
19		Hylar, 50V, 0.056uF, 10%, AMX	J016	8245 053 0 05	* * 5,
50		Mylar, 50V, 0.01uF, 5%, AMX	J017		
51	8232 0261 04	" , " , 0.1oF, 5%, AMX	J018	8245 0530 24 8245 0530 25	4.
52		Electrolytic, 50v, 2.2uF, 20%, 54			٠,
3		Ceramic, 50V, O.OluF, YF	J019	8245 0530 03	J, ^, L
i4 ~ 56	8232 0501 51	" , " , 150pF, 5%, SL	J020	8245 0530 02	۷,
7	8232 0506 81	" , " , 680pF, 5%, SL	J021	8245 0530 23	4
8, 59		Mylar, 50V, 0.01uf, 5%, AMX	J022	8245 0530 07	/,
0		Mylar, 50V, 0.0047uF, 5%, AMX	J023	8245 0530 03	٥,
1		Ceramic, 50V, 180pF, 51, SL	J024	8245 0530 04	۹,
2	8232 0351 03	" , 0.01uE, YF	J025	8245 0530 05	11 11 5, 12 14 19 3 11
			J026	8245 0530 03	3,
3		Electrolytic, 50V, 0.47uF, 20%, 5M	J027	8245 0020 08	" , 3024-08CH, wht
4	8232 0268 21		J058	8245 0020 19	^ , 3024-19СН. "
5, 66		Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF	J029	8245 0530 02	" . 8263, 2, straight, x*:
7		Electrolytic, 10V, 100uF, 20%, SM	J033	8245 0530 02	
8, 69	8232 0041 07	n , 25V, " , " "	-		
0	8232 0051 07	" , 35V. " , " "			
1 ~ 84		Ceramic, SOV, O.DluE, YF			
5	8232 0501 51	" , " , 150pF, 5%, SL			
6	8232 0610 05	Electrolytic, 50V, luF, 20%, SM			
	CARBON POTS				
05	8231 0031 03	Trimmer, flat Mounting, 10KG, B			
06	8231 0031 03	. 220κΩ, Β			
	8231 0034 73	" , 47ΚΩ, Β			

4-1984 F1111 THE THE THE



HEAD TERMINAL PCB ASSEMBLY, Ass'y No. 8273 1310 00

Ref. 1	No	Parts No.		Nomenc	lature			
		8251 1381 04	PCB, H	nead te	rminal, B	-16		
2001	004	8245 0700 03	Connec	tor, 1	C socket.	169		
W001		8276 3200 35	Cable	ass'y.	2 cond.,	8P,	wht,	350mm
M005		8276 3210 30		n		ęż.	red,	300nm
M003		B276 3200 30		P	P	b	wht.	40
W004		8276 3210 35	м	**	es .	1)	red,	350mm
W005		8276 3220 35	N	" 1	shield,	b	whit,	*
W006		8276 3230 30		h	øt	*	red,	300mm
W007		8276 3220 30	n	14	41	н	wht,	ět.
W008		8276 3230 35	11	81	19	u	red,	350mm

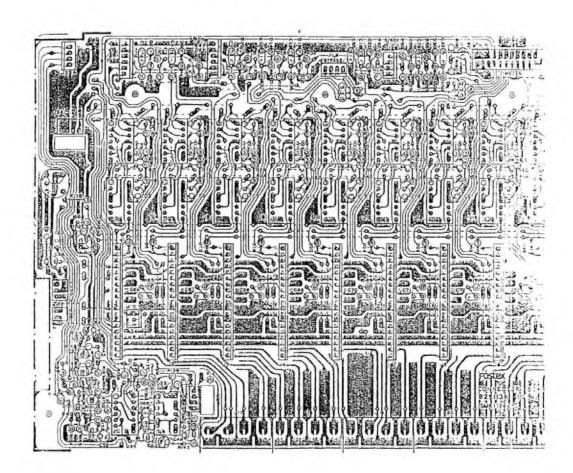
PCB ASSEMBLY, Ass'y No. 8273110000

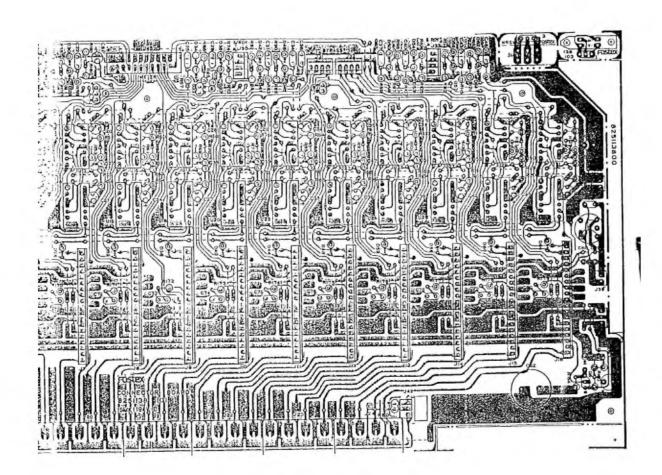
earts	nO.	Ŋ	lomenclatu	re .	Ref. No.	Parts No.	1	lomenclatur	e
3251 13	81 01	PCB, co	nnector b	oard, 8-16	800'		(Delete	d)	
1015					R007	8230 0042 03	Vertica	1 mounting	, 20K1
-236 DO	33 01	Dicital	, HC14071	0	R008	8230 0041 04		*	100κΩ
E 2 3 6 0 0			MC14073		R009	8230 0044 72		**	4.7KN
3236 00		••	MC14071		ROIO	8230 0041 03	61	+ 4 H	ιοκο
8236 00			HC14073		RO11	8230 0041 04	0	*	100ΚΩ
5236 00			MC14071		R012	8230 0041 83	. *	87	18κΩ
8236 00		v	MC14073		R013	8230 0041 04	ž4		100KΩ
8236 00			MC14073		R014		(Delet	ed)	
8236 00			MC14073		R015	8230 0042 03	Vertica	1 mounting,	20KΩ
8236 00		**	MC140711		RO16	8230 0041 04	**	В.	100KΩ
8236 00		и	MC14073		RO17	8230 0044 72			4.7KS
9236 00		41	MC340711		R018	8230 0041 03	41		10κΩ
8236 00:		41	MC14073		RO19	8230 0041 04			100κΩ
£236 00:		*1	MC140731		R020	8230 0041 83	ч	H	18ΚΩ
8236 00.		01	MC14073		R021	8230 0041 04			100Kt/
5236 00:		n	MC140730		R022		{Delete	1)	
8236 00:		ıı	MC140730		R023	8230 0042 03	Vertica	l mounting.	20KΩ
£236 000		**	MC 140011		R024	8230 0041 04	**	PI	100κΩ
8236 000			MC1401)		R025	8230 0044 72	in .	**	4.7κΩ
2130 000	0000		TIC 14017	,	R025	8230 0041 03	SH .		10κΩ
TRANSIS	TORS				R027	8230 0041 04	0	*	100ΚΩ
5234 000	02 03	2501815	GR		R028	8230 0041 83	**		18KΩ
8234 000	03 03	25A1015	CR		RO29	8230 0041 04	"	н	100κΩ
010065					RD30		(Deleted	i)	
					R031	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting,	2080
8234 003	35 00	MA-150FV	12		1032	8230 0041 04		*6	100κΩ
					R033	8230 0044 72			4.7ΚΩ
					R034	8230 0041 03	**		10κΩ
					R035	8230 0041 04	.04	. 10	100KI
					8036	8230 0041 83			18KΩ
					8037	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ
					R038		(Deleted	1}	
					R039	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting,	20ΚΩ
					R040	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ
					R041	8230 0044 72			4.7KΩ
					R042	8230 0041 03	и	8*	10ΚΩ
					R043	8230 0041 04			100x0
					R044	8230 0041 83	84-		18₭Ω
					R045	8230 0041 04			100KΩ
					8046		(Deleted)	
					R047	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting.	50KΩ
	1.00	144000			R048	8230 0041 04	4		100KN
E234 000	7 00	184002			R049	B230 0044 72	Vertical	mounting.	4.7KΩ
CARBON P					R050	8230 0041 03		**	1 0KΩ
rs (W. ±5%	unle:	ss otherw	ise rited	1	8051	8230 0041 04	м	44	100ΚΩ
8730 0044	4 72	Vertical	mounting	4.7KN	R052	8230 0041 83	11	19	18κΩ
8230 004	1 03	84	н	10r.Ω	R053	8230 0041 04			100KΩ
8230 D041	1 04		44	ΤουκΩ	8054		(Deleted))	
8230 0041	183			1800	ROSS	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting,	20XΩ
8230 0041	1 04	**	1.	130κΩ	R056	8230 0041 04		+1	100837

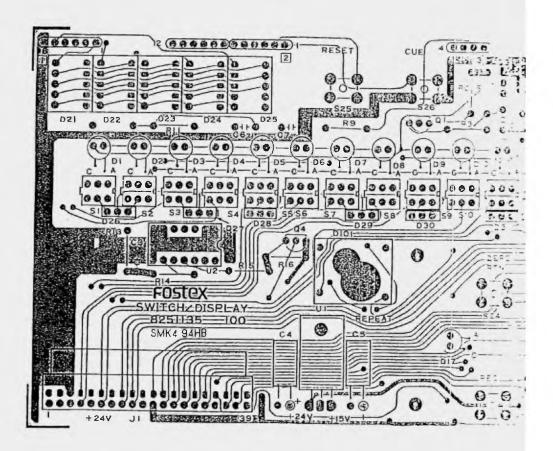
Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature			Ref. No.	Parts No.	No	menclature	Nomenclature		
R057	8230 0044 72	H	te .	4.7KΩ	R108	8230 0041 83	h	*	1880		
2058	8230 0041 03	h	4	10ΚΩ	R109	8230 0041 04	et	N	100K		
R059	8230 0041 04		10	100K\$}	R110		(Deleted)			
060	8230 0041 83	н	0	18ΚΩ	FILL	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting.	20K2		
13061	8230 0041 04)a	9	10000	R112	8230 0041 04	4	•	100Ka		
1062		(Deleted)		R113	8230 0044 72	(1		4.7K		
1063	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting.	20XΩ	R114	8230 0041 03	(1	**	10K		
2064	8230 0041 04	ы	b	100KD	R115	8230 0041 04	ч		10000		
2065	8230 0044 72	4	•1	4.7ΚΩ	R116	8230 0041 83	M ₁	**	18K		
10u6	8230 0041 03	33	н	ΙΟΚΩ	8117	8230 0041 04	**		100K		
1067	8230 0041 04	•	•	100κΩ	R118		(Deleted)			
068	8230 0041 83		И	18K0	R119	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting,	20X		
069	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ	RIZD	8230 0041 04			100%		
070		(Deleted)		F. 127	8230 0044 72	p.	74	4.7K		
.071	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting.	20KN	F122	8230 0041 03		\$n	100		
1072	3230 0071 04	ч	"	10000	1123	8230 D041 04	v	84	100KS		
:073	8230 0044 72	"		4.7K2	R124	8230 0041 83	u	**	1860		
074	8230 0041 03	"	**	1.083	R125	8230 0041 04		*	100KS		
075	8230 0041 04	"	11	100ΚΩ	R126		(Deleted)			
076	8230 0041 83	11	н	1850	8127	8230 0042 03		mounting,	20KF		
077	8230 0041 04	P	de .	100KΩ	R128	8230 0041 04		4	100K		
078		(Deleted]		6129	8230 0044 72	**		4.7XS		
079	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting.	2010	R130	8230 0041 04		u	100%		
080	8230 0041 04			100KΩ	F131	8230 0041 64	6	W	160XS		
081	8230 0044 72	p.	н	4.7ΚΩ	6132	8230 0041 63			16K		
082	8230 0041 03	1,	31	10κα	R133	8230 0044 72			4.7K		
083	8230 0041 04		**	100ΚΩ	R134	8230 0041 04	p		100K		
084	8230 0041 83	Vertical	mounting.	18KΩ	R105	8230 0044 74		н	470KF		
085	8230 0041 04	h		100%	R136	8230 0041 03	и	4	10KC		
086		(Deleted)		R137	B230 0041 04		44	100KS		
087	8230 D042 03	Vertical	mounting.	20ΚΩ	R138	8230 0044 72	às		4.7K		
980	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ	R139	8230 0041 03	h		10%		
089	8230 0044 72	*1		4.7κΩ	R140	8230 0041 04		N	100XS		
090	8230 0041 03	44	Dr.	10KΩ	R141 ~ 143	8230 0043 61	**	11	3600		
091	8230 0041 04	**	B	100KB	R144	8230 0041 01	ж.		1000		
092	8230 0041 83	29		18KR	R145	8230 0044 72	44		47KS		
093	8230 0041 04	11) 00KU	R146	8230 0041 04		**	100KG		
094		(Deleted)		R147	8230 0044 73	11	91	47KS		
095	8230 0042 03	Vertical	mounting,	SOKU	R148	8230 0041 04	"		100KS		
096	8230 0041 04	14	P	Τοοκα	R149	8230 0041 01	**	•	1000		
097	8230 0044 72	11	В	4.7ΚΩ	R150	8230 0042 23	а		22KG		
098	8230 0041 03	14	14	ΙοκΩ	RISI	8230 0041 04	W.	P	10000		
099	8230 0041 04	ь	**	100%	R152	8230 0042 23	41	H	22KJ		
100	8230 0041 83			18KΩ	R153	8230 0041 04	**	4	1000		
101	8230 0041 04	u		100κΩ	R154 . 155	8230 0041 81	4	11	1800		
102		(Deleted)	1		R156	8230 0044 73	.,	я	47KS		
103	8230 0042 03		″ ⊪o⊔∩ting,	20kΩ	R157	8230 0041 03	Vertical	mounting,	10KS		
104	8230 0041 04		11	100KN	R158, 159	8230 0041 04	"	"	10000		
105	8230 D044 72	11	n	4.7KI	R160	8230 0042 23	41		22Ks		
106	8230 0041 03	10	**	10κΩ	R161	8230 0041 04	**	44	100KS		
2107	8230 0041 04	**	44	100ΚΩ	R162	8230 0041 84	4	н	180KG		

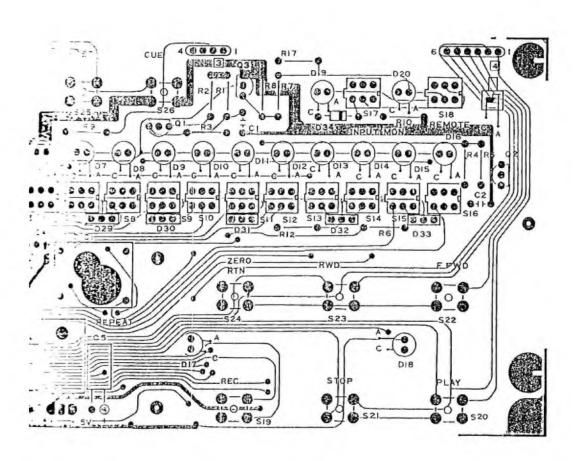
4-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8288 0001 00

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenc la ture
R163	8230 0044 73	₩ 47KΩ	C062	B232 0041 08	" 1000uF, 20%, SM
R164	8230 0041 01	1000	C063	8232 0031 06	" 16V, 10uF, 20%. SM
	8230 0043 61	# # 360N	C064	8232 0034 76	" 47uF, " "
R176		(Deleted)	C06S	8232 0313 91	Polypropylene, 50V, 390pF, 5%, APS
R177 ~ 179	8230 0043 61	Vertical mounting, 3600	€066 ~ 080	8232 0261 23	Mylar, 50V, 0.012uF, 5%, AMX
R180	8230 0041 23	" " 12KΩ	C081	8232 0021 07	Electrolytic, 10V, 100uF, 20%, SM
R181	8230 0046 82	" 6.8KΩ			
	CAPACITORS				
0001	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, SOV, O.OluF, YF		MI SCELL ANEOUS	
C007. 003	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J001 ~ 016	8245 0490 19	Jack, 5256-19A, wht
C004	B232 0351 D3	Ceramic, 50V, O.OluF, YF	J017 ~ 024	8245 0500 00	RCA, 4P, blk
C005, 006	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 1DuF, 20%, SM	J025	8245 0530 04	8263, 4, straight, wht
C007	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50v. O. OluF, YF	J026	8245 0530 46	" 8263, 6, " ЫК
	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J027	8245 0530 06	Jack, 8236, 6, wht
C008, 009 C010	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, O.Oluf. YF	J028	8245 0530 44	" 4, b1k
	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uf, 20%, SM	J029	8245 0530 24	" " red
CO13, 012	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V. O.OluF, YF	J030	8245 0530 04	" " wht
CO14, D15	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J031	8245 0530 44	" " blk
C014, 013	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF	J032	8245 0530 24	" " red
	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J033	8245 0530 04	" " wht
CO17, 018	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF	J034	8245 0070 04	* 5129-04A, wht
C019	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J035	8245 0070 03	5129-03A. "
C020, 021	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, D.DluF, YF	J036	8245 0070 02	" 5129-02A, wht
C022	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J037	8245 0070 04	" 5)29-04A, "
023. 024	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uf, YF	J038	8245 0070 02	" 5129-02A, "
C025	B232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16Vf 10uF, 20%, SM	J039	8245 0070 02	
C026, D27	8232 D351 O3	Ceramic, 50V, O-OluF, YF	J040	8245 0070 03	" 5129-03A. "
C028	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	J041	8245 0530 23	* 8263, 3, red
C029, 030	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF	J042	8245 0070 03	5029-03A, wht
C031	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM			
CO32, O33	8232 0351 03	Ceramic. 50V, 0.01uF, YF	W002	8276 1590 08	Cable, flat, red/wht, 80mm
C034		Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	M003	8276 1590 33	230/111
C035, 036	8232 0031 06	Ceramic, 50V, O.Oluf, YF	N004	8276 1600 07	" 3 wire, 70mm
C037	8232 0351 03	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM	W005	8276 3110 00	Cable ass'y, meter, B-16
CO38, O39	8232 0031 06	Ceramic, 50Y, O.Oluf, Yf	11, 2	8242 0090 00	Inductor, bias
C040	8232 0351 03	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uf, 20%, SM			
CO41, O42	8232 0031 06				
C043	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF			
CO44, D45	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM			
Ç046	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF			
C047 048	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V, 10uF, 20%, SM " 22uF, 20%, SM			
C049	8232 0032 26	2.2.7.2.7.			
C050	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.0luf, YF			
CO51 ~ O53		Electrolytic, 50V, luf, 20%, SM			
C054	8232 0033 36	16V, 33uF, 20%, SM			
055, 056	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF			
C057	8232 0033 36	Electrolytic, 16V, 33uF, 20%, SM	10		
C058	8232 0313 91	Polypropylene, 50V, 390pF, 5%. Af	,2		
C059	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16.V, 10uF, 20%, SM			
C060	8232 0034 76	47uF, **			
C061	8232 0721 06	" 25V, 10uF, " LR-	AR		



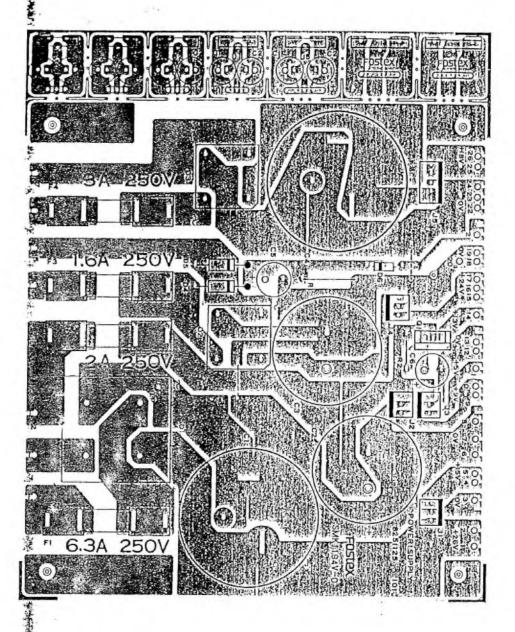






Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenc la Lure	Ref. No.	Parts No.	te	omenc lature
	8251 1351 00	PCB, switch/display		8251 1171 00	PCB, re	peat
	IC's			8276 0010 00	Pin, he	ader
1000	8236 0234 00	Analon WINIONICA		8253 0500 01	Switch.	push. w/LED, gi
U002	8236 0032 01	Analog, NJM78M15A Digital, 4070B		8253 0520 01	•	escutcheon, dan
0002	TRANSISTORS	Digital, 40700		8253 0510 01	•	button, dark gr
0001 003		054101500				
0001, 002	8234 0003 03	25A1015GR				
Q003	8234 0002 03	25C1815GR				
Q00 4	8234 0002 03	25C1815GR				
	230010					
DO1 ~ 17	8234 0051 00	Opto, LED, GL-2PRS				
018, 19	8234 0052 00	" GL-2NGS				
020	8234 0051 00	" " GL-2PR5				
DZ 1 % 25	8234 0045 00	" GL-8P03				
026 ~ 33	8234 0039 00	Diode array, MAISAWK				
D34	8234 0018 00	HA150				
All resistors	CARBON RESIS	TORS ss otherwise noted.				
ROOL	8230 0061 02	Flat mounting, 1KO				4
ROD2	8230 0061 61	* * 1600				
R003	8230 0061 03	" " 10KΩ				
R004	8230 0061 02	" " 1Кл				
R005	8230 0061 61	" " 1600				
R006	8230 0061 03	" 10K9				
R007	8230 0064 73	# # 47ΚΩ				
ROOB	8230 0061 04	* 1 00KΩ				
R009	8230 0062 21	* 22 DQ				
R010	8230 0063 61	* 360n				
ROLI	8230 0062 21	* * 2200				
2012	8230 0063 92	* 3.9KD				141
R013	8230 0064 73	" " 47 κΩ				5
R014	8230 0061 04	" " 100κΩ				
RO15	8230 0061 03	" I DKN				23 T V
2016, 017	8230 0061 04	* " 100KR				*
	CAPACITORS					
001 ~ 003	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, SOV, O.OluF, YF		2		. 2 .
004	8232 0053 36	Electrolytic, 35V, 33uF, 20	D¥, SM			3.4
005	8232 0061 05	50V, luF, 200	K, SM			
006, 007	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0.01uF, YF				. *
	MISCELLANEOUS		6			
001	8245 0650 01	Jack, FC, male, 40P	3	2		
01 ~ 18	8253 0480 00	Switch, push, SPII22111				
	8253 0490 00	" Tact, KHH10910				
	8212 0800 00	Spacer, LED				
	8207 0004 00	Plasti-rivet, 1980				

POWER SUPPLY PCB



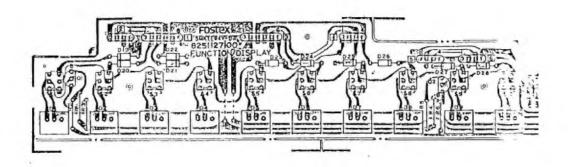
4-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8288 0681 00

POWER SUPPLY PCB ASSEMBLY, Ass'y No. 8273 F130 (D I REGULATER FCA ASSENDET, Ass'y No. 8273 119100

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature	Ref. No.	farts No.	Nomenclature.
	B251 1250 01	PCB, power supply		8251 1250 04	PCB, regulator, Ul
Q001	₫ 8234 0050 03	Transistor, 2501405-Y	U001	A 8236 0282 00	IC, analog, NJM7BISA
0001	₾ 8234 0044 01	Diode, stack, KBPCBO2	0001	8232 0061 05	Floresplute EDV 105 205 SM
DD02, 003	∆ 8234 0056 01	n KBFC6C2			Electrolytic, 50V, luf, 20%, 54
0004, 005	∆ 8234 0007 00	" , IN4002	0002	8232 0041 07	" 25V, 100uF, 20%, 5M
D006	∆ 8234 0018 00	" , MA-150		8276 2800 25	Cable ass'y, 3P, wht, 250mm
	RESISTORS		U2 REGULA	YOR PCB ASSEMBLY,	Ass'y No. 8273 1200 00
R001	8230 0071 03	Flat mtg., IH, ±5%, 10KA	D-4 No	Davide No.	Nomane la tura
R002	8230 0063 31	" IM, " 3300	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
	CAPACITORS			8251 1250 05	PCB, regulator, U2 3 (19)
C001	8232 0494 78	Electrolytic, 63V, 4700uF, +30-10%,	U002	₾ 8536 0584 00	IC, analog, NJM7809A
		BK-LISN	0001	8232 0061 05	Electrolytic, SOV, JuF, 20%, SM
0002	8232 Q48 3 38	" \$0V, 3300uF, ",	0003	8232 0031 07	" 16V, 100uF, 201, SM
0003	8732 0482 28	" , 2200uF, " ,		0276 2400 17	Cable ass'y, 3P, red, 170mm
			U3 REGULA	TOR POB ASSEMBLY,	, Ass'y No. 8273121000 ; ;
C004	8232 0494 78	, 63V, 47COuF. " ,	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenc lature
COOS	8232 0062 25	BK-LISM " , 50V, 2.2uF, 20%, SM		8251 1250 06	PCB, regulator, U3
C006	8232 0051 07	" , 35Y, 100uF, 20%, SM	11207		16 and a HAMADOSA
0000			no03	₼ 8236 0262 00	1C, analog, NJM7805A
	M3 SCELLAREOU		1000	8232 0061 05	Electrolytic, 50V, luf, 20%, SM
J001	8245 0530 03	Jack, 8263, 3. straight, wht	C002	8232 0021 07	" 10V, 100uF, 201, SH
J002	8245 0530 23	" " red		8276 2300 12	Cable ass'y, 3P, blk, 120mm
J003	8245 0530 43	" " bik			
J004	8245 0530 63	" " yel	U4 REGULA	TOR PCB ASSEMBLY,	, Ass'y No. 8273 1220 00 😥
J005	8245 0530 05	" " 5, " wht	Ref. No.	Parts No.	liomenclature
F001	∆ B239 0011 63	Fuse, Dentori, anti-rush, 6.3A		8251 1250 07	PCB, regulator, U4
	å 8239 0006 63	" UL/CSA, " "			
n.	₼ 8239 0007 50	" SEMKO, " SA	U064	₾ 8236 0263 00	IC, analog, NJM7824A
F002	V 8533 0011 50	" Dentori, normal, 2.GA	0001	8232 0061 05	Electrolytic, 50V, luf, 201, SM
	₾ 8538 0000 50	" UL/CSA, " , 2.0A	COC2	8232 0041 07	" 25V, 100uF, 20%, SM
*	₼ 8239 0007 20	* SEMKO, time-lag, 2.0A		8276 2810 25	Cable ass'y, 3P, yel, 250mm
F003	A 8239 0011 16	" Dentori, anti-rush, 1.6A		0210201025	
10	₼ 8239 0006 16	" UL/CSA, " "	US REGULA	TOR PCB ASSEMBLY	Ass'y No. 8273 1230 00
40	▲ 8239 0007 16	" SEMKO, time-lag, 1.6A			
F004	1 8239 0011 30	" Dentori, normal, 3A	Fel. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
	Ψ 8538 0009 30	" UL/CSA, " . 3A		8251 1250 03	PCB, regulator, U5
	∆ 8239 0007 31	" SEMKO, time-lag, 3.15A	U005	₼ 8236 0260 00	IC, analog, NJM7818A
	8239 0001 00	Nolder, fuse, 5N5051	0001	0333 0063 05	Electrolytic, SOY, luf, 20%, SM
	8239 0012 00	5115650	0002	8232 0061 05	" 25V, 100uF, 20%, 3H
	8276 0010 00	Pin, header	CUUZ	8232 0041 07	
	8207 0014 00	Heat sink, 103030-ST		8276 2370 23	Cable ass'y, 5P, wht, 230mm
	8276 2370 60	Cable ass'y, 5P, wht, 600mm			1 .
	8276 2370 69	н н к 690 ст			1-1
	8276 2360 60	4 4P, 600cm		19.20	2.2.
	8276 3100 60	4 H # H H			
	8276 3070 57	" 2P, " 570nm			
	8276 3090 50	" 3P, red, 500mm			
	8276 3240 60	21, 3209, 180, 000000			
	8276 3180 25	" , ground lug, 250mm			

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
A001	8270 2060 00	Transformer sub-assembly, D-16		8276 2370 60	Cable ass'y, 5P, wht. 60
	8270 2060 01	B-16D		8276 2370 69	w " " 69
A002	8273 1130 01	PCB ass'y, pwr supply, B-16, FCA/END		8276 2360 60	™ 4 4P, H 60
	8273 1130 02	" " " EUR/UK/AUS		8276 3100 60	00 (t t) 11
	8273 1130 03	H # " " , EX/DM		8276 3070 57	" 2P, " 57
	8273 1130 04	" " B-16D, FCA		8276 3090 50	" " 3P, red, 50
•	8273 1130 05	₩ < " " EUR/UK/NUS		8276 3240 60	Cable ass'y, 2P.5209, red
	8273 1130 06	MC/K3 , " " " " "		8276 2360 42	" 4P, wht, 42
\$101		Switch, push, power, SDGAIP, EX/DM/FCA/CND		8276 2290 35	" " 2P, blk, 3
	8253 0350 00	" " SDGA3P, EUR/UK/AUS		8276 3180 25	" « " ground lug
2001		Sparkiller, UL, NSK135		8207 0014 00	Reat sink, 103030-ST
*	8256 0100 00	" CSA, HSK132			
		" SEMCO, 4700pF, PHE 265			
G	. 8256 0110 03	* DM, NSKG115			
	8256 0080 00		MINUS POW	ER PCB ASSEMBL	Y, Ass'y No. 8273 1520 00
X001		Sheet, fiber			
K003		PCB Ass'y, power minus, FCA/CND	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
•	8273 1520 02			8251 1690 00	PCB, minus power
•	8273 1520 03	" " EX/OM	0001	8234 0055 01	Diode, stack KBPC602
			C001	8232 0824 78	Cap., electrolytic, 35%,
DOUGO CIIPE	Y PCR SHB-AS	SEMBLY, Ass'y No. 8273 1360 00			201, MMVNSN
FUNER SUFF	4 .			8239 0001 00	Holder, fuse, SN5051
Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature		8239 0012 00	" " 5N5056
	8251 1251 01	PCB, power supply	F005	8239 0011 00	Fuse, Dentori, anti-cus
	TRANSISTOR			8239 0005 00	" , UL/CSA, "
	41			8239 0007 00	" . SEMKO, time lag
Q001	8234 0050 03	2SD1406-Y			
	DIODES 2				
D001	8234 0044 01	Stack, KBPC802			
D002	8234 0043 01	* , KBPC102			
	8234 0056 01				
D003					
D004, 005					
D006	8234 0018 00	NA-150			
. 1	RESISTORS				
R001	8230 0071 03	Carbon, iW, 10KΩ, 5%, vertical mounting			
R002	8230 0063 31	" IN, 330R, " , flat mounting			
	2 60				
	CAPACITORS				
C001 -		Electrolytic, 63V, 4700vF, +30-10%, BK-L1Sh	I		
C002	8232 0483 38	" , 50Y. 3300UF, " , BK-VNSM	I		
C003	8232 0482 28	w , " , 2200uF, " , "			
C004	8232 0494 78	, 63V. 4700uF, " . BK-LISM	l		
C005 :	8232 0062 25	" , 50V, 2.2uF, 201, SM			
C006	8232 0051 07				
9	Are:				
	HISCELLANEO				
J001	8245 0530 03	Jack, 8263, 3. straight, wht			
J002	8245 0530 23	H → H → , red			
J003	8245 0530 43	• H « , blk			
J004	8245 0530 63	" " " , yel			
J005	8245 0530 05	" " , wht			
	. 1				
	5				
1	-			4-1984	FOSTEX COME

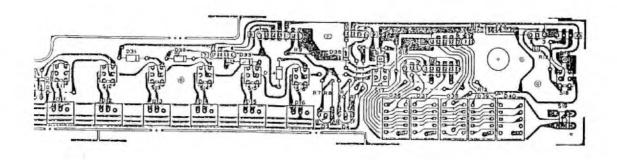
FUNCTION/DISPLAY PCB



FUNCTION/DISPLAY	PCB AS	SSEMBLY,	Ass'y	No.	82731120 00
------------------	--------	----------	-------	-----	-------------

Ref. No.	Parts No.	ltomenc la ture	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nc 11 15
	82511271 00	PCB, function/display	R009	8230 0061 02	**
	TRANSISTORS		ROIO	8230 0062 23	•
	1KAN13131083		R011	8230 0062 24	41
2001, 002	8234 0003 03	2SA1015GR	R012	8230 0063 92	
2003, 004	8234 0002 03	2501815GR	R013	8230 0062 21	н
	230010		R014	8240 0520 00	Pot, rotate, c
001 ~ 16	8234 0046 00	Opto, LED, LT-9000D	501 ∿ 18	8253 0480 00	Switch, : 17.
117	8234 0052 00	" GL - 2HG5	5019	8253 0490 00	н ,
018	8234 0051 00	" GL -29R5			
119 ∿ 35	8234 0018 00	MA-150			
036 ∿ 40	8234 0045 00	Opto, LED. GL-8P03			
	8212 0800 00	Spacer, LLD			
All resisto	CARBON RESIS	TORS ess otherwise noted.			
R001	8230 0061 52	Flat mounting, 1.5KD			
3002	8230 0061 03	" " 10XΩ			
2003	8230 0061 61	" " 160ก			
R004	8230 0061 52	" " 1.5KR			
R00 5	8230 0061 61	" " 160N			
8008	8230 0061 03	" " 10KΩ			
007	8230 0062 23	" " 22KN			
8008	8230 0062 24	" " 220KN			

4-1984 FOSTEX CORP 8288 0681 00



ure

1 100

22Kii

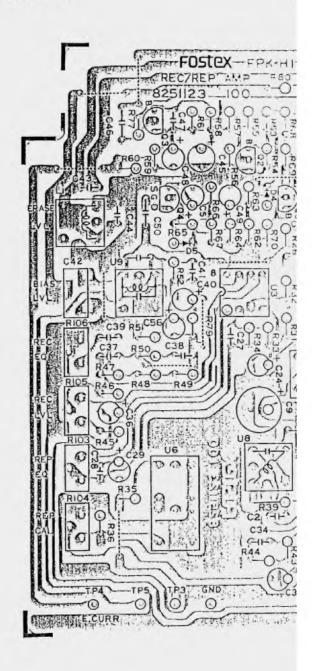
22000

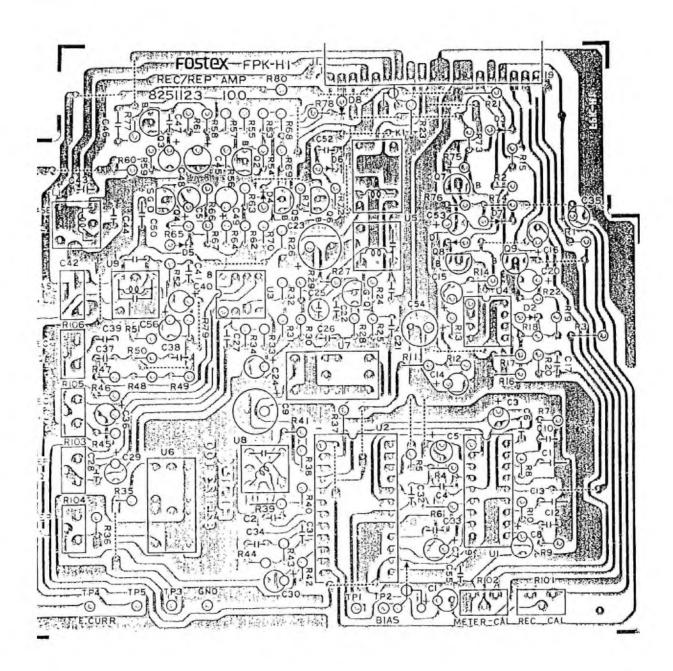
3.9KN 22DN

6, vernier, SXSAB

PH221H

.нн10910





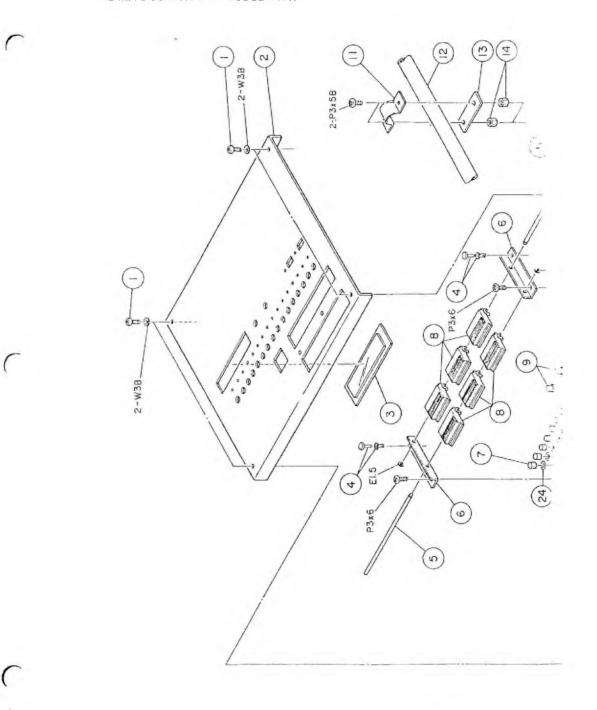
	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nore	englisture		Pef. Ro	Parts No.	20	13.10	
			PCB, R/P	amplifie	r	E025	8230 0041 03			444
		101-				2026	8230 0046 BZ	w		1.165
		IC's				RG27	8230 0235 62	*	υ,	metal, 5 ful
	0001	8236 0276 00	Analog, Do	olby, Riff	52	R028	8230 0041 51		11	1500
	U002	8236 0277 00		" 14E 6	54	R029	3230 0042 73		11	27K9
	U003	8236 0210 00	" K	JM4559DD		R030	8230 0041 03	н	As	10KA
	U004	8236 0283 00	" No	3M34O4AD		RO31	3230 0044 73	4.		47ΚΩ
	U00 5	8256 0240 00	Module, to	rap, S, 1	ODKHz. 10mH	P032	8230 0043 31		н	3300
	U006, 007	8256 0130 00	" f	ilter, le	w-pass, 25KHz		8230 0045 61	4+	и	560ก
	U008	8256 0120 00	" s)	kewing		R034	8230 0044 74	Vertical	l mounting.	
	UD09	8256 0140 00	* ti	rap. P. 1	DG1:Hz	RO35	8230 0043 32		uu	3.3KΩ
		TRANSISTORS				RO36	8230 0043 52		ès	15KΩ
		18863131083							h	3.310
	Q001	8234 0001 09	FET, 25K1	174-3		R037	8230 0043 32			5.6KN
	Q0 02	8234 0002 03	25C1815GR			R038	8230 0045 62			1K0
	Q003	8234 0006 02	25C2B78B			R039	8230 0041 02	Đ.	в	
	Q004	8234 0001 11	SET. 25KT	17GR		R040, 041	8230 0046 82			6.8KN
	Q005 % 007	8234 0002 03	2SC1815GR			RO#2	8230 0232 22		" , M	etal film, 2, 2KS, 19
	Q008	8234 0006 02	25028788			R043	8230 0046 83			68KN
	Q009	8234 0002 03	2501815GR			6044	8230 0235 12	**	-	etal film,5.1KA,1
		DIODES				R045	8230 0045 61	*1	Н	560A
0		DIODES				FC45	823G 0043 92		"	3.9KΩ
	0001 🤏 005	8234 0035 00	MA-150, F	٧S		R047, 048	8230 0049 12	11	.,	9.1KΩ
	D006	8234 0007 00	1N4002			2049, 050		(Delete	d)	
	0007, 008	8234 0035 00	MA-150, F	VS		ลอรา	8230 0041 23	Vertica	1 mounting,	12KR
		CARBON RESIS	Tebe			23C4	9230 0044 72		þ	4.7ΚΩ
	All resisto	rs 14, ±5% unl		se noted		2653	8230 0043 33	*	**	33KU
						2054	8230 0041 04		и	100kg
	RDOI	8230 0042 73	Vertical	_		RD55	8230 0044 72	41	**	4.7KΩ
	RO02	8230 0047 53			75 KA	R056	8230 0041 83		44	1812
	R003	8230 0046 82	ь		6.8KΩ	8057	8230 0041 52	. 11	ti .	1.5KΩ
	R004	8230 0044 73		*	47ΚΩ					
	R005	8230 0231 23		*	, metal film,					
	R006	8230 0237 53	- 10	**	, ,	75K9. *				
	R007	8230 0043 34	ti.	**	330ΚΩ	ROSB	8230 0043 02	н	м	3KN
	R008	8230 0043 94	и	tu .	390κΩ	R059	8230 0047 51		11	750Ω
	ROU9	8230 0043 34	н	"	330KR	R060	8230 0042 00		**	200
	ROIO	8230 0043 94	"	4	390KU	R061	8230 0042 23		н	25KU
	R011	8230 0041 23	и	**	12KΩ	R062	B230 0942 73		**	27KN
	R012	8230 0048 22		u	8.2KΩ	R063	8230 0048 22	6		8.2KΩ
	RO13	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ	8064	8230 0045 62	u	et	5.6ΚΩ
	R014	8230 0042 01		11	5000	R065	0.00000.00.00	(Delete	d)	
	R015	8230 0041 53	н	0	15Kii	R066	8230 0042 72		1 mounting	. 2.7KD
	R016	8230 0044 73	66	**	47ΚΩ	8067	8230 0042 03	п	41	2 OKΩ
	R017	8230 0042 22	17	M	2.2KN	R068	8230 0045 63		м	56KN
	R018	8230 0042 23	0	el	22KI	R069	8230 0041 04			100ΚΩ
		8230 0041 01	81		1000	R07D	8230 0043 33			33KΩ
	R019				18KΩ		8230 0043 33	h	86	10000
		8230 0041 83	41	16						
	R019		41		100ΚΩ	R071		Vortica	1 mounties	
	R019 R020 R021	8230 0041 83 8230 0041 04			100KB	R072	8230 0043 61	Vertica	1 mounting	. 3600
	R019 R020	8230 0041 83	п					Vertica "	1 mounting	

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenc 1a	lure	Ref. No.	Parts No.	
R076	8230 0042 73	e0 16	27KN	C047	8232 0262 23	ts.
R077	8230 0041 53	ii ts	15หภ	C048	8232 0054 75	Electroly
R078	8230 0043 33	10 Al	33K0	0049	8232 0031 06	**
R079	8230 0042 23	и и	55KU	0050	8232 0263 33	Mylar, 50.
	CAPACITORS			Ç051	8232 0054 75	Electrolyth.,
				C052	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50%.
C001	8232 0061 05	Electrolytic, 50V		C053	8232 0721 06	Electrolytic, 25.
C002	8232 0314 71		OV. 470pF. 5%, APS	C054	8232 0041 07	4 =
C003	8232 0041 06	Electrolytic, 25V		C055	8232 0351 03	Ceramic, 50V, 0:
C D O 4	8232 0264 72	Mylar, 50V, 0.004		C056	8232 0196 84	Electrolytic, FC.,
C005	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 169			CARBON POTS	
C006	8232 0264 73	Mylar, 50V, 0.047				
007	8232 0037 05	Electrolytic, 16V		RIOI	8231 0041 03	Trim, vertical mtg.
6008	8232 0062 24	" 50Y	, 0.22uF, 20%, SM	R102	8231 0045 03	et n h
C009	8232 0023 37	" 10V	, 330uF, 20%, SM	R103, 104	8231 0045 02	O. 10
C010	8232 0263 33	Mylar, 50V, 0.033	υF, 5%, ΑΜΧ	R105	8231 Q045 02	Trim, vertical mtg
C011	8232 0261 04	" " 0.luF	, SI, AMX	R106	8231 0042 02	H W H
C012	8232 0263 33	" " 0.033	uF, 5%, AMX	R107		
013	8232 0261 04	" " O.luF	, 5%, AMX		MISCELLANEOUS	5
C014	8232 0033 36	Electrolytic, 16V	. 33uF, 20%, SM	1001		
015	8232 0711 06	D N	10uF, " LR-V8	J.001	8245 0110 19	Jack, 3024-19AH, W
016	8232 0054 75	" 35v	, 4.7uF, " SM	K001	8248 0060 06	Relay, sub-mini, G.
C017	8232 0318 21	Polypropylene, 10	OV, 820pF, 5%, APS	1001	8292 0660 00	'Inductor, 0.8mH, C
018, 019		(Deleted)				
0020	8232 0032 26	Electrolytic, 16V	. 22uF, 20%, SM			
0021	8232 0261 02	Mylar, 50%, 0.001	uF, 5%, AMX			
022	8232 0511 01	Ceramic, 50V, 100	pF, 10%, SL			
023	8232 0032 27	Electrolytic, 16V	, 220uF, 20%, SM			
0024	8232 0033 36	ri si	33uF, " "			
0025	8232 0851 05	" 50Y	, luF, " LR-BP			
026	8232 0502 21	Ceramic, 50V, 220	pF, 5%, SL			
C027	8232 0261 53	Mylar, 50V, 0.015	νF, 5%, ΛΜΧ			
028	8232 0512 20	Ceramic, 50V, 22p	F. 10%, SL			
0029	8232 0031 06	Electrolytic, 16V	, 10uF, 20%, SM			
020	8232 0061 05	" 50Y	. โปร์, 20%, SM			
031	8232 0514 70	Ceramic, SOV, 47p	F, 10%, SL			
032	8232 0303 33	Polypropylene, 10	DV, 0.033uF, 2%, AP	Z		
033	8232 0264 72	Mylar, 50V, 0.004	7uF, 5%, AMX			
034	8232 0301 03	Polypropylene, 10	DV, 0.01uF, 2%, APS			
035	8232 0062 24	Electrolytic, 50V	, 0.22uF, 20%, SM			
036	8232 0033 36	" 16V	, 33uF, 20%; SM			
037	8232 0321 51	Ceramic, 50V. 150	PF, 5%, MPD			
038		(Deleted)				
039	8232 0262 72	Mylar, SOV, 0,002	7αF, 5%, ΛΜΧ			
040	8232 0724 75	Electrolytic, 25V	4.7uf, 20%, LR-VB			
041		(Deleted)				
042	8232 0321 51	Trim, vertical mig	C72 83K, 150pF			
043	8232 0312 72		OV. 0.0027uF, 5%, A	PS		
044	8232 0313 32	10 12	0.0033uF. "	,		
2016	0775 0717 75		0.003301,			
1045	8232 0021 07	Electrolytic, 10V	•			

SYNCHRO CONHECTOR PCB ASSEMBLY, Ass'y No. 8273 1280 00

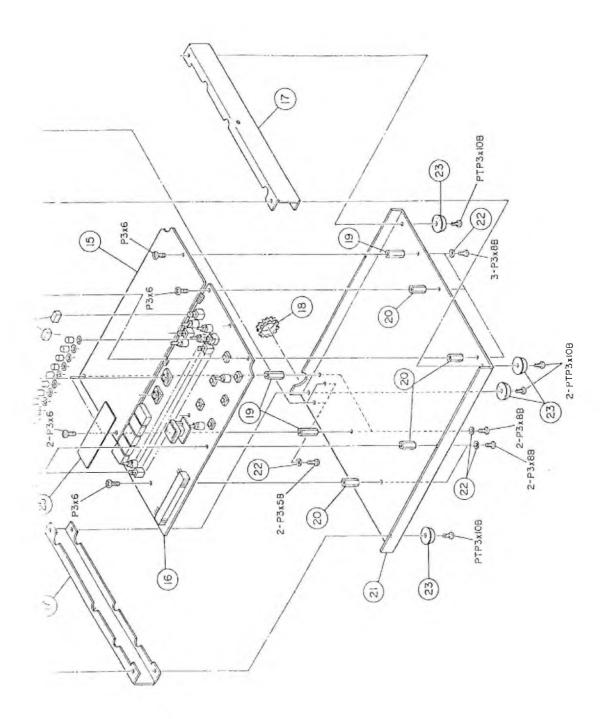
	-	Ref. No.	Parts No.	Nomenclature
10	i		8251 1381 us	PCB, connector, synchro
20%, SM		J1:02	8245 0670 01	Jack. FC. 20P
7s H.			8276 1610 05	Cable, flat, 4 wire, 50mm
MX.			8276 2800 38	Cable ass'y, 3P, wht, 380mm
20%. SM			8276 2860 66	" , 7P. wht, 660mm
YF			8276 2360 54	" , 4P. " "
0%, LR-VD			8276 3330 30	" , 2P, red, 250mm
" SM				
YF				
, 10%, XA				

```
N = -195
 to enclature
           of the second panel B
    4
       E717 1014 10 Flasti-rivet, 201-00-980
          6273 177 1 1-aft, button
6270 2880 0 Tracket, shaft
    =
          8228 1451 13 E.iton, push F
    3
          8225 3410 00 Eutton, cantrol
          3226 0470 00 Eutron, counter B
8226 0370 00 Eutron, push D
          8220231000 Sracket, clamper 0
   33
   12
       8276 3250 00 Cable ass'y, remote control, 8090
         8220 2300 00 Bracket, clamper A
8223 0750 03 Spacer, H3X4.5
   13
   1.4
         8273 1320 00 PCB ass'y, control/counter
   1 €
         8273 1340 00 PCB ass'y, switch/display
          6220 2330 00 Panel, side
8207 0017 00 Bushing, variable, KG-024
   1.7
   18
  12
          8223 0750 01 Spacer, M3x15.4
  23 8223 0750 02 Spacer, M3x12
         8220 2331 00 Fanel, bottom
8204 0148 01 Washer, Mylar, ¢3
  22
         8207 0012 02 Foot, rubber, 136
  23
  8214 1080 00 Washer
  25 8216 0090 00 Screen, counter
```

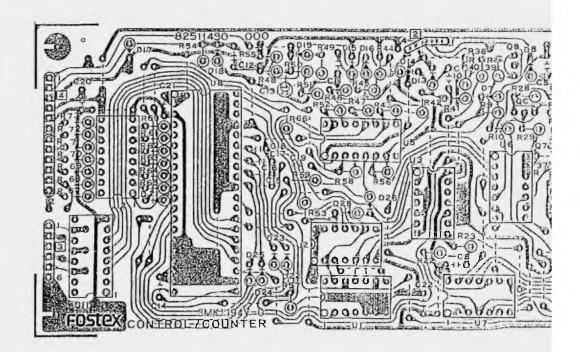


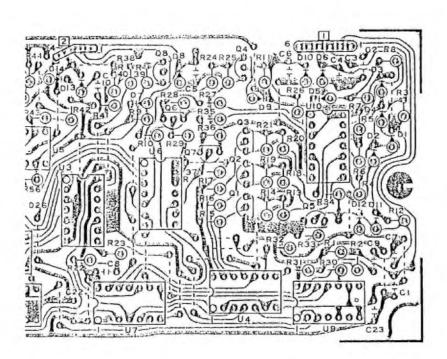
15.5

4-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8268 0681 00



COUNTER PCB





CONTROL/COUNTER PCB ASSEMBLY, Ass'y No. 8273 1320 CO

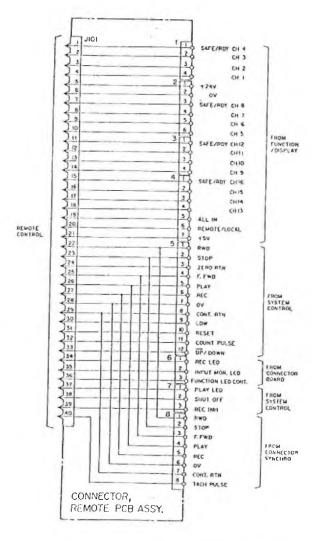
Parts No.	Parts No.	Nomenclatur	e	Re€, No.	Parts No.	No.	omenclature	2
	8251 1430 00	PCB, control/coun	ter	R036	8230 0041 04	9	н	10
	IC's			R037	8230 0041 03		н	11
บกอา	2225 2040 01	Digital 40010		R038, 039	8230 0041 04		10	100
	8236 0040 01	Digital, 4081B		R040	8230 0041 02			
UCD2	8236 0032 01	" 4070B		RO41	8230 0043 33			3.
6003	£236 0007 01	40136		R042	8230 0041 04	н	**	100
L:004	8236 0035 00	40738		RO43	8230 0041 05		*	,
U005	8236 0029 01	40505		R044	8230 0041 02	н		1
U0 0 6	8236 0033 01	40718		R045	8230 0043 33			3;
UQ07	8236 0015 01	" 4023B		R046	8230 0041 04	b	4	100
8000	8236 0193 00	" , counter.	11K50396N	R047	8230 0041 05		Û	1
U009, 010	8236 0031 01	" 4069UB		RO48, 049	8230 0041 02	**		
UO1 1	8236 0195 00	Transistor array.		R050	8230 0044 73	ч	N	47
U012	8236 0194 00	11 11	TD62506P	R051	8230 0041 04	n		100
	TRAMSISTORS			R052	8230 0041 05	н	0	1
201 ∿ 08	8234 0002 03	25C1815GR	,	R053	8230 0041 03		11	10
201 0 00	8234 0002 03	23C10130K		R054	0230 0041 03	(Deleted)		11
	DIODES			R055	9270 0041 04	(neisted)	н	1.66
001 ~ 26	8234 0031 00	151588, LB-10			8230 0041 04			100
	chock office			R056	8230 0041 05	H	44	١
III resistor	CARBON RESIST S &W. ±5% unle	ions ss otherwise nated.		RO57 № 059	8230 0041 04	"	4	100
				R060 ∨ 066	8230 0041 03		mounting,	10
RG01	8230 0041 03	Vertical mounting		R067 ∿ 073	8230 0041 81	и	41	18
R002	8230 0041 04		100KΩ		CAPACITORS			
₹003	8230 0044 72		4.7ΚΩ	CO1 ~ 07	8232 0351 03	Ceramic.	50V. 0.01	υF.
ROD4	8230 0041 04	11 11	100KD	08	8232 0261 04		ΟV. Ο.1μF.	
2005	8230 0044 72	* "	4.7ΚΩ	£09	8232 0351 03		507, 0.01,	
8006	8230 0041 04	41	100ΚΩ	C10, 11	8232 0511 01		" 100p:	
R007	8230 0044 72	M \$6	4.78.7	C12		(Deleted)		,
8009	8230 0041 04	tt b	Ισσκα	C13	8232 0892 25		ytic, 50V,	2 2
R009	8230 0041 03	п а	10หก	C14	8232 0268 21		CV. 820pF.	
R010	8230 0041 04	ti di	100ΚΩ	C15 ~ 18	8232 0501 51		50V. 150pl	
1011. 012	8230 0044 72	41 99	4.7KR	C19	8232 0501 81	n ceronic,	" 180pi	
1013	B230 0044 73	H *1	47KΩ	C20 ~ 23	8232 0351 03	ž7	" 0.01s	
1014	8230 0041 04	11 11	100KD	210 - 20			0.00	ur,
2015, 016	8230 0041 03	Vertical mounting,			MISCELLANEOUS	5		
2017	4				8276 1630 04	Cable, f	lat, 6 wire	2. 41
1018	8230 0044 73	41 11	47KD		8276 1610 04		4 "	
1019	8230 0041 04	** 49	100ΚΩ		8276 1630 09		6 "	91
1020	8230 0044 73	b (t	47KΩ					
1021	8230 0041 04	Mt 99	100ΚΩ					
022	8230 0044 73	if m	47KN					
023, 024	8230 0041 04	11 11	100ΚΩ					
025, 026	*							
02-7	8230 0014 73	ti II	47KN					
028	82 30 0041 04	tr N	100ΚΩ					
029	8230 0041 03	н м	10ΚΩ					
030	8230 0044 73	N 10	47ΚΩ					
031. 032	8230 0041 04	11 6	100ΚΩ					
033, 034								
035	8230 0044 73	11 11	47κΩ					

& CIRCUIT SCHEMATICS

COLNECTOR REMOTE

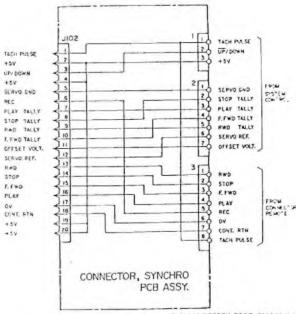
Ř. .

.: (

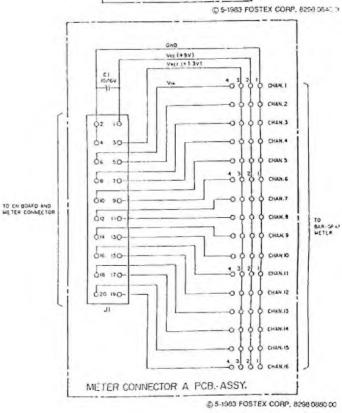


© 5-1903 FOSTEX CORP. 0290 0830 00

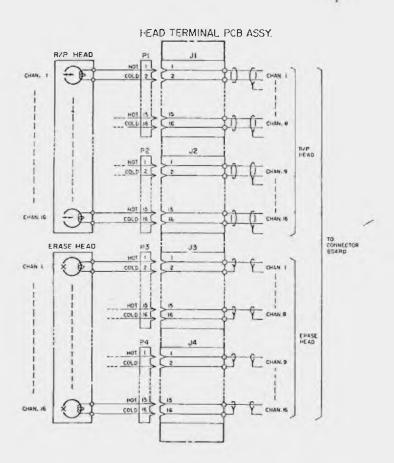
CONNECTOR SYNCHRO



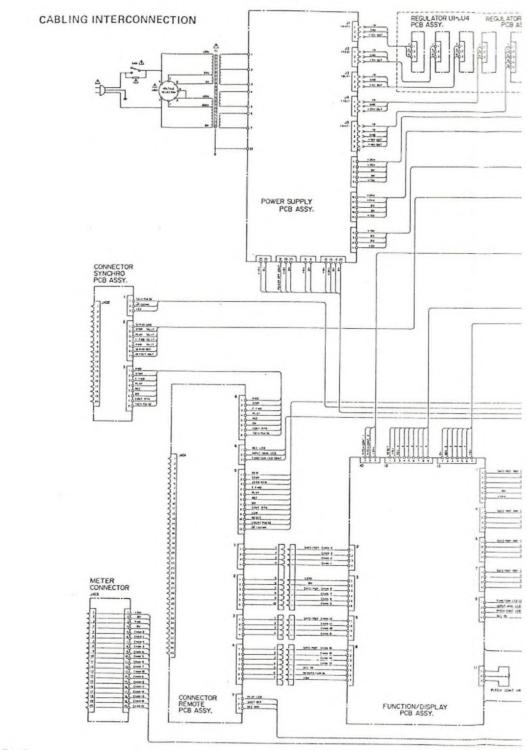
METER CONNECTOR

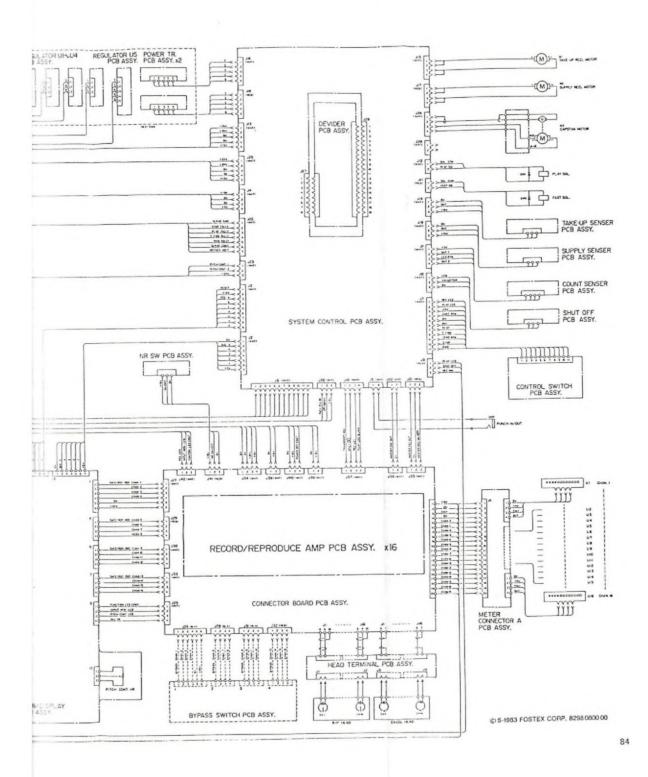


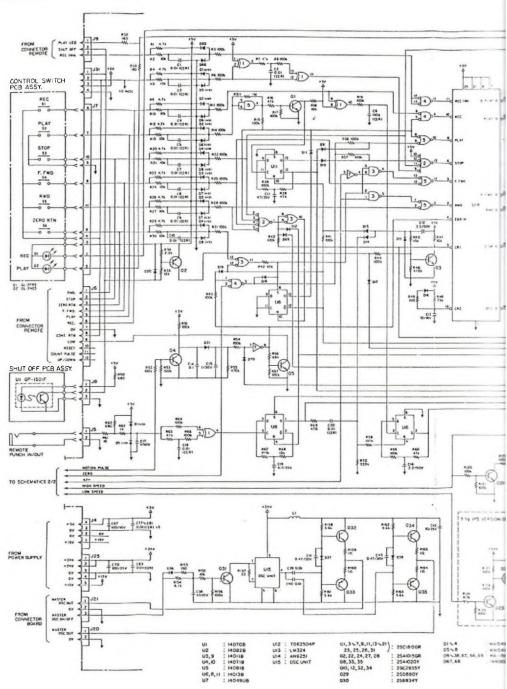
4-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8288 0651 00

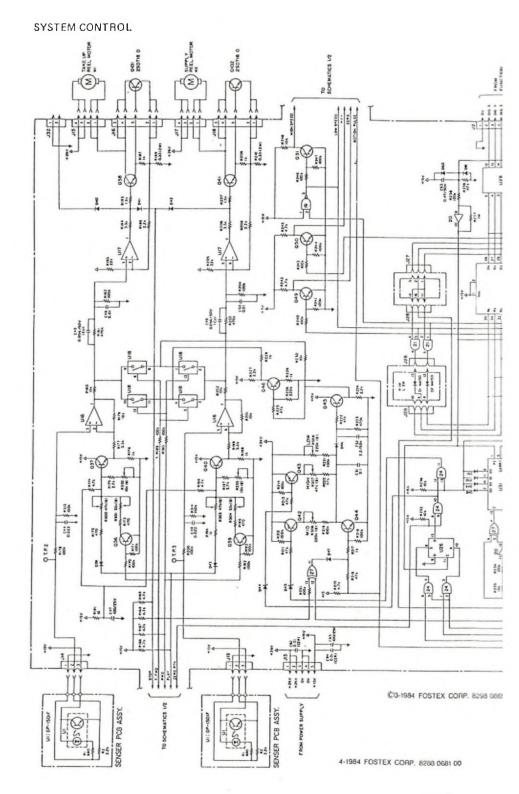


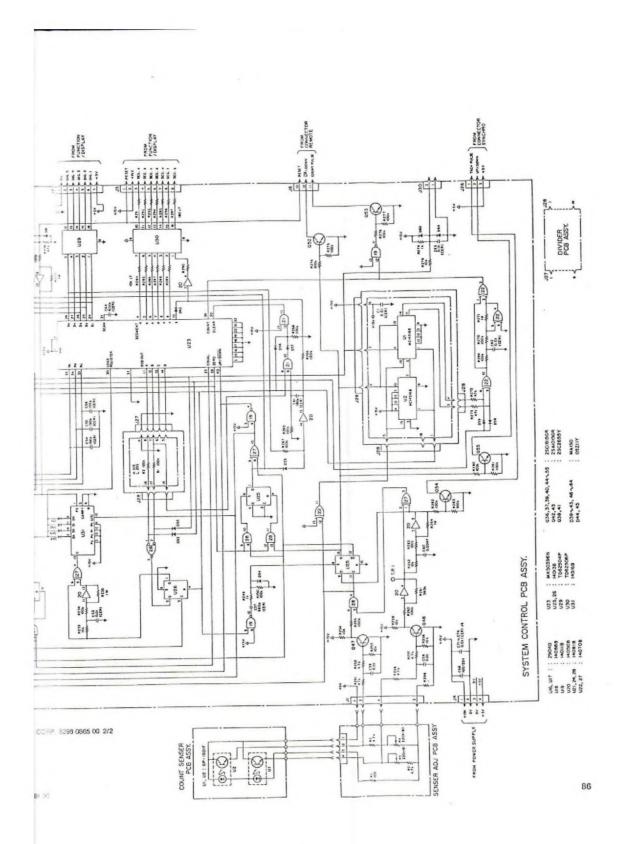
© 5-1963 FOSTEX CORP. 8258 12 1-1



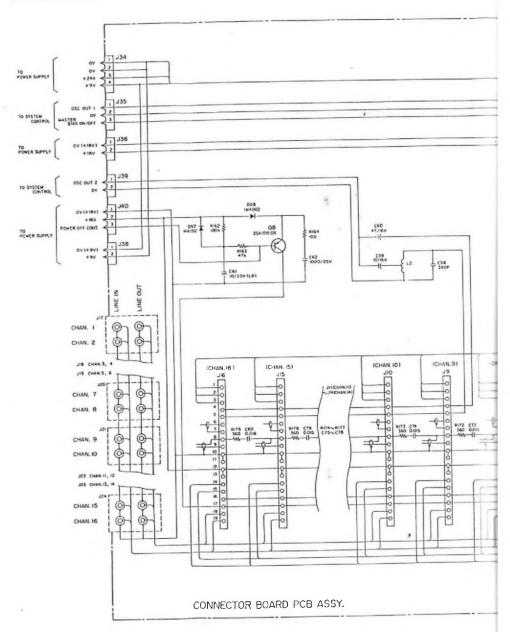


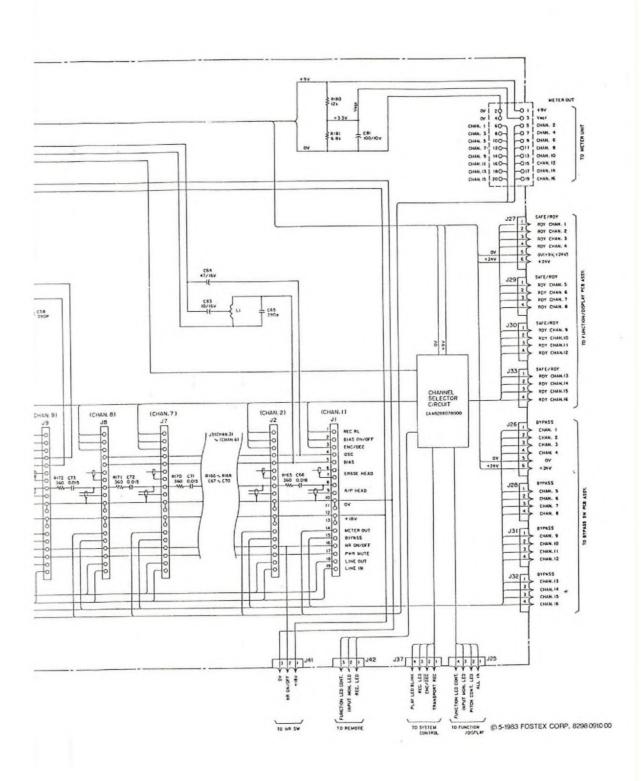


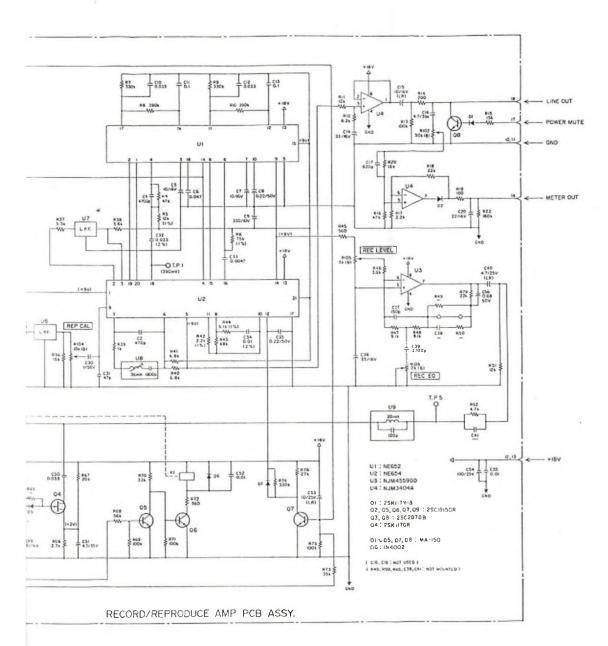




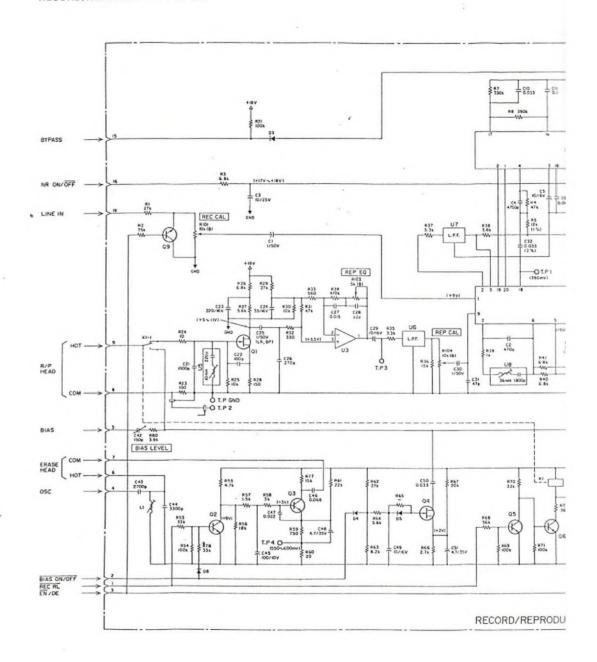
CONNECTOR BOARD

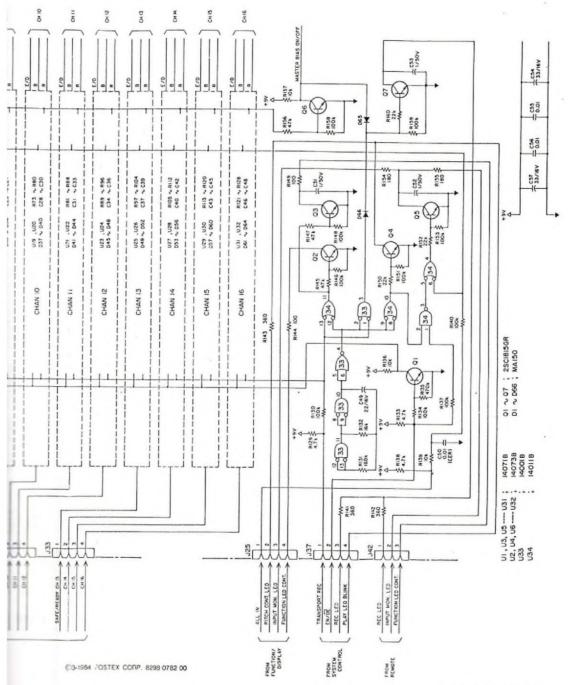


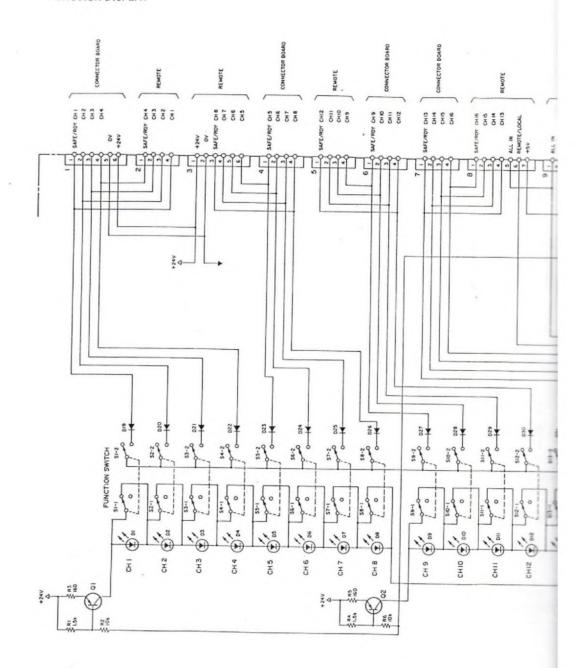




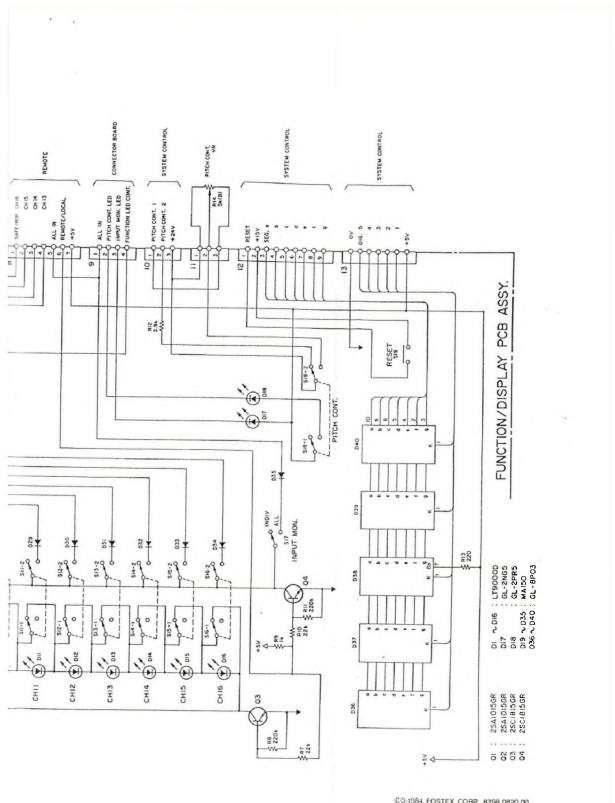
€19-198-1 FOSE FOSTEX CORP. 8298 0904 00



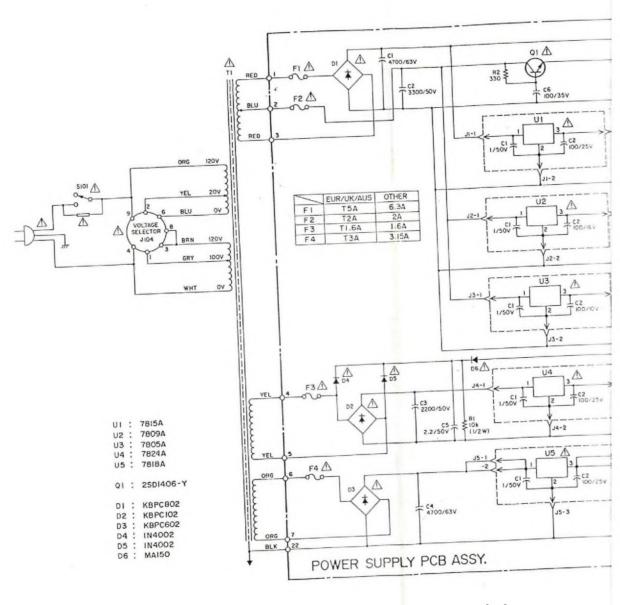


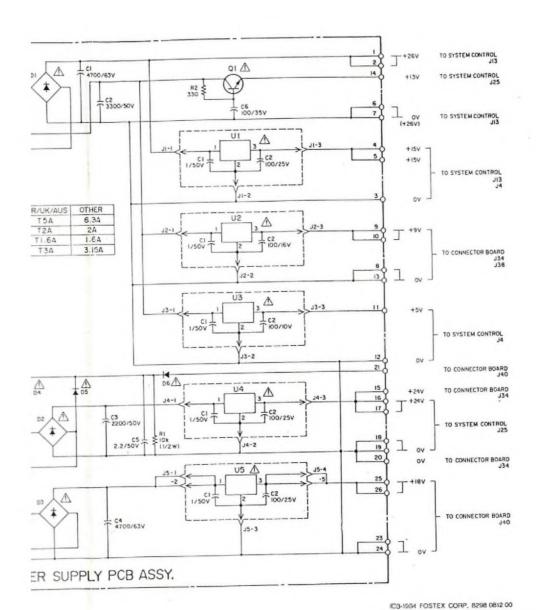


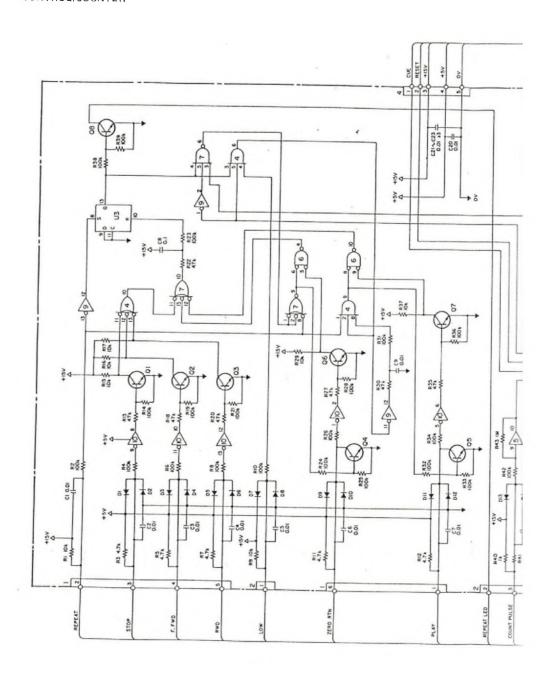
4-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8288 0681 00

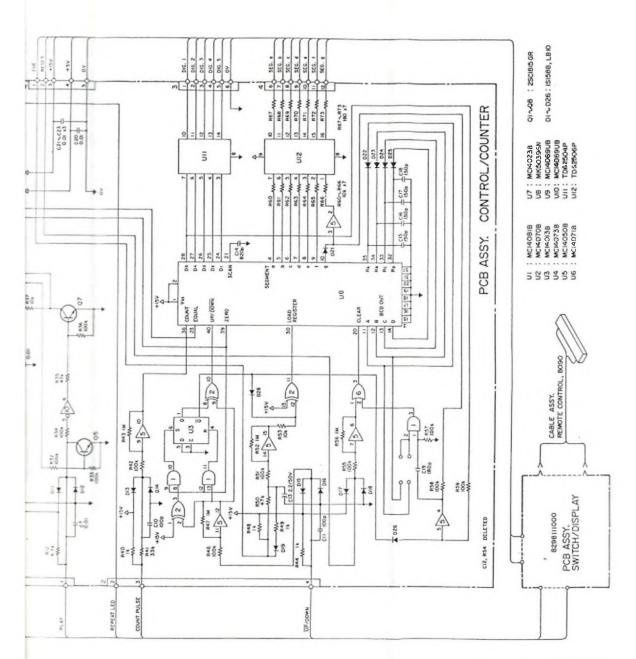


CG-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8298 0820 00









©3-1984 FOSTEX CORP. 8298 0792 00

