THE NEW (DEC. 1972) STATION ID RULE To kick off our PCC rule reprints, let's give you the FCC version of perhaps the most important rule to any Dier: the rule requiring regular station ID's. As you know, they were required to be given on the hour and half-hour until Dec. 15, 1972. At that time a newer, simplified rule went into effect, requiring lD's only on the hour. The new rule is reprinted here. You may find it interesting that legal ID's are required at s/on and s/off as well as on the hour. In fact, a legal ID is the only information required at s/on-s/off time, and most DNers are glad to get other info that broadcasters put in by tradition - power, frequency, licensee, address, etc. You see, things could be worse!

## Subpart H—Rules Applicable in Common to Broadcast Stations

### SCOPE

# § 73.1001 Applicability.

- (a) Except where they expressly provide otherwise, the rules in this Subpart H apply in common to all standard. FM and television broadcast stations, both commercial and noncommercial.
- (b) When expressly so provided in the separate rules governing stations in other broadcast services, designated rules in this Subpart H apply also to:
- Urenational Broadcast Stations—Subpart F of this part.
  Television Broadcast Translator Stations—Subpart G of Part
  To of this chapter.
  Television Broadcast Booster Stations—Subpart H of Part 74
  of this chapter.
- (c) References in this Subpart H to "station(s)", "broadcast station(s)", "licensee(s)" or "broadcast licensee(s)" shall be construed accordingly.
- (d) "Licensee" includes the holder of a construction

## § 73.1201 Station identification.

- (a) When regularly required. Broadcast station identification announcements shall be made: (1) At the beginning and ending of each time of operation, and (2) hourly, as close to the hour as feasible, at a natural break in program offerings. Television broadcast stations may make these announcements visually or aurally.
- (b) Content. (1) Official station identification shall consist of the station's call letters immediately followed by the name of the community or communities specified in its license as the station's location.

- (2) When given specific written authorization to de so, a station may include in its official station identification the name of an additional community or communities, but the community to which the station is ticensed must be named first.
- (3) A licensee shall not in any identification an nouncements, promotional announcements or any other broadcast matter either lead or attempt to lead the station's audience to believe that the station has been authorised to identify officially with cities other than those permitted to be included in official station identifications under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this
- Note: Commission interpretations of this paragraph may be found in a separate Public Notice issued Oct. 30, 1967 entitled "Examples of Application of Rule Regarding Broad cast of Statements Regarding a Station's Licensed Location." (FCC 67-1132; 10 FCC 24 407).
- (c) Channel-(1) General. Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, in making the identification announcement the call letters shall be given only on the channel of the station identified
- (2) Simultaneous AM-FM broadcasts. If the same licensee operates an FM broadcast station and a standard broadcast station and simultaneously broadcasts the same programs over the facilities of both such stations, station identification announcements may be made jointly for both stations for periods of such simultaneous operation. If the call letters of the FM station do not clearly reveal that it is an FM station, the joint announcement shall so identify it.  $\Gamma_{i}$  73.1201(a) amended and part. (d), (e) and (f) delctrd eff. 12-15-72; III (72)-1]

The following is the CLD rule on station ID's which the above rule replaced on 12/15/72. It is reprinted here for comparison only, and you are cautioned that it is no longer in effect. Its key provisions, deleted completely in the new rule in favor of the thrase "as close to the hour as feasible," include the provision for late ID's during ball games and live music presentations, and for ID's up to 15 minutes late during proof-of-merformance tests. This rule, in turn, had replaced a rule in Jan. 1070 which allowed 5 minutes leeway on ID's during sports broadcasts.

#### \$78.1201 Station identification.

- (a) When regularly required. Broadcast stations shall announce station identification: (1) At the beginning and ending of each time of operation, and (2) regularly, during operation, within 2 minutes of each hour. Standard, FM, and noncommercial educational FM brondeast stations shall, additionally, announce station identification regularly within 2 minutes of each half hour. Television broadcast stations may make these announcements either visually or aurally
- (b) Content. (1) Official station identification shall consist of the station's call letters immediately followed by the name of the community or communities specified in its license as the station's location
- (2) When given specific written authorization to do so, a station may include in its official station identifiention the name of an additional community or communities, but the community to which the station is licensed must be named first.
- (3) A licensee shall not in any identification annonneements, promotional announcements or any other broadcast matter either lead or attempt to lead the station's audience to believe that the station has been authorized to identify officially with cities other than those permitted to be included in official station identi ons under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph.
- NOTE: Commission interpretations of this paragraph may be found in a separate Public Notice issued Oct. 30, 1967. entitled "Examples of Application of Rule Regarding Broad coat of Statements Regarding a Station's Livensed Location" (FCC 67-1132; 10 FCC 2d 407)
- (c) Channel-(1) Ocneral. Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, in making the identification announcement the call letters shall be given only on the channel of the station identified
- (2) Simultaneous AM-FM broadcasts. If the same licensee operates an FM broadcast station and a standard broadcast station and simultaneously broad casts the same programs over the facilities of both such stations, station identification announcements may be made jointly for both stations for periods of simultaneous operation. If the call letters of the FM station do not clearly reveal that it is an FM station, the joint announcement shall so identify it.
- (d) Program interruption. Licensees shall, in general, arrange their programming so as to permit the broadcast of station identification unnouncements at the regular times prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section without undue disruption of program conti nuity. Subject to this requirement, a station identifies it is regularly required, if to do so would objectionably break program continuity essential to the value of the program to the audience. However, program continuity is deemed to be broken, and therefore an announce ment is required, if during the 4-minute period in which an announcement is regularly due there is presented any nonprogram matter, such as commercial, public service or promotional announcements. While there may be exceptions, normally program continuity is also deemed to be broken, and an identification an nouncement is required, if during the 4-minute period there occurs the end of a regular period in a sports ievent being broadcast (e.g., round, quarter, or half inning), the end of an act in a dramatic or variety program, the intermission of a live concert, opera, re cital, or other musical performance presented live in its entirety (presented simultaneously or by rebroad cast), or the end of any other musical selection.

  (e) Deferred station identification. (1) If a station
- omits a regular station identification announcement as permitted under puragraph (d) of this section, it shall broadcast a deferred station identification an-nouncement at the next apportunity when it can be presented without objectionably breaking program con-tinuity essential to the value of the program to the tudience. Such opportunity is deemed to occur, at the latest, when any of the material or events mentioned in paragraph (d) of this section is presented or occurs.
- (2) If no opportunity for an announcement (as defined in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph) occurs after a regular station identification is omitted, a deferred station identification shall be broadcast promptly at the end of the program unless the next regular station identification is broadcast within 5 minutes after the program ends.
- (f) Equipment performance measurements. Station identifications falling due during equipment perform ance measurements may be deferred up to a quarter of