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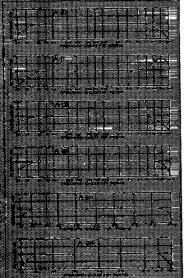
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A-11	Low impedance mike, pickup, or line to 1 or 2 grids (multip	50, 200, 500 le alloy shields for low b	50,000 ohms num pickup)	18.00
A-12	Low impedance mike, pickup, or multiple line to grids	50, 125/150, 200/250, 333, 500/600 ohms	80,000 ohms overall, in two sections	_16.00
A-14	Dynamic microphone to one or two grids		50,000 ohms overall, in two sections	17.00
A-20	Mixing, mike, pickup, or mul- tiple line to line	333, 500/600 ohms	333, 500/600 onms	16.00
A-21	mixing, low impedance mike, pickup, or line to line (multip	50, 200/250, 500/600 le alloy shields for low	50, 200/250, 500/600 hum pickup)	18,00
A-16	Single plate to single grid		60.000 ohms, 2:1 ratio	15.00
A-17	Single plate to single grid 8 MA unbalanced D.C.	As above	As above	17.00
A-18	Single plate to two grids. Split primary	15,000 ohms	80,000 ohms overall, 2.3:1 turn ratio	16.00
A-19	Single plate to two grids 8 MA unbalanced D.C.	15,000 ohms	80,000 ohms overall, 2.3:1 turn ratio	19.00
A-24	Single plate to multiple line	15,000 ohms	50, 125/150, 200/250, 333, 500/600 ohms	16.00
A-25	Single plate to multiple line 8 MA unbalanced D.C.	15,000 ohms	50, 125/150, 200/250, 333, 500/600 ohms	17.00
A-26	Push pull low level plates to multiple line	30,000 ohms plate to plate	50, 125/150, 200/250, 333, 500/600 ohms	16.00
A-27	Crystal microphone to mul- tiple line	100,000 ohms	50, 125/150, 200/250, 333, 500/600 ohms	16.00
A-30	Audio choke, 250 henrys @ 5 M	A 6000 ohms D.C., 65 henr	vs @ 10 MA 1500 ohms D.C	FZ.00
A-32	Filter choke 60 henrys @ 15 M	A 2000 ohms D.C., 15 hen	rys @ 30 MA 500 ohms D.C	10,00



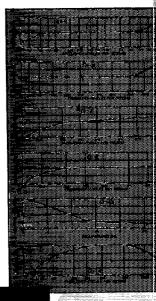
TYPE A CASE 11/2" x 11/2" x 2" high

UTC OUNCER components represent the acme in compact quality transformers. These units, which weigh one ounce, are fully impregnated and sealed in a drawn aluminum housing $\frac{7}{8}$ " diameter... mounting opposite terminal board. High fidelity characteristics are provided, uniform from 40 to 15,000 cycles, except for 0.14, 0.15, and units carrying DC which are intended for voice frequencies from 150 to 4,000 cycles. Maximum level 0 DB.



CASE 76" Dia. x 11/8" high

Type No.	Application	Pri. Imp.	Sec. Imp.	List Price
0-1	Mike, pickup or line to 1 grid	50, 200/250 500/600	50,000	\$14.00
0-2	Mike, pickup or line to 2 grids	50, 200/250 500/600	50,000	14.00
0.3	Dynamic mike to 1 grid	7.5/30	50,000	_13.00
0-4	Single plate to 1 grid	15,000	60,000	11.00
0-5	Plate to grid, D.C. in Pri.	15,000	60,000	11.00
0-6	Single plate to 2 grids	15,000	95,000	13.00
0-7	Plate to 2 grids, D.C. in Pri.	15,000	95,000	- {3.00 -
0-8	Single plate to line	15,000	50, 200/250, 500/600	14.00
0-9	Plate to line, D.C. in Pri.	15,000	50, 200/250, 500/600	14.00
0-10	Push pull plates to line	30,000 ohms plate to plate	50, 200/250, 500/600	14.00
0-11	Crystal mike to line	50,000	50, 200/250, 500/600	14.00
0-12	Mixing and matching	50, 200/250	50, 200/250, 500/600	13.00
0-13	Reactor, 300 Hysno D.C.;	50 Hys 3 MA. D.C.,	6000 ohms	10.00
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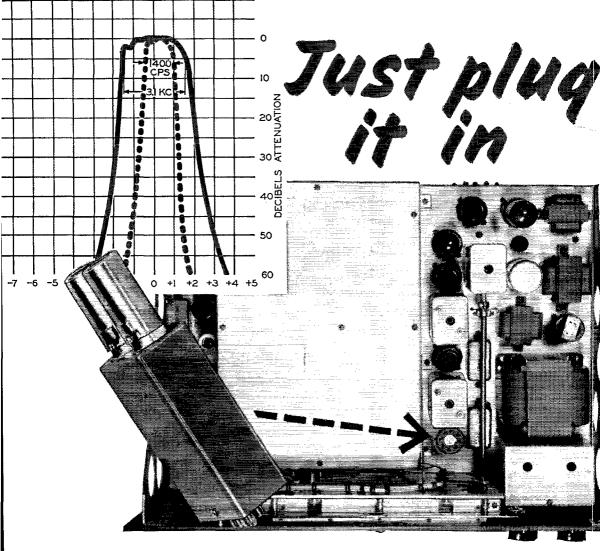
Nominating letters for this year's Edison Award must be postmarked not later than January 3, 1954, in order for a candidate to receive consideration by the judges.

If you have not yet nominated an amateur for the Award, and for the trophy, gift, and national acclaim that go with it—please do so now!

Terms of the 1953 Edison Award . . . the benefits it brings to the winner, also the person nominating him . . . what facts your letter should contain . . . all may be found in the announcement by General Electric that appeared on this page in September.

Mail your letter to Edison Award Committee, Tube Department, General Electric Company, Schenectady 5, New York.





A Mechanical Filter for Your 75A-1!

IN A MATTER OF SECONDS your 75A-1 can be converted to incorporate the revolutionary new Collins mechanical filter! Just unplug the first 500 kc IF tube and plug in your choice of either the 1400 cycle or 3.1 kc unit. The 353C series plug-in adapter units for your 75A-1 will be available at your Collins distributor soon - contact him now for early delivery.

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F455B-08, 800 cycle.....\$ 55.00 F455B-31, 3.1 kc.......\$ 55.00 F455B-60, 6.0 kc (available now).....\$ 55.00

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DECEMBER 1953

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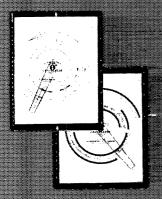
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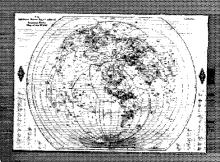
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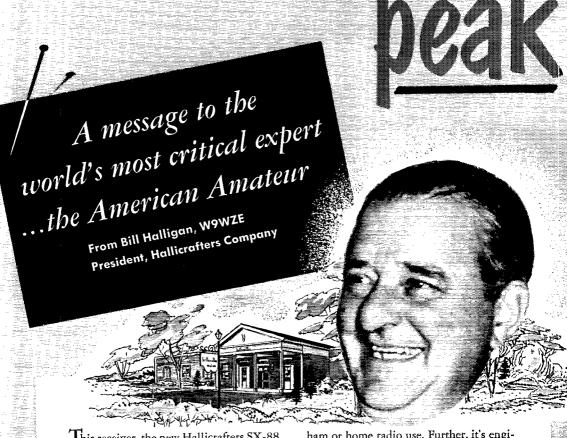
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Our very first customer was a ham. Hams are and always have been our most important customers. It gives me the greatest of pleasure then, in this our twentieth anniversary year, to offer you the SX-88, a ham's dream receiver.

You owe it to yourself to have a look at it soon. See for yourself the features and engineering which make the SX-88 the biggest communications news of the year. We're proud of it. You will be too.

Sincerely,

Bill Halligan W9WZE

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communications receiver

Here is the set you've dreamed of—the set that has everything—the new Hallicrafters SX-88. On the next pages are listed some of the outstanding features that make this set what it is. But before you look at them, think, What do you want most in a communications receiver?

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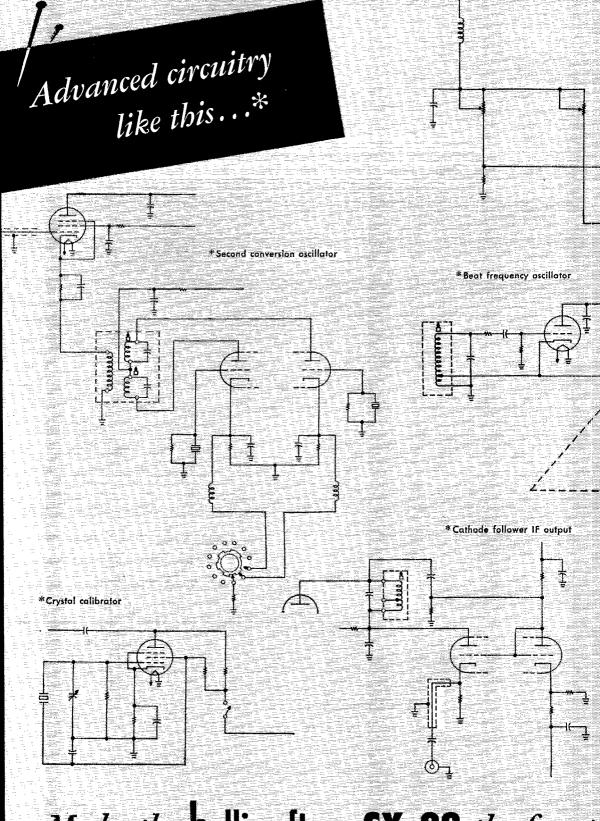
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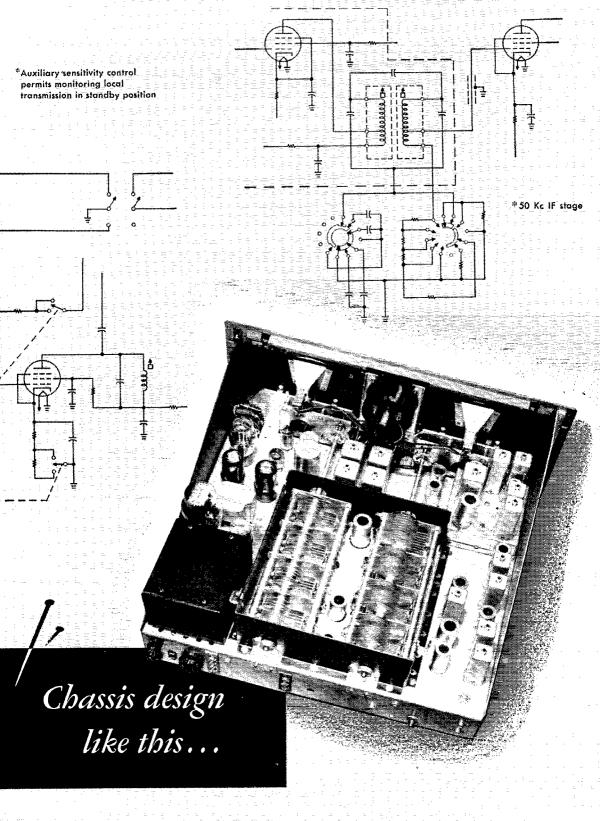
Single Side Band Suppressed Carrier. Two beat frequency oscillator injection levels to accommodate CW and SSSC. Beat frequency oscillator slug tuned for maximum stability. Oscillator circuits compensated to eliminate frequency drift with temperature change or line voltage variation.

These are just a few features that make the SX-88 great—now, for more...





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- 7. Antenna trimmer.
- 8. Amplified and delayed A.V.C.
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- 15. Dial locks on each tuning shaft.
- **16.** Tuning dial indicators resettable from front panel for maximum calibration accuracy.
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- 18. Illuminated band-in-use indicator.
- 19. Illuminated S meter.
- 20. Dual S meter calibration S units and microvolts.
- 21. Auxiliary power socket plus .6 amps at 6.3 volts and 10 ma at 150 volts for accessories.

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- **23.** 50 kc l.f. output jack via cathode follower for teletype converter, etc.
- 24. Five position response control (tone control).
- 25. Two r.f. stages (Bands II to VI).
- **26.** 17 tubes plus voltage regulator, ballast tube and rectifier.
- 27. Automatic noise limiter circuit.
- 28. Phono Jack
- 29. Audio output transformer for 3.2, 8, 500/600 ohm loads.
- 30. Fuse for overload protection.
- **31.** Auxiliary sensitivity control permits monitoring of local transmissions in standby position.

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Main tuning.

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Volume: 0-10 and AC/off.

Band width in kc: 10, 5, 2½, 1¼, .5 and .250.

Pitch: (B.F.O.) +5-0-5.

Response: Bass Boost, High Fidelity, Normal, Communications.

(Comm. 1, Communications.

Antenna trimmer +5-0-5.

Sensitivity 0-10.

Front Panel Toggle Switches

Noise limiter on/off.

A.V.C. on/off.

Calibrator on/off.

Receive-standby.

C.W.—AM—SSSC (single side band suppressed carrier).

Chassis Rear

Speaker terminals 3.2/8/500-600 ohms.

Antenna terminals 52-600 ohms.

AC Accessory socket 117 volts at 250 watts

Power socket—Octal for external power supply to receiver, such as batteries, and in addition, this socket supplies 6.3 volts at 600 ma and 150 dc at 10 ma for future accessories.

I-F output jack.

Audio Input-phono jack.

Fuse holder for AC power circuit.

Standby sensitivity control (access through cabinet cover).

Frequency Range

(Main tuning dial)

Band 1-535 to 1710 kc.

Band 2-1690 to 3080 kc.

Band 3—2980 to 5570 kc.

Band 4-5370 to 10,000 kc.

Band 5-9.8 to 18.3 mc.

Band 6-17.8 to 33 mc.

Sensitivity

Bands 2 to 6-1 microvolt for ½ watt output. 1 microvolt for 10 db signal to noise ratio.

Band 1—10 microvolts for $\frac{1}{2}$ watt output.

Image Rejection

Not less than 80 db on frequencies lower than 20 mc.

Not less than 60 db on frequencies from 20 to 30 mc.

Spurious Responses

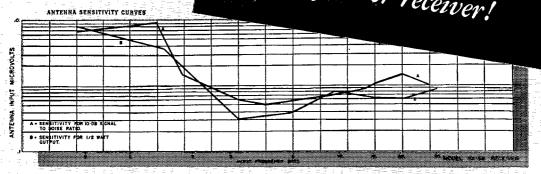
(I.F. and oscillator tweets)

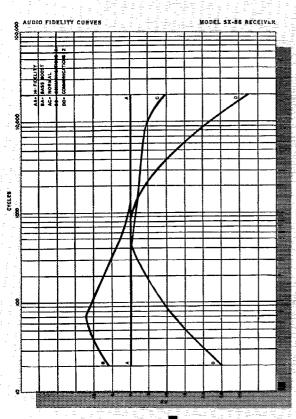
Not less than 80 db except at 1700 kc where it is not less than 50 db

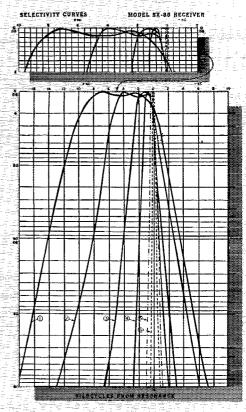
Band Width—(Selectivity)

Position	6 db (nose)	60 db (skirts)
10 kc	10 kc	30 kc
5 kc	5 kc	15. kc
2.5 kc	2.5 kc	7.5 kc
1.25 kc	1.25 kc	3.75 kc
.500 kc	500 cps	1.50 kc
.250 kc	250 cps	850 cps

These curves tell the story ... compare with any other receiver!







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THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE. INC.,

is a noncommercial association of radio amateurs, bonded for the promotion of interest in amateur radio communication and experimentation, for the relaying of messages by radio, for the advancement of the radio art and of the public welfare, for the representation of the radio amateur in legislative matters, and for the maintenance of fraternalism and a high standard of conduct.

It is an incorporated association without capital stock, chartered under the laws of Connecticut. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial and no one commercially engaged in the manufacture, sale or rental of radio apparatus is eligible to membership on its board.

"Of, by and for the amateur," it numbers within its ranks practically every worth-while amateur in the nation and has a history of glorious achievement as the standard-bearer in amateur affairs.

Inquiries regarding membership are solicited. A bona fide interest in amateur radio is the only essential qualification; ownership of a transmitting station and knowledge of the code are not prerequisite, although full voting membership is granted only to licensed amateurs.

All general correspondence should be addressed to the administrative headquarters at West Hartford, Connecticut.



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NOVICES

The Novice license has now been available for a length of time sufficient to permit an examination of a complete two-year cycle, from July 1, 1951, to July this year. In the first twelve months, about 13,000 Novice tickets were issued; in the second twelve months, about 9400 Novice tickets were issued. Let us say immediately that the lowered figure does not necessarily mean that much of a drop in interest, because toward the end of the second year FCC was several months behind in issuing tickets for which exams had already been passed.

In all this time it has been a rare occasion to hear any amateur comment relating to the Novice license which is not complimentary and enthusiastic. We like these guys (and gals), newcomers to amateur radio, and extend them a welcome hand. We think they've established a pretty good record for themselves, operating as successfully as they do in crowded bands, sticking pretty much to c.w. to make sure they'll be up to 13 w.p.m. at least by the end of their year, and demonstrating fairly competent operating techniques and abilities. There is no question that the Novice license in principle is a good thing for amateur radio. It gets our newcomers on the air sooner than they would otherwise, and in their formative period they progress by learning from actual experience rather than solely from books or code-oscillator practice. All this, of course, is to the good.

But there is one respect in which the license has been disappointing, though no fault of the Novices themselves. In discussions prior to the establishment of the new class, there were a great many proponents who predicted that it would bring tens of thousands of new people into amateur radio — yes, that it might even double the number of amateurs in one year. In the light of the record these predictions were, to put it gently, somewhat overenthusiastic. The figures do not show that the Novice ticket has made any startling change in the steady and continued growth which has characterized amateur radio for many years.

Don't misunderstand us; it is a good, healthy figure of growth. The disappointment comes from the fact that the figure remains at

an average level despite an unprecedented amount of promotion and publicity on the Novice license aimed at interesting a greater number of people in the hobby. Youth magazines, hobby and "popular mechanics" type publications, newspapers, boys' club bulletins, house organs, and Sunday school leaflets are examples of fields in which a considerable job of promotion was accomplished, using information supplied by the League, during those first two years (and still continues). Some 250,000 copies of a special promotional piece, "You Can Be There," were (and continue to be) distributed by us through schools, boys' organizations, veterans groups, affiliated clubs, hobby shows and fairs, and the industry. These activities alone are not the magic answer, at least in terms of visible results. (It can of course be argued that without the promotion the regular rate of growth would have dropped off; but that would be an endless argument since there is no proof either way.)

It may well be that the key to amateur radio's growth lies not entirely in promotion and advertising and other printed media, but rather more fully in personal interest and guidance. At least, that struck home in our own case of seven of the office gals recently obtaining their Novice tickets. They'd been pretty well exposed, obviously, to ham radio for considerable time, in one case more than 20 years. They had a latent interest. They certainly had plenty of literature at their disposal! They wanted to become hams, but there was something lacking. If the deficiency had been only an easier license, they would have been hamming long before this. The "something," as we look back upon it now, may well have been the personal attention and instruction and guidance that was furnished them, not only in code practice and theory study, but following through to use of tools, construction of equipment, and actually setting it up on the air after the tickets came through.

And so it seems to us that we all, as amateurs, must not make the mistake of looking upon the Novice license as an "open sesame" to amateur radio, nor of assuming that it is a simple key for mass production of our necessary growth, without further action on our part. It is indeed a tool for growth, but it

becomes a useful tool only when we as amateurs put it to work. We address ourselves particularly to clubs when we urge all amateurs to keep in mind the continuing need for personal guidance, of invitations to visit home and club stations, to keep those code and theory classes going (or initiate them), and to follow through with personal assistance of selection of equipment, its construction, and its set-up for operation. The gratitude of the newcomers you help is only part of your reward; more important is the knowledge that you are breathing new life and continued growth into the greatest of all avocations.

OUR COVER

Chief Op "mp" puts the W1AW Model 12 teletype printer to the pleasant duty of bringing warm Season's Greetings from all of us at Hq. to all of you out there.

Since the war many countries of the world have set up currency restrictions which either prohibit the sending of money outside their boundaries or make it practically impossible. This has meant that hundreds of amateurs in other lands do not normally have the opportunity to renew their ARRL memberships and receive QST regularly. The situation is made more acute by the devaluation of many foreign currencies, for many of those who formerly were just barely able to get together the necessary American dollars now find it utterly impossible to do so.

At the end of the war ARRL did in numerous instances grant membership and QST to prewar members overseas on a credit basis, but of course we couldn't carry membership-subscriptions on that basis indefinitely and, in practically all cases, we have been regretfully obliged to discontinue these arrangements. It occurs to us that perhaps American amateurs and club groups might wish this year to make a "care" package gift in the form of QST for Christmas, as many did last year. If it's something you'd like to do, we'll be glad to make necessary arrangements. The foreign membership dues are \$5. If you have a particular DX buddy in mind, give us his name — and complete address. If you have no special name, we can arrange to apply your remittance to a membershipsubscription for a foreign amateur who cannot send his own money but wishes to renew. We'll let you know what amateur we select. And of course we'll send the recipient of your gift an appropriate note to tell him who his American patron is. Address ARRL, 38 La Salle Road. West Hartford 7, Connecticut.

Contraction of the second of t

Strays &

W2AOC, who has a first-floor apartment, tells W1HDQ he finally solved the third-floor TVI problem. He's marrying the complainant.

After an exceptionally heavy deluge of shack visitors, W5ELE came to the inevitable conclusion that every ham ought to have *two* stations—one that works and one that looks good.

You've got to be ready for anything these days. W3ULR cranked up his rig on 75 'phone recently and contacted W8JPJ (a.m.), W3UIL (c.w.) and W3ALE (s.s.b.) within a half hour. No spark stations were heard.

If you call CQ at the right time, on the right frequency and under the right conditions, it might actually come back to you. W1WPO has a QSL from the place, a card confirming QSO with WN7UBC of Sekiu, Washington.

W2CUD and W1TJU had a 9-watt 75-meter 'phone rig along on a Massachusetts vacation last summer. They took it on a fishing trip and sought to dent the 3.8-Mc. QRM with the aid of a kite-supported antenna over water. The kite was of box design and nearby townsfolk, viewing the set-up from shore, had it figured out for everything from signals of distress to "flying cubes." The story later made quite a splash in the Cape's Vineyard Gazette.

When 17-year-old Dick Phillips, W4SKE, was stricken by polio over a year ago, dozens of amateurs in the Kentucky area hastened to help speed his recovery. The hospital-bed station they installed for Dick's enjoyment was undoubtedly of much therapeutic benefit while the lad's condition improved from iron lung to chest respirator to rocking-bed and finally to independent breathing. W4JXF and W4TUT, ARRL's Kentucky SCM, helped coördinate rehabilitation assistance by a group whose number eventually swelled to include 150 amateurs. Dick is now further recuperating in a New York City medical center. His doctor is VE5TH/W2.

This month's Silent Keys discloses the sad fact that another of amateur radio's eminent stalwarts of other days has passed on. J. O. Smith, ex-2LK-2ZL, was a member of ARRL's Board of Direction at its inception before the first World War. He was serving as Atlantic Division Manager at that war's outset, later to assume duties as the League's Traffic Manager in 1919 at the lifting of the ban. Under Mr. Smith's management, the Operating Department thrived and its scope of activities expanded manifold. Upon his resignation from this position in 1920, November QST of that year recorded: "For this [work] his name will ever stand in ARRL history, and he has the gratitude of every ARRL man."

16 QST for

A De Luxe 5-Band Mobile Transmitter

VFO- or Crystal-Controlled 30 Watts on 'Phone or C.W.

BY ROBERT D. LELAND, * W8GBT

• Here is a clean-looking and well-designed mobile rig that should give you a few ideas worth kicking around for that next transmitter you plan to build. It uses a 2E26 final for VFO- or crystal-controlled 'phone or c.w. on five bands.

THE transmitter to be described is the outcome of two years' work and three other transmitters. It is a compact and versatile rig designed for under-the-dash mounting. The unit is only 9 inches wide and 5 inches deep, so there is still plenty of leg room for a third passenger in the front seat. Physically, the layout of the front panel provides maximum convenience in mobile operation. The VFO dial is large and directly calibrated on all bands. A slide-rule type dial was used because it requires less room and is easier to read than a curved dial. The crystal is plugged in at the front panel to permit easy changing, but the socket is recessed to prevent damaging of the crystal pins by accidental bumping. The transmitter operates on five amateur bands without coil changing; the driver coils are broad-banded and require no adjustment during operation. There is no necessity to meter the grid circuit, which further simplifies the operation. The meter used in the transmitter reads the final-amplifier current only, and the final incorporates a pi network for rapid loading on all bands.

The transmitter operates with reasonably low battery drain, and there are two ranges of

* 118 Cambridge St., Pleasant Ridge, Mich.

power that can be selected directly from the front panel. The author has used 6 watts on 10 meters with excellent results, but the 30 watts is handy for the crowded bands. Plate power requirements are 500 volts at 150 ma. maximum for an input power to the final of about 30 watts. The transmitter keys well for c.w. work and uses high-level plate modulation for 'phone operation. An internal relay mutes the receiver, controls the dynamotor, and switches the antenna. This provides push-to-talk operation with a remotely-located power supply.

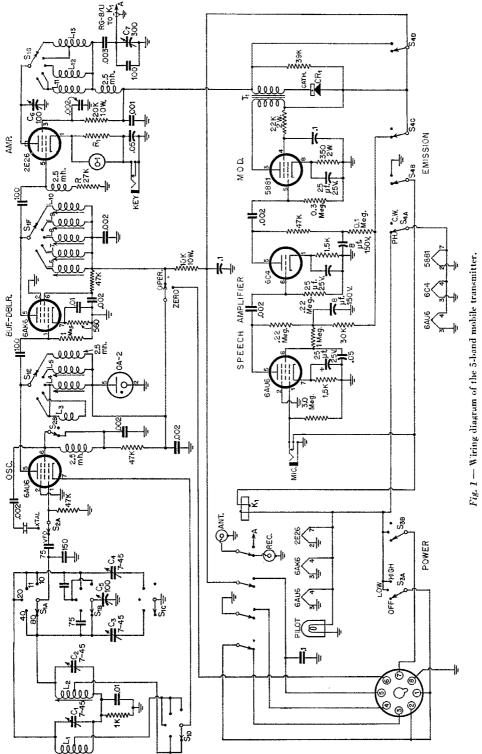
The Circuit

The circuit diagram, Fig. 1, of the transmitter shows a 6AU6 as a combination crystal oscillator and VFO. Switch S2 selects either the VFO or the crystal oscillator. A Hartley oscillator is used on VFO, and a modified Pierce oscillator is used in the crystal position because of its ability to oscillate with almost any crystal. Any frequency crystal may be used in the transmitter, provided the subsequent frequency multiplication does not exceed four. An 0A2 regulator tube is used to stabilize the voltage to the oscillator. The fundamental frequency of the oscillator is 80 meters on the 80- and 40-meter bands (L_2) , and 40 meters on the 20-, 11-, and 10-meter bands (L_1) . The bandswitch sections S_{1A} , S_{1B} , S_{1C} and S_{1D} are used to select the correct grid coils for each band and the trimmer condensers C_1 , C_2 , C_3 and C_4 which spread each band on the dial. This may look complicated in the circuit diagram, but it is relatively simple and will be discussed later. Bandswitch section S_{1E} switches the output coils of the VFO (L_3, L_4, L_5) , and these

This 5-band mobile transmitter looks quite "commercial" but even the chassis and cabinet are homemade. VFO coverage of each band is available, and crystals can be plugged in at the front for rock-bound operation.

The 27-Mc. band scale is near the right-hand edge of the 14-Mc. band scale.





QST for

 C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , C_4 — 7-45 $\mu\mu f$. zero-temp. coefficient ceramic trimmers.

C₅, C₆ $-\frac{100}{100-\mu\mu\text{f}}$. midget variable (Hammarlund MC-100-M).

C₇ — 300-μμf. midget variable (Hammarlund MC-300-M).

R1 - Meter shunt. See text.

K₁ — 4-pole double-throw 6-volt relay (Potter-Brumfield KR-14-D).

S₁ — Ceramic selector switch, 2-pole 5-position sections (Centralab 2505).

S₃ — Double-pole 3-position rotary (Centralab 1407). S₄ — 4-pole double-throw rotary (Centralab 1409). CR₁ — 100-ma. selenium rectifier.

T₁ — 10-watt modulation transformer, 4500-ohm primary, 8500-ohm secondary (Stancor A-3871).
 All capacitors 600-v. unless otherwise specified.

All resistors 1-watt composition unless otherwise specified.

Unmarked condenser below S1A is 75 µµf.

coils are all slug-tuned with the exception of L_3 , which is a small air-wound coil. Any two sections of the VFO portion of the bandswitch can be placed on any one wafer, and there are three wafers used. These wafers should preferably be ceramic, but phenolic wafers will be satisfactory.

With the oscillator being well-shielded and sufficiently stable, an isolator tube is not necessary and its use would result in a higher battery drain. The driver used in the transmitter is a 6AK6, but a 6AH6 can be directly substituted for a little more grid drive and a little more money. The driver is a frequency multiplier on all bands except 80 meters and uses fixed-tuned coils tuned to the center of each band. The 80and 40-meter driver plate coils are pi-wound, but single-layer coils may be used. The driver final grid current runs 3 ma. on all bands except 10 meters, where it is about 2.5 ma. at 29.0 Mc. and 1.5 at each end of the band. This is lower than the ratings of the tube, but is sufficient drive to get good upward modulation with a stable final.

The final amplifier is a 2E26 with the meter in the cathode circuit. This reads the total of plate, screen and grid current, which runs around 75 ma. maximum. The 1-inch meter in the transmitter is from army surplus, but commercial meters of this size are available. The meter movement is a 0-1 ma. with an external shunt wound on a high-resistance 1-watt resistor.

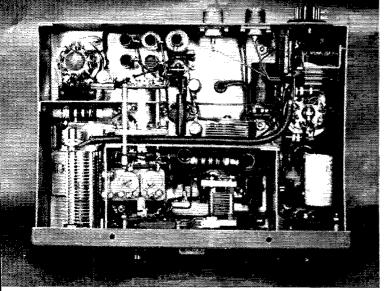
It should be noted that only the final is keyed on c.w. This is done to prevent any chirp, and the signal is clean on all bands. The driver and VFO are shielded well enough so that radiation from them is quite weak when monitoring the c.w. signal. The plate circuit of the final is a conventional pi network. The value of the loading condenser, C_7 , should be at least 300 $\mu\mu$ f. and preferably a little higher. The condenser is almost at maximum capacity for the best loading at 75 and 40 meters. The 100-µµf. fixed condenser in parallel with C₇ was added to reduce the loading a little on all bands. The wafer section S_{1G} is used for switching the final plate coils, and it should be a ceramic section. In some cases, it may be found that the 80-meter coil when open will resonate at 20 meters and absorb a large amount of energy. In this case, the unused section of the wafer (S_{1G}) can be used to short out the 80-meter coil on the interfering bands.

The modulator uses a 6AU6 as a speech am-

plifier for a high-impedance microphone, but it could be changed to a grounded-grid amplifier with a carbon microphone if it is desired. The second speech amplifier is a 6C4 that supplies audio to the 5881 modulator tube. The 5881 is a relatively new tube on the market, and it is merely a husky 6L6. Its plate dissipation is 23 watts, and the tube operates very nicely with 500 volts on the plate. This modulator supplies well over the necessary amount of audio to modulate the carrier 100 per cent with negligible distortion, but the selenium rectifier in the secondary of the modulator prevents overmodulation on negative peaks.1 The emission switch is a fourpole double-throw switch that shorts out the secondary of the modulation transformer, turns off the filaments and plate voltage to the modulator and actuates the dynamotor on c.w. The relay is a four-pole double-throw affair that switches the antenna from the receiver to the transmitter, mutes the receiver by removing the 6 volts from the receiver vibrator pack, breaks the plate voltage from the dynamotor so that the transmitter goes dead instantaneously with the transmit-receive button released, and also controls the 6 volts to the dynamotor solenoid. The latter could also be done by paralleling the relay coil and the solenoid. However, the author used a coiled microphone cord made of tinsel copper wire, and it will not handle the current. The "Zero-Operate" switch, a s.p.s.t. toggle, is used to turn the VFO on while receiving in order to zero-beat a desired frequency. The voltage to the oscillator can be taken from the receiver pack, and the extra load of about 15 ma. is not enough to damage the receiver supply. Incidentally, the VFO is stable enough to be used to copy s.s.b. while driving down the road.

¹ The circuit is shown as W8GBT uses it, but it is pointed out in the 1953 *Handbook* (p. 248) and elsewhere that a low-pass filter is the important part of a limiting circuit that prevents splatter. — *Ed.*

Coil	Frequency	Turns	Wire Size
Li	40 meters.	15	23 enam.
	tap 5 turns from		
	cold end		
L_2	80 meters,	30	29 enam.
	tap 10 turns from	L.	
	cold end		
L_3	11 meters,	18	20 enam,
	air-wound, %-		
	inch diam.		
	20 meters		22 enam.
	40 meters	40	
	10 meters	10	
	11 meters		20 enam.
	20 meters		22 enam.
	40 meters	70	30 d.s.c. pi-wound
	80 meters		
L11	10 turns (8 turns 4 turns (4 turns	per men,	3013)
L_{13}			
$\stackrel{L_{13}}{L_{1}}$. $\stackrel{L}{L}$		o per men	4 00107
		ic cerami	c coil forms (LS-5)
L_4 - L			
	mbridge Thermion	ie nhonoli	ic coil forms (LS-3)



The separate VFO chassis has clearance holes for the bandswitch (just left of center). The antenna change-over relay can be seen at the upper right.

The coils used in the transmitter are all slugtuned, with the exception of L_3 , L_{11} , L_{12} and L_{13} . L_1 and L_2 are Cambridge Thermionic ceramic forms, and L_4 through L_{10} are Cambridge Thermionic phenolic forms. (See coil chart for data.) These coil forms run into money, and duplicates can be found in either surplus gear or in the junk box. The final tank coils are B & W Miniductors.

Construction

The construction requires a considerable amount of metal work, although most of the work can be done with common shop tools. The author used a hammer, chisel and file to cut the meter hole and the VFO dial hole in the front panel. All sheet metal is 0.064-inch aluminum, and the construction is divided into three stages. The VFO chassis measures 5 by 3 inches by 25% deep, and each corner is fastened with two bolts or rivets. Naturally, a well-made VFO chassis will contribute to the stability of the unit. All parts in the VFO should be solidly mounted, especially the tuning condenser. Two gears are used on the VFO condenser, one spring-loaded and mounted directly on the condenser shaft, and the second on the control-knob shaft. The gear ratio should be about 7 to 1. If it is undesirable to use gears, a conventional National Company vernier has about the same ratio. A halfinch pulley is mounted on the control-knob shaft for the dial cord for the slide-rule dial, Fig. 2.

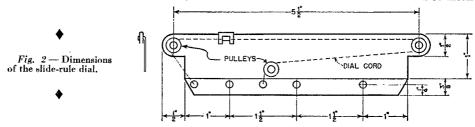
The $6\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 2$ -inch deep main chassis is made in somewhat the same fashion as the VFO chassis. Cut the metal to size, drill all holes, break

corners and secure corners with two bolts or rivets. The main chassis bolts to the VFO with three bolts and is bolted to the front panel with the control nuts on the switches and condensers. No extra support bolts are necessary because of the small size of the front panel.

The front panel can be drilled after being cut to size, and then comes the work! The meter hole and the dial hole should first be laid out in pencil. The small curved extremities of the meter hole can be drilled to size and then a series of small holes, using about a No. 30 drill, can be drilled close to the pencil line. After removing the excess metal the hole can be filed smooth. The large rectangular hole for the dial can be cut with a chisel and then filed smooth. If some care is exercised in cutting and filing the half-inch squares from the corners of the front panel, the edge joints will be almost undetectable after being bent and sanded. If one does not care to do the metal work, a commercial chassis of similar size can be obtained.

Ädjustment

A standard a.c. power supply delivering about 500 volts at 150 ma. and 6.3 volts at 6 amperes may be used for bench-testing the transmitter. A 25-watt light bulb will serve as a dummy antenna, and a 0–5 ma. meter should be inserted in series with the gridleak R, Fig. 1. While checking the VFO and driver, the "Emission" switch should be placed in the c.w. position. The voltage should also be removed from the plate and screen of the 2E26. With the bandswitch in the 80-meter



position, and the VFO dial at the 3.5-Mc. end, L_2 should be adjusted so it can be heard in a receiver set at 3.5 Mc. Now set the receiver and VFO at 4.0 Mc. The signal from the transmitter may be either above or below 4.0 Mc. at this time. With this setting, adjust C_2 until a beat is heard at 4.0 Mc. This procedure may have to be repeated several times, each time bringing the calibration closer to the desired spot on the dial. Anyone familiar with tracking of receivers will find this an easy job. Next, place the bandswitch in the 40-meter position and the VFO dial and the receiver at 7.0 Mc., and adjust C_2 until

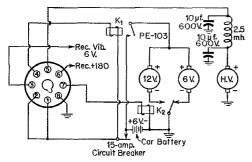


Fig. 3 — The power-supply wiring diagram.

K₁ — 6-volt solenoid contractor.

K₂ — Heavy-duty 6-volt relay.

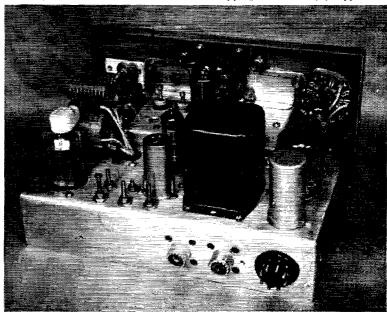
a beat is heard. With the bandswitch in the 10-meter position the same procedure as for 80 meters is followed, using L_1 to set at 28.0 Mc., and C_1 at 29.7 Mc. With 10 meters tuned correctly, 20 meters is automatically set. With the bandswitch in the 11-meter position and the VFO and receiver tuned to 27.0 Mc., adjust C_4 to a beat note. After rechecking these calibrations the VFO calibration is complete.

In adjusting the driver coils, the meter should

be left in the 2E26 grid circuit and the bandswitch set in the 80-meter position. Set the VFO at 3.8 Mc. and adjust L_{10} for maximum grid drive, about 3.5 ma. Set the bandswitch on 40 meters, adjust the VFO to 7.2 Mc., and adjust L_9 for a peak. Set the VFO at 7.0 Mc. and adjust L_5 for maximum grid current. Set the bandswitch at 20 meters, VFO at 14.4 Mc. and adjust L₈ for maximum grid current. L_4 should be left for later. Set the band switch for 10 meters and adjust L_6 for maximum grid drive at 29.2 Mc. and L_4 for maximum at 28.6 Mc. For 11 meters, adjust L_7 for a peak at 27.0 Mc. If 20 meters was lacking drive, it should be OK now, because L_7 is used for both 20 and 10 meters. This takes care of the complete alignment of the r.f., although some repeaking may have to be done with the final turned on. With the final turned on and the dummy antenna (light bulb) connected, each band should be checked for resonance. The light bulb may not load to very much brilliance on 80 meters, but with an actual antenna the loading will be sufficient. The pi network as designed for 50-ohm antennas won't load a 400-ohm light bulb efficiently on the lower bands.

In checking the modulation, place the emission switch on a.m. and insert the microphone. The modulation percentage should be checked with a 'scope, but it is not altogether necessary. A careful listening check for splatter or distortion should be sufficient in most cases.

Although an individual might not desire to construct this unit as described, careful study of the circuit will show many points that can be adapted to other transmitters. The VFO can be used as a separate unit for use with existing transmitters, or the entire r.f. unit could be used as an exciter for a higher-powered rig. The transmitter as a whole makes an ideal unit for efficient bandhopping in the family jalopy.



This view shows some of the construction details of the homemade dial and the location of many of the parts. The r.f. section is to the left, audio to the right.

Operating the BC-696 in TV Fringe Areas

Harmonic Reduction and Improved Stability for Command Rigs

BY JOHN D. TICEN,* W9UUV

THE Channel 6 signal from Indianapolis, some 50 miles away, until recently was the most consistent received in Lafayette. (A u.h.f. station is now in operation.) Then, too, the locals insist on fishing for other channels in Chicago, over 100 miles away, so boosters and high-gain antennas are the rule here, rather than the exception. To make matters worse, the QTH is in a university housing area, with several apartments per barracks-type structure. Naturally, TV receivers and antennas are numerous and both apartments adjacent to W9MRB are so equipped.

It became apparent that low power alone wasn't the solution when complaints of TVI from a 25-watt 807 rig finally forced him off the air. The transmitter didn't merit a complete debugging and shielding, so a BC-696 was recalled to active duty. However, considerable revamping of the circuit was necessary before TVI was eliminated on all channels. Those who possess one of * 272 Mill St., New Palestine, Ind.

 Faced with the problem of eliminating TVI in a weak-signal fringe area, W9UUV tells how he worked over W9MRB's Command transmitter so that it would not interfere with reception from TV stations over 100 miles away. In the process, he also improved the frequency stability, avoiding f.m., a common fault with units of this type.

these units may be interested in the details of the revision made not only to eliminate TVI, but also to provide better isolation for the oscillator. The latter is highly desirable, especially if the rig is to be modulated, since, in its original form, considerable f.m. was unavoidable.

Revisions

The major revisions made in this model are as follows: (1) the output circuit was revamped to

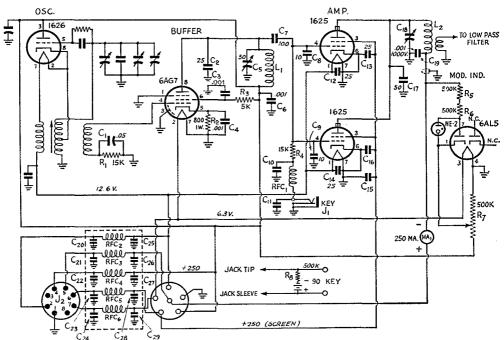


Fig. 1 — Modified circuit of the BC-696.

C2, C6, C7, C8, C9, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C19 - mica. C_{10} , C_{11} , and C_{20} through $C_{29} - 25$ to $500 - \mu \mu f$, mica, value not critical.

C₃, C₄ — Disk ceramic. C₅ — Midget variable.

C17, C18 - See text. L₁ - 20 turns No. 22 enam., 11/4-inch diam. (wound

on bakelite octal tube base). L₂₂ — Original tank coil with 2 turns removed.

 $MA_1 - 2$ inch. NE-2 - 1/25-watt neon bulb.

RFC₁ through RFC₆ - 40 turns No. 22 enam., wound on 1/2-inch polystyrene rod.

Values not marked are the original.

The revamped BC-696. The original controls in the upper portion of the panel have been replaced with a separate tuning control for the 1625 amplifier, a plate milliammeter and a neon-bulb overmodulation indicator. A key jack has been added in the lower left corner. The controls along the side of the chassis are for adjusting the overmodulation indicator and tuning the buffer amplifier. In the box to the left is a low-pass filter.

eliminate resonances in the TV range (a grid-dip oscillator showed two of these in the original arrangement); (2) a 6AG7 buffer was inserted between the oscillator and amplifier; (3) blockedgrid keying was provided for the amplifier to eliminate chirps and clicks; (4) v.h.f. filters were provided for the power leads, and a low-pass filter for coax output added; (5) an overmodulation indicator was included; (6) the original 24-volt filament connections were changed over for 12-volt operation; (7) a milliammeter for reading amplifier plate current was added.

Since there may be some slight variation in original details from unit to unit (especially between the BC-696 and its counterpart, the T-19/ARC5), the revision will be generalized as much as possible. The unit should first be stripped of all unnecessary parts and wiring. On top of the chassis, remove everything forward of the 1625s, including the coupling and loading-coil mechanisms, and the antenna relay and its wiring. Dismount the tank coil temporarily, removing the trimmer slug and two turns from the coil itself.

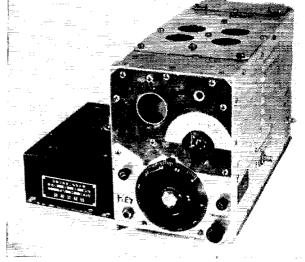
Reconstruction

Clear the panel of everything above the dial and cut a patch plate of aluminum to cover the upper portion of the panel. Attach the patch plate to the panel with self-tapping screws and cut a hole for observing the milliammeter, and a smaller one for checking the neon-bulb over-modulation indicator, as shown in the front-view photograph. These holes are cut through both the patch plate and original panel, of course. Remove the patch plate and cut a piece of copper or bronze screening of the same size to back up the plate. Mount a key jack in the lower left-hand corner of the panel.

Underneath the chassis, remove the amplifier tank padding condenser. The amplifier tank tuning condenser will not be used, but its removal would upset the cable control to the oscillator tuning condenser, so it is left in. Remove the key-

Interior view of the revised "Command" transmitter. The magic-eye and crystal sockets at the rear of the chassis have been rewired to take a 6AG7 buffer amplifier and its tank coil. Between the 1625s and the new tank condenser is a homemade air by-pass for harmonics. The outboard boxes contain a power-supply-lead v.h.f. filter, and a low-pass filter for the output.

December 1953

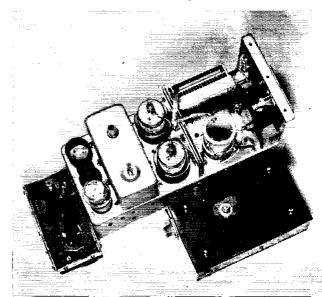


ing relay and its wiring, and also the neutralizing condenser. Strip the magic-eye socket, except for the wire leads going to Pins 2 and 7, and discard the large resistor mounted immediately below this socket. Unsolder the wire going to Pin 7 and connect it, along with the other wire already going to Pin 2. This shifts the 1626 heater connection for 12-volt operation. The magic-eye socket will be used for the plug-in tank coil of the 6AG7 buffer stage.

Adding the Buffer Stage

Now strip the crystal socket of everything except the strap between Pins 1 and 7, that is connected to ground. This socket will be used for the 6AG7 buffer tube. Removal of the relay wiring should leave a vacant pin on the power plug. Use this pin for running in the hot side of a 6.3-volt line for the heaters of the 6AG7 and 6AL5. So, run a wire from Pin 2 on the crystal socket to this vacant pin on the plug. Pin 3 should be grounded by connecting to Pin 1 or Pin 7.

Now rewire the remainder of the crystal socket to take the 6AG7, as shown in Fig. 1. The wire from the oscillator-coil terminal strip that goes to the grids (Pins 4) of the 1625s should be transferred to Pin 4 of the 6AG7 socket, while the oscillator-coil terminal that formerly went to the



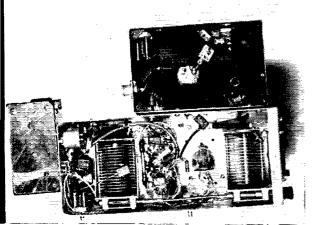
¹ Lucas and Peters, "A Duo-Diode Modulation Monitor," Radio & TV News, Dec., 1952.

neutralizing condensers should be connected to ground through a 15,000-ohm resistor, the resistor being by-passed. The resistor may be one of those previously removed, and the by-pass may be a now-available section of the metal-cased condenser at the rear of the chassis. Similarly, the cathode terminal, Pin 5, should be grounded through an 800-ohm resistor, by-passed with a 0.001-µf. disk ceramic. The screen, Pin 6, is by-passed to ground with a 0.001-µf. disk ceramic, also. A 25-µµf. mica condenser is connected directly between the plate terminal, Pin 8, and ground, to provide a by-pass for v.h.f. harmonics.

A wire is run from Pin 8 on the 6AG7 socket to one of the unused pins on the magic-eye socket. This latter pin should also be connected to the paralleled grids of the 1625s through a 100- $\mu\mu$ f. mica condenser, C_7 . Another unused pin on this socket should be by-passed to ground through a 0.001- μ f. mica condenser, C_6 . This pin should also be connected to Pin 3 on the 1626 oscillatortube socket, and, through a 5000-ohm resistor, R_3 , to Pin 6 on the 6AG7 socket. The buffer tank coil, L_1 , is wound on an old octal tube base, and the coil ends should be connected to the pins in the tube base that correspond to the connections made at the magic-eye socket. A small $50-\mu\mu$ f. variable (APC type) is mounted below this socket with its shaft protruding through the right side wall of the chassis. The stator of this condenser should be connected to the pin going to the plate side of the buffer tank coil. The rotor should be grounded, of course.

Final Amplifier

This completes the wiring of the buffer stage and we can now turn our attention to the final amplifier. First, find the 1625 that has neither of its heater terminals (Pins 1 and 7) grounded. The filament line from the power plug will be found connected to one of these pins. Transfer it to the other one, and ground the pin from which the filament line was removed. This connects the heaters in parallel for 12-volt operation. Connect a 25- $\mu\mu$ f, mica condenser directly across the heater terminals of each tube. On each socket, strap Pins 6 and 7 together, grounding the cathodes. From each grid terminal (Pin 4) connect a 10-uuf. mica condenser directly to ground. Also, connect a 25-µµf. mica condenser from each screen terminal (Pin 3) to ground. Connect a 15,000-ohm resistor between one of the 1625 grid terminals (Pin 4) and the key filter, C_{10} , RFC_1 , C_{11} .



Before we return to the top of the chassis, mount the 6AL5 horizontally on a bracket in the space left vacant by the removal of the tank padding condenser. Ground one of its heater terminals, and connect the other to Pin 2 on the 6AG7. Mount the 500K potentiometer, R_7 , opposite the 6AL5 on the right-hand edge of the chassis. Ground one of the end terminals of the potentiometer and connect the other end to terminal 3 on the 1626 socket. The arm contact of the potentiometer goes to Pin 1 on the 6AL5.

Plate V.H.F. By-Pass

 C_{17} is a plate by-pass for v.h.f. The essentials of construction are shown in the sketch of Fig. 2. It is an air condenser of approximately 50 $\mu\mu$ f., made up of three pieces of aluminum sheet, each $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches high and $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, spaced $\frac{1}{8}$ inch. Mounting lips $\frac{5}{16}$ inch wide are bent over at the bottom edges of the two outside plates to provide for mounting directly on the chassis. The

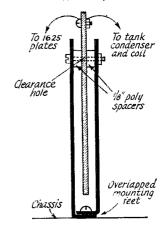


Fig. 2 — Sketch showing the construction of the plate v.h.f. by-pass for the 1625 amplifier.

center plate has a clearance hole for the assembly screw in each upper corner. The spacing washers are cut from ½-inch polystyrene sheet. The condenser should be mounted close to the 1625s.

The tank padding condenser, removed from underneath, will now be used as the plate tank tuning condenser. It is placed, on edge, along the right-hand side of the chassis after drilling holes in the frame. The shaft is fitted with a flexible coupling, and a hole is drilled in the panel for a panel bearing. Before mounting the condenser permanently, the meter should be mounted behind the screened hole, and the neon-bulb overmodulation indicator mounted in a rubber grommet at the hole previously drilled for it in the

Bottom view of the revised BC-696 rig. The original amplifier tank padder has been transferred to the top of the chassis as a separate tank tuning condenser. The 6AL5 modulation-indicator tube is mounted in the space left vacant. The buffer tank condenser is in the lower left corner of the chassis.

panel. The original tank coil, modified, is remounted, this time on the left-hand side of the chassis, opposite the tank condenser. Copper strip is used to make the connections between the 1625 plates, the fixed condenser, tank condenser and the top of the tank coil. The bottom end of the tank coil is grounded through a 1000-volt 0.001- μ f. mica condenser directly to the chassis. The high-voltage wire that formerly went up through the chassis to the bottom of the plate r.f. choke (now removed) is brought to the bottom end of the tank coil. (Although it might not be necessary, I replaced this lead with a piece of coax to provide a shielded lead, since it must run back close to the buffer.) A wire is also run from this point through a pair of ½-megohm resistors to Pin 7 on the 6AL5. Two resistors are used to increase the voltage rating. Then a pair of wires must

be run from Pins 1 and 7 back up through the chassis to the neon bulb on the panel.

Filters

The power-supply v.h.f. filters are mounted in a small box fastened against the rear edge of the chassis, thus covering the original power plug. A hole is punched in the side of the filter box to admit the plug. An octal socket set in one end of the box serves as the power-input connector.²

A low-pass filter is fastened against the left side of the chassis. Any good low-pass filter will do, and many articles have appeared in the past describing their construction. This one has six sections and is adjusted for maximum attenuation in Channels 4 and 6. Matching holes are drilled in the chassis and filter box for the leads from the output link to the filter. The box is fitted with a coax connector at the rear. To clear the cover screws of the BC-696, the bottom of the box had to project below the bottom of the former. To compensate, rubber feet were fastened to the bottom of the 696.

Shielding

The shielding of the cover is made tighter by fastening down the rear inspection plate permanently with self-tapping screws. The front inspection plate is replaced with a piece of aluminum sheet in which ventilation holes have been punched. The aluminum is backed with a piece of copper screening, and then fastened down with self-tapping screws. The louvers in the sides of the cover are also covered with screening.

The blocking battery and R_8 are connected externally across the key.

No antenna tuner should be necessary if a

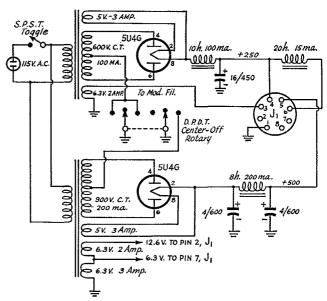


Fig. 3 — Suggested power-supply circuit for the converted BC-696.

low-impedance dipole is used. Feed it with coax connected at the output connector.

Adjustment

The circuit for a suitable power supply (including a modulation choke for the screen) is shown in Fig. 3. In adjusting the rig, the calibration of the oscillator should first be checked against a standard, such as WWV, and corrected, if necessary, by readjustment of the trimmer. Then, with a low-range milliammeter plugged into the key jack, and the VFO tuned to the center of the band, the buffer should be tuned for maximum grid current. A grid current of 5 ma. is about right, and can be adjusted, if desired, by changing the value of 6AG7 screen resistor.

The amplifier can be loaded to an input of 100 watts or more, but since the plate-screen modulator used with the rig (Class B 807s) is operated from the same power supply, the input has been limited to about 50 watts. It does an admirable job at this power level. The log of W9MRB shows contacts all over the country with good signal reports, always T9x. With the new arrangement, the v.h.f. resonances in the output circuit were changed to 100 and 74 Mc. As a result, there is no TVI on any channel, although the transmitting antenna is running within 5 feet of two TV antennas. When the key is open, input to the amplifier should be completely cut off.

Before modulation is applied, the potentiometer of the overmodulation indicator should be adjusted with low voltage on, but high voltage off, until the neon bulb just ignites. Then, after the amplifier has been loaded, the audio gain can be advanced to the point where the bulb just flickers occasionally on the strongest voice peaks.

In conclusion, thanks to Norman Atlas who made the photographs.

² From the consideration of safety, this should be a male connector, with a female connector at the output of the power supply. — Ed.

So-o-o Big!

Latest Fashions in Beams for 144 Mc.

T's a well-known fact among v.h.f. men that it is the *size* of an antenna that counts. You can't get optimum performance by cramming a large number of elements into a small space. The capture area of the array determines its effectiveness, particularly in receiving, which is half the battle. With a given number of elements, the larger the frontal area, the better the array will work, assuming, of course, that the elements are phased properly, and the system will take power.

Much of the progress on 144 Mc. in recent years has come about because the antennas have been getting bigger and better. The fellow who worked with a folded dipole has gone to a 4-or 5-element beam. The former owner of a single parasitic array now has at least two of them stacked; usually with full-wave spacing. A 16-element collinear is no longer considered to be a "big" antenna, and 32-element arrays are by no means the largest in existence, as they once were.

Configurations run to two general classes. One school builds its beams in sets of parasitic arrays; the other uses collinear elements, with either parasitic or screen reflectors. There is great difference of opinion as to the merits of the two approaches, but either one can do an outstanding job if the array is made big enough. In general, the collinear array is less critical as

1 "More Gain with 30 Elements," Kmosko, CQ, Jan. 1950.

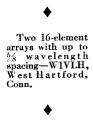
to frequency, but the big parasitic structures appear to give somewhat more gain for a given frontal area, when they are tuned up exactly on the nose.

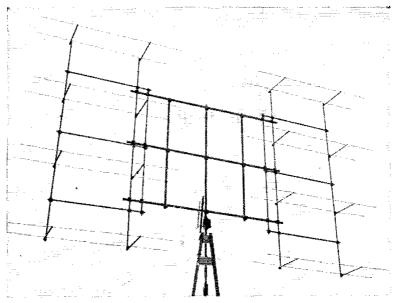
The collinears usually employ half-wave spacing; the parasitic arrays run to full-wave in both vertical and horizontal spacing of the component arrays. Examples of both styles are shown in the accompanying photos. The monster at the lower left is probably the biggest 2-meter array ever built, a 104-element boxkite erected by W3QKI, Erie, Pa. Herb started out to check the worth of long Yagi configurations. There seemed to be almost no limit to the number of elements in line that would produce some additional gain. Ten elements showed considerable gain over 6 or 7, and 13 gave another decibel more than 10. How about a bunch of 13-element arrays? There was only one way to tell, and the 104-element array was that way.

Made up of eight 16-foot booms, each carrying 13 elements, the W3QKI array is 27 feet long, 16 feet deep and 10 feet high. Its center is 43 feet above ground. Performance? Ask anyone who has worked W3QKI! Checks indicate a power gain of nearly 200, or in excess of 22 db. Aiming becomes a major problem with such a monstrosity, as the nulls in the pattern are only about 15 degrees apart. What such gain can mean in terms of 2-meter coverage can be judged by the signal Herb puts in at W1HDQ. In a series of daily skeds, W3QKI was worked every try — over a distance of about 375 miles.

The other parasitic job is a midget by comparison, but still a mighty bit of antenna construction. It consists of two 30-element arrays that follow the W2NLY design, mounted side by side. It is the handiwork of W1CCH, Springfield, Mass. Two-meter operators in most of the Northeast know its signal well. A similar array is in use at W1NH, Bennington, Vt., and these two fellows work regularly on 144 Mc. over a path that would have been considered completely hopeless a few years ago.

104 elements on 144 Mc. 'The "array to end all arrays" at W3QKI, Erie, Penna.





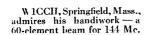
The third member of our Big Three is the 32element array at W1VLH, West Hartford, Conn. It is composed of two 16-element arrays that follow the all-metal design shown in recent editions of the Handbook. The frame is so constructed that the spacing between the two arrays can be varied from zero to 5% wavelength. Mounted on a temporary support only 10 feet off the ground in a typical residential location, it has outperformed a smaller array that is 100 feet above ground. The 32-element job is now at 40foot height, and after it has demonstrated its anticipated ability to withstand the hazards of a New England winter, it will be hoisted to the tower position, slightly more than 100 feet above ground. Already, even at the 10-foot level, it has provided the 100-watt rig at W1VLH a signal to be reckoned with in work with the W2s, 3s and 4s, at distances up to 400 miles and more.

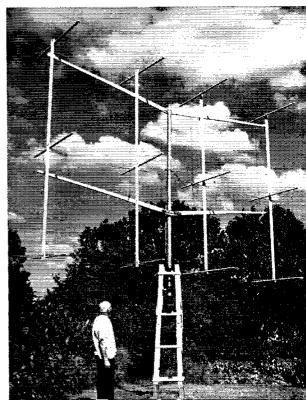
Some other unusual but effective arrays presently in use on 144 Mc. include a 48-element job at W2NLY, a 40-element set-up at W2UK, and a 28-element array at W2ORI. The latest in a long line of antenna efforts by W2NLY consists, in effect, of two 24-element arrays one

above the other. This runs to considerable height, requiring a rotating structure more than 36 feet from top to bottom.

W2UK's 40-element job also is a tall one, with eight 5-element arrays, 4 high and 2 wide, with full-wave spacing.

The 28-element array used by W2ORI is made up of four 7-element Yagis, with full-wave spacing in both dimensions. Put the W2UK and W2ORI beams together and they spell communication. These two fellows work around the clock at any season, in any weather, though they are separated by some 280 miles. — E. P. T.





A Two-Control Multiband Transmitting Unit

Six Bands — TVI-Suppressed

BY HUGH HERRING,* W3KMA

In the April, 1952, issue of *QST*, a gang-tuned bandswitching frequency-multiplier unit called the "Bandbox" was described in detail. This little unit was duly constructed and used for several months in various lash-ups with great success. Therefore, when it came to the project of providing a driver for a new high-power amplifier using a pair of 4–125As, it was natural that the Bandbox be considered as the nucleus. There remained only the choice of a suitable oscillator and output stage.

Circuit

Fig. 1 shows the final version of the circuit. Although provision is made for an external VFO, a grid-plate crystal oscillator using a 6AG7 is included on the chassis. The original Bandbox input circuit is suitable for either 1.75- or 3.5-Mc. oscillator output, but there is no provision for using 40-meter crystals. Since the output of the 6AG7 is adequate to drive the output stage directly, the 6AK6 80-meter and 6C4 40-meter stages can be eliminated for crystal operation, although they are left in for VFO. For crystal operation on the latter bands, the output of the oscillator is fed directly to the corresponding tank circuits in the Bandbox. It was found that the 80-meter Bandbox circuit would still cover the band and track satisfactorily with the added capacitance of the 6AG7. However, the 40-meter tank, with its lower tank capacitance, would not track with this added capacitance without readjustment of its trimmer. Since it was desired to operate the Bandbox as originally intended when

*309 West Joppa Road, Towson 4, Md.

Mix, "The 'Bandbox' — A Single-Control Frequency

Mix, "The 'Bandbox'—A Single-Control Frequency Multiplier," April, 1952, QST, p. 11.

• This attractive-looking unit, covering 80 through 10 meters, has had over a year of operation in a spot where good TVI suppression is a must. With a 2E26 or 6116 in the output stage, this two-control bandswitching rig can be used either as an exciter for a high-power amplifier or as a low-power rig feeding the antenna.

using VFO, a trimmer coil, L_1 , was added for crystal operation. When the ceramic switch, S_{3A} , is in the 40-meter position, L_1 parallels the 40-meter tank in the Bandbox, decreasing the effective inductance in the circuit to compensate for the added capacitance of the 6AG7. Because drive to the output stage can be adjusted by detuning the Bandbox, accurate tracking is not necessary and this expedient can be used to bring the tuning within the desired range.

The 2E26 in the output stage delivers more than ample drive for the high-power final on all bands, although a 6146 could be substituted with an appropriate change in grid leak. The plate tank circuit is conventional, making use of two tapped coils with separate low-impedance links to cover the 6 bands (including 11 meters). Although the 2E26 is keyed along with the crystal oscillator, the 6AQ5 clamp tube protects the 2E26 during adjustment and in case the VFO is keyed.

 R_{11} , which varies the screen voltage to the 2E26, provides a means of controlling excitation to a following amplifier. It is a feature that was never fully appreciated until it was incorporated



W3KMA's bandswitching exciter. To the left are the controls for the crystal switch, VFO-crystal switch and bandswitch. To the right are the excitation control, meter switch and power switches. Above are the tuning controls for the frequency-multiplier unit and the output tank circuit.

28

in this rig and given a workout. It also helps to alleviate TVI, since it is possible to reduce the final-amplifier grid drive to the minimum-necessary level without resorting to the usual stunt of detuning the final-amplifier grid tank circuit.

The entire exciter is operated from a single power-supply unit. The 2E26 is fed the full voltage of the supply (450 volts in this case). The Bandbox and the plate of the 6AG7 are fed from a 250-volt tap on a voltage divider, while the screen of the oscillator is fed from a 150-volt regulated tap to clear up the last traces of chirp when the oscillator is keyed. The single milliammeter is switched by S_7 to read either grid current or plate current to the 2E26.

Construction

The essential details of construction may be taken from the photographs. The components are assembled on a $13 \times 17 \times 3$ -inch chassis with an 83/4-inch rack panel. The r.f. section occupies the left-hand end of the chassis with the power supply to the right. The r.f. section is enclosed in a shielding compartment made up of angle stock and aluminum sheet. The sides are perforated with 1/4-inch holes to provide ventilation. A shielding partition separates the two sections underneath. A bottom plate completes the shielding.

The layout for the Bandbox section is essentially the same as the original. However, the bandswitch shaft is extended to the rear to include the two additional sections that switch the amplifier coils. This can be done by making a new shaft of strip steel, or two Centralab shaft sections can be spliced, joining the two pieces with a length of rod with a saw-cut at each end, and securing with a pin. Longer stator rods can

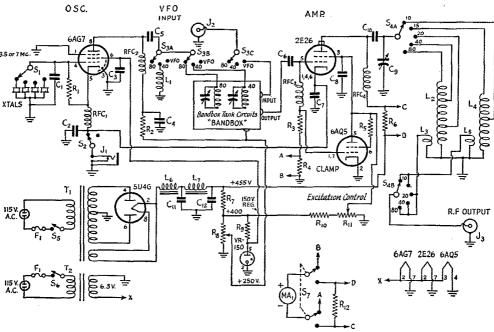


Fig. 1 - Circuit diagram of the bandswitching exciter.

C1, C6 - 100-µµfd, mica. C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₇, C₈ — 0.005-μfd. disk. C₉ — 100-μμfd. variable.

 $C_{10} = 0.008 - \mu fd$. 1200-volt mica

C11, C12 - 4-µfd. 1000-volt oil-filled.

-0.1 megohm, 1/2 watt.

R₂, R₃ — 15,000 ohms, 1 watt. R₄, R₆ — 68 ohms, 1 watt.

R₅ — 100 ohms, 1 watt. R₇ — 1000 ohms, 20 watts.

R₈ — 50,000 ohms, 20 watts, adjustable.

- 22,500 ohms, 10 watts.

R₁₀ — 20,000 ohms, 20 watts. R₁₁ — 75,000-ohm 7-watt potentiometer.

-20-times multiplier shunt (see text). $R_{12} -$

- Approx. 14 μh. - 36 turns No. 26 enam., 1/2-inch diam., close-wound on iron-slug form (National XR-50 form).

L₂ - 35 turns No. 24, 34-inch diam., 1 inch long, tapped at 14 and 21 turns from ground end (B & W 3012 Miniductor).

L₃ — 8 turns No. 22 plastic-covered, wound over ground end of L_2 .

L4 - 17 turns No. 20, 34 inch diam., 1 inch long, tapped at 10th turn from ground end (B & W 3011 Miniductor)

L5 - 4 turns No. 22 plastic-covered, wound over ground end of L4.

- 12-hy. 200-ma. filter choke.

— 8-hy, 200-ma, filter choke.

 F_1 , — Buss-type fuse, 2 amp.

J1 - Closed-circuit 'phone jack (or shielded connector).

J₂, J₃ — Coax connector.

MA₁ — D.c. milliammeter, 5-ma. scale.

RFC₁, RFC₂, RFC₃, RFC₄ — 2.5-mh. r.f. choke.

S₁ — Crystal switch — multitap rotary.

 S_2 , S_5 , S_6 — S.p.s.t. toggle.

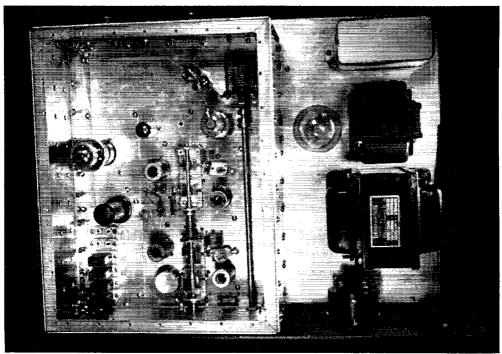
S₃ - 3-circuit 3-position rotary switch, ceramic.

S₄ - 2-circuit 5-position rotary switch, ceramic.

S7 - D.p.d.t. rotary switch.

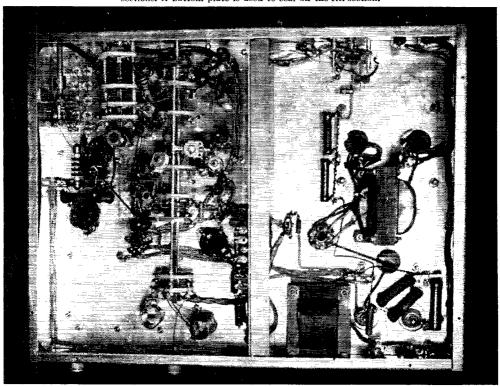
T₁ - Power transformer - 600-0-600 volts r.m.s., 200 ma.; 5 volts, 3 amp.; 6.3 volts, 3 amp. (c.g. Stancor PC 8414 — 6.3-volt windings not used).

T2 - 6.3-volt 2-amp. filament transformer.



Top view of the bandswitching exciter. The r.f. section is enclosed in a shielding box.

Bottom view of W3KMA's bandswitching exciter showing the shielding partition between r.f. and power-supply sections. A bottom plate is used to seal off the r.f. section.



30 QST for

be made of rod threaded at each end, although this is not necessary since the additional sections can have a separate mounting.

The 6AQ5 and the 2E26 are placed to the rear of the Bandbox unit and the output tuning condenser, C_9 , to the rear of the 2E26. S_4 and the output coils are directly underneath. The crystal socket, the 6AG7 and VR-150 are at the left, with the crystal-selector switch, S_1 , directly below. S_2 is placed so that its shaft is centered between the shafts of S_1 and the bandswitch; the 40-meter slug-tuned coil, L_1 , is immediately behind S_2 .

In the bottom-view photograph, the power switches, S_5 and S_6 , the meter switch, S_7 , and the excitation control, R_{11} , are mounted to the right along the front edge of the chassis. The meter above on the panel has a 5-ma. scale. The grid current to the 2E26 just about reaches this value as a maximum. For reading plate current, a 20-times multiplier shunt, R_{12} , is switched across the meter. R_{12} is made of No. 36 wire wound on a 1-watt resistor of 1000 ohms or more. The number of turns is varied until the meter reads full scale for a current of 100 ma.

All power wiring is done with shielded wire and disk-ceramic by-passes are applied as recommended in the TVI chapter of the 29th and 30th editions of the ARRL *Handbook*. Shielded wire

or coax is also recommended for the keying leads, both internal and external.

Reference should be made to the 30th edition of the Handbook, or to QST for April, 1952, in lining up the Bandbox circuits. This should first be done with VFO. Then, with S_3 in the 40-meter position, and the Bandbox tuned to the middle of the 40-meter band, L_1 should be adjusted for maximum drive to the 2E26. As a final adjustment, the tap on R_8 should be adjusted to give the desired average output level from the Bandbox.

This rig has been duplicated by several hams in the vicinity and all have lauded the smoothness of operation and freedom from TVI. At W3KMA, it has given over a year of gratifying service, providing an ease of band-hopping never before attained. Our operating pleasure has been increased tenfold since building this unit, and it will remain as a part of the station equipment for a long time to come. We now have no hesitation in answering the telephone whenever it rings, since there have been no complaints of TVI since the exciter was installed. This is saying quite a bit because, in addition to the local use of Channels 2, 11 and 13, we have to contend with signals on Channels 4, 5, 7 and 9 from Washington, D. C., some 40 miles distant.

See you on the low end of 20!

Strays

DXers and operating-award enthusiasts may find two new publications of value to them. The Ham's Interpreter — amateur terms and phrases translated into seven languages — is available for one dollar from Ben E. Wilbur, 47 Mounthaven Drive, Livingston, N. J. The DX Log of Awards, compiled by W4RKJ, may be obtained for one dollar from the Hobby Publishing Company, Easley, S. C.

G3IDG informs us of another very appropriately named ham. He's G2HDJ and the name is C. W. Touch.

The name of Donald McNichol is a familiar one to all who have followed radio and its documentary literature from modest beginnings to the bustling present day. We sadly note here his passing in late September at the age of 78, in his Roselle Park, N. J., home. "DM" — long-time friend of amateur radio, staunch upholder of all traditions of the art and chronologist-extraordinary for its archives — fired up a ham rig of his own long before the time of government licenses and call signs. Mr. McNichol first became interested in the science of wireless as a young railroad telegrapher, around the turn of the century.

You can set your operating goals to include a variety of communications achievements but we can assure you that a "two-letter-call WAS," perhaps better termed an Old-Timers WAS, is not one of those most easily accomplished. These forty-eight QSLs confirm c.w. two-ways with L. A. "Pete" Morrow, W1VG, QST's advertising manager, contacts dating from 1947 through 1953. Which state was the "hold-ont" Kansas!



Filter Building Made Easy

Inexpensive Construction with Good Performance

BY CHARLES L. HANSEN,* WØASO

• The availability of ferrite-slug inductances offers the opportunity to make audio-frequency filters of good performance. Here is a practical method of constructing low-pass configurations such as might be used in low-level speech clippers.

THE experimenter often needs a good lowpass filter that will pass frequencies in the audio range up to a required cut-off point and provide 50 to 60 db. attenuation beyond cut-off. Commercially-designed units for carrier telephone application can be obtained, but usually cost thirty-five to one hundred and fifty dollars. Special filters designed to cut off to the purchaser's specifications, as well as commerten times the price of components used for this filter.

Most articles on "how to design filters" deal with the mathematical derivation of the sections or meshes that make up the filter proper. After the filter has been designed mathematically and diagrammed, many experimenters have been disappointed in the actual performance of the completed filter. Because practical components fall short of the ideal reactances on which the filter formulas are based, as well as the difficulty of obtaining exact values, there is no substitute for practical experimentation with any filter, and the final values of capacitance and inductance may differ quite a bit from the calculated values. Also, most of us do not have the equipment, time, or inclination to design, build and adjust filters from theoretical information.

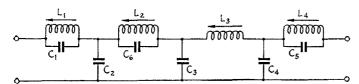


Fig. 1 — Circuit diagram of the filter discussed in the text. See Table I for sets of values for several cut-off frequencies in the audio range.

cially available filters, are priced beyond the reach of the average experimenter. The compromise method of making a filter out of powersupply chokes is frequently taken, but at the expense of performance in the final equipment. This is not very rewarding, to say the least.

The purpose of this article is to describe a method of designing and building a sharp cut-off low-pass filter with components that are available from any well-stocked radio parts supply house. The passband and the sharp attenuation at the cut-off point of this home-built filter are comparable with and in many cases equal to commercial low-pass filters costing more than

With the availability of recently developed variable ferrite slug-tuned inductors 1 good filters are now within the budget of everyone. Not only do we have an inductance that can be varied but we have the added advantage of a slug made of ferrite, which increases the Q by reducing the resistance per unit inductance. These inductances possess all of the qualities necessary for a good reactance which in turn results in the building of a good practical filter.

A Practical Filter Design

The configuration chosen for the filter described here and shown in Fig. 1 provides for a minimum of inductances. The filter contains two shunt *m*-derived half sections, one on each end, to provide a good impedance match from

* 3552	Pacific	St.,	Omaha	5,	Nebraska
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¹ The ones used by the author are made by the Grayburne Corp., 4-6 Radford Place, Yonkers, N. Y.

TABLE I										
Cut-Off Frequency	Indurtance (see notes)				Capacitance, μf.					
	L_1	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	Cı	C ₂	C ₃	C4	C5	C'6
3.5 kc. = 0.5 kc.	A 1/4"	A 3/4"	A 1/2"	A 14"	0.1	0.16	0.16	0.12	0.1	0.02
$4.5 \mathrm{kc.} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{kc.}$	A 1/8"	A 1/2"	A 1/8"	A 1/8"	0.1	0.14	0.14	0.1	0.1	0.015
$8.5 \text{ kc.} \pm 0.5 \text{ kc.}$		A 14"	A 1/2"	B 1∕8″	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.006
$16.5 \text{ kc.} \pm 1.0 \text{ kc.}$	B ½"	A 1/8"	A 1/4"	B ½″	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.004

A - Grayburne type V-25 variable coil, 5-43 mh.

B — Gray burne type V-6 variable coil, 0.65-6 mh. Dimensions refer to length of slug inserted in coil as a preliminary setting before tuning adjustments.

The capacitors should be good-quality paper units.

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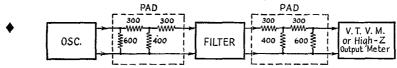


Fig. 2 — Test set-ups for adjusting filters. If equipment having output and input impedances matching the filter is available the simple arrangement shown above may be used; otherwise the use of isolating pads as shown in the lower drawing is recommended. Another alternative, when using an a.c. v.t.v.m., is to terminate the filter in its characteristic impedance, and adjust the input voltage to a fixed value for each frequency before making output measurements across the load resistance.

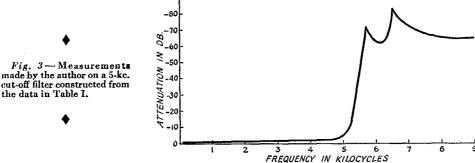
and to the flanking circuit units. An *m*-derived full section and a constant-*k* section make up the other two meshes. The *m*-derived section sharpens the cut-off characteristic and the constant-*k* section assures that attenuation of the unwanted frequencies beyond the passband will remain high. The impedance this filter must work into and out of is 500 to 600 ohms. Insertion of a filter into a circuit whose load impedance varies with frequency will result in erratic operation.

Good practice in an extreme case of changing load impedances dictates the use of T pads connected before and after the filter. The use of these pads reduces the effects of source and load impedance variations with frequency.

Table I gives practical component values for several frequency ranges. For example, if a lowto place the cut-off frequency at the desired frequency. Manually sweep through the passband again and adjust the slugs on L_1 and L_4 for improvement in the smoothness of the passband. These operations should be repeated until the passband response is reasonably flat (within 0.2 db.). The frequencies beyond 5700 cycles should be attenuated 60 db. or more, with an attenuation peak of 70 db. or so at 6500 cycles.

After adjustment the filter is ready for use. It may be enclosed in a metal box taking up no more room than an average 20-watt output transformer. The individual sections may be shielded from each other if desired.

Among the many applications that can be thought of for such filters are (1) speech filters in communication work; and (2) audio use in recording and high-quality home systems (see



pass filter having a cut-off of about 5000 cycles is needed, a set of values will be found in the second row. Wire the condensers and inductances as shown in Fig. 1 and adjust the ferrite slugs to the specified distances. Connect the completed filter to an oscillator and a measuring set having 500- to 600-ohm impedance. If an oscillator and measuring set with this impedance value are not available use a pad set-up as shown in the lower drawing of Fig. 2.

Manually sweep the oscillator through the passband and check the uniformity of response with the output meter or measuring set. Also check for the correct cut-off frequency of 5000 cycles. Adjust the slugs on L_2 and L_3 alternately

Audio Engineering for several discussions). For example, a 5000-cycle filter can be used for sharply cutting off the hiss and scratch from old records.

ARE YOU LICENSED?

• When joining the League or renewing your membership, it is important that you show whether you have an amateur license, either station or operator. Please state your call and/or the class of operator license held, that we may verify your classification.

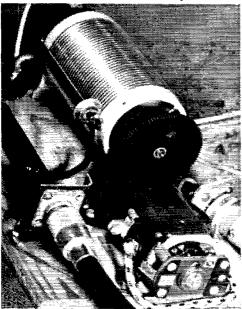
Remote Mobile-Antenna Resonating

A Tuning System Using Surplus Items

BY J. C. PICKEN, JR.,* K6DY, AND B. A. WAMBSGANSS,* W6WOY

TATIONS K6DY and W6WOY are using an interesting remote-control resonating system designed by the former for their mobile antennas. They make use of surplus twenty-fourvolt d.c. motors driving a loading coil removed from a surplus ARC-5 transmitter.

Many of the 24-volt surplus motors will run on 6 volts d.c. with sufficient torque to drive



The ARC-5 roller coil is driven by a small pinion gear on the shaft of the surplus motor. The pinion fits the original fiber gear on the coil.

the coil. It was also found that some of the motors are already equipped with gears that mesh perfectly with the fiber gear on the loading coil.

The control circuit used by W6WOY, shown in Fig. 1A, is a three-wire system (the car frame is the fourth wire) with a double-pole doublethrow switch and a momentary (normally off) single-pole single-throw switch. S2 is the motorreversing switch. The motor runs so long as the push-button switch, S_1 , is closed.

K6DY has introduced an additional refinement by using a latching relay, in conjunction with microswitches, so that the motor automatically reverses when the roller reaches the end of the coil. This circuit is shown in Fig. 1B. S_3 and S_5 operate the relay, K_1 , which reverses the motor. S_4 is the motor on-off switch. When the

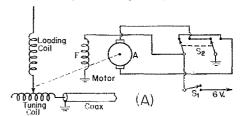
 Here is a simple remote-tuning system for your mobile whip antenna. It is built almost entirely of surplus items.

tuning-coil roller reaches one end or the other of the coil, it closes S_6 or S_7 , as the case may be, operating the relay and reversing the motor.

The procedure in setting up the system is to prune the center loading coil to resonate the antenna on the highest frequency used without the base loading coil. Then, the base loading coil is used to resonate at lower frequencies when QSY. W6WOY throws S_2 (Fig. 1A) to "up" or "down," according to whether he is QSY up or down in frequency, and then controls the motor by means of S_1 . K6DY momentarily closes S_3 or S_5 (Fig. 1B) to close the latching relay for QSY up or down, and then controls the motor with \dot{S}_4 . By using an additional latching relay, K6DY has pilot lights on the control panel to show in which direction the motor is running.

Using this system, it is possible to QSY while in motion without loss of signal strength. Both

(Continued on page 116)



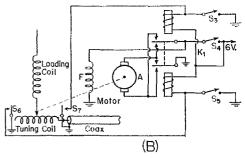


Fig. 1 — Circuits of the remote mobile-whip tuning systems used by K6DY and W6WOY. K₁ — D.p.d.t. latching relay.

S1, S3, S4, S5 - Momentary-contact, s.p.s.t., normally open,

 $S_2 = D.p.d.t.$ toggle. S_6 , $S_7 = S.p.s.t.$ momentary-contact microswitch, normally open.

^{*}Cmdr., USNR, Hq., 11th Naval Dist., Code 13,511, San Diego, Calif.

Transistor Circuitry

A Review of Transistor Characteristics and Operating Considerations

BY RICHARD CLAY,* W9JRO/4

• Here is a general picture of transistor operation in simple terms. The two basic types of transistors are described and methods of using them in typical amplifier and oscillator circuits are outlined. If you've been thinking of experimenting with transistors this article will help you get off on the right track.

TRANSISTORS have been available for quite some time and it is likely that certain amateurs will enjoy experimenting with them. Although they perform many of the functions of vacuum tubes, any effort to insert a transistor in a standard vacuum tube circuit will almost certainly be unsuccessful. In fact, the best general rule in designing a transistor circuit is to do exactly the opposite of what would be done in the similar vacuum tube circuit. It is the purpose of this article to outline the properties of transistors and show how to design circuits using them.

It is quite unfortunate that there has been no standardization in the transistor industry. The names, characteristics, and prices vary between different producers. In order to avoid showing a preference toward any manufacturer the following circuits are given without reference to a particular transistor. In every case effort has been made to describe the considerations which lead to a proper choice for the circuit components.

Construction of Transistors

At the present time, transistors are made of the element germanium. When impurities are added to a crystal of germanium the electrical conductivity is changed in different directions through the crystal. Amateurs have been utilizing this effect for quite a few years with germanium diodes such as the 1N34. Antimony, arsenic, and phosphorus make what is called "n-type" germanium. The name arises from the fact that this type has an excess of free electrons, which are negative charges. Aluminum or boron make "p-type" germanium, which has a deficiency of electrons. Either type has greater conductivity in one direction than pure germanium, and the direction of best conductivity is opposite in the two types.

There are two types of transistors. The socalled "point-contact" type is made from a

* RCA Engineer, Box 372, Cocoa Beach, Florida.

¹ The cut-off frequency is defined as the frequency at which the gain is down 3 db. as compared with the gain at low frequencies. In general, the cut-off point for voltage gain is different from that for current gain.

single crystal of n-type germanium. An electrode called the "base" is attached to one face of the crystal and two closely spaced contacts are made on the other face. These are called the "emitter" and "collector."

The "junction" transistor is formed of three layers of the two types of germanium. These may be arranged either as n-p-n or p-n-p. The n-p-n is the more common. In this type of transistor there are also three external connections. The base connection is made to the middle layer and the emitter and collector connections are made to the outer layers.

The junction type has higher power dissipation, lower noise, and a cut-off frequency from 100 kc. to 1 Mc. The point-contact type has higher current gain and a cut-off frequency from 1 Mc. to 10 Mc. Certain types have been made to oscillate at frequencies up to 300 Mc.

With either type the emitter is usually biased in the direction of high conductivity and this gives a low input impedance. The collector is biased in the direction of low conductivity and the output impedance is high. (Note that this is opposite to the situation with vacuum tubes.) Since the current flow is roughly the same for both the emitter and collector, the transistor offers considerable power gain, because of the high ratio of output to input impedance.

Equivalent Circuit

Fig. 1 shows an equivalent circuit for a transistor. The emitter resistance, $R_{\rm e}$, is a few hundred ohms. The collector resistance, $R_{\rm e}$, is over 10,000 ohms for a point-contact transistor and usually over 1 megohm for junction transistors. It is

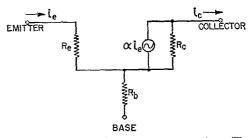


Fig. 1 — An equivalent circuit for a transistor. The current gain, α , corresponds to the amplification factor, μ , in vacuum tubes.

important to note that the a.c. generator in the collector circuit is a current source. This is to be contrasted with the usual vacuum tube equivalent circuit which uses a voltage source. The factor a is the current gain and corresponds to the volt-

age gain or amplification factor, μ , in vacuum tubes.

There is no phase reversal in transistors. An increase in emitter voltage and current causes increases of the same polarity in the collector circuit. This fact is tremendously important in designing transistor circuits.

Amplifier Circuits

Fig. 2 shows one type of amplifier circuit, called the "grounded base" circuit. This is a stable circuit with both types of transistors and gives a power gain from 20 to 40 db. The input and output impedances are approximately the same as the emitter and collector resistances of

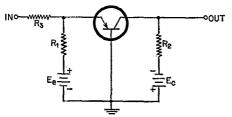


Fig. 2 — The grounded-base amplifier circuit. This circuit is stable with all types of transistors.

the transistor so this circuit has a low input impedance and a high output impedance.

The indicated polarities of $E_{\rm e}$ and $E_{\rm o}$ are proper for both n-p-n and point-contact transistors. If a p-n-p transistor is used, the polarities should be reversed. Either an examination of the characteristic curves or the manufacturer's specifications will show the proper emitter and collector currents. The resistors, R_1 and R_2 , are chosen to give the proper currents through the emitter and collector. Usually $E_{\rm e}$ and $E_{\rm o}$ are low-voltage sources such as a 22.5-volt battery. With this type of source R_1 and R_2 will be around 10,000 to 20,000 ohms.

The internal resistance from the emitter to the base is not constant in most transistors. This means that the input circuit presents a load to the source which varies during portions of the cycle. In order to minimize distortion it is frequently necessary to insert a resistance, R_3 , in series with the emitter circuit. The value of this resistance is best found by experiment.

Fig. 3 shows the "grounded emitter" circuit. This circuit may be unstable with point-contact

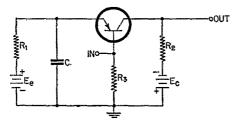


Fig. 3—The grounded-emitter amplifier circuit. This circuit offers the greatest power gain and has characteristics which most closely resemble a vacuum tube amplifier.

transistors because the current gain in this type is greater than one. Since there is no phase reversal in transistors, base potential fluctuations due to the collector current provide a regenerative effect and may lead to oscillation when a point-contact transistor is used. This circuit will then become a relaxation oscillator and will generate nonsinusoidal waves.

This circuit has a higher input impedance and a lower output impedance than the grounded base circuit. It has the highest power gain of any of the simple amplifier circuits and most closely resembles a standard vacuum tube amplifier.

Resistors R_1 and R_2 are again chosen to give the proper operating currents to the emitter and collector. However, the flow of collector current through R_3 provides a self-biasing effect for the emitter circuit similar to a cathode resistor in a vacuum tube circuit, so R_1 will have a higher value in this circuit than in the grounded base circuit. The base resistor, R_3 , is usually around 10,000 ohms. The condenser, C, by-passes the emitter to ground. For certain values of R_3 the self-biasing effect is adequate and the emitter may be grounded directly.

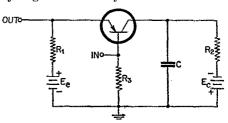


Fig. 4 — The grounded-collector circuit. This circuit has properties similar to a cathode follower.

The "grounded collector" circuit is shown in Fig. 4. This circuit resembles a cathode follower in vacuum tube circuits and is likely to be unstable when a point-contact transistor is used. It has the highest input impedance, the lowest output impedance, and the lowest power gain of all the basic circuits. The voltage gain is slightly less than one.

The circuit considerations are similar to those for the grounded emitter circuit except that the by-pass condenser, C, is placed from collector to ground.

Interstage Coupling

The peculiar properties of transistors must be considered when designing interstage coupling. It must be remembered that transistors are essentially current-actuated devices and have very low input impedances. For applications requiring compact construction it is possible to use resistance coupling in audio amplifiers as shown in Fig. 5. Grounded-base amplifiers are shown but this method applies equally well to grounded-emitter stages. The voltages and resistances are selected as described previously. Because of the low emitter resistance in the second stage the condenser, C, must be very large. It is commonly around 0.25 μ f., and may be as large as 10 μ f.

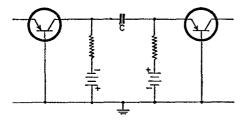


Fig. 5 — Resistance coupling in audio amplifiers. Because of the low emitter resistance of the second stage the condenser, C, must be much larger than normal for a vacuum tube amplifier.

if good low-frequency response is desired. Transformer coupling can also be used and the basic circuit is shown in Fig. 6. This type of circuit can be used for any frequency at which the transistor will provide gain. In r.f. and i.f. amplifiers the primary is tuned.

The voltages and resistances are chosen to provide the proper bias currents to the collector and emitter. The capacitors, C_1 and C_2 , are bypass condensers and maintain the a.c. voltage drop across the transformer windings. In an audio amplifier the transformer has a primary designed around 10,000 to 20,000 ohms and a secondary for 100 to 500 ohms. A standard plate-to-line transformer can frequently be used. It is

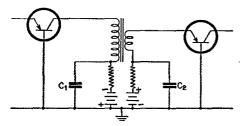


Fig. 6 — Transformer coupling between stages. In order to match impedances a step-down transformer is used.

important to note that any interstage transformer will be of the step-down type because this type steps up the current and thus provides greater drive for the next stage. This again is quite opposed to common practice in vacuum tube circuits.

In tuned amplifiers a very useful type of coupling is that shown in Fig. 7. This may appear very strange until it is realized that a series *L-C* circuit acts like a short circuit at the resonant

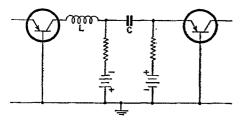


Fig. 7 — Series-resonant coupling for a tuned amplifier. At the resonant frequency of the L-C circuit maximum current is transferred to the emitter of the second stage,

frequency. At this frequency the maximum current will be transferred from the collector of the first stage to the emitter of the second stage. The gain will be greatest at the series-resonant frequency. The emitter resistance of the second stage is in series with the resonant circuit so for sharpest tuning this resistance should be as low as possible.

Oscillators

The type of oscillator circuit to be used depends a great deal on the type of transistor used. Perhaps the most common oscillator circuit used with point-contact transistors is the parallel-resonant base circuit shown in Fig. 8. With the point-contact type α is greater than 1 so the col-

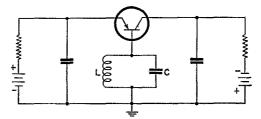


Fig. 8 — The parallel-resonant base oscillator circuit. This circuit will oscillate only when the current gain of the transistor is greater than one.

lector current which flows through the tank circuit can be greater than the original emitter current. Since this collector current flows in a negative direction the combined effect is that of a negative resistance across the tank circuit. This is the requirement for sustained oscillation. It is interesting to note that no tapped coils are necessary. This is essentially due to the fact that the transistor has no phase reversal. The capacitors from emitter and collector to ground are by-pass condensers and are chosen so as to be appropriate for the frequency at which the circuit oscillates.

A rather common oscillator circuit for junction transistors is the grounded-emitter circuit shown

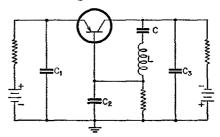


Fig. 9 — The grounded-emitter oscillator circuit. This circuit will oscillate with junction transistors.

in Fig. 9. It derives its name from the fact that C_1 is so large as to provide the emitter with an effective a.c. ground. When this circuit is analyzed it is found that a negative resistance appears across the series-tuned tank circuit. Condensers C_2 and C_3 form a voltage divider. Part of the collector current flows through C_2 and provides the emitter voltage necessary to sustain oscillation.

For frequencies in the intermediate range C_2 and C_3 are around 0.01 μf .

The Hartley oscillator circuit for transistors is shown in Fig. 10. This circuit has oscillated read-

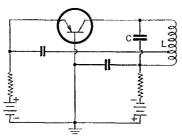


Fig. 10 — A transistor Hartley oscillator. Note that the emitter excitation has the same phase as the collector voltage.

ily for the author. Since there is no phase reversal in transistors it is necessary to excite the emitter with a voltage which is in phase with the collector voltage. Therefore, in this circuit both emitter and collector are connected to the same side of a.c. ground in the tank circuit. This should be contrasted with the vacuum tube Hartley oscillator circuit where the grid and plate are connected to opposite sides of the a.c. ground.

In the March, 1953, issue of *QST* the author described a vacuum-tube oscillator circuit in which an isolating amplifier was used to remove the loading effects of the oscillator tube from the tank circuit. Since transistors have inherently low resistances they provide a rather heavy load on a tank circuit and it seemed wise to try the same trick with transistors. The transistor analog of a cathode follower is the grounded collector circuit so this circuit was used as the isolating stage. The remainder of the circuit shown in Fig. 11 was conceived from basic considerations. The

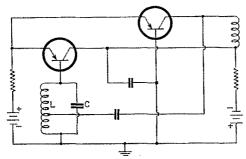


Fig. 11—An isolating oscillator using transistors. A grounded-collector stage (on the left) is used as the isolating amplifier. This circuit has not been tried at high frequencies.

transistor on the left is the grounded-collector isolating stage.

It was a pleasant surprise to find that the circuit oscillated the first time it was turned on. Since junction transistors were used, the oscillation could not have been due to the grounded collector stage alone.

Because of the low cut-off frequency of the

transistors used it was not possible to maintain oscillation past the usual intermediate frequencies. Therefore, no information could be obtained regarding the stability of this circuit when used at the higher frequencies for which the original isolating oscillator was designed.

In conclusion, it should be emphasized that although transistors have received wide publicity which in some cases has suggested that they are a panacea for all the ills of electronics, for the present at least they have rather restricted application, especially in the amateur field. The amateur and experimenter will do well to realize this fact and to regard them as rather expensive toys. He should most certainly forego the pleasures of playing with them until he feels well grounded in the basic considerations which lead to sound transistor circuitry.

Strays 🖏

W1CLS reports plenty of interest in his widerange pi-network amplifier, described in October, 1953, QST. Correspondence runs largely to two questions: Where to get Helipot dials, and what kind of s.w.r. bridge was used? Answers: Beckman Instruments, Inc., Helipot Division, 1011 Mission St., South Pasadena, Calif.; Micro-Match Model MM-2, by M. C. Jones Electronics Company, Bristol, Conn.

STAFF OPENING

We have a permanent opening for a young amateur to do general administrative work on the ARRL Hq. staff with the title of Assistant Secretary. Here is a chance to make amateur radio your career. The work is non-technical, requires the ability to express one's self well both orally and on paper, and will later involve a modest amount of travel. Any applicant should be one with initiative who will be able to assume administrative responsibility readily.

We'd like someone about age 25, preferably single, of pleasing appearance and personality, at least a couple of years of ham radio under his belt, preferably someone who has had some organizational experience such as secretary or other officer of a local club. We want a young man because we would expect to train him on the job. Salary will be commensurate with ability and background.

If you are interested, write to Box A, ARRL Hq., West Hartford, Conn. State your age, marital status, and give a résumé of your educational and employment or military service background, and amateur experience.

A 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner

Part III — The Modulator and Accessories for Putting the Station on the Air

BY EDWARD P. TILTON,* WIHDQ, AND MASON P. SOUTHWORTH,** WIVLH

Two previous installments of this series of articles described a simple receiver for 220 Mc. and the r.f. portion of the transmitter. To engage in communication, we now need a modulator to impress speech or keyed tone on the transmitted carrier, an antenna system, and some means of telling when the station is working at maximum efficiency. With these somewhat unrelated items in this concluding article we start the Technician off on the road to what we hope will be an interesting career in amateur radio.

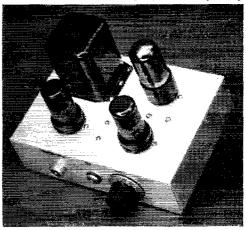
The Modulator

In its simplest terms, a modulator is a device for varying the transmitter output in accordance with variations in the operator's voice. As such it usually consists of a speech amplifier of one or more stages, to build up the minute voltages that come from the microphone, and the modulator stage itself. The latter works into an output transformer, and the plate current to the transmitter is fed through its secondary. Positive voice peaks thus add to the transmitter output; negative peaks subtract from it. That's about all there is to modulation, except that we must be careful to see that this is done only to the proper degree, and with a minimum of distortion of the original voice variations. In v.h.f. work it is often helpful to be able to transmit keyed tone, for code practice and for better signal readability under adverse conditions. Our modulator makes provision for this, as well as for voice modulation.

Only three tubes are used, but the modulator is more than ample for the job at hand. It will deliver good quality audio, and with minor modifications its power output can be stepped up for use with a larger transmitter at a later date. Unlike nearly all speech equipment described for the beginner in years past, this modulator uses a crystal microphone. Formerly, this would have seemed extravagant, but a look at current catalogs shows that the over-all cost of a modulator is about the same, regardless of whether a crystal or a carbon microphone is used. The crystal gives much better voice quality, and though it requires one more stage than a carbon job, the bulky transformer and bothersome current source needed for the carbon microphone are eliminated.

Two voltage amplifier stages are used: a highgain 6SJ7 pentode and a 6J5 triode amplifier, ahead of a 6V6 (or 6V6GT) Class A₁ modulator. Resistance coupling is used between stages in the interest of simplicity. The output stage will deliver nearly 5 watts of audio with low distortion, enough to modulate 10 watts input. A 6L6 may be substituted, and a higher plate voltage applied, to raise the output to more than 10 watts. Tone modulation is accomplished by introducing some feed-back, to make the system oscillate at an audio frequency. The size of the feed-back capacitor, C_3 , controls the pitch of the note.

The modulator is built on a $5 \times 7 \times 2$ -inch aluminum chassis. It is desirable to provide a bottom plate for shielding against r.f. pick-up



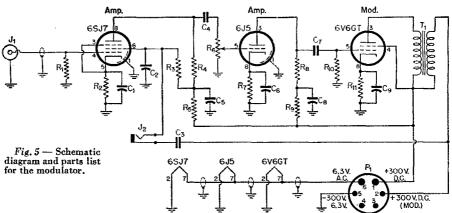
Modulator for the 220-Mc, station. Metal tubes are 6SJ7 and 6J5 voltage amplifiers. At the rear is the 6V6GT modulator. The crystal microphone connector is at the left. A jack for keying the tone modulation is in the center, and the gain control at the right.

and possible feed-back. On the front panel, from left to right, are the jack for the microphone, the keying jack for tone modulation, and the gain control. The key jack must be insulated from the panel with fiber washers. The two tubes in front are the 68.17, near the microphone jack, and the 6J5. The 6V6GT is behind the 6J5, and the modulation transformer is to its left. If a "multimatch" type of transformer is used, make the connections for a primary impedance of about 5000 ohms. The secondary impedance is found by dividing the oscillator plate voltage by the plate current. This will work out to around 8000 to 10,000 ohms.

Most of the small components can be identified in the bottom view. Placement of leads and parts is not critical, except that the grid leads of the 6SJ7 and 6J5 should be as short as possible. The lead from the microphone jack should be made with shielded wire, as should the heater leads. The latter are run around the corners of the chassis to minimize hum pick-up by adjacent

^{*} V.H.F. Editor, QST.

^{**} Laboratory Assistant, QST.



C₁, C₆, C₉ — 25- $\mu\mu$ f. 50-volt electrolytic. C₂ — 0.1- μ f. 400-volt tubular. C₃ — 0.004- μ f. 400-volt tubular. C₄, C₇ — 0.01- μ f. 400-volt tubular. C₅, C₈ — 8- μ f. 450-volt electrolytic. R₁ — 4.7 megohms, ½ watt. R₂ — 1500 ohms, ½ watt. R₃ — 0.5 megohm, ½ watt. R₄ — 0.22 megohm, ½ watt. R₅ — 47,000 ohms, ½ watt.

circuits. The wiring diagram is shown in Fig. 5. Two tie-points may be seen near the front center of the chassis. A single terminal strip near the 6SJ7 supports one end of R_3 , R_4 , R_5 and C_5 , and serves as a ground terminal for R_1 and R_2 . A three-terminal tie strip supports one end of R_5 , C_3 and C_4 . The two 5-watt resistors are visible between the 6J5 and the 6V6GT. The high rating of these resistors is not required, and 1-watt resistors may be substituted, if tie-points are provided for supporting them. The resistors shown are mounted on 2-inch 6-32 screws, with a fiber washer at each end. Power leads are brought out to a connector mounted on the chassis rear wall.

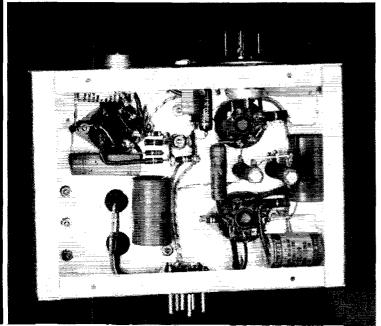
Operation

Check the wiring over carefully before applying power to the modulator. Power requirements

R₅ — 1-megohm volume control.
R₇ — 1500 ohms, ½ watt.
R₈, R₉ — 5000 ohms, 5 watts (1 watt usable).
R₁₀ — 0.47 megohm, ½ watt.
R₁₁ — 680 ohms, 1 watt.
J₁ — Microphone jack (Amphenol PC1M).
J₂ — Open-circuit jack.
P₁ — 6-pin male power connector (Amphenol 86-CP5).
T₁ — 10 watt modulation transformer (Stancor A-

are 6.3 volts, a.c. or d.c., for the heaters and 200 to 300 volts at 25 to 40 ma. d.c. These voltages can be furnished by the power supply used for the receiver and oscillator portions of the station. When the units are connected by the cabling as shown in Fig. 6 the power should be turned on and the gain control advanced until a brightening of the transmitter output indicator lamp is seen as the operator speaks into the microphone. If the gain control is advanced too far there may be feedback, usually evidenced by a high-pitched squeal in the receiver.

How far the gain should be turned up will depend on the type of receiver in use at the station we wish to work. If the other fellow is using a receiver like the one described last month the modulation may be turned up to the point where there is some brightening of the output indicator



Bottom view of the modulator unit.

lamp. If he has a communications receiver, however, a very low level of audio should be used; otherwise, the signal will be unintelligible because of the frequency modulation that accompanies the desired amplitude modulation.

Our simple oscillator is very sensitive to platevoltage changes, so the modulation process described earlier is bound to result in some frequency shift. Get someone who has a selective receiver to check with you, if at all possible, to determine the optimum gain level at the outset; then, whenever you wish to work someone who is using a communications receiver, turn the gain back to that setting. It won't look like much modulation, by ordinary standards, but it is the only way our little rig can be made to put out a readable signal when that kind of selectivity is involved. It may be impossible to hold down the frequency modulation to a satisfactory level when tone is used, so it may be necessary to save the use of the tone modulator for work with stations using broad receivers.

Power Supplies and Control Circuits

As this entire station requires only about 100 milliamperes at 200 to 300 volts, it can be operated very easily from a single 100-ma. supply. This may even be a vibrator or generator-type supply, operating from a 6-volt storage battery, in case you like to work portable or mobile. Separate power supplies for receiving and transmitting may also be used, and this approach has some advantages. The control circuits will be dependent on the power supply set-up, so these details are treated together.

The simplest possible one-switch control system is diagrammed in Fig. 6. Across the top are shown the male power fittings that are part of each unit of the station, 4 pins for the transmitter, 5 for the receiver and 6 for the modulator. Using a different number of contacts for each unit makes it impossible to connect any cable plug in-

correctly. The fittings in the center of the drawing are those on the power cable. Power supply and antenna connections appear at the bottom.

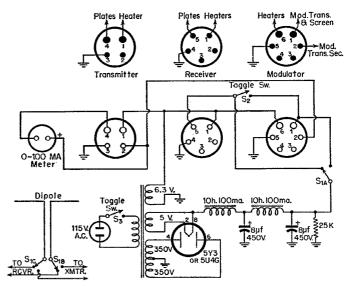
The power supply is turned on by the toggle switch, S_3 . The other toggle switch, S_2 , is used only to turn the receiver on while transmitting. Applying the plate power to either transmitter or receiver is done with one section of the three-section switch, S_{1A-B-C} . The diagram shows this switch in the receive position. If S_2 is left open, as shown, the receiver will go off when the transmitter is turned on, but it may be desirable to listen to one's own transmissions, and this is done by closing S_2 . This allows the receiver to run all the time that S_3 is closed regardless of whether the transmitter is on or not. The antenna is switched from transmitter to receiver by switch sections S_{1B} and S_{1C} .

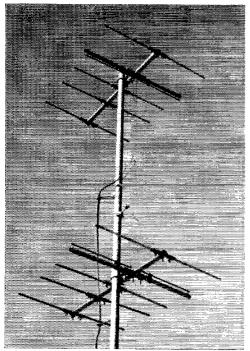
No specific recommendations are made as to the power supply, other than the information in Fig. 6, as it is a strictly conventional set-up. Parts for its construction can be obtained at any radio store. A single filter section may suffice, but better hum elimination is possible if two filter chokes and two condensers are used, as shown in Fig. 6. The first choke can be shorted out with a toggle switch as a convenient means of increasing power, if the builder desires.

You may want to use two separate power supplies, one for the receiver and another for the transmitter. The heaters of all units can then be supplied from a single separate filament transformer, in this case. Switching of the antenna is done with a relay designed for this purpose. The 115-volt relay coil should be wired in parallel with the primary of the transmitter plate transformer in that case. Then when the transmitter power supply is turned on the antenna relay will be energized simultaneously, moving into its "transmit" position.

Still another possibility is "duplex" operation. This involves running the receiver and trans-

Fig. 6 — Suggested power supply and control circuits for the 220-Mc. station. The three fittings at the top of the drawing are those mounted on the individual units. Below them are the matching fittings on the interconnecting power cable. At the lower left is the autenna switching, and at thright a standard power supply diagram. A three-section two-position switch, SIA-B-C, takes care of the antenna and power switching. The receiver can be left on during transmission periods by closing S2.





A 5-over-5 array for 220 Me., made from a commercial TV array originally designed for Channel 13. The two 5-element sections are spaced a full wavelength apart. A closed-end quarter-wave stub is connected at the midpoint of the phasing line, and the 300-ohm line to the station is attached to the point on the stub that gives the best match.

mitter simultaneously and requires a separate antenna for reception. Two stations operating duplex must be well separated in frequency, to prevent one's own transmitter from blocking his receiver. Such operation is illegal on bands lower in frequency than 50 Mc., because it is somewhat wasteful of spectrum space, but as interference is seldom a problem in the v.h.f. region duplex is permissible, and it may be used to advantage in crossband contacts or local rag-chewing. In working duplex, the receiving antenna is plugged into the receiver directly instead of being connected through a switch or relay.

Duplex is fun, and it allows much more rapid exchange of ideas than is possible with the more usual type of transmission and reception. It should be remembered, however, that where two antennas are employed they are likely to have different directional characteristics. For this reason, it is highly worth while to use the transmitting antenna for reception at all times except when duplex work is in progress.

Antennas

Here's a subject that could easily take up a book by itself, so we'll not attempt to deal with it extensively here. This is not to infer that the antenna is unimportant; quite the contrary, it will

¹ La Pointe Electronics, Inc., Rockville, Conn. ² "The Wide Spread Twin Five," Brown, March, 1950, ^CQ, page 11. be the means by which your station establishes itself on the 220-Mc. band. The antenna is allimportant, and it is worth all the work and expense you can put into it.

First we have to decide about our antenna polarization. Will it be vertical or horizontal? This controversy is as yet unresolved, and both are still in use. There is a trend toward horizontal polarization, but if everyone in your area is using vertical, you'd better go along with them. If there is no 220-Mc. activity yet, we suggest that it be started with horizontal systems, as a step toward eventual standardization.

Unless you are going to be satisfied with strictly local communication, you'll want something more than a simple dipole. Fortunately, this is not too much of a problem, as antenna elements for 220 Mc. are only about two feet long, and multielement arrays are comparatively small and light in weight. You'll find more useful information than we can put into this article in the V.H.F. Antennas chapter of The Radio Amateur's Handbook. We suggest you read it thoroughly.

Probably the easiest way to get a good antenna system for 220 Mc. is to revamp a TV antenna designed for one of the higher v.h.f. channels. There are many Yagi-type arrays on the market that are suitable for this purpose, and you can use one, or as many of them as your pocketbook (and possibly your wife, mother, or landlord) will stand.

An example of an array that will do a fine job is shown in the accompanying photograph. It was made from two Vee-DX¹ type JC Yagi arrays, originally designed for TV Channel 13. To use these 5-element jobs on 220 Mc. it is necessary only to cut one-half inch from both ends of each element. A single 5-element array may be fed at its folded dipole element with 300-ohm polyethylene transmission line, or the open-wire lines spaced one inch or less. The array shown in the photograph combines two 5-element arrays in a manner similar to the "Twin-Five" array originally described by W2PAU.

Fittings for mounting the arrays are usually included by the manufacturer, and mast sections can be purchased at any store that handles TV installation fixtures. The center support can also be a round wooden pole of 1 to 1½ inches diameter. Such a pole can be found in most lumber yards.

The arrays are mounted one full wavelength apart, about 50 inches. The phasing line may be any of the commercial open-wire TV lines, or the builder can make his own by spacing two wires about one inch apart. The array is fed at the center of the phasing line, either through a "Q" section that matches the impedance of the transmission line to the lower value of the antenna, or by tapping the line on a shorted stub, if the antenna impedance is higher than that of the line.

Matching the antenna to the line is checked by setting up the antenna and the field-strength meter (described later) about 20 feet or more apart, and in about the same plane. In lieu of a means of measuring standing-wave ratio, we will use a simple but effective method for attaining a match. We will observe standing-wave ratio by running the transmission line through our fingers and noting the variation in meter reading. Any change in the matching device that results in less

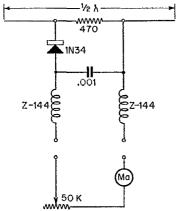


Fig. 7 — Schematic diagram of the remote-indicating field-strength meter. The upper portion is the pick-up unit; the lower is the indicator section.

variation in meter reading as this is done is a step in the right direction. With a perfect match there will be no variation, other than perhaps a slight change when the line is first touched. Obviously, this is a method that is suitable only for low-power operation, but at 10 watts input we need have no fear of r.f. burns!

In the array shown, the impedance at the center of the system turned out to be more than 300 ohms, so we used the "shorted-stub" method. A piece of 2-wire open line like that used for the phasing section was cut to a length of 14 inches. The wires were twisted together at one end and soldered, making a U-shaped stub 13 inches long. The open ends were then soldered to the center of the phasing line, using a half inch of each wire wrapped around and soldered. Our stub is thus $12\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. Now we strip the insulation

from our transmission line for a length of an inch or so, and connect it to the stub, about midway between the phasing line and the shorted end. Apply power, and slide the point of connection along the stub until lowest standing-wave ratio (least variation in meter reading when the line is slipped through the fingers) is found. Solder in place at this point, and you're in business.

If the method above doesn't work out, the antenna impedance is probably lower than that of the transmission line, and a "Q" section will be needed. Your *Handbook* will tell you more about this method of matching. Still another method would be to make the stub described above a half-wavelength long (about 25 inches) and leave the end open. Any impedance likely to occur in this type of antenna can be matched with such a half-wave open stub, following the procedure outlined for the quarter-wave shorted one.

Stand-off insulators of the type used in TV installations are very helpful in assembling the antenna. The photograph shows how several of these were used in our 5-over-5 array.

Field-Strength Indicator

Adjustments on the antenna and transmitter are greatly facilitated if some sort of device is available for indicating relative power radiated by the antenna. Such a field-strength meter is shown in Fig. 7, and in the final photographs. It consists of two units, a pick-up section with antenna, crystal rectifier and isolating r.f. chokes and an indicating section containing a meter and a potentiometer for varying the sensitivity.

The meter shown is a Triplett 0-500 microampere model that is set in a tilting mount, but any other meter from 100 microamperes to about 2 milliamperes range will do, and it can be mounted in any convenient box. The lower the meter range the more sensitive the instrument will be, but the potentiometer permits regulation of the effective sensitivity over a wide range.

The field-strength indicator is used by setting up the pick-up unit at a distance from the an(Continued on page 118)

A remote-indicating field-strength meter for v.h.f. use. At the extreme left is the pick-up unit, with its antenna of TV ground wire. Beside it is the indicating portion. The two units are connected by a flexible 2-wire cable of convenient length when in use. The interior of the pick-up unit is shown at the right.



The Novice Round-up

January 9th Through 24th

т 6:00 р.м. local time, January 9th, a twoweek period gets underway when the call of the hour will be CQ NR, CQ Novice Round-up! Each and every amateur in the 73 ARRL sections is invited to get in on the fun and see how many Novices in how many sections can be worked.

Here is the opportunity for Novices to get acquainted with the enjoyment that comes from good contest operation, the chance to develop efficient operating skills and add to that elusive WAS list. The fun of competition on a sectional basis is yours for a total of 40 hours during the two-week contest period. A choice of operation on 80, 40, 15 or 2 meters is yours, offering many chances to give a good accounting of your section and yourself! Stations other than Novice can have the satisfaction of being a "new" state for many of their NR contacts while helping the newcomers over any of the rougher spots. With Novice activity on the upswing, opportunities to work new countries (for future DXCC purposes) abound. Novice "DX" calls heard on - and possible participants for the Round-up - are prefixed by WH6 (Hawaii), WP4 (Puerto Rico), WW6 (Wake Island) and WL7 (Alaska).

Sample of reporting form that must be used by all contestants. STATION WNIABC-SUMMARY OF CONTACTS.

NOVICE ROUND-UP

Number B Date. of Each MyMyNRHisHis

	N D	of Contact	NR Sent	Section	Revd	Call	Section	New Section as Worked
		Jan. 9						
	80	1805	1	Conn.	1	WN8BBB	Ohio	1
		1810	2	''	2	WN4AAA	E. Fla.	2 3
	l	1815	3	**	2	W2CD	N.Y.CL.I.	
	l	1825	4 5	**	2	WN9JJJ	III.	4
	ĺ	1935		"	5	WN3UUU	E. Pa.	5
	l	1840	6	"	9	W4KFC	Va.	6
	ľ	1852	7	**	5	WN2WWW	W. N.Y.	7
	2	1905	8	"	11	W1BDI	Conn.	8
	ł	Jan. 11						1
	80	0800	9	٠٠ ا	14	W2III	W. N.Y.	,,,,,,
		0810	10	"	21	WN1CCC	Maine	9
1		0830	11	"	45	W1WPO	Conn.	
	15	0845	12	**	18	WP4VH	W. Indies	10
	80	0900	13	**	16	WN1ZJE	Conn.	
i		0912	14	**	16	WNIZCS	Conn.	
		0915	15	"	46	WIVMW	Conn.	_

Total operating time: 2 hours 15 min. Bands used: 80, 15 and 2

Total Points 15 CP Credit Diff. Sections 10

Claimed score: 15 points plus 15 CP = 30 × 10 (sections) = 300

I have observed all competition rules as well as all regulations established for amateur radio in my country. My report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Signature.....

ROUND-UP PERIOD

Starts Jan. 9th 6:00 P.M. Local Time

Ends Jan. 24th 9:00 г.м. Local Time

Remember to check the frequencies above and below the 3700-3750 kc. region for contacts with non-Novice stations. The past two contests proved that stations (other than Novice) could use one to two hundred watts for purposes of Novice contacts in the 3.7-3.75 Mc. band without undue QRM. Higher-power stations are again requested to use frequencies above and below. No special precautions about contest work on 40, 15 and 2,

The clear-cut scoring system will make it a simple matter to comply fully with contest rules. Novices may contact any amateur station, but only once, regardless of frequency band used. (Non-Novice stations may contact only Novice stations, for contest purposes.) To your total number of contacts, add the speed certified on

your Code Proficiency Award. This new total is multiplied by the number of different sections worked to obtain your claimed score. (There is still time to earn a CP Award - see contest Rule 4 and Operating News in this QST.)

Convenient contest log forms and a poster-style United States map are available upon request. Logs, contest comments, suggestions, operating-type pictures, etc., must be postmarked not later than February 15, 1954.

Rules

1) Eligibility: The contest is open to all radio amateurs in the ARRL sections listed on page 6 of this QST.

2) Time: All contacts must be made during the contest time indicated elsewhere in this announcement. Time may be divided as desired but must not exceed 40 hours total.

3) QSOs: Contacts must include certain information sent in the form as shown in the example. QSOs must take place on the 80-, 40-, 15-, or 2-meter bands. Crossband contacts are not permitted. C.w. to 'phone, c.w. to c.w., 'phone to 'phone, 'phone to c.w. contacts are permitted. Valid points can be scored by contacting stations not working in the contest, upon acceptance of your number and section and receipt of a number and section.

4) Scoring: Each exchange counts one point. Only one point may be earned by contacting any one station, regardless of the frequency band. The total number of ARRL sections (see page 6 of this QST) worked during the contest

(Continued on page 120)

Some Notes on Improving Small-Receiver Performance

Circuit Changes in an Earlier Design

BY BYRON GOODMAN,* WIDX

• If the pictures on these pages seem familiar to you, don't be surprised. They are almost, but not quite, the same ones that were used to illustrate a description of a four-tube superhet about a year ago. There was considerable interest in the design, and in this article WIDX tells how a few simple changes will boost the performance and make a still better receiver out of it.

BOUT a year ago a small receiver was described in QST.1 Reviewing it briefly, the basic idea was to build an inexpensive receiver capable of good performance on at least two amateur bands. As outlined in the original article, extending the range of the receiver to other bands would increase the complexity and cost of the receiver, hence the restricted range. The receiver finally worked out to be a four-tube affair tuning the 80- and 40-meter bands. A 6SB7Y first converter was used, with a grid circuit capable of tuning from 3.5 Mc. to above 7.3 Mc. and an oscillator tuning from 5.2 to 5.7 Me: A first i.f. of 1700 kc. was then followed by a 6K8 converter into a 6SN7 detector/b.f.o. working at 100 kc., followed by a 6SN7 two-stage audio amplifier. The 100-kc. i.f. used two tuned circuits and some fixed regeneration to give fair single-signal c.w. reception.

* Assistant Technical Editor, QST.

1 Goodman, 'A Good Four-Tube Superhet,' QST, January, 1953. Also, The Radio Amateur's Handbook, 1953 edition, page 107.

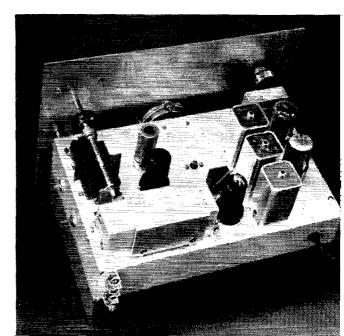
The receiver was solidly built and gave excellent frequency stability and long-time calibration accuracy, and was used at W1DX for several months of operation, with a larger receiver and a super-selective i.f. sitting on the sidelines. However, in digging for weak signals on more than one occasion it was felt that the receiver "front end" wasn't quite as "hot" as it might be, and we got the yen to see if it could be improved. Thereby hangs this tale.

The 6SB7Y had been selected originally as the converter because it is one of the best tubes available for the purpose, as such tubes go. Since only 40- and 80-meter operation was contemplated, it was considered permissible to overlook the inherent "noisiness" of all such tubes, in the interests of simplicity and economy. This is a justifiable viewpoint where a large receiving antenna is used, because there will usually be enough noise picked up to mask the receiver noise. However, with a small receiving antenna there is room for improvement, even on noisy bands like 40 and 80.

As mixer tubes go, the first choice for low noise is among the better triodes, then the high- $g_{\rm m}$ pentodes and finally the multigrid converters. Since a 6AC7 pentode mixer is almost as good as the triodes, we decided on it for a trial, and we haven't been the least bit sorry. The improvement in both gain and noise figure is obvious, and the "good 4-tuber" is now a "better 5-tuber." A few problems developed along the way, however.

Using a pentode mixer like this required another tube for the high-frequency oscillator func-

This top view of the receiver shows the oscillator tube location (miniature tube shield) between the panel and the 6AC7 mixer (left).



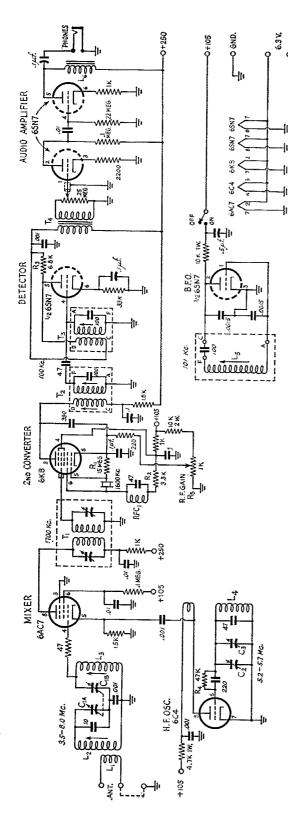


Fig. 1 — Revised wiring diagram of the 40/80-meter receiver.

L₁ — 8 turns No. 30 d.c.c. at bottom of

L₂. L₃—35 turns No. 30 d.c.c. closewound on National XR-50 slugtuned form.

I.4 — 23 turns No. 24 bare space-wound 32 turns per inch, 5%-inch diameter. Tickler is 134 turns spaced 1 turn from L4 (B & W 3008 Miniductor).

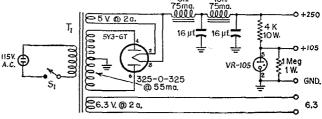
tion that was previously half of the job of the 6SB7Y. This seemed like a good job for a miniature tube, to avoid crowding, and a 6C4 was selected. A new socket hole, a few wiring changes, and we had the new oscillator.

Getting the oscillator signal into the grid eircuit of the pentode mixer takes a little doing, and it isn't just a matter of running a coupling condenser over to the 6AC7 grid. This will work at higher signal frequencies or with a lower i.f., of course, but here we had a choice between inductive coupling and cathode injection, and decided on the latter. As can be seen from the revised wiring diagram in Fig. 1, a 0.001-µf. condenser is connected between the oscillator plate and the mixer cathode. Thus the r.f. voltage appearing across the plate coil of the oscillator is applied across the 1500ohm cathode resistor of the mixer. The oscillator still oscillates, of course, and is as stable as when running unloaded. The mixer will be regenerative and can oscillate if the gain is too high, but with the values given the mixer is completely free from oscillation.

In a mixer of this type, the high-frequency oscillator voltage swings the grid at an r.f. rate through wide changes in mutual conductance. If the oscillator voltage is too low, the conversion efficiency will not be as high as it can be made, and the oscillator voltage should be such that it swings to within a fraction of a volt of running into the grid-current region, although it does appear to be critical. With the values shown, the cathode bias runs a little higher than 2 volts and the screen voltage is down around 60. With the antenna disconnected, the mixer is still slightly regenerative (as indicated by sharp peaking of the input circuit $C_1L_1L_2$), and if the 1500ohm cathode resistor is reduced in value to 680 or 1000 ohms the mixer will oscillate. The best value of cathode resistor is the lowest one that makes the mixer regenerative without oscillation when the autenna is disconnected.

When the new mixer and oscillator had been added and checked through, it was apparent that here was a much hotter re-

Fig. 2—Revised powersupply wiring diagram. The 6.3-voltheater lead is grounded in the receiver, not in the power supply.

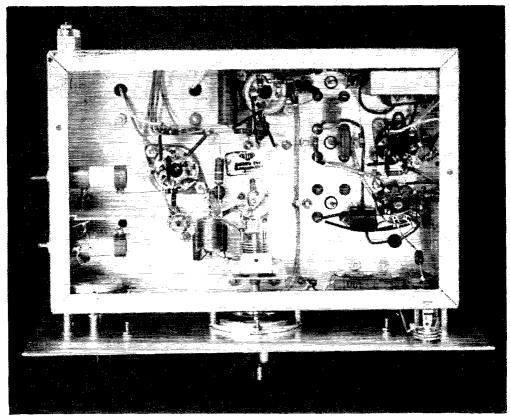


ceiver and that the change had been well worth the trouble. When first tried on the air, conditions were fairly good. Too good, in fact, because a few teletype stations started showing up in parts of the ham bands where they certainly didn't belong. This gave a little pause, and was the reason for some tracing of spurious signals. By measuring their frequencies and finding that they bore a certain magical 100-kc. relationship, the trouble was traced to harmonics from the b.f.o. getting back into the front end of the receiver and making strong commercials operating outside the ham bands appear to be inside. A little probing showed the offender to be the B+ lead to the b.f.o., and a 0.5-\(\mu\)f. condenser from b.f.o. switch to ground cleaned up the trouble. It was a good example of how careful one must be in a superheterodyne receiver to confine oscillator signals and harmonics to their own portions of the circuit.

The only other change in the circuit was to run separate heater leads from the power supply to the receiver, instead of skimping and making one wire double as heater-current lead and negative plate supply lead. Divorcing the two jobs eliminated some slight a.c. hum that had been present in the earlier version.

If your present receiver uses a "noisy" converter tube and no r.f. stage, you can probably help the performance considerably by using this 6AC7 mixer circuit. With the 1700-kc. first i.f., there is no oscillator pulling whatsoever as the input tuning condenser (C_1) is rocked through resonance, an important consideration in a receiver of this type. The pulling might be appreciable if a lower i.f. or a higher signal frequency were used, but if the mixer circuit is applied to a receiver with ganged input and oscillator circuits any pulling won't be too obvious.

The bottom view shows the oscillator tube socket (miniature) and the slight change in oscillator-coil location.





Official Results — An All-Time High Among ARRL Activities BY PHILLIP SIMMONS,* WIZDP

UST how popular can the ARRL Field Day get? Back in 1946, the first postwar FD brought out 1936 participants and 187 portable stations. By 1949 these figures had climbed to 4942 and 495. Other ARRL operating activities, such as the DX Contest and Sweepstakes, seem to have their ups and downs, with attendance more or less dictated by ionospheric conditions. Not Field Day, though! Last June 20th and 21st, 7007 individuals ventured into the field in this annual test of portable gear and emergency equipment. (This is a minimum figure, too, since the number of participants was omitted in some reports.) During the 24-hour contest period they had a total of 692 portable and mobile stations and 1774 complete receiver-transmitter combinations on the air to make the '53 Field Day the top operating activity of all time!

But there is more to FD than statistics, as anyone who has taken part well knows. While most ARRL activities emphasize single-operator work from the comforts of the home shack, Field Day has come to personify club and group multi-operator and multi-transmitter operation in the

*Communications Assistant, ARRL.



field. No small amount of astute planning is prerequisite to a smoothly-functioning portable installation on mountain or hilltop...this, mind you, often with sleeping and culinary facilities lacking, perhaps at the mercy of the elements (snow, rain, lightning, etc.), and with the attendant miseries of poison ivy, mosquitoes, flies and other noisome flora and fauna. No, it isn't all fun and frolic. Small wonder that Field Day, as the test exercise for the ham fraternity under the stress and strain of conditions afield, has become an important part of civil defense equipment testing. The amateur who doesn't learn a lesson or two on this annual outing is a rare creature, indeed!

There are competitive angles to FD, too. Many clubs and individuals are prompted to vie with one another in running up the highest scores. Local contests are sometimes set up where the winners enjoy dinners at the expense of the vanquished. Other contestants present awards to their challengers attesting to the superiority of the higher-scoring group. A number of clubs also get together after the hectic week end for friendly "post mortems" and planning for next FD.

For the purposes of our QST report, competition is considered to be among stations using like numbers of simultaneously-operated transmitting set-ups. Final scores are therefore tabulated according to the number of transmitters in operation at each station. So that Class A entrants may compare their scores with those of the leading FD station in their geographical area, regard-

Grinding out QSOs from W4GAC/4 are W4s VOZ BNM WKQ and TKE at the neat installation of the St. Petersburg Amateur Radio Club in St. Petersburg, Fla. Rapt onlookers are members W4TDK, Elizabeth (no call yet), W4s WMC EYI WME TY LAB and WN4WPF.

QST for

less of transmitter classification, the top-scoring Class A station in each call area is listed below:

W10C/1	14,316	KH6WO/KH6 1152	
W2OM/2	18,252	KL7USA/KL7 168	
W3FRY/3	24,795	KP4ID/KP4 1163	
W4MK/4	6111	VE1ND/1 3528	
W5SC/5	7425	VE2CK/2 3555	
W6UW, 6	11,009	VE3DC/3 7308	
$W7AW_{/}7$	7083	VE5AA/5 1377	
W4FU/8	12,906	VE6NQ/6 2178	
W9IT/9	12,717	VE7AQL/7 3103	
WØHAM/Ø	5319	VO1A/VO2 744	

Call area leaders in Classes B, C, D and E easily may be determined by reference to the accompanying score tabulations.

For the second consecutive year the Frankford Radio Club led all FD entrants, as twenty-five members, operating W3FRY/3 at Ambler, Pa., made 2665 QSOs for a 24,795 point tally. This is knocking 'em off at over 111 contacts per hour and marks an increase of 5000 points over their 1952 score. With ten transmitters on all bands from 1.8 through 28 Mc., FRC, like most clubs, held their rigs in the low-power bracket and relied on generators for the a.c. source. Congrats to Frankford for another superlative showing in the field!

Runner-up was the Tri-County Radio Assn. of Plainfield, N. J., with 2003 stations worked and a score of 18,252 points. Thirty operators at

T	EN HIGH	SCORES	
Class	Á	Class 1	3
W3FRY/3	24.795	W6RW/6	6656
W2OM/2	18,252	W3EIS/3	5873
W2GSA/2	15,593	W2FBA/2	5549
W10C/1	14,316	W6TSW/6	4905
W4FU/8	12,906	W1HA/i	2304
W9IT/9	12,717	W6JPM/6	2124
W9AP/9	12,645	W6IYG/6	1917
W6UW/6	11,009	W5OLD/5	1827
W2VDJ/2	10,503	W5IER/5	1773
W9PCS/9	9906	W5AJA/5	1742

Mountainside, N. J., kept W2OM/2 running efficiently for the 24-hour period, with a 6-kw. gas-engine generator powering the ten separate receiver-transmitter set-ups. The club secretary sums up the excursion thus: "Good location, all gear worked FB, excellent weather and wonderful eats. Best FD ever!" Amen.

The Garden State Amateur Radio Assn. chalked up the third highest score, 15,593 points and 1911 contacts, with 37 members working 9 transmitters simultaneously at Hazlet, N. J. The power source at W2GSA/2 was a PE-95, and rig inputs varied from 20 to 100 watts.

The West Coast continued its mastery over the Class B contingent. W6RW/6, with W6BXL

At Towson, Maryland, the Chesapeake Amateur Radio Club amassed 7443 points with W3VU/3 in Class 6A. L. to r.: W3AFM rotating the 20-meter beam (with monkey wrench!), W3UYP logging, W3UYU kibitzing, W3AYS on 75, W3RFZ standing (?) by.



Novice licensees pick up pointers aplenty in a Field Day workout! Busy boys above are KN2s AZA and CUE, representing the Radio Association of Western New York in Class 1A. These and two other ops, signing KN2AZA/2 at Tonawanda, N. Y., used only the 40-and 80-meter Novice bands during the FD period.

second op, found a good QTH in the Hollywood Hills and worked 468 stations for 6656 points. Not without some competition, though, from W3EIS/3, ably assisted by W4KFC, whose 409 QSOs and 5873 points were garnered from a portable site in a Beltsville, Md., tobacco field. W6RW/6 and W3EIS/3 took the top two positions in Class B last year, too. Both set-ups ran 30 watts or less, used all-battery power, and bettered their 1952 totals considerably. Good going, fellows!

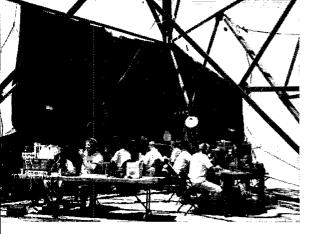
Top mobile score was that of W9RQM/9, who motored to Rib Mountain, Wisconsin's highest point, and, with W9RLB helping out in the brass-pounding chores, chalked up 256 contacts for 3848 points. Both W9s expressed amazement at the consistently good reports, with the centerloaded car whip the only antenna. All contacts were on 20-, 40- and 80-meter c.w. with 30 watts input to the home-built mobile rig.

Honors for the highest club aggregate mobile score go to the Westpark Radiops of Cleveland. With 31 W8 units contributing, the Radiops' 21,-851 points led the mobile aggregate category by a wide margin.

Hundreds of interesting incidents and sidelights were reported by FD participants. ARRL takes pleasure in passing along as many of them as space will permit.



December 1953



FD Quotes

"The singular 'all out' activity of our club is Field Day. We enjoy the annual opportunity to become really acquainted with our fellow members, to try out antennas for which we have no room at home, to increase our operating ability, and to prove and test QRP conditions and equipment." — Northwest Amateur Radio Club, W9IT/9... "We made use of trees for all antennas except for one mast for 75 and a tower for 10. We were hot as a firecracker on 20. Only things holding our score down were operator fatigue and a dead 10-meter band." — Flood City Radio Club, W3QYK/3. . . . "Lost 3 hours trying to load up a soft 2E26. Finally borrowed a 6146 from W5TMT's Viking and got back in the running. Wouldn't be FD if something didn't go bad, weather or otherwise!" — W51ER/5. . . . "More 'phone operators should use prescribed procedure. Many omit their portable identification. Would like to see correct procedure stressed in $QST." - W\emptyset PB/\emptyset...$ "Had to shift our numbers 2 and 3 transmitters to commercial power at midnight because the generator wouldn't drive the electric stove and the fellows were getting hungry. The club voted to submit the results, anyway, as someone has to get the booby prize." - Boringuen Amateur Radio Club, KP4NE/KP4. . . . "Our 110-volt a.c. generator provided 70 volts under optimum conditions! Other difficulties: 40-meter dipole broke and fell, 10-meter beam wouldn't load, VFOs wouldn't oscillate, modulation transformer burned up, etc." — Beverly Hills High School Radio Club, W6KCM/6. . . . "W2JBQ and I have operated every FD together since 1938. Is this some sort of record? Our total in '38 was 16 contacts; now if we don't average 16 QSOs per hour, something's wrong!" - W2FBA/2. . . . "Had to overhaul our generator a dozen times: gas tank dirty, screen filter like glue, jets clogged up. Finally got it running decently at midnight. Sure glad it wasn't a real emergency! — Lima Area Amateur Radio Club, W8GYM/8... "Number of persons participating: 17. Also taking part: mosquitoes, black tlies, about 11 cases of beer." — Goose Bay Amateur Radio Club. VO6H/VO6. . . . "Stations should try to keep accurate reference logs. We had to turn down too many stations as repeat conLittle protection from the elements was needed at the W6WI/6 set-up near sunny China Lake, Calif. Operated by a nonclub group that sprang up spontaneously just before FD, W6WI/6 competed in the five-rig class.

tucts." - Schenectady Amateur Radio Assn., W2EFU/2... "We emphasized the emergency angle this year, with absolutely no advance preparation at the operating site. We set up the positions at noon Saturday, then erected tents and antennas. All was in readiness by the zero hour." — West Side Radio Club, VE3JJ/3. . . . "Was mobile on Capillo Peak, New Mexico, elevation 9800 feet. Mobile has much in its favor beside the fact that it is perhaps the ideal emergency set-up with everything self-contained. No antennas to erect, no heavy power plant to lug around, a comfortable seat and shelter for the operators. Lazy man's FD!" — W5DAH/5. ... "In preceding FDs our logkeepers had trouble advising the operator whether or not a particular station had been worked. This year we used a special signaling system. Logkeepers switched on a green light to indicate to the operator that it was all right to call the station, and a red light if otherwise." - Lancaster Radio Transmitting Society, W3NMR/3.... "Our only

CLUB AGGREGATE MOBILE SCORES

Westpark Radiops	21,851
North Seattle Amateur Radio Club	12,681
Maryland Mobile Radio Club	11,129
Norwalk Amateur Radio Club	6813
Associated Radio Amateurs of Long Beach	5563
Wisconsin Valley Radio Assn	3848
Radio Club of Tacoma	2147
Mobile Amateur Radio Club of South Bend	1378
Bloomfield Radio Club	1161
Philadelphia High-Frequency Radio Club.	810
Lake Washington Amateur Radio Club	517
Connecticut Wireless Assn	504
Westchester Amateur Radio Assn	429
Coffee Dunkers of Detroit	270
Lakehead Amateur Radio Club	180
Waltham Amateur Radio Assn	122
Twin-City Radio Club	36
Rock Creek Amateur Radio Assn	27

shutdown in three FDs occurred when the coupling between the engine and generator broke; but we were back on in an hour. Although we did no advance planning, we were on the air within an hour of our arrival at the site. We feel that such procedure is more apt to show up 'bugs' that would be encountered under emergency conditions," -VE1AAM/1. . . . "Wanted: information on how to keep tents dry in the driving rain and how to work through rain-QRN that cut our score 'way down." - Reddy-Watts, VE7-AQL/7... "At the termination of operations, our tired, sunburnt, mosquito-bitten crew retired to their respective homes, there to renew acquaintances with their families, catch up on some badly needed rest, and also to wait impatiently for the next FD." - South Shore Amateur

QST for

The Westside Amateur Radio Club counted on W5s TVW VUH VSR and JCC to handle the W5BUK/5 FD 'phone position. With Flontainbleu State Park, Louisiana, as the scene of operations, WARC made 301 contacts in Class 2A.

Radio Club, VE2ADX/2. . . . "We engaged in an intraclub competition, the losers to provide a beach party for the victors. Our East group, with no breakdowns and good antennas, won over the West group. Although none of us is a contest man we always enjoy FD and will probably make this intraclub contest a FD fixture." — Custer Radio Club, W2FBA/2 and W2KOA/2. . . . "Our six ops agree that this was the best FD yet!" - Twin City Contest Club, WOHAM/O.

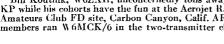
SCORES

CLASS A

Scores are tabulated according to the number of transmitters operated simultaneously at each field station. The figures and letters following each listing indicate the number of contacts, the power or power inputs used, the number of participants at each station and the final score. The "power classification" used in computing the score is indicated by the letters A, B or C after the number of QSOs shown. A indicates power up to and including 30 watts (multiplier of 3); B indicates power over 30, up to and including 100 watts (multiplier of 2); C indicates over 100 watts (multiplier of 1). More than one letter indicates that at times power inputs fell within different classifications.

	One Transmitter			
WØHAM/Ø	Twin City Contest Club	566~	A- 6-	5319
W8NCF/8	Tusco Radio Club	466~	AB-23-	3952
W1TX/1	Connecticut Wireless Assn.	411-	A-14-	3924
W8II/8	(nonclub group)	403-	A- 8-	3852
W8CEA/8	Dayton Amateur Radio Assn.	394-	AB- 8-	3408
W6TZD/6	(nonclub group)	352-	A- 5-	3393
VE3BCL/3	(nonclub group)	325-	A- 5-	3150
W3UDL/3	Beacon Radio Amateurs	320-	A- 6-	3105
W8VVL/8	Queen City Emergency Net	303-	A-13-	2952
WIEH/1	South Lyme Beer, Chowder			
	and Propagation Society	451-		
W3MBZ/3	(nonclub group)	289-	A- 5-	
W8TQ/8	(nonclub group)	280-	A- 4-	2745
W80G/8	Springfield Amateur Radio			
	Club	295-	A	
W2CCR/2	(nonclub group)		AB- 5-	
WØWML/Ø	Newton (Iowa) Radio Club	260-	A- 6-	2592
W8ODJ/8	Buckeye Shortwave Radio			
	Assn.	287-	A-12-	
W8RTR/8	Canton Amateur Radio Club	260-	A- 7-	2565
W3RQY/3	Abington Township Amateur			
	Radio Assn.	257-	A- 3-	2538
₩6GDO/6	O'Brien Radio Club of Sacra-			
	mento	257-		2538
W6HGY/6	Whittier Radio 50 Club	247-	A-21~	
W5QGG/5	Midland Amateur Radio Club	374-	B- 7-	
W2UBU/2	(nonclub group)	248~		
W7AH/7	(nonclub group)	354-		
W8OAJ/8	Mercer County Radio Assn.	220-		
W7SAA/7	Salem Amateur Radio Club	298-	B-16 -	1938
W2WER/2	Oswego County Amateur	440		
SYNTHE IN	Radio Club	113-	A-12-	1863
W8FZB/8	Muskingham Amateur Radio	0.10	T) A+	1000
WATE /c	Assn.	310-		
W2TIO/2	(nonclub group)	199-	A- 6-	1791

Bill Koutnik, W6ZXII, unconcernedly toils away at KP while his cohorts have the fun at the Acrojet Radio Amateurs Club FD site, Carbon Canyon, Calif. ARAC members ran W6MCK/6 in the two-transmitter class.





, 4: b		diffinan.	C	200
W9UNL/9	Lakeshore Amateur Radio			
	Club	168-	A- 5- 1758	i
VE3RC/3	Ottawa Amateur Radio Club	167-	A-12- 1746	ð
VE3CAQ/3	Kingston Amateur Radio			
1 220 012 07 0	Club	193-	A- 9- 1737	7
W8GYM/8	Lima Area Amateur Radio			
1100111170	Club	169-	A- 8- 1730	ß
W4SUD/4	(nonelub group)	279-	B- 5- 1674	4
WØZWY/Ø	Sioux Falls Amateur Club	249-	B-12- 1646	ő
W8NCK/8	Sandusky Valley Amateur			
11 02 1 0 22 7 0	Radio Club	157-	A- 6- 1633	8
W9NVW/9	Wisconsin Valley Radio			
1702111170	Assn.	182-	A- 7- 163	8
WØDVL/Ø	N.E. Iowa Radio Amateur			
1102 12,5	Assn.	154-	A-18- 161	1
W2CGK/2	Amateur Radio Socie'y of			
11 200 0220 2	Queens	151-	A- 9- 158	4
WØFRL/Ø	Lawrence Amateur Radio			
11 02 1027 0	Club	236-	B-11- 156	в
W9OXR/9	Wolf River Radio Club	171-	A- 6- 153	9
W6NIK/6	(nonclub group)	230-	B- 4- 153	0
W2OFQ/2	Fort Stanwix Amateur Ra-			
11-01-42	dio Assn.	247 -	B-10- 148	2
WØIUY/Ø	Cedar Valley Radio Club	164-	A- 4- 147	6
WØHDX/Ø	(nonclub group)	136	A- 3- 144	9
W1TCM/1	Hampden County Radio			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Club	216-	B- 6- 144	6
W2KOA/2	Custer Radio Club (East)	187-	AB- 5- 142	5
W9WKR/9	Lane Tech Ham Club	122-	A- 6- 132	3
VEIDN/I	Dartmouth Amateur Radio			
	Club	121-	A- 8- 101	4
WØYTA/Ø	Boone Mike and Key Club	119-	A- 6- 129	6
W4GSV/4	Albany Amateur Radio Club	188-	A-12- 127	
W7SSF/7	Butte Amateur Radio Club	186-	B-12- 126	6
W3RVC/3	Allegheny Kiski Amateur			
	Radio Assn.	115-	A- 9- 126	
WØBEA/Ø	Crete Amateur Radio Club	135-	A- 5- 121	5
KH6WO/KH6	Honolulu Amateur Radio			
	Club	167-	B-24- 115	i^2
W3KYR/3	Boys' Club of St. Marys			
	Amateur Radio Society	85-	A- 4- 114	18
W5JNB/5	Big Spring Amateur Radio			
•	Club	164-		
KH6RS/KH6	Maui Amateur Radio Club	164-	B-13- 113	
VE2AFO/2	(nonclub group)	98-	A- 4- 11	
W8MAI/8	(nonclub group)	153-	B- 3- 100	38



VE2BB/2	Lakeshore Amateur Radio			
•	Assn.	93-	A- 6-	1062
W4QCW/4	(nonclub group)	117-	A- 5-	1053
W8UMD/8	Treaty City Amateur Radio			
	Assn.	117-	B- 6-	1026
K5WSP/5	Boondocks Amateur Radio			
	Club	139-	AB-16-	1011
W9NLH/9	Door County Amateur Ra-			
	dio Club	167-	B- 8-	1002
W8URD/8	Case Institute of Technology			
	Radio Club	111-	A- 3-	999
W8HDQ/8	Morgan County Radio Club	136-	B-12-	966
W4UBT/4	Sandhill Amateur Radio			
	Club	78~	A- 4-	927
W7PZ/7	(nonclub group)	75-	A- 5-	900



The Eglin Amateur Radio Society borrowed this Fort Walton Beach, Florida, observation tower for its 10-meter 'phone group. Under the call W4SRX/4 the club made 1842 points in Class 3A.

WØCOM/Ø	CQ Amateur Radio Club	118-	B-10-	858
W4LLO/4	Key West Radio Amateur			
	Club	117-	B-16-	852
W1FN/1	(nonclub group)	87-	A- 3-	783
W9AML/9	Central Illinois Radio Club	125-	B- 4-	750
W8CIA/8	Louisville Amateur Radio			
	Club	124-	B-10-	744
W9DUK/9	Delaware Amateur Radio			
	Assn.	57	A- 5-	738
W8DFK/8	The Brass and Java League	81-	A- 3-	729
VE3RA/3	(nonclub group)	54-	A~ 4-	711
VE3CWB/3	(nonclub group)	75-	B	675
W4KSV/4	Lynchburg Amateur Radio			
	Club	187	C-10-	636
W4TFP/4	Sarasota Amateur Radio			
	Assn.	77-	B- 4-	612
W5SRW/5	Mesilla Valley Radio Club	74-	B-15-	594
W4NTD/4	Rock Hill Amateur Radio			
	Club	73-	B-10-	588
WØFFN/Ø	(nonclub group)	72-	B- 4-	582
W3KEK/3	Harrisburg Radio Amateurs			
	Club	189-	A-36-	567
VE5MA/5	Moose Jaw Amateur Radio			
	Club	66-	B- 7-	546
W7SWS/7	Snake River Keys and Mikes	153-	C- 9-	534
W3MET/3	(nonclub group)	88-	B- 4-	528
W7RXQ/7	Butte Amateur Radio Club			
	(Junior Div.)	33~	A- 6-	522
Wøzlc/ø	Clinton Amateur Radio Club	156-	C- 6-	468

W7OQI/7	Southern Montana Amateur			
	Radio Assn.	77-	B- 4-	462
W8YN/8	Battle Creek High School			
	Radio Club	226-	B- 5-	452
KN2AZA/2	Radio Assn. of Western N. Y.	45-	A- 4-	405
VO6H/VO6	Goose Bay Amateur Radio			
	Club	58-A	BC-17-	303
VE3DBT/3	Kirkland Lake Amateur Ra-			
	dio League	32-	A- 7-	288
KH6IK/KH6	Kauai High School Radio			
,	Club	47→	B- 8-	282
W4PED/4	(nonclub group)	29-	A- 5-	261
W5FC/5	Dallas Amateur Radio Club	68	A- 5-	204
KL7USA/KL7	(nonclub group)	28-	B- 5-	168
W1YFA/1	Walpole Amateur Radio			
	Club	23-	B- 7-	138
W3MOT/3	Penn-Central Radio Club	46-	A- 4-	138
K2BZC/2	(nonelub group)	8-	A- 4-	72
134220/2	(monoido Broad)			

Two Transmitters Operated Simultaneously

	Two Transmitters Operated Simul	taneous	ly	
WISKT/I	Narrangansett Assn. of Ama- teur Radio Operators	671-	A-25-	6282
W4MK/4	Richmond Amateur Radio			
	Club	654-	A-30-	6111
W9UD U/9 W1VB/1	Racine Megacycle Club Candlewood Amateur Radio	608-	A-20-	5697
·····	Assn.	506-	A~16-	4797
W2EWT/2	KBT Radio Club	553-		4725
W3NMR/3	Lancaster Radio Transmit- ting Society	479-	A-25-	
WORM IO				
W8FT/8	Findlay Radio Club	449	A-12-	4149
W2JC/2	Bloomfield Radio Club	461-	A-18-	
W9UTV/9	(nonclub group)	425-	A- 5-	
W9ERU/9	(nonclub group)		AB-12-	
W8KQ/8	Bendix Radio Club	601-	B-10-	
VE2CK/2	Montreal DX Club	370-	A-10-	
W1INM/1	Providence Radio Assn.	368-	A-12-	3537
W8MAX/8	Lorain County Amateur			
W9REG/9	Radio Assn. Tippecanoe Amateur Radio	356-	A-17-	3429
•	Assn.	357-	AB- 7-	3357
W8MAA/8	Central Michigan Amateur Radio Club	461-	B-20-	3283
W2KFR/2	Penn-New Jersey Amateur			
	Radio Club		AB- 4-	
WØDEP/Ø	(nonclub group)	324-	A- 7-	3141
W8DM/8	Kalamazoo Amateur Radio Club	312-	A-12-	3033
W4TM/4	Jackson Radio Club		AB-22-	
W2THO/2	Walton Ham Group	315-	A- 8-	
W6KMY/6	Pleasant Valley Amateur			
	Radio Club	314-	A-12-	2826
W4SAG/4	Middle Tennessee Radio Amateurs Assn.	400-	AB-10-	2820
W1AQ/1	Associated Radio Amateurs of Southern New England	286-	A- 6-	2799
W7GWD/7	Richland Amateur Radio	429-	B- 9-	
W9LDT/9	North Central Indiana Ra-			
	dio Club		AB-12-	
WØEQU/Ø WØJFI/Ø	Ak-Sar-Ben Radio Club South St. Louis Amateur	274-	A-15-	
W6MCK/6	Radio Club Aerojet Radio Amateurs	447-	B-13-	2682
W4UWS/4	Club Rappahannock Valley Radio	370-	AB-13-	2673
	Člub	416-	B- 8-	2646
WØFNK/Ø	Missouri Ozark Amateur	268-	A-10-	9627
EVYD TO CL. (O	Radio Club			
W3PGA/3	Aero Amateur Radio Club	291-	A- 5-	2019
W9OWD/9	Elgin Radio Amateur Serv- ice Club	265-	A- 5-	2610
WØOJY/Ø	Prairie Dog Amateur Radio Club	409-	AB-15-	2604
W9TCR/9	Della Region Radio Club	262-	A-15-	2583
W5ND/5	Orange Amateur Radio Club	285-	A- 7-	2565
W6TO/6	Fresno Amateur Radio Club	427-	B-25-	2562
W8KAO/3	Mahoning Valley Amateur			
•	Radio Assn.	321-	AB	2523
W6SF/6	Stockton Amateur Radio Club	251-	A-20-	
W3GAG/3	Philadelphia Wireless Assn.	376-	B-11-	2406
W2QCN/2	Rochester Amateur Radio Assn.	498-	AC-27-	2364

QST for



With a graph of '52 FD contacts in front of him, W9GVZ knows exactly how he's doing on 20 c.w.! W9s MO and KBV are in the background. A perennial high scorer, the Northwest Amateur Radio Club's W9IT/9 made 12,717 points with 10 transmitters.

•		
W8KS/8	Westlake Amateur Radio	
W6OZC/6	Assn. Tamalpais Amateur Radio	368- B-12- 2358
WOOZC/O	Club	358- B-16- 2298
W4ZWG/4	(nonclub group)	308- AB- 4- 2292
W3EDU/3		254- A- 7- 2286
	York Amateur Radio Club	
W8SWG/8	Niles Amateur Radio Club	378- B-13- 2265
W5ORH/5	Oklahoma County A.R.E.C.	351- B 2256
W8BF/8	Buckeye Shortwave Radio Assn.	342- B-20- 2202
WOTO (O		327- AC-15- 2199
W2IQ/2	(nonclub group)	021- AC-10- 2199
W6KCM/6	Beverly Hills High School Radio Club	156- B- 9- 2186
W1BNV/1	(nonelub group)	213- A- 3- 2142
W8AKA/8	(nonclub group)	212- A- 6- 2133
W8ZXI/8	(nonclub group)	228- A- 8- 2052
W8VCT/8	Kanawha Valley Amateur	
	Radio Assn.	312- B- 8- 2022
W9BTD/9	Point Radio Amateurs	192- A- 6- 1998
W9BVX/9	Four Lakes Amateur Radio	
	Club	193- A-8- 1962
W5BUK/5	Westside Amateur Radio	100 21 8 1502
WOD CIZ/D	Club	301- B-15- 1956
TYPO CO CO T AC		
W2GGN/2	Queens Radio Amateurs	298- B- 8- 1938
K2DIE/2	Cowanesque Canisteo Ama-	
	teur Radio Assn.	185- A-5- 1890
W4MN/4	Palmetto Amateur Radio	184- A-16- 1881
TEROTI A 70	Montreal Amateur Radio	104- N-10- 1001
VE2TA/2		281- AB- 9- 1848
	Club	
W9NEV/9	Blackhawk Radio Club	247- AB-10- 1830
W4ZQA/4	Charlotte Amateur Radio Club	203- A 1827
W4TNW/4	Chattanooga Amateur Ra-	
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	dio Club	276- B-10- 1746
W3QZF/3	Horseshoe Radio Club	287- B-15- 1722
		201- D-10- 1122
W4LEN/4	Decatur Amateur Radio Club	256- B-12- 1698
W3VV/3	McKean County Radio Club	274~ B- 8- 1644
W2CDW/2	(nonclub group)	177- A- 3- 1593
	Kokomo Amateur Radio	117. A-0 1030
W9DKR/9		357- BC-21- 1590
W2BXK/2	Club Polytechnic Institute of	00/~ DO-21~ 1090
WZDAK/Z	Brooklyn Radio Club	213- AB-11- 1557
STEETE OTHER		398- BC- 4- 1497
W5VOE/5	(nonclub group)	990- DC- 4- 1497
W8HLD/8	Catalpa Amateur Radio So-	
	ciety	160- A-16- 1494
W4GNF/4	Greensboro Radio Club	240- B 1440
WØTJA/Ø	Rochester Amateur Radio	
• •	Club	215- B-12- 1440
VE2CQ/2	Quebec Radio Club	209- B-20- 1410
VE7AO/7	Penticton Amateur Radio	
,, .	Assn.	130- A- 6- 1395
VE5AA/5	Saskatoon Amateur Radio	
ט עממטנו. ז	Club	207 AC-15 1377
W7OZK/7	Shy Wy Radio Club	165- AB- 9- 1311
		172- AB- 3- 1299
W1UKR/1	(nonclub group)	118 AND 0 1899

W9PT/9	Tri-Town Radio Amateur Club	400	40.11	1055
W9RIV/9	Tri-State Amateur Radio		AC-11-	
VITTA TO A 14	Society	138-	A- 9-	
VE1DA/1	Annapolis Valley Radio Club	207-		
W5USN/5	(nonclub group)	197	AC- 3-	1206
W4EM/4	Mid-South Amateur Radio Assn.	169-	B-25-	1164
W5QQU/5	East Texas Amateur Radio Club	163-		
W7LAB/7	Ogden Radio Amateur Op-	103-	B- 5-	1128
W / LIAD/ I		00		
W7AHQ/7	erators	99-	A-13-	
	Skagit Amateur Radio Club	95~		
W2SV/2	Sunrise Radio Club	332	A-20-	1071
W9KLD/9	Kankakee County Amateur			
******	Radio Club	178-		
W7NC/7	Twin City Amateur Club	177-	AB- 5-	1062
W5KYC/5	Hattiesburg Amateur Radio			
	Club		B	
W5JFT/5	(nonclub group)	169-	AB- 4-	1040
W1SBF/1	Meriden Amateur Radio			
	Club	115-	A- 6-	1035
W3RZG/3	(nonclub group)	116-	A- 3-	1032
W1K00/1	Burlington Amateur Radio Club	147_	AB- 6-	930
W7RIL/7	Great Falls Radio Club		AB-10-	822
W3MKA/3	West Philadelphia Radio			
TTT (1 CTD) 1	Assn.	88-	A- 5-	792
W4ACB/4	Tallahassee Amateur Radio			
	Club	131-		786
W7TRU/7	Harlo Radio Club	97		744
VO1A/VO2	Newfoundland Radio Club		AB- 6-	744
W5AWT/5	(nonclub group)	54-	A- 4-	711
W8ECU/8	Ashland Amateur Radio Club	110-	B- 4-	660
W2KYN/1	Knickerbocker Amateur Radio Club	118-	B	596
W4DUG/4	Tampa Radio Club		AB- 5-	591
W2GLQ/2	Nutley Amateur Radio So-			001
•	ciety	61-		549
WØEDA/Ø	Rolls Amateur Radio Assn.	65-		540
WN8LXG/8	(nonclub group)	53-		468
W9CDO/9	(nonclub group)	34-	A- 6-	459
K2BGQ/2	Schoharie County Amateur			
	Radio Club	47-	AB 8-	456



Atop Rib Mountain, Wisconsin, W9RQM/9 (right), with W9RLB assisting, chalked up 3848 points for the top tally in the mobile category. Getting set for a new band, they're changing the loading coil and removing the capacity hat.

W2BFA/2	Custer Radio Club (West)	58-	AB- 9-	417
K2CXP/2	IBM Radio Club	159-	B	380
W1WHF/1	Hamden Amateur Radio			
	Assn.	61-	B-12-	366
VE7ASM/7	Fraser Valley Amateur Radio			
	Club	33-	A- 6-	297
WØOKA/Ø	Ottawa Radio Emergency			
	Club	34-	B- 9-	180
W7PL/7	Pendleton Radio Club	12-	B-12-	72
7	hree Transmitters Operated Simul	tamanus	da	
L	mee rimminered o chemica news	ere section (re	u y	
W8BWA/8	Cleveland Brasspounders			
	Assn.	860-		
W2IM/2	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club		A- 4- A-25-	
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club	711-		6624
W2IM/2	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur	711-	A-25-	6624
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9 W1QOA/1	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club	711-	A-25- A-18-	6624 6516
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9	Assn., Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club Lockport Amateur Radio	711- 697- 621-	A-25- A-18- A- 7-	6624 6516 5814
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9 W1QOA/1 W2CPN/2	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club Lockport Amateur Radio Assn.	711- 697- 621- 605-	A-25- A-18- A- 7- A-20-	6624 6516 5814 5679
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9 W1QOA/1 W2CPN/2 W8ICS/8	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club Lockport Amateur Radio Assn. Westpark Radiops	711- 697- 621-	A-25- A-18- A- 7- A-20-	6624 6516 5814 5679
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9 W1QOA/1 W2CPN/2 W8ICS/8 W2WUX/2	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club Lockport Amateur Radio Assn.	711- 697- 621- 605-	A-25- A-18- A- 7- A-20- A	6624 6516 5814 5679 5499
W2IM/2 W9TCH/9 W1QOA/1 W2CPN/2 W8ICS/8	Assn. Somerset Hills Radio Club Rock River Radio Club Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club Lockport Amateur Radio Assn. Westpark Radiops	711- 697- 621- 605- 526- 560-	A-25- A-18- A- 7- A-20- A	6624 6516 5814 5679 5499 5040

			-	
W8BWA/8	Cleveland Brasspounders			
	Asen,	860-	A- 4-	
W2IM/2	Somerset Hills Radio Club	711-		
W9TCH/9	Rock River Radio Club	697-	A-18-	6516
W1QOA/1	Bridgeport Radio Amateur Club	621-	A- 7-	8914
W2CPN/2	Lockport Amateur Radio	021-	-A- 1-	9014
1120111/2	Assn.	605-	A-20-	5679
W8ICS/8	Westpark Radiops	526-	A	
W2WUX/2	Utica Amateur Radio Club	560-	A-16-	5040
W9GPS/9	Hamfesters Radio Club	516-		
W2ZQ/2	Delaware Valley Radio Assn.	509-		
W2MO/2	Livingston Amateur Radio	0,00	11 10	1000
	Club	610-	AB-25-	4882
W2QYV/2	Niagara Radio Club	516-		
W5MPZ/5	Sandia Base Radio Club		AB-15-	
W5MUZ/5	Ouachita Valley Amateur	000-	4D-19-	4210
1101102/0	Radio Club	444-	A-15-	4001
K6BAG/6	Pacifico Radio Club	667-	B- 7-	
WIJYH/1		007-	D- 1-	4102
W 13 1 11/1	Hampden County Radio	611-	B- 9-	3828
W5DXD/5	Temple Amateur Radio			
,	Club	525-	AB-20-	3795
W7HZ/7	Valley Amateur Radio Club	386-	A- 9-	
W9KDV/9	Martinsville and Blooming-			0,00
	ton Amateur Radio Clubs	375-	A-11-	3618
W6RET/6	Ventura County Amateur			
	Radio Club	373-	A-15-	3582
W8ZZ/8	Detroit Amateur Radio Assn.	355-	A-17-	3420
W8TO/8	Columbus Amateur Radio			
	Assn.	541-	B-32-	3396
W2NOO/2	Radio Amateur Club of			
	Belleville	346~	A-12-	3393
W5CKT/5	Bartlesville Amateur Radio			
	Club	408-	AB-23-	3378
W6KU/6	Modesto Amateur Radi.			
•	Club	349-	A-13-	3366
W2EFU/2	Schenectady Amateur Radio			4000
	Assn.	636-4	ABC-18-	3349
W2DTU/2	(nonclub group)	348-		
W7MAE/7	Saguaro Radio Club of Phoe-	940	** 10	0202
, ,	nix	322~	A-10-	3123
WØRA/Ø	St. Paul Radio Club	517-		
W4PAY/4	Amateur Radio Club of Falls	011	13 -E0-	0102
	Church	319-	A-15-	3069
to the second se	CONTRACT SERVICE TO THE COURT PROJECTION	William Barre		-amine
The state of the s			151	. A.B.



El-Ray Amateur Radio Club's maintenance man, W1BOD, finds his olfactory sense disturbed as he makes hasty repairs to the 20-meter c.w. rig. El-Ray made 798 QSOs, 6196 points, with W1AJ/1 in Class 5A. Scene-stealing SWL was not identified.



"Take the antenna and rig, Manny — my QSO is over" says WØJNC (left) to WØPIG. These are two of the crew who piloted the Twin City Contest Club's WØHAM/Ø to 566 contacts and top score in Class IA.

W5ZDN/5	Central Texas Amateur Ra-			
	dio Club	398-	AB-20-	3048
W3VPR/3	Anne Arundel Radio Club	504	B-15~	3024
W4RSS/4	Norfolk Naval Shipyard			
	Amateur Radio Club	373-	AB- 9-	3009
W9CAF/9	Chicago Amateur Radio	010		0000
	Club	333~	A-17-	2007
W9QV/9	Chicago Radio Traffic Assn.	307-	A-17-	
W5IGQ/5	Webster Parish Amateur	907-	V-12-	2988
M OTCH & A	Radio Club		17.40	
W8NCM/8		949-	AB-10-	2985
MONOTATA	Springfield Amateur Radio			
TTOO O	Club	327-	A	2943
W2QQ/2	Amherst Township CD			
***********	Group	463-	B-15-	2928
W6IFZ/6	Richmond Amateur Radio			
	Club	488-	B-18-	2928
W8YBQ/8	Clarksburg Radio Club	292 -	A-10-	2853
W3CDI/3	Baltimore Polytechnic Insti-			
	tute Radio Club	316-	A-17-	2844
W9GET/9	Chicago Mobile Radio Club	291-	A- 7-	
VEIGM/1	Yarmouth Amateur Radio			2011
	Club	975-	AB-12-	2672
W8LII/8	Tri-City Amateur Radio	~117	710 12-	2012
11 02227 0	Club	101	AB-11-	oero
W3ALX/3	Allentown Mike and Key	424-	AD-II-	2008
1101212270	Club	000		
VEIGH/1		292-	A- 4-	2628
VEIGH/1	Sackville Amateur Radio			
YEZATI TTT 10	Club	246-		
W6BHI/6	Burbank Radio Club	244-	A-10-	
W9QXE/9	Eau Claire Radio Club	268-	A-18-	
W8WSX/8	CARMARS Radio Club	359-	AB-12-	2403
W3NEW/3	Capitol Suburban Radio			
	Club	476-	BC	2373
W9KIZ/9	Green Bay Mike and Key			
	Club	317-	AB-16-	2373
W4VP/4	Amateur Radio Transmit-			
	ting Soc. of Louisville	226-	A-20-	2259
VE6NQ/6	Calgary Amateur Radio			
-	Assn.	217-	A-15-	2178
W9IAW/9	Twin City Radio Club	322-	B-30-	
VE2CB/2	Verdun Amateur Radio Club	337-	B-11-	
VE1FO/1	Halifax Amateur Radio Club	181-	A-15-	
K5FBB/5	(nonclub group)	257-		1983
VE3DRT/3	Sky Wide Amateur Radio	201-	VD-18-	1899
V LIGITATION / D	Club	014	4 0	
W2ANL/2	Kings Radio Club	214-		1926
W3PIE/3		275-	AB- 8-	1909
WOLTE/9	Uniontown Amateur Radio			
MOCIETY IN	Club	274-		1898
W2GZP/2	Mid Hudson Radio Club	626-	AB- 7-	1881
W4SRX/4	Eglin Amateur Radio Society	282 -	B-20-	1842
W3TJV/3	Antietam Radio Assn.	204 -	13-13-	1620
W4AY/4	Nashville Amateur Radio			
	Club	304-	AB-26-	1620
W4GAC/4	St. Petersburg Amateur Ra-			
	dio Club	290-7	ABC-32-	1590
K6APV/6	Brawley Radio Amateurs	264-		1584
*	,			1007

VE2ADX/2	South Shore Amateur Radio Club	150- A-10- 1579
W6CNY/6	San Luis Obispo Amateur Radio Club	214- AB-10- 1578
WØLTT/Ø	Band Hopper's Radio Club	194-ABC- 7- 1551
WØERH/Ø	Johnson County Radio Ama- teurs Club	185- AB-13- 1461
W4AM/4	Tennessee Valley Ten Meter Emergenev Net	197- AB-15- 1446
W3PQT/3	Pax Ham Club	269-ABC- 6- 1437
W7AQ/7 W1DJC/1	Yakima Amateur Radio Club WTIC Radio Club	198- AB-17- 1428 158- A- 4- 1422
VE1LC/1	Loyalist City Amateur Ra- dio Club	153- AB-12- 1383
K4WAR/4	Camp Gordon Radio Club	230- AB-30- 1373
W6RNA/6 W2VWH/2	Corona Gang Amateur Radio Club of	178- AB- 9- 1347
1121112212	United States Merchant	149- A- 5- 1341
W8HK/8	Marine Academy Hiawatha Radio Club	149- A- 5- 1341 145- AB- 3- 1239
W6GRR/6	Bakersfield Technicians and Operators Club	203- B- 8- 1218
W5WDD/5	Pittsburg County Amateur	
WØBLK/Ø	Radio Club Black Hills Amateur Radio	170- AB-10- 1189
•	Club Puerto Rico Amateur Radio	157- AB-24- 1167
KP4ID/KP4	Club	135- AB- 8- 1163
W2BMW/3 W1FTS/1	Tu-Boro Radio Club Hoosac Valley Amateur Ra-	119- A-18- 1071
	dio Club	143- B-10- 1008
W5YBH/5	Gulf Coast Amateur Radio Club	86- A-15- 999
W3CAB/3 WøIMW/ø	Washington Radio Club Jayhawk Amateur Radio	164- B 984
	Society	311- AC- 6- 933
W5JIH/5	Mineral Wells Amateur Ra- dio Club	151- AB-14- 930
W4ZD/4	Atlanta Radio Club	72- A-25- 882
W4KEK/4	Peninsula Amateur Radio Club	146- B-12- 876
W9NXU/9	Montgomery Amateur Ra- dio Club	117- AB- 6- 861
W9TBT/9	Browning School Amateur Radio Club	130- B- 7- 780
VE7ASG/7	Royal City Amateur Radio	
W4HZB/4	Assn. Whitehaven Amateur Radio	60- A- 8- 765
	Club	80- A 720 352- B- 3- 704
W8KYI/8 KP4NE/KP4	(nonclub group) Borinquen Amateur Radio	
W5KC/5	Club Baton Rouge Radio Ama-	165- AB-10- 662
	teur Club	45- AB- 7- 592 101- AC-15- 543
W6DKH/6 W4JNB/4	Marin Amateur Radio Club Muscle Shoals Amateur Ra-	
W7ETO/7	dio Club Apple City Radio Club	87- B- 9- 522 148- C- 6- 519
W8KEG/8	Tri-State Amateur Radio	
VE2APX/2	Assn. St. Johns Radio Club	85- B- 8- 510 51- AB- 7- 447
W1VPT/1	Arlington Amateur Radio Club	58-ABC-10- 446
VE6IV/6	Seven Independent Signal	
W1TAN/1	Section, R. C. C. S. Rutland C.W. Radio Club	58- B- 5- 429 40- A- 4- 360
W2CFY/2	Malone Amateur Radio	110- AC-13- 248
VE3AJ/3	Emergency Corps Lakehead Amateur Radio	
W9DTE/9	Club Kenosha Radio Communi-	26- B 216
	cation Society	105- B-10- 210 62- B 124
WØFKM/Ø	Tri-State Radio Society	
F	our Transmitters Operated Simu	Itaneously
W2GTD/2	Ridgewood Amateur Radio Club	978- A-10- 9027
W3PKV/3	Northeast Radio Club	956- A-18- 8838
W2QW/2	Raritan Valley Radio Club	905~ A-18- 8370

W2DAY/2	Northern New Jersey Radio	732-	AB	an TO
VE3ZM/3	Assn. Guelph Amateur Radio Club	635-	AB	
W9AB/9	Michiana Amateur Radio	000	A-00-	0079
	Club	737-	AB-16-	5811
W3VRZ/3	Beaver Valley Amateur Ra-			
	dio Assn.	749-	AB-20-	5382
W3AWS/3	Dit-Happy Dash-Hounds of	OF 1	10.10	F970
VVO 1 (1 /0	Braddock Heights Yonkers Amateur Radio	671-	AB-10-	9978
W2AG/2	Yonkers Amateur Radio Club	583-	A-10-	5947
W6OT/6	Oakland Radio Club	569-	A- 7-	
W9JZA/9	Lake County Amateur Ra-	6000		ULNU
11 88 211 7 8	dio Club	660-	AB-24-	5010
W8OC/8	Grand Rapids Amateur Ra-	000	ALD AT	0010
1100070	dio Assn.	625-	AB-10-	4998
W9HRM/9	Milwaukee Radio Amateurs			
***************************************	Club	591-	AB-30-	4992
W6PMK/6	North Peninsula Electronics			
	Club	527-	A-21-	4968
W6PMI/6	United Radio Amateurs			
	Club	547-	A-24-	4959
W8MRM/8	Banner Motor City Radio			
	Club	432-	AB-16-	4940
W8AW/8	Edison Radio Amateurs'			
	Assn.		AB-17-	
W6BZE/6	Helix Amateur Radio Club	507-	A-17-	4788
W7DA/7	North Seattle Amateur Ra-			
	dio Club	510-	A-23-	
W6MLK/6	H.A.M.S. Club	465~	A-26-	4419
W3OB/3	Amateur Transmitters Assn.			
	of Western Pennsylvania	602~	AB-25-	4359
W2GLO/2	Levittown Amateur Radio	400	1 10	40.45
	Club	480-	A-19-	
W108A/1	Pittsfield Radio Club	597~	AB-25-	4338
W9ESJ/9	Milwaukee Amateur Radio	471	A-28-	4990
152 F 3 1 137 / F	Emergency Corps	451-		
W5NW/5	Odessa Amateur Radio Club	684-		
W8FO/8	Toledo Radio Club	468-		
W9KPC/9	Joliet Amateur Radio Club	464-	A-15- AB-20-	
W3QB/3	York Road Radio Club		ABC 4-	
W5KA/5	(nonclub group)	000-	8.DU 4-	agau
W4TRC/4	Kingsport Amateur Radio Club	509	AB-24-	3586
VE1ND/1	Fredricton Amateur Radio	,,00	VD-F4	0000
VERN D/I	Club	365-	A-15-	3528
W2NFU/2	Northern Nassau Amateur	900	21 10	00
WAINFO/A	Radio Club	383→	A-15-	3447
W1SYE/1	Newport County Radio Club		BC-12-	
W6MHM/6	Bell Gardens Amateur Ra-			,,,,,,,
011111111/0	dio Assn.	350-	A-12-	3393
W9NQF/9	Lake County Amateur Ra-		· · · · -	
241-6-71	dio Club	447-	AC-18-	3393
	(Continued on page 12)	9)		
	,			



The Verdun Amateur Radio Club found Goat Island, Quebec, a likable FD site for VE2CB/2. And if smiling faces are indicative, Pete (the cook) and VE2s ANE AFI and ARY had no difficulty keeping the 600-watt generator humming!

W2GTD/2	Ridgewood Amateur Radio Club	978-	A-10-	9027
W3PKV/3	Northeast Radio Club	956-	A-18-	8838
W2QW/2	Raritan Valley Radio Club	905~	A-18-	8370
W6HDY/6	Citrus Belt Amateur Radio Club	814-	A-15-	7551
K2AA/2	South Jersey Radio Assn.	744-	A30-	
W6PD/6	Footbill Mobile Net	1114-	B-23-	
W2JT/2	Passaic Valley Radio Club	705-	A-32-	6570



Correspondence From Members-

The publishers of QST assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

TVI COMMITTEES

243 Colon Avenue San Francisco 12, Calif.

Editor, QST:

... Regarding the article "Handling TVI Complaints Due to Poor TV Sets" (June, QST), I feet that, generally speaking, the article is excellent, and the rules laid down therein are well-taken. I, also, tell all amateurs here to get on the air and OPERATE UNRESTRICTEDLY, as long as they know their transmitters are sufficiently harmonisfree as to cause no TVI to their own or other sets in close proximity. All the other points, including the all-important diplomacy, should be considered standard practice for TVI committees, EXCEPT—the third paragraph from the end, and I quote, "You are wasting your time and that of the complainant if you agree to assume the responsibility of forcing the dealer or manufacturer's representative to get on the job."

In rebuttal, may I say that in San Francisco we have been eminently successful because we have done exactly what the article says is a waste of time. I have written personal letters to the manufacturers' representatives and the service managers, I have made personal visits to most of them to further explain the situation; and I enjoy 100% cooperation from seven manufacturers (which includes free labor), and full cooperation from four others in the supplying of a free filter, whenever my committees report that such a tilter cures the TV set, and I so advise the proper company, either in writing or by telephone. In fact, only one manufacturer of TV sets which have proved to have fundamental blocking has refused to do anything about it.

To further strengthen my stand on this matter, I feel that any job left unfinished is less than a first-class job. Why should we handle the complaint thru its many steps — thru 98% of the work — and then drop the case, leaving the complainant to sink or swim on his own trying to get the filter himself? It has been my observation that the complainant has been extremely gratified and thankful to us as an amateur committee, because we not only have found his trouble, but have handled to the ultimate end of even making the arrangement to have the filter installed at no cost to him. After all, it requires only one extra telephone call, or one brief note to the proper service company, with the brief details of the case.

The only part which requires time is the original contacts and agreements, and reasons presented to the service companies. Once such agreements are set up, nothing is easier than to make one 'phone call to provide the filter. We also always 'phone the complainant after the filter is installed, and arrange a test transmission to assure him, and the amateur (and us), that the filter has done the job, and is therefore properly installed. It also allows the chairman to end the entire episode on a very friendly amateur-to-public basis.

There is one other very concrete reason why the committee should arrange for the installation of the filter with the service company: If left to the complainant, he often procrastinates week after week before going to his distributor for a filter installation—and human nature being what it is, he gets angry at the situation all over again—but rationalizes his anger by again blaming the amateur for his trouble, and often spreading more propaganda around the neighborhood. Why not short-circuit this dangerous possibility by firmly handling the entire matter to the final conclusion, once you have firmly grasped all control of the situation?

Certainly it is better to have the dealers, service companies, and manufacturers working with us rather than against us, as will inevitably happen if we simply arbitrarily tell the complainant, "This is all the fault of your set and your service company — force them to cure your trouble." While such a stand is certainly true, it seems very undiplomatic to put the matter on such a blunt basis. We, as amateurs, have always been upset and angry at those who have bluntly and unequivocably said, "That is the fault of the amateur in the next block." Let us not be in the position of doing exactly the same thing to others — they will resent it as we do. . . .

- R. F. Czeikowitz, WGATO

GIL CARTOONS

56 Friendship St. Newport, R. I.

Editor, QST:

As the XYL of W1TXF, I look through QST each month. I enjoyed the clever sketches of Jeeves and the others by "Gil." I especially liked the covers of Field Day— the before and after scenes are so very realistic!

This is just a short note of appreciation for sketches by "Cil"

- Elsie Houle

ANYONE FOR A4?

4205 So. 12th Road Arlington 4, Va.

Editor, QST:

I am very much interested in getting in touch with one or more hams who are interested in experimenting with an amateur facsimile system. . . .

- Bill Valentine, W4LDW

THAT'S THE SPIRIT

855 Sutter Ave. Brooklyn 7, N. Y.

Editor, QST:

Listening to the QSOs of others on the 80-meter band reveals that it has become rather fashionable of late to decry the present state of fraternalism in amateur radio. To those who are so ready to adopt an attitude of skepticism and cynicism I should like to point out an experience of my own.

Several months ago I wrote to QST requesting information concerning the 220-Me. band. This request was published, and very shortly thereafter I received a 'phone call from W21QR who gave me a complete picture of the activity on this band, of its participants, and of their equipment. Frank also volunteered to lend me some of his personally designed and built gear so that I might be able to operate while constructing equipment of my own.

Since then he has on numerous occasions helped me to iron out kinks, to chase out bugs, or, in reality, to correct the errors arising from my rather profound inexperience in u.h.f. techniques—all of this in spite of his extremely limited and valuable time.

Has "Ye Olde Ham Spirite" departed? Heck no!—but much of it has definitely moved on to higher frequencies.

— Jerry Kay, W&MGQ

OST BACK ISSUES

823 N. Second St. Memphis 7, Tenn.

Editor, QST:

While browsing through the reference department of the local library, I was very pleased to find back issues of QST and other technical magazines containing valuable information pertaining to radio available. I imagine most libraries have this service available and I hope fellow amateurs find it useful.

- William L. Schrader, W4UDS (Continued on page 146)



Hints and Kinks

For the Experimenter



HOMEMADE BUG WEIGHT

Use a %-inch diameter bit to drill a hole ½ inch into a block of wood. Then fill the hole to a depth of ¾ inch with solder. The wood, being a good heat insulator, will help keep the solder molten while you probe for the center (a pit left by the guide screw of the wood drill) with a toothpick. Hold the toothpick in place until the solder



hardens and then use it as a pilot for a ½-inch metal drill. Drill straight through the solder and then remove same from the block. After the new weight has been positioned on the bug shaft, it may be secured with an elastic band as shown in Fig. 1.—Ralph W. Stewart, W6KIR

C-BIAS SUPPLY USING VOLTAGE REGULATOR TUBES IN PARALLEL

ANYONE attempting to construct a regulated power supply using VR tubes in parallel usually finds a problem on hand. This is true even though the circuit employs equalizing resistors intended to make parallel tube operation possible. Sometimes, by careful tube matching, it is possible to make a pair of tubes fire, but an attempt to iguite three or more tubes ordinarily spells trouble. The difficulty encountered is that as soon as one tube ignites, the voltage across the other regulators is instantly dropped below the firing point and these latter tubes just cannot fire.

An investigation of this subject came about when the need for a bias supply arose. The supply requirements were -75 volts with key up and

-200 volts at approximately 200 ma. (amplifier grid current) with key down. Inasmuch as the supply was to be used with a kilowatt final, it was important that it be foolproof. Naturally, the standard regulator circuits were given a whirl first. Supply voltages up to 400 volts were used, and both gradual and shock excitation of three VR tubes were tried. In all cases, it was impossible to depend on sure-fire operation of the pack.

The remedy, once arrived at, is simple. Three 0A3s were hooked up as shown in Fig. 2, with the circuit broken up into three resistive paths. R_1 , R_2 and R_3 are the series resistors for the individual VR tubes and each regulator acts independently of the other two. The normal grid-leak resistor is replaced with three separate units, R_4 , R_5 and R_6 , of the proper resistance to give the desired voltage drop (125 volts in this case). Naturally, the reliability of the whole circuit is improved because of the divided responsibility among the several components.

Resistors R_1 , R_2 and R_3 are selected to maintain 5-ma. current per VR tube, or a 15-ma. total. When keying 100-ma. grid current through these tubes, it is interesting that the 15-ma. supply current remains unchanged. This makes relay interlocking for the bias pack a simple matter. As shown in the diagram, if a relay that operates at 12 ma. is inserted in series with the supply output lead (right after the filter), it can be used to activate the high-voltage supply.

Incidentally, do not attempt to use a 130-volt transformer and a dry rectifier in this type of pack. Use a full-wave vacuum tube such as a Type 80 or 5Y3, and a filter output voltage around 220-250 volts. Otherwise, there will be a current reversal through the dry rectifier, or variation in supply current which interferes with relay action. — Donald F. Alexander, W8DMN

(Continued on page 146)

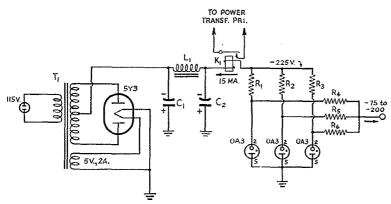


Fig. 2—Circuit diagram of the regulated C-bias supply.

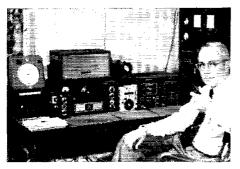
C1, C2—20-\(\rho L\), 450-volt electrolytic.

electrolytic.
R1, R2, R3 — 27,000
ohms, 2 watts.
R4, R5, R6 — 4000 ohms,
5 watts.

L₁ — 20-hy. 15-ma. filter choke. K₁ — Control relay with 50-ohm coil (Sigma model 3A).

T₁—Power transformer to deliver approximately 225 volts at filter output.

He Makes What We Hams Use



RICHARD M. PURINTON, W9SZ American Phenolic Corporation

 \mathbf{A}^{N} active ham who qualifies as an old-timer and who has always been one of the first to try something new, Dick helped develop the screengrid pentode, Twin-Lead and the folded dipole. His co-authored QST article in the August, 1934. issue described a transmitter using the revolutionary RK20 tube; the next one in June, 1935, told how to build a rig for the cliff-dwelling hams who had d.c. only; in QST for June, 1947, his comparison among the many types of feed lines then in use appeared. Dick was first licensed, in 1923, as 9CXT and the following thirty years saw him operating under five different calls, the present W9SZ being issued in 1946. He was one of the pioneers on 20-meter 'phone and was president of the Hudson Radio Phone Association for several years. Although it's been mike more than key for quite a while and although right now it's s.s.b. almost exclusively, W9SZ can also be found on 20 or 80 c.w. On 'phone he's always glad to have a rag-chew with the a.m. boys, while of course he's particularly interested in QSOs with any of the rapidly growing flock of Donald Ducks.



Working on the thesis that "if one is good, two are better and three are superb," our friend A is building a 2-meter converter with three r.f. stages ahead of the mixer, to get the best possible noise figure from the unit. His friend B tells him that the three r.f. stages are a waste of time, that he shouldn't need any more than one. Who has the right slant?

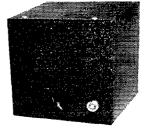
(Please turn to page 134 for the answer)

New Apparatus

The X-4 S.S.B. Exciter

Although mobile s.s.b. stations are quite rare these days, it may not be too long before that situation is changed. The new X-4 S.S.B. Exciter is built in a 6 by 6 by 6-inch cabinet and delivers about 10 watts peak power in the 75-meter 'phone band. A 6SQ7 speech amplifier is followed by a 6SA7 crystal oscillator and audio mixer, which feeds into a crystal sideband filter of the same type and performance as is used in the SS-75 s.s.b. exciter. The s.s.b. signal is then heterodyned into the 75-meter band through a 6SA7 second mixer, and a 6F6 output stage feeds the antenna or following amplifier. The audio gain of the unit is sufficient for use with a crystal microphone of -50 db. output level or higher, so there is no need to struggle along with "carbon-mike" quality. The power-supply requirements are 6.3 volts at 1.6 amperes and 200-300 volts d.c. at 80 ma. The peak power of 10 watts (obtainable with the

highest plate voltage) is sufficient to drive practically any of the highpower triodes or tetrodes under Class AB₁ or AB₂ conditions.



As a basic unit, the X-4 can be used with crystalcontrolled output.

For VFO operation, the X-4 VFO unit is available. This is a tuned circuit that converts the oscillator portion of the 6SA7 second mixer of

the exciter into a Clappcircuit oscillator, and the 3.6- to 4.0-Mc. output range is covered in 50-kc. steps. The cabinet measures 4 by 4 by 2 inches and the unit requires no power - it plugs into the back of the exciter through an 18-inch (or longer)

length of twin-coax cable. The rugged mechanical construction of the VFO makes it suitable for mobile use, and its tuning rate is slow enough to insure ease of operation.

Other companion units in the line include the X-4 Voice Control Unit, for incorporating complete voice-controlled break-in, the X-4 Mixer for heterodyning the 75-meter output of the exciter to 7 or 14 Mc., and the X-4 Power Supply for powering all of the units and supplying -45volts for bias and muting.

The X-4 S.S.B. Exciter is priced at \$69.50 wired and tested, and \$49.50 in kit form. The X-4 VFO is \$24.50, wired and tested. The X-4 Exciter and accessories are products of Electronic Engineering Co., Wabash, Ind. --- B. G.



BY ELEANOR WILSON,* WIQON

YLRL 14th Anniversary Party

CONTEST PERIODS

'Phone -

Starts Saturday, Dec. 5th, at 12 noon EST.

Ends Sunday, Dec. 6th, at 12 midnight EST.
C.W.—

Starts Saturday, Dec. 12th, at 12 noon EST. Ends Sunday, Dec. 13th, at 12 midnight EST. Operate no more than 20 hours on 'phone and/or 20 hours on c.w.

W2OWL, Ruth, YLRL Vice-President, and her Contest Committee (W1FTJ and W4SGD) have decided upon several modifications in the Anniversary Party rules for this year. Note them well, for they should make for a bigger and better contest than ever before. Summarized briefly, the modifications are:

- 1) all Yls, whether YLRL members or not, are invited to participate for credit;
 - 2) the number of operating hours is limited;
- 3) extra credit to be allowed for low-powered stations; and
- 4) the same YL may be worked on more than one band for additional credit.

Incidentally, YLs interested in information concerning the YLRL are invited to write Miriam Blackburn, W3UUG, YLRL Secretary-Treasurer, Box 2, Ingomar, Pennsylvania.

Read on for complete Party rules.

Call			QTH:			Phon	e or C.W.		
Tir			osc	No.	pe.beT	Fran	State	Oper-	
From	Τo	Station Worked	Sent	Rec.	кэтэт	rreq.	31416	Time	

Suggested YLRL Party entry form.

Frequencies: All bands may be used. Cross-band operation is permitted, but only 'phone-to-'phone and c.w.-to-c.w. Eligibility: This contest is open to all licensed YL or XYL operators throughout the world (not restricted to

*YL Editor, QST. Please send all contributions to W1QON's home address: 318 Fisher St., Walpole, Mass.

YLRL members). Contacts with OMs do not count — the YL-OM Contest will be held at a later date.

Procedure: Call "CQ YLRL."

Exchange: QSO number; RS or RST report; name of state, U. S. possession, VE call area, or country.

Scoring: a) 5 points for each contact. Same YL may be worked on other bands for additional credit. b) Add number of points and then multiply by number of different states, U. S. possessions, YE call areas and countries worked. (Maryland and District of Columbia count as one state.) c) All 'phone contestants running 150 or less watts input at all times may then multiply the final score by 1.5. All c.w. contestants running 150 or less watts input at all times may then multiply the final score by 1.25.

Awards: A cup will be awarded the highest-scoring entry in each category — 'phone and c.w. These cups are awarded on a yearly basis. Any operator winning the same cup three times gains permanent possession of it. Second and third place awards will be donated. Certificates will be awarded to the high scorers for 'phone and c.w. in each U. S. call

area and in each country.

Logs: Copies of all logs must be postmarked not later than Dec. 31, 1953; to be sent directly to Ruth B. Siegelman, W2OWL, Vice-President, YLRL, 1414 Wythe Place, Bronx 52, New York. (When submitting copies of logs, please list 'phone contacts and c.w. contacts separately.)



YLRL Nets

Here is information on the YLRL Nets revised and brought up-to-date as of October, 1953, by YLRL Vice-President W2OWL. All nets welcome new members to call in at any time.

'PHONE

Freq. (kc.)	Day	Time	NCS
3900	Wednesday	7:00 A.M. EST	Wivos
3900	Wednesday	8:00 a.m. EST	W8HLF
3900	Wednesday	9:30 a.m. EST	W8ATB
3900	Monday	3:00 p.m.PST	W7HHH (W7SBS alt.)
3915	Wednesday	9:00 A.M. PST	W6PJF
14,240	Thursday	2:00 P.M. EST	W6EHA
28,900		y of each month, a et-Round Table)	t 9:00 p.m. EST
		C.W.	
3610	Wednesday	9:00 p.m. EST	W9JTX
7034	Tuesday	1:30 p.m. PST	W7ROA

YLs interested in forming nets other than those listed are invited to write W2OWL.

Keeping Up With the Girls

OM W2SJV, reflected SCM of Western New York for a second term, appointed W2BTB, Jeanne, as his Assistant. . . . W6CEE, Vada, is NCS for a new 75-meter 'phone net which meets Monday at 2:00 p.m. PST, on 3885 kc. The new call of ex-KL7AWL is W3WPP. "Carm" is now in Wash., D. C. . . . W4ICR, Anita, writes that "Floridian prospective YL and OM hams and 'graduates' of the code class of W4TDK, Naomi, have voted her orchide for her excellent job in creating and maintaining an interest in obtaining their licenses." . . . W5SPV, Pat, and W5SYL, Iva. are forming a YL club in the Dallas area. . . . KN2DSL. Merceda Anna, age eleven, is a new YL in Bordentown, N. J. . . . Fourteen-year-old K2CLC, Barbara, now has

(W7RLH alt.)



At Chicago on September 26th the LARKs (Ladies Amateur Radio Klub) had their first annual installation dinner. W9SJR, Bernice, was installed as President; W9IKS, Edna, Secretary; and W9LOY, Cris, Board Member. W9MYQ, Vice-President, was not present. YLRL President W1BCU was guest of honor. Standing, 1. to r.: W9BCA, Helen; W9YWI, Evelyn; W9WOI, Jo; W9BCB, Helene; W9KQC, Virginia; "YL-in-waiting," Doris; W9YBC, Gloria; and W9SYX, Peggy. Seated: W9IKS, Edna; W9LOY, Cris; W1BCU, Peg; W9SJR, Bernice; and ham-soon-to-be, Stella.

her Technician Class license, and another 14-year-old, KN2ECD, Nancy, of Brooklyn, would like to meet some of the W2 YLs who work 2 meters. . . . W4LAS, Mabel, tells of a new YL in Puerto Rico. KP4WI, Millie, is with her OM in the USNAS at Roosevelt Roads and is active on 20. . . . W@RAW, Bertha, is now operating "portable-five" from Arcadia, Texas. . . W3TYC, Miriam, is spending all of her spare time assembling a Heathkit AT-1 transmitter. . YLs who attended the Washington Hamfest in October were W3s AKB CDQ LSX MSU OQF QBG RZD RXJ SLS TMH UXU, WN3VHF, WN3WWN and WN4ZBR. W3NNS, Annabel, received a 75A-3 from her OM for her birthday. . . . WØERR of Denver is on 40 and 10 regularly. Ann writes that two other YLs active in her city are WøJGU, Edna, and WøMYL, Florence. . . . W5RTT, Virginia, and W5TTU, Pat, are active on 75; WøCXC, Mary Jo, is regularly on 40; and W5UXW, Opal, is on 10. . . K2ESO is the new call of ex-KH6AAO, Lee. . . . W8ATB, Esther, was a guest at the season's first meeting of the N. Y. C. YLRL Club. Esther spoke about the Flint tornado and the part fellow hams and she played in it. Esther and her OM, W8QBO, enjoyed visiting a number of YLs at their homes during their trip east in September. . . . A record number of YLs attended the N. H. ARRL Convention at Concord on Sept. 13th. W1FTJ, Dot, Convention Vice-Chairman, presented each of the girls with a ceramic tile souvenir of New Hampshire, W1BCU and W1OAK, YLRL President and First District Chairman, respectively conducted the YL and YLRL meetings. Those YLs in attendance were Wis BCU FOF FTJ MDV OAK OIR OME QJX QON RLQ RYJ SVN TRE UBM UET UFM ULF UKR UZR VFK VOS VVS VYH VZD WIT WOY WTQ YFV YPG YYM YYU ZEJ, WN1WVT, W2KYF, W4AVA and W8ATB. . . . W6EHA, Gen; W6JMS, Lucille; and W6WRT, Ruby, report a grand time attending the South Western Division Convention at Los Angeles in October. Most of the main trophies went to YLs, with the big one, an HT-20 and SX-71, going to W5RZJ; a complete mobile station to W6LBO; a Pfaff sewing machine to W6PPY; and a \$50.00 credit for an antenna to W6JCA. YLs who enjoyed the various festivities of the Convention were: W5RZJ, W6S CEE CQV DQD DXI EHA GAI GKJ JCA JMC JZA KER KOY KYZ LBO LMQ MFP NLM OBZ PCO PJU PPY QGX QLM QOG QYL TDL UHA WRT WSV, KN6CAL, W8HPO/6 and WN8MHE.

The XYL of W3SFA and mother of three young jr. ops.. Loreli Johnston, YLRL Chairman of the Third District, received her Novice ticket in 1951 and her, General Class license in 1952. She holds an RCC, CPC for 20 w.p.m., is a CDS for North Pittsburgh and a member of various nets, including MARS. Operating 80 and 40 c.w. and 10 'phone, she particularly enjoys skeds with YLs and beginners in the Novice bands.





Nine YLs who enjoyed a variety of activities at the Eastern Canada ARRL Convention in Montreal, September 19th, are (l. tor.) VE2RK, Therese; VE2AOB, Stella; VE2CA, Phyllis; VE2NJ, Naney; WIZCS, Marie, of ARRL Hq.; K2DRY, Emily; K2CBS, Ida; VE2AKK, Betty; and VE2HI, Ethel.

QST for

How Christmas Came to S. McSquegg

Ubiquitous Was the Word for Kilroy

BY ROD NEWKIRK,* WIVMW

TES, it was more than enough to drive a self-respecting DX man to tears. Sunspot Mc-Squegg, our club's hottest propagation prognosticator, was mad enough to eat the poly off his ethylene. You see, Sunspot had finally gotten his fill of Earlybird Kilroy, the "sleepless wonder" of our gang.

No matter what the boys would work, when they casually mentioned it at a meeting Early-bird would reach into his vest pocket to produce the perfect squelch—a bona fide QSL from whomever the subject of conversation might be. Or, if that weren't possible, Earlybird would knock the ashes off his eigar with a flourish and remark, "Oh, you got 'im, too!"

Moreover, DX was just one of Kilroy's fields of victorious endeavor. Take the annual bargain sale at Gimple's Radio Supply, for instance. By the time the rest of the club got downtown to the counters, Earlybird was already on the way home with his station wagon full of 27-kc. i.f. strips,



surplus high-torque radar rotators, et al. The stuff he left behind for us wouldn't have looked respectable in a brand-new Novice's junk box.

Sure, we could deal with Kilroy for the good items he picked up, but brother, the bargain sale was over. And under all such triumphant circumstances the guy was insufferable. His overbearing air of omnipotence was exceeded only by the overwhelming stench of his cigars.

But when Kilroy put the damper on Mc-Squegg's 7-Mc. AC5 contact it was the last straw. Sunspot determined to do something about the situation and dug into the *Call Book* for the rarest listing he could find. He settled on ZD5HI, whom he was positive had never been active, and began writing letters. Letters and *more* letters.

Subsequently, Sunspot sent the ZD5 a highpriced 14-Mc. rock. He sent him a *Handbook*. He sent him a new rig and a hot preselector. He sent him this. He sent him that. As an added token of their friendship, McSquegg even shipped the fellow a complete library on the subject of single sideband. Verily, inside of two months ZD5HI must have accumulated the paradise station of the Indian Ocean, all thanks due Sunspot McSquegg.



McSquegg at length approached the point of his correspondence, figuring that ZD5HI ought to be about ready to fire up and hit the air. In good time the stage was set; ZD5HI wrote back that he'd be looking for Sunspot at a prearranged time — Christmas morning — on a 20-meter 'phone frequency that even Earlybird Kilroy never bothered to tune. (McSquegg knew for a fact that the only 'phone gear Earlybird currently had available was QRP 160-meter stuff.)

Our hero had the propagation aspects all figured, too, for that was his forte. And not only was the sked a sure thing but it was timed shrewdly to coincide with archrival Earlybird's inevitable daily dog-walk. Sunspot McSquegg visualized a most merry Christmas — times ten! And, brother, wait until he cornered Kilroy soon thereafter!

The fateful Christmas morn arrived. Sunspot jumped out of bed before the kids, humming a pleasant Hit Parade tune — "Mine, All Mine" — and rubbed his hands. A bar of "Good King Wenceslaus" and zero hour was at hand. The 866s cast an intermittent bluish glow in the



dawn's dim light; a few moments later he was working ZD5HI c.w.-to-'phone. Eureka!

A glance out the shack window revealed that the plot was proceeding according to plan. (Continued on ways 15%)

*DX Editor, QST.

• On the TVI Front —

U.H.F. "Strips" - A Problem for the V.H.F. Man

The evils of the double-conversion strip method of obtaining u.h.f. TV reception were outlined editorially in November QST. The steps ARRL has taken to neutralize the wave of TVI complaints that has resulted from the considerable sale of these strips were detailed in "Happenings of the Month" in the same issue? If you have any present or future interest in v.h.f., a careful reading of the above references is a must. And if you want to be in a position to render amateur radio a service, and an important one, you'll need to know the principal facts of this newest TVI threat, whether you ever expect to work on 2 or not.

We first saw this dark cloud on the 2-meter horizon last spring, when ominous stories of wide-spread TVI began to come from the region around Peoria, Ill., where a station had just gone on the air on Channel 43. This was an area where v.h.f. TV was none too good, so there was a rush to buy anything that promised u.h.f. reception. The quickest and least expensive approach was the insertion of strips for u.h.f. in receivers that use a well-known make of turret tuner. These double-conversion deals don't equal any of the better converters, or approach them, but they do work if you have a strong TV signal.

The catch is, however, that in strips where double conversion is involved the first intermediate frequency falls in and around the 2-meter band. Inadequate front-end selectivity is inherent in this particular conversion method, so if any signals are on the air near the intermediate frequency in question, they ride through with very annoying strength. It's not only 2-meter hams; here in Hartford Channel 30 strips are useless because the local police insist on continuing to talk to their cruisers.

How bad is the problem for 2-meter hams? Plenty bad. Ask any 2-meter man around Peoria, or any of the other areas where u.h.f. stations have come on the air. We ran a few checks in the ARRL Lab to confirm these reports before embarking on our anti-strip campaign. Here's how it shapes up:

The 2-meter rig normally used at W1HDQ was set up for operation in the Lab. A receiver was equipped with strips for Channel 43, and our u.h.f. signal generator was modulated with local video to simulate a TV signal on that channel. The receiver was also operated with several representative u.h.f. converters, to check the transmitter for freedom from spurious emissions in the channel

With any converter tried, the 2-meter rig could

be run at 1 kw. input with no interference whatever. This was with the TV and 2-meter antennas only a few feet apart. Going over to strip reception, the screen was completely blanked with only the driver running, and no antenna. The driver stage was cut off, and still no picture. A 5763 push-pull tripler was furnishing more than enough r.f., with no antenna, to obliterate reception. So the Powerstat controlling the 5763 plate voltage was backed off. At 50 volts on the plates, and 5 ma. plate current, the picture began to appear, but so long as any plate voltage at all was applied there was some interference! Is it any wonder that strip-equipped sets are getting interference from 2-meter hams 15 or 20 miles away, while next-door neighbors with u.h.f. converters experience no trouble at all?

What to do about it? Very little can be done to correct the trouble at the receiver. Where the interference is mild, as at considerable distance, the usual stub or trap treatment to block out the 2-meter fundamental will help, but if the stripequipped set is close by there is no solution but to throw the strips out and go over to a conventional converter. That's where we come in - all of us. The double-conversion strip method is a makeshift that should enjoy no protection whatever. The innocent purchaser of such a conversion is going to have interference from some source, anyway, if he is in an area where there is appreciable use of the v.h.f. spectrum. Police, fire, aireraft — somebody, if not a ham, is going to be breaking up his u.h.f. reception.

Here is a place for "Dallas Plan" action, if there ever was a place. The answer to the impending trouble is education of the manufacturer, the TV serviceman, and the prospective owner. There are plenty of good converters for u.h.f. TV reception. It is the job of every one of us to sell the converter approach. We will make friends in place of enemies if we use every opportunity we have to make the nature of the problem and its solution clear to all concerned. There certainly is no reason for v.h.f. men to be plagued with it indefinitely.

- E. P. T.

V.H.F. PARTY RESULTS TO APPEAR NEXT MONTH

Despite the fact that this issue of QST is the largest that has appeared in many years, space limitations have made it necessary to postpone publication of the September V.H.F. Party results until January.

[&]quot;It Seems to Us," November, 1953, QST, page 9.

² "Channel Strip TVI," November, 1953, QST, page 45.
⁸ "The Dallas Plan for TVI," Skelton & Shook, June, 1951, QST, page 26.

CONDUCTED BY E. P. TILTON,* WIHDO

In a recent lunch-time bull session the talk turned to ham operating incentives. One of the group had just completed a 2-letter-call WAS, and he was justly proud of it. It had taken a lot of listening and quite a bit of operating to turn the trick, and it had resulted in many pleasant rag-chews in the process. Two others of the party were in a hot private race for the first WAS with Novices only. Still another was sweating out an 80-meter WAC. Good aims, both of these; the boys will have a lot of fun achieving them. We have no quarrel here.

But we think that these "manufactured" incentives highlight a fundamental difference between hamming on the lower frequencies and in the world above 50 Mc. We've not run out of natural incentives, and we're not likely to in a hurry.

WAS on 50 Mc.? Ask anyone who's made it, or is now trying, if it is any pushover. Reliable communication over a 400-mile haul on 144 Mc.? This takes more than patience, a commercial rig and a 100-foot wire. Development of activity on 220 or 420 Mc.? Here's the chance to break into a wide-open field; to experience the same thrills that another generation found in moving below 200 meters. There's also the opportunity to help newcomers get started in ham radio, and to head them into a kind of hamming where they still have opportunities to make outstanding contributions to the art.

Far from running out of the fundamental drives that made ham radio what it is today, we have no more than scratched the surface of the possibilities of our higher bands. If you've found yourself turning to pleasant but somewhat artificial stimuli like the ones we've mentioned above, perhaps you need to take a look at this expanding world. You'll find the most interested hams you've come across in a long time. They're going places — and they're having fun!

Here and There on the V.H.F. Bands

This section last month led off with a paragraph about the isolation of VEIQZ, Dartmouth, N. S., on 144 Mc. At least 350 miles from the nearest regular activity, he had made only a few VEI contacts since 1949, and only a handful of DX QSOs since 1947, when he first appeared on 144 Mc. All during the fall he'd been running automatic c.w. on 144.45 Mc., in the hope of finding out what his chances were of working out more often, but a heard report now and then was all he had to show for it.

Oscar decided to continue the automatic transmissions through October, and it's just as well that he did, for the best propagation conditions of the fall season came along early in the month. On the evening of the 3rd, the automatic began to be heard by 2-meter operators down the Atlantic Seaboard; among them W4AO, Falls Church, Va. That signal rolling in from a distance of about 800 miles was too much for Ross to take quietly, so he placed a telephone call

*V.H.F Editor, QST.

to VEIQZ at 2155 EST. Contact was not immediately established, but the call started Oscar off on a series of contacts, with W2UK, W1HDQ, W1BCN, W1ARC, W1MNF, W1DJK, and eventually with W4AO, at 0114 the following morning. W3GKP, W1PBJ, W1KCS, W3AIR, W1CLH, W3JZY and W1RFU were then worked, in that order, with several repeat contacts along the line. By this time it was 6 A.M. Halifax time, so Oscar finally quit, with the band still open. Leaving the automatic on to keep the Ws on edge, he went off for a few hours of sleep, while the signal continued to pound through at distances up to 800 miles or so, for several more hours.

A few nights later VEIQZ staged a repeat performance, getting down as far as the middle of the second call area, but has not been heard from again, at this writing.



1		》 ` 🧎
		•
WØZJB4	8 W5VY48	W80JN39
WØBJV4	8 W5MJD47	W8LPD37
WØCJS4	8 W5GNQ46	
W5AJG4		W9ZHB48
W9ZHL4	8 W5JTI44	W9QUV48
W9OCA4	8 W5ML44	W9HGE47
W60B4		W9PK47
WØINI4		W9VZP47
W1HD04		W9RQM47
•	W5VV42	W9ALU47
W1CLS4	6 W5FAL41	W9QKM46
W1CGY4		W9UIA45
W1LLL4		W9UNS45
W1LSN 4		
W1HMS4		WØQIN47
W1DJ4		WØDZM 47
	, moralit	WØNFM17
W2AMJ4	6 W6WNN48	WØTKX47
W2MEU4	6 W6ANN45	WøKYF47
W2RLV 4		WØHVW45
W2IDZ4		WØMVG44
W2FHJ 4		WØJOL44
W2GYV4		WØTJF44
W2QVH3		WØWKB43
W2ZUW3		WØJHS43
1,220,1,,.	W7HEA47	WØPKD43
W3OJU4		WØIPI41
W3NKM4		11 pll 1
W3MQU3		VE3ANY42
W3RUE3		VE3AET41
W3OTC3		VE1QZ34
W3FPH3		VE1QY31
WOLT II	W7JPA42	XE1GE25
W4FBH4		CO6WW21
W4EQM4		COUNTY 17 21
W4QN 4		Calls in bold-
W4FWH4		face are holders
W4CPZ42		of special 50-Mc.
W4FLW4		WAS certificates
W40XC 4	1 W8UZ45	listed in order of
W40AC 4		award numbers.
W4FNR39	W8YL841	Others are based
W4IUJ38		on unverified re-
W4BEN38		on unvernied re-
17 4.DE/N 36	11 ODF Q42	pones.

This was only one incident in a long string of exciting days and nights of v.h.f. DX in October. The "annual opening" that we've come to expect each year in September failed to materialize this year, but October did right well by us. With the weather map showing a continuous succession of slow-moving "highs," most of the country was favored with delightful fall weather and an almost constant inversion. Conditions were good so long that we were tempted

2-Meter	Standings
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Z-weier Standings								
	all		Call					
States Ar			States Are					
W1HDQ18	6	850		2 500				
W11ZY16	6	750	W5DFU 5	2 275				
W1RFU15	7	1150	W6ZL 3	3 1400				
W1MNF14	5	600		3 1390				
W1BCN14	5	580		2 320				
W1DJK13	5 4	520	W6WSQ 2	2 1390				
W1CTW12	4	500	KG6AAV/6 2	2 275				
W1KLC12 WN1YQI12	4	500 420	W6NLZ 2	2 237				
WIODT 19	4	420	W6GCG 2	2 210				
W10PI12 W1MMN10	5	520	W6EXH 2	2 193				
	•	020	W6ZEM/6 1	1 415				
W2UK23	7	1075	WINT TITLE OF	0.00				
W2NLY22	7	1050	W7LEE 3	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 240 \\ 2 & 240 \end{array}$				
W2ORI20	8	1000						
W2AZL,20	7	1050		2 140 2 140				
W2QED18	7	1020		1 165				
W2PAU16	6	740	W7RAP 2	1 100				
W2AMJ14	5	550	W8BFQ24	8 775				
W2QNZ14	5	400	W8WJC23	7 775				
W2UTH13	7	880	W8WRN20	8 670				
W2SFK13	6	400	W8WXV19	8 1200				
W2AOC13	5	400	W8DX19	7 675				
W2DFV13	5	350	W8BAX19	7 655				
W2DFV13 W2CET13 W2DPB12	5	405	W8UKS18	7 720				
W2DPB12	5 5	500	W8RWW17	7 630				
W2FHJ12	Ð		W8EP17	7 —				
W3RUE20	7	760	W8RMH16	7 690				
W3QKI20	7	820	W8WSE16	7 830				
W3NKM19	7	660	SHOTHER OR	705				
W3KWL16	7	720		7 725 8 850				
W3LNA16	7	720		8 820				
W3FPH16	7			7 1000				
W3GKP15	6	800	W9UCH20	7 750				
W3IBH13	5	570	Wol.F 10	1 100				
			W9LF19 W9WOK17	6 600				
W4HHK23	7	850	W9ZHL17	6				
W4AO20	7	950		7 660				
W4JFV18	7	830	W9KLR16	7 —				
W4MKJ16	7	665		6				
W40XC14	7	500	W9BOV15 W9LEE14	6 780				
W4JHC14	5	720	W9DDG14	6 700				
W4IKZ13	5	720		~ 680				
W4JFU13 W4CLY12 W4OLK12	5	720	W9UIA12	7 540				
W4CLY12	5	720	W9GTA11	5 540				
W4ULK12	5	720		5 760				
W4FJ12	5 5	700	W9DSP10	4 700				
W4WMF13 W4WCB9	4	600 650	Diameter of	0 1175				
W4WCB 9 W4UDQ 8	4	850		8 1175				
W4TLA7	4	850		7 1065 6 72 5				
11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	t	900		6 1090				
W5RCI20	7	925		6 830				
W5JTI14	5	670		7 1097				
W5QNL10	5	1400		7 1097 5 725				
W5CVW10	5	1180	WØWGZ11	5 760				
W5AJG10	4	1260	WøJHS9	3				
W5MWW 9	4	570		3				
W5ML 9	3	700						
W5ABN 9	3	780		8 890				
W5ERD 8	3	570		7 790				
W5VX 7	4		VE3BQN14	7 790				
W5VY 7	3	1200		6 715				
W5FEK 7	2	580		7 800				
W50N8 7	2	950		4 900				
W5FBT 6	2	500		6 800				
W5IRP 6	2	410	VE2AOK 7	3 440				

to feel that some magic improvement in our equipment or methods had suddenly extended our reliable working ranges on 144 Mc. and higher bands.

Example: W4TLA, Rocky Mount, N. C., using a 522 at 18 watts input, feeding a 16-element array, was working stations all the way up the Atlantic Scaboard, between Sept. 30th and October 3rd. On the 2nd, in two hours beginning at 2135 EST, Warren worked 10 New Jersey stations, and one each in New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia. The following night he worked into Connecticut, as well as many points nearer. The only contacts made previously over these paths from North Carolina were made last fall by W4CVQ, who was running close to a kilowatt!

Improved conditions were helping things along on the Kansas-Oklahoma-Texas circuit, too. W\$\mathcal{B}ZJB\$, Wichita, Kansas, reports in his V.H.F. Newsletter that business is booming on their 0715, 0930 and 2215 (CST) skeds, and fellows who have not been on 2 for a year or more are firing up again. If you live within working distance of these fellows, you can get copies of Vince's newsy mimeograph by sending stamped self-addressed envelopes to W\$\mathcal{B}ZJB\$. It contains all the latest gossip, fresh as only such a sheet can be, prepared in the inimitable Dawson manner. (Send my cut of the profits to the Salvation Army, Vince.) What was probably the first Oklahoma-to-Iowa 2-meter contact was made on the morning of Sept. 28th between W5HGH at Buffalo, Okla., and W\$\mathcal{B}MS\$, Adair, Iowa.

W8BFQ, West Richfield, Ohio (the change from Everett is a post-office technicality) found things very good in the direction of Chicago on both 144 and 220 in mid-October. Following a crossband duplex QSO with W9EQC on the 13th, Margaret stayed on 220 and worked W9DDG, Sheboygan, Wis., a distance of about 360 miles. W9REM and W9OVL were also worked on 220, and W9OJV was heard. W9DDG runs 30 watts to an 832A, crystal-controlled. His antenna is a 30-element array 65 feet above ground. He has also worked W9OVL and W9OJV, Hammond, Ind., 200 miles.

W8BFQ has also been doing well on 432 Mc., one of her more recent contacts being with W8DX. Detroit, a distance of about 125 miles. This was Margaret's sixth state worked 2-way on 432 Mc.

W5CVW, Ft. Worth assistant EC for v.h.f., announces the formation of the West Gulf Emergency Net. Already enrolled are 22 members in Oklahoma and Texas. Roll call is held each Tuesday at 1900, with either W5CVW or W5HD as net control. The frequency is 144.6 Mc. The net closes down at 1920 to allow the NCS to report in to the Ft. Worth Emergency Net on 29,640 kc. Rag-chewing sessions follow, and with members in the Ft. Worth and Dallas area, plus Hamilton, 100 miles south, Palmer, 42 miles east, Texarkana, 178 miles east, and Ardmore, Okla., 100 miles north, the operation of the net is doing well for 2-meter activity generally. W5CVW passes along the additional information that W5LFH, Albuquerque, N. Mex., is on daily at 0705 and 0715, with 400 watts on 144.12 Mc.

Been wondering about that 220-Mc. receiver described in October QST? Reports on it are beginning to come in, and one from W5RFF, Albuquerque, N. Mex., is typical. Tom built the receiver in 2½ hours construction time, and it worked at once. Signal generator checks show complete quieting at 10 microvolts input, and a readable signal at 3 microvolts. These approximate results obtained with the original. Such a receiver won't drag in the weakest ones, but it's good enough to have some fun on 220, and in building it and getting it going, the beginner, in particular, will gain invaluable experience. W5RFF thinks that there is a need for similar gear for 144 and 420 Mc.

Morning and evening tests on 144 Mc. continue on the 950-mile path between W4HHK and W2s UK, AZL and NLY. The big rhombic at W4HHK is not yet up, as we write, but it is in the works. On the morning of Oct. 6th, W4HHK recorded almost the entire text of W2UK's tape transmission, of more than 30 seconds' duration. Fragments of the signal are heard on nearly every try. W3GKP is monitoring the transmissions from W4HHK, with varying degrees of success. W2AZL copied "W2UK W2UK de W4HHK rrrbk" on the morning of Sept. 26th. The signals come through just enough to keep all hands trying, feeling that a few more decibels will put them into more-or-less solid communication.

This optimism seems well founded, on the basis of recent experience at W1HDQ. Your conductor has kept daily schedules with W8BFQ, 450 miles, since Aug. 1st, with more

success than we anticipated. Raising the 16-element array at W1HDQ to 70 feet recently (from 50) has apparently helped remarkably. Several quite-solid c.w. QSOs were made between Oct. 14th and this writing, and a signal of sorts has been heard every morning. Near-solid communication has been established on a daily basis with W3QKI, Erie, Pa., 385 miles, and W2ORI, Lockport, N. Y., 320 miles. All three stations are worked over very rough terrain at the eastern end of the path. Results at these distances have been sufficiently good to indicate that a bigger antenna at W1HDQ would make possible two-way work with stations considerably farther west.

The most interesting thing about these signals is that they seem to be in there every day, with so little day-to-day variation that there is little point in giving signal reports. There is fading, but the degree of fading and the strength seem to have almost no relation to signal levels encountered on shorter paths. There have been no "openings" but no deadband conditions, either.

Aurora has shown up fairly often this fall, though most openings have been of a minor nature. Sharper observation, big antennas, low-noise receivers and more extensive use of c.w. may be making the difference. A habit of checking frequently with the antenna north will show up aurora much more often than most 2-meter operators realize. This happens most frequently in the northeastern part of the country, but stations above Latitude 40 in the Northwest should be able to get in the act more often than they do. General opinion now favors the use of high selectivity in aurora reception. With the signal broadened out as it is by the diffused reflection, you'd think that high selectivity would be harmful, but checks have shown marked improvement in weak-signal readability when the crystal filter is used in its medium positions. Forget the S-meter, cut off the a.v.c., back off the i.f. gain, and crank up the selectivity next time, and see if you don't dredge up some new weak ones out of the muddy background noise.

Don't be too sure that you have the beam in the best position, if you've aimed it in the general direction of north. Aurora can come from some odd directions, at times, and it may shift markedly and rapidly. At one time during the aurora of Sept. 18th, W8RWW found signals coming in with his array at about 45 degrees. Then, a little later, W4AO peaked up with the beam at 75 degrees, almost due east. W1s usually aim somewhat west of north, and at times the signals come in from as far around as northwest for western stations in the same latitude. You can miss a shot at VE1 by relying on this, however. They might be straight north, or even east of north, under the same conditions.

If you live in a place where you can't have an outside antenna, take heart from the work of W4UMF, Arlington, Va. Tom lives in an apartment, with only an attic space 12 by 14 feet and a maximum clearance at the middle of 6 feet in which to put up antennas. This is under a peaked roof, so the height slopes off to zero at the edges. In this Pandora's Box, W4UMF has a "Twin-Five" for 144 Mc., a rotating dipole for 50 Mc., plus antennas for TV and f.m. A Twin-Five in a space with a maximum vertical height of 6 feet? How? Easy — you mount the two 5-element Yagis side by side, one wavelength center to center. It works, too — Tom's signal during those Atlantic Seaboard openings in October was right up there with the other W4s. The remaining space, if any, in the attic, will soon be taken up by arrays for 220 and 420 Mc., which should give W4UMF the record for invisible antennas at one location.

The Northwest is enjoying something of a boom in 2-meter activity, according to W7PXB, Seattle. There are some 300 stations on the air, and there is considerable interest in attempting to work out beyond the normal confines of the mountains. Monday is 2-meter night, and schedules are kept in the hope of working into W6-land. It's less than 700 miles from Seattle to San Francisco, and we can't escape the feeling that this hop is not impossible. There are lots of mountains, but amazing things are happening over other mountainous paths, and we feel confident that high-power c.w. and the narrow-band receiving techniques that make the most of it, plus some big horizontal arrays, would turn the trick. Most of the western 2-meter work is being done with vertical antennas, which for our money is the hard way.

(Continued on page 134)

V.H.F. Balun — Pocket Size

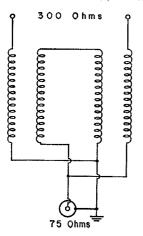
Coax has many advantages, and its use in v.h.f. work is increasing all the time. It simplifies and improves antenna coupling circuits of v.h.f. converters, but what of the losses in a long run of transmission line? A good many of us still don't like what we see in the "Attenuation per 100 feet" column, so we hesitate to go all the way from the operating position to the antenna with coax. Result, the input circuits of our converters are draped with a variety of loops of coax to achieve optimum coupling between our balanced lines and our unbalanced antenna input circuits.

Pictured herewith is a neat little gadget that does away with the inconvenience and messiness of the coax balun in v.h.f. reception. It was made by Technical Director Grammer for ARRL Lab use, but hams who have seen it are

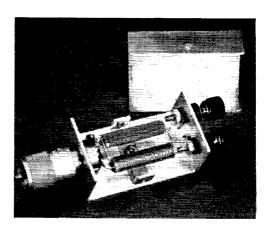
unanimous in their expressions that it should be written up in QST, so here it is.

It is built around a pair of standard TV balun coils (also called an elevator transformer) and they lend themselves almost ideally to amateur v.h.f. receiving applications. Designed to cover 54 to 213 Mc, they work well in the 50-, 144- and 220-Mc. ham bands. Checks on the air and with a noise generator show no measurable difference between the balun assembly and drape-type baluns for each band made of coax.

The Grammer model is housed in a handmade aluminum hox 1 by 1½ by 2½ inches in size. Two feed-through binding posts are mounted at one end of the case and a coaxial fitting at the other.



V.h.f. receiving balun. Coils are in series at one end; in parallel at the other.



I.A.R. lews

OSL BUREAUS OF THE WORLD

For delivery of your QSLs to foreign amateurs, simply mail cards direct to the bureau of the proper country, as listed below (bold-face type indicates a recent change from previous listings). Do not send foreign cards to A.R.R.L. headquarters except those for which no bureau is here listed.

For service on incoming foreign cards, see list of domestic bureaus in most QSTs (page 54 of Nov. QST) under the heading, "A.R.R.L. QSL Bureau."

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Costa Rica: F. Gonzalez, Box 365, San Jose Cuba: Radio Club de Cuba, QSL Bureau, Lealtad No. 660,

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Haiti: Roger Lanois, % R.C.A., P.O. Box A-153, Port-au-

Hong Kong: Hong Kong Amateur Radio Transmitting Society, P.O. Box 541, Hong Kong Hungary: H.S.R.L., Postbox 185, Budapest 4 Iceland: Islenzkir Radio Amatorar, P.O. Box 1080, Reyk-

javik India: Amateur Radio Club, India, P.O. Box 6666, Bombay

Indonesia: P.A.R.I., P.O. Box 222, Surabaja, Java Israel: I.A.R.C., P.O. Box 4099, Tel-Aviv Italy: A.R.I., Via San Paolo 10, Milano Jamaica: Thomas Meyers, 122 Tower St., Kingston

Japan (JA): JARL, Box 377, Tokyo Japan (KA): F.E.A.R.L., APO 500, % Postmaster, San Francisco, Calif.

Kuwait: Doug Taylor, VT1AC, Box 54, Kuwait, Persian Gulf Lebanon: RAL, B. P. 1202, Beyrouth

Libya: See Tripolitania

Luxembourg: G. Berger, 40 rue Trevires, Luxembourg Macao: Via Hong Kong

Madeira: Alberto C. de Oliveira, CT3AA, Beco Chao da Loba, 4, Funchal

Malaya: QSL Manager, P.O. Box 600, Penang Malta: R. F. Galea, 20, Collegiate Street, Birkirkara Mauritius: V. de Robillard, Box 155, Port Louis Mexico: L.M.R.E., Apartado Postal 907, Mexico, D.F.

Montserrat: VP2MY, Plymouth Morocco: C. Grangier, Box 50, Casablanca

Morocco (Tangier International Zone only): EK1MD, Box 57, British Postoffice, Tangier Mozambique: Liga dos Radio-Emissores, P.O. Box 812,

Lourenco Marques Netherlands: V.E.R.O.N., Postbox 400, Rotterdam

Netherlands Antilles (Aruba): Postbox 80, San Nicolas, Arnha

Netherlands Antilles (Curacao): Postbox 383, Willemstad, Curacao

Netherlands East Indies: Hr. C. Loze, PK1LZ, Burg. Kuhrweg, 47 Bandoeng, Java New Zealand: N.Z.A.R.T., P.O. Box 489, Wellington C1

Nicaragua: L. B. Satres, Bolivar Ave., 106 Managua Northern Rhodesia: N.R.A.R.S., P.O. Box 332, Kitwe Norway: N.R.R.L., P.O. Box 898, Oslo Pakistan: P.O. Box 416, Lahore

Panama, Republic of: L.P.R.A., P.O. Box 1616, Panama Paraguay: R.C.P., P.O. Box 512, Asuncion

Peru: R.C.P., Box 538, Lima Philippine Islands: Elpidio G. DeCastro, Philippine Ama-

teur Radio Assn., 2046 Taft Ave., Pasay City Poland: Polski Zwizek Krotkofalowcow, P.O. Box 320, Warsaw

Portugal: R.E.P., Travessa Nova de S. Domingos, 34-1° Lisbon

Roumania: A.R.E.R., P.O. Box 95, Bucharest Salvador: YS1O, Apartado 329, San Salvador

Siam (Thailand): Frank Speir (W6FUV), Saha Thai, 4th Mansion, Raja Damnoen Avenue, Bangkok, Thailand

Singapore: P.O. Box 176, Singapore, Malaya South Africa: S.A.R.L., P.O. Box 3037, Capetown Southern Rhodesia: R.S.S.R., Box 2377, Salisbury

Spain: U.R.E., P.O. Box 220, Madrid St. Vincent: VP2SA, Kingstown Sweden: S.S.A., Stockholm 4

Switzerland: U.S.K.A., Postbox 1203, St. Gallen Syria: P.O. Box 35, Damascus

Trieste: MF2AA, Major M.H.R. Carragher, HQ V.G. Police Trinidad: John A. Hoford, VP4TT, P.O. Box 554, Port-of-Spain

Tripolitania: Peter Keller, MT2DZ, P.O. Box 260, Tripoli Uruguay: R.C.U., Casilla 37, Montevideo

U.S.S.R.: Central Radio Club, Postbox N-88, Moscow Venezuela: R.C.V., P.O. Box 2285, Caracas

Virgin Islands: Richard Spenceley, Box 403, St. Thomas Yugoslavia: SRJ, Postbox 48, Belgrade

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CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK.* WIVMW

How:

"IARU News" of this QST contains an up-todate listing of QSL bureaus of the world. Now all we've got to do is find some DX to work. That isn't always easy these sunspotless days.

And not only do we have to scrounge around in the noise level for DX that too often isn't there, but we have to watch our Ps and Qs in the line of prefixes. There still are several categories of foreign amateurs that W/Ks are forbidden by FCC to QSO and these should be kept in mind. They are

Austria (FKS8, MB9 and OE13 excepted), French Indo-China (including Cambodia, Laos and Viet-Nam), Republic of Indonesia, Iran, Korea and Thailand. Prefixes to be avoided, therefore, are OE (except OE13), FIS (also 3W8 and XW8), PK (with certain PK6s and PK7s excepted), EP-EQ, HL and HS.

We've no space to go into the full story ¹ right here — it's quite complex — but that's the way it stands. Several countries previously taboo are now okay. We're optimistic about the possibility of soon decreasing the number further. Meanwhile, we should be prudent.

What:

We'll lead off with twenty meters once more this month although the lower-frequency bands will probably hold the limelight for the next three or four moons to follow. The furor created by EA4BH & Co. signing EA9DD has finally quieted but the 14-Mc. band bears continuous watching for other pleasant (and often frustrating) surprises. W7QDJ raised two antennas, a vertical and a horizontal, and quickly worked JASAQ (14,072), KAS7PL (051), 8AB (065), HR1AA (008), KH6ASU/KM6 (080) and VP8AJ (020). Victor asserts that his horizontal wire has it all over the vertical for 20-meter DX with 75 watts._.._FA9VN (070), GC2FZC (070) and OA4J (040) were bagged at W2EBV, while W2HSZ kept busy with JA1CO (075), KA9IJ (050), OQ5VN (105), SV9WE (025), ZDs 2S (050) and 4BN (080).....The Oceania-Europe path opened solidly a few times of late to give KG6GX much action. DX DX department this year. Sam's trophies: CRs 4AJ, 6CS (038), DU1EC, EASS BC BF BK, EAGAB (078 t8) FB8BE (048), FQ8s AF AS, HA5BD, HE9LAA, HZ1AB (060), I5LV (054-072 t8), ISICXF, JAS 1AA 1AP 1AQ 1AR 1CB 1CR 2AT 2BX 3AW 4BB, KA2s AA DC KS, KR6 IN. LU5ZO, LZ1KPZ (095), OD5BH, OE138 BR USA, OY2Z, SPs 1KAA 2KAC, SUIs MQ SS, TG9RB, VS6AE, VU2JK (020), YI2AM, YOs 3RA 3RD 6CD, ZD48 BJ (089), BN (046), ZS3B, 3V8AN and 4X4DR....An interesting one at W2EQS is AC3VK (180) who was coming through weakly and at the correct hour. W2EQS is up to a 141/128 total.....The ground-plane and 75-watter at W6JKH/2 brought Paul CP1BX (001), CT2BO (025), FP8AP, VQ4NZK and ZB2I (084) in short order.....The TCDXC gang accounts for FK8AO (002), ISRM (115), KB6AY (064), MS4AR (048), VQ2W (042) and ZD4KJ

* DX Editor, QST.

1 See Feb., 1951, QST (p. 23); May, 1952, QST (p. 24); Dec., 1952, QST (p. 31); Aug., 1953, QST (p. 49).

On twenty 'phone, G3HLS was the first European worked by XW8AA in Laos. Too bad we Ws will have to miss this one until the FCC ban lifts. G3HLS also 'phoned with ZC5s VM (096) and VR. "European band conditions lousy, but traces of VKs and Pacific Island boys starting to break through and should mean DX fun for everybody," adds the G3.-.-. WIKYK mentions KA3MD on 14,210 kc., while W9LMC recommends HRIGM (172) and YV4AM (120).-..-FB8ZZ (075), GD3UB (135), GD3ENK (190), HC8GI, LZ1KAB (020), SU1MR (135), SP5AJ (191), TA3AA (185), UA8AH (180), UI8AD (175), VP8AN (150), VQs 1NZK (144), 4AC (135), 8AL (149), Y12AM (200), ZC4IP (015) and 9S4BS (200) were logged by listener L. M. Michel in Pennsylvania.....The WGDXC boys are setting their sights for CR5s AC (170), SP (193), German yacht D19AA (200), FK8AO (200), ISRM (113), SP2KAC (120), VK9YT (179), VQ1PZK (138) and ZK2AA (182). Ham-tourist business in Zanzibar continues to flourish but the place is still pul-lenty rare.

Forty c.w., next on the agenda, has been averaging several

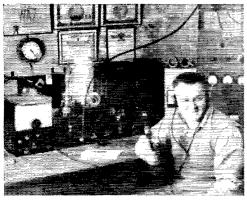


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good DX nights per week. KL7VOZ doesn't miss many and his catches feature KW6BI (7010), LU3ZS (10) and VK9YY (10), That KL7VOZ-LU3ZS QSO was real DX; a truly antipodal stunt.....FK8AB (35) is local QRM for KG6GX......W2LYO captured EA8BF, PJ2AN and ZP6CN (08), while W5VIR made off with VP8AJ A 7-Mc. contact with ZK1AB netted postwar country number 204 for KP4KD, Ev's 93rd 40-meter country.... F78HP, not rare but a little unusual, LB8YB on Jan Mayen, LU4ZS, PZ1WX, VP8AK of Deception, VQs 2GW and 3KIF worked W3AXT.... W2QHH grabbed VK1RL and ZD2DCP, while W1APA ran down FK8AO, FP8AP, KG4AN, KX6BE, LU4ZO and PZ1WK. Gil bumps into VK1RL quite often in the early A.M. By the way, LB8YB on Jan Mayen was W2QHH's 107th 7-Mc. country Fifty watts got TI2PZ and VR2CG for W1UNG Southern California DX Club's Bulletin lists 40-meter prospects C7AT (10), CN8EM (10), KC6AB (80), LUs 4ZO (40), 5ZO (23), @Q@CZ, PZIWS (20), VK9WZ (09), VS2DW (05), ZK2AA (40), ZSs 3O, 7D (30), 7H (25) and 8D.

Even forty 'phone is getting gay at times. W1APA recorded QSOs with people like KJ6BA (7278) 0651 EST, KX6BC (273) 0622, KZ5CR (225) 0450, VK3MH (055) 0654, VPOAY (270) 0517 and KE2OZ (200) 0521. We take it that 7-Mc. A3 results are mainly a matter of early to bed and early to rise..... W9LMC tips us off on HK2DZY (236), TI2VJ (233), VPIZU (278), XEIGA (210), ZLs 2BE (158) and 3LE (184)......HRIAA regales the flock with a fat signal near 7200 kc.

You must be quick on the trigger to take full advantage of fifteen meters during present conditions. And not only that, but be on tap for the day DX shift. KP4KD sums up 21-Mc. doings down his way: "Open most days, sometimes as early as 1200 GCT, other times not until 1500-1600 GCT. Closed between 1900 and 2200 GCT, although many days open for an hour or so, then closed only to reopen again an hour or so later for another short period. In general it seemed that there was more 'phone activity than c.w. activity. During September a total of 43 countries were heard/worked, distributed as follows: North America 8, South America 10, Europe 13, Africa 9, Asia 2 and Oceania 1. Of these 43 countries, 24 were heard/worked on 'phone as follows: North America 7, South America 6, Europe 7, Africa 4, Asia none and Oceania none." 'Phones HK4FV, HP3FL, VPs 5SC 6FR, XE3BR and YV1AP bring Ev up to 69 21-Mc. countries. KP4KD is another who notes W 'phones being careless about 15-meter band edges Get a load of the 'phone stuff W6ZZ has been salting away: CES 143 IBE 3NS 3PV, CP5EK, CR6BX, Ge 2AMG
3BXI, HR1s BG JM, KA7RC, KB6AY, KG6s AUA AEX
FAA, KH6s AR IB NS SP, KL7AON, KP4s KD UE VA WI, KR6LJ, KV4s AQ BB BD, KX6BH on Kwajalein, KZ5s DG FL GD, LU3DD, OA4ED, PAØALO, PYs 2JU 3AGP, TI3LA, VKs 2ID 4HD 4TN 4ZB 9GW, VPs 6AL 6FR 6PV 6WR 9BK, VQ2HA, VR2CG, XE1OM, YN1AA, ZEs 1JE 2JK, ZK2AA, ZLs 1BY 1BZ 1GW 1OF 2BE, ZSs 1MP 5MP 6DW 6SG and 6DC. Then, giving the



Dave Brown, ZLIHY, leads the Oceania DXCC contingent with 231 postwar countries confirmed, 190 on 'phone. You'll be in for stiff pile-up competition if you tangle with this guy over a rare one.

160-METER TRANSATLANTIC TESTS

Plans for the 1954 series of 160-meter DX tests, as arrangel by interested U. S. A. and British amateurs, have been completed and all "Top Band" stations throughout the world are invited to participate. Conditions are expected to be good, for a Transatlantic QSO was recorded as early as October 4th and New Zealand-U. S. A. contacts occurred throughout the summer. Regular nightly activity is anticipated and concentrated efforts are recommended as follows.

Dates: January 3rd, 17th and 31st; February 14th and 28th; and March 14th. In addition, a trial-run test is scheduled for December 20th as a gear tune-up opportunity.

Times: The period between 0500 and 0800 GCT is recommended. W and VE stations are urged to transmit on the hour for five minutes, listen for DX answers for five minutes, transmit for another five minutes beginning the tenth minute after the hour, etc., until DX contact is established. Transmissions by DX stations will commence five minutes after the hour and continue in like fashion. Take care to maintain time-piece accuracy! Use the call "CQ TEST" if desired. Contacts should be kept short to ensure maximum opportunity for all participants.

Frequencies: Look for G stations on their newly assigned band, 1825-1875 kc. ZLs will be using their 1875-1900-kc. segment. DX stations are urged to tune all W/VE sectors — 1800-1825, 1875-1900, 1900-1925 and 1975-2000 kc.

Reports: Stewart S. Perry, W1BB, 36 Pleasant Street, Winthrop, Mass., will appreciate reports from participating W/VE stations. DX stations can communicate their results to L. H. Thomas, G6QB, Forest Barn, Turkey Road, Bexhill, England.

W4NQM & Co. vigorously come to the defense of ten meters. Sparkie convinces us there's more DX available on 28 Mc. than a quick pessimistic swing of the receiver dial will reveal. W4NQM garnered the following interesting reports of 10-meter 'phone DX worked. At W3QMG: CE2CC, CX4CS, HC1RT, HP2HG, KH6AKZ, OA5OP, PY1ANU, numerous LUs, VP6NA and ZP5CX. At W3MO: HK1AM, VP6s FR HR and YN4CB. At W4NQM: CE2CC, CXs 2CL 3BT 4BN, FO8AB, HC1RT, HK1DW, HPs 1AP 1LL 2HG, KH6AFS, PJ2AL, PYs 1AGP 7XQ, YVs IAP 3BB and ZP5GF. Ten has been propagating best between 1600 and 2000 EST in the Arlington, Va., area. True, this is almost strictly north-south stuff but certain countries down South America way come easier on ten than on any other band. W3PWB, W4WVM and WØEQW also have been finding enough DX on ten to keep busy.

Where

Perhaps one or more of the following DX station addresses will lead you to positive results in the QSL department. Please bear in mind that none is necessarily "official"; nor can we unconditionally guarantee their accuracy.

CN8EJ, S/Sgt. Noel N. Case, AF-14275036, 49th Comm. Sqdn. (Div.), APO 117, % Postmaster, New York, N. Y.







Operators and operating positions of widely-worked European stations (l. to r.) EA1AB, IIAOF and ON4NC The Spanish gentleman turned in second highest European c.w. score in ARRL's most recent DX Test. IIAOF possesses 'phone DXCC membership.

ex-CN8FS, M/Sgt. Stuart M. Brierley, WØMGC/7, 3925th Comm. Sqdn., Stead AFB, Reno, Nev.

CR6BZ, Box 32, Lobito, Angola DM2ACM, W. Mueller, Triftweg 30, Leipzig, East Germany

EA9DD, (QSL to EA4BH)

FK8AO, (ex-FQ8AE) Georges Birepinte, Box 104. Noumea, New Caledonia

FW8AB, Andre Monjoie, P.O. Muta Utu, Wallis Island, Fr. Oceania HH5AM % M/Sgt. W. E. Cristian, USAF Mission, U. S. Embassy, Port-au-Prince, Haiti

15LV, Box 505, Mogadiscio, Italian Somaliland

ex-JA2CK, (QSL to W9NMI)

KA5RC, CWO Roy Case, Post Maintenance Shop, 8098th AU, APO 354, % Postmaster, San Francisco, Calif.

KASTB, Thomas F. Black, W-5, Odori-Sapporo, Japan

KG4AN, Lt. Cmdr. W. S. Lane, USN, Box 15, Navy 115, FPO, New York, N. Y.

KL7AVP, Wm. J. Stewart, P.O. Box 481, Mt. Edgecumbe, Alaska KL7VOZ, Capt. W. A. Lentz, jr., 1995th AACS Sqdn., APO 937, % Postmaster, Seattle, Wash.

KX6BH, W. H. Carter, Navy 824, Box 22, FPO, San Francisco, Calif. OQ5FY, Rev. Irving M. Lindquist, BAMS Stn., Kamulila, Bukavu, Belgian Congo

OX3BK, (QSL via EDR)

VP1ZU, % British Honduras Broadcasting Svc., Belize, Br. Honduras ex-VR2CD, Chas. H. Freeman, VE7ASL, % CBU Transmitter, CBC, 950 #4 Rd., Lulu Island, Vancouver, B. C.

VS2UW, Capt. J. B. Lievens (G3GUW), % P.O. Box 1003, Kuala Lumpur, Malaya

VS7WB, 40 Jayaratna Rd., Negombo, Ceylon

W9FZS/VO4, Box 235, Harmon AFB, Stephensville, Nfld.

XE2OZ, Eugenio G. Richer, jr., P.O. Box 1771, Monterrey, Mexico ZB1BF, Vincent Genovese, 8 St. Benediet Flats, Zimelli St., Hamrun, Malta

ZP5GF, James Babcock, % American Embassy, Asuncion, Paraguay ex-Zs3O, Bill Banfield (ZS5HX), Empangeni, Zululand, U. of S. Afr. ZS8D, J. A. Strydon, P.O. Box 58, Maseru, Basutoland, U. of S. Afr. 9S4AB, Kurt Erkel, Saarbruecken 3, Blumenstrasse 18, Saarland 9S4BN, W. Thome, St. W. Litwinus-Siedlung 24, Mettlach, Saarland

W1s APA ODW RWS WPO. W3AXT, W2s EBV GT, W6ZZ, W9CFT, DL4DC, W. F. Hunteman, L. M. Michel, R. Waite and the West Gulf DX Club *DX Bulletin* have our thanks for help in assembling the preceding "Who's Where."

Tidbits:

Asia — The JA (Japanese nationals) gang is now on the air in considerable force. A few of the more active who have been putting consistent signals into W/VE territory are JAIs AA AH AL AQ AR BZ CR FA, JA2s AB AT AW BJ, JA3SAZ, JA4s AJ BB, JA5s AF AG AI, JA6s AA AK AO AY, JA8s AA AG and AQ. We understand that all JAs can receive cards through the JARL bureau where JA1AH acts as QSL manager. JA1BZ is ex-J1EI-J2HK, JA2AB is ex-J2XF, JA5AF is ex-J4DE and JA5AG is ex-J4CM. The JA boys like 807s for finals and their inputs collectively average around 50 watts. Folded dipoles, Zepps and long wires are common antennas used in Japan; beams are very few and far between, Most JA-station receivers are home-

grown supers of from 5 to 12 tubes but BC-342s, BC-348s and Super Pros are to be found here and there. C.w. is their regular medium but they do roll through on 'phone when conditions are sufficiently favorable . _ . _ . _ W4VE, late of KA9AA and KA2AA, has moved his military medical operations to the Okinawan scene. Fred should be on with a KR6 call before this ink dries Ex-marine W1KYK returned to civilian life just before his 3rd Marine Division moved to Japan. They're now represented on the amateur bands by KA3MD W4SSS looks forward to two years as KA5RC and possible subsequent DX labels. Roy's Viking-II is getting much competition from the local KA high-power crew.... AC4NC QSLs have been coming through for a fortunate few. Chak has a 25-watt 'phone rig and a 20-meter full-wave in action.... Two extremely active Israeli fellows are 4X4s CW and CZ. They are ex-ZS6PW and ex-ZC6AB, respectively, and 4X4CZ has 250 watts to TZ40s on 14-Mc. 'phone. AP2K is ex-DL3ZV and keeps Pakistan available with his 150-watter, a BC-348 and a 3-element beam for 20..... VU2s AK and JP are among the more active Indian stations. AK runs 25 watts to a VFO-6V6-6L6-807 line-up, receives with an SX-23 and radiates with a dipole. JP has a 40-watter, an HQ-129X, dipoles for 40 and 80 meters and a 3-el. whirler for 20. Ceylon is kept on the active list with the help of VS7s FG and WB. FG's layout features a 50-watt 807 rig with Class AB1 807s modulating on 14 Mc., an HRO and a 2-half-waves-stacked array. WB gets his kicks with an 807 20-watter and a Marconi CR-100 receiver. Africa - CN8EB is the new call of W2MQB. Don points

up pertinent facts concerning Morocco ham regulations: CN8s are permitted a maximum input of 50 watts and no third-party traffic is allowed. Person-to-person stationvisitor chatting can be arranged, however.... CNSFS, now WØMGC/7, writes: "Sure enjoyed the many contacts 1 had with the W gang on 20 and 40 'phone. Wish about 30 per cent of my 40-meter contacts would QSL-1 QSLd 100 per cent. Never could figure why so many are eager for QSLs and then fail to reciprocate . . .", _ . _ . Interesting line from OQ5FY: "Our three mission stations are located out in the jungle of the equatorial forest among the Balega people and the problem of communication between our outposts is a big one." So, in addition to his amateur radio activities, OQ5FY is busy rigging up a network for missionary efforts . _ . _ . Ex-MI3LK (W3NLS), now stationed at Ft. Monmouth, paid a recent in-the-flesh visit to W2FGG.... ... Amateur radio is well represented in Portuguese African possessions with CR7s AF CD and IZ keeping Mozambique very available. AF gads about with a 3-stage 60-watt rig and dipole antennae; CD has a converted BC-458A 20-watter, a Super Pro and a Hertz skywire on 40 meters; and IZ, contending with 190-volt-d.c. mains, has an all-6L6s rig, a worked-over S-22 and a longwire radiator. He's ex-CT10E, CR4AI is mighty popular, too, with 120 watts, an S-20R and a long-wire antenna on 14-Mc. 'phone.....ZD6RD is ex-DL2GZ-G3GAR, ZS6HW is ex-ZD4RC, ZS6R is ex-ZS6QF and, since 1920, 3V8AN has held the calls TUN2, FT4AA, FT4AG, FT4AN

(Continued on page 138)

DX Century Club The following list contains the call letters and countries totals of all holders of the Postwar DX Century Club award as of October 15, 1953. The calls of new members as well as those receiving endorsement credit during the period September 15 through October 15, 1953, are included in this listing.

253	224	206	W4PN W6BPD	VE3AAZ VE7VO	W9TQL G3BKF	HXK	W3ADZ	WIZW	134	W9UIG WØQVZ EA9AI
W1FH	W6EBG	W4NNN	W8HFE	VETVO	KL7PI	LAGU OKIHI OKIVW	W3LVJ W3MLW	W2BYP W2GNO	WIZD	FAGAI
	W6TS	G8IG		179	PY7WS	Ŏĸīvw	W5BZT	W2GNQ W4ZD	W3JNM	F3FA F8SK
251			191	W2CSO	SM5ARP	VQ2GW	W6ATO	W6MEL	W3LNE W4CYC	F8SK
W8HGW	223	205	WZALO	W2CSO W2GWE			W6BJU	W6NZ	WSCPI G2BXP	F9QU
	W2WZ	WSADZ	WZHMJ	G4ZU	169	158	W6DE W6EAK	W6VDG W7AYJ	G2BXP	F9QÜ G2BQC G8FW
248	222		W2TXB W6TZD	KZ5CP	W2PUD	WØAIH	W6EAK W6LVN W9CIA	W7AYJ W9CU G5LH	G5VO JE 2JN	G8UG HLT
W3BES	222	204	GSRV	SM5WI		SM7QY	W9CIA	GSLH	KV4AQ	!!LT
G2PL	W9KOK SMSLL	WIBIH	IIKN OQ5RA	178	168	157	W9IU G2IO	HB9MQ IIUA	OH2TM	IIUB ISIFIC
940	OMBLE	W2HHF W31YE	VE7ZM	1/0	W4JDR	107	G2VD	ON4GC	PAØGT	OH2PK
246	221	W4MR	VEIZIN	W2COK W4LZF W5LHP	IIAY MI3AB	W4JXM WØTJ G3HLS	G3DOG	TA3GVU	ZEŻJN ZSSYF	OH2QQ OH4NF
W6VFR WØYXO	WICLX	4X4RE	190	WSLHP	111107110	GÍHLS	G6GH	140	4.004	OH4NF SM3ARE
Hylko	W2DS		W2HZY	G2WW	167	ISIAHK	G6RC HK3CK	140	133	VE3SR
243	W8DMD	203	W2IOP	VK3BZ	W2MLO	SM6HU	HP1BR	WIAH WIBGW	W1CJK	VE5JV
WEENV	WaJIN	W3DKT	W3JKO W6ANN	177	CM9AA	156	IIIT KH6MI	W1BOD	WIKWD	VK3YD VQ2DH
	220	W3GRF W8CDT	W6GFE	W1 H T	100	1/26/1	KZ5WZ	WIJNV W2GTL	WIPKL WZAW	VO8AD
242	WIENE	WacDI	WeibD	WIJLT WIWK	166	W2SAI W3WU	ON4FQ	W2G1L W2OMS	W2MEL	ZS6CZ
W6AM	WIENE W2NSZ	202	W6OMC W6UCX	W4CYU	WIBLF W5NMA	Wevev	KZSWZ ON4FQ OZ7EU VK4EL	W2ZA	W3AYS W4AAW W5LV	ZS6CZ ZS6FU ZS6FN
	W2NSZ W2QHH W3OCU	W4TM	WSDX		W7AH	WØLLN GSVT	ZC4XP	W3IXN	WAAAW	ZSGOV
241	W3OCU	W6DI	W8WZ	176		SM5WJ	ZL3G0	W3LVF W3MDE	W6BIL	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
G6ZO	WSENE WSFNA	W6NNV	G3DO KH6CD	WZGUM	165		ZS2AT	W4IWO	W6DBP	129
	W6ADP	W7DL CX1FY	KP4KD	W3QJV W5CEW	WZGVZ	155	* 40	W5BNO W5FXN	Weode	WIJMT
240	W6AMA	G2MI	PY4IE	WeCYI	W31.BG 2.56A	WSNW	149	WSFXN WSIGJ	W9CYT	WIODU
W2BXA W3GHD	Weduq		VO6EP	W9AEH	Z30A	FASDA	WZUEI	W5LGG	W9CYU W9FJB	MLOIM
W3GHD W6SN	W6DZZ W8KIA	201	189	PY2OE	164	G3DCU G6GN	W4FVR W8DEN	W5MET	W9OIY	W3RNQ W4BGO
GERH	PYIGJ	WIJYH	WIŽL	175	W9VND	ZL3CC	CINIAMS	Wante	G3AlM G5SR	W4BGO W5DMR
	VK2DI	W3RXE		175 W2JVU	KH6LG		PAØIF ZLŽQM	W6WWQ W8CXN	PY7LJ	W8OCA W8ZMC
239	910	W3OP W5GEL	188	KH6OH	ON4AZ	15 4	Z.LZQWI	WRFII		F8CW
W3JTC	219	W6POT WOUOX	W2CWE	Milogit	100	WICUX W2ITD	148	W8LAV W9NZZ	132	HB9AO
	W3DPA W3EPV	WOUOX	W9IOD	174	163 W3ALB	WZITD		Wance	W2ICO	LA2B OK ISV
238	PYIAJ	GM3DHD	107	W8RDZ	W3HRD	W2QCP W8GLK	W7FZA W8BWC	W9RQM WØERI	WZPBG	VQ4SGC
W3KT W4BPD	VK2ACX	KH6BA PY1AHL	187 W4CYY	W9TJ	W3JYS	GM6MD	HROCE	WØGKS WØOUH	W3AFU W3KZQ W3LMM W4AIS	ZLIAH
W4BPD W8NBK			W4CII	WOTKX	W5EFC	PAØVB PY2NX	SM5FL	WOOUH DL1KB	W3LMM	ZLIMR
PAGUN	218	200	185	CŃ8MI IIOJ KH6VP	W8AJW OH2RY	PIZNA	147	DLIOT	W4AIS W5AWT	***
	W9FID	WIADM	W6EHV	KH6VP	ON4GU	153		DLIOT EA4CR	W6CEM	128
237	015	WICKK		MFZAA		WIBFT	PY4RJ	G2AKQ G3AKU G5YV	W6KEK	W2OCI W4TP
W2AGW	215	WIHX W2YW	184	4=0	162	WIDEP	146	GSYV	WSMFB	GSRR
	W5KC W6QJU	W4BRB	W5LXY W7GUI	173	WIATE	WILZE	WIHRI	G8KU JA2KG	W8ZJM W9HZS	G6BB G8VB
236	MaQao	WAOM	W7GUI	W3KQF W7HIA	W2LSX W2WC	WIOF W2GTP	W3FYS	JA2KG KH6PM	W9UZS G2FYT	PAOJO PYŽDV
PY2CK	214	W5BGP W6EPZ	W9MXX	WSACE	W3NOH	W4HVO	W3RCO	ON4FL	G3CBN	VK4RF
	FARIH	W6GAL	183	F8PQ KG4AF	G2AJ	W9ABB	W6LV G6RB	PYIADA	G6UT GM2DBX	
235	FA8IH KV4AA	W6MJB	WILDE	KG4AF OK1FF	SM5CO ZS2AG	W9BQE CE3AË	GOND	SM3AKM	HAASA	127
W3CPV	PYIDH	W6MVQ W6PB	W2CTO	OKIFF	2.328G	OHZNB	145	VE2BV VESO7	PAOLR	WIRWS
004	ZS6BW	W6RBQ W8BKP	W2EMW	172	161	VE3ZW	W3FGB	SM3AKM VE2BV VE5QZ VE7VC	PAOLR SM5AQV VK5KO	Wirzd
234	213	W8BKP	W6UHA HB9CX	W2DSB	WIKFV	150	W6RW	ZSZCR	VKSKO	W3CTJ W3LXE
W2QKS W3EVW	WSKUC	W9LNM CE3DZ		W3DRD	W2LV	152	W6WO	ZS3K	131	W4FIJ
W3GAU	Wakee	DL7AA	182	VE3IJ VK4FJ	W2RDK W4VE	W1MUN W2MYY	G3BI G6RS	139	WIBLO	WSOLG
W6MEK	212	G6QB G6YQ HB9EU	W2IWM	VK4FJ	WSALA	WZUWD	G6BS PAØRC	W2GUR	K2RII	W6YX W4FIJ
W6MX W8BRA	W8BTI	HROEII	W4NNH	171	W6BZE	W6 17 P	PYZAJ	W3FUF	W2CDP W2DSU	GSPP
WODEN	HR9X	LU7CD	W4RBQ W6SRU	171	W6GHU W6WKU	W6NIG W8WWU		W4DHZ K6CU	WZOKJ	HAOF
233	ON4AU	ON4QF	G3FNN HB9CX	WIAB	W7GBW	DLIAU	144	W6PBI	WSID	100
WSASG	011	VE3QD ZL1BY	HB9CX	WIFTX W2LJR W2PWP	WSEYE	rier	W6LMZ	W6TXL	W6MHH W6DIO	126
W7AMX	211	LLIDI	101	W2PWP W2RGV	GM3AVA HB9DO	G3COJ 11AMU PAØLB SM7MS	149	G3AWP	W6RLQ W7GPP W8CKX W8EKK	WIBDS W5GZ
	W6SAI W6TI	199	181	WZRGV	OK1LM	PAOLB	143	G5FA G6QX OKICX OZ3Y	W8CKX	W6RDR
232	W6TI WØPNQ	W2IYO	WIHA WIIAS	W3JTK W4DKA	OQ5LL ZL3GU	SM7MS	W2PJM W5ACL	OKICX	W8EKK G3LP	W7AHX WØMKF
WIME	G4CP HB9J	VK2NS	W2CNT	WSCKY	21.360	VK5RX	W7BE	OZ3Y OZ7CC	IIIZ	WØMKF G3BNC
664	HB9J 2.S2X		W2RWE W2UFT	WSEB W6MHB	160	151	W9PSR LU3DH		KH6PY	G6VO
231	******	198	W6NTR	W8FJN EA2CA ON4NC	WITT	W2RRV	NY4CM	138	LASS SMSVW	LASQ VEIPQ
W5MIS	210	W2CYS	W8JBI	EA2CA	W1TX W2REF	W2BRV W2ITD W2OST	SM3EP	W6F5J	ZL4BO	VEIPO
W6SYG ZL1HY	W2AGO W5EGK		WSUDR	ONANC PYIHX	W6BVM	WZOST	YVSAE	VEIHG		VP6CDI ZC1CL
	W5EGK	197	W9AND G3YF		W6CIS W6CTL	W3FLH W4AZK	4X4BX	ZL3AB ZL3LR	130	ZS6LW
230	W5JC	WIAXA	GSTI	170	WOLL	WSCGC	1.40	9S4AX	WILO	
WITW	W6ZCY	WICH	180	MIDOR	W6JK W6KYG	W6NGA W6VOE	142	108	WIRAN	125
CE3AG	W6VE W6ZCY W7GUV		WIRY	WIDOH WIMB	W7DET W7HXG	W6VOE W7AC	W1NW W4GMA	137	WZABS WZATE WZCZO	WIVG W2BLS
	W8SYC KH6IJ	195	W2BJ	W2GFW	W8TJM	Wellin	W5LVD	W2AZS	W2CZO	W2BITY
229	SM5KP	WSJUF	W2DKF W2IMU	W2PRN W3ALX	W8ZZU	W8UPN W9PGW	W9AHP	136	W2LTP W2TJF	W2LPE
W6GRL	VE4RO	W8DAW	W3KDP	W3CGS W4HA	W9ABA CP5EK	W9PGW W9YNB	CX1BZ EI4Q G4JZ	WIOPN	WJARK	W3EYF W6MUF
228		404	W3LPF	W4HA	G2FSR	GZAJF	G4JŽ	W4CKB	W3ARK W3HOX W3MZE	W9FDX
Wett	209	194	W4RBQ W5MPG	W5KÛJ W5LGS	GM3CSM	G6LX	GSGB	W4IUO	W3MZE W4EPA	DLIYA HBEY
41011	WØNUC VÉZHC	W5FFW W7PGS	W6EYR	WEELY	II AIV QN4PA	GW3FSP QN4PJ	GM3CIX KZ5IP	W8IB W9LI	W4IYT	HBEY OKIWX
227	YEIMU	WØAIW	W6RM W8CVU	WeGPB Wekut	VESAW ZLAGA	ON4TA	KZSIP PAØNU VPSFR	W9LI WØNTA G3AH	W5DML	PYIHQ
LUSDIX	208		WECVU	W6KUT	ZLAGA	SM5DZ	VP5FR VP7NM	G3AH GI4RY	W6ETJ W6I FR	-
LU6DJX ZL2GX	W4AIT	193	W8UAS	W6LW	1 = 0	VK3JE VK6SA	ZSSCII	GIAKT	W6LER W6OBD	124
	W9FKC	G8KP	W9HUZ	WZENW	159	ZL3BJ	ZS5CU 4X4DK	135	W6WJX	WIAPA
225	WØDAE	LA7Y	WØEYR G2EC	W7KTN W8EWS	WIDX			WIBAV	W7RT W8CED	W3KQU W4QT
W3JNN W9RBI	907	100	KP4CC ON4JW PAØGN	WSMPW	W4JFE W6PZ	150	141	G500	W8NJC	W6BAM
W9RBI	207	192	ON4JW	W8SDR W9GRV	GW3ZV IIIR	W2ADP W2ZVS	WIAZY	G6XA	W8YIN	W6BAM W6CEO W6KYT
F8BS	W2AQW	W2TQC	PANGN	WYGRV	шк	WZZVS	WIIKE	SM5PA	W9EXY	WeKYT

WRAE CETAA GSVU 11FO OKISK VKSYI. ZS6JB 123 WIEOB WIKKP WINLM W4TIR W6UZX W9UX U3JV U3JV U2YS	W9HQF W9UXO WØDST WØGUV CÉAAD DLIDX DLITP EA3CY G2HNO G3BAQ G3EMD G3TK G6XX G8ON G8PL H1VS KL7IT OK1RW	WIFTJ W2CC W2TUD W4EV W9KA F8TM G8OJ ON4SS OX3MG TF3EA VE3ACS VE3ACS ZSGJ 4X4CJ 112 W1AJO W3BEN	W6AOD W6AX W6DET W6MUB W6UOQ W6UYX W6ZUI W7BTH W7NKW W7PEY W7PEY W8ERA W8FGX W9ALI W9DGA W9HLR W9.IIP W9.IIV	G5GK G6KS KZ5KS OKIDD OHINK P460U VE6GD 107 WIKLY WIMIJ WIPDF W2ESO W2LJR W4AUL W6CUL W6CUL W6FWR	WØFID CR7AF CT3AN D13BJ G3JW G5US G6CB G6CB G8QW G13AXI GM6MS GW3JI HZ1KE KP4JE M18ZJ OHGNZ OK2OS OK2XF	W3LTW W4DRK W4KYX W5DF W5MMD W6APH W6BAX W6GHCL W6LMR W6MM,Y W6WB W7DXZ W7GEB W8CLM W8NCO W9YFFV W9CFB	CXSAD DLIAT DLIEI DL3BK DL3HZ DL3HZ DL3HZ DL5HM DL7AP EA1BC E191 FRDU G3ABG G3ATU G3CVG G3CYG G3EYN G3FML G3FPQ	W4LHQ WSIIP WSRS W6AYZ W6CG W6IPH W6JFJ W6FCC W6SCC W6TEU W6UJ W7CNM W7EJD W7EXN W7EXN W7EJD W7EXN WY WY WY WY WY	W1BUX W1CKU W1COM W1EOM W1EYP W1IOZ W1NS W1PEG W1PPZ W2BWC W2EGS W2EGS W2HAZ W2LII W2LII W2LIW W2QJM	WØFFV WØIDI CE6AB CO2BM CO2BM CO2BM CT3AV DJIBZ DLIDC DLIHA DLIVR DL3FM DL3QO DL6TW DL7CW DL7CW DL7DA EAØAB EISS
KV4BB PAØMZ SM6AKC ZL2HP ZS1FD ZS6GI 122 W10V	PANCB VE3AGC VK3NC VS6AE YV5BZ ZLIMB ZLIQW	W6ALQ W6AUT W6BUO W6JTB DLICS F9K Q G2CDI G2CNW G4FN G16TK	W9NN W9WFS WØBBS WØGBJ WØRIA WØSRX DLIVU DL6HJ EJ3R G2DPY	W9CKP DL1FK DL3UE G3APN G3CSP G8IP G8QZ JA3AA ON4PZ	PAGALO PYIMK VESKE VESAO VK2ADE VK2PV VK6DX ZK2AA ZLIRD ZS6JZ ZS6OF ZS6SB	W ØRBA CM2SW CN8MZ DL1GU DL4FS DL7AH EA5BD EA9AP F8DB FABRJ	G4JB G5CI G6XS G8WF GM2FHH GM3CMB GW3AHN GM3EST GM3RL	W8HRV W8PM W8TAJ W8WSIN W9FNR W9FWC WØCAW WØCWW WØDIB	W2TJK W2TWC W2ZQW W3AFM W3ANK W3ETD W3FJU W3GRS W3HA	FGTXA GZAO GZBJY GZGM G3AAE G3AAC G3ACC G3BDS G3BNE
WZFBA W2PZM W4EEO W6EAE W6IFW W8FKH W9FKH W9GDI W9NDA	W3DPA W4GHP W4OG W6RRG DL7AB G8DR HB9P KG6DI	SMSAQW VK5FM 4X4CR 111 WIAWX	G2HKU G3CCO G3CDG G3CUG G3GMB/A G4QK G5CW G5PQ G8II.	PJ2AA SM7YO VEIEP ZI.3OA 4X4CW	ZS6XQ 104 W1AFB W1DF W1KMY W2BUV	FF8AG G2KI G2KI G3DAH G3EFY G8RC G8VG GC4LI GM3AWW	GM8CH HB9HZ I1ALU I1KZ KG6GC KG6GD KS4AI KZ5AU OE1AD	WØIEL WØLWG WØVBO WØVDC CE3AX CR6AI CT1AS CT3AA DL1CR	W3JLJ W3KDF W3KHU W3KJJ W3MQC W3ORU W3QLW W3RBF W4CRI	G3BNE G3CSL G3CWW G3FXB G3RB G3VW G5CR G5WC G8JO G8JR
CTISQ DL4TL F9AH G2AJB HZ1HZ HRC/T LU9CK OZ7SN PAØDA	SM6ID SVIRX VE7KC 4X4DE 118 W2IRV W6I.DJ W6PH	WICDX WIQXQ W2MA W2UAT W3KEW W3ZN W4JUJ W4LIM W4OSU	HB9AT HB9FI HB9GJ HC2KJ I1ADW ON4JD OZ7KV PAØXE PAØZL	W2JB W3HTO W4CS W4DXI W4FPK W5NUT W6FOZ WØVIP DLIAV	W2RWN W2TSL W3IBT W3ZQ W4AWS W4FNQ W4IPR W6CG W6DYP	GM3DZB HB9HC HAFM HARA HNU HUV KP4HU LA3Y MDID	OEIZZ OH2UD OH2XK OK2EL OK2MA OK3AL OK3DG OZ2LX PAØRU	DLIDA DLIKV DLIVO DLIRK DL6SS F8IW F8PA FE8AB G2DM	W4GXB W4KCQ W4KFC W4KIT W4KRR W4POF W5BK W5CD W5IX	G8UK GI3BKG GIANU GM3EDU GM8AT GW8UH HB9DH HC2KJ HC7KD
VE1PA 121 W2AFU W2QCF W3DGM W3GHS W4LYV W4ML	DL3GZ EA4BH VE4XO 117 WIBGA W2PQJ W4GOG W6LS	W40SU W6NKR W7BDW W7JYZ W8AAI W8PNT W8TTS W9DUR W9ERV W9HUV WØSBE	SM6DA VE3ADM VE3HB ZSIM ZS2IW 109 W2AYJ WØMCF/CI	DLISC DLITM DL4EA F8BQ F9FS F9RS G2CBA G2HFO G2ZF G3CMT	W6EJA W6KRI W6KRU W6MUC W7FBD W7KEM W7KVU W8ELL W8ELL W9GA	MD5KW OH5NK OH6OA OK2SO ON4JU PAØLY SM5AOI SM5HH SM6AOU	PAØSU SM3FY SM5AUP SM7AKG SM7TQ TA3FAS VEIBV VEIDB VEZWW	GSDVD G3BQR G3CDC G3CHW G3CSE G3GIQ G3HEP G3VA G4GI	W5KCR W5NTT W5QLY W5QN W6BUY W6CAE W6CGP W6DUC W6EKC W6FUF	IIPL KH6SO KL7PJ KL7UM OA4AK OEICD OEIFF OEIKF OESLV
W6KYV W6ZBY W7KWC W9BRD WØAZT WØDU CN8EJ F3RA G3BXN	W6SR W9NRB WØDGH GSJU OZ7\$M VE7ZZ VO3X ZS2EC	EAIAB EKIAO F3SM F8VK F9DN G2FFO G2IM G3CEG G4AR	WOMALY CO COSALI DLGIC EA3FL F9ER F9IL FA8CF FA9VE G2DC G2DHR	G3DDK G3ETU G3QD G8TD HB9BJ IIAEG IIRY KH6DO	W9GA W9IHN W9RYK W9TFU WØBAF WØDSO WØGYL WØSQO CR7BC DL1PV	SM6AWE SM7VX VQ4HK ZB1AH ZL3IA ZS1BM	VE3RM VE6FK VK2YC VR2CG YU1CAG YI3BZL ZE3JP ZL2BH ZL3CP	G4G3 G4LP G5RM G5UF G6XY G8CD G8TS G8TS GW4CX	W6ITH W6MI W6SQP W6VBY W6VZG W6ZTU W6ZZ W7FMX	OH2WM OK1GT OK1MB OK1WF OZ4KX OZ4PA PAØBK PAØHG PAØUV
KG6AI PAØCP SM5FA SM5KX VE3ADV ZS2U	116 WILQO WZAGU WZAUH WZTIF W7BD	G4AU HPILA IICJW IIPG KG6ABI OZ8SS SM2OS VEIEY	G3AMM G8GP G8IH HB9BN HB9EI HB9KU LU8EN PAØPN VSIDZ	OKICG OK3SP OK3SP OZ3RO SM5TQ SM5UH SM6DN VE2WW VE3AHV VE3PK VK5BO VO1B	F8WK F9DW G2CLL G2FQP G3APX G3AZ G3CQF	W1CEG W1GDY W1SU W2GVP W2HQB W2HY W2JA W3AFW W3AFW W3AFW	ZS2FH ZS3S ZS6VR 4X4CZ 101 W1FPS W1GKJ W1MLT	HB9BX HB9NL IIADX IIAFQ IIBCB KH6EL KH6LF OE3CC OE5CA	W7ITN W7JUO W7KEV W7ONG W7PZ W8AL W8FJR W8HEV W8HRC	PK4KS SM3ACP SM3ARL SM5IZ SM7ACO SM7IA SP1JF VE1EA VE1EA
WIBIL W3EYT/1 W1JOJ W1MRP W1PKW W2BBK W2BBXY W2CGJ W2CWK	W2NFR W9LNH DLIBO LUBAX OH3NY VE3BBR	VQ2AB VU2JP 110 W1APU W1BTE W1KOY W2OKM W2VRE	VS7NX ZL2CU ZS1BK ZS6DW ZS6KK 108 W1EZ	VQ2HW ZB1AJX ZE1JI ZS1FR ZS5FS ZS6RI	G3FJ G6FB G6VC G8PW GW3DOF HB9IM KG6GU OK1NS OK1OP	W3MFW W3TVB W4EJH W4INL W4KKX W4PHJ W5BDI W5DGV	WINAV WINMP WIODY WIODY WZEQG WZFBS WZFXE WZIYG WZJME	OZIW PAØFD PAØMOT PK6HA PYIARZ TE3AR VEICU VEIOK VEGMN	W8HSW W8ICC W8ICG W8IQS W8JM W8LCN W8LYP W8NKU W8OPG	VEZADQ VEZBK VEZCK VE3ARS VE3OR VE3OB VE3TB VE3XY VE7AAD
W2EQS W2EQS W2RQH W2WPJ W2YTH W3AOO W3AXT W3DYU W3MNO W4DCW	W2ABM W4NKQ W9ELA W9LVR CT1DJ DL1FE DL7BK G3AJP VE1EK	W2VXD W3AS W4DPE W4EXO W4FNS W4HQN W4HYW W4KWC W4KWC	WIEZ WZAOX W3HER W6LGD W6LN W6PUZ W6YMD W8MKY W9TLT W0MJM	WITS WZK JZ WZQ XB WICOC W4DYM W6BUD W6CPL	OKIPN SUIAD TF3SF ZL3HC ZSSU 103 WIIAP W2JJC	W6JU W6TGH W7CSW W8AVB W8CEI W8DUS W8LYQ W8VLK W8VLK W8VJE	W2JME W2KXK W2LWI W2QKE W2ROM W2TNA W2UVE W3IL W3KAT W3OPM	VE6MZ VK5MF VP9OO VQ3CB VS7NG ZD9AA ZE4JC ZL2GH	WSPXP WSRVU WSSSI WSZIY W9JNB W9KXK W9MZP W9OLW W9TKV W9TKV	VE7CN VE7SB VK3RJ VQ4HJP VQ4KRL VS6BA YS1O YU3AC
W4DCW W4LQN W4LQN W5RX W6YK W6YZU W8DFQ	VK4RC ZS6HO 113 WIDSF WIEFQ	WALVY WSKYD WSKWY WSRVV WSVSS WSWI W6AAO	WOMJIM DLILD EASBC F3MS F9FY FA9OW G2BOZ	W6DFY W6DOT W6KPC W7AJS W7HJC W7PGX W9DUY	W2JJC W2PIN W2PXR W2UPH W2VRE W3EIV W3KMS	W9GMZ W9VW WØCDP WØFET WØZDM CE5AW	W3OPM W3TRQ W4BPU W4DIA W4GD W4IKL W4JV	ZS6OS ZS7C 4X4DF 100 W1BBN	W9TMU W9UAZ W9VIN W0ARH W0BFY W0BMQ	ZL2FI ZL4CK ZS5KF ZS5LA ZS6IH ZS6OW

RADIOTELEPHONE

229 PY2CK 224	209 WINWO 208	202 W2APU 201	195 W2BXA W6DI	190 W3BES ZL1HY	181 WIMB W3JNN	175 IISM PK4DA	CTICL ZL2GX 171	EA2CA G4ZU 168	163 W3KT VE3KF	G3FNN 11YJ VE3KF
wifH 220	WIJCX	WIMCW SM5KP	194 GZPL	186	180 W8BF CE3AB	174 W3GHD	G6RH	WILMB 167	162 WIATE	160 W4AZD
VQ4ERR	207 ZS6BW	200 W9RBI	193 W6AM	ZS6Q	176	G81G HC2JR	170 wзрнм	W5JUF 164	CM9AA 161	WSEFC W6MBD
215 xeiac	205 wshgw	197 W5BGP	192	184 waafo	W9ROQ FA2CO	172	W7HIA W8GZ Wohr	W4HA W5ASC	WIENE	W7MBX F9HE

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Operating News



F. E. HANDY, WIBDI, Communications Mgr. R. L. WHITE, WIWPO, Asst. Comm. Mgr., C.W. PHILLIP SIMMONS, WIZDP, Communications Asst.

WIAW Maintains Major Skeds after Fire. Reconstruction work is under way at W1AW at this writing following a fire which broke out there on the morning of October 14th. Alarm was turned in by an unidentified passer-by who noticed the smoke at 6:15 A.M. The fire was under control by 7:00 A.M. and apparently had started in the main electric junction box in the basement. Holes were burned in the floor and the partition between the Memorial Lobby and the main operating room was scorched. There was considerable smoke damage but damage to equipment was slight with the exception of complete fire loss of the tape perforator and its table. The blaze did not directly touch transmitters or the operating desk and all damage is insured

No evenings of scheduled operation were missed in spite of the fire. Temporary wiring from the underground entrance cable to the transmitters permitted W1AW to be back on the air on three bands the same day, in time for evening bulletins and code practice. Operation will not be completely normal until reconstruction contracted for has been completed. As this issue appears the general operation periods are being resumed in accordance with the schedule in October QST.

'53 Field Day Tops Them All. It's a pleasure to confirm the prognostication made in this column last month, at the same time we publish the official report of the '53 ARRL Field Day. The number of receiver-transmitter combinations tested afield was 1774, up 12.6 per cent, and the number of separate portable and mobile stations (692) was up 32.6 per cent. Individual participation topped the seven thousand mark for the first time at 7007, 8.6 per cent over last year!

Ending Signals vs. Verbiage. Ordinary QSOs make a nice balance between avoiding formula QSOs, and becoming excessively wordy for the intelligence they transmit. Good procedure is the mark of the true communicator. Use of proper prosigns (procedure signals) and especially the proper ending signals is one fast way to differentiate between the greenhorn and the seasoned two-way communicator to whom all accord high respect! Mid, W5CA, got us thinking about this lately, writing: "Many newer hams and some who should know better are using such deplorable operating expressions in their c.w. as 'Back to you OM' or 'Over to you OM'." It's not apparent whether this is because of some inherent desire to become poor imitators of the entertainment field rather than two-way communicators. Perhaps it's just a matter of not having had the right information set down to steer them to efficient GEORGE HART, WINJM, Natl. Emerg. Coördinator ELLEN WHITE, WIYYM, Asst. Comm. Mgr., 'Phone LILLIAN M. SALTER, WN1ZJE, Administrative Aide

and good ending-signal practice. All interested are invited to send for ARRL's Operating Aid No. 2, free on radiogram request, which gives the correct meaning and use of ending signals.

Experienced amateurs, to whom standard abbreviations and Q Code are second nature, can do much to help operating conditions by setting the example. Make it good, and introduce the newer gang to sound and correct use of K. KN, AR, SK, CL ending signals in c.w. work as the occasion affords. Some of those who aren't getting answers can blame their own long calls without enough station identification.

Operating Progress Attained through Activity. December offers a "breather" after the fun in the ARRL "SS." This is a good time to advance programs for the technical betterment of stations, whether 'phone, c.w., RTTY, s.s.b. or other forms are your favorites. Station results, noteworthy communication records, and operating ability come through continued activity.

The set kept on the shelf is *not* contributing to either personal enjoyment or operating progress, or to the public service record of the amateur. By getting into one's section net, 'phone or c.w., the pleasure of belonging to a closely knit fraternal group may be combined with practical communicating ability and results.

Novices should not neglect current code practice opportunities (W1AW, W6JZ) and the announced monthly qualifying runs from W60WP and W1AW. The annual operating period dedicated to a Novice QSO party known as the Novice Round-up will take place next month (Jan. 9th-24th) and proper log forms can be requested from Headquarters as soon as you receive this copy of QST. Besides the Novice-to-Novice contact objective, we want this to be a get-acquainted radio period for already-licensed amateurs and newcomers. Those who are not Novices will be invited to submit their best lists of Novices worked. Novice licensees will be eligible for ARRL Award Certificates in each ARRL section named on Page 6. This year there are more Novice bands and it should be a lot of fun.

If v.h.f.-minded, be sure to be ready for the V.H.F. Sweepstakes coming January 9th-10th, the announcement scheduled for January QST. There will also be the CD Bulletin to all appointees in early '54, with opportunity for getting into the first quarterly CD Party as mentioned in the Activities Calendar.

Regular use of one's amateur rig, emergency equipment included, is a top essential for proper maintenance and for creation of one's station

operating record! Car mobiles should get scheduled use, even in winter, if they are to be depended on come any emergency . . . a point for ARRL ECs and FCDA Radio Officers, as well as the rest of us, to bear in mind.

— F. E. H.

SEPTEMBER FMT RESULTS

The September 18th ARRL Frequency Measuring Test went off on schedule, though nature was unkind as to the propagation conditions in certain areas. There were 97 entries divided about equally between Official Observers and amateurs interested in measurement work but not holding the SCM appointment available to those using their gear to assist fellow amateurs through ARRL's Official Observer system.

Honors for top position in the OO group go to Don Fenton, WINUN. In the non-Observer group two excellent performers in previous tests lead the lists: Mrs. Helen Apple, W4VGO, and Lloyd W. Root, W8HB. The standing of the top measurers is presented as usual in terms of the "parts per million" deviation from the official commercial frequency measuring bureau readings. Decimal fractions are shown only to establish an order of listing, since the "umpire" has a generally accredited accuracy of 4 parts in ten million (more accurately stated as 2 parts in 10 million plus or minus 2 c.p.s.). In keeping with the announced rules, no entry of a single measurement was considered eligible in the competition.

	Parts/	Non-	
Observer s	Million	Observers	Million
W1MUN	0.4	W4VGO	0.4
W4JUI	1.2	W8HB	0.5
W6CK	1.9	W1ILF	1.0
WIQHS	2.1	W3LOX	2.1
W41U		W8CUJ	2.1
W1BKG	5.8	W6CIW/9	2,7
W6GQA	6.3	W1BSY	3.6
W8BZD	6,3	W1EFQ	4.1
W4KL	7 . 4	W8WXY	7.4
VE2AAO,	8.6	W4VWS	9.8
W1AYG	9.3	W2DOM	12.1
W6CAE	9.5	W7CCC	13.0

The following ratings are based on a single measurement: OOs — KZ5FL 9.9, W3EQK 10.8. Non-OOs — W3TFN 3.1, W8BMO 5.7, W6YUY 10.1.

Careful analysis of all the results, and comparison with the previously-comparable test, reported in May QST (p. 81), shows slightly higher deviation from perfection than in the last test. This no doubt resulted from the hollow and wavery signals that had to be dealt with by this expert group because of conditions. This emphasizes, however, that our FMT is a practical rather than a laboratory exercise. That is as it should be, since Official Observers have to work with practical on-the-air conditions of every conceivable sort in carrying out their missions of observation and assistance

CODE-PROFICIENCY PROGRAM

Twice each month special transmissions are made to enable you to qualify for the ARRL Code Proficiency Certificate. The next qualifying run from W1AW will be made on December 15th at 2130 EST. Identical texts will be sent simultaneously by automatic transmitters on 1885, 3555, 7125, 14,100, 21,020, 52,000 and 145,600 kc. The next qualifying run from W60WP only will be transmitted on December 6th at 2100 PST on 3590 and 7138 kc.

Any person may apply; neither ARRL membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six speeds transmitted, 10 through 35 w.p.m., you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below 35 w.p.m., you may try later for endorsement stickers.

Code-practice transmissions are made from W1AW each evening at 2130 EST. References to texts used on several of the transmissions are given here. These make it possible to check your copy. For practice purposes, the order of words in each line of QST text is reversed during certain of the

slow-speed transmissions. To get sending practice, hook up your own key and buzzer and attempt to send with W1AW.

Date

Subject of Practice Text from October QST

Dec. 1st: A \$20-Mc. Station for the Beginner, p. 11

Dec. 3rd: ARRL TVI Demonstration . . . , p. 16

Dec. 7th: Automatic 'Scope Monitoring . . . , p. 19

Dec. 10th: Simplified Voice Control . . . , p. 18

Dec. 18th: A Desk-Top Driver-Amplifier, p. 24

Dec. 21st: Chirp-Free Break-In Keying, p. 28

Dec. 23rd: More Sugar-Coated Single Sideband, p. 31

Dec. 29th: A Wide-Range . . . Pi-Network Final, p. 34

Dec. 31st: TVI and the Novice, p. 40

WIAW OPERATING SCHEDULE

(All Times Given are Eastern Standard Time)

W1AW returned to its fall-winter operating schedule Sept. 27th. Lithographed master schedules showing complete W1AW operation in EST, CST or PST are available upon request.

Operating-Visiting hours:

Monday through Friday: 1500-0300 (following day). Saturday: 1900-0230 (Sunday). Sunday: 1500-2230.

Exceptions: W1AW will be closed from 0300, Dec. 25th, to 1900, Dec. 26th, and similar times Jan. 1st and Jan. 2nd, Christmas and New Year holidays.

General Operation: Refer to page 73, October QST, for a chart to determine times during which W1AW engages in general operation on various frequencies, 'phone and c.w. This schedule is still in effect and is not reproduced herewith for space considerations. Note that since the schedule is organized in EST, certain morning operating periods may fall in the evening of the previous day in western time zones. W1AW will participate in all official ARRL operating activities, using scheduled general operating periods for this purpose if necessary.

Official ARRL Bulletin Schedule: Bulletins containing latest information on matters of general amateur interest are transmitted on regular schedules:

Frequencies (kc.):

C.w.: 1885, 3555, 7125, 14,100, 21,020, 52,000, 145,600.

'Phone: 1885, 3950, 7255, 14,280, 21,350, 52,000, 145,600. Frequencies may vary slightly from round figures given; they are to assist in finding the W1AW signal, not for exact calibration purposes.

Times:

Sunday through Friday: 2000 by c.w., 2100 by 'phone. Monday through Saturday: 2330 by 'phone, 2400 by c.w. Code-Proficiency Program: Practice transmissions are made on the above-listed c.w. frequencies, starting at 2130 daily. Speeds are 15, 20, 25, 30 and 35 w.p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and 5, 7½, 10 and 13 w.p.m. on Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Approximately ten minutes of practice is given at each speed. Code-practice transmissions will be replaced by ARRL Code Proficiency Qualifying Runs on Dec. 15th and Jan. 13th.

A.R.R.L. ACTIVITIES CALENDAR

Dec. 6th: CP Qualifying Run - W60WP Dec. 15th: CP Qualifying Run - WIAW Jan. 8th: CP Qualifying Run - W6OWP Jan. 9th-10th: V.H.F. Sweepstakes Jan. 9th-24th: Novice Round-up Jan. 13th: CP Qualifying Run — W1AW Jan. 16th-17th: CD QSO Party (c.w.) Jan. 23rd-24th: CD QSO Party ('phone) Feb. 6th: CP Qualifying Run - W60WP Feb. 9th: Frequency Measuring Test Feb. 11th: CP Qualifying Run - WIAW Feb. 12th-14th: DX Competition ('phone) Feb. 26th-28th: DX Competition (c.w.) Mar. 7th: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP Mar. 12th: CP Qualifying Run — W1AW Mar. 12th-14th: DX Competition ('phone) Mar. 26th-28th: DX Competition (c.w.) Apr. 2nd: CP Qualifying Run - W60WP Apr. 10th-11th: CD QSO Party (e.w.) Apr. 12th: CP Qualifying Run — WIAW Apr. 17th-18th: CD QSO Party ('phone)



Our Civil Defense and RACES work cannot help but become enmeshed with the voluminous details of civil defense in general. This becomes horridly and terrifyingly apparent when we communicators attend conferences which include other aspects of civil defense. The communications aspect alone is complicated enough. Still, a general knowledge of the whole subject is necessary, especially at leadership levels. We should be familiar with such terms as ground zero, web defense. Conelrad, fire storm, mutual assistance. mobile support, isocasualty lines, damage control, static support, and vulnerable urban district, as well as with many other c.d. terms, a good many of them not used in communications at all. Even in communications, we should realize that RACES is not the whole show, but only one aspect of the communications picture, Each c.d. service thinks it is the most important; but each depends on many others for its existence and effectiveness.

Contact at all levels with civil defense officials reveals a constant increase in amateur interest and participation in RACES. In some areas the participation by amateurs is intense, in others amateurs are antagonistic, in still others their apathy reflects public attitude. RACES licensing is on the increase. Latest statistics show that eleven state plans have received full approval, and 28 local areas have approved RACES Communications Plans on file at FCC. About the same number of each are under study by FCG pending approval. Over 100 amateur stations have been authorized to operate in RACES, and more station authorized in the proval of additional communications plans and to supplement existing authorized stations. It took a long time doing, but we are finally under way with a good head of steam.

We attend FCDA conferences to which we are invited mostly to listen, to learn, and to assist with any problems concerning amateurs. As and if opportunity arises, we promete and champion the cause of amateur radio, but we do not shout, pound on tables, wave our arms or froth at the mouth. At a recent FCDA conference in Washington we found occasion to remark that the main reason amateurs occasionally refused to participate in civil defense was the insistence by c.d. officials that we enter their service individually, to serve only them, ignoring the existence of an already-organized amateur emergency service — the AREC. Immediately c.d. officials present cited examples to show that the other extreme also existed, that well-organized amateur groups insisted on "taking over" the entire RACES program, which of course usually was not well received by the c.d. Communications Officer.

This was not a heated argument, but a friendly, informal chat. In the end we came to the conclusion, again informally, that a middle point must be reached; that c.d. officials must recognize the existence of organization where present, and take it into account in formulating local RACES plans, and on the other side of the fence, amateurs must recognize the responsibilities of civil defense officials in RACES and not try to force the usage of the existing setup if it does not seem to c.d. officials to be feasible. RACES



is both an amateur service and a civil defense service, a joint operation of amateur radio and civil defense. Both are involved in a job which cannot be done by either alone. In practically all cases, a halfway meeting place can be found if it is looked for.

Remember the "C.D. Committee Report" which appeared in QST for July, 1953, page 60? Mr. Bother of Skonk Hollow, who submitted that report, has received a letter from Ima Comrade II of Salt Pits, Siberia, congratulating him on his progress. Comrade Comrade, formerly a less successful operative in the Buffalo area (hence his present QTH), writes in part: "At first Agent 14 informed us that everything was going fine down in Buffalo, but about six months ago the c.d. Commissar must have executed a few people because things are certainly jumping now. The No. 1 suspect for aiding the growth of this c.d. group is the EC, W2PPY. At first I thought he was with us, but found out later that EC does not stand for 'Eager Comrade.' The group has three emergenski nets, all operating during the summer, and they have contacted the local c.d. office. It looks bad for us now, comrade. The c.d. office is getting ready to buy 30 stations for the amateurs to run. What chance will we have to knock out communications when people act like this?"

'The letter ends with a note of admonishment: "I want to wish you more bad luck in organizing your c.d. activities, and remember, don't try too hard on this c.d. business or things might really get going."

At 0500, October 25th, EC W4PLE was notified that hurricane "Florence" was showing signs of heading for the West Florida Gulf Coast. Stations were alerted by landline and one hour later W4SRX had been placed in operation in a hurricane-proof building at Eglin Air Force Base. The 75-meter stations went into action first, handling weather information into and out of the area as needed to aid the weather bureau in plotting the expected course of the storm. W4s NN AOK and ROM handled this traffic. Meanwhile, the 10-meter net began its job. Several power units made available by the Air Force were distributed. Tie-ins were completed with Air Force, Red Cross, MARS, and 75-meter stations. As the hurricane neared the coast, it became evident that the local area was in for some high winds. The local 75-meter stations acted as co-NCSs of the Gulf Coast Hurricane Net as an added duty and traffic was handled into and out of the area without serious interruption. The 10-meter fixed stations operated on emergency power when the 80-85 m.p.h. winds caused failures in the commercial service. Traffic on these stations was of a local nature.

After the danger had passed, the Hurricane and Incident Radio Net had been active for 34 hours. Traffic was handled for the Air Force, Red Cross, Power Co., radio and press services. The following members of the HAIR Net were active: W4s AOK BKZ CAJ JM KWM NN PLE RDW SIW SMM SRX STU SWF SYP SZM UNE UNV VAQ VEY WKQ ZWG, K4s FAR FBS, W2UHA/4, W5QMK/4, W9AIR/4 and WØKVX/4. Other nets participating were the Florida Emergency 'Phone Net, Gulf Coast Hurricane Net and Alabama Emergency 'Phone Net.

.- W4PLE, EC Eglin Air Force Base, Fla.

On Sept. 13th, an emergency drill was conducted by the AREC organization of Hagerstown, Md., in conjunction with the local Red Cross Disaster Relief Committee, One member of the Red Cross committee was stationed near a school building with a Red Cross banner displayed on his car as an "Object of Search." The second committee member was stationed at Red Cross Headquarters and joined

Pictured at left are part of the San Joaquin Valley section gang who took part in parade control for the Merced County Fair Parade on August 29th. From left to right: W6s SQR, GIW, WN6BGM, W6s BUA, OHB and ZRJ (EC). Seven mobile units were used at six points along the parade route. The Merced Amateur Radio Club was in charge of communications.

OST for

by W3CIQ, acting for the EC. At 1430 the acting EC called the roll via 'phone patch through NCS W3CKJ, and the mobile units were directed to schools and industrial areas, with the mobile unit finding the "Object of Search" to so report. When this mobile unit so reported, the other mobiles were redirected to other strategic locations, such as hospitals, Telephone Co., Fire Department, etc., to establish communication where needed. After that, they all were directed to rendezvous at the area where the "Object of Search" was located.

- WSOYX, EC Hagerstown, Md.

The Southeastern Massachusetts Amateur Radio Association, in conjunction with local Civil Defense authorities, participated in a statewide c.d. alert on Sept. 14th. Four operators were on duty at NCS WIWKM, with four mobiles in the field and one portable emergency relay station. WIWKM maintained contact with the NCS at neighboring Fairhaven, which also had four mobile stations. Our mobiles covered the airport, fire stations, power stations and large defense plants. We amateurs as operators made a good account of ourselves.

- WIAVY, EC New Bedford, Mass.

We have twelve August SEC reports, representing 3133 AREC members. No new sections represented. We wish also to add South Dakota to the 100% list for 1953, their one missing report having since turned up.

A.R.R.L.-AFFILIATED CLUB HONOR ROLL

It is with great pleasure that we here present the second section of our Honor Roll listings for 1953 in accordance with the Board policy for special recognition of all affiliated clubs whose entire membership consists of members of the League. Refer to page 67 of June QST for the earlier listing of additional active clubs with 100 per cent ARRL membership. Our honor list is based each time on analysis of data received in the '53 Annual Information Survey conducted to meet Board requirements. In early '54 a new survey will be initiated, a form sent each active affiliate for the filings on which continued affiliation and new Honor Roll listings will be based. Very many clubs will now be engaged in mid-season activities, code and theory classes for newly-interested persons, civil defense, building and technical programs for members. The '54 survey will ask reports on all such matters for ARRL information and bulletin purposes, The following clubs now will receive "100% ARRL Club" certifications following publication of this QST.

Amateur Radio Transmitting Society, Louisville, Ky. Astoria Amateur Radio Club, Astoria, Ore. Cedar Valley Amateur Radio Club, Charles City, Iowa Coastal Plain Amateur Radio Club, Tarboro, N. C. Fountain City Radio Club, Fountain City, Tenn. Haven Radio Club, New Haven, W. Va. Helix Amateur Radio Club, La Mesa, Calif. Hi-Plains Amateur Radio Club, Plains, Kansas Illinois Valley Radio Association, Inc., La Salle, Ill. Indianapolis Radio Club, Inc., Indianapolis, Ind. Kaw Valley Radio Club, Topeka, Kansas Lower Columbia Amateur Radio Association, Longview,

Lower Yakima Valley Radio Amateurs, Sunnyside, Wash. Maui Amateur Radio Club, Kahului, Maui, T. H. Norfolk County Radio Association, Norwood, Mass. Odessa Amateur Radio Club, Odessa, Tex. Pacifico Radio Club, Los Angeles, Calif. Racine Megacycle Club, Racine, Wis. Reading Radio Club, Reading, Pa. Rock River Radio Club, Dixon, Ill. Sandhill Amateur Radio Club, Hamlet, N. C. Weldon Springs Amateur Radio Club, Clinton, Ill. Westlake Amateur Radio Association, Fairview Park, Ohio York Road Radio Club, Philadelphia, Pa.

ELECTION RESULTS

Valid petitions nominating a single candidate as Section Manager were filed by members in the following Sections, completing their election in accordance with regular League policy, each term of office starting on the date given.

Indiana	George H. Graue, W9BKJ	Oct. 14, 1953
South Carolina	T. Hunter Wood, W4ANK	Oct. 15, 1953
Northern Texas	T. Bruce Craig, W5JQD	Oct. 15, 1953
Western Florida	Edward J. Collins,	
	W4MS/W4RE	Oct. 15, 1958
Western New York	Edward Graf, W2SJV	Nov. 21, 1958
Eastern New York	Stephen J. Neason, W2ILI	Dec. 14, 1953
Quebec	Gordon A. Lynn, VE2GL	Dec. 15, 1953

In the West Virginia Section of the Roanoke Division, Mr. Albert H. Hix, W8PQQ, Mr. Shadric A. Whitt, W8YPR, and Mr. J. Bernard Dodd, W8ETF, were nominated. Mr. Hix received 50 votes, Mr. Whitt received 43 votes, and Mr. Dodd received 36 votes. Mr. Hix's term of office began September 18, 1953.

ELECTION NOTICE

(To all ARRL members residing in the Sections listed below.)
You are hereby notified that an election for Section Communications Manager is about to be held in your respective Sections. This notice supersedes previous notices.

Nominating petitions are solicited. The signatures of five or more ARRL full members of the Section concerned, in good standing, are required on each petition. No member shall sign more than one petition.

Each candidate for Section Communications Manager must have been a licensed amateur for at least two years and similarly a full member of the League for at least one continuous year immediately prior to his nomination.

Petitions must be in West Hartford, Conn., on or before

Petitions must be in West Hartford, Conn., on or before noon on the closing dates specified. In cases where no valid nominating petitions were received in response to previous notices, the closing dates are set ahead to the dates given herewith. The complete name, address, and station call of the candidate should be included with the petition. It is advisable that eight or ten full-member signatures be obtained, since on checking names against Headquarters files, with no time to return invalid petitions for additions, a petition may be found invalid by reason of expiring memberships, individual signers uncertain or ignorant of their membership status, etc.

The following nomination form is suggested: (Signers will please add city and street addresses to facilitate checking membership.)

Communications Manager, ARRL	[place and date]
38 La Salle Road, West Hartford, Conn.	
We, the undersigned full members of the	
ARRL Section of the.	
Division, hereby nominate	
as candidate for Section Communications	
Section for the next two-year term of office	3.

Elections will take place immediately after the closing dates specified for receipt of nominating petitions. The ballots mailed from Headquarters to full members will list in alphabetical sequence the names of all eligible candidates.

You are urged to take the initiative and file nominating petitions immediately. This is your opportunity to put the man of your choice in office.

, ,	F.	E.	Handu.	Communications	Manager

			Present
Section	Closing Date	SCM	Term Ends
Alaska	Nov. 13, 1953	Glen Jefferson	Jan. 15, 1954
Yukon *	Dec. 15, 1953	W. R. Williamson	Mar. 17, 1949
West Indies	Dec. 15, 1953	William Werner	Aug. 15, 1952
Maritime *	Dec. 15, 1953	Arthur M. Crowell	Oct. 16, 1952
Illinois	Dec. 15, 1953	H. F. Lund	Dec. 14, 1953
North Dakota	Dec. 15, 1953	Everett E. Hill	Resigned
Virginia	Dec. 15, 1953	H. Edgar Lindauer	Resigned
Oklahoma	Dec. 15, 1953	J. M. Langford	Feb. 15, 1954
Utah	Dec. 15, 1953	Floyd L. Hinshaw	Feb. 18, 1954
Georgia	Jan. 15, 1954	James P. Born, jr.	Mar. 8, 1954
Washington	Jan. 15, 1954	Laurence Sebring	Mar. 10, 1954
Connecticut	Feb. 15, 1954	Roger C. Amundsen	Apr. 15, 1954
Arizona	Feb. 15, 1954	Albert Steinbrecher	Apr. 15, 1954
Tennessee	Feb. 15, 1954	Mark M. Bowelle	Apr. 15, 1954
Alberta*	Feb. 15, 1954	Sydney T. Jones	May 1, 1954
Louisiana	Mar. 15, 1954	Robert E. Barr	May 31, 1954

*In Canadian Sections nominating petitions for Section Managers must be addressed to Canadian Director Alex Reid, 169 Logan Ave., St. Lambert, Quebec. To be valid, petitions must be filed with him on or before closing dates.

TRAFFIC TOPICS

The boys in Chicago are making good use of the two-meter band, not only for emergency and c.d. (RACES) purposes, but also for the purpose of local delivery of traffic. Operating every night at 1945 CST on 145.6 Mc., the net, called the Watch Dog Net, covers Chicago and suburbs from Lake Forest on the north to Oak Park on the west and Chicago Heights on the south. Close cooperation with W9YIX and W9BUK of ILN, and W9LXD and W9KCW of IEN, will assure the steady flow of traffic in and out of the Chicago area.

Use of the v.h.f. bands for local traffic handling is a natural in large metropolitan areas. We all know that in the past it has often been harder to get traffic delivered to New York, Boston, St. Louis, Baltimore and other big cities than to smaller places; just why this is so we have never been able to figure out. At the same time there is bound to be a heavier v.h.f. population in these areas than out in the country. If it can be put to use in urban or suburban traffic nets, including mobiles who might deliver traffic to doorsteps (think of it!), it would really be worth white. How about it, fellows?

National Traffic System. We need some volunteers for Transcontinental Corps jobs. It's really not so tough, and you can help out just on a once-per-week basis. What we need most are good c.w. operators with good signals (which doesn't necessarily mean high power; the better the operator, the less power he needs). We know the bands are full of them, if they would only help us out on TCC. Since needs and requirements will change by the time this reaches you, we'll not detail them here; but if you would be willing to devote a couple of hours one or two nights a week to handling some long haul traffic, let us know, eh?

September reports:

male to man a si					
		Traf		Aver-	
Net	sions	fic	High	age	Consistent
EAN	22	668	64	30.4	3RN, 4RN
CAN	21	627	84	29.8	All
PAN	22	897	96	40.7	RN7
1RN	22	325	27	14.7	E. Mass., Me.,
					N. H., W. Mass.
2RN	44	165	14	3.7	NJN
2RN (Aug.)	21	146	20	6.9	NYS, NJN
3RN	22	213	43	9.7	MDD
4RN	40*	213	41	5.3	E. Fla.
RN5	25*	129	31	5.0	Ark.
RN6	44	367	26	8.4	BAN
8RN	13	23	8	1.8	Ohio
9RN	26	1485	159	57.1	III.
TEN	44	1302	86	29.3	Ia., Kans.
TRN	22	40	8	1.7	OSN
LSN (Los. A.).	26	354	40	13.6	
Minn. ('Phone).	26	55	14	2.1	
NYC/LI	18	81	10	4.5	
NYC/LI (Aug.)	13	75	17	5.8	
WSN (Wash.).	22	233	25	10.6	
QKS (Kans.)	13	108	17	8.3	
			-		
Total	472	7285	159	57.1	
Record	472	7285	159	57 1	

* Sessions reported out of 44 scheduled.

This was a record-breaking September, largely due to the fact that a good many NTS section nets are now reporting their statistics. Nice going, gang. While NTS progress may not seem to be fast enough to a lot of us, the respective figures in the above columns for Sept. 1952 are as follows: 455-4772-134-28. So you see, the progress since last year has been considerable. We have a long way to go.

W2ZRC has earned his EAN certificate. W6s IPW OFJ JZ HC and UTV have received PAN certificates. Four sections had perfect attendance on 1RN during September. W1BVR reports that the new system of section net liaison is working well and will be made permanent. Manager of 2RN, K2BG, is recovering from a serious illness. W3ONB is taking over as 3RN manager; the above is W3BIP's last report, although he will continue to participate. W5MRK reports for RN5. W6IPW, RN6 manager, says "Too many nets and not enough traffic or traffic handlers." Our 3RN is not getting much representation from Mich. or West Va. W4TAV takes over as acting 9RN manager while W9TT vacations. TEN certificates have been received by W\$BZK, W\$PZO, K\$FCR and VE4AZ. The

Fall TRN Bulletin issued by Manager VE3BUR indicates that TRN wants to keep trying; therefore, no further action will be taken on partition for the time being.

Following is the roster of operators in the Transcontinental Corps: Eastern Area — W1NJM (Mgr.), W2ZVW, W2RUF, W8DSX, W8FYO, W8UPB, W8YCP, VE3EAM, VE3GI. Central Area — W4AGC, W4TAV, W5KRX, W9BVE (Asst. Mgr.), W6SCA. Pacific Area — W6EFD, W6CMN, W6HOR, W6JZ (Asst. Mgr.), W6OFJ, W6YHM. W7EAU, W7NH, W9KHQ, W6ZJO.

The Pacific Area Staff now consists of W6JZ (Chairman), W8KHQ (Alt. Chairman), W6HC (Secy.), W6IPW, W7NII, W6ELQ and W7PKX. They meet on the air once per week to discuss NTS problems. The upturn of NTS fortunes in the Pacific Area attests the success of this experiment.

1954 FIELD DAY DATES

ARRL is pleased to announce that its next Field Day will be held June 12-13, 1954. Whether your preference is club, group, or individual participation, start planning for your annual FD outing now.

BRASS POUNDERS LEAGUE

Winners of BPL Certificates for September traffic:

KG6FAA 532 3375 3254 121 7282 W3CUL 261 2796 1971 811 5839 W9HKE 250 1692 1942 43 3927 W6LAB 70 1852 1893 41 3856 KA7LJ 422 1619 963 655 3660 KL7AR 78 1353 1270 34 2785 W4USA 53 1303 1291 65 2712 K6FCA 46 1346 1211 61 2664 W4PL 16 143 830 982 1971 W5MN 64 926 635 286 1911 KH6AHQ 44 772 739 31 1586 K6FAL 641 402 378 39 1460 KH6AJF 60 640 596 38 1239 W3USA 30 618 565 51	Call	Orig.	Recd.	Rel.	Del.	Total
WSUL. 261 2796 1971 811 5839 WØHKE 250 1692 1942 43 3927 WGLAB 70 1852 1893 41 3856 KA7LJ 422 1619 963 656 3660 KL7AIR 78 1353 1270 34 2785 W4USA 53 1303 1291 65 2712 K6FCA 46 1346 1211 61 2664 W4PL 16 143 830 982 1971 KH6FAA 156 784 672 78 1690 KH6AHQ 44 772 739 31 1586 K6FAL 641 402 378 39 1460 KH6AJF 60 640 596 48 1344 W3USA 30 618 565 51 1264 W3USA 30 618 565 51	KG6FAA	. 532	3375	3254	121	7282
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BPL for 100 or more originations-plus-deliveries:

K5NRX 220 W9SWM 112 W9LHB/Ø 104 KA2KS 124 W1AW 107 K5WBA 114 W8RO 107

The BPL is open to all operators who report to their SCM a message total of 500 or more, or 100 or more originations-plus-deliveries for any calendar month.

 All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month, covering station activities for the preceding month. Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns. The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.

ATLANTIC DIVISION

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM, W. H. Wiand, W3BIP—SEC: IGW. RM: AXA. PAM: PYF. E. Pa. Nets: 3610, 3850 kc. Eastern Pennsylvania regrets the passing of PSH, who was killed in the accidental crash of a private airplane Sept. 25th near Line Lexington, Pa. Henry, the son of QV, was president of the Abington Township ARA and active on 20-meter 'phone and c.w. as well as the E. Pa. Net. May I express, for all of us, our most sincere and deepest sympathy to the Martin family in their great loss. York ARC now meets at the Naval Reserve training center, with LUD assuming the duties of president since the resignation of DJF. RAF secretary, reports the Club had a very successful summer schedule including a 2-meter transmitter hunt, Field Day participation, and annual family pionic, while talks on various phases of amateur radio and electronics kept interest high during the summer club meetings. The DX Club elected the following new officers to serve for a term of one year: DWA, pres.; GHS, vice-pres.; SDE, secy.-treas. The Pottstown ARA just missed having its annual pionic during the keat wave, and with temperatures in the lower 60s a chilly time was had by all. The Phil-Mont Mobile RC reports several new members: IEJ, VCY, TMY, and VCE. During the Club's last transmitter hunt, nobody could find the hidden transmitter, with DSG doing the fine hiding job. OY, secretary of the Lancaster RTS, reports George Hart, National Emergency Coördinator, addressed a special meeting of the LRTS on the service aspects of amateur radio and civil defense. Eight mobile units of the club provided communications for the County Fire Police participating in a c.d. drill held at York, while the 2-meter emergency net of Lancaster provided the County Fire Police participating in a c.d. drill held at York, while the 2-meter emergency net of Lancaster provided the county with communications during the State-wide c.d. drill Oct. 6th. The Hilltop Transmitting Assn. of Red Lion, the new radio club mentioned in this column last month. the new radio club mentioned in this column last month, has a most significant name, being located 950 feet above sea level. IMV's 15-year-old YL, passed her General Class exam and now is WUH. Her first contact was a DL4 on 20-meter 'phone. TEC graduated from Novice to General Class and now is active on all bands. BES still is adding new countries to his now FB list. Traffic: (Sept.) W3CUL 5839, VR 677, BFF 177, ONA 117, NOK 92, BIP 49, AXA 47, GES 44, KAG 35, TSY 31, PDJ 30, UWP 24, QOL 19, QLZ 18, TEJ 18, SHP 14, UOE 14, VN 12, PVY 9, DUI 7, AEQ 5. (Aug.) W3CUL 7554, SSU 10, QLZ 8, ELI 5, BES 3.

MARYIAND-DEI AWARE-DISTRICT OF COLUM

AEQ 5. (Aug.) W3CUL 7554, SSU 10, QLZ 8, ELI 5, BES 3.

MARYLAND-DELAWARE-DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA — SCM, Arthur W. Plummer, W3EQK — On Sept. 25th the Eastern Shore Amateur Radio Club was organized by about 60 hams and would-be hams from the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia and the Delaware Counties of Newcastle, Kent, and Sussex. The meeting was attended by 27 hams, including your SEC W3PRL and the SCM. SBR of Bridgeville, Del., was elected pres; TCQ, of Seaford, Del., vice-pres.; and FU, of Denton, Md., sccy.-treas. A steering or activity committee of PVO, DOG, and BM was named to assist the club officers. CDQ has returned from lier European trip and reports while over there she worked W3WV from IIER, Milano, Italy, on 20-meter c.w. HC now is ready for traffic nets. WN3VOZ/VOZ, Tech. Class, has a BC-788 on 420 Mc. AYS is up to 156 countries with 30 watts. His latest — CEØAA, Easter Islandl BM, who is about the most active station on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, expects to go mobile soon. Jerry is Worcester County EC, OBS, OPS, ORS, and OO Class III and IV. The first October meeting of the BARCS saw FQR and HKJ speaking on transistors and single side-band. WN3WAF worked his first Georgia and New Hampshire stations. HC is ready for net work. The State of Maryland c.d. amateur radio station call is WPB. BWT/AKB report the MDD Net is running fine. HKS has his Lysco going great guns again. Gates, at USA, reports plenty of activity in ESN and MDD. WKB is a new ham at Foxville on 20 and 40-meter c.w. The S.E.T. held at Hagerstown Sept. 13th in conjunction with

the Red Cross and CIQ-CSX/M, RAH/M, SKN/M, SQA/M, TJV, and VAM was very successful. CIQ handled the direction of activities by land line from Red Cross Headquarters and was patched into CJ's transmitter while mobile units handled traffic at the hospital, fire department, and telephone company headquarters. ARA set up a message center at the Hagerstown Fair Sept. 21st through Sept. 25th, under CIQ/S. Those participating were CIQ. SCC, SKN, SQA, TUY, VAM, and WNSWO. VQZ is newily-appointed OO. Class III-IV, ASE has been at Perrin AFE, Sherman, Tex., where he operated KSFEO. MCG, back from the Arctic Regions, again is active on 40 and 80 meters. WNSWVK is a new cell at CARC. MCG has been very busy at K5WSP. The Washington Mobile Radio Club Hamfest held at Palisade Park Oct. 4th was a howling success. MARS had the 4USA mobile 600-wat job on hand which attracted a lot of interest. At the first Ottober meeting of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors. He was accompanied by GHX and HKI, who gave a good bit of the BARCS FQR spoke on the arbitect of transistors are greater to the second of the mobile of the mobil

officers of the RARA v.h.f. group are ALL, pres.; VIE, vicepres.; AKM, secy.-treas. YIE has 10/10 beam on 2 meters. YUE is mobile on 2 meters. ALL gave a talk on new tubes and 420-Mc. converter at the v.h.f. meeting. The Rochester Mobile group held a hidden transmitter hunt, with YPR the winner. The Novice traffic net operates on 3720 kc. at 10 a.m. Sun. and 5 F.M. Tues. MSI is NCS. ORI spoke at the RARA v.h.f. meeting on the application of noise generators. CZT attended the ARRL Convention in Houston. CRD, the official Red Cross station in Syraouse, is linked directly to Washington, D. C. with teletype. OLH has an S-40 receiver, 6AG7-807 transmitting at 45 watts on 80- and 40-meter c.w. QQ has an HQ-140X. Traffic: (Sept.) W2ZRC 163, HKA 107, COU 84, OE 68, BNC 65, EMW 51, KEL 35, UTH 34, SJV 27, IPC 22, RQF 19, K2DG 18, W2RJI 44, ZHU 6. (Aug.) W2KEL 12, SVC 10, July) K2AAH/27. WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA — SCM. R. M. Heck, W3NCD — SEC: CA. RMs: NUG, GEG, UHN. PAMs: AER, LXE. I am happy to report that several applications for AREC have been processed since last month, but we still need many more, especially in active and organized groups, one member of which I will be glad to make the EC. Let all active clubs form such a group for their particular county or community. Send for full information to our SEC (see Oct. QST page 72). He will be glad to assist you in your planning. The BARC, Emporium, through TCP, the new correspondent for The Bucktail Hamster sends the latest news: Newly-elected officers of the BARC are WN3VEE, pres.; RVS, vice-pres.; TCP, secy.; 2QLR, treas.; and 3OLB, sgt. at arms. NM J has been appointed program chairman. KUN has a new vertical radiator. PTU is working mobile on 40 and 75 meters. TRMA also is mobile. DNO is now a resident of Chicago. TYC and IIX are working on new equipment. From the SCARC we hear of the plans for winter activities beginning with officer elections and that big kw. on 2 meters just as soon as RXT and his advisors get the bugs removed. We are glad to hear that NRQ has reco The MCRA has changed its club meetings to the 2nd and 4th Wed. nights each month, and extends an invitation to all amateurs to come and join in the activities. The WPA Traffic Net is back on 3585 kc. Mon. through Fri. at 7 P.M. EST. NCSs are as follows: UVD, NUG, LXQ, UHN, and SIJ. Net certificates were issued the following: AAX, GEG, KNQ, KUN, KWL, LXE, LXQ, MEF, MIE, MIZ, NCD, NRE, NUG, SIJ, UHN, and UVD. Let all who can join this net if only regularly once a week; it will give our section that much more coverage. Traffic: (Sept.) W3GEG 114, UHN 27, AER 20, SIJ 20, CA 17, KUN 11, LSS 10, NCD 10, NUG 6, MIZ 5, KNQ 4. (Aug.) W3NRE 153, GEG 80.

CENTRAL DIVISION

CENTRAL DIVISION

INDIANA—SCM, Clifford C. McGuyer, W9DGA—I would like to take this opportunity to thank you for giving me the honor of serving as your SCM for the past two years. Thanks to LOS LZI, TT, BKJ, DOK, NTA, JUJ, JBQ, WWT, QLW, and YWE; also to those who reported regularly. Your new SCM is BKJ. Mail reports to George Graue, S24 Home Ave., Ft. Wayne. OGX replaced his screen modulation with 811 Class B modulators. PPS and STC have a cabin at Flat Rock. VNV has 10 watts on 3910-kc. mobile. SWH received an RFN certificate. PQA has a new Viking. The DARA has a station at the local high school under the calls DUK and YUE and also a code class for students. JUJ has dropped most of her traffic schedules, but will stay on QIN and CAN. BDP is an old-time Morse operator. DKR reports the Kokomo Club has a code theory class for newcomers. WIN has a new 75A-3 receiver. The Mobile Amateur Radio Club of South Bend has affiliated with ARRL. BPLs this month include NZZ, JUJ, and SWM. YWE joined MARS and is taking his traffic on a mill. KLR visited the New England states. CMT has a new folded dipole antenna. NTR has a code class with 40 students. HDB got married. DHJ finds 80 meters very good early in the morning. IFR has a new shack. KLR worked 148 stations in 12 states in the last V.H.F. Contest. SWM is working DX on 40-meter c.w. WN9YIG has worked 42 states. WN9ZSK has a new Heath transmitter. New Novices in Martinsville are ZSK, ZRS, and ZRC. TT vacationed in Wisconsin. JBQ handled the S.E.T. for the RFN Net. BKJ reports FWRC S.E.T. activities were down from last year. DGA and UHV were delegates from TARS for IRCC at Wabash. KDV has moved into a sound-proof shack in the basement. KDV ranked 9th in the nation in the July C.D. "Phone Party. DUD is working on 813 rig. BKJ visited QYQ, BOC, KDV, and NTA. NH has a new Viking and worked ZLIWW and VP4LZ on 160 meters. NH also is WAS on 160 meters. LQE still is the most active OBS. The TARS Annual Hamfest found 144 registered. PQR, UHY, and FJI made all arrangements and sho fried epartments. EUC and BOF have new cars. BKJ is rebuilding. NH received a microphone from his XYL for his birthday. SWM won a soldering iron at the Cincinnati Hamfest. New appointments this month include WIN and NH as OPS; ZSC, EC for Henry County; RDJ,

EC for Vanderburgh County; JVF, EC for Hancock County; and JIP, EC for Hamilton County. WBA is station manager for AB. ZIB has a new all-band Viking mobile rig including 2 meters. Traffic: (Sept.) W9NZZ S72, JUJ 669, SWM 447, YWE 348, TT 294, UQF 94, QYQ 93, ERB 88, NTA 70, AB 52, STC 46, DHJ 40, DOK 40, UMS 38, SKP 36, OLX 32, LZI 26, VNV 26, PPS 22, CMT 20, FYM 20, LQE 18, STW 18, WBA 18, DKR. 10, BDF 8, ZIB 4, KDV 3, DGA 2, IFR 2, QLW 2, KLR 1, NH 1, NTR 1, WIN 1, YVS 1. (Aug.) W9OGX 50.

WISCONSIN — SCM, Reno W. Goetsch, W9RQM — SEC: OVO. PAM: ESJ. RMs: MQV, UNJ. Nets: (WIN) 3625 kc. 7 P.M. Mon.-Fri.; (BEN) 3950 kc. 6 P.M. daily. State mobile and c.d. frequency: 29,620 kc. VBZ uses a Viking I with VFO, and an NC-125. Net certificates (BEN) were issued to VBZ and WIR. VKR built an 811 modulator for 'phone operation. A new club has been formed at Globe-Union in Milwaukee and includes LCD. pres.: VYX., FSZ, VTZ, GNW. YAX., OQF, and WNs WZL, ZCH and ZGI. IXA is NCS on TLJ-9RN Mon. OOF is building a 4-125A final with variable inductance tank. SDK expects to have autennas back up for the winter. NWRC held its annual banquet at Eau Claire Sept. 24th. TKY has Elmac transmitter and Gonset Super Six converter for mobile operation. WN9ZAD had 58 contacts in 5 sections in the last V.H.F. Contest. The N.E.W. V.H.F. Club has started a net on 146.25 kc. with ZJA, OPA, UMJ, GFL, WN9ZIX, and WN9VGL participating. A heavy schedule at school prevented UNJ from making BPL. KXK is working DX again with the benefit of a new three-element 20-meter beam, WN9AEM took his General Class exam. CGO is back in Antigo following his release from active duty in the Navy. IZE/M has been checking into the BEN from Nebraska. New appointments: RKT as EC, VKR as OBS, and LGR/9 as ORS. EWC, ANM. APU, NRP, and SZL renewed EC appointments: RKT as EC, VKR as OBS, and LGR/9 as ORS. EWC, ANM. APU, NRP, and SZL renewed EC appointments: RKT as EC, VKR as OBS, and LGR/9 as ORS. EWC, ANM. APU, NRP, and SZL renewed EC appointments: RKT as EC, VKR as OBS,

DAKOTA DIVISION

DAKOTA DIVISION

SOUTH DAKOTA — SCM, J. W. Sikorski, WØRRN — Asst. SCMs: Earl Shirley, ØYQR, and Martha Shirley, ØZWL. SEC: GGP. PAMs: UVL and NJQ. RM: OLB. The Prairie Dog ARC, Sioux City (Iowa) ARC, and Sioux Falls ARC held a joint picnic at Union County State Park. OLB has a new modulator, running T240s. NGM is moaning over a blown HV transformer. KØFCR made BPL the third month in a row. NEO is newly-appointed OPS and OBS. The newly-organized Black Hills 75-meter net (3885 kc.) meets daily at 1700 MST and Sun. and holidays 1230 MST. OJQ. HWB, and QEK are NCSs. FCR has moved to a new location at Ellsworth AFB. OJQ is building an 813 rig with 811 modulators, and QEK is going wild with grounded grid amplifier with 833A. The SFARC has acquired a new 2.5-kw. emergency generator through the efforts of WN 600Z. OOZ has completed the 75-watter in Dec. '52 QST. Traffic: KØFCR 772. WØOLB 199, OJQ 164, PHR 67. NEO 29, QEK 22, BNA 17, NGM 2.

MINNESOTA — SCM, Charles M. Bove, WØMXC—Asst. SCM: Vince Smythe. ØGGQ. SEC: ZDU. RM: OMC—Asst. SCM: Vince Smythe. ØGGQ. SEC: ZDU. RM: OMC—Asst. SCM: Vince Smythe. ØGGQ. SEC: ZDU. RM: OMC—PAMs: JIE and UCV. SZJ now is mobile using a BC-457 and running 50 watts input. K6EA/Ø is back on the air at Bemidji. Transmitter hunts are again in full swing in Minneapolis with the coming of winter activities. WNØQDP and WNØQDR are new Novices in Winona. HBE is plananger She is Lydia. KJZ. The Net Manager of the MSN C.W. Net is looking for new outlets in Southern Minnesota. He also would like news of station activities for the net paper, the Trumpet. Mail all news to DQL, the publisher. CSG is the new Asst. SEC. Anyone having an EC certificate that needs endorsing, please send it to Bob Coons, ZDU, in care of Northern State Power Co., 51 So 5th St., Minneapolis, Minn. The Mobile Amateur Radio Corps is setting up a complete radio station at the civil defense headquarters in Minneapolis. This ecuipment will consist of a new Collins 75A-3 and a 32V-3. GVA has entered the service of our country. Tra

DELTA DIVISION

ARKANSAS — SCM, Fred Ward, W5LUX — Things are about back to normal after the summer low. We have one BPL certificate going to K5WBA, and RWJ just barely missed one. The S.E.T. was responsible for a lot of activity and next year we should have our plans perfected with (Continued on page 84)



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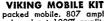
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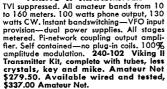
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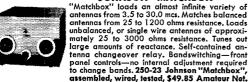
Dual mobile antenna loading network for 10 and 20 meter amateur bands. Mounts in center of standard mobile whip—enables operator to change bands in motion. Operation is completely automatic, no relays or mechanical control required. After initial adjustment. BI-NET requires no further attention. Enclosed in streamlined, weatherproof plastic housing —equipped with 1/2" x24 female threads for antenna mounting. Size, 47/4" high 55/6" long, 27/5" width, weight 14 oz. 250-22 Johnson "Bi-Nei" \$10.95 Amateur Net.



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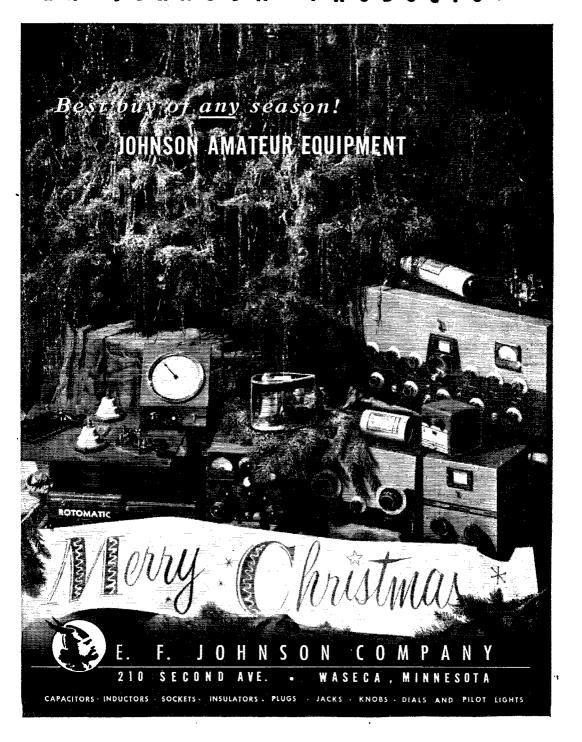


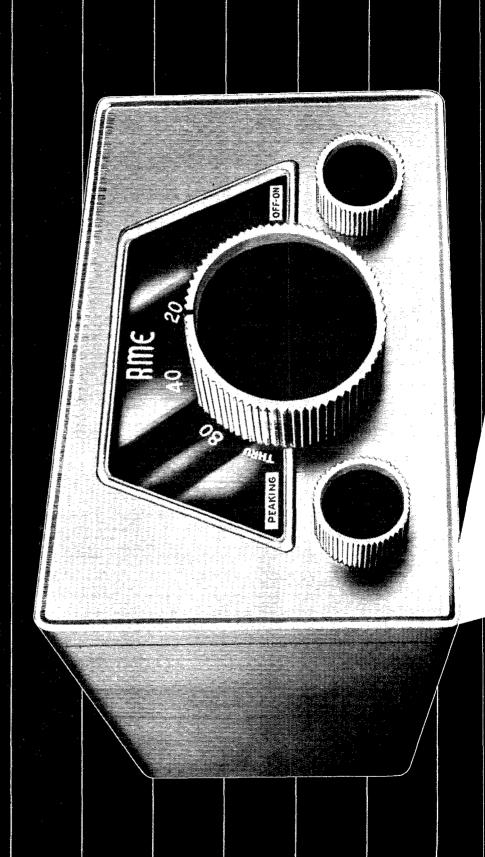
LOW PASS RF FILTER

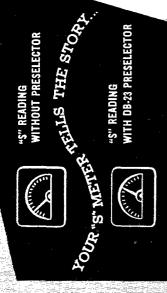
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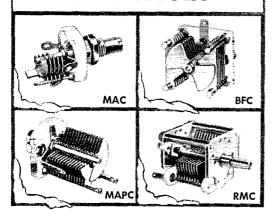
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the civil defense well organized. The meeting at Jonesboro was attended by a good number and enjoyed by all. VTZ set up at the Craighead County Fair and accepted messages from the public. They got a front-page picture in the local paper and did a fine job. ZZK is a new call at Siloam. DYF is now a married man. Hope he didn't sell the rig to buy the ring. DRW is surrounded with a forest of TV antennas and is keeping pretty quiet while he looks over the s.s.b. rigs, and farms for sale. VUL is the new EC for Clarksville. BGV and BQJ are new calls at Stuttgart. Traffic: W5RWJ 420, K5WBA 247, W5EA 21.

MISSISSIPPI — SCM, Dr. A. R. Cortese, W5OTD — You fellows didn't give me enough for a report last month, so I did not make one. The c.w. net meets every evening on 3795 kc. AMZ is NCS. TXK reports 25 members in a new radio club at Hardie Junior High in Jackson. The Hurricane Net has a flower fund. UTK is treasurer. The N. E. Mississippi Amateur Radio Club will meet at Legion Hut. Tupelo, Miss. the lat Sun. in December starting at 12 noon. Bring your own lunch. We need more OOs in the section. SYBG and YXZ have dropped the "N." ACS is president of the Gulf Coast Radio Club. SRT is DXing on 20 meters. OTD has a new mobile rig on 10. 20. and 75 meters. VAID's rig shorted out and burned. RIM is busy on MARS nets. QYX has a new shack. WZ has a new TVIed exciter. If you fellows like these reports, let's have some news. Traffic: W5JHS 134, UTK 128, KYO 83, RIM 58, AMZ 24, BX 10, OTD 2. WZ 2, YBH 2.

TENNESSEE — SCM. Mark M. Bowelle, W4CXY/WLG—SEC: NJE. PAM; QT. RM; SCF. Thone net frequency, 3980 kc.; c.w. net frequency, 3635 kc. Day and night some of the gang can be found around the State net frequencies and your Tennessee traffic can be moved. For the opening month of the traffic season it looks like we are going to have a good year with 18 reporting and 3 making BPL. MQV is holding a fine T-55 transmitter that was purchased by the Tennessee Net gang for a handicapped amateur who has passed on. This rig is not for sale but

GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY — SCM, Ivan C. Kelly, W4TUT — With the fall months here traffic is picking up on KYN and KFN. Morning Cornerackers are handling their part of it, too— mostly "grab as grab can." WHC still runs up those traffic Morning Cornerackers are handling their part of it, too mostly "grab as grab can." WHC still runs up those traffic scores; he also got his mobile going and is working up a 6-meter transmitter. He is trying to start a club at Fort Campbell. The Louisyille Red Cross Net is back in operation. WNH now is OPS and ORS and mixing the new school year with DX. KKG is active again with dual 10-20 beam. WXL now is General Class. SBI still is trying to get his one-gallon on the air. DXer KZF is resting and sending code to a new ir. operator. TAV is full of school and traffic. AHL is farming and working nights but sometimes makes the Corneracker Net. JUI still is building frequency measuring equipment. UWA now is in college after the E.E. degree. WN4ZI.K, W4CAB, and WBL are new AREC members. SKE, who was made happy by Kentucky and neighboring hams, says, "Thanks, gang, you are all wonderful guys." QJU has swell new roof-top vertical, Traffic: (Sepc.) W4TAY 047. WHC 527, YZE 90, SBI 50, UWA 34, WXI. 17, WNH 10, JPP 8, AHL 4, KZF 4, JUI 2. (Aug.) W4TAY 718.

MICHIGAN — SCM, Fabian T, McAllister, W8HKT—Asst. SCMs: Bob Cooper, W8AQA; Joe Beljan, W8SCW; Mickey Wills, W8CPB. SEC: GJH. New appointment: FSZ as OPS. Fall weather ushered in more activity on the nets, but there is still room for improvement. Especially needed are reliable stations to take a turn as NCS. New

MICKEY WILLS, WSC.PB. SEC.: GJH. New appointments. FSZ as OPS. Fall weather ushered in more activity on the nets, but there is still room for improvement. Especially needed are reliable stations to take a turn as NCS. New officers of the Genesee County Radio Club are FPO, pres.; YKW, vice-pres.; KLZ, secy.; JAX, treas. The Blossomland Amateur Radio Club elected JFW, pres.; NSA, vice-pres.; ORM, secy.-treas. The Great Lakes Net now operates on Mon., Wed., and Fri. at 7:30 P.M. EST as a "call-in" net. HML, IJL, and AHV are NCS, with HMX, ISE, and 9KOY as Alternates. Two-meter activity has been high with the Genesee County boys, and they have staged a couple of successful transmitter hunts. The gang in the Huron Valley Club came up with something new. Last year they cooperated with the local police in Ann Arbor by furnishing Halloween prankster mobile patrols. The idea went over so well that they repeated it this year. Careful, fellows, this may lead to?a Goblin Net, with wrist-watch mobiles! SJF is sporting a new Viking IL. Wonder if SCW will get to use it too! EGI got a change (Continued on page 86)

a Suggestion

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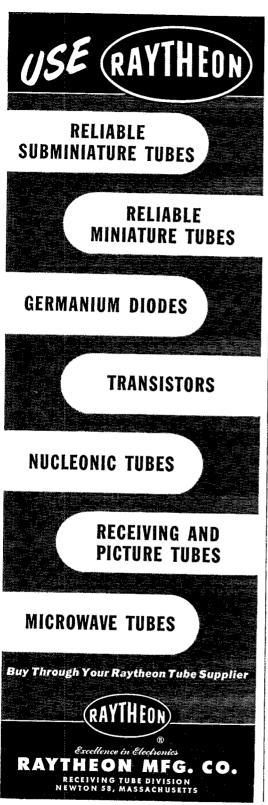
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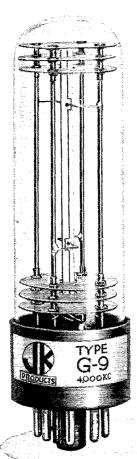
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in working hours and it upset both his family skeds and his network skeds. FX writes about a dream of a vecation in New England; he attended to a dream of a vecation in New England; he attended to a dream of a vecation in New England; he attended to a guys, something that will go on the 2 x 4 lot. We haven't seen the reports on the 1 seen of the county of the seen of the seen

HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK — SCM, Stephen J. Neason, W21LI — SEC: RTE, RMs: TYC, KBT, PAMs: IJG, JQI, HSM, Putnam County EC, has moved to Mahapoc and is extremely busy organizing AREC. As a result of his efforts, a local net is operating on 3735 kc. K2BXD, K2BXE, KN2EKD, and KN2ELP are members. A satisfactory 144-Mc, test was held between Dutchess C.D. Headquarters and Carmel recently. Carmel and Mahapoc area of 144 Mc. and Carmel recently. Carmel and Mahapoc are on 144 Mc. VDZ has a new jr. operator and a new home in Poughkeepsie. BXE is on 3.8 and 144 Mc. from his new QTH in Fishkill. RTE is using a new 2.5-kw. motor generator for (Continued on page 88)



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The JK type G-9 is available with flexure mode crystals from 4 to 80 kc, providing rugged, precise frequency control at temperatures in the -40° to $+70^{\circ}$ C. range. These crystals have a high ratio of capacities (C_o, C) resulting in a high degree of isolation from associated circuitry. Consult us for application and engineering information.

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emergency power. Ted has just completed a 32-element horizontal and 32-element vertical back-to-back beam for 144-Mc. operation. Our section was alive with activity during the V.H.F. Contest on 144 Mc. Some of the reports are as follows: JPB, operating from Windham Mountain, worked all of New England except Rhode Island. ILI was mobile from three states. K2CXP was active from Point Lookout and MHE was assisted by K2BEK from Mount Beacon. K2NAG will be active on NYS with WZQ as the operator. K2ATG is on 144 Mc. from Yonkers. UKA, GTC. and EFU conducted tests on 6 meters in Hudson for our AREC-c.d. set-up in Columbia County. KN2EKS has secured his ticket with the help of BSH and is active on 3.7 Mc. with nine watts. It seems that some of us request appointments to secure wallpaper for the shack. This not only makes your SCM hot under the collar but also makes a dead section. Let us keep our section alive by sending in your activity reports together with some news for this column. OKI is working on 21 Mc. with 15 watts and a half-wave doublet. John is working out FB and claims it is a great band. Traffic: W2IFP 140, TYC 71, EFU 66, LLI 62, K2BSD 51, W2LRW 48, APH 9, OKI 7, K2NAG 4. (Aug.) W2IFP 183, MRQ 14.

NEW YORK CITY AND LONG ISLAND—SCM. Carleton L. Coleman, W2YBT — Asst. SCM: Harry Dannals, 2TUK. SEC: ZAL RM: VNJ. PAM: JZX. The Northern Nassau Amateur Radio Club conducts both code and theory lessons the 2nd and 4th Tue. at 8 p.m. at the Roslyn High School. For information contact NFU. VNJ reports traffic totals are down because of a heavy flying schedule and that the NLI c.w. net meets Mon. through Fri. on

High School. For information contact NFU. VNJ reports traffic totals are down because of a heavy flying schedule and that the NLI c.w. net meets Mon. through Fri. on 3630 kc. JZX visited Headquarters, N. Y. State Convention, and has nominated BTB for the Edison Award. The NLI 'phone net meets Mon. through Fri. on 3943 kc. Both nets operate at 7:30 P.M. and have liaison between them and with outside area not and the Netical Traffic and that the NLI c.w. nes meets Mon. surrough A.A. va. 53630 ko. JZX visited Headquarters, N. Y. State Convention, and has nominated BTB for the Edison Award. The NLI phone net meets Mon. through Fri. on 3943 kc. Both nets operate at 7:30 r.m. and have liaison between them and with outside area nets and the National Traffic System. RWQ is on 7 Mc. after years of 20-meter operation. OMG received the BRAT Award for July and August on NLI, made WAS, and now is back at school. IVS is active in five nets. IN its working MARS skeds as well as being sparkplug of the Bronx 2-meter net. The Sunday Rag Chew Net operates at 10 a.m. on 3943 kc. KJG, NJL, and SNA are new OrB. The Smithtown Civil Defense ARA has a new 10-meter rig at WALK. in Seldon, under the call GSW. JOA makes the BPL again with over 500. OGX has a new three-element 10-meter beam. The Suffolk County Primary Election returns were cleared via GSW/2 to 1WKW/1 at WICC and put on a.m. and TV using the 10- and 2-meter bands. WL is active with a Collins 310 on 80- and 40-meter c.w. We are sorry to report JSV. EC for Queens, passed away Sept. 30th. Brooklyn EC KGN operated the S.E.T. patterned after the Nassau plan originated by FI, Nassau EC. A very successful meeting of borough and county ECs was held recently at the home of ZAI. AOD, an active OES, reports five QSOs with Northern New Jersey stations on 435 Mc. and is constructing 2-meter gear to operate from either 6 v.d.c. or 110 v.a.c. 11G has the new 100-wat all-band rig completed. OBU is moving to a new 2nd-floor shack and looking for a Viking. Pf is continuing as chairman of the First Army Area MARS advisory committee. CLG visited W6s AAO, OE, and WDR, operating 2 meters while on another West Coast trip. UGB, the Rag Chew Net NCS is on a Washington vacation. IX has a new 3-stack co-ax antenna. GF is back from W4-Land, where he has been teaching at W.U. school. DYP is on 75-meter 'phone and 80-meter c.w. for the first time in 15 years. OBU and TUK KFV looking out for the 2-meter c.d. equipment. YBT worked



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W6BET	W6HB	W6OMC	W6UOV	W6ZZL W6TVS	W410 W6QD		
W6BMU	W6HUB	WOOMC	W6VQD	WN6SCZ	WEENV		
W6CBN	WOINJ	W6OS	W6VW	WAOHU	W9AIO		
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and then for a bit of DX. NIY is running morning skeds on 20 meters with VK3MH. The State Line Radio Club of N. Y. & N. J. meets the 1st Wed. of each month in technical session. ZTZ is act. mgr. The group is working on a code proficiency program for both the Novices and the old-timers, reports K2BPG, seey.-treas. CCS expects to have the new 20-meter beam atop the tower in time for the winter season. EWZ submitted his Geb poorthy property without a new 20-meter beam atop the tower in time for the winter season. EWZ submitted his 60th monthly report without a miss. JCO is active on 80 meters with 40 watts to an 807. Ron is active in local nets as well as the W. Mass. Net, and the N. Y. C.-L. I. Net. K2BIF, K2CRE, and K2BYB, of the Irvington Radio Amateur Club, recently made the grade from the Novice ranks. QLF now is commercial operator about a bit of the country of the country and the wealth. of the Irvington Radio Amateur Club, recently made the grade from the Novice ranks. QLF now is commercial operator aboard a ship on a four-month trip around the world. The Irvington Club invites all Novices and beginners to join the Mon. night code classes. For further details contact K2BYB. While on a vacation trip to Maine YLS operated W2BTG/1 at North Pond near Smithfield. KXD is active on 75 meters with 30 watts. HJD and VAV visited Washington recently. IBIG was a recent visitor to RVRC. FQN was a speaker at a recent RVRC meeting, YGP is a new member of RVRC. C.w. operators at QW during the CD QSO Party were HJD, K2BJF, KN2CAR, and KN2CHL. K2BJP now is General Class. New Bloomfield Radio Club officers are HWH, pres.; ANG, vice-pres.; KN2ETH, rec. secy.; UWN, treas.; GC, corr. secy.; YOG, chief op.; and FNM, custodian. A new Novice net operates on 3737 kc. week days at 1700 hours. The Teen-Agers Net now operates on 3630 kc. daily at 1815 hours. JOA is Net Manager. KN2CHL is awaiting General Class license. AICARA has changed headquarters to the Monmouth County Red Cross Bldg. EGM's XYL has her Novice ticket. Much credit goes to CBT for his fine work as Net Control of the New Jersey State C.D. Net, on 3993 kc., Sun. at 0930 hours. IIN reports fine work recently was done by the newly-formed Elizabeth TVI committee in cooperation with the FCC. DME was heard working some good 2-meter DX. K2DHE is going mobile on 160 meters. NUI was presented an honor award by the American Legion for his work in handling traffic to the boys overseas. Traffic: (Sept.) W2CCG 190. CCS by the American Legion for his work in handling traffic to the boys overseas. Traffic: (Sept.) W2CGG 190, CCS 140, WCL 137, NKD 63, EAS 60, CXW 58, K2BWP 55, EB 50, W2JCO 46, FPM 16, ZDH 16, OXL 7, K2WAH 6, W2HIA 6, CJX 4, NIY 2. (Aug.) W2CGG 194.

MIDWEST DIVISION

IOWA—SCM, William G. Davis, W@PP—QVA reports that TIU got his hand caught in a belt on some farm ports that TIU got his hand caught in a belt on some farm machinery but now is getting along OK. 9TKX was transferred from Rockford by the Naval Reserve and now is \$\text{gQWN}\$. KZP has moved to Hannibal, Mo. 8ICB is in Burlington and has a new call. \$\text{gQEE}\$. TY has left for a 4-month cruise around the world as radioman in the merchant marine. FYN and WRM have new IOA s.s.b. exciters. SEF is at home in Des Moines. VFM has won his WAS and is now with WHBF as technician. YTA reports his only activity for the past 2 months has been mobile. The Des Moines Club had a super-duper transmitter hunt Sept. 27th. The Club had an antenna-raising party and as a result AUL and PZO are sporting new flattops. KRL moved his surplus equipment with a bang; the Club now has a fine rack-mounted 300-wart rig to be used as an emergency rig on 29.6 Me. WN@PAN is going right into the traffic game. rack-mounted 300-watt rig to be used as an emergency rig on 29.6 Me. WNØPAN is going right into the traffic game. New licenses in Spencer are WNs PIN, PIM, and PIX and Ws KGX, QNA, and PZF. The Western Union honored UHC, GEL, and TITT for their help when an ice storm on Jan. 15th took out their wires. YBV reports the Cedar Valley Club has been very active running transmitter hunts, checking the set-up to assist police, with various organizations such as the Red Cross, civil defense, etc., invited to witness the demonstration. Thanks to SCA for his fine job on the August SCM report. Traffic: (Sept.) WØBDR 1010, SCA 768, CZ 200 PZO 174, GVA 63, LCX 48. ERP 37, BBZ 34, BLH 6, SEF 4, FSX 3, NYX 3. (Aug.) WØLCX 88, BBZ 33.

KANSAS—SCM, Earl N, Johnston, WØICV—SEC: PAH, PAM: FNS, RM: NIY. The SeKan Radio Club of Southeastern Kansas put on an outstanding hamfest at

Southeastern Kansas put on an outstanding hamfest at Independence Sept. 13th. Its organization resembled that Independence Sept. 13th. Its organization resembled that of a small convention and the members can be proud of a job well done. More than 160 were registered from Texas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, California, and Kansas. The Lawrence Amateur Radio Club held an impromptupienie for its members at Lake Shawnee Sept. 12th. Club members are working on 6-meter gear and hope to get in on some State contacts this winter. MXG, of Topeka, has his General Class ticket and is building a Viking II. Charley already has a TBS-50 to put in his car when he gets the Viking finished. WGM has just refinished his FB shack with knotty pine, acoustical slab ceiling, and rearranged operating position, getting set for lots of activity this winter on QKS and Kansas 'Phone Net. Activity and traffic reports are not in at this time and we're heading for XE-Land for a vacation. Traffic reports will go in next month.

MISSOURI — SCM, Clarence L. Arundale, W6GBJ—SCC: VRF, PAMS: AZL and BVL. RMS: OUD and QXO. It is with sorrow and regret that we report the passing of

It is with sorrow and regret that we report the passing of DEQ, NNH, and GPC, the latter as the result of a motor-cycle accident. The South St. Louis Amateur Radio Club (Continued on page 92)

MALLORY HAM BULLETIN

Mallory Mercury Batteries in Transistor Circuits



Expected Continuous Service Life in Audio Oscillator/Clipper Combination is Two Years!

The desirability of adequate shelf-life in transistor batteries was demonstrated pretty clearly to us recently when we had occasion to analyze the results obtained from a personal exploration into the transistor field. Here is what happened.

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The figure of time arrived at was just short of phenomenal! Almost 2 years of continuous ... day and night ... operation could be expected from those cells!

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And that is one good reason why experienced transistor investigators have been specifying Mallory Mercury Batteries for transistor applications, because they know from experience that Mallory Batteries provide a shelf-life characteristic of almost ideal proportion for this service. It is not unusual to learn that satisfactory performance has been obtained from these units after more than two years on the shelf. Another and even more important feature of the Mallory Mercury Batteries for transistor circuits is the constant discharge characteristics.

Obviously, the battery with the most uniform electrical characteristics, that is, constancy of voltage, or constancy of current, with respect to time, longest shelf-life and smallest size is the best buy for transistor applications. That is exactly why you will want to select Mallory Mercury Batteries as well as other Mallory components, from your Mallory Distributor for all transistor experiments. Check with him soon.

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meets monthly at the home of one of its members. JRR and RSZ are stationed at the Amarillo A. F. B. in Texas. ECE has resumed his traffic activities. BUB is taking a 7-week radio course in Kansas City. LUW now has his General Class license. CDW is keeping a schedule with her father, KJC. BVL reports that the Early Bird Net is back in operation. QMF is trying out a new antenna. BAF is busy setting up two mobile stations in house trailers for Corps of Engineers use in flood work. 9LHB/Ø now is taking some additional school training, so his traftic activities will suffer for a while. CPI had a new cabinet made for his 310B1 exciter to improve TVI conditions. VRF is busy building the back porch into a ham shack. FIR built a ham shack in his garage and is in the process of setting up his equipment in the new shack. BPI. certificates go to CPI. QXO, and 9LHB/Ø. New hams reporting: WNØs PYD and QWS. Ex-5MED now is ØQWB and is located in Springfield. The call PNA has been issued to the radio club at the Central Bible Institute in Springfield. New AREC members: WNØs QXM and OIV. EVN is operating portable from Rolla. DTF is moving to Illinois. Traffic: (Sept.) WØCPI 943, QXO 811, W9LHB/Ø 350. WØGAR 119, LIS 71, GBJ 61, JSR 56. CKQ 55, BZK 52. HUI 46, BYL 33, ETW 28, OUD 28, EBE 19, QMF 12, BAF 11, BUL 10, KIK 8, MRQ 8, ECE 3. (Aug.) WØBVL 11.

NEBRASKA—SCM Floyd B. Campbell. WØCBH—Asst. SCM: Thomas S. Boydston, ØYX. SEC: JDJ. RM: EUT. The C.W. Net is back in operation on 3520 kc. at 7 p.m. with LJO as RM. Rotation NCS, JDJ. RDN. LOD, and IXL. MAO is NCS of the Slow Speed Net. The Net handled 7 messages and a lot of informals. The NSS meets Mon. through Fri. at 5:15 p.m. on 3750 kc. WNØOMH is Alternate NCS. The boys in North Platte have offered their services to the Lincoln County sheriff in his capacity as c.d. director and will be issued deputy sheriff's cards. KXD has a new Viking nobile rig. KDW has his new Viking II with VFO and a nice signal in North Platte. KWQ is a grandpa for the first time. RLDN is getting reque meets monthly at the home of one of its members. JRR and

requency monitored twenty-four hours a day from Omaha. IOS is trying to convince his neighbors that the new 10-over-20 beam is only a TV antenna for Channel 1. QHG is having trouble keeping awake since overhauling that noisy relay. NET had a nice rest in the hospital. Traffic: WRDN 100, VYX 34, ZJF 22, HTA 18, EGQ 16, NAA 15, CBH 11, MAO 11, LRK 10, QHG 10, KDW 9, HQN 7, HQQ 6, RYG 6, IAY 5, ISV 5, OFL 4, ORW 4, BPF 3, MJK 3, TIP 3, KØWBF 3, WØBEA 2, DJU 2, GTW 1, IRW 1.

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT — SCM, Roger C. Amundsen, W1HYF — SEC: LKF, PAM: FOB. RAI: KYQ. CN-3640, CPN-3880, CEN-29,580 kc. This month breaks all records in number reporting traffic and in news! CPN and CN had an FB meeting at GB on Sept. 19th. CN now meets at 6:45, both A.M. and P.M. ZGZ and YZY want AREC membership. TWZ has a Viking II. EFW is real active, converting from CAP. EOB has 400 watts in Dayville, WPR is on with 10 watts. Q0 is new Chief of Police in Winsted. RAN received the top French DX award. HA was awarded WNH. RWS says married life keeps him off the air. SJO helped TD get his antenna up. BDI went on a trip. CUH had sickness in the family. BFS wants antenna-tuner information. AKG is mobile. So is YKU. FWX has a 400-watt Globe King. VQH is building a home. YMY is on 2 meters. NFG also is building. BVB, EFW, RRE, RFJ, HYF, and YYM are regulars in the CN A.M. session. The Hamden gang patrolled on Halloween for SET. LIG sends enough news for three columns. The Bridgeport gang has been getting lots of good publicity in the Bridgeport Post. WZV. TCW, VJC, and WKW demonstrated during the Air Fair at the Bridgeport Airport Oct. 1st. LIG says to look at page 6 of October American Magazine. YU reports best prospects in years. RTB/IPQ is moving to Easton. WZV was laid up in the hospital. RGP is mobile. KML is on 40 and 20 meters. Bridgeport c.d. is getting 5 Gonset Communicators. BRL is collecting rocks. JMI is building mobile. FOB is planning to Join and ABZ already has joined the mobiles. NZM is getting back on. NOM is on 2 meters. KGT is busy rebuilding. VJG has been boosting hams on WICC. RY encased his rig. HYF, ABZ, NLM, EBO. UBM, YYM. WPO, WPR, and HDQ were among those at Concord. SJO went to Buffalo. RTG lost a leg by amputation. Traffic: (Sept.) WIAW 249, SJO 223, KYQ 158, NJM 117, RRE 91, LIG 86, UNG 82, CUH 76, EFW 70, FTM 57, EOB 55, HYF 52, RFJ 36, KY 25, VOV 23, LV 19, BDI 16, QV 16, SJ 13, TNX 12, YU 10, BFS 9, BVB 8, QJM 7, ODW 4, RWS 2, WPR 1. (Aug.) WIBDI 46, RAN 21. ODW 20, VOV

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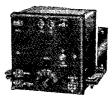




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Hermetic sealing meets all MIL-T-27 specs. Steel base cover is deep-seal soldered into case. Terminals hermetically sealed. Ceramic bushings. Stud-mounted unit.



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Steel base cover fitted with phenolic terminal board. Convenient numbered solder lug terminals. Flange-mounted,

CHICAGO "New Equipment" transformers (available in 3 mountings) feature one-piece drawn-steel cases—the strongest, toughest, best-looking units you can buy. The onepiece seamless design, enclosing an electronically perfect construction, provides the best possible electrostatic and magnetic shielding, with complete protection against adverse atmospheric conditions. For every application: Power, Bias, Filament, Filter Reactor, Audio, MIL-T-27, Stepdown—ask your electronic parts distrib-utor for CHICAGO "Scaled-in-Steel" Transformers—the world's toughest with that extra margin of dependability.

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Your SCM received an excellent report of the activities of the Androscoggin Amateur Radio Club from Director Mabel Balis, VFL. The Club station was set up at the Maine State Fair in conjunction with c.d. and handled 138 messages. TVI has SEJ feeling mighty low. OLT has a new Elmac Mobile. MFU has a new Hallicrafters transmitter. The Rockland Amateur Radio Club has been given a new lease on life and is establishing a club station and is closely coöperating with Mr. Farnaworth, director of c.d. in that area. It was good to see 6MDV, cx-RLE, on his recent vacation. The Abusive Net held a Sunday Hameat at Chief Abuser ARV's QTH. Among those present were OHT. ITH. TKY, RAD, UZR(!), PTL, BEU, RUZ, and several XYLs, VV is building a power supply for SSF's VFO. Doe Powell, who used to be IXE, is back in Damariscotta after a sojourn in New Mexico. Please keep the news coming, gang. We'll do our best to report it. Traffic: WILKP 185, TVB 125, VYA 71, TWR 67, OHT 44, BX 31, BAD 28, VY 28, SUK 27, UZR 17, AFT 14, BOC 10, EFR 10, LHA 6, BTY 5.

EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Frank L. Baker, ir., WIALP—New appointments: As ECs.—TOS Provincetown, TVZ Hopkinton, LJT for Region 6 of Mass. C.D. As OFSs—AVY and MEG. As OO —WLV, VRI, PID, and WCB are on 10 meters. DFE is heard on 2 meters, 5HNW/VXS now is living in Hingham. GAG'S XYL has her call, YPH. The Quannapowitt Radio Assn. now holds meetings at the Howard Johnson Restaurant on the Wakefield-Reading line. PKW and QZV gave talks at recent meetings. The Gouth Shore Club had movies from ARRL and a talk by VOU and WNN. MKW broke his beam rotator, LLY, reports that the Arlington 6-meter mobile net worked with auxiliary police on Halloween. TY has WANE certificate No. 6 and WNH No. 43, BB says that cd. crystal transmitters developed by WIZ are being built by net members. Net certificates have been issued to the following Framingham Radio Club Emergency Net members. MEG, TRC, VJE, and ROC, TYN is interested in 420 MG, STA, Staps resigned as EC for Haverhill. ATP has 6 hams in his town have stations that can be used on amateur, MARS, and military bands. AVY reports that the Southeastern Massachusetts Amateur Radio Assn., in conjunction with the New Bedford C.D., took part in state-wide c.d. alert. PWL. WGN, UID, and LAZ were at WKM, the c.d. headquarters; AVY, HPH, BMQ, and UIE were mobile; CTZ was fixed-portable. New Bedford Area hams on 10-meter mobile are AVY, BMQ, APN, WAY, ONK, BLX, HMS, UIE, AZY, OH, AGG, JKT, UCO, ZHC, VDF, QJR, HPH, and TZU. The Sector 5 Committee of MME, OSX, FWS, MD, SH, and ALP took part in ARRL's Simulated Emergency Test. With the Town of Hull turned into five islands by a simulated tidal wave, the following checked in to offer assistance: TYN Braintree, VPR Hingham, SH Dedham, DW Westwood, CQN Norwood, THY Cohasset, FWS Milton, ALP Quincy, KWD Weymouth, MME Hull, and AUU and BNS Quincy, MUD is back on 2 meters after being in the hospital. Traffic: (Sept.) WILYL 100, UTH 70, TY 55, AVY 48, NUP 24, BY 20, LLY 17, LM 16, BB 15, EPE 14, WU 10 UE 9, WLU 7, JY 6, MX 5, ALP 4, AHP 2, EMG 2, (Aug. & Sept.) WIUPZ 325. (Aug.) WILYL 66, TY 43, BY 29. WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS — SCM. Roger E. Corey, WIJYH — SEC: KUE. RM: BVR. PAM: RDR. WMN meets at 7 PM. Mon, through Fri. on 3560 kc. JRA, (Continued on page 96)

30 Engineered BEAMS BY GOTHAM

All beams use any standard transmission line. Full data supplied with each beam. All GOTHAM beams assemble quickly, are adjustable over the entire band, and can easily be stacked on a single mast. Every beam complete with all hardware, fittings and castings.

Satisfied Users Say:

"Worked England, Italy, and Ireland my first three QSOs, withonly 42 watts. Well pleased with the beam, it assembles easily and really kicks out a signal.

W4 - - -"

"Your beams are an excellent value.

W1 - - -"

"Glad to recommend this beam to any interested amateur. The results have been more than I expected and as I run low power (100 watts) I can work DX with this beam where it was not attempted in the past with other antennas.

W9 - - -''

"I have assembled the 2-element beam and tried it out on the air and I am very pleased with it.

W6 - - -''

6-10 M. BEAMS

D64N • DeLuxe 6m 4-Ei. (No T), \$25.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 4 — 6' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 8 — 2' End Inserts, 5\(\xi\)" Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D64T • DcLuxe 6m 4 · E1. T match, \$28.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 4 ~ 6' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 8 — 2' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — 1 Match (4'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

S102N • Std. 10m 2-El. (No T), \$11.95. 1—5' Boom, \$4'' Alum. Tubing; 2—6' Center Elements, \$4'' Alum. Tubing; 4—6' End Inserts, \$4'' Alum. Tubing; 1—Beam Mount.

S102T • Std. 10 m 2-E1. T match, \$14.95.—5' Boom, \$4" Alum, Tubing; 2-6' Center Elements, \$4" Alum, Tubing; 4—6' End Inserts, \$4" Alum, Tubing; 1—T Match (4'), Folystyrene Tubing; 1—Beam Mount.

D102N • DeLuxe 10m 2-Ei. (No T), \$18.95. 1 — 5' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 6' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 4 — 6' End Inserts, ½" Alum. I ubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D102T • DeLuxe 10m 2-El. T match, \$21.95, 1 — 5' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 6' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 4 — 6' End Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 1 — T Match (4'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

\$103N • Std. 10m 3-El. (No T), \$16.95. 1 - 8' Boom, \$4'' Alum. Tubing; 3-6' Center Elements, \$4'' Alum. Tubing; 6-6' End Inserts, \$4'' Alum. Tubing; 1 - Beam Mount.

S103T • Std. 10m 3-El. T match, \$18,95, 1 — 8' Boom, \$\frac{3}{4}\times Alum. Tubing; 3 — 6' Center Elements, \$\frac{3}{4}\times Alum. Tubing; 6 — 6' End Inserts, \$\frac{3}{4}\times Alum. Tubing; 6 — 6' End Inserts, \$\frac{3}{4}\times Alum. Alum. Tubing; 1 — T Match (4'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount,

D103N • DeLuxe 10m 3-Et. (No T), \$22.95. 1 - 8' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 3- 6' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; --6' End Inserts, 3'" Alum. Tubing; 1 -- Beam Mount.

D103T • DeLuxe 10m 3-El. T match, \$25.95. 1 — 8' Boom, 1" Alum, 1 ubing; 3 - 6' Center Elements, 1" Alum, Tubing; 6 — 6' End Inserts, 3's" Alum, Tubing; 1 — T Match (4'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

S104N • Std. 10m 4-El. (No T), \$21,95. 1—12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 4—6' Center Elements, \$4" Alum. Tubing; 8— 6' End Inserts, \$4" Alum. Tubing; 1—Beam Mount.

S104T • Std. 10m 4-E1, T match, \$24.95, 1 — 12' Boom, 1' Alum. Tubing; 4 — 6' Center Elements, 2' Alum. Tubing; 8 — 6' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — T Match (4'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Manne.

D104N • DeLuxe 10m 4-E1. (No T), \$27.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1''
Alum. Tubing; 4 — 6' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 8 — 6' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D104T • DeLuxe 10m 4-El. T match, \$30.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 4 — 6' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 8 — 6' End Inserts, 5" Alum. Tubing; 1 — 1 Match (4'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

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15 M. BEAMS

\$152N • \$td. 15m 2-El. (No T), \$19.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 12' Center Elements, 3''' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 5' End Inserts, 36'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 7' End Inserts, 36'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 7' End Inserts, 36'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

S152T • Std. 15m 2-E1. T match, \$22,95, 1—12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 2—12' Center Elements, \$4" Alum. Tubing; 2—5' End Inserts, \$4" Alum. Tubing; 1—7' End Inserts, \$4" Alum. Tubing; 1—T Match (6'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1—Beam Mount.

D152N • DeLuxe 15m 2-El. (No T), \$29.95, 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 12' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 5' End Inserts, '%' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 7' End Inserts, '%'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D152T • DeLuxe 15m 2-E1. T match, \$32.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 12' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2—5' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 2—7' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1—T Match (6'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1—Beam Mount.

\$153N • Std. 15m 3-E1. (No.T), \$26.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 3.—12' Center Elements, 34'' Alum. Tubing; 2.—5' End Inserts, 54'' Alum. Tubing; 2.—6' End Inserts, 53'' Alum. Tubing; 2.—7' End Inserts, 54'' Alum. Tubing; 1.—Beam Mount.

S153T • Std. 15m 3-El. T match, \$29.95, 1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 3 — 12' Center Elements, ¾" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 5' End Inserts, ¾" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 6' End Inserts, ¾" Alum. Lubing; 2 — 7' End Inserts, ¾" Alum. Tubing; 1— T Match (6'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D153N • DeLuxe 15m 3-Ei. (No T), \$36.95, 1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 3 — 12' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 5' End Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 6' End Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D153T • DeLuxe 15m 3-E1. T match, \$39,95, 1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum, Tubing; 3 — 12' Center Elements, 1" Alum, Tubing; 2 — 5' End Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 6' End Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 2 — 7' End Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 1 — T Match (6'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

20 M. BEAMS

\$202N • Std. 20m 2-El. (No T), \$21.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 12' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 4 — 12' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

\$202T • Std. 20m 2-E1. T match, \$24.95. 1 — 12' Boom, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 2 — 12' Cepter Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing: 4—12' End Inserts, 5''' Alum. Tubing; 1—1' i' Match (8'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1—Beam Mount.

D202N • DeLuxe 20m 2-El. (No T.), \$31.95. 2 — 12' Booms, 1" Alum. Lubing; 2 — 12' Center Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 4 — 12' fend Inserts, ½" Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Crosspiece, 1" Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D202T • DeLuxe 20m 2-El. T match, \$34,95. 2 — 12' Booms, 1" Alum, Tubing; 2 — 12' Center Elements, 1" Alum, 1 ubing; 4 — 12' End Inserts, \$2'' Alum, Tubing; 1 — T Match (8"), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Crosspiece, 1" Alum, Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

S203N • Std. 20m 3-El. (No T), \$34.95.1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 3 — 12' Certer Elements, 1" Alum. Tubing; 6 — 12' End Inserts, %" Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

\$203T • Srd. 20m 3-El. T march, \$37,95.1 — 12' Boom, 1" Alum. Tubing; 3 — 12' Center 1. Tubing; 3 — 12' Center 12' End Inserts, \$3" Alum. Tubing; 1 — 1" Match (8'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

D203N • DeLuxe 20m 3-El. (No T), \$46.95. 2 - 12' Booms, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 3 - 12' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 6 - 12' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1 - Beam Crosspiece, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 1 - Beam Mount.

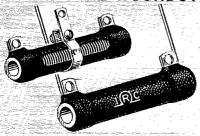
D203T • DeLuxe 20m 3-E1. T match, \$49,95. 2 — 12' Booms, 1'' Aium. Tubing; 3 — 12' Center Elements, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 6 — 12' End Inserts, ½'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — T. Match (8'), Polystyrene Tubing; 1 — Beam Crosspiece, 1'' Alum. Tubing; 1 — Beam Mount.

NEW! VEE-D-X BEAM ROTATOR

Rotates full 365 degree traverse at the flick of your finger. Positive control with no over travel assures that you beam directly in desired direction for maximum signal strength. Tempered, long life gearing, positive most alignment, easy mounting, guyed at top for extra strength. Rugged and powerful, will support 200 lbs. Decorator designed control console provides instantaneous reversible action, ever-dependable compass indication. **Price, \$29.95.**

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You'll find many practical applications for IRC's new Type PW-4 wire-wound power resistor. It is completely insulated in high temperature plastic to provide a safe, low-cost 4-watt resistor. Ranges from 1 ohm to 8200 ohms.

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the Amherst College station, is a new OBS and will transmit Official Bulletins as follows: Mon. and Wed. on 3555 kc. at 0303; Tue. and Thurs. on 3830 kc at 1600; Fri. and Sun. on 3700 kc. at 1500. TVJ won an HT-20 at the New Hampshire Convention and used it to again lead the section's traffickers. He also has a new BC-312 receiver. HRC is sporting a complete new station, too, his being an HRO-60 and a home-wired Viking II. COI limited his new equipment purchases to a GDO, and RVW was satisfied to win a transistor at the HCRC meeting. Nine other WI hams took home transistors from this meeting. The PRC, WCRC, and CMARA were well represented among the guests. LPF has built an emergency phone/c.w. rig for the low frequencies. YSB is a new ham in Clinton and is after WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street WAS with 15 wates to a 616. NNI has converted a street was a water of the water of the water was a first to a 220 Mc. but daims his phonetics are "One Technician That's Loneity" until a VH.F. Contest comes along. GUI and JTL are prime movers and NCS of the Region 9 6-meter net. EHH, GUI, JTL. ODS, LLN. RRX, BVR, WCG, NLE, and OBQ participated in the S.E.T. ARA is back on the air with a new Viking II. Traffic: WITVJ 123, HRV 102. BVR 87, UKR 86, RRX 35, HRC 20, WCG 14, MVF 13, JYH 11, GVJ 7, OBQ 1. NEW HAMPSHIRE — SCM. Carroll A. Currier, WIGMH — SEC: BXU. RM: CRW, PAM: UNN. Your SCM still is seriously ill so this report has been written by CRW. The New Hampshire QSO Party sure was a howling success with plenty of action. SAL is trying 75-meter phone. COC now is on NHN. RCEN meets on 3685 kc. Sun. at 1 p.m. VGX. SWO, and VEX. trustee of the Choate School Radio Club are organiz

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

ALASKA — SCM, Glen Jefferson, KL7NT — KL7AIR is still doing a fine job as Sourdough NCS and also works in the Fareast Net on 14,295 kc. daily. 10 meters opened very briefly a couple of days in September but has been blank since, KL7AA will be relocated soon, probably to the communication room of the Anchorage office of the Alaska Highway Patrol. KL7DG writes from Kodiak that the Kodiak Amateur Radio Club has been organized with the station call KL7AWR. The Club is running code classes twice weekly. KL7ANE, at Aniak, makes a report of long-haul emergency contact. KL7AWB now is running 1 kw to an 80-meter ground-plane vertical and reports some good DX and a solid local signal but not as good results in between. Traffic: KL7AIR 2785.

IDAHO — SCM, Alan K. Ross, W7IWU — Our Boise Club was honored by F. E. Handy, IBDI, who also appeared on KIDO-TV. The S.E.T. went off quite well (Continued on page 98)

(Continued on page 98)



Heathkit AMATEUR. TRANSMITTER KI

Range 80-40-20-15-11-10 meters 6AG7 Oscillator - MultiplierAmplifier - Doubler ST.B 5U4G Rectifier 105-125 volts AC 50/60 cycles 100 watts Size \rightarrow 81/8" high x 131/8" wide x 7" deep

MODEL AT-1

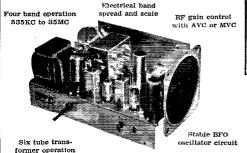
SHIPPING WT. 16 LBS.

52 ohm metered operation coaxial output Single knob band switching Built-in power supply Rugged, clean construction Crystal or VFO excitation

Pre-wound coils -

Here is the latest Heathkit addition to the Ham. Radio field, the AT-1 Transmitter Kit incorporating many desirable design features at the lowest possible dollar-per-watts price. Panel mounted crystal socket, standby switch, key click filter, AC line filtering, good shielding, etc. VFO or crystal excitation-up to 35 watts input. Built-in power supply provides 425V @ 100MA. Amazingly low kit price includes all circuit components, where collicits marked cheeris and detailed construction. tubes, cabinet, punched chassis and detailed construction manual. (Crystal not supplied.)

COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER HEATHKIT



Noise limiter -51/9" PM speaker standby switch headphone tack

Range......535KC to 35MC 5Y3GT.......Rectifier 105-125 volts AC 50/60 cycles 45 watts

A new Heathkit AR-2 Communications Receiver. The ideal companion piece for the AT-1 Transmitter. Electrical band spread scale for tuning and logging convenience. High gain miniature tubes and IF transformers for high sensitivity and good signal to noise ratio. Construct your own Communications Receiver at a very substantial saving. Supplied with all tubes, punched and formed sheet metal parts, speaker, circuit components, and detailed step-by-step construction manual.



MODEL AR-2

SHIP, WT. 12 LBS.

CABINET

Proxylin impreg-nated fabric cov-ered plywood cabi-net. Ship. wt. 5 lbs. No. 91-10. \$4.50

THE IMPROVED Heathkit GRID DIP METER KIT

- Pre-wound coil kit
- Range 2MC to 250MC
- Meter sensitivity control
- Compact one hand operation
- Headphone monitoring jack
- Transformer operated

The invaluable instrument for all Hams. Numerous applications such as pre-tuning, neutralization, locating parasitics, correcting TVI, etc. Receiver applications include measuring C, L, and Q of components, determining RF circuit resonant frequencies, etc. Thumbwheel drive for convenient one hand operation. All plug-in coils are wound and calibrated (rack included). Headphone panel jack further extends usefulness to operation as an oscillating detector.

HEATH COMPANY BENTON HARBOR 9, MICHIGAN



MODEL GD-1A 50

SHIP, WT, 4 LRS.

Two additional plug-in coils are available and provide continuous extension of low frequency coverage down to 355KC. Dial correlation curves included.

Shipping Wt. 1 lb. Kit 341.

\$3.00

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plays a definite part in the excellent dollar value represented in the price of a Super-Six Converter.

Skillful engineering is responsible for exclusive Gonset circuitry that makes it possible to reduce the number of components required for optimum converter performance. Savings are effected since Super-Six requires less components to do a given job. These savings permit the use of more expensive, higher quality components with extra safety margins.

The answer here is simple . . . components used are better . . it is merely that less are required in a cleverly engineered circuit. There is no compromise with performance. SUPER SIX DOES EVERYTHING A GOOD MOBILE CON-VERTER MUST DO—covers six amateur bands, 75-40-20-15-11-10 meters, provides all the sensitivity that can be practically used in a mobile installation.

In the Super-Six, skillful engineering and production know-how combine to give you performance uninfluenced by price, compactness without compromise.

SUPER-SIX Six band **MOBILE CONVERTER**



State-wide, on 1995, 3935, and 3638 kc. 1995 proved very good at night to cover the State. I personally urge joining into one of the nets. IPE, ACD, and ASA are Net Controls. New Emergency Coördinators are RSP, Grangeville; RFM, Orofino; and NLJ, Bonner County. We now have 14 ECs in Idaho. F18 traded in his '47 Jeep for a '51 model. IQG, SHN, and IWU sport new Grid Dippers. Wonder when 10 meters will be good again. Minimum is with us. we know; the 'CD Bulletin says the winter of '56-'57 will be the maximum, with a slow falling off to minimum again 10½ years from now. Traffic: W7NH 104.

MONTANA — SCM, Edward G, Brown, W7KGJ — The only reports received on the recent emergency test were from Laurel, Harlowton, and Billings. Emergency Coördinator NPV reports that among the stations in the S.E.T. at Harlowton was a steam-driven rig running about

Coördinator NPV reports that among the stations in the S.E.T. at Harlowton was a steam-driven rig running about 120 watts. OPM. Billings EC, conducted a very fine drill with 20 members checking in, about half of them mobile. LBK, Laurel EC, tied in his drill activities with the Billings gang. Section Emergency Coördinator KUH reports that the Great Falls gang has GCS, BOZ, JGG, LWR, PCZ, OEI, and KUH on mobile. New Emergency Coördinators are JFR for Butte and BXL for Thompson Falls. CT still wants more stations to check in on the MSN C.W. Net and save a Save an Concretor is just as welcome as anyone. wants more stations to check in on the MISN C.W. Net and says a 5-w.p.m. operator is just as welcome as anyone. RDM was appointed Assistant EC for Laurel and is working on new 6Y6 modulator. With the death of LCM amateur radio has lost one of its most active and enthusiastic operators. Earl was always an inspiration to all of us with his bright and cheerful outlook. Traffic: W7MM 66, OPM 42. TDW 8. LBK 6.

OREGON — SCM, John M. Carroll W7BUS — Mobile activities will are gains strong all over the State despite.

OREGON—SCM, John M. Carroll W7BUS—Mobile activities still are going strong all over the State despite the beginning of fall activities. HRV reports in from Canada late evenings on 3940 kc. TVW works KLs and KH6s on his mobile. RKL has rebuilt his mobile with good results. CZ is going s.s.b. mobile. Interest in s.s.b. is mounting with FLS and BUS. FLS purchased a multiphase exciter with slicer. NTN is recovering from a car accident. While he was in the hospital his XYL presented him with a YL harmonic. MQ is wiring up a new Viking. APD still is in Ranier despite static from the XYL. WQ is moving to W5-Land. IGI is out hunting wild game for the State and is missing from his nets. QBR is plumbing his house as experience for u.h.f. NFC lost his beam and antenna pole in a high wind. PRA has a new 32V-2. QJ reports a fine European opening on 14 Mc. in the middle

the State and is missing from his nets. ORR is plumbing his house as experience for u.h.f. NFC lost his beam and antenna pole in a high wind. PRA has a new 32V-2. QJ reports a fine European opening on 14 Mc. in the middle of the month; he logged 31 stations in 80 minutes. IEV is in a veterans' hospital recovering nicely. WL is ill in the hospital. FNX advises the Astoria Club has two YL Novices, 12 and 13 years old. Traffic: WTAJN 95, QPS 80, PRA 20.

WASHINGTON—SCM, Laurence M. Sebring, WTCZY—SEC: BTV. RM; FIX. PAMs: EHH, PGY. BG has emergency supply rig all ready for any emergency. LVB lost horizontal antenna in the big wind. SJL is transmitter maintennance engineer at KVOS-TV in Bellingham. MSR/7 is the National Guard station at Camp Murray. HDT is busy installing new Gonset Super Six in his car so he can work cross-band from 10 meters. He has just finished a Heathkit grid dipper. OVJ is attending Washington State College. Another new ham in the Spokane Area is WN7TNM. RFP is back at Gonzaga. PUL has new 30-1t. ground plane that works FB. OPR has Elmac and Super Six installed in brand-new 98 Olds. Mr. F. E. Handy, 1BDI, visited several clubs and ham gatherings in this section during September and October. FLQ and GPT have wide-spaced 20-meter beams using 4-inch irrigation pipe (aluminum) for the boom. The VARC had an amateur radio exhibit at the Western Washington Fair in Puyallup again this season with 134 hams logged in the guest book, including KM6, KJ6, KH6, F7, and KL7. IYU and TGO are attending the College of Puget Sound. LEC is on the job again after recovering from severe burns. KL7CG is at radio station KPUY. SMB has logged some 396 QSOs with his mobile 6AG7/829B combo. WN7UIW and TKJ are new members of the VARC The AREC/c.d. gang from the VARC relayed traffic for the local Red Feather Drive Oct. 5th. Traffic: W7BA 1239. PGY 701, CZX 504, FRU 239, FIX 182, RXH 108, TH 101, APS 92, RAQ 86, KT 83, QYN 53, OE 53, CMH 42, AIB 33, JFC 29, QOU 29, EHH 28, LVB 25, BG 22, AMC 21, FTR 17, FWD 13, SJL 11, GAT

PACIFIC DIVISION

HAWAII — SCM, James E. Keefer, KH6KS — KH6AVO announces the formation of the Kona Amateur Radio Club on Aug. 7th, with five charter members. AVO is president. The Maui Club requests the appointment of KH6ABY as EC for that Island. Congratulations to the Hilo Club on turning out newcomers WH6BAI, WH6BAD, WH6BAD, and WH6BAR. The Honolulu Club wishes to remind all Hawaiian Area amateurs that regular meetings are held on the 3rd Mon. of every month. Please attend! BPLs reporting for this month are KG6FAA, KA7LJ, KH6FAA, KH6AHQ, KH6AJF, and KA2KS; for August, KA7RC. FEARL members, please forward your reports as early as possible. I would like to see you get recognition (Continued on page 100) (Continued on page 100)



Finest grade quartz crystals are imported from Brazil. After careful X-ray analysis, diamond-edged saws slice them into thin wafers



Precision gage checks accuracy of wafers to .0001" after they are sawed, machine-diced and ground to correct diameter—and ground to desired thickness by "lapping" process

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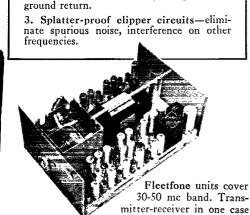
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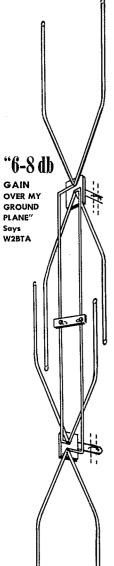


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for the work you are doing. Traffic: KG6FAA 7282, KA7LJ 3660, KH6FAA 1690, KH6AHQ 1586, KH6AJF 1344, KA2KS 266, (Ang.) KA7RC 1011.

NEVADA—SCM. Ray T. Warner, W7.1U—SEC: HJ. ECs: KOA, LGS, NWU, OXX, TJY, VO, and ZT. OPS: JUO. ORS: MVP. BJY received his ARRL 35-w.p.m. Code Proficiency sticker. Howard made his copy using a STICKI NWU was a recent visitor in Southern Nevada. LGS and JU made their annual pilgrimage to Needles, Calif., to assist in furnishing communications for the Colorado River Out-board Marathon. The Southern Nevada Amateur Radio Club had its annual picnic on the shore of Lake Mead Sept. 27th, 98WO and 9KJM are now permanent residents of Las Vegas. TKV, PRM, and RKE, of Boulder City, gave up ham radio long enough to go deer hunting. BVZ moved and is now a neighbor of PGD. CNG, of Carlin, is heard doing a fine job with 75-meter mobile. OXX and JU took in the ARRL Southwestern Division Convention in Los Angeles.

SANTA CLARA VALLEY—SCM, Roy I. Couzin, W6LZI.—Reorganization is going on in the San Mateo County Area by the SEC. AEV hopes that plans for a new inter-city control will be the answer. The Mountain View Radio Club had a representative from Elmac give an interesting talk on tetrodes. The new club call is K6CKQ. The Monterey Peninsula Radio Club had Frank Roach of the State C.D. as guest speaker. The SCCARA had JDD, the representative of Pacific Tel. & Tel., who spoke on transistors. The North Peninsula Electronics Club had a business and organizational meeting. The PAARA also had JDD as guest speaker. The latest on license plates, if you haven't been informed already, is send a post card to ACN, 3234

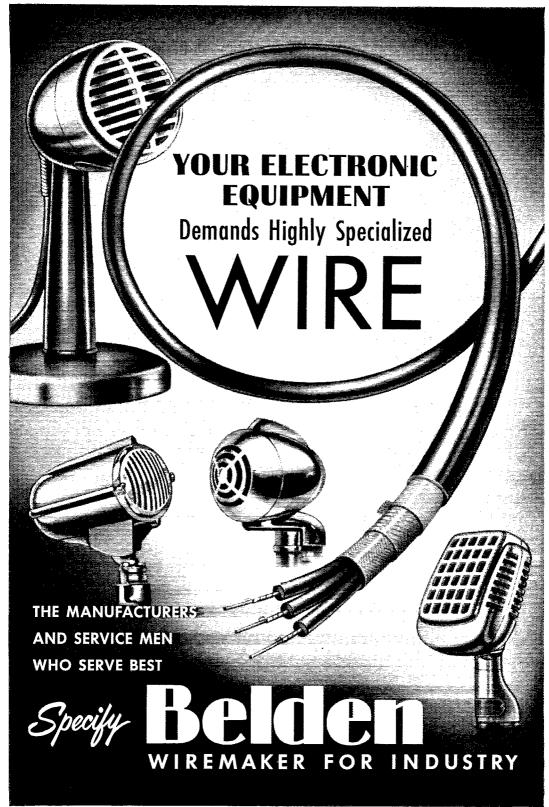
and organizational meeting. The PAARA also had JDD as guest speaker. The latest on license plates, if you haven't been informed already, is send a post card to ACN, 3234 Prentiss St., Oakland, Calif. Include your name, call, address, and the number of your license plate on the car now, not the small tab number. Do this right away if you want your call letter license soon after the first of the year. CAZ is active on 7-Mc. A-3. OTS is busy with his studies but keeps active with the mobile rig. YHM is back from KL7-Land and hopes to stay awhile. AIT is back on the day shift and hopes to have better traffic totals. NTQ finally finished off his WAC and WAS. WMM finally has 144-Mc. mobile and still is working on all-band exciter. MMG is keeping busy but manages to check into BAN. Traffic: W6CAZ 4, WMM 4, AIT 3.

EAST BAY—SCM, Ray H. Cornell, W6JZ—Asst. SCMs: Cuy Black, 6RLB, and Harry T. Camenon, 6RVC.

off his WAC and WAS. WMM finally has 144-Mc. mobile and still is working on all-band exciter. MMG is keeping busy but manages to check into BAN. Traffie: W6CAZ 4, WMM 4, AIT 3.

EAST BAY — SCM, Ray H. Cornell, W6JZ — Asst. SCMs: Guy Black, 6RLB, and Harry T. Cameron, 6RVC. SEC: WGM. RMs: IPW, JOH. PAM: LTI. ECs: AKB, CAN, CX, DNX, FLT. NNS, QDE, TCU. Our congratulations to the new SCM of the San Francisco section, Wally Buckley, GGC, and his able and hard-working first assistant, Rose. Traffic activities in the Pacific Area will benefit from the newly-formed Pacific Area staff which plans to iron out the problems of net coordination and cut down on lost motion in traffic handling. JZ is chairman. New officers of the Skyriders Net are ELP, pres.; Mrs. ANK, vice-pres.; NCL, secy.; RSH, treas. ACN reports that he can save a great deal of delay in getting license plates for those hams who send him their call. QTH, and car license number. Among those taking part in the mock air attack and civil defense drill in Castro Valley on Sept. 13th were ANK, BNB, BSY, EKF, GGS, IDB, JLG, JNY, JOP, KKB, KNJ, LGE, NDN, OAO, PUH, STV, TUN, TQJ, VJS, and YUS, The Mt. Diablo Emergency Net meets at 8 P.M. Mon. on 28.68 Mc., reports YDI. The Mt. Diablo gang once again took part in the annual Walnut Festival. Among those providing communications were HYV, JYZ, NHT, QEN, and RVC. Their OMs are finding out that KN6EQ vand PIR are tough competition on the air. LTI, our new PAM, has a pair of 4-250As nearly ready to go. HRZ is attending Contra Costa J. C. and working at KHSL-TV. JWG is attending Contra Costa J. C. and working at KRE. BFZ now lives in Oakland. JOH reports his activity is 100 percent traffic. Mission Trailers in the East Bay section are AKB, ASJ, EIG, EKF, K6FAL, GIP, LL, OEI, PIR, QZ, RDA, VJN, WSH, and YDI. JK reports hearing some fairly good DX on 20 meters. DSZ is having a lot of fun with antennas at U. C. ZA now is on 2 meters. CA is new secy. of EBRC. The new refreshment committee is WZR, RDA, VJN, and DNX. The V.H.F

(Continued on page 102)



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In New Jersey Open Wednesdays cers were installed: NAC, pres.; JWF, vice-pres.; SDN secy.; and URA, treas. The San Francisco Naval Shipyard Radio Club had a wonderful steak dinner at its annual

cers were installed: NAC, pres.; JWF, vice-pres.; SDN secy.; and URA, treas. The San Francisco Naval Shiryard Radio Club had a wonderful steak dinner at its annual pionic held at Stevens Creek. Sound movies were taken and shown at the last meeting. The SFNSYRC meets the 1st Fri. at the Naval Shiryard and the 1st Fri. of odd months at CXO (Red Cross Bldg.). The Cathay Club meets the 2nd fri. in Chinatown (San Francisco). The Sonoma County Radio Club, LOU EC, meets the 1st Wed, at the County Court House, Santa Rosa. Mobileers holds an 8:30 A.M. breakfast the 1st Sun. of each month at "Perculator." Oakland, and the 3rd Sun. at "Perkins." Redwood City. The 29ers, a fast-growing 10-meter mobileers group in Bay Area, held a get-together at the home of FCK. The Humboldt Amateur Radio Club holds meetings the 2nd and 4th Fri. in Civic Auditorium, Eureka. SLN is the EC. The Tamalpais Radio Club meets at the home of OZC, 7 Loma Ave., Tibuorn. The Club has a new trailer and right needs the manpower to assemble it and get it rolling. The club meets the 2nd End and design the contract of the contrac

BCL atop Mt. Diablo, getting very good results on 420 Mc. The Stockton Club has a new meeting place at COP, and is getting started on a big c.d. program. More details next month. LRS has a new QTH with less QRM. VPV is another s.s.b. convert. FIP moved to Stockton. The Turlock Club held its first meeting of the fall season and Turlock Club held its first meeting of the fall season and made plans for a transmitter hunt as its first fall project. OPU is back on the air after a long illness. BNP still is on the sick list, but is recovering satisfactorily. PIQ is back at his old QTH. KFC is new EC for Stanislaus County. PRA reports a total of nine hams in Lindsay, including newcomers K6BZS and KN6BUF, who are getting good results with a 117L7 running 1.7 watts. Traffic: W6OBA 29, GIW 25, EBL 14, MGP 11, TXM 8.

(Continued on page 104)



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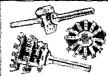
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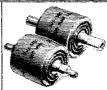
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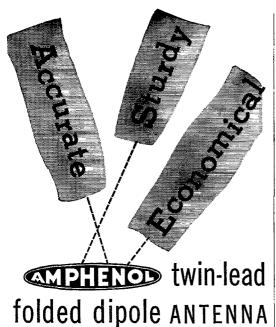
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- 2 lengths of #16 copper-clad steel conductor twin-lead, cut to band length.
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ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA - SCM, J. C. Geaslen. W4DLX — Reports are very slim again this month, so a short col-umn here. The Cramerton gang put on a junior-size ham-fest-party in honor of OXH. Although Oscar is blind he has

fest-party in honor of OXH. Although Oscar is blind he has become a fine active ham and the gang is rightfully proud of him. About 65 hams were present, including some 20 mobiles, and all had a big "yak-fest" and stuffed themselves with barbecue. IMH, at Plumtree, is back working traffic on NCN and TLAP. TMV, at Raleigh, is new NCS of the Tar Heel Net. Let's not forget, the SCM can't fill this column unless you write in. Traffic: W4VHH 71, IMH 40, PIC 17, YUW 14, DLX 4.

SOUTH CAROLINA — SCM, T. Hunter Wood, W4ANK — The Greenville Club reports the loss of Ann Fox, HTT, who passed away on Aug. 10th. The following mobile stations reported into the "Mobile Roundup" during September: ANK, BIZ, DX, DXW, LTF, NJG, NQP, NWB, OSC, SZG, TPE, TWW, TYS, ULH, UPK, ZVY, and 1PPA. The mobile net meets at 2:30 p.m. each Sun, on 3930 kc. Mobile activity in South Carolina is growing, with many reporting getting ready for mobile operation. ing, with many reporting getting ready for mobile operation. Get on the bandwagon, it's a lot of fun. OSC is on 2 and 6 meters. UNO reports on Rock Hill participation in the Simulated Emergency Test. During the S.E.T. Charleston

meters. UNO reports on Rock Hill participation in the Simulated Emergency Test. During the S.E.T. Charleston had 14 mobiles and emergency rigs on with a total score of 152. New officers of the Charleston Amateur Radio Club are ZRH, press; TWW, secy-treas; and DFC, trustee. ZVY reports that 1PPA now is 4CAL. BJE is prepared for emergency operation from Walterboro on 3550- and 3525-kc. c.w. FM has demonstrated his battery-powered rig on 75-meter phone and 80-meter c.w. UFP will operate week ends only during the college term and reports that the damage to his big rig caused by fire has been repaired. Traffic: W4ANK 200, EDQ 10, YOS 2.

VIRGINIA — SCM, H. Edgar Lindauer, W4FF — As I write this (Oct. 25th) I find myself quite frustrated way out in Kansas City, Mo. Three and one-half weeks ago found me en route for this Q7H on a business trip with HQN. It was to be for only 5 days. All the reports sent in by the faithful are resting expectantly at my home Q7H. Therefore, I may have to rely on a fairy godmother in order to insert the traffic reports at the end of this epistle. If they don't appear it's because I was unable to forward them in time to make this issue of QST. LW really is producing a fat, juicy VA Bulletin. As you may have noted from its size, it is going to take continuous flow of financial support to keep it that way. 6BYV/4 is Net Mgr. of 160-Meter Net on 1895 kc. NCS will be on voice, but traffic reporters should be prepared to work c.w. on the frequency assigned to them by the NCS. The time is 1900 EST, same as VN, to allow proper liaison and reduce loss of service time in handling to give 160-meter stations an opportunity to clear traffic through established mediums. Elsewhere in this issue is an announcement of my resignation as SCM, brought about by a change of QTH to Maryland where I

as VN, to anow proper haison and reduce loss of service time in handling to give 160-meter stations an opportunity to clear traffic through established mediums. Elsewhere in this issue is an announcement of my resignation as SCM1, brought about by a change of QTH to Maryland where I have retired for the duration of time or something. It goes without saying that this part of my life is regrettable as I have thoroughly enjoyed our associations and want to again repeat sincere thanks for the help, loyalty, and willingness of everyone to keep Virginia out in front, both community and hobby-wise. From Maryland I will always keep my hand on the "brass" and my tongue in the mike. WEST VIRGINIA—SCM, Albert H. Hix, W8PQQ—ETF is new NCS and GEP Asst. NCS of the West Virginia Phone Net on 3830 kc. AUJ is continuing as NCS of the C.W. Net on 3870 kc. Both nets now meet Mon. through Fri. at 2100 EST. RKV gave a very interesting talk on s.s.b. principles at the last Tri-City Club meeting. CCN is new president of MARA. LBT bought 32V-1, Elmac A54-H, and PMR-6A mobile gear. QHG has new Viking rig and 40-ft. down-spout vertical in operation. SFT is on with a half-kw, on the 'phone bands. He and QHG are next door neighbors and share each other's antennas. HZA is Acting NCS of the C.W. Net on Tue. The Weston Club had 5 stations operating on 6 meters in the S.E.T. Oct. 3rd and 4th. VPO put up a new 75-meter antenna. HZH also has the call ORT and is active with two stations. Your new SCM would like to remind AREC members to send in their certificates for renewal when required. LSG is in Brazil on business. GTQ is attending Marshall College. EOJ is building a new kw. all-band Pi-network final. PQQ got QSLs from CEØAA; he worked him on 3.5, 7 and 14 Mc. CLX is installing some commercial fixed station and mobile units. Traffic: WSAUJ 114, HZA 28, MBA 9, LBT 5, PQQ 5

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO — SCM, Karl Brueggeman, W&CDX — SEC: AEE. The Denver Radio Club had a fine exhibit of amateur radio equipment at the recent local Hobby Show. Your writer, on behalf of all amateurs, wants to thank WLN for his fine job in organizing the exhibit and presenting it to the visitors at the show. Those who participated were HEW, OZE, FMV, OIS, GQV, LO. IC, CDE, JPI, OMG, LTL, CDX, ERR, and OM. New officers of the (Continued on page 106)

SANTA CLAUS TO YOUR NEIGHBORS INSTALL A BUD LF-601

LOW PASS FILTER ON YOUR RIG



More and more of your neighbors will be buying TV sets, especially during the holiday season.

You can be a Santa Claus to your neighbors by giving them the gift of more trouble-free reception by reducing or eliminating T.V.I. caused



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Harmonics can be greatly reduced or eliminated at the transmitter_by the use of a BUD LF-601 low pass filter, which has the following characteristics:

- Minimum attenuation of 85 decibels on all frequencies above 54 megacycles and a minimum of 93 decibels above 70 megacycles.
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- 3. The cut-off frequency is 42 megacycles.
- 4. The unit will easily handle a full kilowatt modulated on a reasonably flat line.
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- Since the design of this filter provides an adjustable feature, the unit can be used with either 52 ohm or 72 ohm coax.
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Point out to your neighbors that causes other than your transmitter are responsible for T.V.I. These are short wave broadcasters, diathermy and X-ray equipment, automotive and airplane ignition systems and other sources. SUGGEST THAT THE USE OF A BUD HF-600 HIGH PASS FILTER WILL ELIMINATE OR REDUCE INTERFERENCE FROM THESE SOURCES.

The HF-600 high pass filter is designed to have a cut off frequency at 42 megacycles, thus this filter rejects signals from 0 to 42 megacycles. It is within this range that the majority of signals causing interference would be received. Since there is no attenuation above 42 megacycles, picture strength or quality is not affected. This unit is easily installed on the T.V. set. Amateur Net — \$3.00

See these highly efficient filters at your distributor. If he does not have them, write us, giving his name.





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Bill Cummings, W1RMG

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He had a good reason. Said he was looking for a place where they had time to help him work out his problems. He'd heard the word about our helpful service, so he came to see. Must have enjoyed the reception, because he stayed to buy a large package of equipment.

That OM made one comment before he left that I'd like to frame and hang on our wall: "You boys seemed more interested in solving my problems than in selling me new gear." I guess it's the Ham in us. Still, good service is good business, so we'll keep playing it that way.

Brands? You name 'em. Dale has National, Collins, Hallicrafters, Hammarlund, Elmac, Central Electronics, Gonset, and you know all the good names. They're all here.

By the way, we've been experimenting with 'single sideband' transmission. Quite a story. When you're in town, stop in and we'll trade info - or drop me a line and I'll write you.

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Denver Radio Club are BON, pres.; LO, vice-pres.; ERR secy.; and GQY, treas. OMN. EDG, and WNØOYG were hosts at a picnic held Sept. 20th for the hams of Northeastern Colorado and the adjoining areas of Kansas and Nebraska. OMN and EDG are starting a class in radio for beginners. KHQ is trying to fill some of the TCC schedules so he won't have to handle them all himself. LCE spent the summer bouncing commercial 2-meter signals off those Colorado mountains with PXZ. GQY has an Elmac in the car with loading coils (plug-in) for all bands. SUP has a new Viking II and promises to spend more time on the air now that his driving schedule has eased up. CYT gets this month's bad luck prize—three contacts before his rig went out again. JPI is back from White Sands Proving Ground. He has a new Super Six and an all-band rig. Traffic: (Sept.) WøHKE 3927, KHQ 1068, BWJ 11, OTR 7. (Aug.) WøHKE 3029.

UTAH—SCM, Floyd L. Hinshaw, W7UTM—Now that the fall season is with us, it is hoped that all are ready to work to make the coming operating season the best in our history. We certainly have been given a fine incentive by Mr. Handy's visit in September. Thirty-six interested annateurs attended the meeting. CCC is keeping a triweckly sked with LA on 3900 kc. KH60T, W7KGP, and TER are students at Radio Institute in Salt Lake City, where ONH and JHM are instructors, with CCC as chief instructor. LQP is working on his table-top kw. EWX and SP are deep in c.d. activities and have the control station equipment completed. GPN reports they have a room for c.d. in station KOPP and are receiving some support from the City of Ogden. The SCM would appreciate some news from amateurs in the southern part of this section for inclusion in these write-ups. Traffic: W7CCC 7, UTM 7.

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ALABAMA — Acting SCM, Jack D. Gray, W4SXS — EW went to 2 meters and is doing all right, too. KAC is in the process of going on 2 meters. AUP is considering mobile operation. GQE and 50NL/4 get the DX. FMW has

in the process of going on 2 meters. AUP is considering mobile operation. GQE and 50NL/4 get the DX. FMW has the new low-power rig finished. Opelika has a new ham, AZX. PXM has a new 20-meter beam up. The A.P.I. Radio Club held its first meeting of this quarter Oct. 29th. Glad to have the boys back at Auburn and to hear UJJ on the bands again. From reports there is a nice crop of hams enrolled this quarter. MQK has been assigned overseas duty and his father, PWS, is getting up a vertical to keep in contact with him on 20 meters. Our best to GJW, who has been a swell and faithful SCM. His resignation leaves Alabama in need of an SCM. Traffic: (Sept.) W4KIX 75. (July) W4RLG 35.

EASTERN FLORIDA — SCM, John W. Hollister, ir., W4FWZ — Merry Christmas, gang. Congrats to the nets and members who did such a good job during the storm emergencies. All the NCS deserve credit. The AREC gang is especially commended. September also saw the Palmetto Net, the Gator Net, and the Novice Hurricane Net blossom out. Bradenton: TAS, new EC, got off to a good start with the AREC. Clewiston: Welcome home to PJU. Ft. Meade: AXY is building 300-watt s.s.b. for 3.9 and 7.2 Mc. Gainesville: WEM, new EC, needs help to revive the Alachua AREC. Holly Hill: AYD, ex-2GXP (P.O. Box 457), using Viking and 129X, reports into the Palmetto Net and says 21-Mc. DX is good. Jacksonville: The JARS highlights meetings with good films. Key West: ZBF reports the Club is running a 144-Mc. contest to benefit AREC. NQw is welcomed back. OPZ is on 3.9-Mc. 'phone. Lakeland: Vie reports MVY is trustee of the Club station, BOW, and the Club is now an ARRL affiliate. Miami: The Flamingo Net had a hidden transmitter hunt and plenty of success with direction loops. DEN has 35 members on 29,044 kc. IEH is on s.s.b. The Club (NVU) is getting the BC-610 overhauled for serious work. IYT says we need an SE.T. twice a year. for serious work. IYT says we need an S.E.T. twice a year Sarasota: Welcome back to BU. SERU and his XYL are honeymooning around the old stomping grounds. TFP reports S.E.T. plans were made with the emphasis on mobiles. Tampa: Net members: Get ready for the Tampa State Fair starting Feb. 3rd. The usual 4000 messages are expected from DUG. LDM and KZT work in 8 'phone nets' The home QTH of LDM is Winter Garden and KZT hails from Powder Springs, Ga. Whee, at McDill. says his operating time is limited but look at his traffic count for himself and XYL. Traffic: W4DVR. 28s. TPN 189, DRD 164, LDM/KZT 122, IM 102, PZT 102, TJU 81, BMY 72, ZIR 68, FWZ 59, KJ 35, IYT 16, DES 15, VIE 15, TAS 11, TFP 9, TWR 7, LLO 6.

WESTERN FLORIDA—SCM, Edward J. Collins, W4MS/W4RE—SEC: PLE. Hurricane Florence kept the Western Florida gang hopping. Among those doing hurricane work were PTK. TTM. PQW, SZH, MS. RZV, ROM, AOK, and AXP. WN4AYS has a new Harvey-Wells. WN4BGG has a new NC-88. CCY is the newest Pensy ham. HJA has fired up the rig again. JBJ is working at WPFA-TV Channel 48, YFF, YFG, and YFH have a Viking II ready for the air. PQW had swell publicity and photos in the newspaper for his hurricane work. SZH is trying for a perfect transmitter. AXP has two new 30-foot masts. YRF is increasing power. UXW/V06 passes his best to the gang. UCY is trying the lower frequencies. MS is working on a (Continued on page 108)

(Continued on page 108)

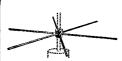


Discriminating amateurs throughout the world are using more and more MORROW Converters because they recognize the economy and dependability afforded by these superior units. Constant research and quality-manufacturing have combined to produce in the MORROW 5BR series a mobile converter of unsurpassable amateur band performance. You can't beat their rugged durability and reliable operation. Dollar for dollar MORROW Converters are better because they are designed better, employ higher quality components and are manufactured with more care. Note these features:

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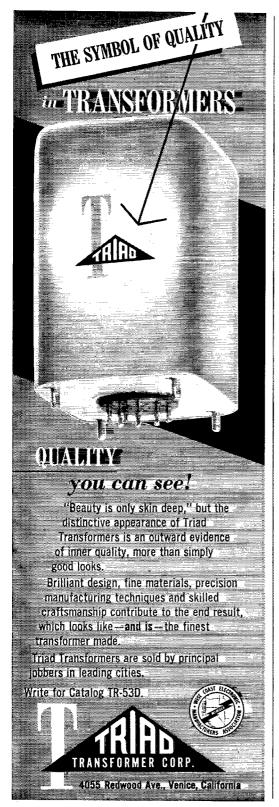
ADJUSTABLE SQUELCH CIRCUIT that responds only to signals, never to noise alone.

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sync. generator to improve the quality of the TV transmitter. ODO is experimenting with u.h.f. antennas for TV. DAO stays on 75 meters because of TVI. NJB will have an FB shack in the new QTH. NOX was heard doing an FB job during hurricane. IREV/4 keeps akeds with the folks up New England way. JPD had lightning burn up the TV antenna lead. UW is QRL/Sheriff radio. PAA is campaigning for Director. WN4ZPN works the rig in the early hours. VR lost half a tower at WCOA during the hurricane. AXF and UQZ are QRL school teaching.

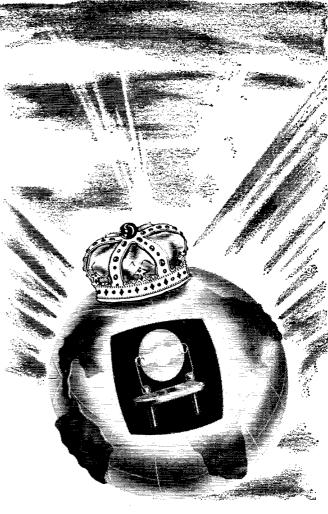
GEORGIA — SCM, James P. Born, jr., W4ZD — SEC: EJC. PAM: LXE. RM: MTS. Nets: GCEN on 3095 kc. at 1900 EST on Tue. and Thur., 0830 on Sun.; ATLCW on 7150 kc., 2100 EST Sun. State Mobile and C.D. frequencies: 3995 and 29,600 kc. WN4ZDG. WN4ZPQ attended the Boy Scout Jamboree in California. Walt is active with a TBS50 on 7 and 3.75 Mc. WN4BXDG. WN4ZPQ attended the Boy Scout Jamboree in California. Walt is active with a TBS50 on 7 and 3.75 Mc. WN4BXV is a new Novice in Quitman and is active with a Philmore NT200. IMQ has returned to work after recovering from a broken leg. ZHM is active on all bands with a new Globe Scout. VKK is building a higher power rig with an 813 final. TOU is active on 3.85-Mc. phone. YMV has a new Viking II transmitter. YTO is building a new ECO and has completed vertical for 7 Mc. LJB visited your SCM on his return from the Pacific, where his call was KR6GP. Elmo now is on his way to DL4-Land. It is with deep regret we report the passing of CMA. Gary was very active in ham radio and club activities in Cedartown. LNG has completed his 4-125A final for 50 and 144 Mc. However, he was slowed down because of the arrival of a new Ford and having to install mobile equipment. VMB is active on 3.85-Mc. 'phone and spends most of his time traffic-handling. Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year. Traffic: (Sept.) W4USA 2712, K4WAR 1105, W4VMB 114, OCG 62, ZD 45, FOB 27, MTS 15, IMQ 6, MA 6, W4VMP 114, OCG 62, ZD 45, FOB 27, W4USA 2712, K4WAR 1105, W4VMB 114, OCG 66, ZD 45, FOB 27, K1

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

LOS ANGELES — SCM. Howard C. Bellman, W6YVJ.— SEC: QJW. RMs are BHG and GJP. CMN resigned as RM to put in full time on the Southwestern Division Convention and other time-consuming things. MBA is a new ORS and was one of the members of the Convention Committee, which included our Director KW. EKM. CMN, QIR. NRK, NLM. QJW. KWL, HWM. CEE, YSK. MQN. and KGC. K6BVH reports for the first time after reporting into Macan-4 Net. RW, president of the Southern California DX Club, wants to be an Observer and KYV thinks it is a good idea. Dave Kennedy sure took a nose-dive in traffic with less than 1000, but promises it won't happen again. He is putting up a store-type bazooka-vertical that works automatically on 80 and 40 meters, he says. Dave received a beautiful certificate from the FEARL, along with a nice letter signed by President KA2HP. CFL is back in stride as OES. COZ reports as follows: GAE is a new dad. COZ is a new uncle, WLX; is mobile 75 meters, KN6CEY and CHJ are brand-new at ham radio, DA is better after his operation. NCP received an ARRL Public Service Award for his part in the Tehachapi Earthquake work, 9HAW/6 writes from Upland College that \$\particle{\text{MET}}\) and ke at starting a school club and hope to affiliate with ARRL. BUK is building a 38-foot wood lattice tower for 10-20 beam. BLY says AWI was guest speaker at the Radio 50 Club, Whittier, MLZ, of the Lockheed ARC, came through with a two-page report on the work done by amateur radio involving the lost boy, Dana McClure, in Sequoia. HPV sent in a really complete report sheet on his excellent work as Official Observer. CAK is the new Assistant Manager of LSN and OFJ arises at 3 A.M. to clear traffic with BHG. Answering a letter I sent to 20 people, K6EA, W6FMG, and others really make me cringe. Okay, ['Il get on the air. ISQ reactivated his ORS appointment. LZS is on 40-meter c. w. and is at new QTH, 7356 Hinds Ave.. N. H. OGS is on 75-meter 'phone and 40-meter c.w. My old buddy, Jiin Blick, a prospector by trade, is K6





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K6BLM. Traffic: (Sept.) K6FCA 2664, W6KYV 647, NCP 238, HLZ 218, LYG 216, ESR 129, FMG 105, BHG 80, MBA 79, K6BVH 48, W6NTN 33, HIF 28, GJP 21, JQB 18, COZ 9, AM 8, DPL 7, OKD 4, WØHAW/6 3, W61SQ 2, BLY 1, WØEZT/6 1, (Aug.) W6DDE 90, FMG 35, CDU 16, K6BWD 7, ARIZONA—SCM, Albert Steinbrecher, W7LVR—Asst. SCMs: Kenneth P. Cole, 7QZH; Dr. John A. Stewart, 7SX, SEC: O1F, RM: JGZ. PAM: KOY, Arizona Phone Net: Tue. and Thurs, 7 p.M. 3865 kc. Arizona C.W., Net: Nightly 8 p.M. 3515 kc. Arizona MARS Net: C.w., Tue. 7; P.M. 3497.5 kc.; 'Phone, Fri. 8 p.M. 4025 kc. Phoenix Net: Tue. and Thurs. 7 p.M. 29 Mc. Tueson Net: Nightly 8 p.M. on Tue, and Thurs, at 6:45 p.M. on 3865 kc, for important bulletins. Tune 3865 daily at 8 a.M., 12 Noon, and 4 p.M. for traffic, etc. A (hidden-transmitter hunt was staged in for traffic, etc. A shidden-transmitter hunt was staged in Tucson, with PLM hidding in the surrounding mountains, and was located by AIA mobile, with DRQ, HUV, JGZ, LVR, QHD, and QHT, mobiles and fixed, participating.

for traffic, etc. A [hidden-transmitter hunt was staged in Tucson, with PLM hiding in the surrounding mountains, and was located by AIA mobile, with DRQ, HUV, JGZ, LVR, QHD, and QHT, mobiles and fixed, participating. A group from Phoenix made a mobile caravan to Keams Canyon to visit ROZ. NYT addressed the OPRC on mobile installations. NYK is broadcasting on TV for the Better Business Bureau. AH is TVI chairman for AARC in Phoenix. ROD and QZH have new 32V-3s. MAE and KOY have new Viking II with VFO to match. SUL has new Viking, and TPG now is mobile with Viking. ROZ is back on the air. QNO worked Chile with 10-meter mobile. New call: UAL, Tucscn Senior High School. Traffic: W7LAD 87, LVR 58, IRX 18.

SAN DIEGO — SCM, Edgar M. Cameron jr., W6FJH — Asst. SCMs: Thomas H. Wells, 6EWU; Shelley E. Trotter, 6BAM; Richard E. Huddleston, 6DLN. SEC: VFT. Asst. SECs: FOP, WYA. ECs: DEY, HRI, QJH, SK. PAM: JPM. GDG raised a new 20-meter rhombic aimed at Japan so he can QSO with his son, now on duty with the Marines there. Ben and Dick, of IAB. Camp Pendleton, are civilians again. Sam Cribb, ex-KA2MB, now is chief operator at 1AB. IAB now is on 20 meters with 800 watts s.s.b., and 813 rigo no 75 meters. Corporal Larry, of the San Diego Marine Corps, chief operator at YDK, will become a civilian soon. AKY is the mainstay of North County AREC check-in Sunday mornings on 3825 kc. CAE is almost ready with one gallon de-TVId final. The kids at IAC have been handling lots of traffic on 75 meters since the opening of school. New IAC club officers are KN6BOR, prexy; UJO, vice-pres.; and Mona Mullins, secy-treas. QBM has plans for 150-watt final in mind for physics project. UFE and dad, T2O, QSO IAC on the way to work and school in the A.M. The Palomar gang had a good turnout during the last meeting at the home of HAW. NLO is building high-powering. GDG QSPd welcome traffic from IYYM. operating IAW, to 6FJH. Sincere section congrats go to W6s VFT, PKV. BZC, BKZ, AKY, QJH, FOP, and MFT, all the 2-meter gang, and all the Red Cross of

WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS — Acting SCM, T. Bruce Craig, W5JQD — SEC: QHI, PAM: IWQ, RM: PCN, LEZ reports that amateurs of the Caravan Club are using their reports that amateurs of the Caravan Club are using their own cars, manned by themselves and a member of the Dallas Police Force, in the manhunt. The NETEN is considering moving its frequency. The Dallas RACES plan has been approved. VFH was appointed Alternate NCS for NWTEN. CTM and HBD are co-alternates for the NETEN. IQD has been appointed Assistant Director of the West Gulf Division. NDD reports formation of the Tri-City Amateur Radio Club at Borger. The 1953 Edison Radio Amateur Radio Club at Borger. The 1953 Edison Radio Amateur Radio Club at Waco reported a transmitter hunt on Labor Day on 75 Meters. The South Plains Amateur Radio Club at Lubbock had a huge S.E.T., using a newly-rebuilt city bus for the control, completely portable and mobile, with 3-kw. generator trailing. The Big Spring Club reports its receiver still is unheard of since its disappearance from the club house. BVG made WAC again. RRM and company have put out a North Texas-Oklahoma net bulletin. ROH had (Continued on page 112) (Continued on page 112)



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his OO appointment renewed. VHF has been appointed EC for Wace. WVV has been appointed EC for McCamey. SPP is the new EC at Lamesa. It's time to send in new registrations for nets (note NCS Job). NFO reports a club is being organized at Brownfield. Traffic: K5FFB 1025. W5PAK 162. UFP 86. TLW 60, RRM 30, JQD 22, TYX 22, CF 9, BVG 6, ROH 2.

OKLAHOMA—SCM, Jesse M. Langford, W5GVV—Asst. SCM: Ray A. Thacker, 5TFP. SEC: AGM. RM: MQI, PAMS: SVR and ROZ. I regret to report the passing of JHO and EAK. General Manager Budlong, IBUD, visited in Oklahoma City Oct. 13th and Tulas Oct. 14th. The ACARC Hamfest and Dinner was held in Oklahoma City Nov. 15th with Director Middelton as the main speaker. TFP, of Oklahoma City, has been appointed Asst. SCM. As he covers the State for his company he should be able to meet with and talk to amateurs in all parts of Oklahoma. YJ, the club station at Oklahoma A. & M. College, is reporting into OPEN aud, with TKE/5 making the other nets, adds to our coverage. 4RCM/5 left for Ft. Brags Oct. 23rd. VAX is attending a school on TV and radio and has had to let his traffic go by the wayside for the present. EHC spent part of his vacation building a 50-Mc. receiver and hopes to get the transmitter on this winter. KY, TFP, SCX, and myself have been appointed Asst. Directors by our Director and will have better access to pertinent information. We still need ECs in a number of counties and would appreciate inquiries regarding appointments. counties and would appreciate inquiries regarding appointments. Check your appointment certificates and see if the yearly endorsement isn't about due. Traffic: (Sept.) W5MQ1 182, MRK 101, YQO 64, W8Q 63, KY 58, MFX 47. SWJ 38, W4RCM/5 34, W5PML 32, FEC 27, SVR 24, TFP 24, VAX 22, TKE/5 21, VHP 12, EHC 7, IWJ 7, TKS 6.

47. SWJ 38, W4RCM/5 34, W5PML 32, FEC 27 SVR 24, TFP 24, VAX 22, TKE/5 21, VHP 12, EHC 7, IWJ 7, TKS 6, SOUTHERN TEXAS — SCM, Dr. Charles Fermaglich, W5FJF — At a recent meeting of the HARC the following officers were elected: RPW, pres; LSE, vice-pres.; VBW, secy.; FSK, treas.; KFY, parliamentarian; and NMG, program chairman. SDA is handling traffic on 3855 kc. and has a monitor going on that frequency to Q8P and phone patch for mobiles. Ed is playing policeman, trying to keep the fixed stations of 3855 kc. TFA is building a pair of p.p. 813s. JYM is on 75-meter mobile. IX is on mobile. Lots of hams are going mobile in this section. DEW has a harmonic who recently got the call APC. BUZ just got his 2nd-class radiotelephone ticket. EYV is active on 160 and 75 meters with a good signal. Now that cool weather is with us again and vacations are over we must get down to the business of organizing better. Drop me a line by the first of the month with news to include in this report. The Kerrville Radio Club is now an ARRL atfiliated club. FJF has an ART-13 mobile and is working on a new kw. Traffic: W5MN 1911, SDA 90, JFJ 14.

NEW MEXICO — SCM, G. Merton Sayre, W5ZU — SEC: MYI. PAM: BIW. RM: NKG. ZM has four cadet operators: 6MVO, 7BIM, 5YFP, and WN5ZAJ, with a Globe Champion the newest gear in use. Active 2-meter hams in Albuquerque included FPB, NRX, RFF, RQK, UEO, and VWU. Forty-two stations reported into NMEP Net Oct. 4th. VTB and TVB reported in from Silver City and SUO as mobile from Los Alamos. 6KFD/5 now is operating from Clouderoft. ARL, Gallup, formerly was KC6DX, on Truk. SUY and ARL helped in local Conelrad tests. SUY has 33-ft. beer-can vertical. BUO is a new call at ZU's cabin. The Peccos Valley ARC held a picnic at Black River Village Sept. 13th with a hidden transmitter hunt won by RWH. RWH has left for a two-year tour of duty overseas and will be missed greatly. The Sandia Base ARC made plans for a state-wide meeting of mobiles to discuss the Caravan Club. ADX, CTG, GWI, NSN, NWI, UAF, UWA, WBG, and

CANADIAN DIVISION

CANADIAN DIVISION

MARITIME — SCM, A. M. Crowell, VEIDQ — SEC: FQ. EC: EK. RM: OM. VO items head the list this month via VO6U. New officers of the GBRC are VO6AD, pres.; VO6X, secy.-treas; VO6U, public relations. Twenty members celebrated the first anniversary of the Laborador Net, which started with VO6B and VO6U and now has 16 active member stations. VO6N is the new NCS. Active in the Goose Bay Area on 14 Mc. are VO6AD. 6N, 6U, 6X, W7RTS/VO6. W9WNI/VO6, W3TWO/VO6, W4KVM/VO6, and VO6AE. A 2-meter net is starting up with converters under construction. VO6T is coming along with his s..b. AD has a new rhombic. 6B is maritime mobile quite a bit. 6X is off 3.8 Mc. because of BCI. 6N is moving the rig to the club house. 6AE is running low power on 3.8 and 7 Mc. and getting out good. 6U has moved from the laundry room to the living room. VEI items follow: An interesting note was received from ADT/3, who now is in Ottawa and will be on with TA-12. FQ got home from a trip (Continued on page 114)



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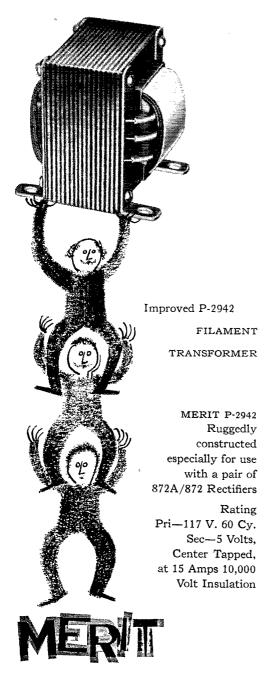
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to the U.S.A. and VE3. AAW is on the sick list. Recent visitors include VE6HN and VE3BOY, the latter stationed here with the Canadian Navy. New officers of the HARC are RR, pres.; ED, vice-pres.; WD, secy.; "Binks" Fisher, treas. Send your reports along via the Maritime Nct. Traffic: (Sept.) VE1AAW 194, VO6U 152, VE1FQ 119, VO6N 56, VE1HC 37, ZM 34, VO6S 16, VE1DB 7, (Aug.) VE6N 46.

Ve6N 56, Ve1HC 37, ZM 34, Voos 16, Ve1DB 7. (Aug.) Ve6N 46.

ONTARIO — SCM, G. Eric Farquhar, Ve31A — Following are the elected officials of several very active clubs: Ontawa ARC. KN, pres.; LX, vice-pres.; BCO, seey. Nortown ARC of Toronto, HZ, pres.; HE, vice-pres.; WA, rec. seey.; BXF, corr. seey. Hamilton ARC, BVR, pres.; QU, vice-pres.; DFE, seey-treas. KM, hon. pres.; CJM, bulletin editor. Beaver Radio-Telegraph Club, ATR, manager, EAM, assistant. The Quinte ARC reports business was brisk at its annual "Auction Nite." GI visited ATR while on vacation. IR and BSU mobiled together to the Montreal Convention. BSU reports much pleasure from his Viking rig. ATR comments on unnecessary and useless chatter observed during net operations and emphasizes the use of the net abbreviations which were designed to make net operation more effective. Your SCM will gladly provide these signals on request. Ham radio received a fine plug from the Brittania Yacht Club in connection with the Canadian Dinghy Association Regatta held at Ottawa. AGU, LX, DY, BBW, PG and ACS supplied equipment and operators for network and public address system operation. Congrats to KF and ZW on high scores in the ARRL DX Contest. AGU has an ingenious mobile mount. Congrats are being extended to NG upon his being awarded the Yates Memorial Trophy as the Nortown Cluh member who did the most valuable work in promoting ham radio. The following AREC members of Toronto received etters of thanks from the Toronto Flying Club for their able assistance in providing communications during the National Air Races: IL, AIA, AMB, BSD, RU, DHG and NG. of thanks from the Toronto Flying Club for their able assistance in providing communications during the National Air Races: IL, AIA, AMB, BSD, RU, DHG and NG. While experimenting with 420 Mc. EAB reports signals radiating from door knobs, drawer handles, and his bicycle! There's a small harmonic at the QTH of DY, BXF and BSW, OBS and OO appointees, respectively, get a kick out of receiving letters of thanks from users of their services. Traflic: VE3ATR 323, BUR 178, IA 98, NG 75, NO 35, GH 27, AOE 25, SG 14, VZ 10, AUU 9, DQA 9, DPG 6, AVS 2.

OUEBEC — SCM. Gordon A, Lynn, VE2GL—It is

Traffic: VE3ATR 323, BUR 178, IA 98, NG 75, NO 35, CH 27, AOE 25, SG 14, VZ 10, AUU 9, DQA 9, DPG 6, AVS 2, AOE 25, SG 14, VZ 10, AUU 9, DQA 9, DPG 6, AVS 2, AOE 25, SG 14, VZ 10, AUU 9, DQA 9, DPG 6, AVS 2, AOE 25, SG 14, VZ 10, AUU 9, DQA 9, DPG 6, AVS 2, SG 12, AVS 2, AVS

Civil defense has made favorable strides in the local area Civil defense has made favorable strides in the local area of Vancouver and surrounding environs under the local EC, AOB, and the C.D. Radio Laison Officer, DD. Approximately 70 amateurs met W1BD1 at a banquet and Ed was presented with a BCIT (B.C. Indian Titem Pole) and book of signatures. OF has been appointed EC District No. 4 and BV EC District No. 1. FS is now ORS. Our Island correspondent reports that in August US was still building, BF was using mobile antenna for fishing, DH was still around, and SH had had no contacts yet. AQB's new rig is Continued on page 116)

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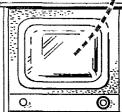
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coming up. LP is going TV. ASA is trying to find a place for her rig. ALL's big rig went "kaput." AIY is putting out an FB signal on 'phone. The AREC members in Vancouver are providing the communications for c.d. on 2 meters both fixed and mobile. We hope that amateurs will be able to obtain the same amount of cooperation from c.d. officials in other sections of British Columbia that exists in the Greater Vancouver Area. Would also like to hear from those on bands other than 75 meters. Check into the AREC Net on 3755 kc. any night between 6 and 7 p.m. on 'phone or c.w. Traffic: (Sept.) VE7DH 41, QC 30, FS 7. (Aug.) VE7 QC 72, DH 19.

SASKATCHEWAN — SCM, Harold R. Horn, VE5HR — The Regina Club station, NA, was kept busy during the civil defense display at Regina. Keen interest was shown by the public and c.d. officials. Considerable traffic was handled and those operating the station did a very good ich. IS

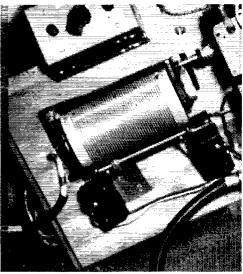
SASKATCHEWAN—SCM, Harold R. Horn, VE5HR—The Regina Club station, NA, was kept busy during the civil defense display at Regina. Keen interest was shown by the public and c.d. officials. Considerable traffic was handled and those operating the station did a very good job. JS has been transferred to Brandon as Radio Inspector. OP reports on the Moose Jaw gang. KR has joined the Army. IL is active on mobile now. JV is running his countries worked total higher and looking for more rare ones. W61AN visited Moose Jaw: EQ also paid the Club a visit. PC rook the big step. Our best wishes to you both. DZ and GW are active on 20 meters. FS is heard occasionally when his duties as a Member of Parliament permit. Our good wishes to GI, who has been ill for some time, and our hopes for a quick return to the air. PJ says his new TZFD works FB. He spent a few days with DD LE is rebuilding. Many thanks, fellows for the coöperation this year, and let's hope that the New Year brings good health and happiness. A Very Merry Christmas to you and yours. Traffic: VE5HR 34, PJ 10.

Remote Mobile Antenna Resonating

(Continued from page \$4)

K6DY and W6WOY have located their rigs under the dash and both are VFO. The b.c. antenna is used with a wavemeter to indicate resonance.

During a 3000-mile trip, K6DY established contacts over the entire 75-meter band without loss of efficiency, and with no more effort than pushing a button. Daytime contacts to 800 miles, while in motion, were made during this trip. Try it, boys; you'll like your rig better.



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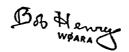
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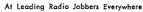
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A 220-Mc. Station

(Continued from page 43)

tenna to be adjusted, and connecting it to the indicator section with a two-wire cord of suitable length. With our low-powered transmitter the separation between the transmitting antenna and the pick-up unit should not be more than about 25 feet, but with higher power levels distances of 100 feet or more may be used. The connecting cable can be lamp cord, coaxial line, Twin-Lead, or any other 2-conductor cable. The field-strength indicator antenna should be the same polarization as the antenna under test. Its length can be reduced to decrease the sensitivity of the unit for use at close range, if desired.

The case for the pick-up portion is an ICA No. 29400 Channel-Lock aluminum box 21/8 by 15/8 by 4 inches in size. The antenna elements are 12 inches long, made of soft aluminum ground wire. The ends of the wires are pounded flat by hammering them out on a hard surface. This may then be drilled to mount on the feed-through bushings. The pick-up unit should be mounted in approximately the same plane as the transmitting antenna. Adjustments may then be made on either the antenna or the transmitter, knowing that an increase in the meter reading means that more power is being radiated in the desired direction. It is invaluable in antenna work, and will be one of the most useful pieces of equipment you'll ever build. It may be used on almost any band if a suitable modification is made in the length of the pick-up antenna.

Silent Keys

T is with deep regret that we record the T is with ucop roger passing of these amateurs:

W1GEQ, Arthur P. Thomas, Wollaston, Mass. W2AGB, Vernon J. Reynolds, Kearny, N. J. W2FAA, Louis B. Little, Bloomfield, N. J. W2JSV, Thomas S. Black, Richmond Hill, N. Y. w2MJL, Nicholas Fusillo, Baldwin, L. I., N. Y. ex-2ZL, J. O. Smith, West Haven, Conn. W3QBV, Thomas Davis, Uniontown, Penna. W3UR, Max Spengler, Harrisburg, Penna. W3ZB, Benjamin W. Collins, Swarthmore, Penna. W4ZRT, Ens. Paul F. Stewart, USNR, St. Petersburg, Fla.

W5DXQ, Clyde B. Trevey, Beaumont, Texas W5GVL, Reuel J. Thomson, Marshall, Texas W51UK, James R. McKelvey, Borger, Texas W5SLK, John W. Watterson, McAlester, Okla. W6BWS, John E. Striplin, Torrance, Calif. W6WIN, James E. Shiffer, San Francisco, Calif. W8CUX, Fred E. Church, Millington, Mich. W8CXU, Theo. A. Piggott, Weirton, W. Va. WSICF, Jack R. Hodges, Grosse Point Farms, Mich.

W9DAZ, Vialis F. Walz, Bloomington, Wis. W9MTL, Willard R. Schwager, Gary, Ind. WØCJE, James L. Sealy, Cedar Rapids, Iowa KL7ARG, Lt. Cmdr. James W. Christman, USCG,

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Novice Round-up

(Continued from page 44)

is the "section multiplier." A fixed scoring credit may be earned by entrants who hold an ARRL Code Proficiency certificate. If an entrant does not hold a CP award he can apply for credit by attaching to his Round-up report a copy of qualifying run from W60WP, December 6th or January 8th, or from W1AW, December 15th or January 13th. CP credit equals the w.p.m. speed indicated on the latest certificate or sticker held by the entrant. The final score equals the "total points" plus "Code Proficiency credit" multiplied by the "section multiplier."

5) Reporting: Contest work must be reported as shown in the sample form. Reporting forms and a map of the United States will be sent gratis upon request. Indicate starting and ending times for each period on the air. All Round-up reports become the property of ARRL and must be postmarked not later than February 15th, 1954.

6) Awards: A certificate award will be given to the highest-scoring Novice in each ARRL section.

7) Disqualifications: Failure to comply with the contest rules or FCC regulations shall constitute grounds for disqualification. ARRL Contest Committee decisions are final.

Field Day Results

(Continued from page 55)

Club Southwest M teur Radio W4HBB/4 W4DU/4 W4NC/4 Winston - Sale Radio Club W5ANR/5 W6UJ/6 W9MD/9 W1MHL/1 W9MKS/9 VETZV/7 W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 W6HD/5 W1AKQ/7 W1AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 Club Society W4FLW/4 Club Society Club Coffee Dunker K5NBW/5 W6AKQ/7 Society W4FLW/4 Conclub grou Kilacycle Club Coffee Ounker K5NBW/5 W6AKQ/7 Club Coffee Ounker K5NBW/5 Coffee	aterloo Ama- Club 335- nateur Radio 319- Ilissouri Ama- Club 384- A to Club of Sa- amateur Radio 325- A	A-30- 3249 A 3015 A-14- 2916 AB-27- 2571 B-25- 2502
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W4DU/4 W4not/4 Wannah Society W4NC/4 Winston - Sale Radio Club W5ANR/5 Fort Smith R W6UJ/6 W9MD/9 Illinois Ham (Waltham An Assn. W9MKS/9 VE7ZV/7 Vancouver An Club W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou V5HD/5 W1AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Winston - Sale Radio Club Roceled Club Valtham An Assn. Starved Rock Vancouver An Club Vancouver An Anateurs Valex Val	392~ mateur Radio 325- A	B-25- 2502
W4NC/4 W5acon - Sale Radio Club W5ANR/5 W6UJ/6 W9MD/9 W1MHL/1 Waltham An Assn. W9MKS/9 VETZV/7 Vancouver An Club W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Winston - Sale (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4	325- A	
W4NC/4 Winston - Sale Radio Club W5ANR/5 Fort Smith R. W6UJ/6 (nonclub grou) W1MHL/1 Waltham An Assn. W9MKS/9 VETZV/7 Vancouver At Club W8AM/8 Coffee Dunket K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou) W5HD/5 Kilocycle Club W7AKQ/7 Oregonian At Society W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou W7QGN/7 Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A		AB-16- 2376
W5ANR/5 W6UJ/6 W9MD/9 W1MHL/1 W9MMS/9 W1MHL/1 W9MKS/9 VETZV/7 W8AM/8 W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 W4GCW/4 W6MAN/5 K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 W7GCW/4		
W6UJ/6 W9MD/9 W1MHL/1 Waltham An Assn. W9MKS/9 VE7ZV/7 Vancouver At Club W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 W4GCW/4 W1000000000000000000000000000000000000	271-	B-20- 2376
W9MD/9 W1MHL/1 Waltham An Asen. W9MKS/9 VE7ZV/7 Club W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 W4GCW/4 W1lmios Ham O Rater A Starved Rock Vancouver At Club Coffee Dunket Kincycle Clut W7AKQ/7 Conclub grou W7QGN/7 Lower Yakima Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A		B-11- 2340
W1MHL/1 Waltham An Asen. W9MKS/9 Starved Rock VE7ZV/7 Vancouver Ar Club W8AM/8 Coffee Dunker K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou W5HD/5 Kilocycle Club W7AKQ/7 Oregonian Ar Society W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	p) 360-	B- 6- 2310
W1MHL/1 Waltham An Asen. W9MKS/9 Starved Rock VE7ZV/7 Vancouver Ar Club W8AM/8 Coffee Dunker K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou W5HD/5 Kilocycle Club W7AKQ/7 Oregonian Ar Society W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	Nub 240-	A- 7- 2160
W9MKS/9 VE7ZV/7 Vancouver At Club W8AM/8 Coffee Dunker K5NBW/5 W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 Conclub grou Kilocycle Club Oregonian At Society (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	ateur Radio	
VETZV/7 Vancouver At Club W8AM/8 Coffee Dunker K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 Vergonian At Society W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Vancouver At Club Goffee Dunker Kilocycle Club Victory (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs V4GCW/4 Vancouver At Club	207-	A 2088
W8AM/8 Coffee Dunker K5NBW/5 (nonclub grou W5HD/5 Kilocycle Club W7AKQ/7 Oregonian Ar Society W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A		B-12~ 2064
W8AM/8 K5NBW/5 W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 W4GCW/4 W4GCW/4 W8AM/8 Coffee Dunker (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	251- A	B-15- 2052
K5NBW/5 W5HD/5 W7AKQ/7 W7AKQ/7 W4FLW/4 W7QGN/7 W4GW/7 W4GW/4 W7QGN/7 K5NBW/5 W4GCW/4 W7QGN/5 K5NBW/5 W4GCW/5 W61000000000000000000000000000000000000		B- 9- 2022
W5HD/5 Kilocycle Clut W7AKQ/7 Oregonian Ar Society W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A		B- 6- 1998
W7AKQ/7 Oregonian Ar Society W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou W7QGN/7 Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A		B-10- 1989
W4FLW/4 (nonclub grou W7QGN/7 Lower Yakims Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A		173-10- 1909
W7QGN/7 Lower Yakima Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	mateur Kadio 193-	A-12- 1962
W7QGN/7 Lower Yakima Amateurs W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	p) 301-	B-11- 1956
W4GCW/4 Pickens Co. A	Valley Radio	A- 7- 1935
		V 1- 1990
	mateur nadio 294-	B- 7- 1914
		B-12- 1911
		B-23- 1740
W3QYK/3 Flood City Ra		15-25- 1740
W5TKE/5 Pioneer Radio Kay County		AB-19- 1539
	adio Amateur	
Assn.	171- 4	B- 8- 1272
VE3KP/3 Roblin Radio		A- 9- 1125
	mateur Radio	
W41NG/4 Huntsvine Ai		3C-10- 1095
W1LQQ/1 Yankee Radio		ID-10- 1011
W3AKX/3 Frederick Ar Club	nateur Radio 128- A	AB- 8- 898
W5QDK/5 Pecos Valley A	mateur Radio 116- A	AB- 6- 873
	unty Amateur	, ,,,
Radio Assu.		B- 7- 720
WØIGZ/Ø Runestone Ra		B-40- 696
		B- 8- 594
· ·	Operated Simultaneously	
five i ransmitters	Operates Dimensioneously	T 00 7000

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(Continued on page 122)

W6CG/6

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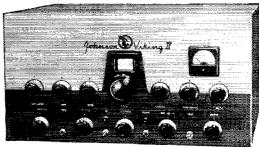




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W8KGG/8	Huron Valley Amateur Ra-				
W2KOJ/2	dio Assn. Watchung Valley Radio	905- B-21- 5580			
*	Club	622- AB-24- 5442			
W1AA/2	Lake Success Radio Club	699- AB-17- 5430			
W5PDO/5	Los Alamos Amateur Radio				
	Club	620 - AB-16- 5220			
W9UC/9 W7DK/7	Fort Wayne Radio Club	535- A-18- 5040			
W3OK/3	Radio Club of Tacoma Delaware-Lehigh Amateur	567- A-30- 4985			
113011/3	Radio Club	485- A-25- 4590			
W6JZ/6	East Bay Radio Club	530- AB 4362			
W9BA/9	St. Clair Amateur Radio	*** ***			
	Club	617- AB-16- 4332			
VE3CP/3	Frontier Radio Club	454- A-20- 4311			
W2UBW/2	Mid-Island Radio Club	450- A-20- 4293			
W6LL/6	North Bay Amateur Radio	#00 1700 1401			
VE3BER/3	Assn. Clinton Amateur Radio Club	789-ABC 4164 662- AB-16- 4098			
W1TKA/1	Stamford Amateur Radio	002~ AD~10~ 4095			
11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Emergency Corps	559- A-14- 3984			
W9JP/9	Indianapolis Radio Club	617-ABC- 9- 3825			
W4VTA/4	Confederate Signal Corps	398- A-12- 3807			
W3KX/3	Electric City Amateur Ra-				
re-ATELL (A	dio Club	431- AC-12- 3801			
K2CPY/2	FTR Radio Club	374- A- 9- 3591			
W8TT/8	Lake-Geauga Amateur Ra- dio Club	529- B-21- 3324			
W6LUC/6	Santa Barbara Amateur Ra-	928- D-21- 9924			
WULLOC/U	dio Club	344- AB-16- 3225			
W9WFJ/9	Midway Radio Club	370- AB- 8- 3159			
W9NZ/9	McHenry County Amateur	***************************************			
	Radio Club	374- AB-14- 3099			
W6BXN/6	Turlock Amateur Radio				
	Club	432- AB-13- 2967			
W1PZ/1	Pocahontas Radio Club	303- A- 5- 2965			
W8SP/8	Mountaineer Amateur Ra-				
	dio Assn.	275- A-24- 2700			
W5TSV/5	Pampa Amateur Radio Club	121- AB-12- 2584			
W4PCC/4	(nonclub group)	416- B-20- 2498			
W1WKN/1	Old Colony Amateur Radio				
	Assn.	276- A-23- 2484			
W4NEP/4	Paducah Amateur Radio Club	361- AB-21- 2316			
WATEGO /	Submarine Signal Amateur	301- AD-21- 2310			
W1ECO/1	Radio Club	268- AB-25- 1998			
VE3BXT/3	Scarboro Amateur Radio	200 110 20 1000			
110011170	Club	195- A-14- 1980			
W6WI/6	(nonclub group)	279- AB-19- 1872			
W7NBR/7	Spokane Radio Amateurs	188- AB-12- 1590			
WIDGV/1	Great Bay Radio Assn.	206- AB 1569			
WØBJT/Ø	Northwest St. Louis Ama-	200 120 1000			
	teur Radio Club	238- B 1568			
W7BB/7	Lake Washington Amateur				
•	Radio Club	196- AB- 9- 1548			
W3LTK/3	Radio Assn. of Eric	201- B-25- 1480			
W6ZOJ/6	Paso Robles Radio Club	187-ABC- 7- 1346			
W6CKV/6	Golden Empire Radio Club	87- A-8- 783			
8	Six Transmitters Operated Simultaneously				

Six Transmitters Operated Simultaneously				
W4FU/8	Ohio Valley Amateur Radio Assn.	1434-	A-29-12	,906
W2VDJ/2	Lakeland Amateur Radio Assn.	1142-	A-26-10	,503
W3VU/3	Chesapeake Amateur Radio Club	917-	AB-25-	7443
W7AW/7	West Seattle Amateur Radio Club	754-	A-26-	7083
W9SW/9	Chicago Suburban Radio Assn.	730-	A-31-	6794
VE3JJ/3	West Side Radio Club	689-	A-22	6444
VE3BRR/3	Nortown Amateur Radio Club	670-	A-38-	6255
W8ACW/8	Genesee County Radio Club	1001-	B-40-	6240
W6MSO/6	Inglewood Amateur Radio Club	665-	A-24-	5988
(Continued on page 124)				

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W9NFT/9	Illinois Valley Radio Assn.	506- A-26- 4554
W8SMA/8	Fort Hamilton Amateur Ra- dio Assn.	585-ABC-20~ 4305
W1GLA/1	Framingham Radio Club	415- A-14- 3960
W2KKE, 1	Westchester Amateur Radio	,,,,
•	Assn.	401- A-20- 3834
W6OFT/6	Palomar Radio Club	718- BC- 8- 3777
W7AIA/7	Clark County Amateur Ra-	000 1 10 9501
TOTAL OF	dio Club	389- A-18- 3501 329- A- 9- 3103
VE7AQL/7 W4SKH/4	Reddy-Watts Oak Ridge Radio Operators	329- A- 9- 3103
11 11/11/17	Club	382- AB-35- 3099
W8CNI/8	Tiffin Amateur Radio Club	310- AB 2589
W7PXL/7	Valley Radio Club	417- B 2514
W6LUF/6	Mt. Diablo Amateur Radio	1700 0050
TZCCITZ (n	Club	462-ABC-25- 2253
K6CV/6 W6HWF/6	Trade Teachers Shasta County Radio Club	251- AB-12- 2085 83- AB- 6- 570
WOLLWEYO	Shasta County Itadio Club	99- AD- 0- 910
	Seven Transmitters Operated Simu	ltaneous l y
W6UW/6	Santa Clara County Ama-	
1100 1170	teur Radio Assn.	1164- A-32-11,009
W9PCS/9	York Radio Club	1422- AB-24- 9906
W5SC/5	San Antonio Radio Club	800- A-20- 7425
W6MFL/6	Westchester Amateur Radio	
IVVoOmvr	Assn.	881- AB-20- 7206
W6OTX/6	Palo Alto Amateur Radio	819- AB-22- 7089
W6QGJ/6	Assn. San Francisco Radio Club	819- AB-22- 7089 835- AB-17- 6603
W6GER/6	Soledad Amateur Radio	300 HD (1 0000
	Club	522- A-15- 4977
K6FAV/6	McClelland Amateur Radio	
	Society	686- B-20- 4890
W2AWF/2	Albany Amateur Radio Assn.	536- AB-50- 4671
W1NEM/1	Hartford County Amateur Radio Assn.	454- A-50- 4311
W7MXH/7	Cascade Radio Club	571- AB-30- 3564
VE3RW/3	Quinte Amateur Radio Club	330- A-15- 3195
W7QHH/7	Reno Amateur Radio Club	489- B-20- 3084
W4MOE/4	Asheville Amateur Radio	
337.4 X13771 / A	Club	374- B-18- 2574
W4NVU/4 W6LIE/6	Dade Radio Club Kern County Radio Club	268-ABC-30- 1317 174- B-20- 1044
11 0121127 0	Kern County Itadio Club	111 12 20 1011
j	Eight Transmitters Operated Simu	ltaneously
W6ARO/6	West Valley Radio Club	1342- AB-25- 8784
W3RCN/3	Rock Creek Amateur Radio	1019 110 20 0101
	Assn.	870- A-65- 7975
K6EA/6	Associated Radio Amateurs	
*****	of Long Beach	796- A-30- 7407
W3SL/3	Delaware Amateur Radio Club	874- AB-34- 6192
W2DPQ/2	Huntington Radio Club	818- AB-35- 5658
VE3KP/3	Niagara Peninsula Amateur	0.10 11.00 00 0000
•	Radio Club	787- AB-25- 5106
W2USA/2	Suffolk County Radio Club	712-ABC-20- 3738
	Nine Transmitters Operated Simu	ltamensuels.
	· ·	etanev weep
W2GSA/2	Garden State Amateur Ra-	1011_ AD 27_18 802
W9AP/9	dio Assn. North Suburban Radio Club	1911- AB-37~15,593 1380- A-40-12,645
VE3DC/3	Hamilton Amateur Radio	10.00 11 19 12,010
	Club	776- A-26- 7308
W6TOI/6	Downey Amateur Radio	
Webst Tie	Club	925- AB-15- 6543
W6MLI/6 W6HE/6	Coronado Radio Club Lockheed Amateur Radio	538- AB-20- 3885
01119/0	Club	427- AB-35- 3051
	Ten Transmitters Operated Simul	taneously
W3FRY/3	Frankford Radio Club	2665- A-25-24,795
W2OM/2	Tri-County Radio Assn.	2003- A-30-18,252
W9IT/9	Northwest Amateur Radio	
W2OW/2	Club Binghamton Amateur Radio	1388- A-37-12,717
W20W/2	Assn. and IBM Amateur	

Binghamton Amateur Radio Assn. and IBM Amateur

Concord Brasspounders (Continued on page 126)

Twelve Transmitters Operated Simultaneously

Radio Assn.

W10C/1

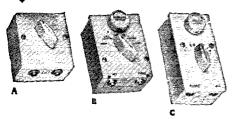
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633 WALNUT STREET . CINCINNATI 2, OHIO

Single Sideband

Watch this space next month for the most compact and inexpensive single sideband equipment on the market... for mobile or fixed station use.



WRIGHT T-R SWITCH

For break-in operation on CW, AM, or SSSC. Use one antenna for transmitting and receiving. It's instantaneous! No moving parts, no power needed to operate. Coax fitting for connections to feeder and receiver. Will handle 1 Kw. With 75 meter plug-in coil.. \$9.95

40, 20 meter coils, \$1.75 each



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Self-powered; 4-position record equalizer plus mike or tuner input; 20 db bass or treble increase or decrease 3-12AX7, 6 X 4. Regularly \$62.50.

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PL-55 PLUG AND CORD

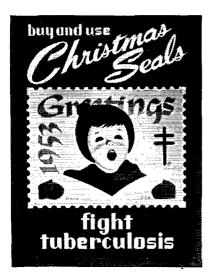
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4D32 tubes. Brand new\$	18.95
8 Henry, 250 Ma. cased choke	2.95
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83-1SP standard coax plug	.60
Coax angle plug	.45

Your order will receive my personal attention and will be shipped the same day order is received. We distribute all top-flight amateur lines . . . let us know what you need.

73, Jule Burnett, W8WHE





y. (?

CLASS B

Grouped in this special listing are the scores of stationmanned by one or two operators. Where two persons participated, the call of the assisting operator is given following that of the amateur whose call was used. Figures following the call listings indicate number of contacts, power and final score.

	Transmitter	W8KAF/8 ; W8KYD	69-	A~ 621
W6RW/6	468- A-6656	VE3DFM/3	18-	A- 581
W6BXL { W3EIS/3 }		VO6N/VO6	35-	A- 540
W4KFC	409- A-5873	KN2CLL/2		
W2FBA/2		K2AFQ	32-	A- 528
W2JBQ	386- A-5549	W1TXI/1)	78-	B- 513
W6TSW/6	*** 1 100*	WITRF {	10-	
W6IXK	520- A-4905	W7HJ/7	11-	A- 500
W1HA/1 (231- A-2304	W9FKC/9	54-	B- 486
W1RAN (231- A-2004	W9HOA/9	55-	B- 486
W6JPM/6)	211- A-2124	KN2CQJ/2 W6CAE/6	61- 72-	A= 462 B= 432
W6LKC 5	211 .1 2127	WOCAL/O WOPB/O	72	A- 378
W6IYG/6	295- AB-1917	W1DIT/1	69-	B- 360
W6RSU /		W6CIS/6	39-	A- 351
W5OLD/5) W5OGS	178- B-1827	W7QHD/7	38-	A- 342
W5IER/5		WØNZQ/Ø	11-	A- 342
W5REV	197- A-1773	K8NAS/8	25-	A- 338
W5AJA/5	104- A-1742	W4JGS/4	22-	A- 297
W9OLL/9	58- A-1641	W5TID/5	116-	B- 282
W4IYR/4	135- A-1440	W1ATX/1	28-	A- 252
W5TGB/6	100- A-1350	W1YCG/3	57-	A- 246
W7FVI/7)		VE6WR/6	46-	A- 213
W7DRF	74- A-1337	W1BB/1	13-	A- 189
W2COU/2		W4SAT/4)	74-	B- 184
W2YRH	61- A-1161	W4TYP S		
W8VWY/8	61- A-1161	W8HAY/8	16-	A- 153
W6HJK/6	120- A-1116	W2QPQ/2	25-	A- 150
W7SUI/7	77- A-1040	WN9WWJ/9	11-	A- 149
VE1AAM/1	} 48- A-986	W6NLQ/6	16-	A- 144
VE1AAU)	W3QQS/3	68-	B- 136
WIUFY/1	95~ABC- 953	W4ZK/4	15-	C- 135
W9LSV/9	100- A- 900	W1MEP/1 WN8NJL/8	5- 6-	A- 45 B- 36
W9LXV }	100 11 000	WN8MLU/8	5-	B- 30
W9GZR/9	147- B-882	W1WAG/1	7-	A- 21
W9FPA	}	VE6FB/6	5-	A- 21
W1MHF/1	144~ B- 864	1 1201 15/0	U-	n- 21
W7BTF/7	39~ A- 864	Two Tr	ansmitt	er a
WØOMG/Ø)	85- A- 765	W4KUX/5 }		
WØTSZ /		W4KCQ }	202-	AB-1503
K2AZJ/2	82- A- 738	W6INZ/6)	400	
WøFDP/ø	28- A- 716	W6EJM	167-	A-1503
W5VU/5	112- C- 672	W6FTJ/6	79-	A 1007
W2IMJ/2 \	47- A- 648	W6KYH /	19-	A-1067
W2FRA	47- N- 048	VE3AVS/3	48-	AB~ 363
W6IAH/6	22~ A- 635	VE3ATU/3	102-	C~ 306
W6EA ∫	## IL 900	W8NOH/8	14-	B- 82

CLASS C

Grouped in this tabulation are the scores of entrants in the mobile class. Figures following the call indicate number of contacts, power, number of participants at each mobile station and final score.

W9RQM/9 2	256-A-2-3848	W5DAH/54	63-A-2-1188
W6FUA/6	177-A-1-2390	W2KLA/2	86-A-1-1161
W6HDT/6	134-A-1-2147	W7JFO/7	57-A-1-1161
W1WGM/1	120-A-1-1958	W2ZYK/2	60-A-1-1148
W6ZVD/6*	118-A-2-1931	W8AGA/8	34-A-1-1148
W8AJH/8	56-A-1-1823	W8VK/8	40-A-1-1148
W7KKN/7	123-A-1-1661	W8ZXL/8	27-A-1-1134
W3FMG/3	59-A-1-1512	W7CO/7	57-A-1-1107
W6INX/6	75-A-1-1350	W8INO/8	32-A-1- 986
W6QYZ/6	73-A-1-1323	W3FVK/3	46-A-1- 959
W7BA/7	70-A-1-1283	W3GBB/3	45-A-1- 945
W8PM/8	28-A-1-1256	W7KZP/7	44-A-1- 932
W6PIX/6	67-A-1-1242	W6HVO/6	68-A-1- 918
W8MWE/8	46-A-1-1229	W8INW/8	23-A-1- 918
W7MPH/7	90-A-2-1215	W3RMN/3	42-A-1- 905
W8AEU/8	45-A-1-1215	W7GJW/7	11-A-1- 891
W8BDZ/8	35-A-1-1215	W6EIG/6	95-B-1- 855
W3B∏/3	64-A-1-1202	W3FDJ/3	38-A-1- 851
·	(Continued of		



AUTOMATIC, ELECTRIC 24-HOUR CLOCK WITH HUGE 10" DIAL, SWEEP SECOND

AT A SINGLE GLANCE this fabulous clock tells your favorite Ham the exact time in every zone of the world. Key cities and countries are shown on inner dial. 0100-2400 hours and 1-60 seconds are shown in separate bands! Gray metal with chrome-plated bezel. Self-starting. Convex crystal. A unique clock of time-proven quality at a modest price that HASN'T risen with inflation! Order No.

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REAL SAVINGS for hobbyists, students, lab

210 MIL POWER XFMR REG. \$9.95

A steal! 115/1/60 pri, 375-0-375 @ 210 mils; 5V @ 3A; 6.3V @ 6.75A; 6.3V @ 2A; 6.3V @ 1.2A. Half shell type, fully shielded; color coded leads; 3¾ x 3" mtg. ctrs, 9½ lbs. Ideal for amps, mods., supplies, xmtrs, Save \$4.40 while they last Yes, brand new!



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ARMY-NAVY

WORTH **OVER \$10** Famous HS-33 headsets using ANB-H-1 receivers, with HB-7 headbands, MX-41/AR rubber cushions, 5 ft. cord with PL-55 plug. Guaranteed 100-4000 cps ±3 db, down 20 db @ 6000 cps. Total imp. 600 ohms. Perfect for broadcast monitoring, ham receivers, test labs, audio fans. 114 the. 11/2 lbs. Order No. R-5019Q.....\$4.95



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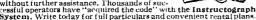
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W3FWZ/3	35-A-1- 810	W6ALD/6	3-A-1- 378
W70Y0/7	35-A-1- 810	W3NPL/3	2-A-1- 365
W8UXV/8	27-A-1- 783	W6GAU/6	1-A-1- 365
VE2CD/W15	23-A-1- 783	W8CZW/8	2-A-1- 365
W8YGM/8	22-A-1- 770	W8YPE/8	2-A-1- 365
W6NQQ/66	30-A-2- 756	W8JVN/8	1-A-1- 351
W8IND/8	9-A-1- 756	W2LID/2	23-A-1- 311
W7OZG/7	28-A-1- 716	W6PFE/6	22-A-1- 297
W7MSI/7	27-A-1- 702	W9OGZ/9	22-A-1- 297
W8QAV/8	11-A-1- 702	W7ELJ/7	20-A-1- 270
W7RTQ/7	51-A-1- 689	W8CBM/8	20-A-1- 270
W7PGY/7	25-A-1- 675	K5NRE/57	86-C-3- 258
W3IFW/3	23 -A-1- 648	W9GFA/9	18-A-1- 243
W8IWP/8	14-A-1- 635	W7QLG/7	16-A-1- 216
W8ZJQ/8	9-A-1- 621	W7AWP/7	15-A-1- 203
W3KKH/3	20-A-1- 608	W3WA/3	14-A-1- 189
W6KRH/6	19-A-1- 608	W6DPJ/6	14-A-1- 189
W8AJW/8	20-A-1- 608	W7JIH/7	14-A-1- 189
W8BUS/8	8-A-1- 608	VE3DMZ/3	20-B-1- 180
W8GHO/8	16-A-1- 608	W7LBF/7	12-A-1- 162
W7SKT/7	19-A-1- 594	W3FRD/3	11-A-1- 149
W8ZEU/8	7-A-1- 594	W8FKS/8	10-A-1- 135
W7FTR/7	18-A-1- 581	W9EZS/9	10-A-1- 135
W7OTA/7	12-A-1- 527	W1IHL/1	9-A-1- 122
W3ESM/3	13-A-1- 513	W3QHG/3	9-A-1- 122
W6AZL/6	39-A-1- 507	W9 AYU/9	9-A-1- 122
W6KSU/6	12-A-1- 500	W9SMW/9	9-A-1- 122
W7CBE/7	11-A-1- 486	W1NJM/1	11- A-1 - 99
W7HUL/7	11-A-1- 486	W2HF/2	8-B-1- 72
W3PSQ/3	10-A-1- 473	W8AFW/8	5-A-1- 68
W3JCI/3	9-A-1- 459	W8FBZ/8	5-A-1- 68
W8VM/8	9-A-1- 459	W4YCK/4	3-A-1- 41
W9MYI/9	33-A-1- 459	W7PZO/7	3-A-1- 41
W7MEU/7	8-A-1- 446	W7RNC/7	3-A-1- 41
W8ZSD/8	8-A-1- 446	W9RMM/9	4-B-1- 36
W3QLG/3	7-A-1- 432	W3EGI/3	2-A-2- 27
W2IN/2	9-A-1- 429	W5UWA/5	2-A-1- 27 2-A-1- 27
W3MKY/3	6-A-1- 419	W6NCP/6 W8WAG/8	1-A-1- 27
W6FJF/6	6-A-1- 419	W7DMN/7	I-A-I- 14
W1BDI/1	20-B-1- 405	W7DZQ/7	1-A-1- 14
W8LEX/8	5-A-1- 405	W7IEE/7	1-A-1- 14
W8NGY/8	5-A-1- 405	W7JWE/7	1-A-1- 14
W7AX8/7	29-A-1- 392	W7TES/7	1-A-1- 14
W3GYS/3	3-A-1- 378	W7TKN/7	J-A-1- 14
	0 .r i 010	or a water it	,

CLASS D

Grouped in this tabulation are the scores of home stations operated from emergency power.

W2SZ *	WN1WHL9
WØFT.N 62	

CLASS E

Grouped in this tabulation are the scores of home stations operated from commercial power sources.

W1YYM 11	W5WGS55
W6GKM357	W6NST53
W8NGO277	WØSQN
W5TFB235	VE3BVL53
W4TJI230	W2OMG52
W3DIM/3226	W8KID50
W4SGH 12	K2BOF 15
W3ISE	W2ICE
WØBMM/Ø160	W7ICD
	W6AM48
W6PMQ	
W1AW 18149	W8KBE46
W9ESQ147	WN3UTW45
W6GEB	W1WMH44
W1WKM132	W7QCN
W5YIG/6120	W2GSB 16
W3RNY	W3NRE42
W1TZA98	W8DAE 40
W2RCX94	W1BJP38
W2RHQ93	WØDAK37
K7NRM 14 92	W9NH
W1UGW	W2GIQ 35
W7PYV75	W6MJP
W1WVW61	W9YDQ
W3HDV57	W4KUI32

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HT-20

TVI-SUPPRESSED, 100-WATT BANDSWITCH TRANSMITTER

All spurious outputs above 40 mc at least 90 db below full rated output. All stages metered; single meter with 6-position meter switch. Output tuning indication, Frequency range of 1.7 mc to 31 mc control tuning and foot page control. Ten position control relations tinuous on front panel control. Ten-position crystal selector switch; provision for plug-in VFO on xmtr power supply. Seven tubes plus 5 rectifiers.

HT-20 complete with tubes...

\$44950



SX-88

"DREAM BOX" FOR DX-12 TUNED 1-F STAGES

Full precision gear drive for main tuning and bandspread. Full frequency coverage from

535 kc to 33.3 mc. Ten watt audio with push-pull output and negative feedback. Speaker terminals-3.2/8/500-600 ohms. Double conversion with crystal-controlled 2nd conversion oscillator. Built-in 100-kc calibration crystal. Has i-f output jack via cathode follower for teletype converter, oscilliscope, etc. 20 tubes. Six-position bandwidth control for 250 cycle to 10 kc selectivity. Satin black steel cabinet with grey-blue front panel, chrome trim.

5X-88 complete with tubes less speaker...

\$49995



SX-71

HIGH-PERFORMANCE RECEIVER FOR ADVANCED AMATEURS

Built to make hams happy—built to bring in DX through broadcast band plus 4 short-wave bands, 1650 kc-34 mc and 46-56 mc. Superior image rejection plus built-in NBFM, one r.f. two conversion, three i-f stages. Temperature compensated voltage seguided Phono input inck. Three wart output at 3.2 or 500 ohms impedance. Socket for external power or remote control. Full-visibility band spread. Satin black steel cabinet, chrome trim, __\$**249**95

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SX-62 HIGH-FIDELITY ALL-BAND RECEIVER

Full width dial is marked for foreign short wave listening.

indicating band in use. Standard broadcast, short wave or FM continuous coverage from 540 kc to 109 mc in 6 bands and 27-109 mc FM. Crystal calibration oscillator built-in to check dial pointer accuracy. Two r-f, three i-f stages. Temperature-compensated, voltage-regulated. Six-position selectivity. Hi-fi audio with 4-position tone control and 10-watt push-pull output. 500 and 5000 ohm impedance. Phono jack. 16 tubes. Satin black steel cabinet with light grey panel, chrome trim.

SX-62 complete with tubes less speaker...

\$34995



S-38C

LOW-COST RECEIVER with FLECTRICAL RANDSPREAD

Here is world-wide perform-ance in a compact receiver that's fine for the new ama-

teur or as a reliable standby set. Communications-type controls for standard broadcast plus 3 short-wave bands, 1650 kc to 32 mc. Sensitive built-in speaker. Headphone tip jacks. CW oscillator. Engineered throughout to give years of good service. \$5995

S-38C complete with tubes.....



S-53A

A TOP PERFORMING SMALL RECEIVER

Covers broadcast band plus 4 short-wave bands, 2.5-31 and
Electrical bandspread. Two i-f stages. Switches for automatic noise limiter, BFO and high-low tone. Built-in speaker. Headphone tip jacks. Phono-jack. Other important features, including temperature compensation to reduce fading

due to frequency shift, make the S-53A tops in its price range. 5-53A complete with tubes.

\$9995



R-46 MATCHING 10" PM **SPEAKER**

For use with Hallicrafters receivers SX-71, SX-76, SX-73, SX-62 or SX-88. 80 to 5000 cycle range. Matching transformer with 500-ohm input. Speaker voice coil impedance, 3.2 ohms. Satin black steel cabinet matches all Hallicrafters receivers. Cloth covered metal grille.

R-46

\$2495

S=76

DOUBLE CONVERSION RECEIVER

WITH GIANT "S" METER

Top selectivity at moderate price! Covers standard broadcast band plus 3 shortwave bands, 1720 kc to 34 mc. Calibrated electrical bandspread, Five-position selectivity, one r-f, two conversion, two i-f stages, temperature compensated. Phono input jack. Socket for external power or remote control. Satin black cab-inet, chrome plastic trim, hinged top.

S-76 complete with tubes less speaker .

\$19995



S-40B

ALL-TIME POPULAR HAM RECEIVER

Covers broadcast band plus 3 short-wave bands, 1680 kc to 44 mc. Elec-trical bandspread for easy tuning. One r-f, two i-f stages. Switches for auto-matic noise limiter, BFO and 3-position tone control. CW pitch control and built-in speaker.

S-40B complete with tubes.....\$12995

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WØEBA27	W7NWP10
W3UOE26	WØHAW10
W6MYG25	W5BSR9
W1TVJ24	W7EHH9
K5FEB23	VE3BAJ 9
W6JUE	W10NV8
W7CZX21	W1TWZ8
W2IIC20	W8WVL
W2CVW19	W9HLB7
W8INF19	W3IMW6
VE7WL	W9VOX
W8TDG17	W4TRN5
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W3TF16	W8DLE4
	W9AZR/Ø4
W9TTR16	W1ALP3
W3COK14	W1TVI3
W40GG14	W2GWT
W5URP13	W8WRN 3
W7PSS13	W8JWP 2
W6NCP12	VE7AKH 2
W9EIL12	KN2DGC1
K2AWA	W2WLR
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1 W8MKM opr. 2 W9RLB second opr. 3 W6ROJ second opr. 4 W5CTG second opr. 5 VE2KH second opr. 6 KN6ALN second opr. 7 W5s HBZ and SYE oprs. 8 W1TCJ and W2UGV oprs. 9 12 oprs. 10 7 oprs. 11 W1WPO second opr. 12 6 oprs. 13 W1WPR opr. 14 W7s PKW and SSX oprs. 15 5 oprs. 16 W2BJP opr.



December 1928

- "Radio on the Byrd Expedition" summarizes communications aspects of the South Polar explorational undertaking now commanding world-wide attention.
- ... Earl W. Springer, W9BWI, in "The Construction and Operation of a 3500-Kc. Crystal-Controlled 'Phone," describes a high-stability, high-quality 80-meter transmitter.
- "Push-Pull Transmitters," by James J. Lamb, WICEI, details a bound-to-be-popular set with UX-210s and UX-860s in a symmetrical crystal-controlled circuit.
- ... The two-210s transmitter discussed by J. Herbert Hollister, W9DRD, as well as his crystal-handling suggestions, makes "Debunking Crystal Control" must reading.
- . . . George Grammer, W3AIH, presents "Some Suggestions for the Monitor" in describing a straightforward monitoring set-up that has given years of reliable service.
- ... "A Frequency-Meter Combined with Your Receiver," by ARRL Director Eugene C. Woodruff, W8CMP, tells of a self-contained battery outfit using Type 199 tubes.
- ... J. M. Grigg writes on "An Improved Superheterodyne," a 500-kc.-i.f. five-tube set of good tone quality, selectivity, sensitivity and simplicity of tuning.
- ... L. W. Hatry's "Now—the Vacuum-Tube Ammeter" discusses variations in vacuum-tube voltmeter circuits for a wide range of measurement applications.
- ... Meeting a consistent demand for such information, Herbert F. Wareing, W9NY-W9FUZ, writes on "Choke Coil Design" considerations.
- ... "Straight-Edge Solutions" provides large-scale reproductions of nomographic charts by Allen B. Taylor, W6DXH, together with instructions for their use.
- ... Charles A. Hill, W6BRO, in "Relieving the Glass Arm," gives advice toward alleviating a difficulty that sooner or later plagues almost every c.w. hound.

"Color Television"



A special issue containing

• 15 N.T.S.C. Monographs-

The National Television Systems Committee has authorized IRE to publish its long awaited Monographs in the January 1954 special Color Television issue of "Proceedings of the I·R·E" — thus giving them industry-wide distribution for the first time in print.

25 additional Color TV articles –

will also appear in this issue, which brings the reader upto-the-minute on the developments of Color Television. Copies of the first Color Television issue are still available and combined with this second Color Television issue will form a complete bibliography of major historical importance. Also included in the January issue will be a complete listing of the N.T.S.C. system specifications as submitted to the F.C.C.; and field test reports on the system's performance.

in "Proceedings of the I-R-E" January '54

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Tackle TVI



SQUELCH HARMONIC RADIATION WITH THIS B&W LOW PASS FILTER

- Minimum attenuation of 85db thru entire TV band, more than 100db on Channel #2
- 4 "K" sections, 2 "M" derived end sections
- Insertion loss less than .25db through entire pass band to 30 mc.
- Handles more than 1 KW of r-f power
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Strays 3

W4HCM tells us that W4HDX, chief engineer at b.c. station WJNO, Palm Beach, Fla., dashed off the Eddie Fisher tune hit "Just To Be With You." Encore, OM!

W3EQK tried a 20-meter 'phone CQ while out mobiling one fine day. Back came W2ZYC, also mobile. It turned out that both are Emergency Squad policemen, W3EQK for the city of Baltimore and W2ZYC for the city of New York, and both are named Art.

W2UWK, W3VAV, W6OQY and reader Robert Page didn't miss the recent AP dispatch concerning the mockingbird of W5VPM. Mr. and Mrs. W5VPM, who regularly engage in buzzer code practice, were amazed when their pet bird began to dot-and-dash on his own. Next will come the theory, we suppose.

McSquegg

(Continued from page 61)

In the snows outside, Earlybird Kilroy was being dragged reluctantly along by his cocker spaniel. And, as usual, over the countryside far and wide hung the asphyxiating pall of Earlybird's morning stogie. The set-up was perfect!

Sunspot was penning "Glad to be your first W" on the bottom of an airmail-special-registered QSL card as ZD5H1 started his final transmission. McSquegg could sense the impatient W/VE crowd getting set to open up on ZD5H1 with a salvo sufficient to outclass Big Mo. It was then that the accented voice in the 'phones literally reached out and knocked him off his chair.

"A distinct pleasure to work you, Sunspot," said the rare fellow. "Delighted to be your first ZD5. And, by the way, please remind your club friend, Earlybird, that he still owes me a QSL for our 160-meter single-sideband QSO of last week. Very seventy-three!"

Sunspot grabbed the window sill and pulled himself up off the floor. He dejectedly watched Earlybird and his cocker as their figures perspectively grew smaller and smaller in their journey down the lane, realizing then and there that he had fought a futile battle against hopeless odds.

Wheezing from the still-hovering fumes of the lethal cigar, McSquegg's own sad-looking hound, Fleabait, disconsolately wandered out through the front gate to sniff the cooling tracks of Kilroy's dog—pawprints in the new-fallen snow proclaiming to all the world that Kilroy, indeed, had been there. . . .



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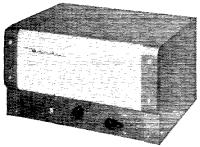
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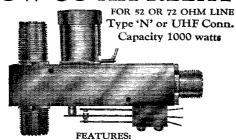
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World Above 50 Mc.

(Continued from page 65)

W7PXB reports that Channels 10 and 11 have been seen around Seattle several times recently. If you can see highband TV DX, you can work out on 144 Mc. Coverage on 144 Mc., if optimum techniques are employed, can beat TV coverage on Channels 7 to 13 any day!

The best 2-meter DX so far reported from the Northwest is a contact between W7NCW, Longview, Wash., and W6MXQ/7. Ashland Peak, Oregon, during the September V.H.F. Party, a distance of 280 miles. W6MXQ/7 also worked down as far as W6UOV at San Matco, 320 miles. So, for that once, at least, a 2-meter link between Washington and California was established, but at the cost of some rather prodigious effort by the party that set up W6MXQ/7 for the contest. Their average for all 16 contacts made was

246 miles, good going in any 2-meter league!

An interesting sidelight on the W6MXQ expedition: A 75-meter liaison rig was carried along, but it turned out to be completely useless because of the QRM. Ollie says next time they'll concentrate all their weight-carrying capacity on 2-meter gear. He is already planning for next September's contest. (June can be too early for the high altitudes, because of the late melting of snow.) He would particularly like to promote a WØ expedition to Pike's Peak for that event. Volunteers please get in touch with W6MXQ, Box 23,

Albany 6, Calif.

OES Notes

W5SCX, Ardmore, Okla., maintains daily skeds with W5AJG and W5HHU in Dallas, 110 miles to the south. checking signal levels against weather conditions. Contact is possible daily, but large variations in signal strength are encountered. Bill had his first contact with WØZJB, Wichita, Kansas, late in September. Checks are also made with Amarillo, 280 miles to the west. This path is not solid, requiring something special in the way of weather, so far,

Ever try any of your low-frequency antennas on 144 Mc.? W8UZ, Columbus, Ohio, got a surprise during the September V.H.F. Party when he put his 80-meter off-center-fed job on the 2-meter rig and found that it not only loaded well,

but did a creditable job in north-south work.

W8WRN writes of the experience of one of his Technician friends, who will remain call-less in this report. Seems Ken had listened for him several times on 420, with no results, which didn't seem right as they were not too far separated. Finally, Ken went over to see the newcomer, taking along a Lecher-wire assembly. The Technician was on 350 Mc.! Moral: Don't guess about frequencies; use a Lecher-wire system, the one method for checking frequency in the u.h.f. range that is completely reliable. November QST carries the details. Construction of such a Lecher-wire measuring device might well be a project for a club where there is extensive v.h.f. or u.h.f. interest. The cost is almost nothing, and it can save a lot of headaches.

W9LEE and W9GFL both report poor 2-meter conditions in upper Wisconsin during the early fall, though W9GFL lists several new stations on the band, and tells of formation of a 2-meter net. Frequency for net operations: 146.25 Mc.

Answer to QUIST QUIZ on page 58-

before getting into the high-selectivity circuits. (erugh seion boog a ditw instellence) muminim a ta end of the receiver. The best design keeps the gain risk of serious cross-modulation troubles in the front to establish a good noise figure, one always runs the When more r.f. stages are used than are necessary

the mixer noise sufficiently. the amplified input noise to the point where it masks mixer is noisy, it may take two r.f. stages to bring receiver noise figure by a fraction of a decibel. If the and a second r.f. stage would only pull down the is used, only one r.f. stage is likely to be sufficient, figure of the mixer. If a good (low noise figure) mixer figure of a single r.f. stage compared with the noise the mixer. It depends a lot on the gain and noise end) to based stages at, stages ahead of thes mistakes in a 2-meter converter (or any other front It is unlikely that anyone could make enough

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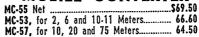




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W2QF W4MKB W8KML CT1PK	132 WIKJU	W1RZD W2JY W2QKJ W2SGX	110 wzgx	G8QW 11GZ LX1SI PY4PO	VE3AIU VE3BQP VS1AY 4X4AD
150 W4ESP	W4AAW W9IOD W9JJF ZSIKW	W2WZ W3DKT W4AQR W4DCQ	W2IUV W2YYL W3BUX W3BYL	ZD4AH ZS6LW	100
WSALA W6KQY W9RNX GM3AVA	131	W4IYM W4MB W5CEW W6IK Q W6MJB	W3FGB W3JNM W4GIO W4NYN W8BFQ	103 W1JYQ	WICUX WIFOX W2KSN W2MA
I1AMU LU4MG YV5AB	W1FFO W2ZW W6CHV W9HP W9UUN	W8BIQ W8TJM F8XP HB9DY	W8DMJ W8LJ W8QAD WØHX	WIPDF W2DPS W2IZS W2NOR	W2OR W3AEV W3AM W3DYT W4CRI
149 W3BET	F9RM G6LX G8QX GM2DBX	IIVS ON4YI OQ5LL VEICR	CTIDX EI4Q F8NK G3YN G5LN	W2OWS W3NA W7AUS W8NA WØUOD	W4DSC W4DYM W4ECE W4EYG
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WØNCG GSVT	W6WNH W9BZB WØANF WØPUE	118 W2VQM	HB9CX HB9ID VE3BDB ZS6Z	102 WZDYR	W6ZTW W7ADH W8ALC
144 W2RGV W2ZX G2M1	WØVSK CN8BA CN8MM CX4CS G3BID	W6TZD WØTJ F8CW	108	W2LV W2PBG W2QPC W4BA	W8BRA W8DXO W8FJX W8VRA
143 W2EOH	G8KP H89LA HASM HAXD	117 W4KAE W6YX	WIBAV W2AOX W2VYH W3KTF W3MWP	W4CWV W4KYB W5JWM W5NZE W6PWR W6SHW	W9CKP W9GZK W9HMG W9JUV
G2BXP HCAR T12RC	KL7AFR PY4KL PY4VX SM5WJ	EA4CM G5PP	WALIM DUILH HRLH ZSSGU	W7HTB W8IWI W8NGO	W9NDA W9UJ WØFUH
142 WIBEO W2VWN F9HF	VE7ZM 129	116 W2PKN W5EB W5HFQ F3WV	107	W9WXT WØSQO WØSUG WØWSH CO7GM	WØGSW EA3GI EI4L G2HIF
PYIAQT TI2TG	W2ZVS W5KUC	115	W2RUI W4LZM W4QT W7HLB W7PEY	CTIFL DL3DO DL7AB ET2LV	G2LS G2VJ GM3DZB GW8BW
141 WØAIW	128 W6NIG	W2MFS W3RIS W7EMP W8HRV WØGUV	WØJYW EA3FG G4MS G500	GI6TK G2DP G3CCO HB9HM 11AUH	IIAOF KP4HZ I,XIDC OESYL
140 W1EKU W2AKX W8HUD WØPRZ	126 zsscu	1.A7Y	HB9JZ ZS6DW	KP4ES PAØMDW SM5FL TA3GVU VE3AUJ	PAØQJ SMSFA SM6OE VE3AOL
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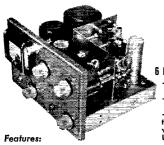
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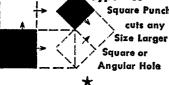
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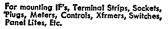
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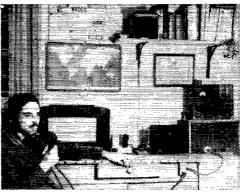
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How's DX?

(Continued from page 69)

and 3V8AG..... Rhombics don't exactly grow on trees in Basutoland but ZSSD has one hooked to his 50-watter for 14-Mc, work, Neighbor ZS7D gets satisfactory results with 100 watts and a 137-foot center-fed job...... Widely-worked ZE3JM gets a big signal out of an 89-6N7-807-813 VFOd arrangement while VQ2W finds a 20-watt 807 ample enough for much 7-Mc, fun.

Oceania — Navy club station KG6GX is manned by Statesiders W3WFE, W7LAR and W7OBU. Their layout includes a BC-610 (500 watts A3 and 700 A1), a 3-el. spinner on 14 Mc. and a 3-wire folded dipole on 40. The boys are on the air almost every day and get as much bang from handling GI traffic as from working rare DX. Ken, W7LAR. will be back home shortly and expects to hit the air as W7LAR/6 from San Bernardino. W7OBU is next in line for return W1APA notes that KX6BC and KJ6BA are brothers and that the former is K2BTD of N. Y. C. ._.__Ex-VR2CD, now VE7ASL, proposes doing a 10,000-mile tour of the U. S. A. during November and December. Chas is all set to lug a 10-meter mobile along as VE7ASL/W and will be on the watch for DX acquaintances before he crosses to Hawaii and VE7ASL/KH6. Eventually he expects to settle down there with a KH6 call . _ . _ FK8AO is passing out many New Caledonia QSOs on all bands from 3.5 through 28 Mc, Georges has a VFO-807-813 rig, a 12-tube super and an "MD2AC" antenna, FK8AO's usual operating schedule calls for an 0500-0800 GCT tour



Moderate power and modest antennae don't cramp the style of 4X4BR appreciably. Eli's Haifa station has been "first 4X4" for numerous W/VEs.

on 7 Mc., with 0800–1300 and 0100–0500 tricks on 20. He's out after WAS and sends QSLs direct if IRCs are received, otherwise via bureaus. FK8AO recently signed up with The Old Sock's RCC on the recommendation of ZL2GX.

Europe - W4MGP intrigues us by stating that he anticipates hitting the air soon from Belgrade with a YU1 call. He's attached to the U.S. Embassy there . _ . _ SM5ARP writes that he expects to put 3A2AW on the air again early next year. Carl QSLs 100 per cent and had quite a time straightening out bookkeeping for his Monacco visit last May . _ . _ . SP3PL gets a kick from QRP DX work with a 5-watt VFO, 8-tube superhet and 400-foot long wire. He has a 100-watter available for QRO, SPs 2KGA and 6XA have similar layouts - 3-stage rigs running 50-80 watts, 9-tube supers and long-wire radiators. We note that Polish SWL cards now really are getting around by the numbers LX1DU is eagerly sought on 14-Mc. 'phone of late and Francois's hefty signal stems from a warm 813 final . A newcomer on the air from Saarland is 9S4AB. Kurt has been making lots of noise with a 5-stage 40-watt transmitter, a converted BC-454 receiver and a long-wire skyhook One old-timer still holding his own is IIER. Mario had all continents worked by 1925 and qualified for WBE in 1934. He's now going strong on 20 meters with 100 watts, an SX-28 and a folded dipole YO3RD, now quite active, is ex-YR5ML. Remember that one? DL1FF (ex-DA5FF-D5FF) is up past 230 (Continued on page 140)

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MEISSNER 2CW NOVICE XMTR KIT \$24.95

Easy to put together! 20-25 watts input to 6V6G. Extra coils for 40, 20, 15, and 10 meters available......\$3.00 Crystals.......\$2.95

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One coil included

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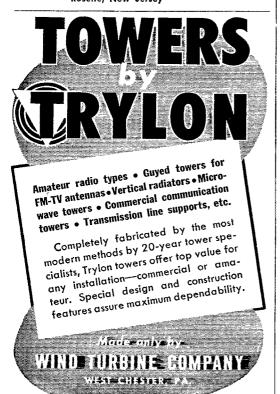
screws, bolts and other clumsy closure methods—and still not getting satisfactory results, IN-VESTIGATE METEX TVI-20-S TODAY! If your supplier doesn't have it, write us direct.

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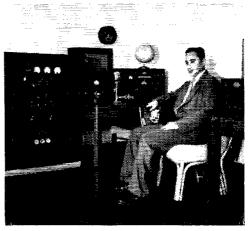
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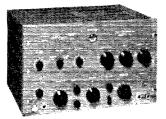
countries worked and has scored WAC on all bands 3.5 through 28 Mc.....Betfor Signals Radio Club, MF2AG, is still one of the more workable Trieste actives. The boys have a 5-stage 110-wart VFO rig and a BC-342.

South America — LU3BJ calls attention to the activities of LU4ZS at the Bahia Luna naval base on South Shetland Isles. Forty meters is preferred Several of the PY gang intended a DXcursion to Trinidad Island (not the VP4 version) during November, according to W2GT. It's not on the Countries List as things now stand Usually-scarce Bolivia is now exceedingly available in the forms of CP5s AB and EK. The former is ex-LU9DBF and the latter ex-CP1AP-CE2CE. CP5AB has 200 watts, a 75A-2 and an end-fire folded-dipole array for 14-Mc. A3 That big Paraguayan signal from ZP9AY (ex-ON4AP) rolls off a 21-Mc. rhombic. Buddy ZP9AU is ex-ON4AP and has a 35-watt 807 perking intermittently on 40.



DU7SV radiates a widely-heard signal from Cebu City on several DX bands. No doubt Volt would be more widely worked if Philippines amateur regulations were liberalized. At present a DU DXCC is out of the question; DUs can contact only other DUs and U.S.A.-U.S.-possessions amateurs. (Photovia W2MUM, W1TJI, W6YY and W9BDW)

Hereabouts - W6ENV informs us that the Fifth (and Greatest) Joint DX Conference of the Northern and Southern California DX Clubs, this one sponsored by the latter group, will be held January 16th-17th at the Hotel Californian in Fresno. W6ENV writes: "DX men everywhere are cordially invited and urged to attend this real oldfashioned DX round-up. Things will start happening at three o'clock Saturday afternoon and the banquet should start around 8:30 p.m. Several prominent selected speakers will bring a few thousand words, and the Polynesian room well, it closes late! Sunday breakfast, if you want any, will be informal." Man, them Kilofornia guys can throw a ball drop Andy, W6ENV, a line to notify him of your intention to attend. Hotel/motel arrangements may be handled at the same time. _._. OX3BK, with a grid-modulated 100-watter, worked W2GSE for his first QSO. ____ ... OX3BK, with a grid-modulated W4KFC could use info on the present whereabouts of former operators of EP2B and YK1AF. One guess why . .. W2HMJ, who has a 205/198 record, figures you have to go back to a dipole for a while to really appreciate a good rotary beam. [Boss, he should try some of your haywire antenna ideas to really appreciate a good dipole. - Jeeves.] W2BBK (FP8AK) writes that all outbound FP8AK QSLs now have been disseminated through bureaus The Annual Informal Get-Together of All New England DXCC Members, 1953 session, took place on October 15th in Cambridge, Mass. Those who stayed home to take advantage of lack of on-the-air competition that evening missed a bang-up time! Wis ADM ATE BFT BGW BIL BLO BOD DSF FH FTJ HA HE HX IKE JOJ JNV KKP KNU KR LMB MCW MIJ MUN NS PDR PKW QXQ RAN TW WK WLW and ZD attended. Wis BFT and HX pushed the organizing and QSL Manager W1JOJ was on hand with his QSL file.



CENTRAL ELECTRONICS Announces A NEW MULTIPHASE EXCITER MODEL 20A

- ★ 20 Peak Watts Output SSB, AM, PM, and CW.
- ★ Bandswitched 160 thru 10 meters.
- * Magic Eye carrier Null and Modulation Peak Indicator.

MULTIPHASE MODEL 10A

MULTI-BAND OPERATION. Approx. 10 watts peak output 160 thru 20 meters. Reduced output on 15-10 meters. SWITCHABLE SSB, with or without carrier, double sideband AM, PM, break-in CW, VOICE OPERATED BREAK-IN and receiver disabling. Bull-rin power supply also



disabling. Bullt-in power supply also furnishes voltage for optional VFO and blocking blas for linear amplifier. With moster xtal and colls for one band. Wired and tested \$159.50. Complete kit \$112.50. Extra coll sets \$3.95 per band.

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Improves ANY receiver. Upper or Lower sideband reception of SSB, AM, PM, and CW at the flip of a switch. Cuts QRM in half. Eliminates distortion caused by selective fading, Built in power supply. Substitutes for diode detector in any receiver having 450-500 kc ii. Wired and tested \$74.50. Complete kit \$49.50.

AP-1 Plug-in IF stage—used with Slicer, allows receiver to be switched back to normal. Wired and tested, with tube \$8.50.

PS-1. Plug-in prealigned 90° phase shift network and socket available separately for use with GE Signal Slicer and SSB Jr. \$7.95 postpaid.

Check These Additional Features

- NEW CARRIER LEVEL CONTROL—separate knob inserts any amount of carrier without disturbing carrier suppression adjustments.
- NEW CALIBRATE CIRCUIT—simply talk yourself exactly on frequency as you set VFO.
- NEW CALIBRATE LEVEL CONTROL—adjusts signal strength to suit band conditions.
- NEW FONE PATCH INPUT JACK

QT-1 ANTI-TRIP UNIT

SINGLE SIDEBAND

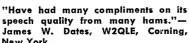
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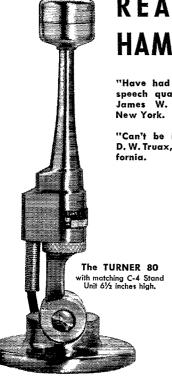
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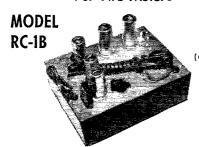
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377	398	420	484	505	527	445	465
379	401	42Z	485	506	529	446	466
380	402	423	486	507	530	447	468
381	403	424	487	508	531	448	459
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384	405	426	490	511	534	451	472
385	406	427	491	512	536	452	473
386	407	429	492	513	537	453	474
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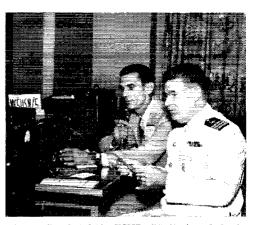


U. S. N. R. (



ARRL Delta Division Convention

The Naval Reserve took an active part in the ARRL Delta Division Convention held at the Jung Hotel, New Orleans, La., September 5-6, 1953. Cmdr. W. R. Sherman, USNR. District Reserve Electronics Program Officer, represented the Commandant, Eighth Naval District. Cmdr. Sherman spoke on the Naval Reserve electronics training program, the contributions to radio by amateurs, and the liaison between the amateur and the Naval Reserve in the field of amateur radio. The Eighth Naval District Reserve Master Control Station (W5USN) in coördination with the Naval Reserve Training Center, New Orleans, and the District Industrial Manager, furnished operative duplex radioteletype equipment during the convention. William Hughes,



D. T. Baird, RMC, USNR (W5SPZ) and Cmdr. W. R. Sherman, USNR, District Reserve Electronics Program Officer, manning amateur station W5USN/5 of the District Reserve Master control station at ARRL Delta Division Convention.

RMC, USNR (W5PYU), of the Naval Reserve Training Center, Beaumont, Texas, won the code receiving and hidden-transmitter hunt contests. Messages of greeting were forwarded to the convention by Reserve Electronics Program Officers from various naval districts.

Sixth Naval District Changes

C. C. Wilson, RMC, USNR (W4BL), formerly of the District Reserve Electronics Program Office, Charleston, S. C., has been transferred to Naval Reserve Electronics Facility (K4NBV), Anderson, S. C., as stationkeeper. . . . C. H. Walker, RM1, USNR (W4SSN), formerly of Anderson, S. C., takes over as stationkeeper at Naval Reserve Electronics Facility, Chester, S. C. . . C. H. Weaver, RMC, USNR (W4PPC), of the Sixth Naval District Reserve Master Control Station (K4USN) has been transferred to the Naval Reserve Training Center (K4NAU), St. Petersburg, Fla., as stationkeeper.

Here and There

Amateurs on duty at the Naval Radio Station, Cheltenham, Md., are: W2SJC/3; W3s HNY MWA PTZ RHF SGO SYL TFD, W4s NCO PMV TKM, W5MQR and W9WMA.

... Naval Reserve Electronics Division 8-12 (K5NBY), Paris, Texas, placed first in the standing of electronics divisions in the Naval Reserve Electronics Program throughout the U. S. for the month of July, 1953, ... Lt. William H. Clark, USNR (W6KRO), a member of Naval Reserve Electronics Division 12-16 (K6NRM), Modesto, Calif., was (Continued on page 144)

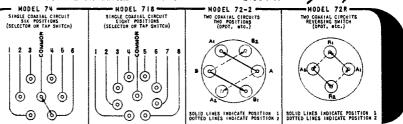
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The COAXWITCH is an RF switch for use in coaxial circuits where it is important that the 50 OHM impedance of the cables be maintained. In a circuit sense, this switch consists of two pairs of "N" connectors spaced 4½" apart using RG-8/U as the connecting link. The COAXWITCH itself introduces no VSWR other than that of connectors. Characteristic impedance is maintained thru all switch details. Cut-a-

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 COMPLETELY SHIELDED Heavy tinplate lining in hardwood instrument case.

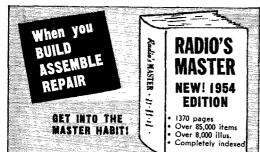
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recently appointed ARRL Section Emergency Coordinator for the San Joaquin Valley. . . . Amateur radio stations K6USN (Treasure Island), K6NRM (Modesto), K6NCE (Kingsburg), K6NAD (Chico), K6NCD (Auburn) Calif., and others maintain schedules on 3854 kc. (A3) at 1400 PST. Mondays through Thursdays. All stationkeepers in the Twelfth Naval District who are licensed amateur operators are invited to join these schedules, . . . Naval Reserve Electronics Division 4-1 of Chillicothe, Ohio, now signs the amateur call K8NAV and is operated by Don Gallagher, RMC, USNR (W8NTL), stationkeeper, who is very active in amateur radio activities in the Chillicothe area.

During the month of August the Sixth Naval District Reserve Master Control Station (K4USN) and the Naval Reserve Training Center (K4NAM), Wilmington, N. C., used amateur radio to reëstablish communications on naval frequencies while preparing to furnish emergency communications during recent local hurricanes.



M. A. R. S.



Age Requirement for MARS Lowered to Sixteen Years

The Army and Air Force have announced that the age requirement for membership in the Military Affiliate Radio System has been reduced to 16 years. Formerly, applicants who did not have officially recognized military status were required to be 21 years of age.

The new age limit became effective November 26, 1953, and was timed to coincide with the Fifth

Anniversary of MARS operation.

The lowered age requirement will benefit many of the younger amateurs who are liable for military service under current selective service and military training laws. MARS training will teach the "how" and "why" of military radio operational methods and procedures. Younger amateurs, especially Novices, will be encouraged through participation in MARS activities to continue active in amateur radio work.

Operation for MARS Novices will continue to be limited to the frequencies 3497.5 and 6997.5 kc. A maximum power of 75 watts to the final stage of the transmitter is allowable. Operation will be crystal-controlled A1 emission.

MARS Technicians may use only the frequency 3497.5 kc. Operational limitations otherwise are the same as for MARS Novices. General Class and higher amateurs will continue to receive MARS privileges as at present.

Amateurs interested in MARS may request information about the Army and Air Force programs by writing to:

Chief, MARS (Army), Room BE-1000, The Pentagon, Washington 25, D. C.; or MARS Command Director, Continental Air Command, Mitchell Air Force Base, New York.

Membership in both Army and Air Force MARS programs is not permitted except in unusual circumstances.

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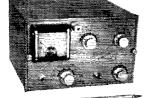
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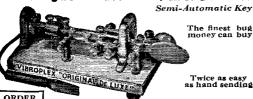
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Correspondence

(Continued from page 56)

NATCH

Post Box 1443 Sao Paulo, Brazil

Editor, QST:

With reference to the notice about PY2CK published on page 52 of your July, 1953, issue, I should esteem it a great favour, if you would kindly inform me about the meaning of the word "booboo." I have consulted several dictionaries without finding that word. Upon consulting American friends, I was informed that they did not know its meaning but that it must be a modern slang word. Protesting vehemently, I said that the QST was more a technical magazine than one from which to learn slang. Besides the QST is not only read in the U.S.A. but all over the world and it can hardly be expected that everybody knows words such as "booboo" which even Americans living abroad do not

- Jan J. Roos, PY2JU

LET'S GO LINEAR

P. O. Box 302 Siloam Springs, Ark.

Editor, QST:

Since I have written you letters at various times regarding the TVI situation as far as I was concerned here in a fringe area — with Channel 6 — I thought the following might be of interest. I recently purchased a s.s.b. exciter, built up an 813 final and have been operating s.s.b. on 20 and 75 for about a month, running 400 watts with a TV set in next room and both 20- and 75-meter antennas close to TV antenna with not a trace of TVI on TV set -- no filter on TV set - with final not particularly shielded. It's a ham's answer to a prayer as far as I'm concerned. . . . I think there should be more in QST about the fact that you can operate - with considerable power - and have no TVI, when running amp. class B on s.s.b. .

- John L. Stockton, W5DRW [Editor's Note: You can also run a Class-B linear output amplifier with a.m. and, all other things being equal, enjoy the same freedom from TVI. With a.m., however, a kilowatt input to the linear will only result in a 300- or 350-watt carrier at the most, in contrast to the 600- to 700-watt carrier obtained with a kilowatt input to a plate-modulated Class-C amplifier. It is this reduction in efficiency with carrier-type transmissions that has discouraged such use in amateur circles. You can gain a little by using controlledcarrier or double-sideband reduced-carrier to drive the linear amplifier, but s.s.b. is much more effective than either.]

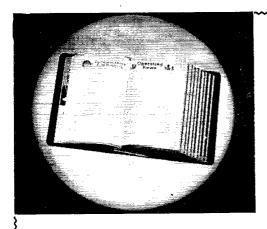
Hints & Kinks

(Continued from page 57)

NEGATIVE-PEAK MODULATION INDICATOR

FERE is an extremely simple modulation indicator that uses only three resistors and a neon bulb. The circuit makes use of the fact that only one element of a neon bulb will light up on d.c.; if the polarity of the starting voltage is reversed, the other element will light up (the first one goes out). When connected to a transmitter as shown, one element of the bulb is made approximately 60 volts positive with respect to ground by connecting it to a voltage divider, R_2 and R_3 . The second element of the bulb is returned to the r.f. amplifier side of the modulation transformer through a series resistor and is normally maintained at a higher voltage than the element which is returned to the divider. However, during the process of modulation, the nega-

(Continued on page 148)



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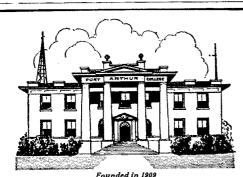
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tive peaks will reverse the d.c. polarity across the bulb, thus causing the dark element to flash.

The values shown in Fig. 3 are suitable for low- and high-voltage supplies of 300 and 500 volts, respectively, Additional resistors (1/2-megohm. 1-watt) should be connected in series with R_1 if the amplifier plate voltage exceeds 500 volts

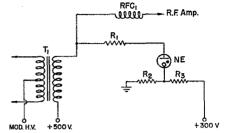


Fig. 3 ~ Circuit of the negative peak modulation indicator.

R₁ - 0.5 megohm, 1 watt; for 500-volt supply.

 $R_2 - 20,000$ ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt; see text. $R_3 - 0.15$ megohm, 1 watt; see text.

RFC1 -- Final amplifier r.f. choke.

NE - 14-watt neon bulb.

by any great amount. R_2 and R_3 should have new values if the divider is connected across a source delivering other than 300 volts. If a redesign of the divider is necessary, remember to keep the center point approximately 60 volts above ground. Of course, this point may be set at a slightly higher voltage in order that the bulb can be made to flash just before overmodulation

Incidentally, the Type NE-51 neon bulb is not particularly well suited for this application because the lighted element makes it difficult to see the dark element flash. In any event, make sure that the bulb is mounted with the dark element exposed to view. — William E. Rose, jr., W9KLR

CATHODE-FOLLOWER ISOLATION STAGE

 ${f T}^{ ext{ iny HE}}$ following information received from VE3DKG should be of interest to many QST readers and is passed along for their benefit.

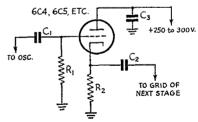


Fig. 4 - Circuit diagram of the eathode-follower isolation stage.

 $R_1 - 50,000$ ohms. $R_2 - 1500$ ohms. C_1 , $C_2 - 100 \mu \mu f$. $C_3 - 0.001 \, \mu f$.

While working with a transmitter consisting of a 6C4 Clapp oscillator, two 6F6 intermediate stages and a final amplifier, it was discovered that the oscillator keyed well only when disconnected from the rest of the line-up. Furthermore, when the complete line-up was in use, the oscilla-

(Continued on page 150)

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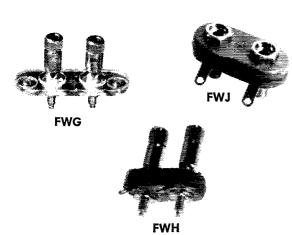
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tor frequency was shifted as much as 1 kc. whenever the final was tuned through resonance. Inasmuch as a careful check showed the intermediate stage to be working properly, it looked like a clear case of oscillator loading and inadequate isolation.

Both problems were cured by using a cathode follower circuit, shown in Fig. 4, immediately after the oscillator stage. The oscillator can now be keyed without chirp and amplifier tuning has no detectable effect on oscillator stability. It would seem that the input circuit of the cathode follower presents a load of nearly infinite impedance to the oscillator and that Miller effect has been overcome by use of the arrangement.

— A. R. Williams, VE3BSH

SIMPLE V.T. KEYER CIRCUIT

THE v.t. keyer shown in Fig. 5 is used here at ■ W5DF to key the buffer stage of a push-pull 807 rig. The circuit introduces a new angle in the v.t. keyer arrangement, in using the same bias source for both the keyed stage and the amplifier stage.

A 45-volt battery is used as the bias source for the Type 6V6 keyer tube and for the 807 out-

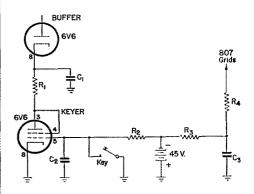


Fig. 5 - Circuit diagram of W5DF's v.t. keyer.

 $C_1 - 0.001 \mu f$. $C_2 - 50 \mu \mu f$.

 $C_3 - 0.005 \mu f$. R1 - 1000 ohms, 5 watts.

 $R_2 - 10,000$ ohms, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt. $R_3 - 5000$ ohms, 1 watt.

R4 - 100 ohms, 1/2 watt.

put amplifier. R_3 and R_4 are the grid-leak and decoupling resistors for the amplifier grid circuit and R_2 prevents a short circuit across the battery when the key is closed. Although R_2 has a resistance of only 10,000 ohms, it does not load the battery appreciably because the current through this branch of the circuit is nearly balanced by the amplifier grid current. Even a halfdead battery with high internal resistance does not show much change of voltage when the circuit is keyed and, as a result, a block of this type may be used as long as it still delivers approximately 45 volts - enough to cut off the 6V6. C_2 is an r.f. by-pass for the grid of the keyer tube. -A. D. Mayo, W5DF

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(5) Closing date for Ham-Ads is the 25th of the second month preceding publication date.

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NATIONAL 101X receiver, \$60.7" TV, \$30, 10", \$40.00. Want SSB exciter, WAAPI, 1420 South Randolph, Arlington, Va.

SELL new 1625 tubes, same as 807 with 12-volt filament, 97¢ each, plus 3¢ postage. W7TBE, 318 W. Galer, Seattle, Washington.

FREE List! New and reconditioned receivers, transmitters, etc. A hundred big bargains every month. Highest trade-in allowance. Fast four-hour shipping service, Special Novice department. Wittens today. Dossett, W9BHV, 855 Burlington, Frankfort, Indiana.

SURPLUS Specials RG-8/U cable, 225 ft., \$12.25; RG-59/U cable, 250 ft., \$15.00; coaxial connectors PL-259, 5 for \$2.25; SO-239 5 for \$2.00; manuals for SCR-522; BC-610, BC-779, BC-348], N,Q \$1.00 each (plus postage); new tubes 1619, 1625, 1626, 1629, 6 for \$1.80; 813, \$10.50; 866A, \$148. Postage extra . Request our free Bulletin, Lectronic Research, 719 Arch St., Philadelphia 6, Penna.

SELL complete fixed station, Going mobile, Viking II, Viking VFO, LP-7 filter, HQ-129-X. Also VOM, grid-dipper, miscellaneous surplus and other gear. K2BTR, Barney Rawlings, 467 Chestnut Lane, East Meadow, L. I., N. Y. Telephone Hempstead 7-3175.

TRADE: Remington sportsman 12 ga. automatic shotgun with poly choke (never fired) for Elmac A54. W6QWJ.

WANTED: 10/20 rotator, Johnson, Amphenol, Workshop or Gordon. W8LLX, Terrace Park, Ohio.

FOR Sale: complete 1 Kw xmitter, built to commercial standards in closed rack. Remote Collins 310B-1 drives pp 813's. Coils for 80, 20 and 10, D-104 mike, self-contained speech amplifier and self-contained pp 805's modulator. Best cash offer as unit. Taggart, W9DGM, 1636 S. Biltmore St., Indianapolis 1, Ind.

WANTED: Cash for HF 10-20 or VHF 152A. M. Weinberg, W2YYL, 987 E. 178th St., New York 60, N. Y. COLLINS 75A2, \$375.00; 32V2, \$525.00; new condition; BC-474A, \$0.00; BC-348, \$80; BC-221, \$70. QST binders \$1.25. F.o.b. WITHM. Brizzolari, Dunbarton, N. H. R.F.D. 2.

FOR Sale: Two HT9's in perfect condition with coils, xtals, low band pass filters and extra 814 final tube. The two for \$250.00 or \$150.00 each. Moving to smaller quarters. W2PFY, Adams, 9121 81st St., Woodhaven 21, L. I., N. Y.

SONAR 2-mtr receiver and transmitter, excellent condition, \$90,00, SW-54, used 8 hours, \$29,00; Leica G to trade towards Collins receiver, Rosencrans, W2HQH, 644 Wildwood Road, W. Hempstead, N. Y.

SELL: New Meissner Signal Shifter, new Bud 47" steel cabinet, pr. 811 modulators, pr. 866 pwr supp., same chassis, 1500 VDC pwr supp, separate chassis, all parts for 813 all-band final, all tubes included. Valued \$19.00, Best offer over \$100 takes it. W@LZI/5, 249 K. Eggan, Shreveport, La.

MUST sacrifice: Hi power deluxe all-band 'phone/c.w. station, input power in steps from 150 to 2500 watts, P.P. 304 TLs in the final amp., 813 driver, P.P. 250 THs mod., 5 meters, 5 power supplies, final supply adjustable in 4 steps up to 3000 volts D.C. at 1.2 amps. c.s. Less speech amp and VFO. Any reasonable offer will be considered. Also 150 watt 75-meter 'phone xmitter for \$95.00; 1000 watter Communicator, like new, in the carton, \$185.00; RCP signal generator, 5 bands, 100 KC to 50 Mc \$20.00. W6UVF, Black, 839 N. June St., Hollywood, L.A. 38, Calif.

HRO 50 T. speaker, coils, A. B., C. D. \$259.00; calibrator, NBFM adapter, BC and AA coils available; following all new, BC-645, \$15.00; BC-453, \$20.00; Amertran, 110/220 pri, 2500 v.c.t. set 350 Ma, \$15. 110/6200 v.c.t. at 700 Ma, \$45.00; 832A, \$6.00; 813, \$7.50; 815, \$3.00; hi pwr chokes, fil and other xformers. Walt Morrison, W2CXY, 383 N. Grove St., East Orange, N. J.

HARVEY-WELLS Deluxe TBS50D and APS50 power supply, new, pick up for \$100,00, W2NZG, J. P. Wood, 97 Forrest Ave., Hawthorne, N. J. HA 7-8893.

SELSYNS or synchros wanted: Navy or Army ordnance 60 cycle types, Will pay \$35,00 each for 1DG, 1DF, 1CT, 1G, 1R; \$25,00 each for 5DG, 5G, 5F, 5CT; \$20,00 each for 5D, 6G, 6CT, 6DG, or sizes 7. Subject to inspection. Other types advise. Also want: Autosyns, Servo Control motors, PM motors, inverters, tubes and other electronic components, Electro Sales Co., Inc., 50-58 Eastern Ave., Dept. Q, Boston 13, Mass.

SELLING out surplus equipment. ½ kilowatt final 100TH; B&W Butterfly tank; B&W coils, vacuum cond, 20 watt, AM/CW xmitter, many other items. Write for list. Will trade for photo equipment. W9ZKD, Robinson, 2912 Holmes St., Springfield, Ill.

FOR Sale: Viking II, latest model, commercial wired. Used less than 10 hours, \$265,00 F.o.b. New Orleans. W5EVR, Batson, \$3 Spanish Fort Blvd., N.O., La.

FOR Sale: 1 BC-459 with xtal; 1 BC-946 broadcast revr; 1 BC-453 revr; 1 BC-221 with factory a.c. pwr supp, with mod. and original charts, r.f. and osc. tuning units and main tuning condenser for BC-342 revr. A. M. Bart. W91TL, 5406 N. Neenah Ave., Chicago 31, Ill.

TRANSMITTER Subraco 75T with 10, 20, 40, and 80 coils, \$175.00. Mrs. Ralph L. Buckley, West Scarboro, Maine.

VIKING I completely wired with Viking VFO, Johnson low pass filter, coax relay and xtal mike. Will self for \$275.00 cash. BC-221 with A.C. supply \$65.00 cash. W4RTI, 4215 Cliff Road, Birmingham. Ala.

NEW 2-meter 5-element Yagi beam, \$3.00. George Storz, KN6BXS. 6227 S. Noroco, Rivera, Calif.

ART 13 in excellent shape; no dynamotor. Best offer or what have you to trade? RME 55 converter, \$50.00. Used 1 week, New 304 TL, \$4.00. Want Panadapter, "Larry", 2312 You St., Sacramento, Calif. AMECO Senior code course, almost brand new, \$9.00, 0-WTRK, Rubel, 1964 Sheridan Road, Highland Park, Ill.

SELL pair Eimac 250TH and sockets. Used less than 100 hours. Pair 20 amp filament transformers, \$40,00. National MB4OSC, \$6,00. Victor E. Chamberlain, W9BBC, 1500 Thompson Avenue, Evansville, Ind.

OST 20 volumes, 1924 thru 1943 in ARRL binders, \$90,00 express collect, or will trade for Harvey-Wells xmitter. Art Stansfield, WIQD, 31 Gayland Road, Needham 92, Mass,

SALE: Wire recorder-record player. Will transmit to radio without connecting wires. Two one-hour spools, microphone. In excellent condition, \$45.00. Gerdes, WSNUN, Tucumcari, New Mexico.

WSATO is selling out. Kilowatt and low power components. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for list. Childers, 1322 Eastus Drive, Dallas 8, Texas.

SWAP only. Any 15 copies of QST 1917 to 1921 for March and May 1916 issues. Have 100 copies QST 1933 to 1946 at 25¢ each, Jablonsky, W@MCX, 1022 N. Rockhill Road, Rock Hill 19, Mo.

1910 Issues. Ind.

Sky, W@MCX, 1022 N. Rockhill Road, Rock Hill 19, 100.

DUMONT 'scope, Model 164: BC-458 unconverted, new; Master Mobile Mount antenna, Model 132 w/8' steel whip, brand new; '49 Merc radio; 12 volt SC-5749A dynamotor 500/275 volts, output at 50/110 Ma, Will sell all or part to best offer. Shipped prepaid in U.S. Socci, WZRUK, 31/4 Hulbert Sc, Auburn, N. Y.

MICHIGAN Hams! Amateur supplies. Store hours 0800 to 1800 Monday through Saturday. Purchase Radio Supply, 605 Church St. Ann Arbor, Michigan. Phones 8906 and 8262. Roy J. Purchase, WERP-Leroy Reichenberger, WSLJD-Edmund E. Gunther, Jr., WSHMW.

WAN SICKLE has Eldico, Sonar, National, Hallicrafters, Hammarlund, Elmac, Gonset and Johnson-Viking in stock at lowest prices. "Gene", W9KJF, Van Sickle Radio Supply, 1320 Calhoun, prices. "Gene", W Ft. Wayne 2, Ind.

WANTED: BC-348 receiver and parts. Write to James S. Spivey Co., 1406 "G" St., N.W. Washington 5, D.C.

Co., 1406 "G" St., N.W. Washington S, D.C. BIRTH Announcements, ham-styled. 25 for \$1.00. Carl Narvestad, Granite Falls, Minn.

POSTCARD brings you free information on our new Amateur Desk Signs and money-saving club purchase plan. Hawkins Distributing Co., Paquatuck Terr., East Moriches, N. Y.

PUSH-Pull HK-54 final, B&W butterfly tank, with tubes, \$30.00; Millen 61.6-807 exciter, \$20.00; 811-A class B modulator, UTC Varimaxch output, Weston meter, \$25.00; 1250 vol. 250 ma. power supply, \$20.00; Bell 10 watt amplifier, 2 mike, 1 phono input, \$20.00; B.W. Emott, W2AI, East Madison Ave., Florham Park, N. J.

MOBIL E Homel Line Police Speciel Vise Plate bettery. Leete size

MOBILE Hams! Use Police Special Vita Plate battery, Lasts eix times longer, Write for data. Give car and year, General Commu-nications, Inc., 1420 E. 25th St., Cleveland 14, Ohio.

FOR Sale: Novice 7 mc. portable xmitter, complete and compact: \$15.00. Marriner, W6BLZ, 528 Colima St., La Jolla, Calif.

FOR Sale: Heathkit GDO in excell, condx, complete, \$15.00, ant, rotator, sturdy, will hold any bm w/control box, less indicator, \$15.00. Talamian, W2UUQ, 108 Westminster St., Hyde Park 36, Mass.

SELL converted Meissner 150-B 300 watt, ten thru eighty meters, AM/FM 'phone/c.w. xmitter. New modulation xformer, xtal mike, etc. With Model EX Signal Shifter, all coile, tubes and spare 813,81 complete, \$195.00. Charles Walcott, WISVV, 31 Sparks St., Cambridge 35, Mass.

WILL trade for Johnson Viking or sell for cash. Kay Electric Co. Mega-Sweep, ir. In new condition. Sweeps up to 1000 megacycles and will give sweep widths up to 30 megacycles. George C. Boles, 315 51st St., Brooklyn 20, N. Y.

SELL: One Sky Buddy, S19R, in excellent condition, \$30,00, Glenn F. Markley, W8VLB, R.F.D. 14, Mansfield, Ohio.

WANTED: Complete file of QST, January 1946 to October 1953. Must be complete and in perfect condition. W5QMI, 3518 Hidalgo, Dallas 20, Texas.

FOR Sale: Stancor 60N transmitter. All coils, tubes; operating condition. Best offer over \$35.00. Express collect. WZQN1, Lindstrom, 86 Steele Ave., S.I., 6, N. Y.

TOP cash for your HQ-129X. Electronic Labs, 2444 "D", Lincoln,

MOBILEERS: CD Men! New PE-101C Dynamotor converts easily to mobile supply unit: output (with 6VDC input): 160V at 110 Ma, plus 300V at 90 Ma. Output (with 12 VDC input): 610V at 150 Ma plus 325V at 125 Ma. Brand new PE-101-C, complete with conversion data: \$3.75, Send money order or check. Pay shipping charges on delivery. "Communications", 131 Liberty St., New York 7, N. Y.

TRADE: Two Eimac 50T's, new, unused (max. output 250 watts each) for one R.F. milliammeter (about 100 mills) or one each D.C. 100 and 200 mills. Make an offer. M. Tanenbaum, W2AQ, 1535 East 8th St., Brooklyn 30, N. Y.

RECORDINGHAMS: Join world-wide tape club. Swap tapes and make friends everywhere. Details free. P.O. Box 1404-b, San Francisco, Calif.

CAUTION! Before you act, send for our list of good used items. Antenna, Inc., Box 149, Wakefield, R. I.

SELL: HT-9 xmitter, 130W fone, 150W c.w. Colls: 20, 40, 80, 1n excellent condition. Make reasonable offer, Cash and carry deal. D'Onofrio, 1537 Central Ave., Yonkers, N. Y.

FOR Sale: Harvey-Wells TBS50-C Bandmaster Senior with APS 50 power supply, in excellent condition, Will sell both for \$125.00. Arthur R. Rauch, W4CAZ, c/o MARS Radio Station, K4WAR, Camp Gordon, Ga.

WANT: AN/ARC-1's, AN/ARC-3's, BC-610E's and components. Write to B. Spivey, 7013 Rolling Road, Chevy Chase, Md.

WANTED: Used receiver, good condition, for East African ham, SX-71, NC-173, NC-183, NC-125, S-76, NC-240-2 or RME-45, George Brown, W8YET, 7001 Bancroft St., Toledo, Ohio.

SELL or trade: BC-610 transmitter (HT-4B) \$135; 32V-3, \$695; \$21A tape printer, \$49.00; 7-B tape transmitter, \$25.00; 412 Page printer, \$60.00; 75A t-4 with speaker, \$260.00; LM frequency meter, \$65.00. Want: BC-949, BC-614-E, technical manuals, SIG-5 catalogs, Tom Howard, WIAFN, 46 Mt. Vernon St., Boston 8, Mass. Richmond 2-0916.

Richmond 2-0916.

BARGAINS: MD-7/ARC-5 modulators, \$5.95; RT-19/ARC-4 transceivers (2 meters) with xtals, \$39.50; T-30 throat mikes, 698; screen mod. xfrmer BC456, 958; ARC-5 plugs, 55842, 358; FS577, 358; PL-154, 706; PL154A, 706; PL154A, 706; PL154A, 706; PL154A, 706; PL154B, 706; f7027, 456; f7027, 456; F025, 456; PL 152, 658; C-30/ARC-5 control boxes, \$1.65; BC 433-G compass, used, excellent, \$32.50. Circuit breakers: 500 Ma at 1000 UDC, \$2.25; 10 Ma. insulated for 5000 V., \$1.95. Many other items, Send M.O. or check. Shipping charges C.O.D. World Wide, 88 Cortlandt St., New York 7, N. V.

SUPREME AF100 transmitter, 150 watts on 8010 meters. TVI proof, VFO, spare final tube, and in top condition. \$200. With complete information on changes, also Hallicrafters SX11 receiver, \$160.00. In top condition, David Donath, WoJPM, P.O. Box 161, Fallbrook, Calif.

WANTED: AN/ART-13 transmitter and/or parts. Robert Wegelin.

WANTED: AN/ART-13 transmitter and/or parts. Robert Wegelin. 410 Cedar Street, NW, Washington, D. C.

NEED: BC-348 radio receiver. Hoffman, 1406 G Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

REGULAR or Jumbo aluminum call signs, day or night reflecting letters. Overnight service, \$1.50. J. Whitley, W2LPG, 133 Airsdale Ave., Long Branch, N. J. SALE: QST Dec. 1930 to present, almost solid run. Best offer.

SALE: QST Dec. 1930 to present, almost solid run. Best offer. A. Denson, Box 122, Rockville, Conn. I full KW transmitter. Pp 4-250A, complete with speech, modulator and power supplies. All you need is the antenna. TVIproofed. 32V2 used for exciter and standby 100 wat transmitter. Price: \$1250.00. C. Jones, W91LH, 606 E. 8th St., Alton, III.

FOR Sale: Lampkin 105 frequency meter. Excellent condition, \$100, Walter N. McPherson, W8ZKF, 551 S. River St., Newcomera-town, Ohio.

town, Ohio.

REAL Bargains! New and reconditioned Collins, Hallicrafters, National, Hammarlund, Johnson, Elmac, Gonset, Babcock, Morrow, Harvey-Wedls, RME, Millen, Lysco, others, Reconditioned S53, \$22.00; S38C, \$35.00; S40A, \$69.00; S40B, \$79.00; S27, \$79.00; S76, \$129.00; NC123, \$129.00; NC133, \$149.00; NC183, \$199.00; NC183, \$299.00; VHF152A, \$49.00; Meissner bandswitching VFO, \$49.00; HQ129X, SX71, SX24, SX25, SX71, HRO5071, HRO60, HRO Sr., 32V2, 32V3, HT9, Vikings, many others, Shipped on approval. Terms, Write for our free list, Henry Radio, Butler, Mo. BARGALNS, Extra Special; Motorola, P69.12 mobile received. on approval. Terms. Write for our free list. Henry Radio, Butler, Mo. BARGAINS: Extra Special: Motorola P-69-12 mobile receivers, \$19.50; 3201, \$395.00; Globe Ring, \$299.00; HT-9, \$199.00; Supreme AF100 or Temco 75GA, \$225.00; HRO-50, \$275.00; 75A1, \$129.00; HRO Sonior, \$99.00; RME 2-11, \$99.50; RME-45, \$99.00; X-41, \$189.00; SX-41, \$189.00; SX-43, \$129.00; HRO Senior, \$99.00; RME 2-11, \$99.50; RME-45, \$99.00; EX Shifter, \$69.00; \$40A, \$75.00; SX-16, \$69.50; HRH-45, \$99.00; HF 10-20, \$99.00; Globe Trotter, \$69.50; MB611 Mobile Transmitters, \$14.95; 90800 exciter, \$22.50; DM-36-10 meter verter, \$19.50; XR-10, \$14.95; Gonget 10-11 converter, \$14.95; and many others. We need used receivers: we give highest allowances for \$-20R; S-40A, B; NC-57, NC-100; NC-125; SX-24; SX-25; HQ-129X and similar receivers. Free trial. Terms financed by Leo, WGGRQ. Write for catalog and best deal to World Radio Laboratories, Inc., Council Bluffs, Iowa.

SELL: Instructograph (for radio or Morse), manual, 10 Morse

SELL: Instructograph (for radio or Morse), manual, 10 Morse records, \$15.00. Johnson 500 watt coils, links, 100ED30 condenser, Millen 12515 condenser, prices upon application. Ross Moorhead, Route One, Findlay, Ohlo.

FOR Sale: Raytheon plate transformer 735 volts at 1200 mils or use bridge rectifier for 1470 volts at 600 mils, \$17.50. WITJK, La Har, 305 Percival Ave., Kensington, Conn.

La Har, Ju5 Percival Ave., Keusington, Conn.

WANTED: Base station, two mobile units to work industrial service, surplus converted okay if quality job and pass FCC, O. E. Salley, Clover Hill Lab, Lyon, Miss.

SLSI OSLSI Wide variety! High quality! Fast delivery! Samples, 108. Tooker Press, Box T, Lakehurst, N. J.

VIKING owners! Are you interested in remote control with push-to-talk and receiver quieting circuit? We can do this for you; send for special bulletin. We can also incorporate above features in new orders for Viking II wired and tested. We can also supply these transmitters with a 4032 final, or modify yours; write for details to Carl, WIBFT, Evans Radio, Concord, N. H.

HALLICRAFTERS 340B, \$75, Heathkit 0-7 'scope, \$35.00; Columbus Electronics HFC101 10-meter converter, \$25.00; RCA M17814 10-meter mobile transmitter, \$20.00; ARC-5 transmitter 75 meters converted for mobile use, 6BQ6 final 6N7 modulator 12AUT speech amplifier, \$20.00. Joseph Hargrove, 101 Mashnee Village, Buzzards Bay, Mass.

SELL: VHF 152H, \$50.00; 4D32, \$12.00, both guaranteed. Roy Sawdey, Harper Road, Solon, Ohio.

MAKE offer on '53 HQ129X. Cost \$239.00. In excellent condition, W4YRF, 731 West Jordan, Pensacola, Fla.

WANTED: Good TVI-proof plate modulated xmitter, 100 watts with power supply, give description and price in first letter. William L. Casteel, WBLTO, Terra Alta, W. Va.

10, 15 and 20 meter beams, aluminum tubing, etc. Perforated aluminum sheet for shielding. Radcliff's, 1720 North Countyline St., Fostoria, Ohio.

"DX Log of Awards", the information you have been looking for. Contains the official rules for more than 30 awards with check lists to record your progress. DXCC covers nine pages alone on 8½ x 11 pages. Only one non-DX award, WAS. Contains also postal data, countries cross-index, list of banned countries and other valuable information. The prepaid price to any country only one dollar, U.S. funds. Write for price if to be sent by Air Mail. Ed. Frierson, W4RKJ, Hobby Publishing Co., Easley, S. C.

QSLS. Samples free, Albertson, W4HUD, Box 322, High Point, N. C. NC 46 receiver, completely serviced and aligned, with speaker, \$60.00. Leo Liebl, Medford, Wis.

FOR Sale: Meck T-60 in perfect condition, with coils for 75 and 10, \$75.00. F.o.b. Sundown, Texas. Clark, W5UWO, Box 186. COMPLETE Station: transmitter on casters, final pushpull 813's, mod. 100 THs, VFO, REC. BC348Q, Co-ax, ant., spares, plenty of extras. Everything goes. Best offer. List from S. H. Pearsall, Springvalley Road, Donelson, Tenn.

valley Road, Donelson, Tenn.

300 watt 813 final 'phone and c.w. 80-40-20 completely bandswitching with silent VFO and broadband doublers enclosed in 19 in.
cabinet, completely self-contained for table-top operation with only
three variable controls. Best offer over \$200.00; also 2000 volt Kw
power supply with two 1-amp, chokes and 8std filter in 6 ft. telephone type rack with plenty of space above for high powered final
on dolly, \$100 or best offer. Pick up at 65 Emerson Ave., Pittsfield,
Mass. Clayton C. Gordon, WiHRC.

on dolly, \$100 or best ofter. Pick up at 65 Emerson Ave., Pittsheld, Mass. Clayton C. Gordon, WiHRC.

NOVICE Station, complete, commercial receiver transmitter, low pass filter, 50 watts, 40-80, \$100.00. WZAEV, 14 Carol Road, Bethpage, L. I., N. Y.

HAMMARLUND Super Pro with 12 speaker & power supply, in gud condx, \$125.00; new power supply for Super Pro. \$20.00; Sky. Champion w/squelch, good shape, \$50.00; S-48-W Hallicrafters, good shape, \$22.50; New VHF-152-A, \$50.00; H.F. 10-20. as new, \$40.00; 2500. 1.500 mil. power transformer, \$15.00; 5.304T1, \$4.00 each; 4.304TL Johnston sockets, \$3.00 for all; 1 pair Johnston N.cond, 252, pair \$4.00; 1 pair Johnston N.cond, 250, pair \$4.00; 2-BC-683-B receivers, 12vdc-110vdc, 27 to 39 meg, F.M. 2-684 milters; 1-12vdc 1-110 VAC rec., \$15.00; trans, \$15.00 each, all in gud condx, M. Chambless, W5PAR, Box 1648, McAllen, Texas. UTC \$v of 11. transformer 22 amps 5000 wy \$4.00; il transformer 7.5v ct 15 amp; UTC power transformer 3500-3000-3500-0 ct. \$9.00; 1 amp; BC-375, 7 tuning units, Dynamotor, tubes, cables and plugs ant. tuning unit, \$40.00; modulation transformer 500 watto transformer 175 watt, pri. 6900, 2 T2405 or 811s sec. 2850-4500-6000, \$80.00; Par-Metal cabinet with ac. boxes, 72" panel space rack mounts, doors, \$38.00, all F.o.b. Louisville, Ky. Chokes, condensers and other parts. Write for complete list: Milt. Berman, W4URG, 180.8 Hartman Ave., Louisville, Ky.

COLLINS 30K complete, \$905.00; BC-223, \$40, selayns G-E, \$600 nit Milton, Maine.

COLLINS 30K complete, \$995.00; BC-223, \$40, selsyns G-E, \$5.00 pair. Micro ampere meter, \$5.00, F.o.b. Dunbarton, N. H., W1THM.

SELL: One BC459, brand new, \$17.00; one AC459 VFO with PM and built-in power supply, \$30.00; BC455-B, \$10.00; BC522, receiver, \$10.00 and transmitter, \$20.00; Mark II tank radio, \$35.00. Very little conversion done to Mark II or BC522. J. Nosbaum, W9BJP, 2540 W. Gunnison St., Chicago 25, Ill.

WANYUPI, Cablingt for Super Pro (BC,1004-C), receiver, 1046"

WANTED: Cabinet for Super Pro (BC-1004-C) receiver, 10½"/
high, 19" wide and 15¾" deep. Also will trade Meissner 9-1090
signal shifter and FMX phase modulator for RME VHF-152A or
RME HF 10-20 converter, S. Cokas, I Acorn St., Lynn, Mass.

UNFORESEEN emergency arose. All new gear for sale, Johnson-Viking II transmitter with VFO both wired. Latest Hammarlund HQ.140-X receiver with speaker. Buyer pays shipping costs. Joseph R. Lebo, W20EU, 145 West 88th Street, New York 24, N. Y. RECEIVER SX71, new, never been used, \$200.00. Robert C. Dunham, W3ARR, Tudor Lane, R.D. \$22, Morrisville, Penna.

EIMAC 4-1000-A, brand new, \$50.00, F. Merry, W2DSU, E. Greenbush, N. Y.

bush, N. Y.

PLANNING SSBC? New (surplus) crystals type FT-241-A, 2 and 3 digit channels, matched sets for any published circuit, \$1.00 per crystal postpaid. Special service available for Weaver-Brown (Aug. 51 OST) lattice set; 3 crystals custom worked to 15 cps or better, \$2.00 the set postpaid. Calif. buyers add tax. Orco Products, Box 51, Downey, Calif.

USED Western Electric 2-B rectifier, 220 volt, three phase, 60 cycle, good electrical condition; secondaries: -200 volt bias; two high voltages, 1000-1150 DC, 2500-2900 DC, at 600 Ma. cach; 10 volt AC at 31.5 amperes, conservative Western Electric ratings. Blas and high voltages separately fused and metered. Uses seven 249B or 856A rectifiers, Less tubes. Wt. 655 lbs. Size 3'2" x'2" x'2" x'2" All inquiries answered. Right reserved to reject offers. Best offer over \$225.00 takes. Make offers F.O.B. Little Rock, Arkansas. W. Charles Webster, WSWEF, 21 Shannon Drive, Little Rock, Arkansas.

QSLS. High quality, samples 104. Dortch, W4DDF, Jocelyn Hollow

OSLS, High quality, samples 10¢. Dortch, W4DDF, Jocelyn Hollow Rd., Nashville, Tenn.
SUPER PRO BC779, 5.5–20 mc; Gonset 3/30; Stancor 10P xmitter; reasonable, cash or trade. Cannot ship. W2CE, Roosevelt, L. I., N. Y.

WANTED: New PE-103 Dynamotor, Philadelphia area preferred. Joseph Hauss, 2858 N. Fairhill St., Philadelphia 33, Penna.

Joseph Hauss, 2838 N. Fairhill St., Philadelphia 33, Penna. VIKING II. wired model, Johnson VFO, Baluns, \$300. W8DXR, 1511 Woodview, Hamilton, Ohio.

FRADE or sell: BC2214K, \$75.00; Philoc tube tester, \$7050 \$30; Heathkit 5" scope, \$25.00; A.E.I. Signal Generator, \$4200 \$20; Echophone EC3 receiver with matching speaker, \$35.00. Want S76 receiver or equivalent. Frank Reda, WN3WQZ, 6350 Leonard, Philadelphia 49, Penna.

FOR Sale: 40 mtr. K.W. 6 ft. enclosed Par-Metal cabinet, VFX680 exciter 807 driver P.P. 4-250A's final, spare 4-250A. Separate power-supplies, \$300.00. John Stass, WIBNV, 12 Seminary, Middiebury, Vermont.

FOR Sale: ART-13, not modified, perfect condition, \$175.00; BC-224B converted to 110 V.A.C., \$65.00; BC-348Q 110 V.A.C., very hot rec'vr, \$75.00; BC-459A, \$10.00, 2 BC-645A, a brand new, \$25.00 for the pair, RME VHF-152A and condx. \$45.00; RME HF-10-20, like new, \$45.00; Millen R-9'er, \$15.00; National Co. 1' geope, \$10.00. Will pack and ship, Wayne Phelps, W5OQK, 26 N. Wynden Drive, Houston 19, Texas.

CODE Slow? Webster-Chicago model 178 wire recorder w/1 hour spool, 5 to 15 wpm, \$50.00. National FB-7 receiver with general coverage coils, 4 to 21 Mc and separate bandspread coils for 80, 40 & 20 m; spreads each band over entire dial, very selective, \$50. Howard model 430 receiver .55 to 30 Mc, \$10. Modulator w/power supply, 6517, 615, 616, PP w tubes, \$10. L. See, W4WED, 1115 Alleghany Rd., N.A.S., Jacksonville, Fla.

HIVA, OM! If I were going to buy a new receiver, I'd see Uncle Dave, W2APF, at Fort Orange Radio Distributing Co., Albany,

FOR Sale: Eldico xmitter and Howard receiver, model 460 \$75.00. B. Pari si, Box 1005, Onset, Mass.

WANTED: ART-13 or parts, also fixed frequency receiver mobile or A.C. Must be on or close to 10 meters. Please give price and condition. W9NAT, 617 Monroe, Evansville, Ind.

MEMBERSHIP-Plus-Safety with "Ray-Diant" Scotchlite Bumper signs: "Member A.R.R.L." or "Member I.A.R.U." \$1.00 postpaid. Special discounts to clubs for one of these or their own signs. Details on request. Wilton Printing Service, Wilton, Maine.

VOUR Photo on Stamps: stick onto your QSLs. Send any size photo or negative (returned unharmed). Sheet of 100 glossy photographs, herforated, gummed backs, stamp size, \$1.50; double size, \$3.00. W6MFP, Langevin, P. O. Box 4624, Los Angeles 24, Calif.

FOR Sale: 15 watt 2-meter Motorola transmitter complete with tubes and dual 400V, 150 mil vibrator supply, 6V, input less rtal, \$50, each. W@DOA, RFD 11, Box 319, St. Louis 24, Mo.

QSLS. We've printed a million for hams all over the world. VYS Print, 1704 Hale Ave., Ft. Wayne 6, Ind.

WANTED: BC-348-R, BC-342, BC-312, APN-9, BC-610-E, BC-939-A, BC-729, BC-614-E, Collins 32V-2, 32V-1, 75A-1, 310B, ART-13, DV-17, CU-25, CU-32, BC-221, LM, TCS, GN-58, Teletype, AR-88, manuals, Will take any electronic equipment in trade for new amateur equipment. Alltronics, Box 19, Boston 1, Mass. (Richmond 2-0048, 2-0916).

NC-57, new condx, SX-25 and spkr, very gud shape, Galvin RM 29Å Bud Codemaster \$8.00, Ford Model T generator with base & pulley \$10.00: Policalarm 30-50 Mc. radio. \$25.00. L. Blum, 2661 Dibblee Ave., Columbus 4, Ohio.

BEST offer takes complete mobile station. Elmac, PE 103, Morrow converter, antenna. Also, Presto K7 recorder \$125.00 (New model costs \$350.00). NRI course, \$10.00. Box 382, Main P.O., Newark, N. J.

RECEIVERS BC455E, 3-GMC, \$7.50; BC455B, 6-9MC, \$7.50; FT220 rack with pluga, \$2.75; FT226 rack with pluga, \$2.25; Astatic T3 mike, new condx, \$8.00; UTC S21 110 watt Universal modulation transformer, \$9.50; UTC 957 2.5V 10A 10000V test filament transformer, \$2.75; 1 196A signal generator, \$4.75; new F15U filter, \$2.50; new 803A tubes, \$2.50; All F.o.b. North Plainfield, N. J. Joe Harms, 225 Maple Ave.

SELL: RME converter 152A brand new, out of its carton less than 5 hours, \$70.00. James Hartshorne, W2RKG, 502 Veterans Place, 1thaca, N. Y.

VIKING II, used very little, with original manuals, \$250. Sonar VFO, \$20.00; D-104 mike, \$10.00; SX-71, \$145.00; all above equipment like new in appearance and performance, is only a few months old and has been used very little. I will deliver within 200 miles of Atlanta. Jack D. Patterson, W4YUC, 573 West St., S.E., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR Sale: Collins 32V1, Hallicrafters SX71 and R42, spare 4D32, \$500. Will split. W7RAG, 409 Hartford, Richland, Wash.

TOWER, 85 foot triangular, guyed, galvanized steel, 20 ft. sections, excellent condition. Best offer over \$125.00. J. Hulme Woodward, W2TDU, New Egypt, N. J.

SELL HQ-129X receiver, has had very limited use and is in perfect condition, \$140.00. W. W. Barkdoll, Box 739, Rt. 4, Kenosha, Wisconsin.

TRADE: KW transmitter for late model TV receiver. Oscar Floy, Thornton, Iowa.

RECEIVERS: NC-125, with speaker, \$139.50; NC-100A, modernized, \$03.50; Scott RCH, \$119.50; R-42 speaker, \$17.50; 813 tube, not JAN, \$9.75; Price antenna relay, 300-ohm, 110 A.C., \$7.50. Shipping charges additional. J. T. Maloney, W2BE, 33-63 154th St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.

COLLINS 32V1, spare final tube, \$350.00. Collins 75A2 with calibrator and speaker, \$325.00. Elmac PMR6 mobile receiver with 6V power supply, \$120.00. Morrow 3BR \$35.00. All excellent with instruction manuals. Jones MicroMatch, \$20.00. PE-103 \$20.00. Prank Shopen, 4466 Bedford, Omaha, Nebr.

FOR Sale: Brand new NC-125, in original carton, \$160,00. Robert Champlin, Jr., K2BKX, 131 Bryant Ave., Springfield, N. J.

FOR Sale: S40 receiver, \$45.00; SS3A receiver, like new, \$59.00; BC459A with regulation and nower supply, \$25.00; express collect. Henry Mohr, W3NCX, 1005 Wyoming St., Allentown, Penna.

LM-18 power supply for sale, best offer. For LM4-18 frequency meters, excellent, used condition with mount, input output plugs and cables. Want RAK-7. W4UBE, Stewart, 26 West Spring, Alexandria, Va.

FOR Sale: \$2 issues "Cleveland institute of Radio Electronics" communications course part 1 & 2 to obtain first class commercial phone license, \$22.50. J. R. Driver (W4ZRS), 6419 Fitzhugh Ave.,

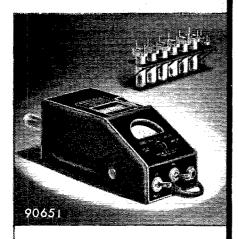
FOR Sale: Complete 300 watt c.w. transmitter 813 final, partially TVI-proofed, schematic in 1952 Handbook. Separate low and high voltage power supplies, rack mounted 72 in. open relay rack, price, \$150.00. RM E45 receiver Cal-O-Matic dial in good condition, complete with speaker, cabinet, \$100; PE100A 6V dynamotor power unit \$15.00; BC638A frequency meter and signal calibrator, part of BC639A receiver equipment, \$25.00. W4IGE, 1001 Knollwood St., Winston-Salem, N. C.

ANNOUNCING New Hayes Antenna System for 20 meters. Small, compact, rigid construction, low cost. Information on request. Arrow Industries, 143 N. Main St., Oakland, Iowa.

XMAS gift. Call letters and name painted on a necktie, \$3.00. Satisfaction guaranteed. 2-week delivery. State 2 choices of tie and paint color. Youngs, W5,UZA/2, P. O. Box 266, Cedar Knolls, N. J.

Designed for





The No. 90651 GRID DIP METER

The No. 90651 MILLEN GRID DIP METER is compact and completely self contained. The AC power supply is of the "transformer" type. The drum dial has seven calibrated uniform length scales from 1.5 MC to 300 MC plus an arbitrary scale for use with the 4 additional inductors available to extend the range to 220 kc. Internal terminal strip permits battery operation for antenna measurement.

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Color Television and the Amateur (Grammer)	31, Nov. 18, June	Mechanical Bandpass Filters for L.F. Ranges (Roberts)	43, Sept. 22, Feb.
Magnetic Ceramics: Ferrites (Vinal)	44, Feb.	Mobile C.W. Reception with Three Components (H & K). Modifying the Heathkit AR-1 Receiver for Amateur Use	51, Nov.
Magnetostriction Devices and Mechanical Filters for Radio Frequencies (Roberts) — Part I	24, June	(McCoy)	38, May
Part II. Part III	28, July 32, Aug.	Noise Generators — Their Uses and Limitations (Tilton) Notes on Improving Small-Receiver Performance, Some	10, July
Meteor Scatter (Villard and Peterson)	11, Apr.	(Goodman). Notes on V.H.F. Converter Design (Van Duyne and Trep-	45, Dec.
New Apparatus Quick-and-Easy Chassis (Thomsen)	58, Dec. 44, Aug.	tau)	52, Feb.
Transistor Circuitry (Clay) Wide-Band Re-Entrant Networks (Fingers)	35, Dec.	One-Tube 75-Meter Mobile Converter, A (Rountree) QRM Rejection the Simple Way (McCoy)	36, Mar. 22, June
The Dand In-Daniello North Olds (Pingels)	To, apr.	Revamping Auto Radios for 160-Meter Mobile (H & K) S-Meter Circuit for Both A.M. and S.S.B. Signals (H & K)	56, Jan. 51, Nov.
MOBILE		Selenium-Rectifier Audio Limiter (H & K)	71, Apr.
Automatic Multiband Mobile Autennas and Mobile An-		Simple Audio Limiter (H & K)	58, Feb. 26, May
tenna Characteristics (Pichitino)	11, June	220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part I	11, Oct.
(Chambers)	17, Nov.		. ,
Converting the Gonset Tri-Band to 40 Meters (H & K) De Luxe 5-Band Mobile Transmitter, A (Leland)	51, Nov. 17, Dec.	REGULATIONS	
Different Approach to High-Power Mobile, A (Jennings). 'DQW Antenna for Mobile QSY, The (Hare)	28, Apr. 39, Oct.	Call-Sign Identification	48, May
"Hot-Rod" Mobile Antenna, The (Dinsmore)	18, Sept.	Calling Frequencies Abandoned — Emergency Rules Amended	38, Feb.
Manual Control of Generator Charging Rate (H & K) Mobile-Antenna Mounting Hints (H & K)	58, Feb. 74, May	Canadians Get 7-Mc. 'Phone General Class Exam Changed	34, Mar. 48, Oct.
Mobile C.W. Reception with Three Components (H & K) One-Tube 75-Meter Mobile Converter, A (Rountree)	51, Nov. 36, Mar.	Korea Restriction	49. Aug.
QSYing the 75-Meter Mobile Antenna (Varnedoe)	26, July	License Renewals Novice and F.S.K. Privileges Being Expanded	48, May 37, Feb.
Reflective-Type Call Signs (H & K)	50, Sept.	Scatter-Sounding Okayed	
ganss)	34, Dec. 36, Sept.	What Bands Available?	43, Sept.
Revamping Auto Radios for 160-Meter Mobile (H & K) Short Antennas for Mobile Operation (Belrose)	56, Jan. 30, Sept.	21-Mc. Privileges Expanded	37, Feb.
Simple Frequency Adjustment of Master Mount Antennas		75 and 20 'Phone 'Class A' Requirements Being Dropped	36, Feb.
(H & K)	58, Feb. 33, June	SINGLE SIDEBAND	
Summer Mobile (editorial). Suppression of Generator Whine (H & K)	9, July 47, Oct.	All-Purpose Super-Selective I.F. Amplifier (Goodman)	23, Mar.
Using Blown Industrial Fuses as Loading-Coil Forms		Feed-back	144, May
(H & K). 8-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	71, Apr. 11. May	Design Notes on a Specialized 'Phone Receiver (Ehrlich). Diode Modulators (Technical Topics)	39, Apr.
		"Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ) Feed-back	10, Sept. 10, Oct.
MODULATION		Low-Pressure Modulation Facts (Wright)	15, July
Diode Modulators (Technical Topics)	39, Apr. 15, July	Frequencies (Roberts) - Part I	24, June
Negative Feed-Back Modulation (Clay)	17, Aug.	Part II	28, July 32, Aug.
Sugar-Coated Single Sideband, More (Blanchard)	31, Oct.	Mechanical Bandpass Filters for I.F. Ranges (Roberts)	22, Feb.
POWER SUPPLY		On the Air with Single Sideband Automatic Antenna Switching (Rust)	44, May
C-Bias Supply Using Voltage Regulator Tubes in Parallel		Bandpass Crystal Filter for Receiving (Dueno)	50, Apr.
(H & K). Homemade Power Plug for the PE-103 (H & K).	57, Dec. 48, July	Carrier-Null Indicator, A (Moynahan)	46, Aug. 47, Aug.
Low-Voltage Filament Supplies (Gauss)	35, Feb.	Different Balanced Modulator and Crystal Filter, A (Stone)	50, Apr.
Manual Control of Generator Charging Rate (H & K) Rectifier Tube-Socket Kink (H & K)	58, Feb. 51, Nov.	Grounded-Grid Linears (Felch) Half-Lattice Crystal-Filter Exciter, A (Huff)	51, Feb. 48, June
Suppression of Generator Whine (H & K) Voltage-Multiplying Circuits (Rumble)	47, Oct. 25, Jan.	High-Level Converters	51, Feb.
		High-Level Mixer, A (Schwalbe)	47, June
RADIOTELEPHONY		(Brown)	51, Apr. 47, Jan.
(See "Audio-Frequency Equipment & Design;" also "Moo	dulation")	Oscillator for the Edmunds Exciter, An (Davey)	47, Aug.

Peak-Level Control (Mann)48, Mar.	42, Nov.	Transistor - or 25 Miles on a Hunk of Germanium, The	
Receiver for 20-Meter Mobile S.S.B., A (Vitale)	46, Aug.	(Rose)	13, Mar.
Regulated Screen Supply, A (Weaver)	47, Jan. 42 Nov.	TVI Reduction in Strong-Signal Areas (Johnson)	I7, May
Simple Audio Oscillator for Tune-Up, A (Smith)	51, Apr.	MYTT	
VFO for the 10-A Exciter, A (Cooper)	42, Nov.	TVI	
	49, Mar.;	ARRL TVI Demonstration Completes Its First Tour	16, Oct.
(Brandt)	43, Nov. 47, Aug.	Channel-Strip TVI (Happenings of the Month)	45, Nov.
75- and 40-Meter S.S.B. Operation (Porazzo)		Color Television and the Amateur (Grammer)	31, Nov.
Single Side-Saddle Linear, The (Eckhardt)	25, Nov.	(Grammer)	17, Mar.
Sugar-Coated Single Sideband, More (Blanchard)	31, Oct.	FCC Public Notice - 21-Mc. TVI (Happenings of the	
		Month)	43, Sept.
TO KNICHTITTEDE		Handling TVI Complaints Due to Poor TV Sets (Shook).	51, June
TRANSMITTERS		Harmonic Radiation from External Nonlinear Systems (Seybold)	11, Jan.
Coffee-Can Rig, Another (Hayward)	43, Jan.	Is Your Rig R.FTight? (Schreiber)	29, Aug.
Compact R.F. Assembly for 50- and 144-Mc. Mobile		Merit Award to Rand (Happenings of the Month)	44, Nov.
(Chambers)	17, Nov.	On the TVI Front	10 Mm
De Luxe 5-Band Mobile Transmitter (Leland)	17, Dec. 24, Oct.	Arlington, Texas, TVI Forum	16, Mar. 50, June
Different Approach to High-Power Mobile, A (Jennings).	28, Apr.	Assist for TV Viewers	16, Mar.
Eighty Watts on Six Bands (Mix)	20, Aug.	Interference Aids Available	50, June
Four-Band Miniature 'Phone-C.W. Rig, A (Deane)	26, Aug.	Roster of TVI Committees	16, Mar.
Feed-back. Hand-Carried Portable Rig for 220 Mc. (Wolfskill)	10, Oct. 45, May	AddendumRevised	50, June 44, Sept.
Multiband Circuit for the Emergency-Powered Rig, A	104 Many	San Francisco Committee Reports Success	50, June
(Reddie)	27, Sept.	TVI Television Script Now Ready	44, Sept.
Novice 35-Watter, A (McCoy)	32, Jan.	U.H.F. "Strips" — A Problem for the V.H.F. Man	62, Dec.
Novice 80- and 40-Meter One-Tube Rig (McCoy) Self-Contained VFO Rig, A (Countryman)	28, Nov. 25, Feb.	50-Mc. TVI Filter Operating the BC-696 in TV Fringe Areas (Ticen)	44, Sept. 22, Dec.
Simple Heterodyne Exciter for 10 Meters, A (Faulkner)	21, Nov.	Progress Report on TVI Committees (Turner)	48, Feb.
Single-Control Transmitter-Receiver, A (Treuke)	26, May	Suppressing TVI in the Meissner Signal Shifter (McCoy)	33, Oct.
Single-Package Mobile Unit for 28 Mc., A (Tschannen)	33, June	TVI and the Novice (McCoy)	40, Oct.
Structural Details of the Detroit C.D. Portables (Undy and Gardella)	16, Feb.	TVI — Color and Strips (editorial)	9, Nov. 16, Apr.
Sweep-Tube C.W. Rig for 3.5 and 7 Mc., A (Chambers)	35, Apr.	TVI Reduction in Strong-Signal Areas (Johnson)	17. May
Two-Control Multiband Transmitting Unit (Herring)	23, Dec.	TVI Script (editorial)	9, July
Wide-Range High-Power Pi-Network Final, A (Farrar).	94 ()-4		
	34, Oct.		
8-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	11, May	V.H.F. & MICROWAVES	
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	11, May		40 Top
8-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)		ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	40, Jan. 22. Sept.
8-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	11, May		40, Jan. 22, Sept.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	11, May	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	11, May 35, Nov.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Me. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K) Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey)	11, May	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers)	11, May35, Nov.62, Mar.19, Feb.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K) Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K).	11, May35, Nov.62, Mar.19, Feb.62, Mar.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K).	11, May35, Nov.62, Mar.19, Feb.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K) Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton) Command-Set Receiver for 6 and 10, A (Faulkner) Compact R.F. Assembly for 50- and 144-Mc. Mobile (Chambers). Hand-Carried Portable Rig for 220 Mc. (Wolfskiff) Let's Get Rolling on 220! (editorial) Low-Noise R.F. Amplifiers for 144 and 420 Mc. (Tilton) Feed-back Lunar DX on 144 Mc.!. Multiband Circuit for the Emergency-Powered Rig, A (Reddie). Noise Generators — Their Uses and Limitations (Tilton) Notes on V.H.F. Converter Design (Van Duyne and	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein)	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July 52, Feb.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and How!, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight? (Schreiber).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July 52, Feb. 32, July
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlet). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Kig R.FTight (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17, Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July 52, Feb.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and How!, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight? (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ). Feed-back.	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45. May 9. Oct. 13. Aug. 43. Sept. 11. Mar. 27. Sept. 10. July 52. Feb. 32. July 56. July
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlet). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Kig R.FTight (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45, May 9, Oct. 13. Aug. 43, Sept. 11. Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July 52, Feb. 32, July 56, July 26. Dec. 57, Aug.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K) Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ). Feed-back. Modified Switching Circuit for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Multiband Tuning for the 6146 Amplifier (Mix).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept. 10, Oct.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45, May 9. Oct. 13. Aug. 43. Sept. 11. Mar. 27, Sept. 10. July 52, Feb. 32, July 56. July 26. Dec. 57, Aug. 65, Nov.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight? (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ). Feed-back. Modified Switching Circuit for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Multiband Tuning for the 6146 Amplifier (Mix). Notes on Frequency-Shifting Crystal Oscillators, Some	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept. 10, Oct. 58, Feb. 33, May	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45. May 9. Oct. 13. Aug. 43. Sept. 11. Mar. 27, Sept. 10. July 52, Feb. 32, July 26. Dec. 57, Aug. 65, Nov. 61. Sept.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and How!, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight? (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ). Feed-back. Modified Switching Circuit for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Multiband Tuning for the 6146 Amplifier (Mix). Notes on Frequency-Shifting Crystal Oscillators, Some (Bernstein).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept. 10, Oct. 58, Feb. 33, May 31, July	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45, May 9. Oct. 13. Aug. 43. Sept. 11. Mar. 27, Sept. 10. July 52, Feb. 32, July 56. July 26. Dec. 57, Aug. 65, Nov.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K). Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). Insproved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your kig R.FTight' (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ). Feed-back. Modified Switching Circuit for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Multiband Tuning for the 6146 Amplifier (Mix). Notes on Frequency-Shifting Crystal Oscillators, Some (Bernstein). Operating the BC-696 in TV Fringe Areas (Ticen).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept. 10, Oct. 58, Feb. 33, May 31, July 22, Dec.	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45. May 9. Oct. 13. Aug. 43. Sept. 11. Mar. 27, Sept. 10. July 52, Feb. 32, July 26. Dec. 55, Aug. 65, Nov. 61. Sept. 54, Jan. 55, Dec.
S-Band Mobile Transmitter, An (Chambers). 220-Mc. Station for the Beginner, A (Tilton and Southworth) — Part II. TRANSMITTING Better Keying for the Converted BC-457 (H & K) Clapp Oscillator — and Howl, The (Cassey). Combination Plate By-Pass and Neutralizing Capacitor (H & K). Control Circuit for Viking-I Transmitters (H & K). F.S.K. System for the Amateur Teletype Station (Bartlett). Improved Stability for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Inexpensive Radioteletype Converter, An (Bernstein). Is Your Rig R.FTight! (Schreiber). Isolating Oscillator, An (Clay). "Little Firecracker" Linear Amplifier, The (Russ). Feed-back. Modified Switching Circuit for the Elmac Transmitter (H & K). Multiband Tuning for the 6146 Amplifier (Mix). Notes on Frequency-Shifting Crystal Oscillators, Some (Bernstein). Operating the BC-696 in TV Fringe Areas (Ticen). Relay-Type Crystal-Switching Circuit (H & K).	11, May 35, Nov. 62, Mar. 19, Feb. 62, Mar. 47, Oct. 23, Aug. 62, Mar. 44, Jan. 29, Aug. 40, Mar. 10, Sept. 10, Oct. 58, Feb. 33, May 31, July 22, Dec. 74, May	ABCs of V.H.F. Receiver Design, Some (Tilton)	22, Sept. 17. Nov. 45. May 9. Oct. 13, Aug. 43, Sept. 11, Mar. 27, Sept. 10, July 52, Feb. 32, July 56, Dec. 57, Aug. 65, Nov. 65, Nov. 65, Lec. 65, Dec. 66, Oct. 66, Oct.
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