



PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE



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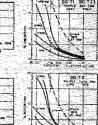
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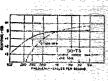




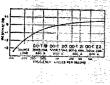


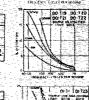
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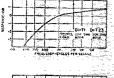


















DO-T No.	MIL Type	Application	Pri. Imp.	D.C. Ma.: in Pri.	lmp,	Pri. Res DO-1	_ DI-T	Mw.	
DO-T1	TF4RX13YY	/ Interstage	20,000 30,000	.5 .5	800 1200	850	815	50	DI-T
DO-T2	TF4RX17YY	Output	500 600	3	50 60	60	65	100	DI-T
DO-13	TF4RX13YY	Output	1000 1200	3 3	50 60	115	110	100	DI-TS
DO-T4	TF4RX17YY		600	3	3.2	60		100	
DO-T5	TF4RX13YY		1200	2	3.2	115	110	100	DI-T
DO-16	TF4RX13YY		10,000	1	3.2	790	***************************************	100	
DO-T7	TF4RX16YY		200,000	0	1000	8500		25	
DO-T8	TF4RX20YY TF4RX20YY		a. DC, 1 Hy. @	5 Ma. DC		630	-		
DO-T9	TF4RX13YY	Reactor 2.5 Hys. @ 2 M Output or driver	10,000	4 Ma. DO			630		DI-T8
DO-T10	TF4RX13YY	Driver	12,000	<u> </u>	500 CT		870	100	DI-T9
00-T11			10,000 12,000	1	1200 CT 1500 CT		870	100	DI-T1
	TF4RX13YY	Driver	10,000 12,000	1	2000 CT 2500 CT	800	870	100	DI-T1
DO-T12	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	150 C 200 C	10	12 16	11		500	
DO-T13	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	300 C1 400 C1	7	12 16	20		500	
DO-114	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	600 C1 800 C1	5	12 16	43		500	
DO-T15	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	800 CT 1070 CT		12 16	51		500	
DO-T16	TF4RX13YY	Single or PP output	1000 CT 1330 CT	3.5	12 16	71		500	
0-T17	TF4RX13YY	Single or PP output	1500 CT 2000 CT	3	12 16	108		500	
0-T18	TF4RX13YY	Single or PP output	7500 CT 10,000 CT	1	12	505	·*····	500	
0-T19	TF4RX17YY	Output to line	300 CT	<del>-</del>	600	19	20	500	DI-T19
00-T20	TF4RX17YY	Output or line to line	500 CT	5,5	600	31	32		DI-T20
10-T21	TF4RX17YY	Output to line	900 CT	4	600	53	53		DI-T21
0-T22	TF4RX13YY	Output to line	1500 CT	3	600	86	87		D1-T22
0-123	TF4RX13YY	Interstage	20,000 CT 30,000 CT	,5 ,5	800 CT 1200 CT	850	815		DI-T23
0-T24	TF4RX16YY	Input (usable for chopper service)	200,000 CT	0	1000 CT	8500		25	
0-T25	TF4RX13YY	Interstage	10,000 CT 12,000 CT	1	1500 CT 1800 CT	800	870	100	D1-T25
0-T26	TF4RX20YY	Reactor 6 Hy. @ 2 Ma. D	C, 1.5 Hy. @ 5	Ma. DC		2100	F-1		··
	TF4RX20YY	Reactor 4.5 Hy. @ 2 Ma.	DC, 1.2 Hy. @	4 Ma. DC			300		DI-T26
10-T27	TF4RX20YY	Reactor 1.25 Hy, @ 2 Ma.	DC, .5 Hy. @ 11	Ma. DC		100	, .		
10-T28	TF4RX20YY TF4RX20YY	Reactor .9 Hy. @ 2 Ma. D	C, .5 Hy. @ 6 M	la. DC		***********	105	]	D1-T27
10.150	TF4RX20YY	Reactor .3 Hy. @ 4 Ma. D	C, .15 Hy, @ 2	O Ma. DC		25			
00-T29	TF4RX17YY	Reactor .1 Hy, @ 4 Ma. D Single or PP output	120 CT 150 CT	10 10	3.2	10	25	500	D1-T28
0-T30	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	320 CT 400 CT	;	3.2	20		500	
O-T31	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	640 CT 800 CT	5 5	3.2	43		500	^
0-T32	TF4RX17YY	Single or PP output	800 CT 1,000 CT	4 4	3.2	51		500	
O-T33	TF4RX13YY	Single or PP output	1,060 CT	3.5	3.2	71	~	500	
O-T34	TF4RX13YY	Single or PP output	1,330 CT 1,500 CT	3.5	3.2	109		500	
0-735	IF4RX13YY	Single or PP output	2,000 CT 8,000 CT	3 1	3.2	505		500	
0-136	TF4RX13YY	Isol. or Interstage	10,000 CT 10,000 CT		.0000 CT	950	970	500 C	)I-T36
can he s	honeled var	nalloy shield and cover h single ended useage (un value taken by .5W transis n designed for transistor	er 5% distort	100-100	MMTKC	) 10	, for i	ol-T's D	1-TSH DCMA

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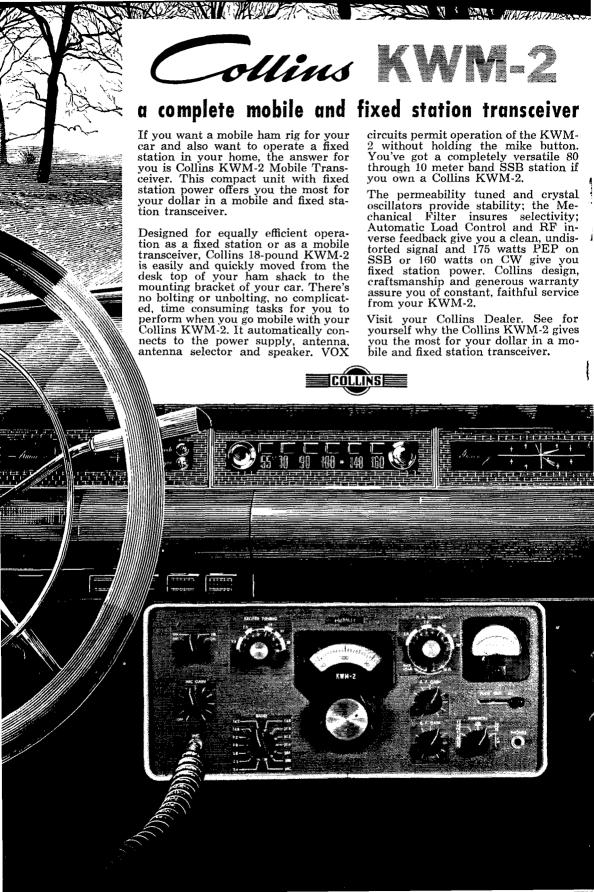
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## APRIL 1960

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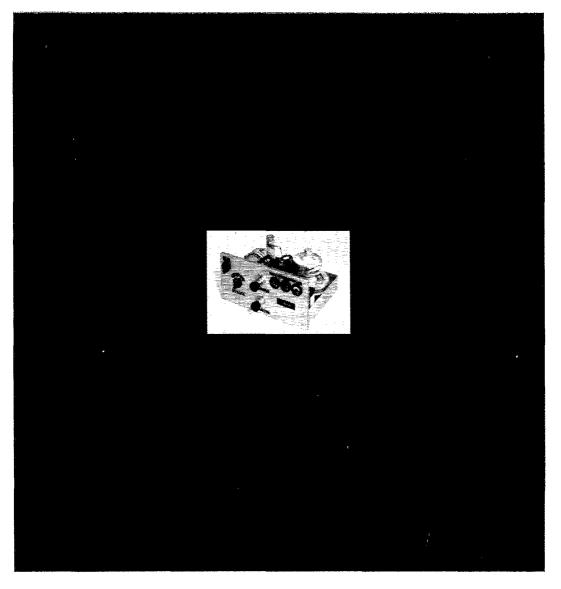
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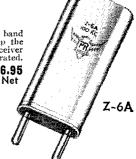
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Vermont	WIVSA			Essex Jct.
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li .				

Gateway



## to Amateur Radio!

- \* HOW TO BECOME A RADIO AMATEUR
- \* THE RADIO AMATEUR'S LICENSE MANUAL
- \* LEARNING THE RADIO TELEGRAPH CODE
- \* OPERATING AN AMATEUR RADIO STATION

Anyone starting out in amateur radio will find these publications a necessary part of his reading and studying for the coveted amateur radio operator's ticket. Written in clear, concise language, they help point the way for the beginner. Tried and proven by thousands upon thousands of amateurs, these ARRL publications are truly the "Gateway to Amateur Radio."

\$1.50

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The American Radio Relay League, Inc.—West Hartford, Connecticut

## THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC.,

is a noncommercial association of radio amateurs, bonded for the promotion of interest in amateur radio communication and experimentation, for the relaying of messages by radia, for the advancement of the radio art and of the public welfare, for the representation of the radio amateur in legislative matters, and for the maintenance of fraternalism and a high standard of conduct.

It is an incorporated association without capital stock, chartered under the laws of Connecticut, its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial and no one commercially engaged in the manufacture, sale or rental of radio apparatus is eligible to membership on its board.

"Of, by and for the amateur," it numbers within its ranks practically every worth-while amateur in the nation and has a history of glorious achievement as the standard-bearer in amateur affairs.

Inquiries regarding membership are solicited. A bona fide interest in amateur radio is the only essential qualification; ownership of a transmitting station and knowledge of the code are not prerequisite, although full voting membership is granted only to licensed amateurs.

All general correspondence should be addressed to the administrative headquarters at West Hartford, Connecticut.



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#### THOSE MAIL-ORDER EXAMS

Many members have mentioned to us, in letters, over the air and at club meetings, their feeling that large numbers of hams and would-be hams are cheating on exams-by-mail. Some point the finger at ham families: "You can't tell me any man would dare to give his wife a failing grade, or any son would flunk his father." Others have told us they've heard "there is a certain amateur who charges \$10 for a Technician license; no exam necessary!" Another avers that some people in large cities use a mail address outside the 75-mile limit, take a Conditional Class License, then modify their license to show a "change of address" back to their city location.

That there is a little of this sort of thing going on, there is no doubt. FCC has revoked or suspended several licenses in the past year or so for this sort of shenanigans (e.g., see page 76, this issue). That there is any substantial amount of cheating, we don't believe for a minute. Even in a group as large as our 200,000, certainly there can be only a very few hams so dishonest and so thoughtless of the consequences, to them personally and to the fraternity as a whole, as to help an unqualified lid get a license. But these rumors — and rumors we must classify most of them, since almost no complainers seem willing or able to give us names — these rumors are not doing our hobby any good.

Several hams have asked us to "do something" about the cheating, most of these suggesting that all amateurs be given the exam only by FCC personnel. We tried that, in 1956. The Board of Directors voted to have the General Manager petition FCC to return to the old 125-mile radius from quarterly examining points, within which all prospective amateurs of all classes would have to appear before FCC for the tests. The FCC turned the petition down, on the grounds that it did not have sufficient personnel to administer all the exams, and that the present system, while possibly subject to some abuse, was working adequately.

This leaves cooperative action by all amateurs qualified to administer the tests as the only solution. Whether one feels that the problem is actual cheating, or rumors of cheating, or the potential for cheating, it seems to us the answer lies in tightening voluntarily our procedures for giving the examinations.

As we have said before, in this column, we feel that the best system is for an examination team to be elected by each club. As members of a club, we should refer all potential hams to the team, rather than volunteer to give the test ourselves. We know that we ourselves will stick to the letter of the regulations, but rumors still could get around. The rumors are less likely when the club's best-respected members have joint responsibility and more than one member of the team is present.

In the very large cities it may be difficult for a ham to refer a candidate to a convenientlylocated club. In the smaller communities there may not be a club. Then it is up to the individual General, Advanced or Extra class licensee to give the test to the applicant. Again, just to hold down the possibilities of future reflections on his own integrity or that of the applicant, if it can be avoided an amateur should not administer an exam for a member of his own family (or his boss!). If an amateur must supervise a test for a relative, then he should have another person, preferably a ham (and a Novice, Technician or Conditional would do in this case) present just to rule out any talk of dishonesty.

Further, we might paraphrase the instructions on the back of Government checks: Know your examince. If he is a stranger to you, get some reasonable proof of his identity and of his residence address. Then administer the test as it was administered to you by the FCC engineer.

Certainly, you should give the applicant every consideration consistent with the regs. The accommodations should be reasonably comfortable and the room quiet. The code oscillator should have a clear tone and should be loud enough for the candidate to copy it with no strain. It is permissible to send a short warm-up run so the candidate can get used to your fist, and so you can stabilize your speed.

The Novice and Technician code test consists of 125 letters (no numbers or punctuation symbols) in reasonably-common English words. Every letter of the alphabet should be used at least once. When the FCC engineers gave the 5-word test, prior to 1954, most of them used five-letter words; at any rate, it is best to avoid sentences in which a missing word can be readily guessed at by the test-taker.

(Please turn the page)

The Conditional Class code test should have all numbers and letters, the period, question-mark, comma, break-sign (double dash) and fraction bar (slant bar) in each minute of copy. Q signals and call signs or tube-type numbers

should also appear each minute.

Once the test starts, you should be "all business." The requirement is for the applicant to copy correctly one minute without error of a five minute test. No matter how close he comes, if he does not have 25 consecutive letters at 5 w.p.m., or 65 letters at 13 w.p.m. he fails! You cannot repeat the test, nor can you give the applicant time to correct obvious errors.

As to the sending test, remember you may have to copy the guy's fist on the air! At least one minute of code must be sent with no uncorrected errors. Any errors must be corrected by the 8-dit error sign and the last correct word must be retransmitted; no extension of

time is permitted, of course.

Only a few words are necessary in connection with the written exam. The examiner should, of course, read the instructions on the test envelope, and see that the applicant does too. The examiner should keep the test-taker in sight. The examiner should not answer any questions, no matter how obliquely, nor should be permit the candidate to look anything up or consult notes.

We certainly hope we haven't discouraged any exam-givers with this editorial. On the contrary, if you know how to administer the exams, and steer clear of the few pitfalls we've mentioned here, you can go ahead knowing that no one will be speculating on your lack of honesty behind your back, and all of us will have the assurance that none gets on the air who is not well and truly qualified to do so.

#### MICHIGAN STATE CONVENTION Grand Rapids, Michigan — April 9

The Michigan State Convention at Grand Rapids is to be held Saturday, April 9 at the Manger (Rowe) Hotel. This will be the 13th Annual Convention sponsored by the Grand Rapids Amateur Radio Association.

Pre-convention registration is \$1.50 (\$1.75 at the door). Convention registrations and information requests may be sent to the Grand Rapids Radio Association, P. O. Box 333, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

### OREGON STATE CONVENTION Portland, Oregon — April 30-May 1

The 1960 Oregon State Convention, sponsored by the Council of Affiliated Amateur Radio Clubs, Inc., will be held at the armory, 109 N.W. 10th Avenue, Portland, on April 30 and May 1.

Pre-registration for licensed amateurs is \$7.50; \$8.50 after April 20. Fees for non-amateurs are \$3.50 and \$4.50. Registrations and hotel reservations should be sent to Oregon Amateur Radio Association, Post Office Box 1335, Portland 7.



Alabama — The Birmingham Amateur Radio Club will hold its Seventh Annual Hamfest at the State Fairgrounds on May 1 No other details available at this writing.

Florida — The annual hamfest sponsored by the Orlando Amateur Radio Club will be held at the Cherry Plaza in Orlando on April 23 and 24. Further information can be obtained by contacting E. H. Case, W4NGR, P. O. Box 2667, Orlando.

New Jersey — The 15th Annual Old Timer's Nite Roundup and Banquet, sponsored by the Delaware Valley Radio Association, will be held on Saturday evening, April 30, in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Stacy-Trent. As usual, it will be stag. A turkey dinner will be served promptly at 1830. Old timers W6EA of DX spark fame, and ex-2OM, Hoover Cup winner of the early twenties, will be on hand. A silver cup award will be presented to the radio operator present with the longest service in the radio game. Tickets are by reservation only, and may be obtained by mailing \$6.00 on or before April 25 to Ed G. Raser. W2ZI, 19 Blackwood Drive, Trenton 8, N. J. Latecomers may be able to buy a ticket for \$7.00 at the door.

New York — The Radio Amateurs of Greater Syracuste.

New York — The Radio Amateurs of Greater Syracuse are planning their first annual hamfest, to be known as the RAGS Spring Party. It will be held at Three Rivers Inn, on Saturday, April 23. Three Rivers Inn, just northwest of Syracuse, is reached on route 57 north of Liverpool, Take exit #38 on the New York State Thruway, Tickets at \$5.00 each are available from Harry J. Miller, W2WNO, 315

Loma Ave., Syracuse,

Oklahoma — The Oil Capital Mobile Club of Tulsa will hold its Third Annual Hamfest on Sunday, May I. This is an all-day affair with a hidden transmitter bunt and other activities. Registration is \$1.00. For details contact Sam Goldish, W5TVG, 3830 S. St. Louis Ave., Tulsa 5.

Oklahoma — The North Fork Amateur Radio Club will hold its annual hamfest at the Quartz Mountain Park, near Granite, on April 30 and May 1, A barbeeue will be served at noon on May 1. Pre-registration price is \$3.00, Contact Jay Thompson, W5ZZP, 302 West Main, Sayre.

Pennsylvania — The 15th annual banquet of the Lancaster Radio Transmitting Society will be held on Saturday, May 7, at Hostetters Banquet Hall, 363 Barbara Street, Mt. Joy. Mt. Joy is on route US 230, 10 miles west of Lancaster Festivities will start at 1830 with a meal, followed by entertainment of OMs, YLs and NYLs, Plenty of free parking. Advance registrations are \$3.00 per person, and may be obtained from Arthur C. Jacoby, W3OY, 136 Springhouse Rd., Lancaster.

#### NEW ENGLAND DIVISION CONVENTION Swampscott, Massachusetts — May 1

The New Ocean House Hotel in Swampscott is the site of the 1960 New England Division ARRL Convention, Sunday, May 1, sponsored by the Federation of Eastern Mass. Amateur Radio Assns. Speakers will include Francis II. Griswold, KØDWC, Lt. General, USAF, of the Strategic Air Command, and the Rev. Daniel Linehan, W1HWK, of the Weston Observatory. Mobile hunts on 10, 6 and 2 meters, net meetings, FCC exams YL meetings, and an antique radio exhibit are planned.

Early-bird registrants will receive free a plastic lapel pin with their call letters engraved. Early-bird registration is \$3.00 (\$3.50 at the door, no badge). Banquet tickets are \$5.00 and include a full-course roast beef dinner served in the hotel dining room. Early-birds must mail their ticket requests before April 18 to Radio Convention, 15 MacArthur Blyd., Danvers, Mass. Persons planning to stay overnight should make reservations directly with the New Ocean House.

# 75 Watts Input, with Modulator and Power Supply Built In

BY EDMUND C. HARRINGTON,\* WIJEL

With v.b.f. activity multiplying in recent years there is an increasing demand for transmitter designs that include provision for v.f.o. operation. We have tended to drag our feet on this line editorially, because it is no simple matter to design and build a really satisfactory v.f.o. rig for the frequencies above 30 Mc. Here is one of the few we've seen that meets the high standards that must be maintained if the v.b.f. bands are to be kept free of unstable and buzzy signals.

# A Complete Six-Meter V.F.O. Transmitter

The transmitter to be described was built to satisfy the need for a flexible rig of moderate power for the 6-meter band. It has a v.f.o., two fixed-tuned doublers, and a final amplifier that operates at an input of 65 to 75 watts. The entire 50-Mc. band is covered. The v.f.o. has proven itself satisfactory for both c.w. and a.m. use. The note is clean, there are no troublesome key clicks, and drift is negligible. On a.m., unsolicited reports on the modulation have been uniformly complimentary.

#### Circuit Features

The oscillator uses the familar Clapp circuit, operating between 6.25 and 6.75 Mc. The oscillator plate circuit is tuned to the second harmonic. The cathode, control grid and screen comprise the oscillating circuit, and output is taken from the tank in the plate circuit. The cathode is grounded, to avoid hum modulation of the oscillator. The tube socket, coil forms, tuning capacitor and any standoffs used in the oscillator circuits are ceramic-insulated, and long leads and unnecessary stray capacitance are avoided. The oscillator coil is of high-Q design, and is solidly mounted to prevent vibration.

These precautions are important in achieving stability in the v.f.o., which must be of a high order if the resultant signal on 50 Mc. is to be of acceptable quality. With 8 times frequency

\* Harrington Electronics, Box 189, Topsfield, Mass.

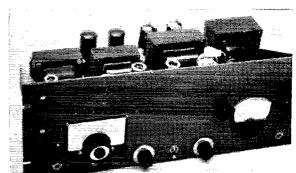
multiplication, any slight mechanical instability or hum modulation of the oscillator will show up very markedly on 50 Mc., as anyone who has listened critically to most of the current crop of v.f.o. rigs on 6 knows all too well.

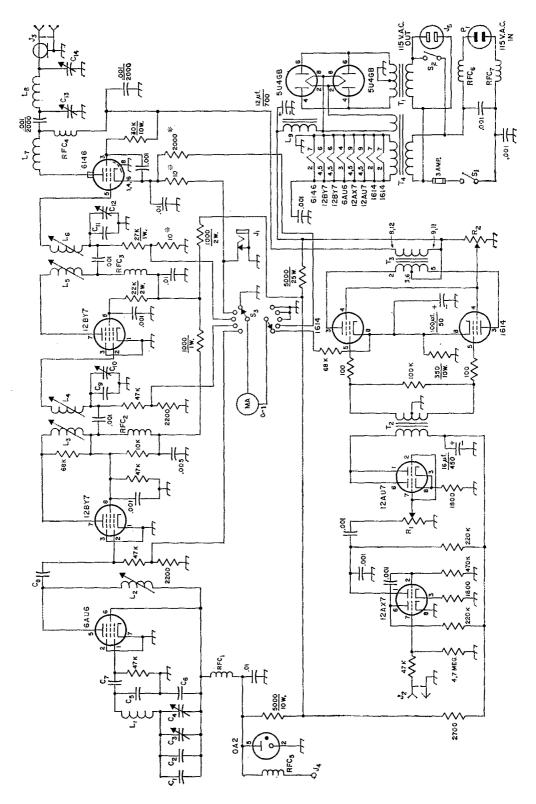
The two frequency doublers work into over-coupled tuned circuits similar to those used in variable-selectivity receiver i.f. stages. These provide close to optimum coupling efficiency, yet with sufficient bandwidth to permit operation across the entire band without retuning. Their adjustment is quite simple, requiring no special test equipment if the recommended metering is provided and instructions are followed. Although 12BY7 tubes are shown, 6CL6s would probably work equally well. Low-impedance capacitive coupling is used between stages and the coil spacing is not critical, as long as a minimum of one inch is maintained between coupled coils.

The amplifier is a 6146 tube, with a conventional pi-network output circuit. A fair amount of the band can be covered without retuning this circuit. For frequency setting in practice, the v.f.o. is switched on, temporarily receiving its 150 volts, regulated, from the receiver (through  $J_4$ ) for spotting purposes. It is then zeroed in on the desired frequency, and the transmitter is thrown on. If the change in frequency has been a large one, the final plate circuit may be trimmed up while calling, if necessary.

The modulator section has a 12AX7 into a

The v.f.o. transmitter for 50 Mc. has only three tuning adjustments: the v.f.o. frequency, left, and the final plate circuit and loading controls, the small knobs either side of the meter. Metal rimmed knobs are the gain control, left, and the meter switch.





mitter. Resistors are 1/2 watt unless specified. Those with  $^*$  are  $\pm$  5 per cent tolerance. Capacitors with polarity marked are electrolytic, Values and parts information for the 50-Mc, trans Fig. 1-Schematic diagrams

5-115-volt chassis fitting, female. Supplies a.c. for external antenna 1-17-uh. coil having Q of 220 or better, 50 turns No. 24 tinned, 13 2-8.2 µh., 48 turns No. 30 enamel. L2 through L3 are closewound Ct-Hammarlund HF-15X, with 2 stator and 1 rotor plate removed.  $C_1 - 5 - \mu \mu f_* = 1 - \mu \mu f_*$  zero temperature-coefficient ceramic.  $C_2 - 15 - \mu\mu f. = 10$  per cent zero-coefficient ceramic. C3-19.6-µµf. miniature variable (Johnson 160-110). C14-140-uuf. variable (Hammarlund MC-140M) C13--27-uut. variable (Johnson 167-2, 25L15).  $C_8 - 100 - \mu \mu f$ . zero-coefficient ceramic.  $C_5 - 820 - \mu \mu f$ .  $\pm 5$  per cent, silver mica.  $C_6 - 620 - \mu \mu f = 5$  per cent, silver mica. C12-8-50-µµf. ceramic trimmer. -Female chassis fitting, any type.  $C_{11}$ —Like  $C_{7}$ , but  $\pm$  5 per cent. 3—Coaxial fitting, SO-239. —Microphone connector. 1-Closed-circuit jack. 12AU7, driving a pair of 1614 tubes operating Class AB<sub>2</sub>. The driver transformer,  $T_2$ , must be used to obtain a low-impedance driving source. Although unconventional, the use of cathode biasing in the modulator stage works nicely and eliminates the need for a bias supply.

The power supply uses a choke-input filter and parallel 5U4 rectifiers. A separate rectifier filament transformer allows switching in the primary of the plate transformer for transmitter control.

The meter shown is a Marion type MM-2, 0-1 ma. If a different type of meter is used the values of the meter shunts and the series resistor may have to be altered slightly to obtain the desired 1-, 1-, 5-, 200-, and 250-ma. ranges, respectively. Positions are provided on the meter switch for each alignment step, and also to read the modulator current. This complete metering system is handy for normal tuning, complete alignment, or checking up on sections of the rig.

#### Adjustment Procedure

Initial checkout and alignment are conducted as follows: Disconnect one end of the 6146 screen resistor, and fire up the transmitter with the meter switch in the first position. Listen for the oscillator fundamental (6.25 to 6.75 Mc.) or the transmitter operating frequency in the 50-Mc. band. Set the dial so that  $C_4$  is about 10 per cent meshed. Adjust  $C_3$  to bring the oscillator frequency to 6.75 Mc. at this setting of C4. Now run the dial down to the low-frequency end of the band, which should appear with  $C_4$  about 90 per cent meshed. If a vacuum-tube voltmeter is available, check the d.c. voltage on Pin 1 of the

RFC4-65 turns No. 26 enamel close-wound on 34-inch diam. ceramic form.

RFC1, RFC2, RFC3—50-wh. r.f. choke (Harrington Electronics XP-50)

is 15,000 ohms above ground.

22—Double-pole double-throw toggle switch. (One half shown, Other

RFC<sub>7</sub>—1-µh. r.f. choke (Harrington Electronics XP-1)

51 -- Switch on R1.

RFC<sub>5</sub>—10-µh. r.f. choke (Harrington Electronics XP-10)

 $\Gamma_{
m I}$  —Power transformer to give 500 volts d.c. at 250 ma, through filter

S<sub>3</sub>—Double-pole 5-position wafer switch.

controls receiver standby.)

I4—Filament transformer, 5 v. c.t., 6.3 v. c.t., both 6 amp. (Stanco

2—Driver transformer, single triode to p.p. grids (Triad A-83X).

(Stancor PC-8303)

I<sub>3</sub>—Modulation transformer, 30 watts (Stancor A-3892)

82-20,000-ohm wire-wound, 25 watts, slider type. Adjust so that slider

-megohm potentiometer with switch.

P<sub>1</sub> — 115-volt plug.

Complete set of r.f. chokes and coils available as Harrington Elec-

8-hv. 250-ma. filter choke (Stancor C-2308)

s-6 turns No. 18 tinned, 34 inch long on 34-inch form.

-1 turn No. 20 tinned, 1/2-inch diam.

uh., 11 turns No. 22 enamel, 34 inch long. 1.65 µh., 19 turns No. 26 enamel, 1 inch long.

.5 µh., 28 turns No. 26 enamel

30 turns No. 28 ename!

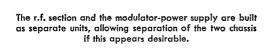
4-inch slug-tuned forms (Harrington Electronics type ST)

inches long on 4-inch ceramic form (Complete coil

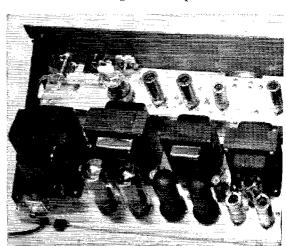
Harrington Electronics XL-1).

6AU6. It should read about -3 volts. Set the operating frequency to 52 Mc. and adjust  $L_2$  for maximum meter reading, with the switch in the first position. Now move to the second position. Connect a 0.001-µf. disk capacitor across  $C_9$ , with  $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch leads. Reset the v.f.o. for 51 Me. Adjust  $L_3$  and  $L_4$  for maximum indication on the meter. Remove the capacitor and check the meter reading across the band. It should be about like the curve of Fig. 2A. If unequal drive is obtained at the band edges, slightly adjust  $L_4$  and recheck both ends again.

When equal drive is obtained at the ends of the range, adjust  $C_{10}$  to obtaint he required bandwidth. The tuning of overcoupled circuits







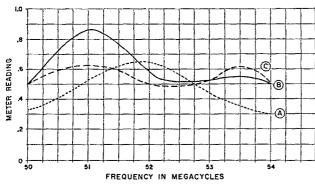


Fig. 2—Approximate readings for the various meter positions that should be obtained when the 50-Mc. v.f.o. transmitter is properly adjusted.

is usually difficult unless a visual sweep method is used. However, the addition of the 0.001- $\mu$ f. capacitor reduces the coupling below the critical point, and the circuits can then be tuned for peak. Since detuning will result when the capacitor is removed and  $C_9$  and  $C_{10}$  appear in series with the tuned circuits, the coils are purposely resonated at 51 Mc., below the band center frequency.

Now switch the meter to the third position and set the v.f.o. for 50.5 Mc. Adjust  $L_5$  and  $L_6$  for maximum reading. Roughly repeat the procedure that was outlined for the previous stage, bearing in mind that readjustment of  $L_6$  will be required when the amplifier screen resistor is reconnected. The check is made now only to determine that no wiring errors have been made.

Reconnect the amplifier screen resistor and attach a dummy load to the output coax connector,  $J_3$ . Tune the v.f.o. to the low end of the band, and switch the meter to the fourth position. Set  $C_{14}$  to the fully-meshed position. Turn the transmitter on, and tune  $C_{13}$  for minimum reading on the meter. Adjust  $C_{14}$  slowly until the meter reads 140 ma., readjusting  $C_{13}$  for minimum plate current as this is done. Check the grid drive by turning the meter switch back to position 3. Repeat this procedure every 500 kc., 50 to 54 Mc., recording the readings in the No. 3 meter position. It will be noted that the grid drive will fall off at the high-frequency end of the band. With the transmitter at the high end, readjust  $L_6$  slightly to obtain more drive. Recheck the drive at 50 Mc., and repeat this adjustment until drive is equal at 50 and 54 Mc. It should follow the curve 2B fairly closely.

If drive falls off too much at the band edges, decrease the value of  $C_{12}$  slightly. If the dip in the middle of the band is too deep, increase  $C_{12}$  slightly to reduce the coupling. Care should be exercised to keep the final stage resonated,

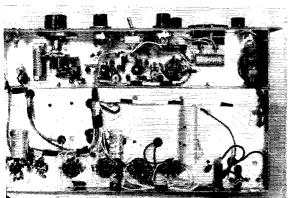
and loaded to about 140 ma, during this process, to prevent damage to the 6146 by its having been allowed to draw too much or too little current for extended periods. It is a simple matter to switch frequently between positions 3 and 4 during the alignment procedure. When ready for on-the-air operation, the 6146 can be loaded to 160 ma. for c.w. use.

With the microphone connected to the input of the speech amplifier, advance the gain control until normal speech gives 100 per cent modulation. If a scope is not available for modulation checks, full modulation should be obtained when the meter swings to about 100 ma. on peaks. (Meter position 5.) Idling current should be about 75 ma.

If the rig is to be used only as an exciter for a higher-powered amplifier, or as a c.w. transmitter, the modulator can be eliminated, and the power supply made smaller to effect a saving in components. The oscillator should be protected from vibration due to blowers, power transformers and chokes. It has quite good voltage and temperature stability, but it will tolerate only a limited amount of vibration and shock.

Some may wonder about the separate fixed capacitors,  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , in the oscillator circuit, since they are the same type. The original intention was to use a temperature-compensating capacitor for  $C_1$ , but it was determined experimentally that best stability resulted when a zero temperature-coefficient type was used. Should drift lower in frequency occur in another model,  $C_1$  should be made negative 80, 220 or 330 p.p.m., depending on the compensation required.

No special precautions were taken to prevent TVI, and actually none was found in operating the transmitter in the Boston area. The usual TVI treatments found in the ARRL Handbook can be applied, if TVI is a problem in other circumstances.



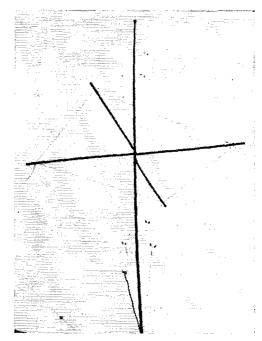
Bottom view of the 50-Mc. transmitter. Oscillator components are in the upper left. Firm mounting of the oscillator coil is important, if mechanical stability is to be achieved. Note that it is wound on a grooved ceramic form.

The 5A Special quad requires only one spreader—and it's horizontal instead of vertical. This view is from off one of the rear (reflector) corners.

The mechanical instability associated with the customary quad antenna has long been a deterrent to popular acceptance. This objection is largely overcome by the unique design employed here. The unorthodox arrangement of elements appears to have negligible electrical disadvantage,

## Modified Quad for 10 and 15

BY FRED VITRINGA,\* 5A5TO



## The 5A Special Antenna

THE antenna shown in the photographs and sketches which follow is the result of a desire to secure the advantages of a two-band quad without also suffering some of its disadvantages. The disadvantages that were of immediate concern were the characteristic filmsiness of construction and the need for some materials that were not easily obtainable in Libya. The cost of the antenna as shown was about three dollars, exclusive of the mast and feed line. The structure is mechanically stable in rough weather, and the beam has given surprisingly good results. With a transmitter power of 140 watts, 215 countries, all states, and 39 zones (phone) were worked in the course of 15 months at 5A5TO.

#### Element Arrangement

Since it may be a little difficult to separate the sheep from the goats in the photograph, it may help to say that the quad elements are in the form of vertical diamonds. The driven elements are ted at the lower points of the diamonds. See Fig. 1. The reflectors are similar but have tuning stubs at both top and bottom points of the diamonds. This is also indicated in Fig. 1.

The side points of the diamonds are supported on a horizontal "X" spreader centered on the supporting mast. See Fig. 2. The upper and lower halves of the diamonds are slanted backward toward the mast and are guyed to it. No vertical guying for the spreader is required, since the quad elements themselves serve the purpose. Horizontal spacing between the legs of the "X"

\* P. O. Box 165, Highriver, Alberta, Canada.

spreader is maintained by rope cords at the ends of the "X" and at points about halfway out on the legs.

#### Spreader

The spreader is made of four lengths of 1-inch wood dowel, 8 feet 7 inches long. The inner ends

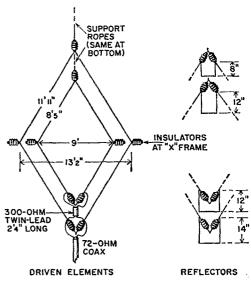


Fig. 1—A front view of the driven elements of the 5A Special antenna. Reflectors are similar but are fitted at top and bottom with tuning stubs as shown at the right.

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are fastened to the mast by means of shelf brackets or hardware-store iron angles. Adjacent pairs of arms on the framework are not at exact right angles, but are positioned on the mast so that the tips of the arms on the element sides of the mast are 13 feet 2 inches apart. See Fig. 2. The spreader is mounted on the mast at a point 14 feet below the top anchor point of the 21-Mc. elements.

#### Dimensions

Driven and parasitic elements (reflectors) have the same dimensions. The 15-meter elements are 11 feet 11 inches per leg (23 feet 10 inches per

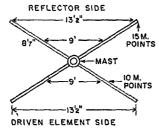


Fig. 2—Top view of the spreader. Wood dowels 1 inch in diameter and 8 feet 7 inches long are fastened radially to the mast with brackets as described in the text.

side). The 10-meter elements measure 8 feet 5 inches on each leg (16 feet 10 inches per side). The center points of the 15-meter elements are attached to the outer ends of the spreader legs where the separation is 13 feet 2 inches, as mentioned above. The center points of the 10-meter elements are anchored to the spreader at intermediate points where the separation is 9 feet. This should make the separation between the

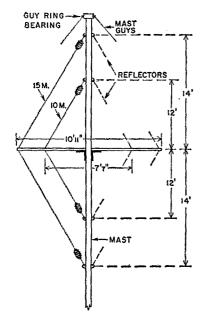


Fig. 3—Side view of the driven elements. Reflectors are similarly placed on the opposite side of the mast.

centers of the 15-meter driven element and reflector 10 feet 11 inches, and between 10-meter elements 7 feet 7 inches. These dimensions should be followed closely.

The wire for the elements may be No. 14 or larger, solid or stranded. Small egg-type insulators are used at the tops and bottoms, and small stand-off insulators at the sides where the spreader supports the wire. The top and bottom points are brought under moderate tension by ropes attached near the top and bottom of the mast.

The upper tuning stub of the 15-meter reflector is 8 inches long, and the bottom one 1 foot 2 inches long, while both 10-meter stubs are 1 foot long. When adjustment is complete, the lengths of the bottom stubs should be somewhat shorter.

#### Feed

A single 72-ohm coax line feeds both driven elements. The coax line is connected directly to the 15-meter driven element, and the feed point of the 10-meter driven element is connected in parallel through a section of 300-ohm ribbon 2 feet 4 inches long. See Fig. 1.

Turning the beam requires rotation of the entire structure including the mast. This can be accomplished if a guy-ring bearing is used at the top of the mast, although an inverted tin can over the top served the purpose satisfactorily for

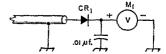


Fig. 4—Circuit used for checking the adjustment of the reflectors. CR<sub>1</sub> is a crystal diode, such as the 1N34A. M<sub>1</sub> is a high-resistance voltmeter of approximately 10-volt range.

several months. At 5A5TO, the rotator was mounted on the roof and the base of the mast was simply set in the rotator coupling. The structure is light, and no slightest trouble was experienced with this arrangement.

#### Reflector Adjustment

The usual tuning method works well. Set up a 15-meter dipole as far away from the antenna as practicable (at least two wavelengths) at the same level as the center of the quad. Feed the dipole with the transmitter set to about 21.25 Mc. and turn the quad away from the dipole. Connect a crystal diode in series with the center conductor at the station end of the quad coax line to a high-resistance voltmeter, making sure to bypass the meter with a noninductive 0.01-µf, capacitor. See Fig. 4. Tune the bottom stub of the 15-meter reflector for minimum reading on the meter, increasing the sensitivity (using a lower-voltage scale) of the voltmeter if necessary, until a definite minimum with a rise on either side is found.

The 10-meter reflector should be adjusted in the same manner, using a frequency near the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Hess, "Single-Line Feed for Tri-Band Quads," QST, August, 1959.

center of the desired operating range. When the adjustment is complete, the pattern will show a strong center lobe, two deep notches about 50 degrees either side of the front, and then a minor lobe on either side.

The notches are useful in rejecting signals near the direction in which you want to work. According to reports, the front-to-back ratio is about 25 db. No gain measurements were attempted but results speak for themselves. My measurements on 10 meters showed an s.w.r. of about 1.5 to 1 and a little better than this on 15.

The writer would like to acknowledge the help and enthusiasm of 5A5TM, 5A1TU and 5A5TF in making this antenna possible.

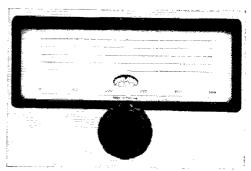
Q5T-

## • New Apparatus

#### **Eddystone Slow-Motion Drive**

Anyone who has ever seriously considered the home design and construction of a high-quality communications receiver knows that one of the biggest obstacles is the complete absence in this country of a really good drive and dial. (To save your writing, one of the other obstacles is the lack of a suitable tuning-capacitor gang.) The domestic products either combine provision for calibration with insufficient reduction and overabundant backlash or they combine suitable drive with no provision for direct calibration.

The English have finally come to our rescue by exporting the Eddystone Slow-Motion Drive. This truly delightful drive has everything one might ask for except a ready-cut hole in the panel; the purchaser has to provide that himself, and this only means a few minutes with a hacksaw and file if he's working with aluminum or a month and a half if he's stuck with a steel panel, The Eddystone drive uses a heavy lead flywheel on the same shaft as the tuning knob, for smooth tuning and a little "spinning" ability if the operator is so inclined. Through a pinch drive this shaft turns a metal disk that in turn drives the main shaft through spring-loaded gears. The front face of the disk is numbered 0 through 99 and is visible through a small window, to provide a logging scale (more about this later). The pointer on a 7-inch long scale is string-driven behind a clear plastic window; five lines are provided here for direct frequency calibration. The logging scale is supplemented by a linear 0-500 scale marked at the hundreds; if the pointer is



between 100 and 200 on the main dial face and the number in the window shows 62, you know the logging scale reads 162.

We were unable to detect any backlash in either of the two samples we examined, and this is very important in a drive with a tuning rate of 3.27 degrees per knob revolution! That's right, sidebanders and high-selectivity c.w. men; it takes 55 revolutions of the knob to turn the main shaft 180 degrees. This means one can build a receiver or v.f.o. that at 10 meters has a tuning rate of 31 kc. per knob revolution, without breaking up the band into smaller segments and switching from one to another.

The drive is distributed by British Radio Electronics, Ltd., 1833 Jefferson Place, N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

-B. G

#### Strays 3

The U. S. Department of Commerce, Maritime Administration, has a vacancy for an Electronic Engineer GS-13, \$10,130 per year, in the Division of Engineering, Office of Ship Construction, Washington, D. C. Necessary qualifications include a B.S. degree in Electrical Engineering (or equivalent experience), plus at least four years of progressively more responsible engineering experience in the field of electronic engineering.

Apply in writing to the Personnel Officer, U. S. Department of Commerce, Federal Maritime Board, Washington, D. C., and refer to the announcement Washington No. 374.

The Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Radio Club and the RPI debating team issue a challenge to any other college in the United States to a debate by amateur radio. They have already conducted one debate on 6 meters with Union College. If any college is interested, contact the RPI Radio Club, 8–2 Sunset Terrace, Troy, N. Y.

WV2EFN overheard K4AMY and W7AMY QRMing each other on 15 meters.

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## • Beginner and Navice —

A low-cost "getting started" receiver often hasn't much to offer except low cost. The converter described here is a little different. It can be used with any broadcast receiver to give solid, easily tuned signals with all the volume you need. Use it for getting acquainted with the 80- and 40-meter amateur bands and taking advantage of the code-practice transmissions that are regularly scheduled in those bands.

P.S.—The converter doesn't cost much, either.

An Easy-To-Build

Converter for 80

and 40 Meters

BY LEWIS G. McCOY,\* WIICP

## Using a Broadcast Set for Amateur-Band Reception

TEWCOMERS often wonder whether a broadcast receiver can be used as a communications receiver, reasoning that by simply changing a "coil or something else" they might be able to listen to ham signals. The answer is that converting such a receiver into a communications-type setup poses some fairly difficult technical problems. Only a skilled technician could attempt such a job.

But it is possible to use the typical a.c.-d.c. broadcast receiver to receive short-wave signals—and without making any modifications in the b.c. set. All that is required is a simple one-tube "converter" to go ahead of the receiver.

The simple converter described in this article will tune from approximately 3000 to 8000 kilocycles, taking in the amateur 80- and 40-meter bands. The system to be described has much to offer the newcomer because the converter is easy to build and will provide him with an inexpensive method for listening to code signals as well as short-wave signals of all kinds.

#### What It Is and How It Works

The unit shown in Fig. 1 and in the photographs is a tunable converter designed to work into a broadcast receiver tuned to approximately 1000 kilocycles. The single tube used in the converter is a 6U8A, which is actually two tubes, a

\* Technical Assistant, QST.

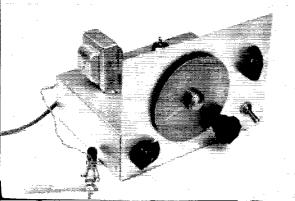
triode and a pentode, in one envelope. One section of the tube functions as a mixer and the other section as an oscillator.

Let's first see how the converter makes it possible to hear short-wave signals. Fig. 2 is a block diagram of the converter-receiver combination. Suppose that the antenna picks up a signal on 3500 kilocycles and feeds it into the mixer stage of the converter. The output of the oscillator is also fed to the mixer. If the oscillator is generating a 4500-kc. signal it and the 3500-kc. signal will "beat" with each other, producing a new signal at the difference between 3500 kc. and 4500 kc. — that is, at 1000 kc. This process of producing a third signal is called "mixing" or "heterodyning."

If the signal generated by the oscillator is constant and unmodulated, the signal at 1000 kc. will be an exact reproduction of the one at 3500 kc. So any information contained in the signal coming in on the antenna will be reproduced in the signal coming out of the mixer.

The 1000-kc. signal from the mixer goes into a coil,  $L_5$ , at the end of a twisted pair of wires, and when this coil is placed near the broadcast receiver there will be enough coupling between the two so that the 1000-kc. signal will be picked up by the b.c. set and amplified — assuming, of course, that the set is tuned to 1000 kc.

One more thing is needed for receiving code



The completed converter ready for use. At the lower right on the panel is the power switch,  $S_1$ , and above it is the tuning knob for  $C_1$ . At the lower left corner of the panel is the control knob for the bandset capacitor,  $C_3$ .  $L_5$ , the Vari-loopstick, is to the left of the chassis. The dial is on  $C_4$ , the bandspread capacitor.

OST for

Fig. 1—Circuit diagram of converter.

C:-365-uuf, variable capacitor, broadcast replacement type. (This capacitor is also listed in radio parts distributors' catalogs as a midget t.r.f.-type capacitor. Values may vary from 365  $\mu\mu$ f. to 420  $\mu\mu$ f. Any value in this range is suitable.) C2-0.001-µf. disk ceramic, 500 volts.

 $C_3-140-\mu\mu f$ . variable (Hammarlund type

MIXER 001µf.

R5-22 ohms, 1/2 watt.

RFC1-2.5-mh. r.f. choke.

S<sub>1</sub>—Single-pole single-throw toggle.

T<sub>1</sub>-Power transformer, 125 volts, 15 ma., 6.3 volts, 0.6 amp., half-wave type (Knight 61 G 410, Stancor PS-8415, Triad R-2C).

In addition to the above items the following material is required to complete the converter;

1  $2 \times 5 \times 7$ -inch aluminum chassis. 1  $5 \times 7$ -inch aluminum bottom plate (for panel).

1 9-pin miniature tube socket.

6U8A (or 6U8) vacuum tube.

1 Length of coil stock, B & W type 3016 Miniductor or Illumitronic No. 832T Air Dux).

Tuning dial assembly, National type K.

2 Small tuning knobs.

3 Bakelite tie points, 4 terminals.

1 Line cord and plug.

HF-140 or equivalent).

 $C_4-15-\mu\mu f$ . variable (Hammarlund type HF-15 or equivalent).

 $C_5$ -0.001- $\mu$ f. disk ceramic, 500 volts.

 $C_6$ -270- $\mu\mu$ f. mica or ceramic, 500 volts.

 $C_7$ ,  $C_{10}$ —0.01- $\mu$ f. disk ceramic, 500 volts.

 $C_8$ ,  $C_9$ —Dual-section electrolytic, 20  $\mu$ f. per section, 150

CR1-Selenium rectifier, 130 volts r.m.s., 20 ma. (Federal 1159A or Sarkes-Tarzian type 50).

L1, L2-See Fig. 3. La, L4-See Fig. 3.

L5-Vari-loopstick. (This item is cataloged as an antenna for a.m. broadcast receivers. The unit measures 7/16 by 21/4 inches.)

R<sub>1</sub>-47 ohms, ½ watt. R2-1200 ohms, 1/2 watt.

R3-47,000 ohms, 1/2 watt. R<sub>4</sub>—1000 ohms, 1/2 watt.

signals. You've no doubt listened to a broadcast station when it didn't have any modulation on its signal; this doesn't happen very often but occasionally the station will be silent momentarily between programs. If you happened to tune through the station at such a time you would have noticed a change in the background noise, but that is all. Now imagine that the station turned its carrier on and off during such a "silent" period, sending Morse code characters. You would hear the change in background noise but it would be very difficult to copy the code, even if you knew Morse.

In short, to hear a code signal properly it would have to be modulated, and the easiest way to make an unmodulated signal audible is to cause it to be modulated in the receiver. This is done by mixing frequencies again, only this time the two frequencies are very close together so that the difference between them will be an audible tone. Again we need an oscillator to generate the steady, unmodulated signal, and if this new signal is placed, say, 1000 cycles away from the incoming signal the two will beat together to produce a 1000-cycle tone. In communications receivers the signal introduced at the receiver is generated by the "beat-frequency oscillator" (b.f.o.) and it is this device that permits us to copy code signals.

In the setup described here it isn't necessary to provide one because any weak broadcast signal near 1000 kc, will serve as a ready-made b.f.o. As you tune the oscillator in the converter, the signals fed from the converter into the b.c. set will beat against the broadcast signal to which you are tuned, becoming audible as "whistles." If a code signal is stronger than the broadcast signal the modulation on the b.c. station will be "washed out" and you'll hear only the code. Even if the code signal is weak the modulation on the broadcast station won't be a serious handicap, so far as copying the code is con-

If you want to listen to phone signals in the ham bands you simply tune the broadcast set to some clear spot near 1000 kc. and leave it there. Without a broadcast station to make a beat, there won't be any whistles.

#### **Tuned Circuits**

In Fig. 1,  $L_2C_1$  in the mixer signal-grid circuit must be tuned to the actual frequency of the signal being received. To cover both the 3500-kc. (80-meter) and 7000-kc. (40-meter) amateur bands we need a total tuning range of about 3000 to 8000 kc. in this circuit. This range is covered by rotating  $C_1$  from maximum to minimum capacitance,

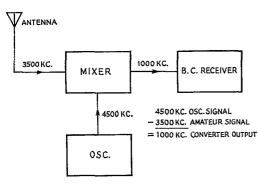


Fig. 2—Block diagram showing how an incoming signal is converted to give 1000-kc. output. Details are given in the text.

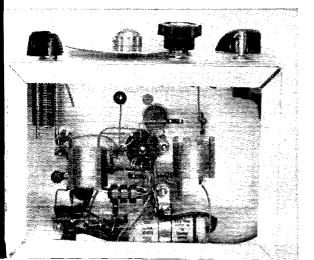
The oscillator must operate 1000 kc. higher than the signal frequency, so  $L_3C_3C_4$  must cover approximately 4000 to 9000 kc. This complete range is tuned by  $C_3$ , making its adjustment quite critical. Therefore this capacitor is used principally for selecting the portion of the range where it is desired to receive—i.e., it is the "band-setting" capacitor. Actual tuning is done with the much smaller capacitor  $C_4$ , which spreads out the signals on the dial and confines the tuning to a small portion of the total range.  $C_4$  is therefore called the "band-spread" capacitor.

#### Construction

The converter is built on a  $2 \times 5 \times 7$ -inch aluminum chassis and the panel, also aluminum, is 5 by 7 inches. However, neither the chassis size nor the placement of components is critical.

The 6U8A socket is mounted approximately in the center of the chassis.  $C_4$ , the bandspread capacitor, and  $C_1$ , the mixer tuning capacitor, are mounted on top of the chassis, as is also the power transformer,  $T_1$ . The remainder of the components are mounted below chassis. On the panel and front edge of the chassis are  $S_1$  and  $C_3$ , and also the vernier knob for the dial. The dial and drive mechanism for the National type K dial come with a drilling template so there should be no problem in mounting them.

The two coil assemblies are cut from a single



length of coil stock. These assemblies are mounted on bakelite four-terminal tie points as shown in Fig. 3. A simple method for cutting the coil stock is to slice through the polystyrene support bars with a heated razor blade. If you attempt to cut the support bars with a hack saw you may ruin the coil. Make the coils as specified in Fig. 3 and mount them on the tie points before installing them on the chassis.

The power-supply rectifier,  $CR_1$ , and the dual 20- $\mu$ f. filter capacitor are mounted near the rear of the chassis.

In doing the wiring be sure to use rosin-core solder. Use an iron that delivers plenty of heat, and make certain that the connections to be soldered are clean and bright. There is no rule about what should be soldered first, but mapy hams start off with the power and heater connections. The selenium rectifier has a plus mark on one side or near one terminal, and the terminal so marked (the cathode) should be connected to the junction of the 1000-ohm resistor and one section of the dual 20- $\mu$ f, electrolytic capacitor. Be careful to connect the negative side of the electrolytic capacitors to the chassis.

There is nothing critical about the wiring, but with one exception it is a good idea to keep all leads as short as possible. The exception is the wiring to  $L_5$ ,  $L_5$  must be placed near the antenna on the broadcast set, and to make this possible it is necessary to use long leads from  $L_5$  to  $C_{10}$  and the chassis. In the unit shown here the leads are made from two 18-inch lengths of insulated wire. The Vari-loop is furnished with a metal mounting bracket; install the loopstick on the bracket as it will be easier to adjust the slug with the loopstick so mounted.

#### Making It Work

Connect an antenna to Terminal 1. The antenna wire should be at least 30 feet long and, if possible, 100 feet or so. Install its far end as high as possible above ground. If you have a ground connection handy, such as a radiator or water pipe, connect it to Terminal 2; however, the converter will work without a ground connection. Next, place the loopstick close to the autenna of the broadcast set. If the receiver has a built-in loop antenna just lay the loopstick alongside the back of the receiver. If the set has antenna terminals connect a short length of insulated wire, about 10 inches long, to the one marked "antenna" and wrap a couple of turns of the wire around the loopstick.

Turn on the converter and receiver and let

<sup>1</sup> If this is your first wiring job it is suggested you read McCoy, "How To Solder," QST, September, 1958.

This photograph shows the component arrangement underneath the chassis. The variable capacitor at the upper left is  $C_3$ . Immediately below and to the right are  $L_3$  and  $L_4$ .  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are to the right of the tube socket. The selenium rectifier and electrolytic capacitor are mounted toward the rear of the chassis.

them warm up. Next, tune the broadcast set to about 1000 kc. Set  $C_3$  so that the plates are fully meshed and then tune  $C_1$  to the point where the background noise from the receiver is maximum. Then tune  $C_4$  until you hear a signal. Peak the signal for maximum strength by adjusting  $C_1$ , and then adjust the slug in the loopstick for maximum loudness. Hold the loopstick by the bracket and keep it in one spot in relation to the broadcast-receiver antenna while making this adjustment.

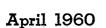
The next step is to calibrate the converter so you'll know where the two amateur bands are in relation to the settings of  $C_3$  and  $C_4$ . With  $C_3$ at maximum, tune  $C_4$  through its range, listening to each signal. On the 3500- to 4000-kc. amateur band the phone stations operate between 3800 and 4000 kc. These should be easy to identify because it is probable that they will be talking about their stations or some other facet of ham radio. If you hear someone calling "CQ 75" you're all set, because this station will be in the 3800- to 4000-kc. region (this section of the band is referred to as the "75-meter phone band"). Incidentally, if you make this check during the daylight hours it may be difficult to find ham stations as there may not be much activity during the day on 75 phone. But at night the band is very crowded and you shouldn't have any trouble in locating stations. If you don't find a ham station in the tuning range of  $C_4$ , slightly decrease the capacitance of  $C_3$  and try again with  $C_4$ . By going through the range of  $C_3$  in this way you will eventually cover 3000 to 9000 kc. Once you find the 75-meter band, mark the dial setting of  $C_3$  so you can return to the same spot.

Follow the same procedure for locating the 7000- to 7300-kc. (40-meter) band. The phone stations in this band are between 7200 and 7300 kc. A good "marker" station is CHU, a Canadian station on 7335 kc. that transmits time signals continuously. These signals consist of a tone or "beep" every second, and the station identifies itself by a voice announcement every minute. The amateur phone stations can be identified by their "CQ 40" calls.

The Novice code bands are 3700–3750 kc. and 7150–7200 kc., just on the low-frequency sides of the phone bands. To copy code signals tune the broadcast set to a weak broadcast signal anywhere between 950 and 1050 kc., and tune the converter so that code signals are heard. You'll have to experiment a little to find the best broadcast signal for good code reception.

The tuning range of  $C_4$  provides plenty of bandspread. In fact, five different settings of  $C_3$  are required for completely covering the 3500- to 4000-kc. band with  $C_4$ . Two such settings are

In this back view of the converter all the parts above chassis are clearly visible. At the left on the panel is C<sub>1</sub>, and C<sub>4</sub> is in the center. The two terminals on the rear are for the antenna. The Vari-loopstick with its mounting bracket is also visible in this view.



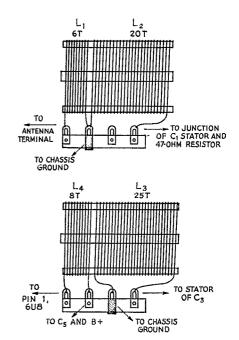
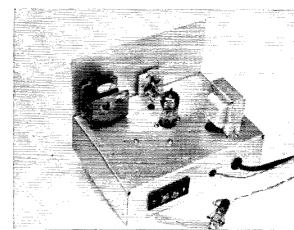


Fig. 3—Coil construction and mounting. These coils are made from a single length of coil stock, 32 turns per inch, 1-inch diameter, No. 24 tinned wire. The separation between  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ , and also  $L_3$  and  $L_4$ , is one turn.

needed for the 40-meter band. This is an advantage because it makes tuning easier.

There are plenty of stations transmitting slow-speed code, so it should be easy to get lots of code practice. If you address a postcard to the Communications Department, ARRL, West Hartford, Conn., requesting code practice information, you will be sent free of charge the operating schedule of W1AW, the Headquarters station, together with a list of stations transmitting scheduled code practice.

Although the converter-b.c. set combination naturally can't be expected to compare with the higher-priced communications receivers, it is in many ways a much more satisfactory "first" receiver — particularly in having good bandspread and stability — than many of the low-priced commercial receivers. At the very least, it will permit you to get started and get the "feel" of ham radio. Clubs interested in getting newcomers started in amateur radio might also find it a good construction project for a beginners' class.



## High-Level Balanced Modulator for D.S.B.

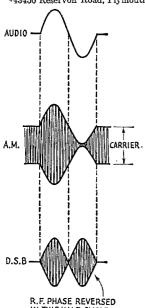
#### BY STUART C. ROCKAFELLOW,\* W8NJH

Here's an easy way to get rid of your carrier if you want to mingle with the "sidebanders." Using the modulator output of your present transmitter, it puts just the same power into sidebands as a.m. does, but without the carrier that causes the heterodyne howls and squeals.

NY fellows who are operating on a.m. would like to take a fling at "sideband" but in many cases the economic situation prevents it. The method proposed here allows the use of the present plate modulator, and uses the final stage of the existing transmitter as a driver for an adapter unit for carrierless double-sideband transmission. Transmitters such as the Viking Ranger, Globe Champion, Vikings 1 and 2, Lettine, DX-100 and Valiant can easily be adapted to this method of communication.

In double sideband without carrier, both the "positive" and "negative" parts of the modulation envelope are filled out with r.f. of high

\*43450 Reservoir Road, Plymouth, Mich.



OF MODULATION ENVELOPE

Fig. 1—The difference between amplitude-modulated and carrierless-double-sideband signals is illustrated by these drawings.

amplitude as shown in Fig. 1. The secret of the conversion to d.s.b. is to shift the phase of the r.f. 180 degrees on the negative voice swings. Thus the positive voice peaks give an envelope which is of one r.f. phase and the negative half cycles give an envelope in the r.f. which is 180 degrees out of phase. At the receiving end, a carrier is injected (from the b.f.o.) to replace the carrier that is not transmitted. If this injected carrier is in phase with the original suppressed carrier, the r.f. pulses representing the positive swing of modulation will add to the injected carrier, giving an increase in detector output. The r.f. pulses that are 180 degrees out of phase will subtract from the injected carrier, decreasing the detector output. Thus, the phasing of the r.f. pulses causes exactly the same effect at the detector as the positive and negative swings of the modulation envelope of an a.m. signal, providing carrier injection is used at the receiving end. 1

Both s.s.b. and d.s.b. use balanced modulators to accomplish the phase shift, along with carrier suppression. In addition, the s.s.b. generator uses filters or additional phasing networks to eliminate one sideband.

Double sideband can be generated at a low level and amplified through linear amplifiers. However, there is no reason why it cannot be generated at any desired power level.

#### General Method

One method of generating d.s.b. is to use a pair of tetrodes or pentodes in a balanced modulator with the modulating voltage applied in push-pull to the screens. This method uses a fixed plate-supply voltage and varies the plate efficiency and plate input at an audio rate.

The method to be described, on the other hand, uses the output of an a.m. modulator to supply audio-frequency plate voltage to a high-level balanced modulator. No d.c. plate supply is used and the power output of the audio amplifier is the factor that determines the input to the final stage. A modulator that is capable of modulating a Class C stage input of 200 watts will have a rated average power output of 100 watts on a

QST for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The requirement that the carrier injected at the receiver be in phase with the carrier suppressed at the transmitter is a severe one, and a highly specialized detection system is necessary for meeting it. However, if one of the received sidebands is rejected in the receiver so that the incoming signal is converted to s.s.b., ordinary s.s.b, reception will suffice. See "Suppressed-Carrier A.M.," Technical Topics, *QST*, March, 1957. — Editor.

Fig. 2—A practical adapter circuit, in this case built to utilize the audio output of the modulator in a Viking Ranger. Other types of tubes may be substituted in the balanced modulator, if desired, the principal requirement being that they be capable of handling the average power output of the modulator without overloading. A safe figure for average output of the modulator is one-half the d.c. input to the modulated stage in the transmitter in which the modulator is incorporated.

Capacitances in the figure are in  $\mu\mu f$ ,; either ceramic or mica bypass capacitors of suitable voltage rating may be used (see text for peak-voltage data).  $L_1$  and  $C_1$  comprise a push-pull tank circuit that should meet ordinary standards for Q on the particular band used. Suitable components are suggested in the text.

The 300-volt supply is used only for tune-up; the voltage is not critical. S<sub>1</sub> may be a s.p.d.t. toggle at voltages up to 500 or so.

BALANCED MODULATOR 2.5 MH. R.F. DRIVE R.F.OUT ہلہ 2 <u>27K</u> § 470 ٧į 4700 616 6.3V AUDIO DRIVER CR, METER MODULATOR 

sine-wave basis. This equivalent to a peak output of 200 watts, thus such an audio amplifier will furnish about 200 watts peak-envelope input power to the balanced modulator. Modulators used with a single 6146 final tube usually have outputs of about 30 watts average audio power; these jobs will give about 60 watts peak output.

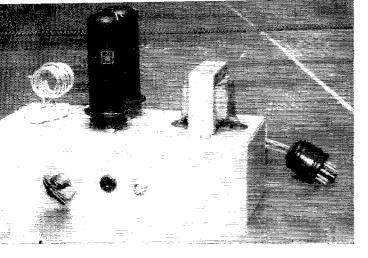
A balanced modulator always requires pushpull audio, and modulation transformers do not often have center-tapped secondaries. This difficulty can be overcome by using auxiliary rectifiers arranged, with the balanced-modulator tubes, in what is essentially a bridge circuit so that both the positive and negative voice peaks will cause positive audio voltage to be applied to the balanced-modulator plates. Referring to the practical circuit diagram of Fig. 2, when the top end of the secondary of the modulation transformer,  $T_1$ , goes positive, the plate of  $V_1$  is driven positive, with the ground return circuit through rectifiers  $CR_3CR_4$ . On negative voice peaks (bottom terminal of the transformer secondary positive with respect to the center tap between the rectifiers) the plate of V2 is driven positive, with the return through  $CR_1CR_2$ . Thus positive voice peaks supply the power for V<sub>1</sub> and negative voice peaks supply the power for  $V_2$ .

If  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  are driven at r.f. with their grids in parallel and their plates in push-pull, as shown in Fig. 2, we have a balanced modulator. Both grids are driven in the same r.f. phase, but the plate outputs of the two tubes are in opposite phase because of the push-pull output connection. (If plate voltage is applied to the two simultaneously, the output at the frequency applied to the grids is zero because of this opposite phasing. This eliminates the carrier at the output.) However, when the audio voltage is alternately applied to the plates of  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  the resulting alternate outputs have opposite r.f. phase, giving the type of envelope shown in the lower drawing of Fig. 1 Because the power supply is at audio frequency and because of the bridge system, only one final tube can work at a time.

No special neutralization is necessary with this method of operation because the nonfiring tube is in effect a neutralizing capacitor for the tube in operation. Thus triodes, tetrodes or pentodes can be used in the same basic circuit, the only difference being in the driving requirements.

#### A Typical Adapter

The adapter shown in the photograph, using the circuit of Fig. 2, was built to be used with a Viking Ranger,  $T_1$  being the modulation transformer in the Ranger. However, the same general method can be used with any transmitter having plate modulation. The choice of tubes to use in the balanced modulator will depend on the capabilities of the modulation system. Most of the popular transmitters use beam tetrodes as the modulator tubes, and as a general rule, the same type tubes can be used in the final as are used in the modulator. Thus, if the modulator uses type 6L6 or 1614 tubes, then the balanced modulator can also use 6L6s or 1614s. If 6146s are used in the modulator, the same type tubes can be used in the adapter.



The W8NJH adapter unit for d.s.b. is suitable for use with transmitters running up to 75 or 100 watts plate input on a.m. Since the adapter uses only audio voltage from the modulator in the "parent" transmitter, no d.c. plate supply is necessary for regular operation. The filament transformer shown on the chassis is needed only if the heater supply in the existing transmitter is not able to supply the extra power.

The pin jack is for measuring grid current; other controls are the plate tuning and a tune-operate switch. The construction may be varied to suit the tubes and other components that may be chosen; attention to ordinary good practice in laying out a push-pull circuit is all that is required.

The screen and plate are modulated simultaneously with this method. The screen resistors are selected to cause higher plate current than with regular a.m. operation. Thus, if a screen resistor of 30,000 ohms is used in an a.m. rig having a 6146 final, a resistor of about 15,000 ohms would be used with this method. This offers a heavier load to the modulator, but will not harm the tubes because of the low duty cycle, which cannot exceed 50 per cent for either tube in the final amplifier.

#### Audio Rectifiers

A number of concerns are offering germanium and small silicon rectifiers having an inverse peak voltage rating of about 400 volts. In the bridge circuit of Fig. 2 the peak inverse voltage across the rectifiers in one leg is equal to the peak voltage developed in the secondary of  $T_1$ . This peak voltage will at least equal the d.c. voltage applied to the modulated r.f. amplifier in the original transmitter. Thus if the plate voltage on the Class C final is 600 volts, the inverse peak voltage also will be 600 volts and two 400-volt p.i.v. rectifiers should be used in series in each leg. If the d.c. voltage on the modulated final is between 800 and 1200 volts it will be necessary to use three rectifiers in series in each leg.

The current rating required of an individual rectifier can be taken to be equal to one-half the d.c. plate current of the modulated Class C stage in the transmitter. If the modulated final takes 150 ma., for instance, the individual rectifiers need only have a current rating of 75 ma.

Tube rectifiers could also be used for this type of service but the semiconductor rectifiers eliminate the need for filament transformers and have proved to be very efficient.

#### Tank Circuit

The unit shown has been used on all bands from 160 down through 6 meters. If you want to operate on only the higher-frequency bands, a dual 35- $\mu\mu$ f, capacitor will do for  $C_1$ . If you want to cover 80 through 10, then a dual 100- $\mu\mu$ f, unit should be used. With only 500 volts developed

on peaks, even the spacing used in broadcast capacitors can be used. Standard 25-watt plug-in push-pull type coils such as the B & W MCL series can be used for the tank coils.

#### Metering

If you want to measure both grid current and plate current you can build the meters into the adapter. The grid-current meter can be connected between the top of the 1000-ohm resistor in the grid circuit and ground. A plate meter could either be inserted in the 300-volt test lead or inserted between the rectifier center tap and ground. If you have some sort of r.f. output indicator, such as an s.w.r. meter, permanent meters are not necessary. All that is needed is to tune the Ranger (or other type transmitter) for proper grid current in the adapter and then tune the plate circuit  $L_1C_1$  for maximum output as indicated on the s.w.r. meter. A common multimeter can be used to measure the grid current.

#### Using the Adapter

Connect a length of coax from the output terminals of your present rig to this adapter. Since the driving power required is quite small, the tube or tubes in the final of your present rig will be loafing. Adjust the output coupling so that you get a grid current of about 1 to 2 ma. in the adapter. At this point, the plate current of the final in your present rig will be close to minimum. Excessive drive gives no more output and does not allow as much carrier suppression because of stray feed-through, which will be proportional to drive.

The double-throw switch,  $S_1$ , is used for tune-up purposes. After you have obtained a milliampere or so of grid current, throw the switch to the "Tune" position, which supplies 300 volts to only one of the tubes, and adjust  $C_1$  for maximum output. This indication should be on some form of r.f. output meter, for ease of tuning. (Note: Be sure to turn  $S_1$  to the "Operate" position before shutting off the r.f. drive; this will prevent burning up the screen in the

24 QST for

tube.) With the switch in the "Operate" position, talking into the microphone will cause audio voltage to be supplied to your adapter and you are on double sideband.

Reports have indicated that the voice quality and carrier suppression of this little rig are excellent. Tests have shown that the peakenvelope output on 75 meters is about 40 watts when used with the Viking Ranger. The output of an adapter using 6146 tubes with a Valiant should be about 200 watts peak.

One note of caution: if you do not have an extra-stable v.f.o., use crystal control. By keeping your frequency extremely stable you are giving the fellow at the receiving end an extra break.

#### Strays

A club has been formed for employees of the Santa Fe Railroad who are amateurs. There are 110 members in 12 states at the present time. Anyone else who is interested should contact the secretary: W. E. Courtney, WA6BGI, 1169 Crestview Ave., San Bernardino, Calif.

#### Silent Keps

IT is with deep regret that we record the passing of these amateurs:

W1AHX, John Frazar Austin, West Falmouth, Mass. W1AVP, William A. Fewkes, Rutland, Vt. K1BNT, Charles Leiper, Hartford, Conn. W1FSG, Alfred T. Du Hamel, Methuen, Mass. K1KUF, James Bacon, jr., North Dighton, Mass. W1MSB, Henry S. Kelly, Hamden, Conn. W1TD, Ray H. McKendrick, West Haven, Conn. W1TFF, John E. Demings, Lynn, Mass. K2CNL, Frank G. Dreyer, East Orange, N. J. W2IKK, Florian O. Parmentier, East Paterson, N. J.

N. J.
W2RFO, Clifton B. Melhuish, Binghamton, N. Y.
KN2RSV, William G. Deane, Rochester, N. Y.
W3AWA, Major E. Burton, Glenolden, Pa.
W3BBG, Earl C. Roberts, Baltimore, Md.
K3GBX, Albert M. Stubrich, Schuylkill Haven, Pa.
W3NBF, Edward A. McFadden, East McKeesport,
Pa.

Ya.
W3PRL, John W. Gore, Baltimore, Md.
W3PRL, John S. Bell, Knoxville, Tenn.
W4CYY, John B. Smith, Belmont, N. C.
W4ELV, Roy E. Kolo, Ft. Thomas, Newport, Ky.
K5ISE, Virgil L. Embree, Perry, Okla.
W5KL, Lawrence R. Man, Fort Worth, Texas
K5MKN, W. J. Cheshier, jr., East Hamlin, Texas
W5YOE, Dr. William S. Wilson, jr., Carrizo Springs,
Texas

reas Keihp, Jack J. Bloss, South San Francisco, Calif. W6(ZB. Lester Graham Love, Lakewood, Calif. W6VDH, Virgil W. Burlison, San Bernardino, Calif. W70ZM, Truman M. Elliott, Tucson, Ariz. W8BNU, Ralph A. Hinkley, Bay City, Mich. W9BSE, Robert Winston Huddle, Mundelein, Ill. W9BVY, Earl R. Word, Park Forest, Ill. ex-W9PEA, Otto M. Erickson, Chicago, Ill. W91NL, Robert Duncan, Bloomington, Ind. K6BBK, James T. Tressell, Walsenburg, Colo. W#NDK, David L. Brock, Grand Junction, Iowa. VEIZL, Ronald E. Keddy, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia

YE6WB, Walter J. Beaumont, Edmonton, Alberta ex-4DA, Dr. Facundo Bueso, San Juan, Puerto Rico

#### COMING A.R.R.L. CONVENTIONS

June 18-19 — West Gulf Division, Dallas, Texas.

July 30-31 — North Dakota State, Minot. September 10-11 — Central Division, Indianapolis, Indiana.

September 16-17 — Quebec Province, Montreal.

(See also P. 10, this issue)

#### OUR COVER

Our cover this month shows a number of the reasons why W8AEU received the 1959 Edison Award, as related on pages 32 and 81 of this issue. At the upper left, W8AEU (second from the left) talks over some equipment with K8KKO, c.d. radio officer W8BUQ, and police lieutenant K8KNJ. Left center is W8AEU demonstrating a hand-carried portable, while at the lower left W8AEU looks on as K8KNJ demonstrates the use of ham radio in traffic control work. In the right-hand column, at the top, W8AEU (standing) and W8LHX check a weather map at the airport weather office before transmitting a storm warning. Right center, W8AEU's crew demonstrates some of the equipment (radio and marine) used to rescue 16 families during a Cuyahoga River flood in January, 1959. Standing in the boat is K8KKO, while the two boys are among those who were rescued. W8AEU's emergency corps also provided communications for parades and for sports car events. At the bottom right W8AEU uses the mobile transmitter mounted in K8QPH's Triumph.

## Strays

Sgt. Don Germain, ex-W9YWL, was attending the television show "It Could Be You" in Hollywood when he was suddenly called from the audience to help Bill Leyden, star of the show, tune in a signal through heavy QRM pounding out of a beat-up old receiver.

As Don played with the dials, a voice boomed through: "W9YWL, W9YWL, this is W6RHM calling. Come in please. Don Germain, It Could Be You!" Don had been chosen as a subject for the show because of the way he had given his time night after night during four years overseas to help servicemen send messages back home. Don was hospitalized for five months a year ago and had to sell his old homebrew rig to get over the financial hump. So, Bill Leyden presented him with a complete ham station, compliments of the show and the Heath Company. Don had operated from Japan as KA2AG and from Germany as DL4ZQ.

Most Field Day groups are familiar with the problem created by poor voltage regulation from small gasdriven generators. Often when one of several operating units is removed from the line, the line voltage will soar to a point that will endanger the equipment still operating from the line. After some sad experience, W4LEN has devised a simple system that automatically switches in an artificial load before the line voltage can reach the danger point.

# Maintaining Constant Load on Gas-Driven Generators

BY L. C. GARRETT, W4LEN \*

## The Field Day Tranquilizer

The sight of the first robin of the season not only heralds the approach of Spring, but also directs the minds of ham clubs all over the country toward plans for Field Day. "This year's Field Day is going to be the biggest, the best, we've ever had." And by the time the echo of the last CQ FD has died, so have a number of F.D. activities managers. In our club, the mere mention of F.D. would send the previous-year's manager (bald and gray) into orbit. This year, however, things were different. Our manager for last year (smiling and serene) actually volunteered to serve again.

The secret of this difference in attitudes is simple. It lies in the tranquilizing effect of two small gadgets any teen-ager can build from the usual old-timer's junk box in an evening, or the skilled E. E. with unlimited credit at the local parts distributor can undoubtedly improve upon. However, the gadget herewith disclosed does work, as evidenced by our bill for damaged parts this year which was \$0.00 as against \$87.37 for the preceding year. For some reason, most manufactured equipment seems to perform poorly when operated from an a.c. power source when the output varies between 62 and 167 volts. (I can never figure what gets into a normally \$109 Stratford Road, Decatur, Alabama,

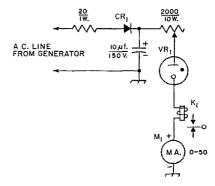
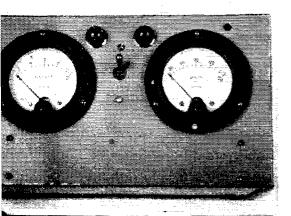


Fig. 1—Over-voltage circuit. As the line voltage increases, the current through the VR-tube branch also increases. The relay will close when the current reaches the preset value.

sane man who, at 3:00 a.m., decides to make adjustments, without notice, to a smoothly running generator supplying four transmitters and receivers.)

#### Basic Circuit

A quick check of prices for over-voltage and under-voltage relays suitable for automatic vol-



An a.c. voltmeter and ammeter and indicator lamps are mounted on one face of the box enclosing relays and VR tubes. The toggle is used to reset the under-voltage relay

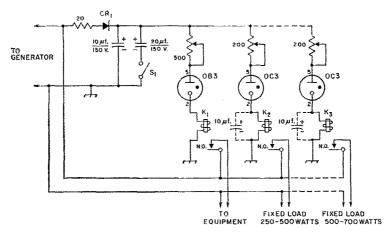


Fig. 2.—Complete over-voltage protective circuit.  $K_1$  is an under-voltage relay that opens the load circuit if the line voltage falls below a set minimum level. Momentary contact switch  $S_1$  is used to reset  $K_1$  when the line voltage returns to normal.  $K_2$  performs as described in Fig. 1, its contacts throwing in an artificial load to keep the load on the generator constant. A second stage, including  $K_3$ , may be added as described in the text.

tage control quickly led to the junk box and evolution of the circuit shown in Fig. 1. You will recall that gaseous regulator tubes, such as the VR-90, VR-105, and others, maintain a practically constant voltage drop across their elements. This is accomplished by variations in the current flow through the conducting gases. A variation in current of between 5 and 40 ma. is effected by a variation of only a few volts in drop across the tube.

#### Relays

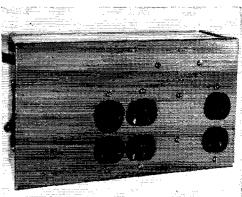
This principle is used to activate a relay utilizing the current flow through a conducting VR tube as reference. After a little judicious juggling of spring tension and spacing, we found that a surplus 24-volt relay would pull in at a current of 32 ma. and drop out at 11 ma. This represented a line-voltage change from 105 to 96 volts with a VR-90 (0B3) as reference. With a VR-105 (0C3) as reference, the relay pulled in at a line voltage of 123 volts and dropped out at 116 volts. By slight alterations of spring tension and spacing, an additional stage pulling in at 125 volts and dropping out at 120 volts may be constructed.

With suitable connections on relay contacts, arrangements may be made to remove all power when the line voltage drops below 96 volts. When the line voltage goes above 123 volts, an auxiliary load of 250 to 500 watts is added to the generator load; this load will stay on until line voltage drops to 116 volts. For the cautious type, the second over-voltage stage could be used to add an additional 500 to 750 watts of load at 125 volts, dropping this load at 120 volts.

A Step I Tranquilizer was built as shown in Fig. 2 and the photographs. The relays on hand and used were designed for operation on 115 volts a.c. However, with very minor adjustments of spacing and spring tension they performed equally as well as d.c. relays. It was necessary to provide

an additional 20- $\mu$ f. capacitor and a momentary-contact switch,  $S_1$ , to permit closing the under-voltage relay. However, a better operating range is obtained with the additional capacitor switched out after the VR tube ignites because the output voltage of the supply becomes more of a direct function of the input a.c. voltage.

Depending on the regulation of the generator and the variation in the connected load, it may be necessary to connect a 10-µf. 50-volt electrolytic across the coil of the over-voltage relays to prevent relay chattering due to transient loads from modulation or keying. A 10-µf. capacitor permitted action in 1 to 2 seconds. It is recommended that a silicon rectifier be used so that the power supply will be as stiff as possible. Series resistances in over-voltage relay circuits should be kept to a minimum so as to keep the operating range as narrow as possible. Almost any relay that has contacts of suitable current capacity and whose armature will pull in at less than 40 ma. (maximum VR current) will prove satisfactory.



Rear face of the "Tranquilizer" box embraces outlets for equipment (center) and auxiliary loads (right). Main power switch is at left.

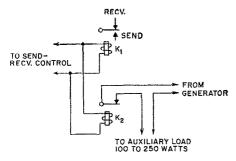


Fig. 3—In this circuit,  $K_2$  connects in an auxiliary load to compensate for the loss of the transmitter load while receiving.  $K_2$  is actuated from the control position simultaneously with the antenna change-over relay  $K_1$ .

#### Simple Arrangements

The Step II Tranquilizer is a simple device that will throw an auxiliary load on the generator while receiving, and remove this load while transmitting. The auxiliary load should be selected to approximate the difference in load between transmitting and receiving. A 150-watt light bulb is

about right for a 100-watt phone rig. In Fig. 3 the auxiliary load is switched by a normally-closed relay whose coil is connected in parallel across an antenna relay. Fig. 4 is a somewhat similar circuit using a send-receive switch in the transmitter.

In operation during the 24 hours of last Field Day, the line voltage was not observed out of the range of 115 to 122 volts. This was with a 3,000-watt generator supplying four positions and quite a few lights, Oh yes, if you use light bulbs for the auxiliary loads, the flashing lights and the sound of the relays clicking tend to lull the nocturnal generator fiddlers back to sleep.

Be looking for you Field Day, and peace to all activities managers.

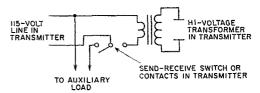


Fig. 4—This circuit is similar to Fig. 3, except that an s.p.d.t. switch has been substituted for the relay  $K_2$ 

## Strays

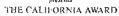








NORTHERN CALIFORNIA DX CLUB
presents







Has this days submitted statisfactory readance of having conducted two-way communications with two hungered cladforms Amaziere stations in distinct to a minimum of seeinly membass of the Northern California DX Club This certificate is reused in recognition of ecceptant performance, and auhitentiation is greated on reclude the world California Award on visions.









Are you a certificate collector? This one is issued in four colors by the Northern California DX Club. To qualify you must contact any 200 different stations in California, plus any 20 different members of the NCDXC. All QSOs must have been since October, 1946. Any band, any mode. QSLs may be checked and verified by any recognized amateur society or club. A list of the 220 stations must be submitted with each application. No fee. Send applications to The Northern California DX Club, P. O. Box 75, Oakland, Calif.

Members of NCDXC include W6s AED, AHZ, ALQ, AM, ATO, BAX, BIP, BUY, BVM, BYB, BYH, CEI, CLS, CTL, DAC, DIX, DUB, EFR, EFV, EJA, GIZ, GPB, GQK, HNX, HOC, IPH, ITH, JHY, JK, KEK, KEY, KG, KYT, KXG, LDD, LMZ, LTX, LW, MEK, MHB, MFZ, MLY, NEQ, NHA, NRZ, NZ, NZS, ONZ, OWM, PB, PHF, PQJ, PYH, QDE, RBQ, RCC, RRG, RZS, SC, SIA, SR, TXI, SZ, TI, TOT, TT, TXA, TXL, UF, UOV, UJ, UPV, UYX, VE, VJW, WB, YUS, ZUI, ZZ, ZZC, K6s AQP, AUC, AYA, CWS, EDE, LZI, SSJ.

K6BX, Box 385, Bonita, Calif., who is maintaining a file of overseas hams who would benefit from your discarded *Call Books*, asks that you request the name of some deserving overseas ham only if your *Call Book* is no older than three years, and please let him know what issue the *Call Book* is when you write him. (See the Stray on page 63 of the February issue.)

W7EZD discovered that the student sitting next to him in a college class was named D.C. Klick.

W7WXC and W7CXW were both high school class mates of W7EZD.

There once was a Novice named Peter,

Who was a 100% cheater.

He thought he'd have fun

On 144.1

But the FCC had a frequency meter.

— Jamainca (NY) U.H.F. Club Grid Leaks

There's a new radioteletype club in St. Louis — SLATS. If you are interested in joining the St. Louis Amateur Teletype Society, contact its president, WØIBZ.

Philip R. Coursey, British radio pioneer who was of great assistance to Paul Godley during the League's second transatlantic tests in 1922, died recently at the age of 67.



## Hints and Kinks

For the Experimenter

#### PATCH PANEL

The patch panel shown in Fig. 1 does away with most of the nuisance involved in jumping

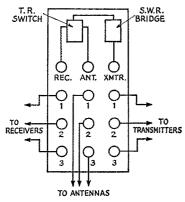
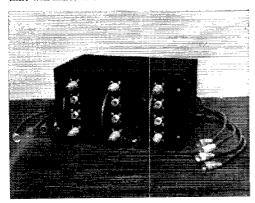


Fig. 1—Block diagram of K5JXF's antenna patch panel.

bands or changing modes of operation. Four rows of coax fittings make up the connectors for the panel. The common fittings (antenna, receiver, and transmitter) are in the top row while the bottom three rows connect to the various receivers, transmitters and antennas. Several patch cords are needed to connect the desired antennas to the proper receivers and transmitters. These cords are lengths of coax with fittings at each end that will mate with the connectors on the board.



The unit shown in the photograph was constructed in a cabinet measuring  $12 \times 7 \times 8$  inches. This chassis provides considerably larger space than needed for the panel alone, but offers convenient housing for the t.r. switch and s.w.r. bridge. A low-pass filter and the s.w.r. bridge indicating meter can probably also be housed in the cabinet.

— James C. Fine, K5JXF

#### TREATING BAMBOO QUAD ELEMENTS

The quad antenna is currently enjoying a wave of popularity. However, many quad builders and prospective builders have been discouraged by the fact that bamboo elements deteriorate so rapidly. Here are a few suggestions from W9SJD that will help preserve them. Choose bamboo poles with great care, watching out for splits or weak points. Give the poles two or three coats of good spar varnish. Wind them full length with masking tape, being careful not to leave any bamboo exposed. After covering with tape, give the poles two more coats of spar varnish. Plug the small open ends of the poles with rubber stoppers to keep out moisture.

— Donald A. Grant, W2DY

#### THREE-BAND ROTARY ANTENNA

 $T_{
m tenna}$  for use on 10, 15, and 20 meters. On 15

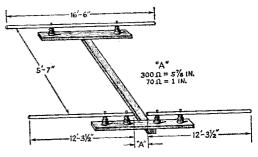


Fig. 2—PY2BBP's three band antenna.

and 20 the antenna operates primarily as a dipole, but on 10 the outboard element acts as a director. The antenna is fed with 300-ohm or 70-ohm feed line. If possible, the feed line should be 38 feet 5 inches, 60 feet 4 inches, or 77 feet 5 inches long for optimum performance. The elements can be made of dural, aluminum or steel tubing and are insulated from the supporting structure with stand-off insulators. The boom and element supporters can be made of wood or aluminum.

- Jose Luiz S. V. Marinar, PY2BBP

#### **GUY ANCHORS**

Guy anchors can be made from discarded automobile wheels. When buried a few feet they have a remarkable pull-out resistance, even in soft sand. When you're placing the wheel in the hole be sure to position it at right angles to the guy wire.

— Francis LeBaron, WITQZ

### Technical Correspondence

#### TOWER STRESS

320 Solano Drive, NE Albuquerque, New Mexico

Technical Editor, QST:

Mr. Edward A. Stanley's article, "Some Considerations in the Selection of An Antenna Tower," in the December, 1959, issue of QST brings up some very pertinent points, especially if one is considering the use of a tower not specifically designed to support a beam. However, the computations given for the stress in the tower leg are incomplete, erroneous, and very misleading. Following the same computations in analyzing a tower having a base width differing from the 1'-0" used in the example would produce serious

Without going into all the details involved in the analysis of a structure such as the tower shown, the following fundamental facts should be emphasized:

The total horizontal force of the wind acting on the tower and beam is approximately 427 pounds. This force must be resisted by an equal force acting in the opposite direction at the base of the tower; otherwise the tower would slide off its foundation. This resisting force is provided by the anchorage devices at the tower base. The resisting force and the wind force together form a "couple," whose moment is 11,308 pounds as was computed in the article. This couple tends to overturn the tower and must be overcome by an equal and opposite moment produced by a couple at the tower base. In the worst case, with the wind blowing at right angles to one side of the tower, the resisting couple is provided by an upward force acting on the leeward leg, and an equal downward force divided equally between the two windward legs.

The moment of this couple must also be equal to 11,308 foot pounds. The magnitude of each of the two equal forces forming this couple is

$$\frac{11,308 \text{ ft. lbs.}}{0.866 \text{ ft.}} = 13,050 \text{ lbs. approx.}$$

The quantity 0.866 foot is the perpendicular distance from the leeward leg to the line joining the two windward legs, and is the moment arm of the couple. Hence, due only to the horizontal wind force, there is a compressive force of 13,050 pounds on the leeward leg and 6525 pounds tension in each of the two windward legs.

In addition to the forces caused by the wind, there is the downward force on each leg caused by the weight of the beam and the tower itself. Since this weight is normally split equally between all the legs, each leg must support one third of 500 pounds, or 167 pounds. The total compression on the leeward leg is then

$$13,050 + 167 = 13,217$$
 pounds, approx.

Note that foot pounds moment and pounds force cannot be added together as was done in the article. Also note that the moment arm of the resisting couple at the base of the tower enters the computations as a very major factor in determining the total stress in the tower leg.

This latter point can be illustrated by considering two hypothetical towers, each the same height, the same weight, having the same horizontal wind force and carrying the same beam load as the tower used in the example in the article, but one tower being 21 inches wide on a side, and the other 6 inches. The total compressive force on the leg of the 24inch tower is approximately 6700 pounds, while that in the leg of the 6-inch tower is 26,300 pounds. Quite a difference exists in these three towers!

Also, lest it be forgotten, in the more northern climates, icing of the beam and tower occurs. This not only increases the weights of these items, but also greatly increases the areas, and hence the wind loads imposed.1

- Wallace F. Wiley, KoYHQ, EX-W9AZI. [Correspondence of similar nature from D. E. Haselwood, W4GWC, is acknowledged.]

#### PHASING EXCITER ADJUSTMENT

139 Douglas Shand Ave. Pointe Claire Quebec, Canada

Technical Editor, QST:

Since many of the boys are having difficulty in obtaining good sideband suppression with phasing-type s.s.bi exciters, it might be helpful to pass along some information on the subject. The system developed here makes use of both methods described in Ehrlich's article in November, 1956, QST, which described the scope and receiver methods of alignment.

Basically, the signal is fed through the receiver and displayed on the scope. The test setup is quite simple. The last i.f. stage is coupled to the vertical amplifier of the scope through a 50- or 100-uuf, capacitor and the affected stage reresonated. The receiver is set in the most selective position (sharp crystal filter), and only sufficient antenna lendth is used to prevent overloading. The b.f.o. and a.v.c. should be turned off.

The exciter should not be checked on the fundamental (9 Mc. in the case of the "Cheap and Easy" unit used here), as direct pickup from the crystal oscillator will be troublesome. Tune in the signal and identify the carrier frequency. A pattern will appear which will decrease in height as the carrier is nulled to zero. Make note of the receiver dial setting. Now inject the audio tone into the exciter, 'The normal overloading precautions should be taken. It is now possible to tune the receiver across the frequency spectrum and observe both sidebands and spurious products. Carefully center the receiver on the sideband producing the larger pattern, which will be called sideband "A." Throw the sideband selector switch to sideband "B," and without disturbing the receiver adjust the audio phasing pots to bring the remaining pattern to zero. Now carefully shift the receiver to sideband "b" and throw the sideband selector switch to the "A" position. If you're lucky, very little pattern should be showing. Note the position of the audio phasing and balance pots, then readjust them for minimum and note how much difference exists between the two settings for optimum suppression on both sidebands.

If it is difficult to obtain good suppression on both sidebands the fault usually lies with the r.f. phasing coil adjustments, and the clue is the position of the carrier null pots when the carrier is zeroed. The null pots should be near the center third of their range. By adjusting the r.f. phasing coils the carrier-suppression pots can be brought into their proper positions, Recheck the suppression on both sidebands, and by careful adjustment equal suppression can be obtained without further adjustment of the audio phasing control. On the setup used here pattern heights of 3 inches and zero were obtained on a 5-inch scope for the desired and suppressed sidebands, respectively. Reports on the air are excellent and run in the order of 35 db.

The receiver need not be an elaborate job. A BC-348 was used in one instance; however, careful alignment of the i.f. stages to the crystal frequency was required.

- H. Roth, VE2QJ, ex-VE4DF

#### NEW STANDARDS ON IGNITION-NOISE RADIATION

Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc. 320 New Center Bldg. Detroit 2, Michigan

Technical Editor, QST:
In the middle '30s the American automobile manufacturers became aware of the radio interference problem, A number of meetings were held by a Society of Automotive Engineers subcommittee, and at these meetings the various sources of noise were studied and ways of eliminating the resulting interference were sought.

During the war our knowledge in this field was greatly expanded due to the rather rigid requirements of our Armed Forces. After the end of the war it was decided that we would attempt to suppress all vehicles to a reasonable level. A meeting was held at which members of the Society of Automotive Engineers subcommittee convened to déter-

OST for

<sup>1</sup> Editor's Note: "Structures when fully loaded shall be designed for . . . horizontal wind pressures . . . on flat surfaces without ice coatings. Ice coatings are not specifically stated as icing seldom occurs simultaneously with maximum wind loading." - EIA RS-222, Structural Standards for Steel Transmitting Antennas, Supporting Steel Towers.

mine acceptable limits. At this meeting a tentative specification was set up which would limit the undesirable radiations to 35 microvolts per meter at a distance of 50 feet from the side of the vehicle. These limits were to be measured on the only noise meter available, in the range between 30 and 150 megacyles.

In order to reach the 35-microvolt limit specified, it was assumed to be necessary to install suppressor resistors in the ignition system. There was a question in the minds of some of the motor engineers as to the effect of suppressors upon engine economy and engine performance. At that time, 1946, the Board of Directors of the Automobile Manufacturers Association recommended that all U. S. vehicle manufacturers do everything necessary to their vehicles to effect compliance with this specification as soon as it was determined that the suppressors had no detrimental effect.

Each of the ear manufacturers began working toward that end. It became apparent that some vehicles required excessive suppression equipment while others required no suppression equipment. When trained engineers examined the two types of vehicles there was no outstanding difference between them. A meeting of the Society of Automotive Engineers subcommittee was held to review the reasons for the great discrepancies in suppression requirements. It was found that the difference existed in the meters being used, and not in the vehicles. These meters measured so-called quasi-peak emissions in terms of microvolts per meter. Since the instrumentation was so poor the American automotive industry did not feel that it was ready to supply suppression across the board on all vehicles until the quantities could be measured with reasonable accuracy.

For some years the Society of Automotive Engineers group concentrated on testing different radio interference measuring instruments. By 1956 two instruments had been developed in the United States that would give consistent readings on our types of interference. These meters read true peak and operate on the principle of using the receiver part of the instrument as a transfer device, to compare the interference against the output of a "white-noise" type pulse generator.

During the summer of 1957 the Society of Automotive Engineers group met with a group of representatives from the television industry. The television people supplied a number of receivers of advanced design.

The television receiver which was found most susceptible to interference was used as a standard. Using this receiver as a basis, new permissible limits were determined. The use of a TV receiver was based on previous tests which indicated that television was probably more susceptible to electrical interference than any of the other communications, and that if sufficient suppression was provided to protect television, other services would be automatically protected.

The new limits, which are now incorporated in the SAE Standard "Measurement of Vehicle Radio Interference (30 to 400 megacycles)", are: from 30 to 88 megacycles the tplerable interference must not exceed 2 decibels below 1 microvolt per meter per kilocycle of band width; from 88 to 400 megacycles the interference is allowed to increase to 8 decibels above 1 microvolt per meter per kilocycle of band width.

The above limits are, of course, those which the AMA Board of Directors has recommended to all of our member companies.

— A. C. Doty, jr., K8CFU, Engineering & Technical Dept.

#### ACTUAL VS. APPARENT S.W.R.

1107 W. Albion Ave. Chicago 26, Illinois

Technical Editor, QST:

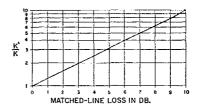
The following is an easy way of getting the true s.w.r. at the load. This information can be gotten from the Smith Chart, but the method below is easier.

SWR = Standing-wave ratio read at transmitter SWR<sub>T</sub> = Standing-wave ratio at load (e.g., at the an-

$$K = \frac{SWR - 1}{SWR + 1}$$

$$SWR_{\mathbf{T}} = \frac{K'+1}{K'-1}$$

For K' see the accompanying graph.



Graph used in determining the relationship between s.w.r. measured at the transmitter and true s.w.r. at the load, when line losses are appreciable (W9GBD).

Example: Matched line loss = 2 db. and SWR = 3

$$K = \frac{3-1}{3+1} = 0.5$$

From the graph, K' = 1.6 (K) = (1.6) (0.5) = 0.8.

$$SWR_{\rm T} = \frac{1+0.8}{1-0.8} = \frac{1.8}{0.2} = 9$$

The value at which K'=1 corresponds to the s.w.r. (read at the transmitter) with line shorted. Values of K' greater than I have no meaning, since higher readings are not possible.

--- Bob Gold, W9GBD

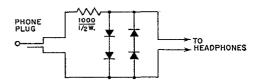
#### SIMPLIFIED AUDIO CLIPPER

3357 Pelham Road Orlando, Florida

Technical Editor, QST:

With regard to Mr. McCoy's audio clipper (p. 44, January QST) permit me to comment that such a clipper is indeed a useful device and is often the difference between the quick "ur sigs, etc." exchange and an enjoyable QSO.

I should like to point out that a simplification of the device is possible, in that it requires no power source at all, other than the audio power of the receiver itself. This can be realized if four silicon diodes are used in place of the two germanium diodes in McCoy's circuit. The schematic then appears as shown in the accompanying drawing.



Simplified audio clipper using the conduction delay of silicon diodes to eliminate biasing batteries. Suitable diode types are mentioned in the letter from W9LRA.

The silicon diode requires considerably more forward bias before it conducts significantly; in particular, common silicon diodes must be biased forward to about 0.6 volt before conduction takes place. This phenomenon is regularly used in transistor biasing schemes employed in computer work. By putting two such diodes in series this threshold voltage is raised to 1.2 volts, which is just about the right level for headphone volume. Further, the silicon diodes suggested herein have a much lower dynamic impedance than the 1N34, permitting a reduction in the series resistance in the clipper circuit and thus delivering more audio to the headphones for a given volume control setting (below threshold).

Since only one resistor and four diodes are required, the entire device may be housed in the headphone plug itself!

Suggested silicon diodes are the 1N482, 1N487, 1N1692, and in the very useful silicon "rectifier" class the 1N536, the Pacific Semiconductors PS-006, the International Rectifier SD-91A, and Sarkes-Tarzian K-200. All of the mentioned diodes are in most large jobbers' stocks.

- Thomas A. Pickering, W9LRA/4

#### Edison Award to W8AEU

WALTER ERMER, sr., WSAEU, recently received the 1959 annual Edison award for his work in organizing radio amateurs for emergency communications preparedness in the Cleveland, Ohio, area. WSAEU was selected from among more than 30 candidates as having performed the most outstanding public service during 1959. He organized and directed a 300-man voluntary radio communications corps which served the city on 23 occasions during 1959.

The principal speaker at the award ceremonies was Major General Earle F. Cook, W4FZ, the Army's Deputy Chief Signal Officer. We can't



Left to right: W4FZ, W8AEU, and L. B. Davis of the General Electric Co.

reproduce the general's remarks in toto, but the excerpts below are appropriate.

"... It is most significant that the Edison Radio Amateur Award for Outstanding Public Service during 1959 should go to one whose activities have resulted in the provision of a 300-man voluntary emergency communications corps. The mission of such a corps might well be defined in the same terms as that of our military services — "to provide for the common defense, to promote the general welfare..." What this emergency communications service means to the Cleveland community, or might mean in times of disaster or other circumstance, does not need elaboration for this audience.

"We, in the military services, appreciate with you the meaning of emergencies. Emergencies, and preparation for them, are our business. We hold amateur radio operators in such high esteem because they are in a sense, fellow soldiers—fellow soldiers with comparable missions, with essentially the same precepts, the same high ideals of service, and the same devotion to duty.

"My congratulations and warmest personal wishes to Mr. Walter Ermer, W8AEU, the 1959 Edison Award winner, for the accomplishments which have brought him this distinguished recognition. I also congratulate the recipients of the special citations for their meritorious performances. That three of these citations should be for service in providing emergency communications, one for the promotion of international good will, and one for service performed in relaying messages for military personnel cverseas, is fine testimony to the caliber of men and women you find in that group known by that seemingly ineigant but endearing term — "hams."

"... Apart from our common bond of interest in radio, our esteem for the amateur is also that which one holds for a prime national reserve asset. Amateur radio operators are an invaluable and indispensable American source of operational and technical skills in time of war or other emergency need. Under various sponsors they also provide auxiliary systems or means of communication which can be made available to military commanders as required . . ."

#### A.R.R.L. QSL BUREAU

The function of the ARRL QSL Bureau system is to facilitate delivery to amateurs in the United States, its possessions, and Canada of those QSL cards which arrive from amateur stations in other parts of the world. All you have to do is send your QSL manager (see list below) a stamped self-addressed envelope about 4½ by 9½ inches in size, with your name and address in the usual place on the front of the envelope and you call printed in capital letters in the upper left-hand corner.

W1, K1 — G. L. DeGrenier, W1GKK, 109 Gallup St., North Adams, Mass.

W2, K2 — North Jersey DX Ass'n, Box 55, Arlington, N. J. W3, K3 — Jesse Bieberman, W3KT, P.O. Box 400, Bala-Cynwyd, Pa.

Cynwyd, Pa. W4, K4 — Thomas M. Moss, W4HYW, Box 644, Municipal Airport Branch, Atlanta, Ga.

W5, K5—Brad A. Beard, W5ADZ, P.O. Box 25172, Houston 5, Texas.

W6, K6 — San Diego DX Club, Box 16006, San Diego 16, Calif.

W7, K7 — Salem Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 61, Salem, Oregon.

W8, K8 — Walter E. Musgrave, W8NGW, 1245 E. 187th St., Cleveland 10, Ohio.

W9, K9 — J. F. Oberg, W9DSO, 2601 Gordon Drive, Floss-moor, Ill.

Wø, Kø — Alva A. Smith, WøDMA, 238 East Main St., Caledonia, Minn.

VE1 — L. J. Fader, VE1FQ, P.O. Box 663, Halifax, N. S. VE2 — George C. Goode, VE2YA, 188 Lakeview Avenue, Pointe Claire, Quebec.

VE3 — Leslie A. Whetham, VE3QE, 32 Sylvia Crescent, Hamilton, Ont.

VE4 — Len Cuff, VE4LC, 286 Rutland St., St. James, Man. VE5 — Fred Ward, VE5OP, 899 Connaught Ave., Moose Jaw, Sask,

VE6 — W. R. Savage, VE6EO, 833 10th St., North Lethbridge, Alta.

VE7 - H. R. Hough, VE7HR, 1684 Freeman Rd., Victoria, B. C.

VES — Earl W. Smith, VESAT, P.O. Box 534, Whitehorse, Y. T.

VO1 — Ernest Ash, VO1AA, P.O. Box 8, St. John's, Newf. VO2 — Douglas B. Ritcey, Dept. of Transport, Goose Bay, Labrador.

KP4 — 6. W. Mayer, KP4KD, Box 1061, San Juan, P. R. KH6 — Andy H. Fuchikami, KH6BA, 2543 Namanu Dr., Honolulu, Hawaii.

KL7 - KL7CP, 310-10th Ave., Anchorage, Alaska.

KZ5 — Catherine Howe, KZ5KA, Box 407, Balboa, C. Z.



A lightweight support for a beam antenna. The supporting member is a section of aluminum irrigation pipe. Four guy wires are attached near the top.

## Light-Weight Low-Cost Beam Support

WIWF shows an easy way of getting 40 feet or more of height for a small beam antenna. Most of the components are standard fittings requiring no modification.

BY WILLARD BRIDGHAM,\* WIWF

## Forty Feet Without Climbing (Much)

THE MAST described here is the result of an effort to come up with something that would support a 15-meter beam and yet be light enough so that it could be put up and taken down by not more than two men, with a minimum of climbing. (At my age the top of a step-ladder is about the limit on altitude!) The mast as finally evolved is light enough to be mounted on the side of a house, giving some height that doesn't cost anything. The total cost will be something less than K6JKK's "Sixty Cents a Foot," depending upon how high on the house you can mount it. In addition, the rotator, supporting some of the weight of the beam, is mounted at the bottom, making cold-weather servicing (i.e., in the middle of the SS) easy. The long drive shaft between the rotor and the beam acts as a shock absorber, allowing the use of a TV rotator. There is only one special part required, the rest being standard TV and general hardware.

#### Mast Material

Construction of the mast is detailed in the photos and in the sketch of Fig. 1. The main mast element is a piece of 4-inch aluminum irrigation tubing 30 feet long. This is a smooth,

round, seamless, thin-walled tubing. It is obtainable from Sears under their catalogue No. 42-HR-M-5978 and is listed in their 1959 Farm Equipment, Fencing & Suburban Catalogue at \$15.90. Transportation costs amounted to about a dollar, but this, of course, will vary with your

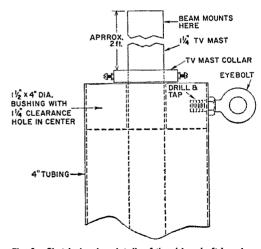


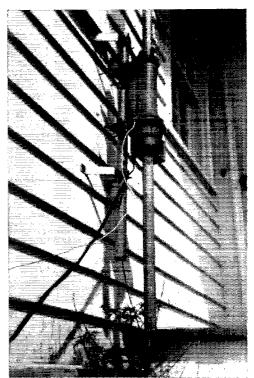
Fig. 1 —Sketch showing details of the drive-shaft bearing at the top of the mast. The eyebolt should be duplicated for 3 or 4 guys.

April 1960 33

<sup>\*82</sup> Noblehurst Ave., Pittsfield, Mass. Sutherland, "Sixty Cents Per Foot," QST, June, 1959.



The mast is secured against the side of the house on brackets made of standard fittings.



The rotator drives a shaft made up of sections of TV mast.

location. Don't let the size of the piece scare you. It weighs only a little over 20 pounds and can be carried home easily on a car-top rack (I used my ski rack), although I would try to avoid as much traffic as possible. Do not have it delivered to your home, but rather to your nearest Sears store, with the stipulation that you will not accept it if it is dented. Incidentally, this tubing also comes in 2-, 3-, 5- and 6-inch diameters.

#### Drive Shaft

The drive shaft for the beam consists of four 10-foot lengths of standard 1½-inch TV mast which goes inside the 4-inch tubing. The mast extends above the tubing to carry the beam, and below to take the rotator.

The one special piece referred to above is the bushing in the top of the mast. This piece serves both as a bearing for the drive shaft and as an anchor for the guy eyebolts. It is made of 1½-inch thick aluminum and is turned down to make a good fit with the inside diameter of the mast. The hole in the center is made a loose fit—at least 0.030 inch—around the 1½-inch TV mast. Any tighter fit risks having the bearing freeze if it should get water in it and then turn cold. The bushing is inserted in the mast and the assembly drilled and tapped for the eyebolts to take the guys, as shown in the sketch. Although mine is aluminum, I see no reason why this bushing couldn't be made of paraffin-treated hard-

wood, if you find 1½-inch aluminum plate hard to come by. In such an event, screw eyes, such as are used to hold up clothesline, could be substituted for the eyebolts.

The four pieces of TV mast are assembled and fastened with self-tapping screws (four ½-10 screws per joint). Use short screws to leave room inside the drive shaft for the coax feedline to the beam. The resulting monstrosity is then inserted into the aluminum tubing with about 2 feet of the shaft left protruding beyond the bushing in the top of the mast. A standard TV mast collar is then fitted on the drive shaft next to the bushing. About 4 feet of the TV mast is left extending from the bottom; the rest is cut off to be used later. (Efficient, hey?)

#### Mast Mounting

The mounting brackets on the side of the house are assembled using a pipe flange, a close nipple, an elbow and a 2-inch nipple, all ¾-inch steel, as shown in Fig. 2. The open end is closed with a cork. The mast is attached to these brackets with elamps such as are used to mount a TV mast to a 4-inch vent pipe. The brackets are lagged into the side of the house at a stud by opening the holes in the pipe flanges to ¼ inch and using ½ × 2-inch lag screws.

To erect the mast, the method used here was to push the TV mast drive shaft up until it no longer projected from the bottom and raise the

QST for

top on a step ladder high enough to attach the beam to the TV mast. The coax feedline can then be fed down through the TV mast and the vent-pipe clamps assembled loosely to the mast. The entire assembly can then be walked up to the mounting brackets on the side of the house and the clamps lined up with the brackets. If the clamps are then tightened on the brackets, but left loose on the mast, the mast can be slid up to its final position and the clamps tightened. The drive shaft will slide down as you do this, until the collar hits the bushing. An ordinary shelf bracket will hold the whole business in position while you tighten the clamps on the mast.

## Rotator Mounting

The rotator assembly and mounting are shown in the picture. Standard TV wall brackets and the piece of TV mast that we so craftily saved are used. The wall brackets, which were a little too long, were mounted enough to one side of center so that the rotator might be swung into line with the center of the mast. In the final tightening up, the TV mast is raised up enough so that the rotator assembly is carrying most of the weight.

The total weight of the mast, less the beam

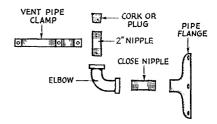


Fig. 2—Sketch showing assembly of wall brackets.

and rotator, is less than 50 pounds, and yet it has withstood two rugged New England winters, with winds that were strong enough to blow one half an element clean off the beam and carry it more than 200 feet before it finally hit the ground. Repairs are very easy; two men can get the beam down, make a half-hour repair and have it back up in about two hours. By throwing a rope over the roof and attaching it to one of the guys, I can do it alone in not much more than three hours, and only once (to get at the top clamp) do I have to get over stepladder height. It's light.

In case the sharp-eyed are curious, the speaker on the side of the house is used to call in the harmonics from their play.

# Strays 🖏

#### FEEDBACK

In describing the High Efficiency 2-Meter Kilowatt built by W1DXE. February QST, page 30, the statement is made that the 1%-inch tubing of the plate line fits over the anole of the 4CX300A. Actually the anode and the tubing are the same outside diameter. The tubing butts against the top of the anode, and the stainless steel hose clamp holds the two together, clamping to both surfaces.

## HBR-16 NOTES

Ted Crosby, W6TC, sends in a few afterthoughts on his HBR-16 (QST, October, 1959) that should be of interest to those who have built or are building the receiver. The principal suggestion is that the 6BE6 cathode resistor be changed to 330 ohms and that its No. 3 grid resistor be changed to 180,000 ohms; the tube runs cooler and is quieter with these values. It has also been found beneficial to reduce the a.v.c. time constant somewhat, this being done by changing the 0.5- $\mu$ f. capacitors in the a.v.c. line to 0.2  $\mu$ f. each; 200-volt d.c. rating is sufficient. Ted also says that the specifications for  $C_7$ and  $C_8$  should be transposed in the caption for Fig. 1, to agree with the text under "Circuit Pointers" on page 17.

The author's mail concerning the receiver has been heavy, as might be expected, since the HBR-16 has been equally as popular as its predecessor,

the HBR-14. Which reminds us that when writing to any QST author to get additional information the least you can do is to enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope for his reply. It's only good manners to do so.

WØETX sends in a newspaper item which read as follows: "A Hamline university professor recently set himself up as an amateur radio operator. He was probing the airwaves the other evening when he picked up another ham station sending Morse code too fast for our boy to follow. The prof laboriously ticked out, 'I am a university professor, what are you?' The reply was another virtuoso blur of dots and dashes. The prof requested slower transmission and the other ham obliged with all deliberate speed, 'I am a seventh grader.'"

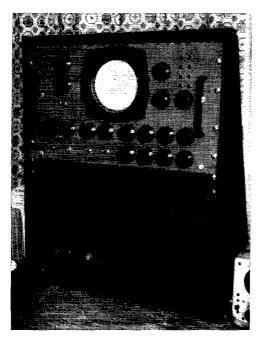
For keeping a bug from skidding around on the operating table W3OY recommends the use of Curon, a material ordinarily used under scatter rugs. It is 36 inch thick and is manufactured by Curtis Wright.

Feeders going up the wall,
Please don't radiate at all!
If you do, then by and by
I'll be plagued with TVI.

— Jamaica (NY) V.H.F. Club Grid Leaks

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Storage-tube monitor built by WA2BCW. Unit in bottom of the rack is the power supply.



As reported in March OST, the first successful picture transmission across the ocean by amateur radio was achieved toward the end of 1959. The narrow-band system used was that devised by Copthorne MacDonald and described by him in QST a little over a year ago. This is the story of what has been bappening with "slow-scan" in the

BY COPTHORNE MACDONALD\* WA2BCW

# Slow-Scan Image Transmission: A Progress Report

THE successful transmission of slow-scan images from the U.S.A. to England on 10 meters again makes this mode of transmission a topic for discussion among amateurs. The loss to U.S. hams of 11 meters, the only lowfrequency band permitting facsimile operation, did much to dampen the enthusiasm with which the original QST articles  $^1$  on the subject were received. A number of equipment projects, begun by U. S. amateurs, never got beyond the first stages. There was interest in other parts of the world, however. Early experiments by members of the British Amateur Television Club in recording TV on tape had introduced slow-scan to that group, and the prospect of world-wide visual communication on the ham bands set several members to building equipment. In Argentina, the publication Revista Telegrafica Electronica printed a Spanish translation of the QST articles.

Since most of the slow-scan activity is among BATC members, a word about that organization is perhaps in order here. Close to 600 members in about 20 countries comprise the membership of the BATC. Activity is primarily in the fields of 420 Mc. TV transmission and closed-circuit work, although color TV and now slow-sean have captured the attention of some. Information is

spread via CQ-TV, the club magazine, and by tape recordings between individuals and club groups. Actually, it is the prospect of sending tape-recorded images that is responsible for much of the present slow-scan interest among members. Bill Stapleton of Dublin successfully recorded slow-scan on tape some three years ago. John Plowman, G3AST, and C. Grant Dixon, chairman of the BATC, have slow-scan monitors in operation; many others have equipment under construction. At the Radio Hobbies Exhibition held in London last November, the BATC had a slow-scan display in which a tape recorded by WA2BCW was played back through G3AST's monitor. Approximately 1500 information sheets on the subject of slow-scan were given out to visitors, and a great deal of interest was aroused.

### Transatlantic Tests

Since no serious long-distance tests of the slowscan system had been made, and since G3AST had a monitor in operation on the other side of the Atlantic, the FCC was requested to permit a series of tests on 10 meters. Permission was granted and one-way transmissions were made on week ends from November 21, 1959, through December 20, on 29.500 Mc. The bandwidth of the emissions was limited to 6 kc. as required in the FCC authorization. The transmitter at WA2BCW was a much modified BC-458 running

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<sup>\*81</sup> Winsor Circle, Elmira, New York.

MacDonald, "A New Narrow-Band Image Transmission System," QST, August and September, 1958.

25 watts input. The antenna was a three-element beam, about 25 feet high, pointed toward England. The slow-scan equipment used throughout the tests by WA2BCW was that described in the original QST articles, and the output of the unit was fed into a conventional plate modulator which modulated the transmitter 100 per cent during sync pulses. Picture black level was set at 50 per cent of sync level, and white level was set at zero. A test pattern with call letters and resolution wedges was transmitted, and a voice announcement was made at ten-minute intervals. W1AW publicized the tests, but with such low power at WA2BCW and with the antenna pointing in the wrong direction for good reception in this country, it is doubtful if many U.S. amateurs were able to receive the slow-scan signals.

At the receiving end in Yeovil, England, G3AST used an Eddystone S640 receiver (one r.f. stage, two i.f. stages) with a dipole antenna. The headset output of the receiver was fed into a home-built tape recorder. Reception was attempted on seven days of the test period, but the slow-scan signal was audible on only two of these days, November 22 and December 20. Coincidentally, these were the only two test dates when the WWV North Atlantic propagation forecast rose as high as "7", a propagation forecast of "Good" conditions. November 22 was the first day that a picture was resolved, and the picture made from John Plowman's tape appeared in March QST. He says of conditions that day, ". . . Reception on the 10-meter band was average or a little below. Characteristic heterodynes were apparent and fading was rather heavy . . . . The signal level at approximately 3 P.M. was yielding a recognizable picture." Since there was no two-way communication during the tests it was impossible to avoid QRM by shifting frequency, and heterodyne interference proved to be a primary cause of picture degradation.

G3AST described conditions on December 20 as, "... easily the best in the whole period ...", and pictures of quite acceptable quality were reproduced from G3AST's tape. The tearing seen in the picture as it appeared on G3AST's monitor is a result of the sensitivity of his biased diode sync separator to variations in sync pulse amplitude. A test on the QST equipment revealed that the input level could vary over a 26-db, range without losing sync, providing the rate of change did not exceed a few db. per second. A variation of about 9 db. occurred during the frame photographed, and this was more than could be handled by the biased diode. This experimental use of different circuits is a good thing since it reduces the time required for the "optimum" circuit to come to light.

The transatlantic tests were certainly a success since they showed that slow-scan can be transmitted over long distances via ionospheric propagation with little picture degradation. Heterodyne interference and signal fading seem to be the two major problems, but even the simplest equipment was shown to be capable of producing satisfactory pictures during periods when these





Pictures reproduced from G3AST's December 20 tape. (Top) As reproduced by G3AST's equipment. (Bottom) As reproduced by WA2BCW's. See text for a discussion of the difference.

conditions are not severe. Application of the past 20 years of TV experience in the design of sync and a.g.c. circuits, and possibly the use of subcarrier frequency modulation (s.c.f.m.) instead of the present subcarrier amplitude modulation (s.c.a.m.), should lead to equipment capable of producing usable pictures even under adverse conditions.

## Equipment

The QST equipment has been in use for the past two years with no component failures; this included eight-hour periods of continuous operation during the transatlantic tests. One modification has been made; this was the installation of a black-level limiter so that the black level would not have to be reset with a scope after each slide was changed.

The conventional cathode-ray tube with P7

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phosphor remains the most popular slow-scan display device. Tubes such as the 3FP7 and 5CP7 are still available on the U.S. surplus market at low prices. These tubes provide adequate brightness and persistence characteristics when used with a viewing hood or in a dimly-lit room, and have good gray-scale rendition. A greenish-yellow filter such as the Wratten 15G is to be preferred over the dark orange usually used with P7 tubes in radar applications. The orange filters unfortunately remove part of the useful long persistence brightness in the process of eliminating the blue flash. The 5FP7 was used by Grant Dixon in his monitor. This tube permits the use of 10 ky, or so to gain brightness, but has the disadvantage that magnetic deflection is required. The usual low-impedance TV yokes require up to an ampere or so of current for full deflection, and since transformer coupling is not practical at very low sweep rates, this high current must be obtained directly from tubes or power transistors. Grant Dixon is using a transformer to drive the horizontal coils by using an output transformer with a "large core" (high inductance, good low-frequency response) a.c.coupled to a 6V6. The current for the high-impedance (750 ohms) vertical voke winding is obtained from a 6V6 cathode follower.

The amateur slow-scan display device of the future is apt to be the direct-view storage tube, but unfortunately for the amateur these tubes have kilo\$ price tags today. A slow-scan receiver was built around one of these tubes by WA2BCW, and the tube's performance was evaluated in slow-scan operation. Among the tube's advantages are a bright image with a persistence which can be adjusted from a fraction of a second up to a minute or so. It is also possible to improve the signal-to-noise ratio in the received picture by taking several frames to "write" the picture. (The signal adds coherently since the light and



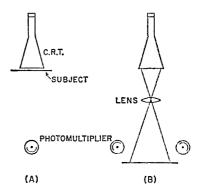


Fig. 1—Flying-spot scanners. (A) Uses light transmission through a photographic negative. (B) Involves reflection from a picture or drawing.

dark portions of the picture occur in the same place each scan, while the noise, being random, does not add coherently.) On the debit side is the equipment complication; an erase pulse generator and an additional high-voltage power supply are necessary, and the tubes have relatively poor gray-scale rendition.

The flying-spot scanner continues to be the most popular image pickup device for slow-scan use since it provides good image quality at low cost. Two basic scanner configurations are shown in Fig. 1. The version in use at WA2BCW uses a photographic negative placed between the scanner c.r.t. and the photomultiplier tube. The version planned by the British slow-scanners is more versatile, even if slightly more complicated. In this unit the raster on the c.r.t. is focussed by a lens onto an opaque picture. The light reflected by the light and dark areas as they are scanned is picked up by the photomultiplier tubes. Two photomultipliers are used to give uniform output as the whole area is scanned. A big advantage of this configuration is that it permits the transmission of sketches, for example, seconds after they are drawn. The P7 c.r.t. does double duty in Britain as it is also used as a flying-spot scanner tube. A blue filter is not usually used since the long-persistence yellow component is not as bright as the short-persistence blue component, and is a poorer spectral match for the 931-A photomultiplier.

The ultimate slow-scan pickup device is probably the WL-7290 slow-scan Vidicon. The price will keep it out of most ham shacks, but its performance characteristics are worthy of mention. The tube gives excellent low light level performance when continuously exposed, but its ability to operate with intermittent exposure is particu-

G3AST holds the tape containing the first slow-scan pictures sent across the Atlantic on 10 meters. His home-built tape recorder is to the left.

OST for

larly interesting. Since the target has a much higher resistivity than that of a conventional Vidicon, the electrical image pattern produced on the target by a momentary exposure to light will remain for many seconds unless removed by the scanning beam. In this mode of operation, then, the tube can be exposed for a fraction of a second during the retrace period and scanned while dark, thus effectively freezing any motion. A moving object would be presented as a series of "stills."

Conventional Vidicons have also been used in slow-scan operation although they require continuous exposure to a still scene because their low-resistivity targets makes the storage time very short. It is of interest that BATC members are able to obtain reject Vidicons of the conventional variety, complete with scanning coils, for only 25 pounds (about \$75), and export from Britain to all but Iron Curtain countries is possible. The Vidicons are sold with the understanding that they will never find their way into commercial use. A slow-scan Vidicon camera has been built by WA2BCW, and control circuits are "in the works."

#### Regulations

Slow-scan's natural home is the region below 30 Mc. where ionospheric propagation makes regular DX transmission of pictures possible. The loss of 11 meters left the U.S. without a lowfrequency facsimile assignment, but FCC docket 12912, inquiring into the status of the Extra Class license, created an opportunity to suggest a possible method for obtaining low-frequency slowscan authorization. The author's proposal to the FCC in response to its request for Extra Class license suggestions recommended that Extra Class licensees be permitted to use slow-scan and conventional facsimile in all phone bands, pointing out that if the bandwidth of the emission was restricted to that of a phone signal, it should not cause objectionable interference to other amateurs; furthermore, the Extra Class licensee has demonstrated a high level of technical ability. and should be capable of seeing that his bandwidth is kept within the prescribed limits.

The British situation is also in a state of suspension awaiting a decision; in this case by the British General Post Office, on G3AST's request to use slow-scan on 2 and 10 meters, with a proviso that consideration also be given to authorizing slow-scan in other bands below 30 Mc.

The regulatory picture world-wide is not known to this writer, but it is possible that the rules of some countries already permit this mode of operation on the lower frequencies.

## Standardization

The standardization question has two sides to it. On the one hand, the man who is thinking of building equipment wants a measure of assurance that his equipment will not be obsolete as soon as it is built. On the other hand, in the long-range picture it would be a shame to settle on less than the best possible system, the "best"



WA2BCW's slow-scan Vidicon camera. Front end is removable to permit a change of lens and shutter.

in this case being an optimum compromise between many factors. At this early stage in the development of amateur slow-scan it would be unwise to set up rigid standards, since there has been insufficient experimentation to determine a "best" system. There are certain guiding principles which can be stated at this time, however.

1) A system should utilize the transmitting and receiving apparatus in the amateur station, and should not require any modification of this equipment.

 A system should permit the use of simple equipment using low-cost, readily-available components.

3) The system performance should be good, even with simple equipment, when conditions are good, and by using more sophisticated equipment it should be possible to get satisfactory results under poor conditions.

4) The system should be compatible with both 50- and 60-cycle power frequencies to permit world-wide operation.

Fortunately, the basic elements — a long-persistence cathode-ray tube, sweep amplifiers, a flying-spot scanner, and power supplies — are common to all slow-scan systems. It is with the method of modulation and demodulation, sweep rates, sync, and a.g.c. that variations are apt to occur. The builder may want to make these circuits flexible since they are apt to change as the "best" system develops. Actually these circuits represent a relatively small fraction of the total investment, and their modification should involve no great expense.

The "on-the-air" work so far has been with the system outlined in August, 1958, QST. Operation with these sweep frequencies and other parameters will bring one in line with current practice.

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There is some doubt about whether an s.c.a.m. system, such as that now in use, can ever be as free from the effects of fading as s.c.f.m., regardless of the type of a.g.c. employed, and WA2BCW is readying equipment to perform tests on an s.c.f.m. system similar to that used successfully in commercial facsimile practice. F.m. systems with small deviation are more susceptible to heterodyne interference than a.m., however, and care must be used in establishing parameters to insure that immunity to fading is not traded for a poor signal-to-interference ratio. Amateurs interested in participating in further slow-scan tests may contact WA2BCW.

Two systems will probably emerge. The first will be a system for the amateur bands. The maximum frequency involved will be 3 kc. or less, and the picture will contain about 120 lines. A second system, having a higher-resolution picture and requiring greater bandwidth, will be used for tape recording images when it is not necessary to transmit the image over the air.

Thanks are extended to John Plowman, G3AST, C. Grant Dixon, and John Tanner, G3NDT/T, for much of the material used in this article, and for additional interesting material on British TV activities, which, from space considerations, was not included. If QST readers show interest, certainly there will be more articles on TV and slow-scan in the future.

Amateurs interested in WA2BCW's slow-scan transmission system (see article above) will have an opportunity to copy some experimental transmissions over the First Army MARS SSB Technical Net on March 16, March 30, April 6, and April 13 on the net frequency of 4030 kc. The transmission will follow the regular technical program, which usually ends between 2200 and 2230 EST. The test signal will first be sent on s.s.b. and then repeated on a.m. The signal can be recorded on magnetic tape for later transcription. WA2BCW will transcribe for you if you send him your tape.



## April 1935

... The April, 1935, issue featured articles on transmitter construction. Don Mix led off with an explanation of how to get a kilowatt from a high-power band-switching 204-A amplifier requiring only 50 watts for excitation.

... Other technical articles explained how to step up the output of the high-stability 56-Mc. transmitter ... construction of a compact 200-watt transmitter ... practical operation of transmitting antennas ... modernization of a popular low-power 1929 transmitter ... and construction of an RK-20 Tri-tet transmitter for three-band operation.

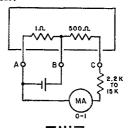
... This was the issue that carried one of the best fiction pieces in QST history — W4VT's tale of little Jim.

... Op News debunked the idea that "73" originated as a salute to Andrew Carnegie at a banquet celebrating his 73rd birthday in 1908. Not so, said the note — 73 was one of 92 expressions worked out in 1859 by telegraph people

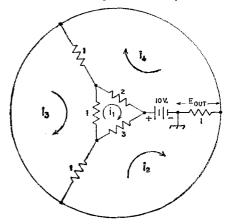
trying to save line time. Most of those figures have fallen into complete disuse after 100 years, but 73 is still going strong.



The black-box problem of last month requires the help of one resistor from the junk box. All our hero has to do is to connect (momentarily) the box as shown below. No meter reading indicates the absence of the 1-ohm resistor; a meter reading of 1 to 0.1 ma. (depending upon the series resistor) proves the presence of the 1-ohm resistor.



Charles White of 6024 Bock Road, S.E., Washington 22, D. C., writes: Our electrical hero, unable to resist symmetrical neatly-drawn circuit diagrams, tried to find the output voltage,  $E_{\text{out}}$ , by forming the product of  $(i_4 - i_2)$  times one ohm. He had difficulty. How about you?



374 East St., Hingham, Mass.

Quist Quiz Editor:

Tsk, tsk. I am surprised at your printing the wrong answer to the February Quist Quist in the March issue. Not only that the numbers are wrong, but the principle is wrong. True, with your 0.0145-henry choke and 485-µf, capacitor in that branch will be 4 amperes (at 400 cycles). But that 4 amperes is not in phuse with the 6 amps through the 25-ohm resistor. For shame. The total current will be only 8.2 amps instead of 10

Try it again using about 720  $\mu$ f, for the capacitor and 0.0097 henry for the choke.

-L. B. Stein, jr., WiBIY (By golly, you're right, Larry. And just when we had decided never to let anything phase us. - Ed.)

# • Recent Equipment -

## Heathkit Mobile Equipment

An appropriate title for the units pictured would be a "cubic-foot QSO"—the receiver-transmitter combination offers v.f.o. control and 80-through 10-meter operation, yet the total volume occupied by both units is a mere cubic foot. The transmitter and receiver, although primarily designed to be used mobile, also comprise a very compact and flexible home station. The manufacturer, more than likely having this in mind, makes available two different types of power supplies: one a conventional 115-volt a.c. supply for home installations and the other a 12-volt d.c. transistorized supply for mobile operation.

## Comanche Mobile Receiver

The Heathkit MR-1 mobile receiver is a single-conversion amateur-band superheterodyne using a bandpass crystal filter in its 3-Mc. i.f. amplifier. It is designed for reception of a.m., c.w. and s.s.b. signals on all amateur frequencies from 3.5 to 30 Mc. The block diagram of the receiver is shown in Fig. 1. The front end uses a 6BZ6 r.f. amplifier, and this stage is followed by a 6EA8, the pentode section of which is the mixer and the triode section the high-frequency oscillator. The high-frequency oscillator and mixer tuned circuits are tracked to give an i.f. output frequency of 3 Mc.



The complete Heathkit mobile installation, including receiver, transmitter, speaker, microphone, and transistorized power supply. The mounting rack, bolted to the back of the receiver and transmitter, is partially visible at the top of the receiver-transmitter assembly.

The output of the mixer goes into the 3-Mc. crystal filter, which has a bandpass characteristic 3 kc. wide at 6 db. down and a maximum width of 10 kc. at 60 db. down. The crystal filter contributes the receiver's adjacent-channel selectivity and the high intermediate frequency takes care of image rejection. After the crystal filter,

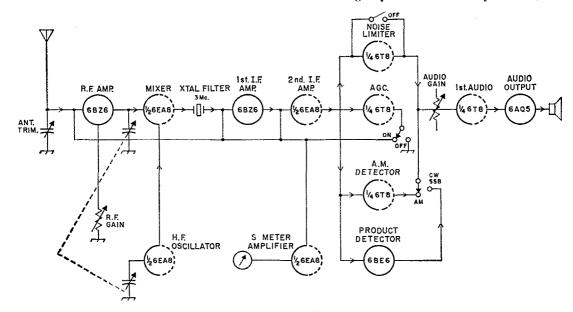
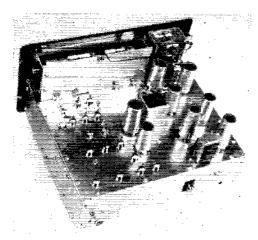


Fig. 1-Block diagram of the Comanche receiver.

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Top view of the Comanche receiver chassis. Tubes from panel to rear and from right to left in this view are, front row, the 6T8 first audio-noise limiter-a.m. detector, 6BE6 product detector, and 6AQ5 audio output; second row, 6EA8 second i.f. amplifier—S meter amplifier, 6BZ6 first i.f. amplifier, 0A2 voltage regulator; third row, 6EA8 mixer—h.f. oscillator, 6BZ6 r.f. amplifier. The i.f. coils, in small shield cans, are at the upper right. The crystal filter is at the center.

another 6BZ6 is used as the first i.f. amplifier, and the output of this stage is impedance-coupled to the second i.f. amplifier, the pentode section of a 6EA8. The output of this tube is impedance-coupled to the detectors. Automatic gain control is applied to the r.f. stage and both i.f. stages when the a.v.c. switch is in the "on" position. With the a.v.c. "off," both i.f. stages are operated at maximum gain, with the manual r.f. gain control operative only on the r.f. stage. The triode section of the 6EA8, with the a.g.c. voltage applied to its grid, is used to drive the S meter.

A choice of detectors is available. A 6T8 is used as a conventional diode detector for a.m., as a series noise limiter, and as the first audio amplifier. A 6BE6 product detector is used for c.w. or s.s.b. reception, generating its own b.f.o. signal with a circuit resembling the type used for frequency conversion, as shown in Fig. 2. The audio output of the detector in use goes to the first

audio amplifier, the 6T8 triode section, and thence to the 6AQ5 output stage. The 6AQ5 is transformer-coupled to an external 8-ohm permanent-magnet speaker.

An 0A2 regulator is incorporated to supply a constant voltage to the high-frequency oscillator and other critical circuits.

As shown in the bottom view of the receiver. the tuning mechanism uses five gears. The tuning capacitor drive gear is spring loaded to prevent backlash. Band calibrations are on a plastic cylinder which rotates into proper position behind the rectangular Lucite window in the panel when the band switch is turned. The dial drum is string driven from the band selector switch. The slide-rule dial pointer is also string driven from a large pulley located on one of the gear shafts. The dial scale is approximately five inches long, and thirteen rotations of the tuning knob are required for covering each band. The dial is calibrated every 20 kc. on 10 meters and at 10-kc. intervals on the rest of the bands. If more accurate frequency interpolation is desired, the flat dial pointer can be given a half twist at the time of assembly, so that its edge is perpendicular to the dial drum.

Assembling a kit of this sort is definitely not an undertaking for the beginner or inexperienced constructor. However, anyone who has previous kit-building experience under his belt and is willing to follow the well-laid-out and detailed construction manual can come up with a very satisfying finished product. Wiring of the r.f., high-frequency oscillator and mixer coils in the front end must be completed before the band switch is installed, since the coils become fairly inaccessible afterward. Because of the confined quarters, use of a pencil-type iron is highly recommended.

Alignment of the finished receiver requires an accurate signal generator, or a frequency meter such as the LM or BC surplus series. Included with the kit is the required alignment tool and a soft plastic nut starter which is an invaluable aid in starting nuts on screws in tight spots.

In the unit this reviewer constructed, the r.f. stage was slightly regenerative at maximum gain setting; however, this was readily cured by

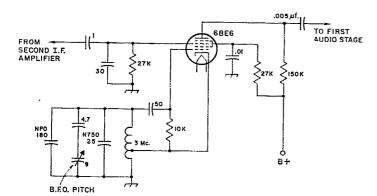
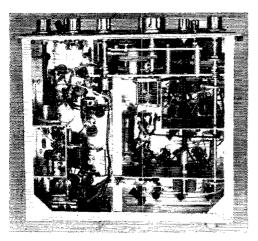


Fig. 2—Product-detector circuit uses a converter tube with self-excitation. The rectified d.c. voltage developed at the oscillator grid (No. 1) is one or two volts (negative) as operated in the Comanche.



Bottom view of the Comanche receiver. At the right, from bottom to top, are the r.f. coils, mixer coils, oscillator coils, and gear-driven tuning mechanism. The three sets of coils are shielded from each other, and a vertical partition separates the front end from the i.f. and audio sections.

The rectangular shield compartment at the left

houses the product detector.

installing small parasitic chokes in the plate and grid leads of the r.f. amplifier. When peaking the r.f. stage be sure the antenna trimmer is carefully set; its adjustment is critical. One slight improvement which perhaps might be desirable would be to increase the available audio level, which is a little on the low side.

Power requirements for the Comanche receiver are 350 volts d.c. at 125 milliamperes, maximum, and either 12 volts at 1.65 amperes or 6 volts at 3.3 amperes. The finished unit weighs 15 pounds and measures 6½ by 12½ by 9½ inches—slightly less than a half cubic foot in volume. Our total construction time, including alignment, was 31½ hours.

## Cheyenne Mobile Transmitter

The Heathkit MT-1 mobile transmitter is a v.f.o.-controlled all-band (80 to 10 meters, inclusive) rig with a built-in controlled-carrier modulator. Referring to the block diagram, Fig. 3, it can be seen that the r.f. tube lineup is fairly conventional, with a 6AU6 v.f.o., 6CL6 buffer, 5763 driver, and 6146 final. The audio section has a 12AX7 speech amplifier and 6DE7 screen modulator. The controlled-carrier screen modulation system permits peak-envelope inputs up to 90 watts, which should result in an effective maximum carrier output of about 30 watts at 100 per cent modulation.

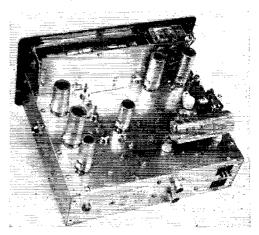
The v.f.o. is a series-tuned Colpitts circuit with output on either 1.75 or 7 Mc., the proper range being internally selected depending on the setting of the transmitter band switch. A spotting switch arrangement allows the v.f.o. to be turned on for frequency checking prior to putting the transmitter on the air. The v.f.o. screen and plate voltages are regulated by an 0A2 tube. The

buffer stage is untuned on 80 meters, slug-tuned to 40 meters for operation on 40, 20, and 15, and slug-tuned to 20 meters for final output on 10 meters. The driver is straight-through on 80 and 40, doubles to 20, triples to 15, and doubles to 10 meters. Pi-network interstage coupling is employed between the driver and the final stage, and the correct coil tap is selected by the exciter-section wafer of the band switch. The final amplifier tank is a pi network, shunt-fed through a 2.5-mh. r.f. choke. For c.w. operation the buffer and v.f.o. run continuously, with the final amplifier and driver cathode-keyed. The metering circuit in the transmitter can measure either final amplifier grid current or final amplifier cathode current.

The modulation system is similar to that in the DX-35 and DX-40 transmitters, using a triode as a series screen modulator. The modulator tube in the Cheyenne is the "heavy" triode section of the 6DE7. As in the earlier transmitters, the modulator's average plate current is adjusted, by means of a control tube which responds to the average speech level, to vary the r.f. carrier level to correspond to the modulating level. The "light" section of the 6DE7 is used for this purpose. The speech amplifier preceding the modulator and control tube is a cascade resistance-coupled affair using a 12AX7.

Many of the mechanical details in the Cheyenne are similar to or identical with those in the Comanche mobile receiver. Both the dial drive arrangement and front panel are alike. The dial length and frequency calibration are also the same—that is, 20 ke. per division on 28 Mc.

i "Recent Equipment," QST, September, 1956, p. 29.



In this view of the Cheyenne mobile transmitter the tubes starting at the top right, are the 5763 driver, 6CL6 buffer and 6146 final amplifier. The 6AU6 v.f.o. tube is in the center. Along the left are the 12AX7 speech amplifier, 6DE7 modulator and carrier control tube, and 0A2 voltage regulator. The plate r.f. choke, tank coil, and tuning capacitor are grouped around the 6146 tube at the right. Located from right to left on the rear wall of the chassis are the power plugs, antenna connectors, and key jack.

The microphone connector is mounted on the left-hand chassis wall.

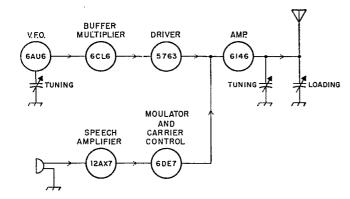
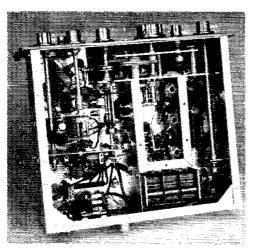


Fig. 3—Block diagram of the Cheyenne transmitter.

and 10 kc. per division on all other bands.

The v.f.o. is completely shielded, and power connections are brought out through feed-through bypass capacitors. The buffer, driver and amplifier stages are isolated from one another by rectangular shield plates, minimizing stray coupling between stages which could result in instability. The plate tuning capacitor, mounted above the chassis beside the 6146, is driven by a right-angle gear arrangement. The loading capacitor, underneath the chassis at the rear, is also driven by a set of right-angle gears.

All control switching, including antenna changeover from receive to transmit, is handled by an internal relay. Power input and output receptacles are mounted at the back of the chassis, and are wired for the compatible Heathkit power supplies (MP-1 and UT-1) and Comanche receiver. Included with the transmitter is a ceramic-type push-to-talk microphone.



Underneath the chassis of the Cheyenne transmitter. The center shield compartment contains the v.f.o. To its left are the band switch, buffer, driver and final amplifier circuits. The relay for control switching and antenna changeover is at the lower left. The speech section is to the right of the v.f.o. compartment. The 3-section capacitor at bottom right center is the final amplifier loading capacitor,

Power requirements for the Cheyenne are 300 volts d.c. at 100 milliamperes, 500 to 600 volts d.c. at 150 ma., and either 12 volts at 2.35 amperes or 6.3 volts at 4.7 amperes. The finished unit weighs 15½ pounds and measures 6½ inches high, 12½ inches wide, and 9½ 6 inches deep. Total construction time in our case was approximately 28 hours.

# Transistorized Mobile Power Supply

The Heathkit MP-1 transistorized power supply was designed primarily to furnish all the necessary power to the Heathkit mobile transmitter and receiver units. This supply is the usual transistor type having a feed-back winding on the power transformer to set the transistors into oscillatory switching, as has been described several times in recent issues of QST. However, the rectifier-filter arrangement differs from most of those previously described in using a full-wave voltage doubler circuit rather than a center-tap or bridge rectifier. This is apparently a matter of economics, primarily; the doubler circuit requires only half the number of semiconductor rectifiers that would be needed with either the center-tap or bridge circuits to deliver the same output voltages. (This is because the peak inverse voltage on each rectifier group is twice as great with either of the latter rectifier circuits.) The circuit is shown in Fig. 4. The 100-ohm resistors between the first and second filter capacitors in each leg add considerably to the ripple attenuation since they represent about 20 times the impedance of the 40-µf, output capacitance at the 800-cycle ripple frequency.

The pilot lamp across the 20-ohm resistor serves as a current indicator, lighting up to about normal brilliance at the maximum permissible current drain on the supply.

A 1000-µf. electrolytic capacitor is connected directly across the battery at the primary input side of the supply to bypass the battery circuit and prevent the 400-cycle hash from feeding back into the transmitter and receiver. There is also a self-contained control relay for turning on

44

Fig. 4—Rectifier-filter circuit used in the transistorized power supply.

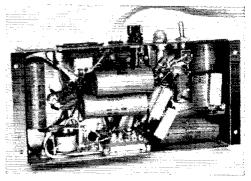
the supply, operated by the auxiliary control circuits in the mobile transmitter and receiver. A manual toggle switch on the chassis offers an alternative means for turning on the supply. The 12-volt primary circuit is protected by a 15-ampere fuse.

After constructing the power supply unit it would be wise to check the relay contacts with an ohmmeter before applying power. In the unit constructed here these contacts were covered by some type of insulating coating which had to be cleaned off before the supply would function.

Power specifications of the supply are as follows: Input voltage 12 to 14 volts; input current, 4.5 to 15 amperes (varies with load); maximum output power, 120 watts. This maximum power may be taken from either tap alone or distributed as desired between the two taps. In the transmitter-receiver combination the distribution is 90 watts from the high tap (600 volts at 150 ma.) and 30 watts from the low tap (300 volts at 100 ma.). Over-all dimensions are  $91_{16}$  by 434 by  $51_{16}$  inches. The total weight is 5 lb. 8 oz. Total construction time was approximately 6 hours.

## Mobile Accessories

Optional accessories styled to match the receiver, transmitter and power-supply units include a 5-inch speaker (AK-7) to be used in conjunction



The transistorized mobile power-supply chassis. From right to left on front (top) wall are the external power switch, output-current indicator bulb, primary fuse, primary input power cable, and power-supply output plug. The semi-conductor diode rectifiers are mounted on the terminal strip at the lower center. The control relay is to the left of the terminal strip.

with the receiver, and a mobile mounting base (AK-6) which is designed for mounting of the mobile transmitter and receiver on the transmission hump of the car floor. Also available is an all-band mobile antenna (RM-1). The manufacturer is the Heath Company, Benton Harbor, Michigan.

— K. C. L.

## Strays \*

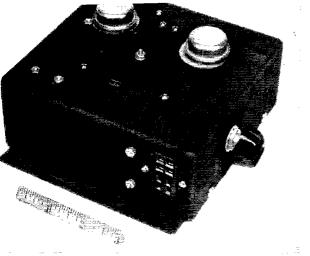
Hams interested in good-paying jobs with generous vacation, sick leave and retirement should investigate the civilian positions of electronic inspectors for the U. S. Navy. Write to Executive Secretary, Board of U. S. Civil Service Examiners, 17 Brief Avenue, Upper Darby, Pa., for application form 5000-AB. Applicants are graded on written examinations plus experience.

A couple of novel QSOs. On aurora the other

night K1JWK worked K8III and W8MMM, both of whom are in Novelty, Ohio.

W6TKV gave a call on 80 c.w. the other night and who should answer but W7TKV from Boulder City, Nev., who said he used to be W6TKV back before World War II. The present W6TKV uses a ten-meter dipole for an antenna.

W9DBO's post office box number is 73!



This mobile power supply is only six inches square, but delivers 120 watts of d.c. at 550 volts. The circuit is given in Fig. 6.

It's economical to build your own transistor mobile power supply, but you have to know how to arrive at a satisfactory design. This article outlines the procedure. It also describes a high-power supply that you can duplicate without any paper work at all.

BY J. G. TETZ,\* K2BQK

# Design and Construction of Transistor Power Converters

THERE has been a growing interest in transistorized power converters for mobile opera-tion, because they are more efficient, more reliable, and can have less noise and ripple than either a vibrator type or a dynamotor. Over the past two years many articles on transistorized power converters with emphasis on the theory of operation 1 have been published. This paper is primarily intended to facilitate both calculations and construction. The following is a collection of design approximations and formulas suitable for an initial design. The major problems considered are core selection, transformer design and winding, feedback and bias design, and heat dissipation.

## Core Selection

The first problem to consider in designing a power converter is the selection of a transformer core. The selection of the core is controlled by several related variables, namely: saturation flux density, core area, available winding space and frequency. For a high-power converter - 100 watts - all of these must be considered but among them, available winding space is most important. Both the primary and secondary windings occupy appreciable volume; the primary has few turns of large wire and the secondary has many turns of small wire. The author has used successfully a toroidal core which has an inside diameter of 1.25 inches for a 100-watt converter. Any one of a variety of core materials which have

a square hysteresis loop may be used. Materials such as Deltamax (Arnold Engineering Co., Marengo, Ill.) have been found satisfactory and economical.

## Winding the Transformer

There are three windings to be put on the core (Fig. 1). The primary should be first, the secondary may be next, and the feed-back winding last. There is a possibility that the feed-back turns might need modification after assembly, and winding the feed-back coil last enables such modifications to be made.

The number of primary and secondary turns can be calculated from the following formulas:

Primary: 
$$N_p = \frac{V_s \times 10^8}{12.9 fAB_s}$$
 turns

Secondary: 
$$N_s = \frac{N_p E_o}{2 V_s}$$
 turns

where:  $N_p = \text{total turns in primary winding}$ A = cross-sectional area of core in

square inches  $V_s = \text{d.c. input voltage}$ 

f =operating frequency in cycles per

 $B_s = \text{saturation flux of core in gausses}$ 

 $N_s = secondary turns$ 

 $E_0 = \text{peak-to-peak}$  output voltage required from transformer

A practical procedure for determining the number of primary turns is to work experimentally, using the formula as a check. First choose a wire size that will handle the current (see wire table in The Radio Amateur's Handbook). Then wind the maximum number of turns that will fill the inside circumference of the core following the

<sup>\* 79</sup> Western Ave., Morristown, N. J.

Chambers, "Transistorized Power Supply," QST, Feb-

ruary, 1958.

Johnson, "High-Power Transistorized Mobile Power

Supply," QST, April, 1958. Karl, "100-Watt Transistor Mobile Power Unit," QST, June, 1958.

FINISH START

PRI2 PRI1 PRI2 PRI1 14 FORMVAR
INSULATION FEEDBACK WINDING

90° BEND

PRIMARY

SECONDARY

Fig. 1 — Transformer winding details.

procedure described below. Next, the formula may be used to find the expected frequency. This frequency should not be so high that the transistor switching times are an appreciable part of the cycle nor should it be too low since this will cause excessive copper losses. A frequency of about 1000 c.p.s. is optimum for most power transistors. If the calculated frequency is very much different from this the number of primary turns should be changed.

To protect the first layer of the winding, first wrap the core with Scotch electrical tape (acetate cloth) overlapping each turn about half the width of the tape on the inside surface of the core. Wind the primary first (Fig. 1). This winding must be bifilar to effectively eliminate spiking. To start, bend a 90-degree angle approximately 3 inches back from the ends of a pair of No. 14 Formvar wires. Insulate the two leads up to the first bend to protect against mechanical damage. Tie the two leads snugly to the core (Fig. 1). Proceed to wind the primary by keeping the wires tight, and square off the turns around the core. Finish the windings the same as they were started -- i.e., the same insulation, tying, and so on. It is necessary to distribute the winding evenly around

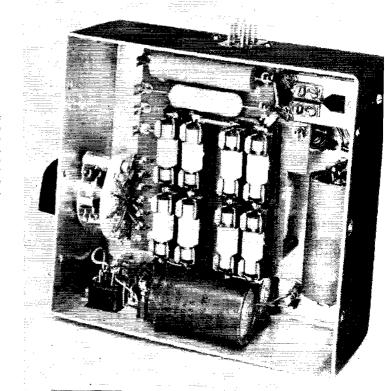
the inside circumference of the core for further suppression of spiking. Cover the entire primary winding with ½-inch wide crepe-paper tape.

To wind the secondary, a shuttle must be made. A Popsicle stick with a V cut in both ends makes an excellent shuttle. The shuttle will not hold enough wire to wind the complete secondary, so splices will have to be made. The supply can be made more versatile by making use of the splice points for output taps. For the first three or four times around the core, the secondary turns will lie between the primary wires on the outside circumference of the core. After that, the core should take a smooth doughnut shape. Finish by covering the windings with ½-inch crepe-paper tape.

## Feedback and Bias

Feedback and bias are very closely interrelated. Fig. 2 shows a simplified feed-back and bias network for the common-emitter configuration. Note that  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  form a voltage divider that lowers base bias to enable oscillations to start. Note also that  $R_1$  is in series with the feedback windings. To compute the number of turns in the feed-back winding and the values of  $R_1$ and  $R_2$ , proceed as follows: First choose the ratio

The transformer is not visible in this view, being mounted on the other side of the phenolic board that holds the silicon rectifiers and the bias resistors. The high-voltage bleeder resistors are at the lower left, between the filter capacitors and the output socket. The control relay is in the upper right corner.



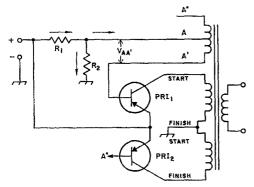
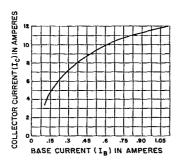


Fig. 2—Simplified feed-back and bias network for common emitter configuration.

of feed-back to primary-winding turns. A good approximation is  $\frac{1}{16}$  to  $\frac{1}{16}$ . Then, for example, if  $N_p = 36$  turns,

$$\begin{split} N_{\rm AA'} &= \frac{1}{6} \times 36 \quad \text{(where } N_{\rm AA'} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ total} \\ &= 7 \text{ turns, approximately} \\ V_{\rm AA'} &= \frac{N_{\rm AA'} \times \frac{2}{2} V_{\rm s}}{N_{\rm p}} \\ &= \frac{7 \times 24}{36} \end{split}$$

To continue the calculation, it is necessary to know the base voltage vs. collector current and base current vs. collector current characteristics of the transistor (Fig. 3), which may be obtained from the transistor manufacturer. From these



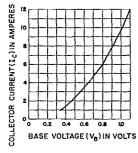


Fig. 3—These are typical power-transistor curves of the type used in calculating the bias-network constants in a transistor power supply.

curves we obtain the base voltage and current required for the desired power output. For a Delco 2N441, assuming a collector current of 12 amperes to get the required 100-watt output,

$$V_{\rm B}$$
 required = 1.1 volt  $I_{\rm B}$  required = 1.1 amp.

Therefore

$$V_{R1} = V_{AA'} - V_{B} \text{ req.}$$
= 4.7 - 1.1
= 3.6 volts.
 $R_{1} = \frac{V_{R1}}{I_{B1} + I_{R2}}$ 

where 
$$I_{\rm R2} = \frac{1}{10} I_{\rm B}$$

for proper cold starting. Therefore

$$R_1 = \frac{3.6}{1.1 + 0.1}$$
= 3 ohms
$$R_2 = \frac{V_s - V_{R1}}{I_{R2}}$$
= \frac{12 - 3.6}{0.1}
= 84 ohms

A resistance of 100 ohms would be satisfactory, since the value of  $R_2$  is not highly critical,

## Temperature and Heat Sinks

It is necessary to provide a heat sink of the proper size to dissipate the heat developed at the collector junction. The chassis itself may be used for this purpose. The collector junction power, the maximum rated junction temperature, the thermal gradient, and the temperature drop from mounting base to heat sink (see Fig. 4)

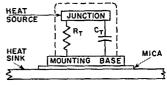


Fig. 4—Schematic representation of heat dissipation of transistor on heat sink.

must be obtained from the manufacturer's data for calculating heat-sink area. The procedure is as follows:

1) Thermal Gradient (Delco 2N441) Gradient from junction to mounting base  $(R_t)$ 

From base to mounting = 1.2°C./watt = 0.2°C./watt
Through mica washer = 0.5°C./watt
Therefore the total thermal gradient

= 1.9°C./watt.

### Collector Power

The measured power dissipated in one transistor while turned on was measured to be 8.5 watts (0.7 volt at 12 amp.). Because each transistor works half the time, this is also the average power for both transistors.

3) The temperature drop from collector junction to heat sink is therefore:

1.9°C./watt  $\times 8.5$  watts = 16°C.

4) If the maximum rated junction temperature is 85 degrees C., then the thermal resistance required of the heat-sink area is

coll. temp.—temp. drop—air temp. of heat sink collector power to be dissipated

$$= \frac{85^{\circ}\text{C.} - 16^{\circ}\text{C.} - 45^{\circ}\text{C.}}{8.5 \text{ watts}}$$

= 2.8 deg. C./watt.

The heat-sink area may now be determined from a curve of temperature vs. area (Fig. 5)

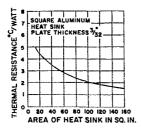


Fig. 5—Thermal resistance of 3/32-inch aluminum sheet.

supplied by the manufacturer. In the above case it is 60 square inches for two transistors. Thus there is no need to make the converter excessively large. In building most power converters the chassis area required to mount the components (including the transformer, relay for switching, output voltage switch, output and input filters) is sufficiently large for adequate heat dissipation. For the example, the unit described below has a chassis area of 150 square inches.

## A 120-Watt Converter

Fig. 6 shows the circuit diagram of a converter designed to deliver 120 watts output, ICAS rating. Output power vs. efficiency and voltage are shown in Fig. 7. One method of checking the performance is to take a load curve. If all components - transistors, primary wire, secondary wire, and rectifiers - are within their maximum current ratings there should be no significant drop in efficiency at high power levels. If the efficiency curve begins to drop off at or near the power that the converter is expected to deliver, an optimum design has not been achieved and a dangerous heating condition may exist; the transistors are not driven into complete saturation and are absorbing an excessive portion of the input power. A decrease in the value of  $R_1$  usually will correct this condition.

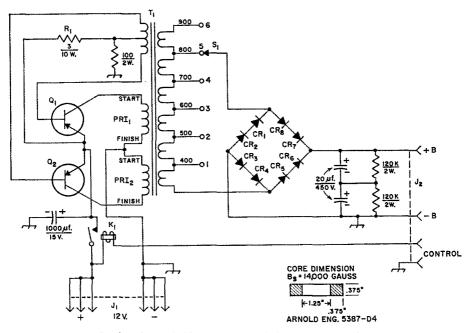


Fig. 6 — Circuit of 120-watt power supply. Resistances are in ohms.

CR<sub>1</sub>-CR<sub>8</sub>, inc.—Silicon rectifier, 500 ma., 400 volts inverse peak (Sarkes Tarzian M-500).

J<sub>1</sub>—6-contact male chassis-mounting connector (Jones).
 J<sub>2</sub>—Chassis-mounting connector, female, 4 or more contacts (Jones).

K<sub>1</sub>—S.p.s.t. relay, 12-volt coil, 15-20 amp. contacts (Potter & Brumfield MB series).

Q<sub>1</sub>, Q<sub>2</sub>-P-n-p power transistors, 13 amp., 40-volt

breakdown (2N441).

R<sub>1</sub>-3 ohms, 10 watts.

S<sub>1</sub>—Rotary, 1 section, 1 pole, 6 positions.

T<sub>1</sub>—Wound as described in text on core shown above. Primary, 36 turns No. 14 Formvar, center-tapped; secondary, 900 turns No. 26 Formvar, tapped at 400, 500, 600, 700 and 800 turns; feed-back winding, 15 turns No. 26 Formvar, center-tapped.

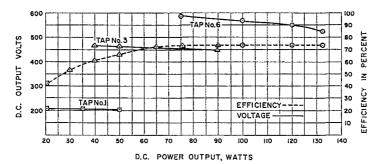


Fig. 7—Power output, output voltage, and supply efficiency of the transistor power-supply circuit shown in Fig. 6.

Because of the bifilar winding of the primary, no spike transients occurred in the design during the turn-off and turn-on of the transistors. This enabled good performance to be obtained with transistors having a 40-volt breakdown rating.

Construction of power converters would be an

excellent club project. Items such as the acetate tape, erepe-paper tape and wire could be used more efficiently. Transistors, cores and diodes can be bought in volume much more cheaply, thus making the cost of such a project well below commercial prices.

## Strays "

K4EEU has had numerous inquiries concerning his Phasing-Type Sidebander (November, 1959, QST, p. 15), especially about the round object circling  $T_3$ . This is a magnetic shield constructed from a piece of pipe, and was eliminated in a second model merely by moving the bias power transformer  $T_1$  a few inches further toward the rear of the chassis. K4EEU will furnish a  $\frac{3}{4}$ -scale layout print of the front panel and chassis, at his cost of \$1.00, which clarifies some of the constructional details. With this print he also includes some mimeographed data on typical r.f. voltage readings.

Referring to the first Stray on page 63 of February QST, WØGXV now tells us that the two tapes he donated to the Voicespondent Club cannot be copied for non-members of the Club, sightless or otherwise. But, WØGXV will try to arrange for the sightless to get free copies of these two tapes if they will contact him first by tape or letter. Don't send any more inquiries direct to the Mr. Griffith mentioned in the original Stray. That gentleman was swamped with requests.

Have any old political campaign buttons or badges, or other souvenirs of presidential election campaigns in the United States? Contact K2TMJ, who has a prize-winning collection.

K1JFF had been working toward WAS, WAVE, and WAC for two years, and still needed two states, a VE7, and an Asian. On three successive nights he worked the two missing states, the VE7, and a KR6, and it was the first time he had even heard any of these prefixes!

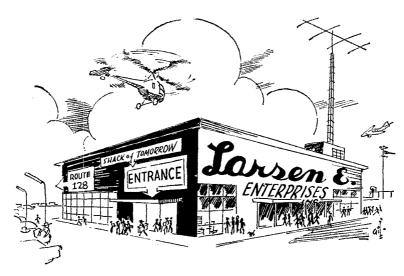
The Army's Deputy Chief Signal Officer, Earle F. Cook, W4FZ, was recently promoted to the rank of major general.

The Franklin Technical Institute Radio Club has learned that there is a Santa Claus. W1NWO has just donated to the Club his entire station, consisting of a.m./s.s.b. kilowatt transmitter and 75A-4 receiver. Incidentally, the Club gives code and theory classes each week, and further info on these could be obtained by contacting W1QZF.



Thirty-five years service was the record rung up by Communications Manager F. E. Handy, W 1 BDI, on February 20 of this year, it having been that number of years since he first reported to the Headquarters as Acting Traffic Manager.

OST for



Announcing the formation of

# LARSEN E. ENTERPRISES, INC.

"Servicing the amateur from coast to coast"

To borrow a slogan from our favorite radio magazine, we are "devoted entirely to amateur radio." We will not sell to anyone who is not a licensed radio amateur, except at list prices. As the authorized dealer for every manufacturer in the world, we stock only the finest equipment in every price range.

You are invited to park your car free in our spacious lot at the rear of the west wing, just off Route 128. If you fly in, avail yourself of the facilities on the landing strip, and our smiling pilot will be pleased to bring you without delay to our heliport on the roof. However you travel, a short escalator ride brings you to our SHACK OF TOMORROW, where the latest in new transmitters and receivers are on display and ready for your personal tests and comparisons. Any normal questions you may have will be cheerfully answered by our college-trained hostesses; sticky questions of a highly technical nature will be referred to the proper Resident Field Engineer. Ask to see the revolutionary QS-59 receiver, which QST calls "one of the best-kept secrets of the radio industry" (April, 1959, page 67).

(April, 1959, page 67).

The budget-conscious amateur is invited to use the Family Entrance to our GIVEAWAY SALON, where we feature the finest in slightly-used equipment. Every transmitter, receiver, beam and tower on display in this department has been brought to better-than-new perfection by our graduate engineers, and only factory-authorized parts and test procedures are used for the nurrose.

The do-it-yourself amateur will find a wide variety of kits on display in the kIT CABIN in the east wing. We include free with each kit purchase the full use of our WONDER WORKSHOP, with tools, free solder, air conditioning and helpful advice by the KIT COUN-

SELOR. If you don't have the time to assemble the entire kit yourself, one of our engineers will be glad to do it for you, just for the pleasure it gives him. No tipping, please.

When you have made your selection, one of our constant attendants will be pleased to introduce you to our CREDIT CHAIRMAN, who is also president of the local chapter of the Optimist's Club. He will be happy to arrange time payments like you have never seen before.

In the basement the OLD TIMER is in charge of YE PROVERBIAL JUNKE BOX, where the discriminating buyer may purchase individual parts for experimentation and replacement. We suggest you telephone first (be our guest — reverse the charges) to insure that we have your component in stock, to avoid disappointment on your part and embarrassment on ours. Sorry, but all JUNKE BOX sales are strictly cash.

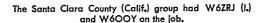
No visit would be complete without a stroll through the PRINT SHOPPE. Here you will find exciting authentic reproductions of the rarest QSL cards in the world, many at fairly reasonable prices. Included in the purchase price will be your call and signal report, filled in by our PATIENT PENMAN in an exact duplicate of the original handwriting and ink. These QSL cards are rapidly becoming very popular for decorative and other purposes: they make excellent gifts for "the ham who has everything, almost."

Next month we will tell you about our mail-order department, featuring free Air Express to any point on the globe. In the meantime, if you are in the vicinity, drop in and see us; we think our service will please you.

73.

Larsen E. Rapp President

Larsen E. Enterprises, Inc., Kippering-on-the-Charles, Mass.





## Flexing Our Emergency

Communications Muscles

## The 1959 Simulated Emergency Test

BY GEORGE HART,\* WINJM

THE 1959 SET was another good test of the Amateur Radio Emergency Corps and the National Traffic System, complete with its high points, low points, good and bad performances and unusual occurrences. After it was all over and reports had stopped drifting in and your NEC had cursed and sweated his way through the statistical analysis, it turned out that the national point total, as well as most other data, showed a slight increase over the 1958 performance. There were the usual "old faithful" ECs who turned in complete and accurate reports, a goodly number of new reports from eagerbeavers taking part in the SET for the first time, and about the customary amount of sloppiness in reporting. But all in all, it looks as though the SET is here to stay.

## This SET - What Is It?

Early in October of each year, after everybody has come back from vacation and is tired of loafing, we pry off the lid of the active operating season by throwing a nationwide test of our amateur emergency communication and traffic handling facilities. Each Emergency Coordinator appointee is requested to conduct some kind of a simulated emergency shindig during a specified week end, in cooperation with his local Red Cross or civil defense organization. Each AREC member originates a message to ARRL Headquarters, and messages are also filed from local Red Cross chapters to their national headquarters and from local c.d. directors to state c.d. director and OCDM regional and national administrators. It is at once both a local and nationwide activity of both emergency communications and traffic handling facilities for the purpose both of a public demonstration and an annual evaluation of our capabilities. If you weren't in it, you missed some fun, OM.

## ARRL Activities

Almost 1500 messages were received from ECs
\*National Emergency Coordinator, ARRL.

and AREC members, and another two hundred were received from other officials at ARRL headquarters. Altogether, the count of traffic delivered to the headquarters stands at 1667, this largely concentrated over a period of three or four days. W1AW was kept real busy, copying 835 messages over the air. W1YBH, Connecticut's active PAM, phoned in 315 received at his station. W1NJM delivered 192 and W1BDI 131. Other Connecticut amateurs who delivered messages to headquarters, either by telephone or mail, were K1EKJ (45), W1YNC (41), W1EFW (17), K1HZT (7), W1DPO (6), W1HRO (2) and W1DAV (1). The rest were mailed in from outside Connecticut, 56 of them from the west coast.

Although all participating AREC members did not send us messages, we can conveniently break down receipts into call areas as a pretty good general indication of activity concentrations. As usual, the Fourth Call Area is 'way out in front in this respect, 369 messages having been received from AREC members in the southland. The Ø (Zeroth?) Call Area sent us 240 messages to take second place in '59. Following down the list, we have the Second Call Area with 145, the Ninth with 139, the Eighth with 133, the Seventh with 119, the Fifth with 102, the Sixth with 100, the First with 59 and, down at the bottom as usual, the Third with 36. We also received 27 messages from the VEs and 11 from the KP4s.

The greatest number of reports was received from Minnesota (37), but most of these were included in the report of the SEC. From the standpoint of separate reports, Michigan and Ohio were tops, with 12 each. Michigan contributed the highest score (4309) to the national total, largely because of the Detroit Metropolitan score of 3222. Among other high scoring sections were New York City-Long Island (2385), Eastern Florida (1796), Ohio (1396), Santa Clara Valley (887), Illinois (839), Indiana (839), Eastern New York (697), Tennessee (655),

Colorado (593) and Massachusetts (592). In most of the high-scoring sections, the performance of a single large city or metropolitan area was the principal contributing factor. Among large cities taking part we note Detroit, Chicago, New York, Miami, New Orleans, Cleveland, Houston, Louisville, Washington, St. Louis, Baltimore and Toronto. Conspicuous by their absence were Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, Dallas, Kansas City and Pittsburgh. But the big city performance was much better than in 1958.

And we can't help but remark what a whopping national total we would have had if all who reported by radio had also reported by mail to submit their scores!

## V.I.P. Messages

Headquarters received messages from a number of non-amateur officials. South Carolina was a major contributor in this respect, with messages of greetings and felicitations from officials of Spartanburg, Rock Hill, Fort Mills, Lancaster, York County, Ebenezer, Hickory Grove, Mc-Connels, Sharon, Smyrna and Clover. Also heard from were officials of Dade County, Miami Springs, Pollack, Cocoa Beach, Eau Gallie, Brevard County and Pinellas County, Fla.; San Gabriel, Sunnyvale and Oakland, Calif.; Sioux City, Iowa; Kansas City, Kans.; Harris County and Houston, Texas; Berrien County, Mich.; Chicago, Ill.: Denver and Jefferson County, Colo.; Pine Grove, Pa.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Schenectady County, N. Y.; and Moorestown, N. J. Formal messages were also received from the director, OCDM Region 1 and the Communications Officer, OCDM Region 6. Thanks to all the above and to any we may have missed for taking the trouble to let us hear from you during the SET.

## Red Cross Activities

As a primary to-be-served agency, the American National Red Cross has always played an important part in the SET as AREC groups file messages from local chapters to national headquarters. ANRC communications headquarters in Richmond, Va., has informed us that during the 1959 SET messages were received from 34 states, a total of 275 messages. California headed the list, with 75 messages, and South Carolina was second with 72. Florida and Texas tied with 17, Minnesota 12, Michigan 8 and Oklahoma 6. Others originated five or less. Those states not heard from were Ala., Ariz., Ark., Conn., Del., Ga., Maine, Mass., Nebr., N. H., N. Mex., N. C., N. Dak., Tenn., Utah and Washington, Red Cross messages were collected at central points throughout the country and relayed to headquarters, and W4PHL calculates that 1230 message handlings were accomplished during the test.

## Civil Defense Activities

As usual, the SET had a strong civil defense flavor, with many RACES units participating in



Spark-plugging an active AREC group in Reno, Nevada, is EC W7PC/W7HPP, shown above operating from the Reno-Sparks-Washoe County C.D. Communications Bus during the SET.

their AREC hats, just as AREC units participate in their RACES hats during "Operation Alert."

Prior to the test (but not much prior) we wrote to OCDM Operational Headquarters in Battle Creek and to each of the eight OCDM regional offices. Considering the short notice we gave them, the response was excellent. Four regions definitely indicated that they would participate, and sent us monitoring schedules, which were put out over WIAW in the form of a special bulletin. OCDM Operational Headquarters (OHQ) at Battle Creek also asked all regions to participate and give them a report.

These reports were summarized by W8DUA and forwarded to us. They showed participation by five OCDM regions, plus the headquarters. Actually, only two regions did not participate, because the eighth region of OCDM was just being organized at the time of the test. We salute the active communications and radio officers of these regions, nearly all of whom are amateurs and very much interested in making a good showing: Region 1, K1IZU; Region 3, W4POI; Region 4, K8JAL; Region 6, WØWBC; Region 7, WA6FUN, W8DUA and K8BFI were active for



W7YXM, EC for Natrona County, Wyo., directing operations at the club house.

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Five of the mobiles used during the SET in Gallatin County, Mont. Left to right, they belong to K7CPE, W7ZPT, W7ED (EC), W7FLC and W7TKZ.

OHQ, and 27 messages were received from e.d. officials throughout the country. Contact was made by amateur radio between most of the regions and OHQ, and some of the regions, notably Region 6, had their own intra-regional drills. A brief summary of each region's report is perhaps in order:

Region 1 (New England, N. Y. & N. J.) made a good try, but only one message was received, and that by mail. Messages were originated for ARRL and contact established with Region 2, K4LOJ/3 on 40 meters (which, incidentally, is the only indication we have had that this region was active in any way).

Region 3 (Southeastern U. S.) had eleven stations on a monitoring schedule of the National Calling and Emergency frequencies and contact was made with OHQ and with Regions 1, 4 and 6. Message traffic was light.

K8JAL was quite active for Region 4 (Eastern Midwest states) with four operators and contact was made with Regions 3, 6 and OHQ. Thirty-seven message handlings were completed.

Six operators were active in Region 6 (Rocky Mountain and Western Midwest states) from WØWBC for a total of twelve operating hours, plus some additional operating from home stations. Contact was established with Regions 1, 2 and 4, and with state c.d. headquarters in Wyoming and North Dakota. Eleven messages were originated and five were received. Regional Communications Officer WØWBC summed up the operation as very worth while.

Although WA6FUN and W6LMR both monitored for Region 7 (Far Southwestern States), no messages were received and no contacts were made.

## Local Activities

We think we are safe in saying that there was more local activity in the SET in 1959 than in 1958, and you will notice that most of the figures are somewhat higher than last year's (in parentheses). But mail reports were lower and "hearsay" reports higher. Had it not been for the latter, our total of reports would be somewhat lower than in '58. A "hearsay" report is an indication that an AREC group was active only through receipt of a message from a participating AREC member or inclusion on an SEC's summary; the EC was not heard from directly. Here's the 1959 summary:

## Miscellany

You know, fellows, it isn't considered good policy to gripe in print, especially when you're trying to give an activity a

big build up, but some of the traffic handling during this last SET was really stinking. We reach the inescapable conclusion that a lot of our emergency people just don't know how to handle traffic, Out of 100 messages that ECs said they sent us, twenty-two were not received here at the headquarters. This "ain't good." Much of the traffic received was sloppy, garbled and old. We were still getting SET traffic ten days after the Oct. 10-11 week end. One west coast amateur labeled it "junk" and mailed it in all the way from California rather than "clutter up" the NTS with it. Others delayed it for days on end as unimportant. We'll have more to say on this subject, but not here.

We want to compliment some of our wide-awake SECs for their part in the activities. In Minnesota, W#TUS held a pre-SET forum of all interested Minnesota anateurs on 3820 kc., marshalling his forces for the big week end, resulting in the big Minnesota showing as reflected by the reports. Missouri SEC K#LTP and SCM W#BUL sent out a card to all ECs calling their attention to the upcoming SET, urging them to take part and announcing that he would be on 3900 kc. at a certain time to receive any traffic. In Eastern Florida, SEC W#IYT was conspicuous by his presence and gave us a full report, as did Maritimes SEC VE1BL, West Virginia SEC W#IYA, San Diego SEC W#LYF and several others. We dare say that in most of the sections that made a good showing, the efforts of the SECs were primarily responsible and deserve a great deal of credit.

"Our score was less than last year's, but we gained valuable operating experience and the SET was enjoyed by all who participated. Next year . . ." -- W6DEF, EC Redwood City, Atherton & Menlo Park, Calif. "Our SET problem was a railroad box car containing radioactive materials which had been humped and broken open, releasing dangerous radiation."—KoKIV, SEC Sacramento Valley, Calif. "... and that gives us 113 points, which I do not think is too bad."—KODCC, EC Montrose, Colo. "We also had an actual emergency and the hams did a commendable job." — KØBOH, EC Pueblo, Colo. "We hope to do much better next year . . ." — KOCEZ, EC Boulder County, Colo. The SET for Hillsboro County, Fla., was conducted by asst, EC K4LLG in the absence of an interested EC; K4LLG deserves much credit for his initiative. "K4SJII handled SET traffic direct to W1AW; all SET traffic was in Hartford Sunday night." — W4IYT, SEC E. Fla. "This test was pulled 'cold' on the fellows; only the club president and myself knew when it would be carried out." — W9MUL, EC Fulton County, Ill. "Tremendous interest and activity in this county; over 100 active members." - W9EJW. EC Marion County, Ind. "This is the first SET in this zone since 1951. Hope to have a very active group from now on." KØIZM, EC Kansas Zone 11. "Hams are not emergency conscious these days, some four years since the last disaster hit this area." - WISPF, EC Worcester, Mass. "Just like on purpose, my antenna relay burned out during the test." - W8RHD, EC Emmet & Cheboygan Counties, Mich. "We will do better next year." - WOTHY, EC Ramsey County, Minn. "There was much good will and publicity and respect for the amateur created during this test." — W7ED, EC Gallatin County, Mont. "The gang fooled me! They reported two extra (simulated) emergencies besides one I started with. We learned a lot and had a fine drill." - W7COH, EC Missoula Area, Mont. "The number one need is for more portable and emergency equipment; we are planning how to overcome this and other obstacles. Will be looking forward to next year's AREC SET." - W2OKS, Acting EC, Chautauqua County, N. Y. "The hams in Pembina County and vicinity have been more than willing to cooperate. Being EC is an easy job when you have such people to work with. - KØHOZ, EC Pembina County, N. Dak. "The SET went well. Next year ought to see even more participation with a bigger rating." - W8WAB, EC Seneca County, Ohio. "We

had our SET in conjunction with the Sheriff's Department on Hallowe'en night, thereby serving in the public interest."

— W8QLJ, EC Lake County, Ohio. "Drove back 450 miles from hunting trip to put on SET. Absent members were out hunting," — W7MW, EC Benton County, Ore. "We expect to have an active AREC group going here to supplement existing RACES facilities by the first of the year."—W3WRE, Acting EC, Cambria County, Pa. "Much better SET than last year."—W4AOY, Johnson City & Washington County, Tenn.

In the Kingsport, Tenn., SET, all messages coming into the control center were recorded, then given to typists to transcribed. This cut down on-the-air time, because messages could be read at normal reading speed. Good idea?
"If every ham that hasn't had to handle traffic during

an emergency had to do so, they would find that more harm than good can be done without practice." - W5DSF, Acting EC, Harris County, Texas.

Total reports of activity: 256 (216)

By mail: 145 (154) By radio: 137 (123) By "hearsay": 57 (24)

Bannock County 2

AREC members represented by mail reports: 6556 (5496)

Total known participation (mail reports): 2997 (2712)

Mobiles and portables: 990 (957)

Fixed stations on emergency power: 139 (142)

AREC member messages dispatched to ARRL: 1594 (1488) AREC member messages received by radio a ARRL: 1480 (1457)

EC radio reports dispatched to ARRL: 100 (161)

no radio reports dispaiched to AKKL: Total points compiled: 23,738 (21,794)		
Area	Reported By	Pointe
ALABAMA		
Chambers County 2	W4PHY	106
Jefferson County 8	W4EOH	
BRITISH COLUMBIA		
Southern Section 2	VE7APH	152
CALIFORNIA		
Eureka <sup>3</sup>	W6SLX	
Fresno County 1	K6BGO	120
Milbrae	W6WIS	
Mountain View, Sunnyvale, Santa		
Clara, Los Altos <sup>2</sup>	WA6EIC	187
Redlands & vicinity 1,2	K6GGS	138
Redwood City, Atherton, Menlo		
Park <sup>2</sup>	W6DEF	316
Region 7, Area F (Long Beach) <sup>7</sup>	W6RUC	95
Sacramento County	K6QIF	152
San Bruno	W6VYH	
San Diego Section	W6LYF	220
Santa Barbara <sup>1</sup>	K6DXW	164
South San Francisco <sup>2</sup>	W6QIE	306
Southern Alameda County <sup>1</sup>	K6JNW	248
Tulare County 1,2	W6ARE	79
Vallejo Area	W6ZZF	124
COLORADO		
Boulder County <sup>2</sup>	KØCEZ	81
Denver & Jefferson Counties 1,2	WØSIN	199
Montrose & Delta Counties 2,8	KøDCC	113
Pueblo <sup>2,9</sup>	KøBOII	155
Yuma	WØYMP	55
CONNECTICUT		
Danbury 3	W1ADW	
Falls Village 2.10	K1BEN	45
Newington 2	Winjm	44
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 3	W3ECP	
FLORIDA	117 ( ) ( ) ( )	
Brevard County 1	W4BWR	194
Broward County 1,2	W4DLM	259
Dade County 1,2	W4SJZ	754
Hillsboro County 2	K4LLG	
New Smyrna Beach	K4TDN	100
Okaloosa County 1	W4BPJ	130
Okeechobee County 1,2	W4PZT	60
Orange County 2	W4NKD	152
Pensacola 4	WAD II	• • •
Polk County 3	W4BJI	649
South Pinellas County 1,2 Volusia County 1,2	K4PMK	243
Volusia County 1.2 GEORGIA	K4UJW	134
Cobb County	W4FTB	49
	04110	49
IDAHO		



The net control station for the Schuykill County, Pa., SET was K3BHU, above.

Bingham County 7	K7GHY	5
ILLINOIS		
	W9HPG	F00
Cook County 2		592
Fulton County 8	W9MUL	
Greene, Jersey, Calhoun Counties 2	W91FA	80
McLean County 2	W98XL	157
Monroe County 5	WOICE	
Skokie 4		
		• • •
INDIANA		
Cass County 2	K9GMH	114
Davis County 3	W9RAT	
Henly County 3	W9ZSC	
		• • •
Jackson County <sup>3</sup>	W9RTH	
Lake County 3		
Marion County 2	W9EJW	158
Morgan County 1,2	W9ZSK	88
Orange County 2	W9QYQ	65
Forter County 2	W9EHE	165
Switzerland County 3	W9FFE	
Vanderburgh County 1,2	W9DGA	249
IOWA		
Des Moines County 2,12	KØAFN	82
Polk County 1	Manih	325
Sioux City 3	WØERG	
Story County 3	KØCLI	
KANSAS		• • • •
	STAT NAZ	170
District 16 13	WØLNZ	179
Douglas County 4		
Zone 5 3	KØBXF	
Zone 9 3	WØONF	
	11 00212	• , •
Zone 11, Butler, Marion & Chase	TraTerar	
Counties 2	KøIZM	175
KENTUCKY		
Barren County 3	W4TQD	
Jefferson County & area 1	W4BAZ	243
	WIDAU	~ 117
LOUISIANA		
Westside Area, New Orleans 1,2,14	W5INL	104
MARYLAND		
Baltimore City 2	W3MAZ	198
Baltimore County 3	W3GME	
Calvert County 3	M3MG	
MASSACHUSETTS		
Fall River <sup>2</sup>	WIYHY	92
Groveland 1,2	WIMRQ	116
Holden 3		
	WIDXS	
Waltham 1,15	WIJSM	ษอั
Winchester 2,16	KIGYM	96
Winthrop 1,10	W1BB	283
Worcester	WISPF	
	II IOI I	
MICHIGAN	*****	
Antrim County <sup>2</sup>	K8DNV	76
Barry County 2	W8TOX	85
Berrien County & part of Cass		
County 2	W8QQO	184
Culbour Country 2 14		
Calhoun County 2,14	K8CIS	114
Detroit Metropolitan Area #1 18	W8WFA	3222
Emmet & Cheboygan Counties 1,2,13	W8RHD	90
Genesee County 2,10	W8DTZ	193
Isabella County 1,17	W8PDF	65
reaccus County	HOLDE	60

**April** 1960 55

W7GCO



K8LCL, one of the operators in the Lawrence County,  $$\operatorname{\textsc{Ohio}}$, SET.$$ 

Kalamazoo 4	Woodo	613
Menominee County	W8GGQ W8UOQ	91 189
Shiawassee County 2,18 St. Clair County 3	WSQFQ	109
MINNESOTA	1100000	• · · ·
Aitken County 4		
Anoka County 2	WØHEN	34
Beltram County 4		
Benton County 4	• • • • • • •	• • •
Carlton County 4	* * * * * * * *	• • •
Cass County <sup>4</sup> Clay County <sup>4</sup>	• • • • • • •	• • •
Cottonwood County 4		
Crow Wing County 2	KøMAH	76
Douglas County 4		•••
Faribault County 4		
Freeborn County 4		
Hennepin County 4		
Itasca County 4	• • • • • • •	• • •
Jackson County 4	******	• • •
La Sueur County 4	• • • • • • •	• • •
Marshall County <sup>4</sup> Mille Lacs County <sup>4</sup>	• • • • • • •	• • • •
Mower County 4		• • • •
Nobles County 4	11.44.444	• • •
Olmsted County 1,2	WØTJA	179
Ottertail County 4		
Pennington County 4		
Pine County 4		
Pipestone County 4		:::
Ramsey County 2	WØTHY	137
Red Lake County 4		• • •
Rice County 4 Rock County 8	KøKYK	
Saint Louis County 2	KøQLM	72
Stearns County 4	rep@Dit	
Steele County 4		• • •
Swift County 4		
Tood County 4		• • •
Waseca County 4		• : :
Windom 19	KØIKU	66
Winona County MISSOURI	KøGIW	46
Columbia 4		
Dixon 4		
Gilman City 4		
Harrison & Mercer Counties 3	KØOLW	
Raytown <sup>3</sup>	WØOMM	
Redwood County 3,5	KØEPT	
Springfield Area 1,2	WØHUI	218
West Plains 4		
MONTANA Broadwater County <sup>8</sup>	W7ED	
Butte 2	W7JFR	124
Gallatin County	W7ED	111
Missoula Area 1,2	W7COH	167
Wheatland County	W7INM	48
NEVADA		
Boulder City 2	W7HJ	125
Reno	W7PC	71
NEW DDINGWICE	W7HPP	
NEW BRUNSWICK Charlotte County 4		
Citing to the Country -		•••

Bastimonaha & Madadasha Coun-		
Restigouche & Madadaska Counties		
Sunbury & Kings Counties 4 NEW JERSEY		• • •
Atlantic County Wood-Ridge <sup>2,20</sup>	K2BKG W2DMJ	43 70
NEW MEXICO		70
Dona Ana County <sup>8</sup> Roswell <sup>4</sup>	W#OME/5	• • •
NEW YORK		
Albany County Bayside	W2AWF K2JLD	140 14
Bethlehem 2,22	K2GTI	96
Chautauqua County <sup>2</sup> Dutchess County & Poughkeep-	W2OKS K2GCH	208 268
sie 1,2,21 Five Towns Area	W2HZZ	98
Kings County 2,18	W2GQP K2CTK	421
Livingston County Nassau County <sup>1</sup>	K2GSO W2FI	45 1679
Nassau County Area #7 10	K2DHC	1019
Onondaga County <sup>4</sup> Orleans County <sup>8</sup>	K2QKM	51
Queens County 8	W2LGK	
Queens County, 10 Meters <sup>1</sup> Rockland County <sup>14</sup>	W2IAG W2EHZ	173 77
Schenectady County 2	K2HNW	116
Staten Island <sup>3</sup> Steuben County <sup>2</sup>	W2VKF W2YIY	182
NORTH CAROLINA		.02
Winston-Salem <sup>3</sup> NORTH DAKOTA	K4DVE	• • •
Burleigh County 8	KøESO	
Pembina County <sup>18</sup> NOVA SCOTIA	KøHOZ	121
Halifax City & County 4		
Annapolis County 4 OHIO	* * * * * * * * *	•••
Cincinnati 4		,
Clermont County <sup>8</sup> Cuyahoga County <sup>1,23</sup>	W8WYS W8AEU	567
Franklin County	W8TSE	34
Jackson County <sup>3</sup> Lake County <sup>1,25</sup>	W8WRT W8QLJ	114
Lawrence County 1,2,24	W8EPJ	83
Montgomery County <sup>3</sup> Muskingum County <sup>1</sup>	W8HEQ W8RVU	134
Seneca County 2	W8WAB	162
Stark County 1,2 Washington County	W8AL W8VZ	214 88
OKLAHOMA		
Comanche <sup>3</sup> Craig County <sup>4</sup>	W5HFN	• • •
Garfield County	W5MFX	109
Grant County <sup>2</sup> Jackson County <sup>3</sup>	K5BAT W5IZM	36
Muskogee County 2,26	W5WAX	84
Oklahoma County <sup>3</sup> Okmulgee County <sup>3</sup>	K5HTF W5WAF	• • •
ONTARIO	*****	
Belleville Area <sup>2,16</sup> Toronto Metropolitan, 75 Meters <sup>27</sup>	VE3AUU VE3DSM	73 141
OREGON		
Benton County Coos County 4	W7MW	78
Lane County	W7WPW	112
Lincoln County <sup>8</sup> PENNSYLVANIA	W7RXJ	
Cambria County 2,29	W3WRE	96
Delaware County <sup>3</sup> Luzerne County	W3ICZ W3ZLP	35
Montgomery County 1,2,28	W3ZXV	275
Schuykill & Lebanon Counties <sup>3</sup> York County <sup>4</sup>	M.3OlG	• • •
PUERTO RICO 3	KP4ABN	•••
RHODE ISLAND Barrington <sup>1</sup>	WITGD	140
Newport 1	WIJFF	74
SOUTH CAROLINA Aiken County 4		
Barnwell 4		
Holly Hill <sup>3</sup> Lancaster <sup>3</sup>	K4MBN K4OLO	• • •
Rock Hill 2,30	W4UMW	167

56 QST for

Spartanburg 4			Prince William County 2	W4PVA	49
Winnsboro 3	W4MVX		WASHINGTON		
SOUTH DAKOTA			Pierce County 4		
Brown County 3	WØNWM		Spokane Vicinity	K7BEO	105
Clay County 3	WØDKJ		WEST VIRGINIA		
Tripp County 2,31	KØBMQ	19	Cabell County 2	W8FUM	114
Union County 5	WØWUU		Kanawha County 2	K8CSG	
TENNESSEE			Princeton 4		
Anderson County 3	K4EDB		Wheeling 4		
Johnson City & Washington	W4AOY	128	WISCONSIN		
County 1,2			Dane County 3	W9CWQ	
Kingsport 2,13	W4PID	108	Dunn County 3	K9DAC	
Knox County 2	W4ZBQ	114	Eau Claire County 2	W9BEW	92
Knoxville	W4YZJ	98	Door-Kewaunee Counties 32	W9UFY	44
Memphis & vicinity	W4BAQ	198	Marathon County 8	W9VHA	
Oak Ridge 4			Milwaukee 4		• • •
Roane County 8	W4VNU	39	Washington County 2	W9SAA	41
TEXAS			WYOMING		
Corpus Christi, Nueces County 2	W5AQK	209	Natrona County 2	W7YXM	141
Harris County 1,2	W5DSF	440	Sheridan	W7BFL	74
Palo Pinto County	W5HRN	89			
Taylor County 1,2	K5LGT	130	Bettered last year's score. 2 Rep		
Tyler & Hardin Counties 3	W5ZTB		and radio. 3 Report received by ra		
VERMONT			port; EC not heard from directly.		
Burlington 3	K1BNL	• . •	6 Data included in Nassau County		
Rutland 4			25, 9 Oct. 9, 10 Oct. 5, 11 Oct. 10-		
VIRGINIA			<sup>13</sup> Oct. 18, <sup>14</sup> Oct. 12, <sup>15</sup> Oct. 19, <sup>16</sup> N		
			00 1904 00 2004 04 2104	n = n a n 99 c	A T.3

W4THM

W4MIB

## California Mobilecade and Field Trial

46

April 10, 1960

Arlington County 4 Bristol 1,2,13

Fairfax County 3

HERE'S a mobile event that other parts of the country might want to imitate. This will be the second year that it has been tried in California, and it appears well on its way to being an annual affair at San Luis Obispo. In essence, this is a contest to select the most efficient mobile, and will be held at San Luis Obispo Air Field. The committee in charge of arrangements includes K6VIC, W6OZS, K6MAU, and K6SKU. Contact any of these fellows for further details. The complete rules are printed, below.

- 1. The mobile transmitter must be provided with leads, external to the transmitter, available in the front seat of the automobile to permit measuring final plate voltage and current independent of the transmitters meters. This is to provide access for standard meters that will be used by the contest judges. (Suggestion: The B+ lead be removed from the final amplifier r.f. choke and extended through the transmitter case. An additional lead should be soldered to the B+ end of the final amplifier choke and also brought through the case. These leads may be wrapped together and taped for protection for normal operation prior to arrival in test area.)
- 2. Each participant will be limited to one official trial which will be made on a first come - first served basis. Time permitting, additional unofficial trials may be made after all participants have had an official trial.
- 3. The official frequency for competition will be 3995 kc. All tests and tuning in the San Luis Obispo area must be done before 0930 on April 10. Any contestant testing on this frequency after the official starting time of 1000 hrs. will be disqualified.
- 4. Antenna Specifications; any type mobile antenna may be used in the contest provided it is capable of normal operation on the highways of California and is the antenna which was mounted on the automobile before leaving the home QTH and driving en route to San Luis Obispo.
- 5. The official field-strength measurement will be made approximately 4900 feet from the transmitting point, received on a pick-up antenna consisting of a mobile whip mounted on an automobile. The field strength will be

measured with a logarithmic a.c. v.t.v.m. An efficiency factor will be determined by:

30, <sup>19</sup> Oct. 28, <sup>20</sup> Oct. 21, <sup>21</sup> Oct. 3, 5, 8 & 9, <sup>22</sup> Sept. 12, <sup>23</sup> Oct. 7, <sup>24</sup> Sept. 29, <sup>25</sup> Oct. 31, <sup>26</sup> Oct. 4, <sup>27</sup> Oct. 24, <sup>28</sup>

Oct. 8, 29 Oct. 13, 30 Oct. 30-31, 31 Oct. 23, 32 Oct. 3. Q57-

Received r.f. volts2

Power imput to final amplifier

Unofficial readings for comparison will be attempted at several points (5 to 100 miles).

- 6. Time Schedule: Sign up begins at 0930, April 10, 1960 Contest starts at 1000.
- 7. Prizes: Perpetual trophy "The Five Foot Golden Whip" Permanent trophy "The Mobile Oscar" Both will be presented to the ONE mobile station exhibiting the highest efficiency.



57 **April** 1960

## CONDUCTED BY EDWARD P. TILTON,\* WIHDQ

Back in the days when a V.H.F. Sweepstakes brought in a few hundred logs we could get a summary of the contest in the April issue of QST. Now that participation is many times its early proportions, this kind of reporting is no longer possible. We can't even tell you how many logs were submitted, at this writing, but they make quite a pile!

Because there was almost no  $F_2$ -layer DX to give 50-Mc. operators a chance for astronomical section multipliers, scores are not as high as in the two previous contests where this mode of propagation was a factor. There were two excellent sporadic-E sessions, however, and some 6-meter-DX was worked in every corner of the country. A brief flash of  $F_2$  across the Pacific provided a few West Coast operators a shot at Hawaii. Two-meter activity was at a high level, and this band was probably a larger factor in the scoring than it has been for some years past.

An all-time high for number of contacts by a single operator was set by W3KKN, Willow Grove, Pa., with 483 stations worked on 50, 144 and 220 Mc. This was good for 27,048 points, the gountry's top score. The Philadelphia area was the scene for the four top scores. In addition to W3KKN, note the fine records of W3TYX, W3HYJ and K2TYW. This region was so loaded with activity that K2ITP was able to work 400 stations for 18,400 points, even with more than β hours of the contest period away from home. Interest was spread well over the country, however. Dozens of logs, representing most sections of the country, show contact totals over 300.

Multiple-operator stations turned in impressive records. W2ADE, Mountain Lakes, N. J., with 7 operators sharing the load, made 512 gontacts on three bands, for 32,016 points. Some of the coldest weather of the winter couldn't keep the Waltham Amateur Radio Association grew at home. They set up, as so often in the past, on Pack Monadnock Mountain, Peterboro, N. H., running up 428 contacts for 24,621 points. The father-son team of W2REB and K2MPV, Chews Landing, N. J., turned in 428 contacts also, for 23,112 points. One of the finest West Coast scores ever was the work of the Southern California V.H.F. Club, W6VHF, with 470 contacts on 3 bands, for 15,024 points. Leading the Middle West were two single-operator stations: K9KLU and K9HWY, both of Chicago, with 346 — 17,922 and 278 — 17,792, respectively.

The sporadic-E skip made possible some surprising totals by operators who have only limited \*V.H.F. Editor, QST.

local activity to draw on otherwise. W4LIP, Miami, Fla., leads in this category with 205 50-Mc. QSOs in 19 ARRL Sections, for 15,990 points, K5TKR, Arlington, Texas, was 220-21-13,640, all on 50 mc.

Some kind of record may have been set by W1UZL/1. Operating from a police radio building atop Mt. Wachusett, near Princeton, Mass., W1UZL and K1IZM combined forces to put a kilowatt s.s.b. rig on the air on 50 Mc. Using only s.s.b. and c.w., they worked 117 stations in 24 sections. Of these, 97 QSOs were with s.s.b.

This preliminary report is based on claimed scores only. The logs concerned have not been checked, so figures are not final. Official scores, club standings and final contest statistics will be in QST as soon as checking can be completed. Guess on the club award winner: It looks like the South Jersey Radio Association again, but they had a battle on their hands.

## HIGH CLAIMED SCORES 1960 A.R.R.L. V.H.F. SWEEPSTAKES

Single Operator	W3H KZ12,213
W3KKN27,048	W1LGE12,122
W3TYX26,660	K3IUV11,820
W3HYJ21,752	W2YHP11,760
K2TYW24,261	W3JSD11,550
W1RJA23,460	K3BPP11,520
W2BLV23,188	K3ECF11,450
W3HFY20,944	K3AAX/3,11,424
W1GEF19,600	W2HTL11,400
W3TDF19,500	W3IBH11,400
W3CL19,132	W1MIT10,956
W2EIF19,240	K3KMN10,868
K2ITP18,400	K1ICM10,851
K9KLU17,992	K3IUZ10,450
K9HWY17,792	W3FQD10,428
W2PAU16,475	W2LWI10,410
W4LIP	K2KCI10,311
W8NRM15,392	W3FOZ10,080
W2BV15,120	
K2HOD 15,012	Multiple Operator
W1HDQ14,880	W2ADE32,016
W1FTX14.849	W1MHL/124,621
W1RFU14,732	W2REB23,112
W2NSF14,625	K2AA16,224
W3CKP14,352	W6VHF
W3FSC14,352	W9ROS14,554
K2HHS14,050	K2RRM/213,804
W2JAV14,040	W3DJW
W2TUR13,720	K2YIB12,768
K5TKR13,640	W3VXJ12,400
W4LTU	K8DJB/8,11,822
W2KFC12,792	K6TJL/611,268
W21QVF12.600	K8GYK11,000
W2LBX12,581	KIJCU10,584

### Here and There

V.h.f. men who hide out ten months in the year, waiting for the tropopsheric openings commonly experienced in September and October, miss out on some good stuff. Example, superb tropospheric propagation of late January

## 50 Mc. WAS

1 WØZJB WØBJV 3 WØGJS 4 WØAJG 5 W9ZHL 6 W9OCA 7 W6OB 8 WØINI 9 WIHDG 11 W2IDZ 12 WILLL 13 WØDZN 15 WØSMJ 16 WØSMJ 17 WØOGV 18 W7ERA	) V V B I V	19 W3OJU 20 WSTM 21 K6EDX 22 W5SFW 23 W9ORI 24 W9ALU 25 W8CM 26 W9MV 27 W9CNI 30 W7HE/ 21 K0GOO 32 W7FFE 34 W6BJI 35 W2ME 36 W1CLS 37 W6PJ	** /* S* GVI	38 W7ILL 39 W9DD: 40 W6DO 41 K9DXT 42 W6ABN 43 W6BAZ 44 VE3AE: 45 W9JFP 46 W9JIFP 46 W9UIN 47 W0WW 48 K9ETD 50 W3LPC 51 W0ZTV 52 W6GC 53 W2RG 54 W1DE 55 W1HO 56 W6ANI	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! Y ! Y ! Y ! Y ! Y ! Y	57 W1SUZ 58 W1AEF 59 W5LFH 60 W6NLZ 61 W7MA 62 W8ESZ 63 W2BYN 64 W7ACF 65 K6PH 66 W4HO 67 K6JJA 68 K6RNC 69 W9QW 70 W6ED 71 K6VLN 72 K6GO 73 W9LL 74 W9LCI 75 W6LL	*   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *   *
VE7CN KL7AUV VE1EF XE1GE VE2AOM KH6UK E12W	15 14 12 39 38 37 37	VE4HS SM6ANR CO2ZX SM7ZN PZ1AE SM6BTT ZE2JV	41 30 30 29 28 28 26	LU9MA ZS3G CT1CO CO6WW LA9T LU3DCA SM5CHH	26 26 24 21 21 20 20	LA7Y VQ2PL JA8AO JA8BU JA1AAT JA1AUH VP5FP	20 18 18 17 17 16

that had the entire Middle West agog. Beginning Jan. 29 and running through Feb. 2, this session compared favorably with the best any season can offer. Signals out to 400 miles or so were like locals, and solid voice contacts were made over distances of 600 to 700 miles.

Everything from locals on out was affected, and some phenomenal 144-Mc. contacts were made with low power and simple antennas. W#DWB, Independence, Mo., using a Communicator with a 5-element Yagi resting on the rafters of his garage, was able to work K9EEK, Frankford, Ind., 450 miles away. KN9RVG, mobile in Chicago with a Communicator and a halo antenna, had an 87 signal at W9JFP, Milwaukie, more than 100 miles away. W5FYZ, Minden, La., worked W9LF, Peoria, Ill., and heard W9EGH, Goshen, Ind.

Many areas were linked on 220 Mc. for the first time. KØITF, Prairie Village, Kan., worked W8PT, Benton Harbor, Mich., W9JIY, Indianapolis, W9FQC, Aurora, Ill., W9ZIH, Chicago, and W9AAG, Woodhull, Ill., running only 10 watts input. The hop to W8PT is about 500 miles. W8PT's list included KØDGU WØDDX and KØITF, all worked with strong voice signals. W9AAG worked Kansas, Missouri, Indiana and Ohio, all for the first time on 220.

A winter propagation surprise of a different sort broke on Jan. 23, but we didn't hear about it until too late to make March QST, W6NLZ heard 50-Mc, sporadic-E skip coming in from under 350 miles. This meant that the m.u.f. was shooting up very high for a winter opening, so John fired up on 144-Mc. c.w., calling CQ in an easterly direction. After about three tries he raised W5UNH, Kerrville, Texas. This is the first instance we know of where E<sub>s</sub> DX has been worked on 144 Mc, in other than the peak of the summer DX season. Contact was made at 1817 CST, and signals held for some 20 minutes thereafter, strong on peaks with deep and rapid fading - typical high-m.u.f. Es characteristics. We have believed sporadic-E skip to be very rare on 144 Mc., but fairly frequent instances of it in the last few years indicate that it may have been possible more often than we have realized. Very short skip on 50 Mc. is the best clue. If you hear someone on 50 Mc. 300 to 600 miles away working a station another 300 miles farther away, get going on 144. Your chances are at their best right then. Loud signals from 500 miles or more on 50 Mc. probably have little significance for the 144-Mc. operator. They merely mean that the m.u.f. is well above 50 Mc. for that distance, but by no means up to 144 Mc.

Meteor-scatter work on 144 Mc. need not always rely on a major shower. Just to see what would happen, W1JDF, Methuen, Mass., and WØBFB, Mitchelville, Iowa, have been keeping skeds at 2100 EST Tuesdays. The night of Feb. 2 W1JDF heard WØBFB five different times in a 1-hour test. Mostly this was just short pings, but at 2127 a burst long enough for identification was received. Sumner has heard WØBFB regularly on both morning and evening skeds, with bursts up to 8 seconds duration.

To further v.h.f. interest in an area where activity comes hard is the objective of the Chinook V.H.F. Society, ac-

cording to VE6HO, News Editor for the Society. Branches are being established in Calgary, Lethbridge and other Canadian cities, and in adjacent areas of this country—all "favored by the sweet gentle breath of the Chinook Wind." VE6HO is getting set for a move to a new location, but beginning next September he will be looking for schedules of both 50 and 144 Mc. He is particularly interested in aurora work.

It may be a surprise to some to learn that there are about 50 stations on 144 Mc. around Poise, Idaho, W70L, Caldwell, Idaho, says that nearly all work is with f.m., and he would like to see more mention of this in Q8T. We have a start in this direction coming up, in an article dealing with the conversion of commercial gear, now available in large quantities at reasonable prices. We will be glad to run more—if we get it. As for news, remember that this section of Q8T depends on you for its material.

Getting skeds lined up as to time is something of a prob lem, what with GMT, 4 U.S. time zones, and daylight saving time to contend with. W7RUX, Phoenix, Ariza plugs for GMT for all scheduling, so that everyone can use the same clock indication. We're not sure that v.h.f. men are ready for conversion to GMT (or even that it is desirable to try to think in terms of GMT for domestic scheduling) but we do feel strongly that daylight saving time has no place in amateur work. We also feel that 24-hour time is a must for ham purposes, and we have used 24-hour standard time in this department for some years now. It will help reporting accuracy if contributors will do likewise. Please report sked times, contacts and the like in EST, CST, MST or PST - 24-hour time. If a major portion of you want GMT, we'll consider that, but daylight saving time and A.M. and P.M. are just confusing gimmicks, for our purposes. Let's throw them out of ham radio, once and for

W9SCH, Deerfield, Ill., voices a familiar complaint, one that has been with us since the earliest days of v.h.f., or of amateur radio as a whole. Too often, Rock says, there is nothing doing on the 2-meter band. Nobody on? Let some DX break through and you find out soon enough where people are - but a thousand receivers don't make a sound. It's the sound of activity that begets activity, particularly among newcomers or prospective converts. We have no complaint against the fellow who drops his local QSOs and goes after the DX; the problem is the fellow who tunes for hours and never makes a sound except when something exotic turns up. Remember, the fellow who is considered DX is probably no better than the man in the next town. If all of us don't all make a point of getting on the air regularly, who will know when there is DX coming through? Careful listening is good policy - but just listening alone is

There have been schemes for combating this evil since time immemorial. They work only if complete cooperation exists, with schedules integrated carefully between areas; W2ESX, Moorestown, N. J., volunteers to call CQ on 144.006 nightly at 2300, first in a westerly direction, listening for the balance of a 5-minute period. If no contact is made, procedure would be repeated the next 5 minutes to the southwest, and then for 5 minutes to the southwest, and then for 5 minutes to the south. He has what it takes: 500 watts, a 36-element 4-bay array, and a 417-A converter. John also decries lack of e.w. ragchewing on 144 Mc. Though a few fellows regularly operate on c.w. (for other than weak-signal DX) W2ESX feels that experienced c.w. men could be enticed into v.h.f. work to a greater extent if they were sure of being able to enjoy a good fast ragchew on c.w. at will. Any v.h.f. band is a wonderful c.w. medium for distances up to 300 miles or so.

Though 50-Mc. DX has not been what it was for about three years previously, the band is by no means dead. January PRP reports showed a considerable pickup from December, particularly in the low latitudes, and along the TE routes. PZIAE. Surinam, logged 50-Mc. DX on all but 5 days in January. Rene heard European TV Jan. 10 and 31. ZC4WR had crossband contacts with ZE2JV on only 6 days in January, a low for the Cyprus-Southern Rhodesia circuit, but TE from Argentina north was in good form. LU3EX logged Puerto Ricans 10 days in January, and DX of some sort on all but 11 days. HC1FS, Quito, Ecuador, worked Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Mississippi and Texas Jan. 17. WβCNM, Grand Junction, Colo., logged KP4s Jan. 10.

W6BJI, Fresno, Cal., got a pleasant surprise Feb. 13, when the band opened to Japan. Gib worked JA2AAM

JA1CDF and JA1BWD between 1655 and 1720 PST. Midway teletype signals just below the band edge had been in for some time before, and were heard again on the 14th. This is W6BJI's first JA opening at this season of the year.

The unexpected break across the North Atlantic at the end of January was reported on a last-minute basis last month. Here is more dope, from W. A. Brady of the U. S. Embassy in London. He just happened to be tuning the 50-Mc. band at the right time and heard K1DIT, W1GP, W1LKD, and W1MFM Feb. 1, from 1648 to 1710 GMT, all S9-plus.

Our discussion of changing weather patterns and v.h.f. propagation in February QST brought information from W1KCT as to means by which weather data can be obtained. Information in considerable detail, revised every 6 hours, is available to anyone who has a radioteletype printer. Transmitted in World Meteorological Organization code, it contains details of cloud cover, wind direction, wind velocity, visibility, present weather, weather 3 hours previously, barometer, temperature, types of storm clouds, dewpoint, shape of barometric curve for past three hours, and net barometric change. Other information, also in code, gives details of fronts, occlusions, principal air masses and the like. The simple code can be obtained from the Government Printing Office.

The Michigan 6-Meter Club was formed a year ago to serve 6-meter men of the southeastern section of Michigan and adjacent Ohio. Net membership now includes about 120 stations. Their second annual club contest gets under way at 1400 April 23, running 24 hours. Any out-of-stater who works 10 or more Michigan stations is eligible for a certificate, to be issued by K8JGF, 19925 Greenview, Detroit 19. This information is from K8OXI.

From Illinois, K9BDJ writes that 4 of the 16 Skokie 6-Meter Indians are now on s.s.b. K9AMG W9BOD W9RWQ and K9BDJ are on 50.305, and they find that even low power gives very nice coverage. Their net (all types of emission) meets on 50.298 Mc. Mondays at 2100 CST. Indian certificates are available to operators within 50 miles who work 6 members, or to others who work 3. They have issued 78 of these thus far, to 5 call areas.

#### 220 Mc. and Up

Coverage on 220 Mc. is surprisingly good, even with low power, provided good antenna systems are used, says WØITO, Kansas City, Mo. Several of the gang have surplus Navy MAR gear, with a 2C39A in the final stage, running about 10 watts. Normally this transmitter is capable of putting 7½ watts into the antenna, but in a test WØLRC reduced his power until only ¼-watt output was indicated. His signal was still readable over the 18-mile path to WØITO.

WøLRC, KøTZN, and KøWPI are all using corner reflector arrays. WølTO has a modified 10-element Channel 13 Yagi. A ridge directly to the south, some 100 feet higher than the antenna, seems to have little effect on the 220-Mc. coverage. While low power works nicely, simple antennas do not. When all hands in this area were using groundplanes and dipoles, results were practically nil.

Amateurs having good receiving gear and antennas for 1250 Mc. may want to listen for tests to be conducted at Haverford College under the direction of Prof. Benham, W3DD. Both lunar and satellite-reflection tests will be made, using high power, a 12-foot parabolic reflector, and a receiver equipped with a parametric amplifier.

At the opposite end of the power scale is work being done on 2350 Mc. by K2DHE and WA2GAV, Wanamassa, N. J. Art and Chuck are using simple modulated oscillator and superregenerative receiver gear, built from information in the *Handbook*. With this simple equipment they have had good results over unobstructed paths of 50 miles.

Converted APX-6 rigs have been the life of the 1215-Mc. band in Southern California, according to W6hIMU. This is a modulated oscillator, with a superhet receiver having a broad passband. Obviously, these are not in the same league with crystal coutrol and low-noise receiver techniques, but with about 50 of the units on the air they keep interest alive between contests. Don has worked into San Diego with his APX-6 at his home location in Los Angeles.

Amateur television seems well established in Ohio. K8AGO, Columbus, puts a good video signal across the city to W8RRJ, 14 miles to the north, and a better one to W8TYY, about 8 miles away. His rig is *Handbook* style

### 2-METER STANDINGS

Figures are states. U.S. call areas, and mileage to most distant station worked

distant station w	ork	ea			
W1REZ 32 W1AZK 27 W1KCS 24 W1RFU 23 W1AJR 23 W1HDQ 21 W1MM 20 W1IZY 19 W1GCQ 19 W1AFO 17 W1AFR 17	8	$\frac{1300}{1205}$	W5SWV10 W5UNH6 W5YYO5	3	600
W1AZK27	87776	1205	W5UNH6	333	1200 1330
W1KC824	7		W5YYO5	3	1330
W1RFU23	7	1120 1130 1130 1020			
W1AJR23	7	1130	W6WSQ. 14 W6NLZ. 12 W6DNG. 9 W6AJF. 6 W6ZL. 5 W6MMU. 3	5	$\begin{array}{c} 1390 \\ 2540 \\ 1040 \end{array}$
WIHDQ21	6	1020	W6NLZ,12	- 5	2540
W1MMN20	6	qun	W6DNG9	5332	1040
W11ZY19	6	875 800	W6AJF6	3	800 1400
FICEG19	6	800	W6ZL	3	1400
WIAFU17	6	920	WOMINIU3	25	950
WIGHT IT	6 5	920 675 450	W7VMP 15 W7JRG 10 W7CJM 5 W7LHL 4 W7JIP 4 W7JU 4	-	1280
WICHELL	3	430	WATEC 10	5	1040
MINEYT XY OF	•	1700	W7CINI 6	4222	
WOOVY	8	1390	WZLHL	5	670 1050
WACAL	8	1220	W7JIP 4	5	900
K2COL 33	8	1360 1320 1200	W7JU 4	2	900 353
W24ZL 20	8888876	1050		•	
W2BLV 27	8	1020	W8KAY 38	8	1020
K2IEI. 25	7	1060	W8SDJ 35	×	990
W2AMJ 25	Ŕ	960	W8PT 34	×	985
W2DWJ23	Ř	860	W81FX 34	×	980
K2HOD23	6 7 6	950 753	W8LOF33	88886	1060
W2PAU23	6	753	W8RMH32	6	910
W28MX22	8	940	W8SVI30	8	1080
K2CEH22	8	91ŏ	W8SFG30	×	1000
W2LW1,21	6	700	W8EHW29	8	860
W2RXG20	6 7	700	W8LPD29	×	850
WZUTH19	6	880 720	WODAN	2	680 960
WZRGV,,19	5	1040	WONOT DE	8	800
Warey 10	6 7 5	1040 740	WONVE 52	8	790
W2NLY 37 W2CXY 37 W2CXY 37 W2ORI 37 K2GQI 33 W2AZL 29 W2BLV 27 K2TEJ 25 W2AMJ 25 W2DWJ 23 W2PAU 23 W2PAU 23 W2PAU 23 W2PAU 21 W2RXG 20 W2UWI 21 W2RXG 20 W2UWI 21 W2RXG 18 W2RXG 19 W2WZR 18 W2ESX 18 K2ELG 17	6	980	Wetter	8	975 720 800
REIGIG,,,If	O	800	WRITTY	8	940
Wabite au	o	OTE	KSA XII . 94	×	980
Wattor 20	8	975	WSGFN 23	×	540
Wackb 50	3	1050 1020	W8LCY21	ř	őlő
Wak Ca 50	8	1110	W8BLN21	7	610
W3SGA 97	7	700	W8KAY. 38 W8SDJ 35 W8PT 34 W8LOF 33 W8LOF 33 W8RMH 32 W8SVI 30 W8SFG 30 W8LFD 29 W8WRN 28 W8LPD 29 W8LPD 21 W8LP 21	~	550 550
W3EPH22	Ŕ	700 1000	W8NRM 17	7	550
W3BYF 22	Ř	660			
W3LNA21	7	720	W9KLR41	9	1160
W3NKM20	888786777	720 730	W9WOK,,40	9	1150 1075
W3RUE 30 W3TDF 29 W3GKP 29 W3KCA 28 W3SGA 27 W3EPH 22 W3BYF 22 W3LNA 21 W3NKM 20 W3LZD 20	7	650	W9GAB34	9	1075
			W9AAG32	8	1050
W4HJQ38	$\frac{8}{9}$	1150	W9REM 31	8	850 830
W4HHK36	a	1280	W9Z1H 30		830
				63	
W4ZA134	8	950	W9LVC27	8	950
W4ZX134 W4AO30	8	950 1120	W9LVC27 W9EQC27	888	950 820
W4AO 30 W4LTU 30	888	950 1120	W9LVC27 W9EQC27 W9OJI26	92229	950 820 910
W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28	****	950 1120 1160 850	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJI 26 W9ZHL 25	1000000	950 820 910 700
W4AO . 30 W4LTU . 30 W4MKJ . 28 W4UMF . 23	*****	950 1120 1160 850 1110	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJI 26 W9ZHL 25 W9BPV 25	4-10-0000	950 820 910 700 1030
W4ZAI 34 W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4UMF 28 W4VLA 26	******	950 1120 1160 850 1110	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJI 26 W9ZHL 25 W9BPV 25 K9AQP 24	222227	950 820 910 700 1030
W4ZAI 34 W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4UMF 28 W4UMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25	********	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJI 26 W9OJI 25 W9BPV 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W9LF 29	78-4-888888	950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825
W4ZAI 34 W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4UMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4FIJS 24	********	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJI 26 W9ZHL 25 W9BPV 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W9T,F 22 W9KPS 22	*******	950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825
W4Z\J 34 W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4UMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4EQM 24 K4EU8 24 K4EU8 24	*******	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJL 26 W9ZHL 25 W9BPV 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W91,F 22 W9KPS 22 W9CUX 21	******	950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825 690
W4ZAI .34 W4AO .30 W4LTU .30 W4MKJ .28 W4UMF .28 W4VLA .26 W4FQM .25 W4WNH .24 K4FUS .24 W4JCJ .23 W4VVF .31	888888866	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC. 27 W9OJI. 26 W9ZHL. 25 W9BPV. 25 K9AQP. 21 W9PBP. 24 W9HF. 22 W9KPS. 22 W9KPS. 22 W9CUX. 21 W9OEV. 20	**************	950 \$20 910 7000 1030 900 \$20 \$25 690 800 750
W42A1 34 W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4UMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WWH 24 K4EU8 24 W47CJ 23 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20	888888866	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000 1040 850 765 725 720	W9LVC. 27 W9EQC 27 W9OJI 26 W9ZHL 25 W9BPV 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W9LF 22 W9CUX 21 W9CUX 21 W9CUX 21 W9CHN 19	077777777777	950 820 910 700 1030 900 825 690 800 750
W4ZAI 34 W4ACO 30 W4MIKJ 28 W4VMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WWH 24 K4EUS 24 W4JOJ 23 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20 W4TLV 20 W4TLV 20	888888886676	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000 1040 850 765 725 720	W9LVC. 27 W96QC 27 W90JI. 26 W92HI. 26 W92HI. 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W9LF 24 W9LF 22 W9CUX 21 W9OUX 21 W9OEV 20 W9PMN 19	***************************************	950 \$20 910 7000 1030 900 \$20 \$25 690 800 750
W4ZAL 34 W4AO 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WKJ 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4EUS 24 W4VOJ 23 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20 W4TLV 20 W4OLK 20	888888886676	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1000 1040 850 765 725 720 1000 720	W9LVC. 27 W96QC 27 W90JI. 26 W9ZHL 26 W9ZHL 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W9LF 22 W9KPS 22 W9KPS 22 W9CUX 21 W9OEV 20 W9PMN 19 W9ALU 18		950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825 690 800 750 800
W4ZAJ 34 W4AC 30 W4MKJ 28 W4VMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WMH 24 K4FUS 24 W4VCJ 21 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20 W4TLV 20 W4TLZ 20 W4OLK 20 W4ALB 19	888888886676	950 1120 1160 850 11100 1040 850 765 725 720 1000 720 720 840	W9KLR. 41 W9WOK 40 W9GAB. 34 W9SAB. 32 W9SEN 33 W9SEN 33 W9SEN 30 W9FIN 30 W9FIN 26 W9FIN 25 K9AQP 21 W9FIN 25 K9AQP 24 W9FIN 22 W9CUX 21 W9FIN 22 W9CUX 21	9	950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825 690 800 750 800
W4ZAL 34 W4AO 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4EUS 24 W4VOL 23 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20 W4FKZ 20 W4GAB 19 W4RB 19 W4RB 19 W4RB 18	888888886676	950 1120 1160 850 1000 1040 850 765 725 1000 720 720 840	W9LVC 27 W96QC 27 W96QI 26 W99AH 25 W98H 25 K9AQP 11 W9FBP 24 W9IF 22 W9KFS 22 W9KFS 22 W9CUX 21 W9PMN 19 W9ALU 18 W9SMJ 29	9	950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825 690 800 750 800
W4ZAL 34 W4AC 30 W4ATKJ 28 W4VMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4EUS 24 W4VCI 23 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20 W4IKZ 20 W4GK 19 W4ATB 19 W4ATB 19 W4CPZ 18	888888886676	950 1120 1160 850 1000 1040 850 765 725 1000 720 720 840	W9LVC 27 W96QC 27 W90JI 26 W92JI 26 W92JI 25 W9BPV 25 K8AQP 21 W9FBP 24 W9F, 22 W9KFS 22 W9CUX 21 W9OUX 21 W9ALU 18 W9ALU 18 W9SALU 29 W9HDD 28 W9HDD 28 W9HDD 28	9 8 8	950 820 910 700 1030 900 820 825 690 800 750 800 1075 1030
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\( \frac{442\text{1}}{442\text{1}} \) \( \frac{34}{34} \) \( \frac{4417\text{1}}{30} \) \( \frac{4417\text{1}}{30} \) \( \frac{4417\text{1}}{30} \) \( \frac{4417\text{1}}{4417\text{1}} \) \( \frac{28}{32} \) \( \frac{447\text{1}}{4410} \) \( \frac{22}{32} \) \( \frac{447\text{1}}{447\text{1}} \) \( \frac{22}{32} \)	888888886676677676	950 1120 1160 850 1000 1040 850 765 725 1000 720 720 840	W9LVC 27 W96QC 27 W96QC 27 W90JI 26 W92HI 25 W9BPV 25 K8AQP 21 W9FBP 24 W9FF 22 W9KFS 22 W9CUX 21 W90EV 20 W9PMN 19 W9ALU 18 WSSAIJ 29 W9IHD 28 W9HD 22 W9GHB 27 W9GHB 27	9 8 8	950 920 910 700 1030 900 820 825 690 800 800 1075 1060 1300 900
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W4ZAL 34 W4AC 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WMF 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4EUS 24 W4VCJ 23 W4VVE 21 W4TLV 20 W4OLK 20 W4OLK 20 W4OLK 20 W4AIB 19 W4RMU 18 W4CPZ 18 W4CPZ 18 W4CPZ 18 W4MDA 17 K4YUX 16	888888886676677676	950 1120 1160 850 1000 1040 850 765 725 1000 720 720 840	W9LVC 27 W96QC 27 W96QL 26 W9BPC 27 W90JI 26 W9BPL 25 W9BPV 25 K9AQP 21 W9PBP 24 W9F, 22 W9KPS 22 W9KPS 22 W9CUX 21 W00EV 20 W9ALU 18 WSMJ 29 W9ALU 18 WSMJ 28 W9HB 24 W9KPB 24 W9KPB 22 W9KPB 22 W9KPB 22 W9KPB 22 W9KPB 23 W9KPB 23 W9KPB 24 W9KPB 24 W9KPB 24 W9KPB 25 W9KPB 27 W9KPB 27 W9KPB 27 W9KPB 27 W9KPB 27 W9KPB 27	9 8 8	950 820 910 700 1030 900 825 690 800 750 800 1075 1030 1060 1300 830 800
W4ZAL 34 W4ACO 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WMF 25 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4EUS 24 W4VCL 23 W4VVE 20 W4TKZ 20 W4TKZ 20 W4TKZ 20 W4TKZ 18 W4CK 20 W4GK 19 W4GK 18 W4CK 18	888888886667667767686	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1040 856 725 720 1000 720 720 720 650 820 830 1080	W9LVC 27 W9EQC 27 W9CJI 26 W9SHL 25 W9SHL 25 K9AQP 11 W9FBP 24 W9IF 22 W9KTS 22 W9KTS 22 W9KUS 21 W9EUX 21 W9EUX 11 W9FMN 19 W9ALU 18 W9SMJ 29 W9KMJ 29 W9KMF 22 W9KMF 23 W9KMF 23 W9KMF 23	9 8 8	950 820 910 700 1030 900 825 690 800 750 800 1075 1030 1060 1300 830 800
W4HJQ 38 W4HHK 36 W4ZXI 34 W4AO 30 W4LTU 30 W4LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WNH 24 K4EUS 24 W4VVE 21 W4TLU 20 W4IKZ 20 W4IKZ 20 W4IKZ 20 W4IKZ 18 W4VE 18 W4CPZ 18 W4CPZ 18 W4CPZ 18 W4CPZ 18 W4CPZ 18 W4MDA 17 K4YLX 16 W4LNG 15	888888886667667767686 9	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1040 856 725 720 1000 720 720 720 650 820 830 1080	W9LVC 27 W96QC 27 W96QL 26 W9BPC 25 W9BPV 25 K9APP 24 W9FBP 24 W9FBP 24 W9FBP 24 W9FRS 22 W9CUX 21 W9CUX 21 W9ALU 18 WSMJ 28 W9HD 28 W9HD 28 W9HD 28 W9HD 29 W9HD 24 W9FW 21	9 8 8	950 820 910 700 1030 900 825 690 800 750 800 1075 1030 1060 1300 830 800
W4ZAL 34 W4ACO 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WMF 25 W4VLA 26 W4EQM 25 W4WF 24 K4EUS 25 W4VV 20 W4KV 20 W4KV 20 W4KV 20 W4KV 20 W4KK 30 W4VV 30 W4KK 30 W4VV 30 W4KK 30 W5K 30	888888886667667767686 99	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1040 856 725 720 1000 720 720 720 650 820 830 1080	W9LVC 27 W9EQC 27 W9CJI 26 W9SHL 25 W9SHL 25 K9AQP 21 W9FBP 24 W9IF 22 W9KFS 22 W9KFS 22 W9KUS 21 W9EUX 21 W9EUX 11 W9FMN 19 W9ALU 18 W9SALU 18 W9SALU 18 W9SALU 29 W9KFS 22 W9KFS 22 W9KFS 22 W9KFS 22 W9KFS 22 W9FMN 19 W9FMN 19 W9FMN 19 W9FMN 21 W9FMN 24	9 8 8	950 820 910 700 900 825 690 800 750 800 1075 1036 1300 900 830 900 875 925 875 824
\( \frac{42A}{44A} \) \( \frac{34}{34} \) \( \frac{44A}{44} \) \( \frac{30}{30} \) \( \frac{44LTU}{30} \) \( \frac{44LTU}{30} \) \( \frac{44UMF}{28} \) \( \frac{28}{44UMF} \) \( \frac{28}{28} \) \( \frac{44UMF}{44UMF} \) \( \frac{25}{28} \) \( \frac{44VEQA}{44UMF} \) \( \frac{21}{29} \) \( \frac{44VEQA}{44VE} \) \( \frac{20}{29} \) \( \frac{44VE}{44IE} \) \( \frac{20}{29} \) \( \frac{44VE}{44IE} \) \( \frac{20}{29} \) \( \frac{44VE}{44IE} \) \( \frac{29}{29} \) \( \frac{44VE}{44IE} \) \( \frac{18}{29}	888888886667667767686 99	950 1120 850 1110 1000 1040 765 725 720 1000 720 840 820 830 1080 1215 1300 1360	\( \text{WØIHD} \) 25 \( \text{WØIHD} \) 25 \( \text{WØIBFB} \) 27 \( \text{WØQDH} \) 24 \( \text{WØRUF} \) 23 \( \text{WØINI} \) 21 \( \text{WØUOP} \) 21 \( \text{WØTGC} \) 21 \( \text{WØTGC} \) 20 \( \text{WØIFS} \) 16 \( \text{WØIFS} \) 16	9	950 820 910 700 1030 900 825 690 800 750 800 1075 1030 1300 1300 830 800
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W4ZAL 34 W44LTU 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WMKJ 28 W4VMKJ 28 W4VL 28 W4VL 26 W4VCM 24 W4VCM 25 W4VCM 24 W4VCM 20 W4VCM 20 W4VL 20 W5VL 21 W5VL 21 W5VL 21 W5VKH 15 W5VKH 12	88888886667667767686 998788754555	950 1120 1160 850 1110 1040 1040 1040 765 725 1000 720 1080 650 1080 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 120	\( \text{WØIHD} \) 25 \( \text{WØIHD} \) 25 \( \text{WØIBFB} \) 27 \( \text{WØQDH} \) 24 \( \text{WØRUF} \) 23 \( \text{WØINI} \) 21 \( \text{WØUOP} \) 21 \( \text{WØTGC} \) 21 \( \text{WØTGC} \) 20 \( \text{WØIFS} \) 16	98897677876 8848775	950 920 910 770 1030 900 822 829 829 830 1075 1030 900 1060 1060 1300 900 1060 1100
W4ZAI	88888886667667767686 998788754555	950 1120 1160 1010 1010 1040 1050 1050 1050 1050 105	W91HD 22 W95HB 22 W95QBH 24 W96QBH 24 W96QB 24 W96QB 21 W96QB 21 W97QC 21 W97QC 21 W97QC 20 W91E 16 W91ES 16 W23AB 28 W23BQN 19 VE3DER 17 VE3AQG 17 VE3AQG 17 VE3HW 15 VE2QAGK 13 VE3BBS 14 VE3BBS 14 VE3FJ 22	98897677876 887877561	950 910 920 910 700 1030 920 825 690 800 1075 800 1075 1030 1030 1040 1340 1340 1340 1340 1340 1350 550 571 365
W4ZAL 34 W4ACO 30 W4MKJ 28 W4MKJ 28 W4WMKJ 28 W4WMKJ 28 W4WMKJ 26 W4WMKJ 26 W4WMKJ 22 W4WKJ 22 W4WKJ 22 W4WKJ 22 W4WKJ 22 W4WKJ 20 W4MK 20 W4M	88888886667667767686 99878875456	950 1120 1120 850 1110 1040 850 725 1080 650 820 820 830 1080 1215 1360 1360 1360 1200 1200 1200 1200 1720 735	\( \text{WØIHD} \) 25 \( \text{WØIHD} \) 25 \( \text{WØIBFB} \) 27 \( \text{WØQDH} \) 24 \( \text{WØRUF} \) 23 \( \text{WØINI} \) 21 \( \text{WØUOP} \) 21 \( \text{WØTGC} \) 21 \( \text{WØTGC} \) 20 \( \text{WØIFS} \) 16	98897677876 881-871-56	950 920 910 700 1030 825 690 825 690 800 1075 800 1075 1030 1030 1040 1030 1040 1040 1340 1340 1340 1350
W4ZAL 34 W4ACO 30 W4MKJ 28 W4WMH 28 W4VMH 28 W4VMH 25 W4VEQM 25 W4VEQM 25 W4VEQM 25 W4VEQ 20 W4TEZ 20 W5TEZ 21 W5TEZ 21 W5TEZ 21 W5TEZ 12	88888886667667767686 998788754555	950 1120 1160 1010 1010 1040 1050 1050 1050 1050 105	W91HD 22 W95HB 22 W95QBH 24 W96QBH 24 W96QB 24 W96QB 21 W96QB 21 W97QC 21 W97QC 21 W97QC 20 W91E 16 W91ES 16 W23AB 28 W23BQN 19 VE3DER 17 VE3AQG 17 VE3AQG 17 VE3HW 15 VE2QAGK 13 VE3BBS 14 VE3BBS 14 VE3FJ 22	98897677876 887877561	950 910 920 910 700 1030 920 825 690 800 1075 800 1075 1030 1030 1040 1340 1340 1340 1340 1340 1350 550 571 365

as far as the r.f. section is concerned, being a combination of the 144- and 420-Mc. rigs described therein: 12AT7-12AT7-2E26 exciter, 5894 tripler, 5894 amplifier. The camera is a rebuilt ATK, and the antenna a 17-element Yagi. His sound is on the 50-Mc. band. Five stations are on with TV in the Columbus area, with several more in the works.

W8HCC, Sandusky, recently worked W8JLQ, Toledo, twoway TV, after a nightly 432-Mc. sked. He works W8HRC, Detroit, 75 miles, and W8RRJ, Columbus, 90 miles, regularly on 432 Mc. Several of the gang on 432 have recently added 416B r.f. stages, making a marked improvement in the reliable coverage. Mel has a 4X150 tripler driving another as an amplifier, and a 416B-6BC4 r.f. lineup ahead of his crystal-mixer converter.

## **OES Notes**

KICXX, Auburn, Maine — Worked G3EHY 50-28 Me. at 1045 EST Jan. 29.

Wilde, Windsor Locks, Conn. — Heard on 50 Mc. by G3EHY Jan. 27; worked him crossband Jan. 29 and 30.

W1NKA, West Concord, Mass.—Cheapest v.h.f. halo: 25-cent hula hoop with folded dipole made of Twin-Lead inside, Teenage net operating on 50.28 Mc. Everyone welcome; contact W1NKA or W1GFX.

K2SJP, Brooklyn, N. Y. — Power under 1 watt works out nicely for local QSOs on 50 Mc, Running lowest usable power could beat the TVI problem in many cases.

W3BWU, Pittsburgh, Pa. — Held 6-station 5-state QSO on 50 Mc, with W8IWT, Ohio, W3UFR and W3BWU, Pa., K3BOB, Md., K8KZR, W. Va., and K4VWH, Va., 0815 Jan, 31. Group checks on 50.11 each Sunday morning and Wednesdays at 2000.

W4CIN, Birmingham, Ala, — Stacking two 5-element 50-Mc. Yagis netted marked improvement in checks with K4MBM, Huntsville, 100 miles.

K4EUS, Chester, Va. — Completed 66-foot wooden tower and now have 15-element 2-meter long Yagi up 73 feet.

Central Virginia 6-Meter Net meets nightly at 1900, with K4PUD as NCS.

W4FNR, Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.— Having worked KP4s No. 24, 25 and 26, hope soon to get first 50-Me. WPR certificate. W4s RMU LIP GJO and FNR honored at Miami Hamboree for "meritorious service in pioneering v.h.f. communications in Florida."

W4FWH, Atlanta, Ga. — Activity on 50 Me. at high level in Atlanta area, with perhaps 75 stations on, practically all fairly new in ham radio. These are nucleus of the recently-formed Atlanta V.H.F. Society.

W4HHK, Colliewille, Tenn. — Geminids QSO with WØIC on 2130 sked Dec. 13 was first Colorado-Tennessee 144-Mc. contact. Work W4RFR, Nashville, 190 miles, almost nightly. His 144-Mc. s.s.b., 150 watts, seems to balance the 750 watts n.f.m. at W4HHK nicely. Also keep regular skeds with W9QXP, Wheaton, Ill. Signals over this 450-mile circuit are near the minimum detectable, but with patience and much repeating contacts can be made regularly, as was the case with W9WOK, over similar distance.

Need circuit diagram of R-32/ARW2 radio control receiver. Can anyone help?

W4KDH, Chatham, Va. — Find regular monitoring of WBTV, Charlotte, N. C., 130 miles SW, WSVA, Harrisonburg, Va., 115 miles NNE, and WTAR, Norfolk, 170 miles E, very helpful in eatching favorable v.h.f. propagation. These stations are all Channel 3, but offset 10 kc. Converter for Channel 3 serves nicely.

W4LTU, Sprinafield, Va. — Tests during Jan. 16 balloon short with W4FJ, K4EUS, K2LMG, K2GQI, and W3GKP gave only questionable results, in no way equal to those of Oct. 28 during similar Wallops Island shot.

K6HCP, San Jose, Cal. — Anyone interested in forming microwave experimenter group in Santa Clara Valley?

W60RS, Altadena, Cal. — Ramona Radio Club building simple modulated oscillator and superregenerative receiver gear for 420 Mc. as club project. Transmitter uses 6J6 with halfwave line, similar to May, 1949, Q87, and in Handbooks of that period. Receiver uses 955, but change to 6J6 is contemplated. While this gear is elementary in nature and admittedly not suitable for DX work, it does provide quite a few hams their first incentive to try the experimental side of ham radio.

W60YM, Sherman Oaks, Cal.— Experience working portable from peak northwest of Santa Barbara indicates repeater at that point could link many California coastal cities reliably on 144 Mc.

W6PIV, Sacramento, Cal. — Using successful 420-Mc. receiver that is comparatively simple, if one has surplus i.f. strip. Uses "guard channel" surplus i.f. strip on 28 Mc., converting to 2 Mc. Second crystal oscillator was changed to variable with 400-kc. tuning range. Front end is 416B trough-liner.f. amplifier, crystal mixer and crystal-controlled injection.

Injection hint: If you have trouble with 12AT7s in multiplier stages at 300 to 400 Me., try a 6BQ7 or similar type tube. The r.f. amplifier triodes seem to work better at this frequency.

K7BBO, Tacoma, Wash. — KH6s worked by Seattle and Tacoma 50-Mc. stations Jan. 10. At least one JA heard Jan. 16.

220- and 420-Mc. STANDINGS
220 Mc.
WIAZK
420 Mc:
W1HDQ

W7EGN, Harlowton, Mont. — Work W7CJB, Missoula, 200 miles, regularly on 50 Mc., but W7JIZ, near Missoula, has not yet been heard. Worked W7GUH, Portland, Ore., via aurora Jan. 14.

W7QDJ, Clearfield, Utah — Heard signals from slightly south of west on 49.75, 49.72 and 49.71 Mc. Feb. 13 and 14, 1650 to 1800 MST Saturday and 1610 to 1713 Sunday. Now have 4-400A on 50 Mc., resulting in marked improvement in results on Sunday morning scatter skeds with W6NLZ.

K8BGZ, Lansing, Mich. — Worked W@TMJ, Independence, Mo., on 144 Mc. at 0035 Jan. 31. Many signals in nearer states, not normally heard, were coming through well. Indiana and Ohio were heard working stations in Kansas, not audible in Lansing.

W8WRN, Columbus, Ohio — W8TSE, EC for Franklin County, has AREC net going on 50.82 Mc. Crystals for this frequency are available from him. Much activity on 420-Mc. TV, with K8AGO W8JVD and K8MZH among new stations. Tricounty Net Mondays, 2000, 51.15 Mc., CD Not on 145.27 Mc. Typesdays. 2000

Net on 145.27 Mc. Tuesdays, 2000.

K9MLI, Winnetka, III.— New Cook County RACES
Net on 50.4 Mc. 2000 CST Mondays, W9ZKQ NCS. Experimenting with d.f. systems (Midwest V.H.F. Club and V.H.F. Club of Chicago sponsoring 50-Mc. hunts) shows standard d.f. loop as good as anything. It is small, has a sharp null, and can be built with little expense.

W9PNE and K9DCF, Lancaster, Ind. — Worked W4-LRT, Miami, Fla., on 50-Mc. s.s.b. Jan. 27. Though running only 2½ watts he had good signal.

K9RRS, Racine, Wis. — Have large rhombic for working on KG1FN or other far-north stations.

W@HAJ, Kansas City, Kan.—Phenomenal opening of Jan. 30 and 31 first observed when strong signals were spotted on high TV channels. Worked 9 Illinois stations, KN9UIF, Hobart, Ind., and W8BPG, New Buffalo, Mich., all on 144-Mc. phone. Many Ohio and Indiana stations heard. Signals at S9-plus levels for hours, with none of the usual fading or aircraft flutter. Opening extended from Olathe, Kans., and Pawnee City, Neb. along the Ohio and Missouri Valleys, across Ohio and Indiana to the southern tip of Michigan. Entire area was under very heavy cloud cover, with dense fog in many places. Ground temperature in Kansas City area just above freezing, but between 3000 and 7000 feet, above cloud cover, it was 43 degrees.

KØJWT, McPherson, Kan. — Transmitted TV picture for first time Feb. 3. Local interest in amateur TV developing, with several working on transmitters.

Note to OES: The volume and interest of OES reports on file this month is the best in the history of the appointment. Keep up the good work!

## CONDUCTED BY ELEANOR WILSON,\* WIQON

## THIRD INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION of the YOUNG LADIES RADIO LEAGUE CAMBRIDGE. MASS.

June 17-19, 1960



Tou're going too, aren't you?

Whether you pack as hastily as Miss Acorn did, or whether you've been getting ready ever since the big dates were announced about a year ago, your ticket to the Third International Convention of the Young Ladies Radio League in June should buy you one momentous, memorable week end in Beantown, U. S. A.

Hear ye pertinent facts of the big event!

\*YL Editor, QSTr Please send all news notes to W1QON's home address: 318 Fisher St., Walpole, Mass.



At the annual installation of officers of the New York City YLRL outgoing President Dot Westcott, K2DPN, handed over the gavel to Amy Samuels, W2EUL. Reorganized in 1942, the N. Y. C. YLRL meets monthly. All YLs in the N. Y. C. area are invited to membership.

(Photo courtesy W2EEO)

Sponsor: The Young Ladies Radio League, with the Women Radio Operators of New England as hostess club.

Dates: June 17, 18, and 19, 1960.

Convention Site: Hotel Commander, Cambridge, Mass. (in historical Harvard Square—10 minutes by subway to Boston).

Co-Chairmen: Onie Woodward, W1ZEN, and Mildred Doremus, W1SVN.

Special Events: See program below plus Ye Olde WRONE Gift Shoppe and raffle of most fabulous bedspread in hamdom. (The one-of-its-kind spread consists of squares of embroidered replicas of all of the various YL certificates available sent from YL clubs around the country.)

Registration: For YLs, \$10.00 covers the cost of coffee hour, Saturday luncheon and banquet and Sunday outing. OM registration for the banquet is \$5.00. For tickets contact Eunice Gordon, W1UKR, 55 Malibu Drive, Springfield, Mass. W1UKR will also handle hotel reservations. Tickets for the bedspread (see above) may be purchased for 25¢ each from Chata Swenson, W1RLQ, Box 193, Morningdale, Mass. You do not have to be present to win the spread.

Hotel Rates: The Hotel Commander is featuring special rates of \$8.00 for a single room with bath and \$15.00 for a double or twin bedroom with bath until May 1 (in order that all rooms may be reserved on one floor). Reservations may be made through WIUKR (see registration information above).

## Program:

Friday, June 17—2:00-5:00 P.M. Informal registration, YLs and OMs. 8:00 P.M. Informal get-together.

Saturday, June 18 — 9:00-11:30 A.M. — Registration.

9:30 A.M. - OMs: All day tour.

Millstone Observatory. Lunch on road. Visit to Radio Shack, Boston. Return 4:00 p.m.

YLs: YLRL Forum. Welcome, W1HOY. Business session, W6DXI.

10:15-10:30 A.M. - Coffee break.

11:30 а.м. — Recess.

1:00 P.M. — Luncheon. Greetings from K6ENK, W5RZJ, W1QON, and DX YLs. Introduction of 1st year YLRL members. Longtime YLs (New England). Picture taking and identification of YLs present. Bedspread drawing

4:00 P.M. — Recess.

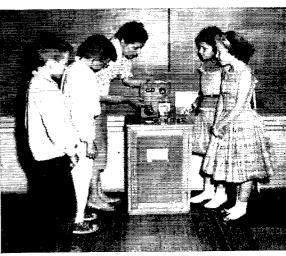
6:00 P.M. — Cocktail hour.

7:00 P.M. — Banquet.









Adding to the display of JA YLs in February, here are four more photos from Japan. This time a pair of well-known American YLs enter the Japanese ham picture too. In JA land with their husbands on government assignments, Hilda Andrew, W4HWR/KA2HA, and Lois Jennings, K4CXJ/KA2YL, have appreciated the opportunity to meet some of the country's leading lady operators in "ground contacts" (JA1YL's substitute expression for "eyeball QSO").

Upper left photo: JAICLJ, Yoshiko, JAIYL, Kuni, W4HWR/KA2HA, Hilda, and K4CXJ/KA2YL, Lois, enjoy lunch at a "Chinese" restaurant. In spite of a language barrier, the conversation was animated.

Lower left: JAICLI and JAIYL pose prettily while K4CXJ operates as KA2YL in a sideband contact with a W7.

Upper right: Hilda, W4HWR operates as KA2HA while her OM KA2JA peers over her shoulder.

Lower right: Science teacher Mrs. Andrew explains an electric dry cell battery to students at Grant Heights Elementary School near Fuchu Air Station, Japan.

JAIYL, Kuni, has been active on 80, 40, 10, and 6 phone during the past two years, especially during contests. Kuni's OM, JA1CO, is a technical engineer at Radio Research Laboratories.

JAICLJ, Yoshiko, is the wife of prominent JA OM JAIANG. Yoshiko's four-year-old harmonic does not appreciate her mother spending much time in the shack, so extensive hamming for JA1CLJ has yet to come.

Well-known YL Hilda, W4HWR/KA2HA, ex-K2IWO, is the wife of Chaplain (Lt. Col.) Joseph Andrew, staff chaplain for the 6000th Support Wing at Fuchu Air Station, Japan. Chaplain Andrew ("Joe") is W4EFG/KA2JA. In Japan the Andrews have operated as an Auxiliary Military Radio Service team. Hilda, as a dependent, is not authorized to operate such a station, but as a Department of the Air Force civilian employee (substitute teacher at Grant Heights Elementary School) she is allowed to do so.

Both W4HWR and Lois Jennings, K4CXJ/KA2YL, have enjoyed being rare YL DX, but they look forward to coming back to the States this spring. Hilda says she will attend the YLRL convention in Cambridge in June, if she has recovered (Photos courtesy W4HWR) from moving clothes, furniture, rig, and three children 10,000 miles!

Speaker - Father Dan Linehan, W1HWK, Director of Weston Observatory, presents his scientific travels from a "Ham's eye view."

Sunday, June 19-12:30 P.M. Picnic at QTH of W1HOY, in suburban Medfield. Swimming - bring your own suit.

CU in CAMBRIDGE!

#### AHEM!

108-22 Inwood St. Jamaica 35, N. Y.

YL Editor, QST:

I felt a need to write to you on behalf of c.w. Every month I read the YL column in QST - I find one fault. In 99% of the pictures published in amateur radio magazines (QST and others) most of them picture a YL in front of a microphone (how dismal). In some of the photos there just might be the outline of what looks like a bug or straight

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key (those things you make the dots and dashes with) sitting behind a few dozen microphones.

Even in the pictures of the Japanese YLs published in February 1960 QST there were microphones only showing—not a brass pounding machine in the lot.

So, please, won't you show a few pictures of YLs, YYLs, and XYLs peacefully and happily getting along with a key? Be seeing the YLs in future YL/OM contests—on c.w., of course.

— George Walczyk, WA\$FCC

Believe it or not, there are some YLs who are on c.w. exclusively. That 99% figure should be revised downward somewhat. A check of rig photos appearing in the YL column in 1959 revealed that about 20% of the photos indicated that the subject YL was a bona fide brass pounder. Nevertheless, George, you make a big point. — Ed.

## DX YL JAMBOREE

The YL SSB Net invites all YLs, especially DX YLs, to participate in a YL Jamboree on single sideband. Dates for the affair are April 27 at 2300 EST or April 28, 0200 GMT. NCS will listen for DX YLs first on the net frequency 14,260 kc. and will then tune 14,320 to 14,330 kc. for other stations not on the net frequency. Contact NCS of the YL SSB net Harriett Woehst, K5BJU, for further information. The net meets regularly each Wednesday, 1300–1500 CST on 14,260 kc.

## SQUAW VALLEY

As this is written, the 1960 Winter Olympics are about to take place. Plans for amateur communications at Squaw



Meet a young Young Lady from Parsippany, New Jersey. Miss Margie Aurick, WY21IS, age eleven, augments hamming with Girl Scouting and straight A work in Grade V. Margie's Dad is W2QEX (a former Asst. Secy. of the ARRL).

The golden plaque beside W6NAZ is inscribed "Eternal gratitude from the men of Sondrestrom . ." Twice weekly for nearly four years Lenore Conn, W6NAZ, of Sherman Oaks, California, has maintained schedules with KG1FR, Air Force Base at Sondrestrom, Greenland, making it possible for the airmen there to talk to families back home. Lenore uses a KWS-1, 75A-4, a 3-band beam, and "the constant cooperation of Joe, W6MSC," for her s.s.b. skeds. Also well-known in professional radio and TV, Lenore recently received the Radio and TV Women of Southern California Merit Award for 1959.

Valley are extensive, and a number of W6 YLs have worked on some of the arrangements for many months. Next issue we hope to report on this participation by YLs in communications for the Winter Games.

## TWO MORE CERTIFICATES

Announcement is made of two more new YL certificates. The ALAMO YLs of San Antonio, Texas, will issue a certificate to any amateur outside of Texas who contacts three ALAMO YL members and to any Texan ham who contacts four club members on the air. Send a list with date, time, call, and frequency of contacts, along with ten cents to Inez Cole, W5WXT, 320 Meadowbrook, San Antonio 12, Texas.

The WAYLARC (Washington Area YL Amateur Radio Club) will issue a certificate to any amateur who contacts on the air at least five members of WAYLARC. DX amateur stations must contact at least three club members. Contacts made during club net time are not acceptable. Any contacts made on or after Jan. I, 1960, will be honored. Submit verifying QSL cards (they will be returned) to custodian Camille Hedges, W3TSC. 2202 Culver St., Washington 21, D. C.

## COMING GET-TOGETHERS AND EVENTS

WRONE Annual Spring Luncheon — May 14 at Robinhood's Ten Acres, Route 20, Wayland, All YLs in New England cordially invited, Plans for YLRL Convention in June will be discussed. Luncheon is \$2.50 — contact. Marie Welsh, W1COL, 1228 Cambridge St., Cambridge 39, Mass.

Midwest YL Convention — The tenth annual will be held in Indianapolis, Ind., May 20-21, 1960. Pre-registration is \$2.00. W9RTH is chairman; K9IXD, co-chairman.

Third International Convention of the YLRL — June 17-19, 1960, at Cambridge, Mass. See details on page 62.

1960 AWTAR—The fourteenth annual air derby of women pilots will start at Torrance, Calif., July 9 and will terminate July 13 at Wilmington, Del. Carolyn Currens, W3GTC, chairman of AWTAR radio net, invites YL participation in the net. (See March column.)

### KEEPING UP WITH THE GIRLS

CLUBS:

YLRL — From Vice President W6DXI: "Referring to January 1960 QST, pp. 80-81, the YLRL will count both Alaska and Hawaii for state and for DX — this covers our WAS-YL and DX-YL certificates."

R. I. YLRC — New officers: Pres. W1GSD; V.P. K1GEF; Seey. K1AAK; Treas. K1DCW.

Penn-Jersey YL Club—New officers are Pres. W3GTC; V.P. W3SLF; Seey. K3EHG; Treas. K3EHH. Pres. W3GTC will chairman AWTAR operations in July for the third year (see Coming Get-Togethers and Events).

ALAMO YLs — New officers are Pres. K5OPT; V.P. W5WXT; Secy.-Treas. K5OPS, Club nets meet Friday at 0900 CST on 7235 kc., K5OPS, NCS, and Tuesday at 1900 CST on 145.2 mc., W5TSE NCS. (See rules for new certificate.)

WAYLARC — See rules for new certificate.

HAWK (Hoosier Amateur Women's Klub) — Member-



Ann Ogilvie, VE1TK, has been QSOing from the Land of Evangeline for more than 25 years. Proud of her "Old-Timers Certificate", Ann has operated 10, 20, and 75 meters consistently since she was licensed in 1933 Ann and her OM VE1CV radiate 100 watts with their home-built transmitter.

ship has risen close to the sixty mark. New officers are Pres. and editor of HAWK's BYEVIBW, K9IXD; V.P. K9ILK; Secy. K9QJR; Treas. K9SUT; Directors W9LYU and RTH. FLORIDORAYLS—A new Central Floridora FLORIO



OM KZ5TJN writes that if you have worked a Canal Zone YL lately on c.w., bets are high that it was his XYL, Julie Herrman, KZ5WWN, on forty meters. Work the Herrmans, including son KZ5VV, and Julie will send you a special handmade card.

DORA YL net meets Thursday at 50,330 kc. at 2000 EST with K4ANR, Mgr. The Sunday phone net has been reactivated and now meets on 7225 kc, at 0900 EST with K4UIZ, NCS.

## Strays

Here are the April schedules for the various MARS technical nets.

## First Army MARS

(Wednesday evenings, 2100 EST, 4030 kc. upper sideband)

April 6 - Filter Design and Applications.

April 13 — New Semi-Conductors for High Frequency Circuits.

April 20 — Modern Trends in Electronic Instrumentation.

April 27 — Tacan and Similar Aircraft Navigation Systems.

### AF-MARS Eastern

(Sunday 1400 EST: 3295, 7540 and 15,715 kc.)

April 3 — Television and Scanning Techniques in the Field of Medical Electronics.

John L. Reinartz, K6BJ (ex-1QP and ex-1XAM) was recently honored on his retirement from Eimac. Reinartz won lasting recognition in amateur radio circles for his operating and technical achievements. His "Reinartz tuner," first described in June, 1921, QST, was widely used as a superior device for tuning in the new c.w. stations. In 1922 he became one of the first two U. S. stations to work 8AB in France. In 1925 he published a theory on the reflection of radio waves, to account for skip distance. He was interested in many technical phases of radio, and was awarded 28 patents. This photograph taken at the banquet in San Mateo shows Lt. Gen. "Butch" Griswold, KØDWC, at the left; Bill Eitel, W6UF; Reinartz; and Master of Ceremonies Herbert Hoover, jr., W6ZH.

April 10 -- Applications of Tunnel Diodes.

April 17 — Easter Recess.

April 24 — Transistor Circuit Considerations.

## AF-MARS Western

(Sunday 1400 EST, 7832.5 ke., 3295 ke. and 143.46 me.)

April 3 — Advanced Telemetry Techniques.

April 10 — Mobile and Portable High Frequency Antennas.

April 17 — Brain Power and the Missile Gap.

April 24 — Technical Net Session and Project Reports.

Maybe this is where we should get QST printed? W8EFW sends in the name of a Berea, Ohio, printer — C. W. Dash.



#### U. S. S. R. INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC CONTEST, REPORT OF MAY 7-8, 1960 Call Sign......Name..... Receiver.....Antenna.... Control Control Correspondent's Juru's Time Points Date Band NumberNumber Call Sign Notes GMTReceived Sent 3 5 6 7 8 1 14 Mc. 2103 OK1AX 569003 579001 May 7 May 7 14 Mc. 2106 IIR2AA 579002 589002

## FIFTH ANNUAL PACC CONTEST

C.w.: Apr. 30-May 1
Phone: May 7-8

Netherlands' VERON invites amateurs throughout the world to participate in the Fifth Annual PACC Contest to be held (c.w.) 1200 GMT April 30 to 2000 GMT May 1; the phone contest is the following week end May 7-8 same times.

Stations outside Holland will strive to contact PA stations once per band by calling "CQ PA" and exchanging the usual RSTOO1, RSTOO2, etc., serials ("T" omitted on phone, of course). Count three points for each completed contact. For final score multiply QSO points by the number of Netherlands band-multipliers collected, these based on Dutch provinces as indicated by the following suffixes appended to PA call signs: DR. Drente; FR, Friesland; GD, Gelderland; GR, Groningen; LB, Limberg; NB, Noord-Brabant; NH, Noord-Holland; OV, Overijssel; UT, Utrecht; ZH, Zuid-Holland; ZL, Zeeland. To be eligible for merit certificates, logs must be mailed to Contest Manager P.v.d. Berg, PAØVB, VERON, Keizerstraat 54, Gouda, Netherlands, no later than June 15, 1960.

## INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC CONTEST

May 7-8

The Central Radio Club of the U.S.S.R. invites worldwide participation in the International Telegraphic Contest to develop skill in radio operating techniques and strengthen friendly relations among amateurs throughout the world.

A radio amateur should score the maximum number of points possible for contacts with radio amateurs from as many different countries as possible. This contest is being held from 2100 GMT on May 7, 1960, to 2100 GMT on May 8, 1960. Although logs are solicited for the entire 24-hour period, only contacts made over a continuous 12

hour period will count for score. So you can work as much as 24 hours, but pick your best 12 consecutive hour stretch in figuring your score. Contacts should be established on 28, 21, 14, 7, or 3.5 Mc., c.w. only. The exchange consists of a six-digit number made up of RST and QSO number, starting with 001. Your first exchange might be 599001. Stations may be contacted only once per band; stations may be worked again on different bands. Contacts with stations of one's own country will not be credited; the ARRL Countries List shall be the official list of countries for the contest. Scoring: Each completed contact counts one (1) point, Final score is the number of contact points multiplied by the number of different countries worked on all bands, not the sum total on each band. A single discrepancy on a contact will void that contact. Awards: Award winners will be from each country for both single-operator and multipleoperator scores. Winners will also be determined for single band entries for both 7 and 3.5 Mc. Single-operator awards of a certificate and contest badge will be awarded to the five highest scoring single-operator entries from each country. Multiple-operator awards of a certificate will be awarded to the five highest scoring entries from each country with a contest badge to each operator. All participants who establish contact with 100 different Soviet operators will be awarded a "W100U" award; all participants who establish contacts with six continents will receive the "P6K" award; and contact with 150 different countries will merit the "P150C" award. Each participant, irrespective of the number of points scored, should make a report following the above sample, not later than May 15, 1960, to Chief, Judging Board, Post Office Box 101, Moscow, USSR.

## Strays S

Somebody on the staff of the Bridgeport (Conn.) Post is really hep. In discussing short-wave listeners, the newspaper said, "SWL's (Sky Wave Layers) are radio enthusiasts, who transmit on the sidebands of existing, assigned frequencies, using the cloud layers in the sky to reflect their signals and send them a greater distance than the average assigned "ham" frequency will usually travel. All SWL's transmit on the same frequencies, which are open to anyone who cares to use this type of transmission in preference to the assigned frequencies."

## CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK.\* W9BRD

## Whereas:

Pragmatic individuals who maintain that phone is phone, c.w. is c.w., and never the twain shall meet, are flaunting a false premise. The twain met and mingled successfully long ago, long before Morse, Marconi and Fessenden. A French explorer named Bethencourt, visiting the Canaries in the fifteenth century, discovered that audio experts on the island of Gomera even then were fully aware of the DX advantages attainable through narrow bandwidths and high frequencies. Gomeraus had already perfected the wonderful "Whistled Language of Gomera," a communications achievement about which Encyclopaedia Britannica has this to say:

Many Gomerans possess the ability to talk by whistling.... Whistlers commonly insert two fingers into the mouth, using the same modifications in position of lips, tongue, etc., as in speech. In this manner they are able to produce greatly magnified birdlike sounds, which closely imitate the rhythm, tone and other intricacies of spoken Spanish, permitting them to converse across distances which the voice could not bridge. The most expert are found among the goatherds dwelling in the mountains around Chipnde, where there is no other means of swift communication. There, illicit charcoal burners are rarely apprehended because details of the sheriff's approach are announced in whistling.

In the chronical of the expedition of Jean de Bethencourt in 1402, an implausible legend of missing tongues is related, to account for the origin of the whistled language. A more scientific explanation is that it has been of slow development, perfected from necessity after generations of practice. Rene Verneau (1891). Earnest A. Hooton (1925) and others who visited the archipelago for research state that whistling is not a code system but a true method of conveying thought.

Lest you think this EA8 bird bit is a mere extension of street-corner wolf whistles and other procedure signals, *Britannica* goes on:

In 1934 an official test was conducted by the insular government to authenticate the fact that conversations phrased in simple words could be carried on. Separated beyond shouting distance, whistlers exchanged 13 unrehearsed messages, composed by a witness and dietated to them. All messages, as sent and as received, were thereupon recorded in writing. Upon subsequent comparison of notes, 11 messages proved to have been transmitted and understood with exactitude; 2 showed inconsequential discrepancies; the expression "piece of paper" had been substituted for the less familiar word "newspaper"; and the command, "pick up two stones," was performed by picking up only one. A document certifying to the particulars of the test was placed in the archives of the island; official copies are in the library of the University of Arizona (Tucson) and the Free Library of Philadelphia.

Gomera's niche in DX history is further secured by the fact that the island was the last

\*4822 West Berteau Ave, Chicage 41, Ill.

Old World stop for Columbus on his epic expedition of 1492. The house in which Chris stayed and the church he attended still stand. Now there was a DX man.

Two-year-old Charles Guevara of Los Angeles demonstrates that DX men are born as well as made. A recent front-page item in the daily press reports how Charlie nonchalantly picked up the telephone while mama was QRL in the kitchen, dialed a few numbers and raised an XYL in New York. Those doggone Sixes start out young.

## What:

DX conditions have rarely given a more capricious and interesting performance than that of recent weeks, from "llow's" correspondents on every continent and every band, 1.8 through 28 Mc., come reports of transoceanic signal barrages of electrifying audibility. These joyful sessions are regrettably punctuated by abrupt propagational depressions, but such begulling unpredictability is what makes DXing the dynamic sport it is. Man, when you turn on that receiver you don't know whether you'll wince, smile, grimace, cheer, moan, groan or drop dead twice. But you can be sure, in any event, that you'll get the challenge you bargained for! Let's see what the lads are working, hearing and chasing. . . . .

working, hearing and chasing.

40 c.w.'s long-haul possibilities are being rediscovered nightly by OT DXers, and newcomers are quite surprised to hear 20-meter-type juicy ones banging through on what they thought was just another rage-chew band, Yes, indeed; WHBPW, KIJFF, W2WAS, WA28 EPN FCC, K47YI, K5JVF, KN5TTN, W6s JQB KG, K6s CJF DV KDS SXX, W7s DJU LZF, W3GKB, KN80OK, W9s JJN ZYD, K9HHL, EL4A, A. Rugg, J. Howard, ISWL, VERON and WYDXC mention the workability of APs 2AD 2KN 4M 22, CM5HF, CN8s DJ DS, COS 2CT (7015 kc.) 7 hours GMT, 2MO 2PY 75, 2WC (30) 2, 6NV (77) 12, CT28 AC AI, CX2TF, DM3s HL XJ, DUTSV, EA8s CG (31) 8, CU, EL4A (3) 6, ETE3CE, FAs 2VH SEC, GC2FZC (25) 7, HA8KWE, HB9YG/mm, HH2LD,



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April gallantly routs winter's chill solitude in our latitude, calling forth many a hamshack recluse to join the nearest hamfest. Operators at the DX end are equally gregarious, a fact pointed up by the panels on these facing pages. In the group at upper left are (front row) ZEs 1JC 4JM 1JV 5JU 5JJ 2JS 1JN 4JU; (second row) good ladies of the gathering, and ZE7JY; (third row) ZEs 2JR 2JU 6JJ 2JB 6JR 4JR; (rear row) an s.w.l., ZEs 4JC 6JY 3JJ 1JT 7JN 2KO 1JE 1JL 6JT 3JY 5JE 4JX 4JZ and 6JA. (Photo via ZE5JU and W6DA) \_\_\_\_\_\_ The army at above right comprises (front row)

HKs 6IC (9), 7MM (60) 4. HZIAB 21, ITIAGA, JA1-2-3s en mass, JAs 4AIIA 4AHX 4CX 4FF 4VJ 4VQ 4VC 5MU 5MZ 6AFL 6AGL 6AKY 7LK 7SM 7UJ 7WB 7XF 7XN 7ZP 8HO 8IJ 8IC 8II 88N 9FV 9JG 9MS 90S 9RC all around breakfast time out west, KGs 1AQ IBX 4AG (6) 0, 6CY (23) 11, KX6CO, KZ5s MQ TJ, LAZTD/P, 9 of Svalbard, LZ1KGZ, MP4QAO, OD5LX, OH6NC, OX3RH (15) 20, PJ2AN, PYs in most call areas, PZIAR 0, SP8s CK KAF, ST2AR (8) 23, SV6s WI/Crete WJ, TF3AB, TI2s in number, UA6s AZ 13H 15 of Sakhalin KCB (1) 11, KDA (16), KID KJA, UB5s FJ KED UG WF ZE, UD6FA, UL7IG (20), UM8KAB, UO5AA, VE6AAE/SU, VKs in all districts, VPs 2KD (4) 9, ZKE (5) 0, 3FM (33) 10-11, 4LA 6RG 7BB/mm 7CC (21) 2, 9BO 9EO 9EP, VQ4GQ (23) 21-22, VR2DK 9, VS9OM (2) 20, XEs in quantity, YN4AB, YO8KAE, that YS4RA chappie, YVs 4CI 5DE, ZC5AF (5), ZB2L, ZAIKC, ZS3AU, ZLs a-plenty, 5As 2CV 5TR and 9GIBQ. Oh, we could go on and on.

We could go on and on.

4 O phone deserves some attention, however, and we can't usurp all of QST. So suffice it to say that CO2ZS, DJ2HC\* (296) 2, EL4A, HA7KLL, HK7MM (275) 8, HP3FL, HR3HIF-5-6, HIAIM\*, KG1BX\* (297) 5, KP is PZ USA, OA4CX\*, OH9NC, OX3RH, PXIPA (97) 22, PY8BD\*, PZIs AX\* AZ\* (217) 10, SPIBC, TF5TP, TI2RC (296) 0, UAs 1DZ 3NB, UC2KSM, UP2KNP, XE3AH, YO30V, YV5EK and ZL31D\* (130) 10 are giving W8GKB, ISWL and VERON a dandy show.

75 phone inspires the latter two monitoring organizations to sing the 3,8-Mc. praises of DJ2UE\* DLs ICW\* 8BQ. E18I. HA1KSA. HB9LF, LX1GJ. OY7ML\*, OZSRK\*. PA9BW\*. UA1DZ and UR2KAE. Oh, the asterisks (\*) indicate single-sideband employers in these radio-telephone paragraphs. Any W/K/VEs bagging this stuff? Don't forget that the European segments of "75" are narrow slots 'way down around 3.6 and 3.7 Mc.

ROW slots 'way down around 3.6 and 3.7 Mc.

C.W. gave way to EL4A (5) 6, enabling Ken to corral W/Ks all through the land, Even 15-watt W6/K6s made the 3.5-Mc. grade to Liberia! Ws 1BPW 6EBY, IT1AGA, A. Rugg, ISWL and VERON recommend CO2QP, CRs 6A1 (5) 20, 7NL (8) 20, CTIPM, DM2AQL, IT1TAI 4, TI2CMF (5) 7, UAs 6LF 6LI 6MA 9CM (14) 20, 6AZ (9) 11, UC2OM, UN1AE, UP2AA, UQ2AN, UR2AI, VS9OM, ZC4LL (2) 20 and a host of lesser lights near the low edge. Atmospherics will be on the increase now in our latitudes, but that means less noise on the far

end of the transequatorial path by the same token. Grin, bear it, and log it!

bear it, and log it!

10 c.w., now, for an abrupt change of pace and wavelength. W18 BPW FZ MD, K18 CCA JFF IMP, K28 YFE YXC, K3CUI, W4ORT, K4ZYI, K68 CJF SXX, WA6DNM, W8YGR, W9CLII, K98 JPJ LEQ OSV OSW SAJ UAF WQI (the Zeroes really go for Tenly, IIER and A. Rugg suggest consultation with AP4MI (110) 17, CR8 4AX 6DB (8400) 16, TIZ (110) 18, CX24Z (50), 22, DM3VCI/p (50) 18, EA9AP, EL4A, FASTT, FG7XS (180) 12, FQ81IA (50) 20-21, the 5-watter of G3IGW, HK6AI (80) 22 of San Andres, ITITAI, JAI-2-38 muchly, JAS 6AA 6AGA 8BP, KA2KS, KG6FAE, KV4BO (53) 0, OQ5BB, OX3DL, PJ2CM, RIBABC I3, SP8 5ADZ (50) 16, 6LB (120) 15-16, 7HX (5) 10, UAs 1FR 2KAA 10, 3HP 4IF, UC2BB (150) 15, UP2KCB 12, UQ2AB (100) 14, UR2BU (150) 16, VESOM, VP28 AR DY (50) 22, VQ2WR (50), VR3W, XE3BL, YV5HL (15) 21, ZES 1JU 2KG (100) 14-15, 3JJ (100) 22, 8JO (100) 19, ZS7M and 4X4FU.

2RG (100) 14-15, 3JJ (100) 22, 8JO (100) 19, ZSIM and 4XAFU.

1O phone holds up well with increased amplitude in the magnitude of its ups and downs. Said ups were well exploited by Wis FZ PNR R.J. YQF, Kis HRM HWB IMP, K2YFE, W4IUO, K4ZYI, W6KG, K6CJF, W46IM, W8YIN\*, K9LEQ, VE3BIF, TG9TI and listener A. Ruge to the tune of CN8JD, CRs 4AV 6BJ 6CA 6LA 7ES 7FG, CXS 2AY\* 5BR, DUIVVS, FB8CM, FF8AP, FO88 AF AT, GB2SM (300) 16 just England, HA90Z, HCIFO, HH2RS (300) 23, H18CM (110) 19, HK6AI (420), seads of JA1-2-3s, JAs 6IV 7GB 8BY 9CO (420), K6QPG/KW6 now heading homeward, KAs 2CH (380), 8RB (440), KC6PE, KGs 4AK (200) 17, 4AX (400) 17, 6AFA (700), 6AHF 6FAF, KM6BI (880), KR6s (7E) OT, KW6DA/KM6 (300) 1, OA9B, ODSCL, OQ5FV (275), RAS 1AEF 3JQH 6IGM (603) 13, RS5KFL, RN1AAA, RO5KWG (379) 15, RP2KCK, SL5AB (500) of Sweden, TF2s WEE WEV (600) 15, TG9HC, T12OE (410), VK9CP, VPs 2DX (405) 23, 3HAG (310), 5DM 6ZX 8EM, VOS 2AB\* (651), 28B (304), 4RF, VR2BC (410), XES 1PA 3BL, YO3WL, ZDs 2RJO 3E (270), ZP5LZ, ZS7s C L (200) 19, other ZSs and ZLs, 4X4s CK FZ, 5A1TJ and 9GICO. The north-south paths take over 28 Mc, for the summer pretty soon, but keep your beams ready for the east-west stuff at frequent intervals. And don't be too sure that a silent nighttime band means a dead band.

68 QST for





VQ2s AS DC, an s.w.l., Mrs. VQ2LB, offspring and friend, VQ2s SB JC, Mrs. JC, VQ2RW; (rear) VQ2s FC DA HA SP, s.w.l., VQ2NS, another listener, VQ2s HJ JP and WM. (Photo via VQ2RG and W1ICP) \_\_\_\_\_\_ At lower left (left to right) are PYs 1 BKR 4AS 1 BIG 1 AF 2 CK, Mrs. ex-CN8MM, PY4TK, ex-CN8MM and PY1 AQT. (Photo via PYØNA) \_\_\_\_\_\_ New officers of the Okinawa Amateur Radio Club (lower right) are KR6s LL HD CP DZ IF QM and HL. Okay, let's roll out that barre!!

15 c.w. enjoys a lively spring, Our nominating committee, W1BPW, K1s CCA HRMI JFF JTL, K2s MBX UTC (143 worked on 21 Mc, phone and c.w.), YXC, WA2s EFN FCC, K3s CUI GCS, K4s BYK LRO ZYI, K6s CJF HDI/mm LAE SXX, W46CRQ, W7s DJI POU, K7s GPG HDB, W8YGR, K8POU, W9LNQ, W9TRF, K9s JPJ LEQ OSV OSW UAF WQI, A. Rugg, H1ER, KH6DGL and VE2BCL, approves the credentials of GE3LV 18, CN8BJJ, GRSAR 29, CT1NA, CX7CO (22), DM2BCH, DU7SV (69), FA8CF, FBSCJ, FF7AG 23, FK8AI, GC2FZC, HASKCU, HCs ILE, LJW (100) 22, 2IU (80), HK6AI, HL9KG, FT1TAI (25), 14, JAs IACA IACB 1BQR IGC 2DO 3CS (50) 4-5, TAD (50), KAS 2RB 5AIC 21, KB6BH (250), KGS 4AH 6AAY, OA3D (20), ON4TX/nm near VP8, OO5IP, OR4KR of the Bolgian antaretic regions, PJSs AD AH, SPS IB (20), 6DB 10, ST2AR, TF2WEN, UAS 2KAW 4HF, UB5s (KFY KAA QF UW WF, UA6s AZ CF FR KID (29), UC2AA, UD6AM, VE8s DJ RX, VP8 2AR 2DX 7NE 18, 8BS (50) 5, 8EG 8ES 9EU 19, VO3 3CF 4EZ, VR3s V W, VSS 1EA 1KM 4FC, VUZMID, W116DMU/KH6, VO6AW 9, YVS 3CD 5BZ, ZB2s I R, ZD2JKO, ZS3AH, 5As 2CV 5TA (216) and 9MZGA.

15 phone enabled W1s PNR (141/136 worked/confirmed) RJJ, K1s CCA JIRM IMD IMP JFF, K2UTC, W4s QCW UWC, K4s LRO ZYI, W6KG, K6LAE, K7GPG, W9LNQ, K0JPJ, EL4A, A. Hovey, A. Rugg and N. Perlman to put the cuffs on CM2AE\* CN8FT, COSES, CRSSP, CX2AX\*, ELs 2V 19, 4A (225) 18, FB8CD (191) 18 of the Comoros, FG7XE (243), FS7RT\*, HKS 3LZ 19, 6AI (215) 4, HP1AC, HV1CN, HZ1AB\*, 15FL (225) 18, JA1ACB, KCs 4USB\* 6PE, KGs 1FD\* 1FR\* 6AIO\*, OK3KGI, OX3KW, PJ2s AI MC\*, PZ1s AA (220) 22, AR (227), AX (401), UA4FE\*, UR2BU, VK3AHO\*, VPs 1AQ 2AZ 2DX 2KW 2SL (213), 5FP 7BE 7B1\* 7NT\* 8CX (245) 1, 8DQ of the Falklands proper, VO4FK, VR2s BC (210) 2, DF (210) 2, VS9AE (232) 19, XE3s AF AX, YU6BT, YVS 1BP 1DG 20, 5AJK (230), ZD2s FNX JSC (205), ZL3GJ\*, ZP6BB\*, ZSs 2MI (160) 20 of delicious Marion Island, 3D (171) 19, 7L (236) 18, 4X4FU and 5A5TA.

15 Novice notes, contributed by KNs 1JTL (now N-less), 4FWJ 4MPE 800K 8QEX (42/16), 8RMN 98RR, WV2s FCB HLZ and friends, feature CE4EC, DJ-DLs in number, EAs 1GZ 5EZ, EL7GD/mm, numerous Gs, G13NSM, GMs 3XO 8FM, GW3CBA, ubiquitous HKØAI, 11CFY, KH6CYK, KL7s CDF DG, KW6FA, KZ5DTN,

LUs and PYs, OHs 1QA 8NH, OA4BP, OK1LK, ON4RN, OZ5 3UR 6RL, PA95 JDB SA, PZ1BA, SMs 5UW 7BEM, UBSND, UO5AA, VK3XB, VPs 4LE 7BF 9EU, rare Alidway Novice WM6BX, WP4s ALL ASN, WL7DCC, ZBS 1FA 21 and ZL2GH, "Less fruitless CQs and more listening," advises KN9SRR.

Iistening," advises KN9SRR.

20 phone fails to daunt W1s FZ\* YQF, K1s CCA JFF, W4 IUO QCW\*, K4ZYI, W8YIN\*, s.w.l.s A. Hovey, C. Morrow and A. Rugg, KH6DGL and VE3DZL in their pursuit of irems like CE2CO, CN8CS 22, CRs 6BW\* (295) 20, 9AH\* (307) 14, CT1s EV 22-23, JH (184), FF8AK\* (305-334) 16-22, HC2JF (212), HH2PB, HK3MK, HL9TA, HP9FC/mm\* (304) 13, HS1K (320) 11, 15GN\* (343) 21, KA2CB\*, KG61J, KW6CQ, LA3SG/p\* (300) 8, MP4DAA (310) 16, OA4AX, OK7HZ/YI\* (304) 4, OX3AS, TF2WEG (215) 15, T12HP\*, UB5KAB\* (305) 8, UIBAK (221) 13, VPs 2DX (138), ZLS 3HAG 3IG, VPs 6BY (317) T. 7BI\*, VR3W (280), VU2MD\* (312) 12, VN9BM, YO3YM, YSIMS, YV3CE, 457PJ (116) 12, 4X4DK\*, YO3YM, YSIMS, YV3CE, 457PJ (116) 12, 4X4DK\*, 212, GR\*, 314) 11 and Nepal's 9NIGW\* (305) 8-14, the asterisks, as usual, representing s.s.b. users.

12, GR\* (314) 11 and Nepal's 9NIGW\* (305) 8-14, the asterisks, as usual, representing s.s.b. users.

20 c.w., even with occasional nighttime fold-ups and daytime dry spells, remains the DX bargain counter that sets the pace of the market. Here we find W1s BPW FZ TS YQF (147), K1s CCA IMP JFF JTL, W21BL, K2UYG, WA2EFN, W4s HJO ORT QCW (282/277), K4s ASU LRO ZKZ (122/95), ZYI, K5LIJ (36/20), W6s JQB KG, K6s CJF LAE (176/162), SXX (32/17), W46DNM, W7s DJU POU (41/15), UVR, K7GPG, W8YGR (156/153), W9s CLH ZYD (69/39), K6s JPJ LEQ OSV OSW UAF WQI, VE2BCL, KH6DGL, EL14, 11ER and A. Rugg clearing wall space for QSLs from APs 2BH (60) 15, 441 (33) 0, BY1USB (45) 13, CNs 2AV (86), SCA (50), SEQ (36), SJW SJX, CO2s EU QH (54), CP3CD (10), CRs 4AH (45) 5, 5AR 6BX 7AD 23-0, 7CS (50) 16, TIZ, CTS 1KD 2A1 23, 2BO, DM2AGL, DUS 61V 7SV (80) 14, EAs SCG 9AQ (63), EL4A (50) 23, ET2US (341), ETB3CE, F2CB/FG (70) 20-21, FAS 2HL (50) 18, 9UO (10), FB8S CE (48) 16, XX ZZ (40) 16, FG7XC (40) 1, FKSAU (55) 7, FOSS AC (50) 6, AU (54) 3, FOSS HA (50) 29-23, HO (20) 15, FR7ZD (55) 15, FY7S YE YF, GD3FBS (15), L14 (10), ZU (10), 5CN (60), HH2s AR (120), CB (125), LD (65), HK6AI (5), HP9FC/mm (100) 3, JM ZITA (30) 20, IT1s AGA TAI (55) 23, JAS galore, JT1s AB AW (35) 16, KAS 2GW 2KC (45) 0-1, 2SW 9JR (75),

KC4s USE (95) 8, USG (45) 10, KG1s AQ (20), BB, KM6BQ, KR6s AC DO (28), GF RB, KV4ÅA (81) 22, far-north LAs 1NG/p 3SG/p (17), 4CG/p (66), 5AD/p (10) 4, 8FG/p 9R(}p, far-south LUs 2ZB (71), 3XO (42), 6ZB (48), LX2GH (100) 22, LZs 1AF 1KSZ 2FA (30) 16, 2UR. OA4s FA (90), FM (8), OEs 1RZ (36), 2TO, OQ5s JR (53) 3, KY 0, RH (65), OR4s KR (35), TX (20), OY1J, PJs 2ME (10), 3AK, PZIs AP (7) 1, AX (20), OY1J, PJs 2ME (10), 3AK, PZIs AP (7) 1, AX (20), OY1J, PJs 2ME (10), 3AK, PZIs AP (7) 1, AX (20), SR AEM of Moscow, SL5AB (74), ST2AR (30), SUIs KH PR MS, TFs 2WEW 3AB (83) 3, 3PI (27), 5TP (22), BCI (10), TZs ES LA PZ WR (5), UA9s AC (30) 12, BP BU 15, DC JR (7), KDD (40) 3, KGC (45) KJA (41), KOC (70), OH (55) 16-17, VA (60), VB (60) 5, UA9s AG (30) 12, BC (12) 12, BC 12-13, CK 1, CU EF EH 13, IK (40) 3, JJ KAR KDL KFI KID (21), KKB 1, KOA (50), KUA (70) 3, KYA (10) 4-5, KZA (11) 6, LR 13, OK 12, SK (40) 3, SU 14, UB5s DQ FJ JO KAW KBD KBE KKE 3, UC2s AD KAR, UD6s KAB (55) 15, KAF (53) 3, UF6PB (95) 5, UG6AB (15) 16, UH8s EN (20) 15, KAA 7, UI8s AC AK KAA (10) 5, UJ8KAA (46), UL7s IF (30) 5, KAD, UM8-KAB (71) 4, UN1AH (85) 15, UP2KBC, UO2s AJ (82), AN BP (80), UR2AR, VEs 6AAE/SU (23) 3, RDJ 8MH 8NH 8RX 8TQ 8TQ 8TU 8YT 6NK mioat, VKs 9RO (70) 7, 6RH 6TF (78), VPs 2AR 2DY (50) 22, 2KD (5), 2KH (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 4WI 6LN (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 4WI 6LN (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 4WI 6LN (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 4WI 6LN (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 4WI 6LN (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 4WI 6LN (63) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 5KAD (77) 16, 4AP (60), VRS 2DA (20) (40) 3, 3CF (100), 3FA (20), 8BK (20) 12, 2LO (22), 3AD (60), 3YG 4LA (30), 5KAD (77), 78A (60), 4YS 2DA (60), 4YS 2DA (60), 17, 2GW 2TE (50) 22, 2DC (5), 18, ZES 2KG (100) 14-15, 3JJ (100) 22, 3IG SJX (51) 3, ZKS 1AK 1BS (20) 6, 2AB, ZPSAY, ZS7M (50) 15, 4X4AU (51) and 7G1A (50) of Guinea.

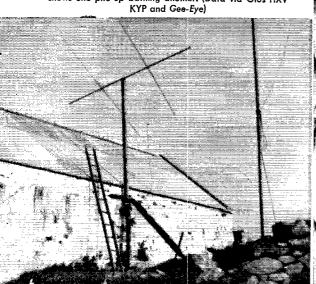
160 c.w. terminated its formal 1959-'60 season in a veritable blaze of glory, according to informants W18B, K7HDB and G2DHY, plus ISWL listening posts. All continents are represented among the collection of 1.8-Mc, DX observed active on low band in the past few weeks: DJ1BZ, DLs 1FF 1YA 3GZ, a hatful of Gs, GD3s FBS LXT UB, GISNEB, GM3 3COV 6RI, GWS 3ALE 3DHY 3LEW 5BI, HA5TU, HB9J, HC41E, dozens of OKs, VP3AD, ZB1FA, ZC41P, ZL3RB and 5A2CW. The lads turn down their gains and begin to analyze 160's performance now; the preliminary consensus is, "FBI" W6KIP and associates will maintain experimental schedules with DX points, high static levels or no, though, so further 1.8-Mc, headlines could break out at any time. Kudos, meanwhile, to W18B whose enthusiastic activity and laison efforts year after year go far toward keeping a bright DX spotlight on his favorite band, Keep us posted, Stewl And now on to our stamp-licking department. . . .

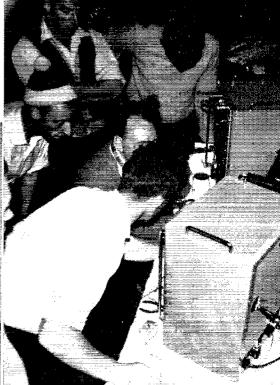
## Where:

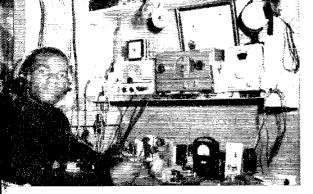
Hereabouts — Apropos our fast-changing world, this switcheroo via traffic specialist W9NZZ: "For several years Fletcher's Ice Island (T-3) has had the call KG1DT. How-next month to help satisty overseas WAS hunters. Resulting QSLs should go to their respective home addresses, s.a.s.e. requested — further details in "Whence"....." I am handling TG9TI's QSL matters, both Stateside and DX," informs W9YSQ. "Stress the customary s.a.s.e. procedure." Harry has over 250 confirmed on phone, by the way, and son W9YSX also wields a potent signal on DX bands ...... VPSME (WSTGY) urges use of his home address for those seeking his Grand Turk confirmations, adding, "In exchanging a large volume of QSLs with U.S. stations, solf-addressed stamped envelopes, or s.a.e. and stations, solf-addressed stamped envelopes, or s.a.e. and stations. adding, "In exchanging a large volume of QSLs with U. S. stations, self-addressed stamped envelopes, or s.a.e.-and-IRCs, are greatly appreciated." ——— "About five years ago I operated W5MET/mm," writes K6VUH. "Anyone still desiring a QSL for contact with this station is invited to drop me a line." ——— WGDXC has it that VP2DX will take care of his own projected Dominica, Montserrat, Anguilla and British Virgins QSL accumulations upon return to W8VDJ ——— WA2EFN, K4s ZKZ and ZYI offer their services toward the assistance of rare-DX oper-

A half century ago—in the year of the Maine, to be more precise—one G. Marconi organized a wireless expedition to little Rathlin Island to initiate a radio link between that bleak outpost and the North Ireland mainland. This pioneering application of radiotelegraphy helped earn the great experimenter the Nobel physics prize in 1909. Last fall Gls 3HXV 3ILV 3KVQ 3KYP 3MUS 5UR and friends saluted the semicentennial of Marconi's triumph by revisiting the scene as GB3RI, scoring 575 QROs with 46 countries in a three-day DXpedition. The installation's 28-Mc. quad is visible at left, and the second picture shows one pile-up battling another. (Data via GI3s HXV

CM2ON, Apartado 6996, Havana, Cuba
CN2BE, R. Battaggion, Box 2057, Tangier, Tangier Zone
CN3BK, to W7GCO)
GO7RV, Box 16, Tamarindo, Camaguey, Cuba
CP5EL, P.O. Box 1088, Cochabamba, Bolivia
CR6CV, A. T. da Silva, Box 6252, Luanda, Angola
CT1KI, c/o S.K.F., Oporto, Portugal
DL4PS, R. Hatter (W4KCE), Hqs. & Hq. Det., Personnel,
379th Sig. Bn. (Spt.), ArO 46, New York, N. Y.
EA8CG (via K1DCL)
EL2V, C. Crabaugh, Box 37, Monrovia, Liberia
ex-EL5A-EL5A/2 (to EL2V)
ETE3CE, C. B. Hassan (W9ZQF), P.O. Box 385, Addis
Ababa, Ethiopia
ex-F8TC (to VE2AJP)
FB8CO (via FB8BA)
FP7AG, Nouakchott, Mauretania, W. Africa
FG7XS, M. Agastin, Box 2, Moule, Guadeloupe, F.W.I.
FP8BI (to W1KNU)
FO8HO, Box 138, Ft. Archambault, Tchad, Fr. Eq. Africa
FR7ZD, G. Hoarau, 10 Km., Tampon, Reunion Island
FR7ZE, R. Bedier, 3 rue St. Bernard, St. Denis, Reunion
Island
FS7WP (via W3KVQ)
ex-G3MRR (to VE2BDR)
G3NVA, F. Dodson, 78 St. Bernard Rd., Olton, Solihull,
Warwickshire, England
G13NOH, J. Beatty, 170 Lower Braniel Rd., Gilnakirk,
Belfast 5, N. Ireland
GM3NZC, B. Wilson, 38 MacBeth Rd., Stewarton, Ayrshire, Scotland
HB9YG/mm (via USKA)
HCCCS (via W8MXS)
HH6OR, P.O. Box 14, Les Cayes, Haiti







VP2KH of St. Kitts can draw crowds on 20 c.w. but usually keeps his 6L6s 35-watter and S-38 on 7245 kc. with the famous Antilles Weather Net. There Cromwell, FG7XE, HH2Z, KP4s AEB APY, KV4BZ, VP2s AB DJ KW SL and others swap barometer and anemometer readings when Caribbean breezes grow too frisky. (Photo via W8KX)

HI7CJY (to HI8CJY) HP1AO (via K4ASU) HP9FC/VQ8 (to K1AJQ) HPHC/VOS (TO KIAJQ)
ex-HSIC, Capt. H. Christensen, W4RIM, 605 La Marre
Dr., Fairfax, Va.
HSIK, c/o U. S. Embassy, Bangkok, Thailand
ISIEP, via Carrara 10, Cagliari, Sardinia
JAICOK, N. Idc, 671-1, Nakameguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo, JAZJW, Y. Hoshiyama, P.O. Box 147, Shizuoka, Japan JA7KH/mm (to JA7KH) JT1AW, Box 639, Ulan Bator, Mongolian Peoples Republic K6HDI/mm, S. P. Burke, USCGC Winnebago (WPG-40), KAHDI/mm, S. P. Burke, USCGC w mneedage (WPG-40), FPO, San Francisco KA2CB, M/Sgt. C. E. Benjamin (KIGAA), Det. 16, 10th Weather Gp., APO 323, San Francisco, Calif. ex-KGIDT (now K17FLB) KG4AE, MCB No. 4, FPO, New York, N. Y. KL7COI, L. Tallman, via FAA Stn. Mgr., Merrill Field, Analogues, Alasko KLTCOI, L. Tallman, via FAA Stn. Mgr., Merrill Field, Anchorage, Alaska
RP4YD, C. M. Perez, Box 761, Arecibo, P.R.
MP48 BDA MAB QAO TAE, c/o Roger Baines, 56 Balmoral Rd., Gillingham, Kent, England
MP4TAF, Sgt. D. Leese, A Sqdn., Royal S., BFPO 64, Sharjah, Trucial Oman, Arabian Gulf
OD5CN, P.O. Box 4477, Beirut, Lebanon
OD5CQ, c/o U. S. Embassy, Beirut, Lebanon
OQ5IE (via K2MGE)
OQ5IP, G. Bastin, B.P. 1300, Bukavu, Belgian Congo
OQ5RL (to W8FTD)
OX3DL (via W2CTN)
OY7BS (to OZ7BS)
PJ2CO, J. L. Figueroa, VERONA, P.O. Box 383, Willemstad, Curacao, N.A.
PJ3AH, C. Webster, Z.W. 76, San Nicholas, Aruba, N.A.
PJ3AH, P.O. Box 161, Scroe Colorado, Aruba, N.A.
ex-PK6CS-PK6TO (see text preceding)
PY7AIO (via PY7AA)
PZIAR, R. Zevenbergen, c/o Radio & Telephone Dept., PY7AIO (via PY7AA)

PZ1AR, R. Zevenhergen, c/o Radio & Telephone Dept., Paramaribo, Surinam TA3AI, E. Kumbaraci, (Kizolay) Sumir, Sokak 17-5, Ankara, Turkey ex-TF2WBZ, D. S. Cope, KØTJX, 1301 S. Independence, Harrisonville, Mo.

FF2WBE, APO 81, New York, N. Y.

FF2WBE, APO 81, New York, N. Y.

FF2WBE, APO 81, New York, N. Y.

TF2WEN, Area Engr., APO 81, New York, N. Y.

TF2WEN, A/2c H. Thornley (W4WTK), 1400th ABRON (Comm.), APO 81, New York, N. Y.

TF2WBW (to K5QBG)

TF2WBZ, c/o MARS, APO 81, New York N. Y.

TF5TP (via W2MUM)

TG9TI (via W9YSQ)

T12CMF (via W9YSQ) TG9TI (via W9YSQ)
T12CMF (via RCCR)
1/A3DR, L. Sharapov, Postbox 111, Moscow, U.S.S.R.
1/18AK, Radio Club, Tashkent City 31, Uzbek, U.S.S.R.
VEØNK, HAICS Stettler, c/o FMO, Victoria, B. C., Canada
ex-VR9AD, S. Davie, VK3AWX, 14 Avocet St., Doncaster E., Melbourne, Vic., Australia
VP2AR (via W3KVQ)
ex-VP2AT-VP6AT-VP6MC (to VP3MC)
VP2DX (to W8VDJ)
VP2KD, D. Fergus, Figures Ave., Basseterre, St. Kitts.

VP2KD, D. Fergus, Fiennes Ave., Basseterre, St. Kitts,

W.I.
VP2KH (via W2CTN)
VP2KW (via K48XO)
VP3WM, N. H. Woo-Sam, P.O. Box 308, Georgetown, B.G.
ex-VP4WD (to G3TA or via RSGB)
VP5ME (to W5TGV)
VP6BY (to VE6BY)

VP6BY (to VLOBY)

ex-VP7BB (to VP7BI)

VP7BI, C. Mlowery (W4ISH), Navy 106, FPO, New York, N. Y.

VP7NT (via W2TQR)

VP7NY, Box 1007, Nassau, Bahamas

VP8DU e/o KCU, Box 37, Montevideo, Montevideo,

VP8EM, J. King, Ross Rd., Port Stanley, Falkland Islands VO2AB, A. Burgoyne, P.O. Box 1517, N'dola, No. Rhodesia VO3AC, Box 245, Babati, Tanganyika VO6GM (via ISWL; see text preceding) VQ6GM (via ISWL; see text preceding)
VR4JB, Box 49, Honiara, Solomons
VS1KB, Block 125-C, RAF, Changi, Singapore 17
VS5BY (via W6ZEN)
VS9ARF (to G3MJI or via VS9AHM)
W5EZB/KG6 (via W5ADZ)
ex-XW8AI (to FGTXS)
XZ2OM, Capt. A. Myint, BAF-4301. Keesler AFB,
Bilovi Miss ex-XW8AI (to FG7XS)
X22OM, Capt. A. Myint, BAF-4301. Keesler AFB, Biloxi, Miss.
YNAAB (via K4ASU)
YV5AHE, J. Daeall, Apartado 5327, Caracas, Venezuela
YV5AJK, Box 3974, Caracas, Venezuela
ZA1KC, P.O. Box 42, Tirana, Albania
ZB1FA (via RSGB)
ZB1PA, c/o RAF, Gibraltar
ZC4MO, Olympus, Cyprus
ZD2IHP (via RSGB)
ZD3IE (via W5EWB)
ZK1BS (via W7ZAS)
ZL3VH/3 (to ZL3VH)
ZS3D, N. Palmer, P.O. Box 1205, Windhock, Southwest
Africa ZS3S, B. Bloch, P.O. Box 704, Windhoek, Southwest Africa ZS3T, Johan D. Laufs, P.O. Box 267, Walvis Bay, Southwest Africa west AIDER, ex-ZS6AJS (to ZS5AP) 3A2AV (to 11ZBS) ex-5AZTL-MD2DW-MD5TS-F7CU (to DL2YU) 5A5TA, John Garrett (W5LAK), P.O. Box 638, Tripoli,

Hurrahl for Wis BDI DGT MD UED VG YQF, Kis CCA IMP IVT JTL LVW, W2s BLP JBL MUM WAS, K2UTC, W3LC, K3CUI, W4s IUO LYV QCW, K4BYK, W5RX, K5JVF, W6KG, K6s BX CJF, W7s DJU GBW LZF NRB, K8GHG, W9s CLH JJN LNQ NZZ ZYD, W6TRF, K6LEQ, VEs 2ABE 3BIF, KG1BX, KH6DGL, VQ4ERR, A. Hovey, J. Howard, C. Morrow, A. Rugg, Far East ARL, International Radio Listeners League, International Short Wave League, Jauran DX Radio Club. her East ARL, International Radio Listeners League, International Short Wave League, Japan DX Radio Club, Newark News Radio Club, Northern California DX Club, CVSV of Austria, Southern California DX Club, Universal Radio DX Club, VERON DX press of Holland, West Gulf DX Club, Australia's WIA and Willamette Valley DX - munificent colleagues all.

#### Whence:

Libva

Europe — Don't forget USKA's H-22 DX Test on the first week end of this month, as well as the opening session of the VERON (Holland) PACC Contest on Apr. 30-May 1. Half of all Hungarian hams live in Budapest, Licenses are issued in three classes — (A) up to 10 watts input, 80-meter c.w. only; (B) up to 50 watts, all bands including two meters and 70 centimeters, c.w. and phone; and (C) up to 250 watts input, otherwise same as Class B. There are some exceptions to the power limit. For example, HA5KBP, the W1AW of Hungary, operates at one kilowatt on certain bands. Individual calls (two-letter) are obtained after apprenticeship at club stations." K3CUI received his Russian R9 K dibloma, an impressive-looking tapestry, and is about to register for the W-100-U certification. . . . . DJ4BF joined the 28-Mc, sideband club, and W8YIN was on the welcoming committee. UA3FN tells W2AZX that UF6FB is another imminent sidebander . . . . . . . . . . . . . DL4PS (W4KCE) relinquished his duties as K2USA chief operator and writes from the vicinity of Stuttgart: "I'm now on 10, 15 and 20, phone and c.w., with a Ranger, NC-300 and G4ZU beam, indicate that foreign amateurs possessing a license in their own countries may obtain Polish amateur licenses for the duration of their visits to Poland. Requests for applications should be sent to Ministerstwo Lazenosei, Centralny Zarzad Radiostacji i Telewizji, Gorskiego 9, Poland." You will recall that Yugoslavia has issued similar permits in the past. . . . K3CUI understands that UAIKAF of the Russian antarctic is often workable after 1600 GMT on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Twenty c.w. is favored . . . . . W3ZVT, formerly CNSGV, tells W1ICP he's cooling his DX heels on assignment in England . . . . . Rassa of UA3KAF is nominated for your YL DX collection by W6KG . . . . IT1AGA hits 10, 15 and 20 meters almost daily and volunters to try skeds in the Italian segments of 80 meters, 3613–3627 and 3647–3667 kc. Gius is vice-manager of a Palerno bank when DX activities permit . . . . . LZ1AF writes W7DJU: "I began operating Central Radio Club station LZ1KAB in 1950, the lirst LZ licensed. You can imagine what it is to be the first and only one on the air! duration of their visits to Poland. Requests for applications Club station LZ IKAB in 1950, the first LZ licensed. You can imagine what it is to be the first and only one on the air! I was assigned the call LZ IAF in 1955 and now have worked about 140 countries from my home station. I am busy gathering news for our English 9,7-Me. Bulgaria National Broadcasting Short Wave Service ham program transmitted to North America at 2000 and 2300 U. S. EST every first Friday of each month. We enjoy a wonderful readability in the eastern areas of your country but cannot say the same for the Pacific coast.".....\_VERON and WGDXC contribute Continental comments: HB9MQ hopes to assist HE9LAA's Licehtenstein DX campaign shortly... U.S.S.R. sports are said to be arranging a sideband trek to Franz Josef Land... SVØWZ lists SVØs WAI WI WT WU WY and WZ on Crete, SVØs WAC and WV on Rhodes.

Africa — "I was transferred from Pakistan about three months ago and am enjoying ham life as 5A5TA," writes wandering seismic oil-bunter WSLAK. "Started out on 15 and 20 phone but will be glad to get back on c.w. when I'm settled in Tripoli. AP2M, who has been in the Philippines for 18 months. will arrive in Libya shortly." "FBSCD's Comoros activity is limited to 1500-1800 GMT, the only period he has power." notes W4QCW. "Andre's 15-meter quad encourages him to use 21 Mc. mainly. FBSGP breaseaut the identified of 1500 GMT, there is the only below FPSCD preserved the identified of 1500 GMT. helps FB8CD represent the islands with a G4ZU beam and 200 watts on voice and code. Unlike Andro, (GP has 24-hour power facility."...... ETE3CE (W9ZQF) is licensed at the College of Engineering in Addis Ababa as an experimental station, according to W5RX and others..... W8YIN observes CR6BW making quite a hit around 14 300 as the first sidehand estation in Angola. around 14,300 as the first sideband station in Angola VQ2AB returned from the United Kingdom and jumped into the 14,300-kc. s.s.b. swim without delay, say VQ4ERR and W2BLP . . . . KØLEQ ran into one of those new FF7s who claim authorization by the Republic of those new Fr 78 who chaim authorization by the Republic of Mauretania . . . . WIYQF learns that Cabinda, an exclave of 3000 square miles north of the river Congo, is an operational objective for CR6s BX and CA, sideband and/or c.w. . . . . More via WIYQF: ZD3E returns from British leave around August. Meanwhile, Frank's second and third operators are studying for their own tickets and one of them is scheduled for removal to Nigeria. -... EL4s A and L are thinking of Togoland or Dahomey DXpeditionary action, EL4A (W7VCB) remarks, "Have not been too active lately for several reasons. One: The weather has been very pleasant and I hate to spend those rare nice days in the shack. Raised my 14-Mc. vertical to the 100-ft, level and my 1000-ft, 80-ft,-high long-wire has been doing well on 40 and 80. We are trying to form a radio net and ham organization here in Liberia; they are badly needed. Our intended frequency is 7050 kc. (phone) at 1400 GMT on Saturday and anyone is welcome to chime in. I often check into the Ghana net Sundays, 7025 kc. at 0800. Nigerians meet on 14,100 kc. at 0900 GMT." Ken



OH3ND, jolly spouse of OH3QC, knows her way around 20 meters via mike or key. (Photo via W7TVF)

Asia — KA2DE does capable DX editorial duty for the resurgent FEARL(M) News. The Yanka-in-Japan DX marathon finds KA2s NY (102 countries confirmed), DE (93), CB (87), LL and ZZ (61), AA (52) and LP (30) burning the midnight oil with gay abandon. By the way, all those KA signals on March 11th were triggered by an FEARL DX QSO Party announced a bit too late for "How's" forewarning. . . . . Asian miscellany via ISWL, SCDXC, VERON and WGDXC detector detectives: One AP3D is mentioned in connection with East Pakistan potentialities. So are AP2BH and WSPQA. . . OK7HZ/YI score some KWM-1-style contacts from Iraq, much to the frustration of W/Ks constrained by the FCC-ITU Ban List. Now that Czech geographic research expedition is aimin' for Yemen. . . BV1USE stands to lose a W9 staffer next month. . . For the record, VU2ANI/5 called it quits at 1600 GMT, January 30th. . . DL60F prepares for a YA1BW outburst, and DL0PF yearns to start signing TA4PF this summer. . . JA1ACB, harrassed by obstacles, still means to make it to Marcus isle.

Oceania — "Have a DXpedition to Palmyra Island planned for this spring — 48 hours, 100 watts on sideband and e.w., 14 Me." This from adamant KH6DGL.....

Ex-VK9AD (YK3AWX) offers, "A very big thank-you to the many W/K stations I met hamwise who made amateur radio so extremely interesting during my three-year spell on beautiful Norfolk Island." ...... K6HDI/mm, aboard USCGC Winnebayo out of Hawaii, is another of the many would-be DXpeditioners casting covetous glances toward Marcus island. Sam sports a KWM-1 and long-wire, preferring 21-Mc, e.w. and phone ...... K6QPG/KW6 used the OAI's call, KW6CQ, in February ARRL DX Test action and then packed up for Sixland, winding up a vigorous Wake Island DX career. Well done, Mary ..... ZKIBS feels his recent Stateside visit provides sufficient material for a dandy book. "It will probably take me about twelve months to recover enough energy and strength to write it, though, after so many late nights in the States!" Bill set foot in fifteen states and covered some 15,000 miles ...... W4QCW contirms that CR10AA, vacationing in Portugal, intends to return to Timor late this year with improved DX-catching paraphernalia and determination to match...... "Another hurricane hit ZK2AB," reports W6ZEN, "but this time he came through FB." ZK2AB currently experiments with s.s.b....... DU7SV's QSOs (Continued on page 154)



#### Correspondence From Members-

The publishers of QST assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

#### MORE ON GENEVA

¶ On behalf of the Amateur VHF Institute of N. Y., I
would like to extend to you our appreciation of a job well
done at the Geneva Conference.

We amateurs were well aware of the many services which were clamoring for the amateur frequencies. We count it as a minor miracle that we have retained all the frequencies we started with. Many thanks! — Claire Rosenbaum, W2KQL, Corresponding Secretary, Brooklyn, N. Y.

- We were all impressed with the splendid efforts put forth on the part of ARRL on behalf of all radio amateurs at the Radio Convention, — E. G. Schweizer, WGYJU/KL7, Kodiak, Alaska.
- ¶. Three cheers for the ARRL and for the fine job done at the Geneva conference!
- I wonder how one can operate an amateur radio station without being a member of your organization, QST is as indispensable to a ham as a bible is to a minister. Conny Lawlottle, VE\$BCL, Montreal, Canada.
- ¶ Just a word of commendation for the League's fine work at the Geneva convention. The results are quite pleasing. Carl R. O'Gara, K6RSV, San Diego, California.
- Deeply grateful to you people in ARRL for your everlasting interest in our amateur activities. Many thanks for your efforts at Geneva this past year. — Dick F. Swails, K7AYU, Boise, Idaho.
- ¶ Nice job at Geneval!! William H. Eacho, jr. K4ASI, Hampton, Virginia.
- . . . My belated albeit sincere congratulations for a 4.0 job. I can appreciate the work of preparation and planning that went into this endeavor that assured us a successful outcome. Also my best wishes and congratulations include your efficient staff . . . Len Collett, KZōLC, Balboa, Canal Zone.
- ¶ . . . Sincere congratulations on the job at Geneva. I hope some of our benighted brethren have the sense to realize that, in spite of all their sniping, ARRL saved the day, again, for ham radio . . . George D. Meserre, WIFL/WWWYK, Mission, Kansas.
- ¶ I just thought 1 would send along a note of TNX for for the job you did at the convention, and TNX again for saving our freqs. Joe Scuderi, W9ZXH, Chicago, Illinois.
- . . . Want to congratulate you and the League for grand work done in behalf of the amateur fraternity in preparation for and at the Geneva conference. It was an outstanding effort! . . . " Ed G. Raser, W2ZI, Trenton, New Jersey.
- € We all heave a great sigh of relief that not a single kc, was lost to the American radio amateur at the Geneva convention. Throughout the months that preceded the convention we were besieged with rumors, wild guesses and educated guesses some well founded and some bordering on the ridiculous. There have been pros and cons written about the delegation of the ARRL being present at Geneva during the long period of time required for the convention and to the actual necessity of the delegation being there during the overall length of time. It seems to us had we not had someone there at all times to protect our interests the ARRL would not have been doing the job it is established to do, We, for one, feel that the U. S. delegation undoubtedly aided by the ARRL group did an almost impossible job. Virginia "Ham," (Jan. 1960).

• I would like to thank ARRL for the job on behalf of the radio amateurs during the world-wide frequency allocation conference last year. Also for the countless other benefits that the ARRL has provided for the ham down through the years. — William H. Smith, W3TZN, Bedford, Pennsylvania.

#### HAMS AND THE MILITARY

¶ I think that the article by W5PYU, "Use Your Amateur License in the Naval Reserve," has done a superb job of answering many of the questions that young men in my age group (16–18) have no doubt been wondering about for a little while now. We have all heard rumors about the usefulness of amateur radio in the Armed Forces, but have been sadly lacking in facts. Mr. Hughes makes no bones about telling strictly the Navy side of the issue, and this is perfectly O.K. in an article of this type. The reason I am writing is that I would like to say that I think there would be quite an audience for a few more articles such as this, having to do with the Air Force and the Army, written by qualified people. This subject is, I believe, on the minds of many young amateurs and budding enlistees, or, perhaps draftes. — Michael A. Rutkaus, KAQET, Fairfax, Va.

#### 160 MOBILE

¶ Your article, "160 for Mobile?", in the October 1959 issue intrigued me very much. In fact, due to its compactness I proceeded to build and follow the pictorial parts placement. As this is the first transmitter I have ever built, I took great pains in planning and wiring the "underside". When I finished the project I felt very proud of its construction and appearance, comparable to commercial units, Since I had decided from the beginning to stay on one band, I omitted the bandswitch and inserted a filament toggle. To make it deluxe I added a relay for push-to-talk. The initial "fire-up" resulted in complete success. I have wanted a mobile transmitter for quite some time and this one certainly fills the bill, from compactness to contact!

Congratulations to the author, D. A. King, KSEEY, for designing an excellent circuit. It has certainly put a dent into the mobile band in this area.

And thank you for a fine publication, I read it cover to cover. — Eugene Cope, WA6DUW, Pasadona, California.

#### E = IR

■ While I realize that I am being a real masty old man for raising such a "minor" point, I want to take exception to a statement made in February QST, page 39, under the title of "More Panger."

The statement says, "The power company said 7200 volts passed through his body." It seems to me that George Simon Ohm in all of his wisdom said that voltage never passed through anything. Voltage is a pressure which causes electrons to flow through a path when provided, and I believe in this case that the path was well and truly provided by the aforesaid body, in inverse proportion to the resistance of the path provided.

I have found that the beginning student in electricity seems to want to have everything moving, the voltage, the current, and the resistance, and until he can get a clear view of the voltage as a pressure, the current as a flow, and the resistance as a restricting force, he and Ohm's Law are completely at odds.

Now, if we leave loose little traps lying around in our technical literature, of a type that will bolster his misconceptions of what happens in an electrical circuit, I believe that we are doing our beginning reader a very great disservice.

In this case, 1 believe Pete received across his body a portion of the 7200 volts available dependent upon the ratio of the resistance of his body and the line, and bottom part of his body and the ground.

Let no one get the idea that I am suggesting that one should use this as a method of proving a very interesting point of Ohm's Law, but let's keep the ideas straight so that the reader may be more aware of the factors involved in becoming part of a series circuit placed across a 7200-volt source.— J. O. Camden, VE3GZ, St. Pauls, Ontario, Canada.

#### BREAD AND BUTTER PUBLICITY

¶ I'm interested in the ARRL publicity program; please send me the publicity aids explained in the February aditorial.

I consider my membership in the ARRL very valuable to me and instrumental in helping me to become a better operator.—James lt. Nedbalck, KNØWUD, Collycr, Kansas.

• Just about one hour after reading your editorial (I always read that first), I was interrupted in my favorite pastime of DXing by one of the other local DX hounds, commenting on a Chicago Tribune story about my DXCC, and he inquired as to who my press agent was.

In this respect, I must confess that it was none other than the ARRL itself. As a result of one of your routine press releases, which even in the big cities do not always end up in the waste basket, a woman reporter for the Tribunc was prompted to call me and inquire as to what it was all about. We had quite a lengthy conversation in which I did my best to give her a good overall picture of ham radio and its many facets.

Keep up the good work. I like the old rag just fine and can't wait till the next one arrives in the mail. It is well balanced, and oh so interesting from editorial to want ads—I read it all!—Edmund F. Molly, W9JFT, Chicago, Illinois.

¶ I noticed in the editorial section of the February 1960 QST, an article on "Bread-And-Butter Publicity". I would like the booklets and press release forms mentioned in that article.

I think this material will be quite valuable to us in our work with a local six-meter emergency net.—John R. Miller, K9BIV, EC, McDonough County, Macomb, Illinois.

- ¶ I enjoyed the editorial "Bread-And-Butter Publicity" very much. I am in charge of public relations for the newly formed Eastern Idaho Radio Society at Pocatello and would be very interested in securing all the publicity aids League headquarters would care to send me. David B. Blalock, KNYKVS, Pocatello, Idaho.
- Having just been appointed to handle the publicity of the Portland Amateur Wireless Association, I was interested to note in the February QST that you can supply format for press releases, etc. We here in Portland have access to two daily newspapers. It's quite possible that in addition to occasional coverage of our club news, a statewide column could be developed in the interest of hamdom throughout the entire area. Ben Webber, K1LSJ, Portland. Maine.
- ¶ I wish to thank the League for the source material on Amateur Radio that I received from you. Excerpts from this plus personal experience, a handful of QSTs, a late callbook, and a shoebox full of DX QSLs from 122 countries produced a well-received talk last Tuesday night before the Cumberland Women's Club. Homer Larcen, WYMXP, Cumberland, Wisconsin.

#### ADDITIONS TO HOME BREW

■ I read the February QST article "The Axioms of Home Brew," and enjoyed it very much, I wonder if these three axioms might be added to the list:

18. The amateur engineer will solder and resolder an octal plug three or more times before remembering to insert the protective cap on the leads.

19. After the above procedure is completed, the lead will be exactly ½-inch too short.

20. If according to the engineer's table of tube characteristics a final amplifier tube is rated at 250 watts, the plates will become red as the loading approaches 90 watts.

I imagine you came across these generalizations through hard experience. I know I did.—Phil Horwitz, K9GBS, Chicago, Illinois.

#### THIS TEENAGE JAZZ

¶. In the three years that I have been a radio amateur, I have read numerous complaints in QST about undesirable amateur activities on the part of teen-aged hams. Several amateurs have criticized such juvenile practices as using "cute" phonetics on the air and witty names in addressing QSLs. Others have protested our habit of discussing such subjects as school and YLs on the air. Another individual found the practice of giving ages on the air objectionable, while several others have found strenuous objection to our very existence on the ham-bands.

I believe that some of this criticism is unwarranted, and I would like to offer some defense for our on-the-air activities. First, it should be realized that most of us have sets of values somewhat different than those of the more mature amateurs. We are generally interested in different things. Appreciating cute phonetics and the like is a part of our personalities at present. Thus, for an older ham to object to our use of cute phonetics or names, or to protest the subject matter of our conversations, is entirely as unrealistic as a parent would be if he demanded that his four-year-old son play chess rather than cowboys-and-Indians. It is also because of the difference in our interests that I often give my age on the air: it tells the fellow on the other end more about my personality than any other thing I might mention.

Is my habit of calling other teen-aged hams "chief TVI generator" and calling myself "K6YNB, the Young Notorious Bootlegger" so distasteful as to endanger the safety of our hobby, and so obnoxious as to classify me in the same "rogue's gallery" as those who show wanton disregard for the laws of our country? As teen-agers, we have certain things we enjoy doing, and I hardly think that strenuous objections from older hams will inspire us to terminate these "undesirable" on-the-air practices any more than, returning to the analogy I used earlier, parental pressure would make an average four-year-old enjoy chess. Hence, if the answer to my rhetorical question is yes, it follows that the proper course would be for the FCC to make age a qualification for holding an amateur license. However, I feel that our idiosyncrasies are no more undesirable than those of other factions of the amateur fraternity, and I think that the primary motivation of those who object to the "Captain Video" set is pride. It is obviously no par-ticular point of pride to simply possess a ticket, when nineand ten-year-old children have been known to obtain the same class license, - Wayne E. Overbeck, K6YNB, Secretary, Mira Costa High School Radio Club, Manhattan Beach, California.

¶ I am sorry that my first letter to your fine magazine is a complaint, but I feel something surely is wrong when the holders of the more advanced licenses criticize everything that the Novices do, from the poor sending and chirp to the way in which they address their QSLs.

I thought that I'd put in a good word for these fellows, and, although I see nothing wrong with addressing the cards to Chief Operator Joe, etc., I have made a survey of all the QSLs that I have received in the last two years. Here are the results:

	General	Novice
Amateur Radio Station	59%	60%
Chief Operator	26%	10%
Chief YL-Chaser	6%	3%
Brass Pounder	10%	20%
R.F. Plant	207	0%
Chief Switch Flipper	4%	0%
TVI Palace	2%	7%

As you can see, the percent of "cute" titles is much higher on the General cards!! The only thing that this proves is that Generals are just big Novices. — Scotty Williams, WABDNM, San Diego, California.

(Continued on page 156)

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# Operating News



F. E. HANDY, W1BDI, Communications Mgr. GEORGE HART, W1NJM, Natl. Emerg. Coordinator JOHN F. LINDHOLM, W1DGL, Ass't. Comm. Mgr., C. W. ROBERT L. WHITE, WIWPO, DXCC Awards LILLIAN M. SALTER, WIZJE, Administrative Aide ELLEN WHITE, WIYYM, Ass't, Comm. Mgr., Phone

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FCC Suspends Amateur Licenses in Exam Fraud. The Federal Communications Commission in these actions again invokes the penalty of taking amateur licensing privileges away from any amateurs who would be party to a fraud in obtaining an amateur license.

FCC ordered (Dec. 23, 1959) that the Conditional Class Amateur Radio Operator License (K4YMS) of Sol Herzog, Savannah, Tennessee BE SUSPENDED for the remainder of the license term, that is until July 15, 1964, under authority contained in Sec. 303 (m) (1) (A) of the Communications Act and Sec. 0.292 (f) of FCC rules, his amateur license to be mailed the FCC at Washington, D. C.; it appearing that the licensee was issued a Conditional Class license on July 15, pursuant to a written examination and code test purportedly taken by the said Sol Herzog before volunteer examiners: it further appearing that he fraudulently indicated that he did not reside within seventy-five (75) miles of an FCC examining point by claiming residence on Lot 38, Cattish Drive, Crump, Tenn., whereas he actually was residing in Memphis Tenn., and that he falsely and knowingly so described the location of his station, violating Sec. 12.44 (a), 12.64, and 12.162 of the FCC rules, This suspension was effective from Jan. 15.

FCC ordered (Dec. 31, 1959) that the General Class Amateur Radio Operator License (K4QNJ) of Herbert D. Herzog, Memphis, Tenn., BE SUSPENDED for the remainder of the license term, that is, until Feb. 10, 1963, under authority contained in Sec. 303 (m) (1) (A) of the Communications Act and Sec. 0,292 (f) of FCC rules, his amateur license to be mailed to the office of FCC. Washington. D. C.: it appearing that the licensee certified to the Commission that on March 24, 1959, he gave the Morse Code Examination to Sol Herzog, stating that he passed the examination at the rate of 13 w.p.m. and as a result of said certification a Conditional Class license was issued . . . it further appearing that the said Herbert D. Herzog had knowledge of the deception in the false representation of the residence of this applicant, and that notwithstanding, he willfully and knowingly assisted in obtaining this Conditional Class License in violation of Sec. 12.162 of FCC rules. This suspension was effective from Jan. 24.

Citizens Band Not to Permit Prerogatives of our Amateur Service. FCC amended its rules for the Citizens Radio Service, effective March 15, 1960, to define more closely the permissible communications and to make sure part of its allocation will not become an examination-free amateur band. FCC's report states that it had no intentions to create a service paralleling the Amateur Radio Service, nor was it intended that Citizens Radio licensees use their stations as a hobby in itself, for technical radio experiments or general contacts of a random nature . . . provision for such already being made in the Amateur Radio Service for those who have the knowledge and skills to qualify. The Amateur Service (Sec. 12.102) of course prohibits amateurs from any use of amateur radio stations for gain or remuneration or conduct of personal business; note that the Citizens Radio Service as specified below is for "substantive messages related to the business or personal activities. . . ," but may not, even so, involve compensation or remuneration from others. The following excerpts from the FCC report clarify this matter of service rules and differences between the Citizens Service and Amateur Service and so are of some interest to amateurs.

"(11)... the Citizens Radio Service (except for Class C stations) is contemplated basically as a service for intercommunication between units of a single station. This does not mean that authorization for single units will not be granted, but requires that inter-communication between units of different stations be restricted to useful and substantive messages related to the business or personal activities of the individuals concerned ... (13)... rules changes as adopted provide that except under certain clearly defined conditions, a station licensed in the CRS



This column last month expounded on the operations planned for K6USA at the Olympic Games held at Squaw Valley, California. This photo shows W6OPL in action at K6USA during their very successful stay.

may be used only for transmissions which relate to the business or personal affairs of the licensee.

"(17) Par. (e) of Sec. 19.61 merely states that which is good operating procedure; that is, that all communications, regardless of their nature, shall be restricted to the minimum practicable transmission time...(18)...par. (f) of Sec. 19.61 limits the transmission of any Class D station or any exchange of communications between two or more Class D stations to not more than five consecutive minutes, followed by a two-minute silent period during which the licensee shall monitor the frequencies used and other stations will be provided the opportunity to use the frequencies.

"(19)... The practice of using a 'test' call for the purpose of inviting DX contacts with unknown stations will be considered a subterfuge in lieu of the general call CQ, and in violation of the rules... Except for brief test transmissions and emergency or civil defense communications, all transmissions from a Class D station must be addressed to specific persons or stations within the direct groundwave coverage range, and any communication designed to clicit a response from a random or unknown station, such as by calling CQ is prohibited."

All Operators Can Help Improve Conditions in Our Bands. Quite a few letters are coming in these days (from hams about hams) complaining about key clicks, phone splatter, deplorable signal deficiencies and what not. The idea generally expressed is that we should run a list of signal offenders in QST or step up the sending of helpful advisory notices by Official Observers. As we have told one writer, the several weeks of time required to get a monthly magazine into print makes it impractical to advise of signal deficiencies in QST. A given set of spurious radiations may well have been remedied before QST arrives. There's also the chance of misidentified call signs.

In any event most operators, we believe, feel thoroughly ashamed of having a poorly filtered signal, splatter, disgraceful click and/or chirp, or undue broadness.

Unfortunately many fellows on the air never get to hear themselves as others hear them. But it's for sure that defective or shabby signals make an operator's on-the-air presence as shabby as Bowery and slum-area characters look to the man about town.

Our purpose here is to stress to you as an operator and QST reader, your own potential in getting signal conditions on the bands improved. Your honest report, adding the C or K (for chirp or click), giving a true T-scale evaluation (please consult our RST definitions; the list, Op. Aid 3 will be sent free on request), your voice description of signal troubles conveyed in honest and friendly fashion on the phone bands, can do more than all the Observer warnings and FCC notices put together to help improve the signals from stations noted below par!

Members of the ARRL Observer Corps do a generally commendable job, as a large file of appreciative correspondence will attest; FCC actions calling amateurs directly to account likewise! But it is our notion that the public opinion inherent in amateur radio itself is a greater force than even either or both of these together. "Pride in signal" has not disappeared or perished from the earth. But the evoking of that pride in correcting bad band conditions

has been perilously diminished when too many are guilty of passing habitually-stereotyped reports, or engaging in downright flattery.

We want here to suggest that all operators be frank in telling operators over-the-air as they are worked, when their signals seem to you in any way faulty. Remember that when you do this, you are doing the other fellow a favor to help him remedy his poor signal. You and I certainly value a true report over a meaningless one, and every amateur is grateful for a tip-off that makes corrective measures possible before sterner FCC action. Then how about giving forth with fewer "formula reports" and giving more significant and honest useful reports!

Logging Forms for the June Field Day Ready. Do you have your plans made for the coming ARRL Field Day? The convenient forms to use for FD operation are now available. We suggest that you ask for yours by radio or mail well in advance. Early requests provide ample mailing time for third class mail to bring our FD log sheets to you and avoid taking the chance that your forms will not arrive until after the June 25–26 week-end of operating.

A basic purpose of our Field Day is to provide a practical communications test for emergency-powered amateur radio equipment, both for receiving and transmitting. You can take part with your individual equipment, or go portable with another amateur, each of you providing some equipment and sharing the operating experience. Club activity is extremely popular, and FD is a challenge to every club's organizational abilities to show how effective a communications pattern can be proved for a specified period. FD is, as well, a training exercise for the individual operators. To get the most from FD in enjoyment and results takes some advance preparation and planning.

Preparing for FD. Club plans are usually worked out by club committees. A club may establish as many as found helpful. Different committees on location, commissary details, equipment setups, antennas, and operating plans, all under a general chairman may start functioning months in advance. Indeed some clubs start working on the new FD within one or two months after the last successful exercise! Clubs, depending on size, must themselves decide which transmitter-class they will enter. Will all operators in turn man an idealized emergency station, switched from one band to another? Will there be an operator team for each band, competing on its own? Shall there be separate Novice or Technician setups with special limitations, and will such run for just certain hours, or all through the FD?

If there are a number of amateurs in the group who have never been on a Field Day, or who are but recently licensed, we want to suggest not only adequate club briefings on the equipment to be used, but some blackboard and on-the-air sessions ahead of time. Net operation, message form, logging practice, the length and timing

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of calls and answers, and the effectiveness of one's c.w. and phone procedures need evaluation to win out, either in personal home operation or FD activity. Each year about FD time we read in club bulletins of advance field exercises arranged by some clubs. Also we note that many club members who hold SCM appointment try out their new gadgetry and emergency equipment especially completed for FD by giving it a workout in the April CD Party. We want to stress that FD is a top interest activity for everyone. whether you work h.f. or v.h.f. As for Field Day in clubs, the operating should not in our opinion be limited to just your top operators; it should be a pleasurable workout in which every club member and operator can feel he was on the air and had a part in the net result, and in so doing learned some new and valuable pointers.

June QST will carry the full text of the Field Day Rules. These, in the usual pattern (see last June QST) have already been distributed to all affiliated clubs through the early 1960 Club Bulletin. As the FD Rules will explain, there are five possible classes for your entries to provide for clubs, individuals, groups and home

stations.

Mobiles have an important place in our emergency work today too; about one amateur in every three has a mobile. ARRL urges that every amateur with mobile or hand-carried equipment is, by FD time, registered as to availability with the Amateur Radio Emergency Corps and/or signed up in the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service and thus made a part of community planning. Also we strongly suggest that clubs should report and lump together their individual-operator mobile scores in FD for listing in the Club Aggregate Mobile Scores, this besides turning in a Class A score of their field operations under one club chosen call.

About Individual Setups. Clubs usually compare their showing with "last year" or with the results as reported by groups of similar size and transmitter-class. Individuals operate and are compared in QST listings only with other individuals. If you have gear, home-built or manufactured, equipment capable of battery operation but never tested out, why not make it a point to give it a workout in the FD under a simulated emergency condition? There's a sense of gain and accomplishment in making simple, light-weight equipment do a passable or superior job from some spot where no community power source is available! To take part creditably in FD, it's not required that you put in full time, though many do. We recall our personal part in FD some years ago for just one afternoon of the exercise. Only a small rig was on hand, but getting that station going in a remote spot was a richly rewarding experience. ARRL has developed its FD pattern in the hope that you too will find valuable technical operating and fraternal experiences in the Field Day. This is a reminder to start your FD plans now!

-F.E.H.

#### MEET THE SCMs

Meet the new SCM for the MD-DEL-DC section Thomas B. Hedges, W3BKE . . . and quite a background he carries with him too. Tom is presently with the FCC as an engineer in the Technical Research Division. He once was with the Library of Congress as Ass't, Chief, Division for the Blind, in which capacity he promoted publication of excerpts from the ARRL License Manual and How to Become . . . in recorded form for use of the blind. This Talking Book is now in wide circulation.



Dating initial amateur radio interests back to 1924 and holding various calls over the years, Tom is well known for various contest activity, presently crediting his scores to the aggregate totals compiled by the Potomac Valley Radio Club. Sweepstakes, DX Contest, Field Day, and CD Parties are among the contests in which Tom has been active since 1933.

Motorcycle racing is his favorite sport with gardening as a hobby. The XYL is also a ham, W3TSC. The MD-DEL-DC section is most fortunate to have W3BKE as their SCM.

#### **ELECTION NOTICE**

(To all ARRL members residing in the Sections listed below.) You are hereby notified that an election for Section Communications Manager is about to be held in your respective Section. The notice supersedes previous notices.

Nominating petitions are solicited. The signatures of five or more ARRL full members of the Section concerned, in good standing, are required on each petition. No member shall sign more than one petition.

Each candidate for Section Communications Manager must have been a licensed amateur for at least two years and similarly a full member of the League for at least one continuous year immediately prior to his nomination.

Petitions must be in West Hartford, Conn., on or before noon on the closing dates specified. In cases where no valid nominating petitions were received in response to previous notices, the closing dates are set ahead to the dates given herewith. The complete name, address, and station call of the candidate should be included with the petition. It is advisable that eight or ten full-member signatures be obtained, since on checking names against Headquarters files, with no time to return invalid petitions for additions, a petition may be found invalid by reasons of expiring memberships, individual signers uncertain or ignorant of their membership status, etc.

The following nomination form is suggested. (Signers will please add city and street addresses to facilitate checking membership.)

Communications Manager, ARRL. iplace and datel 38 La Salle Road, West Hartford, Conn.

We, the undersigned full members of the..... Division, hereby nominate......

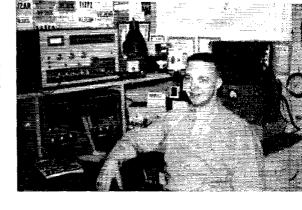
as candidate for Section Communications Manager for this Section for the next two-year term of office.

Elections will take place immediately after the closing dates specified for receipt of nominating petitions. The ballots mailed from Headquarters to full members will list in alphabetical sequence the names of all eligible candidates.

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Sparks really flew in the January CD Parties, as K2EIU floored the gang on both c.w. and phone to become the first dual winner. Shelving the Lettine 240 and NC240C for an Apache TX-1 and SX-101A induced Ken to dredge the bands to 217,470 points on c.w. and 41,495 on phone.

This photo finds K2EIU in restful repose after his twin triumph.



You are urged to take the initiative and file nominating petitions immediately. This is your opportunity to put the man of your choice in office.

- F. E. Handy, Communications Manager

Section	Closing Date	SCM	Term Ends
Yukon *	Apr. 11, 1960	W. R. Williamson	Mar. 17, 1949
West Indies	Apr. 11, 1960	William Werner	Aug. 10, 1958
Quebec *	Apr. 11, 1960	C. W. Skarstedt	Dec. 15, 1959
North			
Carolina	Apr. 11, 1960	B. Riley Fowler	Mar. 6, 1960
Alberta *	Apr. 11, 1960	Gordon W. Hollingshead	May 1, 1960
Eastern Mas-			
sachusetts	Apr. 11, 1960	Frank L. Baker, jr.	June 15, 1960
Western Penr	1-		
sylvania	June 10, 1960	Anthony J. Mroczka	Aug. 7, 1960
Northern			
Texas	June 10, 1960	L. L. Harbin	Aug. 10, 1960
Western			
New York	June 10, 1960	Charles T. Hansen	Aug. 10, 1960
North			
Dakota	June 10, 1960	Harold A. Wengel	Aug. 11, 1960
Kentucky	June 10, 1960	Robert A. Thomason	Aug. 16, 1960
Wyoming	June 10, 1960	L. D. Branson	Aug. 22, 1960
Montana	June 10, 1960	Vernon L. Phillips	Sept. 1, 1960

<sup>\*</sup> In Canadian Sections nominating petitions for Section Managers must be addressed to Canadian Director Alex Reid, 169 Logan Ave., St. Lambert, Quebec. To be valid, petitions must be filed with him on or before closing dates named.

#### **ELECTION RESULTS**

Valid petitions nominating a single candidate as Section Manager were filed by members in the following Sections, completing their election in accordance with regular League policy, each term of office starting on the date given.

Mississippi	Floyd C. Tectson, W5MUG	Dec. 10, 1959
Haskatchewan	H. R. Horn, VE5HR	Dec. 10, 1959
Eastern New York	George W. Tracy, W2EFU	Feb. 10, 1960
South Carolina	Dr. J. O. Duniap, W4GQV	Mar. 4, 1960
Georgia	William F. Kennedy, W4CFJ	Mar. 18, 1960
Tennessee	R. W. Ingraham, W4UIO	Apr. 15, 1960
Arizona	Kenneth P. Cole, W7QZH	Apr. 15, 1960

In the New Mexico Section of the Rocky Mountain Division, Mr. Newell F. Greene, K51QL, Mr. Carl W. Franz, W5ZHN, and Mr. Brian S. Ward, K5GOJ, were nominated. Mr. Greene received 95 votes, Mr. Franz received 90 votes and Mr. Ward received 76 votes. Mr. Greene's term of office began Feb. 10, 1960.

#### RESULTS, JANUARY CD PARTIES

Ye olde contest editor stood back rather aghast when the results of the January CD Parties showed a rather phenomenal performance. Claimed scores show that K2E1U was not only the winner in the phone Party, but the c.w. Party as well. Isn't this the first time this has ever been done? Near as I can recollect, the closest to rival it in recent years is that feat of W3TMZ in the July 1958 Party, when Jack was the winner on phone, and placed fifth on c.w. being outdistanced by four W6's under the old scoring system. I'm sure the gang will be out in full force in April to rack up scores of their own to ensure that Ken, K2EIU, does not come through with a repeat performance. Another top scorer on c.w. was W1RAN with 209,790 points via

660 QSO's in 63 sections, this score falling short of K2EIU's 653 contacts in 66 sections good for 217,470 points. W3KLA was disappointed at missing the 200K mark, but his score was good enough for a place finish, with W4DQS and K5ZBS rounding out the top five. Who is K5ZBS you ask? Well, that's ole familiar W6WNI all outfitted with a new call in Oklahoma. Yeah, I was puzzled at his knack of savvy too; so now you know!

Well, who were the also-rans to K2EIU's phone score of 41,495 points by 187 contacts in 43 sections? W1ECH's gallant assault betted him 199 contacts; a new phone QSO record, in finishing second with 40,170 points. W3NF supposedly had it "in the bag" early in the Party, but old age set in and Ed finished up in front of the TV set come Sunday evening. His 23,840 points were good for fourth, though bowing EPA section honors to K3ANS with 30,090. Finishing off the sizzling six were W4BGP and W3KLA, the latter proving that he can occasionally shed his bug for a week end, and polish 'em off with the mike.

This Party was marked by the many new calls heard. Newcomers were everywhere handing out contacts left and right. This may prove an opportunity to better your previous high score in the coming April fracas. So men, forward... march!

The following are the high claimed scores. Figures show score claimed, number of QSOs, and number of different sections worked. Final and complete standings will appear in the April CD Bulletin.

— W1DGL

(1777	K1CAU107,520-380-56
C.W.	WA2COO104.805-404-51
K2EIU217,470-653-66	W4KFC101.080-354-56
W1RAN209,790-660-63	W2OPB 100,240-351-56
W3KLA193,800-646-60	K4BVD100,100-359-55
W4DQS192,150-605-63	PHONE
K5ZBS185,535-582-63	
WØNYU182,695-592-61	K2ETU41,495-187-43
K9ELT182,385-575-63	W1ECH 40,170-199-39
W9LNQ179,725-548-65	K3ANS30,090-173-34
W6BES177,280-547-64	W3NF23,840-142-32
W9MAK172,290-532-64	W4BGP21,250-125-31
W8SCW1168,970-548-61	W3KLA16,820-116-29
W9PNE163,800-497-65	W1GKJ15,960-109-28
W4PNK163,500-545-60	W1DXS15,080-116-26
K4CFD/4161,880-500-64	WØALW13,050- 84-30
W1AW2152,100-500-60	W4LK12,825- 95-27
W2REH150,900-501-60	W2SZ <sup>3</sup> 12,420- 89-27
K8HGT149,270-502-59	K1CAU12,320- 84-28
W8AEB147,840-462-64	W3MFW10,580- 86-23
W9NLJ146,705-475-61	K2VTX/VE210,270- 75-26
K4CAX142,450-511-55	K2QDT 12,240-102-24
K5BSZ136,090-434-62	KØKYK11,620- 80-28
K1JDN 134,405-459-59	W2CWD11,440-104-22
KØOBF135,300-448-60	W9PNE11.060- 72-28
W2DRV135,110-451-59	W2REH11,040- 90-24
W3GYP134,680-476-56	W4ZM10,150- 65-29
K4PUZ133,800-446-60	W9YT410.150- 64-29
WØPHR133,690-454-58	W2COB9600- 80-24
K4SSB133,245-418-63	K4BAI8970- 62-26
K40YR128,710-415-61	W8NYH8710- 69-26
K4BAI126,850-423-59	K2JTU8640- 70-24
W1JTD 125,685-399-63	W2AYJ8395- 66-23
K2AFQ 124,800-410-60	KØEPT
K2KNV124,195-415-59	KØSGJ
W9QQG119,075-433-55	W1FNI5670- 54-21
K6QHC118,800-360-66	K2PHF/15250- 43-21
K8KVV116.325-416-55	WA2EKE5130- 54-18
W3KUN114,675-410-55	W1AW55040- 41-21
K5ABV107,665-353-61	W1DGL5015- 54-17
1 K9SII. opr · 2 W1WPR opr ·	&W100C opr + 4 W0SZP opr +

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> K2SIL, opr.; <sup>2</sup> W1WPR, opr.; <sup>2</sup> W1OQC, opr.; <sup>4</sup> W9SZR, opr.; <sup>5</sup>Multiple operator.

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#### DXCC NOTES

Basic guiding criteria for determining our Countries List, established as the DXCC standard, were given on page 84, April 1959 QST. Some amateurs have asked that we tell them the specific distance that would serve as a guide when applying points two and three of that discussion. This is possible, since the several applications of the policy made over a number of years make for well-established precedents. Here then are those provisions to answer possible questions such as may arise from time to time:

2. The geographical separation. With regard to geographical separation by water where the place in question has no political/administrative sovereignty, it must be at least 225 miles from the nearest land to which it is administratively or politically attached to be considered for separate country status in the ARRL Countries List. This point shall not apply to the islands in a natural island grouping.

3. Where foreign territory divides a country, there will be a minimum distance of 75 miles of foreign land separating the two areas or places in question. In the case of island groups this distance requirement does not apply.

DXCC credit, for some years, has been given for the Palestine listing on those stations operating in the city of Jerusalem and those stations operating in the UN Truce Supervisory Sector bordering the city of Jerusalem. Effective April 1, 1960, no further crediting toward the Palestine listing will be made for confirmations from those stations operating in the Israeli section of the city of Jerusalem.

Confirmations for contacts with stations operating from the UN Truce Supervisory Sector bordering the city of Jerusalem will continue to be credited toward the Palestine listing, as will confirmations for contacts made prior to April 1, 1960 with stations operating in the Israeli section of the city of Jerusalem.

In view of undeniable evidence presented by the Radio Society of Bulgaria regarding the operation by Dimiter Sibirsky, also known as Sibi, LZ1DX, LZ1DX/ZA, TA1SS, ZA1KAD, 9B3AA/ZA etc., we are obliged to announce that previous credits given on LZ1DZ/ZA have been deleted from DXCC records and that no confirmations made out by or associated with Sibirsky will be accepted for DXCC credit.

Announcement is hereby made of the addition to the ARRL Countries List of Auckland & Campbell Islands. Both of these islands are located in the Pacific Ocean south of New Zealand, Campbell Island is approximately 500 miles south of New Zealand, Auckland Island is about 150 miles closer, Confirmations from either of these places will count the same for DXCC credit.

DXCC credit will be given starting June 1, 1960, for creditable confirmations dated on or after November 15, 1945. This is to permit foreign amatours to start receiving credits at the same time as those in the U. S. A. Coufirmations received prior to June 1, 1960 for either of these will be returned without credit.

DZ	CENTURY	CLUB AWARD	S	
#ONOR ROLL  W6AM 297 W6CUQ 291  ZL3GX 297 ZL1HY 291  W3GHD 297 W1ME 291  W4GHD 297 W1ME 291  W4GHD 295 W3MN 291  W5GW 295 GPLMX 291  P2H 205 W3MN 291  P2H 205 W3MN 291  W6FNV 293 W3KT 291  W6FNV 293 W6LBG 291  W6FNV 293 W6LBG 291  W6FNV 293 W6LBG 290  W4BD 293 W9YFV 290  W4BD 293 W9AFV 290  W4MIN 292 W7GUV 290  WNIN 292 W6TT 290  WNIN 292 W6TT 290  W8IRA 292 W3HDS 290  GRAAM 292 W8UAS 290  W6DZ 292 W8UAS 290  W6DZ 292 W7GBW 290  W9NDA 291	W9RHI 290 W2BXA 289 W8BKP 288 W4D0H 288 W4D0H 288 C1:3AG 288 W1CLX 287 W1CLX 287 W1CLX 287 W1CLX 287 W1CLX 287 W1CLX 287 W1CLX 286 W8KIA 287 W9KOK 287 W9KOK 287 W9KOK 287 W9KOK 286 W9KOK 286 W5ADZ 286 G4CP 286 W6TS 286 Z86BW 286	W9PQA 222 W8TJM 220 W8TJM 2218 W6LDJ 215 W7YGN 213 OY7ML 212 W2RUI 210 K6KII 210 W9WIO 210 PY2OE 30 W5MCO 20 W5MCO 20 W5MCO 20 W5MCO 20 W1LQ 201 W1LQ 201 W1LQ 201 W1DO 200 PY4OD 194 W6CPM 193 W2ALZB 192	W7BA	W6AOT. 141 SM6AMR. 141 K4AL. 140 K6BX. 140 W7TMF 140 W9QFC 140 W4SNR. 137 ZLING. 135 W6WQT 133 W9YZG 132 W4KET 131 K6P1E 130 VE3BOR. 130 SP55HS 130 SP55HS 130 D19KP 129 WRHIE 128 K19FU 126 W7LIO 122 W7LIO 126 W7LIO 126 W7LIO 126 WZHIY 120
Radiotelephone	tacts with 100-or- RRL Communica-	W28LZB   192   R28LZ   192   R2JIGG   191   DL1YA   190   OF3WB   190   WHRI   187   W2LJR   184   W60JW   182   W1HGT   180   R2DGT   179   W9RH   174   R4DGT   173   JAZJW   173   W2RVN   172   W2RVN   172   W2RVN   172   W2RVN   172   W2RVN   172   R2JIGG   R2DGT   R2DGT	K2QQQ. 152 K7GIE. 152 W8YOW. 151 W2FILD. 150 W4JII. 150 W7CMO. 150 W8OKB 150 K9CUY. 150 K9CUY. 150 K9KDI. 144 K8DYX. 144 W3YPI. 143 K8HFO. 142 C33CCN. 142	W9KTD 120 V8LWL 120 W8QHW 116 K2GKJ 116 W9LJR 115 K9PPX 116 K9PYK 116 W9YHE 114 W4FKL 112 K8B8Z 112 W9CBE 112 VE3XK 111 K6JBP 110 K6JBP 110
NEW MEMBERS			ZS61W142	
W1AIG. 195 W3BII 108 W3DPS 186 F7EA. 108 W3AIH/YE3 G3JFF 108 W9SD 141 OX3RH 108 K2UVU 139 W5GIX 105 K4QIE 128 G3LHJ 104 Z54UF 128 G3LHJ 104 Z54UF 128 W3TEC 103 K9GZK 115 K9HOL 103 OX3DL 111 EARBK 103 K2DNA 110 OZ9N 103 W0GKC 110 K2BG 102 C6YL 110 U33FG 102 SF2LV 109 K2QIL 101	W4LXX 101 D16VN 101 G3KYF 101 G3KYF 101 W42D1G 100 K2QAR 100 K3ALU 100 W6ERS 100 W7NNF 100 W9UTQ 100 K9LFQ 100 V6HG 100 FM7WF 100 G3GGF 100	W3GHD 255 W8ZET 221 LA7Y 213 W9YSQ 212 W9YSQ 212 W9LMN 210 Y95AB 210 W2LV 202 F3DJ 201 W9JLH 200 H10A 200 W1GKK 190 K4BVQ 190 W6CPM 190 W6CPM 190 FA2CB 190	Radiotelephone W3FWD 174 K23GG 1772 ON4FJ 177 ON4FJ 177 ON4FJ 177 W31CQ 183 W9MLY 163 W6BRY 156 K2QQQ 159 W4RVL 150 W8UMR 141 K2JFV 140 W9QNO 140	W9YRO 138 W2HQL 136 W7TMF 131 W4PJG 130 T12PI 124 VEHPQ 122 W9A1H/VE3 W4ASE 121 W4SGD 120 CR7LU 118 W4LVV 117 OY7ML 112
VE5LM123 11RIF109	W7BOV101	EA2CB190 LU8CW180 W3DPS178	W9QNO140	W4YSY111 W9YHE110
VESLM 123 11R1F 109 CT1GK 118 Z84UP 108 G5ZT 114 W9TLF 107 VF3DMT 113 C65FV 106 K3COW 111 W1MGP 102 G3JZK 111 K5KYR 101 11RR 110  Endorsements	HB9LF 101 W3QEF 100 W3TEC 100 K4EER 100 K4TFI 100 K6HZI 100		Area and Contine VE2WW. 268 VE3DIF. 250 VE4XO. 180 VE5JU. 190 VE6NX. 256	
W8KML 288 W7AH 250 W7PHO 280 CO28W 250 GRYF 271 KP4KD 250 W6UHA 270 W9KXK 245 W2HQL 260 HB9MQ 242 W2ZX 260 W5AWT 241 LA7Y 260 W1EOB 240 W5MMD 256 W1NLM 240 IIAMU 252 W2MUM 240	VE78B 240 W688Y 237 PY1HQ 237 W6ANN 234 K9BVR 234 W6LN 238 W9QNO 231 W5VU 227 W2PCJ 225	W2BXA267 W4DQH264 W5BGP 251 W7PHO275 KH6OR254	Radiotelephone KL7AFR. 190 W9AIW 260 VF.1DR 140 VF.2WW 210 VE3KF 224 VE3QA 224	VE4RP. 102 VE5RU. 178 VE6NX. 152 VE6TF. 152 VE7ZM. 253 G2PL. 266



Throughout the past year or so this column has carried frequent accounts of the doings of the AREC group of Cuyahoga County (Cleveland), Ohio. So often has this name appeared, in fact, that ye editor has groaned audibly from time to time and we have been accused of being partial to the Cleveland group. But the material was on hand, it was well written, concise, complete, and the subject matter was apropos. We used it. The EC for this group is and has been Walt Ermer, WSAEU, winner of the 1959 Edison Award.

We in the AREC are very proud of the reflected glory in which we bask as a result of this award. Every man who tries to accomplish something has enemies, and no doubt Walt is no exception; but offhand, we can't think of a more deserving person. The Cuyahoga AREC is a well-balanced communications unit. Come an emergency, it is right on the job, doing in stride what it keeps in training to do during the rest of the time. Recently, when he resigned as EC in order to turn the job over to someone else, Walt submitted a complete and detailed report of AREC activities for 1959. Besides actual emergency operations, they included communications for parades, sporting events, fund drives and simulated emergency tests.

One of the accounts, signed by the "assistant EC for parades," got a big laugh from some of the readers. But we weren't laughing. Providing communications for parades has a lot of specialized angles that have to be coordinated by someone familiar with them. And the Cuyahoga AREC's services were much in demand for this and other purposes. The group was very much in public good odor, and they were doing what more AREC groups should do: keeping active and at a high state of efficiency.

We are sure that Walt Ermer will be the first to decry his section as an individual for the Edison Award honor, and he'll be right. No individual in a leadership role can take full credit for his organization's accomplishments. At the same time, no organization can become outstanding without an outstanding leader, and that's what W8AEU has been. As inevitably as the sunrise, one reflects credit on the other.

This was the eighth Edison Award, bestowed each year on the amateur, picked by a committee of impartial judges, who is considered to have rendered the maximum service to the public interest. In seven out of the eight choices, the amateur has been chosen from among those rendering service in the emergency or traffic field. This is not even to mention those who were awarded special citations for work in those fields. We feel that all this is a well-deserved tribute to our emergency and traffic-handling capabilities and achievements through amateur radio and an indication that the greatest public service can be rendered in these fields of amateur endeavor.

On Nov. 23, 1959, the Kings County (Wash.) RACES coordinator was notified that flood waters were rising to the danger point on the Green River, and RACES operators were alerted at 0130. By 0500 a portable base station and 8 mobiles were operating in the Auburn area. As no emergency condition developed immediately, more RACES units were activated to assist in the Snoqualmie River Valley, centering around Fall City. RACES mobiles were dispatched to coordinate work crews, floodlights, food supply shipments, to observe and report on flood conditions and to handle traffic to and from stranded families. Throughout the following day RACES members maintained communications with various points in the stricken area until all operations were secured at 2045. During the following week the Snoqualmie River was again on the rampage. At 1500, Dec. 1, W7TWU and W7YKA set up a portable station in the Snoqualmie Fire Station to coordinate RACES units with the King County sheriff and military units. RACES mobiles furnished vital information on roads, bridges and flood levels throughout the night. All officials were favorably impressed with the spirit and efficiency of the RACES net. K7GUH lists the following as having participated, with apologies to those omitted: K78 AVH DNF AST ABB GUIL HST ICB, W78 OYO QOP BRB FOK FAS FKL FNY BFJ WTG NPC YJE ZGM JGM QBD PRW VOG SEQ NLD PZP YJU EOP GNY TDV QPR FNA RYY PRV HUT GVI TWU YKA LSI ETE JKB HKA JWS UNR JF VWF APB FOR NQM GZS SEM NWP PZO CJI TRA ARC FCB.

Amateurs participated in communications activities in Crescent City Harbor, Calif., on Dec. 27, when a tug exploded and sank. The Tri County Emergency Net was quickly activated. K6NNA took over as net control and the net handled many anxious personal inquiries from relatives of people on board; there was only one fatality. The amateur net was also instrumental in squashing false and exaggerated rumors. We are indebted to W6ACT and the clipping he sent for the calls of some of the other amateurs who were active in this emergency: W6s HHP SIY YUH BJO ANR UQE, K6s OBL EKC EYL, WA6CYQ.

On Dec. 29 a major sleet storm in Western New York created a disaster area in Rochester and surrounding towns in Monroe County and amateurs were called on for communications assistance. Mobilization commenced at 1400. By 1800 fixed stations were set up at the Red Cross chapter house and in the c.d. and sheriff's offices. The c.d. control center station was put on the air to work with many mobiles already on duty and with fixed units in Brockport and Webster. The 2-meter band was used for fixed stations, and 10 and 6 meters were used for the mobiles. Operations continued until midnight. The following day the entire operation was repeated, with the addition of circuits to several shelters in the county. Operations were concluded at 2330, only to be resumed again on Thursday, Dec. 31 without the tie-in to the sheriff but with a mobile dispatched to a new Red Cross shelter to relay requirements to the chapter house. This day's operation was buttoned up at 0140 Friday morning. In many cases, amateur radio was the only means of communication, since telephone lines and power lines suffered extensive damage throughout the area.

#### NATIONAL RTTY CALLING AND WORKING FREQUENCIES

3620 kc.

7140 kc.

AREC and RACES worked together as a single unit in this emergency. Thirty-two operators were in actual participation, with many more standing oy and available in case needed. Those taking part: A28 AOQ RHS INO JJT THK DHR RAA BFF MPE ZFM SKG UXF ALZ OKS UCI LOL DZV. W28 QY CTA UFB TKY RUJ KIO WVX UTF QYT GDB WLZ ANE RNY SCZ YGW YBK UTH, WA28 EWA BBK ABL BMP. — W2QY, EC and W2CTA, EO, Monroe County, N. Y.

On Feb. 7 an intensive search was begun in the Los Linguish Canyon area of Texas for three cellege students who had been missing since the previous Wednesday. K5VHE/mobile was on the spot reporting news from the seene and the following participated in relaying messages: K5s HMD BHC WER GDH YWJ, W5RSV. The three boys were found dead of exposure at 1145, and amateurs were first to flash the tragic message to friends and relatives.

--- K5VHE.

During the SET in Minnesota last October W@WDU advised the net that his five-year-old daughter was running a fever but that he was unable to go for a doctor because the roads were impassable. It soon developed that this was not a part of the SET but the real thing. W@ZOB contacted the clinic at Deer River which in turn contacted W@EMIM, a doctor, on their private radio system, and soon W@EMIM was on the air. However, W@WDU was unable to copy, so W@ZOB relayed. W@WDU described the symptoms and listed the medications he had on hand and W@EMIM prescribed from this. By evening the fever had broken, and the nearest thing to an emergency remaining was a recipe for taffy, which was provided by W@VPO. — W@TUS, SEC Minnesota.

As an aftermath of the earthquake in Peru, W5ERY and W5JCY were contacted on Jan. 14 by two Peruvians who

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The city of Pacifica, Calif., is gradually getting itself equipped for RACES. Shown at a new v.h.f. installation just completed are (l. to r.) K6QXU, K6JRZ (EC), K6HVF and WA6AME. (Photo courtesy Pacifica Tribune.)

were desperate to get news of their family. W5ERY contacted OA4HK, an American school teacher, who confirmed that the people concerned were not on the death lists, A schedule was made for the following day via W5JCY and contact with OA4HK was perfect.

On Feb. 10 the Clarke County, Ga., AREC was alerted by EC K4BQP in connection with a storm warning. Within half an hour the net was functioning with K4PYM as net control; seven stations were in the net. As no communications emergency materialized, the net was secured at 1932, having learned much about emergency preparedness. - K4BQP, EC Clarke County, Ga.

Cuyahoga County AREC reports on its Project #68, to provide communications for the Greater Muscular Dystrophy Fund Drive on Nov. 22. A total of 27 amateurs took part by manning 16 mobiles, 2 portables and 2 fixed

A.R.R.L. ACTIVITIES CALENDAR

Mar. 18-20: DX Competition (c.w.)
Apr. 6: CP Qualifying Run — W60WP
Apr. 9-10: CD Party (c.w.)
Apr. 16-17: CD Party (phone)
Apr. 20: CP Qualifying Run — W1AW
May 5: CP Qualifying Run — W60WP
May 19: CP Qualifying Run — W1AW W6OWP May 19: CP Qualifying Run — W1AW June 1: CP Qualifying Run — W6OWP June 11-12: V.H.F. QSO Party June 17: CP Qualifying Run — W1AW June 25-26: Field Day Nov. 12-13, 19-20: Sweepstakes Contest

#### OTHER ACTIVITIES

The following lists date, name, sponsor, and page reference of QST issue in which more details appear. Mar. 26-27: State of Maine QSO Party, Portland Wircless Assn. (p. 138, last

month).

Mar. 26-27: Minnesota QSO Party

(phone), St. Paul RC (p. 121, last month). April 2-3: Helvetia-22 Contest, USKA (p. 83, last month).

(p. 63, last month).

Apr. 8-18: Goose Bay QSO Party,
Goose Bay ARC (p. 150, this issue).

Apr. 9-10: The French Contest (phone),
REF (p. 76, Feb. issue).

Apr. 23-21: New Hampshire QSO
Party, Concord Brasspounders (p. 128, this issue).

Apr. 30-May 1: PACC Contest (c.w.), VERON (p. 66, this month), Apr. 30-May 1: Delaware QSO Party,

Delaware ARC of Wilmington (p. 86, this

May 2-4: Operation Alert, OCDM (p. 83, this issue).
May 6-8: West Virginia OSO Party.

Mountaineer Amateur Radio Assn. (next month).

May 7-8: PACC Contest (phone), VERON (p. 66, this issue). May 7-8: International Telegraphic Contest, USSR Central Radio Club (p. 66, this issue).

stations in consolidating funds from 80 points throughout the county. The Ohio National Guard rode "shotgun" each mobile. During a five hour period headquarters operators W8LHX and K8MSB were kept busy handling almost 300 messages to and from the mobile net control stations, KSAAG and KSMSB. - WSNZI, Asst. EC Cuyahoga County, Uhio,

Fifty-four Oklahoma amateurs participated in "Operation Roentgen" on Dec. 7, a c.d. activity set up to gather information concerning materials sent out by them to various parts of the state. Communication was to be furnished by both amateur and commercial means. The amateur system fared very well in comparison to commercial circuits and c.d. officials were amazed at the speed and accuracy of the 54 amateurs who took part. - W5DRZ, SCM Oklahoma.

On Feb. I the Kings County (N. Y.) AREC group cooperated with the Brooklyn Red Cross Disaster Services in conducting a message-handling drill. The situation involved a simulated fire. Messages originating with Red Cross station K2QDB were sent to the Brooklyn Borough control station and relayed to the appropriate stations at supply, shelter and transportation centers. All communications were handled with dispatch. Five amateurs participated, although other net members were available for help if needed. After the drill a round table discussion was held. - K2OHH, Asst. EC 2 Meters, Kings County, N. V.

December reports were received from 30 SECs representing 10,929 AREC members. So things continue to pick up in the AREC. First thing you know, as many as half of the SECs will be reporting each month. December reports received from: Ga., S. Texas, E. Fla., Colo., San Joaquin Valley, New Mexico, E. Bay, Minn., W. Va., Maritime, Wash., Ind., Mich., Nevada, Ala., Ont., Santa Clara Valley, Wisconsin, NYC-LI, Wyo., W. Mass., Ore., E. Pa., N. Texas, Md.-Del.-D. C., S. Dak., Okla., Maine, E. Mass. and, for the first time in three years, Illinois.

During 1959 we received 331 SEC reports from 44 different ARRL sections. The number of different sections is the same as in 1958, but a great many more reports were received. The following sections turned in 100% reporting records: Eastern Florida (eighth consecutive year!), NYC-LI feeting: Lastella Florida (chim) conscious Valley (4), Santa Clara Valley (4), Colorado (3), Alabama (2), N. Mexico (2), Wisconsin (2), So. Texas, Minnesota, Michigan. Congratulations to these 11 sections and their SECs for a fine reporting record — and may we add that experience shows that those who have something to report will report it. Those who are doing little or nothing are the ones we don't hear from. In that connection, we note completely empty SEC report files (going 'way back to 1952) for the following sections: Western Pa., Miss., New Hampshire, Hawaii, San Francisco, West Indies, Canal Zone, Quebec, Alberta, Yukon, Manitoba.

In 1959, the following number of reports were received from the following sections: Eleven — E. Bay, W. Va., Maritime, Wash., Ind., Nevada; Ten — W. N. Y., Wyo., Ore.; Nine — W. Mass.; Eight — Ga., Ont., E. Pa.; Seven - N. Dak., Vt., Kans.; Six - Tenn., S. Dak.; Five -Texas; Four — Missouri, Utah, Okla.; Three — Md.-Del., D. C., Maine; Two — N. C., R. I., N. N. J., E. Mass., Sask.; One - Nebr., Mont., Santa Barbara, British Columbia, Illinois,

82 OST for

#### RACES News

The OCDM RACES Coordinator, W8DUA, advises us that Operation Alert for 1960 is scheduled to take place on May 2, 3 and 4. There will be only one phase of the exercise this year, with all action compacted into the three days.



This probably means that activity will be more intense and almost simultaneous at all levels. We hasten to point out that Operation Alert is not just a communications exercise, that all c.d. activities will take part at all levels. Nevertheless, the communications phase is of the utmost importance, and we RACES operators will be expected to carry a large share of it. All AREC groups will be

requested to offer their services and cooperate in this OCDM-sponsored operation to the maximum extent feasible.

Full details will be issued by ARRL to all ECs just as soon as they are available and released to states. This, then, is primarily advance notice of the dates chosen and a suggestion that you point your organizational activities to May 2, 3 and 4 for Operation Alert.

Sector 1C of Mass. RACES held an extensive drill on Dec. 14 which was given the code name "Operation TWIRP (Triggered With Interrupted Radio Pulse)." The problem was discovery of a thermal-actuated controlling device in Waltham the apparent purpose of which was to trigger an explosive charge within some object or objects of unknown location. The details of the simulated situation were laid out with almost frightening realism in a bulletin issued

by the c.d. office. RACES units operated on 10, 6 and 2 meters, both mobile and fixed. Acting sector NCS was handled in a most efficient manner by WIWNP, Concord RO and EC, and the entire communications phase was supervised by WISPL, Sector communications and radio officer. The exercise was quite successful, the drill lasting for two hours. WISPL notes several minor discrepancies which will be corrected in future drills. — WIAOG, SEC E. Mass.

#### NATIONAL CALLING AND EMERGENCY FREQUENCIES (Kc.)

3550	3875	7100	7250
14,050	14,225	21,050	21,400
28,100	29.640	50.550	145.350

During periods of communications emergency these channels will be monitored for emergency traffic. At other times, these frequencies can be used as general calling frequencies to expedite general traffic movement between amateur stations. Emergency traffic has precedence. After contact has been made the frequency should be vacated immediately to accommodate other callers.

The following are the National Calling and Emergency Frequencies for Canada: c.w. — 3535, 7050, 14,060; phone — 3765, 14,160, 28,250 kc.



Not so long ago some SCM (think it was K4AOZ of Ala.) said in a letter that "every traffic man reads Traffic Topix." We considered this a great compliment, and we wish it were so, but frankly we doubt it; because if it were so, would we traffic men continue to louse up the traffic the way we do? In past issues we have covered nearly every subject that current correspondents say we should mention, yet daily experience on the traffic lanes indicates that a lot of this sage counsel continues to go unheeded. Let us take a few lines herewith to review some of the faults we run into in traffic handling.

First of all, about these MARS refiles. When you receive a message on a MARS circuit, you are not receiving it by amateur radio. When you refile it on an amateur circuit, you are not "relaying" it; you are originating it, exactly the same way you would originate a message received by telephone, telegraph or mail. Such designations in the place of origin as "Alaska via MARS" and "Texas via MARS" are entirely improper and inadequate. Amateur form requires a place of origin by city and town, and we don't care what it was received via. If you refile (originate) a message received via MARS, the place of origin is your town and state following the actual place of origin if known - like "Fort Hood via Dallas Texas." If the MARS form does not contain the place of origin (it should), then you can't include it, so the only thing to do is leave it out. The only time the "via MARS" designation appears after the place of origin is when the message originated in a country with which third party traffic by amateur radio is not permitted this to show that the traffic was not transmitted illegally.

Let's keep the MARS procedure off amateur bands. It's fine on MARS frequencies. In amateur nets it's poor operating. We have our own procedures.

Most of the above was covered in "Traffic Topics" for January, 1959.

Some day a traffic station is going to hand us a book message in proper form and we're going to drop dead from shock. It hasn't happened yet. When sending a book message you never, never start with a message number. You never use the word "same" unless it appears in the message.

You start out by saying how many messages are in the book, then you send all the things that are the same for all the messages, then you send the things that are different for each message. What could be simpler or more logical? Full details on how to send a book message were given in "Traffic Topics" for July, 1957.

A lot of us still leave out the separator signs in addresses. This applies to c.w. traffic only, but the separator sign (didahdidah) is most important and should become a matter of habit. Another thing a lot of us do is fail to indicate the end of the message (AR on c.w., say it on phone). Sometimes an operator will simply stop at the end of the signature. There is a long pause before the receiving operator tumbles to the fact that the message is over and acknowledges it; then he stands by for the next message, not knowing for sure if the transmitting operator has any more of not. More floundering around while the transmitting operator explains that he is QRU. Oh, brother! If the transmitting operator had followed the signature with AR N (or AR B if there was more to follow) or "end of message, no more" (or "end of message, more"), the situation would immediately have been clear.

On c.w. we still hear "to" before the addressee and "sig" before the signature. Unnecessary, and maybe confusing. On phone we hear "today's date." Get yourself a calendar so you know what the date is; don't depend on the other guy to make the correct interpretation.

We're not paying enough attention to the check of the message — that is, the number of words in the text. Again and again messages come through with "no check" or "CKXX" or (ugh!) "double X-ray." Any operator who transmits a message without a check goes on my lid list. It's a very small matter to count the words as you write them down (count five words at a time, twice on each line with a space between them) and there is absolutely no excuse for no check, even on service messages. If the guy who sends the traffic to you is a lid and doesn't include a check, don't let him make a lid out of you; count the words and put a check on the message. If you both agree that the check is wrong, correct it (e.g. 10/11 or "ten slant eleven" is an original check of ten corrected to eleven), don't ignore it or leave it out.

Ever hear of "break-in"? Evidently not, because very few traffic men seem to use it any more. Break-in is like keying itseif; you can do it simply and cheaply, or you can spend a lot of money at it. If you are using break-in, a "QSK" at the beginning of your first message will tell the receiving operator he can break you. If you aren't using it, sending "NBK" before your first message will keep the other guy from having nervous frustration trying to break you while you send merrily along ignoring him.

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Some of you old timers are just as guilty of committing these little faux pas as the newer men — more so, because you're supposed to be setting an example. Instead, you're passing your bad habits along to them. Let's get with it, fellows, and improve our traffic handling procedure.

Net reports. Getting to be so many of these, let's try a tabulation for the January reports:

Net	Sessions	Check-ins	Traffic
Eastern Area Slow	31	73	68
TCPN	31		1698
TCPN, Second Call Area		242	116
Interstate Single-Side-Band	31	1681	409
20 Meter SSB	20	649	1652
Eastern States		431	372
Hudson Traffic		345	207
Early Bird Transcon			765
Mike Farad Emerg, & Traffic	21	425	47

National Traffic System. It's time, once again, for our annual NTS statistical analysis, and that's what we'll concentrate on this month. But first, we want to tell all NTSers that the above palaver about lousing up traffic does include you. So read it, get mad, write us irate and indignant letters—but improve your traffic handling!

In 1956, 1957 and 1958, you may remember that 9RN took the statistical crown three years in a row. In 1959, however, the tide turned, and our statistical champ became the SIXTH REGION NET under the guidance of K6HLR. RN6 placed first in total traffic and average traffic per session, third in rate and representation, and seventh in number of sessions, to edge out RN5, which placed second. Our former champ, 9RN, dropped to third place, principally through having placed ninth in number of sessions and seventh in representation. Here's the statistical lineup for 1959:

Net	Sessions	Tfc	Rate	Average	Rep.	Final Standing
RN6	. 7	1	3	1	3	1
RN5	. 2	3	5	4	2	2
9RN	. 9	2	1	2	7	3
TEN	. I	4	2	6	9	4
IRN	. 10	7	4	3	5	5
2RN	. 4	10	7	10	ĩ	6
3RN	. 3	8	9	9	4	7
4RN	. 5	5	8	7	10	8
TWN	. 11	9	6	5	8	9
KN7	. 6	6	10	8	12	10
8RN	. 8	11	11	11	6	11
ECN	. 12	12	12	12	11	12

As mentioned last year (this col., Apr. 1959 QST), we are not being so bold as to say that RN6 is our best region net and ECN is our poorest, and so on in between. Opinion and intangible factors can do much to color this. The above is simply the way the statistics work out, the final standing being arrived at by averaging the numerical standings in each category. After all, 4RN has poor representation from the West Indies and Canal Zone to contend with, and

Near the top of the BPL each month you will find the call WØLCX. Here's a snapshot of the OM himself, hard at work at his operating position. Red is active in NTS nets at all levels, from section through area, and is a regular performer in the Central Area TCC. The tape transmitter in the background and tape perforator (hidden by the operator) are useful adjuncts in handling traffic the way Red does it.

RN7 has Sask, and Alaska as non-contributors to its representation percentage. There are other reasons why one region may show up better or worse than another in the statistics. But statistics are hard and cruel and factual and they do not take reasons into account. We can, in a very general way, however, say that the above represents a pretty good analysis of the efficiency of our NTS region nets, all of which are getting more efficient each year. January reports:

mada y rome					
	Ses-			Aver-	Represen-
Net	sions	Traffic	Rate	age	tation (%)
EAN	29	1710	1.039	59.0	99.4
CAN	31	1121	.768	36.1	100.0
PAN	. 31	1443	.731	46.5	0.001
1RN	58	958	,428	16.5	79.1
2RN	62	620	.461	10.0	99.0
3RN	62	698	.411	11.3	95.7
4R.N	62	996	.388	16.1	81.9
RN5	62	920	.415	14.8	90,6
RN6	62	1118	.398	18.0	97.9
RN7	59	570	. 243	9.7	18.3
8RN	58	442	. 240	7.6	90.2
9RN	42	1035	.681	24.7	79.1
TEN	62	811	.555	13.5	75.8
ECN	17	52	. 188	3,1	76.51
TWN	50	497	. 293	9.9	65.2
Sections <sup>2</sup> , , .	1164	10585		9.1	
TCC Eastern	743	242			
TCC Central	$57^{3}$	1038			
TCC Pacific	$104^{3}$	1126			
Summary	1911	25982	EAN	12.3	CAN/PAN
Record	1784	24409	. 882	12.5	100.0

night. Others are based on two or more sessions per night.

2 Section nets reporting: GSN (Ga.); GFN, FMTN,
FPTN, TPTN, GSSN (Fla.); Lowa 75 Phone; VN & VFN
(Va.); QIN (Ind.); AEN-O, AENT, AENB, AENP
Morning, AENP (Ala.); Tenn. CW, East. Tenn., Tenn.
Phone; KYN, KPN (Ky.); SCN (S. C.); CN & CPN
(Conn.); S. Dak. 75 Phone, S. Dak. CW & S. Dak. 40
Phone; RIN (R. I.); CEPN (Colo.); BCEN (B. C.); TLCN
(lowa); NJN (N. J.); NEB (Nebr.); SCN (Calif.); WIN &
WSSN (Wis.); N. Texas Traffic; BUN (Utah); EMN

1 Region net representation based on one session per

<sup>3</sup> TCC functions reported, not counted as net sessions.

(Mass.); MDDS (Md.-Del.-D. C.).

In the above listing of section nets reporting: if you reported your net but it does not appear above, it may mean either that your report arrived too late (15th of month is nominal deadline) or it was not usable because it did not give the three necessary items of information: number of sessions reported, traffic total, and NTS connections. At the present time the other information on the CD-125 card (NTS Section Net Report) is not being used, but we appreciate your continuing to fill it out. We have a good use in mind for it if we ever get a chance to do something about it.

WSCW has issued an EAN Bulletin which contains a summary of 1959 operations. This area net handled over 15,000 messages in 1959, averaging 43.7 per session. Certificates have been issued to W1s EMG EOB KYQ NJM OAK OBR SMU, K1s CIF GRP, W2s CQB EZB RXL VDT ZRC, W42APY, K2s MBU RYH SSX UTV UZJ ZHK,

84 QST for

W38 KUN MCG NF UE WG, K3ANA, W48 DDY DYT ZKU, K48 KNP QES SGQ, W88 OCC QLJ SCW, K88 JLF, W9DO, VE2DR, VE38 AOE AUU BUR BZB. Quite a list, and none of them got his certificate without working hard for it.

W9DO is getting some newspaper publicity for CAN and NTS. W6PLG says his work is keeping him off the air, but PAN runs along pretty well by itself. Operators in 2RN seem to be prone to Cupid's arrow; the latest casualty is K2JBX, who just got married. W4SIIJ reports the best month yet for 4RN: all sessions held and reported, four sections QNI 100%. W5GY makes his first report as RN5. showing that the net is running just as before. RN6 certificates have been issued to K6YLS, WA6ATB, KØCLS/6 and K6QJB; in 1959, W6GYH reported into RN6 321 days out of the year, which ought to be some kind of a record. RN7 has changed frequency to 3565 kc, as of Feb. 10 in an attempt to avoid ITV. In TWN, all sections except Arizona have 50% or better representations - not bad for such sparsely populated country.

Transcontinental Corps. We want to introduce a new TCC-Eastern Director: W1SMU. Frank has been active on TCC for quite some time and is eager to have a crack at making TCC-Eastern really tick. Boyd, W3WG, just didn't have the time to run TCC-Eastern the way he wanted to, but he has promised to stay with us as a TCC station. Hope all you TCCers will give Frank your utmost in cooperation. January reports:

Area	Functions	% Suc- cessful	Traffic	Out-of-Net Traffic
Eastern		97.3	1592	242
Central	. 57	91.1	2070	1038
Pacific	. 104	94.2	2257	1126

Summary 235 94.5 5919 2406 The TCC Roster: Eastern Area (W3WG/Dir. then, W1SMU Dir. now) -- W18 SMU OBR AW NJM, WA2CIG, K2SSX, W2FEB, W3WG, W8PGW, W9DYG, W9DO; Pacific Area (W6EOT, Dir.) — W6s EOT ELQ HC QMO GID, WA6ATB, K6s LVR YBV HLR QJB, W7s GMC ZB BDU, K7CWV, Køs DTK EDH EDK CLS/6, Wøs ANA KQD

#### CODE PROFICIENCY PROGRAM

Twice each month special transmissions are made to enable you to qualify for the ARRL Code Proficiency Certificate. The next qualifying run from W1AW will be made Apr. 20 at 2130 Eastern Standard Time. Identical texts will be sent simultaneously by automatic transmitters on 3555, 7080, 14,100, 21,075, 28,080, 50,900 and 145,800 kc. The next qualifying run from W6OWP only will be transmitted Apr. 6 at 2100 PST on 3590 and 7129 kc.

Any person can apply. Neither ARRL membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six speeds transmitted, 10 through 35 w.p.m., you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below 35 w.p.m. you may try later for endorsement stickers.

Code-practice transmissions are made from W1AW each evening at 2130 EST. Approximately 10 minutes' practice is given at each speed. Reference to texts used on several of the transmissions are given below. These make it possible to check your copy. For practice purposes, the order of words in each line of QST text sometimes is reversed. To improve your fist, hook up your own key and audio oscillator and attempt to send in step with W1AW.

Subject of Practice Text from February QST

Apr. 1: Radio Propagation, p. 23

Apr. 5: Quieting Mobile Transistor Circuits, p. 27

Apr. 8: A Universal Control System, p. 36

Apr. 14: Some Notes on the "Side-Band Package", p. 43

Apr. 18: Choosing a Transmission Line, p. 40

Apr. 21: Working DX, p. 56

Apr. 26: A Plea for Dignity, p. 59.

#### WIAW OPERATING NOTE

The operating schedule for W1AW appears on page 99 March QST. WIAW will follow this schedule through April 23, after which W1AW will begin operating on Eastern Daylight Saving Time. The next schedule in EDST will appear in May QST.

#### **BRASS POUNDERS LEAGUE**

Winners of BPL Certificates for January traffic:

William Of D. D. D.	ci imeate	e mi agu	uary ma	me.
Call Oria.	Recd.	Rel.	Pel.	Total
W3CUL318	1965	1491	430	4204
K2UTV 162	992	882	110	2146
W0LGG425	760	734	31	1950
K6MCA 159	760	717	23	1659
WØBDR 42	771	686	-6	1505
Wasca 91	618	610	ŏ	1249
W4PL	641	199	6	1157
W9NZZ264	437	17	418	1136
W8UPH21	537	477	58	1093
W4PL 11 W9NZZ 264 W8UPH 21 W6GYH 77	500	460	27	1064
WA2CIG28	517	498	19	1062
W/BA22	509	482	25	1038
124SJH	462	401	34	989
WOTT	471 471	416 240	$\frac{56}{221}$	987 957
WECOV	419	116	49	957 949
W9DVG 25	448	402	37	912
W3VR 70	330	374	ió	844
W9MM8	410	390	14	822
K1BC8255	297	199	7ô	821
K1MMQ113	393	297	13	816
W31V820	388	366	22	796
W6RSY 49	407	221	92	769
WA2CIG 28 W7BA 22 K48JH 92 W4BLCX 44 W9TT 25 W6GQY 365 W9DYG 25 W3VR 70 W9MM 8 K1BCS 25 K1MMQ 113 W3IVS 12 W3IVS 49 K4GFR 600 K6YBV 42 K4BY 215 W1SMU 25 W1SMU 25 W1SMU 25 W1SMU 26	78	51	33	762
K6 Y B V 42	386	298	36	762
K4BY215	177	310	48	750
W 15M U	363	307	23	718
K2VZI 74	338 323	310 305	26 7	714 709
K2SSX 40 K2YZI 74 W7DZX 9	351	306	22	688
W9DO 17	324	62	279	682
W9DO 17 K6PXQ 101 K1FDP 91 W9ZYK 13 K4FMA 27	286	249	36	672
K1FDP	252	288	40	671
W9ZYK13	340	284	28	665
	322	227	75	661
WØGGP55	530	55	16	656
KIWUM 78	285	259	26	648
WØGGP. 55 KIWCM. 78 W5ZHN. 62	293	206	87	648
K6HLR. 22 W6EOT. 7	337	281	$^{5}_{23}$	645
WOOTS	$\frac{309}{221}$	293 98	154	632 625
K40LG 219	137	60	111	620
K4KNP. 1	326	285	0	615
WA6BLM IR	304	276	ŏ	598
K4KDN 21	285	268	7	581
K6HI.R22 W6EOT . 7 W9GJS . 152 K4QLG . 312 K4KNP . 4 WA6BLM . 16 K4KDN . 21 K6BPT . 62 W4ZKU . 23 W1ZBH . 16 K1LSM . 11	255	207	48	572
W4ZKU23	268	232	41	564
W1YBH16	294	59	193	562
K.11.8M 11	275	258	17	561
KILSM 11 W9IDA 17 W9IMN 267	282	257	. 3	559
WIPEX18	$\frac{151}{260}$	48 254	92 5	558
K4EHV 59	233	226	34	537 525
WIOBR 25	249	238	***	520
K4EHY 32 W10BR 25 W3KUN 34	242	146	90	512
W7BDU2	256	252	ŏ	510
W7BDU 2 W1EMG 15	249	218	26	508
cau orig	Recd.	Rel.	Del,	Total
Late Reports:				
WØSCT (Dec.) . 23 K4AHA (Dec.)71 K6HLR (Nov.)60	414	407	$\frac{12}{37}$	856
NAAHA (Dec.)71	$\frac{314}{327}$	280	37	702
K6HLR (Nov.)60 KØHGI (Dec.)42	327 232	281 136	22 96	690 506
REMAIL (Dec.),42	ಪ-0-ಪ	190	90	906

#### More-Than-One-Operator Stations

Call	Orig.	Recd.	Rel.	Del.	Total
W6IAB	41	348	308	40	737
WØTUS		255	195	31	510
Late Report:		1175	1000	en	0000

BPL for 100 or more originations-nius-delineries. Late Reports: K0SGJ (Dec.) 205 K2RAR (Dec.) 164 K4GBS (Dec.) 118 K9KNC (Dec.) 112 K4PUZ (Dec.) 108 K5IPK (Dec.) 108 W0DVB (Dec.) 107 K4MIH 110 K5JGZ 110 W7VIU 110 K1HMQ 109 WA6EEO 108 VE2WT 107 K2DEI 129 K2DEI 129 K7BKH 127 K9AUB 127 K4ODS 126 KØSGJ 126 W8DAE 123

More-Than-One-Operator Stations

K5LZW/5 206 W1AW 125 KH6AJF 154 W1YU 110 Late Report: W5AC (Dec.) 204

BPL medallions (see Aug. 1954 QST, p. 64) have been awarded to the following amateurs since last month's listing; WSBKH, KSPS, KSI,CH, WA6BLM, W7APS, K7BYC, K7CLL, K9BSU, W9TZN, W9USR, W9VAY,

KØBLJ.

The BPL is open to all amateurs in the United States, Canada, Cuba and U. S. possessions who report to their SCM a message total of 500 or more or 100 or more originations plus deliveries for any calendar month. All messages must be handled on amateur frequencies within 48 hours of receipt, in standard ARRL form.

K4GBS (Dec.) 102

· All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month, covering station activities for the preceding month. Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns. The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.

#### ATLANTIC DIVISION

ATLANTIC DIVISION

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM, Allen R. Brenner, W3ZRQ—SEC: DUI, PAM: TEJ, RM: AXA, K3-CNN added a Gotham vertical for the DX Test, EAN erected a 60-ft, tower, K3IPA has a new Apache transmitter, K3HPP has a new Viking Ranger and an HQ-100. K3HEC has a new General Class ticket. HJ and CFL have a new QTH. ADM has an s.b. rig and NOK a 10-meter rig. LN has a new hobby—fiving. HNK has an electronic keyer and K3GYP a new DX-40 with v.i.o. KMD has a new granddaughter. K3ALD and DFK are getting their share of 40-meter DX QSOs. KJJ added 11R3Z to make No. 190. MFW snagged ZM6AP and VU2ANI to add to his list. New club officers: Lehigh Valley ARC—NCX, pres.; K83JH, vice-pres.; K3HCA, secv.; GYD, treas: Cumberland Valley ARC—RIH, pres.; FMK, vice-pres.; ACH, secv.; ZUX, act. mgr., Keystone V.H.F. Club—SST, pres.; K3BKH, vice-pres.; K3DGB, secv.; EDO, treas. The club now has 65 voting members. The Bucks County ARC will hold its Second Annual Banquet Apr. 9. For details and registration write K3GSV, Box 311, Bristol, New appointments: K3EHP as OES, JPB as OO and FAF as ORS. TEC made DXCC and also holds WAS and WAC. CUL increased West Coast skeds to eight to handle the extra traffic from a couple of southern fairs. NF lost his 80-meter dipole in an ice storm but was back in business the next day. WHK found time during the mid-term school vacation to handle a bit of traffic. INW is now operating with an antenna presented him by the Bell Telephone American Legion Post 69. The new officers of the Delaware Valley Council of ARCs are: JF1, chairman; AYG, vice-chairman; CDY, secy-treas. The council will participate in the Boy Scout Jambore to be held July 22 to 24 at Belmont Plateau. The Alt. Airy V.H.F. RC was featured in a story with photos by the Fernantown Courier. The Bucks County ARC has formed Novice code and theory classes and the club president, K3DVB, has been transferred to Greenland. K3BJS is the new editor of the West Philadelphia Radio Assn. bulletin called Scoop. K3ITD made WAS while he held his Novic

MARYLAND-DELAWARE-DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—SCM, Thomas B. Hedges, W3BKE—Asst, SCM Delaware: P. R. DeCourcelle, 3DQZ, SEC: PKC, MDD Net, 3650 kc. Mon. through Sat. 1915 EST, MEPN, 3820 kc. Mon., Wed., Fri. at 1800, Sat. and Sun. at 1300 EST, MDDS and MSN (slow-speed) nets, 3650 kc. at 1845 and 2030 EST, New appointments: BUD as EC for St. Marys County, Md. EFZ, FRZ, HCE and K3JYZ as OOS, K3BYJ, EFZ and EKO as ORSS, K3HPG as OBS, OO reports were received from AHQ, K3CPA, EIS, EQK, K3GEK, MSR and ZAQ, K3CXX, K3GHV and TN rate BPL this month, The Free State ARC meets the 2nd and 4th Mon. at Fort Meade, Md. K3ANA is now on s.,b, with an SB-10, AHQ is recovering and resuming OO and OBS activity. Section Net certificates go to BUD and ZNW, K3BYB likes hus new v.t.o. CDG has a new Tri-band beam, CDQ is active on 20 meters with her Apache, CN returns to morning traffic nets. K3CXX divides time between school and NTS nets. MARYLAND-DELAWARE-DISTRICT OF COLUM-

#### FIFTH DELAWARE QSO PARTY

April 30 and May I

The Delaware Amateur Radio Club of Wilmington announces its 5th Delaware QSO Party

mington announces its 5th Delaware QSO Party and invites all amateurs to participate. Delaware hams are urged to work as many out-of-state stations as possible, so that those interested can earn credit toward WAS and the W-DEL certificate. Here are the details:

(1) Time: 30-hour period from 1800 EST Saturday April 30 to 2400 EST Sunday, May I.

(2) No time limit and no power restrictions.

(3) Scoring: Delaware stations: 1 point per contact and multiply total by the number of states, U. S. Possessions, Canadian provinces and foreign countries worked during the contest period. Outside stations: 5 points for each Delaware station worked and multiply total by the number of counties in Delaware worked during the contest period.

(4) Credit for contacts with the same station on another band will be given.

on another band will be given.

(5) A certificate will be awarded to the high-(3) A certificate will be awarded to the high-est-scoring station in each state, U. S. Possession, Canadian Province and foreign country (with 3 or more contacts) and to the highest-scoring sta-tion in each Delaware county. In addition, a W-DEL certificate will be sent to any station working all 3 Delaware counties. Party logs showing required data will be accepted in lieu of

showing required data will be accepted in lieu of QSLs.

(6) Watch 3530, 3710, 3905, 7030, 7175, 7275, 14,100, 14,250, 21,100, 21,400, 28,100 and 29,000. Kc., and 50 and 144 Mc. for contest stations.

(7) General Call: "CQ DEL." Delaware c.w., stations should identify themselves by signing de DEL (call) K. Phones say, "Delaware calling."

(8) Contact information required: Delaware stations send number of QSO, RST or RS and county (New Castle, Kent or Sussex). All others send number of QSO, RST or RS report, and state, possession, province, or country.

(9) Logs and scores must be postmarked not later than May 15, 1960 and should be sent to the Delaware Amateur Radio Club, c/o John Barber, K3GEK, 5 Phelps Lane, Newark, Delaware.

report the passing of PRL, who suffered a heart attack on Jan. 22. John was one of the most enthusiastic and hard-working members of the amateur fraternity. YYF is now attending medical school. ECP finds time to run up a good traffic count. EQK and PKC are revamping the Baltimore ARC station, FT. Chesapeake ARC's new officers are LMC, pres.; K3EVC, vice-pres.; KN3KPZ, seey. Dir. Crossley, YA, spoke at the Jan. 15 meeting of the Washington RC. EIS and FYS made good showings in the Jan. CD Party. K3GBV is active on 6 meters. K3GJD sends in a good traffic count by radiogram. K3GMV makes BPL on s.s.b.; K3GZK announces MSN QSY to 3650 ke, so all Maryland c.w. nets will be on the same frequency. IWJ keeps up A-2 activity on 2 meters, JME is pushing AREC activity in Baltimore County. OYX reports the Antietam RA meets the 1st and 3rd Tue, at the Hagerstown YMCA, JWN is helping as NCS for MDD and 3RN, K3JYZ moved in from San Diego and is getting started again as OO. K3HTE operates the Bethesda-Chevy Chase H.S. station, K3-KFM, KHA is busy with radio and school, NFS reports that K50EA/3 and XYL K5SPD/3 handled holiday traffic from a nearby VA Hospital. JWI is on the air from a new home in Aberdeen. MCG finds time between shooting rockets to manage MDD. TN spoke before the Rock Creek ARA on traffic-handling at its Jan. 22 meeting. PQ remains active on MDD. Iron msn UE keeps 3RN operating smoothly. K3WBJ reports from Walter Reed Hospital. WSE is settled in a new QTH. ZAQ cheeks in from Baltimore. Netware Report: K3BYJ advises he is leaving MDD and moving to Mass, EKO handles plenty of traffic as a new ORS, K3GEK divides (Continued on page 104)

# NEW PRODUCTS MUST MEET THE TEST OF TIME

Our february advertisement was devoted entirely to the subject of quality control in the production of amateur gear.

WE RECOGNIZED that we could not tell the complete story on this subject, and that many hams have not had the opportunity to visit in person a manufacturing facility such as ours. So we decided to highlight at least some of the unusual steps that we feel must be taken to prove the performance of our equipment before it reaches you.

70 AN even greater extent, the development of a totally new product concept is an exacting, time-consuming and costly process. A current, outstanding example at Hallicrafters is our FPM-200 transistorized transmitter/receiver which, until recently, was classified as a research and development program in our laboratories.

AST FALL, we told you in this column that we would build fifty FPM-200's, using production people, parts and tools. Today, sub-assemblies for all fifty units have been completed and tested, and we are now in final assembly. When they are finished they will be subjected to the same rigorous tests as were the engineering prototypes.

W<sub>E</sub> WOULD like the opportunity to tell and show you the full story of the FPM-200 development . . . if you are in Chicago this spring, stop by our plant and see for yourself the almost unbelievable care, talent, manpower and dollars being put into the development of this ham station of the future.

PLANT HOURS — 8:30 A.M. TO 5:00 P.M. MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY

TRAY MARSHALL, K9EBE

Bulbelying. W. J. Hoseyan WAC for hallicrafters



#### Popular Johnson station accessories ...



CRYSTAL CALIBRATOR — Provides accurate 100 kc. check points to 55 mc. Requires 6.3 volts at .15 amps, and 150-300 volts at 2 ma. With tube, military-type crystal, power cable and extension leads.



"SIGNAL SENTRY" — Monitors CW or phone signals on all frequencies to 50 mc. without tuning. Energized by transmitter RF. Mutes receiver audio tor break-in. May be used as code practice oscillator with simple circuit modification. With tubes.



ATTENUATORS – Provide 6db of attenuation with required power dissipation to enable various units to serve as exciters for the Viking "Thunderbolt" linear amplifier. Dial instantly cuts attenuator in or out of circuit.

For use with Viking "Ranger" or similar unit. Provision for 75 watt bulb so unit may be used with Viking 11 or similar transmitter/exciter.





Your complete guide to amateur radio's most exciting equipment. Write today for your free copy, and you'll soon see why your best transmitter buy is a Vikingl



FIRST CHOICE AMONG THE NATION'S AMATEURS



Viking

E. F. JOHNSON COMPANY · WASECA, MINNESOTA

# No matter what you expect from a transmitter... You'll get more with a VIKING!



"COURIER" AMPLIFIER - Class B linear rated 500 watts P.E.P. input with auxiliary SSB exciter; 500 watts CW; 200 watts AM. Continuous coverage 3.5 to 30 mcs.

Cat. No.	Amateur Net
240-352-1Kit	\$244.50
240-352-2Wired	\$289.50



"VALIANT"—Instant bandswitching 160 through 10, 275 watts input CW and SSB (P.E.P. with aux. ex-citer) 200 watts phone. With tubes. Amateur Net

240-104-1Kit		\$349.50
240-104-2Wii	ed	\$439.50



"FIVE HUNDRED" - 600 watts CW input; 500 watts phone and SSB (P.E.P. with aux. SSB exciter). Bandswitching 80 through 10. With tubes.

Cat. No.	Amateur Net
240-500-1 Kit	\$749.50
240-500-2 Wired	\$949.50



"THUNDERBOLT" AMPLIFIER - 2000 watts P.E.P.\* input SSB; 1000 watts CW; 800 watts AM linear. Continuous coverage 3.5 mcs. With tubes.

Cat. No.	Amateur Net
240-353-1Kit	\$524.50
240-353-2Wired	\$589.50



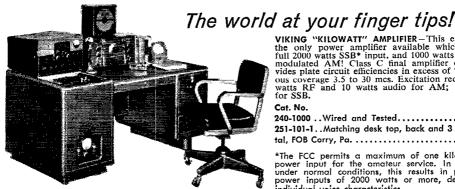
"6N2"—Instant bandswitching coverage of both 6 and 2 meters. Power input rated at 150 watts CW, and 100 watts AM phone. With tubes.

Cat. No.	Amateur Net
240-201-1Kit	\$129.50
240-201-2Wired	\$169.50



"6N2" THUNDERBOLT AMPLIFIER— Input rated 1200 watts P.E.P.\* SSB and DSB. Class AB; 1000 watts CW, Class C; 700 watts AM lin-ear, Class AB;. Continuous cov-erage 6 and 2. With tubes.

Cat. No.	Amateur Net
240-362-1Kit	\$524.50
240-362-2Wired .	\$589.50



VIKING "KILOWATT" AMPLIFIER—This exciting unit is the only power amplifier available which will deliver full 2000 watts SSB\* input, and 1000 watts CW and plate modulated AM! Class C final amplifier operation provides plate circuit efficiencies in excess of 70%. Continuous coverage 3.5 to 30 mcs. Excitation requirements: 30 watts RF and 10 watts audio for AM; 10 watts peak

Cat. No.	Amateur Net
240-1000Wired and Tested	\$1595.00
251-101-1Matching desk top, back and 3	drawer pedes-
tal, FOB Corry, Pa	\$132.00

\*The FCC permits a maximum of one kilowatt average power input for the amateur service. In SSB operation under normal conditions, this results in peak envelope power inputs of 2000 watts or more, depending upon individual voice characteristics.

# 

AN INVALUABLE reference work and text for everyone—hams, engineers, lab men, technicians, experimenters, students, purchasing agents.

Distributors throughout the Nation have the 1960 Edition in stock. Better get your copy of this complete Handbook now. The demand is terrific!

In the pages of this latest edition will be found, in addition to accumulated knowledge since the first Handbook was issued in 1926, up-to-date information invaluable to ham and engineer alike. Every field of ham radio is covered: transmitting, both c.w. and 'phone; single-sideband and a.m.; receiving; propagation; antennas; construction; theory; charts; diagrams; circuits; transistors; miscellaneous data; procedures; station operation, etc.

#### For instance, the 1960 Edition carries

- Sections on Theory; Electrical Laws and Circuits, Vacuum Tube Principles, Semiconductor Devices, High Frequency Communication, Antennas, Transmission Lines, Modulation V.H.F. and U.H.F.
- Sections which include How-to-make-it articles dealing with Receivers, Transmitters, Power Supplies, Radiotelephony, V.H.F., U.H.F., Antennas, Mobile Equipment, radioteletype, transistorized equipment, etc.
- A separate section on test and measuring equipment
- 32 pages of data on vacuum tubes and semiconductors, a great time-saver to both engineer and ham
- Many pages of valuable catalog/advertising sheets, containing manufacturers' and distributors' products and services... a useful supplement to the editorial section
- Plus thorough treatment of such subjects as assembling and operating a station,
   BCI and TVI, construction practices, etc. and fully indexed and completely illustrated throughout. You can locate in a jiffy what you want.

\$3.50 U.S.A. Proper \$4.00 U.S. Possessions and Canada. Elsewhere, \$4.50. Buckram bound Edition, \$6.00 everywhere. All prices postpaid.

The AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC.

West Hartford 7, Conn. • U.S.A.



## "MOHICAN" GENERAL COVERAGE

GC-1

An excellent portable or fixed station receiver! Many firsts in receiver design for outstanding performance . . . ten transistor circuit . . . flashlight battery power supply . . . ceramic IF transfilters. The amazing, miniature transfilters used in the GC-1 replace transformer, inductive and capacitive elements used in conventional circuits; offer superior time and temperature stability, never need alignment and provide excellent selectivity. Other features include telescoping 54" whip antenna, flywheel tuning, tuning meter, large slide-rule dial and attractive, rugged steel case in gray and gray-green. Covers 550 kc to 30 mc in five bands. Electrical bandspread on five additional bands cover amateur frequencies from 80 through 10 meters. Operates up to 400 hours on 8 standard size "C" batteries. Sensitivity: is 10 uv, broadcast band; 2 uv, amateur bands for 10 db signal to noise ratio. Selectivity: 3 kc wide at 6 db down. Measures only 61/2" x 12" x 10". 20 lbs.

Heathkit XP-2: plug-in power supply for 110 VAC operation of GC-1. (optional extra). 2 lbs. \$9.95



100 KC CRYSTAL CALI-BRATOR KIT (HD-20)

Align or check calibration of your communications gear with this versatile ham aid. Provides marker frequencies every 100 kc between 100 kc and 54 mc. Transistor circuit is battery powered for complete portability. Accuracy is assured by .005%crystal furnished. Measures only 21/2" x 41/2" x 25/8". 1 lb.

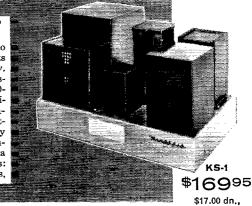
7 more kits on following pages

#### HEATHKIT®... WORLD'S FINEST HAM GEAR

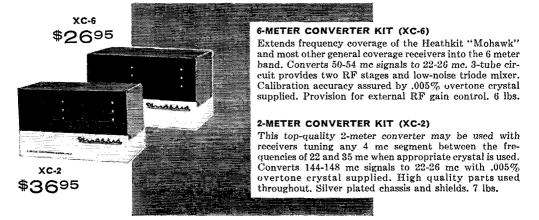


#### A PERFECT COMPANION FOR THE "CHIPPEWA" KILOWATT POWER SUPPLY KIT (KS-1)

Ruggedly constructed for heavy-duty use in medium to high power installations, the KS-1 fills the requirements of a top-notch power supply with economy and safety. Features an oil-filled hermetically sealed plate transformer, "potted" swinging choke input filter and 60second time delay relay. Line filters minimize RF radiation. Maximum DC power output is 1500 watts. Nominal voltage output, 3000 or 1500 volts. DC current output, average 500 ma, maximum 1000 ma, Control circuitry is arranged to allow remote installation. The KS-1 employs two 866A half-wave mercury vapor rectifiers in a full-wave, single-phase configuration. Power requirements: 115 V, 50/60 cycles, 20 amperes; 230 V, 50/60 cycles, 10 amperes. 105 lbs.



\$15.00 mo.



#### IN KIT FORM TOPS IN TRANSMITTING POWER

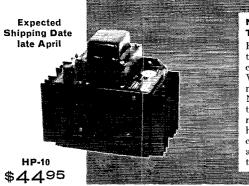
#### TWO BRAND NEW MODELS HEATHKIT 10 & 6 METER TRANSCEIVER KITS

Complete ham facilities at low cost! The new Heathkit transceivers are combination transmitters designed for crystal control and variable tuned receivers operating on the 6 and 10 meter amateur bands (50 to 54 mc HW-29 and 28 to 29.7 mc for HW-19) in either fixed or mobile installations. Highly sensitive superregenerative receivers pull in signals as low as 1 microvolt; low power output is more than adequate for "local" net operation. Other features include: built-in RF trap on 10 meter version to minimize TVI; adjustable link coupling on 6 meter version; built-in amplifier metering jack and "press-to-talk" switch with "transmit" and "hold" positions. Can be used in ham shack or as compact mobile rigs. Not for Citizen's Band use. Microphone and two power cables included. Handsomely styled in mocha and beige. Less crystal. 10 lbs.

VIBRATOR POWER SUPPLIES: VP-1-6 (6 volt), VP-1-12 (12 volt). 4 lbs. Kit; \$8.95 each, wired; \$12.95 each.



HW-19 (10 meter) HW-29 (6 meter)



#### NEW! IMPROVED DESIGN TRANSISTOR MOBILE POWER SUPPLY (HP-10)

Brand new power supply for mobile gear; features alltransistor circuit, instant starting, high efficiency, rugged construction. Operates from 11 to 15 VDC input; at 12 VDC, provides 600 VDC @ 200 ma, or 600 VDC @ 150 ma & 300 VDC @ 100 ma simultaneously, at 120 watts. Negative 150 volts @ 30 ma also provided. Max. ambient temp., 150 @ 120 watts ICAS. Input current requirements: 2 amps, idling; 13 amps, full output. Includes heavy filtering of input and output leads, remote relay control of primary power, silicon rectifiers, and extruded aluminum heat sinks for efficient cooling of power transistors. Measures 8" x 71/2" x 61/2". 10 lbs.

#### ORDER DIRECT BY MAIL OR SEE YOUR HEATHKIT DEALER\*

\*The convenience of Local Heathkit Sales and Service costs but a few dollars more,

#### HEATH COMPANY



Benton Harbor 8, Michigan

All prices and specifications subject to change without notice. Please include postage on orders to be shipped parcel post. 20% deposit is required on all C.O.D. orders. All prices are NET F.O.B. Benton Harbor, Mich., and apply to Continental U.S. and Possessions only. Dealer and export prices slightly higher.



#### FREE CATALOG!

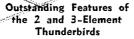
Describes over 150 easy-to-build electronic kits in HI-FI, Test, Marine, and Ham radio fields. To get yours, fill in this coupon and mail today!

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CITY	ZONE	STATE	

# THE ALL NEW 12 AND 3 ELEMENT THUNDERBIRD tribanders

#### The 3-Element Thunderbird

Hy-Gain's new Standard Tribander is the end result of an intense and thorough engineering program initiated to mass produce the mechanically and electrically finest 3-Elment trap tribander for amateux communications on 10, 15 and 20 meters. Unconditionally guaranteed to be better constructed and to outperform any other 3-Element trap tribander regardless of price. Compare the 3-Element Thunderbird in construction, weight, trap design and PRICE. definitely the greatest tribander at the lowest price! Overall boom length 14 ft. Dorgest element 26 ft.



New stronger and lighter all aluminum construction of 2" OD booms and 114" telescoping to 4" OD elements . . . New plastic and steel gusset bracket assemblies:- all steel fixtures and hardware "iridite" treated in accordance with military specifications. 160% rust proof.

#### Low SWR

Guaranteed less than 2 to 1 SWR on all bands with no tuning or adjusting necessary. Excellent broad band characteristics. Designed for 52 ohm coaxial line.

Quick and easy assembly and installation from clearly written instruction manuals complete with drawings and photos.

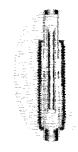
#### Slim Traps

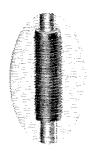
Unconditionally guaranteed to be completely impervious to all weather conditions. The new "solid state" slim traps are the world's smallest, lightest weight trap assemblies (1½" in dia.) The highly efficient coil and capacitor are wound on and completey imbedded in the new Tew loss polypropylene plastic. Withstands Maximum Legal Power. Thoroughly tested with leading commercial transmitters. Withstand 1000 watts CW or AM and 2000 watts SB.

#### The 2-Element Thunderbird

The 2-Element Thunderbird is extremely' light weight and easy to handle; installs in a matter of minutes. It goes up almost anywhere ... apartment roofs, crowded city lots, small suburban homes ... wherever space is a problem. It is so small your neighbors will hardly know it is in existence, but the hams who hear you on the band will! This little beam develops maximum gain possible in a 2-Element tribander. Rotates easily with a TV-Rotator — pack it up and take it with you when you move. Boom length only 6 ft. Longest element 26 ft.







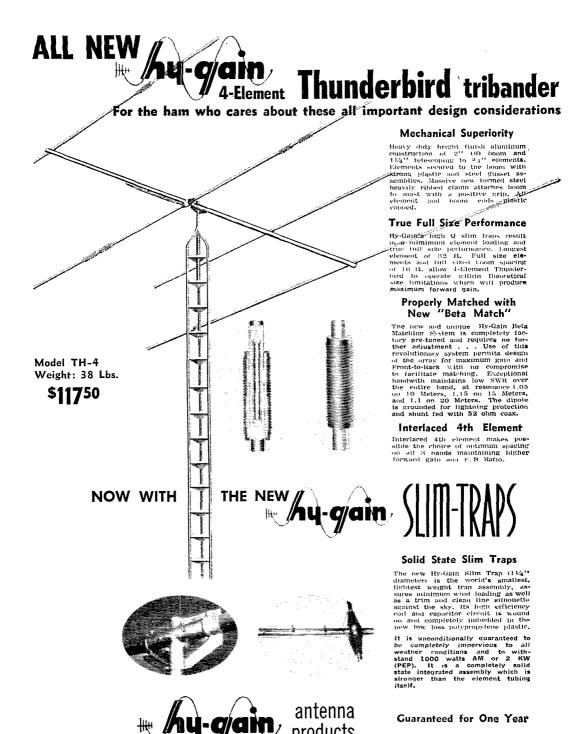
NOW WITH THE NEW



Model TH-3 Wt: 29Lbs.

**\$89**95





Instructions furnished for four maximum performance settings to favor most commonly used CW, AM or SSB frequencies

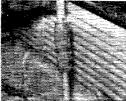
"The World's Largest Manufacturer of Amateur Communication Antennas"





Vibration and Shock

Vibration and Shock Vibration tests were conducted according to military Standard #202A, method 201A, consisting of vibration under three different mounting conditions and axis of vibration. Trap specimens were subjected to simple harmonic motion having an amplitude of 0.06°. Frequency at vibration was varied uniformly between approx. 10 and 55 cps. Vibration cycling was conducted for an e-tended period of time in each mounting condition.



Temperature Cycling

I emperature Cycling
The slim trap was placed in a tem-perature chamber with circulating
air. Temperature varied at rate of
5° F. from —50° F. to 250° F. The
new polypropriene plastic was com-pletely undamaged — no cracks ap-peared at the lower temperatures;
no discontinuaties at higher tem-peratures.



Power

Power
All antennas using the new sim
line solid state traps were subjected
to maximum legal power, AM CW and
SSB, as generated by commercially
manufactured amateur Xmitrs:- Collins S Line Series including the
30S1 linear amplifier. Hallicrafters
HT32, HT33 combination, Denset
Model GSBI00 linear amplifier, Johnson Viking kw and Thunderholt linear,
Collins KWS1 and KW-1, and several
other high powered Xmttrs.

Moisture Resistance

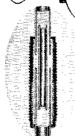
Moisture Resistance Moisture resistance tests were conducted according to military standard 202A, method 106A. Test consisted of 40 days and nights of humidity cycling under conditions of 90 to 55°, relative humidity while the temperature varied in 5° steps he-tween —24° F. to 160° F. These tests were more severe than any possible weather conditions.

No electrical or mechanical change or damage of any kind occurred. Traps were completely intact mechanically with no deterioration whatsoever and frequency and Q remained exactly the same after completion of tests.



# World's Most Popular Antennas ...

The hu-gain MULTI-BAND VERTICALS



The exciting new hy-gain Slim-Trap (only 1¼" in diameter) is the world's smallest, lightest weight trap assembly. Its high efficiency coil and capacitor circuit is wound on and completely imbedded in the new, low-loss, polypropylene plastic. It is unconditionally guaranteed to be completely impervious to all weather conditions. Power rating: 1000w AM, 2 KW (PEP).

NOW

with the New hy-gain

# SLIM-TRAPS

The Self-Supporting Hy-Gain Multiband Trap Verticals are completely factory pre-tuned with no further adjustment necessary, maintaining an SWR of 2:1 or less across the entirety of each band. 52 ohm coax feed line. True ¼-wave marconi resonance on each band makes possible low angle DX radiation pattern. All top grade construction throughout. May be mounted on rooftops or directly on the ground.

Ribbed cycolac base insulator makes these hy-gain verticals completely self-supporting. Heavy ten-gauge formed steel mounting bracket is adjustable for various sizes of masts. Weatherproof internal coaxial fittings supplied.

Model LC-80 Loading Coil (\$7.95) adds 80M operation to the 14-AVS Vertical. Decoupling Stub (\$4.95) adds 6M operation to both models 12 and 14 AVS.

For quick and easy assembly on roof-top, the combination mast and radial roof mounting kit, complete, for either Vertical. 12-AVS kit: \$8.95. 14-AVS kit: \$9.95.

#### 12 AVS VERTICAL

For 10, 15 and 20 Meters: \$2195 13.5 ft. high, 9 lbs.

. .

#### 14 AVS VERTICAL

For 10-40 meters; 21 ft. high, 11 lbs. Includes Capacity Hat.

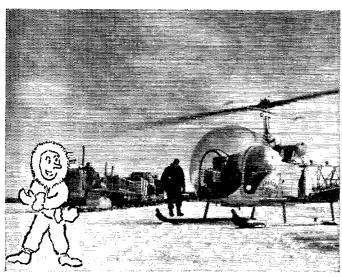
**\$27**95

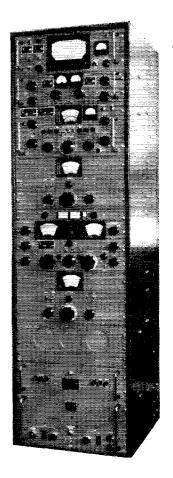
"The World's Largest Manufacturer of Amateur Communication Antennas"











## **COMMUNICATION** is a MUST

# Spartan Air Services uses TMC SSB

for its ARCTIC NETWORK

THE SYSTEM USED BY SPARTAN INCLUDES TMC's

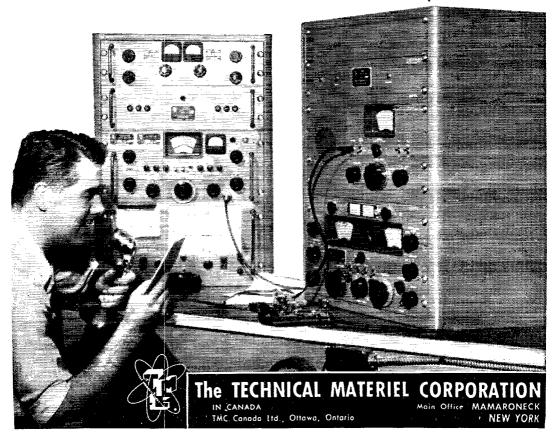
GPR-90RX (R-840 /URR) FIXED FREQUENCY RADIO RECEIVER Request BULLETIN 205

GSB-2 SIDEBAND ADAPTER

SBE-2 (AN/URA 23A) SIDEBAND EXCITER

PAL-350 LINEAR POWER AMPLIFIER

Request BULLETIN 205 Request BULLETIN 194 Request BULLETIN 195 Request BULLETIN 215



#### IS K6INI THE WORLD'S CHAMPION DX OPERATOR?

Judge for yourself! Read his letter and count the DX he has workedwith only 65 watts and a \$16.95 Gotham V-80 Vertical Antenna.

> 2405 Bowditch, Berkeley 4, California January 31, 1959

**GOTHAM** 1805 Purdy Avenue Miami Beach 39, Florida

Gentlemen:

I just thought I would drop you a line and let you know how pleased I am with your V-80 vertical antenna. I have been using it for almost two years now, and am positively amazed at its performance with my QRP 65 watts input! Let me show you what I mean:

I have worked over 100 countries and have received very fine reports from many DX stations, including 599 reports from every continent except Europe (589)! I have also worked enough stations for my WAC, WAS, WAJAD and ADXC awards, and I am in the process of working for several other awards. And all this with your GOTHAM V-80 vertical antennal

Frankly, I fail to see how anyone could ask for better performance with such low power, limited space and a limited budget. In my opinion, the V-80 beats them all in

I am enclosing a list of DX countries I have worked to give you an idea of what I have been talking about.

Wishing you the best for 1959, I am

Sincerely yours, Thomas G. Gabbert, K6INI (Ex-TI2TG)

List of 105 countries/stations worked with 65 watts and a V-80 vertical

BV1US	KG4AI	VK3YL	
CE3DZ	KG6FAE	VK9XK	
ZL5AA	KH6IJ	VK9AT	
CO2WD	KL7BUZ	VKØCJ	
CN2BK	KM6AX	VP2KFA	
CN8FB	KP4ACF	VP2AY	
CR9AH	KP6AL	VP2DW	
CT1 CB	KR6BF	VP2MX	
CX2FD	KS4AZ	VP2LU	
DLIFF	KV4AA	VP2SW	
DU7SV	KW6CA	VP5CP	
EATED	KX6AF	VP5BH	
EI4N	KZ5CS	VP6TR	
F8VQ	LA3SG	VP7NM	¥
FB8ZZ	LU2DFC	LUIZS	
FG7XE	LZIKSP	VP9BK	
FK8AL	OA4AU	VR2DA	
FM7WT	OE9EJ	VR3B	
FO8AD	OH2TM	VS1HC	
G3DOG	OKIFF	V\$2DW	
GC8DO	ON4AY	VS6LN	
GI3WUI	KGIAX	XE!PJ	
GM3GJB	OZ2KK	IA8WX	
GW3LJN	PAØFAB	WLINY	a a
HA5KBP	PJ5AA	YU3FS	
HC4IM	PJ2ME	YV5HL	
HC8LUX	PY2EW	ZC5AL	
HE9LAC	PYØNE	ZETJV	
HPILO	SM5AQB	ZK I BS	
IIMV	SP6BY	KH6MG/ZK1	
JATANG	TI2LA	ZK2AD	16
JZØHA	UATAU	ZL1 ABZ	
WIAW	UAØKKB	ZL3JA	<u>.</u>
KB6BJ	UQ2AB	ZM6AS	
KC4AF	VE8OJ	ZS1 OU	

#### **FACTS**

#### ON THE GOTHAM V-80 VERTICAL

- If K6INI can do it, so can you.
- Absolutely no guying needed.
- Radials not required.
- Only a few square inches of space needed.
- Four metal mounting straps furnished.
- Special B & W loading coil furnished.
- Every vertical is complete, ready for use.
- Mount it at any convenient heiaht.
- No relays, traps, or gadgets
- Accepted design—in use for many years.
- Many thousands in use the world over.
- Simple assembly, quick installation.
- Withstands 75 mph windstorms.
- Non-corrosive aluminum used exclusively.
- Omnidirectional radiation.
- Multi-band, V80 works 80, 40, 20, 15, 10, 6.
- Ideal for novices, but will handle a Kw.
- Will work with any receiver and xmitter.
- Overall height 23 feet.
- Uses one 52 ohm coax line.
- An effective modern antenna, with amazing performance. Your best bet for a lifetime antenna at an economical price. ONLY \$16.95.

#### AN APPEAL TO INTELLIGENCE New! Ruggedized Hi-Gain 6, 10, 15 METER BEAMS Each has a TWIN boom, extra heavy beam mount cast-A product that is consistently advertised in QST ings, extra hardware and everything needed. Guaranteed month after month, year after year, has to be good. high gain, simple installation and all-weather resistant. Over 10,000 GOTHAM antennas have been purchased For 52, 72 or 300 ohm transmission line. Specify which by QST readers. Even the "price-is-no-object" transmission line you will use. ers choose GOTHAM antennas on the basis of per-Beam #R6 (6 Meters, 4-El)....\$38.95 formance and value. Select your needs from this list ☐ Beam #R10 (10 Meters, 4-El).. 40.95 of 50 antennas: Beam #R15 (15 Meters, 3-El).. 49.95 Airmail Order Today — We Ship Tomorrow 15 METER BEAMS GOTHAM Dept. QST Fifteen meters is the "sleeper" band. Don't be surprised 1805 PURDY AVE., MIAMI BEACH, FLA. if you put out a quick, quiet CQ and get a contact half-way around the world. Working the world with low Enclosed find check or money-order for: power is a common occurrence on fifteen meters when you have a Gotham beam. TWO BANDER BEAMS Std. 2-El Gamma match A full half-wave element is used on each band. No coils, traps, baluns, or stubs are used. No calculations or Deluxe 2-El Gamma match 29.95 machining required. Everything comes ready for easy Std. 3-El Gamma match assembly and use. Proven Gotham Value! Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 36.95 6-10 TWO BANDER..... \$29.95 10-15 TWO BANDER..... 34.95 10-20 TWO BANDER..... **20 METER BEAMS** 36.95 A beam is a necessity on twenty meters, to battle the 15-20 TWO BANDER..... 38.95 QRM and to give your signal the added punch it needs TRIBANDER to over-ride the high power boys. Hundreds and hun-Do not confuse these full-size Tribander beams with so-called midgets. The Tribander has individually fed (52 or dreds of twenty meter beams, working year after year, prove that there is no better value than a Gotham twenty meter beam. 72 ohm coax) elements and is not frequency sensitive, nor does it have baluns, coils, traps, or other devices intended to take the place of aluminum tubing. The way to work Std. 2-El Gamma match Deluxe 2-El Gamma match 31.95 multi-band and get gain is to use a Gotham Tribander Beam. Std. 3-El Gamma match 6-10-15 \$39.95 10-15-20 \$49.95 Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 46.95 2 METER BEAMS Gotham makes only two different two meter beams, a six-element job and a twelve-element job. They are both Yagi beams, with all the elements in line on a twelve foot

9.95

12.95

16.95

11.95

16.95

21.95

New records are being made every day with Gotham six-meter beams. Give your rig a chance to show what it

Ten meter addicts claim that ten meters can't be beaten for all-around performance. Plenty of DX and skip contacts when the band is open, and 30-50 miles consistent ground wave when the band is shut down. Thousands of Gotham ten meter beams have been perking for years, working wonders for their owners, and attesting to the superior design and value of a Gotham beam.

can do, with a Gotham six-meter beam.

Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 21.95

Deluxe 4-El Gamma match 25.95

Std. 3-El Gamma match

Std. 4-El Gamma match

Std. 2-El Gamma match

Deluxe 2-El Gamma match 18.95 Std. 3-El Gamma match

Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 22.95 Std. 4-El Gamma match

Deluxe 4-El Gamma match 27.95

12-EI

boom.

Deluxe 6-Element 6 METER BEAMS

#### ALL-BAND VERTICAL ANTENNAS

T-match beams use 300 ohm line.)

16.95

T match 14.95

T match 24.95 T match 19.95

T match 28.95

T match 14.95 T match 21.95

T match 18.95 T match 25.95

T match 24.95

T match 30.95

(Note: Gamma-match beams use 52 or 72 ohm coax.

19.95

26.95

21.95

34 95

V40 VERTICAL ANTENNA FOR 40, 20, 15,

10 AND 6 METER BANDS. ESPECIALLY

SUITED FOR THE NOVICE WHO OPERATES

T match 22.95

T match 32.95

T match 29.95

T match 39.95

T match 24.95

T match 34.95

T match 37.95

T match 49.95

40 AND 15\$14.95
V80 VERTICAL ANTENNA FOR 80, 40, 20, 15, 10 AND 6 METER BANDS. MOST POPULAR OF THE VERTICALS. USED BY THOUSANDS OF NOVICES, TECHNICIANS, AND GENERAL LICENSE HAMS \$16.95
V160 VERTICAL ANTENNA FOR 160, 80, 40, 20, 15, 10 AND 6 METER BANDS. SAME AS THE OTHER VERTICAL ANTENNAS, EXCEPT THAT A LARGER LOADING COIL PERMITS OPERATION ON THE 160 METER BAND ALSO

HOW TO ORDER. Send check or money order directly to Gotham. Immediate shipment by Railway Express,

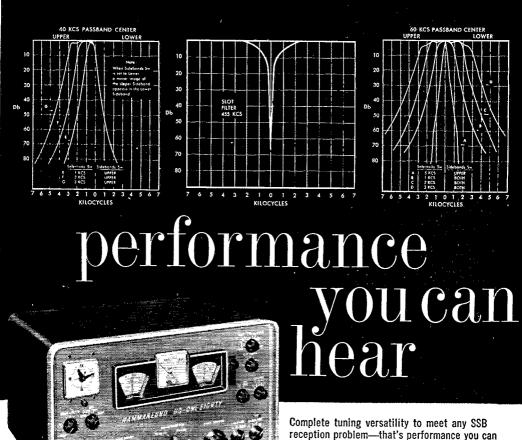
City......Zone.....State......

charges collect. Foreign orders accepted.

#### FREE! FREE! FREE!

Valuable catalog of 50 different antennas, with specifications and characteristics. Gives bands and frequencies covered, element information, size of elements, boom lengths, power and decibel gain figures, weight, feed line used, polarization, and other valuable information. Send card today!

CITIZENS BAND ANTENNAS . Any of our ten meter beams or the V40 vertical is perfect for the CB operator.



SSB at its best

reception problem—that's performance you can hear—and that's what you get in a Hammarlund HQ-180.

The general-coverage SSB HQ-180 offers true professional performance at an amateur price. It offers more features, more real quality and far more listening pleasure per dollar than any receiver in its class. Prove it to yourself—see and try the HQ-180 at your Hammarlund dealer.

#### HAMMARLUND HQ-180

- Triple conversion, 18-tube superheterodyne.
- Full dial coverage from 540 KCS to 30.0 MCS.
- Bandspread calibration for 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 meter amateur bands.
- High frequency crystal filter for improved selectivity and shape factor of 1st IF amplifier.
- Razor-sharp, adjustable slot filter for up to 60 db attenuation.
- Separate linear detector for CW and SSB reception.
- Adjustable IF amplifier for maximum selectivity.
- Selectable sideband, upper, lower or both.
- Built-in crystal calibrator.
- Selectable AVC obtained from 60 KCS IF.

\$429.00

(Optional Telechron Clock-Timer \$10 extra)

MAMMARLUND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.
460 West 34th Street, New York 1, New York

Export: Rocke International, 13 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y. Canada: White Radio, Ltd., 41 West Avenue, North., Hamilton, Canada.



Send now, for sneak preview details!

# DOM'T BUY ANY TRANSMITTER TILL YOU SEE THE FABULOUS HAMMARLUND HX-500...

the first SSB transmitter with the best of all at the right price!

**READY IN MAY!** 





460 West 34th Street, New York 1, N.Y.

In Canada:
White Radio, Ltd.,
41 West Ave.,
N. Hamilton, Ont.

#### A Word From Ward . . .



#### MOBILEERS, AHOY!

"Hi, Jim . . . Have just entered the Hollywood Freeway inbound off Lankershim Boulevard . . . Situation fierce . . . Cars locked bumper to bumper far as I can see . . . If you are just getting under way, suggest you go over Laurel Canyon and east on Sunset . . ,"

Oces that sound like a radio report from your city traffic department? Not at all! That's mobile operator Fred W. alerting his buddy, Jim P. to a rugged situation on the Hollywood Freeway—and telling him to avoid it!

That's only one of the hundreds of ways in which ham operators extend their activities by outfitting their automobiles to handle mobile communications. Have you done so yet?

host of opportunities are open <u>only</u> to the mobile operator. Why not get in on them? With Spring around the corner, now's the time to get set for such exciting chores as helping with civilian defense, participating in field days, joining your buddles in DX outings, and aiding in the handling of such disasters as forest fires, hurricanes, wash-outs, tornados—and what have you.

But a word of caution: to get the fullest satisfaction from your mobile operations—you <u>must</u> have gear that can take the ruggedest treatment and still keep blasting away.

and when <u>reliability</u> enters the picture—so does Adirondack Radio Supply. Since 1936 we have bought, sold and traded the most reliable mobile gear manufactured in the U.S.A. We'd like to put <u>your</u> station on wheels.

WRITE FOR OUR LATEST "USED" LIST

Ward J. Hinkle W27Ell

Before you buy or trade, wire, write, call or drop in to see WARD, W2FEU

#### ADIRONDACK RADIO SUPPLY

185-191 W. Main St., Amsterdam, N. Y.

Phone: Victor 2-8350

Ward J. Hinkle, Owner

#### Station Activities

(Continued from page 86)

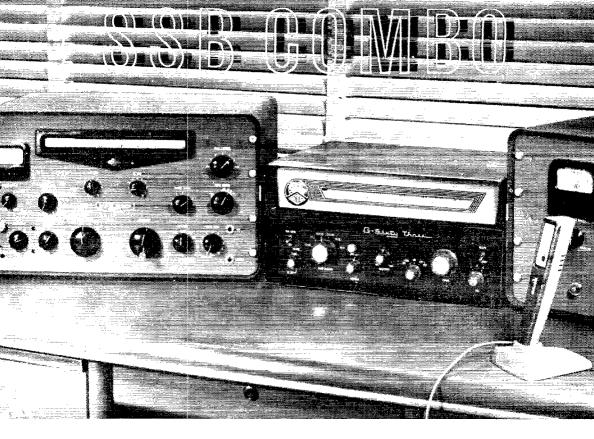
time between OO duties and YLs. K3GKF wants N.Dak. for WAS. HKS keeps Delaware available in CD Parties. TXY announces the Delaware ARC's 5th Delaware QSO Party. See details in box. Here is a chance to get your Worked Del. certificate, Traffic: W3UE 317, K3CXX 259, TN 182, K3GMV 123, GJD 120, W3JWN 76, K3WBJ 76, BYB 73, W3EKO 65, K3KFM 63, GBV 40, GZK 36, W3BUD 33, AHQ 32, ECP 32, ZNW 32, IWJ 25, BKE 23, K3DCP 14, W3CDG 6, CN 5, K3JYZ 4, ANA 3, W3CDQ 3, JAIE 2, K3BYD 14,

ASDOCP 14. WACING O, CN 5, RASJIA 2, ANA 5, NOCLOW 3, JAME 2, KASBYJ 1.

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM, Herbert C, Brooks, K2BG—SEC: W2YRW. RMs: W2BZJ, W2HDW and W2ZI. Appointments: WA2BLY, Somedale, as OO; K2SNK, Trenton as OPS; W2TLO. Glassboro, as ORS, With regret we report the passing of K2HF, Camden. The NJP&T Net reports 31 sessions, 726 attendance and 129 traffic for January. K2DEI, Maple Shade, made BPL again. George's traffic reports indicate 1174 handled with Baffin Island since August, WV2HJI, Mt. Holly, is now a regular on EASN. W2BEI, Audubon, has daily skeds with KGIAA and KGIFR. The Levittown (N. J.) Club continues to grow in number with a marked increase in CD activities. The SJRA plans a QSO Party for May 7 and & hoping to offer an opportunity to many stations to receive their Achievement Award, K2-YIB is chairman of this activity. W2UA, Moorestown, is vacationing in Europe, W2YXN is back after a siege of illness. W2BLY was top SJRA scorer in the recent V.H.F. Contest, Many outstanding scores were reported in this section. W2YRW, SEC, held a meeting of ECs recently. Plans were made for the year's AREC activities. It is reported that the motor vehicle license plate bill has passed, K2DEI is SJRA's delegate to the Delaware Valley Council of Radio Clubs, K2MBT is alternate. Contact W2AFZ, Westville, for Gloucester County Radio Coordinator, has prepared and distributed a fine report and plans for the county's spring and early summer RACES activities. No reports were received from Atlantic, Gloucester, Mercer and Salem Counties, Make Field Day plans early this year, Traffic: K2DEI 217, W2RG 144, W2ZI 52, W2SXY 43, W2TLO 40, WV2HJI 20, W2BEI 23, K2JJC 21, K2SOX 16.

Counties, Marke Field Day plans early this year, Traffic (K2DEI 217, W2RG 141, W2ZI 52, W2SXV 43, W2TLO 40, WV2HJI 26, W2BEI 23, K2JJC 21, K2SOX 16.

WESTERN NEW YORK—SCM, Charles T. Hansen, K2HUK—RMs; W2RUF and W2ZRC, PAMs; W2-PVI and W2LXE (v.h.i.), NYS C.W. meets on 3615 kc. at 1900, ESS on 3590 kc, at 1800, NYSPTEN on 3825 kc, at 1800, NYS C.D. on 3509.5 and 3993 kc, at 0900 Sun., TCPN 2nd call area on 3970 kc, at 1900, IPM on 3980 kc, at 1600, WA2CIG and K2SSX made BPL in January, Congratulations! Appointments: WA2BEU and WA2CIG as ORSs; W42FML as OBS; W2ZFML as OPS; K2JXF as OES; W2ZDL as OO, Endorsements: K2-1/ZJ as ORS, K2UZJ received WBE and CP-35 awards, WA2DNK and K2ADX have new s.s.b. rigs. The RAGS is having a spring party at Three Rivers Inn Apr. 23. Contact T, Pearson, 103 Malden Rd., Syracuse II, for details, The RARA Hamfest will be held May 14 at Doud Post, Rochester, Contact K2EQK or W2ICE. The Niugara Frontier DX Assn, and Rochester DX Club have challenged each other on club scores in the DX Test. Are any other chuls interested? Maybe we could get a WNY Cup for DX in circulation. We already have a V.H.F. Cup making the rounds, courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup making the rounds, courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the rounds, courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the rounds, courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the rounds, courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup Making the rounds, courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the rounds of the rounds courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the rounds of the rounds courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the rounds of the rounds courtesy the Syracuse V.H.F. Cup having the round have the rounds courted to have the rounds courted to have the r



#### Gonset continues to offer you big SSB values!

First, GSB-100, SSB transmitter/exciter...then GSB-101, the powerful 1000 watt P.E.P. linear amplifier. Now...to complete the SSB combo... G-63 a communications receiver of exceptional value!

G-63, modern in every respect, has many operating features usually found only in receivers priced substantially higher. Example: Sensitivity less than 1 microvolt for 6 db signal-plus-noise/noise ratio. And ... a 6 meter band that is really "live."

For SSB reception...compare G-63 with other receivers in the same price Bracket. G-63 is stable, has low-drift HF and BF oscillators. There are two second detectors: Product type for better SSB/CW reception and diode type for AM. Full vision drum dial spreads each amateur band fully for easy tuning—vernier tuning knob has flywheel for smooth operation. This modern receiver covers six amateur bands—80, 40, 20, 15, 10 and 6 meters.

Other features: Double conversion—peaking-type "Q" multiplier gives adjustable band widths down to 100 cycles for CW. Bandpass I-F circuitry provides desirable steep-shoulder selectivity for AM and SSB reception. Also... "S" meter... AVC... Automatic noise limiter... plug-in crystal calibrator is available as an accessory.

G-63 communications receiver 239<sup>50</sup>

GSB-100, 100 WATT P.E.P. SSB TRANSMITTER/EXCITER. 499.50

GSB-101, 1000 WATT P.E.P. SSB LINEAR AMPLIFIER...... 459.50



Kit \$69.95. Wired \$99.95 #761 /117 VAC & 6 VDC): #762 (117 VAC & 12 VDC): Kit \$69.95. Wired \$99.95 #762 (117 VAC & 12 VDC): Kit \$69.95. Wired \$99.95 Highly reliable: exemplary electronic, mechanical, industrial design. Powerful 5-watt (as defined by FCC) crystal-controlled transmitter & extremely sensitive, selective superhet receiver with RF stage & noise limiter. Built-in speaker, detachable ceramic mike. Preset & sealed crystal socillator circuit elements. To change channels, just change crystals — no adjustments needed. Built-in variable "pi" network matches most popular antennas. Portable whip, rear bumper, & roof antennas available. No exam or special skills needed — any citizen 18 years or older may obtain station license by submitting FCC form, supplied free by EICO.





Cover E-5 \$4,50

Delivers 50W undistorted audio.
Modulates transmitters having RF inputs up
to 100W. Unique over-modulation indicator.





Code Practice Oscillator #706 Kit \$8.95 Wired \$12.95

Rugged battery-operated transis-Rugged battery-operated transis-tor oscillator circuit with built-in 3" speaker. Front panel (deep-etched satin aluminum) has flash-ing light, phone jack, pitch con-trol (500-2000 cps), external key terminals, "temporary" key. Panel switch selects Tone, Light, or both Tone & Light, 6½" h, 3¾" w, 2¾" d.

Compare—judge for yourself—at your neighborhood EICO dealer. Send for FREE catalog on over 70 models of easy-to-build professional test instruments, hi-fi and ham gear. Send for FREE Short Course for Novice License.

Dept. QS-4, 3300 N. Blvd., L. I. C.1, N. Y. Add 5% in the West @ 1960

RQF 37, K2DPA 34, W2TPV 33, K2RWV 31, K2OFV 28, K2QDT 27, W2QQK 24, WA2IZK 22, W2ZRC 19, WA2FML 18, W2EZB 17, WA2BTH 16, W2PGA 16, K2YMH 14, K2TDG 12, K2HUK 11, K2EE 10, W2EMW 4, W2BLO 2, (Dec.) K2QDT 81, K2MPE 80, W2ZRC 48, W2BKC 21, WA2IZK 21, K2YMH 19, K2JXF 13, W2ZDL 12, WA2IZK 21, K2YMH 21, K2YMF 22, WA2IZK 21, K2YMH 21, K2YMF 21, W2ZDL 21, WA2IZK 21, K2YMH 21, WA2IZK 21, K2YMH 21, W2ZDL 21, WA2IZK 21, K2YMH 21, WA2IZK 21, WA2I

WAZIZK 21, K2YMH 19, K2JNF 13, W2ZDL 12, WAZ-FML 11.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA—SCM, Anthony J. Mroczka, W3UHN—SEC: OMA. RMs; GEG, KUN and NUG. The WPA Traffic Net meets Mon. through Fri. at 1800 EST on 3850 kc. The Horseshoe Radio Club of Altoona will hold a QSO Party Apr. I to 3 and Apr. 8 to 10 from 1900 EST Fri. to 1900 EST Sun. on both weekends. Anyone working ten Altoona stations will receive a beautiful certificate. No QSLS will be required. Just send the calls, time and dates to KQD, 2117 Third Ave., Altoona, Pa. All Altoona stations will announce they are operating the QSO Party. The club net frequency is 29,510 kc. However, all bands and all modes of operation will be used. New officers of the Coka Center RC (Connellsville, Pa.) are K3JDZ, pres.; K3HTG, vice-pres.; K3BTF, secy.; NCE, treas, K3GHH received his CP-25. Congrats to KUN on making BPL for the third successive time, K3COU was guest speaker at the Feb. ATA meeting. The Etna RC reports via Oscillator: GJY has a new home-brew rig on the air: JT is well on the road to recovery: the Breeze Shouters Hamfest will be field Sun., May 22, at the Locige in North Park, K3EML has moved to a new QTH. The Steel City ARC reports via Kilowatt Hurmonics: Wedding bells soon will ring for K3GRW; ANX is on 220 Me.; the year 1939 was a prospersous one for KWH. Up Erie way: The RAE has adopted a hands-off policy on TVI from citizen-band rigs; a new Novice is KN3KOJ; AQY makes a fine auctioneer, New Officers of the Latrobe ARC are RUQ, pres.; R. Himler, vice-pres.; KN3JDT, secy.; ZDJ, act. mgr.; C. Slezak, treas. UZB has been busy putting new frequency measuring equipment together. LMM is busy figuring out a method to win the DX Contests, LGD is on s.s.b. A new ham in the Mon. Yalley is K3GED. OMA is retiring from his job, UL is vacationing in KH6-Land. Traffic: (Jan.) W3KUN 512, K3GHH 207, W3UHN 68. LSS 20, NUG 18, WRE 9, KNQ 6, SIJ 6, K3COT 4, W3LOD 2. (Dec.) W3YUL 140.

#### CENTRAL DIVISION

(Continued on page 108)

TELREX

SINGLE TRANSMISSION LINE

DD 🛭 auti

> DESIGNED TO OUTPERFORM! OUT- VALUE! OUT-LAST!

> > RATING 2 KW PEP RAIN OR SHINE!

6 WORKING

**ELEMENTS** 

BROAD-BAND BAZOOKA FEED! FOR BALANCED PATTERN.

> 26 LBS OF EDUCATED ALUMINUM ---DESIGNED TO OUTPERFORM ANY \$1000 ANTENNA!

HAIRPIN

RESONATED

TELREX "TRI-BAND "ARRAYS WORLD RENOWNED FOR -PERFORMANCE, EXCELLENCE AND VALUE! THE END RESULT OF STRIVING FOR PERFECTION, IN THE LITTLE THINGS AS WELL AS THE BIG.

INSTALL 34 FT. ABOVE GROUND (OR HIGHER) SIT BACK AND HAVE FUN!

CLEAN DEEP

NULLS

LOOKS LIKE A BEAM-WORKS LIKE A BEAM SHOULD!

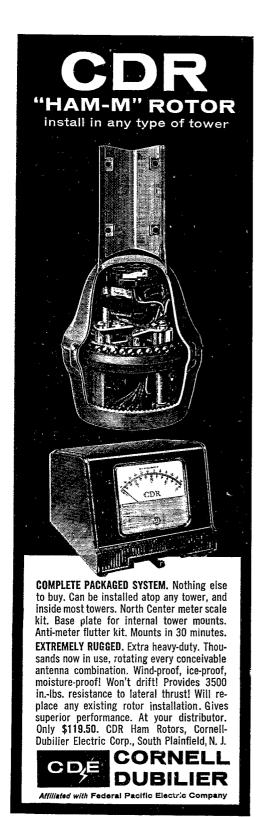
"THE STANDARD OF COMPARISON ON 10,15 AND 20

TELREX HAS --141 MODELS TO CHOOSE FROM - \$5.95 TO#690.00 3/4 METER TO 40 METERS

ANTENNAS Communication and TV Antennas SINCE *LABORATORIES* 1921

ASBURY PARK 40, NEW JERSEY, U.S.A.

107



K9AIR 264, JSV 251, W9MAK 219, K9AUB 144, IVC 140, W9USR 134, SXL 125, FAW 48, K9RAS 42, W9JXV 32, K9CWF 28, GDQ 25, BIV 17, MDK 17, W9QQG 17, TZN 16 PRN 15, K9IXK 12, LXG 12, W9JJN 8, HPG 7, K9TAW 7, CRT 6, ISP 5, JBK 4, KYP 4, W9SKR 4, K9BTE 3, W9LGH 3, K9LRS 2, LLA 1, OCU 1, (Dec.) W9IMN 123, NIU 2.

K9BTE 3, W9LGH 3, K9LRS 2, LLA 1, OCU 1, (Dec.) W9IMN 123, NIU 2.

INDIANA—SCM, Clifford M, Singer, W9SWD—Asst. SCM: Arthur G, Evans, 9710C, SEC: SNQ, PAMS; SCM: Arthur G, Evans, 9710C, SEC: SNQ, PAMS; BDG, BKJ, MEK and UKX, KMs: DGA JOZ, TT and VAY, Net sked: IFN, 0800 daily and 1730 Mi-F on 3910 kc; ISN, 1730 daily on 3920 kc; QIN, (training) 1800 M-W-F on 3745 kc, New appointments: K90JY as EC for Allen County and IMU for Fipperanoe County. OG appointments: K9GEL Class III and IV; GSV, Class I, III and IV, RVM is OPS, K9SSI and GEL are OESs, The Indiana Radio Club Council officials and other interested parties met at Purdue U, on Jan. 3 to discuss an ARRL Central Division Convention to be held in Indiana in September. K9EUQ was elected executive charman to head the affair, IHO, JJC, and AIVZ were appointed to the executive advisory board. TQC is treas, K9KPC is new on 6 meters. New officers of the Hoosier Jfills Ham Club are UQO, pres.; K9KPO, vice-pres., RUS, sery.; and MWW treas. Ex-K9PWU is now 4MDY in Louis-ville, K9PGA is building a 20-watt rig for 160 uneters, KN9UBK is running a Challenger on 80, 40 and 15 meters, VQP has a base station on 147.3-Mc, t.m. Hamilton County has a new net on 50,40 Mc, each Thurs. P.M. under the management of EC JIP, GUX has been chasing DX with a Benton Harbor KW (DX-100). St. Meinard, K9AVA, is all set to go with a kw s.b. station. KVE is now police chief at Evansville, TT is building a transistor transmitter, JFJ has a new GPR-90 receiver. UQP made BPL in one week during the holiday season. LXW is after DX via phone. BKJ has built an electronic key. BDG is now s.s.b. Amateur radio exists as a hubby because of the service it renders. January net reported this month because of the illness of JOZ, Stations making BPL: NZA, TT, MIM, ZYK, DGA, GJS and K9TYM, Traffic: (Jan.) W9NZZ 1136, K9BSU 30, W9YMZ 138, W9SWD 147, K9TYM 134, MAN 130, W9WID 108, ETM 134, K9GBB 47, JKK 48, W9SNQ 40, QYQ 38, NTI 35, K9BSU 30, W9SWD 147, K9TYM 134, MAN 130, W9WE K77, BKJ 73, K9PHP 59, W9FHZ 50

WISCONSIN—SCM, George Woida, W9KQB—SEC; YQH, PAMs;NRP, GFL and K9IQO, RMs;SAA and K9ELT. BEN certificate went to K9GWG, K9AYK is attending West Point and is secretary of the club, whose call is 2KGY. The following attended the first meeting of Wis, Assoc. of Nets at Hartford: NRP, SAA, QJW, KQB, SZR, DKH, NGT, ECC, K9MGY and K9ELT. CCO received WAC and is taking traffic for students at Whitewater College, New officers of the Door County Club include UNE, pres.; ODC, vice-pres.; OVO, seey-treas. The Jefferson County Club elected SCM, pres.; NRP, vice-pres.; and K9MJM, seey-treas. UNJ now is a DXCC member. The new "Bratwurst Net" of Sheboygan meets Sun. at 1230 on 3909 kc, New officers of the Racine Megacycle Club are OVZ, pres.; KZZ, vice-pres.; K9PZP, seey-treas, K9ESN, now with full brenk-in, is tighting a keyer for better traffic pushing, QGR is the second W9 to receive the WASM certificate. K9s GPO and GYG are sporting a new Ranger, K9GDF received a 3rd-class AI commercial icense. IBF is getting caught up with sending QSLs overdue since 1950. Remember the Wausau Hamfest May 21. K9JJR says the TVI problem at Rhinelander was solved with the rebroadcasting system converting all TV to u.h.f. Old-Timers Nite held by the MRAC, with VD in charge, was a big evening in Milwaukee. The Wis Council of Radio Club's reactivation is progressing rapidly under the supervision of the Fond du Lac Club and its secretary, K9GBK, K9LMX has a new home, job and receiver. KQB passed the half-century mark as an earthling. RKP is the new publisher of MRAC's bulletin Hamateur Chatter. Kindly get your monthly activity reports to the SCM no later than the 5th of each month. Traffic: W9DYG 912, CXY 166, K9DTK 124, ELT 107, W9SAA 84, NRP 50, K9GTQ 42, W9KQB (Continued on page 110)

## THE RIFE BOOK

HAM BAND RECEIVER
Model 6900
Amateur Net
\$349.00



The design and production of communications receivers today is considerably different than in past years for two principal reasons. Costs have risen precipitously; to manufacture a receiver in the face of this and keep the price reasonable requires good tooling, long runs, and little allowance for error. Secondly, there are greater demands placed on receiver operation than ever before, versatility...handling ease...yes, amateurs have come to ask for parameters of performance almost unheard of in past years.

RME in announcing the new 6900 states without equivocation that this receiver performance is unmatched by anything near its price class. The 6900 is engineered to give optimum service for all modes of amateur communications — not merely one. Engineered under the supervision of Russ Planck, W9RGH, the 6900 has as many advanced pioneering features as its extraordinary namesake, the world famous RME69, which was the first band-switching communications

receiver ever produced — over 20 years ago and still widely used today.

What makes the 6900 so Hot? First, meticulous attention to details so that every circuit is performing in an optimum manner. Second, an ingenious function selector, the Modemaster. Every circuit in the 6900 is designed to provide high selectivity; frequency stability, sensitivity and low internal noise. Finally, inclusion of all function controls necessary for a modern communications receiver... vernier control knob with overide clutch for fast tuning; RF gain; AF gain; antenna trimmer; band selector, stand-by/receive/calibrate/transmit; ANL; T-notch filter; calibrate adjustment; band selector.

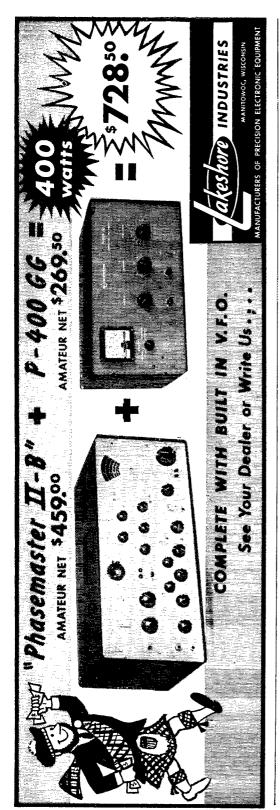
Whether you operate CW; SSB; or AM, you will have the almost uncanny feeling the 6900 was designed solely for you — this is the test of a modern communications receiver that we believe only ours can meet on the operating desk.

- CONTROLS: 11½" Single Slide Rule Tuning Dial: Logging Scale.
- COVERAGE: 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 on 5 bands plus 10 to 11 mc for WWV or WWVH.
- Peak Selectivity plus tunable "T" Notch.
- Internal 100 kc Hermetically Sealed Crystal Calibrator.
- 500 and 4 ohm Outputs.
- Noise Limiter for SSB and CW, AM.
- Separate Detector for Single Sideband.
- S Meter Calibrated in 6 db Steps Above S9 for Better Reading.

- improved Fast Attack AVC Circuit.
- Selectable Sideband.
- Panel of Attractive Grey "Clad-Rex" Vinyl Bonded to Aluminum with Charcoal Trim.
- Front Panel Controls Re-Grouped for Ultimate
   Operating Ease and Convenience.
- SENSITIVITY: 1 mv. 30% Modulation for 100 mw output.
- S-N-R: 10 db at 1 mv input.
- SELECTIVITY: 500 cps, 6 db down, in CW mode.

See your RME distributor or write to

RME Electro Voice



41, VHP 39, CBE 26, K9JIG 26, DOL 21, W9CCO 20, LFK 20, K9ORR 19, W9SIZ 11, K9JQA 9, W9KKM 9, VIK 6, WJH 6, K9IQO 5, LMX 4, ESN 2, NLJ 2, OVO 2. (Dec.) K9KNC 112 OPF 17.

### DAKOTA DIVISION

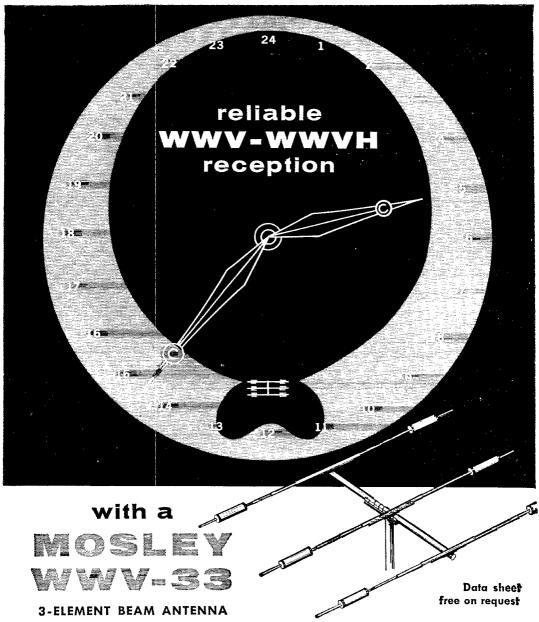
NORTH DAKOTA—SCM, Harold A. Wengel, W&HVA.—PAM: K&KJR, RM: TZ, K&KJR stopped in Bismarck the last week in January and conferred with your SCM on several appointments, K&JLW has been transferred to Des Moines, lowa, and will be moving his family there when school is out. SDN reported an AREC net in Pembina County, which meets every Wed, at 2100 on 1990 kc, PHC has set up a station at the fire hall. The N.D. Weather Net has been operating on 3845 kc, at 0730 for several months and could have more participation for good coverage. The regular check-ins include BHT, K&GGI, TVM, TYY, ITP, GRM and PKO, There also have been check-ins from Nebraska and Montana. The Jamestown Amateur Radio Club elected EOZ, pres.; YIZ, vice-pres.; AIU, secy-treas. The TRACC has set up training sessions in code and theory at the Dickinson College every Fri, at 1930, Trailie: K&TYY 113, 1TP 68, GRM 37, W&SDN 30, BHT 22, K&TVM 19, GGI 15, MPH 5, RRW 5, W&BHF 4, PHC 4, K&PVH 4, GGH 3, W&WIQ 3, K&JLU 2, QNY 1, RRZ 1.

RRZ 1.

SOUTH DAKOTA—SCM, J. W. Sikorski, WØRRN—SEC: SCT. Newly-elected officers of the Signal Hill ARC are NWK, pres.; KNØVTO, vice-pres.; KØACJ, seev.; and DVB, treas. DYR reports his neighborhood has reached saturation with three hams in three adjacent houses, PRL, formerly of Gregory and Pietre, now is located in Sioux Falls, KØLJQ has moved from Armour to Washington, D. C., for several months, New calls: KNØYJD, KNØYBZ and KØHHZ, of Huron, and KNØYNR, of Sioux Falls, NGM has installed a new vertical on 40 meters. TKN, Huron, has a new Globe Scout Deluxe, and has received his WAS award, DPD has a newly-built quad for 10 and 15 meters. Eight activity reports were received from Huron ARC—a new record from any club, Add to newly-lucensed; KNØWXD, Huron, KNØWEM and KNØWEN were interviewed by tape recording on NBC Alonitor from New York on Jan. 31, SCT reports there are 85 registered AREC members in South Dakota, Traffic: (Jan.) WØZWL, 394, SCT 382, BMQ 204, DVB 110, KØAHE 52, HSW 48, WØNEO 33, KØTKO 33, WØOFP 27, CTZ 26, KØYYY 28, KLR 23, WØRWX 21, KØACJ 18, SEJ 18, LKH 15, DHA 12, WØDIY 12, KØLXH 9, DYR 5, WØYVF 5, KØCWJ 3, WØNNX 3, KØQPK 3, AOR 1, (Feb.) WØSCT 856.

WÖYYF 'S, KÜCW'J 3, WÖNNX 3, KÖQPK 3, AOR 1, (Feb.) WÖSCT 856.

MINNESOTA—SCM, Mrs. Lydia S, Johnson, WÖKJZ—Asst. SCM: Rolin O. Hall, ØLST. SEC: TUS. PAMs: OPX, TUS and KÖEPT. RMs: RIQ and KÖIZD. In the rural area near Minnesota a school bus londed with youngsters went into a ditch during a heavy blizzard. Telephone and power lines were down, so nobbiles TWO and HPN, with assistance from MSPN members, notified all of the parents that their children were safe. EC TWG. Berndiji, with PHD. DPT. GHI, UBL/M, KÖSXP, SYE, OAQ and MPK, conducted a simulated severe blizzard drill recently. Congratulations to OOS LST. WMA, RA and KÖIDV on making the 1959 FMT Honor Roll! New officers of the Suburban Radio Club are UVR, pres.; UFE, vice-pres.; SZU, treus.; UOA, secv. The New Ulm Radio Club's 1960 officers are MDA, pres.; KNÖUMY, vice-pres.; KNÖWNY, secy.-treus, Director BUO attended the Mankato Club meeting. SEC TUS and VPO made BPL. EC KÖCKI stripped an ancient TV set to have an elementary 'scope, Aiter twenty-five years of 'going.' EC KÖMEQ hnally attended a dental convention in Chicago, KNÖWWQ uses a Globe Chief 90A and a home-brew HVR-14 receiver he built. The home station of TWO consists of a Globe King 500B. an NC-300 and a three-clement 20-meter beaun. KØLLX's shack has an OK-20 with a Globe UM-1 modulator, a Heath VF-1 and an AR-3 with QF-1 with home-brew r.f. stage. Congrais to KFN and HEN on the 1000 Traffikers Award. TOF purchased a 75A-3 receiver. Appointments issued; KØCRB. LWJ and VCC as ECs. Endorsed ECs: GGQ, GHI, OJG, THY, VRY, KØGKI and MAH. Endorsed OPSs: OET. TWG, KØIDV and EPT. OES for KØDUO, OPX and RIQ's oldest daughter is attending St. Cloud Teachers College. KØRGO has a Valiant, an SX-96 and a Tri-band Mosley beam on a 50-ft. tower. Traffic: (Jan.) WöTUS/VPO 510. KJZ 249, KØSNC 173. RCF 172. WØKFN 134. KØSNG 174, CLM 114. WØTUS/VPO 510. KJZ 249, KØSNC 173. RCF 172. RUG 62. KØIDV 61, KØCZY 51, KØOZY 73, WØNYG 27, BUO 62. KØIDV 61, KØGZY 61, LWK 60, WØOX 55, OMC 52, KØIDV 61, KØGZY 61, LWK 60, LWK 60



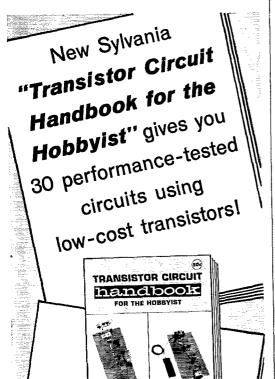
Specifically designed to provide improved long path reception of Bureau of Standards' time, tone and frequency signals on 10, 15 and 20 mc. Uni-directional pattern achieves high forward gain with excellent side and back rejection. Beam is of hurricane construction . . . 100% rust and corrosion proof.

## 4 FREQ. DOUBLET ALSO AVAILABLE

For locations where a bi-directional pattern is permissable, the new Mosley TD-WWV Di-pole is the ideal antenna. Completely factory assembled, including 100' RG-58/U coaxial line, antenna features high strength copper-weld wire, ceramic end insulators and weather-stable trap assemblies. ½ wave length resonance at 5, 10, 15 and 20 mc.

## MOSLEY ELECTRONICS Inc.

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Interesting new "gadgets" and useful equipment for every electronic experimenter, "ham" or student. Handbook is divided into four circuit-packed chapters.

30 USEFUL Battery-Powered Transistor Circuits

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21. QYY 19, WØIRD 17. YHR 17. DYC 16, KØKYK 16, WØWMA 15, THY 18, FGP 10, TCK 10, UYR 10, KØRHN 8, WØWVT 8, BGY 6, KØIKÜ 6, WØOET 6, KØTHM 6, WØLIGØ 5, KØULX 4, WØECR 2, KØOBP 1, KNØWWQ

## **DELTA DIVISION**

LOUISIANA—SCM, Thomas J. Morgavi, W5FMO—The Arcadia ARC at Crowley has made necessary preparations to affiliate with ARRL. K5RUX received his Conditional Class ticket and, with the help of club members, is getting his v.f.o. calibrated and a few bugs out of his home-brewed 6146 rig. K5SBF, a recently-appointed OO, and K5LKC have moved from Shreveport to Oil City, La. FYZ has a new 417-A converter; ML has a new c.w. rig, on 829B with 1000 volts on plates. FHF is building a new final with a pair of 4-65s. 1YT is in Monroe converting an SCR-522. He recently worked FYZ and some crossband 2 to 75 meters and is copying all other members of the Contederate Signal Corps. The commanding officer of the Confederate Signal Corps incidentally is none other than SUM. FYZ worked Pennsylvania on 2 meters for a new state and would like skeds with other states. JSW has been appointed OES. Other appointments: ULI as OO, SUM as OPS. New officers of the Baton Rouge ARC are K5DAC, pres.; PKY, vice-pres.; DPM, treas.; and Alice Hames, seey. K5ESW received his DXCC certificate and a new Mohawk receiver about the same time. EA still is working on that new house. K5DGI is happy with his new HT-37. His DXCC count is 187/175. MXQ, SEC for Louisiana, says that we could use as many ECs as volunteer. The LAN Net on 3615 kc. operates as a slow-speed uet and liaisons with RN-5. Code drills are held at various speeds. WYN, OPS and net control for the Delta 75 Net on 3905 kc., is doing a real fine job. In spite of the fact he took time to visit on the West Coast. CEZ still was able to hundle 422 messages in January. We lost a good traffic man to Texas—K5LZA. WSWYN 19, EA 7.

MISSISSIPPI—SCM, Floyd C. Teetson, W5MUG—Greetings from Lagrace and discounter and discounter and discounter and discounter and discounter and discounter and control of the fact he took time to visit on the West Coast. CEZ still was able to hundle 422 messages in January. We lost a good traffic man to Texas—K5LZA.

W5WYN 19, EA 7.

MISSISPPI—SCM, Floyd C. Teetson, W5MUG—Greetings from Jackson and your new SCM. DLA and TAK are home after visits to the hospital, Announced hamfests in the State are Biloxi June 4 and 5; Jackson July 30 and 31. Let me know it you are planning one for your club. The Jackson Club is negotiating for the call PFC. Listen for it on Field Day. New club officers are as follows: Biloxi—SPX, pres., QYX, vice-pres.; UOO, treas.; RZP, secy. Jackson—K5OTV, pres., YCT, vice-pres.; TAK, secy.-treas. Meridian—K5MOH, pres.; K5TBK, vice-pres.; K5PYS, secy.-treas. Vicks-burg—K5TBF, vice-pres.; K5PYS, secy.-treas. Vicks-burg—K5PVB, pres.; QYX, vice-pres.; K5EXB, secy.-treas. The Gulf Coast S.S.B, Net is looking for formal traffic, It meets daily on 3925 kc, at 1730 with JHS as NCS. DLA is sporting a new KWM-2. CJR has QSYed to s.s.b, with a 20A and a 600L. K5JKH and BSA are moving to new QTHs. I will be looking for news from the Magnolia Net and the Hurricane Net, as well as RN5. Also I would like to hear from you on an individual basis. All news will be appreciated. Traffic: W5FFI 325, K5QNF 151, IN 61, W5RIM 7.

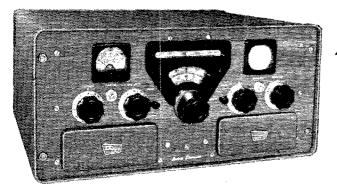
W5FP1 325, K5QNF 151, 11N 61, W5RIM 7.

TENNESSEE—SCM. R. W. Ingraham. W4UIO—SEC: K4EJN. RM: FX. PAMs: UOT and PAH. Director RRV reports on an FB trip to Chattanooga and announces VQE. SGI and LPW as Asst. Directors. K4CNY makes a final report and wishes all well from his new QTH: Lynn Haven, Fla. UVP reports that ZZ will be operating portable this summer from atop Mt. LeConte in the Smokies. K4LPW operated 3DGM while vacationing and reports he has a new SX-101A and that LTA has a new HT-3T. K4RIN says he had a good time in the CD Party. Hamfest plans are being made in Memphis for June 12 and in Kingsport for Aug. 14. WBK reports that K4CPM is the new manager of mobile activity in Memphis. New appointments: FX as ORS. Renewed appointments: HIH as EC and HHK as OES. Thanks for OES reports to HHK and K4KYL; tor OO, TDZ: for net reports, UOT, PAH and FX. Traffic: (Jan.) W4PL 1157, CXY 382, FX 296, K4CNY 294, W4VJ 149, OGG 14, K4SMC 113, W4EIN 100, NHT 64, PQP 55, UIO 52, UVP 28, PAH 24, DFR 18, UVL 17, K4FNR 14. W4FCU 12, K4LPW 12, ZQZ 8, GOW 6, W4JVM 3, SGI 3, K4KYL 2, (Dec.) K4PUZ 123, W4TDZ 10, DFR 4. 10. DFR 4.

## GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY—SCM, Robert A. Thomason, W4SUD—Asst. SCM: W. C. Alcock, 4CDA. SEC: BAZ. RM: K4CHS. PAMs: K4HCK and SZB. V.H.F. PAM: K4LOA S.S.B. PAM: MMY. 8UPB. Great Lakes Division Director and Col. Reed, Director of Kentucky Civil Defense, were the featured speakers at the Combined (Continued on nance 114) (Continued on page 114)

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THE **NEIL** COMPANY 1336 Calkins Rd. PITTSFORD, N. Y. Kentucky Nets Dinner Meeting held in Louisville Jan. 16. Other speakers were K4LOA, HCK, W4BAZ, IWD and SUD, It was a very enjoyable and profitable atternoon and evening and a better understanding of our goals and responsibilities was obtained. Kentucky Novice Net Manager K4EMQ reports that KNN cleared 36 messages during January. KN4GOV and KN4FXN helped with NCS, KKG is experimenting with h.f. beams, K4PGH has a new SX-101A. Dick is supporting KYN TO 9RN and UTL haison, K4DFO has a new Ranger and 92 countries. K4BPY has moved to Versailles, CDA's new exciter works FB, V.H.F. PAM K4LOA reports that a new 50,1-Alc. c.w net has been started, SZB reports good activity on MKPN with KJP and SZB having perfect attendance for the third consecutive month. K4DFZ has a new 50-watt rig, OES ADH is very active on 50-Alc. ground wave and would like to hear from someone interested in 6-meter s.s.b. K3SPJ has a new Challenger, K4KWQ is now General Class and active on KYN, OO reports were received from CMP and K4BUB, Traffic: K4CSH 199, W4BAZ 175, SUD 71, K4PGH 50, HCK 49, W4JBC 47, SZB 44, W4CDA 40, JSH 38, K4QCQ 37, W4KKG 32, K4DFO 27, HOE 24, EMQ 21, WBG 21, KN4GOV 22, FXN 21, K4DFZ 20, LHQ 19, LMS 18, QHZ 17, VDO 17, K1S 16, W4KJP 12, K4QCN 9, W4SYE 9, K4KWQ 7, W4ADH 6, ELG 6, SZL 6, K4LOA 5, W4UVH 5, K4SPJ 4, MPV 1.

MICHIGAN—SCM, Ralph P. Thetreau, W8FX—SEC: YAN. RMs: SCW. OCC. QQO. FWQ. PAMs: AQA, NOH (v.h.f.). EC appointments went to K8AYJ. DTZ, IUC. NXC and UOQ: OBS to SWF; OO (III) to SWF and K8DMP; OPS to JTQ, SWF, K8EFY and K8LW; OO EMD turned in 193 violations. 128 Novices and 173 harmonics. The Wolverine Sideband Net which started Jan. 7 meets daily on 3930 kc., 7 to 8 p.m. Manager is K8CWI, secy. QBA. New officers of the Detroit ARA are MOB, pres.; K8AMH. vice-pres.; K8IBJ, rec. secy.; LEU, corr. secy.; YJY treas.; JKD, asst. treas. DPJ is moving to Dallas, Tex. UOQ had a sick family and blew the 20A. The Holland ARC is starting to work on the Tulip Time Festival. K8GFS, on 50 Mc., gets into the church p.a. system. The St. Clair Valley ARC had its annual dumer Jan. 19. The Genesce Co. RC has started its yearly fund-raising. CAMI runs code practice Mlon. through Fri. and 13-w.p.m. Sat. The Saginaw Valley ARA has been tied up in pre-convention work, KL7CJN was heard on 50 Mlc. at 11 r.m. S4 Jau. 4 by BFF. K8AEM now edits the Calhoun Co. ARC club paper. K2SIL works PGW into QMN—the only active c.w. operator in Ann Arbor. K8OTJ has started to handle traffic. FDO is having good luck with simple break-in from QST, June '59, K8IXA now is active on c.w. K8EWI completed the 28-tube Analog Computer for the Science Fair. K8LOS reports on the Fender Bender's Net, on 29.610 Mlc. at 1700. Sounds like a mobile net. K8BGZ reports Lansing mobiles transported '60 March of Dimes collections to a downtown bank. NUL reports a Novice school in Bellaire run by the Chain O'Lakes ARC. PT worked KfITE in Kansas on 220 Mc. Jan. 31. EAID says the Oshtemo ARC has 16 mobiles and 4 base stations on 52,525 kc. RHD reports new officials of the Straits Area RC are RHD, pres.; PIC, vice-pres.; FDO secy-treas. W8YAN (SEC). Ryports a monthly Form 5 report from every county EC. Those not reporting without a reason, will be cancelled. Traffic Jan. W8OOC 377, PGW 306, FWQ 221, NOH 98, FX 93, YAN 84, K8GJD 55, KNQ 46, EXE 44, W8RU 22, W8RUD 21, ILP 21, F

OHIO—SCM, Wilson E. Weckel, WSAL—Asst. SCM; J. C. Erickson, SDAE SEC: HNP. RMs: DAE and VTP. PAMs: HZJ, WYS and KSHGD. The Dayton Hamvention will be held May 7. Amateurs in Ohio, West Virginia. Kentucky, Indiana and Michigan are asked to nominate an outstanding anateur in these states, with the award to be presented at the Hamvention. Send your nominations to D. L. Marquette, DHJ, 4209 N. Hyland Drive, Dayon 24, Ohio. Coshocton County ARA's 1960 officers are K8NSE, pres.; K8BEN, vicepres.; K8NYN, secy,-treas. CUT has a new 75A-3. Appointments made in January: OUZ and K8DTO as ECs: AEB as ORS: WNJ as OBS: ERR, K8IKM and K8NIW as OOS, K8NCV received his General Class license and K8MXW his Conditional Class ticket, K8LSI moved in a new house with a 50-ft, tower and a TA33 Jr, Mosley beam, K8BXT spent two weeks in Florida. Notice to all who hold appointments. Look at (Continued on page 116)

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your certificate and if it has not been endorsed within the past year, send it to your SCM for his endorsement or on June 1st your appointment will be cancelled. We still need ECs in Allen, Ashland, Auglaize, Belmont, Brown, Carroll, Champaign, Clinton, Crawford, Darke, Defiance, Delaware, Fayette, Gallia, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Holmes, Huron, Licking, Mahoning, Marion, Morgan, Morrow, Ottawa, Perry, Portage, Preble, Ross, Sandusky, Scioto, Shelby, Summit, Tuscarawas, Union, Vinton, Warren, Williams and Wood Counties. Clubs in counties where an EC is needed should select one of their members to be their representative. Anyone interested should get in touch with A. A. Garn, 1244 Edison Bidg.; Toledo, Ohio, or your SCM. The Seneca RC heard and saw a slide talk on Honduras by HR2HA and saw a CD film "Texas City". Toledo's Ham Shack Gossip names ex-ASP/CKK as its Ham of the Month and informed us KIX, POO and PXK returned to 160 meters, K8RVK and KN8RSZ are new hams, Toledo Mobile RA: 1960 others are OFG, pres.; WIT, vice-pres.; K8OFW, seey.; and K8GiJ, prog. dir. This Ham Shack Gossip is celebrating its eleventh year, with HWX and HUX starting it. Then the girls turned it over to 1AA tnow 7HHA and MBI, with the latter and VJO now editing this swell bulletin. I want to take this opportunity to thank all these girls for supplying a lot of news for my columnus. ARA's Carascope tells us the 1959 club directory compiled by APE is completed and printed; FRQ, MOY, RRJ, TYY and K8AGA held a Christmas Party with 141 in attendance. MEE has two sons, K8s AJJ and PJJ, on 6 meters. Tusco RC's The Beam announce its 1960 officers are K8IST, pres.; BIM, vice-pres.; GAC, seey; KNSRDU, treas; MEI, act, mgr.; SDM on the board of directors; KN8s RDU and RNM are new hams. MVX has a new Gonset transceiver. Springfield ARC's Q-5 tells us that OKB discussed and demonstrated "Double Conversion with a Crystal Convertor," RWZ received a DXCC certificate, K8NVS received his General Class ticket, Santa brought SSF a new Valiant and K8KLG a

### **HUDSON DIVISION**

HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK—SCM, George W. Tracy, W2EFU—SEC: W2KGC, RM: W2PHX, PAMs: W2IJG and W2NOC. Section nets: NYS on 3615 kc. at 1900: NYSPTEN on 3925 kc, at 1800: IPN on 3930 kc, at 1530; ESS on 3590 kc. at 1800: FNY (enterg.) on 29,490 (Thurs.) and 145.35 Me. (Fri.) at 2100: MHT (Novice) on 3716 kc. Sat. at 1300, Endorsements: K2EIU as ORS and OPS. W2PHX as RM and K2CVG as OES. K2UPD received a W-Conn award from the Jaycees. With 48, WA2EKE needs KH6 and S.C. for WAS. K2VTD is a student at Hudson Valley Community College. WA2AUC has raised the power to 275 watts. A new ham in Catskill is WV2JLZ. W2BM and K2QVZ are sporting new BC-191s. K2MBU reports a radio telephone 1st-class ticket. Congrats. With a five-page bulletin, W2RUF summarized NYS activity for 1959. They handled 7286 messages with 365 sessions. W2ATA won the highest attendance award for the third time. The Ulster Co. Mike and Key held an auction in Jan.; K2YIF was auctioneer. Operation Alert 60 (RACES) will be held May 2-5. The Communications Club of New Rochelle graduated 6 Novices from its classes and reports 20 stations on the 2-meter net, courtesy K2ZDJ. Classes for General Class also are planned. K2BIG and K2BFU are renovating the shacks, W2UF has a Johnson Courier, according to Yare-Mitter published by the Yonkers Club. Novices are urged to call into MHT, listed above, to get the feel of net operations and traffic handling. Get as close to the frequency as possible. We extend congrats to K2UTV and K2YZI, who made BPL in January. Traffic: Jan.) K2UTV 2146, K2YZI (Continued on page 118)



## GEORGE TRANFIELD, JR. FIRST PLACE WINNER





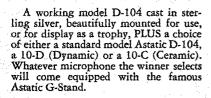
## WORLDWIDE OLDEST D-104 MICROPHONE CONTEST

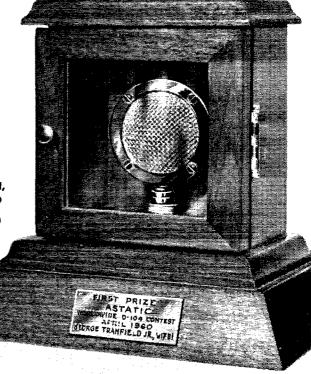
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- 3. Earl S. Nelson, W8DS.
- 4. Walter R. Whitcomb. K5DFC.

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- 5. W. V. Richardson, W1LGH.
- 6. Wes Miller, W5QNK.
- 7. Charles R. Hart, W2UF1.
- 8. Dominic Badami, W2HSY.
- 9. Charles M. Ham, W2KDC.
- 10. H. M. Nickel, D.D.S., W3IUF.

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709, K2MBU 104, K2OZT 92, K2BIG 83, W2PHX 83, W2EFU 70, K2LKI 62, K2BIO 61, K2RKY 57, W2ATA 51, K2AYB 36, K2EIU 35, K2YTD 26, WA2ALO 22, WY2DRP 19, K2HNW 16, WA2AUC 11, WA2DWU 5, WA2EKE 5. (Dec.) K2BIG 31.

NEW YORK CITY AND LONG ISLAND—SCM, Harry I. Dannals, W2TUK—SEC: W2ADO. RM: W2VDT. PAM: W2UGF. V.H.F. PAM: W2EW. Section nets: NII, 3630 kc nightly at 1930 EST and Sat. and Sun. at 1915 EST; NYC-LIPN, 3908 kc. Mon. through Sat. from 1730 to 1830 EST; NYC-LI AREC, 3908 kc. Sun. at 1730 EST; V.H.F. Traffic Net, 145.8 Mc. Tue.-Wed.-Thurs. at 2000 EST W2VDT is the section's BPL winner on originations plus deliveries. All of our section tests welcome newcomers. Join of All of our section lets welcome newcomers. Join a traffic net and enjoy yourselves in cooperation with others. K2VCO passed the Extra Class exam and has been appointed editor of the Eastern States Net Bulletin. An SB-10 is now in use at W2OME, K2IUT joined the marving rapks and his wedding vecent are a LIV traffic net and enjoy yourselves in cooperation with others, K2VCO passed the Extra Class exam and has been appointed editor of the Eastern States Net Bulletin. An SB-10 is now in use at W20MLE, K2IUT joined the married ranks and his wedding present was a DX-100B! A new Seneca is in operation at K2SJP. W2PF has the new S/ Line installed, K2TXA is the new NCS for the 6-Meter L.I. Emergency Net, K2TPU has a new Globe Hi-bander on the air. W2MDM is getting started in RTTY, WA2EUL passed the General Class exam. New officers of the NYURC, W2DSC, are K2UMO, pres.; K2KMA, vice-pres.; and K2SXB, trustee. W2LRJ has a 220-Mc. Para-amp in operation. Ex. W2OTC now signs kINBN from Derry, N. H. New officers of the Bayside ARC are K2UVV. pres.; K2OWT, vice-pres.; K2JLD, secy.; WA2EGK, treas.; and K2HGR, NCS, K2QBW reports from M.I.T. and bemoans the fact that no net participation is permitted from the club station. Don't worry, Ray, there will be lots of time for BPLs after nailing down the sheep-skin! WA2DLO's Dad received the call WV2JUH. W2OTA totaled his 420-Mc. contacts for 1959 and came up with a figure of 125! K2DRP is enjoying 20-meter s.s.b. with a LO-B and 200-watt linear. New officers of the CCNY Amateur Radio Society, W2HJ, are K2IYC, pres.; K2KQJ, vice-pres.; W2PVO, secy.; and WV2DMB, treas. Officers of the Staten Island ARA are K2EFB, pres.; K2RHG, secy.; W2EUY, corr. secy.; and W2HXV, treas.; A new 144-Mc. eight-element Telex beam is in use at WA2GPT, WA2CSE joined the many NYC-LI boys at Cornell U. W2EW has plans for RTTY work. A new radio shack is under construction at W2LDC/K2UAG. A new Valiant is on the air at the Levittown ARC, W2GLO. New officers of the Cumany NYC-LI boys at Cornell U. W2EW has plans for RTTY work. A new radio shack is under construction at W2LDC/K2UAG. A new Valiant is on the air at the Levittown ARC, W2GLO. New officers of the Cross-band Communication Club are, K2AZC, pres.; K2ZKE, secy.; and K2YHD, treus. New officers of the Cross-band Communication Club are, K2AMC, pres.; K2BKE, and

NORTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM. Edward Hart, ir., W2ZVW—SEC: WA2APY. RM: W2RXL. PAMs: K2KVR and K2SLG, NJN (CW) on 3695 kc, daily at 1900, net 31 times with 623 stations and handled 457 messages. NJPN (phone) meets daily except Sun. on 3900 at 1800 and had 31 meetings with 726 stations and handled 129 messages. NJ 6 and 2 (phone). on 51,015 Mc, at 2300, had 9 meetings, 156 check-ins, 63 traffic, K2JTU enjoyed the CD Party, as would many more appointees if they would turn out. W2CJX is better after a low month. W2KNN again will be on 40-meter c.w. after an absence of ten years. K2PVH is recovering after the Christmas traffic rush. K2SRD has a 10-meter beam. W2BVE has RTTY and a BC-221. K2AGJ still is trying to get an 80-meter antenna working. XL Fran, K2CEP, built a 6- and 2-meter rig for her OM, Tech. Class licensee K2IQT, K2VVL made BPL via originations. A first report was received from WA2APT. K2CBG is now Radio Officer for Riverdale. K2UCY lost a key member of the V.H.F. group, W2KEB. WA2ASM worked WAC, but still needs two (Continued on page 120) (Continued on page 120)

# REAL

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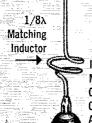
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cards, K2VAB received Asia and South America QSLs for WAC. K2SLG has a 20A. K2EQP is now running RTTY. WA2COO has a new 135-ft. Zepp. W2ADE is off because of moving. WA2EJZ received the W Del certificate, Your SEC needs EC volunteers, Write to Dan Earley, WA2APY, 216 Grove St., Metuchen, N. J. Traffic, K2ZHK 369, W2RXL 281, W2CQB 156, WA2APY 152, WA2COO 148, K2VVL 144, K2VNL 130, K2MFF 98, W2EBG 97, W2BSC 70, WA2CCF 67, K2LWQ 64, W2ZVW 61, K2UCY 40, W2ZCH 37, W2BVE 34, K2JTU 33, W2ANG 30, W5FKL/2 26, K2VAB 26, K2LXL 24, W2RZO 23, K2EQP 22, W2BRC 21, K2ETS 17, W2AXKM 13, K2SLG 13, K2BWQ 10, WA2EJZ 10, WA2APT 9, K2CBG 9, K2QGD 9, K2CEF 5, K2AGJ 4, W2EWZ 3, W2NIY 3, WA2ASM 2, K2PVH 2, (Dec.) WA2APY 340, W5FKL/2 54, W2CFB 3.

### MIDWEST DIVISION

MIDWEST DIVISION

IOWA—SCM, Russell B, Marquis, WBBDR—The new officers of the Fairfield High School Club are KBIQV, pres.; KNBUXW, vice-pres.; KBBRE secy-treas.; UEG, act. mgr. Officers of the Iowa Illinois Club at Burlington are UTG, pres.; KBEXT, vice-pres.; KOP, secy.-treas. Officers of the Tube & Shutter Club of Cresco: LZQ, pres.; KTP, vice-pres.; ODK, secy. NGS resigned as the 75-Meter Phone Net manager. LGG is acting net manager, KBAAH and CNM renewed their EC appointments and BLH renewed his ORS, KNBUVE, of Burlington, unade a 50-state WAS, K2RFZ, from Jersey City, visited EAA, VWF is vacationing in Florida, KBMTV, of Cresco, and SJR, of Bayard, are General Class now. NGS has the Collins 75S-1 and 32S-1 s.s.b, gear. LCX reports two new TLCN members—IFX, of Redoak, and KBQWG, of Boone. MIB is a new net control for the 75-Meter Phone Net, kBAHZ reports that the 160-Meter Phone Net had 733 QNS with 39 messages. FMZ received a 1000 Traffikers certificate and NYX got a 2500 one. KBIRN is active on 6 meters with a Johnson Challenger and a six-element Yagi. Traffic: (Jan.) WBLGG 1950, BDR 1505, SCA 1249, LCX 987, NTB 62, BLH 47, KBGBD 37, EAA 33, WBQVA 24, UHO 24, KBMMZ 23, WBNGS 20, VWF 19, VQX 13, KBKAQ 10, KTP 8, SEW 8, WBFMZ 7, HTP 7, KBHC 7, GXP 6, APL 5, WBEEG 5, JGM 5, JNK 5, KBEXN 5, KBGOT 4, WBQVZ 4, KBOFK 3, BRE 2, WBFONS—SEC:

KANSAS—SCM, Raymond E. Baker, W@FNS—SEC: IFR. Asst. SEC. LOW. RM: QGG. PAM: VZM. V. H. F. PAM: HAJ. New appointments: K@GIC as OES; K@RNZ as OPS. Renewals: WJB as OPS; K@JWT as OES, Hamfests will be held by the Hi Plaius Club at Plaius May 15 and by the CKRC at Salina June 5. Hope to see all of you at both places. BLI has lett for Plorida, Hurry back, Ted. K@IQA finds time to work some choice DX as well as handle traffic. RJF also is working choice DX. The Army finally has caught K@BIX. However, the XYL, K@LJH, will uphold both ends now. K@JWT still is working with TV 420-450 Mc. ETX also is busy with his TV equipment. Do not forget your RM QGG and PAM VZM, both of whom do a fine job with their working with TV 420-450 Mc. ETX also is busy with his TV equipment. Do not forget your RM QGG and PAM VZA1, both of whom do a fine job with their section nets, the KPN on 3920 kc. Mon.-Wed.-Fri. 0800 Sun. and the QKS C.W. Net on 3610 kc. daily: Traffic: (Jan.) WØOHJ 441. BLI 340, SAF 161, KØGHI 125, WØQCG 121, KØHVG 93, WØABJ 88, KØBLX 78, WØSYZ 56, UTO 51, KØKED 47, WØTOL 39, KØJZM 32, JTW 32, WØORB 27, VZM 27, KØGYA 26, TOA 26, SMQ 18, WØFDJ 17, KØEFL 14, EWW 13, WØCJG 13, IFR 11, TNW 10, KØIQA 10, GIG 7, QWN 7, WØSTC 7, WFD 7, KØLJH 6, WØFHT 5, KØJID 5, LHF 5, WØYRZ 4, ECD 3, KØQOB 3, WUZ 3, (Dec.) kØHGI 506, IZM 19, WØBBO 10, KØIQZ 10, GEL 7.

MISSOURL—SCM, C. O. Gosch, WøBUL— Net reports: MON (3850 ke.; 1900 CST M-S) 25 sessions; QTC 143; QNI 194; NCS—OUD 13, KØQCQ 4, KØKBD, OJC, ONK 2 each, KØBLJ 1, RTW 1, MEN (3885 kc.; 1800 CST MWF) 13 sessions; QTC 139; QNI 446; NCS—OHC 5, OVV 4, KØGLW 3, VPQ 1, HBN (Ham Butchers Net) (7280 kc.; 1205 CST M-F) 21 sessions; QTC 411; QNI 580; NCS—KØJTW 6, KØFCT 2, QJU 3, PLS 2, KØLTY 7, KØHGI 1. The following clubs have reported elections with the officers as indicated: Three Trails Radio Club (Independence)—ITX, pres.; VBL, vice-pres.; PSA, secy.-treas.; ATM, act. ch. Tri-State Amateur Radio Society (Joplin)—WEB, pres.; DRC, vice-pres.; PKI, sec.; KØJAY, treas. Suburban Radio Club (8t. Louis County)—DAIB, pres.; KØCOD, vice-pres.; KØMMU, secy.; KØDQV, treas. Washington U. Radio Club (8t. Louis)—PWO, pres.; KØWLG, vice-pres.; CGJ, secy.; AH, treas.; KØLTJ, bulletin. We have just been notified that the following are affiliated clubs: Aurora Amateur Radio Society (Aurora) (Continued on page 122)



6 or 12 volt models

Complete \$24.95

Automatically tunes entire band by re-

MASTER MATCHER mote control. & FIELD STRENGTH METER



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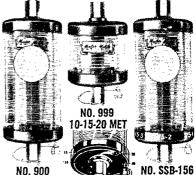
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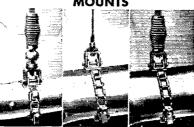
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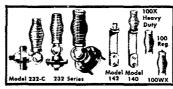
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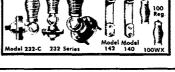
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Gets your signal through where others fail. Concentrates signals at the lowest angle, omni-directional pattern for best coverage. Matches RG 59/U Cable. SM-700 II Met. . . . \$17.95 10 Met. . . . 17.95 6 Met. . . . 15 95 10.95



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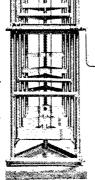
New iron phosphate rust-proof undercoating, plus epoxy resin primer, plus baked enamel finish, protects tower for years of maintenance-free

The winch is rachet operated, and can be locked for safety. The "H" series tower is available in 37, 54 and 71 ft. models. Towers are shipped complete with base and crank.

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and Midwest V.H.F. Association, Inc., of St. Louis. The following are reported as NCS-ANCS for the Ham Butchers Net: K@BFH, QJU, K@LTJ, FCT, K@JTW, PLS, OMM, TPK is back on MON after a long absence, DRI is another new check-in on this net. K@JFJ reports contact with the ZMTDA DX-pedition, Only two stations, K@LGZ and K@SGJ, from the section were active in the phone section of the recent CD Party, All section appointees are eligible! WAP and JUR report a daily 147.10-Me, sked, The SWMARC, Inc. (Springfield) will be host at the Missouri Ficnic in August. Thanks are extended to Oos WYJ, K@OJC and LGZ, OBS, OVV and OESS K@SGJ and K@BWQ for their fine reports. Traffic: (Jan.) K@LTJ 422, KBD 367, ONK 290, SGJ 256, LTP 196, W@OMM 110, ZBR 89, KIK 71, OUD 71, BVL 61, OVV 58, K@QCQ 51, K@CFY 14, 1HY 10, W@PXF 9, K@LGZ 4, W@GBJ 2, RTW 2, (Dec.) K@SGJ 320, QCQ 291.

RTW 2. (Dec.) K\$SGJ 320, QCQ 291.

NEBRASKA—SCM. Charles E. McNeel, W\$EXP—NYU reports the Nebraska Section C.W. Net had 31 sessions with QN1 347, QTC 215. The Western Nebraska Net, NIK reporting, had QNI 876, QTC 670. Those reporting 100 per cent during January were K\$AIE, K\$BBMQ, K\$FELQ, K\$ELU, GQP, NIK. OFP, PZH, K\$FUH and K\$RRL, The Nebraska Emergency Phone Net had QNI 547, QTC 56, as reported by ZOU. The 75-Meter Morning Phone Net: QNI 738, QTC 147. The December report for the 75-Meter Morning Net was QNI 717, QTC 219. New officers of the Homesteader Radio Club are YTZ, pres.; MYT vice-pres.; AQQ, seey.; K\$CBV, treas. The new club call is TIA. K\$SCM. in Lincoln, handled over 100 messages during the emergency of Jan. 18. K\$DGW has been appointed the new PAM, KPA is back on the air after six weeks in the hospital. Traffic: W\$GGP 656, RDN 330, NYU 235, K\$QFK 112, LJW 95, RRL 92, W\$NIK 80, ZJF 68, OKO 62, K\$GSCM 61, CDG 56, KUA 49, BDF 44, W\$KDW 43, K\$DFO 31, UAL 91, KAI 29, UWK 22, CYN 27, W\$FGGQ 26, RJA 26, K\$GAL 24, KJP 20, MZV 20, SBP 19, W\$RSM 17, K\$URR 17, W\$BGQ 16, K\$ODF 15, W\$VLA 1, W\$HOP 6, SEC 6, K\$BRQ 6, LJF 6, W\$VZJ 6, YFR 4, W\$PQ 2, K\$WPG 2, W\$KPG 1.

### NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT—SCM, Victor L. Crawford, WITYQ—KIWCM, AW, EFW, OBR, YBH and YU made the BPL BDI has a new amplifier using 813s, KiLAH checks in to CN regularly, NJM had a visit from KYQ. MWB is running a Viking II with a 3-wire folder dipole. KilMOT has new 20- and 80-meter dipoles up and is checking in to CN, KNINFE is a new Novice in Bristol. GVJ is brushing up on his c.w. so he can check mto CN. KICAK's new rig is working fine. HYF enjoyed the CD Party. FPF reports some c.d. activity, with the town of Litchfield buying a Gonset III. YBH reports that CPN met 31 times, handled 352 messages and had an average daily attendance of 29 stations. On the CPN attendance honor roll are K1AQE, DAV, 19HP, YBH, 31; K1BSB, IHG, 30; TVU, VQH, 27; K1DGK, K1GCS, LWW, 25, ROX has cured his transmitter trouble and is back on the CN, K1CCB enjoyed operating in the CD Party. FHP reports that CVN handled 28 messages during 13 sessions with 90 stations checking in. High QNI goes to FHP, 13; KN1KEA, KN1KKGI, HJG, 9; K1AQE, S, KLK has gone to France with the Air Force, K1BUI has joined the AREC and c.d. in Bridgeport, K1JUJ has his General Class license and is on with a Ranger, JRV and GWW are on RTTY. IM handled traffic for Gov, Ribicoff between Puerto Rico and Hartford on s.sh. EJH conference with the Air Force, K1BUI has poined the AREC and c.d. in Bridgeport, K1JUJ has his General Class license and is on with a Ranger, JRV and GWW are on RTTY. IM handled traffic for Gov, Ribicoff between Puerto Rico and Hartford on s.sh. EJH conference with the Air Force, K1BUI has prometed a 522 for 2 meters, KN1MNY worked 26 states using a DX-20, KYQ reports the CN first session handled 408 messages during 31 sessions with an average of 14.7 stations per session. The second session handled 162 messages during 31 sessions with an average of 15 mow stationed in Huntsville, Ala. New officers of the CQRC reports; K1AMO, vicepres; tWX, treas; K1KSH, rec. serv.; FCE, act. comm. LQZ heads up the TVI Committee. STT is on with a new HT-32. QPD has an HT-32

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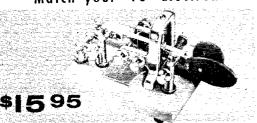
forms dits, dahs, and spaces electronically, at any speed from 10

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is active on 80, 40, and 15 meters. TYQ attended the Tri-City ARC meeting Jan. 12. KIGWP has a 300-watt homebrew rig. CHR is using a straight key while recovering from a smashed thumb. BRX has a homebrew kw. on 10, 15 and 20 meters. EFW gave the Southington ARA & talk on ARRL and ZZK demonstrated his KWM-1, HNX made WAS. HNA has the Heath mobile twins. New Novices in the Willimantic Area are KNIKPI. KND, MGR, AIGS, LYW, LYV, MGO, MQZ and MMIJ, New appointments: WAZ as EC for Stonington, KIJBN as OO, HJG as OPS. K1AWO as OBS. Appointments renewed, OS and EXO as ECS; ECH as OO, Reports received: OFS from LGE and FVV; OO from KICCB, K1ETI, QPD and TYQ, Traffic: K1WCM 648, W1YBH 562, OBR 520, EFW 371, AW 349, QJM 268, NJM 207, KYQ 192, BDI 140, OQC 139, K1JAD 131, WIYU 124, K1LAH 102, WICHR 95, TYQ 72, MWR 63, FHP 61, K1HWF 58, CBY 53, W1RFJ 53, K1HAN 46, W1CJD 31, K1MOT 29, W1V1Y 28, K1AQE 27, DGK 21, W1VOV 16, ZLT 15, HJG 13, K1BSB 8, W1FCE 8, RRE 6, K1AAE 5, WICUH 5, GIX 5, GVJ 5, K1BUU 3, W1EJH 3, KN1MJC 2, W1WAZ 2, K1CAK 1, K1OTW 1.

MAINE—SCM, Jeffrey I. Weinstein, WIJMN—SEC; JMN, PAM: BXI, RM: EFR, JMN's Official Bulletin trequency is 3000 kc. The Sea Gull Net meets Mon, through Sat. at 1700 on 3940 kc. The Pine Tree Net meets Mon, through Fri, at 1900 on 3596 kc. The Maine Slo-Speed Net (Novices) meets The, Thurs, and Sat. 1730 on 3726 kc. New appointments: SWX as 00: BDQ as OPS, CXX (OES) worked England on 6 meters with a 599 signal report, A few of the regulars on 2 meters are CXX, GKJ, ZKL, RPH, HAR, GTL, HAV and KJU, KNIMZB is a new Novice in Gorham. The MSSN is reporting good turnouts from the Novice group, Officers of the Westbrook Amateur Radio Club are EPZ, pres.; BBZ, vice-pres.; GSF, secy.; LAY, treas.; and EPB, act. mgr. The Spud Pickers Amateur Radio Klub (SPARK) reports a large and growing roster of members. The Cumberland Co. Emergency Phone Net meets every Sun, at 1230 on 3360 kc. The CCEPN also is sponsoring a mobile hunt once a month in which Net meets every Sun, at 1230 on 3960 kc, The CCEPN also is sponsoring a mobile hunt once a month in which all hams are welcome to participate. Your SCM was pleased to hear so many appointers on during the January CD Party, A few heard at JMN were GVQ, GKJ, SWX, KSG. EFR and ISO. AREC and RACES can always use more members. Sign up as soon as possible. The mobiling and hamfest weather is approaching, so keep watching this column for the "wheres" and when you are interested in working on a license plate bill committee in your area. Let's hear from more clubs and individuals about their activities. Traffic: (Jan.) WHSO 54, K1DWQ 52, KSG 25, WHEFR 15, JMN 9. KIBYE 8, BDQ 7, GVQ 6, CJK 5, DYG 2, WITKE 2. (Dec.) K1DWQ 58. (Dec.) K1DWQ 58,

KIBYE 8, BDQ 7, GVQ 6, CJK 5, DTG Z, WITKE 2, (Dec.) KIDWQ 58.

EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Frank L, Baker, ir., WIALP—New appointments: UXN as EC for Dedham, TZR as EC for Reading KIIWE as OBS, KIIXT as ORS, Silent Keys: AHX and KIKUF, WK informs us that ex-1PWK is now KH6DJP, Because of his health HSN has resigned from all RACES work, JBY is now in Quincy, FZT is on 75 meters. On 2 meters: EHX, UVC, DDI, KIAEK, MCD and EIQ. The Attleboro ARA has applied for alliliation with ARRL, AOG reminds all ECs to send him their monthly reports. 3MVK, ex-IILK, is operating KIKBO at Fort Devens on many bands. The Waitham Club made over 93,000 points in the V.H.F.SS, KILJK is working DX on 10 and 75, meters also NF, WU is working in his shop. DBY spoke at the Middlesex Pomona Grange on ham radio, Who are KN1s MOK and LBA in Beverly? KN1MNS has a Globe Scout and a Gonset II. KIMMQ is manager of the Hudson Traffic Net on 40 meters. KIJCO has a new dipole on 10 meters. KIBYV is in many nets. KIJAW is active in the H.T. Net. KN1s NDK and NCU are new in Newton, KIMHM has a new electronic key, KIKWC is AAR'S XYL, KIJIU is seey, of KIHOA and has a Viking 1 and an NC-173D. KILCQ has hi-fi Indians. KIAGE has a Globe Scout 53B and an NC-93 on several bands, KIHNM has an HQ-110 on 40, 15 and 10 meters. KILYR has a Globe Chief 904 and an S-38E. WA2BEX was winner of the Mass, QSO Party, sponsored by the Merrimac Valley ARC. PFO gave a talk on his expedition to St. Pierre Island. New officers of the Merrimac Valley ARC. FFO gave a talk on his expedition to St. Pierre Island. New officers of the Merrimac Valley ARC. FFO gave a talk on his expedition to St. Pierre Island. New officers of the Merrimac Valley ARC. KIDT, treas; TWB sqt. at arms; KITSV, pub. mgr.; KIDIT, member of the Board of Directors; SFD publicity dir, for Lawrence, KNILOI has an Adventure transmitter and H&W R-9. receiver. The Radio Club met at MVQ's QTH. KIHCH is on many bands and on active duty at ft. Devens, KiJoQG is working DX on 35-and 20-meter cw. GLW spoke at the

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out a nice monthly ham news for the Yankee Radio Club. AQE has a Seneca for 2 and 6 meters. The Framingham Club had a movie shown by QVK, K1HTK Framingnam Cuto had a movie shown by QVAL KHAIA had his 100-watt 6-meter transmitter at another meeting. JMA spoke at the South Shore Club on TVI. New officers of the QRA: EYZ, pres.; EED, vice-pres.; WEX, secy.; ZNG, treas.; SPL, Tom Cook, FSK, VRK, IGK and KNS, directors, Winn Jackson, of Cannon Elec, spoke on "Transmission-Lines." KIMAIQ is ing. JMA spoke at the South Shore Club on TVI. New officers of the QRA: EYZ, pres.; EED, vice-pres.; WEX, seey.; ZNG, treas.; SPL, Tom Cook, FSK, VRK, IGK and KNS, directors. Winn Jackson, of Cannon Elec. spoke on "Transmission-Lines." KIMMQ is RM for the 40-meter c.w. band. KH6IJ spoke at the El Ray Club. A meeting of the States Area Radio Officers was held at RO's QTH attended by KIGFR, BL, BSG, MKT, QFB and ALP, KIGUN has an Apache transmitter. KIGLM is mobile on 6 meters, KYC will be on 2 meters, KIGLM; is mobile on 6 meters, KYC will be on 3 meters. KILSY, Sudbury, and KIMLO, Acton, both from Tennessee, are on 2-meter s.s.b. KIAII has a 30-Mc. Panadaptor. NKA is mobile on 6 meters and says there is a teen-age net on 50.28 Mc. with KIGLM, LMZ and GFX. BB is busy with 160-meter DX. KILWJ has his General Class license. DEL is in Maryland for Naval Reserve duty. WLP moved to Wakefield, KIJOV is on 2 meters. PEX has a Gonset on 6 meters. OFK, George (NICCE), SIV, KIGYM and MHC put on a comm. demonstration for the Cub Scouts. IHC is working on 3.5-Mc. gear, Appointments endorsed: TY, AOG, KIGRP, BB, MRQ and AQE as ORS; AOG as OES, EIQ Bedford, MMQ Milton, PST Brookline, YHQ Eastham, MRQ Groveland, KWD Weymouth, IBE Rockport, MCR Boston, KIGUN Norwood as ECs; UIR as PAM for 2 meters and UIR and TZ as COs; UIR, TZ, AAR, VMD and OFK as OBSs; AAR. BB, MRQ and OFK as OPSs, 4ERX/I is on 6 meters in Saxonville. Net certificates have been issued to another group in the 6-Meter Cross Band Net, Another fine copy of Yankee Club Ham News has been received. EAE, YCV, QA and KILJN are teaching a course. "How to Become a Radio Amateur." at the Museum of Science in Boston, ZTO is working DX on 40-meter c.w. ENS has as a new "Hula-Hoop" on top of the car. THO has a 6-meter rig in the car. ENS, FWQ, KCO, LLY, QXX and THO held a meeting. We all extend our sympathy to Nat Hallenstein on the death of his mother, K5URL/MM, in Boston, is on 75 meters, AQE is RM for 15-meter c.w. K1AYE contacted FWS's son-in-law from the South Pole on

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCM, Percy C. Noble, WIBYR—SEC: RYH. RM: DVW. PAM: DXS. WIN meets on 3560 kc. at 7 P.M. Mon. through Sat. MPN meets on 3870 kc. at 6 P.M. daily. WMN had a total of 22 statious reporting in during January. The two highest in net attendance were DVW with 28 and KIIJV with 22 (out of 28 sessions held). The Worcester Area is weak in attendance. MPN (combined East. & West. Mass, sections) had a total of 31 stations reporting and handled 364 messages during January. Sorry to lose our star OO, MUN, who has moved to Ws-Land. The Quinebaug Valley Radio Club is sponsoring a "homebrew" u.h.f. equipment contest among its members, Its 6-meter net still operates at 1900 on Wed. and 1100 on Sun. WEF has a new Chevenne rig working nicely. ZPB's new receiver damper and c.w. monitor are working FB. The Berkshire County Amateur Radio Association now has a total of 43 members. WF is on with a Heath KW on both c.w. and s.s.b. CRK is working on a Seneca. PFD is now back in Pittsfield. and is on 75-meter s.s.b. and 50 Mc. BKG, KIJDC and KQK, all of Pittsfield, are active on WMN. The timing of the ski races at State Forest was handled by amateur radio, UEY is active on 7-Mc. c.w. WF and AZW worked ZM6AP/ZM7. KIDDB now has a 50-ft, tower. DGT worked HCCC8, the Galapagos Islands Expedition. CRB now has a B&W \$100 on 75-meter phone. Copies of all West. Mass. club bulletins would be very much appreciated by your SCM (much of the news above is from the BCARA bulletini, KIHTS is getting a new HQ-110. KILBB is a new ORS in Great Barrington. Traffic: WIDXS 236, BVR 177. DVW 159, BYH 102, AGM 85, ZPB 70, KICAU 88, LJV 67. WIDGA 62, WEF 50, KILBB 34, WIOSK 19, MHS 16, KIGCV 8, JDC 2.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—SCM, Robert H. Wright, WIRMH—RMs: K1BCS and K1HK. PAM: HQ. V.H.F. PAM: TA. The GSPN meets at 1900 Mon. through Sat. and at 0930 Sun. on 3842 kc. The NHN (c.w.) meets nightly at 1830 on 3685 kc. The Northeast V.H.F. Net meets daily at 1930 on 145.8 Mc. All N. H. amateurs are (Continued on page 128)



Cast: A hep Ham, who has just decided to get more fun out of life by enjoying some better equipment in his shack.

## Act I

(Our hero is in his shack. He has called CQ seventeen times, and is listening to the other fellows working

"To save, or not to save. That is the question. Whether it is safer to stick to new equipment, or wiser to get some better used gear for a lot less money. the DX)

netter used gear for a lot less monley.

... Come to think of it, every rig on the air is a used one! And, if I could be sure of getting a really good one, there's no reason why I can't have a bigger one, save a lot of sheckels, and still have the same performance and results of a brand new inh

Aye, there's the rub! How can I be sure of getting a good one? ... Mustn't buy a pig-in-a-poke.

Pig.in.a-poke? that's what Bil Harrison has been saying in his ads about his used equipment! All my friends his used equipment! All my friends tell me that Harrison Radio is the most reliable, and stands squarely behind every-thing it sells. That's the main reason they have grown to be called 'Ham Head-quarters, USA'.

. No point in taking a chance. I'll get in touch with Harrison right away."

## (Curtain)

## Act II

(The world-famous Harrison Trade-In (The world-ramous marrison trade in Center. Our hero is rapturously inspecting the rows upon rows of shelves stretching into the distance, loaded with the greatest array of ham gear ever displayed under one roof.)

"WOW! Never saw so much ham gear in my life! There's several of the very model I want Every piece has a green tag on it shows Service Never thought they could be so low.

There's Bil, W2AVA, and Ben, W2SOH, and Bob, K2IVQ, all bustling about like busy bees, helping make the crowds of hams look so pleasantly happy.

No wonder they do such a brisk business in the Harrison Trade-In Center there's such a wide assortment to choose from . . and most of those trade-ins can hardly be told from new!

Here's their Clearance Section, where any Here's their Clearance Section unit which does not pass their high per-tormance standards is yellow-tagged at a

give-away price, and sold 'as-is All the boys are so friendly and helpful they'll fire up anything I select, and let me prove to my satisfaction that it is perfect before I take it home.

There's certainly no risk here! . There's certainly no risk here!
Everything is unconditionally guaranteed
if anything should go wrong, their
experienced service lab will competently
fix it without any charge for parts or labor
during the first ninety days. And, if
for any reason I am not entirely delighted
with my purchase I can return it at any ror any reason I am not entirely deligned with my purchase, I can return it at any time up to three whole months later and get a brand new one of the same or any other model for only the difference in

They really gave me a swell allow-ance for my old stuff ... the swap cost a lot less than anywhere else! . And if I want to, I can spread the balance over many months . . Their low carrying cost lets me enjoy now, pay later.

Those new roads make it a snap to drive to this convenient, central location only 12 blocks straight downtown from only 12 blocks straight downtown from the Holland Tunnel . . . plenty of parking, too.

It's sure great to deal with Harrison!"

### (Curtain)

## Alternate Act II

(For the ham who cannot visit "Ham Headquarters, USA", so trades by mail.)

(Time: A few days later.)

"Here's Harrison's speedy reply by return mail! He gives me a choice of the models I asked about the prices look real good. More important to me, it's the values that are guaranteed to be unequalled!

He says I can enjoy all the advantages of those hams who come in to the Harrison Trade-In Center they'll fire up and check it out before carefully packing and safely shipping it to me . . .

I have the same privileges of returning it, even for full cash refund within 15 days. . . He offers a really top allowance for my old gear . . and i can take up to 24 months on the balance.

No question about it . . . for the best eal, every time — my order goes to Harrison!

(With look of well justified happy anticipation, he seals envelope.)

## (Curtain)

Act III (Back in the shack, a few days later) "Please stand by, VQISSB. I have 9M2DB on the hook, and he says XZ2AD has been calling me."

This is certainly FB gear I got from the Harrison Trade-in Center on their boys gave me some good dope on how to get the best out of it. Never heard of values to equal this and the money I saved let me make the little YF happy with a new mink coat.

Golly, we both are glad I always deal with Harrison!"

(Curtain, sustained applause)

## Epilogue

Honestly OM, I can't promise you'll make DXCC right away, just because you get your gear from me. At least, not in the first few days!

But I do tell you sincerely that whether But I do tell you sincerely that whether you want to save with safety on my likenew equipment, or if you want the very latest new production, you'll always get more real value for your money and you'll always feel more comfortable at "Ham Headquarters, USA".

Come on in, and bring your old gear, I guarantee you'll return home happy with your trade. Or, drop me a line telling what you want, what you have to swap and the terms you would like.

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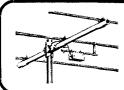
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urged to participate in the annual N. H. QSO Party Apr. 23 and 24. Welcome to KIMOW, a new ham in the Concord Area. New officers of the Nashua Mike and Key Club are DUB, pres.: TA, vice-pres.: BXM, secy.; QKA, treas.; and OLY, act. mgr. The Nashua C.D. Net meets on Thurs, at 2000 on 145.25 Mc. DUB is keepnet meets on thurs, at 2000 on 145.25 Me. DUB is keeping meteor skeds with Florida on 2 meters, and experimenting with parametric amplifiers for v.h.f. QKA also is evaluating the parametric amplifier for 432 Me. BXM is working at General Electronics at Cambridge, Mass. KIMID is employed at Aerotronic Associates in Contocook. KIIIK reports the NHN is on the upswing but still could use more N. H. stations. Traffic: KIBCS 821, FDP 671, IIK 322, WIEVN 49, IIQ 18, KIJDN 17, WICUE 12, MID 7, WIRMH 5, BYS 2.

### ELEVENTH NEW HAMPSHIRE **QSO PARTY**

April 23 and 24

The Concord (N. H.) Brasspounders, W1OC, announce their sponsorship of the Eleventh New Hampshire QSO Party, and cordially invite all interested radio amateurs to participate. Here

interested radio anatoms to participate. There are the details:

(1) Contest period: Saturday, April 23, 6 P.M. EST. to Sunday, April 24, 6 P.M. EST.

(2) No time limit and no power restrictions.

(3) Scoring: N. H. stations count 1 point for count N. H. contest N. H. stations per outside. each N. H. contact, plus 2 points per outside contact; stations outside the state count 2 points per N. H. contact; both multiply by the number of counties worked (10 maximum).

(4) Engraved certificates will be issued to all participants reporting, with special endorsements for the highest-scoring stations, both in N. H. and outside, in the phone and c.w. categories. Single operator stations only are eligible for the special endorsements.

special endorsements.

(5) Operation is restricted to 80 meter c.w., and 75 meter phone, and 6 meter c.w. and phone. The same station may be worked for additional credit on either band, c.w. or phone.

(6) General call: "CQ NH" on c.w.: "CQ NH QSO Party" on phone, N. H. stations are requested to sign de NH WIOC K or give other indication of the fact they are from N. H.

(7) Contact information required: Report and QTH (including county of N. H. stations) and number of QSO. Those operators participating in both the c.w. and phone categories must submit separate logs for each mode of operation. Each log shall be scored separately based on the number of contacts and counties worked in each Each log snall be scored separately based on the number of contacts and counties worked in each mode. Logs and scores must be postmarked not later than May 15, 1960, and should be mailed to the Concord Brasspounders, P.O. Box 339, Concord, N. H.

(8) The WNH (Worked New Hampshire) certificate will be awarded to stations working all ten counties during this QSO Party, participating logs continuing

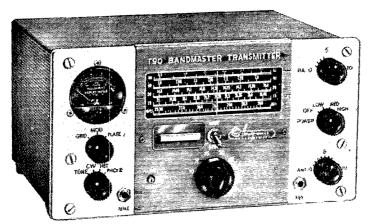
pating logs confirming.

RHODE ISLAND—SCM, John E. Johnson, KIAAV—SEC: PAZ: RM: SMU: PAM: YRC: V.H.F. PAM: KCS. Monthly reports were received from VSZ. ESK, YRC, GR and KICBR. KIBBK won the Merit Award for the first place score for the Rhode Island section in the Mass. QSO Party in December. He also won first place with top score in R. I. in the W. Va. QSO Party, KCS, with KICRN, worked feverishly to prevent 2BVU from invading the R. I. section for a v.h.f. win in January and it is believed that the W2 only has the W. Mass. section to beat. An appointees' meeting was held Jan. 23 with N. E. Director EFW present. Additional meetings are planned for the future in the hope we can Jan. 23 with N. E. Director EFW present. Additional meetings are planned for the future in the hope we can build a strong section. Your SCM was appointed Asst. Dir, at the meeting. The PRA Club of Providence graduated 15 in its code class. PRA officers elected were VZP, pres.; K1LRP, vice-pres.; HIK, tress.; K1JAI, seev. The W1AQ Club reports a tech. comm. of K1CZD, W1SMU and WAC appointed, also LFW as sanitation engr. The NCRC Club of Newport installed its first YL president, K1CUY, Appointments: WED and VSZ as OBSs; YKQ as EC; LQJ as OO; CMH as ORS, Traffic: W1SMU 718, K1LSM 561, W1TXL 76, K1BBK 52, W1CMH 43, K1AAV 33, W1HKN 20, VBR 16, WED 13. (Dec.) W1YKQ 17.

VERMONT—SCM, Harry A. Preston, Jr., W1VSA—SEC: EIB. RM: K1BGC. PAM: HRG. Vermont fre-(Continued on page 130)

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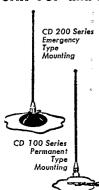
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quencies: C.w. 3.520, phone 3855, RTTY 3620 kc. Nets: C.w. MI-W-F at 1830, VEPN Sun. at 1730, VTPN Sun. at 0900, GMN Mon.-Sat. at 1730, It is with regret we record here the passing of AVP and JZF. V.h.f. activity is rapidly expanding in the Green Mountain State. KICPC has recovered nicely from his recent illness, Jean Bryan, of Burlington, passed the Novice Class exam. International Field Day, sponsored by the BARC., Inc., is in its planning stage and probably will take place in early or mid-June 1960, Civil defense has two phone nets on week ends: Sat. morning at 0900 on 3993 kc. for training and general innformation. Sun. at 1000 on the same frequency for official business. KIGBS is promoting RACES and is making efforts to visit various clubs to emphasize the importance of amateur radio in c.d. FPS has been appointed Radio Officer for Brattleboro C.D. A new ham in Wilder is KINIW. Another new ham in Williston is KILEN, Traffic: VESAZI/I 358, KHMQ 261, WIOAK 204, KIBGC 89, WIKRV 82, ELJ 31, KIRRH 21, WIHRG 11.

### NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

ALASKA—Acting SCM, Kenneth E. Koestler, KL7BZO—Our very dear friend CP is now back in Anchorage after being outside for medical care. APV has gone outside for a couple of months. CUS, of Fairbanks, says the club members are doing everything possible to make contact on 2 meters with ADX, the agent for the Alaska R.R. at Nenana, about 60 miles distance, CUS has an SX-28 and a DX-40 with doubtet doing quite well for low power. Pres. AEQ and Ann, BNY, his daughter, both just got married. Ann passed the test for 1st-class phone. P.J is getting a new six-element beam on 2 meters. He has 205 countries worked. BZO has a new Monarch Telrex and a 2-meter Telrex beam. CIW is putting a new electronic key which he built on the air. CUK, who is now residing in Anchorage, has been around the world with several ex-calls to his credit. He was Asst. SCM in KG6-Land and has been a ham for 36 years. He will be on the air soon with a 754-2, a 32V-1, a Pacemaker and a 3DZZ beam. AN has been a ham for 49 years and finally is getting up his beam on a 60-ft, tower. BK will be helping the Polar Amateur Radio Klub of Alaska in sending messages for the girls who operate a message center at the PNA office downtown during Fur Rendezvous.

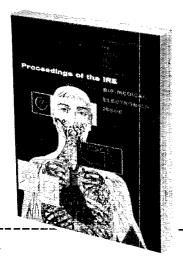
IDAHO—SCM. Mrs. Helen M. Maillet, W7GGV—ZRQ is a new EC. The Boise C.D. 2-Meter Net received 7 out-of-city check-ins in January. Nampa has five 2-meter stations on the nir. DWE attended the c.d. meeting in Boise. K7BWV is the new NC for the District 4 C.D. Morning Net. The new editor of Ham Hill News is OCR. assisted by CRE. Send them your c.d. news. K7DUX is the new Prexy of the S.E. Idaho Radio Society. The Magic Valley ARC held an auction and pot luck supper in February. The Pocatello ARC had a dimer dance and elections in February. FARM Net Manager JHY shook up check-ins when he decided to handle traffic before roll call to avoid troublesome QRM. K7-ATO has a new daughter. K7KBX was formerly \( \theta MMJ. \) EF is moving to Oregon, and K7AYU will change his QTH to California. EF is taking over the Weather Net. Olga, K7GEB, made WAS phone. FARM Net traffic: 16. Traffic: W7VQC 34, K7BWV 29, W7GGV 29, K7XYU 24, W7EVP 14, EEQ 12, K7GHG 9, GHX 6, W7DWE 5, ABK 4.

MONTANA—SCM. Vernon L. Phillips, W7NPV/WXI—MPN meets M-W-F at 1800 on 3910 kc. MSN meets T-T-S at 1830 on 3530 kc. TPE received confirmations for the WPX Award. K7CHA and RZY earned WAC. K7CHA and K7CWA earned WAS. K7BKH made his 7th consecutive BPL. DNK, K7FCC and K7FDZ handled emergency communications for the Opheim Radar Base. MBV has a new jr operator. THP has a new baby girl, YQZ celebrated his 88th birthday. K7HOS is a new Conditional Class at Stockett and K7HOT is a new Conditional class at Stockett and K7HOT is a new Conditional at Belt. CK vacationed in Florida, Hampienies are scheduled as follows; Harlowton June 5, Wolf Point June 19, Lewistown July 10 and Havre Aug. 7. The Glacier Hamfest will be held at Apgar July 16-17. The Watthounds is a new club at Miles City and has graduated 9 Novices, Officers are YUP pres.; K7CML, vicepres.; and BDB, secy. New officers of the Central Montana Radio Club are WSE, pres; K7GW and HFZ, vice-pres.; K7GWA, secy-treas.; K7GWB, pub. chmn. and F7O, net EC. Recent appointments: K7CTI as OO, FTO as OPS and EC and IDK as OO. Traffic: K7EWZ 283, BKH 200, BYC 81, GHC 14, W7IDK 11, SFK 10, EWR 4, YQZ 4, K7JBH 2, W7NPV 2, TPE 2.

OREGON—SCM, Hubert R. McNally, W7JDX—BDU still is coming through with BPL but both ZB and K7CLL slipped a little this month. ZB lost two au(Continued on page 132)

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The purpose of this special November issue of Proceedings, as outlined in the guest editorial by J. W. Moore, National Institute of Health, is "to provide its readers with some interesting, informative and perhaps provocative examples of various weddings of electronic art and concepts to some of the life sciences. This collection of articles is not intended to delineate Bio-Medical Electronics, but rather to illustrate the breadth of the field of interest of the Professional Group on Medical Electronics, which, by constitutional definition, is the study of biological and medical systems." Thus begins one of Proceedings' most fascinating issues - one that presents the scope of the broad new avenues of experimentation in biological measurements opened up by the speed, versatility and precision of modern electronics. This special issue is not only the current record of the progress in Bio-Medical Electronics, it is fascinating reading for radioelectronics engineers in general.

### 26 ARTICLES BY LEADERS IN THE BIO-MEDICAL ELECTRONIC FIELD

Below is just a partial listing of the articles this special issue covers. For example, the development of a broadband electrometer is described in the article by Gesteland, Howland, Lettvin and Pitts on "Microelectrodes and Their Use." This issue gives considerable emphasis to basic biological research. And, because the recruitment and training of personnel to work in the bio-medical instrumentation area is probably the most pressing problem to be faced by the PGME, there are supplementary articles in this area. This special November issue of Proceedings of the IRE on Bio-Medical Electronics is only one of the many services offered members of the IRE. If you are a non-member and wish a copy of this vital link in the record of radio-electronics, return the coupon below, today, to reserve it for yourself or your company.

## PARTIAL CONTENTS OF THIS **NOVEMBER BIO-MEDICAL ELECTRONICS ISSUE:**

"An Analog Computer to Stimulate Systems of Coupled Bimolecular Reactions," by E. F. MacNichol, John Hopkins University

"Electron Transfer in Biological Systems," by B. Chance, University of Pennsylvania

"Alternating Current Spectroscopy of Biological Substances," by H. P. Schwan, University of Pennsylvania

"Comments on Microelectrodes," by R. C. Gesteland, B. Howland & J. Lettvin, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

"Some Functions of Nerve Cells in Terms of an Equivalent Network." by W. H. Freygang, National Institutes of Health

"Electronic Control of Some Active Bioelectric Membranes," by J. W. Moore, National Institutes of Health

"Measurement of Mechanical Properties of Muscle under Servo Control," by M. Lubin, Harvard University

"Scanning Microscopy in Medicine and Biology," by L. E. Flory, RCA Laboratories

"Instrumentation for Automatically Pre-Screening Cytological Smears," by R. C. Bostrom, H. S. Sawyer & W. E. Tolles, Airborne Instruments Laboratory

"A Magnetic Flowmeter for Recording Cardiac Output," by H. W. Shirer, R. B. Shackelford & K. E. Jochim, University of Kansas

"The Use of an Analog Computer for Analysis of Control Mechanisms in the Circulation," by H. R. Warner, Latterday Saints Hospital

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"Some Engineering Aspe	cts of Modern	Cardiac Rese	arch." by D. Baker.
R. M. Ellis, D. L. Fran	klin & R. F. Rus	shmer, Univer	sity of Washington
"Stability, Oscillations,	and Noise in	the Human	Pupil Servomech-

anisms," by L. Stark, Yale University
"What the Frog's Eye Tells the Frog's Brain," by J. Y. Lettvin, H. R.
Maturana, W. S. McCullough & W. H. Pitts, Massachusetts Institute

"Repetitive Analog Computer for Analysis of Sums of Distribution Functions," by F. W. Noble, J. E. Hayes, Jr. & M. Eden, National Heart Institute

"Medical Ultrasonics," by J. F. Herrick, Mayo Clinic; H. P. Schwan &

J. M. Reid, University of Pennsylvania

"The Use of Electronic Computers to Aid Medical Diagnosis," by R. S. Ledley & L. B. Lusted, National Academy of Sciences
"New Instrumentation Concepts for Manned Flight," by L. J. Fogel,

"The Origin of the Professional Group on Medical Electronics," by L. H. Montgomery, Vanderbilt Medical School "Instrumentation in Bio-Medical Research," by P. E. Klopsteg, National Academy of Sciences

"On the Role of the Engineer in Bio-Medical Instrumentation," by

J. P. Hervey, Rockefeller Institute "Medical Electronics Center—Interdisciplinary Coordination," by V.

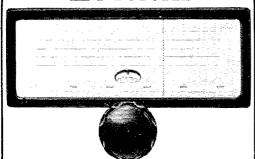
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tennas in the big windstorm; likewise the SCM is out of business until his 75-meter dipole can be restored. K7AXF is a busy boy in Coos County and should be the new EC there. LT still is busy on MARS. DEM is the new trustee for the Southern Oregon Radio Club in its license amplication. DIC is researched. the new trustee for the Southern Oregon Radio Club in its license application, DIC is recovering from a vacation trip to California, K7CNZ is working on a new shack and 2-meter rig, K7EZP is busy on 50 Mc, WPW has a major rebuilding project and expects to be making a lot of noise soon, K7KRE has started an Oregon Bible Net on 50.55 Mc, at 8 A.M. each Sun, K7-AIS has a new 2-meter Communicator; likewise JDX, who hopes to work some of the 2-meter going in North-AIS has a new 2-meter Communicator; likewise JDX, who hopes to work some of the 2-meter gang in Northern Oregon, QXS is building new 2-meter sets from scratch, Hope to hear you fellows soon, Bill. WKP is busy with Official Bulletins, A fine AREC meeting was held in Eugene Jan. 17. Sorry the SCM was under the weather and could not attend. VND, formerly of Forest Grove, is now WASIKT in Salinas, Calif. DRS, formerly of North Bend, is now KiAlOU and will be in Germany soon with a DL4 call. ZBH and ZDW, of Boring, are new OESs, It looks like very heavy 2-meter activity in Northern Oregon this Spring, Traffic: W7-BDU 510, K7CLL 268, W7ZB 217, K7AXF 134, W7LT 70, ZFH 38, MTW 34, AJN 18, DEM 13, VIL 13, DIC 10, K7CNZ 5, EZP 2.

WASHINGTON—SCM, Robert B, Thurston, W7PGY—SEC: HMQ, RM: AIB PAMs: LFA and PGY, Your SEC is HMQ, RM: AIB PAMs: LFA and PGY, Your SEC is HMQ, not MMQ as shown in Feb. QST. New officers of the North Seattle Amateur Radio Club are IMV, pres.; K7CFC, vice-pres.; PGY, Sety.; KN7-EQX, treas.; CO, LWB, OEX, PGY, ZXM and VX trustees. A new Official Bulletin Station in the Seattle Area is K7CHH. VE2LE/W7 now is operating out of Seattle on 160, 80 and 40 meters using both phone and c.w. and is looking for contacts. The Bremerton Annual Hamfest will be held at the Sons of Norway Hall. Bremerton, May 21. Keep an open date for then, OIV has 30 watts on 6 meters and monitors the AREC frequency in the Puyallup Area on 10 meters. K7DOB has Ranger troubles. The VARC's code and theory classes are going nicely with DNU in charge. Washington State Net had 23 sessions. 320 QNIs and 252 QTC's for December. K7DWL is active on 20 and 40 meters. JHS has a new 300-watt c.w. rig. K7GNA lost two antennas in the big wind so left for a vacation in W6-Land for a month. K7ASY and CNK are QRL with TV experiments. REC is working portable out of Forks. ZSH is portable out of Olympic Hot Springs. OMO is a new ORS in the Warden Area. GIP is the new manager for WSN, with DZX as associate imanager. IEU is active in WSN now. AlB says there is nothing new in ham radio, but is QRL getting ready for income und real estate WSN, with DZX as associate manager, IEU is active in WSN now. AlB says there is nothing new in ham radio, but is QRL getting ready for income and real estate taxes. INK is waiting for MARS confirmation. K7ABB is QRL with teletyne, JHS renewed his OBS and DZX his OPS appointments. New officers of the Radio Club of Tacoma are K7ATD, pres.; RXS, vice-pres.; K7AYC, secy.; RGD, treas.; and K7s AYD and ARD, trustees, KNTUQ has a new Gotham V-80 vertical. AMC is QRL planning a new ham shack, K7AJT has a new trap vertical for 10, 15 and 20 meters. CWN was active in the CD Party on 7 Mc. K7CWO is waiting for a new Apache and is active in the AREC program from the Richland Area, K7EKE is planning on a new 500-watt transmitter, K7GUO is a new Technician in Hoodsport, ESV returned from California and received his old call back, JWE made WBCN, OHA and WAV during Hoodsport, ESV returned from California and received his old call back. JWE made WBCN, OHA and WAV during January, all on 20 meters c.w. DZX received his BPL medallion. Truffic: W7BA 1038, DZX 688, QDH 270, HUT 173, KZ 160, APS 134, GIP 121, K7EKE 98, WYAMC 89, AIB 62, GYF 52, K7ABB 41, W7JHS 40, IEU 38, K7CWO 36, W7USO 34, K7INK 30, W7IST 26, EKT 18, JEY 13, LFA 12, UNI 12, IGF 12, OIV 8, OMO 7, K7AJT 5, AIA 4, W7YFO 4, K7APJ 3, W7EHH 3, JWE 2.

### PACIFIC DIVISION

HAWAII—SCM, Samuel H. Lewbel, KH6AED—W7 MCU, chief operator at KW6CGA and net control for the Pacine Net, has been transferred to Panay Island in the Philippines, KW6CGA will be off the air until at least one of the three Novices Len left there passes his Conditional class exam. KH68M is on the air with the entire S/Line equipment. KH68H is on s.s.b. with a new HT-32; so is KH6ABQ but with a different final, home-brew in both cases. KH6AED is back on with RTTY using the built-in FSK feature on the new 100V. KH6AF9 has had several operations on his ear and has shown an improvement each time. Ken is the chairman of the convention committee and is setting up for a real Hawaii Island Aloha, so plan to attend. Don't forget Fourth of July week end in Hilo, KH6AJF continues to be the only station reporting traffic, Where are the rest of you fellows? Traffic; KH6AJF 384.

NEVADA-SCM, Charles A. Rhines, W7VIU-IWT (Continued on page 134)

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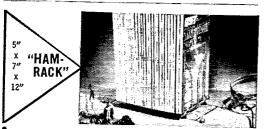
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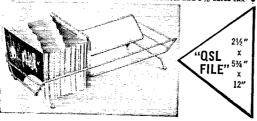
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got in the Jan. CD Party for a short time. ZHW is handling traffic to the Reno Area from KG1 and KH6. CX is working on RTTY equipment. KHU is doing an FB job as OO in between contacts for S.S.B. WAC. BIC finally left the hospital. OND joined the NARA. TQE has a new rotator. HJ is operating on 10 meters. JU is going Air Force MARS and hoping to operate mobile on Lake Mead. VIU has added OHA and WWCNY to his certificate list. UPS will go mobile with his new station wagon. KOI has a new HQ-170, GYK has CB gear. The 13-year-old son of KOA and QYL is awaiting the outcome of his Novice examination. K7CMI made 28-Mc. WAS and WAC. AHA spent January in Reno going to Bell Tel. School. The NARA will sponsor the Nevada QSO Roundup in May. Details later. Traffic: (Jan.) W7VIU 281, KHU 29, (Dec.) K7CWV 282.

SANTA CLARA VALLEY—SCM, W. Conley Smith, K6DYX—Speaking for all the section we owe a debt of gratitude to W6N'VO for his long and faithful service as SEC and we pledge our support to W6ZRJ, who takes on the job. Many famous old-timers and distinguished amateurs were present to honor K6BJ at a testimonial dinner given by Eimac in San Mateo on Feb. i upon the occasion of his retirement. On Feb. 3, W6MLZ spoke to a large group of amateurs at the civic center in San Jose and explained the outcome of the Geneva Conference. At the NCN dinner in San Francisco on Jan. 31, W6DEF won a Vibroplex bug. WA6CLT reports that K6EEV, WA4JOT and K6VSN/6 are newly active on 6 meters in the Monterey Bay Area. W6YHM, who is busy reworking surplus gear, had VE6MX as a visitor. K6-TEH had K4GWO as a visitor. W6MMG has a new hill-top Q7H in Belmont. W6PLG is working nights so is off the nets for a while. W60H is really QRL as secretary of ALN. W6FON complains bitterly of all the poorly-addressed traffic he is expected to deliver. K6HCQ has a new HQ-145 and is rebuilding the shack. Anyone interested in a microwave experimenters group is asked to contact K6HCP. K6ZCR is playing an electronic organ built by the OM. Traffic: (Jan.) W6RSY 769, K6ZCR 253, K6DYX 203, W6AHT 100, W6DEF 80, W6YBV 56, W6FON 45, W6FON 45, W6FCH 12. W6YHM 32. W6PLG 26, K6VQK 26, W6OII 23. W6ZLO 15, K6TEH 8, K6GZ 6, K6VKG 4, WA6CLT 1. (Dec.) W6YHM 51.

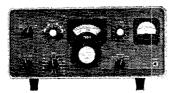
4. WAGCLT I. (Dec.) W6YHM 51.

EAST BAY—SCM. B. W. Southwell. W6OJW—SEC: K6DQM. ECs: W6EFI, K6EDN. K6JNW and K6ESZ. W6EFF won the chromed bug at the NCN Dinner and K6OSO won a 4-250A. W6IFZ, with K6OSO operating, made 59,400 points in the CD Party, K6JKY has a DX-40 on 3.9-Mc. phone. K6QHC made 118,800 points in the CD Party, and has gone to sea with the USN. The NCN held its Net Dinner on Jan. 31. 1960 officers of the ORC are W6YIJ, pres.; K6VQF, vice-pres.; W46ITN. Secv.; K6DQQ, treas.; and K6VSS, sgt. at arms. The Marin Amateur Radio Club hosted the CCRC Jan. 6. K6VAF is selling his receiver and going back to flying. K6SWY and W6IPY started a code and theory class in Hayward. K6AUR is going s.s.b. The MDARC held its Jan. meeting at Diablo Valley College Jan. 15. EBRC officers for 1960 are K6GEP, pres.; W65NME, vice-pres.; K6TIP, secy.; and K6SRD, treas. WV6FKN is trying to get WAS before his Novice ticket runs out. W76FLD and WA6FSO qualified for the RCC sheepskin. W1BUD was in the Bay Area Jan. 30-Feb. 2 to address local clubs on the Geneva Conference. W6WWD nosed out W6KG as club winner in the ARRL DX Contest. W6TI is 283/281 DX-wise. W60JW got cards for the 599X certificate and WFKA. That's all for this time, gang. Send in those reports. Traffic: (Jan.) K6ZYZ 107, W6-JOH 27, K6OSO 8. (Dec.) K6QHC 18.

SAN FRANCISCO—Leonard R. Geraldi, K6ANP—Asst. SCM, Jeri Bey, W6QMO, RM: K6PQG, PAM: W6PZE, ECs: K6EKC, W6OPL, W6JWF, OOS: W6GQA, Class I, K6OHJ, W60KR, W8PHS, OBSS: W6GGC, W6MXJ, ORSS: K6PQG, W6GGC, W6QMO, W6OPL, W6JWF, W6GEY, K6QJB, OPSS: W6FZE, W6GGC, K6OHJ, W6FEA, The Far West Club had a fine potlick dinner Jan. 30. About 30 amateurs and their families shared in the festivities, Reports are that a good time was had by all. The Bandspanners is organizing a 2-meter net for all the members' convenience. The HAMIS is starting early with its Field Day plans, The San Francisco Radio Club is working on a project for its Novice members. Future plans include display of home-brew equipment, talks on the Novice field, traffic, v.h.f. and DX. A new club in the San Francisco Area has been formed at the Lick-Wilmerding High School. Members at present are K6GRX, WA6ECH, WV6FKR and WV6FOK, The club has the trustee's call, K6GRX. The BAYLARC will be meeting at the QTH of K6UDT for the next five months. The NCN held its dinner in San Francisco on Jan. 31. About 18 attended. Alain prizes were a 4-250A tube and a chrome Vibroplex bug, W6-OPL, and W6GGC went to Squaw Valley on Feb. 1 to complete antenna installations and to be available dur-

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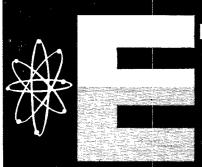
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ing the practice sessions of the Olympic Games. The boys were there 'til mid-February when the regular operators took over. W6GQA held forth for the San Francisco section in the January CD Party. W60KR needs Arkansas for a 50-state 6-meters-only WAS. He has almost completed his 2350-Mc. gear. K6PQG is now on 40 meters during the day with her new dipole, Besides being active on NCN, K6QJB has spots on the MTN/C.W. Net. Ralph also is on RN6 Thurs, and TCC station 1D.A Fri. W6QMO now has two TCC spots on Tue, and Thurs. Jeri also is active on NCN and holds NCS spots on RN6. NCN was host at the February CCRC meeting. I attended the testimonial banquet in honor of K6BJ, given by Eitel-McCullough (Eimac) on Feb. 1. The toastmaster was Mr. Herbert Hoover, jr., W6ZH. The speakers and the guest list were most impressive and I sincerely feel that it was an honor to have been invited. Traffic: W6GQY 949, W6QMO 338, K6GJB 279, K6PQG 16.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY—SCM, Jon J. O'Brien, W6GDO—Asst. SCM: William van de Kamp, W6CKV. SEC: K6IKV. RM: W6CMA. PAMs: W6ESZ and W6-PIV. Correction: SARC's 1960 officers are K6GZS, pres.; K6YII, vice-pres.; W46IHX, seev.; K6IRI, treas. Last month we listed the 1959 officers. Sorry for the mistake. GEARS officers for 1960 are WA6AMI, pres.; WA6FWM, vice-pres.; and W6YKU, seey.-treas. Mt. Shasta RC's 1960 officers are W6SDP, pres.; WA6FGO, vice-pres.; K6O'TI, seev.; and W6HKP, treas. K6YBV has a new Apache and an NC-303. K6SXX is manager of the c.w. section of MTN. MARS-sponsored code and theory classes at McClellan had such a large sign-up that two classes of fifty each have been made with a waiting list should any of the original students drop out. W6-WLI still is active in this section on week ends, commuting between the job in Berkeley and home in Yuba City. He has a Gonset III on 2 meters to pass the time during the week. W6PDT was chosen "King" for the Veterans March of Dimes Dance in Chico. W6ICO made good use of his emergency generator on a net check-in Veterans March of Dimes Dance in Chico. WelCO made good use of his emergency generator on a net check-in when the power failed in his area. KeSEA was winner of the RAMS Liars Night contest. WeSOH is the proud owner of an Elmac mobile station. The Chirps had a very nice dinner party celebrating its third anniversary. WeGOD and KeHHD enjoyed a visit by W5OXJ and XYL KG6AIA, who have just returned from two years on Guam. We solicit your reports for this column and certainly appreciate those which we receive. Traffic: K6YBV 762, K6SXX 206.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY—SCM, Ralph Saroyan, W6JPU—The Bear Mountain Radio Club is a newly-formed club in Arvin, Calift, with the following officers elected: K6SWR, pres.; W6NXT, vice-pres.; K6DMC, seey.; W6RQU, treas.; and K6SGI act. man. The Northern and Southern California DX Club held its annual dinner in Fresno. Among those attending were W6KUT, W6HYG, WA6EYP, W6BSM, W6GNK, W6PXP, W6JPU, and K6LKJ, W6HYG is installing a 105-tt. self-supporting steel pole self-guyed, rotating 2 r.p.m. with a four-element Telerex beam. W6KUT is running an HT-32 with a Thunderbolt and chasing DX like crazy. W6TRP has a KWM-2, W6JUK has an SX-101A and an HT-33A for shoes. W6BSS has a pair of 250TLs on 20 meters. K6CBR is heard on 75-meter mobile. New officers of the Porterville Radio Club are W6QXF, pres.; WA6DQF, vice-pres.; K6CWO, dir.; Lydia Geoble, seey. The Tulare Co. Radio Club is sponsoring a night class in "International Morse Code." K6GSN got married and has moved to Mountain View. WA6CUZ is on 6 meters. K6LSB. W6QXF and W6-BXF have Hornet beams, K6ROU operated portable from Badger Pass with K6AUA, WA6CUZ and W76BXD logging. W6ILR has moved to Visalia. W6SJJ and W6-BXY are back in Tulare County. W6ADB is on 40-meter c.w. W6USV made WAS. K6OZI is on 2 meters with a 522. W6LRS is on 2 meters. WA6BTK is on 6 meters. W46BTK is on 6 meters. W46BTK is on 6 meters. W46LA is a new Novice. W6KMI, W6OII and W6JPU attended the Testimonial Dinner for K6BJ in San Mateo Feb. 1. Traffic: W6USV 144, K6EJT 20, W6ARE 8, W6FXV 2.

## ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA—SCM. B. Riley Fowler, W4RRH—PAM: DRC. V.H.F. PAM: ACY. Activity on the Tar Heel Net is very encouraging. QC was elected net mgr., YBN asst. mgr. Directors are QC. YBN, K4IEV, K4CXN, BAW and K4CHU. TJA was reelected as net sect. Cliff Blalack, asst. communications officer for civil defense, visited many counties in Western North Carolina in January. The purpose was to consolidate RACES programs in many of the counties. RVH talked to the radio club in Charlotte on teletype and reports additional interest in the medium in that area. News for this column is hard to come by. Most of what I get I

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have to listen for on the bands. If you have items of general interest to the amateur, please send them along, If you work in contests or special events send reports along. I will reter them to the proper NRRL department. What is your club doing? Reports of that sort are solicited. We are doing quite well in the civil defense work in the Stute, and most of our nets are doing fine and I receive regular reports on these matters, I also receive reports each month on MARS Army. If you would like to see other phases published in the State send items along. I can only report what I KNOW about. So let's have club reports and reports on what you are doing in AREC and club projects, It is the club secretary's business to let the SCM know what is happening. All official appointees are reminded that a report is due each month.

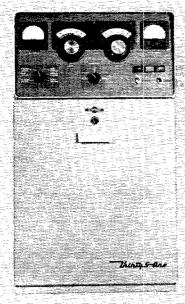
SOUTH CAROLINA—SCM, Dr. J. O. Dunlap, W4GQV—SEC: K4PJE, PAM: HE, RM: AVU, VIW totaled 3050 points in the ARRL V.H.F. Sweepstakes, New officers of the Mike and Key Club of Greenville are K4VCA, pres.; KN4FYS, vice-pres.; VIW, secv.; BHR, treas.; DEN is a new member. K4AVU and PIA held a business meeting of the SCN in Barnwell Mar. 13. HDR is visiting in the Argentine (LU-Land) and expects contacts back home, K4QDV is the new president of the Blue Ridge RC. TOY is secretary. The first hamfest of the vear is olanned for the 1st Sun, in May at Green-Blue Ridge RC. TOY is secretary. The first hamfest of the year is planned for the 1st Sun. in May at Greenville. TDJ is back on the Sun. A.M. Phone Net. K4PJE is happy with a new meter beam. DX addressed the Camden B. & P. W. Club on c.d., AREC and RACES, K4IQY is looking for contacts from DL4-Land, K4KIY expects to resume NCS duties on 3930 kc. after moving to Barnwell. New amateurs are HLN in Williston, KHF and JOY in Enoree, FJP and ERW in Barnwell. K4LNO is the new president of the Spartanburg RC. GQV was nominated for a second term as SCM without opposition. NDH is the new editor of Scarab and UMW is business manager. The address is Box 90, Rock Hill, S. C. Traflic: K4PIA 186, VVE 138, W4AKC 83, K4AVU 81, GAT 65, W4KNI 37, PED 36, K4ZHV 34, LNJ 14, MBN 14, IIE 12.

VIRGINIA—SCM, John Carl Morgan, W4KX—SEC: K4MJZ. RMs: W4SHJ. QDY. K4JKK. QER, QES and EZL. PAMs: W4BGP and ONV. Please note the new SCM's address on page 6 Q8T. ATQ reports the SVARC's code and theory classes resulted in the following new licenses in the Winchester Area: KN4s: RMX. STT. SUN, SUO and SUP. K4EUS, the new prexy of the Petersburg ARC, reports the club has started weekly classes there. MJZ says AREC activity is starting to pick up, but volunteers still are needed for EC appointments in many parts of the State. CXQ is getting in more ham-time from V.P.I. and reports he finally got that 100th QSL for DXCC. K4DWP operated IMX from M.I.T. during the V.H.F. Contest. K4ARO is readying new-homecooked s.s.b.: K4QIX likewise for 6 meters. JUJ snagged two more certificates. Chas. IMX from M.I.T. during the V.H.F. Contest, K4ARO is readying new-homecooked s.s.b.; K4QIX likewise for 6 meters, JUJ snagged two more certificates, Chas, was tops for Virginia in the Mass, and W. Va. QSO Parties, CVO still is sending regular reports from everywhere in the world but home! The smoke in KX's shack was the receiver front end cooking. The 250-watt transmitter and separate receiver antenna did it. There is much better reception and a cooler receiver with the DVT special TR-unit. This will be last SCM column by KX. Again my most sincere thanks to all for your faithful reports and your support, which makes possible my turning over to QDY a thriving section. I've truly enjoyed working with you, and will continue to be in evidence on VN and elsewhere on the bands. Traffic: (Jan.) K4GFR 762. KNP 615. W4QDY 392. K4QIX 377. SGQ 317. W4SHJ 257. K4MXF 205. W4BZE 174, DVT 169, K4JKE 89, W4ATQ 72. K4AJL 63. W4PRO 48. RHA 45, KX 32. K4HP 30. W4CXQ 28, APM 21. CWT 18, OWV 16, YVG 13, ZM 13, AAD 10, PVA 8, JUJ 7, K4VWK 6, W4LK 5, K4JRE 1. (Dec.) K4QES 106.

-SCM, Donald B. Morris WEST VIRGINIA-SEC: HZA. PAM: K8BIT. RMs: K8HID. GBF, PBO and VYR. WVN C.W. Net meets on 3570 kc. at 1900. and VYR. WVN C.W. Net meets on 3570 kc. at 1900, phone on 3890 kc. at 1730 and 1830 EST. It is with deep regret that I report the passing of GGC, of Princeton. KN8JPC operates on 3720 kc. and hopes to be the State's youngest General Class licensee at age 12. K8PFK has a new DX-100B on 80 and 40 meters. ESH and K3BLR worked Texas on 6 meters. K8MMZ worked Liberia on 14-Mc. c.w. K8JSX reports that 9 mobiles are operating on 6 meters around St. Albans and he has a 350-watt generator for stand-by. K8HID is acting as c.w. net mgr. for HZA. VMP is on s.s.b. with a 20-A PRT moved to Florida. WHQ is quite active again after a recent illness, WHQ's ex-YL now has her General Class license with the call K8JSY. Officers of the Kanawha Radio Club are K8HID: pres.; K8CNB. vice-pres.; VMP, secy.-treas.; K8JLF, act. mgr. Committee chairmen are K8MQB, GTQ, DHX, K8LGU, K8MNF, (Continued on page 140)

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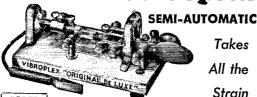
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K8AKG, K8CSG and K8HGM, Mark your calendar for July 9 and 10 when the West Virginia Hamtest will be held at Jackson's Mill. Attention, WACWV hunters: The West Va. QSO Party will be held May 6 to 8. Traffic: K8JLF 330, W8PBO 158, K8CNB 108, W8GWR 103, K8HID 98, BIT 49, GAG 35, W8NYH 31, ELX 29, K8LGX 24, MMZ 20, W8CCR 19, K8CSG 16, JPV 10, KN8JPC 7, K8AEN 4, W8JM 4.

### ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO—SCM, Carl L. Smith W#BWJ—SEC:
NIT. RMs: WME and EDK. PAMs: CXW and IJR.
OBSs: KQD and DCC. We respectfully honor the memory of PTK, who lost his life in the line of duty with the Colorado State Patrol. KQD was honored by the Edison Award Committee with the issuance of a Special Citation for her efforts in behalf of NTS. Traffic activities took the usual post-holiday slump; however, the overall increase in net activity, both in QNI and QTC. for the past year indicates the amount of effort and hard work that has been put forth by the RMs. PAMs, Net Alanagers, NCSs and all members. Now is the time to start planning for Field Day. Help the SEC and local EC by volunteering in whatever way you can be of the most service. How about some club challenges for high FD scores and the continuation of a friendly rivalry with other sections in this division? Congratulations to VVL for DXCC NIT. IQZ, BGN, DML, and the gang at ENA are operating RTTY in Pueblo. YOK is the call of the Abbey Radio Club in Canon City. The DU Club at ANA is active on 160 meters with contacts in 8 states (but no Colorado). Copying c.w. and Q signals is a snap when you try to read the XYL's crochet instructions! KBDCW made BPL in January. Traffic: WBKQD 427. KBEDH 321, WBWME 311, ANA 299, KBDXF 108, WBEKQ 84, KBEVG 40, WBENA 36, BWJ 33, KBRBI 27, QGO 22, WBIA 15, CBI 12, PG 10, KBDNF 9, LCZ I.

LUTAH—SCM, Thomas H. Miller, W7QWH—Asst.

UTAH—SCM, Thomas H. Miller, W7QWH—Asst. SCM: John H. Sampson, 70CX. FSC has resigned his post as Section Emergency Coordinator. Thanks for a job well done, Doug. The AREC now has a total of \$2 members throughout the State. New officers in the Ogden Club are RQT, pres.; LRP, vice-pres.; and K7-DOU, secy.-treas. The Beehive Utah Net (BUN) has increased in membership to 47 stations and it is becoming increasingly difficult to maintain the high efficiency of past months. K7BDX has earned the BUN certificate. This is quite a feat since the net has been operating on of past months. AYBDA has earned the BUN certhicale. This is quite a feat since the net has been operating on a daily basis. Rumor has it that VEO is going s.s.b. DX has really improved on 40 meters during the early morning hours. Send your monthly station activity report forms to your SCM about the first of each month. Traffic: W7OCX 252, K7HIO 8.

NEW MEXICO—SCM, Alan S, Hargett, K5DAA—SEC: CIN, PAM: ZU, V.H.F. PAM: FPB, NMEPN meets Sun, at 0730 on 3838 kc., Tue, and Thurs, at 1800 MST on 3838 kc. The New Mexico Breakfast Club meets Mon. through Sat. at 0700 MST on 3838 kc. NMBP meets Mon. through Sat. at 0700 MST on 3838 kc. NMBP meets Mon., Wed, and Fri, on 3870 kc. at 1900 MST, TWN meets Mon. through Sat. on 3870 kc. at 1900 MST, Try to check in as many nets as you can, I want to take this opportunity to congratulate K5IQL, the new SCM for New Mexico. Please send your traffic and news by the 5th of each month to Frank, 544 W. 2nd, Roswell, New Mex. Help him as you have so generously helped me in the past two years, We are sorry to lose 90ME/5 as EC of Las Crues, K5CDM is now home from the hospital. A speedy recovery to you. GRI, of Albuquerque, now has a new hum shack. LEF worked 10 hours in the C.W. CD Test, Traffic: (Jan.) W5ZHM 648, K5IPK 73, W5UBW/5 71, K5GOJ 66, LNJ 50, DAB 32, DAA 26, LWN 12, W3GD 8, VC 7, GB 6, BZB 4, ZU 4, K5IQL 3, W5KWR 3, K5PRS 3, DBH 2, EPS 2, W5-FHL 2, ESN 1, K5IPA 1, ONE 1. (Dec.) K5IPK 156.

WYOMING—SCM, Lial D. Branson, W7AMU—SEC: CQL. The Pony Express Net meets Sun. at 0830 MST on 3920 kc; the Wyoming Jackalope Net Mon. through Fri. at 1200 MST on 7255 kc, for traffic; the YO Nct is a c.w. net on Mon. Wed, and Fri. at 1830 MST on 3610 kc. LKQ has been appointed EC Natrona County replacing YXM, who resigned, W5GWX/7 is first Assistant EC. The YO Net needs more members. The Wyoming Elamfest Committees set a temporary date as July 23-24. PVN put up a new beam at the ranch in Shirley Basin, assisted by YJG and YWY, from Cheyenne; also DW and IDO, from Casper, YWW Cheyenne, has been in the hospital for a check-up. The Casper Radio Club had a pot-luck dinner on Feb. 19. AMU and his XYL went to Pinedale for the Cutter Races and to visit AEC. Traffic: W7DXV 110. BHH 62. ANG 60. LKQ 8. KTKLE 5. W7NMW 5. AMU 4. 1AY 4. XXM 4. BKI 3. YWY 3. AEC 1, K7IHO/7 1, WTISR 1.



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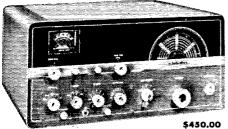
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### SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ALABAMA—SCM, William D. Dotherow, K4AOZ—Asst. SCM: O. K. Gibbs, K4BTO, SEC: JDA. RM: RLG. PAMs: PHH, BTO and OCV. New appointments: K4RJM and SAV as ORSs; K4IQU, MBMI and CIN as OESs; K4SIZ as OBS; PTR as OO, Congrats to new Alabama net mgrs.: AENO, K4HAG; AENR, K4-YKQ; AENS, K4KJD; AENT, K4DJJ. We welcome the Springhill Amateur Radio Society, Mobile, whose officers are CIY, pres.; K4MEP, vice-pres.; ZRQ, secv.; K4-YAF, treas.; CRY, K4ESR and ALLF, directors. DFE and USM made DXCC. CIN has a 2-meter. 12-watt transmitter using a 6-element beam and calls CQ on 145.170 Mc. each might except Alon, and Fri. at 10 p.m. CST. New officers of the Muscle Shoals ARC are K4RIL, pres.; K4EEX, vice-pres.; K4AUP, secy.-treas. Welcome to AENB, K4LHZ. Congrats to K4SAV and K4-RJM on being 100 per cent on AENB in January. K4ISZ has a new 200-watt homebrew rig. USM is on s.s.b. with a 20A to a Thunderbolt at 1 kw. Anyone interested in AREC Field Day with the Jefferson County group should contact K4JDA. All are welcome. ATK uses a new Elmac transmitter for fixed and mobile. A new ham in Jasper is KNAQMH. The Selma Amateur Radio Club participated in a boat race demonstration, relaying from start to finish via the rig in an airplane. K4DJJ has a new Viking Ranger. K4FTC reports that Halevville has 4 Generals and 1 Novice. Traffic: (Jan.) K4PFM 267, W4RLG 228, K4S3V 100, UEE S5, DJJ 82, YGS 74, AOZ 69, W4KIX 53, K4CFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 53, RACFD 51, PHH 48, W4MI 46, ATK 45, K4RIL 45, RJM 41, W4PVG 39, YRO 29, USM 28, K4SSB 26, HYN 24, JDA 23, BTO 22, LPF 18, OCV 18, W4CII 6, K4RSB 14, JSP 13, SPP 10, TSN 10, ISZ 8, ZXX 8, W4EVI 6, K4JGQ 6, K

EASTERN FLORIDA—SCM, John E. Porter W4KGJ—SEC: IYT. RM: K48JH. PAM: TAS: V.H.F. PAM: RMU: New officers of the New Smyrna Beach ARC are K4LCF, pres.; K48JU, vice-pres.; K4lSA, secy.; K4-TUH treas.; and OY, sta. engr. The Manatee Club had a successful booth at the County Fair. K4FXG has a new Tri-Bander. DVR has a new HQ-170C. New officers of the Miami Springs ARC are K4GGX pres.; SA, vice-pres.; KM4YSV, secy.-treas. We were sorry to hear of the passing of LMG. New officers of the Broward ARC are K4FQS, pres.; K4VGD, vice-pres.; K4SJP, secy.-treas. and K4BVP, sgt. at arms. The St. Pete ARC started its spring code class Feb. 24. The class meets each Wed. at 1930 EST in the club house at 1331 Beach Drive. S.E. K4LBX, net mgr. of FEPN, is back on with his big rig, a pair of 450TLs. Floridoras now have over 83 members. New officers of the Ft. Pierce Club are K4CXW, pres.; K4UDQ, vice-pres.; K4CPP, secy-treas.; and K4YWV, act. chmn. As of this time there are more than 8 s.s.b. stations on 6 meters in the Miami Area. FNR has worked over 25 KP4s on 50 Mc. We believe this gets him the first WPR 50-Mc. award. AREC activity really has picked up in the Daytona Beach Area because of the support and backing of the two active clubs in the county, the Daytona Beach ARA and the New Smyrna Beach ARC. Keep up the good work, fellows. Ten made BPL for the inonth of January. Let's keep those reports coming in. The Miami Hamboree put on by the Dade Radio Club was a big success, It is estimated that more than twenty-live lundred showed Let's keep those reports coming in. The Miami Hamborce put on by the Dade Radio Club was a big success, It is estimated that more than twenty-five hundred showed up. Traffic: (Jan.) K4SJH 989, BY 750, FMA 661, QLG 620, KDN 581, EHY 525, W4FPC 485, K4LCD 460, LCF 308, ODS 272, RNS 180, W4NLX 157, K4LLB 156, GBS 132, W4TAS 123, K4AHW 95, W4LMT 92, IOC 88, FFF 87, K4AX 69, W4GJI 64, IYT 40, K4ZNC 39, AZM 34, FXG 29, W4BKC 28, FE 28, DVR 27, K4TDT 21, KN4LDF 20, W4SMK 17, DQS 16, AFF 12, K4ZRH 10, W4KGJ 9, EHW 8, TRS 8, K4MTP 7, KN4GQT 6, K4OSQ 5, KN4GLI 3, W4DPD 2, (Dec.) K4AHA 702, W4LMT 194, K4GBS 128, W4HMU 67, EHW 15.

WESTERN FLORIDA—SCM, Frank M, Butler, Jr., W4RKH—SEC: HKK, PAM: RZF, RMs: AXP and UBR. Blountstown: K4DSH reports that a club has been formed by hams in this area. Perry: KQP now checks into the W. Fla. Phone Net on 3836 kc. Port St. Joe: K5ISQ/4 has moved to White City and is active on 75 and 40 meters. Madison: DLO, PBO. RCO and RDQ are the only hams in Madison County. A recent survey of the Callbook shows that four counties in the section have no hams at all—Liberty, Wakulla, Jefferson and Hamilton. If you know of any, please write your SCM, Ft. Walton/Eglin AFB: K4UBR is the new RM for W. Fla. He already is net mgr, for Fla. C.W. Net, 3650 kc. The Eglin Club made a little money and had a lot of fun with its auction. A new heater has been installed in the clubhouse. Crestview: ECJ, a practicing M.D. is active on 10 meters. He and JOZ, (Continued on page 144)

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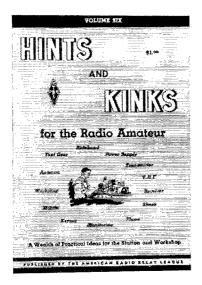
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WEST HARTFORD 7, CONN.

Defuniak Springs, have been worked on ground wave from Ft. Walton. Pensacola: PARC and Grice sponsored an FB hamifest, transmitter hunt and banquet to mark the visit of Danny Wed, of Vasme fame, NYLs were entertained by the club auxiliary members, IIF is experimenting with ham TV. K4RSD writes an interesting DX column for Parasitics. Note to all ECs: Please send your monthly reports to Clark Simus, HKK, 3365 Newton Drive, Pensacola, Fla, Traffic: (Jan.) K4UBR 269, BSS 26, W4GAA 14. (Dec.) W4SRK 314.

GEORGIA—SCM, William F. Kennedy, W4CFJ—SEC: PMJ, PAMs; LXE and ACH. RM: DDY. GCEN meets on 3995 kc. at 1830 EST on Tue, and Thurs., 8900 on Sun.; GSN, Mon, through Sun. at 1900 EST on 7290 kc., The Model of the Mo

WEST INDIES—SCM, William Werner, KP4DJ—SEC: AAA. DJ skeds W6NUN on 28,114 kc. at 1800/-2030Z Sat. AAIG is in YV-Land again for IT&T microwave tests, AIS assembled a Seneca transmitter for use on 50 Mc. ALY is improving AHQ's SR Challenger transmitters. AMU measured with an average error of only 26 parts per million in the Nov. ARRL FAIT. DW was active on 40-meter cw. and is renewing his liceuse. AZ changed the bias on the p.p. 810 final for class B for s.s.b. HRIML is studying radio maintenance at the FAA receiving station. W5QFL, FAA Chief Maintenance Eng., was in KP4-Land on business, Ex-KP4VB is back with a new call, KP4AUR, K3EFT, visting KP4-Land on a cruise ship, contacted his home QTH via KD, YT and CC received "Worked United Nations Award" certificates for working 70 countries that are UN members, YT, CC, KD and RK worked Z8GIF/ZSS, CC and KD worked VU2AN1 and ZM7DA, KD got a DXCC-250 sticker and an "ARAC" (CO7) diploma. Noontime ragchewers are campaigning to absorb mugwump holdouts of the old Bannin Net on 7250 kc, 7 Mc. is active night and day in KP4-Land, LR is mobile on 7 Mc.

CANAL ZONE—SCM, Ralph E. Harvey, KZ5RV—The Canal Zone Amateur Radio Association held its annual election in January, and the following were elected: SW, pres.; KQ, vice-pres.; GS secv.; RJ, treas.; BS, act. mgr. We extend our best wishes to them during their term in office. RM was in Pasadena, Calif., on business for the company, and expects to be back there in June. RJ and his XYL left Feb. 12 for an extended vacation on the West Coast in the San Francisco Area. RR has returned from a vacation on the Pacific Coast. RM has bis new Apache on the air after some slight difficulty with the v.t.o. because of an extra long machine screw causing a slight short. The Crossroads Amateur Radio Club expects to hold open house at its new club house at a date to be announced and invites all nuateurs to be present. LC was visited by W8MXS en route to the #IC8 DXpedition. Traffic: (Jan.) K750B 85, OA 80, RJ 72, AD 58, JW 45, RR 34, WB 22, VF 21, LC 6, VR 5, (Dec.) KZ5JW 60.

#### SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

LOS ANGELES—SCM, Albert F. Hill, Jr., W6JQB—SEC: W6LIP. RMs: W6BHG and K6HLR. PAMs: W6BUK and W6ORS. The following stations earned BPL this month: K6MCA, W6GYH, K6PXQ, K6HLR. (Continued on page 146)

#### **NEW! LAFAYETTE HE-15 CITIZENS BAND** 11 METER SUPERHETERODYNE TRANSCEIVER



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K6WAH, K6EA and WA6EEO. Congrats, fellows! New officers of the Hamilton High School Radio Club are WA6CDV, pres.; WA6EEO, vice-pres.; WV6VRG, treas. K6EA is doing an FB job on MCN. K6PXQ hit high score in the Phone CD Party. W6SRE is back on the road again for a spell. K6CLS/6 has come up with a new SX-110. W6RKU has a new final on the air. W6BHG is back working for a living again! K60ZJ is sporting a new Johnson 61N2 rig. W6VPF was hit with the flu bug, as were many others in the section. WA6DWP was visited by WIJAS, from Maine. W6SYQ is liaison man for MTN to the v.h.f. nets. K6COP worked some fine DX on s.s.b., including VU2ANI and ZM7DA. K6PZM and the SoCal 6 Net handled a stack of emergency traffic from snowbound people at Mit. Baldy. Nice going, fellows! K6LVR has added a tape recorder to the shack gear. The Douglas El Segundo Amateur Radio Club is running code classes on the 1st. 3rd and 4th Thurs. of each month. W6ORS reports a contest in the Ramona Radio Club for building mod-osc, superregen gear for 420 Mc. New officers of the Associated Radio Amateurs of Long Beach are W6IMIT, pres.; W6LYT, vice-pres.; K6CPX, seey.; K6KNP, treas, W6AHY is conducting code classes for the Rio Hondo Radio Club. K6SIX improved the Globe Scout for 6 meters and put up a new "J" antenna. W6NKE reported to KFI of their being heard regularly by ZL3AF. W6NKR worked VU2ANI and ZM7DA and is working on transistor gear. K6PSP has a transistorized keyer. W6OYM operated in a high peak near sants. Barbara on 2 meters. Support your section nets: C.w. SCN on 3600 kc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc. at 1900 PST; plone, SoCal 6 Net on 50.4 and 50.1 Mc.

ARIZONA—SCM, Cameron A. Allea, W70IF—SEC: CAF, PAM: CSN 3880 kc.: FMZ. The Tucson Area AREC has set up a 75-meter section with K7CET as Asst. EC. Other new assistants are SQX, K7CRO and GI. In line with this there will be a drill on 3880 kc. at 1900 MST each Wed. BFE and BFC have a new harmonic. Congratulations, Joan and Bill. OZM, RFK and SNJ have passed away. OZM and SNJ were old-time members of the Arizona Net. PVD. Globe, is taking traffic from TWN and PEQ brings it to CSN. The AARC held another 75-meter transmitter hunt which was won by CAF and FMZ. YRD is on s.s.b. with a new S/Line. CAF is on s.s.b, also. RSV, at Morenci, is the new EC for the Greenlee Area. Traffic: W7PVD 80, AMM 27, K7CET 14, W7OIF 11, CAF 8.

SAN DIEGO—SCM. Don Stansifer, W6LRU—K6EUE, former president of the El Cajon Valley High Radio Club, has moved to Racine. Wis. The new president is K6DWH, and the new vice-president is W46LKJ. The new chief operator of W6LAB at Camp Pendleton is K6BV, who recently returned from operating as K76MID in Okinawa. Recently moved to Orange is K3CXZ/6, who operates on 6 meters. Also new in Orange County at Fullerton is K1CSW/6 with a Ranger. All members of the Mt. Soledad Radio Club have been issued new RACES/c.d. licenses by K6JPI, Radio Orficer for the City of San Diego. W6KIVU is now EC for East San Diego County, replacing W6EOT, who is RM and ORS. Thanks to Cecil for a good job while he was EC, W6RCD is pushing 200 confirmed on a.m., hone only. W6CDF spoke to a high school group recently about satellites. The February meeting of the San Diego DX Club was held at the home of W6NXP. The big signal out of Bonsall is W6BZF, who I knew in Santa Barbara in the 30s and in Pasadena in the 40s. He and Bonnie are now ranchers. W6DLN, in El Centro, is in charge of audio visual education for Imperial County. A number of local members of the DX Club attended the loint meeting in Frespo in late January. Traffic. A number of local members of the DX Club attended the joint meeting in Fresno in late January. Traffic: WeIAB 737. WeEOT 632. KeBPI 572. WeELQ 161, WA6CDD 133, WA6ATB 119, WA6DJS 39.

SANTA BARBARA—SCM, Robert A, Hemke, K6-CVR—WV6IIU passed the Conditional Class test and is awaiting his cell. K6MQX was ill at home but made it to the rig. WV6HRV and W6YCF visited W6MSG, W6BRY and WA6BLM in Paso Robles for a jr.-size eyeball hamfest. W9YCF took part in the CD Party, both c.w. and phone. WA6BLM is working on an RTTY station and hopes to get it on the air soon. (Continued on page 148)



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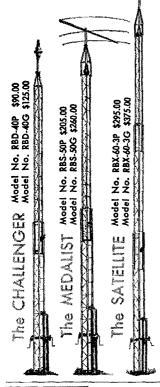
K6TOP returned to radio school in Oklahoma. K6THH is equipping his cattle truck with a B-19 transceiver. WA6BGL completed remodeling his home, including sky-hook sand is planning to move again. W46GULR and WA6FLK have a schedule every Sun. evening. K6LLY/6 moved back to the home QTH. Palmdale, K6KCI was interviewed on a local BC station about amateur radio as a hobby. WA6Y1U received a special award from Westinghouse. Trailic: WA6BLM 598, W6YCF 24, W6FYW 4.

#### WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS—SCM, L. L. Harbin, W5BNG—Asst. SCM: E. C. Pool, 5NFO. SEC: K5AEX. PAM: BOO. RM: K5ETX. K5AWQ let an electric drill get loose and wind the cord around his arm—result, one broken arm. I do not like to use anyone as an example, but it is possible that accidents such as this one, when brought to the attention of others may prevent similar misfortunes. Sorry to hear of it. Roy, and we wish you a speedy recovery. GNX, now in Beirut. Lebanon, sends best wishes to the West Texas gang and advises he expects to return to the States in December. BOO. Alcclennan County EC, is stirring up much interest in AREC by having several good emergency drills. MSG has an AF-67 working on all bands. The NTO Net has changed its name to North Texas Traffic Net. GY reports RN-5 is going fine. With the opening of Mexico to third-party traffic there is possibility for some pioneering in the good-neighbor policy for ham radio. During the January CD Party, K5PXV worked \$TQD, an old college classmate from whom he had not heard in 20 years. WKT reports many contacts on 6 meters, including such distant states as Virgina, Ohio, Maryland and Western Penna. VNN is operating portable with an HT-9 at College Station, where he is attending Texas A, and M. The WHO Club of Ft. Worth (Women Ham Operators) operated its station, K5LZW/5, at the Southwestern Exposition and Fat Stock Show, Jan. 29 through Feb. 7 and made the BPD. Traffic: W5BKH 408, GY 321, K5IPG 292, LZW/5 216, W5BOO 144, K5QWR 102, W5LGI 101, K5RAV 90, IBB 76, GYU 42, ACD 36, JSN 23, W5CF 18, KPB 14, LR 14, K5PXV 8. (Dec.) K5IPG 267.

OKLAHOMA—SCM, Adrian V. Rea, W5DRZ—K5-DJA, EC for Mayes County, got 80 amatuers together at Pryor for AREC planning. SEC UVQ was special guest. K5JOA/5 supplied many contacts Jan. 23 from Delaware for "Oklahoma 77." Choctaw County now boasts an amateur. K5YJP. VVQ is NCS on RN5. Fifth Region NTS Net. The Edmond Club offers a certificate. "EARS." to anyone working four club members. JCY, and ERY made television news by contacting Peru at the time of the earthquake. K5VKG now is on phone. ADC. Hughes County EC, has two new recruits in Holdenville—K5TZS, and KN5ZNP. Bartlesville is finally in possession of the Bartlesville-Muskoge Field Day Plaque. Chit-Chat, the Chisholm Trail Club paper, is really full of interesting news, More power to you boys at Duncan. The Oklahoma Six-Meter Net set up a portable station at Camp Kickapoo the last of January and kept the 50-Mc. airways hot with messages from the Scouts to parents and vice versa. BDX, of Enid. an old-tuber and a well-loved amateur, put his key on the shelf Jan. 25, and went on to the other world. His many friends will miss him. Traffic: K5JGZ 257, W5DRZ 196, VQ 130, K5CAY 109, BAY 96, USA 69, W5MFX 47, QMJ 46, K5QEF 43, W5UYQ 43, JXM 41, K5DLP 36, VOV 130, K5CAY 199, BAY 96, USA 69, W5MFX 47, QMJ 46, K5QEF 43, W5UYQ 43, JXM 41, K5DLP 36, VQ 130, K5CAY 19, W5WDD 9, K5EZM 6, OJD 6, LYM 4, W5WAX 4, K5CBA 2, QAK 2.

SOUTHERN TEXAS—SCM, Roy K. Eggleston, W5-QEM—SEC: QKF, PAM: ZPD, RM: K8BSZ. We are sorry to report that K5EGE is going to a remote assignment in Alaska. Hurry back, Doc. AUO spent a vacation in Wisconsin to see a white Christmas and some YLs at the end of the road. Don't think he was disappointed in either, UUC and his XYL visited in Brownsville, ZON and farmly have been visiting in California, and came back through Las Vegas, Nev. EV missed his Annual New Year's Party on 75 meters this year, the first time in many years, Age will do that to you, Bill, HEH and QZC are on 2 meters out El Paso way. KN5ZON is a new call in El Paso. The 7290 Traffic Net had 41 sessions, 649 messages with 1276 station check-ins. AIR and DSF are working on new s.s.b. equipment. Looks like I will be forced to it. EJT is doing FB on DX, having worked 60 counties in the last three months. UX is fast approaching his 270 mark on countries. There was a nice write up and picture in the Houston Chronicle about K5EYZ. More (Continued on page 160)



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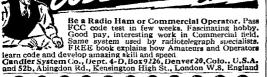
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See page 90

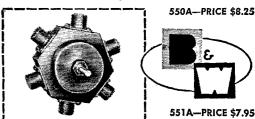
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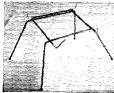
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articles like this would certainly benefit amateur radio, Incidentally, EYZ is 80 years young. HEH is a new OES in El Paso. Traffic: (Jan.) W5ZPD 79, BHO 67, K5WIC 49. (Dec.) W5AC 288.

#### CANADIAN DIVISION

CANADIAN DIVISION

MARITIME—SCM, D. E. Weeks, VEIWB—Asst. SCMs: A. D. Solomon, VEIOC, and H. C. Hillyard, VOICZ. SEC: Bl. New appointments include HJ as RM and IM as OPS, VOIEX reports that the NFLD Net has changed frequency to 3785 kc. at 1990 (1830 AST) daily. Bill also reports that VOIs AE, CZ, EC and EX are operating on 6 meters. Maritime s.s.b. operators and presidents of the various clubs met at the Brunswick Hotel in Moncton recently to discuss petitions to the Department of Transport for a change in A3 allocations in the 14-Mc. band. The genial host was ADU, and about 30 annateurs with their XYLs were in attendance. Ex-VO2IA is now VEIBG. VEIB TN, US and others contributed greatly to the success of annateur emergency communications as a result of the severe snow storm which struck the south shore area of Nova Scotia. More details when they become available. W9QNI/VO2 is making an all-out effort to revive the Labrador 40-Meter Net. The approximate frequency is 7268 kc. Traffic: VOIEX 31, VEIAEB 26, DB 16, OM 4.

#### GOOSE BAY QSO PARTY

April 8-18

All amateurs are invited by the Goose Bay Amateur Radio Club to participate in the annual Goose Bay QSO Party which commences at 0100 GMT April 8 and ends at 2359 GMT April 18. GMT April 8 and ends at 2359 GMT April 18. All bands and either phone, c.w., or both may be used. The exchange will consist of RS or RST, name, and QTH. A WAG (Worked All Goose) Certificate will be awarded to all U.S.A. and Canadian stations reporting QSOs with five GBARC members during the contest period, and to all other stations reporting QSOs with four GBARC members. Logs showing dates, times, signal reports exchanged, and stations worked should be submitted to Ted Harvey, VO2AB, Awards Manager, Atradio, Dept. of Transport, Goose Bay, Labrador, Canada. No QSL cards need be submitted for WAG as logs can be checked locally. The following VO2 stations will be on during this period: VO2s RH, JH, NA, EB, UA, RC, AW, AB, FS, GB.

ONTARIO—SCM. Richard W. Roberts, VE3NG—We regretted to inform our members of the passing of AL, who will be missed by all of us. At one time Keith was ARRL Canadian General Mianager for ARRL. NF was in Toronto for surgery and is now back on the job once more. The ss.b. lads held a dinner at Oakville, with more than 50 present. The Hamilton ARC elected DGJ, pres.; CSX, vice-pres.; DYO, secytreas.; COV, CXG, COE and EGL, directors. ATU, recently back from Geneva, was a guest speaker at the Ottawa ARC. Sudbury had Mr. Lavasseur, R.I. SS. Marie, pay a visit. ASD is FD coordinator for the Quinte ARC. ALV is awaiting his WAC certificate. DCX is hot on the c.w. nets. DVY has a new phone ticket. EAW is hot on s.b., also DMI and RH. New officers of the Gateway ARC are EGP, pres.; CXM, vice-pres.; EAW, secy-treas.; 44F, DKA. BIN and Bob Graham, directors. DTO and DXZ have a new beath, AML is back on the air. By the time you read this my term of office as SCM will have expired. I have consented to be nominated again and I wish to thank all of you for your very fine support during the past two years. The Nortown ARC operated from the Sportsman Show at Toronto, Much traffic was handled, CMR was a visitor to VP5-Land and met ex-VE3GH and VE3DEX, who resides there now. CMA is on 15 meters. The Gray/Bruce ARC is training s.w.l.s for their tickets. Just about all of our clubs also are doing the same thing. RN assisted his neighbors during an emergency in Willowdale. Ice conditions damaged Hydro wires. Lee used some of his own to effect temporary repairs. Traffic: (Jan.) VE3BUR 177, NG 118, DPO 117, NO 68, BZB 64, EAM 50, DTO 40, AUU 28, KM 23, EHL 25, DWN 18, ELC 15, RN 15, DVG 10, DLC 8.

QUEBEC—SCM, C. W. Skarstedt, VE2DR—Elections: MARC—QQ, pres.; AFM and AKT, vice-pres.; (Continued on page 152)

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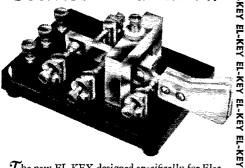
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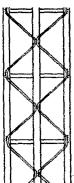
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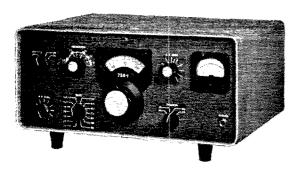
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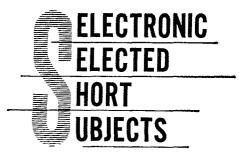
BB, treas.; HI secy.; TA, conv. chmn: South Shore: PD, pres.; IK, vice-pres.; NY, treas.; GD, secy. CJO: ABE, pres.; IU, vice-pres.; NY, treas.; GD, secy. CJO: ABE, pres.; IU, vice-pres.; NP, treas.; AAD, secy. YA contacted Russian station UPOL-8 on 20-meter c.w. QTH: North Pole. DK obtained a pilot's license. QC maintains 10-meter skeds with VES. CQN (Ontario-Quebec C.W. Net) now is slow speed (12-15 w.p.m.) to encourage larger participation. The local DX brigade did well in the BERU Test. WW will place near the top. YU, WA, NV, AYY and others turned in fine results. NV also was active during the WAE Contest. Sorry to learn that Betty, RR, suffered a stroke. We join all her friends in wishing her a speedy recovery. JE acquired a 32V-2 and is now exploring the mysteries of the higher frequencies. ZG, OX, AIM and AFU are active net men on 2 meters. News of Keith Russell's (3AL) death came as a shock. He was prominent in VE and did much for the ham fraternity. AIY and BCL bought new bugs. The latter is on 10-meter s.s.b. AGN rejoined the traffic gang. BAT (ex-G3DGN, VSTT) reports starting a 14-Mc, ex-G station net. ABE expects to have a new 2-meter beam going soon. Interest in 160 meters is on the upswing, EC, the old "Grandfather" of the Three Rivers gang, also is your SCAM's most faithful reporter. The Annual Banquet of the South Shore Club was an outstanding success, and CA won the "Most Active Award" for 1959. YA (QSL Mgr.) asks us to extend hearty thanks for all Christmas greetings. The MARC is sponsoring the convention to be held in Montreal, Sept. 17. Much work is necessary and your earnest cooperation is requested. Traffic: VE2WT 346, WA2CNS/VES 171, VE2DR 116, BG 40, EC 13, AGN 4, YA 2.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—SCM. Peter M. McIntyre, VEJIT—During January the BCEN had 52 sessions on 3650 kc. divided between 1900 and 2200 hours, with 400 check-ins and 245 pieces of traffic handled. At the moment the roster shows 23 members, 20 VE7s and 3 VE6s, AOT has been appointed RM for R.C. JQ is a new ORS. QC tells me there is a ham club in Terrace, the TARA, with 8 active hams and 7 students, among them 2 XYLs and 1 YL, and classes are held on Sunnights. In's antenna had a strange fascination for a bull elk—no more 20-meter antenna. AEC is sporting a new Navigator and ABQ wonders what happened to the Canadian Amateur magazine. AIY is the proud papa of a son. The wee small hours for DXing are "changing." AQU has completed his 6-meter rig. BDC is checking into BCEN regularly and, according to AOT, shows signs of being able to take over some leadership posts. AOT is up to his ears in traffic, mail, and work. AQD has the liaison assignment to RN7. For years the BCARA has helped the amateurs of British Columbia with various and sundry problems, the biggest one being TVI. The TVI committee has spent many hours of its time with the problems of individual amateurs, giving help, advice and lending equipment, The BCARA (Jack Sibson, VETBQ) asks the gang who have these TVI services available to provide assistance in the form of funds or equipment to help carry on their work. Truffic: VE7AAF 130, JQ 90, AOT 63, AEC 38, AQD 28, BDC 3.

MANITOBA—SCM, J. A. Elliott, VE4IF—This will be my last report as SCM and I want to thank all those who have been so generous with their assistance. Special thanks to JY for taking over the duties as SCM. Pleave give him your support, gang. GB is spending his vacation south of the border, PA, from The Pas, was in Winnipeg recently and took home a new auto. LO has smoke signals on the air at last. SIZ visited Winnipeg, St. James, Brandon and nearby areas on his time out from Eskimo Point. KX has a Collins SSB transmitter and will be heard with a new s.s.b. signal on the high frequencies. LP has joined the s.s.b. runks with his new Viking Pacemaker. We welcome AJ back to ham radio, RS is back on the air after basement repairs. LN received a new Heath Mohawk for Christmas. The 6-meter group meets at 8 o'clock each evening on 50,035 Mc. TP has been working lots of DX with his new antenna. From early indications BJ, in Binscarth, seems to be top man for Manitoba in the BERU Contest. Others heard in the contest were TJ, MJ, XO and IM, HW got his quad going. MR has a new NC-300 receiver. TL is getting out well with his new Eico transmitter. AY is back on 75 meters with the kind assistance of OS, DU, HS and Bill. Congratulations to KB who, we believe, is the first blind ham in Manitoba. IM has worked 126 countries on 20-meter c.w. in 10 months. Traflic: VE4IM 65, SL 38, PE 19, EF 11, JY 10, QX 8, NW 6, RB 6, EH 5, MW 4, PA 4, IW 3, MN 3, AN 2, AY 2, GU 2, WS 2, XP 2, PW 1.

SASKATCHEWAN—SCM, Harold R. Horn, VE5-HR—It's nice to be back again as your SCM. I hope I (Continued on page 154)





#### Collins 75S-1 Receiver

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73 Dale . . . W8GDE

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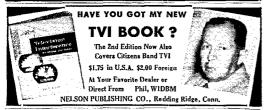
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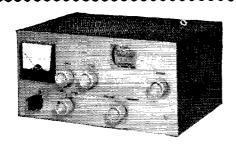
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can do a good job for you this term. A lot depends on each and everyone of you by way of sending me reports on monthly activities and taking part in the amateur program in this section. Our biggest item of course is the announcement that we will be displaying VES car license plates this year. Be proud of them and live up to the rules of the road so that no blemish may befall us. The Saskatchewan Amateur Radio League executives along with XX, are to be congratulated on the excellent results obtained from their presentation of the issue to the Provincial Government and licensing body. LU will be looking after administration and inquiries should be directed to SARL, P.O. Box 842. Regina Sask, QL is building a new mobile transmitter. 2AZT, a visitor, gave an amateur ty demonstration to a group of Saskatoon Amateurs that proved mitter, 2AZI, a visitor, gave an amateur by demonstration to a group of Saskatoon Amateurs that proved very interesting. JO is recovering nicely after a severe auto accident. The Saskatoon Club, under Prexy CU, is training 35 new amateur prospects. UC is back on the bands after a long absence, DR and VL are pushing their DX totals higher on s.s.b. AJ is a new s.s.b. enthusiast and puts out a good signal, GN, Ex-2EF and the XYL of 3ACF, is a new XYL heard on 14 and 28 Mc. She also made WAC in quick order. OM/ACF, is taking a post graduate course in electrical engineer. 28 Mc. She also made WAC in quick order. OMI/ACF, is taking a post graduate course in electrical engineering at the U. of Saskatchewan, QC and XYL missed some frigid weather while visiting in KH6-Land. TH is trying to iron out modulator troubles for spring mobile activities. LM received the "Certificate of Merit" Award from the Saskatoon Club for "outstanding service to anasteur radio." Our sympathy to the family of EX-5JT, who passed away in February. Traffic: VESQL 39, EO 8, HQ 8, NX 8, DC 6, DR 4, TM 4, LL 3, PQ 3, BF 2, CR 2, HF 2, LD 2.

#### How's DX?

(Continued from page 73)

with K8s ONV ONW, KN8s OHG and RBB earned him a WAR certification — Worked All Rydens — from the hammiest DX family in Birmingham, Mich. . . . . VERON, WGDXC and WVDXC supply further Pacific notes: ZL1AB is out to see if sideband really works in the Gilberts. . . VK5BP looks forward to rare Northern Territory activation this summer. . . . VR6AC's DX renaissance with a 100-watter finds him active on Mondays, Tucsdays and Wednesdays after 0530 GMT, 14-Mc, a.m. preferred. Colleague VR6TC expects to return to Pitcairn next month. . Kermedees possibilities are said to be in process of ... Kermedees possibilities are said to be in process of enhancement... FK8AS anticipates another Wallis session next month or thereafter... ZL3VH/3 intended to climax Chathams doings with operational ZM6-ZM7

to climax Chathams doings with operational ZM6-ZM7 probes.

Hereabouts — VP2KD fired up from St. Kitts with a single borrowed rock. K6BX hopes David stocks a few more crystals before he wears 7004 and 14,008 kc. to a complete frazzle. \_\_\_\_\_On the 13th-15th of next month K1s EFI IVT and LST will endeavor to fill overseas Vermont needs with a concentrated "/1" effort on 10 through 80 meters, c.w., a.m. and possibly s.s.b. Watch 3540, 3840, 7010, 7270, 14,040, 14,215, 21,040, 21,280, 28,040 and 28,575 kc. for their Apache under all three calls. \_\_\_\_\_ W7TVF offers his Nevada kilowatt for c.w., a.m. and sideband schedules. You name the band . \_\_\_\_\_ W1MGP made it 107/102 and phone DXCC with a mere 40-watt 807. Heising-modulated by a single 6L6, "except for about five countries I got with a borrowed Ranger three or four years ago. I lay a great deal of my success to two Lazy-Hs and two Bi-Square switchable arrays. I also can blame my lack of Asians on orientation problems. The trees here just aren't in the right places." \_\_\_\_\_ W8MXS and friends had a lot of fun signing HCCC8 in the Galapagos some weeks ago. A QSO with WA2CCC would have been unique, but Paul is now K6WQI in Iowa. \_\_\_\_\_ Hmmm — K2YFE observes that VE2AZR is a Mountie at Port Harrison on Hudson's Bay where zero degrees F. is tec-shirt weather. [Wonder if he always gets his QSL, Boss. \_\_\_\_\_ Jeeves] And VESTU, through W2JBL, puts in his bid for world's farthest-north ham station, Ellesmete Island some 400 miles from the peppermint pole \_\_\_\_\_\_ W8ROF interests us with casual mention of his new lurelee-element 28-Mc. rotary. \_\_\_\_\_\_ "Talk about concentrated r.f.!" exclaims K3CUI. "A news item reports there are forty kilowatts of r.f. to every square inch of the sun's surface," California synshine! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ readded to the sun's surface," California synshine! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ read. "Talk about concentrated r.f.!" exclaims K3CUI. "A news term reports there are forty kilowatts of r.f. to every square inch of the sun's surface." California sunshine! . . . . . . VE8GW could use some of that stuff, for W6KG logged him at 52° below . . . . This month, according to W6KG, W5DIX will be performing portably from various rarish California counties. Parties interested in sewing up their WACCs should write 'DIX for his titnerary — s.a.s.e., of course . . . . . W6JQB, ARRL's L.A. SCM, finds it hard to squeeze out new ones while surrounded by such local DX talent as W6s CIS HAL, K6s COP GLC KUF and THG. And then there's newcomer W6FB (ex-TA3GVU-(Continued on page 156)

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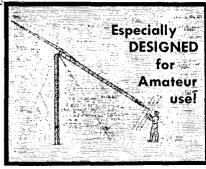
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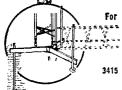
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attenuate W6/K6s about 60 db., and (2) a DX-pedition to Delaware to complete my WAS." . . . . Competition is rough and "firsts" are hard to score these days, but W1JTL managed to be PJ3AI's first c.w. QSO . . . . . According to ARRL DXCC Deskman W1WPO, all HC8JU QSOs in the Galapages were made aboard Cristobal Carrier, Con-receiver held Jack back, 05T-

#### Correspondence

(Continued from page 75)

#### DATA FOR THE BLIND

May I say how much we appreciate the information which you recently sent out entitled "Ham Data For The Blind."

As librarians we often get requests for information of this nature, and your complete statement about it will prove a valuable bit of information to keep on hand to answer questions. I hope that you will be able to bring this information up to date from time to time. There are certainly many blind people who are interested in radio, and anything we can have is a help. - Nelson Coon, Perkins School For The Blind, Watertown, Massachusetts.

#### SSB HERE TO STAY

I was rather startled to see a diatribe against s.s.b. appear in QST as an "article". I have reference to the blatt from Mr. Blett, W8CBM, in the February issue. Perhaps you will permit a few words of rebuttal,

I hope I am wrong but I rather fear that Mr. Blett is one of the a.m. men who attempt to QSO on 14,280 and then complain bitterly about s.s.b. QRM. His concern for the proper use of the English language is indeed laudable, but he should be more eclectic. Listening to one of the hourlong monologues to which a.m. men are so addicted should provide him with plenty of material for a second "article."

W8CBM mentions nets. As an ex-op (Alaska Communications System), I am very much in favor of nets. A paucity of unimportant traffic is inefficiently handled, but this is a fringe benefit. The great value of nets to ham radio is that they serve to keep all these people on one frequency, thus reducing QRM on the rest of the band.

It is true that frequency fighting does occur; deplorable, but under the proper stimulus even a ham will exhibit atavistic tendencies.

S.s.b. is here to stay, boys, and is growing daily. To paraphrase a contemporary politician, "Some of these hams must be dragged, screaming, into the 20th century."—Leonard Cross, WTIAT, Poilland, Oregon.

(Continued on page 158)

## REWARD!



Charles Q. Amateur to contact Walter Ashe at once for his "SURPRISE"

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■ Hats off to W8CBM for his critical remarks on s.s.b. antics.

It is quite obvious that within the past few years side-band has most definitely "come into its own," As I can see, it enjoys the present position of passing a.m. in both efficiency and popularity.

However, my main reason for not having swung over to sideband is the general poor operating practices that I have observed in many hours of listening, Specifically, I do not care for "uh's" and "ah's", off-frequency squealing voices and long tiring talks on the marvelous advantages of sideband frequencies!

Sadly, too, it has been my impression that many sideband operators tend to snear at other modes of amateur transmission and to place themselves in a self-appointed world apart from the "peasants." Is not this a sick atti-tude?—Let us hope that W8CBM's article will bring about self-criticism and a general improvement in sideband operations. - Mike Christie, KGOHD, San Luis Obingo, California.

#### CHESS GAME? . . .

We the undersigned are interested in contacting other hams who would like to play chess over the air.

As there are few chess-playing hams in the local area, we thought we would drop QST a line, and see if maybe you could belo us out.

Those who are interested should look for us around 29.0 Mc. or drop us a line for schedules on 10, 15 or 20 meters.

Dede Stier, WOWYV, Carlos R. Hernandez, KOQFM, Bellemir, Nebraska

#### ... NOT HERE!

¶ To begin with, ARRL is a fine organization and QST is tops. That takes care of the roses. Now to what I believe is a legitimate complaint: I have finally discovered what makes 75 such a mad house. It is not the a.m. boys stacked four deep on the frequency; it is not the s.s.b. boys generating their scrambled telephony; it is not the Novices; it is not the SS or anything else. It is the boys who like to play long distance (short-wave) chess games. On this night at 2331 hours I came upon a very powerful station on the air. No one was saying a word. I waited for CQ or anything else. At 2337 I got, "I move my Queen, etc." Back came the other station at 2339 and held it until 2343, when he made his move. Under this thunder of QRM there were two fellows probably running a mere 200 watts trying to have a QSO.

Chess is a fine game. Play it over the air if you like. But don't hold your rigs on the air while you are trying to make a profound move that is designed to shake the grand masters: Your attention is invited to The Radio Amateur's Handbook, Chapter 24, page 542, paragraph 2.1 Just like Navy Regis, Hi), — David McCarthy, KZKBC/3, Stroudsburg, Pa.

[And to section 12,134 of the FCC regulations] -- Edi-

#### 🏖 Stravs 🐒

Another place where the editorial "we" is rather inappropriate. A guy on 14 Mc, referring to his wife as "our XYL."

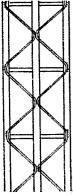


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(2) No display of any character will be accepted, nor can any special typographical arrangement, such as all or part capital letters be used which would tend to make one advertisement stand out from the others. No Box Reply Service can be maintained in these columns nor may commercial type copy be signed solely with amateur (3). The Han-Ad rate is 35¢ per word, except as noted in paragraph (6) below.

(4) Remittance in full must accompany copy, since Ham-Ads are not carried on our books. No cash or contract discount or agency commission will be allowed. (5) Closing date for Ham Ads is the 20th of the second month preceding publication date.

(6) A special rate of 10¢ per word will apply to advertising which, in our judgment, is obviously non-commercial in nature. Thus, advertising of bona fide surplus equipment owned, used and for sale by an individual or apparatus offered for exchange or advertising inquiring to: special equipment, ta es the 10¢ rate. Address and signatures are charged for, An attempt to deal in apparatus in quantity for profit, even if by an individual, is commercial and all advertising so classificat takes the 35¢ rate. Provisions of paragraphs (6), (2) and (5), apply to all advertising in this column regardless of which rate may apply.

(7) Because error is more easily avoided, it is requested copy, signature and address be printed plainly on one side of paper only. Typewritten copy preferred but handwritten signature must accompany all authorized insertions.

(8) No advertiser may use more than 100 words in any one issue nor more than one ad in one issue.

Having made no investigation of the advertisers in the classified columns except those obviously commercial in character, the publishers of 95T are unable to vouch for their integrity or for the grade or character of the products or services aweetised.

WANTED: Early wireless gear, books, magazines, catalogs before 1922. Send description and prices, W6GH, 1010 Monte Dr., Santa Barbara, Calif.

2urd 4000v DC capacitors, \$5.00 each, or 2 for \$9.00. F. G. Dawson, 5740 Woodrow Ave., Detroit 10, Mich.

COAXIAL Cable. New surplus RB-54A/U, 58 ohms impedance—30 ft. prepard, \$1.00. Radio magazines, buy, sell, trade, R. Farmer, 3009 No. Columbia, Plainview, Texas.

Farmer, 3009 No. Columbia. Plainview, Texas. HAM licenses, resident courses. Novices and General classes, a evenings weekly, Delehanty Institute, 117 East 11th St., New 10.K City 3. N. Y. Iel. GR 3-6900.

MOBILE Hamst Stop generator whine ignition noise regulator clicks, \$5.25 postpaid, Specify frequency, Gerald Electronics. 19 Salem St., Cos Cob. Conn.

"PIG-IN-A-POKE"? Not if you visit Ham Headquarters. USA and see and choose from the hundreds of "Like-New" bargains in the world-famous Harrison Trade-in Center, More for your money, because tremendous turnover makes lower overhead! Terms, trades. Send postcard for mouth-watering photograph and price list 0-6. For the best in all new and used equipment, it pays to come to "Ham Headquarters, USA" | BCNU, 73. Bil Harrison, W2AVA, 225 Greenwich St., New York City, N. Y. KWM1 and a few high plate dissipation tubes wanted, 304T1/TH KWM1 and a few high plate dissipation tubes wanted, 304T1/TH 4-1000A, 4PR6CA, e.c. Ted Dames, W2KUW, 64 Grand Place, Arlington, N. J.

USA DX OSL Coop. Box 5938, Kansas City 11, Mo. Save time and \$ \$ \$. DX QSL'ing, Only 3¢ per card after membership, \$2, 3 yrs, \$5.00, 10 years, WSL Bureau, Return env. service, \$1.50 year, Free info.

MOTOROLA used FM communications equipment bought and sold W5BCO, Ralph Hicks, Box 6097, Tulsa, Okla.

WANTED: Military or Industrial laboratory test equipment. Electronic aft, Box 399, Mt. Kisco, N. Y.

S.S.B. xfrmrs, exact set of 3 flermetically sealed) for W2EWL Special, brand new, \$3.00 postpald. New compact G-E 100-watt modulation xfrmr, multi-impedance (10 lbs.), \$6.25; new Eimac vacuum condenser, 121fd at 32 kilovolis, \$5.50. G-E Pyranols, 4 ufd at 1000 v.d.c. (330 vac) min, 4 for \$3.50. Please include postage, no c.o.d. \$ Tucker, W2HLT, 51-10 Little Neck Parkway, Little Neck 62, N Y.

WANTED: Commercially built Single Sideband transmitting and receiving equipment like Collins or equivalent. Al T. O'Neil. Lake City. Minn.

LEECE-NEVILLE 6 volt 100 amp, system—alternator regula-tor and rectifier, \$45; also 12 volt 100 amp, system. \$85, Guaranteed no ex-police car units. Herbert A. Zimmerman, 1r., K2PAT, 15 Willow St., Brooklyn 1, N.Y. Tel. ULster 2-3472 or JAckson 2-2857.

MICHIGAN Hams! Amateur supplies, standard brands, Store hours 0830 to 1730 Monday through Saturday, Roy J. Purchase, WRRP, Purchase Radio Supply, 327 E. Hoover St., Ann Arbor, Michigan, Tel. NOrmany 8 8262.

HAM TV Equipment bought, sold, traded, Al Denson, W1BYX, Rockville, Conn.

CASH for your gear. We buy, trade or sell. We stock Hammarlund, Hallicrafters, National, Johnson, Gonset, Globe, Hygain, Mosley and many other lines of ham gear. Ask for used equipment list. H. & H Electronic Supply, Inc., 506-510 Kishwaukee St., Rockford, Ill.

OUTSTANDING OSLS!! Largest variety samples 25¢ (refund-ed). Calibooks (American calls), \$5.00; (Foreign calls), \$3.00, Religious, OSL samples 25¢; "Rus" Sakkers. W8DED. Hol-Religious QSL land, Michigan.

Q.L. Sw.L.S. 100, \$2.85 up. Samples 10¢, Griffeth, W3FSW, 11.2 r ne Heights Ave., Baltimore, Md.

OSL. Glossy 2 and 3-colors. Attractive, distinctive, different, 48-hour service. Samples 10c. K2VOB Press, 62 Midland Blvd., Maplewood. N. I. OSLS "Brownie," W3CJI, 3110 Lehigh, Allentown. Penna. Samples, 10c with catalogue, 25c.

OSLS-SWLS, Sa Toledo 14, Oh.o Samples 10c. Malgo Press, 1937 Glensdale Ave.,

FAST Service. Send stamp for QSL samples. Koster, K2UAX Press, 2941 Ewell Place, Wantagh, L. I., N. Y. DON'T Buy QSLS until you see my free samples. Bolles, 7701 Tisdale, Austin 5. Texas.

QSL'S New design, lower prices, fast delivery. Catalog 256 (coin only), refundable. Dick Crawford, K6GJM, Box 607, Wnittier, Calif.

OSLS. Twenty exclusive designs in 3 colors. Rush \$3 for 100 or \$5 for 200 and get surprise of your life, 48-hour service, Satisfaction Rustranteed. Constantine Press. Bladensburg, Md.

C. FRITZ says. "Is your OSL as sharp as your signal?" Be proud of both! Samples 25¢ deductible, 1213 Briargate, Joliet, II.

CREATIVE OSL and SWL Cards. Are you proud of your card? If not let us print your next order, Write for free samples and booklet. Personal attention given to all requests. Bob Wilkins. Jr., KN5ZMT Creative Printing, P. O. Box 1064-C. Atascactero. Calif.

OSLS-SWLS, Samples free, W4BKT Press, 123 Main, McKen-zie, Tenn,

QSLS Samples dime, Sims, 3227 Missouri Ave., St. Louis 18, Мо.

OSLS. Taprint, Union, Miss. SUPERIOR OSLS, samples 10¢, Ham Specialties, Box 3023, Bellaire, Texas.

OSLS. 3-color glossy. 100—\$4.50. Rutgers VariTyping Service, 7 Fairfield Rd., New Brunswick, N. J.

PICTURE OSL Cards of your shack, home, etc., Made from your photograph, 1000, \$12.00. Raum's, 4154 Fifth St., Philadelphia 40. Penna.

OSLS WAT, Box 1, Brecksville, Ohio.

OSL's-SWL's: That are different, colored, embossed card slock, and "Kromekote." Samples 10c. Turner, K8AIA Box 933, Hamilton, Ohio.

GLOSSY OSLS, 100, 4 colors, \$3.50. Others less, Sam D'ck, W8VXK, 1018 Arthur, Mt, Pleasant, Michigan, QSLS, \$1.00. Riesland, Del Mar, Calif.

OSLS, Lapel pins, samples dime, Kephart W2SPV, 4309 Willis, Marchantville, N. J.

OSLS, SWLs, XYL-OMs (sample assortment approximatel) 946) covering designing, planning, printing, arranging, mailing; eye-catching, comic, sedate, fantabulous, DX-attracting, prototypal, snazzy, unparagoned cards (Wowl). Rogers, KBAAB, 737 Lincoln Ave., St. Paul 5, Minn.

DELUXE OSLS. Petty, W2HAZ, Box 27, Trenton, N. J. Samples, 10c.

QSLS, SWLS, Samples 10¢, Onondaga Press, Onondaga, Mich. QSLS-SWLS, reasonable prices, Samples free, Robert Bull, W1BXT, Arlington, Vt.

QSLS. Samples free. Phillips, W7HRG, 1708 Bridge St., The balles, Oregon,

OSLS, High quality, low prices, Fast service, Samples 10¢, Dave, 601 E. Maude, Sunnyvale, Calif.

OSL'S SWL'S Nicholas & Son Printery, P.O. Box 11184, Phoenix, Arizona.

OSLS. Stamp brings samples. Eddie Scott, W3CSX, Fairplay, Md.

QSLS-SWLS, 100 2-color glossy, \$3.00; QSO file cards, \$1.00 per 100. Samples, 10¢, Rusprint, Box 7507, Kansas City 16, Mo. OSLS: Send 25¢ (refundable) for samples, W6CMN, Schuch, 6707 Beck Ave., North Hollywood, Calif.

OSLS-SWLS. Free Samples. Spicer, 4615 Rosedale, Austin 5. Texas.

QSLS-SWLS. 3-colors, 100 for \$2.00. Samples, dime. Bob Garra, Lehighton, Penna.

QSLS. Samples, dime. Printer, Corwith, Iowa.

OSLS, Glossy 2 and 3 colors, attractive, different, 48-hour service. Samples 10e, Free ball point pen with order. K2VOB Press, 62 Midland Blvd., Maplewood, N. J. COMPLETELY Different OSLS. Dime. Filmcrafters, Box 304, Martins Ferry, Ohio.

QSLS, reasonable, nice designs, sample dime, W2DJH Press, 31 Warren, Warrensburg, N. Y.

QSLS-SWLS. High quality. Reasonably priced, Samples. Bob Teachout, W1FSV, 204 Adams St., Rutland, Vt.

OSLS, \$1.75 per 100 postpaid U. S. only, Glossy, red & green, All orders mailed within 10 days. Free sample, Hobby Print Shop, Umatilia, Fla.

OSLS. Fine quality. Choose your own combination, 6 styles, 9 card stocks, 8 ink colors, cartoons, \$2.50 up. Samples dime. Ray, K7HLR, 679 Borah, Twin Falls, idaho. RUBBER Stamps for hams, sample impressions, W9UNY, 542 North 93, Milwaukee, Wisconsin,

ANTENNA 80-40-20-15-10, \$21.95. Patented. Lattin, W4JRW. Box 44, Owensboto, Ky.

SALE: Collins 32V1, in mint cordx, used only 10 hrs since factory overhaul six months ago: \$285. Also HQ129X, \$135. jonn\_Minette. W7EMI, St. Edward's Seminary, Kenmore, John Minet Washington

FREE Bargain list, Box 575, New York 8, N. Y.

SAN Francisco & vicinity: Communications receivers repaired and realigned. Guaranteed work, Factory methods. Special problems invited any equipment. Assoc. Electronics, 58 So. P. St., Livermore, Calif., W6KF, Skipper.
WANTED: 6 to 12 304TL tubes, Callanan, W9AU, P.O. Box 155, Barrington, III.

MESTERN Radio Amateur: Third largest ham magazine in the U. S. 1 year, \$2.00; 2 years, \$3.50; 3 years, \$5.00. Also publisher "Surplus Handbook", over 90 pages schematics and photos of popular surplus receivers, transceivers, \$3.00 ppd. California, add state tax, Western Radio Amateur, 10517 Haverly St., El Monte, Calif.

CASH For used Short-wave ham receivers, transmitters and accessories. Treger, W91V1, 2023 N. Harlem Ave., Chicago 35, Ill, 1el. 1Uxedo 9-6429.

III. 1cl. TUxcdo 9-6429.

wAN1ED: Trades new and used: New KWS; 1, \$1250.00; 
KWM-2, \$1095.00; KWM-1, \$695.00; 758-1 \$495.00; 75A-2 
\$325.00; 75A-4 \$549.00; 328-1, \$\$90.00; 32V-2, \$\$50.00; 32V3- 
\$395.00; 14Q-100, \$129.00; HQ-129, \$149.00; HQ-145, \$269.00; 
HQ-160, \$379.00; HQ-170, \$599.00; Johnson Ranger, \$229.00; 
HQ-160, \$75.00; Thunderoolt, \$589.50; Valiant 
\$449.50; Johnson Citizens Messenger \$139.75; Courrier, \$289.50; 
\$x-71. \$149.00; \$X-101 Mark #11, \$395.00; Vicking II, \$199.00; 
\$X-100, \$295.00; \$X-100 \$199.00; HT-32A, \$479.00; \$X-110, \$199.00; 
\$X-100, \$295.00; \$X-100 \$199.00; HT-32A, \$479.00; \$X-110, \$199.00; 
\$X-100, \$295.00; \$X-100 \$199.00; HT-32A, \$479.00; \$X-110, \$199.00; 
\$X-100, \$295.00; \$X-100 \$199.00; OC-125, \$125.00; 
\$X-100, \$295.00; \$X-100 \$199.00; OC-125, \$125.00; 
\$X-100, \$100.00; \$100.00; \$100.00; \$100.00; 
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\$X-100.00; \$100.00; \$100.00; \$100.00; \$100.00; 
\$X-100.00; \$100.00;

RECEIVERS: Repaired and aligned by competent engineers using factory standard instruments. Authorized factory service station for Collins, Hallicratters, Hammarlund, National, Harvey-Wells, Our twenty-fourth year. Douglas Instrument Laboratory, 176 Nortolk Ave., Boston 19, Mass. CINCINNATI Area: Sale: Globe Chief 90 transmitter, \$30. K8CET, 3950 North Fordham, Silverton, Cincinnati, O.

TRADE: DX-35, xtals for rifle or pistol. W5UZI, 1351 Sage Loop. Los Alamos, New Mexico.

CAPACITORS, 120 gld 3000V, G-E Pyronol, used, top condx, 535, crating, \$3.00. W8LTF, 831 Antoine, Wyandotte, Mich.

GRAND Rapids, 13th Annual Hamvention, April 9, 1960 at Manger Hotel. LOWEST Prices: Latest amateur equipment. Factory fresh scared carrons. Self-addressed stamped envelope for lowest quotation on your needs. HDH Sales Co., 919 High Ridge Rd., Stamford, Conn.

SAVE On Electronic, Radio and Communications components and equipment for Hams and Commercial use. See thousands of parts in stock, Many more coming in daily, all at unusual savings. If you live in or near Philadelphia, visit our new warehouse at 31st & Grays Ferry, or send for tree catalox. Secutionics, 1206 South Napa St., Philadelphia 46, Penna, or phone Howard 8-4645.

FOR Sale: SX-99 with speaker. Heathkit electronic voice control. Heathkit reflected power and SWR bridge, Heathkit Conelrad alarm. Will accept best offer. R. Gayken, Box 184, Watson.

Minn.

BOOK Matches with your call. 50 for \$2.50. A & B Services. Box 14/C. Kittery, Maine.

SPECIAL! W2EWL SSB transformers. New. 95¢ 3 for \$2.50. 10 for \$7.50; T-17 mike, brand new. seaded package. Only 54.95; Brochure available. Ling Closed-Circuit TV camera brochure Glas-Line. \$2.89 me hundred feet; Geloso tape recorder, \$179.95, available. Complete tube inventory, hest unality and sensible price Complete tube inventory, hest unality and sensible of the complete tube inventory, hest unality and sensible of the complete tube inventory, hest unality and sensible of the complete tube inventory, hest unality and sensible of the complete tube inventory, hest unality and sensible of the complete tube inventory, hest under the complete tube. Sci. 85.00; 837, 81.00; 866A, \$1.55; 872A, \$2.00. Write for treatment price lists. Green sheet catalog on equipment and parts. 25.6. Wanted: Unused transmitting and receiving tubes. Sensible for cash ofter. Distributors for B&W. Elmac, Hammarlund, Johnson, Westinghouse and others. Barry Electronics Corp., 512 Broadway, New York City 12, N. Y. Tel. WAlker 3-7000.

WAlker 5-7000.

75A4, KWSI, 3L Tri-Band beam, 20 M. Telrex, full size beam, prop-pitch rotator, control box, cables; 30 ft, aluminum 12 Tri-Tower, D104 mike, 61 ft, steel Vesto tower with top safety rail and platform. Brand new, never assembled. Still crated. Spare tubes, etc. This complete SSB-AM station now in operation on all bands. Will trade for building lots, waterfort preferred, bungalow or house, Will add cash if necessary to make deal. All letters will be answered. L. I. or Florida area, Albert J. Bertolisi, 505 Co. Line Koad, Amityville, L. I. N. Y.

DRAKE 1A SSB receiver, in top condx xtal calibrator and WWV built in; 6 months old, no modifications. Asking \$220. What's your offer? K4KIN, 730 So. 41st. Louisville. Ky. SELL: Telrex size TB7E Triband beam, little used, \$100. Cost \$158. Reason: moving. WA2FUB, 111 Garfield Ave., Merchantville. N.J.

chanville, N.J.

HAMFEST lune S, Starved Rock Radio Club. George Keith, W9MKS, Secy. RFD 1. Oglesby, Ill.

GREAT surplus values!! BC-603 Receiver New \$17.00—R-26/ARC5 Rec 3-6 nc New \$12.95, used exe \$7.95—R-27/ARC5 Rec 6-9 mc New \$12.95, used exe \$7.95—R-27/ARC5 Rec 6-9 mc New \$12.95, used exe \$7.95—BC-639 Transceiver with PE-120 \$19.95—T-47/ART-13 Transmitters 34/AP \$49.00—Sound-Powered Dynamic Phones Pr. \$4.75—Rec. Microwave K-111/APR-5 \$39.00—Collins CFI 82-Q for 0-5'er compl. w/tubes & instructions \$5.95—Collins Mod. Xformer 100 watt \$1.94 No 813 final \$3.95—RA-62-C Power Supply A-C for SCR-52 VHF 110/66 cyc. New \$59.50—Kits only for above. \$17.00—Ground-plane VHF antennas 30-200 MC New \$9.95—Hi-Mu Electronics—131 Hamilton St., New Haven, Conn. Store hours 10—5. Sat. 9—12.

\$50.00 REWARD for information leading to the recovery of my Collins 75A3, #515. Stolen New Year's Eve. Power takeoff on back. Ivory enamel traces on cabinet. K6CUB, Chuck, 13554 Raven St. San Fernando, Calif. Tel. EM 7-7425. SELL Allied tube-tester and Eico signal generator, Model 324, gud condx. \$45.00. Robert E. Wittick, 617 Sycamore, Humboldt Lange.

gud condx, \$ boldt, Kansas

DOIGH, NAINSAS.

ELMAC A54H xmtr 75, 40, 20 11, 10 with homebrew A.C. supply in matching cabinet. In vy gud condx. Best offer, W3PFD, 2025 7th Ave., Beaver Falls, Penna.

FOR Sale: Valiant (factory-wired); HQ14OXA, Shure mike, mod. \$36 Dow-key relay, \$450 money-order. Equipment 3 years old, in A-1 condx and used very little. For that price 1 cannot ship, sry! Consider offer for separate equipment. Ernest Stanislau, KØCSK, 418-12th St., Boone, Iowa.

SELL: Precision VFO Collins 70E8A, PTO excellent, \$22.00. WØBHA.

JOHNSON Navigator, Used only 40 hrs. Well-built by engineer, \$120,00, WIRAN.

SELL DeLuxe all-band KW, 2 finals, 10 panel meters, all in six foot Bud rack: \$250.00. Herbert Spivey, K5AIC, Baldwyn,

S-40B, \$75.00; new heavy duty Telrox rotator minus control box and indicator, \$55.00 (perf. condx). W1EVK, Joe, 16 Brich St., Braintree, Mass, 1el. VIctor 3-8572 week-ends only. MORROW Falcon receiver, Morrow RVP-250 supply with Morrow mobile spkr, all in darn gud shape, all for \$119.00, Don McNamara, 743 Michigan, Evanston, Ill, Tel UNiv. 4-6172. EVON MCNAMARA. 143 Michigan, Evanston, III. Tel UNIV. 4-6172. FOR Sale: 20-4, QT-1, 458 VFO (10 thru 75 meters) \$225; KWM-1, \$428, A.C., D.C. supplies, mobile tray, speaker, Shure 505C mike, mobile mount, Heliwhips for 10-15-20 meters, \$1000, HT-32A, unopened carron, \$650, James Craig. 172 W. Third, Peru, Ind. Tel. GR 3-9306. COMPLETE Collins "S" Line for sale, 75S-1, 32S-1 and 510F-2 AC supply. All in A-1 condx. Certified check or M.O. for \$1000, Will, not sell separately. R. D. Corbett, Wild 46 Prospect St., Torrington, Conn.

46 Prospect St., Torrington, Conn.
SELL: NC-88 and QF-1, \$70,00. F.o.b. Racine, Wis. K9CMT,
Porzak, 2342 Thor. Racine, Wis.
FOR Sale: Collins 75A4, Serial No 5019, 500, 1500, 3100 cycle
filters. Used 5 hours, matching Collins speaker, used only 3
hours. Permoflux headset, used 2 hours. Collins KWSI. Never
hooked up. Seals unbroken on component parts carton. 108 ft,
trapped dipole antenna, with 100 ft, RG-11/U coaxial tead-in,
\$1800 takes the lot, Sale of individual components considered,
Make offert Arthur Touroft, 605 East 82nd St., New York City.

Make offer! Arthur Touroff, 605 East 82nd St., New York City. EARLY Bird registrations close on April 20th for the New Bengland Divisional Convention to be held at the New Ocean House Hotel in Swampscott, Mass., on Sunday, May 1st. If you want to attend the Largest Ham Convention ever held anywhere you must act now. Latest equipment by the manufacturers and their distributors with their representatives there to answer your questions. The country's best speakers, Net meetings, etc., etc. Ask the ham who was at Swampscott last year. Early Bird, \$3.00. Banquet, \$5.00 extra. Make your check payable to FEMARA, mail to 15 MacArthur Blvd., Danvers, Mass., before April 20th.

XTALS Wanted: 3803, 3997, 7085, 7424, 8334, 8999, Send freq, and price, K@RAX, 4138 Holman Lane, St. Louis 34, Mo.

NC-125 receiver. Like new condx, \$120.00 c.o.d. Richard Kleppe, KØKTP, 406 Winneshick, Decorah, Iowa, RECEIVER: RDO, Complete 115V, 60 eyec, indicator, 10-60/APA-10 115V 60 Cyc. Wanted: 4X250B, 4CX300A tubes, Cordon W. Roper, 2937 Barth St., Flint 4, Michigan, Phone CF-9-0581.

CE-9-0581.

JOHNSON Valiant, latest modifications, factory inspected HQ-140X w/spkr, Teirex Tri-Band, new, 45 ft. crank-up tower with prop rotator and scisyns; Johnson Matchbox, new, Elmac PMR-7 mobile revr with 6-12 volt supply; \$600.00 takes all, Can also be had separately, K2HPW, Rockville Centre 4-0598, Meadows 2645 Clydedsdale Court, Oceanside, N. Y. GLOBE Linear LA-1 new, wired, \$92.00. WAGBUT, 2781 H St., San Bernardino, Calif.

SALE: 20A O71-VFO Linear, \$160; 3" Dumont 'scope, \$30; Stancor xfrmr, 3000 V CT, 300 Ma, \$15. W2MHL, 147 Faview, Paramus, N. J.

POSTPAID: Never used, Gonset Super 12, perfect, \$60.00. K7CXR, 3056 N. E. Oregon, Portland, Oregon.

LOOK! SX-99 and Globe 90-A; new \$180? or your offer. WV6EOH.

FAIR Cash offer takes latest HT-9 transmitter, HT-18 and National 50-T, Krueger, 9305 Hoyne, Chicago, Ill. W9EPG. SELL: Complete station or any part. HQ-150, Adventurer, VF-1, 40 watt modulator, \$275. Heilwel, 3850 Sedgwick, Bronx, N. Y. 40 watt modulator, \$275. Heilwel, 3850 Sedgwick, Bronx, N.Y. SELLING: GPR-90 receiver with speaker, Serial #1666, In exc. condx, \$335; Millen 90 watt bandswitching exciter, 99601, \$45.00; National Multi-band tuners MB-150, \$12.50; MB-40D1, \$45.00; Nrecise mod, 315 oscilloscope, \$25.00; table rack, \$4,00. Some back issues of CO, QST, Radio Electronics, IRE Proceedings and foreign radio magazines, Joseph Marshall, Jr., 22 Clare Drive, East Northport, L. I., N. Y. FOR Sale: Globe King 500A with Mod. 755A VFO, \$375.00. Will ship express, Going SSB, W4PNF, 106 Quincy St., Fayetteville, N. C.

WANTED: 3.1 Kc and 6 Kc Collins mechanical filter rectangular type. Motorola mobile test set and Hickok 333 or similar model tube-tester. George Magera, W4YLT, Mullins, S. C.

APACHE and SB-10, excellent and little used, \$330, W7VMP/6, 54C Escondido Village, Stanford, Calif.

RECEIVERS, Transmitters, and test equipment serviced and calibrated. Low rates. Monarch Engineering, 3058 Lehman, calibrated. Low ra Hamtramck, Mich.

WILL Pay cash for Hammarlund HQ-160 or Hallicrafters SX-100 receiver. State condition and make best offer. For sale:

National NC-98 receiver with Heath "Q" multiplier, \$110.00: Morrow 5-band 5BR-1 tunable converter, \$50.00: Lynmar 75 ohm TB-4 transmitter balun \$10.00. Excellent condition. Will answer all responses, Wilkes Dearing, K4PSH, 996 Galloway, Memphis, Tenn.

Memphis. Tenn.

SURPLUS RA-69A/B. 115 volt 60 cycle power supplies, contains 3 separate filtered DC units, 4500 volts 4 mils, 300 volts 180 miles, and electronically regulated adjustable 270 volts 88 mils, 515,95 B53A km on the cycle of th

Port Washington, N. Y.

FOR Sale: G-66B, G-77A with 12v, and 110v, power supplies, Master Matcher. "Slim Jim" whip mount, and Electro-Voice 60010 microphone, Best offer over \$500.00. Need money for school. Reg Tourni, W7JHL, 2105 Knight, Helena, Mont. GSB-100 and H0170C, practically brand new, Orisinal cartons, Erist check for \$695 buys, Only on air few hours, Claude Goodman, Jr., W5KWC, 1803 S. Marsalis, Dallas, Texas. FOR Sale: DX-35, VF-1, both in exc. condx; \$70.00. Will ship, Write to Ray Husher, Rte. 1, Box 56, Ferriday, La. OST, complete file, in exc. condx, January 1941 to December 1959, \$50 f.o.b. Robert Briggs, W8WYJ, 30524 Garry, Madison Heights, Mich.

WANTED: Automatic high-speed telegraph equipment, keyboard perforator. W8RMH, 1910 Long Point, Pontiac, Mich.

"RICH" At W9JS, Wheaton, Ill., looking for a "Bacon" banlo, Any model or condition. Will swap ham equipment. C. C. Richelieu, 1916 E. Evergreen St. Wheaton, Ill.

SELL: BW 51008 with 51SB-B sideband generator unused. \$445.00; B&W SS receiver adaptor. \$75; Match Master \$25.00. Rev. Dennis O'Neill, W3RPN, 200 Oak Lane, Primos, Penna.

FOR Sale: Collins 75A4 serial 3793 speed dial. Collins speaker, in first class condition. Ed B. Schofield, Box 14. Jarrettown,

Fenna.

FOR Sale: Tubes: 211A, \$2; \$13, \$10; 833A, \$15; 828, \$5; 8008, \$5; 2C39A, \$5; 4X150, \$5; 807, \$1; 3FP7, \$5; 3BP1, \$2; \$608, \$5; 2C39A, \$5; 4X150, \$5; 807, \$1; 3FP7, \$5; 3BP1, \$2; \$68P1, \$2; 829N, \$5; Edurment: Bc455, \$5; APN1, \$5; BC375TU, \$2; BC645, \$5; BC659 and PF120, \$15; HRO review with pwr, supp., all coils and sneaker mounted in table relayrack (old model, uses 2.5 volt tubes) for sale after July 1, 1960, \$100; two teletype machines, both with keyboards, one uses 1/2" (ape, the other roll paper, Both need a little work, Special S50 each, House full, sarase full, Must sell! You pay shippins. R, D. Corbett, 46 Prospect St., Torrington, Conn. WIJLL. FOR Sale: CE20-A, OT-1, VFO excellent, \$175; matching table top amplifier pair 814s, complete 2000 V power supply, \$50.00, 10c, K3COY, 409 Falcone Ave., Roseto, Penna.

WANTED: Power supply, CRM-20096, RMCA RM-6 for Navy Raz receiver, W3RLA, G, P, Allen, 733 Cricket Lane, Clifton Heights, Penna.

Raz receiver. W Heights, Penna.

CHESS By Ground Wave, Los Angeles, Join the Chess-Nuts-Net, Poplar 3-4924.

Net. Poplar 3-4924.
FOR Sale: Good used equipment: receivers, Hallicrafters SX-71.
\$149.95. S-53, \$65.95; SX-101 MKIHA. \$350.00; SX-43 w/Cent.
Elec., Mod. A. sideband slicer. \$160; SX-28A. \$120; National NC-183D. \$289; NC-300. \$269.00; NC-303 w/xtal calibrator, \$360.00; NC-173, \$150.00; Hammarlund HQ-129X. \$149.95; HQ-110. \$200.00; transmitters. B&W 5100 and 515B. \$499.95; HQ-110. \$200.00; transmitters. B&W 5100 and 515B. \$499.90; Viking 1, \$150.00; Cent. Electronics 600L. \$395.00. We have this equipment in stock. ready for delivery to your shack. Call or write Radio. Inc., 1000 S. Main, Tulsa. Okla.
FOR Sale: Cubex quad spiders. 8 ft. hoom. 75 ft. RG11U.

FOR Sale: Cubex quad spiders, 8 ft. boom, 75 ft. RG11U, clamps, painted bambon for 10-15, \$18.50; National MB40SL, \$5,00; 300 watt Multi-Match modulation transformer, \$12.50; 4 inch x 20 ft. aluminum boom, 4 lengths 1½ in. x 12 ft. tubing, 2 lengths 1¾ x 12 ft. tubing, 4 element to boom clamps, \$20.00. Will ship, W8DYA, Box 1275, Bluefield, W. Va.

clamps, \$20.00. Will shib. W8DYA. Box 1275, Bileffeld. W. Va. SELL: Knight/Space Spanner, perfect condx, \$15.00. Rich. WA2FXF, 21 Oregon Dr., Huntington, N. Y. SELL: "BC221AK" freq. meter with modulation. Self-calibrated from primary standard at major broadcast station. Built in 110 voit regulated power supply. \$80.00. M. Spinelli, W4VWY, Jensen Beach. Fla.
HEATH O-Multiplier, \$7.00; 2 xfrmrs 120v. primary, 10-14 v. 10 amp., \$5.00. Handset w/switch. \$4,50; carbon desk mike T-32, \$6.00. Cartwright, Unionville, Michigan.

SELL: NC-188 practically new, \$120. Not a scratch. No modifications, Original carton. Instruction book. Shipped prepaid. Jeffrey Luther. K4TRY, Ethridge Lane, Union City, Tenn. COLLEGE Bound; for sale—Viking II VFO, Mosley TA-331R 60 ft. crank-up tower. Local deal only. Norm, K0IPD, JA 1-2464.

COLLINS MBF for sale. Converted to ten meters. In exc. condx. W9LZF, Paul Kasinger, 804 Gordon Place, Effingham. III.

SELL: GR 1000 2 KVA Variac, \$20; drive and modulation transformers for Class B 811s, to single 813, both \$7.50; BC348R with power supply, \$45.00; 150 watt 20 meter colwith swinging link and jack bar. \$2.00. R. C. Janzow, 12033 S. 68th Ct., Palos Heights. Ill.

SELL: Eico 720, over 2000 QSOS, Modulator PR6146s, 3BPI AM monitor, break-in, PTT, CW monitor, mike, key, \$150. HV27s? WA2DGN.

TV-217 W-22701. COLLINS 75A-1, \$249: 75A4, \$545; \$112, \$495; \$11-3, \$575; R-390A/URR, 328-1, AC supply spkr. 758-1, \$975; 328-1, \$2525; \$166-2, \$89: KWS-1, \$1095; filters, \$49; Eddico 1001,

\$495; SX-99, \$109; SX-101, \$225; SX-101A, \$295; NC-183-D, \$239; HT-32A, \$519, Gonset III 6 meters, \$219, GSB-100, \$399; Technical Materiel PMO oscillator, counter dial, \$245; Ieletype Printers, #14, #15, #19, #26, #28, T-D #14, #14 Reperf., converters, Write Tom, W1AFN, Alltronies-Howard Co., Box 19, Boston 1, Mass. (RIchmond 2-0048).

Exceptional bargain: complete parts: 500 wait ew rig. VFO, floor rack. B&W coils 10 to 160 for osc., buffer, final, Much miscellaneous, 5 panel meters, 60 tubes, Over \$5.00 in new, unused parts, Cost over \$600.00 in early 1950's. No reasonable offer refused, Send stamp for list, Jim Sayer, K6PDW, 2608 Cherry, Bakersfield, Calif.

HAM Magazine subscriptions: W6LKJ, (Tatum) 1451 Raymond Ave., Glendale. Calif.

Ave., Glendalc. Calif.

SELL: HQ-129X, DX-35, VF-1, QF-1. All in excellent condx. Best offerfs). K2VW. 108 Hennepin St., Buffalo 6, N. Y. VHF DXcrs. Shortwave BC listeners! DXing Horlzons, brand new magazine for long range TV-FM fans, experimenters and international broadcast listeners. Published monthly. Acclaimed the most outstanding new electronics magazine in ten years! The news monthly of the weak signal field. \$4.00 per year. DXing Horizons, Box 3150, Modesto, Calif. Published by K6EDX. Sample copy on request.

SELL: Hammarlund SP-600 550 Kc to 54 Mc in gud condx, S215, also new ARC-T-13 trans, R-19 recvr. 14 volts, also C-18 cont. unit: SP-600 recvr. gud appearance, needs minor work, working on all bands, \$275, sig, gen. TS-497B 2.5 to 400 Mc. Best over \$50.00. H. Hodson, W4NCQ. 540 Dover Rd., Lexington, Ky.

Lexington, Ky.

GONSET, 88-108 Mc tuner, 6V. \$35: Hallicrafters, \$27, rack mount, \$15.00: National, RBL-5, rack mount, \$15: Vibroplex, Champion, new, \$10: Travel Electric Sr., 6V to 110V 35 watts, \$6: rack drawer with bottom plate, new, \$5.00. All items F.o.b. Sharpsburg, Md. James Mose, Main & Hall Sts., Box 131. FOR Sale: Little used KWM-1 with 516F-1 AC power supply, perfect, \$650: Mark Products Triband heliwinp with HWM-1 mounting insulator, \$15.00. Elmac 4-400A, new, \$25.00. WZKFZ, 103 Hendrickson Ave., Beyerly, N. J.

SELL: 75A4 Serial 5018; 3.1; 500 CPS filters, perfect: \$650. Harry Taubin, 731 Gerard Ave., Bronx 51, N, Y.

FOR Sale: Three separate full size three-element Telrex beams 10, 15, and 20, plus approximately 300 ft. RG8U. All for \$129.00. W1FST.

JOHNSON Pacemaker: SSB exciter, in mint condition, used only 20 hrs. Only \$295. Milt Levy, K1KIT, 136 Main St., Stonenam, Mass.

SELL: HBR-14 revr (see July 1957 QST) completely assembled and wired. All new parts including tubes, crystals and coil forms. Front end needs checking out and aligning, \$100.00. K6JQH, Karl L. Baker, 847 Greentree Rd., Pacific Palisades,

and wired. All new parts including tubes, crystals and coil forms. Front end needs checking out and aligning. \$100.00. KelQH, Karl L. Baker, 847 Greentree Rd., Pacific Palisades. Calif.

SELL: NC-98 with matching speaker and Heath O multiplier. \$109; DX-100, \$149; International Crystal 100 Kc. calibrator. \$100; FCV-2 6m. converter \$12.50; Dow-Key TRM-1 relay. \$8.50; Cotober 1958 OST 2E26 6m rig with p.p. 6V6 modulator and power supply. \$20.00. All shipping extra. Robert Weisman, W3ZQG, \$16 Washington. Cumberland, Md.

RC-221 frequency meter, audio modulation, perfect, \$49.95. Will ship anywhere. K5DXL. P.O. Box 60, Eupora, Miss.

SELL: Excellent condx NCI25, \$100. W4CYT.

WANTED: E, F and A. B coils for National HRO-5071, also best receiver \$200 cash will buy. Westphalen, 5234 Dorchester Ave., Apt. #211, Chicago, Ill.

SELL Heathkit Apache. \$245.00; SB-10, \$90.00; Mohawk receiver with speaker, \$300.00, All in excellent condx. Neal Atkins, K9ITV, 6235 No. Francisco Avenue, Chicago 45, Ill.

SELL: HO(29X in exc. condx, \$115.00; Unmarred SB10 Apache, FB on all bands, \$300.00, Dr. Keith Sayther, 1561B Capchart, Blytheville AFB, Ark.

SELL: 20A SSB exciter, factory-wired, brand new cond., "C" run with BC458 VFO 10-75 meters. \$199.50; excellent NC24OCS recvr w/spkr, \$95. vy gud on SSB. Also exc., Navy RAO-2 revr. \$65.00. L. Kirkman, W6ZH1, 2444 D St., Lincoin, Nebr. FOR Sale: Cleaning house! Viking Valient, new, in factory-scaled carton, \$355; National NC-183D originally cost \$450, ascrifice for \$20; HQ-170 in new condx, \$275; DX-40 used only 3 months, \$35.00; HT-32A in mint condx, \$10, K-ERPM. Bolien, 456 Schenectady Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. PR 2-5612 after 6 PM.

ADD Extra LF, stage to any 455 Kc revr, More gain and selectivity. Fits any place, Only 1" x 2" in size. Completely wired and tested with instructions. Only \$6.95 postpaid, Sp

\$10: Johnson semi-automatic key, \$10. All units in excellent or new condition. I need the money for summer school. All shipped collect from \$21 East 5th St., Hutchinson. Kansas. Mike Smith, KøCCM.

HT32. In excellent condx, \$395.00 F.o.b, Chicago, Ill. R, Yeager, 1455 Wilson, Chicago 40. Ill.

Mike Smith, KøCCM.

HT32. In excellent condx, \$395.00 F.o.b, Chicago, Ill. R. Yeager, 1455 Wilson, Chicago 40, Ill.

FOR Sale: Complete mobile A-1 condx, one owner bought new all listed equipment. Elmac A-54, covers 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 meters; 50 watts input AM and CW. Gonset Triband converter (covers above bands and SW broadcast) Gonset noise limiter, Mallard BFO, Levce-Neville 6 volt, 100 amp. 35 amp idle-speed complete, regulator, rectifier, PE-103A dynamotor, Master Mobile 232 mount, center load Hy-Q coils, 73, 40, 20, 15 with Dow coaxial relay and original cabling and pluss for mobile, ready to install. \$275. J. A. Selvidge, WØOMG, 1103 Gardner St., Poplar Bluff, Mo.

HALLICRAFTERS S-85, xtal calibrator, SX-100 S-meter, Heath QF-1, other improvements, Year old, exc. condx, \$120, Details on request, W3FYR, Box 240, Drew University, Madison, N. J.

TRADE, Used (complete) sterce and 36 sterms.

TRADE. Used (complete) stereo and 36 stereo albums for Gonset fixed station communicator or similar equipment. W9CEA, 178 Shady Lane, Wabash, Ind.

4 BAND Receiver, \$50; 5 channel 27 meg, transceiver, \$100; Temco 75GA transmitter factory-sealed, \$400. Box 211, Olive, Calif.

MAGNECORD P-60, with amp., input xfrmr and transport, used less than year, \$400 or trade for VFO exciter or 75A2-4. W5LCl, Box 195. Wynne, Ark.

FOAZ-4. WSLC4, Box 195, Wynne, AFk, FOR Sale: B&W 5100B transmitter; B&W 515B generator, Perfect condx. Call New York City SW 5-1166 or WA 3-8117. SELL; Heath DX-40, exc. condx, \$60; Health VFO, \$15, Take them both for \$65, F.o.b. Munster, ind. K9TIX 892/ Revere. CANADIANS! Johnson Pacemaker with recent modifications, like new, \$500; Johnson Courier, new, \$300, Both for \$750. Will answer all inquiries, VESDG, 1421 Retallack St., Regina, Sask. P., Canada.

WILL Sell HT32A and SX101 for \$800. Like new. Hardly used. In original boxes, WøKRH, 2202 Hillcrest Drive, Duluth 11, Minn.

SALE: Johnson Signal Sentry and SWR Bridge, \$20: 65A xmtr, excellent condx, \$50.00; RME DB23, Kent Bowron, 210 Roosevelt Ave., York, Penna.

Kent Bowron, 210 Roosevelt Ave., York, Penna.

TRADE: Want stamp collections, Will trade complete station. SX101A Mark III. HT32A. HT33A, and accessories. Purchased new ten months ago. 10 meter Telers beam, 50 ft. tower with rotor, cartons of misc, ham seur, equipment in absolutely new condition. On air less than 20 hours. Being a stamp dealer allows too little time for ham radio. Will consider trade as complete unit for stamp collections or lots with a minimum Scott catalog of \$6000. Send complete description. If acceptable collection more will pay difference. Harry E. Ide, W3MTV, 8 Byron Lane, Yardley, Penna. Phone CYpress 5-9272.

Vardley, Penna. Phone CYpress 5-9272.

SELL: New ARC 3 eight-channel automatic tune VHF transmitter, original carton. Conversion data for 2 meters, \$50,00; 3" Supreme #546 oscilloscope like new, \$25; Wilcox CW3 self-powered, crystal controlled, single channel receiver with manual, crystals, and coils for 5 Mc. and 12 Mc. Like new, \$25,00. Revere T100 tape recorder 34 speed, \$50; BC221 with modulation not calibrated, book, case, AC power supply, \$25, L. k.jpp, 8268 168 St. Jamaica 32, L. l., N. Y. WANTED: PR 810's, Triplett 227T, 150 Ma. 500 Ma. 750 Ma DC; DK relay 110V; Jonninss VAC variable, UCS 200, 10 ky; Cardwell 8013 1500 µntd, Millen 15011 disc neut. cap. 80RAX, 4138 Holman, St. Louis 34, Mo.

FOR Sale: Collin 32V2 xmtr, in perf. condx, \$425. W2PNT, Richard Roos, 141-48 78th Rd., Flushing 67. L. I., N. Y. COMPLETE 1958 QST and 1959 CQ magazines. Make an offer! W2JBL, 123 Davis Ave., Hackensack, N. J.

offer! W2JBL, 123 Davis Ave., Hackensack, N. J.
SWAP Or sell: Model 26 teletype. Best offer. Milt Johnson, W1EGS, Maple Ave., Durham, Conn.
DX-40, VF-1, in exc. condx, \$75. Want mobile, K2RHN, 21
Donald, East Williston, L. L., N. Y. Tel. P1 6-1606,
75A4 Serial 5647, \$600; HT-32A, \$600, Both in factory
sealed cartons. Central Electronics 900-L, \$300; Hammarland PRO-310, \$300; SX-101 Mark III, \$275; Stancor A-3899
MultiMatch modulation xfrmr 600 watting
box, \$655; B-W Matchmaster model 630, \$32, W9YFV, 190 E,
SEE Page 159 January OST dual vibrator power supply now only

North Ave., Elmhurst, Ill.

North Ave., Elmhurst, Ill.

SEE Page 159 January OST dual vibrator power supply now only \$9.95. Jarvis Electronics Corp., Winnetka, Ill.

FOR Sale: Gonset 6 meter Communicator III with crystals, \$160: Heath, O-Multiplier, \$8: Heath reflected reflected processes of the constant of the const

SELL: Rack with BC-624C receiver and BC-625C xmtr, 100-156 Mc., 4 channel AM, xtai control, must sell. Best offer over \$30.00. Also TRC-8 revr converted to 6 meters, Built-in AC supply, 13 tube unit. Sacrifice. Need the money, \$50.00. V. Kempisty, W2GR\$, 500 Scarboro, Syracuse 4,

ALL types of transmitting and receiving tubes wanted. Also aircraft or ground receivers and transmitters. Hamgear or test

equipment. For immediate action for cash write or phone Ted Dames, W2KUW, 308 Hickory St., Arlington, N. J.

FOR Sale: Good SX-100, DX-100, Eldico TR-75, 6 volt dynamotor 375 volts at 250 Ma., Heathkit VFO, 50-100 watt modulator. W90HO, 1107 Elm St., Glenview, III.

FOR Sale: Like-new, factory-wired Globe Scout 680: 65 watts c.w. 50 watts phone. Has received T.L.C. \$80.00 R. B. Weckel, K8AQU, 400 W. 147th St., Cleveland 35, Ohio.

GLOBE King 500C Hardly used, \$625; heavy duty rotor, good for quad, \$25.00; Gonset silencer, \$4.00; large blower \$4.50; 75 watt all-band fone & c.w. xmtr, \$20; W2LFB, Azzara, 13 Shepard Pl., Nulley, N. J.

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FOR Sale: Collins 5113, perf. condx. dust cover, rack-mounted, less speaker: \$585.00. F.o.b. Gwynn, Va. Cabinet available, \$20.00. Larry Arnold. K4AET.

520.00. Larry Arnold. KAAET.

75AI receiver, in exc. working condition, \$198.00 cash and carry. W2LT, 104 Munson Ave., West Hempstead, N. Y. Tel. IVanhoe 1-4634 evenings.

FOR Sale: Heath, mobile xmtr, receiver and transistor P/S, Master "Slim Jim", \$300. K4KNC, I/Sgt Bernard L. Newton, 15 Allegheny, Stead AFB. Nevada.

SALE: SX101 Mark 111. like new, with R46B speaker, \$300; DX100, in perf. condx, \$150. W. R. Hempkins, Box 471. Seminole, Okla.

SALE: CE20A, CE Deluxe VFO, factory-wired, late production model, like-new, both \$200.00: Astatic 10-C mike w/6-stand, \$23.00: Heath antenna impedance meter \$12. Dr. J. R. Perciful. 1169 Eastern Pkwy, Louisville 17, Ky. GLendale 2-2116.

10 Meter Gonset Communicator, in absolutely perfect condi-tion—operates and looks like new. Unmodified, \$220.00. Dan Francomano, K4TMK, Madison College, Madison, Tenn. FOR Sale: DX-100 transmitter, like new, \$140 f.o.b. W3VBM, 1721 East 35th. Baltimore 18, Md. Tel. Tuxedo 9-5243. SELL: Apache transmitter with cooling fan, exc. condx. Best offer takes it. Bob Wisleder, K9HEJ, Rochester, Ill. PACEMAKER, like new condx, \$325. W8MPI, Lauth, 105 Earnshaw Dr., Dayton, Ohio.

narnshaw Dr., Dayton, Ohio.

IF You have a background in electronics, but are having trouble passing FCC Commercial phone exams, my 13 years experience as chief instructor of electronics school can help you over the hump. Very inexpensive, Free literature, Write, "Shotkun Review". Box 10634, Jackson 9, Miss.

USED: Motorola 2-meter and 6 meter FM xmtrs and rec.; FMTRU5V complete with accessr., \$35; FMTRU80D, \$65-6v., \$75, -12 v.; FMTRU30D, \$35-\$50. North West Radio. P.O. Box 502, Jocated 44 mi. S. of U.S. 20 on Ind. 149. W91GH, Arnold Hatheld.

TELEREX Beam wanted, 5-element, 15 meter beam. Must be in gud condx, WØWAM.

TELEREX Beam wanted, 5-element, 15 meter beam, Must be in sud condx, W@WAM.

SIMPSON '355', \$18.00; '240', \$16.00; c.o.d. Both brand new condx, with leads and manual, K2OWT, 73-07 196 St., Flushing, L.I., N.Y.

MUST SELL DX-100, Electro-Voice 950 mic, B&W low-pass, 110v, coax ant, relay, all \$175; SX-96 with spkr, \$180; Elmac AF-67, PE-103, Master Mobile antenna and mount, 80 mtr, converter and roller coil, \$130. Everything in excellent condx. Steve Boyd, K61AY, 280 South Ave., Alamo, Calif.

Steve Boyd, K6JAY, 280 South Ave., Alamo, Calif. TRADE Any, all or part: Collins 75S-1, #1602, 312B-3, 32S-1, #1356, 516F-2; need H1-32A or late H1-32 and 75A-4 serial No. over 4400 preferred. Equipment two months old, new condition, factory cartons, All inquiries answered. George DeWoyno, K4SYT/S, 5417 "D" St. Wherry, Bilox, Miss. RASIC Unit for bonnless quad, Sturdy spider mounts at rotator. Arms protrude at precise angles providing optimum two tenths spacing for any band, lust attach your bamboo and elements for one, two or three bands. Result: properly spaced attractive hurricane resistant quad. Minimum flywheel effect. Inexpensive rotator suffices, Spider on support pipe, \$4.95 exprescharges collect. Wild Goose Antennas, Box 573, West Fargo, North Dakota. charges collec North Dakota

WANTED: PP-1/FRC also MD-1/FRC. Please give condx and other details. Sell: Collins "S" Line complete for lower price than KWM-2, Includes 7581 revr. 3281 kmtr. 516-71 heavy-duty pwr supp, and xtra xtals to cover 10 meters. All used less than 2 mos. \$1090 or trade for KW-1. W2ADE, John Doremus, Pocono Rd., Mountain Lakes, N. J.

FOR Sale: QSFs 1920 to 1958 (only 6 issues missing), in excellent condition. No reasonable offer refused, Jos. D. Ogle, WILSS, 304 Bushy Hill Road, Simsbury, Conn.

WILSS, 504 businy fill today, Sinsonly, Colial.

TORIODS: Uncased 88 mby like new Dollar each, Five, \$4,00, PP, DaPaul, 101 Starview Way, San Francisco 27, Calif. SALE: Alliance T-12 rotator with directional indicator and thrust bearing: \$20,00, J. T. Morcy, W2HXF, 210 Mountain Ave., Princeton, N. J.

SALE: Hallicrafters S38E, like new with instruction manual, \$39.00; 80/40 meter tuneable converter, in '58, '59, '60 Handbook with voltage regulator, \$19.00, together, \$55.00. Dana Geiger, WV2HSM, 360 Riverside Dr., New York City 25, F.o.b., phone AC 2-1614.

\$ELL: Hallicrafters SX-62 realigned, \$100; Globe Chief 90, \$40; BC1306 80M xmtr rcvr wid PE237 mobile supply, not operating, \$25, Carlson, \$2PGW, 229 Cooper Ave., Dumont, N. J. Tel. DU 5-4882.

N. J. 1ct. DU 5-4882.

HAMMARLUND HQ-140X with integral International Crystal 100 Kc xtal calibrator; Heathkit O multiplier, in exc. condx, \$155. W. G. Robblins, 13 Gritiman Ct., Westwood, N. J. FOR Sale: Motorola Model T-19-30HR 10-meter 125 watt phone/transmitter, \$65. Will not ship, sry. W9GII, 1009 Warrington Rd., Deerfield, III.

SELL: Best offer or trade for foreign auto: Apache transmitter, SX-101 III, Panadapter, Laver, 34 Eagle Lane, Farmingdale, N. Y.

WANTED: 105B and 205A Lampkin. Age, condx, lowest cash first letter. Jeff Rish, Rish Radio & TV, Pontotoc, Miss.

NEARLY New SX-99, \$100; new UM-1 modulator, F/W, \$25.00. Harristahl 6 M, xmtr, with AC P/S, \$37.50. U pay shipps. K4UCX. 121 Maple, Oak Ridge, Tean.

shpps. K4ICX. 121 Maple, Oak Ridge, Tenn.

COMPLETE Station in enclosed cabinet. 32V2. SP600JX. antenna relay, directional coupler, speaker mike and pullout operating shelf. Complete 12V mobile Gonset Commander. Dynamotor, mike, plugs. etc. ATC-1 converter, One FCV-2. 6 meter converter, three BC-721 handle-talkies; two BC-1335s on 29.1 Mc suitable for CB. One RT12/TRC-2, suitable for Ship-to-shore. Condx excellent. Sell or trade. Reasonable ofters considered. K4LIE. Burlington, Ky. Gaines Manor, R #1.

FOR Sale or trade: Factory wired Viking Valiant xmtr. Make offer. Wanted: DX100B or Apache xmtr, state condx, also SSB adapter for same. E. R. Arms, RFD 1, Harrisburg, Ill.

SSB adapter for same. E. R. Arms, RFD I, Harrisburg, III.
FOR Sale: Following purchased for evaluation, Now must go.
All subject prior sale, Being sold as is: Collins 32S1 SSB
xmtr. comp, with pwr supply, new, in cartons, total oprig time,
approx 2 hrs. \$575: Hallicrafters HT32 SSB xmtr, in exc.
condx, used approx. 5-10 hrs. \$475: Drake Mode! IA SSB
rcvr used approx. 5-10 hrs. \$200: National 6, 2 and I/4 meter
converters designed for use W/NC-300, new, in cartons, \$25 ea;
I Gonset G66B rcvr w/12 volt pwr supp., brand new, \$175. If
interested, contact Jack Scheider of Frank Lester, Hammarlund Mfg. Co., Inc., 460 West 34th St., New York I, N. Y.

OLD OST and CQ. Original price. Send SASE for list. Kuschner, W4GRP, 210 Elm St., S.W., Vienna, Va. SEI.L: Globe Chicf 90, Asking \$45.00. K8EHD, 712 E, Sandusky, Findlay, Ohio.

THOR, Xfrmr, 5840/4840 CT, 1130 V.A., \$25.00; PR 805s, \$20.00; 828, \$12.00; PR 872As, \$10.00, W4EZC, 1480 Seaguil Dr. south, St. Petersburg, Fla.

MOBILE First Class. AF-67 xmtr. PMR-7 rec. C-1050 pwr supp. 6-12 volt. Mike, cables, relays, coax, etc. for complete installation inc. MM antenna with all-band coil. \$275. M. B. Johnson, 1135 Tamarack Trail, Chattanooga, Tenn.

DETROIT: DX100B, SB-10 transmitter AM, SSB perfect condition, K&LYI, Tel, LUzow 4-3845.

GLOBE Chief 90A plus SM90 Factory-wired, \$55.00; I McGee, WA2HPK, 58 Campus Dr., No., Buffalo 26, N. Y. kWM-1, spkr. AC/DC supplies, rack, cables, Mosley trap antenna, mike, 10/15/20 fixed Hy-Gain vertical, \$950.00. Dr. T. W. Samuels, k9MQL, 348 W. Pratire Ave., Decatur, Ill.

1. w. Samuels, K9MQL, 348 W. Prarier Ave., Decahur, Ill.

MINIFON P55 pocket recorder, case, microphone, table amplifier, battery eliminator, 160 minutes recording wire, shoulder holster, stethonhones, exc. condx. Costs \$482 new. Your best cash offer. K2DQD, Box 43, Bronx 66, N. Y.

SELL: 500 watt 6 meter linear, using 2 100THs, \$50.00; pwr supply 2000V at 400 Ma., \$50.00; Johnson 6N2 VFO, \$40.00; SCR-522 2-meter transceiver, \$25.00. Box 556. W. Lafayette, Ind.

NEW Components and equipment. 74" copper coaxial line, meters, power supplies, rack & panels, gear head motors, relays, tubes, miniature DC motors, differentials, antenna rotators, tremendous bargains! Write for complete listing. Dayton Aircraft Products, Inc., P.O. Box 8007, Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. GLOBE DSB-100, exc. condx, \$100, Will ship, Want: Gud Viking Ranger, trade or?? K7GRB, Smithfield, Utah.

Viking Ranger, trade or?? K7GRB, Smithfield, Utah.

RECONDITIONED! Terms! Trials! Full Guarantee! Mobile
(and portable). Specify 6 or 12 volt: PMR-6 \$79.00; PSR-6

\$5.00; G-66 \$149.00; 3069-PS \$27.50; Commanche \$139.00;

""">« S \$101.00; NC-66 \$69.00; KE-93 \$179.50; Vocatine JRC
400's pair \$39.95; Super 6 \$39.50; Super 12 \$54.95; 3BR \$24.95;

SBR-1 \$39.50; Regency A7C-1 \$59.50; Lecce-Neville 6 volt

complete \$39.50; KWM-1's \$699.50; Elmac A-54 \$95.00; AF-67

\$139.00; C-1050 \$35.00; Chevenne \$129.00; Viking mobile

\$75.00; Palco 65 complete \$119.00; Sonar SRT-120 \$75.00;

Stancor ST-233-A \$32.50; Subraco MT-15X \$37.50; Transcon 6

\$99.50; PE-103 complete \$19.95; Telecom 2D11 \$49.00. Leo,

W@GFQ, Box 811, Council Bluffs, Iowa—World Radio Labora
tories.

WANTED: "Matchbox" 250-23-3; RME Preselector DB 23; Hallicrafters R-47 spkr. Prefer like new appearance and opera-tion. State price, condition and age of item, R. L. Wildman, 469-9th St., Phillipsburg, Kans.

469-9th St., Finilipsourg, Kans. SELL: RME receiver, \$125; RME 4301 SSB adapter, \$60; multipliere Cociver, \$125; RMI 4301 SSB adapter, \$60; multipliere S15; Hallicrafters S-102 2-meter receiver, \$45; Gonset Super Six converter, \$40; Eico 720 transmitter \$80; Heath VFO \$15; 35 watt modulator, \$35; Blue Racer bus, \$12. No shipping, K2SOO, TA 9-9611.

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4-1415, Milwaukee, Wis.

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6-2820.

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GONSET Communicator III, \$200; Drake A-1 receiver and matching speaker, \$200; Johnson KW Matchbox, \$100. Every item like new condx, used very little, James H. Hayes, K4RJZ, 1101 Spruill Ave., North Charleston, S. C. If you held a license (Amateur or Commercial) forty years ago you are eligible for membership in the Old Old Timers Club. You need not have held this license continuously. Initiation fee covers a life-time membership without further dues. Contact any member or write to Earl C. Williams, WZEG, Sec'y-Treas., P. O. Hox 462. Asbury Park. N. J. FOR Sale: Collins 758-1 #923. excellent condx. First \$455 takes it. Will ship. K@IBH. Box 41, Kesley, Iowa.

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ANTED: Ontario Division, SX99 or SX42 receiver with kr. Garry Helferty, RR 1, Hampton, Ont, Box 56, Tel, RA FOR Sale: Valiant xmtr, HQ-160 with spkr, Mosley Tribander, crank-up tower, rotator, 80 M vertical, presentation bug, monitor, mike, key, Good to perfect condition, \$625 total, K5VTL, 703 Charles Pl., N. W. Albuquerque, New Mexico.

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Penna.

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SELL: B&W 51SB G. E. Sideband Jr., mfg. by Eldico. Tubes: 832, 829, 416B, No reasonable offer refused. Paul Hess, 800 Old Kensico Rd., Thornwood, N. Y.

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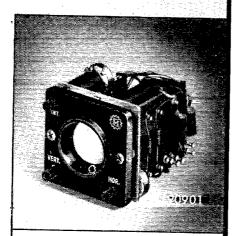
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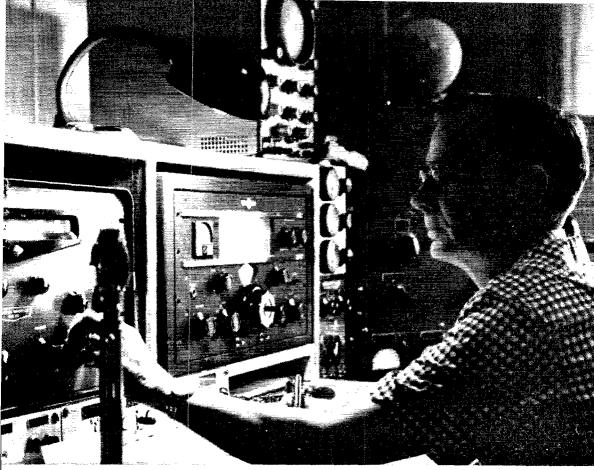
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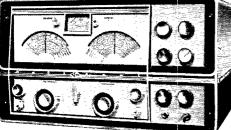
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NOTE: Bandspread dial provided with 0-100 logging scale and calibrated for 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 meter ama-

FREQUENCY STABILITY: Long term stability after warm-up -- 002%

SENSITIVITY: 1 microvolt for 10 db signal/noise ratio

SFLECTIVITY: 4, 8 and 16 kc positions provided with 6 tuned circuits. 3.5 kc wide upper and lower sideband positions provided with 14 tuned circuits. 3.5 kc sharp position activates plug-in crystal filter providing 5 additional degrees of selectivity below 3 kc plus phasing notch. Plug-in accessory available which will provide from panel selection of three mechanical filters without modification of receiver. Proper choice of filters will enable selection of bandwidths from 500 cycles to 16 kc, or will enable filter type of sideband selection from front panels.

SSE PROVISIONS: Separate SSB neterodyne detector uses pentagrid converter and separate beat oscillator, Beat oscillator may be crystal controlled. Special "fast-attack-slow release." AGC circuit. Sideband selection accomplished by exclusive, new National passband switching techniques in the event of commercial-type SSB reception, single sideband mechanical filters may be installed and switched from front panel.

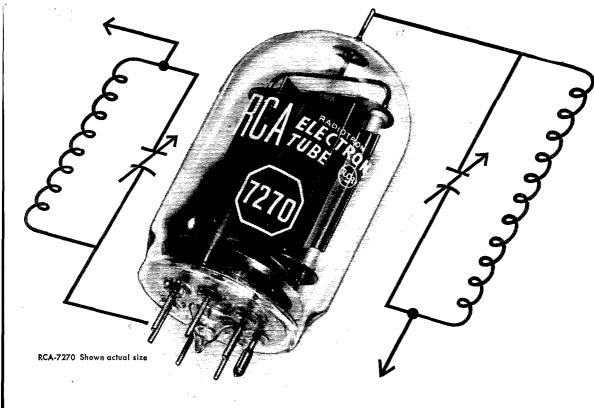
PIXED CHANNEL OPERATION: HE oscillator has a crystal sockets for use in fixed channel operation. Channels may be selected by front panel switch. In addition, HE oscillator may be controlled from external master oscillator selected by front panel switch. "S" meter "Tune" position permits rapid tuning of receiver to crystal controlled channels.

UVERSITY PROVISIONS: Basic receiver may be operated from master oscillator as noted above. An accessory Diversity Modification Kit (NC-400 DMK) allows choice of internal or external control of all oscillators. Rear panel selector provisions make possible use of any receiver timer as master control, or slave fed from other oscillator sources. IF, detector and AGC outputs available for selection and loads or combiners.

POWER REQUIREMENTS: 110-220 volts, 50-50 cycles AC MANUFACTURER'S SUGGESTED LIST PRICE: 3895.

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES:

- XCUE400 crystal calibrator, Output frequencies of 100 kc, and 1 mc.
- a. NTS-2 matching speaker
- 3. NC-400 DMK diversity modification kit
- A. NC-400 FH mechanical filter housing
- Manufacturer's suggested list price, Sold only by National con-eranchised Distributors in Canada by Canadian Marcont Inc., 830 Bayview Ave., To-onto, Ontario
- Export by Ad Auriems, Inc., 80 Broad St., New York City.



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Fix your eyes on this—one of the sweetest little beam power tubes ever designed and built for an amateur medium-power transmitter.

Here, in a compact unit no bigger than a child's fist, is an allnew tube that takes over a quarter KW input to 2 meters. Highperveance design—an original RCA development—enables you to get maximum power with a plate voltage of only 1350 volts. High power gain makes it easy to drive one RCA-7270 (or two in pushpull or parallel) with a single RCA-2E26 or -5763 through 10 meters—or a single 2E26 for 6- and 2-meter operation.

Check the chart for a quick appraisal of the RCA-7270's capabilities. For a complete technical bulletin on SSB, AM and CW use, qsl, RCA Commercial Engineering, Sec. D-37-M, Harrison, N. J.

Typical Operation in Amateur Service to 54 I

_		
cw	AM	\$\$B (AB1)
6.3	6.3	6.3
1250	1000	1250
300	400	400
80	-107	50
250	190	185
4	4	4.5
225	130	135
	6.3 1250 300 80 250	6.3 6.3 1250 1000 300 400 -80 -107 250 190 4 4

\*Max. Signal Value AWith Single-Tone Modulation

Measured at load of output circuit having 90%
efficiency



#### RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.

Another Example of RCA's Contribution to Amateur Rad