EXHIBIT I - M. CUTE

STATEMENT OF JOHN BARRON IN CONNECTION WITH

APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
FOR STATION WCOA - PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

1340 KC - 1 KW - UNLIMITED HOURS

JOHN BARRON

CONSULTING RADIO ENGINEER

EARLE BUILDING

WASHINGTON, D. C.

I TISIHXE

STATEMENT OF JOHN BARBON IN CONNECTION WITH APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT FOR STATION WOOA - PENSACOLA, FLORIDA 1340 KC - 1 KW - UNLIMITED HOURS

I am a consulting radio engineer with offices in the Earle Building. Washington, D. C., and have been engaged by the licensee of Station WCOA to design a directional antenna system and to prepare the following statement and accompanying data to be submitted with and made a part of the application for construction permit requesting authority to increase night-time power to 1 kw and operate with directional antenna at night. The present assignment of this station is 1340 kc, 500 watts night, 1 kw day time, using non-directional antenna and unlimited hours of operation. No change in the daytime operation is requested.

My education and experience are a matter of record on file with the Federal Communications Commission.

The present antenna of station WGOA is a vertical radiator 179 feet high which is shunt excited. The present ground system consists of 120 radials of copper wire buried approximately 8 inches deep, having a length up to 220 feet except where the ground wires enter the waters of Pensacola Bay where they are shorter. It is proposed to increase the height of the present tower and to insulate same. 21 feet will be added to the present tower so that it will be 200 feet above insulators. An additional tower will be installed northwest of the present tower, the spacing being 325° or 458 feet. The second tower will also be 200 feet above insulators. For night-time operation the current in the northwest antenna will be 1.45 times the current in the southeast antenna. The current in the northwest antenna will lead the current in the southeast antenna by 12.4°. The ground system to be installed around the second antenna will consist of 120 radials of No. 10 barescopper wire which will be buried in the salt water of Pensacola Bay, length 18°.

For daytime operation the system will be operated in the non-directional manner the same as at present by supplying the current to one tower and detuning the other tower. A sketch of the proposed antenna and ground system arrangement is attached hereto.

The mathematical computations of the directional antenna patterns are also attached as well as the horizontal and vertical plane radiation patterns.

It is proposed to retain the present transmitter site of Station WCOA inasmuch as this site is entirely satisfactory for the operation herein proposed. A map is attached showing the relation of this site to sirports and airways. Maps are attached showing the comparison between the present and proposed service areas at night as well as the present daytime service area. The following contours are shown: 250, 25, 5, 4, 2 and 0.5 mv/m. At the present time WCOA is limited to 1.6 mv/m at night. As proposed, the station will be limited to the normal contour 2.5 mv/m at night. The 0.5 mv/m centour represents the extent of the primary daytime service area.

Operation of WGOA as proposed will impose the following limitations on existing stations now operating on 1340 ke at night with the exception of EDTH, Dubuque, Iowa, the limitation of which is shown in spite of the fact that EDTH now operates only during daytime hours. This is shown in order to prove that the operation of WGOA as proposed will not prevent nighttime operation by Station EDTH, As all of these stations are interfered with below 1.75 mv/m, it is obvious that the operation of WGOA as proposed will not cause objectionable interference to any existing stations on 1340 kc. This analysis is based upon the POC curve for the second hour after sunset, values exceeded 10% of the time and the assumption that this curve represents the radiation from an 0.311 wavelength antenna:

KDTH	139		0.051	×	30	•	1.44
KONO	137	×	0.0455	×	30	•	1.26
KFRO	58	=	0.136	×	30	=	1.68
WSPD	58.5		0.059		30	=	0.705

(signed) John Barron

Statement of John Barron For WCOA - 3

City of Washington)
t sai

I. John Barren, being first duly sworn, upon oath depose and say that the facts stated in the foregoing report by me subscribed are true of my own personal knowledge except those stated upon information and belief, and those facts I verily believe to be true.

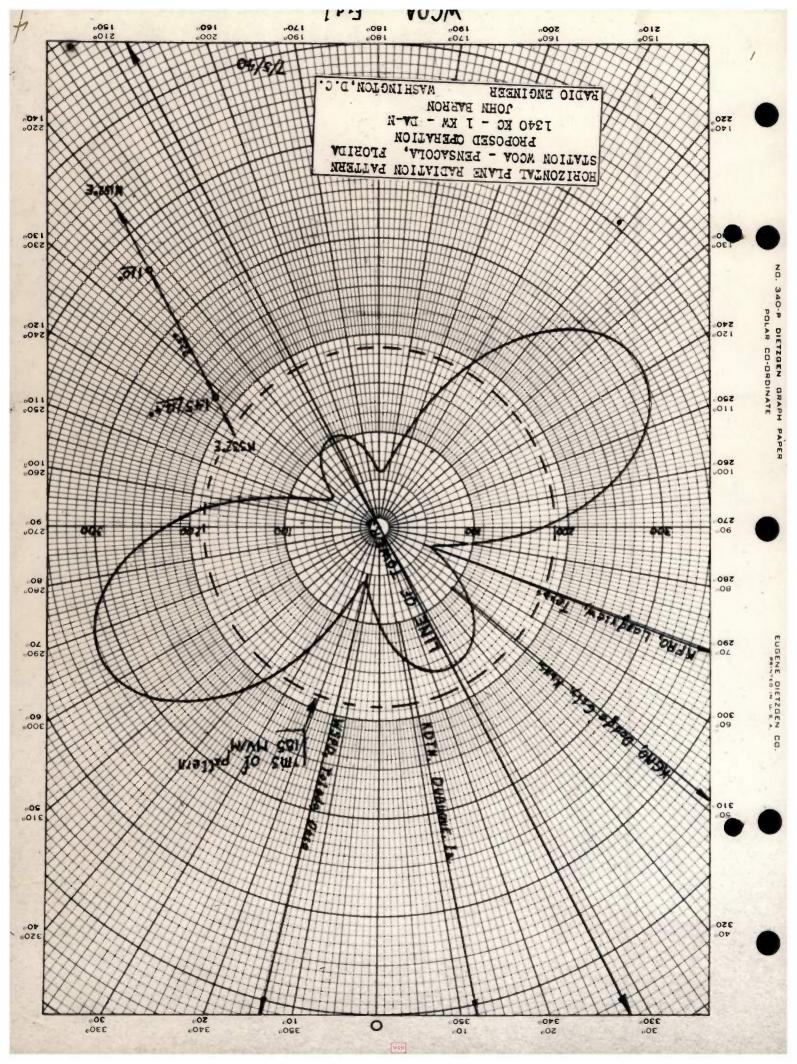
(signed) John Barron

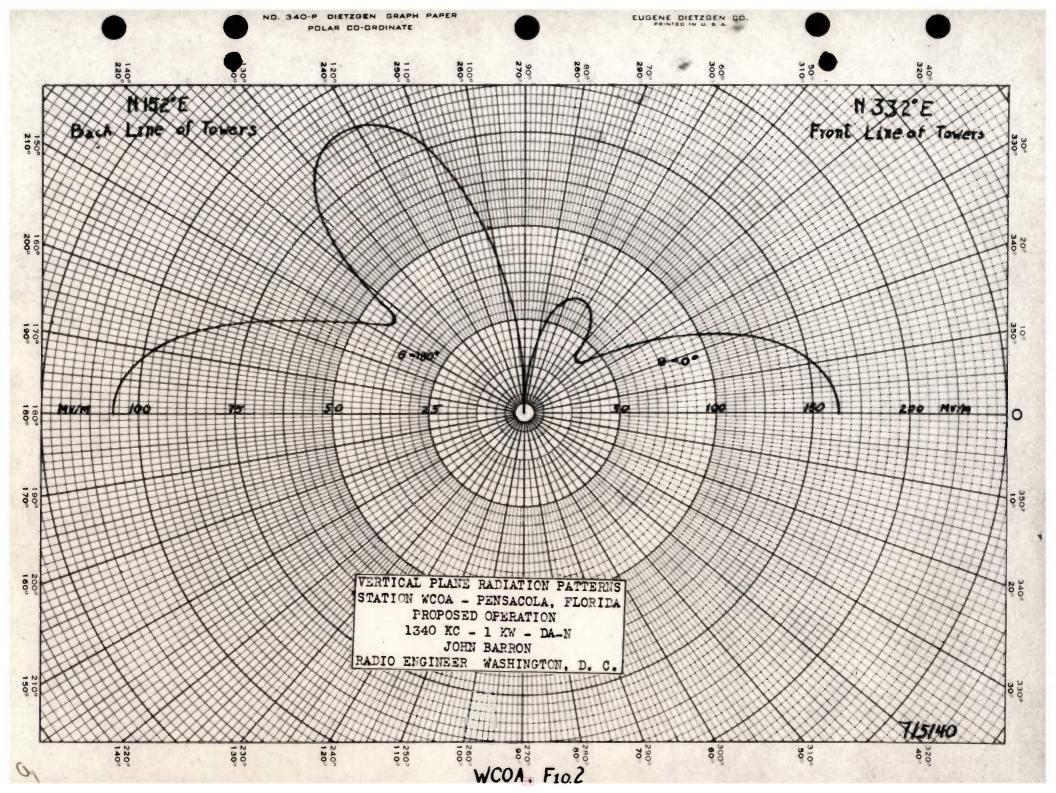
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of July, 1940.

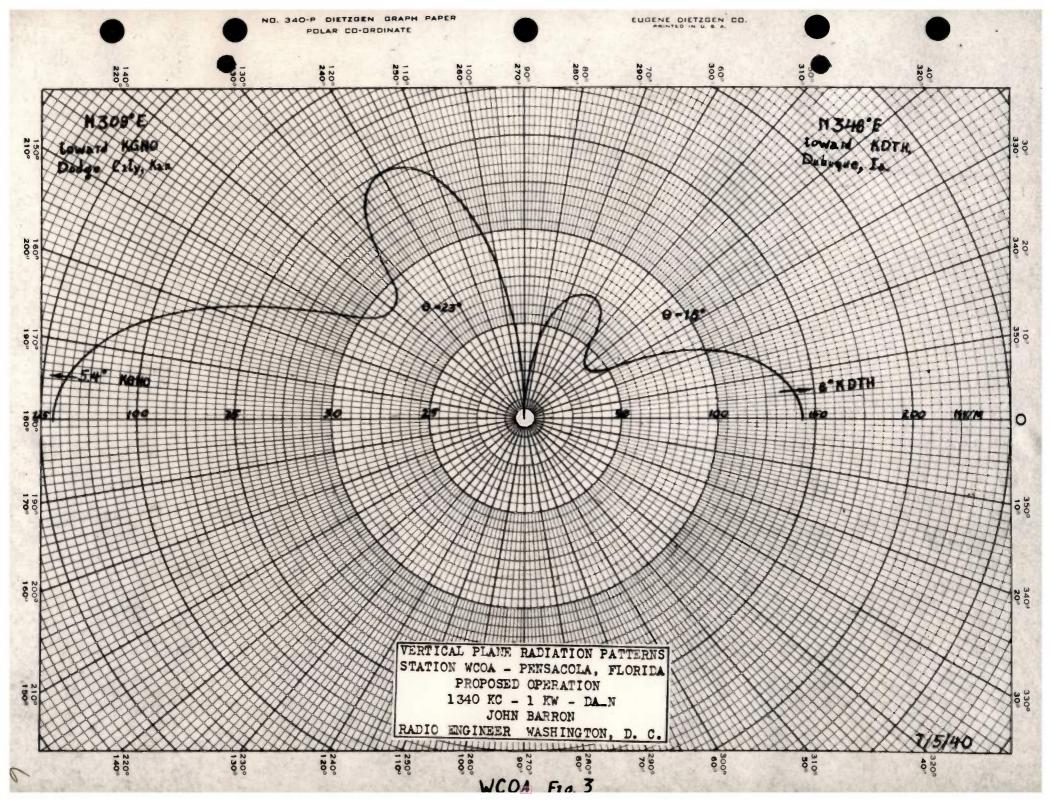
My commission expires 11/15/42

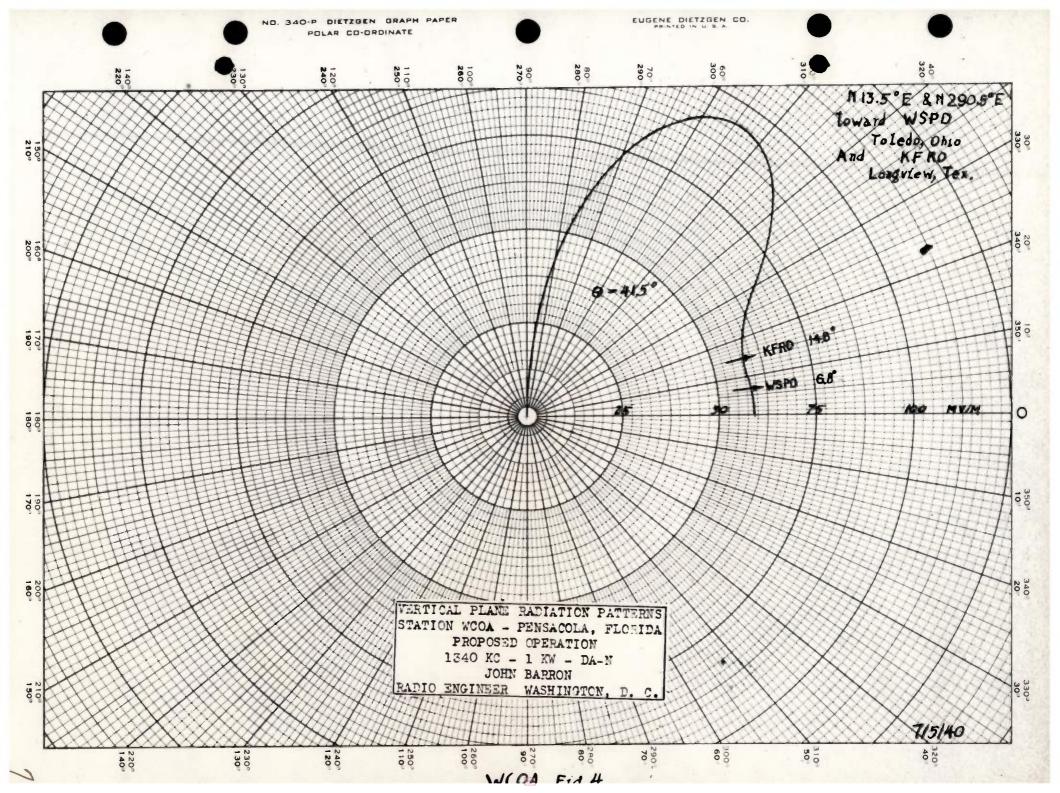
(signed) Nildred G. Murnan

Notary Public, Washington, D. C.









$$R_{"} = R_{22} = 36.6$$

$$R_1 = 36.6 + \frac{13.8}{1.45} \cos(-160-12.4)$$

= 36.6 -9.43 = 27.17

$$R_2 = 36.6 + 1.45 \times 13.8 \cos(-160 + 12.4)$$

= $36.6 - 16.89 = 19.71$

"
$$q_{011}$$
" = $\sqrt{\frac{36.6}{19.71 + 1.45^2 \times 27.17}} = 0.691$

WCOA

1 Kw

Math. 1

Horizontal Plane Radiation Pattern $\phi = 0^{\circ}$

 $\rho = 0$ $E = 131.4 \sqrt{3.102 + 2.9\cos(225\cos\theta + 12.4^{\circ})}$

A	B	C	P	E	F
0	225°c050	B+12.4°	2.9cosC	3.102 + D	131.4√E
0	225.0°	237.4°	-1.562	1.540	1630
10	221.8	234.2	-1.697	1.405	156.0
20	211.5	223.9	-2.090	1.012	1322
30	194.9	207.3	-2518	a524	95.2
40	172.3	186.7	-2.880	0.222	61.9
50	144.7	157.1	-2.675	0.427	85.9
60	112.5	124.9	-1.655	1.447	158,2
70	77.0	89.4	0.030	3.132	232.5
80	39.1	51.5	1.805	4.907	291.5
90	0.0	12.4	2.835	5.937	320,5
100	-39.1	-26.7	2.595	5.697	314.0
110	-77.0	-64.6	1.243	4.345	274.5
120	-112.5	-100.1	-0.504	2.598	212.0
130	-144.7	-137.3	-1.950	1,152	152.0
140	-172.3	-159.9	-2725	0.377	80.8
150	-194.9	-182.5	-2.898	0.204	59.3
160	-211.5	-199.1	-2.740	0.362	79.1
170	-221.8	-209.4	-2.525	0,577	99,9
180	-225.0	-212.6	-2.445	0.657	106.4

WCOA

IKW

Math. 2

0'0	06
0.54	08
0.97	OL
7.88	09
0.28	09
1.95	04
2.84	20
72,3	20
1.79	01
4901	0
dHX (4)}	ø
A	A
	9Hx (4)7 7.79 7.79 7.88 7.88 0.38 0.37 7.98

8	¥
dH x (\$)}	ø
0.531	0
1.521	01
120.8	OZ
171	02
054	04
0'84	05
1.99	09
2:49	OL
665	08
0.0	06

E = 1314 + 160 = 13102 + 1300 = 10001 = 1000 = 10

44	11eM	MY	1	MCOY	
00	126.2	288.5	1171	0.0	06
hoh	1205	5261	4.84	0.98	08
9'19	OHHE	852.0	5.28	6.07	OL
147	988.1	1921-	6'511	5.201	09
8.09	489'0	814.2-	5.941	1.251	09
0'5H	545.0	098.5-	1:121	1.891	0+7
0.55	292.0	048.5-	1.161	2.671	02
6'98	522.0	0857-	1.702	1461	07
4.511	191'0	9867-	4:917	0,405	01
1.551	2980	042.5-	4.612	4.705	0
到例和以	201570	250065	otill+8	\$ 500, 102	ø
1	3	0	2	B	A
	(+121+	\$502 10750	296.5+2013	5/14)} +:15	1=7

Vertical Pattern toward KGNG Dodge Cily, Kans

0.0	1569	2.835	4.51	0.0	06
1.04	5967	598.1	0.02	9.15	08
6.99	388.8	2810	498	0.47	01
72.3	1.730	574,1-	2.051	1'801	09
1.45	P 42.0	845.5-	4:151	0.651	09
5.14	5020	668.5-	5.871	8391	Ot
1.59	6920	287.S-	1.661	2.781	05
5.401	227.0	025.5-	6'917	203.5	02
8.551	1901	2502-	4,225	0,515	01
5.EH1	4811	8167-	3,855	2.815	0
3/4/4/EI	2012+0	2,00,6,5	41114	\$ 205 1.015	ø
4	3	a	2	Я	A

E=1314 f(\$) (3.102+2.9cos(216.2°cos \$+12.4°)

°91= θ

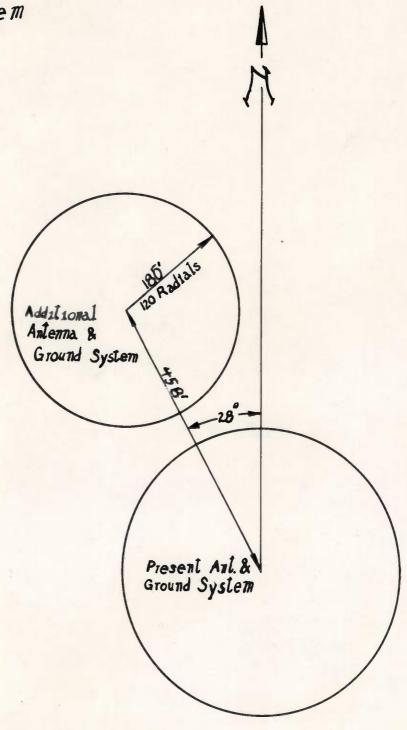
Verlical Pallern Loward KOTH Dubuque, Ia

Vertical Pattern toward WSPD, Toledo, Ohio $\theta = 41.5^{\circ}$ and KFRQ, Long view, Tex. $E = 131.4 f\phi$) $\sqrt{3.102 + 2.9 cos 168.6 cos 9 + 12.4°}$

A	В	C	D	E	F
ø	168.6cos \$	B+12.4°	2.9cosC	3.102+D	131.4 F# FE
0	168.6	181.0	-2.900	0.202	59.0
10	166.1	178.5	-2.900	0.202	57.8
20	158.3	170.7	-2.862	0.240	58.9
30	146.0	158.4	-2.700	0,402	68.1
40	129.1	141.5	-2.268	0.834	83.5
50	108.3	120,7	-1.480	1.622	93.6
60	84.3	96.7	-0,338	2.764	91.4
70	57.7	70.1	0.987	4.089	73,6
80	29.3	41.7	2.165	5.267	41.3
90	0.0	12.4	2.835	5.937	0.0

WCOA

Pensacola, Fla.
Addilional Anlenna
& Ground System



John Barron
Radio Engineer

Washington D.C.

13



