

TECHNICIAN ENGINEER

NOVEMBER, 1958

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS - AFL-CIO



PRINTED ON UNION MADE PAPER

The INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD of ELECTRICAL WORKERS

Gordon M. Freeman Joseph D. Keenan Jeremiah P. Sullivan International President International Secretary International Treasurer

ALBERT O. HARDY

Editor, Technician-Engineer

. . . in this issue

The New Social Security Law	
New MBS Studios in Washington	4
Meany Blasts Defeat of Kennedy-Ives Bill	7
Cleveland Memo	8
Delegates in Attendance at Progress Meeting	9
Local Union Directory	10
IBEW Hams	13
Technical Notes	4
Station Breaks	16

. . . the cover

The Mutual Broadcasting System recently moved its Washington, D. C., studios to new quarters in the Sheraton Park Hotel. IBEW technicians completed the changeover to new facilities overnight in an outstanding display of dedication and proficiency. On our November cover we show you a view of the master control room. Byron Gross of Local 1215 is at the studio console.

The Washington studios are a programming operation, since Mutual owns no transmitting facilities there. A more detailed story of the new studios begins on Page 4.

commentary

Who says that there is no closed shop in Texas? The following reprinted article describes one:

Like many other states, Texas has two contrasting laws—one forbidding a union shop among workers, the other requiring a "closed shop" among lawyers. Under the latter law, known as the "integrated bar," attorneys must keep up their dues standing in the State Bar Association, or be deprived of the right to practice.

The issue went up to the Court of Criminal Appeals in an unusual case, involving an appeal by one Eusebio Martinez, who was sentenced to death last year by a jury for the slaying of a 9-month-old baby. Martinez had contended he was insane at the time, but the jury found he was sane, and this decision was upheld by the Court of Criminal Appeals.

Then, in a petition for a rehearing, filed by Rex Emerson, present attorney for Martinez, the latter contended his previous counsel, Merritt Hines, was "not a competent lawyer," because his dues in the State Bar had not been paid up at the time of the trial. On that basis, Emerson asked reversal of the conviction, and the court granted his petition.

-Labor Newspaper.

the index . . .

For the benefit of local unions needing such information in negotiations and planning, here are the latest figures for the cost-of-living index, compared with 1957 figures: September, 1958-123.7; September, 1957-121.1.

Published monthly by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, 1200 Fifteenth St., N. W., Washington, D. C., for the men and women in the recording, radio and television industries. Entered February 20, 1952, as second-class matter at Washington, D. C., under Act of August 24, 1912. Subscription Price: U. S. and Canada, \$2 per year, in advance.



www.americanradiohistory.com

B EGINNING next year, you'll become eligible for higher Social Security benefits upon retirement. Congress passed a law last summer to raise benefits and to increase premium rates.

In January you'll start paying another half-of-a-per cent Social Security tax on your wages, for a total of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Your employer will be matching that amount—putting in his $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, for a total of 5 per cent—and you will, consequently, be entitled to larger benefit checks once you become eligible for them.

Under the new law, \$4,800 of your annual salary will be taxable.

There are three causes for the Social Security raise in January. For one thing, more people are living longer and needing retirement money. Besides that, there are more dependents in more families. These two factors are causing the Social Security funds to drop a bit—enough so that they have to be replenished by us working people.

The third cause is, of course, the steadily rising cost of living. Some of those benefit checks will hardly buy beans, and retired workers need more to live on.

The new Social Security law, passed by the 85th Congress, this past summer, calls for jumps in payments in 1960 and every three years thereafter until 1969 when the worker and employer will each be paying a maximum of \$216 a year into the "kitty."

At the same time that you will be paying more, pension payments will be increasing 7 per cent. Beginning in January pension increases for the retired will range from \$3 to \$7.50 a month, making the smallest monthly payment of \$33 for a single person earning an average of only \$50 a month and the largest payment of \$190.50 to a person earning \$400 and up a month.

Several changes were made in the provisions concerning disability benefits.

• Dependents of workers drawing disability benefits are now eligible to draw benefits also. Such dependents are: Children under 18 years of age; children over 18, if disabled before the age of 18; a wife of any age, if she has minor children or disabled adult children in her care; a wife at age 62. if she has no children in her care; a dependent husband, at age 65; dependent parents, a mother at age 62, or father at age 65. Previously dependents of disabled workers could not draw Social Security benefits.

• Disabled persons must have worked 20 calendar quarters during the 10 years before the onset of disability to be eligible for Social Security payments. Under the old provisions, a worker also must have worked a year and a half during the last three years of the 10-year period. This additional requirement was dropped.

Eocal 1215 members move equipment to new facilities and have it in operation in seven busy hours after midnight.

H STUDIOS

00000

NEW MBS STUDIOS

IN WASHINGTON

June Beale, receptionist for the new Mutual Studios, invites you into the foyer for a quick tour of the IBEW-manned facilities. Entrance is from the lobby of the fashionable Sheraton-Park Hotel.

THE Mutual Broadcasting System closed down its Washington, D. C., studios at midnight, a few weekends ago, and between sign-off time and 7 o'clock in the morning, the members of Local 1215 worked like so many beavers moving equipment from 1627 K Street, N. W., to the Sheraton Park Hotel, sixteen blocks away.

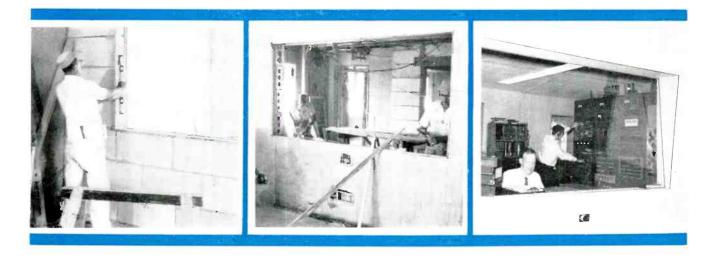
By the time the morning men along the East Coast were playing the Star Spangled Banner and giving a quick look at the weather, the tubes were all warmed up on the studio console, and MBS was ready to feed the world's largest radio network from its facilities just off the Sheraton Park lobby.

The engineering crew was able to install studio and master control facilities that first day. In the days which followed, the finishing touches were added, as additional studio and recording facilities were completed.

By the first week of November, MBS Washington was ready for inspection by delegates to the annual Mutual Affiliates meeting. Today a major portion of all Mutual network programs



C. F. Ray, technical director, completes the wiring of a W. E. 23-C console in an auxiliary MBS control room.



americanradiohistory co

ABOVE LEFT: A carpenter completes the framing in of a studio window, leveling his upright jamb against the block partition.

ABOVE CENTER: The construction work moves to completion. The studios occupy a former open exhibition area in the hotel.

ABOVE RIGHT: In Master Control, Louis Reggio watches the program level, foreground; Richard Wilson, Jr., is at rear.

originate in Washington and are fed from or through the facilities shown on these pages.

Mutual in the nation's capital is strictly a programming operation, since the network does not own transmitting facilities in Washington. Radio Station WOL which is also staffed with members

November, 1958

of Local 1215, serves as Mutual's Washington affiliate.

The general planning for the new facilities and supervision of construction was under the direction of Charles F. Ray, technical director, a longtime member of the IBEW. There are seven additional Local 1215 members at the studios.

The local union has just concluded a new agreement with MBS for its Washington technicians. The pact provides for a top wage scale of \$180 a week at present, moving up to \$185 on November 1, 1959. One of the outstanding agreements in broadcasting, it also provides for three weeks vacation plus an additional week in lieu of holidays after the first year. Vacation time extends to four weeks, plus an additional week in lieu of holidays, after ten years.





ABOVE: Cedric Foster, noted Mutual newscaster and commentator, studies the teletyped reports in the news room of MBS Washingon.

RIGHT: Three MBS staffers corsider what's supposed to go here and what there.



ABOVE: The master control console arrived at its new location completely packaged and protected from damage, as seen at left.



ABOVE: Mutual Technician Dan Brechner urtancles audio cables during the early stages of the installation work.

Meany Blasts Defeat of Kennedy-Ives Bill

THE election landslide of November 4, which swept many labor-supported candidates into national and state offices, puts the possibility of labor reform legislation nearer to reality.

Unions which have fought so hard and so long against anti-union provisions of the Taft-Hartley Law will present to Congress, when it convenes in January, a full list of proposals for revising the law or repealing it altogether and substituting a labor-endorsed bill like Kennedy-Ives.

Advocates of "right to work" legislation in five states beat a hasty retreat from the polls November 4, but we must not forget that the bid for state anti-labor laws succeeded in one state—Kansas. Now, instead of a stalemate at 18 states, we now have 19 states in which "right to work" laws permit open shop hiring and firing and endanger job security.

AFL-CIO President George Meany delivered a fighting speech at our International Brotherhood Convention in Cleveland, last month. He ripped into sponsors of wreck-law legislation and blasted the defeat of the Kennedy-Ives Bill which was before Congress earlier this year.

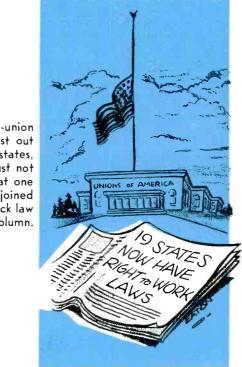
He hit at efforts to make corruption in some labor unions an issue in the anti-union-shop fight. He reminded that the AFL-CIO had sincerely backed the Kennedy-Ives Bill, which would have prevented many cases of labor union corruption, while the National Association of Manufacturers and others fought against it and assured the bill's defeat.

"We are against corruption in labor for two very simple reasons," Meany said. "First, because it is wrong, and, second, because it is bad for the labor movement."

He asked whether business had adopted an ethical practices code comparable to that of the AFL-CIO. He questioned whether "business has done anything to curb those from the business world who have their part in this issue of corruption."

He contended that there were "very few cases" where there was a corrupt union official "that there wasn't a corrupt employer on the other side of the table."

Meany voiced strong doubt as to whether the business community could stand the type of investigation that had been made of the trade union movement by the McClellan Senate Labor-Management Rackets Committee. Though anti-union forces lost out in five states, we must not forget that one more state joined the wreck law column.



He pointed out that the former AFL and CIO, as separate organizations, had for more than four years advocated disclosure legislation for protection of welfare and pension funds of workers.

He charged that the legislation was opposed by business interests because some of the funds were under trusteeship of employers alone.

"This is the type of hypocrisy we can expect from these people who (say they) have the welfare of workers at heart."

Meany hit at the "right to work" name applied to state anti-union efforts as a "fancy slogan" and a fraud. Adoption of any such proposal, he said, would weaken and undermine unions and would not give anyone a job or a right to work.

"That is a God-given right," he added. "It was not given to us by any law. If under a democratic form of government you deny the right of one group in order to implement the supposed right of another group, then we no longer have democracy."

The recent defeat of "right to work" efforts in five states will not deter reactionary groups from their efforts to get state anti-labor laws passed. Labor must continue its vigilance.



ABOVE: Tom Murray of the Grievances and Appeals Committee reports.



ABOVE: The Chairman of the Law Committee, W. L. Vinson.



ABOVE: Louis Sherman, IBEW general council, addresses the Cleveland Convention.

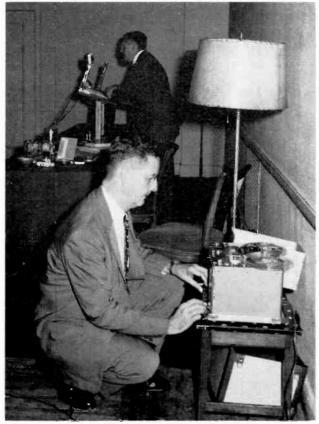
Cleveland Memo

THE Report of the International President, Gordon Freeman, to the Cleveland Convention contained information with regard to broadcasting and recording activities. Among the highlights were the following comments:

• While radio and TV engineers and technicians, by the very nature of their employment and their limited number, are not organized into our Brotherhood in large groups as workers in other segments of our industry, like manufacturing and telephone are, we have, nevertheless had a steady membership rise in this field.

• Insofar as wage gains are concerned, recent cursory surveys made in this field and others indicate that the radio, TV and recording members of our Brotherhood have made outstanding gains. Percentagewise they were among the leading groups for the four-year period just passed.

• The Brotherhood can take particular pride in the participation of its inside, outside and utility local unions in the interests of workers in the radio-TV field. Since our last convention, the concern of many of these local unions in organizing people engaged in broadcasting has taken a marked upswing.



The entire proceedings of the Progress Meeting were recorded on tape. Here, Albert O. Hardy checks the recorder.



A view of the opening session of the Cleveland Progress Meeting.

Delegates in Attendance at the Seventh Annual Progress Meeting

Locul

Local

Delegate	Unio n
Marshall Brown	45
Andrew Draghi	45
H. Pearce	45
E. W. Gayle	49
Fred Hering	49
Stanley L. Hawkins	108
Edward J. Bird	202
Vernon Cronin	202
Fred B. Hallum	202
John Stevens	202
Joe S. Harmon	253
W. W. Malcolm	271
Robert Gomsrud	292
Joseph Krech	292
B. J. Renk	292
Maurice Parson	347
Samuel Burch	349
Kenneth Cooper	453
Dana E. Wolfe	479
John S. Andrews	662
James A. Wilkerson	715
Theodore Hubert	995
L. A. Thompson	995
Robert L. Grevemberg	1139
George W. Magdich	1193
Charles A. Calame	1212

	Local
Delegate	Union
Nathaniel DeGutz	1212
Howard Lester	1212
E. B. Servoss	1212
Frank Green	1215
Ralph A. Barnett	1217
Richard McNutt	1218
Kurt Schmeisser	1218
Harry Giancotti	1219
Joseph Maxin	1219
Marvin Balousek	1220
Robert Beutlich	1220
Milton Fenner	1220
Melvin Marcus	1220
Murray G. Smith	1221
J. Frank Atwood	1224
Robert Knapp	1224
Hobert Autterson	1225
George Cairns	1228
William Flynn	1228
Ray Miehle	1241
Walter L. Reed	1259
Thomas F. Holland	1266
Charles Weiss	1266
Bernard Neher	1286
Robert Pratt	1292
Bill Ticen	1292

w americanradiohistory co

Local Delegate Union William Driver 1295 Calvin J. Miller 1295 Charles Widney 1300 Carl Westhaver 1318 Lawrence J. Rimshaw 1400 Walter L. Taylor 1823 Dennis Thuis 1823 Harold J. Becker, Int'l Staff . (1217) Taylor L. Blair, Int'l Staff ... (662) Forrest C. Conley, Int'l Staff (602) Kenneth D. Cox, Int'l Staff . (1215) Albert O. Hardy, Int'l Staff . (1215) Freeman L. Hurd, Int'l Staff (1220) O. E. Johnson, Int'l Staff ... (253) Russell D. Lighty, Int'l Staff (1343) George A. Mulkey, Int'l Staff (77)Walter E. Reif, Int'l Staff ... (1294) W. A. Smith, Int'l Staff (1219)

NOTE: This is the list of delegates who registered, and it is not necessarily complete. Other convention activities, running simultaneously, may have caused your local union's delegate to reach the meeting too late for the opening registration.



LOCAL UNIONS Having Broadcast Technician Members

As of November 1, 1958

	Local and City	Officer (Business Manager Unless Noted), Address and Telephone
12 31 45	Duluth, Minn,	. Bernard C. Strand, 1903 Lakeview Ave., Pueblo, Colo. Phone: LI. 2-1417. . Clyde J. Giles, 203 Labor Temple, Duluth 2, Minn. Phone: Randolph 2-2671. . Andrew J. Draghi, 7265 Santa Monica Blvd., Hollywood 46, Calif. Phone: Holly- wood 3-2317.
49 65 77 108 124 135 202	Butte, Mont. Seattle, Wash. Tampa, Fla. Kansas City, Mo. La Crosse, Wis. San Francisco, Calif.	 E. W. Gayle, 1417 S. W. Third Ave., Portland 1, Oreg. Phone: Capitol 8-7683. John Banovich, 2223 Hazel St., Butte, Mont. Phone: 2-7818. Arthur B. Kenny, 1718 Melrose Ave., Seattle 22, Wash. Phone: East 3-4505. A. W. Schmidt, P. O. Box 3287, Tampa 1, Fla. Phone: 2-0268. Andrew F. Harvey, 104 W. 40th St., Kansas City 2, Mo. Phone: Jefferson 7711. O. R. Neisius, 423 King St., La Crosse, Wis. Phone: 2-9337. Edward J. Bird, 2450 17th St., Rm. 302, San Francisco 10, Calif. Phone: Market 1-7786.
$\begin{array}{c} 202\\ 253\\ 271\\ 292\\ 338\\ 347\\ 437\\ 453\\ 479\\ 5030\\ 662\\ 676\end{array}$	Birmingham, Ala. Wichita, Kans. Minneapolis, Minn. Denison, Tex. Des Moines, Iowa Miami, Fla. Coffeyville, Kans. Fall River, Mass. Springfield, Mo. Beaumont, Tex. Meadville, Pa. Sarnia, Ont., Can. Chattanooga Tenn	Gilbert de la Laing, A.B.M., 258 West Shaw Ave., Fresno, Calif. Phone: 7-3286. Joseph S. Harmon, 1829 Woodland Ave., S. W., Birmingham, Ala. Phone: 5-2140. W. W. Malcolm, 1040 South Broadway, Wichita, Kans. Phone: Amherst 7-8255. Joseph F. Krech, 243 Foshay Tower, Minneapolis 2, Minn. Phone: Federal 9-0091. J. Cantrell, Labor Temple, 511½ West Main St., Denison, Tex. Phone: HO. 5-5323. Harold A. Baker, 1129 Sixth Ave., Des Moines 14, Iowa. Phone: Cherry 3-1924. Wm. C. Johnson, 1657 N. W. 17th Ave., Miami 35, Fla. Phone: Newton 5-4546. E. W. Maggard, 1311 South Maple, Coffeyville, Kans. Phone: OS. 4-2432. Jack F. Moore, 4081½ W. Walnut St., Springfield 1, Mo. Phone: UN! 4-7252. Dana E. Wolfe, 1965 Park St., Beaumont, Tex. Fhone: 4-8252. William Ferry, 8871½ Water St., Meadville, Pa. Phone: 4-0475. David T. Butt, 703 Grove Ave., Sarnia, Ont., Can. John S. Andrews, Box 811, Dalton, Ga. Phone: Dalton 873. J. B. Boleware, Labor Temple, 114 East Gregory St., Pensacola, Fla. Phone:
1715	Milwaukee, Wis.	Hemlock 2-6978. James A. Wilkerson, Pres., 5006 West Burleigh St., Milwaukee 10, Wis. Phone: Hilltop 5-1664.
768 816 969	Paducah, Ky Grand Junction, Colo	Arthur Baril, Rm. 9-10, Ford Bldg., Kalispell, Mont. Phone: Sky 6-5232. Owen L. Kerth, 1025 Kentucky Ave., Paducah, Ky. Phone: 5-7263. Norman R. Dean, Rm. 210, Electric Bldg., Grand Junction, Colo. Phone: Chapel 2-3432.
$\begin{array}{c} 995 \\ 1077 \\ 1139 \\ 1141 \end{array}$	Bogalusa, La.	 L. A. Thompson, 405 St. Ferdinand St., Baton Rouge 10, La. Phone: Dickens 3-6350. Otis Carter, 715 Superior Ave., Bogalusa, La. Phone: RE. 5-5064. Robert L. Grevemberg, P. O. Box 4034, New Orleans, La. Phone: VE. 5-0801. Raymond G. Duke, 1141 N. W. 1st St., Oklahoma City 4, Okla. Phone: Regent 6-5449.
$1173 \\ 1193 \\ 1212$	Atlanta, Ga New York, N. Y	Chester F. Lentz, R. F. D. 1, Linglestown, Pa. Phone: KI. 5-5918. George Magdich, 3014 Hollywood Drive, Decatur, Ga. Phone: Melrose 4-5977. Charles A. Calame, 11 W. 42nd St., Suite 786, New York 36, N. Y. Phone: PE. 6-8216.
$ \begin{array}{r} 1213 \\ 1214 \\ 1215 \\ 1217 \\ \end{array} $	Bismarck, N. Dak Washington, D. C St. Louis, Mo	 Donald R. Williams, Pres., 702 S. McCullough, Urbana, Ill. Phone: 7-7913. Leo H. Litt, P. O. Box 752, Bismarck, N. Dak. Phone: Capitol 3-1193. Frank X. Green, 10513 Bucknell Dr., Silver Spring, Md. Phone Lockwood 5-1126. Ralph Barnett, 107 Slavin Bldg., 8000 Bonhomme Ave., Clayton 5, Mo. Phone: Volunteer 3-2060.
1218		Richard L. McNutt, 29601 Ravenscroft Rd., Farmington, Mich. Phone: Mayfair
$\begin{array}{c} 1219 \\ 1220 \end{array}$	Chicago, Ill.	. Joseph Maxin, 357 Afton Ave., Youngstown 12, Ohio. Phone: St. 8-7964. . Marvin W. Balousek, Pres., 400 N. Michigan Ave., Rm. 514, Chicago 11, Ill. Phone: Superior 7-5244.
1221 1223 1224 1225	Portland, Me. Cincinnati, Ohio Indianapolis, Ind.	 Murray G. Smith, Pres., Memphis, Nebr. Phone: 4-8617. David deBree, Pres., R. F. D. 2, Cumberland Center, Me. J. Frank Atwood, Jr., 3297 Diehl Rd., Cincinnati 11, Ohio. Phone: Humboldt 1-6197. Hobert Autterson, 3518 E. Michigan St., Rn. 209, Indianapolis 1, Ind. Phone: Fleetwood 9-3584. George T. Cairns, 236 Huntington Ave., Rm. 402, Boston 15, Mass. Phone: Cop-
1228	boston, mass.	ley 7-5221.

www.americanradiohistory.com

	Local and City	Address and Telephone
1229	- •	Bruce Fleming, P. O. Box 5194, Ardmore Station, Winston Salem, N. C. Phone: Park 4-0403.
$\frac{1234}{1240}$	Fort Worth, Tex.	Homer J. Venso, Pres., 3520 Avenue D, Fort Worth, Tex. Phone: JE. 5-0530. Gordon Nelson, Pres., 1409 N, 12th St., Fargo, N. Dak. Phone: 2-7065.
1241	Philadelphia, Pa.	Raymond Freedman, P. O. Box 97, Bala-Cynwyd, Pa., Phone: Greenwood 7-6931.
1257	Dallas, Tex.	Hudson Hammond, 1837 Piedmont, Irving, Tex. Phone: 3-6780.
1259	Kansas City, Mo.	Walter L. Reed, 1017 Washington St., Kansas City 5, Mo. Phone: Baltimore 1-5054.
1260	Honolulu, T. H.	Francis J. Kennedy, 2305 So. Beretania, Honolulu 14, T. H. Phone: 9-3445.
1264	Mobile, Ala	J. C. Burns, 2104 Highland Court, Mobile, Ala. Phone: Hemlock 3-4256.
1266	Dayton, Ohio	Charles F. Weiss, Pres., 6716 Timberline Dr., Dayton 3, Ohio. Phone: Ch. 4-3221.
1275	Memphis, Tenn.	William L. Nelson, 4210 Victor Dr., Memphis, Tenn. Phone: MU. 3-6786.
1281	11011401101, 11	
1282	Springfield, Mass.	3-2459
1286	Louisville, Ky.	Bernard Neher, Pres., 600 Seneca Ave., Louisville 9, Ky. Phone: Emerson 3-5648.
1287	Tulsa, Okla.	Ray H. Bryant, Route 14, Box 369, Tulsa, Okla. Phone: FI. 5-4487.
1292		
1294	Hartford & Bridgeport, Conn.	William Canora, Pres., 21 Elm Drive, West Hartford, Conn. Phone: AD 3-1605.
1295	Grand Rapids, Mich.	Carvin J. Miller, 11es., 2000 Woodenin Tree, S. 2., drama 22, pro-
		Glendale 2-4436.
1299	Montgomery, Ala.	A. F. Wright, Pres., P. O. Box 1782, Montgomery, Ala. Phone: 4-6762. F. J. Distelzweig, Pres., 1687 S. High St, Columbus 7, Ohio Phone: HI. 4-1300.
1300	Columbus, Ohio	Cecil Morrow, 1809 S. Harrison St., Little Rock, Ark. Fhone: Mohawk 6-8555.
1304	Little Rock, Ark.	Herman G. Fullerton, Pres., 118 Willow St., Halifax, Nova Scotia. Phone: 4-3837.
1318	Halifax, N. S., Can.	Donald Dewsnap, Pres., 2309 Brunswick Pike. Trenton 8, N. J. Phone: OW. 5-8515.
1343	Trenton, N. J.	James M. Matson, Pres., 118 E. Huisache, San Antonio, Tex. Phone: PE. 5-7808.
1348	San Antonio, Tex.	John Bruggeman, 1520 44th St., Rock Island, Ill. Phone: 6-4351.
1349	Rock Island, Ill.	M A Powlishta Pres 217 10th St., N. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Phone: E.M. 3-1307.
1374	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Charles D. Cooper, 3318 Chesley Ave., Baltimore 14, Md. Phone: Hamilton 6-2076.
1400	Baltimore, Md.	C Homis Pres 2 Boundary Ave., Flin Flon, Man., Can. Phone: 4149.
1405	Flin Flon, Man., Can.	Joseph Sigwarth, 17 Mary Hodge Dr., Schenectady 9, N. Y. Phone: Union 9-7540.
1415	Albany, N. Y.	Rocco Catalfamo, 115 Holly Hill Drive, Pittsburgh 9, Pa. Phone: Forest 4-1157.
1481	Pittsburgh, Pa.	James E. Weatherbee, P. O. Box 2, Gadsden, Ala. Phone: 6-6408.
$\frac{1564}{1823}$	Gadsden, Ala Denver, Colo	Dennis I. Thuis, 901 E. 17th Ave., Denver 18, Colo. Phone: TA. 5-1311.
1823	Yuma, Ariz.	Curtis Bridgeman, 1743 Madison Ave., Yuma, Ariz. Phone: Sunset 2-2925.

I. Jan Mated)

INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

District District	$\frac{3}{4}$	Walter Reif, 82 Kohary Dr., Devon, Conn. Phone: Trinity 4-2124. Russell D. Lighty, R.F.D. 1, Lafayette, N. J. Phone: Newton, N. J., 1521. W. A Smith, c/o Local Union 38, 3043 Superior Ave, N. E., Cleveland 14, Ohio. Phone: Superior 1-6469.
District District	$\frac{6}{7}$	O. E. Johnson, 757 Vines Ave., Fairfield, Ala. Phone: State 6-0618. Freeman L. Hurd, 135 No. Harvey Ave., Oak Park, Ill. Phone: Euclid 6-0389. Forrest C. Conley, Route 4, Box 708B, Albuquerque, N. Mex. Phone: Diamond 4-7259.
		R. H. Wooden, 2965 So. Clayton St., Denver 10, Colo. Phone: Skyline 6-1639. Harold J. Becker, 6915 Lake Dr., East St. Louis, Ill. Phone: Drexel 3-2343. Taylor L. Blair, Jr., 4993 Haleville Rd., Whitehaven, Tenn. Phone: Memphis Express: 7-7546.

ATTEND YOUR LOCAL UNION MEETINGS REGULARLY

A union needs each member's support in order that the union may speak with a voice of

authority in negotiations and in settling grievances. A union needs the ideas and experi-

ence of each member to work successfully toward its goals. Each member has a vote in

the affairs of his union, and he has an obligation to exercise that vote.

New York Board of Regents Utilize WPIX Facilities

The New York State Education Department is offering over twenty hours of weekly classroom instruction by television on WPIX, Channel 11, in New York City. Telecasting began on September 22.

The television school day will run from 10 a.m. to 12 noon and from 1 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. State Education Commissioner James E. Allen, Jr. announced that twelve subjects for elementary and secondary grade are included in the schedule and the teachers will prepare day-by-day lesson guides for the classroom teacher.

The course content, in every case, Allen said, is taken from the State Education Department syllabuses.

The elementary subjects taught are Spanish, three science courses, music and citizenship. Secondary school subjects are mathematics, science, English, citizenship, physics, and arts and crafts. There is also a pre-school education course for mothers and their children of pre-kindergarten age.

The use of the television instruction is not mandatory, but reports from school superintendents indicate that substantial use of the programs is being made.

James MacAndrew has been appointed by the New York State Board of Regents as the new executive director of the project. Macandrew has been granted a leave of absence from his position as director of broadcasting for the New York City Board of Education, but will continue his duties as moderator of "Camera Three" over the CBS network.

The New York State Education Department has use of the station from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Special programming is being offered from 12 to 1 and from 3:30 to 5, those hours not taken up with in-school programming. META is telecasting "French Through Television" in the 12 to 12:30 time slot.

Building Trades Rally To Aid of Bombed School

The recent bombing of the Clinton, Tenn., High School by racial extremists brought to the attention of millions of Americans the precarious state of public education in many states.

The dynamite placed carefully by persons well trained in its use made the school almost completely inoperable. As a consequence, the school children were forced to go many miles each day to Oak Ridge and surrounding areas for their education.

Awakened to the plight at Clinton by newspaper headlines, many groups and individuals came to the immediate aid of the town. In the vanguard of those to come to the rescue were the building trades unions of the AFL-CIO, who offered to rebuild the school with funds donated by many organizations.

Richard Gray, Building Trades Department president told Newspaper Columnist Drew Pearson, "We can't let one little community bear the brunt of terrorism. People may have mixed opinions about integration, but none of them have mixed feelings about using bombs to retard school children. We want to help."

Peter Schoemann, president of the Plumbers, said, "I used to be a member of the school board in Milwaukee. I know something about these problems. These kids in Tennessee ought not to suffer because of a mad bomber. Plumbing fixtures for schools aren't as expensive as for office buildings or private homes, and if one of the big plumbing fixture companies will put up the fixtures, I know my men will want to do their share."

Organized labor, in general, has reacted strongly to the acts of violence against public schools. Money is beginning to reach Clinton from all over the nation to help rebuild the school.

AFL-CIO Council Thanks Voters Who Killed R-to-W

The AFL-CIO Executive Council recently voiced its "sincere thanks" to the voters in five states who helped defeat "right-to-work" proposals.

The measures were defeated in California, Ohio, Colorado, Washington and Idaho. Kansas adopted a constitutional amendment barring union shop provisions in collective bargaining agreements.

The voters in the five states, said the council, "believe as we do that destruction of the labor movement would do irreparable damage to one of the bulwarks of democracy."

Technicians Vote IBEW In Many Recent Elections

The IBEW Radio-TV Division came away the winner in a number of recent elections. The technicians employed by RKO Teleradio at two of their stations (WHBQ, Memphis, and WGMS, Washington) have voted in separate elections for IBEW representation. Local Union 1481 has been chosen by the technicians at Television Station WTAE. Local Union 1221 of Omaha, Nebraska, has been designated by the technicians at Station WOW for representation and finally, a contested election at KTVK, Phoenix, has been decided by the National Labor Relations Board in behalf of Local Union 640.

If your calf letters should be on this list, write the editor today.

IBEW Hams Revised as of November, 1958

1

Contract of and the second se

and a local division of

An up-to-date list of IBEW members who operate short wave radio stations.

 <i>A Employed</i> WSPD WKRC-TV WXXZ-TV WXXZ-TV WXXZ-TV WXXZ-TV WSAI WSAI WSAI WSAI WSAI WCR-TV WCN-TV WFOX Mobile MCFL WCFL WCFL WCFL MAY MAY WCFL WDAF CBS-TV WFBM WCFL WDAF WCGO-TV WFBM WESN-TV WDAF WDAF WDAF WDAF WCO-TV WDAF
Frequency or tendes Frequency or tendes 20 AMI & CW 20 AMI & CW 20 AMI & CW 30 CW & SSB 40 10, 15, 20 AM, CW 20, 10, 75 AM 20 AM, CW 20, 10, 75 AM 20 AM, CW 40 10, 15, 20 AM, CW 50, 40 AM, CW 6 AM & CW 50, 5 MC 80 CW, 75 AM 15, 20, 40, CW 8 40 10, 15, 75 AM 15, 20, 40, CW 8 40 CW 75 AM 15, 20, 40, CW 8 10, 15, AM 40 10, 15, AM 10, 15 AM 10, 15 AM 10, 15 AM 10, 15 AM 20 SSB 10, 15 AM 20 SSB 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 10, 15 CW 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 SSB, 2 AM 20 10, 15 CW 20 SSB, 2 AM
Call Letters W8EZA W8LD W8LD W8LD W8LD W8LD W8LD W8LD W8LD
Employed WBAL-TV WTOP WTOP WTOP WTOP WDR-TV WBCO WLW-A (TV) WDR-TV WDR-T
Frequency or Bunds Worked2020, 40 AM20, 40 AMLow power 20 CWAll bands20, 75 SSB20, 75 SSB20, 75 SSB20, 75 SSBAll bands20, 15, 20 SSBAll bands20, 15, 20 SSB21, 15, 40, 80 CW40, CW21, 15, 40, 80 CW21, 15, 20, 40, CW & AM22, 10, 40, 160 AM10, 15, 20, 40, CW & AM20, 40, CW20, 40, 75 AM20, 40, 75 AM20, 40, 75 AM20, 40 CWAll bands, CWAll bands, CW & Mobile10, 15, 20 CW20, 40 CW
Call Letters W3NOC W3ND W3TM W3TM W3NF W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ALA W4ANE W4A
Employed WJAR-TV WBZ WNAC WBZ WHEB WNAC WADH-TV WJAR-T
Frequency or Bonds Worked 6 only since 1931 75, 40, 15 All bands, CW 80, 10 CW 10, 10 CW 10, 15, 75 80, 40, 80, CW 10, 15, 75 80, 40, 80, CW 10, 15, 20, 40, 80, CW 10, 15, AM 10 AM 10 AM 20, 40 AM All Bands CW 20, 40 AM 20, 40 CW 20,
K2TYW W1BIL W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KDI W1KZW W1KZW W1KZW W1KZW W2KZ W2AUF W

americanradiohistory

l I I

1



Portable Color TV

RCA scientists have experimentally developed a fully transistorized portable color television system "using so little power that it can be operated from automobiletype storage batteries," according to Dr. V. K. Zworykin, honorary vice president of RCA. The laboratory system, contained in two compact units which weigh a total of 65 pounds, and use 75 w less power than the sealedbeam headlights of an automobile, can be run either with batteries or a fixed power supply, Dr. Zworykin said.

The system is designed for closed-circuit applications in industry defense, education and research, he said, adding, "It promises ultimately to extend the application of color television into new fields where compactness, portability and operating economy are essential." The laboratory equipment, however, contains a number of components which are not yet commercially available, Dr. Zworykin said.

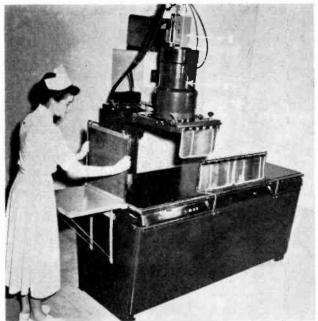
One Gun Color Progress

Allen B. DuMont Labs is still working to develop the Lawrence one-gun color tube "for incorporation in lower-price color TV sets." Though Emerson Laboratories recently acquired DuMont's consumer products line, the Lawrence tube is not affected by the transaction. DuMont is licensed by Chromatic Labs of Paramount Pictures to develop the tube, and, it's understood, once the prototype is workable in set design, DuMont will manufacture the tubes.

Luminescent Compound

Electroluminescence from the surface layer of barium titanate has been observed at the National Bureau of Standards and is now being used as a tool to study the material itself. The light emission, which is extremely low in both intensity and efficiency, occurs when a radiofrequency voltage is applied to the BaTiO₃ sample. Data obtained from the emitted light have led to an understanding of the mechanism by which the light is gen-

TV Above X-Ray Table



NEW CARDIOLOGICAL X-RAY EQUIPMENT. The Rauland Corporation's new x-ray image tube has permitted the development, by the Picker Company, of specialized cardiological x-ray equipment (shown here) and the use of TV as a method of viewing. (Arrow "A" shows tube housing.) Image of the area under scrutiny is picked up by television camera (see arrow "B") and reproduced on screen of standard TV receiver (here partly hidden by TV camera). Use of TV permits contrast enrichment in the reproduced image, and also group viewing by physicians—in another room, if desired. The IBEW union label appears on Rauland products.

erated. This. in turn, provides knowledge about the unusual surface layer of barium titanate.

Barium titanate is used extensively in electronic devices because of its desirable dielectric and piezoelectric properties. Important applications of this material include high-capacity miniature capacitors, and transducers used in accelerometers, sound detectors, and ultrasonic transmitters. In addition, BaTiO₃ memory elements for use in computers are now in the developmental stage in many laboratories. However, these memory units, at present, tend to fatigue or "forget."

GE 640-Mile Relay

General Electric Co. has completed in "record" time an over-the-horizon relay project for the U.S. Air Force, bridging 640 miles in a single hop. The single-hop tropospheric scatter system may hold the key to eventual transoceanic television, GE's technical products depart ment believes.

GE designed and developed the single-sideband relay in conjunction with the Lincoln Laboratory of Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Lexington, Mass. It has been under test between Millstone Hill near Boston and Sauratown Mt. near Winston-Salem, N. C.

GE said such development normally requires 6 years but that this project required only 11/2 years from drawing board to completion. It is a prototype for the first over-the-horizon communication system to be used by the Air Force as the main line link between Advanced Arctic bases. GE was prime contractor under a \$10 million Defense contract.

The new two-way scatter system develops one billion watts effective radiated power and the single hop would replace the 26 microwave relay stations presently required to bridge a 640-mile span. The O/H system now linking Florida and Cuba spans 185 miles. The new system offers "extreme reliability," according to GE, in the order of 99.99 percent of operating time. Of the total 8,760 hours in a year, the system would fail to get a message through for only split seconds at a time totaling less than a half-hour during the year, GE claimed. The O/H scatter system functions by beaming highpowered signals with a huge parabolic antenna into the troposphere. A similar antenna at the receiving end "scoops up" the tropospheric-reflected scatter by aiming so as to intersect the beam in the sky. Most of the signal continues on into space and is unusable since it is only partially reflected, or "scattered."

ITT Over-Horizon Signal

A new amplifier, still in the laboratory stage, has been announced by the International Telephone & Telegraph Corp. which will extend by 100 miles the present 250mile range of over-the-horizon microwave scatter radio relay links. O/H radio relays, such as the one linking Florida and Cuba for television and telephone service, bounce signals off the troposphere to span distances without intermediate relays.

Developed at the ITT laboratory in Nutley, N. J., the new device is a parametric amplifier which has the capacity to increase the volume of the received signal without amplifying extraneous radio noise. The basic element of the amplifier is a sub-miniature silicon diode component, also an ITT development. Equally important is the fact that the new amplifier will permit O/H links to operate at the same efficiency with 90 percent less power than presently required, ITT explained.

Rubies and Reception

Television reception over much greater distances than now possible and communication with space vehicles is promised from U. of Michigan experiments with man-made rubies.

The "ruby maser," a low temperature device said to be able to outperform electron tubes and transistors, has been developed at the university. The maser harnesses the gyroscopic motion of electrons at near-zero temperatures to amplify very weak radio signals. Sensitivity is such that the instrument can detect the small natural radio emission from objects warmer than the ruby. It reportedly can discern radiation from cool matter a short distance away or from invisible stars thousands of light years distant.

The university is planning to incorporate the system into the 85-ft. radio telescope it is constructing.

Vatican Coverage

The television stations and networks of two continents gave extensive coverage to the coronation of Pope John XXIII early this month. Two hundred men, 14 television cameras and five remote trucks, four miles of wire in and around St. Peter's Basilica, and special jet planes waiting in London, were some of the arrangements made.

The Italian state-owned radio and TV network (RAI-TV), which won praise from the Vatican for its Europewide transmission of funeral rites for the late Pope Pius XII, outdid itself in preparations for the 3¹/₂-hour coronation ceremony.

Millions watched the rites over 10-million TV screens in the 14-nation "Eurovision" hookup.

ers, 1200 Finteenth Street, N. W.; Editor, Aber O. Haloy, Haloy Finteenth Street, N. W.; Manging Editor, None; Business Manager, None. 2. The owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately thereunder the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a partnership or other unincorporated firm, its name and address, as well as that of each individual member, must be given. If owned by a Brotherhood Electrical Workers (an incorporated labor organization), 1200 Fifteenth Street, N. W.; Washington 5, D. C. 3. The known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mort-gages, or other securities are: (If there are none, so state.) None. 4. Paragraphs 2 and 3 include, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustees or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the persons or corpora-tion for whom such trustee is acting; also the statements in the two paragraphs show the affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the cir-cumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees. Hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner.

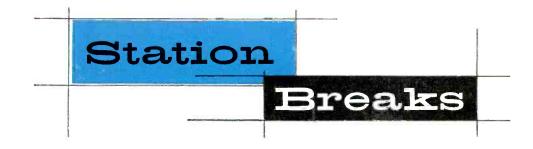
hold stock and securities in a contrast of each issue of this publication 5. The average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the 12 months preceding the date shown above was: (This information is required from daily, weekly, semiweekly, and triweekly newspapers only.)

ALBERT O. HARDY Editor

Editor. Sworn to and subcribed before me this 28th day of October. 1958. LAWSON WIMBERLY,

(My commission expires September 30, 1962.)

^{STATEMENT REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF AUGUST 24. 1912. AS} AMENDED BY THE ACTS OF MARCH 3, 1933. AND JULY 2, 1946 (Title 39, United States Code, Section 233) SHOWING THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, AND CIRCULATION OF: Radio, TV and Recording Technician-Engineer, published monthly at Washington, D. C. for October, 1958.
1. The names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor. and business managers are: Publisher, Int'l. Bro. of Electrical Work-ers, 1200 Fifteenth Street, N. W.; Editor, Albert O. Hardy, 1200 Fif-teenth Street, N. W.; Managing Editor, None; Business Manager, None.



McClellan Films Probed

Last April it was revealed that the National Association of Manufacturers peddled free to television stations a version of the McClellan hearings on the Kohler strike and that TV stations passed these shows off as "public service" programs.

After AFL-CIO President George Meany lodged a formal complaint with the Federal Communications Commission, that agency launched an investigation. The probe, which is still being carried on, has now produced its first results:

The FCC announced it has sent letters to four television stations, charging them with violating the Communications Act and the commission's rules by releasing the NAM's kinescope films without identifying their sponsor.

The letters went to KSTP-TV, St. Paul; WDAY-TV, Fargo. N. Dak.; KFYR-TV, Bismarck, N. Dak. and WMOT-TV. Minot, N. Dak. The latter three stations received the films from KSTP, through interconnection facilities.

The FCC said the probe is still going on to see if there are further violations among the 27 stations across the nation that received the NAM films.

As first disclosed by *The Reporter*, a bi-weekly news magazine. NAM arranged with WTTG-TV in Washington to make summaries of films of the hearings, which it bought from that station. The summaries dealt predominantly with the management side.

WSPD-TV Joins Network

WSPD-TV. Toledo, Ohio, switches its primary affiliation from CBS-TV to ABC-TV effective October 26, it was annouced August 15 by the executive vice president of Storer Broadcasting Co. ABC-TV says this is the first time a one-station market station has changed primary affiliation. Members of Local Union 1218 are employed by the station.

Literate Listener

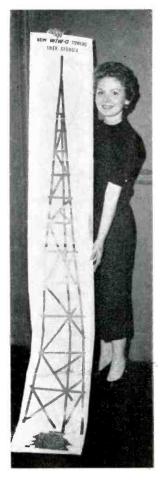
Columnist Bill Gold of the Washington, D. C., *Post* and *Times Herald* reports that postal workers occasionally come across a letter addressed to: "The Station to Which You Are Listening."

Hartford UHF Closes

UHF television suffered another blow early last month, as CBS announced that it would close its Channel 18 WHCT (TV) at Hartford, Conn., and affiliation of the network with WTIC-TV of Hartford, an independent VHF station.

The move became effective this month. It was the second network-owned UHF station to be abandoned in recent months—the first being NBC-operated WBUF(TV), Buffalo, N. Y.

CBS, Inc. President Frank Stanton said the decision to close WHCT was reached "with great reluctance and regret." The station was manned by members of Local Union 1294.



Technician-Engineer

Tall Tower

Taking pride in its new "Tower of Stars," Crosley Television Station WLW-A in Atlanta, Ga., recently paid for one of the largest and longest advertising "inserts" ever to appear in a magazine. The 24 pages when unfolded to their full length were higher than the young lady's head. They appeared in a recent edition of a broadcasting trade journal. WLW-A is one of five Crosley television stations. It is manned by members of IBEW Local Union 1193.

