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WORLD'S LARGEST-SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE

NOVEMBER 1976/\$1.25

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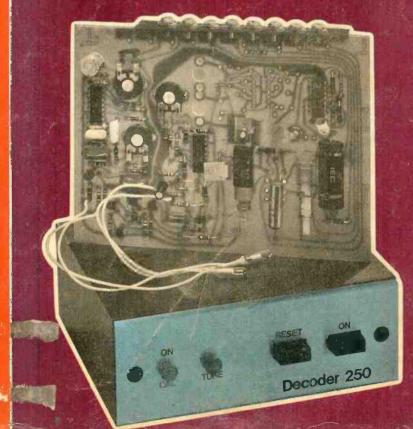
How to Protect Power Supplies From Damage

The 35-mm
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Listen to Cobra. You'll hear a big difference. Because the Cobra 29 gives you features which assure crystal clear reception. Like switchable noise limiting and blanking, to cut out practically all pulse and ignition interference. Add squelch control and RF gain and you've got exceptional—adjustable—receiver clarity. Even in the heaviest CB traffic. You also get Delta Tuning which makes up for the other guy, because even off-frequency transmitters are pulled in. Perfectly.

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Punches through loud and clear.

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### IF YOUR FIRST CB ISN'T A COBRA YOUR SECOND ONE WILL BE.



### If you thought a rugged, professional yet affordable computer didn't exist,

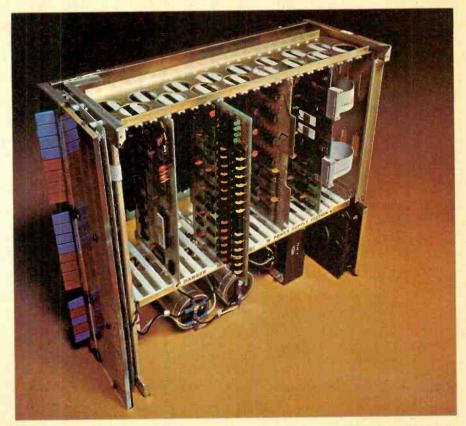
#### think IMSAI 8080.

Sure there are other commercial, high-quality computers that can perform like the 8080. But their prices are 5 times as high. There is a rugged, reliable, industrial computer, with high commercial-type performance. The IMSAI 8080. Fully assembled, it's \$931. Unassembled, it's \$599. And ours is available now.

In our case, you can tell a computer by its cabinet. The IMSAI 8080 is made for commercial users. And it looks it. Inside and out! The cabinet is attractive, heavy-gauge aluminum. The heavy-duty lucite front panel has an extra 8 program controlled LED's. It plugs directly into the Mother Board without a wire harness. And rugged commercial grade paddle switches that are backed up by reliable debouncing circuits. But higher aesthetics on the outside is only the beginning. The guts of the IMSAI 8080 is where its true beauty lies.

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IMSAI 8080

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E F JOHNSON COMPANY, WASECA, MINN, 56093 Ir Canada A C. Simmonds & Sons, Ltd NOVEMBER 1976 VOLUME 10, NUMBER 5

## Popular Electronics®

WORLD'S LARGEST SELLING ELECTRONICS MAGAZINE

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#### Editorial

#### **MAJORITY RULES—THE BITTER PILL**

The attitudes of hams toward CB'ers have been changing. Many radio amateurs, for example, have also become CB'ers, recognizing the value of a two-way radio communication system that can be widely used on all highways throughout the country at most any hour. Conversely, there are CB'ers who, "tasting" two-way radio, have become radio amateurs in order to enjoy the benefits of long-distance communications, video transmissions, etc., as well as the technical camaraderie that exists in hamdom.

However, there exists a hard-core minority of hams who begrudge the easy manner in which citizens can get on the air. This attitude was underlined by letters I received from some hams in response to the favorable viewpoint expressed by our CB columnist toward "Class E" CB allocations. In an effort to defend retention of a small slice of the radio spectrum for hams—and I do not denigrate this view—virtually all the writers focused on one point: The use of the radio spectrum is a privilege that must be earned!

Well, these radio amateurs are spitting into the wind. According to this philosophy, taxicab drivers shouldn't be using two-way radios. Neither should boating enthusiasts. Obviously, personal communications via radio without requiring any technical know-how or passing of an examination is here to stay. So these hams shouldn't rest on this argument. There are certainly enough more cogent reasons that can be used in defense of retaining the present 220-MHz spectrum allocation.

It's doubtful, though, if these arguments will be sufficient to withstand the assaults of a majority group, judging by the way high-quality TV fare is excised owing to relatively low viewer numbers. In any event, this judgement is in the hands of the FCC, which must also consider many other factors.

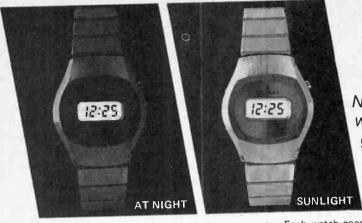
Hams are an elitist group by any definition. And like elitist groups everywhere, don't look kindly upon "out groups" that infringe on their territory. By maintaining high standards, however, their potential numbers—and "political" punch—are limited. Even today, most hams would prefer to maintain a Morse Code test, based on a 1975 ARRL study among its 100,000 members.

Moreover, proselytizing efforts over the years have been pathetically meager. This extends to top management of amateur radio equipment companies. As evidence, we get very little in the way of press releases on new equipment from these companies. Unlike CB manufacturers, they seem to be content to feed upon themselves by reaching people who are already hams. And that's why the great ham-gear names such as Hallicrafters and Hammarlund, among others, have gone the way of the famous great Auk.

There are some faint signs of regeneration for amateur radio in the matter of expanding their numbers. The American Radio Relay League was represented by an exhibit booth at last year's "Personal Communications" CB show, hoping to pick up some CB'ers. And the ARRL's new "Tune in the World with Ham Radio," with a workbook, cassette tape and call-area wall map for \$7.00, is a nice package for beginners.

My 12-year-old, in fact, is using the above in his quest for a Novice license. I'd like him to become a ham because it is an accomplishment he can be proud of; and it can open the door to a life-long, fruitful hobby. In view of these opportunities for personal growth, I, for one, would look upon the weakening of amateur radio as a tremendous loss. We must make sure there is always room for the good things in life and not subjugate minority groups to the point of extinction.

Ort Salsberg



#### Laser Beam Digital Watch

Never press another button, day or night, with America's first digital watch that glows in the dark.

Announcing Sensor's new Laser 220 the first really new innovation in digital watch technology.

It's ingenious, it's simple and it makes every other digital watch obsolete. Scientists have perfected a digital watch with a self-contained automatic light source—a major scientific breakthrough.

#### SELF-CONTAINED LIGHT SOURCE

The Laser 220 uses laser beams and advanced display technology in its manufacture. A glass ampoule charged with tritium and phosphor is hermetically sealed by a laser beam. The ampoule is then placed behind the new Sensor CDR (crystal diffusion reflection) display.

The high-contrast CDR display shows the time constantly—in sunlight or normal room light. But, when the room lights dim, the self-contained tritium light source automatically compensates for the absence of light, glows brightly, and illuminates the display.

No matter when you wear your watch—day or night—just a glance will give you the correct time. There's no button to press, no special viewing angle required, and most important, you don't need two hands to read the time.



Replace the battery yourself by just opening the battery compartment with a penny. Free batteries are provided whenever you need them during the five-year warranty.

#### A WORRY-FREE WATCH

Solid-state watches pose their own problems. They're fragile, they must be pampered, and they require frequent service. Not the Laser 220. Here are just five common solidstate watch problems you can forget about with this advanced space-age timepiece:

- 1. Forget about batteries The Laser 220 is powered by a single EverReady battery that will actually last years without replacement—even if you keep the 220 in complete darkness. In fact, JS&A will supply you with the few batteries you need, free of charge, during the next five years. To change the battery, you simply unscrew the battery compartment at the back with a penny and replace the battery yourself.
- 2. Forget about water Take a shower or go swimming. The Laser 220 is so water-resistant that it withstands depths of up to 100 feet.
- 3. Forget about shocks A three-foot drop onto a solid hardwood floor or a sudden jar. Sensor's solid case construction, dual-strata crystal, and cushioned quartz timing circuit make it one of the most rugged solid-state quartz watches ever produced.
- 4. Forget about service The Laser 220 has an unprecedented five-year parts and labor

warranty. Each watch goes through weeks of aging, testing and quality control before assembly and final inspection. Service should never be required. Even the laser-sealed light source should last more than 25 years with normal use. But if it should require service anytime during the five year warranty period, we will pick up your Sensor, at your door, and send you a loaner watch while yours is repaired—all at our expense.

5. Forget about changing technology The Sensor Laser 220 is so far ahead of every other watch in durability and technology that the watch you buy today, will still be years ahead of all others.

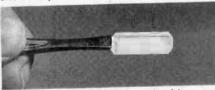
#### THE ULTIMATE ACHIEVEMENT

Other manufacturers have devised unique ways to produce a watch you can read at a glance. The new \$300 LED Pulsar requires a snap of the wrist to turn on the display, but the Pulsar cannot be read in sunlight. The new \$400 Longine's Gemini combines both an LED and liquid crystal display. (Press a button at night for the LED display, and view it easily in sunlight with the liquid crystal display.) But you must still press a button to read the time. All these applications of existing technology still fail to produce the ultimate digital watch: one you can read under all light conditions without using two hands. Until the introduction of the Sensor.

#### PLENTY OF ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

Sensor's five time functions give you everything you really need in a solid-state watch. Your watch displays the hours and minutes constantly, with no button to press. But depress the function button and the month and the date appear. Depress the button again and the seconds appear. To quickly set the time, insert a ball-point pen into the recessed time-control switch on the side. It's just that easy.

Sensor's accuracy is unparalleled. All solid-state digitals use a quartz crystal. So does the Sensor. But crystals change frequency from aging and shock. And to reset them, the watch case must be opened and an airtight seal broken which may affect the performance. In the Sensor, the crystal is first aged before it is installed, and secondly, it is actually cushioned in the case to absorb tremendous shock. The quartz crystal can also be adjusted through the battery compart.



The new exclusive laser-sealed tritium and phosphor light source is a thin solid-state tube that automatically illuminates the display when the lights dim.

Would you do this with your solid-state watch? Of course not. Most solid-state watch-

es require care and pampering but not the Sensor. You can dunk it, drop it and abuse it without fear during its unprecedented fiveyear parts and lahor warranty.

ment without opening the case. In short, your watch should be accurate to within 5 seconds per month and maintain that accuracy for years without adjustment and without ever opening the watch case.

#### STANDING BEHIND A PRODUCT

JS&A is America's largest single source of digital watches and other space-age products. We have selected the Sensor Laser 220 as the most advanced American-made, solid-state timepiece ever produced. And we put our company and its full resources behind that selection. JS&A will warranty the Sensor (even the batteries) for five full years. We'll even send you a loaner watch to use while your watch is being repaired should it ever require repair. And Sensor's advanced technology guarantees that your digital watch will be years ahead of any other watch at any price.

Wear the Laser 220 for one full month. If you are not convinced that it is the most rugged, precise, dependable and the finest quality solid-state digital watch in the world, return it for a prompt and courteous refund. We're just that proud of it.

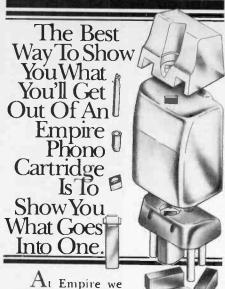
To order your Sensor, credit card buyers may simply call our toll-free number below or mail us a check in the amount indicated below plus \$2.50 for postage, insurance and handling. (Illinois residents add 5% sales tax.) We urge you, however, to act promptly and reserve your Laser 220 today.

Stainless steel w/leather strap ..... \$129.95 (Add \$10 for matching metal band)

Gold tone w/leather strap . . . . . . \$149.95 (Add \$10 for matching metal band)



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#### WHERE CREDIT IS DUE

In "Buyer's Guide to Antenna Rotators™ (August 1976), the interesting photograph that illustrates the corrosive effect on antenna rotators should have been credited to Channel Master.—Daniel S. Roher, New York, NY

#### ANOTHER TIM VIEW

I enjoyed reading Ralph Hodges' comments on the never-ending tubes-versustransistors debate in the July "Stereo Scene." His sober observations were very refreshing. However, I must disagree with his comments regarding transient intermodulation distortion (TIM); an amplifier's ability to "keep up with the music signal" is adequately specified by its frequency response (for small signals) and its slew rate (for large signals). The technical papers written so far on TIM consist of little more than a rediscovery of slew-rate limiting and the consequences of this form of overloading. Many U.S. designers of high-quality amplifiers have routinely provided more than adequate slew rates in their products, which may explain why there is a lack of excitement over TIM here

The argument that an amplifier is without feedback for a "moment" following the application of a signal is dubious. This "moment" is roughly equal to the excess phase delay (not to be confused with the open-loop time constant), which is generally 150 ns. An audio input signal limited to a 20,000-Hz bandwidth cannot rise fast enough in this time to overload an input stage. Finally, the amount of feedback used, when properly compensated, has little to do with susceptibility to TIM if adequate slew rate is maintained.-Robert R. Cordell, Tinton Falls, NJ

#### MIXING APPLES AND ORANGES

I built the "Improved Gas and Fume Detector" described in the August issue and am happy to state that it not only detects carbon monoxide and carbohydrates, but that it also detects the fats and proteins that my car produces. Seriously, though, I believe that the sentence on page 47 should read: "The major problem with . . . carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons." The last word should not be "carbohydrates" as in the article.—Michael J. Di Julio, WB2BWJ, Maplewood, NJ

The author meant to imply the equivalent of "apples and oranges" to indicate dissimilarity

#### A ROUND OF CHEERS

Three cheers for "DX Programs and DX Clubs on Shortwave" in the August issue. I hope you will continue to cover the SWL/DX field in the future.—Paul E. Kotke, St. Paul. MN

#### FIREFIGHTER SPEAKS OUT

I enjoyed reading the informative article "Lightning and the Radio Amateur" ("Amateur Radio," August 1976) but the last sentence of the second paragraph was in poor taste and a disservice to firefighters. What many people do not realize is that there are times when walls and wiring must be cut open to check for the extension of fire. If we did not do this where indicated, chances are that a "hidden" fire would burn a home or shack down after we left.-N. Nicastro, Jr., KMD1175, WDX2HHS, KNJ2AQ, Spotswood, NJ

The author meant no disservice to the dedicated force of firefighters. All he was pointing out was that it's better to protect against the possibility of lightning-induced fire than to suffer the damage that can result without taking the proper precautions.

#### PICO NOT MICRO

There are two errors in "Learning Electronic Theory With Hand Calculators, Part Two." In the center of page 64, the second sentence in the paragraph that begins: "Finally, in a series RC circuit . . ." the X, in the next sentence should be changed to Z. The second error was in converting the displayed quantity 2.780659563 - 11 to conventional capacitance notation; the correct answer should be 27.8 pF-not 0.0278µF.—Ken Gentile, West Palm Beach,

#### TUNING IN PHYSICIANS RADIO

In the May 1976 "Letters" column, you turned aside an inquiry about the Physicians Radio Network, stating that it was confidential and available only to physicians. In New York, dedicated hypochondriacs can receive the net on the SCA subcarrier of WEVD-FM. But believe me, for non-pro's it wins the Emmy for the "World's Dullest Program."—Edward M. Roberts, Glen Head, NY

In my area at least, PRN is broadcast as a standard SCA subcarrier on WIOQ (102.1 MHz). An SCA subcarrier can hardly be called "confidential."-L.S. Huntsinger, Audubon, NJ

#### PROGRAMMABLE CALCULATORS

I was pleased with the article "Here Are

## SAVE UP TO 50% ON PARTS.

Hobbyist or professional, there are probably a lot of circuits you build just for the fun of it. And a lot you'd *like* to build, but never get around to.

One reason is the cost of parts. Parts you buy for one project, but can't re-use... because you haven't time to take them carefully apart. Or because of heat and mechanical damage that occur when you do.

Now, there's an easier way that can save you big money on parts and hours on every project, as well: Proto-Board\* Solderless Breadboards.

Now, assembling, testing and modifying circuits is as easy as pushing in—or pulling out—a lead. IC's, LED's, transistors, resistors, capacitors... virtually every kind of component... connect and interconnect instantly via long-life, nickelsilver contacts. No special patch

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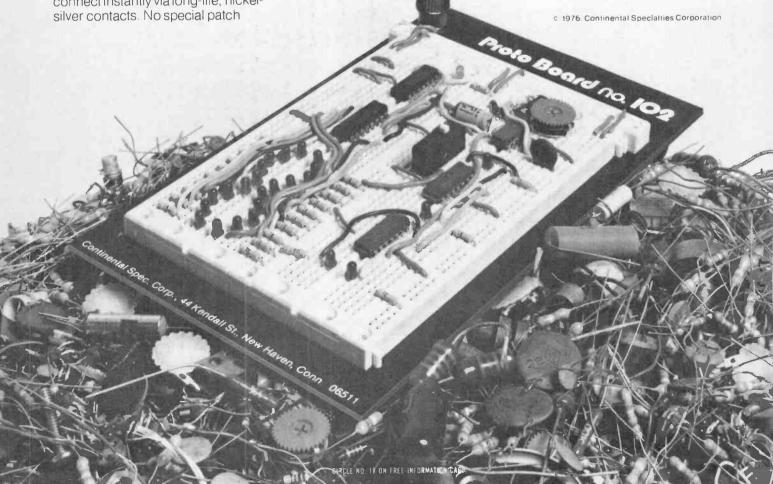
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the New Programmable Calculators" in the May 1976 issue of POPULAR ELECTRONICS. It is the first article that I have seen in any major consumer magazine dedicated to programmables.—Philip Earnhardt, Burlington, NC

#### FREE SCHEMATIC WOES

POPULAR ELECTRONICS has left it entirely up to project kit suppliers to provide free schematics and pc etching and drilling guides [when they're too large for magazine pages]. But the May 1976 Editorial states that it is not unreasonable for a supplier to drop the free patterns after a period of time. (The period mentioned was something over a year.) I agree with him.

However, this means that your major construction articles have a built-in "destruct" feature.—Andrew Oldroyd, Norman, OK

Our new policy for future articles is to supply directly any artwork that is too large to appear in the magazine. We will keep such artwork on file for a number of years, thus obviating the problem of project obsolescence.

#### "MUSIC MODULE" PARTS SOURCES

The Top Octave Generator integrated circuit, *IC4*, called for in the "Music Modules" (June 1976) is a Mostek device that is also available from AMI. Suitable sources

for crystals include Crystek, International Crystal, and CTS Knight. The optional Molex connectors are available from Tracy Design Corp. and Force Electronics; alternatively, any standard 0.153" edge connector can be substituted.—Don Lancaster, Author

#### GIANT STEP FOR UN-GENIUSES

At last! An article on 7400 series TTL IC's that explains the basic logic, with experimenter circuits. We, the un-geniuses of the IC world, took a giant step, thanks to the June 1976 "Experimenter's Corner." We would like to learn more and be shown more experiments with TTL devices.—F. Arthur Byington, Birmingham, MI

#### **EUROPEAN TV QUALITY**

The July 1976 Editorial titled "Who Killed TV Picture Quality?" struck me as being rather incomplete in that it made no mention of the SECAM (Sequential Couleur a Memoire) TV system used in some 20 countries nor of PAL (Phase Alternation Line) used in 22 other countries, including all of Australia. As of the end of 1974, there were 162-million NTSC, 74-million SECAM, and 70-million PAL TV receivers in use worldwide. Surely, the higher color stability of SECAM and PAL should have been mentioned.

Because of its superior color rendition and stability, SECAM 60 equipment was carried by Pioneer X for its color-TV pictures of Jupiter.—J.M. Lagerwerff, Palo Alto, CA

Having been involved with color TV in England, I endorse your Editorial comments about the very poor quality here in the U.S. Principally, the English system uses PAL transmission, which eliminates the "Purple Plague." Drift is cancelled by integration of adjacent lines by the eye. Thus, flesh tones are always correct and no need exists to distort the receiver's characteristics, which permits pure deep saturated tones to be displayed. In addition, the quality of electron optics seems to be much better. British engineers demand pin-sharp convergence, even at the corners of the screen.

I have the Independent Broadcast Authority Technical Reference Book that gives Codes of Practice for TV studio and broadcasting standards for Commercial (note that this is not BBC) television in the U.K. The standards call for very elaborate and complete specifications for every parameter of audio and video performance and include very detailed rules for assessing and reporting transmission quality. I doubt such standards exist in the U.S.

It has been my impression that a well-adjusted receiver in the U.K. gives a picture as good as a Technicolor movie. I think most Americans are completely unaware that their TV quality is lousy because nobody has exposed them to what can be done. —R.J. Best, Miami, FL

Checklist of Books for the Libr	aries	Home-Call TV Repair Guide, 144 p., 20 il.	\$3.95
of Technicians, Hobbyists & Stu	dents	Pinpoint TV Troubles in 10 Minutes, 327 p., 394 il.	\$5.95
SMARIO NEW BOOKS-JUST PUBLISHED!	Citto	CB Schematic Servicing Manuals, each 200 p. \$5.95 Vol. 1	Kris.
☐ Transistor Ignilion Systems, 252 p., 162 il.	\$5.95	Browning, Hy-galn, J.C. Penney, (Pinto) Vol. 2 Teal Unimetrics, Pearce-Simpson, Siltronix Vol. 3 E. F. Jol	harry
☐ How to Repair Home Kitchen Appliances, 294 p., 205 il. ☐ Fun With Electronics, 140 p., 88 il.	\$5.95 \$3.95	(messenger), SBE-Linear, Sonar, Royce Vol. 4	Pace
☐ How to Hear & Speak CB in a Short-Short. 172 p., 85 il. ☐ The Complete Handbook of Model Ralfroading. 350 p., 238 i	\$3.50	Fanon Courier Dynascan (Cobra).  2nd Class FCC Encyclopedia, 602 p., 445 i).	\$7.95
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106 Easy Electr. Projs Beyond Transistors, 224 p., 136 ii.	\$6.95 \$5.95	Practical CB Radio Troubleshooting & Repair, 238 p. 108 il.	\$5.95
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UP AMP CIffull Design & Applications 280 a 230 ti	\$6.95 \$6.95	Ine 2- Meter FM Repealer Circuits Handbook, 312 p., 194 il.	\$6.95
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CBer's Handybook of Simple Hobby Projects. 168 p. 114 il. Fire & Theft Security Systems 2nd ed. 192 p., 114 il.	\$3.95 \$5.95	Li Basic Electricity & Beginning Electronics, 252 p. 1914	\$3.95 \$5.95
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Lafayette's new Powerhouse receivers have the power, the features and the performance you want. And the competition only promises.

Just check our spec chart. We deliver. With no gimmicks or technical tricks.

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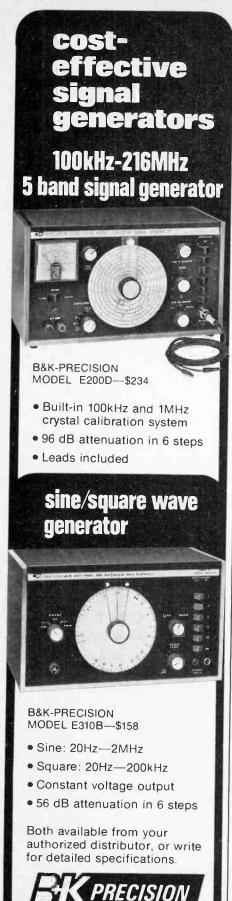
Our new line of Powerhouse receivers was built with power and backed up with consumer services to outpower the competition.

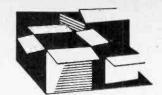
Now where does the competition stand?

Specifications	LR-9090	LR-5555	LR-3030	LR-2020	LR-1515
Power Min. RMS 20-20,000 Hz	90+90	55+55	30 + 30	20+20	15+15*
Total Harmonic Distortion (Less Than)	D.1%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.7%
Input Sensitivity: phono/Aux/Mike mV	2.5/150/6	2.5/150/6	3.5/150/	4.0/150/	4.0/150/
Tone	Bass/Mid/ Treble	Bass/Mid/ Treble	Bass/Mid/ Treble	Bass/Treble	Bass/Treble
Speakers	A, B, C	A, B, C	A, B, 4/ch	A, B, 4/ch	A, B, 4/ch
FM Sensitivity (Stereo)	21.0 dBf (1.8 μV)**	21.0 dBf (1.8 μV)**	23.0 dBf (2.0 μV)**	23.0 dBf (2.0 µV)**	25.0 dBf (2.2 μV)**
Selectivity	80dB	80dB	70dB	70dB	60dB
Capture Ratio	1.25 dB	1.25 dB	1.5 dB	1.5 dB	2.0 dB
Price	\$599.95	\$399.95	\$299.95	\$249.95	\$199.95

\*@ 40-20,000 Hz \*\*IHF ('58) Sensitivity (Mono)

### Lafayette There is no competition.





#### **New Products**

Additional information on new products covered in this section is available from the manufacturers. Either circle the item's code number on the Reader Service Cardinside the back cover or write to the manufacturer at the address given.

#### ROYCE IN-DASH CB TRANSCEIVER

The Royce 1-614 is a combination in-dash CB transceiver and AM/stereo FM radio, featuring a PLL circuit that delivers 23-channel CB operation from two crystals, a dual-conversion CB receiver sec-



tion, AM/FM lighted slide-rule tuning dial, slide-type tone and balance controls, a local/distant switch for FM that is also an r-f gain switch on CB, and an LED that acts as a stereo indicator on FM and as a transmit light on CB. Other features include a  $13\%^{\circ}\times 3\%^{\circ}$  S/r-f meter, pushbutton automatic noise eliminator, variable squelch control, and a universal trim plate that is said to match the decor of most cars. Size is  $7''W\times 6''D\times 2''H$  (17.8× 15.2 × 5.1 cm). \$269.95.

CIRCLE NO. 85 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### AUDIO-TECHNICA HEADPHONES

The AT-705 electret condenser headphone from Audio-Technica features permanently polarized diaphragms that need no external source of power. The headphones plug into a small adapter that matches impedance circuits and contains a speaker/headphone switch. The AT-705 has a claimed frequency response of 20 to 20,000 Hz and has open-back ear cups. \$89.95

CIRCLE NO. 86 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### MICROCOMPUTER POWER SUPPLY

Parasitic Engineering offers a constant-voltage power-supply kit for the Altair 8800 computer. Designed to "make the Altair almost immune to unreliable performance due to power line fluctuations," the power supply is said to deliver full output of 8 V at 12 A and ±16 V at 2 A "even when the line

voltage is as low as 90 volts." It is also said to provide increased isolation from line noise and over-voltage protection, with an increase of less than 2% in output when the line voltage rises to 130 volts. Heart of the kit is a ferro-resonant constant-voltage transformer, which replaces all three of the standard Altair 8800 power transformers. \$75.00. Address: Parasitic Engineering, P.O. Box 6413, Albany, CA 94706.

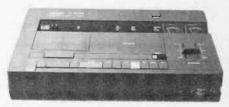
#### LAFAYETTE SUPER TWEETER

The Lafayette Model RP-1000 "Criterion Polymer" super tweeter can be used with existing two- and three-way speaker systems. The transducer utilizes a flat polymer diaphragm with an etched voice coil. When an audio signal is applied, the diaphragm is said to be driven equally at all points on its surface. No polarizing voltage or energizer is required. It is housed in a brushed aluminum case with a stand, and can be used as a freestanding unit or can be mounted in a speaker enclosure with the stand removed. Claimed frequency response is 4 kHz to 40 kHz, power handling capacity 30 watts, and impedance 8 ohms. Measures (exluding stand)  $4\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times$   $4\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times$ 1%" (11.4 imes 11.4 imes 3.5 cm), and weighs 1.125 lb (0.51 kg). \$59.95.

CIRCLE NO. 88 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### LENCO CASSETTE DECK

Made in Switzerland and distributed here by Uher, Lenco's first stereo cassette deck is the C-2003, with direct drive, two capstans, three heads, and Dolby equalization. All mechanical functions are solenoid-operated, and logic controls permit changing from one function to another without pressing the stop button. An illuminated panel shows all functions as selected. Automatic tape selection is provided for chrome tapes, with manual selection for three additional types. A tape-motion sen-



sor automatically stops the tape if the cassette jams. Separate record and playback heads permit off-the-tape monitoring. Frequency response is 30 to 18,000 Hz ±3 dB without Dolby, S/N is better than 60 dB with Dolby, and wow & flutter is less than 0.10%. \$695.50.

CIRCLE NO. 89 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### HICKOK IN-LINE CB TESTER

Hickok's 388 in-line CB tester provides a 7-digit readout of SWR, percent modulation, and frequency. The SWR and percent modulation functions use the "dynamic ratio technique," which permits measurements without a calibrate/set adjustment regardless of power level. The 388 provides one-step connection of the coax connec-

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

PRODUCTS OF DYNASCAN

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## NRI'S COMPLETE COMMUNICATIONS COURSE

Learn design, installation and maintenance of commercial, amateur, or CB communications equipment.

The field of communications is bursting out all over. In Citizens Band alone, class D licenses grew from 1 to over 2.6 million in 1975, and the FCC projects about 15 million CB'ers in the U.S. by 1979. That means a lot of service and maintenance jobs . . . and NRI can train you at home to fill one of those openings. NRI's Complete Communications Course covers all



#### Learn on your own 400-channel digitallysynthesized VHF transceiver.

You will learn to service all types of communication equipment, with the one unit that is designed mechanically and electronically to train you for CB, Commercial and Amateur communications: a digitally-synthesized 400-channel VHF transceiver and AC power supply. This 2-meter unit gives you "Power-On" training. Then we help you get your FCC Amateur License with



special instruction so you can go on the air.

The complete course includes 48 lessons, 9 special reference texts, and 10 training kits. Included are: your own electronics Discovery Lab, Antenna Applications Lab, CMOS Frequency Counter, and an Optical Transmission System. You'll learn at home, progressing at your own speed, to your FCC license and into the communications field of your choice.

### NEW CB SPECIALIST COURSE NOW OFFERED



NRI now offers a special course in CB Servicing. You get 37 lessons, 8 reference texts, your own CB Transceiver, AC power supply and multimeter... for hands-on training. Also included are 14 coaching units to make it easy to get your commercial radio telephone FCC license—enabling you to test, install, and service communications equipment.

NRI offers you five TV/Audio Servicing Courses

NRI can train you at home to service TV equipment and audio systems. You can

6

choose from 5 courses, starting with a 48-lesson basic course, up to a Master Color TV/Audio Course, complete with designed-for-learning 25" diago-

nal solid state color TV and a 4-speaker SQ™ Quadraphonic Audio System. NRI gives you both TV and Audio servicing for hundreds of dollars less than the two courses as offered by another home study school.

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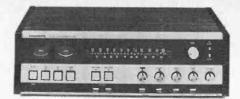
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3939 Wisconsin Avenue,
Washington, D.C. 20016

tors between the transmitter and the antenna or dummy load. Frequency measurements are from 1 Hz to 80 MHz, with resolution to 10 Hz. Size is  $8\frac{1}{2}$ "W  $\times$  6"D  $\times$  4"H (21.6  $\times$  15.2  $\times$  10 cm). The 388 with standard time base has a frequency accuracy of 10 ppm, at \$349.00. The 388X, with a temperature-compensated crystal oscillator, frequency accuracy of 1 ppm and aging of less than 1 ppm per year, is \$475.00

CIRCLE NO. 91 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### TANDBERG AM/STEREO FM RECEIVER

Tandberg's TR-2055 AM/stereo FM receiver, based on the top-of-the-line TR-2075, offers most of the same features,



including the same FM tuner. The TR-2055 is rated at 55 watts per channel into 8 ohms at 20 to 20,000 Hz with less than 0.15% THD. Features include tape contour jacks, electronic tuning with varactor diodes, two phono inputs, two tape-monitor inputs with tape copy, two tuning meters, and diode switching for all sources. \$749.00.

CIRCLE NO. 92 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **B&K SEMICONDUCTOR TESTER**

The B&K 530 semiconductor tester features measurement of transistor cut-off frequency up to 1500 MHz in three ranges. with display on a separate meter. It permits in-circuit testing and lead identification of diodes, transistors, FET's (including power types) and SCR's. For out-of-circuit tests. transistor beta is measured in two ranges (20-200, 20-600) and Gm of FET's in two ranges (0.4-12, 4-400 milliohms); accuracy for both tests is within 10%. Other measurements include fi, gate leakage and loos of FET's, and BVCKS, ICES and PIV of diodes. LED displays indicate whether the transistor is good and whether it is an npn, pnp, or n- or p-channel FET. An audible tone also indicates that the transistor is good. \$250.00.

CIRCLE NO. 93 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### VALOR CB PREAMP

The Valor VRSC-115 is called a "CB Receive Signal Preamp," designed to raise the strength of weak signals, or to attenuate loud ones, to a usable level. It is compatible with AM and SSB transceivers. The preamp comes with a bracket for under-dash mounting. The front panel includes a gain/attenuate control and indicator lights for power and transmit. Valor claims that weak signals can be boosted to +15 dB, and loud ones attenuated to -20 dB, on all 23 channels. \$39.95. Address: Valor Enterprises, Inc., 185 West Hamilton St., Dept. 532A, West Milton, Ohio 45383.

#### PEARCE-SIMPSON MOBILE CB TRANSCEIVER

Pearce-Simpson's "Tiger Mark 2" mobile CB AM transceiver features "Hetrolock," which uses three crystals for 23-channel capability. Features include a delta-tune control called "Receiv-O-Slide," 12-volt operation with positive or negative ground, automatic noise limiter, noise blanker, squelch control, tone control, r-f gain control, S/r-f power meter, transmit indicator lamp, external speaker jack. \$229.95.

CIRCLE NO. 95 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### DYNACO POWER AMPLIFIER

Rated at 150 watts per channel into 8 ohms, with less than 0.25% THD, the Dynaco Stereo 300 power amplifier kit is designed





Many hi-fi enthusiasts bought a Crown DC-300A power amplifier because they were impressed by its performance specs, and by the quality of its "listening" performance. It was, for them, the "ultimate" amplifier.

Why not do what they did? Compare the specs for the Crown DC-300A with those of any other amplifier. Compare the clean,

D-150A Stereo Amp

80 watts per channel min. RMS into 8 ohms (1-20,000 Hz), no more than .05% total harmonic distortion. D-60 Stereo Amp

32 watts per channel min. RMS into 8 ohms (20-20,000 Hz), no more than .05% total harmonic distortion.

#### Fast playback coupon

DC-300A Stereo Amp

155 watts per channel min. RMS into 8 ohms

(1-20,000 Hz), no more than .05% total

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pure DC-300A sound that comes

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pure sound, less power, but may-

could find your ultimate listening

plenty of headroom. And espe-

its smaller relatives, the Crown

D-150A and D-60. Same clean.

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standard in Crown.

When listening becomes an art,

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CIRCLE NO. 19 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



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NEW	DATA	ONGOTO*	GOSUB*	RND	† LEN\$	† TAN
SAVE	READ	ONGOSUB*	PATCH*	SGN	† LEFT\$	† EXP
LOAD	RESTORE	IFTHEN*	RETURN	CHR	† MID\$	† LOG
PATCH	LET*	INPUT	† DES	USER	† RIGHT\$	† SQR
	FOR	PRINT*	† PEEK	TAB		
* Direct mode statements		NEXT	† POKE			

\* Direct mode statements † 8K Version only

#### MATH OPERATORS

- (unary) Negate
- \* Multiplication
- / Division
- + Addition
- Subtraction
- † ★ Exponent

#### **RELATIONAL OPERATORS**

- = Equal
- ( ) Not Equal
- ( Less Than
- > Greater Than
- < = Less Than or Equal</p>
- >= Greater Than or Equal





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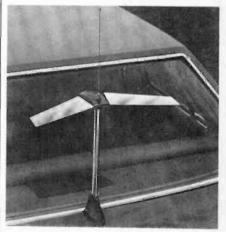
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for easy rewiring into a 4-channel unit at 75 watts per channel. Except for output stages, all audio circuits are on two factory-wired, pre-tested circuit boards. The circuit is completely coupled (except the input) with full complementarysymmetry output and features thermally tracking bias. Amplifier and speaker are protected by volt-amp limiting, eight B+ fuses, four speaker fuses, and two thermal breakers, plus the ac line fuse. Behind the black panel, provision is made for either two or four optional rear-lighted output meters. It measures 181/8"W x 143/8"D x 7%"H (46 × 36.5 × 18.7 cm). \$489, kit form; \$699.00. assembled.

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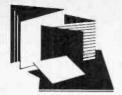
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by Pallasollic



#### New Literature

#### CIRCUIT DESIGN CATALOG

E&L Instruments offers a new, 26-page catalog of electronic circuit design aids. The illustrated publication, describing over 180 products for experimentation with op-

erational amplifiers, integrated circuit logic and microprocessors, includes solderless breadboarding sockets, tools, component kits and a selection of instruction manuals. Address: E&L Instruments, Inc., 61 First St., Derby, CN 06418.

#### CB ANTENNA CATALOG

A new 24-page catalog from Avanti illustrates its line of Citizens Band antennas. Described are seven base-station antennas, including the Moonraker; stacking kits; mobile antennas and accessories; marine antennas and accessories; monitors; switch boxes; and TV filters. All antennas are illustrated and complete

specifications are provided. Also, a discussion of the variable conditions that affect antenna performance and a description of Avanti's co-inductive principle. Address: Avanti Research & Development, Inc., 340 Stewart Ave., Addison, IL 60101.

#### BUZZ WORD BOOKLET

An expanded edition of "Sherry's Guide to Data Communication Buzz Words" is available from ICC. The updated, 24-page, pocket-sized booklet first published in 1972 is designed to aid the newcomer to the data communication field. Included are definitions and terms relating to terminals and the EDP field. Address: Public Relations Dept., International Communications Corp., 8600 NW 41st St., Miami, FL 33166.

#### ABOUT QUADRAPHONY

"Spatial High Fidelity Through SQ Quadraphonic Recording and Broadcasting," by CBS, is a 22-page, illustrated booklet, that answers questions most often asked by hi-fi listeners about quadraphonic broadcasting, recording and home listening. Included are sections on encoding, recording, decoding and logic systems used to produce ambient and surround sound: a technical summary of stereo-to-quad synthesis; a simple conversion of a home stereo to a quadraphonic system; and an explanation of the SQ quadraphonic system's compatibility with existing stereo and mono broadcasting and playing equipment. Send a stamped, selfaddressed envelope (approx. 81/2" x 4") to Information Services Dept., CBS Technology Center, 227 High Ridge Rd., Stamford. CN 06905.

#### ELECTRONICS SYMBOLS HANDBOOK

The Cleveland Institute of Electronics has available a new 22-page, pocket-sized reference titled "Electronics Symbols Handbook." Listed alphabetically and divided into 19 categories, are more than five hundred of the most frequently used symbols representing electronics components. Also featured is an electronics data guide, including conversion factors and constants, Ohm's Law formulas, resonant frequency, impedance, a decimal table and a color-code chart. Price, 50 cents. Address: Cleveland Institute of Electronics, Inc., Dept. J-103H, 1776 East 17th St., Cleveland, OH 44114.

#### CIRCUIT DESIGN RELIABILITY

"Circuit Reliability is not Semiconductor Reliability" is the title of "Tech Tips 3-4," offered by Westinghouse. Using equations and charts, the 3-page pamphlet illustrates that total circuit reliability is the product of the individual reliabilities of each component, and explains how to achieve this in circuit design. Address: Semiconductor Div., Westinghouse Electric Corp., Youngwood, PA 15697.



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Yamaha musical technology is also highlighted in our superlative TC-800GL and TC-800D stereo cassette decks, offering cassette convenience with performance rivaling that of some of the finest open reel decks.

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Also showing Mr. Bellini's touch, the functional wedge styling and stepped controls of these cassette decks give you easy control and visibility from any standing, sitting, or reclining position.

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#### Stereo Scene

By Ralph Hodges

#### **MODS AND MODIFIERS**

REATHES there a serious audiophile who has not at some time attempted to modify his equipment, either to personalize it or—if courageous or foolhardy enough—to improve it in some material way? Probably not many nowadays; given the complexity of design in modern audio gear. Interestingly, there are some people who make a business of equipment modification, offering customized versions of several popular components.

For a long time I've wanted to bring some of these business-minded customizers into these pages, to find out what they're doing and why, and to look critically at some of their products. This will be the first of (I hope) several columns that will explore the intricacies of this underground and interesting marketplace.

**Doubling Dyna's.** Dynaco is a company that is traditionally tolerant of unauthorized modifications—an unusually enlightened viewpoint. Consequently, the hills are alive with Dyna modifications. I first became aware of Jensens Stereo Shop and Frank Van Alstine because Dynaco tipped me off.

"He listens," said the Dyna spokesman, in tones meant to convey a certain amount of respect. And so I got involved with the venture.

Van Alstine's flagship product is essentially an augmentation of the Dynaco Stereo 400 power amplifier, dubbed the Double 400. A significant amount of labor goes into the modification. First, it is completely ripped apart to get at the bottom tabs of the heat-sink assembly, which are drilled to accept double the number of output transistors. Then leads from the power supply are brought out to a sidemounted socket, into which is plugged an outboard capacitor box that quadruples the capacity of the supply. A front-panel switch is installed that enables you to bypass the amplifier's front end (including the gain controls and the patented "Dynaguard" protective circuitry). A number of changes are also made in the driver boards. And finally Dyna's optional heat-sink fan is added.

This is not, as you can see, a redesign of the amplifier in any real sense. What does it buy you, other than the satisfaction of owning what is probably the biggest Leyden jar in the his-

tory of consumer audio? I can say, without hesitation or fear of serious contradiction, that it buys you a better-sounding amplifier than the original, for most practical purposes. And by "most practical purposes" I mean the difficult and erratic load presented to an amplifier by many loudspeakers.

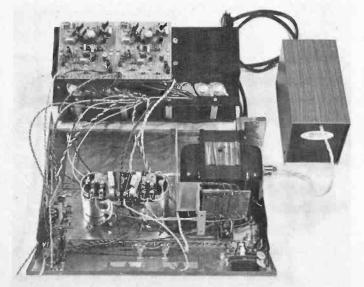
The reduced impedance of the power supply and enhanced volt/ampere-handling capability of the output stage really do seem to make a difference. This reminds me of various learned dissertations that have appeared in the press on the subject of difficult temporal shifts in the voltage/current demands placed on the amplifier during its relationship with a typical loudspeaker. But without getting into that, I would characterize the audible difference between the modified and stock amplifiers as: an appreciable difference in the bass (you must decide which is better, because I can't reliably do so); and a reduction in the subjective noise level of the stock amplifier.

Noise level? Yes, because other listeners and I hear a quietness behind and within the flow of music that the stock version seems not to possess. (There is, I assume, no significant noise-level difference between them under non-signal conditions, so this "noise" arises from the program.)

There is general agreement on this verdict among all I have talked to that have compared the two amplifiers, so I don't think we're discussing will-o'-the-wisps here. But it is also rightly pointed out that the Double 400 modification, while possibly doubling the pleasure of very critical listeners, also comes close to doubling in price.

So we have a thoroughly clear picture. Dynaco, while conceding the merits of the modification, would have entirely missed its market by incorporating it into its product. The modification is intended for a much more specialized consumership willing to pay the price. It has been established that the stock Stereo 400 is entirely fit competition for its peers in cost. It remains to be seen whether the same can be said about the modification. But I think it has a good chance.

**Pre-empting the Preamp.** Van Alstine's modification of the Dynaco PAT-5 preamplifier has been an ongoing process. I have been through several versions, and I understand there is a still-newer one that I haven't heard.



The "Double 400" is an augmentation of Dynaco's Stereo 400 power amplifier.

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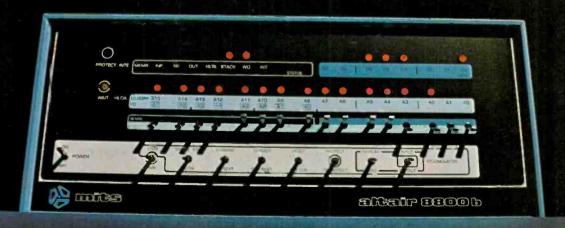
MiTS' piug-in compatible boards for the Altair 8800b now include: 4K static memory, 4K dynamic memory, 16K static memory, multi-port serial interface, multi-port parallel interface, audio cassette record interface, vectored interrupt, real time clock, PROM board, multiplexer, A/D convertor, extender card, disc controller, and line printer interface.

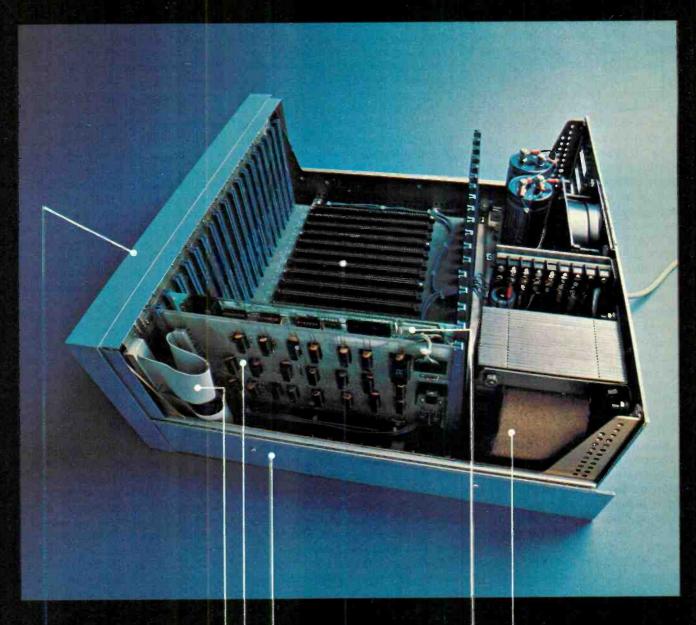
MITS' peripherals for the Altair 8800b include the Altair Floppy Disc, Altair Line Printer, teletypewriters, and the soon-to-be-announced Altair CRT terminal.

introductory prices for the Altair 8800b are \$840 for a kit with complete assembly instructions, and \$1100 for an assembled unit. Complete documentation, membership into the Altair Users Club, subscription to "Computer Notes," access to the Altair Software Library, and a copy of Charles J. Sippi's Microcomputer Dictionary are included. BankAmericard or Master Charge accepted for mail order sales. Include \$8 for postage and handling.

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The modification has generally been a study on designing a preamplifier in reverse. Mr. Van Alstine takes out things, and then devises ways to make the preamp live with the loss. Most of the process has concentrated on the high-level section, constructed around one integrated circuit per channel. First there was a search for the "fastest" IC's available to use as possible substitutes. (I will not reveal the devices ultimately chosen because Mr. Van Alstine feels that his laborious efforts have earned him some right to exclusivity, and I agree.) Then, when the IC's were obtained. frequency-compensation components around the IC began disappearing. Output capacitors also went, together with other devices, reducing the entire output stage to only three components when the tone controls are out of the circuit. Changes were made in the B+ rails, and also in the itself. Then tantalum supply capacitors were brought in for selected spots and now I understand that metal-film resistors are being routinely substituted for carbons.

The modified PAT-5 has proved to be a more controversial product than the Double 400. There is not even universal agreement as to whether all the evolutions have been steps forward rather than steps backward. However, I took the sample provided to me and put it through an exceedingly demanding (though not-always-valid) test: the phase-flipped straight-wire comparison.

The straight-wire test involves comparing the sound of a preamplifier to

the sound of a simple link of cable that bypasses it, switching from one to the other. The phase-flipped test combines the outputs of the preamp and straight wire, while inverting the phase of one of them. Ideally, the two signals should cancel completely, leaving nothing. Anything that's left is, presumably, an error made by the preamp in processing the signal.

The phase-flipped test is not a valid critique of a preamp, because completely tolerable phase shifts, among other things, can legitimately occur within preamps to prevent cancellation. So you can't indict a preamplifier for its failure to pass this test. But you can do nothing but praise a preamplifier that does pass it, and the PAT-5 modification came astonishingly close.

Most of the time, everything was inaudible, including hiss generated in the pre-cancellation stages. On extremely high-level passages (the program chosen was London's new recording of Turandot, whose first scene probably contains every berserk manifestation of musical waveform you're likely to encounter) there was an occasional soft "tst" of high-frequency noise. When I find out what this "tst" is, the modified PAT-5's high-level section should serve as a useful test bed for evaluating other products. In the meantime, the unit has to be considered above reproach in the areas of frequency response and phase linearity, and I wouldn't know how to criticize it on noise and distortion.

For those interested in any of the above, Frank Van Alstine's address is

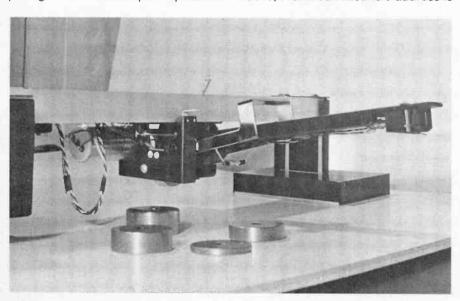
Jensens Stereo Shop, 2202 River Hills Drive, Burnsville, Minn. 55337.

Armless. Tonearms are a necessary nuisance, which is probably why many of them are designed to look so pretty. Their function is to serve as a rigid and imperturbable platform for the cartridge, and we haven't yet discovered any practical alternative to them. But few of them are rigid and all of them are perturbable, whether from acoustic feedback, seismic disturbance, or gross undulations of the record surface. The only reasonable solution is to design an arm that interacts with the cartridge to create a fairly high (above 10 Hz) resonance. However, then very close attention must be paid to pivot bearings, leveling, and the distribution of mass, because these factors will now dominate the behavior of the tonearm.

For various reasons, the straight-line-tracking tonearm principle, properly executed, offers great promise. However not a great many such arms have been properly executed, and the principle itself has some intrinsic liabilities. For one thing, skating force, which straight-line arms eliminate, acts as a stabilizing/damping mechanism on rotating arms, as does the skating compensation device that engages in a constant tug-of-war with it. So a radial-tracking arm, lacking this stabilizing set of forces, must be very good in itself in order to succeed.

The Shreve-Rabco tonearm, a modification of the discontinued Rabco SL-8E, is a stab in the direction of proper execution, and an accurate one. The arm itself is fashioned out of balsa wood, (a total of twenty-two pieces, reportedly), except for a magnesium block that houses the pivot sockets and a threaded nylon rod that supports the counterweight. The contact lever for the advance mechanism has been whittled down to a slim (adjustable) wire, and the arm-lift system has been completely altered. Nine threaded counterweights are provided. You pick the one that positions the counterweight as close as possible to the pivot assembly with your preferred cartridge.

All these steps are taken in the interest of low effective mass. For the bearings, perpetually lubricated sockets of the best quality are installed to receive the original Rabco needle-cones after they have been repolished. And the bearings, as well as the arm cartridge alignment, are ad-



The Shreve-Rabco tonearm, an adaptation of Rabco's SL-8E, is made of 22 pieces of balsa wood. Nine counterweights are provided.

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justed by ear. You can imagine what a laugh that idea gave me until David Shreve stopped in and demonstrated the process, which I in turn demonstrated to friends and colleagues the following night with a similar deflation of mirth. At least all these adjustments are readily accessible, so you can fiddle to your heart's content.

As to the performance of the arm, there is no question about its being superb. When properly leveled it could probably not be dislodged from the groove by an earthquake. It tracks at any force usable with any cartridge, and it is stable. The sample I have, playing a commercial pressing of a very difficult piano recording, can almost match a one-off copy of the master tape—a phenomenon entirely new to me. If you pick the proper cartridge the arm will actually filter out orangepeel (mold grain) noise, and it will make rumble a thing of the past.

But note also that the arm is in short supply, difficult to make and adjust, and difficult to ship. It is also horrendously expensive. If you happen to be in David Shreve's neighborhood (3402 N. Oakland Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis. 53211) and are prepared to write out a check in excess of \$500, be my guest. But be sure to have your spouse cradle it gently in his/her lap on the drive to your home.

Modify? You might consider modified components if you are (like me) an all-out audiophile, as well as a tinkerer. Of course there are certain hazards. For example, plugging Van Alstine's output-capacitorless preamp into the wrong power amp could create unbelievable havoc. If you acquire one of Shreve's tonearms, be prepared to follow his written instructions (which are excellent) down to the last comma, despite your own ideas.

And there are other drawbacks. At the manufacturer's discretion, the warranty for your modification can become a worthless piece of paper, and you may create ill will in him that could be troublesome when the time for routine maintenance arises. In either case, you depend on the modifier for satisfaction and abide by his stated policy.

I've mentioned here only people who, on the basis of fairly long acquaintance, I've discovered to be completely trustworthy. Certainly there are other good modifiers out there. However, considering the hazards, I would say: caution.

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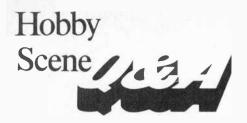
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31



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By John McVeigh

#### ACOUSTIC FEEDBACK

Q. How do the manufacturers and the users of commercial PA and sound equipment reduce or eliminate acoustic feedback, even at high sound pressure levels (such as at rock concerts)? Can I apply the same techniques at home?

-Richard Lei, Rego Park, NY

A. In his Stereo Scene column in May 1976, Ralph Hodges discussed "The World of Sound Contracting." In that column he touched upon this particular subject and showed sample graphs for equalized and unequalized response of a large hall. By means of a narrow-band equalizer, the sound contractor can flatten out the frequency response and squash acoustic feedback. In the home, it is usually the turntable that is most affected by acoustic feedback. And in almost every case, the oscillations are at a low frequency. The best way to lick this problem is to physically isolate the turntable base, using a commercial shock mount with built-in damping or a home brew mount constructed from thick, spongy foam rubber.

#### FM INTERFERENCE

Q. I have a 5-band portable radio. When I switch to Public Service Band I (30-50 MHz) or PSB II/Air (108-174 MHz), I receive FM broadcasting stations. What causes this and how can I correct it?

-Barry Sheffield, Chester, VA

A. Either the receiver has insufficient selectivity or the front end is being overloaded. You did not mention whether or not you are using the built-in whip or an external antenna. In either case, you could try putting a wave trap at the appropriate input. Use either a series LC circuit from the antenna input to ground or a parallel LC

circuit between the antenna and the input to the r-f amplifier. Adjust either L or C to resonate the circuit and null out the undesired signal. But I'd suggest making the trap switchable (use a low-capacitance switch) so that you can still use the radio on the FM broadcast band!

#### COMPUTER RFI

Q. I recently got a Sphere Systems computer which is causing interference to nearby television receivers. (I am temporarily operating it outside of its cabinet.) Apparently, most of the interference is coming from the CPU board. Although I constructed a box from window screening and grounded it, the RFI problem remains. Any suggestions?

—Charles Skeldon, New Brighton, MN

A. The majority of information signals. that are generated by a digital system are square waves. Mathematically, a square wave can be described as a summation of sine waves harmonically related in frequency. The highorder harmonics can cause RFI and TVI. The best way to combat the problem is to button up the case tightly, making sure that there are clean metal-to-metal connections. If you must use the microprocessor outside its cabinet, try using very, very fine screening. Also, use a "brute force" filter on the ac line. Finally, you might try using ferrite beads on any lead more than a few inches long.

#### MIXING WITH A GRID DIP

Q. Recently, I accidentally made a discovery that has led to many hours of listening enjoyment. While varying the frequency of my grid dip meter, which was placed near an FM radio tuned off-channel (about 90 MHz), I found that I could receive many different r-f transmissions. Some of those I've received are TV sound, aircraft, police, CB, 2-meter FM, telephone calls, and even WWV. I'm fascinated! But how does it do it?

-Dennis Cole, Lincoln Park, MI

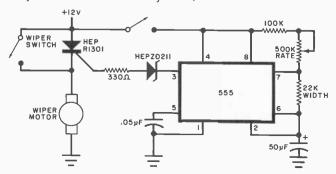
A. You have created a frequency converter stage. The grid-dip meter is the local oscillator, and some nonlinear element inside the receiver is acting as a mixer. The result is an additional heterodyne process. Exactly where the heterodyning is taking place is hard to determine, because one variation on Murphy's Law states that a linear circuit will often behave nonlinearly. Furthermore, just imagine how many pn junctions there are inside the radio's case, each of which can act as a diode mixer. Interestingly, you are receiving AM as well as FM transmissions. I imagine that is the result of slope detection. A variation of your technique has been used by many shortwave listeners who copy CW and SSB signals on shortwave portables lacking bfo's. By tuning a signal generator or the local oscillator of another receiver to the proper frequency, they could reinsert a "carrier" for proper detection. Happy Listening!

#### WINDSHIELD WIPER DELAY

Q. Do you have a circuit for a variable delay control for windshield wipers? —Doug Swart, Plainview, NY

**A.** The circuit shown is a result of colaboration between myself and reader Jack Rutherford of Burlington, North Carolina. It will provide a sweep rate of from one every 5 seconds to one every

37 seconds. An SCR is used for triggering the windshield wiper motor rather than a relay to avoid mechanical bounce problems. The SCR, a HEP R1301, will handle 20 amperes of maximum forward current, sufficient for even a hefty wiper motor. The SCR should be heat-sinked. All resistors are half-watt carbon, and the 50μF capacitor should be a tantalum type.



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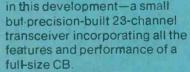
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# PROPAGATION FORECASTS FOR RADIO COMMUNICATORS

How to examine the sun safely and use other sources to determine sunspot activity.

N ADDITION to being the ultimate energy source for all earthly life, the sun plays a dominant role in the longrange propagation of radio waves. Solar radiation causes atoms in the upper atmosphere to ionize, resulting in the formation of the ionosphere, off which radio waves bounce to return to the earth and provide long-distance communications. The density and height of the ionosphere determine the wavelength and the angle of the reflected wave.

There is also a correlation between the presence of sunspots on the solar disc and the degree of ionization of the upper atmosphere. With all we know about solar activity, however, we cannot yet predict with a high degree of accuracy ionospheric "weather" and its influence on radio.

Records of sunspot activity have been reliably kept since only about 1750; but this still enables us to develop a plot which shows the so-called sunspot cycle. The up-and-down nature of sunspot count is evident in the plot shown in Fig. 1; but note that irregularities can be detected. Observe. too, that sunspot peaks have been as low as 60 and as high as 200. Moreover, the valleys in the graph have not always reached the zero mark, although some have remained near zero for a year or more. Thus, the 11-year "sunspot cycle" is also an approximation since there have been longer and shorter cycles.

For more than a year now, knowledgeable people have been wondering when Cycle 20 (in the recorded history of cycles) is going to bottom out. Have we already passed the sunspot minimum? When will Cycle 21 begin to show strength? Is it already revealing itself? Will it ever? These are the questions being asked; and the answers given differ widely.

**Equipment.** Active hams, CB'ers, and SWL's have a keen interest in keeping up with the sun's activity. Most radio communication enthusiasts, however, don't realize that they can do so without setting up elaborate solar observatories in their

\* Source of Information: Edward P. Tilton, W1HDQ

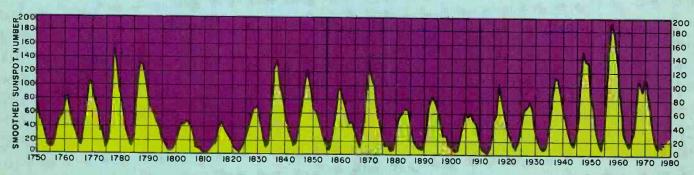


Fig. 1. Smoothed sunspot number plotted from 1750 to present. Cyclic variation is apparent.

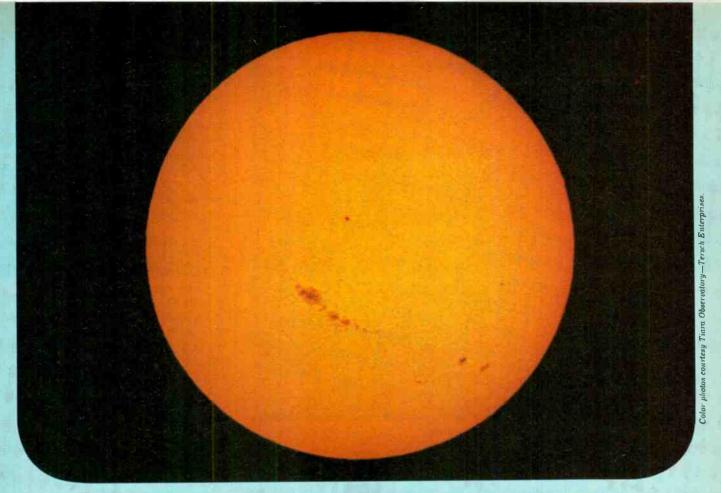
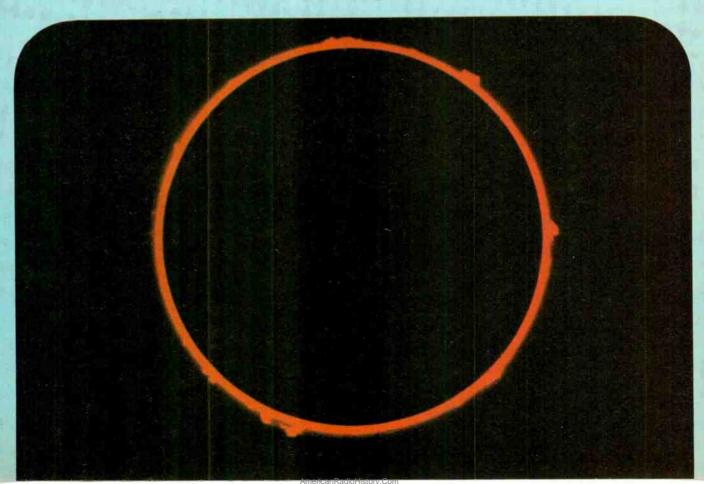


Photo (above) of entire sun disc, Jan. 30, 1968, when sunspot activity was very high. Spots have dark centers (umbra) and surrounding grey areas (penumbra). Darkening around edge is from looking through more and more of sun's atmosphere.

View (below) of sun taken with chronograph. The bright surface (photosphere) is blocked to see atmosphere next to surface. Red chromosphere is seen in the light of hydrogen-Alpha wavelength. Projections from chromosphere are prominences.



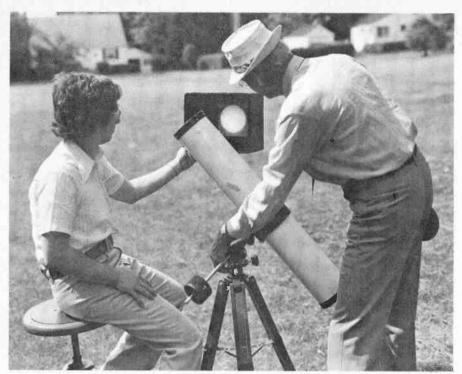


Fig. 2. Using a 5" reflector telescope and black box to view projected image of the sun.

back yards. One can keep track of what's happening on the sun even at the bottom of Smog Valley with any old "spyglass." People have used an antique mariner's glass, a surplus military target telescope, bird watchers' telescopes, a \$29 zoom-lens telescope, and the 5" (127-mm) reflector shown in Fig. 2. Whatever you use, though, be sure you don't look directly at the sun with the scope (or your naked eye) except with a filter that is safe for sun use. The various scopes mentioned above should be used for projection viewing only.

In Fig. 3, a Celestron 5 telescope is shown being used for direct viewing of the sun with the manufacturer's fullaperture solar filter in place. This filter passes only 0.01% of the light striking it to the viewer's eye, the minimum

amount of filtering considered safe. You can make you own solar filter by mounting a Wratten neutral-density filter (density No. 4, available from Eastman Kodak dealers) in a lens-cap arrangement of your own fabrication. Be absolutely certain that any such filter is tightly mounted so that it doesn't accidentally slip out of place when you're looking into the scope's eyepiece. Incidentally, the Wratten No. 4 filter is also useful with large telephoto lenses that can be attached to single-lens reflex cameras for solar photography.

With an inexpensive low-power telescope, a camera tripod equipped with a pan-tilt head, and a few viewing accessories, you'll always be ready to check the sun, even on long road trips. To use the equipment, set the scope

> Fig. 3. Viewing the sun directly through Celestron 5 telescope equipped with full-apertue solar filter. Hat brim shields eyes from sun and makes fine details on sun easier to resolve. (Photos on this page courtesy American Radio

on the tripod and tilt it up in the general direction of the sun. Hold a white card in line with the eyepiece and adjust the orientation of the scope until the shadow it casts on the card is circular. Slow movement of the scope will then bring out a bright spot in the center of the shadow. This is the solar image. Adjusting the scope for a sharp-edged solar disc will bring the sunspots—if there are any—into near focus.

Better detail and contrast can be obtained by enlarging the shadow area. Put a card baffle measuring at least 12" (30.5 cm) square over the body of the scope to shade the projection surface from the sun's direct light. For even more clarity, project the image into a "black box" (as shown in Fig. 2). An ordinary cardboard box painted flat black will do. The viewing surface can then be good-quality white paper or any smooth surface inside the box painted flat white. Better still, put a 4 cover on the projection box and cut a hole just large enough to permit you to look into the box and see the projected image at the bottom.

You will discover that the more ambient light you exclude from the projection area, the better will be the detail of the image and the larger the image you'll be able to use effectively. Bear in mind, however, that any gains you make must be paid for, which means that larger images will demand more precise aiming and tracking adjustments.

When you're using a telescope of more than 20x, an equatorial mount and rack-and-pinion drive become very helpful. The better scopes are usually equipped with these features. and some have mounted projection devices and electric clock drives. The latter two are also available as options for those telescopes that don't include them as standard features. A moderately priced 2" or 3" refractor that's fully equipped with features and accessories makes an excellent setup for projection viewing.

Interpretation of what you see is an involved process that requires a skill developed through practice and experience. Correlating what you see with observed propagation effects can develop into an absorbing side hobby. You might find it useful to make two sketches of each observation; one to show the locations and general appearances of any spots and the other an enlarged view of major spots or groups of spots.



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#### A LOOK AT SOLAR RADIATION

Sunspots are visible evidence of solar activity, wellsprings of the kinds of radiation that affect radio communication for better or worse. The types of radiation with which we are principally concerned are ultraviolet light and atomic particle emission. As with all electromagnetic waves, UV travels at roughly 300,000 km (186,000 miles) per second. Thus, if we see a sudden change in the appearance of a sunspot group or detect an increase in solar radiation by electronic means, we can expect propagation changes almost immediately.

lonization of the earth's outer atmosphere (production of the ionospheric layers that make long-distance communication possible) is a sudden effect, much like turning on a fluorescent lamp. The F layer, located some 140 to 200 miles out in space, is "turned on" by solar UV radiation and acts as the principle radio "mirror," reflecting waves back toward the earth. This ionized layer appears to build up gradually each morning and to dissipate each evening.

A sudden burst of UV radiation, such as that which accompanies the appearance of a solar flare, can change the state of the ionosphere almost immediately. (It arrives here about eight minutes after it has left the sun.) The effect of the UV flash is a rise in the maximum usable frequency (muf) which is the highest frequency that will support communication over a given signal path. Also, the received noise level will probably increase, especially if the antenna is directional and is aimed at the rising or setting sun.

Such a burst of UV radiation is accompanied by charged-particle emission. This "solar wind" moves more slowly, however, spraying out into space with what has been called the "garden-hose effect." (For a practical demonstration

of this effect, turn on the water pressure suddenly in a hose lying loose on a lawn.) The solar wind follows devious paths, which means that the effects of the particle burst may not be observed on earth for as long as one to four days after it left the surface of the sun. When the particles enter the earth's magnetic field, you'll know about it quickly, particularly if you live in the Northeastern-US or Canada. Shimmering aurorae may appear and signals in the lower portion of the hf spectrum will take on a wavery sound. This is sometimes followed by partial or complete loss of communication. Frequencies above about 25 MHz (higher in periods of generally higher solar activity) can open up for short skip. and signals may also show the typical auroral "fuzz," or distortion, resulting from multipath scattering in the aurural regions. The distortion tends to increase with increasing frequency.

In times of generally lower solar activity, such as the present, the effects of particle radiation are mostly mild. Aurorae are relatively rare and the disturbances associated with solar-flare activity are much less severe and frequent than they will be in a few years from now.

A widely overlooked fact about solar cycles is that, regardless of the current phase, there are large variations in the level of activity from time to time. It's rare to have more than 10 consecutive days of solar stability. Even near the normal "bottom" of the cycle, solar activity and visible sunspots can increase steadily for several days, reaching peaks more characteristic of middle or even peak years. These anomalies often sneak up on professional forecasters so that even the newest amateur observer will not have to wait long to find "official" forecasts as far off the beam as local weather forecasts are at times. High-activity peaks have appeared in 1974, 1975, and 1976, supposedly the lowest three years of a dying Cycle 20.

have to wait long to find "official" forecasts as far off the beam as local weather forecasts are at times. High-activity peaks have appeared in 1974, 1975, and 1976, supposedly the lowest three years of a dying Cycle 20.

are updated four times daily, usually at 0114, 0714, 1514, and 1914 Coordinated Universal Time. UTC is the same as GMT, which is equivalent to EST plus five hours. The following information is given: propagation quality forecast; condition of the geomagnetic field; coded forecast for the North Atlantic path; the K index; and the

2800-MHz solar flux.

Propagation quality is given in one of nine degrees, ranging from "useless" to "excellent." Geomagnetic activity is given as "quiet," "unsettled," or "disturbed." The coded forecast is a simple quantized statement of prop-

agation quality. The K index is, in effect, a numerical statement of geomagnetic activity. It reflects an actual reading taken just before bulletin time and is a direct indication of likely propagation quality on high-latitude paths and on frequencies where geo-magnetic field effects are critical (mostly below 15 MHz at times of low solar activity). The solar flux index is a measure of solar radiation. It correlates well with the muf (maximum usable frequency) for F-layer propagation and reasonably well with longterm sunspot number information. It is much more useful in planning radio communication than the sunspot number, because it is essentially current information. Both the Kindex and the solar flux are given with the expected direction of change, making them very valuable for short-term forecasting and planning when to use different frequencies.

A typical bulletin sounds like this; "The radio propagation quality forecast for 1900 UTC is *fair* to *good*. The geomagnetic field is *quiet*. The coded forecast is *November five*. The K index for 1800 UTC is *two*, expected to remain the same. The 2800-MHz solar flux index is 72, expected to rise slowly." What does all this mean?

Since a steady K index of two or less means generally low geomagnetic activity, it can be assumed that there is no abnormal amount of chargedparticle emission from the sun entering the earth's magnetic field at the moment. And a low, but rising, solar flux indicates a somewhat higher F-layer muf will develop. If the bulletin is correct as to these trends, the propagation forecast will be right conditions will be above average and the muf will rise. The "November" part of the coded forecast stands for N, or "normal," and "five" means fair to good conditions.

A fast-rising K index means increased absorption of radio signal energy in the ionosphere and reduced signal levels or perhaps loss of communication entirely. The effects are generally more pronounced in the higher latitudes; hence the forecast for the North Atlantic path — a busy circuit traversing high latitudes from most of the United States. The operator will do well to get his message across as soon as possible since conditions are changing rapidly.

If the K index rises above three, there will be a marked deterioration in communication. At five or six, total

**Sources of Information.** There are several information sources for propagation conditions. For example, annual and monthly forecasts are offered by many shortwave club newsletters and amateur radio magazines.

The National Bureau of Standards radio stations WWV and WWVH are another valuable source of information. These stations transmit continuously on 2.5, 5, 10, 15, 20, and 25 MHz, primarily for the purpose of providing accurate time and frequency standards.

Propagation bulletins are given at 14 minutes past the hour on WWV and

**NOVEMBER 1976** 

loss of contact will probably result. An index of seven means that a really severe disturbance is under way, affecting all but transequatorial paths, even those at the low end of the hf range. However, it's good news for vhf enthusiasts because auroral openings are almost certain in the northern US.

Rising solar flux means increased UV (ultraviolet) radiation. The reading broadcast over WWV is derived from information taken on 2800 MHz in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, at 1700 UTC (noon Ottawa standard time). The 1914 WWV bulletin reflects the 1700 Ottawa observation. Although the language appears to imply that the reading is updated with each bulletin change, this is rarely the case. So, if you can't copy four bulletins each day, concentrate on the one at 1914. It's the best of the lot for fresh solar flux information.

As with the K index, the trend in solar flux is important. So is the rate of change. A slow, steady rise in solar flux — say one point per day — with perhaps no rise at all on some days within a generally upward period means gradually improving conditions on all frequencies, particularly if the K index remains low and fairly constant. The muf will increase per-

ceptibly with each rise in the solar flux. A week of this can mean a great deal to amateur radio operation on the 15-meter band during the fall and winter of 1976-1977 and SWL's monitoring the 16- and 13-meter shortwave bands. A really marked rise can even bring the region above 27 MHz, including the Class D Citizens Band and 10-meter amateur radio band back to life briefly as F-layer DX territory.

Beware of a fast-rising solar flux. If it rockets up at a rate of three or more points per day, there will be short-lived gain, even a spectacular improvement in muf, but communications disaster isn't far away. When the solar flux peaks out, the K index will surely rise and then up goes the ionospheric absorption of hf signals. High-latitude circuits will fade out first, and the 160and 180-meter amateur and 120-, 90-, and 75-meter shortwave bands will quickly go to pot. This can be followed by deterioration and blackout of the 60-, 49-, 41-, 40-, and 31-meter bands. Even 25 and 20 meters can go under. But be sure to watch the transequatorial circuits at such times. They may become extraordinarily active somewhere along the line, at least for a brief period of time.

Summing Up. Every change in the solar flux can be related to what can be seen on the sun by direct viewing or by projection. If your eyesight and viewing equipment are good and you get frequent looks at the sun under good viewing conditions, you'll be able to keep up with the propagation guessing game about as well as the pro's do. With some experience and understanding of the factors involved in charting WWV information and matching it with sketches of the visible variations of activity on the face of the sun, you'll discover a hobby-withina-hobby that can be pursued at many levels of sophistication.

This is the time to start tracking the sun, when solar activity is generally low. Spots and groups of spots are presently well spread out. The significance of what is seen is far more easily grasped now than it will be in a few years, when the sun will likely be freckled with spots.

Editor's Note: As this article was going to press, there appeared evidence that the entire WWV propagation bulletin service might be terminated. Should this happen, ARRL has plans to air such bulletins over W1AW.



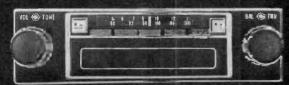
### CB and Stereo in one..



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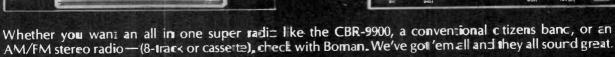
- A BM-1335 Deluce Cassette Stereo Tape Player with AMAM Stereo Racio
- B BM-1150E E-Track Tape Player with AM/EM Stereo Radio
- C BM-1125 Deluke 8-rack Stereo Tape Player with AM/RM Stereo Fad o
  D CB-555 25 Channel Citizens Band Transceiver with R.F. Gain Control and Noise Blanker
  E CB-750 23 Channel Citizens Band Noise Free Transceiver with R.F. Jam Control
  F CB-770 23 Channel Single Side Band Citizens Band with Noise Blanker













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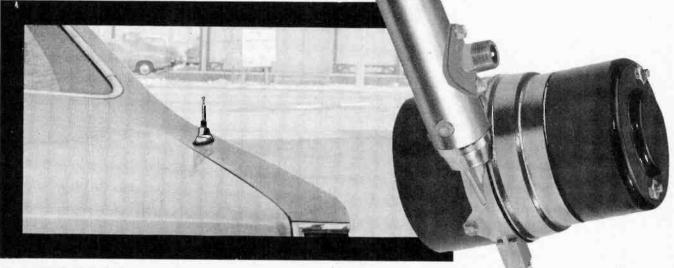
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# A CB/Ham Selective Calling Project

- CODED TONE ACTIVATES RECEIVER
  - SILENT CHANNEL UNTIL WANTED

#### BY MARTIN MEYER

HE ever-increasing activity on the radio communication channels has created an urgent need for a device that will alert you to only those

calls specifically directed at you. Ideally, the device would keep your receiver silent, turning on the audio only when a specially coded signal is re-

ceived. This is exactly what the "Call Selector" described here is designed to do.

The Call Selector eliminates the need for you to monitor the constant "chatter" on the channel to which you are tuned while waiting for a call. The basic one-way Call Selector system consists of an encoder and a decoder (More elaborate arrangements are described later.) The calling party transmits a coded signal on a previously agreed upon channel. You (at the receiving end) leave your transceiver turned on at all times, but you do not hear anything until the special signal is decoded. Then you simply establish contact with no fuss or bother.

The encoded signal consists of a tone whose exact frequency and duration is keyed to the decoder at the receiving end. This tone can be transmitted over any AM, single sideband (SSB), or FM transmitter, making the system usable by CB'ers, hams, and commercial radio operators. There are about 100 combinations of time and frequency that can be selected, ensuring a minimum of false calls even in busy traffic areas. The system is also immune to extraneous noises and voices to further safeguard against false triggering.



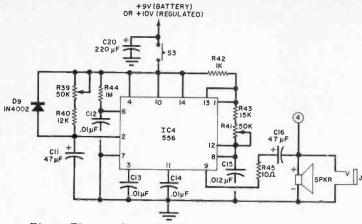


Fig. 1. The encoder uses a timer to generate a tone.

Any number of transceivers can be equipped with the system and tuned to the same frequency/time signal to communicate with each other. For example, you can equip a number of mobile transceivers with only an encoder to allow a base-station operator to listen to only those calls in which he is interested.

About the Circuit. The encoder, shown schematically in Fig. 1, consists of dual 556 timer *IC4*, a small dynamic loudspeaker, and supporting components. Half of *IC4* is used as a monostable, or "one-shot," multivibrator, which allows the other timer to free run for a given period of time when activated by closing \$3\$. The output of the second timer is an audio tone with a frequency between 1000

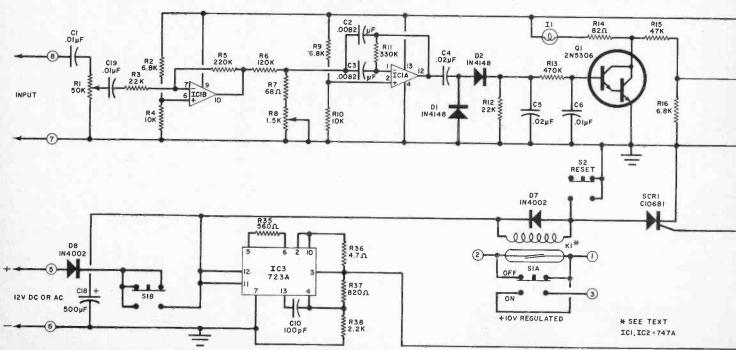
and 4000 Hz. The actual operating frequency is determined by the setting of *R41*. The width of the monostable multivibrator's output pulse (and thus duration of the audio tone) is controlled by *R39* over a range of 1 to 4 seconds. The output of the freerunning timer is coupled by *R45* and *C16* to the speaker.

The encoding tone is acoustically coupled to the microphone of the transmitter with which the Call Selector is being used. This is accomplished by pressing the microphone's housing down on S3 and holding the mike's push-to-talk switch closed for the full duration of the tone. Because the encoder draws no current until S3 is closed, a 9-volt transistor battery is suitable for the power source. However, if a two-way encode/decode sys-

tem is desired, the encoder can be mounted on the same circuit board as the decoder and power can be drawn from a common +12 volt dc or ac supply. (If an on-board encoder is used, C20 should be omitted.) The encoder's output will be the same with either power supply and will be stable over a wide temperature range.

The decoder is shown schematically in Fig. 2. The encoded signal from the receiver is coupled into the circuit through C1 and sensitivity control R1. The signal is passed through C19 and R3 into the inverting (–) input of IC1B. This operational-amplifier stage has a voltage gain of 10 and operates from a single-ended dc power supply, as do all succeeding op-amp stages. Resistors R2 and R4 set the noninverting input of IC1B at approximately half the supply voltage.

The output of IC1B goes to the inverting input of IC1A, which is a very selective bandpass filter whose cutoff frequency can be varied between 1000 and 4000 Hz by R8. When the receiver's audio output contains a component at the center frequency of the filter, a signal appears at the output of IC1A. This signal is coupled by C4 to D1 and D2, which can detect (rectify) it, and the rectified waveform is smoothed by R12, R13, C5, and C6 into a dc voltage. When this dc voltage is applied to Q1, the Darlington transistor conducts and cuts off Q2, at which point, C9 starts charging through R17 and the base-emitter



junction of Q4. The voltage across C9 drives Q3, the output of which is applied to the noninverting (+) input of IC2B and the inverting input of IC2A through R22 and R26, respectively.

Normally, the base of Q6 is positive, and the transistor conducts. However, due to the comparator action of IC2A and IC2B, the voltage at the base of Q6 will drop to zero after C9 begins to charge and then go positive as charging continues. The exact point at which the momentary drop in voltage occurs is determined by the setting of R20. Also, Q5 is always conducting except during the "window" period generated by the charging of C9.

Transistors Q4 and Q5 are normally conducting as a result of current delivered to their bases through R29 and R31. Both transistors are driven into cutoff only when two conditions are simultaneously satisfied. Transistor Q5 must be cut off by the drop in the voltage at the output of window generator IC2. Transistor Q4 will be momentarily cut off when the trailing edge of the tone signal discharges C9. If these events occur simultaneously, the outputs at the collectors of Q4 and O5 go high and trigger on SCR1, which, in turn, energizes reed relay K1, closing its contacts. The SCR conducts and the relay remains energized until RESET switch S2 is closed.

The contacts of K1 close only when a tone of the proper frequency and time duration is applied to the input of the decoder. Any voice or lowfrequency signal that passes through the active filter will constantly discharge C9. This makes the system insensitive to heterodynes, voice components, and noise. For stability, the decoder circuit, except for K1 and SCR1, is powered by voltage regulator IC3. If an encoder is mounted on a decoder's circuit board, it will also receive its power from the regulated output of IC3.

Construction. The encoder and decoder can be assembled on perforated board, using sockets for the IC's, or on a single or separate printed circuit boards. The actual-size etching and drilling and components placement guides for the system are shown in Fig. 3. If you plan to build the encoder and decoder on the same board, use the larger board and install the encoder components in the shaded area of the components placement quide. (Do not forget to omit C20 in this case.) Alternatively, if you wish to have the encoder and decoder in separate boxes, use both boards, but eliminate the components in the shaded area.

Wire the board or boards as shown, starting with installation of the fixed resistors and nonpolarized capacitors. Then install the electrolytic capacitors, diodes, transistors, and IC's, paying careful attention to polarization, basing, and orientation. Finally, mount the potentiometers, reed relay, and switches. In the author's prototype, S3 was formed from No. 4 machine hardware and a  $1\%" \times \frac{1}{2}" (3.5 \times 1.3 \text{ cm})$  piece of springy brass shim stock. The brass shim was formed to take advantage of its natural resilience to keep it from touching the machine screw contact. A short length of wood dowel or plastic rod can be used as the pushbutton for the switch. If you prefer, you can use a standard normally open pushbutton switch, connecting it to the pc board via short lengths of hookup wire

Mount J1, I1, I2, SPKR, and the dowel or plastic rod for S3 (or S3 itself) on the top of the box in which you house the encoder/decoder. If you are housing the encoder and decoder in separate boxes, install the 9-volt transistor battery for the encoder off the board where it will not interfere with the board, speaker, or \$3. In either case, mount the activating button of S3 close to the speaker.

The numbers of the contacts on the strip TS1 on terminal components encoder/decoder placement guide refer to the same numbered points in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2. This terminal strip provides a convenient means of connecting the system to its power supply, an external speaker, and any other warning device you might want to use, such as a Sonalert, LED, etc., when a properly coded signal is received. The decoder board will also accommodate a Sigma No. 77RE2 dpdt relay in the event the spst reed relay will not provide a sufficient number of contacts.

Aligning the System. To get the Call Selector system to operate properly, the decoder must be made to respond

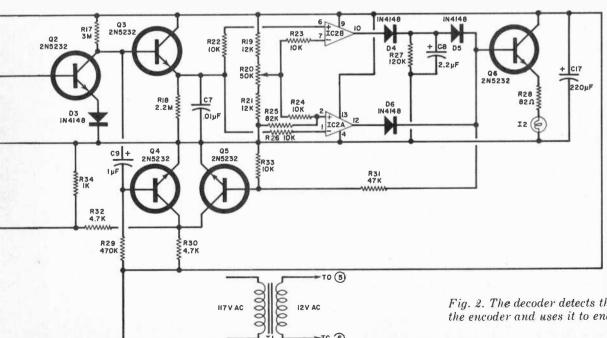
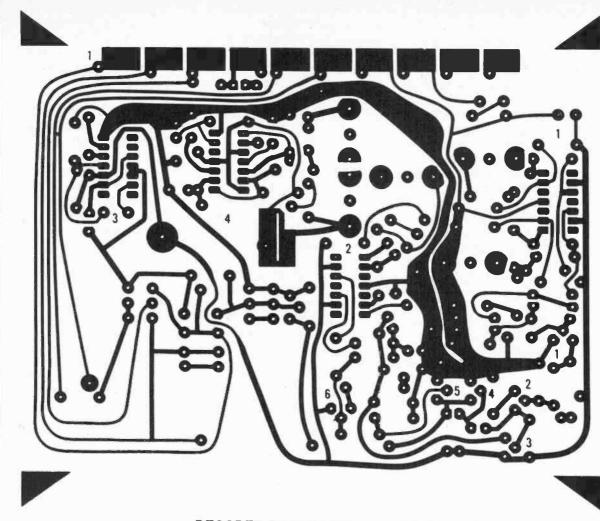


Fig. 2. The decoder detects the audio tone from the encoder and uses it to energize a reed relay.



to the selected frequency/duration characteristics of the encoder's output signal. To align a system consisting of separate encoder and decoder, you will need a shielded cable terminated at one end in a plug that mates with jack J1 in the project. Connect the "hot" lead of the cable terminal 8 and the shield to terminal 7 of TS1. For a system in which the encoder and decoder are on the same board, simply connect a jumper between terminals 4 and 8. This allows the system to be calibrated by direct interconnection, rather than by transmitting test tones on the air.

Connect power to the system. Set R1 in the decoder and R39 in the encoder to maximum clockwise and R8. R20, and R41 for center of rotation. Depress S3 and hold it down for the full duration of the test tone while adjusting R41 until 11 glows. This sets the encoder for the maximum 4-second tone duration. It may be necessary to repeat this procedure several times before R41 is properly set.

#### **DECODER PARTS LIST**

C1,C6,C7,C19—0.01- $\mu$ F disc capacitor C2,C3—0.0082- $\mu$ F, 10% Mylar capacitor C4,C5—0.02- $\mu$ F disc capacitor

C8—2.2-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor C9—1-µF, 25-volt, 5% tantalum capacitor C10—100-pF disc capacitor

C17-220-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor

C18-500-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor

D1 through D6-1N4148 diode D7,D8-1N4002 rectifier diode

11, 12-6-volt, 100-mA lamp and assembly (Radio Shack No. 272-1535 or similar) IC1, IC2-747A dual operational amplifier IC

IC3-723A voltage regulator IC K1-12-volt spst reed relay (or Sigma No. 77RE2 dpdt relay-see text)

Q1-2N5306 npn Darlington transistor Q2 through Q6-2N5232 npn silicon trans-

R1,R20--50,000-ohm trimmer potentiome-

R8-1500-ohm trimmer potentiometer Following resistors are 1/4 watt, 5% tolerance:

R2, R9, R16-6800 ohms

R3,R12—22,000 ohms R4,R10,R22,R23,R24,R26,R33—10,000 ohms

R5-220,000 ohms R6,R27-120,000 ohms R7-68 ohms -330,000 ohms

R13,R29—470,000 ohms R14,R28—82 ohms

R15,R31-47,000 ohms R17-3 megohms

R18-2.2 megohms R19,R21-12,000 ohms R25-82,000 ohms

R30, R32-4700 ohms R34-1000 ohms

R35-560 ohms -4.7 ohms

R37-820 ohms R38-2200 ohms

SI-Dpdt pushbutton switch S2—Spdt pushbutton switch SCR1—C106B1 silicon controlled rectifier

T1-12-volt, 500-mA transformer

TS1-8-contact screw-type terminal strip Misc.—Perforated or printed circuit board; suitable chassis box; hookup wire; machine hardware; solder; etc.

Note: The following items are available from Netronics Research & Development, Rte. 6, Bethel, CT 06801. Complete kit of parts with instructions for one-way system which includes separate encoder and decoder, wood case for decoder, and plastic case with visor clip for encoder (Kit N5000), \$44.95 + \$1.50 postage; Separate encoder kit with plastic case, visor clip and instructions (Kit N6000), \$14.95 + \$1 postage and handling; Combination encoder/decoder for two way system which includes all parts, instructions, a wood case and built-in heavy-duty speaker (Kit N7000), \$49.95 each + \$1.50 postage and handling. Also available separately: decoder pc board, \$5.25; encoder pc board, \$3.95; reed relay, \$2.60, 12-volt transformer, \$2.75; \$3 encoder switch and plunger, \$1.30. Add \$1 postage and handling for separate parts orders.

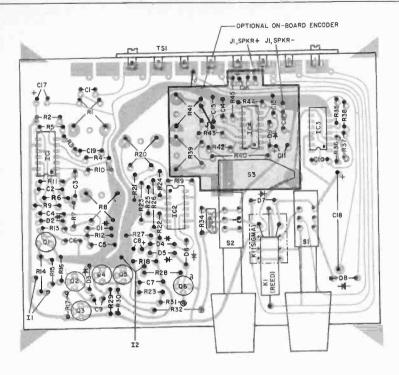


Fig. 3. If you want encoder and decoder together, use board on opposite page and install all components as above. For separate units, leave off components in shaded area above and build separate encoder board shown below.

Once 11 comes on while S3 is depressed. 12 should blink about half way through the tone burst. Adjust R39 so that 11 turns off just after 12 blinks. Once this adjustment has been made, depress RESET switch S2.

Connect an ohmmeter between terminals 2 and 3 on TS1. The meter should indicate an open circuit. With power switch S1 off, the ohmmeter should indicate short circuit (zero ohms) with S1 on. Depress S3 for the full duration of the tone burst; 11 should turn off immediately after 12 blinks and the meter should indicate a short circuit. Depress \$2; the relay's contacts will open and the meter should indicate an open circuit. If you do not obtain the proper results, repeat the alignment procedure until you do.

In Use. You can recalibrate the Call Selector system for any frequency between 1000 and 4000 Hz and for any tone duration between 1 and 4 seconds. Sensitivity control R1 can be set for any desired signal level threshold. In practice, you use the microphone to

#### **ENCODER PARTS LIST**

C11-47-µF tantalum electrolytic capacitor

C12.C13,C14-0.01-µF disc capacitor

C15-0.012-µF, 10% Mylar capacitor C16-47-µF, 25-volt electrolytic capacitor C20-220-µF, 25-volt electrolytic cap-

acitor (see text)

D9-1N4002 rectifier diode IC4-556 dual timer IC

J1—Miniature phone jack
R39,R41—50,000-ohm trimmer potentiometer

Following resistors are 1/4 watt, 5% tolerance:

R40-12,000 ohms

R42-1000 ohms R43-15,000 ohms

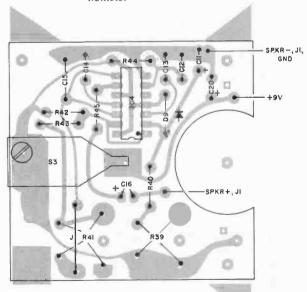
R44-1 megohm

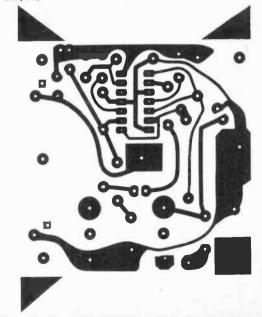
R45-10 ohms

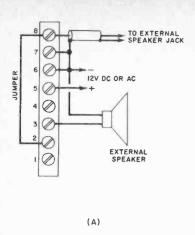
S3—Spst switch (see text) SPKR—8-ohm, 21/4"-diameter dynamic

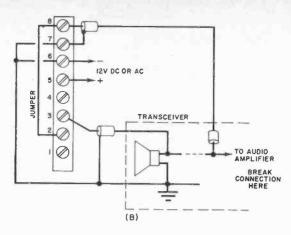
Misc.—Perforated or pc board; suitable chassis box (if assembled separately); machine hardware; hookup wire; sol-

der: etc.









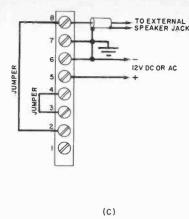


Fig. 4. Ways to use the system: with external speaker (A); with transceiver's speaker (B); and with the combination encoder/decoder's internal speaker (C).

depress S3, holding the mike's pickup element directly over the Call Selector's speaker for the entire duration of the tone burst. This keeps the activating signal modulating the carrier at a constant level because the mike will be stationary with respect to the speaker.

There are several different ways to connect the system to your transceiver, three of which are illustrated in Fig. 4. If you plan to use the decoder with an external speaker and do not want to touch the "insides" of the transceiver, follow the wiring scheme

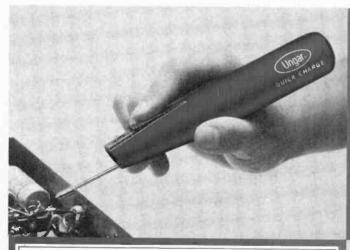
detailed in Fig. 4A. Use a length of shielded cable to transfer the audio signal from the receiver's external-speaker jack to the decoder's terminal strip. Terminate the cable with a plug that mates with the transceiver's jack.

You can wire the system to the transceiver's internal speaker as shown in Fig. 4B. This connection requires a slight rewiring of the transceiver's circuit. Break the connection between the audio output stage and the speaker. Rewire the circuit as shown, using shielded cable. When the relay contacts close, the

audio path to the internal speaker will be completed.

The diagram shown in Fig. 4C is for systems in which the encoder and decoder are assembled on the same board. This wiring scheme allows you to use the decoder/encoder's built-in speaker as an encoder transducer and as the transceiver's external speaker.

For all three interconnections detailed in Fig. 4, the decoder can be bypassed by placing S1 in the OFF position. The receiver's audio signal will then be applied directly to the internal or external speaker.



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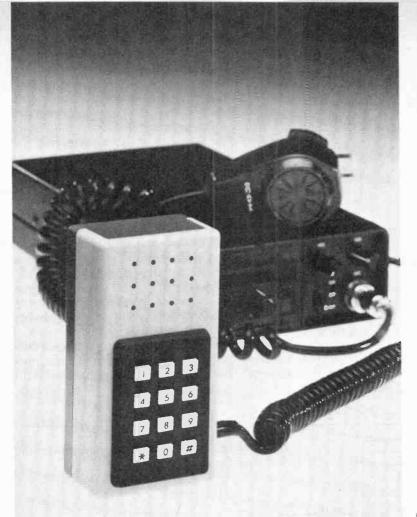
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# TIE INTO HAM REPEATERS WITH THIS LOW-COST AUTOPATCH

Crystal-controlled Touch-Tone® pad for initiating telephone calls from vehicles.

BY JOE JARRETT

N INCREASINGLY important part of amateur radio operation these days is the vhf/uhf repeater (automatic relay station) and its common accessory, the autopatch. A repeater is usually located on top of a high building, a tower, or a mountain and in many cases it is able to increase the usual 3-to-10-mile range of low-power equipment to more than 100 miles.

An autopatch is an automatic telephone patch that enables repeater users to initiate and dial telephone numbers from a vehicle or hand-held transceiver without assistance from a phone operator or other amateur stations. An autopatch is legal as long as it is not used to avoid toll charges and approved interface equipment connects the repeater to the phone line.

Most repeaters operate under remote control (not legal for CB radio use) and many of them have autopatch provisions. There must be a way of remotely turning these systems on and off in case of equipment malfunction or illegal use. Also, the users of autopatch must have a way of connecting or disconnecting the telephone line to the repeater phone patch and dialing the desired number.

One of the easiest ways to accomplish these jobs is by using the Touch Tone<sup>R</sup> approach.

The Touch Tone system uses eight different audio tones at frequencies carefully selected not to be harmonically related. The keyboard is arranged in rows (horizontal) and columns (vertical) so that, when a particular key is depressed, two tones are generated—one for the row and the other for the column. These tones are then transmitted to the remote decoding equipment that "recognizes" the tones being transmitted as one of ten digits or six special codes (\*, #, A, B, C, D). The four letters are extra keys and are not the same as those on conventional number keys. They are used in military systems and some computers.

Recently, the Mostek Corp. announced two dual-tone, multi-frequency (DTMF) generators, MK5085 and MK5086, that can be used to build a low-cost (under \$25) Touch-Tone encoder. The only difference between the two IC's is in the method of keyboard entry. In the MK5086 (used in this project), the row and column keys are switched to the positive supply when a key is operated. The

MK5085 uses a calculator-type scanning technique that allows the use of single-pole switches on the keyboard.

**Circuit Operation.** The complete circuit is shown in Fig. 1. The reference frequency is determined by a conventional 3.579 MHz color-TV crystal, with *R5* used as the bias resistor. Operating one of the pushbuttons on the keyboard starts the oscillator. (See box for details of IC operation.)

The TONE output of *ICI* (pin 16) is coupled to modulation level potentiometer R3, whose rotor is connected through *R4* and *C3* to the transmitter microphone input. The circuit consisting of *IC2*, an audio power amplifier, is used to drive an internal loudspeaker for monitoring the tones, while *R2* determines the speaker volume.

Operational amplifier IC3 is used as a 0-4-second timer for the transmit hold-on delay. The MUTE output (pin 10) of IC1 is held to ground when no key is depressed. Thus capacitor C4 is discharged through R6 to cause the non-inverting (+) input of IC3 to be at ground. The inverting input (-) is at a voltage level determined by the setting of hold-on time potentiometer R7

Since the voltage at pin 5 is lower than the voltage at pin 4, the output of IC3 (pin 10) is at ground so both Q1 and Q2 are turned off. These two transistors are connected in a Darlington configuration and are used to key the pushto-talk (PTT) line of the transmitter when they are turned on.

When a key is depressed, the MUTE output of *IC1* is pulled up to the positive supply. Diode *D1* becomes forward biased and *C4* is charged (within several milliseconds) to the positive supply less the diode drop of *D1*. The (+) input of *IC3* is now at a higher voltage than the (-) input so the output of *IC3* switches to the positive supply. Resistors *R8* and *R9* reduce the drive to the transistors. When *Q1* turns on, so does *Q2* and the PTT line is pulled down to the ground level. This causes the transmitter to key and transmit the tone signal.

When the key is released, the MUTE



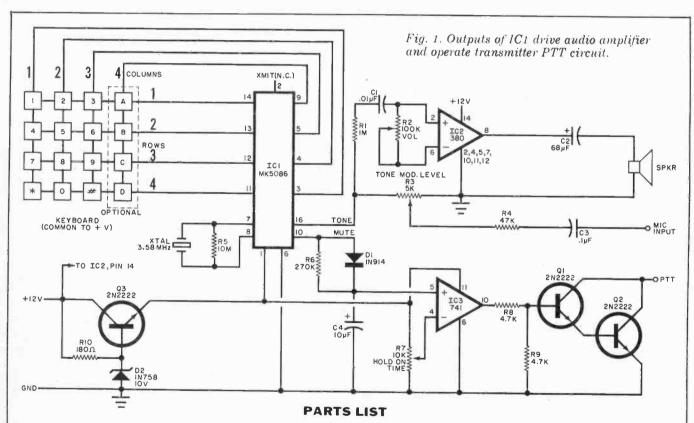
View of the inside of the author's prototype.

output drops, D1 becomes reverse biased, and C4 begins to discharge through R6. As this happens, the vol-

tage on the (+) input of IC3 decreases until it is no longer greater than the voltage on the (-) input. At this time, the output of IC3 switches to the ground level, thus turning off the two transistors and stopping the transmitter. Capacitor C4 will not discharge far enough for this to happen however as long as the keys are operated reasonably fast. Complete discharge will occur after the last key entry and depends on the setting of R7.

The value of resistor *R4* is the coarse adjustment of the tone level. Depending on the transmitter used, the value of *R4* can range from 1000 to 100,000 ohms.

Some older types of equipment may require high current for keying, or may key the positive supply instead of ground. In this case, a low-current relay can be used in the PTT line (connected to the 12-volt supply), with the relay contacts keying the transmitter.



C1-0.01µF, 50-V disc capacitor.

C2-68-µF, 25-V electrolytic capacitor

C3-0.1-µF, 50-V disc capacitor

C4-10-µF, 25-V electrolytic capacitor

DI-IN914 diode

D2-1N758, 10-V zener diode

IC1-MK5086, DTMF generator (Mostek)

IC2—LM380 audio power amplifier (National)

IC3-741 op amp

KEYBOARD—Digitran Corp. KL54 (12 keys); KL0049 (16 keys)

Q1, Q2, Q3—2N2222 transistor (or similar)

RI-I-megohm resistor

R2—100,000-ohm pc potentiometer (see

R3-5000-ohm pc potentiometer

R4-47,000-ohm resistor (see text)

R5-10-megohm resistor

R6-270,000-ohm resistor

R7-10,000-ohm pc potentiometer

R8. R9-4700-ohm resistor

R10-180-ohm resistor

SPKR-8-ohm, small diameter loudspeaker

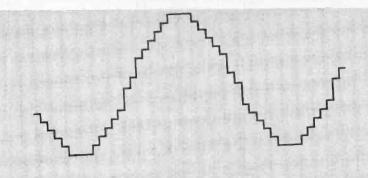
XTAL—3.57 9545 MHz color-TV crystal MISC.—Suitable chassis  $434'' \times 21/2'' \times 11/2''$  (Vero Co. #90-20-087), 4-lead flexible cable, mounting hardware, etc.

Note: The following is available from S. D. Sales, Box 28810, Dallas, TX 75228: kit of all parts except chassis, speaker, and interconnecting cable at \$22.50 plus \$0.75 for postage.

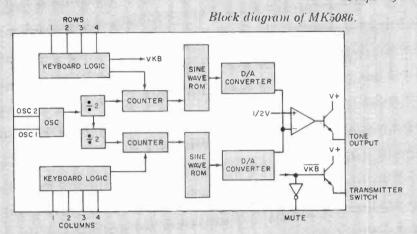
#### IC OPERATION

As shown in the block diagram of the MK5086, the row and column select keys are switched to the positive supply in the standard 2-of-8 format. (One key operates both the selected row and column.

The output of the crystal oscillator is divided by two counters—one for the rows and the other for the columns—and the amount of frequency division is determined by the keyboard entry switching.



Output of DIA converter.



Each sine-wave synthesizer is formed by a 5-bit, 32-state counter, decode ROM, and R-2R ladder network D/A converter. The output of each D/A converter is the 26-step sine wave shown in the waveform diagram. Six steps are missing out of the possible 32 to give the best-fit, least-distortion sine wave.

The two waveforms (row and column) are mixed in an op amp (on chip) to produce a true dual-tone signal. This is fed to a bipolar transistor (on chip) that supplies enough current to drive a 1000-ohm load to a typical 450 mV for the row tones and 640 mV for the column tones. (Telephone specifications require that the column tones be 2½ dB greater in amplitude than the row tones.)

Besides the TONE output, the MK5086 has outputs called XMIT (pin 2) and MUTE (pin 10). The XMIT output is an npn bipolar transistor that is turned on and pulls to the positive supply when no keys are operated. It is an open circuit when any key is depressed. The MUTE output is a standard CMOS circuit that is at the negative supply (when used) and switches to the positive supply when a key is depressed.

Construction. The entire circuit can be assembled on a small pc board. An etching and drilling guide and component placement are shown in Fig. 2. Observe the polarities of diodes and polarized capacitors. Sockets for the IC's are optional. Note that IC1 is a CMOS device and must be handled with the usual precautions. The IC comes in a shorting carrier and should be kept in the carrier until time for installation. Handle it only by the

edges of the plastic package. In soldering the CMOS IC, use a clip lead between the soldering iron tip and the positive foil pattern on the board. Note also that volume control R2 is mounted on the control board. If remote control is needed, use an outboard potentiometer and run the connecting leads to the R2 pads on the board.

After all components are installed, connect the leads for the keyboard

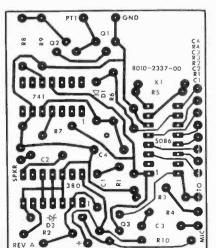
and accessory cable. The latter should have four leads (PTT, microphone, ground, +12 V) and should be as long as necessary for the installation. The physical size of the keyboard will determine the finished size of the project and the case used to hold it. The 9-pin connector shown in the photograph was used to connect the project to an IC-230 transceiver.

**Operation.** After assembly, power up the system and determine the correct value for the combination of *R3* and *R4* to produce the required modulation level.

The dialer enables hands-off operation without annoying carrier drop between each dialed digit. The amount of hold-on time can be set by adjusting R7. The speaker volume is adjusted by R2.

The dialer should produce no r-f interference. A 5-watt rig has been keyed with its antenna resting on the dialer box with no discernable effect.

Because each section of the country has different rules regarding how to use repeaters, you must check your local repeater group for details before using the dialer.



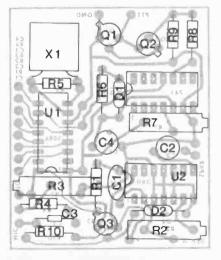


Fig. 2. Etching and drilling guide (left) and component placement.

**NOVEMBER 1976** 

### PIONEER HAS DEVELOPED A RECEIVER EVEN THE COMPETITION WILL ADMIT IS THE BEST.

One look at the new Pioneer SX-1250, and even the most partisan engineers at Marantz, Kenwood, Sansui or any other receiver company will have to face the facts.

There isn't another stereo receiver in the world today that comes close to it. And there isn't likely to be one for some time to come.

In effect, these makers of high-performance

receivers have already conceded the superiority of the SX-1250. Just by publishing the specifications of their own top models.

As the chart shows, when our best is compared with their best there's no comparison.

To begin with, the SX-1250 is at least 28% more powerful than any

other receiver ever made. Its power output is rated at 160 watts per channel minimum RMS at 8 ohms from 20 to 20,000 Hz, with no more than 0.1% total harmonic distortion.

And, for critical listening, no amount of power is too much. You need all you can buy.

To maintain this huge power output, the SX-1250 has a power supply section unlike any other receivers, with a large toroidal-core transformer and four giant 22,000-microfarad electrolytic capacitors.

But power isn't the only area in which the SX-1250 excels. The preamplifier circuit has an unheard-of phono overload level of half a volt (500 mV). This means that no magnetic cartridge in the world can drive the preamp to the point where it sounds strained or hard. And the equalization for the RIAA recording curve is accurate within

±0.2 dB. A figure unsurpassed by the costliest separate preamplifiers.

Turn the tuning knob of the SX-1250, and you'll know at once that the AM/FM tuner section is also special. The tuning mechanism feels astonishingly smooth, precise and solid.

FM reception is loud and clear even on weak FM stations because the tuner combines extremely

high sensitivity with highly effective rejection of spurious signals.

Of course, the Pioneer SX-1250 carries a price tag commensurate with its position at the top. But if you seek perfection you won't mind paying the price.

If, on the other hand, you'd mind, look into the new Pioneer

SX-1050 or SX-950. They're rated at 120 and 85 watts, respectively, per channel (under the same conditions as the SX-1250) and their design is very similar. In the case of the SX-1050, virtually identical.

That means you don't just come to Pioneer for the world's best.

You also come to us for the next best.

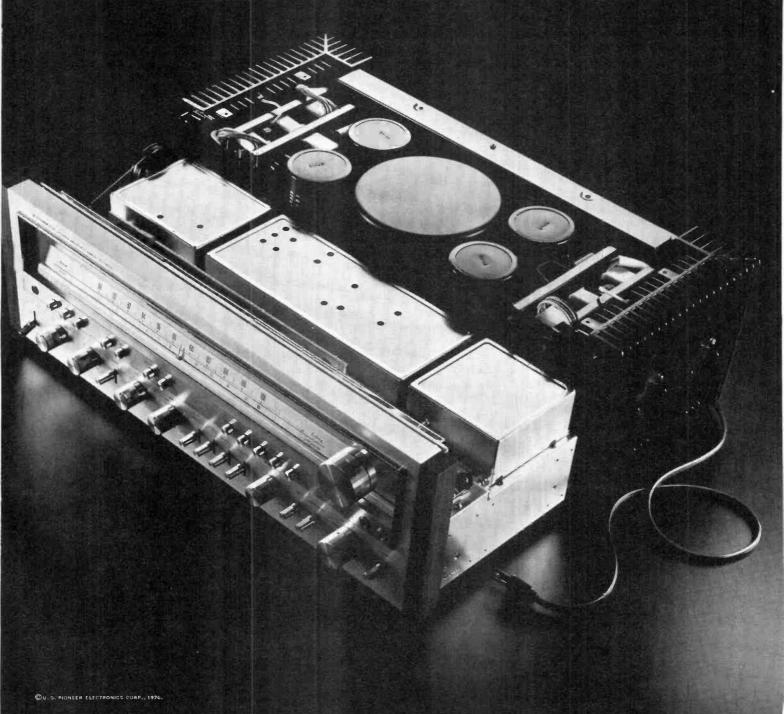
For informational purposes only, the SX-1250 is priced under \$900. The actual resale price will be set by the individual Pioneer dealer at his option.

#### **OPIONEER**

Anyone can hear the difference.

U.S. Pioneer Electronics Corp., 75 Oxford Drive, Moonachie, New Jersey 07074.

	PIONEER 5X-1250	MARANTZ 2325	KENWOOD KR-9400	SANSUI 9090
POWER, MIN. RMS, 20 TO 20,000 HZ	160W+160W	125W+125W	120W+120W	#10W-1110W
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION	1.1%	0.15%	0.1%	0.2%
PHONO OVER- LOAD LEVEL	500 mV	100 mV	210 mV	200 mV
INPUT: PHONO/AUX/MIC	2/1/2	1/1/no	2/1/mixing	1/1/mixing
TAPE MON/DUPL.	2/yes	2/yes	2/yes	2/yes
TONE	Twin Tone: Eass-Bass- Treble-Treble	Bass-Mid- Treble	Bass-Mid- Treble	Bass-Mid- reble
TONE DEFEAT	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SPEAKERS	A.B.C	A,B	A,B,C	A.E.C
FM SENSITIVITY (IIIF'58)	1.5μV	1.8μV	1.7µV	1.7,¢V
SELECTIVITY	83 dB	80 dB	80 dB	35 4B
CAPTURE RATIO	1.0 dB	1.25 dB	1.3 dB	1.5 ±B



### PROTECTING YOUR **POWER SUPPLY**

Components in modern power supplies cost too much to leave them unprotected from shorts, overloads, etc.

BY ROBERT C. ARP, JR.

HE COST of modern sophisticated power supplies is high enough to warrant as much consideration for their protection as that given to their rectification and regulation circuits. While fuses and circuit breakers have been the traditional means of protecting power supplies, they are often not fast enough to prevent solid-state devices in newer supplies from destructing due to overloads and the like. The devices most able to protect semiconductors are other semiconductors.

Here are ways to protect a power supply from the three primary causes of failure: shorted output; shorted filter capacitors; and excessive current through the load. There are two general methods of protection. The first is the control of the transformer's primary circuit. The second is the removal of base drive from a transistor in series with a load.

In either case, we will assume that the protection circuit is part of a more complex power supply. High-current power supplies are used in some examples simply to indicate that the methods of protection are not limited to low-current applications. Obviously, devices with lower current and power ratings can be used where possible.

Primary Circuit. The block diagram in Fig. 1 shows a basic method of

power supply protection. Characteristic of this arrangement is the triac in series with the primary of the transformer. During normal operation, the TRIGGER TRIGGER

Fig. 1. A triac controls voltage across primary.

trigger control allows the trigger circuit to apply a brief gate signal to the triac for every alternation of the ac line voltage. After the triac is turned on by the gate signal, it remains on for the complete half cycle until the zerocrossing point is reached at the end of the alternation.

If the trigger control inhibits the trigger circuit while the triac is conducting, the triac cuts off when the line voltage approaches zero. It remains off until another gate signal is applied. Hence, the ac input to the transformer can be removed within a half cycle of the line voltage by designing the transformer's secondary circuit to inhibit the trigger circuit when a filter-capacitor short or supply output overload occurs.

The circuit shown in Fig. 2 is one type of control technique used in the primary circuit of a power supply. Under normal conditions, the gate of triac Q1 receives a brief gate signal from the IC2 zero-voltage switch at the beginning of each line alternation while the line voltage is near zero. Resistor R1, in series with the MT2 terminal of Q1 and gate terminal of Q2, permits a continuous flow of alternating current through the gate of Q2. The primary of T1, in series with Q2, receives the full ac line voltage under these conditions.

Zero-voltage switch IC2 can be used to provide pulses that are synchronized with the time of zero voltage in the ac cycle to the gate of a triac. Triac firing can be inhibited by the application of a positive (TTLcompatible) voltage to pin 1 of IC2.

The triple 3-input NAND gate used for IC1 converts short-circuit logic-0 conditions to a logic-1 condition for inhibition of IC2. (A 5-volt dc supply was used for the IC's power and, consequently, for the inhibit signal.)

The inhibit signal appears at pin 1 of

IC2 when points A or B (at Q3) are shorted to point O (common). With IC2 inhibited, Q1 cannot provide ac to flow through the gate of Q2. When the line voltage falls to zero at the end of the alternation, during which the short occurs, Q2 will cut off and remain off. After the short condition is removed, Q1 turns on with the next gate signal from IC2 and the system returns to normal operation.

If no filter capacitors were used (as in a simple battery-charging circuit). the self-resetting action would take place within one alternation of ac line voltage. Unfortunately, the inclusion of filter capacitors in the secondary circuit causes a resetting time lag on the order of one second for each 1000 μF used. If the resetting time is of no concern, no other consideration need be given this point. If you desire quick resetting time, you can do one of two things: First, include a dpst reset switch to momentarily break the connections between points A and B and IC2. Secondly, you can omit the connection between point A and IC1 and include an isolation diode in the secondary circuit (Fig. 3); IC2 will not, however, be inhibited by a shorted filter capacitor.

The circuit in Fig. 2 will not reset if a short occurs across the output terminals while a load is connected. In such a case, the load must be removed, or a reset switch must be used as explained above.

Although Q2 will remove power from T1's primary immediately when the output terminals of the supply are shorted, a spark will occur. The amplitude of the spark can be considerably reduced by incorporating the transistor stage shown in Fig. 3.

Removing Base Drive. If a transistor is placed in series with the output terminals of a power supply, an ar-

CONTROL

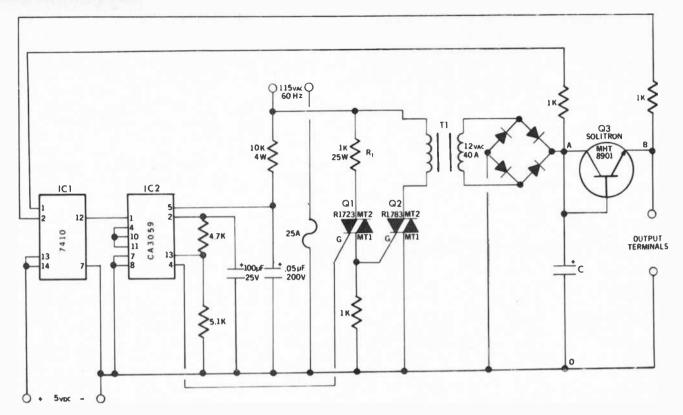


Fig. 2. One type of control technique used in the primary circuit.

rangement commonly used in series voltage regulators, the secondary circuit can be turned off by any action that removes base drive from this transistor. This can be done by shunting the base to ground with an SCR, optical coupler, or another transistor.

A method of removing base drive with an SCR when a desired maximum flow of current is exceeded is shown in Fig. 4. By varying  $R_{\kappa}$  and  $R_{s}$ , the transistor can be cut off at any desired level of current flowing through the output of the supply.

Under normal operating conditions, the transistor is biased on by R<sub>b</sub>. The current flowing through the output develops a voltage drop across Rs. Because a very low amplitude gate voltage is needed to trigger on the SCR, the resistance and power rating of R. can be relatively small for high-current applications. The voltage drop across R, is used to provide a gate signal for the SCR that is proportional to the level of the current flowing through the load. If the resistance of Rs is high enough, the level of load current at which the SCR shunts the transistor's base drive to ground can be varied by R<sub>g</sub>. When the voltage drop across R<sub>s</sub> is sufficient to trigger on the SCR, the transistor cuts off within microseconds. (A reset switch must be provided as shown to return the circuit to normal operation.)

Because of R<sub>b</sub>, the transistor must

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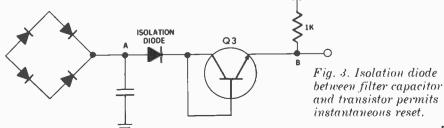
operate in the active region. If the resistance of  $R_{\rm h}$  is too low, the SCR will be required to handle a large current. Conversely, if the resistance of  $R_{\rm h}$  is too high, the transistor will be forced to dissipate considerable power. Usually, a value for  $R_{\rm h}$  must be chosen to keep the transistor's power dissipation and the current through the SCR at reasonable levels. The necessary current rating of the SCR can be determined (after  $R_{\rm h}$  is chosen to provide the desired transistor power dissipation) by dividing the input voltage by the value of  $R_{\rm h}$ .

Assume you're working with the following components and conditions:  $V_{\rm in}=34$  volts dc,  $C=18,300~\mu F$  (40 V),  $R_{\rm b}=30$  ohms (50 W),  $R_{\rm g}=1780$  ohms,  $R_{\rm g}=2.2$  ohms (220 W), SCR = 2N682, and Q = HEP S7000. Here, the SCR will trigger on when the current reaches 10 A. You can also measure the following parameters:  $V_{\rm CE}=11.5$  V dc,  $V_{\rm BE}=1.5$  V dc,  $V_{\rm BE}=1.5$  V dc,  $V_{\rm BE}=1.5$  And the power dissipation of the transistor can be found by using the for-

mula  $P_{\rm D} \approx V_{\rm CE} I_{\rm C}$ , which would yield 115 watts.

Light-emitting diodes can be switched on and off in nanoseconds, and optical couplers with transistor detectors can switch at speeds of 2 to  $5 \mu s$ . It is logical, therefore, to consider a protection system based on these high-speed devices. A typical optical coupler protection circuit is shown in Fig. 5.

It is not necessary for the series transistor in Fig. 5 to dissipate large amounts of power because this transistor (Q1) can be operated in or near the saturation region. Heavy base drive is applied to Q1 through Q2 according to the formula  $I_{BQDmin} = I_{CQD}$  $/h_{\rm FE(QD)}$ , where  $l_{\rm B(QDmin}$  is the minimum base current that assures saturation of Q1,  $I_{\rm crop}$  is the maximum expected collector current, and h<sub>FE(Q1)</sub> is the minimum expected h<sub>FE</sub>. Transistor Q2 is used to supply base drive for Q1 so that only Q2's relatively small base current need be shunted to ground to turn off Q1.



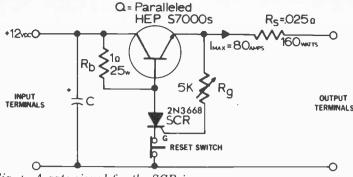


Fig. 4. A gate signal for the SCR is developed by the current through  $R_s$ .

There are many variations of the circuit shown in Fig. 5, but we will limit our discussion to this specific circuit configuration. It should be noted that  $R_{\rm s}$  can have a value much lower than 1 ohm, which results in a lower wattage rating for this resistor. The optical coupler should consist of an infrared LED and a silicon transistor detector.

After assembling the circuit as shown, disconnect the anode lead of the LED from point A. Power up the supply, and monitor  $I_{\rm CQD}$  and  $V_{\rm CEQD}$  while decreasing  $R_{\rm B}$  until Q1 goes into saturation. Then adjust  $R_{\rm B}$  until Q1 is operating in the active region, just short of saturation. (This speeds up the cutoff action of Q1 and keeps the photodetector current low.) When adjusting  $R_{\rm B}$ , monitor  $I_{\rm BQ2}$ , to make sure you don't exceed the current rating of the photodetector.

Connect the LED's anode back to point A and short the output of the supply. Adjust the  $R_{\rm LED}$  control for an  $I_{\rm CQD}$  short-circuit current of 15 mA. (Actually, the short-circuit current can be set to about 1 mA, but the adjustment of  $R_{\rm LED}$  becomes critical for currents below 15 mA.)

With the adjustments performed as described and a 5-ohm value for  $R_{\rm Li}$   $I_{\rm CQD}$  would be 640 mA. Reducing  $R_{\rm L}$  to 3.33 ohms would drop  $I_{\rm CQD}$  to 27 mA and  $V_{\rm CEQD}$  to 4.4 V. This yields a 0.195-W  $P_{\rm DQD}$ . This current-limiting circuit produces an  $I_{\rm C}$  versus  $R_{\rm L}$  curve with a very steep slope, which results in very little overshoot of the desired maximum current.

With  $R_{\rm B}$  and  $R_{\rm LED}$  properly adjusted, Q1 will operate in or near the saturation region with a heavy base drive supplied by Q2. If the current through  $R_{\rm S}$  exceeds the maximum for which the circuit is adjusted, determined by the resistance of  $R_{\rm S}$ ,  $R_{\rm B}$ , and  $R_{\rm LED}$ , the LED will emit enough light to reduce the resistance of the photodetector. The result is that Q2's base drive will

be shunted to ground and the transistor will be cut off.

Because this circuit is very temperature sensitive, a reset switch must be provided as shown. When power is first applied to the system, no current flows through Q2 until the reset switch is operated to momentarily disconnect  $R_{\rm P}$  from ground. After a few minutes warm-up, the system is self-resetting.

**A Current Limiter.** The self-resetting circuit shown in Fig. 6 lacks some of the advantages of the previous circuits. Transistor *Q1* is again in series with the load, while *Q2* supplies sufficient base current to keep it operating in the saturation region for a significant range of loads.

In the following discussion, we will assume that a wide range of loads will be applied to the output of an unregulated power supply rated at 40 amperes. (If the load is to be fixed, circuit

components can easily be chosen so that Q3 provides a sharp turn-off of Q1 if  $I_{C(Q1)}$  increases beyond a chosen maximum. However, if the load is variable,  $R_C$  must be selected so that Q1 passes the desired range of currents, with  $R_B$  and  $R_E$  chosen to provide rapid turn-off for the loads that will cause excessive current to pass through Q1.)

The graphs shown in Fig. 7 are plots of Icon versus R<sub>L</sub> for the circuit shown in Fig. 6. From plot A, it can be seen that as R<sub>L</sub> is decreased (increased load), the current through Q1 increases to a maximum of 14.5 A when R<sub>L</sub> is 0.3 ohm. Decreasing R<sub>L</sub> further yields a reduction in  $I_{C(Q)}$  instead of an increase. This Icon decrease with increasing load continues until Ri is 0.25 ohm, at which point the circuit becomes unstable. When a load of 0.25 ohm is connected to the supply's output, Ican momentarily goes to 12 A. after which Q1 turns off and Icqu reduces to zero. For load resistances less than 0.25 ohms, Q1 is in the cutoff region and Icon is zero.

Plot B, an expanded view of  $I_{\rm CQD}$  for small values of R<sub>L</sub>, shows how the Q1 collector current varies when load resistance approaches zero. When R<sub>L</sub> is 0.3 ohm,  $I_{\rm CQD}$  is at the maximum 14.5-A value. For loads between 0.3 and 0.25 ohm,  $I_{\rm CQD}$  decreases almost linearly. Load resistances of less than 0.25 ohm are a virtual short circuit at the output terminals of the supply and cause Q3 to keep Q2 at cutoff.

The operation of the circuit is quite

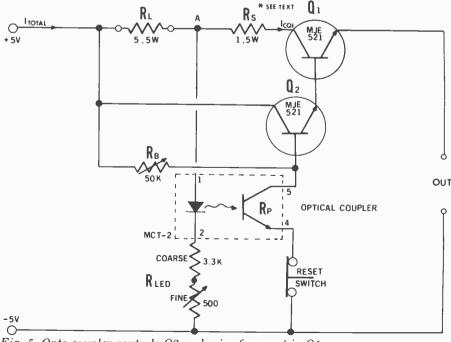


Fig. 5. Opto-coupler controls Q2 on basis of current in Q1.

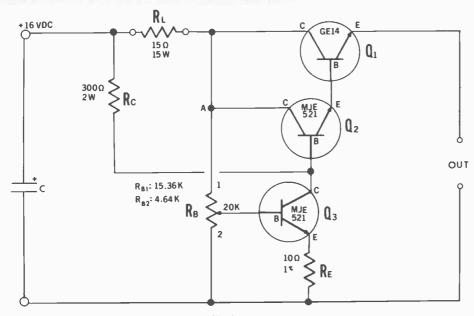


Fig. 6. A self-resetting current limiter with short-circuit protection.

TABLE I—CIRCUIT PARAMETERS FOR DIFFERENT LOAD RESISTORS						
	(A) $R_L = 15$ ohms			<b>(B)</b> R <sub>i.</sub> = 0		
Parameter	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q2	Q3
V <sub>CE</sub>	0.61 V	0 V	1.49 V	16 V	15.8 V	0.25 V
V <sub>CB</sub>	-0.143 V	-0.74 V	1.3 V	15.8 V	15 V	−0.35 V
V <sub>BE</sub>	0.75 V	0.74 V	0.17 V	0.42 V	0.385 V	0.65 V
1 <sub>e</sub>	1.09 A	38 mA	0	23 mA	14 μΑ	48 mA
l <sub>B</sub>	9 mA	46 mA	0	15 μΑ	9 μΑ	0.7 mA
I <sub>RB1</sub>	32 µA			1 mA		
I <sub>RB2</sub>	32 µA			0.3 mA		
V <sub>in</sub>	16 V			16 V		
V <sub>L</sub>	15.9 V			0 V		
P <sub>D</sub>	0.7 W	0 W	0 W	0.37 W	2×10 <sup>-4</sup> W	0.012 W

straightforward. However, the adjustment of R<sub>B</sub> and value of R<sub>E</sub> that allow self-resetting are critical. Before R<sub>B</sub> and R<sub>E</sub> can be adjusted to the proper values, R<sub>c</sub> must be chosen to allow the desired maximum  $I_{\text{crop}}$ . To select R<sub>c</sub>, disconnect point 1 of R<sub>B</sub> from junction A. The minimum value of  $I_{B(\Omega)}$  to keep Q1 in saturation can be estimated from the formula  $I_{Bmin} \approx I_{C}$ /h<sub>FE</sub>. For a maximum of 15 A for I<sub>CQD</sub> using a GE14 transistor ( $h_{EE} = 45$ ) for Q1,  $I_{Bmin}$  would be 0.333 A. The minimum value of  $I_{B(Q2)}$  is found by using the  $I_{B(Q1)min}$  value for  $I_{C(Q2)}$ . Hence, using an MJE521 transistor whose hFE is 40 for Q2, we obtain  $I_{BQ2min} = 0.33/$ 40 = 8 mA. Then, determining the value for R<sub>c</sub> we have R<sub>c</sub> =  $V_{in}/I_{B(Q2)}$  = 15/0.008 = 1875 ohms.

You can select a potentiometer for R<sub>B</sub> by using the formulas given in "A Simple Method For Biasing Transistors" (June 1975). Let the base voltage of Q3 be approximately 0.7 V,  $I_{C(03)} =$  $I_{\rm B(Q2)}=8$  mA, and  $I_{\rm bias}\approx 0.1\times I_{\rm C(Q3)}=0.8$ mA. Assume that R<sub>B</sub> consists of two resistors, R1 for the portion of the pot above the wiper and R2 for the lower portion. Now,  $R2 = V_{base}/I_{bias} = 0.7/$ 0.0008 = 875 ohms. Then for R1, consider the output of the power supply to be shorted and determine R1 from the formula  $R1 = (V_{in} - V_{base})/I_{bias} = (15 - I_{base})/I_{bias}$ 0.7)/0.0008 = 17,875 ohms. Adding the results obtained, we end up with a total resistance of 18,750 ohms. A

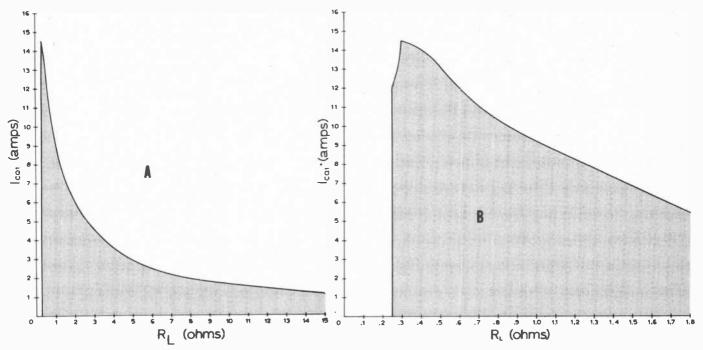


Fig. 7. In (A) load varies from 15 to 0 ohms; (B) load approaches zero.

standard 20,000-ohm potentiometer can, therefore, be used for R<sub>B</sub>.

The adjustment of R<sub>B</sub> is accomplished by connecting point 1 of the pot to junction A and installing a resistance decade box set to zero ohms as R<sub>E</sub>. With a 15-ohm load connected to the output of the supply,  $I_{\mathcal{C}(q_1)}$  should measure 1 A. (The collector current for Q1 should be monitored during all adjustments. Also, the power supply should be shut off when installing and removing ammeters.) Start with a 0-to1-A ammeter and adjust R<sub>B</sub> until I<sub>B(Q3)</sub> is nearly zero. Continue in this manner, using a more sensitive ammeter, until IBGO is exactly zero.

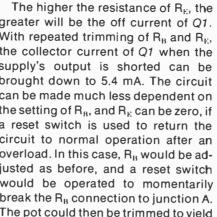
Remove the ammeter from the supply and connect the base of Q3 as shown in Fig. 6. The decade box in the emitter leg of Q3 should still be set to zero. Short the supply's output terminals; Icqu should drop to zero. If the current through the collector of Q1 doesn't drop to zero, IBGG or RE has not been set to zero. Remove the short from across the supply's output, leaving only the 15-ohm load. The collector current of Q1 should remain at zero; if it doesn't and the circuit selfresets, no R<sub>E</sub> is needed. (This is not likely to occur.) With no self-reset, increase  $R_{\rm E}$  in 1-ohm steps until  $I_{\rm cqp}$ goes back to 1 A. Short the output of the supply again;  $I_{\text{c(q)}}$  should go to zero and the circuit should restart when the short is removed.

greater will be the off current of Q1. With repeated trimming of R<sub>B</sub> and R<sub>E</sub>, the collector current of Q1 when the supply's output is shorted can be brought down to 5.4 mA. The circuit can be made much less dependent on the setting of R<sub>B</sub>, and R<sub>E</sub> can be zero, if a reset switch is used to return the circuit to normal operation after an overload. In this case, R<sub>B</sub> would be adjusted as before, and a reset switch would be operated to momentarily break the R<sub>B</sub> connection to junction A. The pot could then be trimmed to yield a minimum collector current in Q1.

The capacitor shown across the input of the circuit in Fig. 6 is not part of the protection system. It is simply representative of the filter capacitor in the power supply. Under normal conditions, Q2 supplies the base current to Q1. Both Q1 and Q2 operate in the saturation region to assure that full power is delivered to the load. The A section of Table I shows the measured and calculated parameters for Q1, Q2, and Q3 for the 15-ohm load, Rr.

If R<sub>L</sub> is reduced to zero (shorted output terminals), Q3 will conduct and Q1 and Q2 will be driven into cutoff. The B section of Table I shows the parameters for the transistors when  $R_1 = 0$ .

For intermediate values of R<sub>L</sub>, the transistors pass through all three regions of operations. These regions and the loads that cause the transi-



tions are listed in Table II. When R<sub>L</sub> is reduced to 1.66 ohms, enough forward bias is applied to the base of Q3 to bring it out of cutoff. As Ri is further reduced, IBQ3 increases until, finally, when R<sub>L</sub> is 0.296 ohm, Q3 is shunting a large enough portion of Q2's base drive to ground to cause both Q2 and Q1 to come out of saturation and begin operating in the active region. Eventually, when R<sub>L</sub> is reduced to less than 0.25 ohm, Q3 is driven into saturation and Q2 and Q1 go into cutoff.

TABLE II-OPERATING REGIONS

FOR DIFFERENT LOAD RESISTORS

saturation saturation

saturation saturation

01

active

unstable

cutoff

**Region Of Operation** 

02

active

cutoff

Q3

cutoff

active

active

saturation

unstable unstable

R<sub>i</sub> (Ohms)

15

1.66

0.25

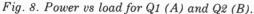
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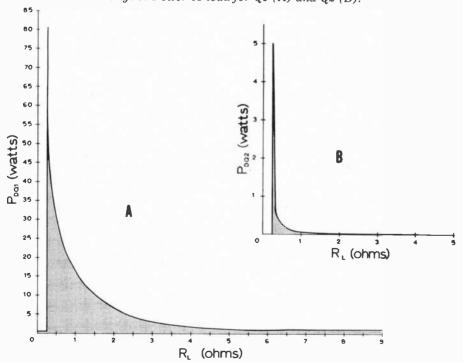
0.296

Because Q1 and Q2 must operate in the active region, even for so narrow a range of loads as from 0.296 to 0.25 ohm, the voltage drop across these transistors over this range causes the power dissipation of the devices to increase tremendously while they are operating in the active region. Plots of P<sub>D</sub> versus R<sub>1</sub> for Q1 and Q2 are shown in Fig. 8. Plot A shows that, for maximum protection, Q1's Pp rating should be greater than 80 watts at the desired operating temperature. Plot B shows that Q2's Pp rating should be greater than 5 watts.

Although the Pp ratings of Q1 and Q2 must be much greater than is necessary while the transistors are operating strictly at saturation, they need not handle the power dissipation that would be necessary in an unprotected series voltage regulator. For example, with a 14.5-A Icon and a 16volt  $V_{\rm in}$ , the  $P_{\rm D}$  rating of a transistor used as an unprotected series regulator would have to be 232 watts at the operating temperature under shorted conditions. This would require a very expensive transistor.

Conclusion. We have proposed only a few of the many possible ways of protecting the more expensive and fragile components found in modern power supplies. Proper utilization of the proposed circuits, individually or in combination, will produce protection systems that are relatively inexpensive and reliable.





HERE ARE digital electronic clocks with all sorts of variations—alarms, radios, calendars, etc. Now, here is one for the music lover. It plays the famous Westminster chime tune. On the quarter-hour, the first ¼ of the tune is played; on the half hour, ½ of the tune; on three-quarters, ¾ of the tune; and the full tune on the hour. On the hour, the tune is followed by a monotone chiming of the hour. By using "surplus" parts, you can build this clock for a very low cost, though it does have 19 IC's.

How It Works. The complete circuit of the clock is shown in three parts in Figs. 1 to 3. The clock element is *IC19* an MM5316 IC that drives conventional fluorescent readouts *DIS1* through *DIS4*. This clock IC was selected because it has continuous outputs that minimize the chime circuit interface requirements. If you select a clock IC that has multiplexed outputs, additional circuits will be required. The fluorescent readouts are used because they can be driven directly by the MM5316 and they require very little operating power.

In Fig. 1, *IC1* and *IC2* decode the conditions of the 15, 30, 45, and 00 minutes. The outputs are OR'd by part of *IC4*, whose output then initiates a one-shot circuit formed by *C1*, *R12*, and part of *IC3* (Fig. 2). The pulse from this one-shot sets a flip-flop formed by two elements of *IC5*, which in turn, activates the tone output through part of *IC9*. The one-shot pulse also resets the remainder of the chime circuits.

The Westminster chime sequence uses four different tones. Instead of having four different frequency oscillators which may be difficult to keep correctly tuned, a single tone oscillator formed by IC15 (Fig. 3) is used, with its output divided down to form the four required tones. In this way, even if the basic tone oscillator frequency were to vary, the relationship between the four Westminster tones will be maintained and a harmonious melody is ensured. The frequency division is performed by IC11 and IC12, with portions of IC13, IC14, IC15, and IC4. The output of counter IC3, pin 12 (Fig. 2), consists of narrow pulses. These are used to toggle IC9, which divides the frequency by two and produces a square-wave output. The latter is filtered by R20 and C7 and is used to drive Q1, which is the audio output stage.

The tone sequence is programmed

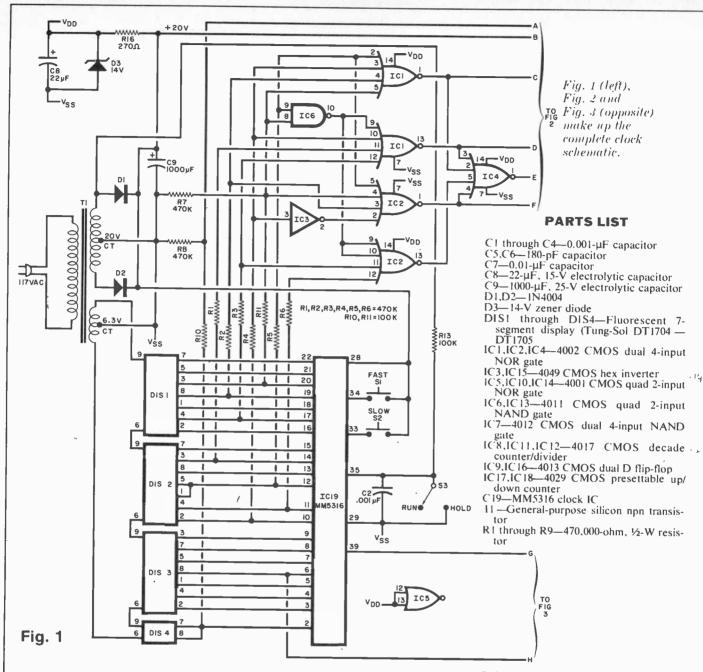


# Digital Electronic "Westminster" Clock

BY ALAN ROEHL

The famous "Big Ben" tune
is played every hour with
portions every 15 minutes.

by a 10-stage Johnson counter formed by *IC8* (Fig. 3). This counter is driven by the 1-Hz output from *IC19* so that each tone has a 1-second duration. Since the first half of the melody is identical to the second half, a single 10-stage counter is adequate to program the eight tones and two pauses



in **half** of the melody. Portions of *IC6* and *IC7* are used to reset the flip-flop formed by part of *IC5* after the proper operation of the sequence has been completed, thereby disabling the output tone.

On the hour, a series of tones to count the hour is provided by *IC18*. It is reset to 1 at one o'clock and advanced one count each hour. When an hour count is called for, the content of *IC18* is transferred to *IC17* which then counts down until it reaches zero. In this way, one output tone is produced for each count. The tone may be altered by chaging the values of *R14-C5* in the *IC15* oscillator circuit.

Construction. The prototype was constructed on perforated board having 0.1" hole centers, with sockets used for all IC's and "flea clips" for other components. A wiring pencil (or other means) can be used to make the various interconnections. Handle all CMOS-PMOS IC's with care to avoid static damage, although they do have internal protection. Note that, for all CMOS devices, any unused inputs must be connected to either supply voltage—not left "floating."

**Operation.** With the clock completely assembled, recheck all wiring for possible errors. Then supply power

R10 through R15—100,000-ohm, ½-W resistor

R16-270-ohm, ½-W resistor

R17—100-ohm, ½-W resistor

R18—10-megohm, ½-W resistor

R19,R20—2000-ohm, 1/2-W resistor

\$1,\$2—Single-pole normally open pushbutton switch

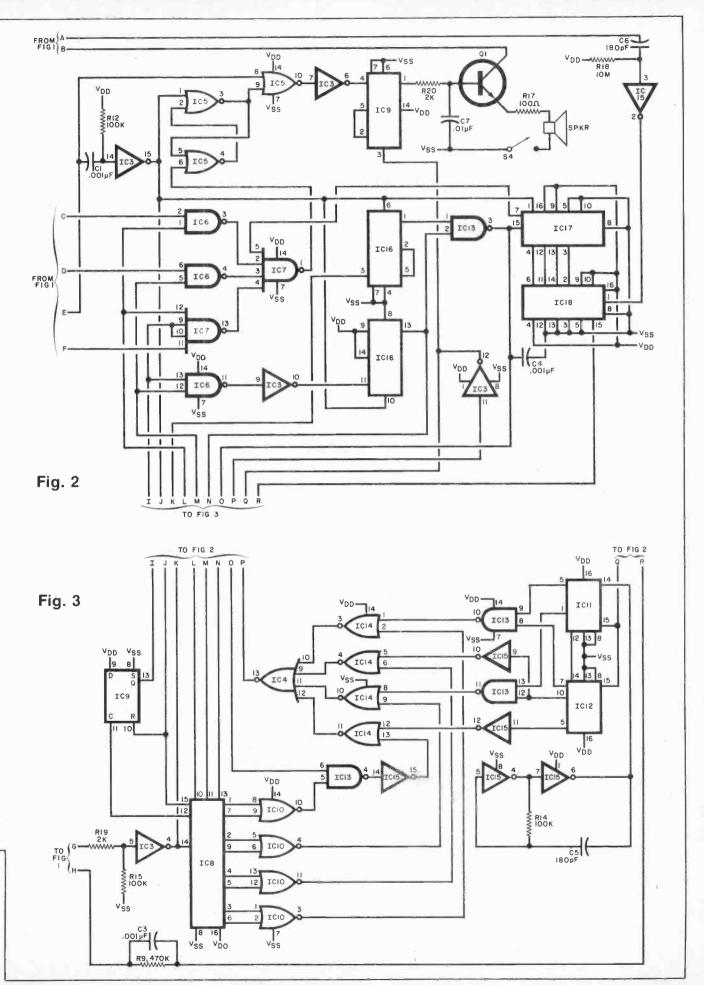
\$3,\$4—Spst switch

SPKR—8-ohm (or more) speaker

T1—20-V CT at 100-mA; 6.3-V at 50-mA transformer

Misc. Perforated board, flea clips, IC sockets, suitable enclosure, mounting hardware, etc.

to the clock and check the operation of the function switches—RUN, HOLD, FAST, SLOW. The display should be cycled through a complete "day" to ensure that the proper counting takes place. Then the clock should be cycled to 1:00 PM. At this point, the chime circuit should work.



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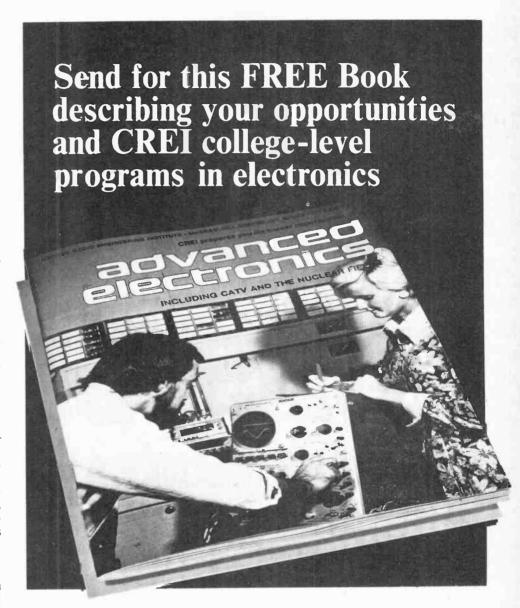
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NOVEMBER 1976 63

BY DAVID L. HEISERMAN



# ODDS-ON A GAME OF CHANCE AND STRATEGY

Simple, low-cost parlor game

can be challenging and interesting.

F YOU enjoy playing electronic games, grab your soldering iron and build "Odds-On," a low-cost game that combines the best elements of chance and strategy. Even though the readout is a single LED, don't get the idea that the game is easy to beat.

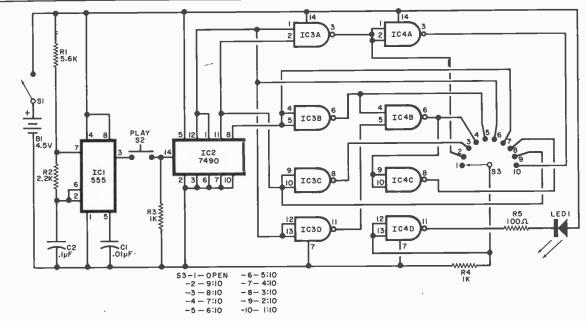
Odds-On uses a relatively highspeed oscillator to drive a counter and decoding system when its PLAY button is pressed. When the button is released, the count stops. If, when it stops, the LED turns on, you win. This is the chance feature. The element of strategy enters the game when you're allowed to select your own odds of winning. In this mode, you set a rotary switch to one of nine positions, each of which gives different odds ranging from 1:10 to a conservative 9:10.

Two or more players can compete with each other. The player who selects the longest odds, and wins, wins the game. The actual scoring technique is up to the players, but keep in mind that a more conservative player can consistently score and win, if his opponent is not just lucky.

Odds-On can be used to play a variety of games, including coin toss (odds 5:10), Russian Roulette, or any other games that call for playing against odds of 1:10 to 9:10.

**How It Works.** Free-running oscillator *IC1* operates at a frequency of about 1000 Hz as a result of the values specified for *R1*, *R2*, and *C2*. When PLAY pushbutton *S2* is depressed, the output pulses from the oscillator drive decade counter *IC2*, which cycles from 0 through 9 (10 different output

POPULAR ELECTRONICS



In the circuit, IC1 operates at 1000 Hz, S2 starts the play, and S3 determines the odds.

#### **PARTS LIST**

-Three 1.5-volt AA cells in series

C1—0.01-µF disc capacitor -0.1-µF disc capacitor

IC1—555 timer IC2—7490 decade counter

IC3, IC4-7400 quad two-input NAND

Any discrete light-emitting diode LĔD1-R1-5600-ohm, 1/4-watt resistor

-2200-ohm, 1/4-watt resistor

R3, R4-1000-ohm, 1/4-watt resistor R5-100-ohm, 1/2-watt resistor

S1—Spst Switch

-Normally-open spst switch

S3—Single-pole, 10-position rotary switch Misc.—Suitable box; battery holder; perforated or pc board; hookup wire; machine hardware; solder; etc.

states). When the PLAY button is released, the counter holds its last output state.

Since IC2 produces 10 different output states, the chances are 1 in 10 that the count will stop at any particular state. However, it is possible to use the decoding logic of IC3 and IC4 and switch S3 to weight the odds. For example, if S3 is set to the 5:10 position, there is a 50/50 chance that LED1 will be on.

Construction. Because of the simplicity of the circuit, any type of construction will suffice, but a printed circuit board of your own design or perforated board will be most convenient. Sockets for the IC's are optional. Switches S1, S2, and S3 should be mounted on the top of the box in which you house the circuit. Also mounted on the top of the box and held in place with a small rubber grommet or a bead of cement should be LED1. The three 1.5-volt AA cells that make up B1 should be mounted in a suitable holder inside the box.

Game Hints. Consider a game in which two or more players are par-**NOVEMBER 1976** 

ticipating with one player being very conservative. Suppose the conservative player selects odds of 6:10. When he presses and releases the PLAY button, he has six chances out of 10 to score a hit (LED comes on). If this happens, he scores 6 points. If the LED remains off, his score is 10.

The next player selects his own odds, say, 2:10. If after pressing and releasing the PLAY button the LED comes on, he gets a score of 2; if the z LED stays off, he gets a score of 10.

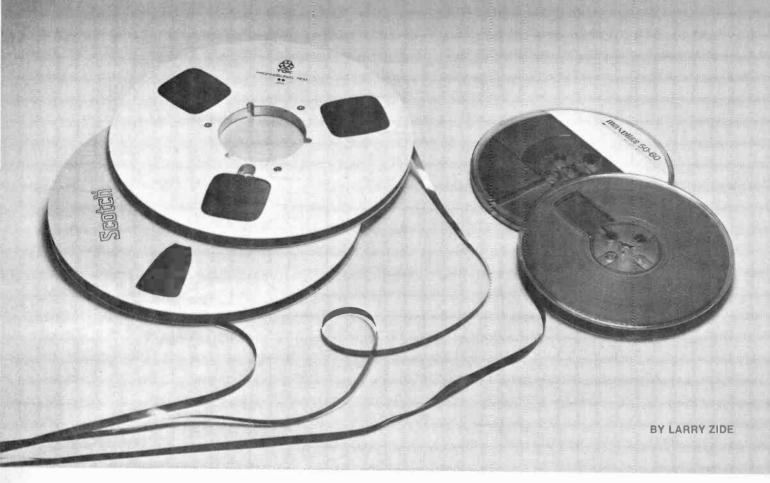
From the foregoing, a player gets 10 points every time he loses and the first digit of the odds figure if he wins. The play continues until one player's score reaches 100, at which time he loses. If there are more than two players, odds selection and play continue until all scores but one are 100. The one player whose score doesn't reach 100 is the winner.

To play "coin-flip," set the selector switch to the 5:10 position and operate the PLAY button. At each depression and release, there is a 50/50 chance that the LED will turn on and you win.

To play Russian Roulette, assume a six-shot revolver has a cartridge in only one chamber. The PLAY button becomes the "trigger." Set the odds selector switch to the 2:10 position. If at any time the LED comes on, you definitely lose.



"What do you mean, does a horse come with it?"



# Professional vs. Consumer Tape

Would there be an advantage for the home recordist in using studio-type tape?

AGNETIC tape manufacturers optimize the characteristics of their open-reel tapes according to the requirements of the markets they serve. Professional mastering tapes, for example, provide their best performance at a speed of 30 or 15 ips, both of which are commonly used by the pro's. Consumer tapes, on the other hand, are best for the commonly used 7½ and 3¾ ips speeds of consumer decks.

One might ask if a professional tape, used on a consumer deck, will yield superior performance when compared with a consumer tape. At least one major manufacturer says no. However, might it not be possible to adjust a consumer machine to favor the professional tape? To answer this question, we embarked on a project to examine both professional mastering and consumer tapes, after idealizing a consumer tape deck for each type of tape to be used.

**Bias and Equalization.** We know that tape deck bias should be adjusted to suit the tape being used. What is

less well known is that the precise amount of bias used in any given tape deck is a compromise of frequency re-

Frequency response curves are decibels versus frequency in hertz.

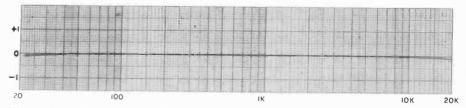


Fig. 1. Overall response of the entire test set-up without a tape.

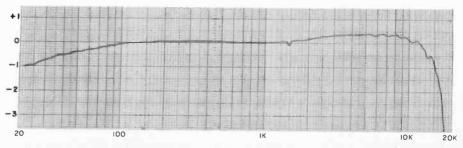


Fig. 2. Maxell UD-50 at 34 ips, bias 2 dB beyond peak at 10,000 Hz.

sponse versus distortion and/or noise. There is no one bias setting that will simultaneously provide both the widest absolute response and the lowest absolute distortion/noise. Bias is generally set in professional decks for lowest distortion and noise and let the frequency response fall as it may, while the bias in consumer machines is set to provide the widest frequency response.

Once the bias adjustment is made, the high-frequency equalization can be used to compensate for the record electronics so that a playback response as nearly flat as possible is obtained. All professional and many consumer tape decks, therefore, can be adjusted for high-frequency equalization. Many professional decks provide this equalization on the play side of the preamplifier, but all offer it on the record side. Playback equalization is always preset to a standard test tape. The record equalization attempts to adjust the response to match the standardized playback.

The normal manner in which bias is adjusted is to set the deck so that the tape is moving at the speed for which adjustment is to be made, with the mode set to record. An audio signal generator is then used to record a sine-wave signal and the bias is adjusted while the output of the tape is monitored. As the bias is advanced, the output of the tape increases until it reaches a point where additional bias reduces the output (particularly at the higher frequencies). This is because increased bias begins to erase very short wavelengths.

A common professional way to adjust the bias on a high-speed deck is to record a 10,000-Hz signal and adjust the bias beyond the peak until a 1-to-2-dB reduction in output occurs. This yields the lowest noise and distortion and an acceptable frequency response. If the bias were to be set at peak, the response might be so good at the high end that there would not be enough equalization to bring it down, but distortion would be high and noise might suffer.

Our Test Setup. The basic tape deck we selected for making our tests was the Revox Model A-700. This deck has 15, 7½, and 3¾ ips speeds, covering both the consumer and the professional ranges, and provides complete bias and equalization adjustment con-

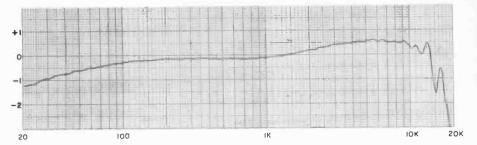


Fig. 3. Same as Fig. 2, but with bias set to peak at 1000 Hz.

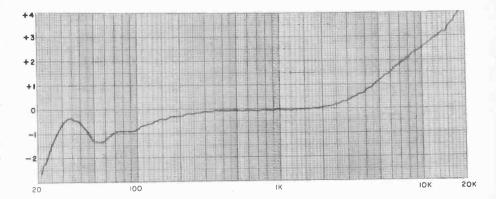


Fig. 4. Same as Fig. 2, with 15-ips speed.

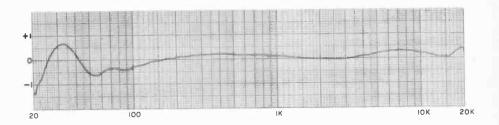


Fig. 5. Same as Fig. 3, with 15-ips speed.

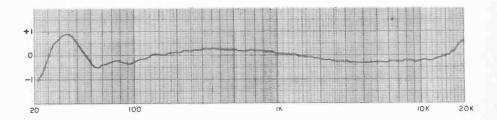


Fig. 6. 3M's Scotch 250 at 15 ips with bias 2 dB beyond peak.

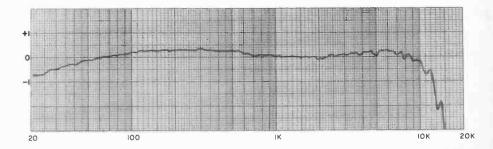


Fig. 7. Same as Fig. 6, with speed at 3% ips.

trols for each speed and channel. Needless to say, this deck provides all the controls and speeds required for making a meaningful study of tapes.

For the tests, we used a UREI Model 200 X-Y frequency plotter with built-in automatic 20-to-20,000-Hz sweep frequency generator. On the receive end of this instrument, the signal returns, after going through the equipment under test, and drives the X-Y plotter that operates at an exactly synchronized speed of 120, 60, 30, or 15 seconds. We selected a 60-second sweep speed and a 2-dB/vertical inch of graph paper sensitivity.

A Ferrograph Model RTS2 Record Test Set served as an auxiliary audio signal generator, total harmonic distortion (THD) analyzer, and also as noise meter.

The tapes selected for testing included the consumer Scotch Classic and professional 250 types from 3M, the consumer Maxell UD-50, and the professional Ampex Grand Master 456. We believe these tapes to be representative examples of the tapes available on today's market.

**The Tests.** The method of setting up for each tape was as follows: bias was adjusted and frequency-response pretests were run before plotting by sweeping between 1000 and 10,000 Hz. The recording equalization was then adjusted to bring the 10,000-Hz response as much in line with that of the 1000-Hz response as possible.

For the tests conducted at 15 ips, all testing was performed at 0 VU recording input, including those for noise and distortion. When we performed out tests at 3% or 7% ips, the input was reduced to -10 VU. Distortion and noise were measured by increasing the input to 0 VU.

Our first frequency plot made on the UREI recorder is shown in Fig. 1. This is the overall response of the entire system without a tape running. As you can see, variations between 20 and 20,000 Hz are negligible.

The graph in Fig. 2 is the response of the Maxell UD-50 tape at the speed of 3¾ ips, with the bias set 2 dB beyond peak at 10,000 Hz. The signal-to-noise (S/N) ratio was -52 dB unweighted. (Our S/N measurements were all referenced to the 0-VU point on the deck's meters. Had we used the common 3% distortion point, the S/N figures for this and all subsequent tapes would have been better by 7 to 8 dB.)

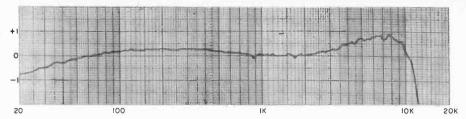


Fig. 8. Same as Fig. 7, with bias set to peak at 1000 Hz.

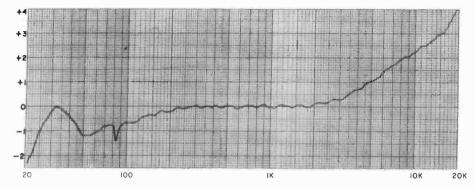


Fig. 9. Scotch Classic at 15 ips and minimum equalization.

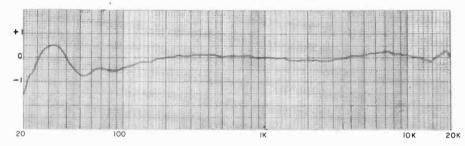


Fig. 10. Same as Fig. 9 with bias to peak at 1000 Hz

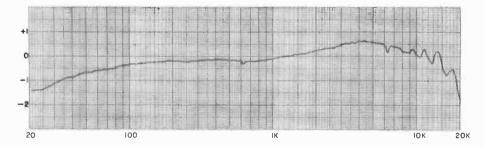


Fig. 11. Scotch Classic at 34 ips, bias 2dB beyond peak at 10,000 Hz.

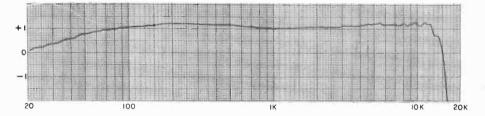


Fig. 12. Same as Fig. 11, with bias set to peak.

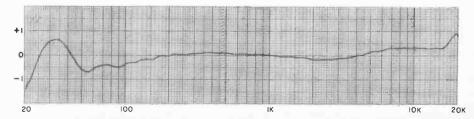


Fig. 13. Ampex 456 at 15 ips, bias 2 dB beyond peak at 10,000 Hz.

Note that the response of this tape is essentially flat to -2 dB at 17,000 Hz.

When we adjusted the bias to peak at 1000 Hz, note, in Fig. 3, the slight roughness of the high end, although the actual response is still about the same. At 1.2%, the distortion was slightly greater, but the S/N remained the same at -52 dB.

Changing the speed to 15 ips produced the curve shown in Fig. 4 at 10,000 Hz and bias set at 2 dB beyond peak and Fig. 5 at 1000 Hz and bias set to peak. The Fig. 4 curve was obtained with minimal setting of the highfrequency equalization. The sharply rising high end is obvious, almost 5 dB at 20,000 Hz. At this setting, the THD was 1% and the S/N was -55 dB. The bass end response of the Fig. 5 curve is typical of many tapes and is well within ±1 dB from 22 Hz. At the high end, the response is smooth and goes well beyond 20,000 Hz. This time, distortion was 0.75% and S/N was -55 decibels.

3M's Scotch 250 studio mastering tape, first tested at 15 ips, responded very well when the bias was set 2 dB beyond peak, as seen in Fig. 6. S/N was – 58 dB and distortion measured 0.7%. We saw no reason to alter the bias and left the setting alone.

The curve shown in Fig. 7 is for the Scotch 250 tape at the consumer speed of 3¾ ips. At 2 dB beyond peak, the response is 2 dB down at 15,000 Hz, while S/N was -53 dB and distortion was 1.1%. The curve in Fig. 8 is for the same tape and speed, but this time, the bias was set to peak at 1000 Hz. The high end suffers, S/N remains at -53 dB, and distortion improves to 0.9%—not a very significant gain. It can certainly be assumed that this is not a tape to use at low speeds.

The response of the consumergrade Scotch Classic tape is shown in Fig. 9. The tape speed was 15 ips and high-end equalization was at a minimum. While the S/N figure is a healthy -57 dB, distortion is an unhealthy 2.8%. Obviously, with the bias set at 2 dB beyond peak, this is not a good tape to use at the higher speed.

Setting the bias to peak at 1000 Hz and correcting the equalization provided the curve shown in Fig. 10. Note that the response has smoothed out to professional-grade full range; S/N remains at -58 dB; and distortion has dropped to an excellent 0.7%. Classic can obviously qualify as a good professional tape.

Now, operating Scotch Classic at the consumer speed of 3¼ ips, as shown in Fig. 11, the response was flat to -2 dB at 20,000 Hz. However, at 2 dB beyond peak at 10,000 Hz, S/N was -53 dB and distortion was 2.5%. With the bias set to peak, the response was -2 dB at 16,000 Hz, with distortion down to 1.1% and S/N -54 dB (Fig. 12). These two settings clearly reveal the tradeoffs of bias versus distortion and frequency response.

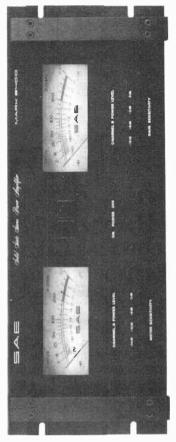
The professional mastering Ampex 456 tape was very similar to the Scotch 250 tape in its bias requirements and performance characteristics. We performed our Ampex 456 tape tests with the bias set 2 dB beyond peak at 10,000 Hz. The Fig. 13 curve was obtained at 15 ips: S/N was -57 dB and distortion was 0.8%. This is clearly a professional tape. At 3¾ ips, the tape's response was rough but actually only 2dB down at 20,000 Hz. The tape had a response of 1 dB at about 10,000 Hz at the minimum setting of the tape recorder's equalization adjustment. The distortion was an unimpressive 2.4% and S/N was a good but not impressive -53.5 dB. Ampex 456 is a superb studio mastering tape, but much like the Scotch 250, it is not an idealized slow-speed tape.

Summing Up. What have our tests proved? Depending on the bias and equalization settings of the tape deck, Scotch Classic, Scotch 250, and Maxell UD-50 performed very much the same at 3¾ ips. We expected this of the Classic and UD-50 tapes, but seeing the performance of the 250 at this speed came as a bit of a surprise. At the high, and presumably professional, speed of 15 ips, each of the tapes tested was capable of nearly identical frequency response, distortion, and noise performance.

We feel, therefore, that part of our original contention that, at low speeds, tapes designed for that speed range are best, has been proven. But at high speeds, it would appear that the best buy is the lowest priced and most readily available tape—at least among those tested by us.

It is evident that proper performance from any tape means that the tape deck on which it is used must be properly set up for it. Bias must be set for distortion versus frequency response, but the setting must permit an acceptable normalizing of the highend response.

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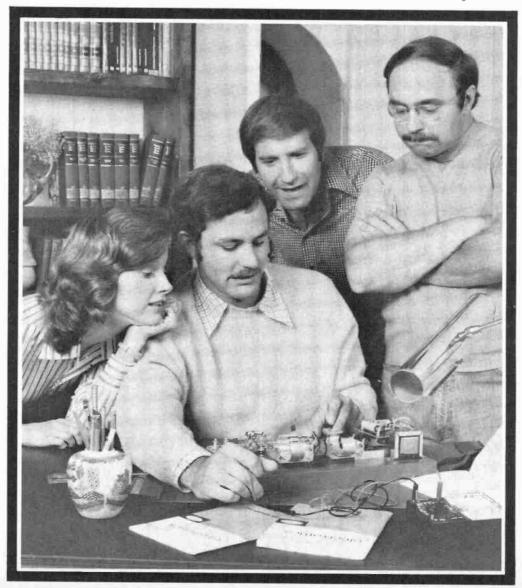


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Herb takes his future seriously. Without worrying about it. He knows his CIE training is giving him valuable skills in electronics. Skills a lot of people will be glad to pay for. And that's good reason for all the optimism in the world. How about you?



Learning new skills isn't something you just breeze through. Especially in electronics. You've got to really want success if you're going to build your skills properly.

Herb knew that right from the start. But he also knew what rewards he could earn if he took some time and did it right. He knew that, in today's world, people who really know electronics find a lot of other people ... even whole industries...looking for their help.

How about you? How much do you want that thrilling feeling of success... of being in demand? Enough to work for it?

> Why it pays to build skills and know-how.

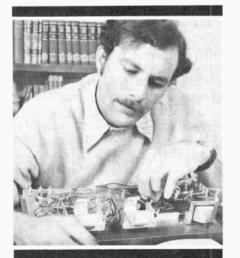
One of the things that got Herb interested in electronics is that electronics seems to be something just about everybody needs. Almost everywhere you look these days in a business office...a manufacturing plant . . . a department store . . . a doctor's office ... a college ... even your own home you'll find all kinds of electronic devices.

That spelled "opportunity" to Herb. Plus he liked the idea of having a set of skills that might lead to jobs in places as different as a TV station ... a hospital ... an airport . . . a petroleum refinery.

But what Herb liked most about electronics is that it's just plain interesting. Even though it takes time and effort to learn, the subject is so fascinating it *almost* doesn't seem like "studying" at all!

> **How CIE** keeps you interested.

CIE's unique study methods do a lot to keep you interested. Since electronics starts with ideas . . . with principles...CIE's Autoprogrammed<sup>®</sup> Lessons help you get



the idea - at your own most comfortable pace. They break the subject into bite-size chunks so you explore each principle, step by step, until you understand it thoroughly and completely. Then you start to use it.

#### How CIE helps you turn ideas into reality.

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To help you develop practical, skill-building knowledge you then receive a Zenith 19" diagonal



solid-state color TV featuring nine removable modules. You learn how to trace signal flow ... how to detect and locate malfunctions... how to restore perfect operating standards.

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Why it's important to get your FCC License.

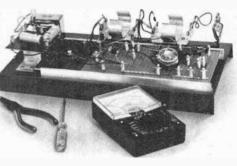
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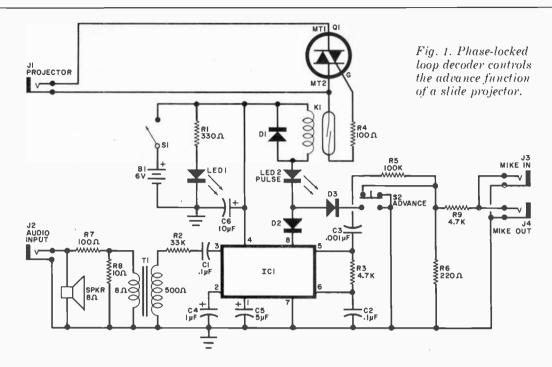
# BUILD THE 35-mm Slide Syncer

A low-cost programmer for audio-visual presentations.

THE Slide Syncer is a programming device which enables you to record musical or talking material and a slide projector advance signal on the same tape track. It can be built using readily available, inexpensive parts, and will provide reliable and quiet performance. Incorporated into the Slide Syncer is a speaker for use with the external speaker jack on a cassette or open-reel tape recorder. The self-contained power source consists of four "AA" cells which should last for one year with moderate use.

**About the Circuit.** As shown in Fig. 1, *IC1*, a 567 tone decoder phase-locked loop, is the heart of the Slide Syncer. This eight-pin DIP contains a

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#### **PARTS LIST**

C1, C2-0.1-µF Mylar or disc ceramic capacitor

C3—0.001-µF disc ceramic capacitor C4—1-µF, 10-volt electrolytic capacitor C5—5-µF, 10-volt electrolytic capacitor C6—10-µF, 10-volt electrolytic capacitor D1, D2, D3—1N4001 diode

IC1—567 tone decoder PLL IC J1—1/4" insulated phone jack

J2, J3, J4—miniature two-conductor open-circuit phone jacks

K1-4.8-volt reed relay with SPST contacts

LED1, LED2—20-mA light emitting diode Q1—200-volt, 6-ampere triac (Radio Shack 276-1001 or equivalent)

The following resistors are \(\frac{1}{4}\)-watt, 10\(\frac{1}{6}\)
tolerance components.

R1—330 ohms

R2—33,000 ohms R3, R9—4700 ohms

R4, R7—100 ohms

R5—100,000 ohms

R6—220 ohms

R8—10 ohms

S1—Spst switch (see text)

S2—Spdt pushbutton switch SPKR—8-ohm, 4" × 258" (10.2 × 6.7 cm) oval speaker — Sanyo R-S6367A or

equivalent T1—8-ohm/500-ohm audio transformer

(Radio Shack 273-1381 or equivalent)
Misc.—Suitable enclosure, shielded cable, hookup wire, dry transfer lettering,
printed circuit or perforated board, IC
socket or Molex Soldercons, hookup
wire, solder, machine hardware, etc.

control oscillator, phase-locked circuitry, and an output stage that can sink up to 100 mA of direct current.

It is customary to use an external tone generator to trigger the 567. However, the output of an external oscillator would have to be very close to the response frequency of the tone decoder for proper triggering to occur. This means that high-tolerance, low-drift components would have to be used. Fortunately, the output of the internal oscillator of the 567 can be picked off at pin 5 so the tone generated can be coupled from pin 5 to the microphone input of the tape recorder. Then it will be recorded on the same track as the commentary. The frequency at pin 5, determined by R3 and C2, is exactly that which is required as an input signal to trigger the phase-locked loop.

When S2, a spring-loaded SPDT pushbutton switch, is tapped, the "beep" at pin 5 is coupled onto the microphone line (the hot side of J3 and J4) through C3 and the attenuating network R5R6R9. This switch also allows current to flow through the coil

of reed relay K1, LED2, and D3. When the relay contacts close, gate current is provided for triac Q1 if a low-voltage source is connected to jack J1. This triac is used to control the slide advancing mechanism in the projector, which is most often an ac-actuated circuit.

However, there is no need to have the projector set up when you are recording a program. When *LED2*, the PULSE indicator, is lit, the command tone is being recorded on the audio track at about 10 dB down from the commentary level. The Slide Syncer eliminates the need for a two-track recorder (one track for the commentary, the other for the advance tone). But you will find that the tone is not loud enough to be distracting.

On playback, the audio output of the recorder is taken from the external speaker jack and applied to the Slide Syncer's internal speaker and transformer T1 through J2, the audio input jack. Resistors R7 and R8 attenuate the audio to a level that IC1 can handle. The drive signal for the phase-locked loop is coupled from the sec-

ondary of T1 through R2 and C1. When the tone that was taken from pin 5 and recorded on the tape appears at pin 3, pin 8 is grounded and sinks current for the coil of K1 and LED2 through D2. Then the contacts of K1 close, and C1 turns on and activates the advance mechanism in the projector. The 567 will not sink current unless a sustained tone of the proper frequency appears at pin 3, so normal speech and music will not cause the projector to advance to the next slide.

Most inexpensive cassette recorders have better audio sections than their small speakers would lead you to believe. For this reason, the 8-ohm speaker is included in the Slide Syncer circuit. It is a  $4" \times 2\%"$  ( $10.2 \times 6.7$  cm) oval speaker, and should improve the sound quality of your audio-visual presentations.

The Slide Syncer requires +6 volts dc at about 25 mA quiescent current, which increases to 47 mA when S2 is depressed. At these low current levels, four AA penlight cells mounted in a battery holder form an inexpensive power source.

**Construction.** The circuit is not too complex, so you can use perforated board or printed circuit construction techniques. Be sure to observe polarities on the electrolytic capacitors and the semiconductors. It is suggested that an IC socket or Molex Soldercons be used in mounting the 567 IC on the board. This will avoid heat damage to the chip. All LED's, jacks, and switches are mounted off the board. Use shielded cable for all audio lines.

The Slide Syncer should be mounted in an enclosure about  $6\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times$ 

 $51/2'' \times 2''$  (16.5 × 14 × 5.1 cm). The speaker cutout can be made with a nibbling tool. Current limiting resistor R1 is mounted on the lugs of S1. (The author used a DPDT slide switch wired as an SPST, with the unused contact lugs for tie points to the power leads and R1 and LED1.) Jack J1 should be insulated from the front panel if a metallic enclosure is used. Rubber or fiber washers can be used for insulation and mechanical support. A small bracket can be fashioned from a piece of scrap aluminum stock to secure the battery holder to the enclosure. Dry

transfer lettering can be used to label all jacks, LED's, and switches. Spray the lettering with clear Krylon spray after it has been transferred to the name!

Prepare shielded jumper cables for the audio inputs and outputs (external speaker jack to J2, microphone jack to J4) and terminate them with plugs compatible with your cassette recorder. Connect a ¼" phone plug to the advance control cable from your projector.

**Checkout and Use.** Insert all plugs into their corresponding jacks, and plug the recorder microphone into jack J3. Record a short test program on the cassette recording, pushing S2 each time you want the projector to advance to the next slide. Then turn the projector on and play back the tape. The projector should advance each time the control "beep" is heard.

The 567 tone decoder requires an input level of 100 to 500 µV for reliable operation. The Slide Syncer is designed so that normal audio levels from a small cassette recorder placed in an average-sized living room will consistently advance the projector. Resistors R8, R7, and R2 attenuate the audio to the working level of the IC. For high-volume audio-visual use say, in a classroom - R2 should be increased to a value between 68 and 82 kilohms. For low-level use, R2 can be reduced to 10,000 ohms or so. If you prefer, you can mount these three attenuating resistors on the foil side of the printed circuit board so they can be easily changed (if necessary) to prevent false triggering.

The tone output from the Slide Syncer is very low, but is sufficient to trigger the tone decoder. However, if you have a recorder with automatic gain control, the advance tone will be loud on playback. If possible, use a recorder with a manual gain control to keep the tone almost inaudible. But the Slide Syncer will work with either type of tape recorder. The advance tone, using the values given for R3 and C2, is about 2200 Hz. You can change it to any other frequency simply by using different values for these two components. You can also build two decoders sharing a common audio input and output to trigger two projectors. In that case, the two tones should be somewhat removed from each other—say, 1000 and 2200 Hz—so that each projector will advance only on its proper tone command.



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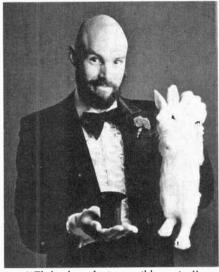
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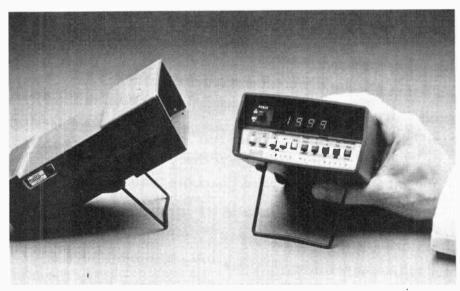
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#### **ABOUT THIS MONTH'S HI-FI REPORTS**

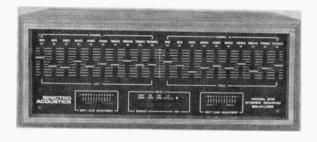
In addition to being a very fine 10-octave equalizer, the Spectro Acoustics Model 210 has enough front-panel switching to permit completely flexible operation. It can be used with a tape deck or any other program source you can use with your amplifier. Part of the excellent performance of the Model 210 can be credited to its gyrator inductors, which replace the usual bulky, hum-sensitive wire-wound components.

Pickering, in its broad line of cartridges, offers units that share a common body and electrical configuration, differing only in stylus parameters and prices. The XV-15 series illustrates this philosophy. The newest member of the series, the XV-15/625E, is third from the top of the line in tracking ability, yet has frequency response and sonic characteristics almost identical to other members of the family. However, this cartridge tracks at forces between 1 and 1.5 grams, making it ideal for use in high-grade automatic record players. Our tests also show that it has above-average ability to play heavily recorded discs with low distortion.

-Julian D. Hirsch

#### SPECTRO ACOUSTICS MODEL 210 GRAPHIC EQUALIZER

Features great versatility; uses gyrator inductors.





On the Spectro Acoustics Model 210 stereo graphic equalizer there are 10 separate

octave-band controls to adjust the frequency response of each channel. The center frequencies of the octave filters are at 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, 960, 1920, 3840, 7680, and 15,360 Hz. The slide-type potentiometers in each octave range provide a boost/cut range of  $\pm 13$  dB within each filter passband. The Q of the filters, which is  $2.5 \pm 10\%$ , has been selected to provide maximum versatility in shaping the frequency response with a minimum of ripple.

The equalizer measures 17"W x

 $6 \frac{1}{2} \text{"D} \times 6 \text{"H}$  (43.2  $\times$  16.5  $\times$  15.2 cm) and weighs 6 lb (2.7 kg). It is also available with a 19"  $\times$  7" (48.3  $\times$  17.8 cm) rack-mounting panel. The equalizer is finished in black with white and blue markings and control knobs. It retails for \$295, plus \$40 for an optional wood cabinet.

**General Description.** The equalizer employs active circuit elements called "gyrators" to simulate inductors in its filters. The elimination of actual inductors in the signal-processing circuits makes it completely immune to induced hum from external fields. Since the overall gain of the signal channels can be considerably changed when several of the equalizer potentiomet-

ers are moved from their zero positions, there is a small horizontally oriented pot under each group of filter controls to change the gain of each channel by  $\pm 15$  dB and reestablish a unity-gain condition. With all controls centered, the gain of the equalizer is unity and its response is flat to within  $\pm 0.5$  dB from 20 to 20,000 Hz.

The operating mode of the equalizer is controlled by five pushbutton switches located at the lower center of the front panel. One button controls the power and has adjacent to it a red LED that glows when power is on.

The equalizer is normally connected into an audio system via the recording inputs and outputs, but it can also be installed between the preamplifier and power amplifier. A duplicate set of tape input and output jacks is provided on the rear apron of the equalizer so that the tape facility is not lost when the equalizer is connected to an amplifier or receiver. The TAPE MON pushbutton switch connects the tape recorder playback into the signal path for playing tapes or monitoring a recording while it is being made.

The EQ BYPASS pushbutton completely bypasses all of the equalizer's circuits. (The power need not be applied to the equalizer when this button is depressed.) The EQ LINE button is pressed for most normal operation of the equalizer, inserting the equalizer's circuits into the signal path and returning the equalized program to the amplifier. A most useful feature is the EQ TAPE button, which places the equalizer in the signal path going to the tape recorder. The program played through the amplifier can be either the unequalized input signal or the playback from the equalized recording. It is also possible to record an unequalized signal and place the equalizer in the recorder's playback

On the rear apron of the equalizer are all the input and output jacks, the tape recorder jacks, and a single unswitched ac accessory receptacle.

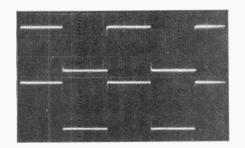
The equalizer is designed to do only one thing—modify the frequency response of a program to compensate for sound-system or listening room deficiencies. Its noise and distortion have been reduced to the point where they can barely be measured, much less heard. With all controls centered, the signal-to-noise ratio is rated at better than 90 dB below 2 volts. Since the equalizer can deliver a maximum of 10 volts rms, its total dynamic range can

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be greater than 105 dB. The 600-ohm output impedance makes it possible for the equalizer to drive a 10,000-ohm load (the lowest that will be presented by any power amplifier) at full output. The input impedance of 30,000 to 50,000 ohms is compatible with any commercially made preamplifier or tape deck.

The distortion of the equalizer is specified at less than 0.05% at 1 volt output over the full 20-to-20,000-Hz audio range when the controls are set to the flat, or zero, positions. The IM distortion is rated at less than 0.0075% at any output up to 10 volts equivalent sine-wave signal with the standard 60-and 7000-Hz test signals.

Laboratory Measurements. Measuring the distortion of the equalizer taxed the capabilities of our test instruments. Up to a 1-volt output. the distortion was less than 0.005% between 20 and 20,000 Hz. At 2 volts output, the results were the same, except that at the high end, the distortion reached 0.01%. At a 3-volt output, it was 0.01% to 0.018% over the entire audio range, while at 10 volts, just before clipping occurred, it was between 0.022% and 0.056%. The IM distortion reading was the residual of our Crown IM analyzer-0.002% to 0.003%-up to 3 volts output, reaching 1% at a 10-volt output. At the minimum measurement level of 60 mV, the IM was a negligible 0.01%.



Response of the equalizer to 1000-Hz square-wave input.

At 120 Hz, the hum was 82 dB below 1 volt, or 88 dB below the rated 2-volt output. The noise was not measurable, being less than the  $100-\mu V$  minimum indication of our meter. We could only determine that it was much better than 90 dB down, referred to a 2-volt output.

Each of the equalizer's filter controls had a range of  $\pm 13$  dB, and the shape of their individual response curves conformed to the expected response with a filter Q of 2.5. With the controls centered, the response was flat to within  $\pm 0.25$  dB from 20 to 20,000 Hz. A check with a 1000-Hz square-wave signal revealed that the phase characteristics of the equalizer were as good as its amplitude response (controls centered). The square-wave signal output was virtually indistinguishable from the input signal.

**User Comment.** It is generally agreed that an octave-band equalizer

is the most practical and effective means for correcting normal hi-fi system aberrations caused by speaker system and listening-room characteristics. Fewer than 10 bands would sacrifice versatility, while more bands would make adjustment too difficult. The center frequencies of the filters in this equalizer have been well chosen.

The equalizer comes with an instruction manual that could serve as an excellent primer on equalization techniques. It is also a model of how an instruction manual should be written. Only the omission of the equalizer's schematic diagram prevents us from giving the manual a 100% rating.

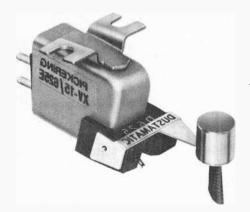
We experimented at some length with the equalizer and are convinced that it can do anything any other equalizer we have used can do and that it can do more than most of the others. The control switching is especially versatile, making it possible to equalize before or after a tape recorder, to listen to an equalized or unequalized signal (whether or not the recorded program is being equalized), or to replace the equalizer's circuits with, literally, a straight wire connection.

Our only criticism of the equalizer's design is that it has no center detents on the controls to simplify locating the flat positions. Otherwise, the equalizer represents an excellent hi-fi system accessory that is well worth its price.

CIRCLE NO. 80 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO

#### PICKERING MODEL XV-15/625E PHONO CARTRIDGE

Excellent tracking ability at moderate price.





Pickering's XV-15 series of stereo phono cartridges includes a number

of models that share a common body and coils but have different stylus

characteristics. The interchangeable styli are designed for use with tracking forces as high as 5 grams and as low as 0.75 gram. They are rated according to what Pickering calls "Dynamic Coupling Factor" (DCF), which is essentially a measure of tracking ability, called "Track-A-Bility" by the company.

The latest addition to the XV-15 family is the Model XV-15/625E cartridge whose  $0.3 \times 0.7$ -mil elliptical stylus is designed to track with a force between 0.75 and 1.5 grams, with a nominal 1-gram rating. It is best suited for the higher-grade automatic turntables with low-friction tonearms as well as with manual players. The nominal output at 5.5 cm/s is 4.4 mV; recommended load is 47,000 ohms in parallel with 275 pF.

As with other Pickering cartridges, this new cartridge's stylus assembly has an integral hinged "Dustmatic" brush that rides on the record surface to remove surface dust. The brush can easily be removed if desired. When it is used, however, the indicated tracking force of the tonearm must be set 1 gram higher than the actual tracking force desired to compensate for the upward thrust of the brush.

The cartridge is supplied with snapin plastic mounts that simplify installation in several popular record-player tonearms, including models from BSR, Dual, and Garrard. With the snap-in mounts, screws are not required to fasten the cartridge to the tonearm shell. Without the mounts, the cartridge can be installed in any tonearm in the conventional manner.

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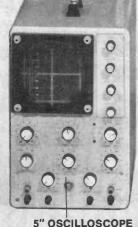
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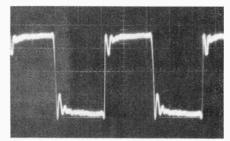
The retail price of the Pickering Model XV-15/625E cartridge is \$59.95.

**Laboratory Measurements.** With the recommended load and the cartridge installed in the tonearm of a popular high-quality record player, the output signal level was about 3.5 mV at a velocity of 3.54 cm/s. The levels from the two channels differed by only 0.4 dB. The vertical tracking angle of the stylus measured 24°.

The cartridge tracked our highvelocity test records, including the low-frequency Cook 60 and the midfrequency Fairchild 101 records, at its nominal 1-gram force. The 30-cm/s 1000-Hz tones of the Fairchild record were played with virtually no visible waveform distortion. At 1 gram, the cartridge played the 60-micron level of the German Hi-Fi Institute record. With an increase in stylus force to 1.5 grams, it played the 80-micron level. The performance at 1 gram is typical of many good-quality and mediumpriced cartridges, while only a few of the best cartridges can cope with the 80-micron level of the 300-Hz tones on the test record. We used a 1-gram force for all other tests.

The frequency response of the cartridge, using the CBS STR 100 record, was very closely matched between the channels, sloping slightly downward at frequencies beyond 500 Hz and a small-amplitude high-frequency stylus resonance at about 18,000 Hz. The overall frequency response was a very good  $\pm 2$  dB from 40 to 20,000 Hz. Channel separation was somewhat better than that of most cartridges over the major portion of the audible range, measuring 25 to 30 dB up to nearly 10,000 Hz. It was still a good 12 dB at 20,000 Hz. The low-frequency resonance in the tonearm we used was at about 10 Hz.

We measured the tracking distortion with the aid of two Shure test records. The TTR-102 is an IM record that contains 400- and 4000-Hz tones recorded in a 4:1 level ratio at velocities from about 7 cm/s to 27 cm/s. The cartridge revealed a smoothly rising IM distortion characteristic over



Square-wave response using CBS STR112 test record.

that full range, increasing from about 1.7% at the lower velocities to 6% at the maximum level. This contrasts with the behavior of some cartridges, which may have slightly less distortion at low velocities but often mistrack and severely distort well below the maximum level on the record. There is probably little to choose from between the two types of cartridge distortion, since both have satisfactorily low levels at the velocities found on most commercial recordings, which rarely exceed about 15 cm/s.

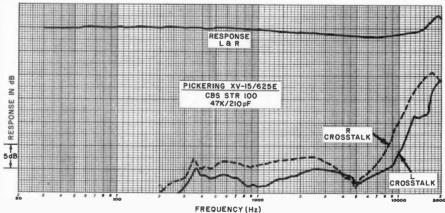
The second test used the Shure TTR-103 record, a high-frequency tracking test involving 10,800-Hz tone bursts at a 270-Hz repetition rate. Failure to track the specially shaped bursts results in an increase in the 270-Hz component of the cartridge's output. In this test, the Pickering cartridge had low distortion, measuring less than 1% up to about 20 cm/s and a smooth rise to 3.8% at 30 cm/s.

The square-wave response, using the CBS STR112 record, revealed an almost perfectly square output waveform, with one or two cycles of moderate-amplitude ringing at the 18,000-Hz stylus resonance. A listening test of tracking ability, using the Shure TTR-110 "Audio Obstacle Course—Era III" record, confirmed the excellent tracking ability of the cartridge. At 1.5 grams, the cartridge handled everything on the record with ease; but at 1 gram, it mistracked on the highest level of the sibilance test and sounded strained at the highest levels of bass drums and violins.

User Comment. The cartridge sounded much as one would expect it to from its measured performance. The sound was very smooth and natural. In fact, those listeners who expect sparkle and dazzle from a cartridge will be disappointed in the Model XV-15/625E's relatively bland sound. To us, however, this is a sign that the cartridge is not significantly altering either the waveform or the frequency balanceof a record it is playing at the time.

Perhaps if one selected some especially difficult recording, it would be possible to find something the cartridge could not track. But among the various records we heard, the cartridge was always unstrained and thoroughly unflappable, even when operated at a 1-gram tracking force. Our conclusion, therefore, is that this moderately priced cartridge for today's market represents an excellent value for any purse.

CIRCLE NO. 81 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO



Left and right response and crosstalk.

#### SILTRONIX MOHAWK AM CB MOBILE TRANSCEIVER

Popularly priced, compact unit with frequency synthesis.

THE Siltronix Mohawk is a compact AM CB mobile transceiver, employing crystal frequency synthesis to provide operation on all 23 CB chan-

nels. Among its standard features are adjustable squelch, volume control with on/off switch, r-f gain control, switchable automatic noise limiter (anl), S/r-f meter, PA operation, external-speaker jacks, full legal power, and detachable high-impedance dynamic microphone. The transceiver is designed to be operated from any nominal 12-volt dc positive-or negative-ground mobile electrical

system. Built into its power supply are a line filter and reverse-polarity protection.

The transceiver measures  $9\frac{1}{2}$ "D  $\times$   $6\frac{1}{2}$ "W  $\times$   $2\frac{7}{16}$ "H (24.1  $\times$  16.5  $\times$  6.2 cm). It retails for \$169.95.

**General Description.** The receiver section employs dual conversion with a first i-f of 10.000, 10.010, 10.020, or 10.040 MHz, obtained by heterodyning the CB signal with one of six crystals in the 16.965-to-17.215-MHz range, depending on the channel selected. The first i-f signal is then converted to a 455-kHz i-f by beating the first i-f signal with one of four crystal frequencies in the 9.545-to-9.585-MHz range and using the difference frequency that results.

nominal 17-MHz synthesizer crystal frequencies and one of four crystal frequencies in the 10.000-to-10.040-MHz range. The transmitter mixer for this purpose is a dual-gate FET, followed by a triple-tuned bandpass circuit for minimizing spurious output responses.

An unusual setup is that there is a buffer stage preceding the r-f section. The r-f section consists of predriver, driver, and power-amplifier stages. The output section for matching to a 50-ohm load consists of a multisection network that includes a TVI trap.

Another not often found arrangement is that the driver and poweramplifier stages are operated in a grounded-collector configuration and are both emitter modulated. Automa-



The receiver's grounded-base r-f stage is diode protected. The r-f gain control is a potentiometer that functions as a variable attenuator at the antenna input. Grounded-emitter transistors are used in the remaining stages that make up the receiver. There are two mixers, followed by a ceramic filter that feeds the two i-f stages. The filter provides the i-f bandpass and selectivity. R-f selectivity for good image and other unwanted-signal rejection, while maintaining a uniform bandpass over the CB range, is ensured with a double-tuned antenna-input circuit.

A voltage-doubling detector and a series-gate anl precede the audio section that consists of three stages, including a class-B output section that is also used for PA operation and modulating the transmitter. Voltage-doubling diode rectifiers provide a high degree of agc. A single diode rectifier at the i-f output provides voltmeter action for the S meter. An amplified squelch is activated by a separate voltage-doubling agc-type setup.

The transmitter frequency is obtained by using the sum of one of the NOVEMBER 1976

tic modulation control (amc) is builtin. Antenna and other switching is accomplished with a relay.

Test Results. We measured the receiver sensitivity at  $0.4\mu V$  (rated  $1~\mu V$ ) for 10~dB~(S~+~N)/N at 30% modulation and 1000~Hz. Image rejection and i-f signal rejection were 72~and~80~dB, respectively. Other unwanted spurious-signal rejection was a minimum of 60~dB. Adjacent-channel rejection and desensitization measured 40~to~45~dB. The overall 6-dB audio response was 300~to~3000~Hz. Audio output power with a 1000-Hz sine-wave test signal at the onset of clipping was 2~watts at 8%~THD into 8~ohms.

The squelch threshold sensitivity range was from 0.3 to 1000  $\mu$ V. The agc figure of merit exhibited only a 4-dB audio output change with an r-f input change of 80 dB at 1 to 10,000  $\mu$ V. The meter registered S9 with a nominal input signal of 100  $\mu$ V.

With the transceiver operated in the receive mode from a 13.8-volt dc source, the current drain was 0.2 to 1.5 ampere.

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ng the same 13.8-volt dc source, nsmitter carrier output measured 4 watts. (This was also the power indicated on the rig's r-f output meter, which is calibrated in actual watts when working into a 1:1 SWR.)

Raising the microphone inpt level 16 dB above that required for 50% modulation held the modulation to a sine wave at 100% modulation with 12% THD at 1000 Hz. Adjacent-channel splatter under this condition was 50 dB down. The mike gain with voice operation was quite high, resulting in greater than 16 dB of compression and a tendency toward clipping and negative-peak overmodulation. Nevertheless, the splatter still held to within 50 dB down.

User Comment. The selector control is a good size and easy to manipulate. The r-f gain, volume, and squelch controls are rather small, with a barlike grip to make it easy to "feel" or see their positions. The PA/CB and ANL ON/OFF switches are miniature toggles types.

The pointer of the edgewise-mounted meter is readily visible. A lampilluminates the meter on transmit to provide an indication that the transmitter is live. Although the channel selector's numerals are quite small, they are easy to read under most conditions.

When operating the transceiver, the setting of the volume control is a bit critical, requiring only a slight ad-

vance for normal output volume. The S meter was very sensitive, moving about 25% upscale with r-f input signal level of nominally 1  $\mu$ V. The performance of the anl was most effective in the presence of low-level signals (less than 5  $\mu$ V), for which it is mostly needed. In this respect, noise attenuation could be improved even more by reducing the r-f gain while still maintaining an adequate signal level for good readability. This is also a good measure for reducing normal background noise since the overall gain of the receiver is quite high.

There is no volume control for PA operation. The speaker, as usual, faces down.

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#### **SCHOBER THEATRE ORGAN KIT**

Produces true cinema-organ sound in a compact, curved step-board design. and in many cases the foil sides too.



HE OLD cinema pipe organ, sometimes called a "theatre organ," never failed to entertain and intrigue listeners. The rich, wideranging sounds and special effects produced by those instruments are still available today in some electronic organs.

The Schober Theatre Organ kit is an example of the genre-in compact form. It can give an excellent impression of the exciting tones and special effects reminiscent of the original theatre pipe organ. Moreover, it suggests the pipe organ's appearance through a curved stop board that has 48 colorful, illuminated tongue tablets-including 35 voice stops with five pitch registers and eight percussion stops. The solid-state organ's two 61-note keyboards and 25 flat, radiating pedal claviers cover eight octaves of tone. There are also four couplers, three intensity settings of vibrato, pedal balance control, manual balance control, and percussion balance control.

The Theatre Organ is available as a

series of sub-kits. Kit No. ETC-1 consists of all the electronic sections that make up the organ (\$849.50). Kit No. BTC-1 includes all the special organ parts such as keyboards, stop tablets, swell shoe, and final-assembly materials (\$907.50). Kit No. PTC-4 includes the pedal clavier assembly made up of a 25-note, full-length pedal/switch assembly (\$199.50). Kit No. CTT-1, priced at \$529.50, includes the organ console and bench that must be assembled from precut and preshaped pieces of walnut and walnut-veneered lumber, plus all materials needed for furniture finishing. A considerable number of options are available. Included here are the percussion group kit, and a variable echo device Schober calls the "Reverbatape" kit.

The organ measures 50"H  $\times$  44"W  $\times$  41"D (1.3  $\times$  1.1  $\times$  1.0 m) with pedals. It weighs approximately 225 lb (102 kg).

Kit Assembly. According to Schober, the estimated assembly time for the organ is between 200 and 300 hours, which gives some idea of the complexity of the kit. We spent slightly more than 250 hours assembling our kit. In essence, this is a two-step kit: assembly of the electronic portion and assembly and finishing of the fine-furniture cabinet. One must exercise patience in accomplishing both steps.

Each of the printed circuit boards that make up the kit comes in a separate package that contains all the components to be mounted on the board with assembly instructions.

The pc boards are well made. All component locations are clearly iden-

tified on the top sides of the boards, and in many cases the foil sides too. Sockets are provided for every transistor, numbering in the hundreds. All components appear to be of the highest quality.

The circuit-board assemblies are more densely packed that in most other kits we have assembled. Even so, the boards are easy to wire. Each board has rubber feet to facilitate proper mounting and spacing. External connections to the pc board assemblies are made via tubular terminals, each clearly identified.

Because of the interlocking nature of the many circuits that make up the organ, the only elements that can actually be tested after assembly are the power supply and the 12 tonegenerator boards. (The generators are stand-alone audio oscillators.) After checking that the power supply is delivering the proper output, each generator board is in turn connected to it; any type of audio amplifier is used to check for the various tone outputs. At this time, each board can be tuned to the correct frequency. Although the use of a frequency counter is suggested for the tuning procedure, it is not really needed because the coil/capacitor tuning elements come pretuned from the factory. If they need adjustment, only a minimum of "touching up" is required. In our kit, the tone oscillators were pretty much "on the nose" during testing.

At first glance, the various wood pieces look as though they are impossible to assemble into the finished organ console. In reality, however, the console goes together quite easily.

Each piece of wood is supplied carefully cut to size, drilled and shaped as required. Pieces exposed to view are either solid walnut or walnut veneer.

Lots of glue and screws are used in assembling the console. This results in a very rigid, durable structure. After assembling the main body of the console, one gets a pretty good idea of what the finished organ will look like and how much it weighs. We recommend that if you decide to build this organ, you assemble it in the same location where it will be used-it is that large and heavy.

Before the keyboards, stop-tablet horseshoe, pedal assembly, and electronics are installed, the exterior of the console must be finished. This involves the use of several grades of fine sandpaper, special stain and finishing compounds, and plenty of elbow grease. Once the console is sanded and stained, the first finish coat is applied. By this time, if care was exercised on the sanding and staining process, the console will reveal its fine-furniture qualities. (Schober supplies enough material for many finish coats, but leaves the number up to the builder.)

The 12 tone-generator assemblies fit into a small wooden "card cage" enclosure inside the console. The remaining board assemblies mount in various locations inside the console, each secured in place by its rubber feet. Then the keyboards mount in place, also with the aid of rubber feet.

Interconnections between the circuit-board assemblies, keyboards, power supply, and decoupling board are accomplished with lengths of color-coded hookup wire. It would have been nice if a wiring harness had been supplied, but we can understand the practicality and economy behind the decision not to provide one. In any event, interconnecting the various elements is not a difficult task. It is merely time-consuming.

The audio output of the organ is brought to a phono connector mounted on a small bracket on the back of the console. We connected the output to the Aux input of a home hi-fi system, crossed our fingers, and turned on the power. The small lamps over the voice-switch stop tablets in the horseshoe came on and illuminated the colored tabs. We then depressed a couple of tablets for each keyboard, put a foot on the swell pedal, and depressed it slightly, and touched a few keys on the keyboards.

Happily, there was the full sound of a real theatre organ filling the room. Once we knew the organ was operating properly, all we had to do was adjust the various trimmer potentiometers in accordance with the detailed instructions.

With the organ working, we put together the curved-leg bench and assembled the pedal clavier kit. The 25-note clavier kit keyboard is meant to be played with the toe of one foot. while the other foot is operating the swell shoe pedal. It contains 25 fulllength maple struts and sharps made from unbreakable black plastic. The pedal clavier assembly slides into a slot on the bottom of the organ and is screwed into place. This completes the assembly of the basic organ.

The optional percussion group produces the sounds of a celesta. chrysoglott (organ harp), orchestral bells that can also be played with reiteration, piano, harpsichord, xylophone, and mandolin. It consists of a number of almost identical pc boards that mount inside the organ console along the rear brace. The activating switches for the percussion group mount directly below the top kevboard.

A considerable amount of wiring is required to install the optional percussion group, but the organ would really be incomplete as a theatre instrument without it. Schober suggests using a separate audio amplifier for this option, which we did.

The other option built and installed in the organ was Schober's "Reverbatape," a form of modified endlessloop tape recorder that provides a variable echo.

User Comment. Assembling the Schober Theatre Organ kit is obviously a major undertaking. Although a knowledge of electronics is not really necessary to complete the project, time and patience are. However, once completed, one has a magnificentsounding musical instrument worth thousands of dollars more than the basic kit price. Moreover, the organ is a striking piece of furniture.

Although the organ is compact for its type, it does require more space than, say, a "spinet" organ. For example, its pedals, which are pivoted front and back, jut rather far out into the room. But the benefits of easier heeland-toe playing are worth it if you have the space.

Most importantly, the "sound" of

this Theatre Organ is very impressive especially if you use good-quality audio equipment, which includes speaker systems with full, powerful bass response. This is truly a theatretype organ, with the number and types of voices needed for full musical appreciation of light music of all types. (It can also be used to play organ classics, of course, but the choice of voices was not made for playing mostly "church" music.)

The organ's vibrato sound is very satisfying, with ample adjustment of the range achieved through a potentiometer that changes the frequency of a phase-shift oscillator. With this system, vibrato does not operate on the pedals, unlike most commercial types of popularly priced electronic organs. This is as it should be, since low pedal notes sound terrible with tremolo added

The instrument's four couplers, which add stops from one manual to another and change pitch registers,

#### SCHOBER THEATRE ORGAN VOICES

Solo (upper manual):

Tibia 16' Ohne 8' Cello 16' Diapason 8' Stentorphone 16' Brass Trumpet 8' Tuba Mirabilis 16' Violina 4' Viola d'Amore 8' Tibia 4'

Vox Humana 8' Tromba Clarion 4' Solo String 8' Piccolo 2' Clarinet 8' Fifteenth 2' Tibia 8' Flageolet 1'

Fife 1'

#### Accompaniment (lower manual):

Tibia 16' Diapason 8' Dulciana 8' Harmonic Tuba 8' Vox Humana 8' Harmonic Flute 4' Tibia 8' Octave 4' Orchestral Tuba Clarion 4' Strings 111

Couplers:

Solo to Solo 16' Solo to Solo 4' Solo Unison Off

Solo to Accompaniment 8'

#### Pedal:

Dulciana 16' Tuba Profunda 16' Tibia 16' Brass Flute 8' Diaphone 16' Tuba 8'

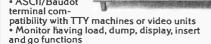
#### Percussion Group (optional):

Piano Celesta Chrysoglott Harpsichord Orchestra Bells **Xylophone** Orchestra Bells Mandolin

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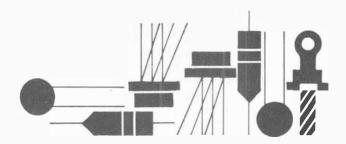
We are particularly pleased with the Percussion Group option. It provides eight special effects that give the feel and substance of the old cinema pipe organs (see box). The percussive "strike" is made when the key is pressed and the voice decays even if the key is held down. Thus, any other organ stops can be used when a key is held down. Two percussion voices-mandolin and xylophonerepeat constantly, while a separate orchestra bells reiteration tab is employed to repeat bells. Each voice represents the finest percussive simulation we have heard. For an authentic Theatre Organ sound, we would not be without this option.

Another option, Schober's Reverbatape unit in kit form, is an excellent means of achieving artificial reverberation. It uses a continuous loop of tape upon which a series of time-spaced repetitions of the program being played is recorded and reproduced in succession by three playback heads. Another head erases the material, and the cycle continues. A reverb control varies the time delay for a 60-dB decay of 0 to 6 seconds. To appreciate the effect of this reverb unit in combination with the organ, you must play an electronic organ with a spring-type reverb device. The former produces a realism that genuinely simulates a large room or hall, while the latter, although an improvement at low volume levels (it "twangs" at high volume levels) does not really fool the listener. But beware! Once you hear the Reverbatape unit, you will never again be satisfied without it.

There are other options available from Schober that we have not tried. For example, a proficient organist would probably wish to add Combination Action, an electro-pneumatic system of 10 buttons that can preset stop tablets and a cancel button to turn all present stops off. Less competent players could well add a rhythm assembly to imitate bongos, cymbals, snare drums, etc., and possibly an automatic rhythm device to provide a myriad of rhythms.

To fully appreciate the Schober Theatre Organ's potential, the audio gear used should be top notch, with at least 20 watts rms per channel power amplifiers for relatively highefficiency speaker systems. Be sure, however, that your woofers can handle sustained 32-Hz tones without burning out.

CIRCLE NO. 83 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



### Solid State

By Lou Garner

#### **RARA AVIS**

N CASE you've forgotten your high school Latin (or didn't study it), the title of this column, loosely translated, means "rare bird." And that's exactly what we're going to discuss this month—some of the "rare birds" among semiconductor devices. Not rare in the sense of availability, for most may be obtained through the larger industrial and better-stocked mail order distributors, but in terms of familiarity among hobbyists and experimenters.

n-channel JFET's with on-chip metallization to provide the source-gate short and a nominal pinch-off of six volts. Depending on type, current ratings range from 0.22 mA to 4.23 mA.

A sampling of constant-current diode applications is given in Fig. 2. Perhaps the simplest and most obvious is the constant current power supply, Fig. 2A. Here, the prime dc power source, whether batteries or a line operated

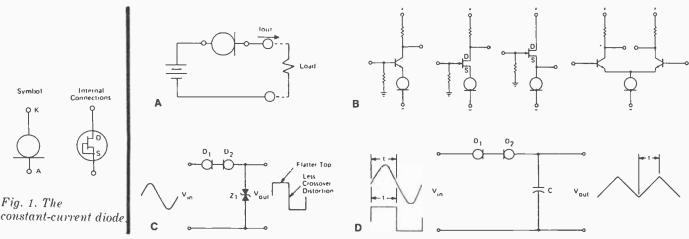


Fig. 2. Some applications for the constant-current diode.

Offered by several manufacturers, including Teledyne Crystalonics (147 Sherman St., Cambridge, MA 02140), the constant current diode is identified by a special schematic symbol as shown in Fig. 1. It is essentially a field effect transistor (FET) with an internal connection between its source and gate electrodes. Some firms refer to the device as a "current regulator diode." Regardless of its name, however, the internal short maintains a gate-to-source voltage of zero, causing the device to act as a high-impedance, constant-current source when operated at drain voltages higher than its pinch-off rating. Typical units are types 1N5283 through 1N5314, all of which are basically

power supply, is set for a voltage greater than pinch-off (i.e., 6 volts for the types listed above). Under these conditions, the load current will remain essentially constant at the value set by the diode regardless of variations in load impedance. The device also can serve as a constant-current bias source for bipolar transistors, FET amplifiers, FET emitter followers, and differential amplifiers, as shown in Fig. 2B.

For a change of pace, connect a pair of the devices back-to-back, add shunt back-to-back zener diodes, and you have a simple, but effective, square-wave generator or clipper, as shown in Fig. 2C. Due to the current limiting

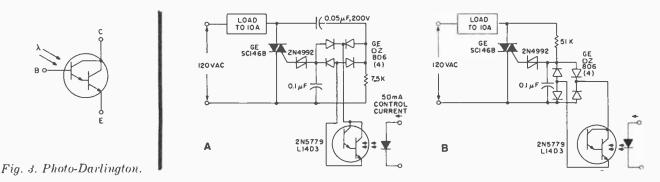
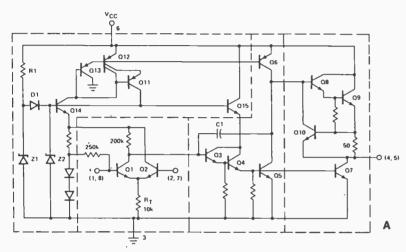


Fig. 4. Photo-Darlington applications: NO and NC relays.

action of diodes *D1* and *D2*, this circuit provides an output waveform with a flatter top and less crossover distortion than the more conventional resistor-zener clipper. What's more, with a lower power dissipation, it's also a more efficient circuit. For optimum performance, the square-wave clipper should be driven with a signal several times larger than the zener diodes' voltage rating. Replace the zeners with a capacitor, and the circuit becomes a triangular wave shaper, as in Fig. 2D. Triangular output signals will be produced with either sine- or square-wave inputs, but the latter will provide a cleaner output waveform at zero crossover. The circuit's output amplitude is directly proportional to the diode current and the time period of a half-cycle is inversely proportional to the value of the shunt capacitor.

the LED, illuminating the photo-Darlington, the latter starts conducting. This allows the diode bridge to conduct and apply voltage through the SBS to the triac's gate, switching this device On and permitting current flow through the load. In the normally closed circuit, Fig. 4B, the action is reversed. Here, the diode bridge is between the SBS's voltage source and circuit "ground." With the photo-Darlington dark and in a nonconducting state, the bridge also acts as a high impedance, allowing full drive voltage to be applied to the triac's gate through the SBS, thus holding the triac On and permitting current flow through the load. When the photo-Darlington is illuminated, however, it and, of course, the bridge shift to a low-impedance state, dropping the SBS's source voltage across the 51k series resistor and reducing the triac's gate drive below the level



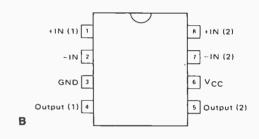


Fig. 5. Equivalent schematic (A) and pin connections (B) for LM387.

The photo-Darlington in another of our rare birds. Comprising photosensitive and amplifier transistors in a single package, (Fig. 3), the device behaves as if it were a single, but highly sensitive, phototransistor. It is capable of detecting changes in light levels as well as the absolute presence or absence of light. Photodarlingtons can be used in virtually all types of light-controlled systems and serve as rate sensors, frictionless potentiometers, smoke detectors, thickness gauges (for translucent materials), modulated-light-beam detectors, and sound-on-film detectors.

With suitable support circuitry, photo-Darlingtons can be used in solid-state relays, choppers, intruder alarms, card and tape readers, door openers, liquid level indicators and controls, safety interlocks, vehicle light controls, and various types of test equipment. Typical units are GE types 2N5777 through 2N5780, with  $V_{\rm CEO}$  ratings of 25 and 40 volts and minimum  $h_{\rm FE}$  (gain) specifications of 2500 and 5000, depending on type.

Two of the photo-Darlington's many possible applications are shown in Fig. 4—normally open (A) and normally closed (B) ac line-operated solid-state relays. Both circuits employ medium-current (10 A) triacs in conjunction with silicon bilateral switches (SBS). In each, the photo-Darlington is activated by a LED source to provide full line isolation.

In Fig. 4A, the photo-Darlington is connected across a diode bridge between the ac source and the SBS serving to trigger the triac. When the photodarlington is dark, it acts as a high impedance, preventing conduction through the bridge circuit and, therefore, the application of gate drive voltage through the SBS. The triac, then, remains in a nonconducting state. When a control current is applied to

needed to maintain conduction. When this happens, the triac switches to a high-impedance or Off condition, blocking load current. In either of the light-controlled ac power switching circuits, the load can be a solenoid, lamp, heater, or other device, as long as the triac's maximum ratings are observed.

Although not "rare" in the same sense as the constant current diode and photo-Darlington, the LM387 dual preamplifier probably is not as familiar to most experimenters as are such devices as the 741 op amp or 555 timer, yet

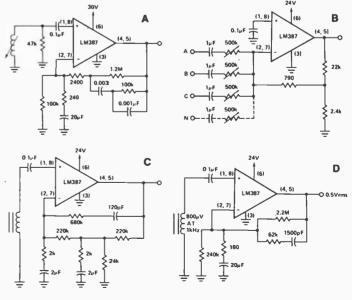


Fig. 6. Applications for the LM387 preamplifier.

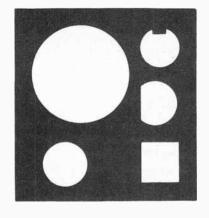
it can be just as useful in quite a variety of projects. Manufactured by the Signetics Corporation (811 East Arques Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94086), the LM387 is a low-noise device comprising some thirty transistors, four zeners, and six diodes in an 8-pin mini-DIP. Half of these are used in each of the independent preamp circuits, as shown by the equivalent single-channel schematic diagram, Fig. 5A. Actual lead connections are identified in Fig. 5B. The device features an internal power supply decoupler-regulator which provides 110 dB power supply rejection and 60 dB channel separation. In addition, it offers an open-loop gain of 104 dB, a noise level of only 0.8 µV, an output voltage swing within 2 V of the dc source, and unity gain bandwidth of 15 MHz. With internal short circuit protection, the unit can dissipate up to 500 mW, and can be operated on single-ended dc supplies from 9 to 40 volts. It is internally compensated for all gains above 10, offers an input resistance of 100,000 ohms (or more), an output resistance of only 150 ohms, and a THD at 75 dB gain of only 0.1%.

Four of the LM387's many possible applications are illustrated in Fig. 6. A magnetic phono preamplifier is shown in Fig. 6A, a multi-channel audio mixer in Fig. 6B, a two-pole fast-turn-on NAB tape preamplifier in Fig. 6C, and a tape playback preamplifier in Fig. 6D. Only one channel is shown in each schematic, although both sets of input and output lead connections are identified. In addition to the suggested circuits, the LM387 can be used in the audio sections of radio transmitters and receivers, in TV sets, in intercoms, in hearing aids, in PA systems, and in many types of test instruments.

Chances are you have at least a nodding acquaintance with operational amplifiers, but how about power op amps-those with outputs specified at multiwatt rather than milliwatt levels? Such devices are offered by a number of manufacturers. Regardless of manufacturer or specific type, most of these share certain common characteristics. Most of them are hybrid rather than monolithic IC's, have comparatively limited bandwidth (though more than adequate for general audio applications), require heat sinks to realize their full output potentials, and are relatively expensive, although not overly so when compared to the cost of assembling an amplifier with comparable power output using discrete devices. The 833-21C is a typical unit. Manufactured by Beckman Instruments, Inc. (2500 Harbor Boulevard, Fullerton, CA 92634), the device can deliver output currents in excess of ±1 A when operated on a ±12-V dc power source. With an open-loop gain of 100 dB, a full power bandwidth of 15 kHz, and a typical input impedance of 1 megohm, the 833-21C requires only one external compensation capacitor and two currentlimiting resistors for proper operation. A hybrid device comprising a small-signal monolithic op amp and a complementary-symmetry power output stage using chip transistors, the unit is supplied in an 8-pin TO-3 package and is, therefore, no larger physically than a conventional power transistor.

**Reader's Circuits.** Indicating that he would welcome pen pals, one of our overseas readers, Ulf Nordquist (Frejas Väg 34, 240 21 Löddeköpinge, Sweden), contributed the circuits shown in Figs. 7 and 8. Ulf has specified standard American devices in his designs, implying that these must be readily available in Europe. In Fig. 7, a 555 timer (IC1) is used as the basis for an electronic "coin flipper" featuring red (LED1) and green (LED2) visual readouts.





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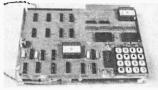
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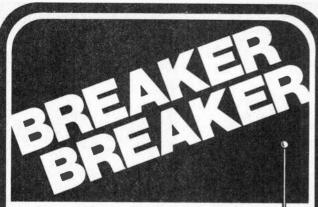
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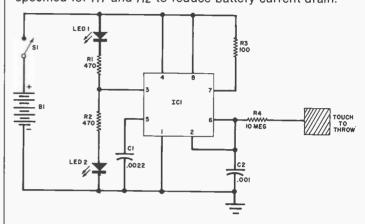


Fig. 7. Electronic coin flipper is operated by touching metallic plate.

Ulf's second circuit, Fig. 8, is an alternate LED flasher featuring a standard 7400 quad NAND gate IC. Here, a 5-volt dc power source is required and a large electrolytic feedback capacitor is employed to achieve a low flashing rate. According to Ulf, the value specified in Fig. 8 establishes a flashing rate of about 1 Hz. This rate may be increased by using a lower value or decreased (made slower) by using a higher value capacitor for C1.

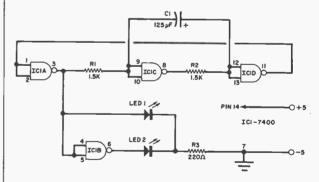


Fig. 8. Flashing rate of LED circuit is determined by value of large capacitor.

**Device/Product News.** Working with Tate Audio, Ltd. (4324 Promenade Way, Suite 311, Marina del Rey, CA 90291), the National Semiconductor Corp. (2900 Semiconductor Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051) has developed a group of integrated circuits which will accurately separate and reproduce "quadraphonic" four-channel audio programs from phonograph records and tape cassettes. Designed to decode SQ<sup>TM</sup> (CBS) type programs, the Tate/National system employs three different IC's and is said to provide separation of channels in any direction approaching 40 dB from 20 Hz to 30 kHz while maintaining a signal-to-noise ratio of 70 dB and a THD of 0.05 percent.

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By Ray Newhall, KWI6010

#### **40-CHANNEL EXPANSION AND PURAC!!**

HE LATEST FCC rule-making decision adds 17 new AM/SSB channels to the existing 23, effective January 1, 1977. Thus, the new frequency band for Class D CB will extend from 26.965 to 27.410 MHz, a bandwidth of 445 kHz.

The FCC has decided that no manufacturer should have a headstart in placing 40-channel units on the market. Consequently, all manufacturers will have an opportunity to present 40-channel CB transceivers for type acceptance by the FCC between Sept. 10 and Nov. 1, 1976. The FCC indicates that any transceivers received during this period that are accepted will get the go-ahead for selling Jan. 1, 1977. After Nov. 1, it will be the first come, first served. However, there is a debate concerning to whom these new units can be sold. The FCC appears to mean selling to distributors, while some manufacturers feel that the date restriction should apply to consumers, not distributors or dealers. Consequently, that first batch of 40-channel CB models may not see the light of dealers' shelves too quickly.

It will likely be many months after Jan. 1, 1977 before extended-channel rigs start crowding out 23-channel ones in dealers' showcases. Indications are that 40-channel units will probably be in short supply until next summer. Furthermore, the new rigs (mobile) are expected to sell for about \$20 to \$40 more than the 23-channel transceivers. That's on the basis of a suggested selling price. In the marketplace, however, prices of 23-channel rigs will undoubtedly be reduced. So you will do well to pick up some 23-channel units at bargain prices before the end of 1976.

Led by Pathcom and Hy-Gain, a growing number of CB radio manufacturers have announced that anyone buying one of their phase-locked loop (PLL) types of transceivers will be able to have it "re-manufactured" so that frequencies can be extended to 40

channels and interference radiation can meet new FCC requirements. Cost of the re-manufacturing ranges from "up to 20%" of the unit's original suggested selling price to a flat \$25 or \$30, depending on the manufacturer.

Other Changes. FCC Docket 20120 made several other changes to the FCC Rules, also. For example, it will no longer refer to channels by number, specifying them, rather, by frequency only. Note that two of the new frequencies will be added between present channels 22 and 23. while channels 26 through 40 (15 channels) will be added at 10-kHz intervals above channel 23. However, the EIA has suggested an industry standard that will doubtlessly be adopted-to have the frequencies numbered as consecutive channels, with the new frequencies numbered 24 through 40. The two out-of-order frequencies would be channels 24 and 25, with internal changes that won't be apparent to users.

Other revisions are as follows:

- Channel 11 has been released for general communications, leaving channel 9 the only one of the 40 channels reserved for specific use (emergency and mobile assistance). Technical specifications for typeacceptance have been tightened, requiring that harmonic radiation be suppressed at least 60 dB below the base frequency, with the stipulation that the CB operator is responsible for reducing harmonic radiation even further by the use of external low-pass filters where specific TVI complaints have been filed against him. The Docket makes it evident to the manufacturers that even more stringent standards will be imposed in the near fu-
- As of January 1, 1977, all new rigs must be engraved with a permanent serial number. The Commission also urges all users to engrave their own personal identification numbers into

the equipment, as well, to reduce the saleability of stolen equipment.

• A copy of Part 95, as well as Forms 505 and 555-B, must be shipped with all new rigs.

The PURAC Meeting. The second general meeting of the Personal Use Advisory Committee (PURAC) was held last July at the FCC Laboratory Facility at Guilford, Maryland. The PURAC group consists of leaders of user groups, CB journalists, and companies that have a vital interest in CB. These people volunteer their time and their organizations' facilities to develop joint recommendations to guide the FCC in future rule-making for the Citizen's Radio Service.

Many of the new FCC Rules were in accordance with earlier PURAC recommendations, and much of the business of this PURAC meeting dealt with interpretations of new regulations. Some highlights follow:

Local Interference. Task coordinator, Richard E. Horner, President of E.F. Johnson Co., and his subcommittee leaders presented a dramatic picture of the interference problems being created by the proliferation of CB transceivers. These problems are real, devastating and on an uncontrollable increase. The primary effects of local interference are felt on TV channels 2, 5 and 6, and also on unshielded solid-state audio equipment.

Causes of local interference are numerous. Some are caused by insufficient harmonic suppression, while others are caused by excessive spurious emmissions from CB receiver sections. However, the biggest interference problems result from insufficient filtering incorporated into commercial entertainment equipment. It is evident that interference problems must be attacked on two fronts: the technical specifications for CB equipment must be tightened considerably (even though tighter specs will result in higher prices), and TV and audio equipment manufacturers must be required to include adequate filtering and shielding in their equipment in order to exclude unwanted harmonics and spurious interference.

Information Dissemination. There are actually three subcommittees studying the problems of information, education and training. One of the least understood informational problems deals directly with interference. Both the CB public and the general

public must be made aware of the causes of interference and actions which can be taken to prevent it. TV service technicians must also be educated to recognize the various types of TVI, and know the cures for each. At least one group of TV stations has agreed to produce educational TV programming to acquaint TV viewers with the problems of TVI.

Personal Use Radio Needs. This "blue-sky" subcommittee is charged with examining the future needs of the public for personal radio communications. It is headed-up by Ted Andros, Executive Vice President of Hy-Gain Electronics. Ted has recruited CB notables such as Dave Thompson, President of SBE, to work with him on this important project. He plans to enlist the aid of psychologists, sociologists and economists to predict the future course of personal radio communications. His subcommittee may have a major effect on the future course of CB radio. He asks the logical question, "Why should the general public, in this day of personal mobility, be tied to the end of a telephone line?"

Personal Observations. While at

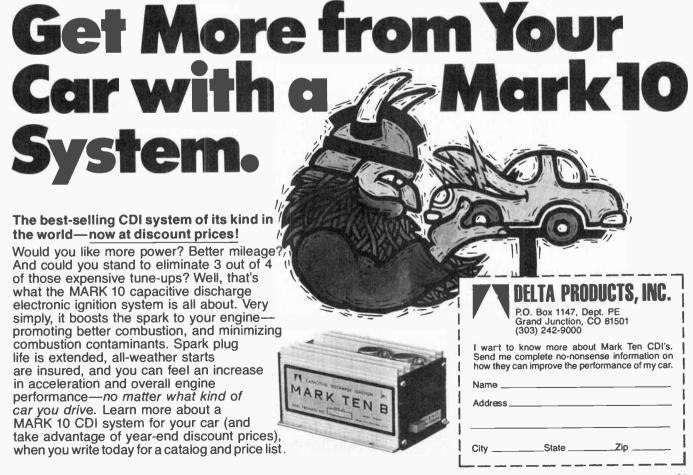
the Guilford Laboratory, I spent some time checking out rumors regarding the extent of FCC activities. One such rumor suggested strongly that the Commission has not adhered strictly to its own type-acceptance policies. I believe that if type acceptance is to succeed, it must be stringently controlled, Because CB is a nontechnical service the CB'er must place his trust in the manufacturer's advertised specs and its compliance with typeacceptance requirements. I feel that type-acceptance testing must extend to random sampling of production models as well as pre-production prototype examination. The manufacturer must share some of the blame if type-accepted rigs fail to meet FCC performance specifications, unless it can be proved that the rig has been tampered with.

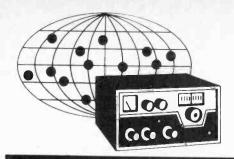
I questioned Milton Mobley, Chief Engineer at the FCC Laboratory, on this subject. He assured me that he, personally, had conducted type-acceptance tests on all submitted samples since April, 1976, and that every model receiving a type-acceptance certificate had earned it by passing all aspects of these tests. He would not comment on type-

acceptance testing procedures in effect before that date, even though the regulation has been in effect since 1974. Mr. Mobley concedes that it has not been FCC practice to retest production samples unless complaints had been filed. But he explains that testing will be automated in the near future and that production models will be sampled at that time. We certainly hope so.

Congressmen, Please Note. We are all aware that the FCC is "taking in" about \$2,000,000 each month in new CB licensing fees. Many of us are not aware that these fees go directly into the U.S. Treasury, not to the FCC. The Commission continually blames many of its short-falls upon the lack of budgeting to cope with the CB problem

It is about time that Congress recognized the Citizen's Band as a new national force which encompasses from 5% to 10% of all Americans, and growing fast. The FCC must be budgeted to accommodate the growth of CB, and should certainly receive a lion's share of its own proceeds allocated for use to administer the Citizen's Band.





### DX Listening

By Glenn Hauser

#### **CHANGE IN THE AIR**

REALLOCATION of the radio spectrum, on an international basis, is long overdue. Despite some adjustments, the frequency ranges allocated at the World Administrative Radio Conference in Atlantic City in 1947 have remained essentially the same ever since. Many of the developments in radio communications which have taken place in the last few years were not foreseen at that time.

Consider, for instance, the advent of satellite communications, which require a lot of space in the spectrum at super-high-frequencies and reduce the need for some high-frequency circuits. Other factors include the growth of CB in the USA, the prolonged trough in the sunspot cycle, and in-

formed speculation that subsequent peaks in the cycle will not attain previous levels. (The latter means there will be less need for the higher part of the hf spectrum and more need for the already overcrowded lower part.

Groundwork for the 1979 WARC conference has been underway for several years. Each administration wants to have its position solidified, in time for the multi-national negotiations, where third-world nations are expected to hold the balance of power.

To arrive at the U.S. position, the FCC has been sponsoring meetings in Washington of various interest groups. International broadcasting is but one of the subject areas of these

meetings. Representatives of FCC-licensed hf broadcasters, listeners' groups such as the North American Shortwave Association and the Association of North American Radio Clubs, and interested individuals have worked toward formulating U.S. policy. At this writing, some proposals have been made, but are not formally adopted. The FCC will have the final say, after several more meetings. However, it is not too soon to discuss some of the initial ideas.

Satellite communications are so superior, both in capacity and quality, to hf point-to-point links, that the latter seems destined to be used mainly as backup, and for contacting the few spots on the globe still without earth stations. This means that a very large fraction of the hf spectrum, presently allocated to international fixed public service (point to point) is no longer needed for that purpose.

International broadcasting, next to CB, suffers most from overcrowded bands. Much of this is the broadcasters' fault because they use more power and more frequencies than are necessary. It's a vicious cycle. Radio Nederland's Jim Vastenhoud pointed out at a meeting of the European DX

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Council last May that there were about 600 shortwave transmitters in the world with 250 kW or more of power. And many more were being installed, especially in China and the Middle East. Yet there are at present only about 400 channels available on the hf bands, and many of these in the 21-and 25-MHz bands are of little use during the sunspot trough.

There is no prospect that nations will voluntarily cut back their broadcasting to alleviate the present average level of three mutually interfering transmissions at once on each channel. So the solution is to expand the broadcasting bands into regions presently occupied by IFPS.

Out of Band. Band limits cannot be enforced (though one imaginative layman suggested jamming as a means of enforcement). Many stations already operate outside the allocated broadcasting bands. Some have historical precedent on their side—using frequencies that were theirs before the 1947 limits were established. Others have taken up OOB (out of band) broadcasting more recently, as a strategy to escape in-band congestion.

Until this year, Voice of America broadcast strictly in-band, while employing more and more PTP channels OOB. Some of the latter are independent sideband (ISB), with different programs on each side; others are compatible single sideband (CSSB). Domestic in-band transmitters themselves are considered by the VOA to be feeders for relay, with the exception of some broadcasts to Oceania and Latin America.

Last summer, VOA decided to make use of a loophole in ITU regulations (which the U.S. adheres to, though it is not forced to), allowing OOB broadcasting, as long as no interference is caused to the primary service on a given frequency. The VOA relay in Liberia began using 12000 kHz, which is 25 kHz above the nominal limit of the 11-MHz band. There could hardly be any PTP complaints, as the frequency was already used by Radio Moscow! This new VOA policy lessens its competitive disadvantage against Radio Moscow, which has always felt free to use any channel it pleases.

Though there is no sign that Radio Moscow is giving up OOB, a number of Soviet regional stations have begun a minor counter-trend toward in-band

broadcasting. Alma Ata on 9380 and 10,530 and Magadan on 12,240 kHz recently vacated those long-established frequencies far OOB.

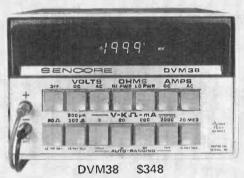
The bands have already been widened, de facto. But the proposal is to make it de jure. If this is done, all countries will feel free to use the new frequencies, not just those bold ones leading the way. Before long, the congestion would also expand, (though, we hope, at a reduced level). The International Broadcasting Service Group proposes the following band expansion, to be used worldwide. (At present, one of the problems is usage of certain bands in certain regions only.)

Present kHz	Proposed kHz
3900-4000	3900-4060
none	4450-4650
5950-6200	5740-6200
7100-7300	7300-7700
9500-9775	9400-9900
11700-11975	11500-12000
none	13600-14000
15100-15450	15050-15700
17700-17900	17500-18000
21450-21750	21450-21850
25600-26100	no change
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6:00-7:30 a.m.	1100-1230	London, England	G	5.99 (via Sackville), 15.07
6:00-8:00 a.m.	1100-1300	Melbourne, Australia	G	9.58
6:00-9:00 a.m.	1100-1400	**VOA, Washington, USA		5.955, 9.73
6:05-7:25 a.m.	1105-1225	Trans-World Radio, Bonaire, N.A.	G	11.815
6:15-7:15 a.m.	1115-1215	Montreal, Canada	G	5.97, 9.655
6:30-9:00 a.m.	1130-1400	**Montreal, Canada (Northern Service)	G	5.96, 9.625 (includes French, etc.)
7:00-7:30 a.m.	1200-1230	Jerusalem, Israel	F	11.655, 15.10, 15.485
7:00-7:55 a.m.	1200-1255	Peking, China	F	11.685
7:10-7:30 a.m.	1210-1230	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
7:15-7:30 a.m.	1215-1230	Athens, Greece	F	15.345
7:15-11:30 a,m. 7:30-8:30 a.m.	1215-1630	HCJB, Quinto, Ecuador	G	11.745, 15.115
7:30-9:00 a.m.	1230-1330 1230-1400	London, England	G	15.07
7.50-5.00 a.m.	1230-1400	Trans-World Radio, Bonaire, N.A.	G	15.255 (Sat., Sun.)
8:00-8:30 a.m.	1300-1330	**Bucharest, Rumania	G	11.94, 15.25
8:15-8:45 a,m,	1315-1345	Berne, Switzerland	G	15.14
8:30 a.m3:00 p.m.	1330-2000	**London, England	G	9.41, 15.07
8:30-9:00 a.m.	1330-1400	Helsinki, Finland	G	15.11
9:00-9:30 a,m,	1400-1430	Oslo, Norway	G	17.80 (Sun.)
9:00 a.m7:00 p.m,	1400 2400	Stockholm, Sweden	G	15.305
э.оо а.п7:оо р.п.	1400-2400	**Montreal, Canada (Northern Service)	G	9.625, 11.72 (includes French, etc.)
10:00-11:15 a.m.	1500-1615	London, England	G	17.84 (via Ascension)
10:15-10:30 a.m.	1515-1530	Athens, Greece	F	15.345
11:00-11:30 a.m.	1600-1630	Oslo, Norway	G	15.175 (Sun.)
11:00 a.m. 12:09 p.m.		London, England	G	9.58 (via Sackville, Sun. from 1500)
12 noon-3:00 p.m.	1700-2000	**Kuwait, Kuwait	F	9.555, 11.845
12:04-12:56 p.m.	1704-1756	**Paris, France	G	9.52, 9.63, 11.705, 11.73, 11.735,
				11.745, 11.89, 11.905, 11.94, 15.30,
1:00-1:57 p.m.	1800-1857	*#Montanal Consider		15.425, 17.72
1:45-3:00 p.m.	1845-2000	**Montreal, Canada **Abidjan, Ivory Coast	G F	11.865, 15.325, 17.82
2:00-3:00 p.m.	1900-2000	**Algiers, Algeria	F	11.92 (MonSat.)
2:00·5:00 p.m.	1900-2200	**Jeddah, Saudi Arabia	F	11.91, 15.42 11.855
2:45-5:30 p.m.	1945-2230	**Delhi, India	F	9.525, 9.912, 11.62
3:00-3:30 p.m.	2000-2030	**Tehran, Iran	F	9.022 (11.77 alternate)
		Jerusalem, Israel	G	5.90, 7.395
3:00-4:00 p.m.	2000-2100	Accra, Ghana	F	11.85
3:00-4:15 p.m.	2000-2115	** London, England	G	9.41, 11.75, 15.07
3:00-4:20 p.m.	2000-2120	**Hilversum, Holland	F	11.73 (via Talata)
3:45-4:15 p.m.	2045-2115	**Valletta, Malta	F	6.035 (Sat.)
3:50-4:50 p.m. 4:00-4:45 p.m.	2050-2150 2100-2145	**Havana, Cuba **Rawalpindi, Pakistan	G F	11.865, 17.75
4:00-4:50 p.m.	2100-2143	**Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	9.445, 11.672
4:00-5:00 p.m.	2100-2200	*** Casilia, Brazil	G	7.27, 9.585, 11.80, 11.90 11.78
		**Montreal, Canada	G	9.64, 11.895
4:15-5:00 p.m.	2115-2200	London, England	G	5.975, 9.58, 15.26 (via Ascension)
4:30-5:00 p.m.	2130-2200	Sofia, Bulgaria	G	6.07, 9.70
4:30-5:50 p.m.	2130-2250	Hilversum, Holland	G	9.715, 11.73 (Sun.: Dutch)
5:00-5:15 p.m.	2200-2215	**Belgrade, Yugoslavia	F	6.10, 7.24, 9.62
5:00-5:30 p.m.	2200-2230	Oslo, Norway	F	9.645 (Sun.)
5:00-6:15 p.m.	2200-2315	**Cairo, Egypt	G	9.805
5:00-7:30 p.m.	2200-0030	**Ankara, Turkey	F	11.88
5:00-10:30 p,m, 5:30-6:00 p,m.	2200-0330	London, England	G	5.975, 7.325, 9.58 (via Ascension)
о.оо-а.оо р,пі.	2230-2300	Jerusalem, Israel Vilnius, U.S.S.R.	G	5.90, 7.395, 9.412, 9.435
5:30-6:20 p.m.	2230-2320	Johannesburg, S. Africa	G G	5.915, 5.94, 7.31, 7.355, 7.44 (Sat., Sun.) 5.98, 9.585, 11.80, 11.90
5:50-6:10 p.m.	2250-2310	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
6:00-6:30 p.m.	2300-2330	Stockholm, Sweden	F	6.12, 9.605, 11.705
ALS THE RESERVE		Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.94, 6.02, 6.045, 7.205, 7.235, 7.355,
	APRIL TO	4 9 9	7	9.635, 9.79, 9.80, 12.05, 15.14, 15.18,
C-00 C TO	2200 6250		17 7	15.45, 17.72
6:00-6:50 p,m. 6:00-8:00 p.m.	2300-2350	**Buenos Aires, Argentina	G	11.71 (MonFri.)
0.00 d. 00 p.m.	2300-0100	Montreal, Canada	G	6.04 (MonFri.)

2.20.7.00	2330-2400	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	4,86, 5,94, 6.02, 6.02, 6.045, 7.105,
5: <b>3</b> 0- <b>7</b> :00 p.m.	2330-2400	Moscow, U.S.S.n.	G	7.115, 7.15 7.205, 7.235, 7.355, 9.63 9.79, 9.80, 12.05, 15.14, 15.18, 15.45
				17.72
:45-7:00 p.m.	2345-2400	"Voice of Org. of	G	6.13, 9.64, 11.74
		American States,		
AF 7.45 n.m	2345-0045	Washington, USA Tokyo, Japan	F	11.705, 15.30
:45-7:45 p.m.	0000-0025	Tirana, Albania	G	7.065, 9.75
:00-7:25 p.m. :00-7:30 p.m.	0000-0025	Oslo, Norway	F	6.18, 9.55 (Sun.)
.00-7.30 p.m.	0000 0000	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	4.86, 5.94, 6.045, 7.105, 7.115, 7.15
				7.165, 7.205, 7.355, 9.80, 12.05, 15.
				15.18, 15.45, 17.72
:00-7:55 p.m.	0000-0055	Sofia, Bulgaria	F	9.70
DA BUT GUR		Peking, China	F	9.94, 11.675, 11.945
:00-9:00 p.m.	0000-0200	**Luxembourg	F	6.09
:00-8:00 p.m.	0000-0100	**VOA, Washington, USA	G	6.19, 9.67, 11.83, 11.895 5.96, 9.625 (includes French, etc.)
:00 p.m. 12:06 a.m.	0000-0606	**Montreal, Canada		5.50, 5.625 (Includes French, etc.)
45.7.00	0015 0030	(Northern Service) Athens, Greece	F	9.76
:15-7:30 p.m.	0015-0030 0015-0045	Brussels, Belgium	F	9.73
:15-7:45 p.m. :30-7:55 p.m.	0030-0055	Prague, Czechoslovakia	F	6.055, 9.74
:30-8:00 p.m.	0030-0033	Stockholm, Sweden	F	6.035
.30-0.00 p.m.	0000 0100	Kiev, U.S.S.R.	G	6.02, 7.15, 7.205, 7.26, 9.78, 12.05,
				15.14, 15.18, 15.455
		Vilnius, U.S.S.R.	G	5.94, 7.355 (Sat., Sun.)
:40 p.m12 mdt.	0040-0500	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	6.095, 9.56, 11.915
:00-8:15 p.m.	0100-0115	Vatican City	G	5.995, 6.015, 9.605
:00-8:20 p.m.	0100-0120	Rome, Italy	G	6.01, 9.575
3:00-8:30 p.m.	0100-0130	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	4.86, 5.94, 6.02, 6.045, 6.175, 7.10
	100 2004		3.70	7.115, 7.15, 7.205, 7.355, 9.635, 9.3
A STATE OF				9.79, 9.80, 12.05, 15.14, 15.45
3:00-8:45 p.m.	0100-0145	Berlin, Ger. Dem. Rep.	F	9.73 7.12, 9.78 (via Tirana), 9.94, 11.945
3:00-8:55 p.m.	0100-0155	Peking, China	U	12.055
0.00 0.67 n m	0100-0157	Montreal, Canada	G	6.085, 9.65
8:00-8:57 p.m.	0100-0137	Prague, Czechoslovakia	G	5.93, 7.345, 9.54, 9.63, 11.99
3:00-10:00 p.m.	0100-0300	Melbourne, Australia	P	15.32, 17.795
3:00·10:30 p.m.	0100-0330	Havana, Cuba	G	11.725, 11.93
8:00-11:00 p.m.	0100-0400	Madrid, Spain	G	6.065, 11.88 (MonSat.)
8:10-8:30 p.m.	0110-0130	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
8:30-8:50 p.m.	0130-0150	Cologne, Ger. Fed. Rep.	G	6.04, 6.075, 6.10 (via Malta), 9.565
				9.69, 9.745, 11.865 (via Malta)
8:30-8:5 <b>5 p.m</b> .	0130-0155	Tirana, Albania	G	6.20, 7.30
00.0.00	0120 0200	Vienna, Austria	G	6.155, 9.77 4.86, 5.94, 6.02, 6.045, 7.105, 7.11
8:30-9:00 p.m.	0130-0200	Moscow, U.S.S.R.		7.15, 7.205, 7.355, 9.635, 9.78, 9.7 9.80, 11.86, 12.05, 15.14
8:30·9:25 p.m.	0130-0225	Bucharest, Rumania	F	5.99, 9.57, 9.68, 11.775, 11.94
8:45-9:15 p.m.	0145-0215	Berne, Switzerland	G	5.965, 6.135, 9.725, 11.715
9:00-9:30 p.m.	0200-0230	Budapest, Hungary	G	6.00, 7.215, 9.585, 9.833, 11.91
5.00 5.00 p.m.			BU	(Exc. Sun.)
		Oslo, Norway	F	6.18 (Sun.)
	DISTRICT.	Warsaw, Poland	P	6.095, 6.135, 7.27, 9.675, 11.815,
	1000		1000	11.84, 15.12
9:00-9:55 p.m.	0200-0255	Peking, China	F	7.06, 9.94, 12.055 4.86, 5.94, 6.02, 6.045, 7.105, 7.11
9:00-10:00 p.m.	0200-0300	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	7.205, 7.26, 7.355, 9.635, 9.78, 9.7
				9.80, 11.86, 12.05, 15.14
0.00 10.20 -	0200-0320	Hilversum, Holland	G	6.165 (via Bonaire)
9:00-10:20 p.m. 9:00-10:30 p.m.	0200-0320	Cairo, Egypt	G	9.475
9:10-9:30 p.m.	0210-0230	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
9:15-9:30 p.m.	0215-0230	Athens, Greece	F	9.76
9:30-9:55 p.m.	0230-0255	Tirana, Albania	G	6.20, 7.30
9:30-10:00 p.m.	0230-0300	Libson, Portugal	G	6.025, 11.935
	0300-0330	Helsinki, Finland	F	6.12
10:00-10:30 p.m.	RELATE!	Budapest, Hungary	G	6.00, 7.215, 9.585, 9.833, 11.91 5.98, 6.02, 7.245, 7.26, 7.40, 9.58
10:00-10:30 p.m.		Kiev. U.S.S.R.	G	9.78, 11.86
10:00-10:30 p.m.			100	
10:00-10:30 p.m. 10:00-10:35 p.m.	0300-0335	Warsaw, Poland	Р	
10:00-10:35 p.m.				11.84, 15.12
10:00-10:35 p.m. 10:00-10:55 p.m.	0300-0355	Peking, China	P G G	11.84, 15.12 7.12, 9.78 (via Tirana)
10:00-10:35 p.m.			G	



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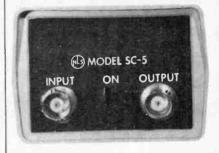
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CIRCLE NO. 2 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



				- William Committee or a committee of the committee of th
10:00-11:25 p.m.	0300-0425	**Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	3.995, 5.98, 7.27, 9.585
10:10-10:30 p.m.	0310-0330	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
10:30-10:55 p.m.	0330-0355	Tirana, Albania	G	6.20, 7.30
A STATE OF THE PARTY.		Vienna, Austria	P	6.155, 9.77
10:30-11:30 p.m.	0330-0430	London, England	G	5.975, 9.58 (via Ascension)
10:30-11:50 p.m.	0330-0450	Havana, Cuba	G	11.725, 11.76, 11.93
11:00-11:15 p.m.	0400-0415	Budapest, Hungary	G	6.00, 7.215, 9.585, 9.833, 11.91
			, in	(Tue., Fri.)
11:00-11:25 p.m.	0400-0425	Bucharest, Rumania	F	5.99, 6.155, 6.19, 9.57, 9.68, 11.775,
to the contract of		REAL PROPERTY.	SO OF	11.94
11:00-11:30 p.m.	0400-0430	Oslo, Norway	F	6.18, 9.55 (Sun.)
TO BENEFIT		Sofia, Bulgaria	G	9.70
11:00 p.m12 mdt.	0400-0500	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	4.86, 5.94, 6.045, 7.115, 7.15, 7.205
			1	7.355
11:00 p.m1:00 a.m.	0400-0600	Montreal, Canada	G	6.135, 9.655
11:30 p.m12 mdt.	0430-0500	**London, England	G	6.005, 9.58 (via Ascension)
11:50 p.m1:00 a.m.	0450-0600	Havana, Cuba	G	11.725, 11.76
12 mdt, 12:15 a.m.	0500-0515	Jerusalem, Israel	G	5.90, 7.395, 7.412
12 mdt,-1:00 a,m.	0500-0600	**London, England	G	6.005, 7.27, 9.60 (via Ascension)
12 mdt2:00 a.m.	0500-0700	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	6.095, 9.56
1:45-3:35 a.m.	0645-0835	**Lagos, Nigeria	G	7,275, 15,12

TO WESTERN NORTH AMERICA				
TIME-PST	TIME-GMT	STATION	QUAL*	FREQUENCIES, MHz
3:00-3:15 a.m.	1100-1115	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
3:00-4:25 a.m.	1100-1225	Trans-World Radio, Bonaire, N.A.	G	11.815
3:00-5:30 a.m.	1100-1330	London, England	G	5.99 (via Sackville), 11.75 (via Tebrau)
3:00-6:00 a.m.	1100-1400	**VDA, Washington, USA	G	5.955, 9.73
4:00-4:15 a.m.	1200-1215	Tokyo, Japan	P	5.99
4:00-4:30 a.m.	1200-1230	**Tashkent, U.S.S.R.	F	9.60, 11.925
4:10-4:30 a.m.	1210-1230	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
4:15-8:30 a.m.	1215-1630	HCJB, Quinto, Ecuador	G	11.745, 15.115
4:30-6:00 a.m.	1230-1400	Trans-World Radio, Bonaire, N.A.	G	15.255 (Sat., Sun.)
5:00-5:15 a.m.	1300-1315	Tokyo, Japan	F	5.99
5:30-7:00 a.m.	1330-1500	**Delhi, India	F	11.81, 15.335
5:30-8:15 a.m.	1330-1615	**London, England	F	9.74, 11.75, 15.31 (via Tebrau)
6:00-6:30 a.m.	1400-1430	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
		**Tashkent, U.S.S.R.	F	9.60, 11.925
6:00-7:20 a.m.	1400-1520	**Hilversum, Holland	G	11.73 (via Talata)
6:00-8:55 a.m.	1400-1655	Manila, Philippines	F	9.58 (closes 1555 Sun.)
7:00-7:15 a.m.	1500-1515	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
7:00-8:15 a.m.	1500-1615	London, England	G	17.84 (via Ascension)
8:00-8:15 a.m.	1600-1615	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
8:00-8:30 a.m.	1600-1630	Oslo, Norway	F	11.895 (Sun.)
8:00-9:09 a.m.	1600-1709	London, England	G	9.58, 15.365 (via Sackville, opens 1500 Sat.)
8:42-8:51 a.m.	1642-1651	Hilversum, Holland	G	11.82, 15.19 (via Bonaire, MonFri.)
9:00-9:15 a.m.	1700-1715	Tokyo, Japan	F	5.99
10:00-10:15 a.m.	1800-1815	Tokyo, Japan	F	5.99
10:30-11:30 a.m.	1830-1930	Taipei, Taiwan	F	9.51, 11.86, 15.37
10:30 a.m12 noon	1830-2000	**London, England	F	11.82 (via Ascension)
11:00-11:07 a.m.	1900-1907	**Papéeté, Tahiti	F	11.825, 15.17 (exc. Sun.)
11:00-11:15 a.m.	1900-1915	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
12 noon-12:15 p.m.	2000-2015	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
12 noon-1:20 p.m.	2000-2120	**Hilversum, Holland	G	11.73 (via Talata)
1:00-1:15 p.m.	2100-2115	Tokyo, Japan	F	9.505
1:15-3:00 p.m.	2115-2300	London, England	G	9.58 (via Ascension)
2:00-2:15 p.m.	2200-2215	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
2:00·4:00 p.m.	2200-2400	**VOA, Washington, USA	G	17.82, 17.895, 21.61
2:30-3:00 p.m.	2230-2300	Jerusalem, Israel	F	5.90, 7.395, 7.412, 9.435
2:30-3:20 p.m.	2230-2320	Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	5.98, 9.585, 11.80, 11.90
2:50-3:10 p.m.	2250-2310	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
3:00-3:30 p.m.	2300-2330	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
3:00-4:30 p.m.	2300-0030	London, England	G	6.175, 9.51 (via Sackville), 9.58 (via Ascension)
3:00-5:00 p.m.	2300-0100	Montreal, Canada	F	6.04
3:45-4:00 p.m.	2345-2400	**Voice of Org. of American States, Washington, USA	G	6.13, 9.64, 11.74
4:00-4:15 p.m.	0000-0015	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
4:00-5:00 p.m.	0000-0100	**VOA, Washington, USA	G	
to a little of	3000 0100	VOA, Hestington, USA,	G	11.83, 11.895, 15.40

0030-0130	**Trans-World Radio, Bonaire, N.A.	G	11.925
0030-0330		G	6.175 (via Sackville)
0000 0000			9.51 (via Greenville)
			9.58 (via Ascension)
0040-0500	HCJB Quito, Ecuador	G	6.095, 9.56, 11.915
00.0000			(includes some Eskimo)
0100-0115	Tokyo Japan	G	15.105
			15.32, 17.795
			6.065, 11.88 (MonSat.)
	the state of the s	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
	3-7		15.195, 15.42, 17.725, 17.825
			15.105
			11.825, 15.345, 17.89
			9.566, 11.81, 15.15
			6.045, 9.695
			15.105
			5.98, 6.02, 7.245, 7.26, 7.40, 9.58,
0300-0330	Klev, U.S.S.N.		9.78, 11.86
0000 0055	Dalin China	C	7.12, 9.78 (via Tirana), 9.46, 9.94,
0300-0355	Peking, Unina	G	11.65, 12.055
	and the same of th		3.995, 5.98, 7.27, 9.585
0310-0330	The state of the s		9.566, 11.81, 15.15 6.035, 9.645 (opens 0300 Sat., Sun.)
0320-0425		-	0.030, 9.040 (opens 0300 5at., 5un.)
	Rica	0	11 00 11 00 15 12 15 10 15 455
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			(Sat., Tue., Wed., Fri.)
0330-0400	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.905, 6.02, 7.26, 9.54, 9.58, 9.61,
			9.635, 9.735, 9.78, 11.69
0330-0415	Berlin, Ger. Dem. Rep.	P	5.955, 6.08, 9.56, 9.73
0330-0430	London, England	G	6.175 (via Sackville)
			9.58 (via Ascension)
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			6.165, 9.175 (via Bonaire)
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By Hal Chamberlin

#### **MASS-STORAGE SYSTEMS**

ANY interesting and useful applications of hobbyist computers require a program-controlled mass-storage device. Although a simple audio-cassette interface can be used, there are other more automatic, practical storage systems.

Applications Needing Mass Storage. Home accounting is a computer application that is often mentioned as needing a mass storage. One would expect a double-entry bookkeeping method to be used here, with all incomes and expenditures divided into a number of accounts according to the nature of the transaction. Once a week, or as needed, new transactions would be added to the appropriate accounts. Ideally, a verbal description of each transaction would be retained with the account record as well as the amount and date. Monthly, or as required, the system could be instructed to compute and print a personal financial statement. Also, if the accounts were set up properly, preparing a tax return could be a relatively simple task. The amount of mass storage needed, however, can become substantial. Assuming a moderately detailed system of 30 accounts and an average of 25 transactions per account per year, yields a total of 2250 transactions to save for the 3-year record-holding period required by the IRS. Allowing 30 bytes for a description, 4 bytes for a date and 4 bytes for an amount, gives a total of 85k bytes required for the application.

Learning games are an exciting application that benefit from mass storage. A learning approach to implementing complex game-playing programs such as checkers is often easier and can give better results than a direct approach. Such a program, when first run, would only be cognizant of the game rules. As it plays human opponents, files of data concerning fatal mistakes made by the program and

winning tactics employed by the opponent would be accumulated. Eventually the program would acquire a skill level just below that of the best opponent and would not suffer from "stupid" mistakes. Additionally, intermediate data files at various skill levels may be retained. Such files may get rather large. They are also subject to frequent change as the program learns. High-speed access to the data is helpful in keeping the game moving along.

Text editing for letters, reports, and other documents is another mass-storage-oriented application. The editing process may involve frequent changes, insertions, and deletions of blocks of text in the document. Also, it may be desirable to move a block of text from one portion of a document to another. The amount of storage needed varies with the type of document. A thesis may require 300k bytes, an article 30k and a letter 3k. Large insertions in the middle of a document may cause problems with certain types of mass storage.

Mass-Storage Terminology. Over the years, many terms have been developed to describe mass-storage systems. Perhaps most fundamental is the *on-line storage capacity* of a system. On-line storage capacity is the amount of data that can be accessed automatically by the program without requiring human intervention to change tapes, etc.

On all mass-storage systems, data is organized into blocks called records. When a data transfer between the storage system and the computer is performed, an entire record must be transferred. Some systems utilize a fixed record size, which means that all records are of the same length. Most tape systems, however, allow a variable record size, which means that a record may be as short as one byte or as long as desired. Note that the use of

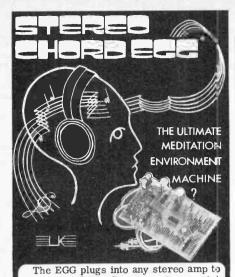
short records may reduce the storage capacity substantially due to gaps between records.

The transfer rate of a system is a measure of how fast data can be read from, or written into, the storage media. Often this is qualified further by specifying a "burst", transfer rate and an "average" transfer rate. The burst rate is the actual speed during reading or writing. The average rate is measured for a long transfer of several thousand bytes. It is usually less than the burst rate because of the gaps between blocks of data or time spent searching for the next block of data.

In a sequential access storage system, all of the data is stored as one long string of records. The access mechanism (usually a magnetic head) can be located at any point in the string. In the simplest systems, only two operations are allowed; rewind (place the head at the beginning of the string); and read forward, starting at the current head position. Writing of new data is always done at the end of the string. More sophisticated sequential-access systems may allow reading backward and high-speed search in both directions. Some may even allow records in the middle of the string to be updated.

Data records in a random-access storage system are organized in a rectangular array consisting of a number of rows and columns. A particular record is read or written simply by giving its row and column numbers. The storage device goes directly to the requested location, usually without any searching. Individual records may be rewritten at will. Random-access storage systems almost always utilize fixed record lengths.

Tape Mass-Storage Systems. Tape, particularly in cassettes, is a popular, inexpensive mass-storage medium. The on-line storage capacity of a C60 cassette, for example, ranges from 50k bytes using the Computer Users Tape System or CUTS (see "Computer Bits," March, 1976) audio format (also known as Kansas City format) to approximately 600k bytes using the Digital Group's "group coded recording" digital format. Transfer rates range from about 25 bytes per second for standard audio to over 1000 bytes per second for highperformance digital recording. Most tape systems for hobbyist use allow variable-length records with perhaps a maximum allowable length.



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Magnetic tape is inherently a sequential-access storage medium. Here, data records are strung out along the length of the tape with enough blank space between records to allow for starting and stopping the tape. Finding a desired record on the tape and reading it into the computer's memory is a fundamental operation. If the record's location is not known, about the best that can be done is to rewind the tape and start reading until the needed record is reached and read. This, of course, can take several minutes even on a highperformance digital cassette system. One possibility for speeding up is to maintain an "index record" at the beginning of the tape that contains the location of all of the other records on the tape. The program would keep the index in memory while that particular tape is loaded on the drive. Then, on a simple system, at least a decision between reading forward and rewinding and starting over can be made. On a system with read-backward capability, the average search time may be shortened further by reading backward when appropriate, rather than rewinding. A system with high-speed search allows records to be counted at two to ten times the normal tape speed in either direction. When the required number of records has been skipped, normal read speed is resumed and the desired record is read. Using the high-speed search feature allows average random-access times of less than 30 seconds on a 600k byte tape with one currently available cassette

system. All three applications described earlier required data records to be updated (read, modified, and rewritten) frequently. With a simple tape system the only possible method of updating is to make a copy of the "old" tape onto a "new" tape, changing the records to be updated during the copying. Besides requiring two tape drives, the process can be quite slow if individual, random updates are required, as in the game application. Some sophisticated systems will allow records to be updated in the middle of the tape provided the updated record length is the same as the original. One possibility, if records are expected to grow as in the accounting application, is to start with a long record padded with zeroes and then gradually replace the zeroes with new data as updates take place. Large insertions and deletions such as in the text-editing

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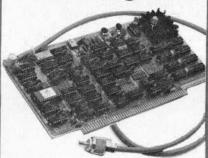
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6200-N Hollis Street Emeryville, CA 94608 application are still best handled by the update/copy technique when using a tape mass-storage system.

Disk Mass-Storage Systems. A disk-based mass-storage system has several very desirable characteristics. On-line storage capacity ranges from about 300k bytes for a floppy-disk system to over 200M bytes for some high-performance commercial systems. The range on transfer rates is considerably less, being from 32k bytes per second for the floppy to about 1.5M bytes per second for large hard-surfaced disk systems.

Although most disk mass-storage systems are very expensive, floppy-disk systems are reasonable and are becoming much more numerous among hobbyist users. The components to build a floppy-disk system cost about \$600 while complete kits list for around \$1500. The disk itself is housed in a flexible plastic envelope measuring eight inches square and one-sixteeth-inch thick and costs seven to ten dollars each. Each disk holds over 300k bytes and can be inserted into or removed from the disk drive in a couple of seconds.

Unlike tape, mass-storage disks are random-access devices. The circular disk surface is divided into a number of concentric tracks. Each track is further subdivided into a number of sectors. This is equivalent to the rectangular array of records mentioned earlier. Each sector contains one data record which is fixed in size. To access a particular record, the magnetic head is first positioned to the correct track by moving it radially in or out. This is called seeking. Then the system waits for the proper sector to rotate under the head for reading. The amount of time necessary to do these operations varies but is relatively unaffected by where the data is on the disk. All disk systems allow individual sectors to be updated.

A floppy disk may have, for example, 77 tracks and 32 sectors on each track for a total of 2464 possible data records. Each record has 128 useful data bytes. Moving the head from one track to another takes about 10 milliseconds per track moved. At 360 rpm it takes 166 milliseconds for the disk to rotate one revolution. Thus the longest required time to find and read a record will be just under a second. The average time is less than half that figure. Since a search of the whole disk would take considerably longer

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than this, some kind of index is always maintained so that the exact track and sector numbers of the desired data are known

A floppy-disk mass-storage system is nearly ideal for all three example applications. The accounting system, for example, can be set up so that each transaction would be stored on one sector. Thus three years of financial records may fit on one \$7 floppy disk. In the game program, many random data accesses and updates can be performed in the time allowed for the computer to make its move. Even the



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large insertions and deletions required in the text-editing application are readily handled. With such quick random access to records, the inserted text may be stored in any unused positions on the disk. Deleted records are simply marked as unused and will later be overwritten. Sorting of records using a single disk drive is not only possible but is relatively easy. With a tape system, at least three drives and a number of update/copy operations are required to do sorting.

Error Handling. Unfortunately it is a fact of life that magnetic recording media can have defects and can be damaged by improper handling. The result of a defect is that data recorded over it is subject to error. Since alteration of even a single bit can be disasterous (such as a difference between \$1081 and \$9081 in the accounting application), methods must be employed to detect the presence of these errors and to allow recovery from them.

Errors can be detected in a number of ways. The most common employs a checksum byte at the end of a record. A checksum is simply the sum of all of the data bytes in the record with overflows ignored. If the sum of the data read back is the same as the checksum byte for the data written, then the data is assumed to have been read accurately.

To prevent writing over a bad spot on the media, the data is typically read back and compared immediately after it is written. If an error is detected, then the record is erased and rewritten further on or in another sector.

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## Experimenter's Corner

By Forrest M. Mims

#### THE SILICON SOLAR CELL

OU CAN now buy silicon solar cells for less than a nickel per milliwatt of output power. This is still too costly to make high-power solar panels economically feasible in most (especially experimenters') applications. But it is low enough to allow many of us to assemble small solar panels for charging nickel-cadmium batteries.

This month, we'll take a look at the design factors and construction procedures involved in fabricating small solar batteries. But first, let's review how solar cells work and examine some of the reasons for their high cost.

**Solar Cell Theory.** The construction of a typical silicon solar cell is shown in Fig. 1. It is essentially a pn

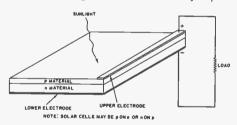


Fig. 1. Make-up of a cell.

semiconductor junction diode, and depends on the photoelectric effect for its operation. When the cell is in darkness, no current flows through it. The barrier potential of the junction keeps the charges from crossing from one side to the other. But when photons (light particles) strike the silicon, electron-hole pairs are created resulting in an output voltage. If the output terminals of the cell are connected to a load, a current will flow. The cell voltage is relatively independent of the light level, and is usually from 0.45 to 0.55 volt. Output current, however, is directly related to the intensity of the light striking the cell's surface.

The theoretical maximum conversion efficiency (the ratio of cell power output to light power input) of a "per-110" fect" silicon solar cell is 20 to 25 percent. No such cell exists, but some laboratory cells have demonstrated an efficiency of nearly 20 percent. Commercially available cells range in efficiency from 8-10 percent for older devices to 10-15 percent for the superior grade of cells developed over the past few years.

How They Are Made. Silicon is the second most abundant element on earth, and, at \$600 per ton, bulk metallurgical grade silicon is actually rather cheap. But silicon solar cell efficiency is directly related to the purity of the silicon used to make the cell, and ultra-pure silicon costs 100 times more than metallurgical grade material.

Materials cost is only part of the picture. The major reason for the expense of silicon solar cells are these five production steps:

- Growth of boules of silicon from molten silicon.
- Slicing of the boules into thin wafers.
- Smoothing the surface of the wafers by chemical etching or mechanical polishing.
- Formation of a pn junction by heating the wafers in a furnace in the presence of appropriate dopants.
- Affixing metal electrodes to the front and back surface of the cell. Actually, these five steps are only the minimum required to produce a working solar cell. More efficient cells can be produced by additional etching of the front surface, formation of better electrodes, oxidizing the front surface to reduce reflection losses, and careful attention to junction formation.

Considering the materials cost and complex procedure, the high cost of silicon solar cells is certainly justified. Fortunately, improved production techniques promise to lower solar cell prices considerably in years to come.

**Building Practical Solar Cell Arrays.** Figure 2 shows how a silicon

solar battery is connected to a nickel-cadmium storage cell. The five solar cells in the battery produce a total of about 2.75 volts open circuit in bright sunlight, and perhaps 1.5 volts when loaded down by the NiCd cell. Blocking diode *D1* keeps the cell from discharging through the solar battery during hours of darkness. If the NiCd cell is disconnected from the circuit during darkness, *D1* and one of the five solar cells can be omitted from the circuit. (The fifth solar cell compensates for the forward voltage drop across the diode.)

Designing practical chargers requires a knowledge of the charging requirements of the storage cells and

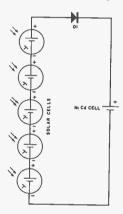


Fig. 2. Simple charging circuit.

the maximum current output of the solar battery. The maximum charging rate for most NiCd cells is 10 percent of the cell's capacity in milliamperehours (mA-h). Therefore the maximum charging rate for a 500-mA-h cell is 50 mA. A higher charge rate can damage or destroy the cell. Most cells require 12-14 hours at the maximum charge rate to achieve full capacity: But fastcharge units which can be charged to full capacity in only about 4 hours have recently become available. They are charged at 30 percent of the mA-h rating (for example, 150 mA for a 500-mA-h battery).

With these facts in mind, here are some useful guidelines to follow when designing your own solar battery charger:

- Use 3-4 solar cells in series for each series connected NiCd cell (e.g. 2 cells in series require 6-8 solar cells in series).
- Add one solar cell if a blocking diode is used.
- When assembling the array, temporarily wire the solar cells together and connect them to the batteries through a milliammeter as shown in Fig. 3. The current level should not

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exceed the maximum allowable for the NiCd cells when the solar battery is in bright sunlight. If the current level is too high, remove one or more solar cells until the current falls to a safe level. If the current is too low, add cells as required

Remember that you can achieve any combination of voltage and current from a solar battery by employing appropriate series and parallel connections of solar cells.

Practical Chargers. I recently built two solar-cell chargers for NiCd batteries to take with me on a bicycle trip in the mountains of New Mexico.

One charger had 9 seriesconnected 2-cm square solar cells connected to two series-connected NiCd cells. The other consisted of 18 series-connected cells connected to 4 NiCd batteries. You can make similar chargers yourself.

In making the chargers, it is convenient to solder (carefully) the cells together in groups of three. Use a lowpower soldering pencil and tinned, stranded hookup wire. Next, use small squares of masking tape to temporarily secure the strips of cells face down on a Plexiglas panel. Then apply GE RTV-108 or a similar clear silicone cement between the rows of cells. Smooth the cement across the backs

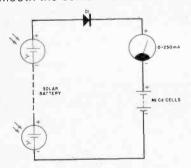


Fig. 3. Using a milliammeter.

of those cells not secured with masking tape.

Allow the adhesive to cure for 12 hours. Then carefully solder the strips of cells to one another to make the desired total. Attach output leads and a 1N914 blocking diode to the battery. Next, spread adhesive across the backs of all the cells (masking tape removed) and place a sheet of clear vinyl over the adhesive. Secure the vinyl in place for 24 hours with tape.

These simple assembly methods will permit you to produce a reliable NiCd solar-battery charger quickly and easily. Both of the panels I built provide 5 to 15 mA of charging current on overcast days.

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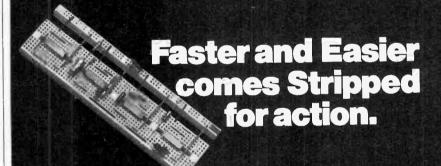
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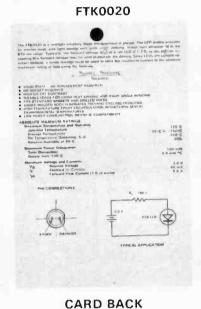
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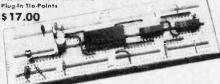
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Carbon bim	. 6%	- 8		4-3				ors 2 5% 14 or 12 w.			7417	.35	7489	2.25	74174	1.23
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								er, 144 compartem	ent		7427	.29		.79	74182	.79
RESISTOR AS	SORTMINT	-5;	BRIDG VIA	& HANDLIN	Fa POST	steel	capinel with	plastic drawers.			7430	.20	7496	.79	74184	1.90
R IOHMSI		2-4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				lors 2 5% 56 watt 0-	4255 or 1/2 wa	11 04505	7432	.23	74100	.98	74185	2.20
R OT	r	R QTV		n orv.		50 resistor	s per value,	44 values	\$74	1.95	7437	.25	74105	.44	74187	5.75
15 5		80 10		7K 10		supplied i	in a 15 draw	er, 60 compartmen	1 41		7438	.25	74107	.37	74190	1.15
33 5		3 HK 20		6K 10		strel	cabinet with	plastic drawers			7440	. 15	74121	.38	74191	1.25
60 5 10 10		1.5% 10°		ØK 10		2610 carb	on film resi	stors 14 watt 0525	5 or % watt t	05505	7441	.89	74122	.38	74192	.95
15 5		2.2K 10		10 K		150 value	s with quan	tities of each deter	mined		7442	.59	74123	.65	74193	.85
22 3		3.3K 10		10 K S		by ty	pical usage	1	5% \$10	7.00	7443	.73	74125	.54	74194	1.25
33 à 80		4.76 20		to at 10		supplied	in a 50 draw	rer, 150 comparime	ent		7444	.73	74126	.58	74195	.74
68 5		8.PK 10	SI	10 K 18		steel	cabinet wit	h plastic drawers		- 1	7445	.73	74132	.89	74916	1.25
100 10		10 E 20 15 E 10		154 5		400 metal	film resisto	rs a 1% 14 watt 112	51		7446	.81	74141	1.04	74197	.73
220 10		226 10		2 2M 5			np coeff + 5				7447	.79	74145	1.04	74198	1.73
210 5		22 t 10 33		3.3M 5 4.7M 5			rs per value		\$54	1.95	7448	.79	74150	.97	74199	1.69
330 10 470 20		394 10				supplied	in a 15 draw	rer, 60 compartmen	nt	1	7450	. 17	74151	.79	74200	5.45
						stee	Cabinet wit	h nlastir drawers			-	_	_			
CMOS					_		MORIES				LINE		124	1.52	560	3.39
	24	10104	. 20		96						301	1750	3.39	1.58	562	3,39
4000A	. 26	A81D4	1.39	4066A	.89	1101		AM MOS 16 pin		1.39	302	.53	3-IOK	1,69	565	1.18
4001A	.25	4020 A	1.72	4068 A	.44	1143		AM MOS dynam		1.95	104	.80	370	1,20	566	1.95
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4006A	1.35	4022A	.94	4071A	.26		programs	nable UV erasabl	e 24 pîn		307	.26	372	2.42	709	.26
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4017A	1.01	4050A	.59						-	_		LAYS		ME4		
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74C00	. 19	74C74	1.04	74C162	2.49			trip Delector DII	P	2.93	MAN			NSL1		
74C02		74C76	1.34	74C 163	2.66			dio Receiver Sub			MAN.		19	NSL I		2
74C04	.44	74C 107	1.13	74€ 164	2.66			reo Demodulato		2,90	MAN					
74C08	.68	74C151	2.62	74( 173	2.22	1300		ed Modulator-De			MAN			NSL I	.1	5
74C 10	.35	74C 154	3.15	74C 195	2.26	1430			cinoquiator	2,48	MAN					
74C 20	.35	74C 157	1.76	80095	1.15	1800		multiplexer DIP	-1 - DIP	1.18	MAN	8 2.2	15	MV5		. 1
74042	1.61	74C 160	2.48	80C 97	.96			in Block 34db (ty		1.35	MANI	bis 2.2	25	REC		
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14613	1,04	146 101	2.49	CHECK	_	2513		ter Generator 64	3035 DIP-24	.73	FNDS		9		BER .1	
CLOC	K MIT					3086	Transis	for Array DIP-14		./3	NS71L	1.3	9	CLE	AR ,1	5
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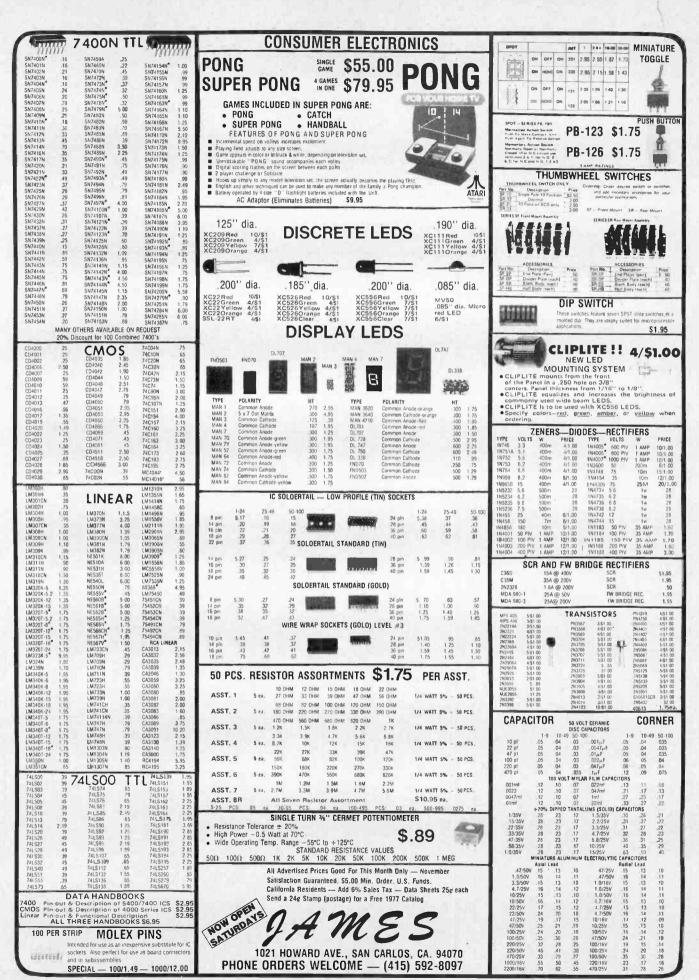
- with color mode gharts uid 35V \_33 and 35V \_1 and 35V \_22 and 35V uid 66V 68 and 66V 10 and 25V 15 and 26V uid 16V \_33 and 18V \_47 and 6V \_56 and 6V

24 pin 28 pin 40 pln

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A, 0-2V DVM with Case **B. 5V Power Supply** 

\$49.95 \$14.95

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**NOVEMBER 1976** 

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	SA:S			2102	1024 × 1	Static		1.7
2504	1024 Dynamic		9 00	2107	4096 x 1	Dynamic		9 9
2518	Hex 32 BIT		7 00	2111	256 x 4	Static		6 9
2519	Hex 40 BIT		4 00	7010	1024 x 1	MNOS		29 9
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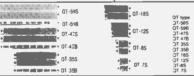
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### Ladies Watch 6 Function

- Bracelet Styling
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115 VAC

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# What's rare earth doing in Pickering's new **OA-7's?** Making the greatest sound in the slenderest headphones...That's What!



The new Dual  $CS^{\frac{7}{2}}$  is the ultimate expression of the principles that determine the performance of forearms and drive systems. Its straight-line, tubular tonearm pivots harizontally and vertically within a true four-point gimbal, thus maintaining dynamic balance in all planes.

Another Dual innovation—Vertical Jonearm Control—contributes in yet another way to fine tracking performance. A vernier height adjustment over

# The new Dual CS 721 on 8 mm range parallels the tonearm to the record with any represents everything cartridge. This eliminates the action of cartridge spacers otherwise needed to achieve precise vertical tracking angle. In all, about turntables, and adjustments— from stylus

overhang to cueing height and descent speed—all serving to optimize tracking performance with any cartridge.

The direct drive system of the CS72" is of camparable precision. The electronically-controlled, DC, brushless motor is the smoothest and quietest ever made. A major contribution to this end result is an exclusive Dual feature: two stacked coil layers each consisting of eight core essibilitar-wound coils, that overlap to achieve a gapless rotating magnetic field. This eliminates the successive magnetic pulses typical of all other motor designs.

Although the CS721 is Dual's most expensive model, it is hardly the most expensive turntable available today. When you make comparisons, as we believe you should, you may well consider the CS721 considerably underpriced.



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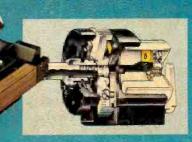
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Straight-line ubular tonearm provides maximum torsional rigidity and lowest effective mass. With the same effective tonearm length and tangential tracking error, only other shape must either sacrifice rigidity or increase mass.

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styli Less than \$400, including base and lover.

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Other Dual turntables: Fully automatic, single-play/mu ti-plays 1225, less than \$140; 1226 less than \$170; 1228 less than \$200; 1249, less than \$280. Semi-automatic, single-play Duals: 505 less than \$160; 510. less than \$200.