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COUNTESS ALBANI

T'S barely possible that Countess Albani might not be able to define an arpeggio to your entire satisfaction, but if you want to know what your chances are in a six-handed stud game to fill an inside straight, she can tell you down to the last decimal. For poker is both her strength and her weakness.

And if you'd please her mightily, which would be your first impulse after you had known her five minutes, you'd forget austere symbols of nobility and think of her only as Olga Albani, or, if you'd prefer to go back to the flyleaf of the family Bible, Olga Maria Aurora Medolaga Albani.

Like a great many persons of Spain, her native land, she doesn't stand in awe of a title. To the aristocratic, and she is that to the soles of her shoes, it is just one of the appurtenances of life amid the social higher-ups. So, contrary to custom in this, our native land, she accepted the title to win the Count instead of wedding the Count to get the title. Besides, she's a blood relative of the Royal House of Italy, whereas she's only a Countess by marriage.

When you start conjuring up romantic visions of languid nobility dawdling under lacy parasols and picture hats while some lackey dances attendance, you can count Olga Albani out. Rather, you will find her riding a spirited horse at a sparkling canter; swimming with expert speed and skill; driving a golf ball straight down the fairway 225 yards or smashing a tennis ball back to the base-line. And she loves to fence—but then what married woman doesn't?

But these are only avocations, adjuncts to her career as housewife and singer. And don't overlook that domestic angle. Like all true Castilian women, Olga—nee Hernandez, by the way—was trained first in the arts and wiles of running a household. Every potential Spanish bride (and that's every girl in Spain) is considered poorly educated until she is made ready to accept major-domoship of a home.

The Countess enjoyed this routine training along with her academic courses. As wife and mother, hostess and director-general of her domicile, she displays the same ease and facility that distinguish her sparkling soprano voice. She has been married for ten years and has one son, Guarda.

Ever since her radio debut she has been a storm center among transcontinental listeners. "She's the most amazing soprano on the air," cry her protagonists. "She runs second to our favorite," retort the detractors.

Listeners forget entirely the vocal demarcations in their enthusiasm for the glitter of the artist. That's why the Countess lags behind no one in purely personal appeal. The same magnetism which won her acclaim when she made her Broadway debut as star in "New Moon" makes itself felt over the loudspeaker.

The same gracious carriage and sureness of self have asserted themselves throughout her professional career, which has included beside her stage and film success, such radio programs as Eastman Kodak, General Motors, Cities Service, Mobiloil, Fleischmann, Eveready and Elgin Watch. Realsilk Hosiery presents her now over the NBC-WJZ network—in which Chicago gets all the breaks, as the Countess has taken up her residence there for the duration of the engagement.

Physically, too, she carries on the charm tradition. The admixture of Italian and Spanish blood has endowed her with brunet Latin characteristics and the most piquant of accents. She is five feet, five and one-half inches tall and weighs 125 pounds. She was born August 13, 1903, and was brought to America in 1908. She has lived here ever since.



FRED ALLEN

F RED ALLEN—although he has been accused variously of resembling New York's former mayor James J. Walker, Gene Tunney, and the late Frank E. Campbell, the undertaker—considers the charges merely part of the hazards of the profession. "As a matter of fact," he insists, "it is the same old face I've always used!"

Fred Allen's real name is Fred Sullivan. He was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, fortv years ago on May 31, 1895. He declares he was an after-thought to Memorial Day. People still can't forget him!

Stage debut was made at the age of ten in an amateur production of "The Three Wise Men," given by his church. His lines were: "Sorrow is sighing, breathing, dying—sealed in this cold, stone tomb." They are the only serious lines he's ever recited, and they almost ended his theatrical career. After finishing school, he found a job in a hardware store in Boston. Still he is trying to figure out whether there are more nuts in a hardware store or on the stage.

Professional stage career made when he substituted for a friend who had been booked into a local vaudeville house at five dollars per—week, not day! The friend got cold feet, so Fred went on in his place. He was billed as "Paul Huckle— European Entertainer," and because he was a substitute, he received only three dollars. Fred liked the work so much that he quit his job in the hardware store to become "Fred St. James, World's Worst Juggler." To make matters worse, he wore a red wig while he juggled.

Allen owns more than one thousand volumes of books on comedy. His is one of the greatest collections in the world. And he makes excellent use of it because, as he says, "Good jokes never die. Their structure remains the same no matter how many changes take place as the years go by." He is the only gag-man who admits that he reads his jokes in books. Recently he has been so busy that he can't spare the time to dig up his lines in ancient tomes, so he has employed writers to help him prepare material for his radio broadcasts.

He is in bed by two o'clock every morning, and up by ten. Never does he smoke, but occasionally chews tobacco-drinks moderately-takes snuff to clear his head. Some one told him that Caruso used snuff for the same purpose. Fred believes, however, that snuff does not improve the voice. He's a nut about exercise, and visits a gymnasium every day. He believes handball and rowing machines improve one's health, and is a mark for all kinds of "Two Years Ago I Was Puny, But Look At Me Now" ads.

Fred is a shrewd business man. That's why he changed his name. On returning to America after three years' engagement in Australia—where he received \$85 a week—he knew that the Keith office probably would give him the same here. He changed his name so the booking office wouldn't know him, borrowing the last name of his agent, Edgar Allen. Edgar wasn't so sure about the wisdom of adding Fred to the Allen clan. But it has worked satisfactorily. Fred's back teeth are all chipped. They became so from a trick he used to do

Fred's back teeth are all chipped. They became so from a trick he used to do while juggling. He's conscious of approaching baldness, and religiously takes scalp treatments.

He likes to be alone, but people usually crowd around him expecting free entertainment. That's one of the reasons he hates to eat in restaurants. He has too many friends.

Unlike most stage people, Fred isn't superstitious. Nor does he ever go to night clubs. Usually he can't spare the time; prefers to sit home and read. Shakespeare is one of his favorites, and Fred finds good material for gags in the works of the bard.

Fred loves the stage but prefers radio. He's kept stepping to obtain new material for each broadcast; this offers a mental hazard, and mental hazards are what he loves.

He met Portland Hoffa—that's a girl's name—when both were playing in the "Passing Show of 1922." But he's a slow worker. They were not married until 1926.



GRACIE ALLEN

G RACIE ALLEN, born in San Francisco, Calif., on July 26, but year unknown. "I'm as old as my little finger and a little older than my teeth," she says. Her Pa and three sisters, but not her brother, were in show business. It was a foregone conclusion therefore that she'd land in the business herself. She did. At three she made her stage debut singing and dancing.

Gracie attended public school and a convent in San Francisco. During Summer vacations she played outlying vaudeville houses in Los Angeles and Oakland, also in her native city. She did a single turn—dancing and singing. Her mother acted as her "dresser," and also peeked out from behind the curtain to see why the house didn't applaud Gracie more energetically.

A month after she was graduated from school Gracie met Larry Reilly, who was doing an Irish musical sketch in the home town. She joined the act, playing the "love interest," and came to New York with it. The biggest thrill she ever had was seeing New York for the first time. She's still thrilled by New York whenever she returns. The act was billed as "Larry Reilly and Co." One day the "Co." was left off the billing. So Gracie quit.

After that she waited for managers to come to her. They didn't, so she laid off for a year. In the meantime Gracie took a stenographic course; never completed it. Next Gracie went to Union Hill, N. J., to visit some friends playing at the local vaudeville house. On the bill was a team, Burns and Lorraine, who were to split up in a few weeks. Gracie saw the act and liked Burns better than Lorraine. She arranged to be introduced.

That historic meeting between George Burns and Gracie Allen was satisfactory to both. They signed as partners. After rehearsing for two weeks they went to work in the Hill st. theater, Newark, at the magnificent, breath-taking salary of \$15.00 for three days for the team. The next week they played one day in Bonton, N. J., for \$10. That was thirteen years ago. After they had been playing together for three years, Gracie took to going out with another man. George discovered that he was jealous. His proposal was in these words: "Either we get married within ten days or bust up the act." Gracie began to cry. She figured that if George could bring tears to her eyes she must love him. So she married him. They've been happy ever since.

Next to George Burns, Gracie likes steak (medium), stewed tomatoes and cottage fried potatoes. She does a lot of talking about food but in reality is a very small eater. She eats hardly enough to keep a fly alive. She doesn't smoke; takes an occasional cocktail, but never straight drinks. Goes in for cocktails according to their colors. Prefers green and pink drinks.

She just dotes on movies, but her eyes won't stand much; entertains herself by playing solitaire; knows every solitaire game in existence, more than a hundred. She says she also plays bridge, but George Burns denies this.

Her ambition is to be a lady of leisure—to forget the clock, curtain calls and early morning filmings. She loves clothes, expensive ones, and any kind of furs, but she doesn't go in much for jewelry. "Thank heaven," comments George Burns.

She is nuts about perfumes. Has no particular preference for scents just so long as the bottles are pretty. Also likes flowers.

Gracie is a sound sleeper. She must have eight hours' sleep every night; can do very well on fourteen. She sleeps with a pillow over her face. George and she use twin beds. She wears trailing night gowns—a la Lynn Fontanne. She has a passion for negligee and lounging pajamas. And for their recently adopted baby girl, Sandra. Her pet name for George is "Natty." George says this is not because his middle name is Nat, but because he's such a swell dresser. "She spells 'Nat' with an initial 'G'," he adds.

His pet name for her is "Googie." The name is embroidered on all her undies.

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PEGGY ALLENBY

T HE wit and the stamina of the Irish, tempered by the langour and romance of old Spain—that's the combination which makes Peggy Allenby one of the stage's and radio's most dependable actresses (and one of their most lovable).

Not that Peggy, who has been starred in the "Red Davis" serial and the "March of Time" cast, originated in either of these romantic countries. As a matter of fact she was born in New York City 28 years ago, the ultimate in valentines for her delighted Dad and Mother on that memorable February 14 in the year 1907.

The same unfathomed influence which has sent so many of our successful actresses to the convents for education got to work early on Peggy. She matriculated at the Villa Maria Convent in Montreal, Canada.

By successive steps she attended the Convent of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville, N. Y., and St. Mary's of Notre Dame, South Bend, Indiana.

By this time she knew just about all that the nuns had to impart to her, and this, added to her natural flair for acting, prepared her for a debut on the stage. So—this little Peggy went to market.

Here theatrical tradition also overtook Miss Allenby, as she disregarded several opportunities of sorts to make her bow in one of those stout, old-time training grounds, a stock company.

It was at the Orpheum Theater in Memphis, Tenn. And still the sequence persisted.

Her next, and natural, venture was toward Broadway, where she made her way without the struggle which has been required of many who crash Manhattan. Of course, by the time Peggy was through that elaborate schooling and had wound up in the theatrical finishing schools radio had made great strides, and anyone with acting ability and a projectable personality found chances multiplied by two. Nor did she overlook that possibility.

Her first New York engagement was in "The Little Spitfire," and she proved to be all that the name implied as she dashed from studio to studio attempting to sell her talents. Persistence won, and when all else failed she found her knowledge of the Spanish and Italian tongues an invaluable asset.

She was hired to do dialect parts over the air. Her linguistic accomplishments led to additional roles on both sustaining and commercial programs. Between the stock experience in Dixie and the day of her Broadway debut she had toured for a year with Leo Dietrichstein, and it was on his advice that she polished up her knowlicdge and use of foreign languages.

The movies have known her also. Two of her most successful appearances in the films were with Frank Morgan and Spencer Tracy. Following her brief introduction to radio, she deserted the air temporarily to play a season in stock as leading lady for William Faversham and to tour, for a season, with Rod LaRoque and Vilma Banky.

This year Peggy has been kept busy doing the ingenue speaking roles in the Beauty Box Theater.

Peggy is five feet, six inches tall, of the type which experts declare makes the most perfect fashion models. She weighs 125 pounds, has dark brown hair, a fair complexion and laughing dark eyes.

John McGovern is her hubby; furniture and rare perfumes her hobby.

Away from the rigors of the studio and the stage she goes in lustily with expert skill, for swimming, golfing and flying.

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BETTY BARTHELL

T^F BETTY BARTHELL couldn't sing a note, she still would be the eighth wonder of radio. She probably is the only feminine warbler in America who literally had to be shanghaied from her home, at which she arrived on April 16, 1909, to take a microphone test.

While girls without a semblance of a voice were storming audition boards, Betty lurked behind a portiere, fearful lest the talent scouts trail her to her hiding place. They did—and listeners still owe them a vote of thanks.

The sudden whirl to radio acclaim and to residence in New York was the direct result of an old Southern custom. Because of her charm, Betty was the core around which the youthful Nashville society life wound itself. After her graduation from Ward-Belmont school in her home town, Nashville, Tenn., the Barthell home became a Sunday rendezvous for a large group of eligible lads with very definite fixations about Miss Betty.

The typical Dixie hospitality, augmented by Betty's vocal talent and skill at the piano, did the business. On one of these traditional Sunday evenings Bob Carson, staff pianist at WLAC, was among the visitors who popped in. Impressed by Betty's artistry, he arranged for an audition the following afternoon.

The audition was lifted out of the ordinary class and scheduled as an event because of Bob Carson's elaborate descriptions of Betty. Which was all very well except that the principal, overcome by shyness, failed to appear. Carson was rightfully embarrassed. Rather than stand the gibes of the studio executives, he determined to produce the reluctant lass.

He drove out to the Barthell home, seized the missing ingredient by the arm, and hustled back to the station, to present his find as promised. Half an hour after the audition the bewildered Betty was a member of the WLAC staff. Her trip to New York was almost a repetition of the original scene. A CBS executive, on a tour of Southern stations, heard Betty and adjudged her excellent sustaining material, as well as potential bait for some exacting sponsor. He guessed right on both counts.

Betty's background in music goes back to her father's love for Nevin's The Rosary. He was so enamored of the melody that he wanted someone around the house to be able to render it for him whenever he felt the urge. So when his only daughter became twelve (that was in 1921) he arranged for piano instructions for her. His only demands on her tutor were that while the remainder of her lessons were to * be orthodox, she was to be taught his song of songs early in the procedure.

Betty couldn't estimate how many times she played and sang The Rosary in her father's presence, or how many times she waited for him to turn his back so that she might break into the current hits of the day. *They* are her true metier.

So rapid has been her trip to fame that Betty hasn't had time to give to serious affairs of the heart. She has done a little shadow boxing with them and sparred a round or two with Cupid, but is still unattached so far as the public knows.

Perhaps because she is tall herself, lofty buildings stultify her, so to escape the inhibition she takes long rides on a bus or in the subway. As a spectator she adores hockey, and as participant goes in lustily for aquatics.

She is counted a keen bridge player but has an unfair advantage over her opponents. They gaze at her wavy, dark bobbed hair and drink in the light from her blue eyes—and aces get trumped and overbids are made with utter abandon. When Betty is in the game the other players all are automatically vulnerable.



JACK BENNY

T never was the intention of Jack Benny to be the insouciant comedian whose subtle style has brought him national radio fame. By nature and experience he is a rapid-fire, or "patter," comedian. But ennui, brought on by constant futile auditioning for prospective sponsors, fostered the langorous type of presentation which has made him outstanding among the leading jesters of the day. He conceived the technique one day out of sheer boredom. It won him a contract, whereas his natural style had left him hors-de-combat. He wouldn't desert it now for any consideration.

Nor would he desert Mary Livingstone, his charming wife and stooge, who has been the icing on the Benny cake ever since Jack won his first commercial radio account.

Jack wasn't born "Benny." It's a trade name adopted when Jack decided that the stage was his metier. He decided that the family tag, Kubelsky, wouldn't drag the customers into a theater. He wanted them to come *in* and laugh—not stand out under the marque and chuckle.

Vaudeville engagements, none too lucrative, followed his service hitch, but in a few years brighter engagements ensued. Then the movie magnates determined that Benny was just what the films needed. But it was in radio that Jack Benny found his natural outlet, and from an ordinary salary in pictures he has risen to an elevation where even the most extravagant sponsors have called strategy conferences in order to meet his terms.

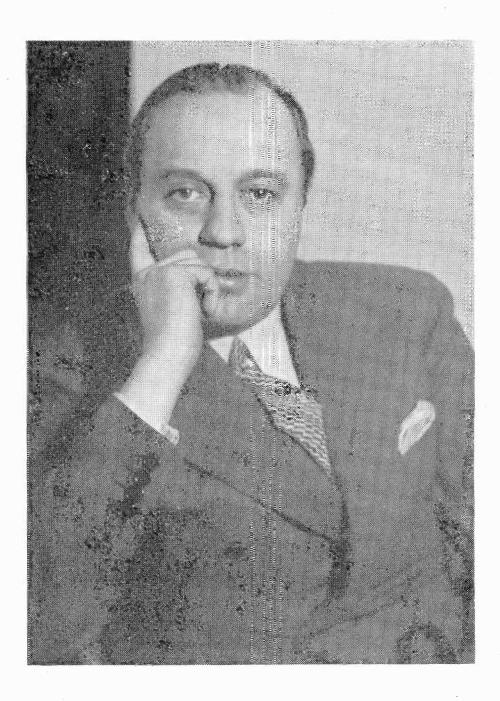
Jack has none of the appearance of a comedian. In fact he has all the savoirfaire of a successful broker. At that he is a comedian only 30 minutes each week. The remaining 6690 waking moments find him a somber, businesslike sleuth, keen on the scent of any situation which he can turn into a gag, with the able help of his material prop and moral supporter, Harry Conn.

He plays a violin as would a beloved maestro. (Yeah?) Love in Bloom is his favorite selection.

Jack is five feet, ten and one-half inches tall and weighs around one hundred and eignty pounds. His clothes are meticulously selected; he wears them with a natural grace. He could give an Englishman cords and tweeds and beat him at his own game. His once dark hair has grayed almost completely, adding to his air of aristocracy and offering unimpeachable evidence of his torturous search for the elusive jest. The Bennys have an adopted girl baby, Joan.

Jack was born on the shores of Lake Michigan in the year 1894 on a date later made auspicious in Chicago by one of the most dramatic crime stories in history, February 14th, the celebrated Valentine's Day gang massacre.

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BEN BERNIE

B ECAUSE he was too frail for the job, Ben Bernie couldn't follow his father's trade, blacksmithing. Yet, starting on an entirely opposite career, he has hammered away at it far more diligently than he ever would have had to at shaping iron footwear for horses. And of all the people in the theatrical world it safely can be said of the Old Maestro that the anvils never have resounded to the mention of his name.

Lucky fellow—many say. Lovely fellow is the real reason. Sweet is a dangerous word with which to toy in the description of any man, but it can be ascribed to Ben without so much as chance for misunderstanding. Theatrical audiences note it; radio listeners sense it and those who meet him, even casually, come away completely swayed by that particular phase of his personality. More accurately, it's a pleasing graciousness of manner.

It is obvious that Ben never in his life made a single motion calculated to win someone's approval or friendship, yet in every stratum of life through which he has passed he has left for posterity lasting imprints of his blazing magnetism.

Perhaps it is a merging of a ringing sincerty and a stout honesty, but most certainly something exists which draws a world to his circle; makes sycophants of those who are themselves accustomed to adulation and the fawning of the mob. There is a ring of inspiration in the voice of every guest star who appears on his programs, and it is doubtful if any one ever asked so to perform, has rejected the privilege for reasons within human control.

All of these characteristics lend to his enduring popularity in every field in which he is active. But they are not the basic elements. Back of the Bernie fund of humor and good-fellowship is a wealth of human understanding, the realization that even the most brilliant of the stars loses its luster if too persistently exposed. So Ben wisely does not hog the limelight. Like Rudy Vallee and Jack Benny, whose fame has lost any tinge of impermanency, he is thoroughly unselfish, averse to aggrandizing himself.

Anybody who works with Ben gets more than an even break. He is no extrovert, but he has the confidence in himself to which years of success have entitled him and he fears not to share his plaudits with those with whom he surrounds himself professionally. A comparison to several artists who have reached the heights in radio only to drop to semi-obscurity, will reveal that while Ben was dividing the spoils, those ego-intoxicated luminaries were centering the spotlight exclusively on themselves.

That all-encompassing understanding of Ben's is the fruit of the struggle for achievement. The financially secure orchestra director of today presents no picture of the sordid beginning which was Ben's lot. There was grim irony for the Ancelevitz (Ben's surname) family of Bayonne, New Jersey, in the whimsical charm with which Longfellow invested the smith and his forge.

To Ben's father, with his wife and eleven children, it was a grim and battering trade devoid of anything save back-breaking and almost fruitless toil. As his son Benjamin reached the age where his future became an issue, it is not surprising that the labor-worn father found a ready alibi for shunting him off into another field of endeavor. Music seemed to be of his fiber, so sufficient funds were eked from the limited income to give Ben his start. The story of his eventful rise to a violinist of sufficient merit to earn him a place in the theater, has been repeated until it is frayed. But the story of his ever-ready helping hand, his quiet munificence and his endless subjugation of self in behalf of others, takes on new stature with every telling.

He is married, has one son, Jason, to whom he is almost childishly devoted. Ben was forty-one years old Decoration Day, 1935.



CONNIE BOSWELL

ONNIE BOSWELL as a child was crippled from the waist down by infantile paralysis Yet she managed to overcome a handicap which to most would prove insurmountable. And to top it off, she's one of the happiest persons alive. In her work she has found peace and solace from bodily ills.

Although her manager carries her around like a baby, she's not the least bit sorry for herself. On the contrary, she's usually gay. She has a good business head and is full of energy. She is the leader of the team composed of herself and two sisters, not only because she is the most appealing and has the best voice—but because she's a natural born leader. She might have made a fortune in any other field of endeavor.

Connie has a lovely figure. She is five feet four inches tall, weighs 100 pounds and is the thinnest of the three Boswell sisters. Vet, whose real name is Helvitia, weighs 114 pounds for her five feet four, while Martha, who is five three, weighs 117.

The sisters were born in New Orleans. It is not necessary to write that fact, however, because their accents immediately give them away. It is difficult to tell which is prettiest.

Although Connie now is 25 years old (birthday, December 3), she is still partial to dolls and teddy bears. Her rooms are full of them, and she takes as much care of her toys as she would a child. She has one other hobby. That is the radio.

The Boswell kids inherited their musical ability from their parents, both of whom are musical. The three children early played instruments. The original Boswell trio, almost twenty years ago, consisted of Connie and her miniature cello. Vet and her violin, and Martha at the piano. The only audience was the family. They learned their way of singing from the colored folks.

This is how the Boswell Sisters became professionals: At the close of the war an amateur contest was held in a local theater. First prize was to be fifty dollars in cash and a week's work at the New Orleans Palace. The three kids faltered out to the center of the stage. They were very nervous. The act preceding them had departed under a barrage of overripe vegetables. But when the Boswell sisters played and sang, there were no tomatoes. Instead, the house rocked with applause, and the kids were fifty dollars richer.

There followed a vaudeville engagement which took them as far away as Mobile, Alabama. The kids were going to school. They evaded the stern hand of the truant officer by taking a week off, then going back to classes for a week, studying twice as hard, and then repeating the routine. But the grind was tough and the kids didn't like it.

The Boswell sisters make their own song arrangements. They never write anything down. All three have amazing memories, but Connie's is the best. She knows more than 400 tunes. They are hard workers, often rehearsing in the privacy of their apartment until 4 a. m. Neighbors used to complain, but now they realize they are hearing art in the making, so they don't say anything. That's a relief to Connie, who hates to annoy people.

Like most stage people, the sisters are extremely superstitious. They never tell anyone their business before a deal is complete. They're sure that this is the easiest way to jinx oneself. They cross their fingers before they start to sing a new tune. They're found that their new songs always go over o.k. that way, but should one forget the finger-cross, then everything is sure to be ruined. Despite their long radio experience, they're still nervous whenever they appear before a mike.

They all sit on a bench when they broadcast. Martha, of course, plays the piano. Connie and Vet sit on either side with their three pretty heads touching. Casual observers have difficulty in deciding which is lovelier, their voices or their faces.



EDDIE CANTOR

THERE is a disposition among skeptics to twit Eddie Cantor about his frequent references to Ida, his wife and their five daughters. Perhaps if the public understood the beautiful love story between Mrs. Cantor and her comedianhusband, there would be less of criticism and more of recognition of Eddie's tributes to his loyal life partner.

His frequent reference to his family, particularly Ida, is not an effort to aggrandize her or them. It is Eddie's only way of acknowledging publicly—as all of these sagas of wifely loyalty should be—the tremendous debt which he owes her for her moral support, not alone since they began married life but in the hard and exacting days of their courtship.

It is natural to view the pop-eyed jester as a millionaire whose life is made sweet by public acclaim and the possession of all the required comforts of life. But that's just a late phase of the Cantor career; its prominence is apt to bedim the struggles by which he acquired his present status.

And those were the days when he was busy piling up a moral obligation to Ida that no amount of public or private adulation could dissipate. So, when Eddie lauds her or refers to her on his programs, it isn't pride talking—it's gratitude.

Eddie's success of recent years only reflects the vicissitudes he had to endure to attain it. But over his entire life shines the glow of Mrs. Cantor's endless encouragement and abiding faith in the eventual conquest of the world by "her man."

Eddie once determined to turn his back on the theater in order that he might win the girl whom he idolized. It was a sacrifice hard to understand by anyone not aware of Cantor's natural inclination for the stage. His clowning is inherent.

To him the theater wasn't a mere expedient because it offered an outlet for a bubbling humor. It was his medium and he knew it. None other would do. Yet he unhesitatingly said no to his impulses when he learned that if he persisted in his determination to go on the stage. Ida's parents would forever ban the union which the two youngsters from the Ghetto. he and Ida, planned and yearned for.

Yet it was Ida herself who altered the tide of his career. When she realized that he was a misfit in the commercial world, it was she who demanded that he abandon it and follow the pursuit for which he was equipped so wholesomely. It would mean the death of romance, Eddie argued, as he refused.

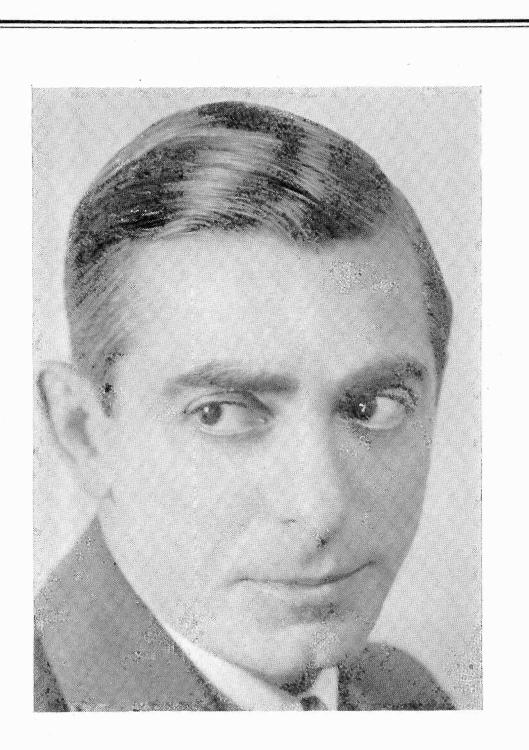
It would be the birth of happiness, Ida retorted. And she planned to marry him in spite of the firmly knit devotion to her parents which is the heritage of Jewish children. Domestic dictates were one thing, but the happiness of two people was even more to be considered.

Fortunately any threatened rift was averted when Ida followed the dictates of her heart, married her girlhood sweetheart and made him accept a tendered European theatrical contract. But though that rift followed, she still would have made the choice.

So many wives whose guidance has led husbands to the heights, have been relegated to the background or abandoned entirely, that Eddie Cantor defies precedent by not only clinging to his faithful mate but by trying to reflect upon her at least a share of the glory in which he basks.

It is the sort of gratitude which some express in memorial halls, endowments or showy monuments. But Eddie just happens to subscribe to the theory that the time to express appreciation is while the recipient of it still can enjoy the manifestation.

Eddie was born January 31, 1892. He has passed forty, but for Eddie life did not begin there. Eddie and Ida have enjoyed life and romance for many years.



BOAKE CARTER

B OAKE CARTER, the CBS news commentator, was born September 28, 1899, in Baku, Russia—and christened Boake in honor of his natal city. Ever since he has been able to contemplate the consequences, he has been grateful for the fact that his birth didn't occur in Nishnii Novgorod, a bit farther north in the Soviet Republic. Parents, so inspired, could have conjured up a lot of awesome name combinations out of that.

But in spite of the circumstances of his birth and the fact that he has risen to radio fame steppe by steppe, there is naught of the Muscovite about Carter. That Oxonian accent is rightfully his own as he not only is a product of Christ College, Cambridge, but by lineage is an admixture of British (including Erin). His Russian advent is accounted for by the fact that his father was in the British consular service located in Baku when his son was born.

It would not be difficult to guess that back of Carter's learned, if sometimes contentious, editorializing is a wealth of experience in which adventure and enterprise are equally divided. As a newspaper man and foreign correspondent for press associations, Carter not only saw much of the world but learned to study the political and economic situations in whatever country chance placed him. He has a most retentive and analytical mind, and as a result he made it his business everywhere to seek out famous personalities upon whom to polish up his readily formed opinions.

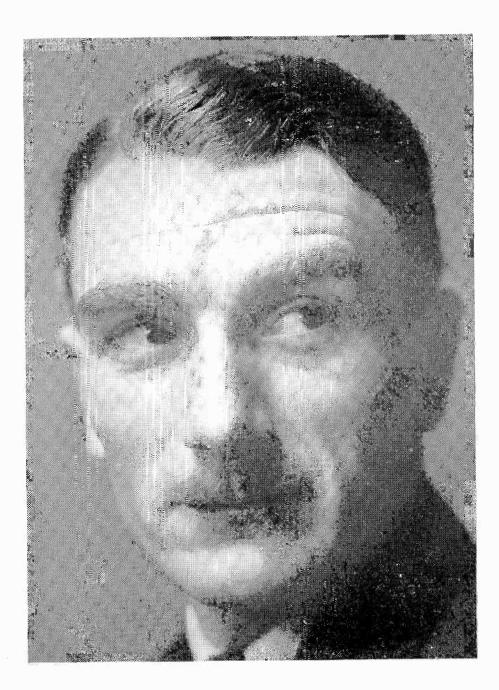
Aside from the Lindbergh kidnaping, through which he became nationally known for his narrative skill, Carter probably has found the crash of 1929 one of the most fertile of editorial topics. Strangely enough, however, three crashes of his own, sustained while he was in the British air force during the World War, have provided him very little material for his radio talks.

. That's because he's normally reticent about his personal achievements—because there were many splendid deeds interlarded with the spills, examples of the sort of heroism for which English flyers were noted.

Another Carter secret, a special sort of light hidden under a bushel of commentative locution, is the fact that Boake is one of this country's better portrait painters. And he's no mere dilettante, no dabbler in the arts. He is an honor student of an English and an American academy and his paintings, including more than a hundred portraits, have received special notice in Eastern exhibits. And (don't look now) but Boake Carter is a demon with a skillet. He can concoct more culinary masterpieces than you could eat in a week.

Mrs. Carter doesn't mind his puttering around the kitchen. When he's playing at being chef she and their two children at least know where he is. Which is something, in light of the things a lot of husbands and fathers cook up away from home.

Some people's success is ascribed to following the sun. Boake Carter's can be traced to his tendency to follow his father. When the elder Carter was dispatched to Mexico, his talented son was not long pursuing him. Thus he entered the United States by the back door; but once here, he determined to adopt the nation. He started his American career as a Philadelphia newspaperman, and because of the soundness of his conclusions was evenutally called upon to discourse on world events over the air. He first was sponsored by a retail chain-store company with only a local Quaker City outlet, but the world heard his voice and he was made a nation-wide feature by his present sponsor three years ago. His news broadcasts have become something of an institution that has taken the edge off the sale of late editions of the newspapers which he served so faithfully earlier in his career.



BING CROSBY

B ING CROSBY sings as he does because he has a little growth between his vocal chords. That little growth is worth thousands and thousands of dollars to him, for it gives his voice that husky, unusual quality which sets feminine spines aquivering in sympathetic rhythm. When doctors told him they could remove the precious little abnormality safely and easily, Bing dared them to try it!

Harry Lillis Crosby, Junior, crooned his first note just 31 years ago—on May 2, 1904—in Tacoma, Washington. His folks are hardy Americans from away back, and Bing, for all his crooning, is very much of a he-man. He was a life-guard at twelve, and a sort of junior lumberjack just a year or so later! He comes by this vigor honestly; away back in '49 his great-grandfather sailed a boat from Maine to 'Frisco. In those days that meant a long hazardous sail around the entire South American continent, passing through the terrible Straits of Magellan, whose waters have smothered the bubbling groan of many a seaman. Of such stuff is this radio crooner made.

Even while pursuing truth at Gonzaga school—a high school and college combined—Bing worked at odd jobs. During these days he gathered scars on both legs while brush-clearing in a lumber camp. His little woodman's axe slipped in his inexpert hands.

While drumming in the high school band, Junior Crosby saved enough money earned by after-school work in the post office—to buy himself a set of traps out of a mail-order catalog. With a piano-playing pal named Al Rinker, he then organized a five-piece band which played at school and club dances.

After studying law for three years at Gonzaga school Bing got a job, along with Rinker, singing in a local theater. This gave them big ideas; so on money borrowed from Bing's mother they bought a tired old flivver and went to Los Angeles—walking after the flivver died under them. There Rinker's sister, widely known as Mildred Bailey, put them up at her home and got them a job at the Tent Cafe with Mike Lyman, brother of the famous Abe.

Crosby and Rinker were discovered by Paul Whiteman at the Metropolitan Theater in Los Angeles. He put them with Harry Barris, to form the Three Rhythm Boys.

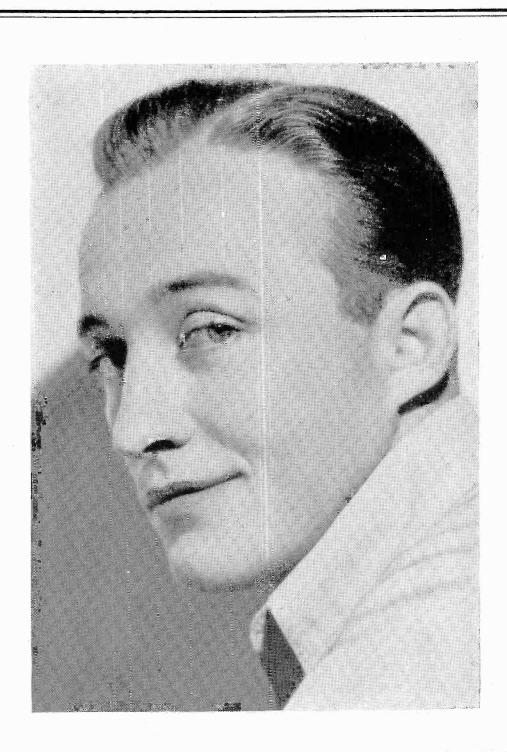
Bing is married to Dixie Lee, screen actress and singer. She wouldn't marry him at first—said he was too wild. So he became a changed man and won the gal. They have three children, all boys. Two of them are twins

Bing's nickname, his father relates, was given him because, when a tiny boy, he used to be very fond of a newspaper comic strip called "The Bingville Bugle." He occasionally would wave in people's faces a copy of the newspaper containing it, and shout "Bing! Bing!" Cute? Today, not comic strips but golf is his pet crave.

Crosby is five feet nine inches tall, weighs around 175 and already has begun to worry about his waistline. At lunch he never eats more than a sandwich. His hair is brown, eyes blue. He is probably the world's laziest man, and admits it cheerfully; says he prefers radio to pictures because radio is less work, and interferes less with his golf. Crosby never sings before a mike without a hat on; never rehearses for a broadcast more than once with his band. He chews gum—and doesn't bother to remove it when he sings; just parks it in one cheek till he's through!

Bing's favorite singers are Morton Downey and Ethel Waters; his favorite comedians, Burns and Allen, and his favorite band, Paul Whiteman's.

He's quite satisfied with his voice just as it is. "I'm going to keep on singing till I die," he says. "If nobody else will listen to me, I'll do it just for my own amusement."



MORTON DOWNEY

MORTON DOWNEY'S success has surpassed even his most sanguine dreams, yet the main ambition of his life still remains unfulfilled. That is to play Poli's Theater in Hartford. As a kid, back in Connecticut, he used to sit in Poli's gallery and spin castles in the air about the day when he, caparisoned in silks and satins, would caper onto its magnificent stage. Now after playing almost every important theater in the world, Morton has missed Poli's.

Morton Downey was born on November 14, 1901, in Wallingford, Connecticut, a town doubtless named after the great "Get-Rich-Quick." He went to school in Wallingford as far as second year high. Then at the age of fourteen he took a job as office boy in a Hartford insurance company. Prior to this time, in fact, ever since he'd been eight, Morton had been singing at club affairs, smokers, church sociables, et cetera, earning as much as four dollars per evening. This was just half of what he got for an entire week's work in the insurance company.

After running errands for three months Morton Downey decided that his star lay elsewhere. The war had just started. Morton enlisted—rather attempted to enlist—in the Navy. His father notified authorities that he was less than sixteen. As a result he was held in the jug until his folks picked him up.

Morton then blossomed forth as a counter boy in a restaurant, then as laborer in a silver factory. Neither of these jobs paid more than \$12 a week, and as the young man now was able to earn from \$8 to \$10 a night singing at smokers, he decided to devote the rest of his life to song.

Like so many other hopeful youths Morton came on to New York, living with relatives in Brooklyn. The relatives had a friend who managed the old Sheridan Square Theater in Greenwich Village. Morton was signed up for two weeks at \$40 a week. He sang "When Irish Eves Are Smiling."

Downey's greatest fame is a direct result of radio. His first broadcast was made over WEAF in 1922 when that station was located in lower New York in the Telephone Building. He had a tremendous kick when told that people as far away as Forty-Second street could hear him.

His next broadcasts were made in 1926 in England over the BBC. During the following year he made his first American commercial appearance for Hudson-Essex.

Morton eats plain foods, steaks, roast beef medium, chops, et cetera. He used to get away with a lot of grub, but has cut down in an attempt to lose weight. In the last year he has lost 35 pounds and wants to take off twenty more. His present weight is 182. He's five feet nine and a half inches tall.

He was married seven years last January. He met his wife, the former Barbara Bennett, when both were playing in RKO's "Syncopation." After they knew each other three weeks she went to Palm Beach for a vacation. One day later Morton got her on long distance with this request: "How about coming back? It'd be nice for us to get hooked up." She came back. They got hooked up. Now they have three boys—two of their own, one adopted.

His favorite male radio entertainer is Bing Crosby. Of the women, he likes Nellie Revell because of her homely-philosophy. Favorite movie actor is Richard Bennett; favorite movie actress, Joan Bennett; favorite stage thespian, Richard Bennett; favorite stage actress. Barbara Bennett. She's been his favorite ever since he saw her in "The Dancers." Denies that his choice of Bennetts is because he's married to one of them.

Morton usually wears dark clothes and solid ties. His favorite color is blue. He gets a haircut once a week. If he doesn't his neck looks like Strangler Lewis'. He has dark brown hair and greenish blue eyes.

Next to sleep and reading comic strips, his favorite relaxation is driving a fast car.



JESSICA DRAGONETTE

JESSICA DRAGONETTE is a girl of a million personalities. She decided not so long ago that each individual who hears a radio singer's voice from his loudspeaker, pictures the artist in his mind's eye differently. Thus to one listener a singer is blonde, to another brunette, to a third fat and voluptuous, to a fourth thin, anemic and cold. To satisfy all these various viewpoints, Jessica is trying to be all things to all people.

But to this observer Miss Dragonette, as seen through the MIKEroscope, resembles the girl back home, the dainty miss who is escorted proudly to the season's first big football game.

Jessica Dragonette's first New York job came when she was chosen by Max Reinhardt for the only solo part in the original American production of "The Miracle." Later she played Kathie, the leading feminine role in "The Student Prince" and was the ingenue in the 1926 edition of "The Grand Street Follies."

In "The Miracle" Jessica first learned what it's like to sing to an invisible audience. She sang the part of an angel, suspended far above "the clouds." "I suppose it's the hearest I'll ever get to Heaven." she remarked. Her song was without accompaniment, most difficult to keep on pitch. Feodor Chaliapin heard her, remarked on the beauty of the unseen angel's voice.

Jessica describes her eyes as "plaid." She's fair and blonde, five feet two inches tall, and weighs less than a hundred pounds.

She likes all kinds of art—music, painting, sculpture, poetry. She does a great deal of reading, preferring the acknowledged masters. When she isn't in such a highbrow mood, she bowls.

She has a hidden vice. When no one is looking she sneaks off and writes verse. She even had some of her poems published.

Her favorite colors are beige and red. She doesn't go in much for jewelry, but does like pearls. She adores furs.

Fan mail is one of the joys of her life. She receives from 750 to 1,000 letters every week. Many of these she answers in her own hand. So many of her letters are proposals of marriage that she has come to the conclusion that people are very romantic. Each letter is sacred to her.

Her full name is Jessica Valentina Dragonette, but she never uses her middle name professionally; it was given her because she was born on St. Valentine's Day.

Jessica was born in Calcutta, India, of American parents, and traveled with them until she was six. Then she was sent to the Lakewood, New Jersey, convent. She remembers nothing of the Orient, of course, but the Orient has left its unmistakable impress on her person in her deep, shining, liquid eyes which seem to contain all the mysteries of the unfathomable East.



RUTH ETTING

R UTH ETTING was born 33 years ago in a little rented house on a forlorn farm near David City, Nebraska. Her girlhood memories were so pleasant that when she grew up and became rich she bought the old homestead for her parents in order to be able to go back "home" every Summer for a visit.

Althought she has lots of money and is one of the richest women in show business, Ruth still lives in the utmost simplicity. She is the Hettie Green of the theater, except that she's more charitable. Long before she ever owned an auto she was a famous Ziegfeld star, and then it was a Buick which she thought the height of ultramagnificence.

Ruth Etting is a tireless worker. She's always doing two or three things at once. Making records, appearing in shows, screening shorts, singing on the radio.

She is very artistic. A great deal of her spare time she spends drawing pictures —but seldom does she draw checks; every cent she gets goes into U. S. bonds. Ruth designs all her own clothes. In every show she appears she creates her costumes—several sets, in fact.

For more than a dozen years Ruth has been married to a famous Chicagoan, Colonel Snyder. The Colonel has devoted all his time and all his undoubted business genius to her. He is her manager, indefatigable and very exacting.

Ruth was a chorus girl in a basement cabaret in Chicago when she met the Colonel. The place was "The States." She danced as one of eight chorus girls. The name of another member of that octet was Helen Morgan.

Although the members of the Colonel's family all are orthodox Jews and Ruth is a Christian by birth and choice, her husband's old-folks are devoted to her. Everybody else who has come into contact with her, likes her.

Ruth eats and lives with almost indescribable simplicity. Never does she live in swanky hotels. She's constantly in and out of New York, but usually she'll be found registered at the Hotel Picadilly, off Broadway. She eats in side street restaurants, eschewing the more famous places where other celebrities of equal rank gather. Her kind of food, quoting the Colonel, "isn't fancy, but it's filling."

The subject of this mikeroscope scouting is a petite little thing about five feet two inches tall. She weighs about 108 pounds. She's a terrific eater but never gains weight. Never does she have to diet. Absence of the necessity is something in her constitution.

Ruth goes in for extremely plain clothes—no sables, no ermines, no minks. For color she prefers blue. The hats she wears are those that do not shout. Her clothes are so modest and self-effacing that she is passed on the street without anyone ever realizing that she is a noted star, and a woman worth more than a million post-depression dollars as well.

The high peak of Ruth's life is being engaged by the late Flo Ziegfeld for his Follies. True, she later broke with him because of terms, because the Colonel is a most exacting manager. But her high point had been achieved. The greatest disappointment of her life was when Sanuel Goldwyn cut her song down almost to nothing in the motion picture "Roman Scandals."

The young lady has a natural voice. It was never trained, but just grew up something like Topsy. Now that she's rich and successful she's taking vocal lessons. But she does not want to be an opera singer. She's satisfied with her own type of song. According to her fan mail her radio listeners certainly are.

Ruth's eyes are brownish, her hair natural blonde, her features small. Her hands are beautiful. Never does she use make-up, except for the screen.



JANE FROMAN

B LAZING beauty and a satin-smooth contralto voice are Jane Froman's external claims to fame. But her real forte is fortitude, both spiritual and material. The brief saga of her career would be "They said it couldn't be done, but she did it!"

Nature, as though to offset its lavishness with personal charm, put in her way one of the severest obstacles that ever confronted a person otherwise equipped to sing or speak in public. It made her a stutterer---not just the common or garden variety, but an explosive stammerer.

In her early school days it inhibited her tremendously; so much so that she determined on a career as a newspaper woman, figuring that she could do productive work in a silence that would minimize the opportunities for cruel embarrassment.

She permitted nothing to swerve her from the notion. Throughout her school days in St. Louis, where she was born, November 10, 1907, she nursed the news-paper idea, taking it with her when she matriculated at the University of Missouri.

It was a secret tragedy. Here was a girl of striking appearance with a voice of rare quality, marked by Fate to make song a mere avocation. Determination was the background with which she worked.

As she pursued her curricular work she caroled endlessly—at study, on the campus and under her breath in the classrooms. Although she did not know it then, the pot of Fame was beginning to bubble.

Fellow students, loving her for her gracious manner and her beauty, were struck with the quality of her voice. She was urged to take part in a campus musical show.

Music moved her—shyness held her back. But she reluctantly accepted the role, and to her surprise was a complete success. She had begun to lick the bugaboo that bedeviled her, at least so far as singing was concerned. She learned that rhythm controlled the defect almost to a point of eradication. That's why she frequently swings one foot as she sings.

It was her first experience with grit as an ally, and it stirred her to follow through. When St. Louis failed to reveal an opportunity for a budding sob-sister, Jane was advised to go to Cincinnati.

Was it her fault that at a party at his home to which a mutual friend invited her, Powell Crosley, Jr., radio manufacturer and station executive, heard her sing? Maybe it was; but whatever brought it about, Crosley recognized her talent and urged her to try out over the WLW microphones.

Paul Whiteman was destiny's secondary tool. While on a concert tour he heard her at WLW and was similarly struck with the rich, warm contralto quality of her voice. He proposed that she journey to Chicago. It didn't take a great deal of inducement as Don Ross, for whom she later was to say "I do," had swum into her ken. And he too was Chicago bound.

Finally even Chicago became too cramped for her expanding talents, so she accepted a network program in New York. In the thrill and ample return from her conquest of the air, she had quite lost sight of the shadow that dogged her. That is—until she was offered a part last year in Ziegfeld's Follies.

• For the second time in her life she was called upon to lay a troublesome ghost, and this time she left it hors-de-combat on the field of battle.

She conquered visible audiences as completely as she did radio listeners, and went through her role leaving her admirers entirely unaware of the thing which so had menaced her career.



WENDELL HALL

HEN the Questions and Answers vogue was epidemic, a Chicago Artists Bureau fathered a set of 34 queries to test the knowledge of radio listeners. It ran the gamut from who made the first radio tour in history, through who has written over one thousand songs with both words and music of his own composition, up to who has been in the music business fifteen years, and whose fans have purchased over 21,000,000 music products bearing his name.

The answer to all of the 34 questions was Wendell Hall.

Those questions revealed one of the most amazing histories in the story of American entertainment. It is doubtful if any other artist has so many accomplishments deserving superlatives as has this red-headed master of the ukulele.

To many who spend their Summers close to nature, the name of Wendell Hall is anathema. That's because he happened to author It Ain't Gonna Rain No More, which became the song, not for just a day, not for just a week, not for just a year, but always. Every lake shore picnic grounds and campfire echoed its strains the year Hall first etched it upon public consciousness.

His technique with the ukulele brought the Tom Thumb guitars out of Polynesian obscurity and made them the physical symbol of adolescence. No handy reference guide exists, but the record of young people slain by nerve-wracked parents must have exceeded all existing marks during the post-Wendell ukulele era.

Today, under Hall's influence, the instrument has attained adult dignity, but there are still those who mutter darkly and get a hunted look when a ukulele is plunked in the dark or in a passing car. One of the breed, sponsored by the singer, sells for \$25, and that automatically entitles it to as much respect as Florida lots.

A popular fallacy is that Hall is a Southerner. On the contrary, he was born August 3, 1896, in St. George, Kansas, not sufficiently remote from the border to prevent the typical Missouri drawl from drifting over and getting all tangled up in the natives' speech. Wendell's slurred syllables are the result of this migratory idiom.

Hall started his professional career as The Singing Xylophonist in vaudeville at 21. He was overcome with the martial spirit shortly after his debut, and served throughout the war on French soil with the Fifth Anti-Aircraft Machine Gun corps. This cured him of his taste for percussion instruments, so upon his return to this country he began toying with the stringed ones.

In 1921 he began to scent the potentialities of radio, and made his bow that year over KYW, Chicago. Right then and there the ukulele and chatter song flood began to creep up on the spillgates. It wasn't, however, until a few years later that the inundation set in.

By 1924 Hall had migrated to WEAF in New York where he added to his mounting list of firsts by being one of the principals in the grand-daddy of all the radio weddings. With four stations attuned to the rites, he wed Marion Martin, of Chicago. They have two sons, Wendell, Junior, and Lowell.

Wendell is tall, lank and a trifle stooped. His genial smile represents a key to his endless popularity on the stage and over the air. He has a weakness for villainouslooking black cigars, of which he smokes about a dozen a day. He is a prolific writer of music and is the perennial god-father. More than 100 boys have been named for him by admiring parents—which somewhat squares up the age of mayhem which he precipitated by "It Ain't Gonna Rain No More."

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ANNETTE HANSHAW

A NNETTE HANSHAW is a giggly youngster. She gives the impression of being much younger even than her 24 years. But she is only 24. She admits being born October 18, 1910, birthplace, New York City—and proud

Annette asked this reporter to say that she's nice. And being a gentleman, he promised he would. But he would anyway. She is nice, despite the fact that her family discovered she could sing when she was sixteen months old. You can picture her—a squawking youngster seated atop a piano, singing popular tunes. Early in her teens she knew the choruses of 25 songs.

The subject of this MIKEroscope never took a single lesson. She wanted to be an artist and studied at the National Academy of Design. But in a class of 100 incipient portrait painters there were 99 who could paint better than she. So at the tender age of 16 years Annette started singing professionally by appearing at parties given in the homes of such social lions as the Vanderbilts, the Cushings, the Untermeyers. She played her own accompaniment those days.

Papa Hanshaw owned an inn at Mt. Kisco, N. Y., at the time. Annette opened a music shop in the same town. It was great fun. She demonstrated, swept out, and occasionally made a sale. But one day the shop was visited by an official of a phonograph company. He heard the girl's voice. He advised her to make a phonograph test. Annette did, and clicked immediately. She was given a job. Since then more than four million of her records have been made under four different names—"Gay Ellis," "Dot Dare," "Patsy Young" and her own.

Her entry into radio came about in this manner: in 1930 she was invited to appear as a guest artist on the Cliquot Club Eskimo program. The next day a manager phoned her with an offer of a commercial. She accepted. Since then she has been on the air intermittently.

Annette is five feet two inches tall (she hopes). She weighs 103 pounds. She has blonde hair, not too light, and her eyes variously are gray, green or blue, depending upon the clothes she's wearing. She wears a size eleven junior dress and size three and one-half shoes. She used to wear size two and one-half, but her feet have grown a whole size during the past year. She goes in for soft colors, pastel shades of blue, gray and brown; but she loathes green, orange and tan. She usually dresses in sports clothes in the daytime and evening clothes at night. She

Her favorite foods are banana splits, chocolate pudding, caviar and fried chicken. She's nuts about sweets, but she can't eat them on the day she sings because they affect her throat. It just about kills her to go through a sweetless day. She never drinks alcoholic liquor or smokes.

Annette never keeps regular hours. Her main passion in life is to sleep late. She is a sound sleeper. She sleeps in nighties—blues, whites, and flesh color pre-ferred; undies are the same colors. She wears step-ins, hand made ones.

The young singer never has been on the stage. She turned a deaf ear even to the coaxings of the great Ziegfeld. "I'm a-scared," she confided. Annette is an extremely nervous individual. Despite all her experience, she's always frightened before a mike.

She dictates personal answers to all her fan mail, and signs all letters herself. It gives her writers' cramp, but she loves it. Her most enthusiastic admirer is the Prince of Wales, who has a standing order for all her phonograph records.

Her first affair of the heart came when she was in high school. It was puppy love. She fell in and out of love rapidly those days. But now it's different. She's happily married to her manager.



LITTLE JACKIE HELLER

L ITTLE JACKIE HELLER, world's champion fly-weight baritone, rode into American consciousness on the ukulele wave. Fortunately he outlived the destructive inundation. He is not a foreigner, as many assume. Perhaps the misapprehension arises from the fact that his life story is Algerian (Horatio). He was a little street Arab—on the sidewalks of Pittsburgh, born May 1, 1908.

Son of the Cantor of Beth Jacob Temple in the steel capital, Jacob Heller, who looked more like a watch-charm than a newsie, peddled his *Worlds* and *Tellies* on the hills that front the William Penn Hotel and the venerable Nixon Theater. With his \$2 uke in one hand and his papers in the other, he did more business as troubadour than salesman. Shrewd beyond his years, young Jacob, one day to be rechristened Jackie, knew that in his voice he had a pay lode if mined properly.

Neighborhood socials, outlying theaters and amateur contests were his media in the formative years. He detested newspaper selling and knew that the only way to throw off the shackles was to bring in the shekels. As he approached adolescence and found that if he wanted a lucrative corner he had to fight the bigger boys for it, he realized that along with his voice his biceps were expanding. So he tried boxing with the leading Pennsylvania fly-weights and licked them, much to his delight.

The turn in his affairs came when Eddie Cantor visited Pittsburgh in a show. A customer of Jackie who knew the comedian, induced Eddie to listen to the tiny news hawk. Jackie took one look at Cantor and shrugged his shoulders.

"Nu," he said, "he's no bigger than I am. What can he do that I can't?" Which must have reflected Eddie's own opinion, as the wide-orbed jester provided Jackie with funds for travel and ordered him to go to New York.

There he was to look up Jack Kriendell, then Cantor's manager. He did, and in his first long-pants suit, the only article except a toothbrush and a clean shirt that had been in the shabby bag he carried to the metropolis, Jackie found himself on the second night of his arrival singing in Tex Guinan's club.

There, as the world's first marathon stool-sitter, he endured for two months. Not wanting to be anchored, he moved about from club to club.

Chicago lured him in 1927, and he went West to sing choruses for Benny Krueger's orchestra at the Uptown and Tivoli theaters. This went on for seven months, during which time Jackie became chummy with a pretty fair young fiddler in the Krueger organization. You may have heard him. Stop me if you have. His name is Victor Young. He's good, too.

Heimweh attacked him then, and he trekked back East where a few squares of Mamma's cocoanut cake did wonders for his nostalgia. Back to Gotham he went for another round of night club and theatrical appearances, which went on until 1932. Then fate, in the form of Jackie's all-time idol. Ben Bernie, stepped in to alter the current of his life. Ben, the old postman, then playing at the Steel Pier, wandered to the 500 Club on his night off and became enamored of Jackie's style and personality.

He made a firm bid for the Heller services, brought his protege to Chicago, and there he has remained.

Jackie weighs 114 pounds and is five feet and an inch tall. He was born May 1, 1908, and his father, mother, three brothers and three sisters comprise his proud family. He is the essence of liberality, but smart about personal management. He lived for many years in the Squirrel Hill district of Pittsburgh—but if you think that was infectious, just try a fast one on him some time.

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EDWIN C. HILL

DWIN C. HILL, whom even newspapermen call "New York's greatest reporter," has become a regular radio feature since his memorable Literary Digest broadcast a few years ago. In all popularity polls, including those conducted by RADIO GUIDE, listeners vote him away up front with crooners, jazz orchestra leaders and blackface comedians. In fact he seems to be the only newspaperman with radio sex appeal.

Hill, famous all over America for his newspaper and radio work, continues to be true to his first love. He has withstood all offers, some running up into the six figures. to give up reportorial work permanently for what others call "bigger jobs." Ed, like many another newspaperman, believes there is *no* bigger job than "reporter."

Once it seemed that he was weakening. He accepted a desk and comfortable swivel chair out in Hollywood as story editor for Fox Films. But only for a short time. He missed the excitement of a hot story, the daily struggle with the battered typewriter in the newsroom, the smell of ink, the roar of the presses at edition time, the satisfaction of seeing big news appear under his name. Hollywood held him for less than a year. Then he returned to newspaper work.

He now divides his time between writing a syndicated column for the Hearst organization, broadcasting and newsreel reporting. He considers radio commentating just another form of reportorial activity.

No radio commentator attained popularity as quickly as Ed Hill. Impartial surveys indicate that his broadcasts on the "Human Side of the News" are one of the most popular of radio features and that when he speaks from 2,000,000 to 5,000,000 people listen. He literally has taken the nation by its ears.

Hill is a Hoosier. He was born in Aurora, Indiana. April 23, 1885. He looks several years younger than he is. As a good Indianian his favorite song is "By the Banks of the Wabash"; as an educated Indianian—Hill attended Indiana University and Butler College—it was foreordained that he would grow up to be a writer.

Young Ed left college to go to work on the Indianapolis Journal.

But New York called him. Like so many other small-town newspapermen he directed his steps to the big city. And it was to the New York Sun that he went in search of a job.

Hill has covered nearly every important big story in twenty years. He is a friend or acquaintance of most of the world's great. If the Sultan of Sulu, or Emma Goldman, or General Coxey, or Dr. Cook or the Prince of Wales are in the news, Hill can write two columns of facts about them out of his store of experiences. He shares this remarkable talent and background with only one other living reporter, Jack Lait.

Among Ed Hill's books, two especially are noteworthy. They are "The American Scene," an inside story of what happened behind the news scenes of 1932, and "The Iron Horse," a novel based on the conquest of the West by the railroad builders.

His favorite actress is June Gail, the former screen star. She is Mrs. Hill. His favorite statesman is Franklin D. Roosevelt. Hill "discovered" the President long before he was Governor of New York.

Ed keeps fairly regular hours and has as steady habits as is possible for a newspaperman. He is nuts about New York City. He no longer gets nervous before a mike. When he talks to you face to face, he speaks rapidly—the thoughts seem to tumble from his mind—but he has learned to adopt a slower and more measured pace when talking over the air.

Mrs. Hill calls him "Bill"—why, no one knows—and has to remember things for him. But he never forgets a fact or a story!



RICHARD HIMBER

 $\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{out}}^{\mathrm{QUALLY}}$ at home making melody or making magic, Richard Himber, youngest of the important orchestra leaders, has what is termed Radiodom's most valuable fingers. That's rather a broad statement, but it's true.

Disregarding the fact that Himber directs the twenty men on his Studebaker Champions broadcasts with his fingers, that he coaxes solo and ensemble passages from his instrumentalists by the deftness and dexterity of them, Dick is a violin soloist who ranks with the best; an expert rifle shot; a marvel at sleight-of-hand; a crack billiards performer; and a master of the piano and celeste.

Himber hails from Newark, N. J., where he studied violin, harmony in all its branches, and piano; this before he had been graduated from public school! It's just as well that he did get his theoretical musical education early, because Dick left home before he was fifteen, and joined Sophie Tucker's vaudeville act. In the eleven years that have followed, Himber has at some time or other (1) directed a dance band, (2) performed as a vaudeville violinist, (3) waved the baton at the head of a small symphony group and (4) played in the pits of hundreds of different theaters.

About five years after he had joined Miss Tucker's act, Dick applied at the New York Paramount Theater for a job as pit violinist. The Paramount then was the best-paying job in the business. Everyone laughed when Dick came to New York cold, and informed his few friends that he was going to get a job there.

Himber carted his violin down to the Paramount, played, sang and danced for Paul Ash—and got the job! He held it for a year. Then a young, curly-headed lad with a flair for singing, by name Vallee, was booked into the Paramount, and brought his own band with him. When Rudy Vallee came, Himber went.

That is Himber went ... right up to Vallee and asked for a job in his orchestra. That was impossible, Rudy explained to the pleasant-faced, red-headed kid. But if Dick wanted to stick around, Vallee was sure he could use him on several private dance jobs. Himber stuck.

When Vallee was at the peak of his fame, Himber was his orchestra manager, booking all of the various Vallee orchestras and running Rudy's office force in addition. The yen to become a maestro on his own, always latent in Himber, was fired by the success of Rudy, and after a four-year association with Vallee, Himber left in June of last year to organize his own orchestra.

Himber knew he had to have something different in his band if it was to amount to anything at all. In searching for a novelty identification, he hit upon using the harp between dance numbers, so that a smooth flow of melody always wou'd be heard from the orchestra. He started the idea from New York's Essex House, with NBC carrying the music across the country. The idea caught on, and Himber later moved into the swanky Ritz-Carleton Hotel with his band.

So far everything went we'l, except that the big money was still very much in the offing. -But when Dick got the Sparton radio hour, that started him. Later augmenting Sparton with the Pure Oil program (aided by Rudy Vallee's recommendation) he came close. And when Studebaker finally selected Himber's from all of radio's best-known bands, Dick was made.

The young maestro's hobbies are card tricks, and he is unusually proficient in them. He doesn't drink or smoke, but engages periodically in ice-cream soda imbibing, which worries him considerably. He's on a diet most of the time, for he doesn't want to go beyond his 175 pounds. He has an ambition to be a movie director. And he was born February 20, 1906.

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HARRY HORLICK

A BOUT eleven years ago a young Russian of worried mien presented himself to the program board of WEAF, then owned by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company in New York.

"My name is Horlick," he announced in his funereal fashion.

"No malted milk today," countered a facetious executive.

"I am an orchestra leader." Horlick persisted. "I want to conduct a band on your chain."

"Nets to you," said the program chiefs, and Harry has been on a network ever since. In addition to corralling a multitude of listeners, he has set up a record for sustained appearances.

He is not a Gypsy—at least not by tribal affiliation. But in his search for the unique in the music of two continents, he has led a Nomad life, thus doubling his experience in Nomad's land. His first official essay at wandering came when he went Romanoff to eschew the Volga and seek the refined.

By training Horlick is a violinist, and so proficient a one that he literally fiddled his way out of Siberia to a place, by command, in the Moscow Symphony Orchestra. That was when, as a member of the White Army, he was imprisoned by the revolutionists and slated for the salt mines. A skeptical judge, unimpressed by Harry's claims that he was a musician, ordered him to play in court. Natural talent plus the solemnity of the occasion gave his solo such verve that he was ordered to Moscow.

To the casual listener Horlick is just the conductor of the grocery firm's Gypsies. But to those in the know, he is one of the ablest musicians in the country. Ile has a bewitching touch with music and possesses the added gift of being able to impart his vast knowledge to his men. It's nothing to see the entire orchestra playing number after number without so much as a lead-sheet in front of the members.

The first person ever to be impressed by Harry's playing was his older brother. He broke down and wept when he heard the six-year-old youngster play a number on the violin he had made for himself. He had to construct his own instrument because his father couldn't conceive of music as a means of support.

But the sympathetic brother, himself a concert master of the Tiflis, Russia, Symphony orchestra, sensed the talent in the child's self-taught performance and interceded successfully. Young Harry was sent from Chernigow, the family home, to the Tiflis Conservatory, where he made a name for himself. He has become distinctive in America by being one of the few musicians not to have come from Minsk, Kiev, or Vilna.

The five years spent in the famous Russ conservatory were brought to an abrupt end by the outbreak of the war. Along with all of the other able-bodied males under the Czar's regime, he was hustled into uniform to battle Turks until the day that Communism resketched the Muscovite scene. Followed the episode in court when he was assigned to the symphony orchestra, of which he later became concert master.

Red Russia failed utterly to intrigue him, however, and he made the break which landed him in New York, facing a new world and able to speak only in his native tongue. But his precise fiddle spoke a universal language, and its appeal managed to furnish him with sustenance.

Harry denies he wrote a number generally accredited to him, "Two Guitars." He merely reconstructed the piece, he says, from a Russian Gypsy folk air. His months of sea travel from Europe to Ellis Island left its virus in his blood. Next to being a musician, he says, he would prefer to be a sailor.

He is single, five feet, seven inches tall, and weighs around one hundred and fifty pounds. And July 20. 1896, is his birth date.

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SHIRLEY HOWARD

T HE mailing room of the National Broadcasting Company in New York provides two receptacles for Shirley Howard's mail. This is not solely because of its volume. One reason is that as much mail comes to her as "The Voice with a Tear and a Smile" as comes under her name. That's how widespread has become the rather ponderous title bestowed upon this youthful contralto.

Shirley Howard's success breeds one of those paradoxes which seem never to reach a solution. The problem is, did Rudy Vallee aid in her achievements, or has her artistry helped to build up the Vallee prestige? Whatever the answer, it was Rudy who called the attention of network officials to her brilliant voice. He heard her over a local Philadelphia station, and her notes scarcely had died when Vallee had his agents on the phone to learn something about her.

Through his intervention she was requested to appear in New York, and a week later had signed a contract for two sustaining programs a week. But Vallee was not the only one intrigued by her lush notes. Three weeks later the executive of a brewing company chanced to tune her in, and he didn't even stop to dally with agents. He appeared in person at NBC studios. The next week Shirley had made her professional bow.

And that's just about the backbone of Shirley's rise to the top. It has been so progressively rapid that she hasn't had time to count the steps, but she must be of uncommon fiber because it hasn't left her the least bit dizzy.

At twenty-three she still has the naive sweetness of a sixteen-year-old, an adolescent quality not particularly compatible with her frustration numbers, songs which she does in a style that implies a series of bitter experiences.

Perhaps her poise is the outcome of her frank acknowledgment that luck has been a dependable element in her success. While she has worked hard, always pointing toward a radio career, she is the first to confess that only the blend of her talents with an extra jigger of good fortune can account for her accomplishments in so short a time.

"All that I am I owe to my teacher," is one platitude which never will flow off Shirley's tongue. She hasn't had a singing lesson in her life. In Brooklyn, New York, her native heath, she was just a singing kid going back and forth from school. As she reached high school age the quavering quality of childhood left her voice and in its stead there remained a throaty, rich tone made to order for the current ballad trend.

Added to all of this she is a veritable little vocal heretic. She absolutely has no ambition ever to appear in concert or opera, and would rather sing a blues song than own the Kohinoor diamond. She's been flirting with a threatened nervous breakdown for a year or more now, has harbored plans many times for a vacation to find surcease from the turmoil of continuous labors—is, in fact, as sound as a young colt and would die of ennui about the third day of a rest cure.

On one of the occasions on which she was about to depart for Bermuda, she met Vincent Lopez, who inducted her into the mysteries of his hobby, numerology, and convinced her she was destined for endless good health. But she finally got that Bermuda trip in during the Winter of 1934.

Radio is her hobby. Next to being on a good program, she prefers to listen to one. Her weakness is a hot dance band. She is adept at bridge, and has an odd penchant for thinking up and concocting new culinary mixtures. She tries them on her guests—but, after all, for the privilege of a few moments with Shirley Howard, what harm in a couple of pains in the tummy?

Send her a birthday card on July 23.

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WAYNE KING

T F A SPONSOR or a booker came along on Friday, the 13th, with one of those near-million-dollar contracts to which he is so accustomed, Wayne King's highly developed commercial instinct probably would impel him to sign up without reckoning the possibility of a baleful influence.

But he thoroughly disapproves of having his band photographed, on the assumption that it might be unlucky. That's an inexpensive superstition which he can indulge as a sop to his tepid belief in occult or othe rexternal influences. King hardly could have spent so much of his time around theatrical folks without absorbing some of their characteristics—but it is almost a certainty that secretly he disdains fetishes in favor of a solid faith in the efficacy of hard work and complete thoroughness.

His elevation to wealth and fame has been the direct result of that very formula. Surely Wayne hardly could be charged with having enjoyed a luxury-fitted trip to achievement. He typically is self-made, and the finished product is a tribute to his flair for perfection.

Some persons require a lifetime to round out a job of this sort. King has accomplished it within the span of his 34 years. Unquestionably he is the busiest orchestra director in the country today—save possibly Rudy Vallee—and it is daubtful if Rudy has to spot the Chicagoan anything in the matter of annual earnings.

King, known to his intimates as Harold Wayne King, had a rather grubby sort of start in life. His mother died when he was a seven-year-old boy in his home town of Savannah, Illinois, and as his father, a railroad man, was compelled to be away a great deal, the youngster was robbed of the ideal home setting which normally is essential as a background in the success pattern.

Fortunately, there were a grandfather and a grandmother and the usual host of aunts and uncles to foster the four motherless boys, but at best home was a transitory affair dictated so by the economic status of each particular group. Wayne's dad, sensing the unbalancing effect of this migratory style of living, rounded up his brood and made a home for them in Missouri.

At an early age Wayne demonstrated an excellent musical sense, but was robbed of the opportunity to develop it by the necessity for contributing his part in the upkeep of the family. He earned 75 cents weekly as a physician's office boy. The call of the rails brought a fresh series of upheavals to the boys as their father moved frequntly, but something of permanency was in their trek to Iowa. There Wayne worked first as garage mechanic and later as bank clerk, all the while developing his skill on the clarinet which was a 15th-birthday gift from his Dad, and which later he was to discard for the saxophone that has brought him so much fame.

But that clarinet contributed much to the King story of success. With it he managed to earn his way through Valparaiso University, and to lay away sufficient excess to finance his early days in Chicago. While King was harbored in a neighborhood Y.M.C.A. he decided the saxophone was the coming instrument for the toot ensemble. Because of neighborly protests, he was compelled to practice into a pillow but that failed to cramp his style.

He practiced assiduously at nights and worked in the daytime, but the musical path to fame already had been carved out for him. Eventually he found his feet upon it by way of a band job. His selection to lead a new orchestra in process of organization by his employer, was recognition of his artistry—and it opened for him the door to all that is his today.



RALPH KIRBERY

D ON'T stop me if you've heard this one—there are lots of people who haven't. It's the one about "Dream Singer" Ralph Kirbery being awakened during a hotel fire and bursting into song, thinking he was once again at the microphone doing his pre-dawn stint. Ray Perkins vouches for it—and the Perkinses don't lie, suh!

The curse of that Witching Hour warbling will pursue Kirbery as long as folks of anecdotal tendencies follow their tale-weaving. His was the lilting baritone voice which used to break forth upon' the stilly night with dance bands to the right of him, dance bands to the left of him, his but to do or die for dear old NBC.

The songster was born August 24, 1900, in Paterson, N. J., where he lived and attended school until he was eighteen. He is a little reticent about admitting that it took a world upheaval to get him out of high school, but he's proud of the fact that he deserted his classes to join the army in 1917. For reasons unexplained, he appealed to recruiting chieftains as ideal material for the tank corps; so that's where he landed and where he remained until the end of hostilities. Between spells of conveying his cast-iron sedan over shell pits, he entertained his fellow warriors with snatches of song.

Those mates-in-arms were enjoying gratis what was destined one day to cost sponsors and networks plenty of money; more money per day in fact than Ralph was earning a month as chauffeur of a 1917-model juggernaut.

The return to civil life had its general post-war effect on Kirbery. He was miscast in several commercial roles before he landed on his feet in front of a microphone. As an oil magnate in Ranger, Texas, he was considerably like the wells in which he was interested—anything but flush.

Harking back to his experience with the snorting chariots of war, he decided to try automobile selling; but the talent which he already was harboring found no outlet in his discourses on horse-power and free wheeling. At the behest of a friend he became a flour broker, but was never able to get into the big dough. He abandoned the field broker, but wiser.

Back at home he whiled away the tedium by singing again for his Legion buddies of the Paterson Post. The professional butterfly was beginning to stir in the drab business cocoon, and it emerged shortly in full brilliance. Local stations, sensing the appeal for the impressionable sex in Ralph's voice, urged him to sing before the microphone.

From then on it was only a step to a New York sustaining program, and commercials inevitably followed. Even astute network officials capitulated, and NBC tendered Kirbery the contract which led to the midnight broadcasts and the appealing tag, "Dream Singer."

The name is purely titular, because Ralph is not of the stuff that Dreams are made of. He is a robust, compact lad weighing 185 pounds, thoroughly masculine, and reaching an altitude of six feet. He is brown haired, with eyes to match; and doesn't particularly relish his lure for the ladies, save as it contributes to the exchequer.

Many a dilatory husband, lagging homeward in fear of a shrewish greeting at 1 a. m., has been surprised by the affability of his wife's welcome, not knowing that the mood was the soothing effect of Kirbery's ballads. When recognition is being parceled out, it might not be an unsound idea for the Married Men's Benevolent Protective Association to run up some sort of suitable tribute to Ralph Kirbery.



ROSEMARY LANE

R OSEMARY LANE was brought up in a college town, it's true, but the prominent feature of her knowledge is her glamour school education. She was a cum laude student in that branch of learning, and will go on through life reflecting credit on her alma mater.

She is just a quarter of the most unusual feminine team that ever originated in one family, but by any standards she is the All-American quarter. Born Mullican out in Indianola, Iowa, she adopted the name Lane which her sisters long since had aggrandized by their own brilliant achievements. But Rosemary never was destined to shine in reflected glory.

Nature, evidently feeling that it was just about running out the Mullican string, decided to give Rosemary all that the other girls had, plus a lot of embellishments overlooked, in part, in the fashioning of her sisters.

That name Mullican was almost prophetic. The four girls (there is a fifth, but less-known sister) have had an entire nation in a stew ever since their graduated public appearances. If Rosemary couldn't sing a note she wouldn't have to worry about tomorrow's groceries. Artists in search of perfection in their models, also fashionable dressmakers, keep the Lanes' Manhattan telephone busy asking the boon of a few moments' modeling by the shimmering, alluring Rosemary.

To many who have read glowing descriptions of both Rosemary and her seventeen-year-old sister Priscilla, it always has seemed strange that the girls have not been featured in motion pictures. Well—it's no fault of the film executives that they haven't.

Both the girls have been solicited for the talkies—tempted with financial bait that would wither the souls of film stars of the silent days. But Rosemary has held out for an extension of her present activities, radio and the stage, until she has wearied of them. After all she still is young; she was born out there in the shadow of the tall corn and under the restricting influence of Simpson College, on April 4, 1916.

So she calculates that when she has worn down her appeal for her present audiences she can take up the motion-picture field as an entirely new career—and she is a career woman with an ingrained capacity for arriving at her predetermined goal. She was not much more than six years old when she began to pursue music with a definite aim in mind. Long before her voice had matured sufficiently for its quality to be appraised, she was becoming proficient at the piano.

Something of her spirit of application and determination is revealed by the fact that even at so early an age she thought nothing of practicing six to eight hours a day. That really comes under the head of doggedness, and was more clearly displayed during her early teens when she was adjudged frail and in need of outdoor exercise.

On a swinging bar in her own back yard she took up the intricacies of the flying trapeze, taught her sister the rudiments of tumbling and together with the younger lass formed an athletic team that won prizes in stiff competition in several fields of sport. So that she not only flies through the air with the much publicized ease, but she can maintain the same pace in the water—and on the cinder path.

What price mere beauty to a girl like that? She really has what it takes vocally, spiritually, mentally and physically. Yes, nature was in a prodigal mood that memorable Spring out in Indianola, Iowa.



JEANIE LANG

J EANIE LANG is the last of a vanishing race. She doesn't smoke or drink, having taken the pledge several years ago at the instigation of her grandma who is a state superintendent of the W.C.T.U. When she's in New York she lives in an apartment hotel run in conjunction with a church, and on Sundays she attends that church, the Calvary Baptist, made famous by the late Reverend Doctor John Roach Stratton.

Jeanie was born in a St. Louis suburb, Maplewood, on December 17, 1911. Her youth was quite like that of any other small town girl. She always was crazy about singing, and in high school she managed to get in every play. The stage became an obsession with her, frightening her mother and father, not to mention grandma, the state superintendent. They were afraid she'd go on the stage.

Then Papa Lang had a brilliant idea. Said he to Mamma Lang, "Let's take Jeanie to Hollywood and show her what a terrible time actors have of it."

So they went to Hollywood.

Visiting the studio where Paul Whiteman was making "The King of Jazz," Jeanie was introduced to the great maestro. He said to her, "Do you sing?" Jeanie answered "Yes," while her folks interrupted with shocked noes. Paul was looking for a young girl, however, and insisted that Jeanie take a mike test. He taught her "Ragamuffin Romeo." He liked the playback so much that he engaged her immediately. Jeanie reacted in a typical feminine fashion. She fainted.

That was three years ago. She wasn't 20 then. After "The King of Jazz" she made 35 shorts for Warner Brothers. Her radio debut was made on Earl Anthony's Los Angeles station. While broadcasting late one night she was heard in New York by Jack Denny who had just come to the Waldorf. Denny wired her: "Come East at once." Again Jeanie fainted. She usually faints when anything good happens.

She arrived in New York July 11, 1932. Her arrival was accompanied by chills and fevers.

Jeanie is five feet one in her heels—very high heels. She refuses to commit herself as to her exact height in stocking feet. She tips the scales, unadorned, at 100 exactly. Her hair is black in Winter and dark brown in Summer when the sun gets at it. Her eyes are extremely dark, practically black.

Jeanie likes white clothes. She usually goes in for tailored stuff. Her evening gowns, however, must be fluffy.

Her parents visit her every three months. She's still Mama and Papa Lang's girl, except—she's married to Arthur Lang, her second try at matrimonial happiness.

Art will tell you she's panicky about movies, almost every picture sending thrills of pleasure up her spine. If Clark Gable is in the picture the thrills not only go up her spine, but down, zigzag and crisscross. In addition to Gable, Jeanie also likes perfume, mostly Shalimar. When she was on the Coast she used to get \$25 bottles in from Agua Caliente for \$11. So her bureau drawers are just full of Shalimar. Jeanie has four brothers, but no sisters. Two of the boys are older. Her folks now live in Phoenix, Arizona, where the four boys glue their ears to the radio whenever their sister is on the air. Papa's in the lumber business.

Don't bother writing your proposals, as she gets 300 a week now. She sleeps in pajamas, pink ones, finding that nighties interfere with her slumber.

She wears panties in the Summer and snuggies during the Winter-color pink. In reply to the question eliciting aforementioned facts, Jeanie also stated that her cheeks were pink. In other words, she was practically embarrassed!

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FRANCES LANGFORD

THERE are a lot of persons who credit Frances Langford with suffering from a hermit complex; others simply swear that an inferiority complex is her difficulty. But the fact probably is that she has a good old-fashioned case of nostalgia.

After all, Frances still is only 22 years old and she's been away from her home at Lakeland, Florida, for more than three years. Not all of the lyrics about the lure of Dixie are predicated on a maudlin theme. There must have been something that prompted the sentiment in the first place, so it's natural to assume that Frances really longs for the sunny South.

A rapid glimpse around her apartment, to which she would far rather retire to read than run around on parties, will help to crystallize the assumption. Here and there in the apartment are tropical plants potted and blooming, and in a specially constructed aquarium near a window is an alligator.

Now, Frances doesn't go in for Saurian pets. Flowers, after all, do grow in hot-houses—but an alligator is a definite link with her native state—and so that 'gator is installed in regal splendor. He's home folks.

Frances has come a long way since the memorable day when Rudy Vallee first heard her singing in her full contralto tones over a Florida station. But part of the way was the direct result of that chance hearing. Rudy was so certain that she was destined for bigger things that he practically commanded her to go to New York. He made her debut significant by arranging it as a feature of one of his Thursday night Variety hours.

That kind of sponsorship didn't do anything to hinder the young singer's career, but it was by no means the sole key to her success. Back of it all she has a stirring voice and an unusual style of vocal expression, plus a personality of striking charm.

Her shyness already has been explained in part, but it is a heritage, also, from the days when she was a popular singer at Southern College. She was asked to do a solo on so many occasions that she became afraid the other girls would think she had set out to exploit herself. Doubtless her fellow students were prouder than she of her talent—but at that they must have been surprised when the soprano they knew blossomed forth in the limelight as a contralto.

That goes back to a surgeon's scalpel, or whatever instrument it is that they use to detach ailing tonsils. As a youngster Frances always had been troubled with enlarged tonsils, and once it was determined that music should be her career, it became imperative that the offending organs be removed. "Nothing to it," they said. "It's no more than having a cold."

But there was more to it—much more. For three weeks 16-year-old Frances nursed a sore throat. Then came the urge to sing again. Selecting one of her favorite numbers, she ventured a few notes. To her they sounded positively subterranean. An entire nation knows the quality of those tones today, so while they may have amazed Miss Langford for a while, they were good enough for Rudy Vallee. And he ought to know his way around the scales.

At 22 Frances still is single, and despite her Southern origin she is decidedly not lazy. She is an energetic worker. While featured in a stellar role in a musical comedy she carried three commercial radio programs a week.

Unlike many of her sisters-at-large, she simply yearns to put on weight. But pounds somehow elude her, and despite her hearty appetite she cannot exceed 100. She is five feet three and one-half inches tall, dusky, has black hair; was born April 4, 1913.



ANN LEAF

T HEY named her "Mitey" Ann Leaf because she's only four feet eleven inches tall—or would you call it short? Ann was born in Omaha in the year A. D. 1906 of a June 28th, and when only five years old she began to show an interest in music that was more than mere childish curiosity. She would listen to her older sister practicing the piano and then afterwards, when everyone left the room, she would climb up onto the bench and entirely by ear pick out with one small—and usually stick and grimy—finger the pieces she had just heard.

This went on for several months until finally the cracker crumbs on the bench and the keys sticky with jam incriminated her. Instead of spanking her, Ann's father took her to a children's recital at the studio of one of the leading piano instructors in Omaha. A prize was to be awarded to the one who played a chosen selection best. After listening to them all, Ann asked to play. Who do you think won? Well, you're wrong. Ann didn't win, but her performance showed such a fine musical talent that soon afterward she began studying in earnest.

The next few years were occupied with academic and musical studies at home and in New York. It was not until after her graduation from school that she started studying the organ. She mastered it in one Summer.

When it came time to look for a position Ann discovered that her tiny size was against her. Even in her big sister's clothes she still looked like a kid. She did, however, land a job at last in a Los Angeles movie house, accompanying the then silent films. Her career shot forward quickly, and she soon was organist for the largest picture palace in town.

Then, unfortunately for her musical career, love came into her life. Ann got married and traded the organ for domesticity. When she found that it took all her day to prepare a simple meal, she decided to go back to music. She and her husband could eat in restaurants, after all.

Among her outside accomplishments she boasts a good game of golf and bad games of tennis and bridge. She can't swim but does love to duck in the ocean. More often she gets ducked. Her hobbies are buying lounging pajamas—any color as long as they're loud—and writing poetry about roaches and people. She feels there is some kind of philosophic connection between the two.

Ann keeps fairly regular hours and is a sound sleeper. She gets settled for the night and sleeps right through without turning or snoring.

She is formed like a little Venus. She has raven black hair, dark, penetrating eyes, and a sweet smile. She makes friends easily and likes people. And most people like her.

New York is her favorite city. She still gets a tremendous kick out of it. She likes everything connected with the city, its noise, rush, hustle and bustle.

But she has two grievances against broadcasting. One is her absorption in her work, which dulls the pleasure of her other occupations and pastimes. The other is the indigestion she gets from the pop-corn and maple sugar one of her admirers sends her by mail, and which "Mitey" simply cannot refrain from eating.



LITTLE JACK LITTLE

ISTENERS who become devotees of Little Jack Little—and most of them do seem automatically to adopt the slogan, Little or Nothing. That's because they have learned to expect so much of him—and all he gives them is Little. Who could ask for anything more?

It's all very paradoxical and only arises from a youth's ambition to find a job at a time when his own name was just so much poison to the persons from whom he was seeking the job. They were the officials of the Keith vaudeville circuit, who at that time were warring with the Shubert theatrical faction over rival attractions in and around New York City.

John James Leonard, late of Waterloo, lowa, and a native of London, England, had just finished a swing around the Keith's Manhattan circuit as a singer and pianist. For the immediate future he was all washed up, so far as Keith time was concerned. Variety acts were so plentiful in those days that return engagements could be far between.

So John James of London and Waterloo decided to brave the Shubert offices. "Stay away," he was warned by the more experienced, "Or, better yet, change your name and tell them you've never played in New York before."

"Who'll I tell 'em I am-Paderewski?" asked the pianist.

"Naw," said his literal-minded adviser. "Don't try to be a big shot. Take some little name they never heard of." Little name! There was the answer in pellet form, so John James Leonard became, for the sake of cakes and Tea—although Tea doesn't come into the picture until later—Little Jack Little.

The Tea matter might just as well be disposed of right here. That's the given name of the young lady to whom Jack was married around eight years ago. And Tea Little has been his constant inspiration ever since. Oddly enough, he never for a moment has had a cloud to disturb the complete peace of marital adventure yet the most popular song he ever composed (and he writes many hits) was Jealous.

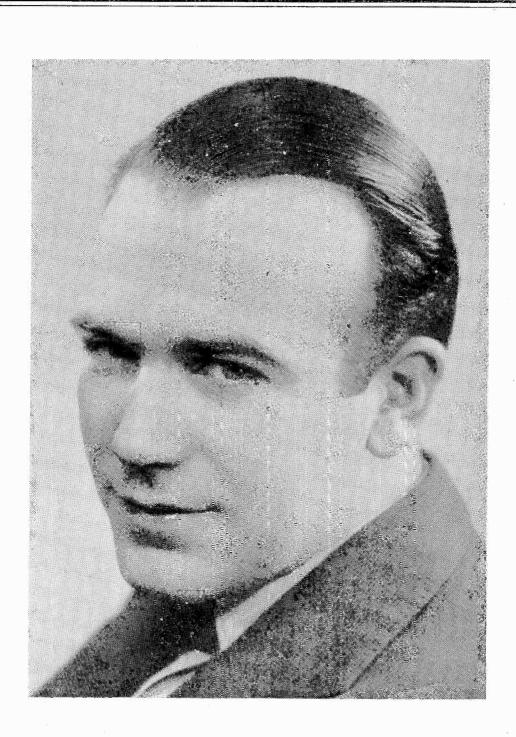
Funny how some guys can make capital out of the other fellow's troubles! But that situation reverses itself, too. Much trouble has been made out of the other fellow's capital, which is what occurred when Jack unwittingly launched on the public his ditty, A Shanty in Old Shanty Town. The piece became the standard trial for every radio auditioner for about two years.

The tunes Ting-a-ling, Because They All Love You, and others from his facile pen all rationalized themselves and served merely to increase his increment and establish his versatility.

Probably so long as radio endures it never will produce a stranger story than the very unusual case of Little Jack Little. Almost since ether entertainment became national in scope, Jack has been on the air. But in spite of a tremendous popularity, Always a Sustainer, Never a Prize, seemed to be the cross he was destined to bear. Listeners and radio executives loved his highly individual style—but nary a sponsor would walk up to the wicket and lay down his cash. It was all very discouraging, so after summarizing his situation, Little decided that what he needed was a band as a background. So he organized one, went into a New York hotel with it—and awaited a commercial Santa Claus.

Things didn't change a bit until one day not so long ago—when who should come riding out of the East like young Lochinvar but an advertiser bent on seizing Jack as an attraction! The band? Oh, no—not by a jugfull. He wanted nothing but Little Jack Little with his whispering baritone and that magic piano! So Jack did a solo for the sponsor, after all those years of waiting.

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MARY LIVINGSTONE

ARY LIVINGSTONE had accepted Jack Benny "for better or for worse." One day when he needed a stooge for his vaudeville act, and elected her because she was his wife and the first person at hand, she consented. She been stooging professionally for Jack Benny ever since. But in private life he's her stooge.

Mary was born in Seattle, Washington. She has one brother and one sister. Her sister is married to a theatrical man. Mary blames her sister's husband for launching her on a stage career. She went to school in Vancouver, and was graduated from high at the age of fifteen. Then her folks moved to Los Angeles, where she went to business college. She used to be able to type a hundred words a minute, but now she says it takes her five minutes to pick out one word.

When she was seventeen Mary took a job as a hosiery and lingerie buyer. She liked that. She has a passion for lingerie, tailored stuff; has drawers and drawers full of filmy things now—pinks and blues especially.

After a year Mary quit her job and became a home girl. She was always a popular kid, invited to a different party every night; liked to dance, and still does on every occasion. She never tries to lead her partner, but gives him a dirty look if he steps on her feet. Jack is a divine dancer.

Jack first crossed her path when he was appearing in the Orpheum Theater in Los Angeles. Mary's brother-in-law introduced them. Jack took her out a few times, but the conversation was not particularly serious. Mary didn't think so much of her future husband the first time she saw him. But she adores him now.

Her radio debut came about in this manner: A couple of years ago, shortly after Jack first went on the air with George Olsen and Ethel Shutta, the script was short one night. Jack decided to fill in with their vaudeville act. He and Mary did. After that Mary remained off the air for a few weeks, but when people wrote in to ask who the girl was, she got her part back.

In Winter Mary goes in for somber colors, but lets herself run away with pastels in Summer. There are 40 pairs of shoes and 30 hats always in her closet. She doesn't get a chance to wear half of them. Mary dresses according to her own individual taste. "The style can be hanged," she says, and wears whatever looks good on her. She gets into a 12 dress, 5 shoes and 21 1-2 hat.

Mary is especially fond of furs-minks and ermines attract her and look well on her; she loves jewelry, mostly diamonds. That's why Jack thinks she's a little extravagant. Her first piece of jewelry was a ring her father gave her for graduation. It had a tiny diamond, but she thought it was the biggest thing in the world. Now she has a lot of diamonds. She loathes night clubs, but spends most of her time at the movies. Joan Crawford is her favorite actress. As for men, Herbert Marshall makes her heart thump the loudest.

Mary is an inveterate card player, not so good at contract, but she can play Russian bank all day and night. She's a terrific gambler, especially when it comes to roulette. Travel is one of her hobbies. She loves London and Honolulu, but thinks no place in the world compares with New York.

Mary goes in for plain food. Her favorite meat is broiled steak, rare; not much on desserts, prefers fruit. She likes candy but doesn't eat much, in order to keep weight down. Weighs 118, and is five feet and a half inch tall. Outside of forsaking candy, she doesn't have to do anything to control weight. Her closest friends are Mrs. Jack Pearl and Gracie Allen.

Gracie lives immediately above her, and if they had a dumb waiter they could carry on dumb-waiter conversations. This way they have to use the house phone.

Attractive dark brown hair, large brown eyes and dark complected—that's Mary.

Send her a birthday card on November 27.



VINCENT LOPEZ

W INCENT LOPEZ is a fan for numerology. He's been studying the occult science for years, until by now he knows as much about numbers as anyone alive. Numerology has done him loads of good, he finds. One lucky break was that he didn't have to change his own name. The letters in it were auspicious, or whatever it's called, and so he succeeded in life without having to make any major alterations in his monicker.

Vincent is 36 years old. He was born December 30, 1898; he weighed ten pounds at birth. His father was Portugese, his mother Spanish, and a baroness at that. But he and his one sister, Marie, both are Americans. They were born in Brooklyn.

The quietude of his early surroundings has pursued him to the present. Although he earns his living by leading an orchestra and playing music in crowded night resorts, his favorite pastime is sitting at home, alone, listening to phonograph records. His favorite recording orchestra is Vincent Lopez'.

Perhaps his music is so good because he's ambidextrous. He can hold the baton in either hand, but usually it's the right. The orchestra watches his left, however, because the right is a sham. He really directs with his left.

Vince's first Broadway job was at the old Pekin Restaurant, where for \$35 a week he played the piano while the orchestra rested. Now his earnings are more than a hundred times that.

The orchestra leader is an exception among successes. He doesn't say to interviewers, "The way to reach the top is through hard work!" In fact Vincent doesn't believe in hard work. He rises at 10 a. m., spends a few hours in his office answering mail and holding auditions, then takes it easy for the rest of the day till it's time to play at his night spot.

Lopez introduced the rhumba to America. He prides himself on the achievement.

He is sentimental—in the same way as is a young girl just out of finishing school who saves old programs, trinkets, letters, and dance cards. Lopez also keep a diary.

Vincent has been married once. Also divorced. Girls go for him in a big way. He goes for girls in the same way. He prefers blondes. But he doesn't like girls who smoke.

If you want to get in good standing with Lopez, tell him he looks like a lifeguard. You see, he has a naturally pallid complexion; tries to get sun-tanned—beach in Summer, alpine lamp in Winter. If a girl raves about his tan, he falls like that!

He is five feet six inches tall. Weighs about 160. Is conscious of his shortness, so he wears shoes with high heels. Wears dark clothes, even in Summer, and dislikes people who wear light clothes.

A canard about him is that he closes his eyes like a lovesick swan kissing his sweetheart while broadcasting. He really doesn't close his eyes; it's just that he has such long eyelashes that from a distance his eyes always look closed. He doesn't even close his eyes while kissing.

Lopez seldom laughs, but occasionally smiles. He wears glasses while reading. Myopia is his trouble. Can't recognize friends on the street because he's near-sighted.

He studied the guitar, mandolin and piano as a kid. At the age of 13 he went to St. Mary's School, Dunkirk, N. Y. Family wanted him to be a "man of the cloth." Studied there for three and a half years, after which he played piano in a Brooklyn cafe.

His favorite food is dessert. Often he starts a meal with sweets. He's crazy about honey, preferring it out of the comb.

His middle name is Joseph.



JAMES MELTON

JIMMY MELTON is a Southern gentleman, born January 22, 1904, in Moultrie, Georgia, where some of the townfolk still re-fight the battles of the Civil War over their mint-juleps.

He enrolled at the University of Florida, later attended the University of Georgia, and then was advised to study voice. This he did at Ward Belmont, in Nashville, a fashionable girls' school, but there he had the excellent coaching of Gaetano de Luca, the opera singer and celebrated teacher. He made pin money meantime playing the saxophone in college dance bands.

School days finally over, the youthful tenor-saxophone player decided that New York would afford his best opportunity. Someone had told him that he was just what they needed in New York, a tenor-saxophonist. Jimmy believed implicitly—until he arrived on Broadway.

It was harder to get an audition with Roxy, he found, than it was to break through a football line. He thought for a while of going back to the football line, professionally. But after a week of pounding at Roxy's door he wore down that great man's resistance and got his audition.

P. S.—He also got the job, and was added to Roxy's gang.

Jimmy Melton is tall and dark. But his favorite type of companion of the fair sex is several inches shorter than he; also she should have light hair. He is happily married to a wife who meets the above description. She is a writer.

Jimmy married Marjorie Louise McClure, of Akron, Ohio, in June, 1929, after meeting her at a concert in the home of Frank A. Seiberling, sponsor of the program of that name.

Jimmy's entry into show business was in 1927, the year he came to Manhattan. It was his voice that sang Erno Rapee's then popular compositions, "Seventh Heaven" and "Diane," the incidental music to the screen productions of "Seventh Heaven" and "What Price Glory" as presented by Roxy.

After joining the Revelers Quartet, of radio fame, Jimmy withdrew entirely from the stage. His reason was simple: he feared that the arduous grind of theatrical life, especially that experienced in a presentation house of the type presided over by Roxy where there were four or five performances a day, would ruin his voice.

He best likes to sing American ballads. That is one reason he is so tremendously popular over the air. Radio audiences, a survey has shown, prefer familiar American folk music, and Jimmy is enough of a psychologist to know that. Melton is a sound sleeper. He sleeps in pajamas.



FRANK MUNN

T HERE is no dependable data on Frank Munn's first revelation of a magnetic tenor voice. Some biographer tends toward the belief that it all happened at the time Frank, while sledding, was run over by a beer truck. He is said to have murmured "O Sole Mio" so soulfully that the Italian truck-driver absent-mindedly took him to a New York conservatory of music instead of a hospital.

But there is no getting around the fact that he has a magnetic voice, regardless of the circumstances of its discovery. It is so appealing, in fact, that in the past ten years Munn has been on the air at least once a week without a single interruption. Most weeks he has broadcast many more times than once.

If he seems to display a preference for the tear-stained ditty, In the Baggage Coach Ahead, that should not prejudice the listener. One phase of his career was devoted to railroad engineering and Frank is charged with making all his hauls in reverse just so that he could intone the dirge as he fingered the throttle. That automatically put the baggage coach up ahead and justified the tune.

It should be apparent from his singing that Munn is Irish. He is a product of the Bronx, New York, where he was born on February 27, 1895. He is the son of a policeman. Because of the early death of his mother, he was raised by his father and grandmother. But theirs were merely the guiding hands, as Frank did most of his own rearing in the fashion peculiar to husky lads brought up in a busy and crowded metropolis.

Munn's first job had a tremendous influence for rhythm in his life. He was shuttle boy in an embroidery factory; he hummed in cadence with the precisely timed machinery as it turned out its quota of edgings and fichus. Humming led to singing, and the singing led to the realization that his voice was one of rare quality. As a boy Frank had done very little singing in the bathtub for the simple reason well, he was just a boy growing up, and maybe his grandmother wasn't always on hand Saturday nights.

So word drifted back to his family that he was blessed with talent, and it was arranged for him to take vocal lessons. He studied under Dudley Buck. Before long he was a favorite artist in church minstrels and similar media of social entertainment.

When he was 25 years old, and radio hadn't grown beyond its embryonic stages, he was asked to perform before the microphone. Even the inefficient equipment of that day failed to distort his ringing tones. From that time on Munn was not concerned about remuneration or engagements. His records have been best sellers ever since.

Radio fame came to him when he was introduced as Paul Oliver on a soap program. The synthetic title was compounded to build up the name of the product. He later held out for his own name—and that's how he's known to millions today.

Frank's figure is as nicely rounded as his voice. Only five feet and seven inches in stature, he weighs 220 pounds; when he sings he puts every ounce of that poundage into his work. Maybe that's the reason football is his favorite sport, and several gridiron stars his particular heroes.

Truly of the city, Munn characteristically craves rural life and surroundings, and seeks them at every possible opportunity. Being single, he can indulge his bucolic yearnings at will. He meets at least half of Celtic specifications, as he has black hair but eyes that are brown instead of blue.

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OZZIE NELSON

T HAT NAME Ozzie, by which Bandleader Nelson is known so widely, proved a boomerang to his father and mother. On the Ides of March back in 1906 in Jersey City, the parents held a cribside council over their newly-born son.

"I want him to have a name that will forever bar his being nicknamed," declared his mother. "I agree with you on that," added Nelson, Senior. And they selected Oswald, because for the life of them they didn't see how anyone could nick that.

And on the first day that the youngster toddled off to school at the age of six, he was christened Ozzie by his classmates. That's the one thing the folks had overlooked completely—a veritable Achilles' heel in the naming over which they had wrestled so earnestly.

The maestro himself takes fierce pride in the nickname. He always has had a dread of being saluted as "O-h-h Oswald!" on the grounds that it is practically a term of derision and implies something which would make any regular fellow roll up his sleeves.

How, in his thirtieth year, he manages to have a leading orchestra, one made up of a group of artists who would do or die for dear old Ozzie, it is necessary to dig back into Nelson's formative years to learn.

From his prep-school days Ozzie was a natural-born executive, the sort of chap whose personality and understanding make of him an acknowledged superior. When eventually he matriculated at Rutgers he not only carried that sense of leadership with him but backed it up with notable courage and physical prowess.

He developed to a championship degree the athletic bent which, while he was fourteen years old, had helped him attain the status of youngest Eagle Scout in the country. That was the year his troup was selected to attend the Olympic games in Belgium, a trip which reached its climax for Ozzie when he and his brother sang before the late King Albert.

At Rutgers Nelson became a four-letter man, starring in football and adding to the university's prestige by his victories in boxing, swimming and lacrosse. But academic progress paralleled athletic, and in his senior year Ozzie captured the school's oratorical crown. That declamatory skill was later to be the foundation for his legal aspirations. Like so many men who have made successes in other fields, Nelson launched his career as a barrister.

Other college activities found him captaining the senior debating team, acting as art editor of the famous Rutgers *Chanticleer*, associate editor of *The Scarlet Letter*, contributing articles to a national magazine and accepting the presidency of the Student Council. But try as he would, he could never make the Rutgers Glee Club.

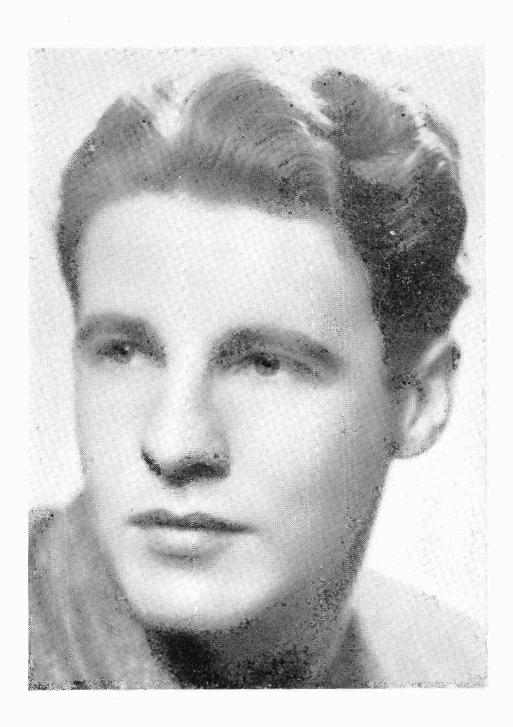
Of course, the honors had been important perquisites to Ozzie, but there were some essentials which came first—specifically, eating and the matter of tuition about which, naturally, the university was somewhat solicitous. So to earn his bed and board and education Ozzie organized a student orchestra which played for dances. His earnings met all emergencies.

His present band is just an elaboration on that group of fellow students, with the result that it is a natural breeder of college spirit. That's why Nelson's band is in year-around demand for proms and other smart college affairs.

In New York theaters his youthful unit is a tremendous drawing card. Managers fight to book it.

Ozzie is perennially youthful, is single and has wavy blond hair. His hobbies include swimming, tennis, boxing, fast driving—and Harriet Hilliard. March 15 is the day he eats his birthday cake.

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GERTRUDE NIESEN

H ER name is Gertrude Niesen. Don't call her Gretchen, Greta or Gertie. Those are fighting words to her. She was born 23 years ago on a boat coming from England. Her folks had been summering in Europe and miscalculated the time. The ship was three days from shore. Gertrude yelled all the way to the dock. That must be how she developed her powerful voice. She began using it on July 8, 1912.

She lived in Brooklyn most of her life, went to school at the Brooklyn Heights Seminary; was a noisy kid and liked to be a rowdy at parties. Never did she think of being a professional entertainer—until 1931, Then, after hanging around the house with nothing to do and getting good and tired doing nothing, she finally thumbed through the classified phone directory, picked out a dozen likely booking agents, and went to visit them.

It was no go at the first eleven, but the office boy at Lou Irwin's took pity on her and gave her a card to the "300" Club. The genial host there, "Feet" Edson, gave her her first job.

She wasn't half bad as a warbler. She soon attracted a lot of attention. Broadway was in the doldrums, but Gertrude seemed to pull in some business.

Came her first radio engagement on Rudy Vallee's Fleischmann hour. Some time later she appeared on Columbia with a commercial. She's doing O. K., if fan mail is a criterion.

Gertrude is five feet, two inches tall and weighs 114 pounds, all of it animation and pep. She has dark brown hair and eyes that variously are green, grey or blue, depending on the weather.

She's crazy about evening clothes and extreme sports wear. She gets into size fourteen dress.

Her hobbies include tennis, riding and fishing. She fishes for flounder and occasionally makes a catch.

She dotes on mushrooms.

Gertrude is a sound sleeper—claims that she never snores—sleeps in blue pajamas. Her main article of lingerie consists of panties, usually peach or pink.

She admits having been in love, but hasn't had time for the tender passion since she's been in show business. She's very career-conscious at the present time. Eventually she'll get married, but she's not intrigued by the idea right now.

"Do you like to pet?" Miss Neisen was asked.

"Of course," she replied. "Who doesn't?"

Gertrude doesn't like cave-men. She prefers only nice people. She visits the movies frequently and goes for Charles Laughton in a big way. She likes his type.

When singing on the radio Gertrude often finds that she's mike nervous. In that case she looks at her announcer, Paul Douglas. He then makes funny faces at her, she begins to laugh, and after that everything is O. K.

Although she has been working in night clubs for four years, she still gets a big kick out of them. After her evening's work is completed Gertrude often can be found in the audience of some other club.

Gertrude smokes, finds that it doesn't interfere with her voice. She drinks slightly. As for swearing—she's apt to pop off at any moment and sear the sky with a rain of very hot and very colorful words. It's the way she gets rid of her pent-up energy. The singer stays up late. She loathes sleep, and only retires early when she expects to go fishing the next morning.

She is an extremely hard worker and takes her profession seriously. Rehearsals mean more than a job to her. They are a means of learning how to do the thing right. She is anxious to improve her voice and technique. She listens to every word of complaint and criticism, and tries to better her renditions when she feels they've been faulty. Gertrude is a showman, or rather woman, to her finger tips. She has a natural flair for putting a song over. She has personality. She also has freckles.

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DOROTHY PAGE

HEN a film beauty, by virtue of her personal charm and what sketchily passes for talent. moves upward into the realm of radio—it is just the natural order of things asserting itself. But when a radio artist has sufficient beauty and ability to crash the mystic circle in Hollywood—then there's really something to pen panegyrics about. Well—one of our girls made it—Dorothy Page, to be exact, or as they know her best around the old home town, Northhampton, Pennsylvania. Dorothy Lillian Stofflett.

No one would blame a lass for shuffling off that name, particularly at a time when she wisely was beginning to gauge the alphabetical potentialities of a theater marquee electric sign. Dorothy really is young—but she thinks.

However, she could hardly say herself what she thought that day Neysa McMein, the illustrator, told her: "Dorothy, you're perfectly beautiful . . . Will you pose for me some time?" She knows she kept her balance long enough to nod assent but for a while after that, in fact until the artist's picture of her appeared on a national magazine, Dorothy mentally was swimming about in something resembling a haze.

Miss McMein's proposal followed Dot's natural winning of a beauty contest among the feminine employees of the Curtis Publishing Company in Philadelphia, where she was a secretary—a sort of frustrated artist whose musical training had gone to naught in the face of a financial condition which required her to help maintain the family.

Dorothy really had trained hard and diligently for a career in music She attended Penn Hall School for Girls and there, in addition to routine training she polished up her work as a member of the glee club and with parts in college dramatics.

It was while she still attended finishing school that this sparkling girl, then only 16 years old, first directed toward herself the public eye. Utilizing the Red Cross life-saving tests which she had passed as part of the school curriculum, she rescued a drowning girl from the Lehigh River. It is most fitting that only a few years later she was selected as the model for a poster to aid in the solicitation for Red Cross funds.

And only six years after the life-saving episode this earnest miss was to receive wider acclaim as winner of Paul Whiteman's Detroit audition, the achievement that led to her eventful rise in radio and the contract by which she has become temporarily wedded to Hollywood and its lone art. The Whiteman triumph came in 1932, shortly after her twenty-second birthday on March 4. That's almost a symbolic date since it marked Dot's inaugural in affairs that count.

The robust starmaker thought so well of his audition winner that he signed her up for a succeeding week in Buffalo, New York. There Paul began to scent the spoor of talent scouts, so he hastily signed Dorothy up as a soloist with his band. That meant lots of travel and more work than the slender girl believed she would absorb, but she thrived on it and began to roll up popularity as well as experience that was to stand her in good stead.

As to physical particulars, she is the answer to every normal male's dreams. She is alluringly slender and graceful, of medium height; and she has shimmering blonde hair and blue-gray eyes. If she is at all conscious of her beauty she is a master at concealment.

She trains on sauerbraten and potato pancakes, but can be tempted with fried chicken. She offsets any possible effects of the Teutonic diet by rigorous exercising, which includes everything from swimming to roller-skating and bicycle riding.

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VIRGINIA PAYNE

T HE little Payne girl barely missed being too profound for her own good. As it is, she possesses a philosophy of life far beyond the usual limits of a twenty-four-year-old lass. And radio drama of the time-mellowed, homely type is her strongest weakness.

She first saw the light of day in Cincinnati, Ohio, June 19, 1910. Scientists run in the family. On her father's side they are all in some branch of it, from Doctor John Lewis Payne, the paternal parent himself, who is a well-known physician and holds the chair of pharmacology in Cincinnati Medical College, to Uncle Connelly T. Payne, noted chemist of London, England, and to the myriad cousins and a brother who are studying medicine or are already in the profession.

The mother's family has a reputation of long standing for talent in music and literature; several members are fine musicians. Virginia studied music with dramatic art, took the Artists' Certificate in Piano at the Cincinnati College of Music, and became the first member of the family ever to be interested in acting.

As a student in dramatic school she made her first appearance before a microphone. That was eight years ago, and the play in which Miss Payne was heard, as an Indian girl, was titled—of all things—Little Scarface. She says, "I never had an audition. Just came in and acted."

From that time on Virginia embraced every opportunity to appear behind the microphone. There was no pay, but whenever a radio play was mentioned at school she begged to be in it, offering to slam doors, read announcements or even to pay the station to allow her to perform.

Soon she was chosen to play the leading lady in the first radio mystery serial ever broadcast—The Step on the Stairs. It was written by Fred Smith, then manager of WLW, who later wrote the March of Time. It was broadcast over a score of stations from coast to coast.

Her first competitive audition brought Virginia her first commercial program, in which she played the speaking voice of Jane Froman. Both were supposed to be Southerners; but then, Miss Payne is the kind of person who receives greatest joy in playing parts that everyone thinks she can't play. She had many opportunities to indulge this pleasure during the three years she played most of the feminine leads of the WLW staff plays. Frequently Virginia was called upon to be Italian, German and Indian in one half-hour's broadcast of the story of the opera.

Many radio dramatizations of literary epics came from the pen of Virginia Payne when she was taking her A.B. and M.A. degrees at the University of Cincinnati. She speaks four languages, has appeared in several theatrical productions, and is president of Omega Upsilon, national dramatic sorority.

It was inevitable that one of the networks should claim her.

You seldom hear her natural voice on the air, for she is best known for elderly character parts.

Yes, Virginia Payne is in the big time where she belongs now. And her philosophy has grown with her. She is one actress who can make a dramatic role live naturally and humanly without seeming effort or artificiality. And she is one performer, with her soft brown hair, fair complexion and neat figure, who is as easy to see as she is to hear. In spite of so much achievement crammed into such a few brief years, Virginia loves everyday things and will never become a victim of the monster, Conceit.

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JOE PENNER

T HE most famous duck salesman in the world—who has sold only one duck but whose salesmanship raised his pay from \$8 a week to many thousands that is Joe Penner!

He cried himself into the light of day November 11, 1904. without ever a thought that his birthday would, a few years later, mark the official end of the world's greatest war. His birthplace was Nadgybeck, Hungary, but you don't have to sit up all night trying to say so. Joe can't pronounce it himself. Joe's grandfather was rector of a Reformed Church.

From his fifth year until his ninth, young Penner, whose real name is something in Hungarian that sounds like pinta, was originally a frog salesman. He caught frogs and sold them to villagers who didn't like wading the swamps to catch their own frogs—or colds. Before he was ten years old, Joe was shipped to the United States, to Detroit, where his parents already had adopted the name of Penner. They never got around to saying "Pinta" as it should be said in English.

Joe, ever cognizant of his selling ways, took up the sale of newspapers, but it wasn't so profitable as duck-selling later turned out to be. Joe figured he would become a singer, which proved disastrous, for shortly after he had joined St. Mary's Cathedral choir his voice changed prematurely.

Joe, undaunted, visited regularly a burlesque house of the worst variety every week, on amateur nights, mindful and hopeful of the \$25 prize which awaited the winner.

Once Joe found himself stranded with a carnival show in Illinois. All he had was a fiddle and an appetite. By chance he found a duck which had escaped from a concessionaire's cage. And Joe sold it back to the owner—and ate. He had asked so many people "do you wanna buy a duck?" before the owner said "yes" that the line stuck in his memory.

Through many ups and downs loe continued, until he was discovered as an eccentric comic by Mike Porter of the RADIO GUIDE staff, in the Gayety Theater, Baltimore. Joe was given his first write-up, which sent him into another company and got him a raise from \$8 to \$50 a week . . . By a singular coincidence, this same writer gave Penner his first radio write-up July 13, 1933, when Penner made his air debut with Rudy Vallee. He met with instantaneous success.

Joe really lisps, and more acutely when excited. He smokes cigars continuously. Married a gal he met in the Greenwich Follies. She was Elinor Mae Vogt, and very easy to gaze upon. His wife handles his fan mail, and his ducks. She makes him wear long underwear in damp weather.

Joe helps write his own songs, which are protected from public use. He is the world's first and only song-de-plugger; that is, the only owner of songs who doesn't want them published or popularized. He plays a fiddle, but not by reading music. He putters around the house with a tool chest and builds all sorts of ridiculous and useless things. Joe longs, secretly, to write dramas. If he ever writes one, it ought to be kept a secret. He never clowns at home, never uses a tag line while off stage; wears conventional hats, but won't relinquish the stooge hat he wears on stage, in pictures and in front of the mike.

Success has not changed him, except to relieve his worries about where the next buck, or duck, is coming from. He's an earnest, serious conversationalist; doesn't go for golf or other outdoor relaxation, but loves fast driving; lives in apartments now, but as a matter of fact is really more at home in a hotel; likes being waited upon. Still has a lot of trouble with higher English; doesn't like to hear people repeating his lines, but gets a laugh when professional mimics try it. He seems to know that no other human can quite ape his peculiar inflections.

Joe is short, heavily built, with dark eves and smooth face. He is awkward on the stage, an advantage when he assumes his favorite role of half-witted hick.



MICHAEL RAFFETTO

A DOLPH HITLER today is characterized as the firebrand of Europe; the astute Mussolini is viewed as a potential factor in the peace of the continent, and the statesmen and diplomats of the other major European powers practically control those unsettled peoples abroad.

But apparently more sinister than all of these is Elwyn Creighton (Mike) Råffetto, producer and star of One Man's Family. No one seems to doubt that if Mike suddenly were to abandon his role and his part in the presentation of this amazing serial, there would be a rebellion around the United States that would dwarf the most sanguinary uprisings of the entire Eastern hemisphere.

However, Mike is more sinister than sinning. And the chances of his abdication are pretty slender. He is welded to the role not alone by national demand but by a deep-rooted love for his association with the popular drama of the hearthside. So much a part of it is he that many persons credit him with writing the scripts. As a matter of fact the author is Carleton Morse, but the wily Morse so has sensed Raffetto's grip on the listeners that he has made *Paul Barbour*, the character enacted by Mike, the core about which the delightful story is wound.

The only danger so far as Raffetto is concerned is that his personal identity may have become entirely absorbed by that of *Paul*. So thoroughly does he live the role, so natural is his assumption of the character of the *Barbour* family's mentor, that he has become a true entity to the millions who crowd the loudspeakers during the weekly presentation of One Man's Family.

And while all of this is highly flattering and the source of untold gratification to Mike, it in no way follows the pattern which he designed for his career. He spent endless time and effort on the business of building up an impressive personality for himself—and now he is completely subservient to a make-believe character. It is almost as though he had created a modern Frankenstein.

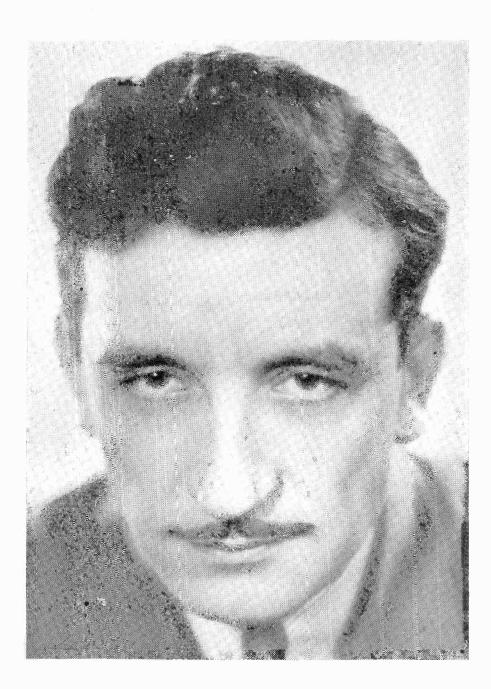
In his youth this descendant of a highly respected and widely known California pioneer family faced a problem which most boys fortunately are spared. His every instinct called upon him to follow the stage—but strong family ties directed his footsteps into commerce. The British-Italian forebears from whom he had sprung were instrumental in the progress of the Golden State, and members of Mike's immediate family urged him to carry on the tradition.

So he compromised by centering on a legal career, going so far as to take his degree and eventually open an office. But he had temporized with the drama during his days at the University of California, and eventually he found a barrister's cubicle little more than a rendezvous for the ghosts of the theater. So was a brilliant young lawyer lured from the bar—and the stage and the air consequently enriched by a personality prolific in magnetism.

Raffetto doesn't assume an attitude of resignation to his part in One Man's Family. Spurred by its unexpected success, he is vividly concerned about it, working with endless fervor with both the author and the studio executives to sharpen its perfection.

He has a right to be counted an authority on family life, as he is married and has two daughters of his own. At eight and five years of age they are beginning to assume the proportions of a domestic problem—but with them Mike is just an onlooker. Their cases are firmly handled by Mrs. Raffetto, the former Pauline Traylor whom Mike met on the campus of his alma mater.

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LEAH RAY

EAH RAY is, next to Baby Rose Marie, one of radio's youngest stars. She was born twenty years ago (February 16, 1915) in Norfolk, Virginia, and has a cute Southern accent to substantiate the fact.

Ambition as a kid led her to want to be a literary critic. She was most enthused about Dickens and Thackeray. But now she's glad she didn't pursue the pen, because she makes as much on one radio broadcast as most literary critics make in a year.

When seventeen years old she was taken by her mother to Los Angeles, where she was to finish school. She was all prepared to enroll in the Hollywood High School on a Monday, when on the previous Friday her uncle, who is in the music business, introduced her to Phil Harris. This was when Harris played at the Cocoanut Grove. Phil needed a girl singer. Leah used to sing at parties so she asked for an audition. After hearing her voice Phil hired her. Her first salary was \$50 a week. So it transpired that the world lost a literary critic.

Greatest thrill in her life came when Harris brought her to New York. Frequently she had visited the big town as a kid; always had dreamed of the day when she'd live there.

Leah likes to knit. Sweaters and mufflers are her passion. She also reads, and adores music, but her hours in the night clubs or theaters where she's appearing, prevent her from visiting opera or concert hall.

Tremendous appetite makes her eat everything she can get. Mother tries to keep her in check because overeating affects her weight. She's just right now for her five feet, six inches in height, weighing 120 pounds, but if she ever lets go she might blow up like a mountain. Candy, nuts and pop-corn are her special weakness.

Leah is a happy child; has absolutely no dislikes. She goes in for extreme styles in clothes and hats, but wears only black and white. Once in a while her accessories are in pastel shades. Her hobby is collecting hair-ribbons in all colors and patterns. She usually wears hair-ribbons in public. It makes her look cute. She likes all fussy things.

Her only real love affair came when she was in high school. It's all over now. Leah prefers tall men, but has no set ideas about their complexions. Blonds, brunets—they're all the same to her, despite the fact that her own hair is black. She doesn't care how old the men are, either, just so long as they are companionable

Leah has regular habits, and keeps a strict routine. Never does she smoke or drink; she gets to bed immediately after the show. "I'm just a hillbilly at heart," she insists. She prefers dancing almost to anything in the world; gets a dreamy look in her lovely dark eyes when she dances.

Leah is a sound sleeper; never snores; sleeps in pajamas, pink ones. Her undies are simple, usually plain white. She likes costume jewelry and diamonds.

Ambition drives her continually. She'd like to work in pictures; appeared in "Bedtime Story" with Chevalier, and has made a few shorts. She got a kick when she saw "Bob Hope and Leah Ray in 'Going Spanish' advertised in lights on Broadway; laughed for a full day after seeing the sign. "Can you imagine me in lights!" she said to herself again and again.

Her favorite movie actress is Joan Crawford, but she has no favorite actor. She loves them all. Hardly ever does she listen to the radio. She's crazy about animals, but living in a big New York hotel allows her to have no pets. She compromises with a big, stuffed dog which she keeps in her room.

Leah is sweet, unassuming and childlike. When she lived at home two years ago she was a popular kid; had invitations to parties every night. Now many of her friends are in New York going to college. She sees them whenever she can, both boys and girls. About one thing is she set; She doesn't want to settle down. She is heartfree at the present time, and likes it. She doesn't pet. "That's kid stuff," she says. and do not jar her. But she's never going to marry. She'd rather work.

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EDWARD REESE

A SPLENDID bedside manner must have been lost to the medical profession when Edward Reese decided not to become a doctor. That was twenty-odd years ago, when young Edward decided that it would be more fun to work as a mummer than a medico. So in place of sawing old bones, he boned up on old saws, and tried to become a comedian.

He got a job—not as a comic at first—with a stock company in Cleveland, and there was nothing funny about the \$10-a-week salary he received for displaying his youthful handsomeness on the stage, and running errands for the stage managers.

But it was better, he thought, than running errands for sick stomachs.

This veteran actor was born in Baltimore in 1891. His family is of the sort of Maryland stock which could not concede that the stage affords an ideal profession for a gentleman. Edward's adolescent yearnings for the—to them—wrong side of the footlights, were put down to the flightiness of youth. "He'll get over it," they said, while the young man was finishing at Dutchman's Preparatory School. "He'll be a fine doctor. The boy is developing an excellent presence."

The excellent presence became a stage presence when Edward ducked out of a slated entrance to Johns Hopkins, and got himself that ten-a-week job. Today, radio listeners sense much of that 'stage presence they cannot see, when Reese's flexible voice brings them the part of Spencer Dean. For Reese is a splendid example of a radio truth; namely, that thoroughly-trained actors of the legitimate stage seem able to give to dramatic radio parts a depth and richness not within the scope of the average radio performer.

Doubtless that is why the Reese voice has been heard over the NBC networks on several programs.

Of the 20 years during which this thespian stalked the boards nine were spent in stock companies. A list of the celebrities of the American stage with whom Reese has played, would be practically a Who's Who of the American theater.

Perhaps the second step in Edward Reese's career explains why he has been consistently successful, throughout all the changes and vicissitudes of show business during the past two decades. For, unsatisfied with his small job with the stock company, he obtained a couple of letters, and started out to conquer New York.

Many are called by this siren-lure, but few are chosen by Broadway's fickle crowds to an attainment of the glamour and the financial security of which they have dreamed. Of the thousands of stage-struck youngsters who annually strike the theatrical Main Stem, the majority fails to get even a single engagement.

Reese went over this first hurdle. He hung on long enough to land a job as leading man! That sounds impressive—until it is further revealed that his salary was \$20 per week!

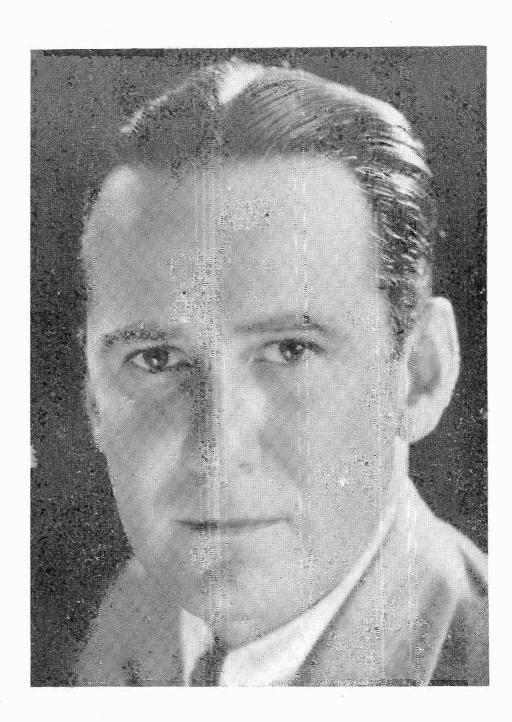
But now comes the shock of the unusual. Stage people are notoriously improvident. Reese was not.

He actually saved money out of that most meager salary! An actor of talent who saves money is as much an anomaly as a rolling stone of high polish but sprouting moss. Edward Reese has succeeded.

Perhaps his ability to save was encouraged by the simplicity of his tastes.

He prefers heavy exercise to heavy eating, and is an expert tennis player. And he would sooner swim in the ocean than—figuratively—the punch bowl. In fact he once held the 220-yard South Atlantic swimming record.

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IRENE RICH

HATEVER else there is to be said about her, Irene Rich is, above all things, a woman.

Now 43 years old, she has been married three times—hasn't heard a word from any of the former spouses since she went on the air—and is simply dying with curiosity about whether any of them listen to her programs.

Aside from this typically feminine characteristic, the charming mother and actress has taken life in reverse, so to speak. Perhaps it's the result of having been born on Friday the thirteenth in October, 1891.

Instead of attaining success first and then using motherhood for publicity, she discreetly became the mother of two daughters in old-fashioned privacy—and then began her career. Likewise, in place of beginning on the stage and graduating to the screen and radio, she started with the films and succeeded to the remaining fields of entertainment. Nor does she think she is through with motion pictures. She firmly believes that her greatest success in films is still ahead of her. She even had her dress on backwards the day she made her final radio audition.

There is no history of a theatrical trend in either her mother's or her father's family. Because success is her hobby to the exclusion of everything else, she simply decided at sixteen that the stage offered the greatest opportunity, so she determined to become an actress. An episode in matrimony and a subsequent one in maternity stymied her for a while, but ambition flamed forth anew after the birth of her second daughter.

By that time she practically had disposed of matrimony and progeneration, but also she had veered a bit in her choice of goals. It was then 1918 and the motion picture field boasted the greenest grass of all the lush amusement pastures. So Irene migrated to Hollywood. Evidently the word had got around that films offered a future, because the ambitious mother found that the expected opportunities had been taken care of admirably.

Eating, not acting, was her immediate problem, so she went to work for a realestate firm. The land boom destined to become an historic jest was just getting under way, so she profited sufficiently to permit hanging on for the golden chance. It came as a result of her persistence and charm.

Following the usual steps from the extra ranks through bit parts, she won her way to stardom and has appeared as featured player with most of the film luminaries. But she has withstood both success and Hollywood, and with canny sagacity has built up a bulwark of wealth against non-productive days.

She has attained every mother's secret ambition—the means with which to indulge her children's plans for a career, and to save them the privations of her own youth Frances, her elder daughter, is now in Paris studying sculpture and it's all right with Irene. She'd let the girls be veterinaries if that were their bent.

Miss Rich can affort to boast of her age. She looks only about half of it, is stunningly attractive and weighs less than she did when, as sixteen-year-old Irene Sutter of isolated Stites, Idaho, she conceived her career. She was born in Buffalo, New York, and her father moved to the frontier town.

Miss Rich hasn't had to woo youth. It is hers by virtue of her style of living. You couldn't lure her into a night club, and bridge is her particular abomination. She is athletic and likes to participate as well as to watch. She rides and swims and simply dotes on movies and the stage.

An overwhelming passion for shoes is her only concession to vanity. White is her favorite shade, and crackers and milk at midnight her maddest dissipation.

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HARRY RICHMAN

H ARRY RICHMAN is known as "The Beau of Broadway." He gets that monicker for two reasons. First—his clothes are the most startling in town. Second—more than any man in New York, he finds his name romantically linked with members of the so-called frail sex.

Richman doesn't talk about his clothes. They speak for themselves. But as for affairs of the heart, he says he doesn't plan to marry again until he retires from the stage. And that won't be until he has paid up his million-dollar annuity. He was married once. Also divorced.

During the past three years Harry Richman has been engaged—according to the gossip columnists—to at least five hundred women. Among them was Clara Bow. Richman doesn't like it. But the ladies do. Most of them are proud to be mentioned with him. That's because he is very much of a ladies' man.

The Beau of Broadway was born 800 miles away from the Main Stem—in Cincinnati—on August 10, 1895. He didn't see Broadway until twenty years later.

Harry's stage career started in 1911. He made his debut then as a member of the team of Remington and Reichman, violin and piano. He was the Reichman. He played the piano. Remington and Reichman first appeared before the footlights at an amateur night in Chicago. Fewer over-ripe tomatoes were hurled at them than at the other tyros on the bill. So they obtained a contract.

New York first saw the young singer as a member of the Jewel City trio direct from the Panama-Pacific Exposition in Frisco in 1915. But he didn't hit the Palace Theater until six years later. That was in 1921 when he appeared with Mae West. He played the piano, sang and did bits. This was the same year he was headlined on the old Orpheum circuit.

Stardom came in 1926. He was in George White's Scandals when New York finally decided that he belonged in the top rank of theatrical luminaries. He has remained there ever since.

Harry Richman is one of the oldest radio entertainers in point of service in the country. He sang over WHN in New York in 1921 when he was appearing at the old "Wigwam." He has been on the air steadily ever since; for many years he broadcast from the Club Richman.

The singer seldom eats meat. His chief article of diet consists of fresh vegetables and fruit juices. He finds that a vegetable diet helps him keep his health and his voice.

His favorite color in wearing apparel is green, but he goes in for anything loud and flashy. You may see him in a light tan suit, size 38; dark blue shirt; cuffless trousers; and tan suede shoes, size $7 \frac{1}{2}$.

He wears nothing in bed. This makes him sleep more soundly.

Harry is athletically inclined. He flies his own plane, and goes in for swimming and boating. Sports keep him looking young. He appears eight years younger than he really is. Not a trace of grey is in his black hair, which he keeps well greased, but not enough to take out the curls.

He smokes cigarets incessantly. They don't bother his throat. He is a very light drinker. When he drinks it's mostly beer. His greatest passion is swearing. He can swear all evening without repeating himself once. Finds that it gives him immense relief. He gets so tired being the suave fellow.

" Harry will not play in any cabaret in New York City unless it bears his own name.

He weighs 175 pounds and is five feet, eleven and a half inches tall. At first glance you think he is several inches shorter.

Jewelry is a passion with him. He wears too much of it; but it's nothing to what he's going to wear when he gets the million-dollar annuity all paid up. Then he's really going to live.



ADELE RONSON

I N ADDITION to being one of the really great radio personalities, Adele Ronson serves a national utilitarian purpose. She disproves the myth that Yonkers, New York, is just a gag name devised to give comedians a locale for their rural jests.

It was in Yonkers that Adele made her theatrical debut with a stock company at the age of 17. Her bow was a brief one as she was ill when she launched her career; it lasted only a week, to be followed by three months in a hospital.

Her second venture had just as dismal a climax. After she had recuperated she began to take advantage of whatever opportunity came along to display her talents, and as a result won a scholarship in the American Laboratory Theater. She scarcely had had opportunity to begin her studies when the executives of this simon-pure amateur organization learned that she had decided to embrace the theater professionally. They promptly canceled the scholarship and Adele found herself back in the stormy sea of life with only her ability for a life-belt.

New York's reputed hospitality to struggling youth didn't baffle Adele. In fact she was born in Manhattan, but had been a resident of Tulsa, Oklahoma, where she attended school while her father dabbled in the oil business. It was when he died in 1925 (and she was still 16) that she realized she would have to use her budding acting ability for economic purposes. That was when she returned to New York (and Yonkers).

In the year before she joined the stock company she had earned her way through the dramatics department of Columbia University and City College as a model in a department store.

After her adventure with the dramatic purists she varied her occupations dancing with the Provincetown Players and acting roles in the Legend of Leonora, The Road to Rome, Mrs. Bumpstead-Leigh, Skidding, and Gold Braid.

The theatrical background provided a chance to take part in some of the movies then being made on Long Island, but she failed to photograph with any particular appeal. In fact she was so unimpressed with her film efforts that she made an arrangement with theaters showing her pictures, to make personal appearances concurrent with the running of the films so that she might offset any unfavorable impressions.

Suddenly, and unannounced, she made her way into radio on one of the first nationally broadcast programs. It was a Sunday night show sponsored by one of the leading five-cent weeklies, and it wasn't long before everyone was asking, "Who is the girl with the marvelous voice?" Almost any persistent radio listener now knows all about Adele and that rich, impressive voice, but first-timers still are impressed by her velvety tones and diction.

For the past two years she has been the seductive and daring *Wilma Deering* of the *Buck Rogers* radio series, and her fluid voice still holds listeners spellbound. Adele is just as gentle as her tones are appealing.

She maintains their robust quality by tempered indulgence in riding, swimming and golf, but goes for the sedentary sports a bit also. She knits avidly and collects first editions.

Not even the normal liking for publicity will prompt her to permit the usual stories about liking to cook. She abhors a kitchen and is pointedly non-domestic. Her plan is eventually to open and operate an exclusive layette shop. She figures that her friendship with Walter Winchell will help her to get advance tips and steal a march on her competitors.

Miss Ronson is five feet, five and one-half inches tall, weighs 116 pounds, has hair of a reddish-brown tinge, and birthdays every July 18.



ROXY

S O FAR no one has devised a dependable formula for lush living without toilbut around Manhattan there is a known way to court the luxuries of life. It is once to have worked diligently and loyally for Samuel L. Rothafel (Roxy)to have pleased him by deed or gesture-and won his friendship.

Withal that Roxy spends little more on himself than is needed for decent existence, he is known far and wide as Broadway's most notable spendthrift.

His extravagances are lavished on his friends—not the panhandlers who haunt Gotham's streets and shadow the successful and the great—but those to whom he has become endeared by some display of loyalty or devotion. One of the beneficiaries of his impulse to return good in kind, was Yascha Bunchuk, cellist, who stood by the impresario's side during the launching of one of his great New York enterprises. When evil days fell upon the venture Bunchuk went over to the enemy, but any hint of desertion was dissipated in the brilliant light of recollection, and in the light of Roxy's offering on the altar of friendship. This was one of the most expensive and beautiful watches obtainable at a fashionable jeweler's. It is reputed to have cost \$1,500.

The quality exemplified is just one of the brilliant facets of a personality that has lifted the Stillwater. Minnesota, boy to a place in the theatrical sun. His brilliant showmanship is a development from his experiences in the entertainment world, but his *color* is something invested in him by nature, and particularly typical of the beloved maestro.

As is the case with most men who rise above the mediocre Roxy has a deep perception of human nature and a thorough understanding of the problems and the normal distractions of those with whom he works. In the throes of production he is a demon at application—a Simon Legree dominating the slaves of the theater but once the task of the moment is over (and it isn't over until his idea of perfection has been attained) he is the first to sit down with his harassed minions and literally cry with them over their worn muscles, ther weary hearts and their uncertain minds. He's that way—first the driving force, then the haven of comfort for those whom he has pressed almost beyond human endurance. And you could not help love a guy like that!

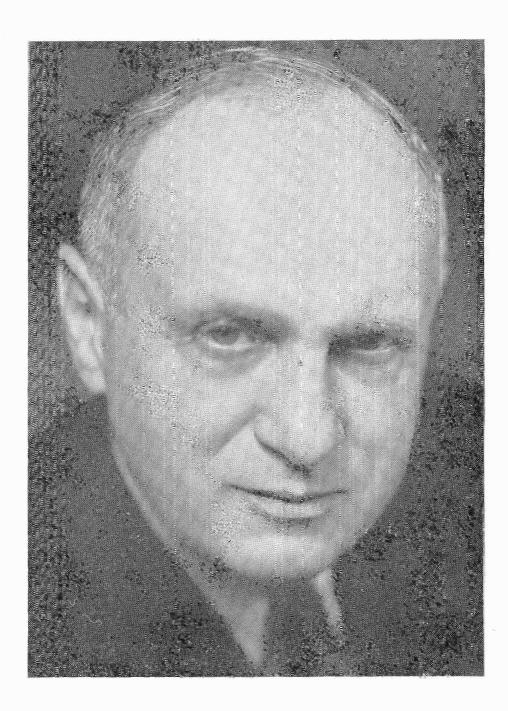
It is these phases of his winsome personality that he projects across the airwaves to reach into the hearts of the privileged as well as the oppressed; the adult, the adolescent and the tots who haven't yet learned to discriminate between right and wrong, but who know without hesitation what appeals to them.

In the shadow of the repellent gray penitentiary in his native town, Roxy might have followed in his father's trade as a shoe merchant. But back in those middle eighties, as a small boy, he thrilled to any touch of the dramatic, abandoning school and household chores to follow a brass band, and invariably turning up as the instigator of those one-cent admission shows which are an era in the life of every normal youth.

The family eventually migrated to Brooklyn, New York, and in 1900, when Samuel was 18 years old, he signed on for a hitch in the Marine Corps. Here his capacity for management won him continual promotions, and before he had concluded his seven-year enlistment he had risen from the dreary private's status to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

His later life has been marked by sudden changes from the heights to the depths, but no amount of calamity or disappointment ever has slowed down the dynamo of his faith, his boundless optimism or his irresistible personal magnetism.

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ETHEL SHUTTA

 \mathbf{E} THEL SHUTTA (pronounced that way) is one of those girls who will fight with a guy, marry him and then refuse to battle him again. She and Bandleader George Olsen have the reputation of having attained absolute marital serenity. But it took a quarrel to bring them together.

It was during Ethel's Follies days. She was doing a number, and George and his band were accompanists. "That guy must be going to the races," the blonde songstress complained to the imperturbable Flo; "Can't you slow him down to my tempo?" "Can't you?" countered Ziggie. "I don't even know him," she replied, but she didn't let that hamper her.

She waylaid him after the show and asked him how he got that way. "Your time is my time," retorted the Scandinavian batoneer. Nobody knows if or not Rudy Vallee had any scouts around to record the conciliatory reply. But the concession must have been mutual because neither now has time for anyone else save their two sons, Charles, 8, and George Jr., 5.

Perhaps previous misadventures with marriages had taught both George and Ethel that adjusted tempos make for unruffled marital symphonies. But more likely their happiness revolves about that sunshiny personality that has marked Ethel's climb to fame from a most humble beginning.

Her origin was not humble in the sense that it was obscure. In fact it was practically a public event. The child of old troupers, she made her advent on the stage at the ripe old age of three. She was a dancing veteran at six, and had scarcely passed the lisping age when she found song as her medium. It was the original happy medium. She has been singing and laughing her way through life ever since.

Or perhaps Ethel's variegated career fitted her for the life of a peaceable bride. Success with her was a matter of accomplishment. She didn't have it thrust upon her. In fact, all that was ever thrust on her was the need for making her way. It was, incidentally, a cold day upon which she was born—December 1.

Early struggles found her in Chicago hoofing it a bit, smiling a lot, and singing wherever an unsoiled dollar beckoned. With blonde hair that looks for all the world as though it might have been caressed by the bewitched hand of King Midas, she gathered in the shekels as she prepared herself for higher places.

Theaters and clubs knew her during the years she spent in the Middle West. And she was a pretty consistent winner at song contests fostered by music publishers; pretty, anyway. Finally she turned on that dazzling personality while a vaudeville booker was in the neighborhood. Came the dawn, and Ethel found herself back on Broadway, the Mecca of the performers; where they either Mecca girl or Brekka.

Someone on the prowl mentioned to Flo Ziegfeld that there was a singer at hand all ready for the glorification bath. Ethel and the producer both plunged, and she took it with a splash heard 'round the world. So successful was she that she overwhelmed even the satiated Ziggie and he, fearing her talents might be wasted, booked her into two of his productions at once. That brought about the Olsen incident.

Ethel is neither old nor young in years, but she is the quintessence of youth in manner and personality. She is svelte and lithe, and so far as her perfection of line is concerned, has never heard of the lamb chop and the pineapple. Her eyes suggest evening in the Blue Grotto.

She is a smart dresser. While making concessions to her coloring by respecting the creamiest of the pastel shades, she isn't afraid to venture forth in something scarlet. And can she wear it? Don't be silly!

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ROBERT SIMMONS

B OB launched his career under protest. His dad thought it would be a grand idea if the lad became a member of the church choir in Fairplay, Missouri, where he was born. Bob had other ideas—but they didn't count. He resorted to sour notes and other youthful subterfuges to escape the chore. None availed and he gradually found diversion in singing. So much so that he courageously enlisted as a worker in the Dakota wheat fields to earn sufficient money for his tuition at the Boston Conservatory of Music.

During his first term, teachers regarded him as the fair-haired boy among the pupils, and instilled in him the ambition to trek to Europe for concert and operatic training... By the performance of menial tasks of various kinds he finally earned sufficient money to take him to Berlin ... The concert stage and opera intrigued the fancy of the youthful Simmons at this time, and artists and teachers assured him that it was in this particular field that he would find fame and fortune... Radio at that particular time was held in contempt by stars of the stage and opera.

Simmons encountered just one exception to the rule-Richard Crooks.

Crooks took a fancy to the ambitious Missourian, and confidentially suggested that radio was predestined to offer a lucrative future. Simmons was impressed and upon his return to America went direct to NBC where he made applications for an audition. He had been informed that it was futile to audition for anyone but the program director, and when he drew an assistant for an audience he gave a halfhearted performance.

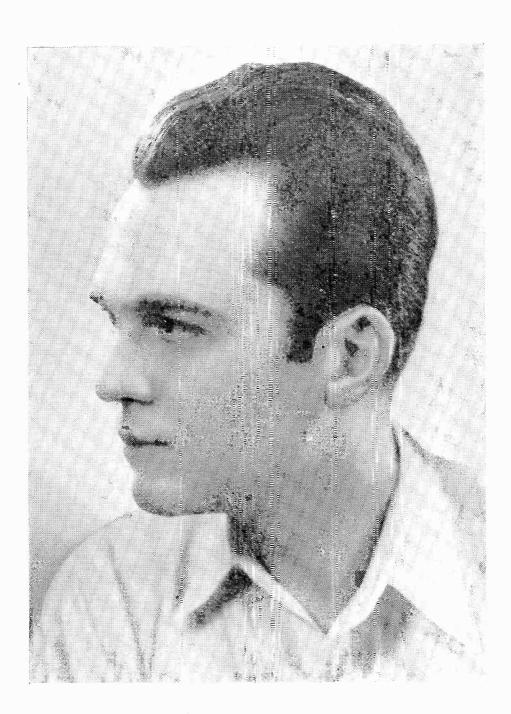
Much to his surprise he was offered a contract and has been a featured artist on NBC ever since. He has been heard with many programs and is currently heard as top tenor of the Revelers and as soloist with Jessica Dragonette.

Simmons is unmarried. Claims that just when he thinks he has discovered the ideal woman, along comes another just a wee bit more so. He birthdays September 25.

He has two pronounced aversions . . . artists who sing their own praises, and loud clothes . . . Has never lost that streak of boyhood bashfulness, and thinks that people who tell him that he has a grand voice are either kidding or are about to sell him something . . . Owns a place in the country at Cornwall-On-The-Iudson, and plays polo with the mayor of the town . . . Goes in for horses and wire-haired fox terriers, and has the reputation of being one of the best tree choppers in Orange County.

Has a horror of being invited to social functions, and lets house guests at his estate write their own tickets on their preferences in diversions . . . Has never gambled in his life, yet looks forward to taking a whirl at all the games of chance at Monte Carlo some day . . . Although he's a bachelor, has a kitchen full of handy gadgets . . . Eats lightly, preferring salads to meats . . . Likes midnight snacks and will stay up as long as there is anyone to talk to . . . Has a closet full of riding habits . . . Works around his house in high-top boots and leather jackets . . . Excavated his own basement, planted and constructed his own terrace and calls out-of-door work a lot of fun . . . Won't talk about his career but enjoys hearing other people's problems . . . Drives his own car at breakneck speed but never has had an accident . . . Doesn't smoke and never visits night clubs . . . Hopes that he will be identified with radio in some capacity as long as he lives.

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KATE SMITH

ATE SMITH, the songbird of the South, celebrated her 26th birthday (May, 1934), and in starting her second quarter-century she declared that she intends to go even further than heretofore in show business. Kate has been singing ever since she was a baby although she did not become a professional until nine years ago. She never practised, never had a lesson, but that enormous chest and lungs of hers provided from the start a voice of unusual power and sweetness.

Kate is five feet nine inches tall, and weighs well over 200 pounds. Just how much more, is a matter of conjecture, because the press and public *never* has been let in on that secret. Like most stoutish people, Kate is forever in a good humor.

She was christened Kathryn Elizabeth, and always called Kathryn until a show manager cut it down to Kate to save electric light bulbs on the marguee

Her fair hair is permanently waved. She wears tortoise shell rest glasses away from the stage. Her eyes are small, her teeth lovely and white. She owns seven different kinds of tooth-brushes, one for each day of the week. They are kept in a sterilizer in her bathroom.

Kate's father was a doctor. The family expected her to be a nurse. She was in training for two years in a Washington Hospital.

When she sang for the patients at one of the hospital benefits, Eddie Dowling, the actor-producer, heard her. He went wildly enthusiastic about her voice and put her in his show, "Honeymoon Lane." She clicked.

Kate doesn't believe in early marriages. That's why she's single. Early marriages fill the divorce courts, she says. Her life's ambition is to own a house complete with a piano, electric ice-box, garden, husband and a few kids. $_{\phi}$

She keeps regular hours, getting into bed every night by two and sleeping eight hours—lying on her stomach. In Winter she wears satin nighties, but during the sultry Summers she leaves everything off. That's why she usually comes down with a Summer cold, she says.

Kate bites her finger-nails, adores frosted chocolates, and never eats green vegetables or fish. She's never tasted liquor nor smoked.

For relaxation she goes to ball games and prize fights. She plays tennis, despite her weight—and loves it. Backgammon also is an enthusiasm of hers; she finds the game more suitable to her. She drives her own car, and swims.

Kate developed the fan-mail business to a science. She was one of the first radio stars to encourage it by making public comments concerning the requests sent her. She gets thousands of letters, and reads them all. She is very sincere. Always she means every word she says over the mike.

All of Kate's clothes are ready-made, except her evening dresses. These are produced for her from special designs. She likes black and white.

Kate was active in NRA work, serving as chairman of the National NRA radio, stage and screen division.

She seldom gets angry, but it is true she rose in righteous indignation at the picture of her published in a New York daily, captioned "from left to right, Kate Smith."



LAWRENCE TIBBETT

T HIRTY years ago a barefoot boy, all ears, and legs, peddled newspapers and wanted to grow strong and husky to succeed his father as the Sheriff of Kern County, California. Today, Lawrence Tibbett—no longer barefoot or gangling —is the highest paid singer on or off the air. He alone is eminently successful in the four fields, opera, concert, radio and the movies.

And today his dream is to bring music to all Americans and sing it so that they can understand it. He wants people to hear music and enjoy it, so that they will not think of it as a "thing apart" or as something to be giggled about.

Years ago, when the doctor sent him to the country because of weak lungs, it never entered his head that some day girls would be threatening to faint at his recitals if he didn't answer their letters. Nor did he have any such ideas when he was just a plain "gob," scrubbing the decks of a navy ship.

Almost since his seventh year—and the murder of his father, the Sheriff, by cattle thieves—Larry Tibbett has shifted for himself. He got the idea of becoming an actor from watching cowboys put on their own entertainment. He began helping in amateur theatricals. When the war came, he turned down the job of Y.M.C.A. entertainer to join the Naval Reserve, and the Armistice found him at Vladivostock, Russia. He returned to do what jobs he could find—clerked in a newspaper advertising department, folded Sunday papers, and acted and sang occasionally for the fun of it. Borrowed money (for which he insured his life as collateral) and the advice of Rupert Hughes, brought young Larry to New York, leaving his wife and two-year-old twins in California.

Hiring a hall, he put on a recital—hoping a concert manager would hear him. All he gained was the second "t" on Tibbett—added through the mistake of a typesetter. All the concert-managers in New York made a mistake, too. They all missed hearing him.

His second attempt to crash the Metropolitan opera landed him a \$60-a-week contract—and his debut took place off-stage, in a duet as one of the monks in "Boris Godunoff"! Several seasons later the illness of the second baritone, whom he was understudying, brought him the chance to sing Ford to Antonio Scotti's "Fal-staff."

Larry Tibbett sang desperately. He made a furious effort to force the audience to feel his presence on the stage. They did! They stopped the opera to recall him again and again to the stage. January 2, 1925, thus became Tibbett's red-letter day. But he didn't realize what had happened until an avalanche of reporters, photographers and newsreel men surrounded his room next morning, beating frantically at his door.

He was front-page news! And has been ever since. He is the only male singer except Caruso accorded the honor of opening a Met season; the creator of all the leading baritone personages in operas produced during the past ten years; the choice of officials to start off (along with Arcturus) the 1933 Century of Progress; first singer to win the American Academy's diction award; world-famous as the greatest American lyric artist!

Through all his success, he has remained humble before his art. Nor has he lost touch with his fellow men. He feels that his voice is meant to bring joy to others; believes a'l operas should be sung in English, made understandable and not ridiculous as many of them are. He wants smaller theaters, so that audiences can see what happens on the stage; thinks opera producers could learn from movies. Tibbett will spend the Summer in Hollywood singing in his next film.

Larry beats time with his left foot while singing. He loves to discuss the philosophy of art and enjoys informal debates on any subject. Often he sings to his baby, Michael, who looks like his daddy and has a good pair of lungs himself.



RUDY VALLEE

IN THE 34 years that have elapsed since Rudy Vallee's first croon, which was mistaken by kind neighbors for the anguished cry of a new-born babe, he constantly has been under microscopes. His career began on July 28, 1901.

Like every one, Rudy would do anything else sooner than what he's paid for doing. With Rudy it's \$10,000.00 a week, by the way. He'd rather swing on a flying trapeze than sing about it. Instead of being a ladies' man he'd prefer to be a tough egg.

His first sweetheart, when he was a kid in Maine, had the name of Mabel Croker. One day she kissed him in front of a bunch of kids. The kids laughed. Rudy had his first fight then. He polished off all of them scientifically.

Since then he has been jumping from stages to punch hecklers on the nose, and even has threatened to beat up a newspaperman for writing something he didn't like.

The crooner is only too conscious of the fact that most men regard him as something dainty. He wants to impress the world that that appraisal of him is wrong. Therefore he swears at every opportunity; mentions his many loves and conquests; tells what a tough guy he is. But really at heart he isn't tough. He's just the little Hubert Vallee who was babied by an over-indulgent mother.

Rudy's beautiful, wavy, sandy hair has been getting darker within the past few months. He has been applying too much grease in an effort to get the wave out. He hates the wave. He'd sooner have severe straight hair, even if it meant losing half of his feminine audience; for the first gasp emitted by excited shop girls when they see him is "Ooh, just look at that lovely, divine hair."

The crooner is a good subject for a MIKEroscope, because he likes to talk about himself, but he shies away from one thing. That is his unhappy marriage to Fay Webb. He is still in love with her. Or was.

Rudy lives in a six-room apartment. The walls of his bedroom are dark blue in order not to interfere with his sleep. There is a radio in every room, and phonographs in the living room and dining room. Most of his records are by Rudy Vallee, whom he greatly admires.

His main fad is motion pictures. He takes pictures wherever he goes. He also likes opera, but never gets a chance to go to it. He makes no pretense at being highbrow, and confines his reading to Western, mystery drama and crime stories.

Rudy takes his fan mail seriously and regards it as sacred, gets anonymous letters asking him to signal on the radio. Some persons write and ask for an old, wornout saxophone. These correspondents do not know that saxophones cost \$500, and that Rudy Vallee was born in Vermont and raised in Maine; he has all the frugality that usually goes with the New Englander.

He takes life hard and does only those things which are good for him; eats only what food faddists say should be eaten, smokes only infrequently, and seldom drinks; conserves his voice before an important broadcast by refusing to talk. But always he will swear if he's rubbed the wrong way.

He tries to give the impression he prefers all kinds of lassies, but in truth he's only attracted to small, exotic looking brunets with big, black eyes. Alice Faye was the only exception.

He tries to get to bed by 3 a. m., but usually is up much later. At noon he arises and eats a hurried breakfast while Manuel, his butler, helps him dress. Always he takes an active interest in the management of his personal establishment; keeps the key for the liquor closet, in which there are a thousand choice bottles, in his own pocket. He's methodical and painstaking in his work. Has a real executive mind; he wants some day to be an executive.

Has occasional headaches because he is too vain to wear glasses. But he never complains. He's Spartan-like.

Rudy would like to settle down and raise a family.

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CHARLES WINNINGER

HARLES WINNINGER has been connected so long with show boats, either real or mythical, that automatically he is accepted as a Southerner. The very name, Show Boat, suggests the turbid Mississippi and, save to the many who abide near its shores, the Father of Waters doesn't seem to exist north of the Mason and Dixon line.

But it is a fact that Winninger was born May 28, 1884, in Black Creek, Wisconsin. He had his first show boat experience when he joined the personnel of the *Cotton Blossom*, historic floating theater, at Keokuk, Iowa.

Charles' amazingly varied theatrical experiences date back to the overthrow of another tradition. He did not seek the stage in violation of parental mandates. Rather he was literally pushed into the theater by his father—ordered forth with his four brothers from the wings to do a good job—or else. Franz Winninger, their dad, had that militaristic bent which is peculiarly Teutonic—so the boys did a good job. They knew too well the cost of failure.

Oddly enough, this Sparton sire was not directly of the theater himself. He was a musician and an orchestra leader, but he had been in and around the theater so much that he eventually absorbed its influence. Finally he became manager of an Ashland, Wisconsin, showhouse. It was there he launched his training system on his children.

He organized his five sons into a variety troupe and demanded of them that they be able to reproduce capably any act which played the theater, be it musical, gymnastic or dramatic. It was a big order, but it made for versatility in his children.

That accounts for one phase of Charles Winninger's career when he was one of the most notable mimics on the stage—and found it difficult to obtain a role which did not call for imitations of reigning stars. His first really sensational success in this line came through his black-faced imitation of Leo Ditrichstein, in The Great Lover. That was in 1916, and followed Charles' desertion of the family theatrical ventures and his experiences as a rambler of the rivers.

From that year on it was just a series of successes in notable musicial comedies —a career which culminated in his riotous achievements in the bright-starred production, Show Boat, the musical pageant built upon Edna Ferber's best seller of the same name. This production was his stepping-stone to the air, as Capt. Henry in the radio version of Showboat. And just by way of stressing his well rounded career it might be well to mention that back in the days when motion pictures were in their formative stage, Winninger was earning \$500 a week with a film company which also featured Charles Meighan and Raymond Griffith.

From a standpoint of height Winninger is small, as men go. He is five feet six inches tall but inclines toward girth. He weighs 175 pounds. Although he already has passed the half century mark, his ruddy face with its silver halo and gleaming blue eyes smacks of youth.

He is a natural enemy of all clay pigeons. Just the sight of one on the wing arouses his phobia. He seizes his favorite shotgun and in a moment the air is filled with flying bits of vitrified mud. On one of his orgies in connection with a N. Y. Athletic Club tournament he destroyed 1,890 out of a possible 2,000 of the whirling targets.

His second "great weakness" is motoring, a pleasure he plans to indulge freely when he has reached retirement stage. Then he will maintain a ranch in California and a city home in New York, driving between them as often as the impulse moves him.

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TONY WONS

All men rate the same with me, The Wise, the fool, the slave, the free; For no man on this earth does know What made him thus, another so.

-TONY WONS

I N THAT little verse Tony Wons bares his soul. It's the only poem he ever wrote; he who reads 'em by the thousands! Each line tells a tale about the character of Tolerant Tony.

First, "all men rate the same" with this beardless philosopher, because Tony has been all men. Born into a poor-proud family in Menasha, Wisconsin, on December 25, 1891, he quit school at thirteen. When luckier kids are in high school, bookloving Tony wandered, worked and read. He made chairs, labored in factories, mills. foundries, grocery and butcher shops. He was a cowpuncher in Phoenix, Arizona. Nights he read, taught himself music, later played traps in an orchestra.

Scrimping through business school, he graduated to the white collar class became an expert accountant, then a salesman—worked through college—turned actor! Then the war brought Tony glory—shrapnel wounds—months in the hospital. There he read endlessly, made his first scrapbook and learned to think. That shrapnel burst was a break—in more ways than one.

He thought of the men he had known; wise, fools, slaves, free souls. Gradually it dawned upon him that every man is a little bit of each—that he, himself, was "wise . . . fool . . . slave . . . free." No man to whom that truth has been revealed can thenceforward idolize or despise any man. That's the secret of Tony's philosophy.

Sustained by this discovery, Tony broke into radio—new then—and did about everything. He put on an entire Shakespearean play—singlehanded! He wrote continuities, plays—directed, acted, announced, read crop reports. Finally he coaxed Chicago's WLS to air his Scrapbook. Every Wons enthusiast knows the rest; an entertainment-seeking public loved it.

Strange and lovable is the man behind the microphone voice of Tony Wons. To his friends a good fellow and boon companion, he is constantly at war within himself—always questioning, seeking. Student and thinker, he loves to work with his hands—especially building boats. Utterly fearless, he faddishly drinks a pint and a half of orange juice daily, to fend off colds. He is physically frail, yet hap-pily at home in a factory, and he likes the camaraderie that exists among men who can do a good job well around machines. He is a lover of humanity; his pet hobby is taking care of stray animals, carrying sick ones to veterinaries. Yet this love of animals didn't prevent him from being an excellent butcher, back in his Wisconsin days.

His skilled machinist's hands play excellent violin music, and once when he was a baker for a month, housewives raved over his lemon pies. He loves solitude—despite the fact that his chief study is mankind, and that he is married and father of a fourteen-year-old daughter. And he's a wow on a party.

Sometimes he pretends to be hard boiled. But that's only because he's terribly sensitive. This teacher of tolerance shrinks when highbrows gibe at his stuff as bunk. When they panned his ingratiating: "Are yuh listenin', huh?" poor Tony suffered in soul. If only he realized that the sophisticates who sneer at him are the very ones who most need his gospel of kindness, he'd feel better.

But Tony can't be cocksure about anything. You see, he has learned that "... no man on this earth does know what makes him thus, another so."



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KFRU Columbia, Mo. 1,000 630 KLS Oakland, Calif. 250 1440 KFSD San Diego, Calif. 1,000 600 KLX Oakland, Calif. 1,000 880 KFSD Los Angeles, Calif. 1,000 500 HLX Denver, Colorado 1,000 560 KFU0 St. Louis, Mo. 1,000 550 KMA Shenandoah, Iowa 2,500 930 KFVD Los Angeles, Calif. 250 1000 KMAC San Antonio, Texas 100 1370 KFVD Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMED Medford, Oregon 250 1310 KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMJ Fresno, Calif. 4,000 586 KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 1206 KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla.		Longview, Texas	100	137 0	KLRA	Little Rock, Ark.		
KF3G Los Angeles, Calif. 500 1120 KLZ Denver, Colorado 1,000 561 KFU0 St. Louis, Mo. 1,000 550 KMA Shenandoah, Iowa 2,500 930 KFV0 Los Angeles, Calif. 250 1000 KMAC San Antonio, Texas 100 1370 KFVS Cape Girardeau, Mo. 250 1210 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMED Medford, Oregon 250 1310 KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1200 KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1200 KFXR San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 744 KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1094 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 1,000 570 <th>KFRU</th> <th>Columbia, Mo.</th> <th>1,000</th> <th>630</th> <th>KLS</th> <th></th> <th>250</th> <th>1440</th>	KFRU	Columbia, Mo.	1,000	630	KLS		250	1440
KF3G Los Angeles, Calif. 500 1120 KLZ Denver, Colorado 1,000 561 KFU0 St. Louis, Mo. 1,000 550 KMA Shenandoah, Iowa 2,500 930 KFV0 Los Angeles, Calif. 250 1000 KMAC San Antonio, Texas 100 1370 KFVS Cape Girardeau, Mo. 250 1210 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMED Medford, Oregon 250 1310 KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1200 KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1200 KFXR San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 744 KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1094 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 1,000 570 <th></th> <th>San Diego, Calif.</th> <th></th> <th>600</th> <th>KLX</th> <th>Oakland, Calif.</th> <th>1,000</th> <th>880</th>		San Diego, Calif.		600	KLX	Oakland, Calif.	1,000	880
KFU0 St. Louis, Mo. 1,000 550 KMA Shenandoah, Iowa 2,500 930 KFVD Los Angeles, Calif. 250 100 KMAC San Antonio, Texas 100 1376 KFVD Cape Girardeau, Mo. 250 1210 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMED Medford, Oregon 250 1310 KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1200 KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 744 KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1094 KFYR Lubbock, Texas 2500 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1094 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. <th></th> <th>Los Angeles, Calif.</th> <th></th> <th>1120</th> <th>KLZ</th> <th>Denver, Colorado</th> <th>1,000</th> <th>560</th>		Los Angeles, Calif.		112 0	KLZ	Denver, Colorado	1,000	560
KFVD Los Angeles, Calif. 250 1000 KMAC San Antonio, Texas 100 137(KFVS Cape Girardeau, Mo. 250 1210 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMBC Maaford, Oregon 250 131(KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMLD Medford, Oregon 250 131(KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1207 KFXR San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 74(KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO Tacoma, Wash. 250 1331 KFYO Lubbock, Texas 2500 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1091 KFXR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 5050 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 5000 71 KGA Spokane,		St. Louis, Mo.	1,000	550	KMA		2,500	930
KFVS Cape Girardeau, Mo. 250 1210 KMBC Kansas City, Mo. 2,500 950 KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMED Medford, Oregon 250 131(KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMJ Fresno, Calif. 4,000 58(KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 120(KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 74(KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO Tacoma, Wash. 250 133i KFYO Lubbock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 109i KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 1,000 571 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 570 KGA San Diego, Calif. 1,000 1300 KNX Los Angeles, Calif. 50,000 150		Los Angeles, Calif.		1000	KMAC		100	
KFWB Los Angeles, Calif. 2,500 950 KMED Medford, Oregon 250 131(KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMJ Fresno, Calif. 4,000 58(KFXD Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMJ Fresno, Calif. 4,000 58(KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMB Monroe, La. 100 120(KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 74(KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1331 KFYO Lubbock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1091 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 570 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 570 KGB San Diego, Calif. <		Cape Girardeau, Mo.			KMBC		2,500	
KFXD Nampa, Idaho 100 1200 KMJ Fresno, Calif. 1,000 58(KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 120(KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 74(KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO Tacoma, Wash. 250 1331 KFYO Lubbock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 109 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 500 711 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 57L KGBR Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830		Los Angeles, Calif.	2,500		KMED	Medford, Oregon	250	131(
KFXJ Grand Junction, Colo. 250 1200 KMLB Monroe, La. 100 1206 KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 744 KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO Tacoma, Wash. 250 1331 KFYR Dubock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1091 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 500 711 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 570 KGA Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGB San Diego, Calif. 1,000 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. <th></th> <th>Nampa, Idaho</th> <th></th> <th>1200</th> <th>KMJ</th> <th></th> <th>1,000</th> <th>58(</th>		Nampa, Idaho		1200	KMJ		1,000	58(
KFXM San Bernardino, Calif. 100 1210 KMMJ Clay Center, Nebr. 1,000 744 KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO Tacoma, Wash. 250 1331 KFYR Dubbock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1091 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 1,000 571 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 570 KGA Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGB San Diego, Calif. 1,000 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 1050 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830		Grand Junction, Colo.			KMLB			120(
KFXR Oklahoma City, Okla. 250 1310 KMO Tacoma, Wash. 250 1331 KFYO Lubbock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1091 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 500 711 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 57L KGBR Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830					KMMJ		1,000	74(
KFY0 Lubbock, Texas 250 1310 KMOX St. Louis, Mo. 50,000 1091 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 500 711 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 57L KGAR Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830		Oklahoma City, Okla.	250				250	
KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 5,000 550 KMPC Beverly Hills, Calif. 500 71 KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 57L KGAR Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGB San Diego, Calif. 1,000 1330 KNX Los Angeles, Calif. 50,000 1050 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830			250			St. Louis, Mo.	50,000	
KGA Spokane, Wash. 2,500 900 KMTR Hollywood, Calif. 1,000 57C KGAR Tucson, Arizona 250 1370 KNOW Austin, Texas 100 1500 KGB San Diego, Calif. 1,000 1330 KNX Los Angeles, Calif. 50,000 1050 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830		Bismarck, N. Dak.	5,000	550			500	
KGB San Digo, Calif. 1,000 1330 KNX Los Angeles, Calif. 50,000 1050 KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830		Spokane, Wash.	2,500			Hollywood, Calif.	1,000	
KGBX Springfield, Mo. 100 1310 KOA Denver, Colo. 50,000 830		Tucson, Arizona						
Benver, Color So, Color So, Color So, Color So, Color So								
KUBZ York, Nebraska 2,500 930 KOAC Corvalis; Oreg. 1,000 550								
	KGBZ	rork, Nebraska	2,500	930	KOAC	Corvalis; Oreg.	1,000	550

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			C		
Call Letters	Location	Kilo- Watts cycles	C all Letters	Location	Kilo- Watts cycles
KOB	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	10,000 1180	KWT0	Springfield, Mo.	1,000 560
K0H K0IL	Reno, Nevada Omaha Nab	500 1380 2,500 1260	KWYO KXA	Sheridan, Wyoming Seattle, Wash.	100 1370 500 760
KOIN	Omaha, Neb. Portland, Oregon		KXL	Portland, Oregon	100 1420
K0L	Seattle, Wash.	5,000 940 2,500 1270	KX0	El Centro, Calif.	100 1500
KOMA KOMO	Oklahoma City, Okla. Soattle, Wash	5,000 1480 1,000 920	KXR0 KXYZ	Aberdeen, Wash. Houston, Texas	100 1310 1,000 1440
KONO	Seattle, Wash. San Antonio, Texas	100 1370	KYA	San Francisco, Calif.	1,000 1230
KOOS	Marshfield, Oregon	250 1200	KYW	Philadelphia, Pa.	10,000 1020
KORE Kotn	Eugene, Oregon Pine Bluff, Ark.	100 1420 100 1500	WAAB WAAF	Boston, Mass. Chicago, Ill.	500 1410 500 920
KOY	Phoenix, Ariz.	1,000 1390	WAAT	Jersey City, N. J.	500 940
KPCB	Seattle, Wash.	100 710 100 1500	WAAW WABC	Omaha, Nebr. New Vork N V	500 660 50,000 860
KPJM KP0	Prescott, Ariz. San Francisco, Calif.	100 1500 50,000 680	WABI	New York, N. Y. Bangor, Me.	100 1200
KP0F	Denver, Colorado	500 880	WABY	Albany, N. Y.	100 1370
KPPC KPO	Pasadena, Calif. Wanatahan Wash	50 1210 250 1500	WACO WADC	Waco, Texas Akron, Ohio	100 1420 2,500 1320
KPRC	Wenatchee, Wash. Houston, Texas	5,000 .920	WAGF	Dothan, Ala.	100 1370
KÕN	Pittsburgh, Pa.	500 1380	WAGM	Presque Isle, Me.	100 1420
KQW	San Jose, Calif.	1,000 1010	WAIU WALA	Columbus, Ohio Mobile, Ala.	500 640 1,000 1380
KRE KREG	Berkeley, Calif. Santa Ana, Calif.	100 1370 100 1500	WALR	Zanesville, Ohio	100 1210
KRGV	Weslaco, Texas	500 1260	WAML WAPI	Laurel, Miss.	100 1310
KRKD KRK0	Los Angeles, Calif. Everett, Wash.	1,000 1120 50 1370	WARD	Birmingham, Ala. Brooklyn, N. Y.	5,000 1140 500 1400
KRLC	Lewiston, Idaho	100 1420	WASH	Grand Rapids, Mich.	500 1270
KRLD	Dallas, Texas	10,000 1040	WATR	Waterbury, Conn.	100 1190
KRMD KRNT	Shreveport, La. Des Moines, Iowa	100 1310 1,000 1320	WAVE WAWZ	Louisville, Kentucky Zarephath, N. J.	1,000 940 1,000 1350
KROW	Oakland, Calif.	1,000 930	WAZL	Hazelton, Pa.	100 1420
KRSC	Seattle, Wash.	100 113 0 1,000 580	WBAA WBAL	West Lafayette, Ind.	500 1400 10,000 1060
KSAC KSCJ	Manhattan, Kansas Sioux City, Iowa	2,500 1330	WDAL	Baltimore, Md. (Also operates on	
KSD	St. Louis, Mo.	1,000 550	WBAP	Ft. Worth, Texas	50,000 800
KSEI KSL	Pocatello, Idaho Salt Lake City, Utah	500 890 50,000 1130	WBAX WBBC	Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Brooklyn, N. Y.	100 1210 500 1/100
KSLM	Salem, Oregon	100 1370	WBBL	Richmond, Va.	100 1210
KS0	Des Moines, Iowa	500 1430 2,500 1110	WBBM	Chicago, Ill. Brooklyn N. V	50,000 770 1,000 1300
KSOO KSTP	Sioux Falls, S. Dak. St. Paul, Minn.	25,000 1460	WBBR WBBZ	Brooklyn, N. Y. Ponca City, Okla.	100 1200
KSUN	Bisbee, Arizona	100 1200	WBCM	Bay City, Mich.	500 1410
KTAB Ktar	San Francisco, Calif. Phoenix, Ariz.	1,000 560 1,000 620	WBEN WBE0	Buffalo, Ń. Y. Marquette, Mich.	1,000 900 100 1310
KTAT	Ft. Worth, Texas	1,000 1240	WBIG	Greensboro, N. C.	1,000 1 440
KTBS	Shreveport, La. Twin Falls, Liebe	1,000 1450 1,000 1 240	WBNO WBNS	New Orleans, La. Columbus, Ohio	100 1200 1,000 1430
KTFI KTHS	Twin Falls, Idaho Hot Springs, Ark.	10,000 1060	WBNX	New York, N. Y.	250 1350
KTM	Los Angeles, Calif.	1,000 780	WBOW	Terre Haute, Ind.	100 1310
KTRH KTSA	Houston, Texas San Antonio, Texas	2,500 1330 5,000 550	WBRB WBRC	Red Bank, N. J. Birmingham, Ala	100 1210 1,000 930
KTSM	El Paso, Texas	100 1310	WBRE	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	100 1310
KTUL	Tulsa, Okla.	500 1400	WBSO WBT	Needham, Mass Charlotte, N. C.	500 920 50,000 1080
KTW KUJ	Seattle, Wash. Walla Walla, Wash.	1,000 12 2 0 100 13 70	WBTM	Danville, Va.	250 1370
KUMA	Yuma, Ariz.	100 1420	WBZ	Boston, Mass.	50,000 990
KUOA KU3D	Fayetteville, Ark. Vermillion, S. Dak.	1,000 126 0 500 890	WBZA WCAC	Springfield, Mass. Storrs, Conn.	1,000 990 500 600
KVI	Tacoma, Wash.	1,000 570	WCAD	Canton, N. Y.	500 1220
KVL	Seattle, Wash.	100 1370	WCAE WCAL	Pittsburgh, Pa. Northfield, Minn.	1,000 1220 2,500 1250
KVOA KVOD	Tucson, Ariz. Denver, Colo.	500 1260 500 920	WCAM	Camden, N. J.	500 1280
KV00	Tulsa, Oklahoma	25,000 1140	WCA0	Baltimore, Md	1,000 600
KVOR KVOS	Colorado Springs, Colo. Bellingham, Wash.	1,000 1270 100 1200	WCAP WCAT	Asbury Park, N. J. Rapid City, S. Dak.	500 1280 100 1200
KWG	Stockton, Calif.	100 1200	WCAU	Philadelphia, Pa.	50,000 1170
KWI	Portland, Oregon	500 1040	WCAX	Burlington, Vt.	100 1200 100 1070
KWK KWKC	St. Louis, Mo. Kansas City, Mo.	5,000 1350 100 1370	WCAZ WCBA	Carthage, Ill. Allentown, Pa.	500 1440
КМКН	Shreveport, La.	10,000 1100	WCBD	Waukegan, Ill.	5,000 1080
KWSC KWTN	Pullman, Wash. Watertown, S. Dak.	2,000 1220 100 1210	WCBM WCBS	Baltimore, Md. Springfield, Ill.	250 1370 100 1420
	materionity D. Date	100 1210		Shundrend, m.	

Call	1	Kilo-	Call	1. N.	Kilo-
Letters	Location	Watts cycles	Letters	Location	Watts cycles
	St. Paul, Minn.	50,000 810	WGST	Atlanta, Ga.	1,000 890
WCFL WCHS	Chicago, Ill. Charleston, W. Va.	5,000 970 1,000 580	WGY	Schenectady, N. Y. Madiana Wie	50,000 790 2,500 940
WCKY	Covington, Ky.	5,000 1490	WHA WHAM	Madison, Wis. Rochester, N. Y.	2,500 940 50,000 1150
WCLO	Janesville, Wis.	100 1200	WHAS	Louisville, Ky.	50,000 820
WCLS	Joliet, Ill.	100 1310	WHAT	Philadelphia, Pa.	100 1310
WCNW	Brooklyn, N. Y.	250 1500	WHAZ	Troy, N. Y.	500 1300
WCOA	Pensacola, Fla.	500 1340	WHB	Kansas City, Mo.	1,000 860
WCOC WCOL	Meridian, Miss. Columbus, Ohio	1,000 880 100 1210	WHBC	Canton, Ohio	100 1200 100 13 70
WCRW	Chicago, Ill.	100 1210	WHBD WHBF	Mount Orab, Ohio Rock Island, Ill.	100 1210
WCSC	Charleston, S. C.	1,000 1360	WHBI	Newark, N. J.	2,500 1250
WCSH	Portland, Me.	2,500 940	WHBL	Sheboygan, Wis.	500 1410
WDAE	Tampa, Fla.	2,500 1220	WHBQ	Memphis, Tenn.	100 1370
WDAF WDAG	Kansas City, Mo.	5,000 610 2,500 1410	WHBU	Anderson, Ind.	100 1210
WDAH	Amarillo, Texas El Paso, Texas	100 1310	WHBY WHDF	Green Bay, Wis. Calumet, Mich.	250 1200 250 137 0
WDAS	Philadelphia, Pa.	250 1370	WHDH	Boston, Mass.	1,000 830
WDAY	Fargo, N. Dak.	5,000 940	WHDL	Olean, N. Y.	100 1420
WDBJ	Roanoke, Va.	1,000 930	WHEB	Portsmouth, N. H.	250 740
WDBO WDEL	Orlando, Fla.	1,000 580 500 1120	WHEC	Rochester, N. Y.	1,000 1430
WDEV	Wilmington, Del. Waterbury, Vt.	500 550	WHFC WHIO	Cicero, Ill. Dayton, Ohio	100 1420 1,000 1260
WDGY	St. Paul, Minn.	2,500 1180	WHIS	Bluefield, W. Va.	250 1410
WDNC	Durham, N. C.	100 1500	WHJB	Greensburg, Pa.	250 620
WDOD	Chattanooga, Tenn.	5,000 1280 2,500 1330	WHK	Cleveland, Ohio	2,500 1390
WDRC	Hartford, Conn.	2,500 1330 1,000 1250	WHN	New York, N. Y.	- 1,000 1010
WDSU WDZ	New Orleans, La. Tuscola, Ill.	1,000 1250 100 1070	WHO WHOM	Des Moines, Iowa Jersey City, N. J.	50,000 1000 250 1450
WEAF	New York, N. Y.	50,000 660	WHP	Harrisburg, Pa.	1,000 1430
WEAN	Providence, R. I.	500 780	WIBA	Madison, Wis.	1,000 1280
WEBC	Duluth, Minn.	2,500 1290	WIBG	Glenside, Pa.	100 970
WEBQ WEBR	Harrisburg, Ill.	250 1210 250 1310	WIBM	Jackson, Mich.	250 1370
WEDC	Buffalo, N. Y. Chicago, Ill.	100 1210	WIBU WIBW	Poynette, Wis. Topeka, Kansas	100 1210 5,000 580
WEED	Rocky Mount, N. C.	100 1420	WIBX	Utica, N. Y.	300 1200
WEEI	Boston, Mass.	1,000 590	WICC	Bridgeport, Conn.	1,000 600
WEEU	Reading, Pa.	1,000 830	WIL	St. Louis, Mo.	250 1200
WEHC WEHS	Charlottesville, Va. Cicero, Ill.	500 1350 100 1420	WILL	Urbana, Ill. Wilmington Del	1,000 890 100 1420
WELL	Battle Creek, Mich.	50 1420	WILM WIND	Wilmington, Del. Gary, Ind.	2,500 560
WENR	Chicago, Ill.	50,000 870	WINS	New York, N. Y.	1,000 1180
WESG	Elmira, N. Y.	1,000 850	WIOD	Miami, Fla.	1,000 1300
WEVD WEW	New York, N. Y.	1,000 1300 1,000 760	WIP	Philadelphia, Pa.	1,000 610
WFAA	St. Louis, Mo. Dallas, Texas	50,000 800	WIRE WIS	Indianapolis, Ind.	1.000 140 0 1.000 1010
WFAB	New York, N. Y.	1,000 1300	WISN	Columbia, S. C. Milwaukee, Wis.	1.000 1120
WFAM	South Bend, Ind.	100 1200	WJAC	Johnstown, Pa.	100 1310
WFAS	White Plains, N. Y.	100 1210	WJAG	Norfolk, Nebr.	1,000 1060
WFBC WFBE	Greenville, S. C. Cincinnati, Ohio	1,000 1300 250 1200	WJAR	Providence, R. I.	500 890
WFBG	Altoona, Pa.	100 1310	WJAS WJAX	Pittsburgh, Pa. Jacksonville, Fla.	2,500 1290 1,000 9 00
WFBL	Syracuse, N. Y.	5,000 136 0	WJAY	Cleveland, Ohio	500 610
WFBM	Indianapolis, Ind.	1,000 1230	WJBC	Bloomington, Ill.	100 1200
WFBR	Baltimore, Md.	500 1270	WJBK	Detroit, Mich.	100 1500
WFDF WFEA	Flint, Mich. Manchester, N. H.	100 1310 1,000 1340	WJBL WJBO	Decatur, Ill. Baton Rouge, La.	100 1200 100 1420
WFIL	Philadelphia, Pa.	1,000 560	ŴĴBŴ	New Orleans, La.	100 1200
WFLA	Clearwater, Fla.	5,000 620	WJBY	Gadsden, Ala.	100 1210
WGAL	Lancaster, Pa.	250 1500	MIDX	Jackson, Miss.	2,500 1270
WGAR WGBB	Cleveland, Ohio Freeport, N. Y.	1,000 1450 100 1210	WJEJ WJIM	Hagerstown, Md. Lansing Mich	100 1210 250 1210
WGBB	Evansville, Ind.	500 630	WJJD	Lansing, Mich. Chicago, Ill.	250 1210 20,000 1130
WGBI	Scranton, Pa.	500 880	WJMS	Ironwood, Mich.	100 1420
WGCM	Gulfport, Miss.	250 1210	WJR	Detroit, Mich.	10,000 750
WGES	Unicago, III.	1,000 1360	WJSV	Washington, D. C.	10,000 1460
WGH WGL	Newport News, Va. Fort Wayne, Ind.	100 1310 100 1370	WJTL WJW	Atlanta, Ga. Akron, Ohio	100 1 370 250 1210
WGMS	St. Paul, Minn.	1,000 1250	WJZ	New York, N. Y.	50,000 760
WGN	Chicago, Ill.	50,000 720	WKAR	East Lansing, Mich.	1,000 1040
WGNY	Chester, N. Y.	100 1210	WKBB	Dubuque, Iowa	100 1500
WGR	Buffalo, N. Y.	1,000 550	WKBH	La Crosse, Wis.	1,000 1380

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Cali			Kilo-	Call		Kilo-
Letters	Location	Watts o	·	Letters	Location	Watts cycles
WKBI	Cicero, Ill.	100	1420	wowo	Fort Wayne, Ind.	10,000 1160
WKBN	Youngstown, Ohio	500 100	570 1200	WPAD WPAX	Paducah, Ky. Thomaswillo, Ca	100 1420 100 1210
WKBO WKBV	Harrisburg, Pa. Richmond, Ind.	100	1500	WPEN	Thomasville, Ga. Philadelphia, Pa.	500 920
WKBW	Buffalo, N. Y.	5,000	1480	WPFB	Hattiesburg, Miss.	100 1370
WKBZ	Muskegon, Mich.	250	1500	WPG	Atlantic City, N. J.	5,000 1100
WKEU	Griffin, Ga.	100	1500	WPHR	Petersburg, Va.	500 880
WKJC	Lancaster, Pa.	250 100	1200 1210	WPRO WPTF	Providence, R. I.	250 630 5,000 680
WKOK WKRC	Sunbury, Pa. Cincinnati, Ohio	1.000	550	WQAM	Raleigh, N. C. Miami, Fla.	1,000 560
WKY	Oklahoma City, Okla.	1,000	900	WQAN	Scranton, Pa.	250 880
WKZ0	Kalamazoo, Mich.	1,000	590	WQBC	Vicksburg, Miss.	1,000 1360
WLAC	Nashville, Tenn.	5,000	1470	WODM	St. Albans, Vt.	100 1370
WLAP WLB	Lexington, Ky.	250 1,000	1420 1250	WRAK WRAW	Williamsport, Pa. Reading, Pa.	100 1370 100 1310
WLBC	St. Paul, Minn. Muncie, Ind.	50	1310	WRAX	Philadelphia, Pa.	500 920
WLBF	Kansas City, Kansas	100	1420	WRBL	Columbus, Ga.	100 1200
WLBL	Stevens Point, Wis.	2,500	900	WRBX	Roanoke, Va.	500 1410
WLBZ	Bangor, Me.	1,000	620	WRC	Washington, D. C.	1,000 950
WLLH WLNH	Lowell, Mass.	250 100	1370 1310	WRDO WRDW	Augusta, Me.	100 1370 100 1500
WLS	Laconia, N. H. Chicago, Ill.	50,000	870	WREC	Augusta, Ga. Memphis, Tenn.	2,500 600
WLTH	Brooklyn, N. Y.	500	1400	WREN	Lawrence, Kans.	5,000 1220
WLVA	Lynchburg, Va.	100	1370	WRGA	Rome, Ga.	100 1500
WLW	Cincinnati, Ohio	500,000	700	WRJN	Racine, Wis.	100 1370
WLWL	New York, N. Y.	5,000	1100	WROK WROL	Rockford, Ill. Knoxville, Tenn.	500 1410 100 1310
WMAL WMAQ	Washington, D. C. Chicago, Ill.	500 5,000	630 670	WRR	Dallas, Texas	500 1280
WMAS	Springfield, Mass.	250	1420	WRUF	Gainesville, Fla.	5,000 830
WMAZ	Macon, Ga.	1,000	1180	WRVA	Richmond, Va.	5,000 1110
WMBC	Detroit, Mich.	250	1420	WSAI	Cincinnati, Ohio	2,500 1330
WMBD WMBG	Peoria, Ill. Bishmond, Vo	1,000 250	1440 1210	WSAJ WSAN	Grove City, Pa. Allentown, Pa.	100 1310 500 1440
WMBH	Richmond, Va. Joplin, Mo.	250	1420	WSAR	Fall River, Mass.	250 1450
WMBI	Chicago, Ill.	5,000	1080	WSAZ	Huntington, W. Va.	1,000 i1 90
WMB0	Auburn, N. Y.	100	1310	WSB	Atlanta, Ga.	50,C00 740
	Brooklyn, N. Y. Jacksonville, Fla	100 100	1500 1370	WSBC WSBT	Chicago, Ill. South Bend, Ind.	100 1210 500 1360
WMBR WMC	Jacksonville, Fla. Memphis, Tenn.	2,500	780	WSFA	Montgomery, Ala.	1,000 1410
WMCA	New York, N. Y.	500	570	WSGN	Birmingham, Ala.	250 1310
WMEX	Boston, Mass	250	1500	WSIX	Springfield, Tenn.	100 1210
WMFF WMMN	Plattsburg, N. Y. Fairmont, W. Va.	100 500	1310 890	WSJS WSM	Winston-Salem, N. C.	100 1310 50,000 65 0
WMT	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	2,500	600	WSMB	Nashville, Tenn. New Orleans, La.	500 1320
WNAC	Boston, Mass.	2,500	1230	WSMK	Dayton, Ohio	200 1380
WNAD	Norman, Okla.	1,000	1010	WSOC	Charlotte, N. C.	250 1210
WNAX WNBF	Yankton, S. D. Binghomton N. V	2,500 250	570 1500	WSPA WSPD	Spartanburg, S. C.	1,000 920 1,000 1340
WNBH	Binghamton, N. Y. New Bedford, Mass.	250	1310	WSPD	Toledo, Ohio Iowa City, Ia.	1,000 880
WNB0	Silverhaven, Pa.	100	1200	WSUN	St. Petersburg, Fla.	5,000 620
WNBR	Memphis, Tenn.	1,000	1430	WSYB	Rutland, Vt.	100 1500
WNBX WNEW	Springfield, Vt. Newark, N. J.	1,000 2,500	1260 1250	WSYR WSYU	Syracuse, N. Y.	250 570 250 570
WNOX	Knoxville, Tenn.	2,000	560	WTAD	Syracuse, N. Y. Quincy, Ill.	500 900
WNRA	Muscle Shoals, Ala.	100	1420	WTAG	Worcester, Mass.	50 0 580
WNYC	New York, N. Y.	500	810	WTAM	Cleveland, Ohio	50,000 1070
WOAI	San Antonio, Texas	50,000 100	1190 1370	WTAQ	Eau Claire, Wis.	1,000 1330
WOC WOCL	Davenport, Iowa Jamestown, N. Y.	50	1210	WTAR WTAW	Norfolk, Va. College Station, Tex.	1,000 780 500 1120
WOI	Ames, Iowa	5,000	640	WTAX	Springfield, Ill.	10 0 1210
WOK0	Albany, N. Y.	1,000	1430	WTB0	Cumberland, Md.	250 800
WOL	Washington, D. C.	100 100	1310	WTCN	St. Paul, Minn. Philadalphia Pa	1,000 1250
WOMT WOOD	Manitowoc, Wis. Grand Rapids, Mich.	500	1210 1270	WTEL WTFI	Philadelphia, Pa. Athens, Ga.	100 1310 500 1450
WOPI	Bristol, Tenn.	100	1500	WTIC	Hartford, Conn.	50,000 1040
WOR	Newark, N. J.	50,000	710	WTJS	Jackson, Tenn.	250 1310
WORC	Worcester, Mass.	500	1280	WTMJ	Milwaukee, Wis.	5,000 620
WORK WOS	York, Pa. Jefferson City, Mo.	1,000 500	1320 630	WTM∿ WTNJ	E. St. Louis, Ill. Trenton, N. J.	100 1500 500 1280
WOSU	Columbus, Ohio	1,000	570	WTOC	Savannah, Ga.	1,000 1260
wov	New York, N. Y.	1,000	1130	WTRC	Elkhart, Ind.	100 1310
wow	Omaha, Nebr.	1,000	590	WVFW	Brooklyn, N. Y.	500 1400

Call Letters	Location	K Watts cy	Cilo- ycles	ALASKAN BROADCASTING STATIONS (Listed alphabetically by call letters)
WWAE	Hammond, Ind.	100	1200	Calls Location Watts K.C.
WWJ	Detroit, Mich.	1,000	920	KFQD Anchorage 250 600 KGBU Ketchikan 500 900
WWL	New Orleans, La.	10,000	850	
WWNC	Ashville, N. C.	1,000	570	(Listed alphabetically by location)
WWRL	Woodside, N. Y.	250	1500	Location Calls Anchorage KFOD
wwsw	Pittsburgh, Pa.	250	1500	Ketchikan KGBU
WWVA	Wheeling, W. Va.	5,000	1160	
WXYZ	Detroit, Mich.	1,000	1240	(Listed by frequency)
W1XBS	Waterbury, Conn.	1,000	1530	Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters Location Watts
W6XAI	Bakersfield, Calif.	1,000	1550	600 499.7 KFOD Ketchikan 250
W9XBY	Kansas City, Mo.	1,000	1530	900 333.1 KGBU Anchorage 500

U. S. BROADCASTERS ARRANGED BY FREQUENCY OR WAVE-LENGTH

Kilo- Me- Call		Kilo- Me- Call	
cycles ters Letters Location	Watts	cycles ters Letters Location	Watts
DIAL SETTING 550 545.1 KFU0 St. Louis, Mo. 550 545.1 KFYR Bismarck, N. Dak. 550 545.1 KOAC Corvallis, Oreg. 550 545.1 KSD St. Louis, Mo. 550 545.1 KSA San Antonio, Tex. 550 545.1 WDEV Waterbury, Vt. 550 545.1 WGR Buffalo, N. Y.	1,000 5,000 1,000 1,000 5,000 5,000 1,000	DIAL SETTING 590 508.2 KHQ Spokane, Wash. 590 508.2 WEI Boston, Mass. 590 508.2 WKZO Kalamazoo, Mich. 590 508.2 WOW Omaha, Nebr.	2,500 1,000 1,000 1,000
550 545.1 WKRC Cincinnati, Ohio 550 545.1 WSVA Stanton, Va.	1,000	DIAL SETTING 600 499.7 KFSD San Diego, Calif. 600 499.7 WCAC Storrs, Conn. 600 499.7 WCAO Baltimore, Md. 600 499.7 WICC Buildemart Comp	1,000 500 1,000

DIAL SETTING...

560 535.4 KFI	DM Beaumont, Texas	1,000
560 535.4 KL	Z Denver, Colorado	1,000
560 535.4 KT/	AB San Francisco, Calif	f. 1,000
560 535.4 KW	TO Springfield, Mo.	1,000
560 535.4 WF		1,000
560 535.4 WIN		2,500
560 534.4 WN		2,000
560 535.4 WQ	AM Miami, Fla.	1,000

DIAL SETTING ...

570 526.0 KGKO	Wichita Falls, Tex.	1.000
570 526.0 KMTR	Hollywood, Calif.	1,000
570 526.0 KVI	Tacoma, Wash.	1,000
570 526.0 WKBN	Youngstown, Ohio	500
570 526.0 WMCA	New York, N. Y.	500
570 526.0 WNAX	Yankton, S. Dak.	2,500
570 526.0 WOSU.	Columbus, Ohio	1,000
570 526.0 WSYR	Syracuse, N. Y.	250
570 526.0 WSYU	Syracuse, N. Y.	250
570 526.0 WWNC	Asheville, N. C.	1,000

DIAL SETTING.

580 516.9 KMJ	Fresno, Calif.	1,000	630 475.9 KFRU	Columbia, Mo.	1,000
580 516.9 KSAC	Manhattan, Kans.	1,000	630 475.9 KGFX	Pierre, S. Dak.	200
580 516.9 WCHS	Charleston, W. Va.	1.000	630 475.9 WGBF	Evansville, Ind.	500
580 516.9 WDBO	Orlando, Fla.	1,000		Washington, D. C.	500
580 516.9 WIBW	Topeka, Kansas	5,000		Jefferson City, Mo.	500
580 516.9 WTAG	Worcester, Mass.	500		Providence, R. I.	250

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600 499.7 KFSD	San Diego, Calif.	1,000
600 499.7 WCAC	Storrs, Conn.	500
600 499.7 WCAO	Baltimore, Md.	1.000
600 499.7 WICC	Bridgeport, Conn.	1.000
600 499.7 WMT	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	2,500
600 499.7 WREC	Memphis, Tenn.	2.500

DIAL SETTING....

610 491.5 KFRC	San Francisco, Calif.	5,000
610 491.5 WDAF	Kansas City, Mo.	5,000
610 491.5 WIP	Philadelphia, Pa.	1.000
610 491.5 WJAY	Cleveland, Ohio	500

DIAL SETTING

620	483.6	KGW	Portland, Oregon	5,000
620	483.6	KTAR	Phoenix, Ariz.	1,000
		WFLA		5,000
		WHJB		250
		WLBZ		1,000
		WSUN		5,000
620	483.6	WTMJ	Milwaukee, Wis.	5,000

DIAL SETTING.

Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters	Location	Watts	Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters	Location	Watts
DIAL S 640 468.2 KFI 640 468.2 WAIU 640 468.2 WOI	ETTING Los Angeles, Calif. Columbus. Ohio Ames, Iowa	50,000 500 5,000	DIAL S 780 384.4 KELW 780 384.4 KFDY 780 384.4 KGHL 780 384.4 KEM 780 384.4 WEAN	ETTING Burbank, Calif. Brookings, S. Dak. Billings, Mont. Los Angeles, Calif. Providence, R. I.	500 1,000 2,500 1,000 500
	ETTING Nashville, Tenn.	50,000	780 384.4 WMC 780 384.4 WTAR	Memphis, Tenn. Norfolk, Va.	2,500 1,000
660 454.3 WAAW	ETTING Omaha, Nebr. New York, N. Y.	500 50,000	DIAL S 790 379.5 kgo 790 379.5 wgy	ETTING San Francisco, Calif Schenectady, N. Y.	
DIAL S 670 447.5 WMAQ	ETTING Chicago, Ill.	5,000	800 374.8 WBAP 800 374.8 WFAA	ETTING Fort Worth, Tex. Dallas, Tex. Cumberland, Md.	50,000 50,000 250
DIAL S 680 440.9 KFEQ 680 440.9 KPO 680 440.9 WPTF	ETTING St. Joseph, Mo. San Francisco, Calif. Raleigh, N. C.		810 370.2 WCCO	ETTING Minneapolis, Minn. New York, N. Y.	50,000 500
DIAL S 690 434.5 NAA	ETTING Arlington, Va.	1,000	DIAL S 820 365.6 whas	ETTING Louisville, Ky.	50,000
700 428.3 WLW		500,000	DIAL S 830 361.2 KOA 830 361.2 WEEU 830 361.2 WHDH	BETTING Denver, Colo. Reading, Pa. Boston, Mass.	50,000 1,000 1,000
DIAL S 710 422.3 KMPC 710 422.3 KPCB 710 422.3 WOR	BETTING Beverly Hills, Calif. Seattle, Wash. Newark, N. J.	500 250 50,000	830 361.2 WRUF	Gainesville, Fla. SETTING	5,000
DIAL S 720 416.4 WGN	SETTING Chicago, Ill.	50.000	850 352.7 KIEV 850 352.7 WESG 850 352.7 WWL	Glendale, Calif. Elmira, N. Y.	250 1,000 10,000 250
DIAL S 740 405.2 KMMJ 740 405.2 KTRB 740 405.2 WHEB 740 405.2 WSB	SETTING Clay Center, Nebr. Modesto, Calif. Portsmouth, N. H. Atlanta, Ga.	1,000 250 250 50,000	DIAL 8 860 348.6 WABC 860 348.6 WHB		
DIAL \$ 750 399.8 WJR	SETTING Detroit, Mich.	10,000	DIAL \$ 870 344.6 WENR 870 344.6 WLS	SETTING Chicago, Ill. Chicago, Ill.	50,000 50,000
DIAL 5 760 394.5 KXA 760 394.5 WEW 760 394.5 WJZ	SETTING Seattle, Wash. St. Louis, Mo. New York, N. Y.	500 1,000 50,000	DIAL 8 880 340.7 KFKA 880 340.7 KLX 880 340.7 KPOF 880 340.7 WCOC 880 340.7 WGBI	SETTING Greeley, Colo. Oakland, Calif. Denver, Colo. Meridian, Miss. Secontor Ba	1,000 1,000 500 1,000
DIAL S 770 389.4 KFAB 770 389.4 WBBM	SETTING Lincoln, Nebr. Chicago, Ill.	5,000 50,000	880 340.7 WGBI 880 340.7 WPHR 880 340.7 WQAN 880 340.7 WSUI	Scranton, Pa. Petersburg, Va. Scranton, Pa. Iowa City, Iowa	500 500 250 1,000

Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters	Location	Watts	Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters Location	Watts
890 336.9 KARK 890 336.9 KFNF 890 336.9 KSEI 890 336.9 KUSD	SETTING Little Rock, Ark. Shenandoah, Iowa Pocatello, Idaho Vermillion, S. D.	500 1,000 500 500	DIAL SETTING 990 302.8 WBZ Boston, Mass. 990 302.8 WBZA Springfield, Mass.	50,000 1,000
890 336.9 WBAA 890 336.9 WGST 890 336.9 WILL 890 336.9 WJAR - 890 336.9 WMMN	West Lafayette, Ind. Atlanta, Ga. Urbana, Ill. Providence, R. I. Fairmont, W. Va.	. 1,000 1,000 1,000 500 500	DIAL SETTING 1000 299.8 KFVD Los Angeles, Calif. 1000 299.8 WHO Des Moines, Ia.	25 0 50,000
DIAL 5 900 333.1 KHJ 900 333.1 WBEN 900 333.1 WJAX 900 333.1 WKJ 900 333.1 WKJ 900 333.1 WKJ 900 333.1 WMFI 900 333.1 WTAD	SETTING Los Angeles, Calif. Buffalo, N. Y. Jacksonville, Fla. Oklahoma City, Okli Stevens Point, Wis. New Haven, Conn. Quincy, Iil.	1,000 1,000 1,000 a. 1,000 2,500 500 500	DIAL SETTING 1010 296.9 KGGF Coffeyville, Kans. 1010 296.9 KQW San Jose, Calif. 1010 296.9 WHN New York, N. Y. 1010 296.9 WNAD Norman, Okla.	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000
			DIAL SETTING 1020 293.9 KYW Philadelphia, Pa.	10,000
DIAL 5 920 325.9 KFEL 920 325.9 KOMO 920 325.9 KPRC 920 325.9 WAVO 920 325.9 WAAF 920 325.9 WBSO 920 325.9 WPEN 920 325.9 WRAX 920 325.9 WRAX	SETTING Denver, Colo, Seattle, Wash, Houston, Tex, Denver, Colo, Chicago, III, Needham, Mass, Philadelphia, Pa, Spartanburg, S. C.	500 1,000 5,000 500 500 500 500 500 1,000	DIAL SETTING 1040 288.3 KRLD Dallas, Texas 1040 288.3 KWJJ Portland, Oreg. 1040 288.3 WKAR E. Lansing, Mich. 1040 288.3 WTIC Hartford, Conn.	10,000
920 325.9 WWJ	Detroit, Mich.	1,000	DIAL SETTING 1050 285.5 KFBI Abilene, Kans. 1050 285.5 KNX Los Angeles, Calif.	5,000 50,000
DIAL 5 930 322.4 KGBZ 930 322.4 KMA 930 322.4 KNOW 930 322.4 WBRC 930 322.4 WDBJ	SETTING York, Nebr. Shenandoah, Iowa Oakland, Calif. Birmingham, Ala Roanoke, Va.	2,500 2,500 1,000 1,000 1,000	DIAL SETTING 1060 282.8 KTHS Hot Springs, Ark. 1060 282.8 WBAL Baltimore, Md. 1060 282.8 WJAG Norfolk, Nebr.	10.000 10,000 1,000
DIAL 5 940 319.0 KOIN 940 319.0 WAAT 940 319.0 WAVE 940 319.0 WCSH 940 319.0 WCAY 940 319.0 WHA	SETTING Portland, Oregon Jersey City, N. J. Louisville, Ky. Portland, Me. Fargo, N. Dak. Madison. Wis.	5 ,000 500 1,000 2,500 5,000 2,500	DIAL SETTING 1070 280.2 KJBS San Francisco, Cal 1070 280.2 WCAZ Carthage, Ill. 1070 280.2 WDZ Tuscola, Ill. 1070 280.2 WTAM Cleveland, Ohio	if. 500 100 100 50,000
DIAL 5 950 315.6 KFWB 950 315.6 KMBC 950 315.6 WRC	SETTING Los Angeles, Calif. Kansas City, Mo. Washington, D. C.	2,500 [°] 2,500 500	DIAL SETTING 1080 277.6 WBT Charlotte, N. C. 1080 277.6 WCBD Waukegan. Ill. 1080 277.6 WMBI Chicago, Ill.	50,000 5,000 5,000
	ETTING	E 000	DIAL SETTING 1090 275.1 KMOX St. Louis, Mo.	50,000
970 309.1 KJR 970 309.1 WCFL 970 309.1 WIBG	Seattle, Wash. Chicago, Ill. Glenside, Pa.	5,000 5,000 100	DIAL SETTING 1100 272.6 KGDM Stockton, Calif.	2 50
DIAL S 980 305.9 KDKA	Pittsburgh, Pa.	50,000	1100 272.6 KGDM Stockton, Calif. 1100 272.6 KWKH Shreveport, La. 1100 272.6 WLWL New York, N. Y. 1100 272.6 WPG Atlantic City, N. J	10,000 5,000

Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters	Location	Watts	Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters 1200 249.9 KMLB	Location Monroe, La.	Watts 100
DIAL S 1110 270.1 KSOO 1110 270.1 WRVA	ETTING Sioux Falls, S. Dak. Richmond, Va.		1200 249.9 K00S 1200 249.9 KSUN 1200 249.9 KVOS 1200 249.9 KWG 1200 249.9 WABI 1200 249.9 WABI	Marshfield, Oreg. Bisbee, Ariz. Bellingham, Wash. Stockton, Calif. Bangor, Me. Ponca City, Okla.	250 100 100 100 100 100
DIAL S 1120 267.7 KF10 1120 267.7 KF5G 1120 267.7 KRKD 1120 267.7 KRSC 1120 267.7 WDEL 1120 267.7 WISN 1120 267.7 WTAW	ETTING Spokane, Wash. Los Angeles, Calif. Seattle, Wash. Wilmington, Del. Milwaukee, Wis. Boston, Mass. College, Sta. Tex.	100 1,000 100 500 1,000 500 500 500	1200 249.9 WBHS 1200 249.9 WCAT 1200 249.9 WCAT 1200 249.9 WCAX 1200 249.9 WCLO 1200 249.9 WCLO 1200 249.9 WFBE 1200 249.9 WHBY 1200 249.9 WHBY 1200 249.9 WHBY 1200 249.9 WL 1200 249.9 WL	Huntsville, Ala. New Orleans, La. Rapid City, S. Dak. Burlington, Vt. Janesville, Wis. South Bend, Ind. Cincinnati, Ohio Canton, Ohio Green Bay, Wis. Utica, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. Bloomington, Ill.	100 100 100 100 250 250 250 300 250 100
DIAL S 1130 265.3 KSL 1130 265.3 WJJD 1130 265.3 WOV	ETTING Salt Lake City, Utah Chicago, Ili. New York, N. Y.		1200 249.9 WJBL 1200 249.9 WJBW 1200 249.9 WKBO 1200 249.9 WKJC 1200 249.9 WLVA 1200 249.9 WMPC 1200 249.9 WNBO	Decatur, Ill. New Orleans, La. Harrisburg, Pa. Lancaster, Pa. Lynchburg, Va. Lapeer, Mich. Silverhaven, Pa.	100 100 250 250 250 100 100
DIAL S 1140 263.0 KVOO 1140 263.0 WAPI	ETTING Tulsa. Okla. Birmingham. Ala.	25,000 5,000	1200 249.9 WRBL 1200 249.9 WWAE	Columbus, Ga. Hammond, Ind.	100 100
DIAL S 1150 260.7 WHAM	ETTING Rochester, N. Y.	50,000	1210 247.8 KASA 1210 247.8 KDLR 1210 247.8 KFJI 1210 247.8 KFOR 1210 247.8 KFPW	ETTING Elk City. Okla. Devils Lake, N. Dak. Klamath Falls, Oreg. Lincoln, Nebr. Fort Smith. Ark.	100 250 1 <u>0</u> 0
DIAL S 1160 258.5 WOWO 1160 258.5 WWVA	ETTING Fort Wayne, Ind. Wheeling, W. Va.	10,000 5,000	1210 247.8 KFVS 1210 247.8 KFXM 1210 247.8 KGY 1210 247.8 KIEM 1210 247.8 KPPC	Cape Girardeau, Mo. San Bernardino, Calif Clympia. Wash. Eurcka, Calif. Pasadena, Calif.	250 100 100 100 50
DIAL S 1170 265.3 WCAU	ETTING Philadelphia, Pa.	50.0 00	1210 247.8 KWEA 1210 247.8 KWTN 1210 247.8 WALR 1210 247.8 WBAX 1210 247.8 WBBL 1210 247.8 WBBL 1210 247.8 WBRB	Shreveport, La. Watertown, S. Dak. Zanesville, Ohio Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Richmond, Va. Red Bank, N. J.	100 100 100 100 100 100
DIAL S 1180 254.1 KEX 1180 254.1 KOB 1180 254.1 WDGY 1180 254.1 WINS 1180 254.1 WMAZ	ETTING Portland. Oregon Albuquerque, N. M. Minneapolis, Minn. New York, N. Y. Macon, Ga.	5,000 10,000 5,000 1,000 1,000	1210 247.8 WCOL 1210 247.8 WCRW 1210 247.8 WEBQ 1210 247.8 WEBC 1210 247.8 WEBC 1210 247.8 WFAS 1210 247.8 WGBM 1210 247.8 WGCM 1210 247.8 WGNY	Columbus, Ohio Chicago, Ill. Harrisburg, Ill. Chicago, Ill. White Plains, N. Y. Freeport, N. Y. Gulfport, Miss.	100 100 250 100 100 100 250 100
1190 252.0 WATR 1190 252.0 WOAI	ETTING Waterbury, Conn. San Antonio, Tex. Huntington, W. Va.	100 50.000 1,000	1210 247.8 WHBF 1210 247.8 WHBU 1210 247.8 WIBU 1210 247.8 WJBY 1210 247.8 WJEJ 1210 247.8 WJIM	Chester, N. Y. Rock Island, Ill. Anderson, Ind. Poynette, Wis. Gadsden, Ala. Hagerstown, Md. Lansing, Mich.	250 100 250 100 100 250
DIAL S 1200 249.9 KADA 1200 249.9 KBTM 1200 249.9 KFJB 1200 249.9 KFXD 1200 249.9 KFXJ 1200 249.9 KGDE 1200 249.9 KGEK 1200 249.9 KGFJ 1200 249.9 KGHI	ETTING Ada, Okla. Jonesboro, Ark. Marshalltown, Iowa Nampa, Idaho Grand Junetion, Colv Fergus Falls, Minn. Sterling, Colo. Los Angeles, Calif. Little Rock, Ark.	100 100 250 250 250 250 100 100 250	1210 247.8 WJW 1210 247.8 WKOK 1210 247.8 WKOK 1210 247.8 WMBG 1210 247.8 WMFG 1210 247.8 WOCL 1210 247.8 WOCL 1210 247.8 WPAX 1210 247.8 WSBC 1210 247.8 WSIX 1210 247.8 WSIX 1210 247.8 WSIX	Akron, Ohio Sunbury, Pa. Richmond, Va. Hibbing, Minn. Jamestown, N. Y. Manitowoc, Wis. Thomasville, Ga. Chicago, Ill. Springfield, Tenn. Charlotte, N. C. Springfield, Ill.	100 100 250 100 50 100 100 100 100 250 100

Kilo-	Me-	Call		
cycles	ters	Letters	Location	

DIAL SETTING.....

1220 245.8 KFKU	Lawrence, Kans.	1.000
1220 245.8 KTW	Seattle, Wash.	1.000
1220 245.8 KWSC	Pullman, Wash.	2,000
1220 245.8 WCAD	Canton, New York	500
1220 245.8 WCAE	Pittsburgh, Pa.	1,000
1220 245.8 WDAE	Tampa, Fla.	2,500
1220 245.8 WREN	Lawrence, Kans.	5.000

DIAL SETTING.....

1230 243.8 KGGM	Albuquerque, N. M.	500
1230 243.8 KYA	San Francisco, Calif.	1,000
1230 243.8 WFBM	Indianapolis, Ind.	1,000
1230 243.8 WNAC	Boston, Mass.	1,000

DIAL SETTING.....

1240 241.8 KGCU	Mandan, N. Dak.	250
1240 241.8 KLPM	Minot, Ń. Dak.	250
1240 241.8 KTAT	Fort Worth, Tex.	1,000
1240 241.8 KTFI	Twin Falls, Idaho	1,000
1240 241.8 WXYZ	Detroit, Mich.	1,000

DIAL SETTING....

1250 239.9 KFOX	Long Beach, Calif.	-1,000
1250 239.9 WCAL	Northfield, Minn.	2,500
1250 239.9 WDSU	New Orleans, La.	1,000
1250 239.9 WHBI	Newark, N. J.	2,500
1250 239.9 WLB	Minneapolis, Minn.	1,000
1250 239.9 WNEW	Newark, N. J.	2,500
1250 239.9 WTCN	Minneapolis, Minn.	5,000

DIAL SETTING.

1260 238.0 KGVO	Missoula, Mont.	1,000
1260 238.0 KOIL	Council Bluffs, Iowa	2,500
1260 238.0 KPAC	Port Arthur, Texas	500
1260 238.0 KRGV	Weslaco, Tex.	500
1260 238.0 KUOA	Favetteville. Ark.	1.000
1260 238.0 KVOA	Tucson, Ariz.	500
1260 238.0 WHIO	Dayton, Ohio	1.000
1260 238.0 WNBX	Springfield, Vt.	1.000
1260 238.0 WTOC	Savannah, Ga.	1.000

DIAL SETTING.....

1270 236.1 H		Decorah, Iowa	100
1270 236.1 H	KOL	Seattle, Wash.	2,500
1270 236.1 I	KVOR	Colo. Springs, Colo.	1,000
1270 236.1 H	KWLC	Decorah, Iowa	100
1270 236.1 N	WASH	Grand Rapids, Mich	. 500
1270 236.1 N	WFBR	Baltimore, Md.	500
1270 236.1 \	MIDX	Jackson, Miss.	2,500
1270 236.1 N	W00D	Grand Rapids, Mich	

DIAL SETTING.....

1280 234.2 KFBB	Great Falls, Mont.	2,500
1280 234.2 WCAM	Camden, N. J.	500
1280 234.2 WCAP	Asbury Park, N. J.	500
1280 234.2 WDOD	Chattanooga, Tenn.	5,000
1280 234.2 WIBA	Madison, Wis.	1,000
1280 234.2 WORC	Worcester, Mass.	500
1280 234.2 WRR	Dallas, Tex.	500
1280 234.2 WTNJ	Trenton, N. J.	500

Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters Location Watts

DIAL SETTING.....

		KDYL	Salt Lake City, Utah	1,000
1290	232.4	KLCN	Blytheville, Ark.	100
1290	232.4	WEBC	Superior, Wis.	2,500
1290	232.4	WJAS	Pittsburgh, Pa.	2,500
12 9 0	232.4	WNBZ	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	100

DIAL SETTING.....

1300 230.6 KAL	E Portland, Oregon	500
1300 230.6 KFA		1,000
1300 230.6 KFH	Wichita, Kans.	1,000
1300 230.6 KFJI		500
1300 230.6 WBB	R Brooklyn, N. Y.	1,000
1300 230.6 WEV	D New York, N. Y.	1,000
1300 230.6 WFA	B New York, N. Y.	1,000
1300 230.6 WFB		5,000
1300 230.6 WHA	Z Troy, N. Y.	500
1300 230.6 WIO		

DIAL SETTING.....

1310 1310	228.9 228.9	KCRJ KFPBK KFPM KFPN KGPX KGBX KGBX KGBX KGBX KGBX KGBX KGBX KGB	Jerome, Ariz. Sacramento, Calif. Dublin, Tex. Greenville, Tex. Oklahoma City, Okla. Lubbock, Tex. Springfield, Mo. Wolf Point, Mont. Kaispell, Mont. Kaispell, Mont. Kaispell, Mont. Kearney, Nebr. Yakima, Wash. Santa Fe, N. M. Medford, Oregon Shreveport, La. El Paso, Tex. Aberdeen, Wash. Laurel, Miss. Marquette, Mich. Terre Haute Ind. Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Joliet, Ill. El Paso, Tex. Buffalo, N. Y. Royal Oak, Mich. Altoona, Pa. Flint, Mich. Newport News, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Johnstown, Pa. Muncie, Ind. Laconia, N. H. Auburn, N. Y. Plattsburg, N. Y. New Bedford, Mass. Washington, D. C. Reading, Pa. Knoxville, Tenn. Grove City, Pa. Birningham, Ala. Winston-Salem, N. C. Philadelphia, Pa. Jackson, Tenn. Elkhart, Ind.	$\begin{array}{c} 100\\ 100\\ 10\\ 250\\ 250\\ 250\\ 250\\ 250\\ 250\\ 100\\ 250\\ 100\\ 250\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 100\\ 1$
310	228.9	WSAL		
310	228 9	WSAL		
1310	228.9	WROL		
1310	228.9	WUL		
			Flatisburg, N. Y.	
1210	220.7	WWWBU	Auburn, N. Y.	
			Lacoma, N. Fl.	
1210	228 9	WINH		
1310	228.9	WLBC		
1310	228.9	WJAC		
1310	228.9	WHAT		100
1310	228.9	WGH	Newport News, Va.	250
1310	228.9	WFDF	Flint, Mich.	
1310	228.9	WFBG		
1310	228.9	WEXL		
1310	228.9	WEBR		
1210	220.7			
1210	220.7			
1210	220.7	WCIS		
เรียด	228.9	WROW		
1310	228.9	WBEO		
1310	228.9	WAML		
1310	228.9	KXR0	Aberdeen, Wash,	
1310	228.9	KTSM	El Paso, Tex.	100
1310	228.9	KRMD	Shreveport, La.	100
1310	228.9	KMED	Medford, Oregon	250
310	228.9	KIUJ		100
310	228.9	KIT		250
310	228.9	KGFW		100
310	228.9	KGEZ		100
310	228.9	KGCX		250
310	228.9	KGBX	Springfield, Mo.	
310	228.9	KFY0	Lubbock, Tex.	
310	228.9	KFXR	Oklahoma City, Okla.	250
1310	228.9	KFPM		15
1310	228.9	KFPL		100
310	228.9	KFBK	Sacramento, Calif.	100
310	228.9	KCRJ	Jerome, Ariz,	100

DIAL SETTING.....

1320 227.1 1320 227.1	Pueblo, Colo. Idaho Falls, Idaho	500 500
	addition a deliter addition	200

Watts

_Page 116____

Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters Locatjon 1320 227.1 KRNT Des Moines, Io 1320 227.1 WADC Akron, Ohio 1320 227.1 WSMB New Orleans, 1320 277.1 WORK York, Pa.	2,500	Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters 1370 218.8 WGL 1370 218.8 WHBD 1370 218.8 WHBO 1370 218.8 WHBO 1370 218.8 WJBM 1370 218.8 WJTL	Location Fort Wayne, Ind. Mount Orab, Ohio Memphis, Tenn. Calumet, Mich. Jackson, Mich. Atlanta, Ga.	Watts 100 100 250 250 100
DIAL SETTING 1330 225.4 KGB 1330 225.4 KMO 1330 225.4 KSO 1330 225.4 KTRH 1330 225.4 KTRH 1330 225.4 KTRH 1330 225.4 WDRC 1330 225.4 WTAQ 1330 225.4 WTAQ	if. 1,000 . 250 wa 2,500 s 2,500 n. 2,500 io 2,500	1370 218.8 WLLH 1370 218.8 WMBR 1370 218.8 WMFD 1370 218.8 WOFD 1370 218.8 WOFB 1370 218.8 WOFB 1370 218.8 WRDM 1370 218.8 WRDM 1370 218.8 WRJN 1370 218.8 WSVS	Lowell, Mass. Jacksonville, Fla. Wilmington, N. C. Davenport, Iowa Hattiesburg, Miss. St. Albans, Vt. Williamsport, Pa. Augusta, Me. Racine, Wis. Buffalo, N. Y.	250 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 50

DIAL SETTING

LILL K					
1340 223.7 KFPY	Spokane, Wash.	1,000 250	DIAL S	ETTING	
1340 223.7 KGDY	Huron, S. Dak.		1380 217.3 KOH	Reno. Nevada	500
1340 223.7 KGNO	Dodge City, Kans.	250	1380 217.3 KOV	Pittsburgh, Pa.	500
1340 223.7 WCOA	Pensacola, Fla.	500	1380 217.3 WÀLA	Mobile, Ala.	1,000
1340 223.7 WFEA	Manchester, N. H.	1,000 1,000	1380 217.3 WKBH	La Crosse, Wis.	1.000
1340 223.7 WSPD	Toledo, Ohio	1,000		New Britain, Conn.	250
			1380 217.3 WSMK	Dayton, Ohio	200

DIAL SETTING.....

1350 222.1 KIDO	Boise, Idaho	2,500
1350 222.1 KWK	St. Louis, Mo.	2,500
1350 222.1 WAWZ	Zarephath, N. J.	1,000
1350 222.1 WBNX	New York, N. Y.	250

DIAL SETTING

	TING		DIAL S	SETTING	•
1360 220.4 KGER Lo		,000 J4	400 214.2 KLO	Ogden Utah	500
		5,000 14	400 214.2 KTUL	Tulsa, Okla.	500
		1, <u>000</u> 12	400 214.2 WARD	Brooklyn, N. Y.	500
		2,500 jz	400 214.2 WBBC	Brooklyn, N. Y.	500
		1,000 ja	400 214.2 WIRE	Indianapolis, Ind.	1,000
		1.000 14	00 214.2 WLTH	Brooklyn, N. Y.	500
1360 220.4 WSBT So	uth Bend, Ind.		00 214.2 WVFW		500

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DIAL SETTING.....

1370	218.8	KCRC	Enid, Okla.	250
1370	218.8	KERN	Bakersfield, Calif.	100
1370	218.8	KFGQ	Beone, Ia.	100
1370	218.8	KFJM	Grand Forks, N. Dak.	100
1370	218.8	KFJZ	Fort Worth, Tex.	100
1370	218.8	KFR0	Long View, Tex.	100
1370	218.8	KGAR	Tucson, Ariz.	250
1370	218.8	KGFG	Oklahoma City, Okla.	100
1370	218.8	KGFL	Roswell, N. M.	10/0
		KGKL	San Angelo, Tex.	100
1370	218.8	KICA	Clovis, N. M.	100
1370	218.8	KLUF	Galveston, Tex.	250
		KMAC	San Antonio, Tex.	100
		KONO	San Antonio, Tex.	100
		KRE	Berkeley, Calif.	100
		KRK0	Everett, Wash.	50
		KSLM	Salem, Oregon	100
		KÜJ	Walla Walla, Wash.	100
		KVL	Seattle, Wash.	100
		KWKC	Kansas City, Mo.	100
		KWY0	Sheridan, Wyo.	100
		WABY	Albany, N. Y.	100
		WAGF	Dothan, Ala. Danville, Va.	100
		WBTM		250
		WCBM	Baltimore, Md.	250
1370	218.8	WDAS	Philadelphia, Pa.	250

DIAL SETTING.....

 DIAL
 SETTING......

 1390
 215.7
 KLRA
 Little Rock, Ark.

 1390
 215.7
 KOY
 Phoenix, Ariz.

 1390
 215.7
 WHK
 Cleveland, Ohio

1410 212.6 KGRS	Amarillo, Tex.	2,500
1410 212.6 WAAB	Boston, Mass.	500
1410 212.6 WBCM	Bay City, Mich.	500
1410 212.6 WDAG	Amarillo, Tex.	2,500
1410 212.6 WHBL	Sheboygan, Wis.	500
1410 212.6 WHIS	Bluefield, W. Va.	500
1410 212.6 WRBX	Roanoke, Va.	500
1410 212.6 WROK	Rockford, Ill.	500
1410 212.6 WSFA	Montgomery, Ala.	1,000

2,500 1,000 1,000

DIAL SETTING.....

1420 211.1	KABC	San Antonio, Tex.	100
1420 211.1	KABR	Aberdeen, S. Dak.	100
142 0 211.1	KBPS	Portland, Oregon	100
1420 211.1	KCMC	Texarkana, Ark.	100
1420 211.1	KFIZ	Fond Du Lac, Wis.	100
1420 211.1	KGFF	Shawnee, Okla.	100
1420 211.1	KGGC	San Francisco, Calif.	100
1420 211.1	KGIW	Alamosa, Colo.	100
1420 211.1	KGIX	Las Vegas, Nev.	250
1420 211.1	KIDW	Lamar, Colo.	100
1420 211.1	KORE	Eugene, Oregon	100
1420 211.1	KRLC	Lewiston, Idaho	100
1420 211.1	KUMA	Yuma, Ariz	100

Kilo- Me- Call cycles ters Letters	Location	Watts	Kilo- Me- Cal cycles ters Lette
1420 211.1 KXL	Baton Rouge, La.	100	.,
1420 211.1 WACO	Ironwood, Mich.	100	
1420 211.1 WAGM	Cicero, Ill.	100	DIAI
1420 211.1 WAZL	Lexington, Ky.	250 100	1470 204.0 KGA
1420 211.1 WCBS 1420 211.1 WEED	Kansas City, Kans. Erie, Pa.	250	1470 204.0 WLA
1420 211.1 WEHC	Springfield, Mass.	250	
1420 2111 WEHS	Detroit, Mich.	250 250	DIAT
1420 211.1 WELL 1420 211.1 WGPC 1420 211.1 WHDL 1420 211.1 WHDL 1420 211.1 WHFC	Joplin, Mo.	250	DIAI 1480 202.6 KOM
1420 211.1 WGPC	Daytona Beach, Fla. Muscle Shoals, Ala.	100 100	1480 202.6 WKE
1420 211.1 WHEC	Paducah. Ky	100	
1420 211.1 WILM 1420 211.1 WJBO	Paducah, Ky. Portland, Oregon	100	k.
1420 211.1 WJBO	Waco, Texas	100	DIAI
1420 211.1 WJMS 1420 211.1 WKBI	Presque Isle, Me.	100 100	1490 201.2 WCK
1420 211.1 WKBI 1420 211.1 WKBI	Hazleton, Pa. Springfield, Ill.	100	
1420 211.1 WLBF	Rocky Mount, N. C.	100	
1420 211.1 WLAP 1420 211.1 WLBF 1420 211.1 WLBF 1420 211.1 WLEU 1420 211.1 WMAS	Charlottesville, Va.	250	DIAL
1420 211.1 WMAS	Cicero, Ill.	100 100	1500 199.9 KDB
	Battle Creek, Mich. Albany, Ga.	100	1500 199.9 KGF 1500 199.9 KGF
1420 211.1 WMBH 1420 211.1 WMFJ	Olean, N. Y.	100	1500 199.9 KGF
1420 211.1 WNRA	Cicero, Ill.	100	1500 199.9 KGK
1420 211.1 WPAD	Wilmington, Del.	100	1500 199.9 KNO
			1500 199.9 KOT
DIAL S	ETTING		1500 199.9 KPJ 1500 199.9 KPQ
1430 209.7 KECA	Los Angeles, Calif.	1,000	1500 199.9 KRE
1430 209.7 KGNF 1430 209.7 KSO	North Platte, Nebr.	1,000 500	1500 199.9 KX0
1430 209.7 KSO 1430 209.7 WBNS	Des Moines, Iowa	1,000	1500 199.9 WCN
1430 209.7 WHEC	Columbus, Ohio Rochester, N. Y.	1,000	1500 199.9 WDN 1500 199.9 WDR
1430 209.7 WHP 1430 209.7 WNBR	Harrisburg. Pa.	1.000	1500 199.9 WGA 1500 199.9 WJB
1430 209.7 WNBR	Memphis, Tenn.	1,000	1500 199.9 WJB
1430 209.7 WOKO	Albany, N. Y.	1,000	1500 199.9 WKE
			1500 199.9 WKB 1500 199.9 WKB
	ETTING		1500 199.9 WKE
1440 208.2 KDFN 1440 208.2 KLS	Casper, Wyo.	500 250	1500 199.9 WME
1440 208.2 KXYZ	Oakland, Calif. Houston, Tex.	500	1500 199.9 WME
1440 208.2 WBIG	Greensboro, N. C.	1,000	1500 199.9 WNB 1500 199.9 WOP
1440 208.2 WCBA	Allentown, Pa.	500	1500 199.9 WRG
1440 208.2 WMBD 1440 208.2 WSAN	Peoria, Ill.	1.000 500	1500 199.9 WSY
1440 200.2 WSAN	Allentown, Pa.		1500 199.9 WTM 1500 199.9 WWF
DILL C	DURING		1500 199.9 WWS
1450 206.8 KTBS	ETTING.	1,000	
1450 206.8 WGAR	Shreveport, La. Cleveland Ohio	1,000	
1450 206.8 WHOM	Cleveland, Ohio Jersey City, N. J.	250	DIAL
1450 206.8 WSAR	Fall River, Mass.	250	1530 196.0 W1X
1450 206.8 WTFI	Athens. Ga.	500	1530 196.0 W9X
	THEFT		
DIAL S	ETTING	25 000	DIAL

Kilo-	Me-	Call		
cycles	ters	Letters	Location	Watts

DIAL	SETTING	
1470 204.0 KGA	Spokane, Wash.	5,000
1470 204.0 WLAC	Nashville, Tenn.	5,000

DIAL SETTING		
1480 202.6 KOMA 1480 202.6 WKBW	Oklahoma City, Okla. Buffalo, N. Y.	5,000 5,000
L		

DIAL SETTING..... 1490 201.2 WCKY Covington, Ky. 5,000

DIAL SETTING.....

DIAL SETTING			
1500 199.9 KDB	Santa Barbara, Calif.	100	
1500 199.9 KGFI	Corpus Christi, Tex.	250	
1500 199.9 KGFK	Moorehead, Minn.	100	
1500 199.9 KGKB	Tyler, Texas	100	
1500 199.9 KGKY	Scottsbluff, Nebr.	250	
1500 199.9 KNOW	Austin, Tex.	100	
1500 199.9 KOTN	Pine Bluff, Ark.	100	
1500 199.9 KPJM	Prescott, Ariz.	100	
1500 199.9 KPO	Wenatchee, Wash.	250	
1500 199.9 KREG	Santa Ana, Calif.	100	
1500 199.9 KX0	El Centro, Calif.	100	
1500 199.9 WCNW	Brooklyn, N. Y.	250	
1500 199.9 WDNC	Durham, N. C.	100	
1500 199.9 WDRW	Augusta, Ga.	100	
1500 199.9 WGAL	Lancaster, Pa.	250	
1500 199.9 WJBK	Detroit, Mich.	100	
1500 199.9 WKBB	E. Dubuque, Ill.	100	
1500 199.9 WKBV	Richmond, Ind.	100	
1500 199.9 WKBZ	Muskegon, Mich.	250	
1500 199.9 WKEU	Griffin, Ga	100	
1500 199.9 WMBO	Brooklyn, N. Y.	100	
1500 199.9 WMEX	Boston, Mass.	250	
1500 199.9 WNBF	Binghamton, N. Y.	250	
1500 199.9 WOPI	Bristol, Tenn.	100	
1500 199.9 WRGA	Rome, Ga.	100	
1500 199.9 WSYB	Rutland, Vt.	100	
1500 199.9 WTMV	E. St. Louis, Ill.	100	
1500 199.9 WWRL	Woodside, N. Y.	250	
1500 199.9 WWSW	Pittsburgh, Pa.	250	

	I	DIAL S	ETTING	
1530	196.0	W1XBS	Waterbury, Conn.	1.000
1530	196.0	W9XBY	Kansas City, Mo.	1,000

1460 205.4 KSTP St. Paul-Mpls., Minn. 25,000 DIAL SETTING...... 1460 205.4 WJSV Washington, D. C. 10,000 1550 193.4 W6XAI Bakersfield, Calif. 1,000

Bisbee

Jerome

Phoenix

U. S. BROADCASTERS ARRANGED ACCORDING TO LOCATION

ALABAMA

Birmingham	
Birmingham	
Birmingham	

WAPI	
WBRC	
WSGN	

Dothan
Gadsden
Mobile
Montgomery
Muscle Shoals

WAGF
WJBY
WALA
WSFA
WNRA

ARIZONA

~	KSUN
	KCRJ
	KOY

_____ Page 118____

Phoenix	KTAR
Prescott	Kpjm
Tucson	Kgar
Tucson	Kvoa
Yuma	Kuma
ARKANS Fayetteville	KUOA
Fort Smith	KFPW
Hot Springs	KTHS
Jonesboro	KBTM
Little Rock	KARK
Little Rock	KGHI
Little Rock	Klra
Pine Bluff	KOTN
Texarkana	KCMC
CALIFOR	
Bakersfield	KERN
Bakersfield	W6XAI
Berkeley Beverly Hills	KRE KMPC KX0
El Centro Eureka Fresno	KIEM KMJ
Glendale	KIEV
Hollywood	KMTR
Long Beach	KFOX
Long Beach	Kger
Los Angeles	KECA
Los Angeles	KFAC
Los Angeles Los Angeles	KFI KFSG KFVD
Los Angeles Los Angeles Los Angeles Los Angeles Los Angeles	KFWB KGFJ
Los Angeles	KHJ
Los Angeles	KNX
Los Angeles	KRKD
Los Angeles	KTM
Oakland	KLS
Oakland	KLX
Oakland	KROW
Pasadena	KPPC
Sacramento	KFBK
San Bernardino	KFXM KFSD
San Diego	KGB
San Francisco	KFRC
San Francisco	KGGC
San Francisco	KGO
San Diego San Francisco San Francisco San Francisco San Francisco San Francisco San Francisco	KJBS KPO KTAB
San Francisco San Francisco San Jose	KYA KOW
Santa Ana	KŘEG
Santa Barbara	KDB
Stockton -	KGDM
Stockton	KWG
COLORA	DO
Alamosa	KGIW
Colorado Springs	KVOR
Denver	KFEL
Denver	Klz
Denver	Koa
Denver Denver Denver	KPOF
Grand Junction Greeley	KVOD KFXJ KFKA
Pueblo	KGHF
Sterling	Kgek

CONNEC.	FICUT
Bridgeport	WICC WDRC
Hartford Hartford	WTIC
Storrs Waterbury	WCAC WATR
Waterbury	W1XBS
DELAW	
Wilmington Wilmington	WDEL WILM
DIST. OF	COLUM.
Washington Washington	WJSV WMAL
Washington	WOL
Washington	WRC
FLORI	DA WFLA
Clearwater Gainesville	WRUF
Jacksonville Jacksonville	WJAX Wmbr
Miami	WIOD
Miami Orlando	WQAM WDBO
Pensacola St. Petersburg	WCOA WSUN
Tampa	WDAE
GEOR	
Athens Atlanta	WTFI WGST
Atlanta	WJTL WSB
Atlanta Augusta	WRDW
Columbus Griffin	WRBL WKEU
Macon	WMAZ WRGA
Rome Savannah	WTOC
Thomasville	WPAX
IDAH Boise	IO KIDO
Idaho Falls	KID
Lewiston Nampa	KRLC KFXD
Pocatello Twin Falls	KFXD KSEI KTFI
IVIII I and ILLIN	
Bloomington	WJBC
Carthage Chicago	WCAZ WAAF
Chicago	WBBM
Chicago Chicago	WCFL WCRW
Chicago Chicago	WEDC WENR
Chicago	WGES WGN
Chicago Chicago	MJ1D
Chicago Chicago	WLS WMAQ
Chicago Chicago	WMBÌ WSBC
Cicero	WEHS
Cicero Cicero	WHFC WKBI
Decatur E. St. Louis	WJBL WTMV
Harrisburg	WEBQ

Joliet Peoria Quincy Rockford Rock Island Springfield Springfield Tuscola Urbana Waukegan	WCLS WMBD WROK WROK WHBF WCBS WTAX WDZ WILL WCBD
INDIAN.	A
Anderson Elkhart Evansville Ft. Wayne Ft. Wayne Gary Hammond Indianapolis Indianapolis Muncie Richmond South Bend South Bend Terre Haute W. Lafayette	WHBU WTRC WGBF WGL WOWO WIND WWAE WFBM WIRE WLBC WKBV WFAM WSBT WBOW WBAA
IOWA	
Ames Boone Cedar Rapids Council Bluffs Davenport Des Moines Des Moines Dubuque Iowa City Marshalltown Shenandoah Sieux City	WOI KFGQ WMT KOIL WOC KRNT KSO WHO WKBB WSUI KFJB KFNF KMA KSCJ
KANSA	s
Abilene Coffeyville Dodge City Kansas City Lawrence Lawrence Manhattan Topeka Wichita	KFBI KGGF KGNO WLBF KFKU WREN KSAC WIBW KFH
KENTUC	KΥ
Covington Lexington Louisville Louisville Paducah	WCKY WLAP WAVE WHAS WPAD
LOUISIA	NA
Baton Rouge Monroe New Orleans New Orleans New Orleans New Orleans Shreveport Shreveport Shreveport	WJB0 KMLB WBN0 WJSU WSMB WWL KRMD KTBS KWKH

MAINE Augusta Bangor WRDO WABI WLBZ Bangor Portland WCSH Presque Isle WAGM

MARYLAND Baltimore WBAL

Baltimore	• WCAO
Baltimore	WCBM
Baltimore	WFBR
Cumberland	WTB0
Hagerstown	WJEJ

MASSACHUSETTS

Boston	WAAB
Boston	WBZ
Boston	WEEI
Boston	WHDH
Boston	WMEX
Boston	WNAC
Fall River	WSAR
Lowell	WLLH
Needham	WBSO
New Bedford	WNBH
Springfield	WBZA
Springfield	WMAS
Worcester	WORC
Worcester	WTAG

MICHIGAN

Battle Creek	WELL
Bay City	WBCM
Calumet	WHDF
Detroit	WJBK
Detroit	WJR
Detroit	WMBC
Detroit	WWJ
Detroit	WXYZ
E. Lansing	WKAR
Flint	WFDF
Grand Rapids	WASH
Grand Rapids	WOOD
Ironwood	WJMS
Jackson	WIBM
Kalamazoo	WKZO
Lansing	WJIM
Marquette	WBEO
Muskegon	WKBZ

MINNESOTA

Duluth	WEBC
Fergus Falls	KGDE
Minne. & St. Paul	KSTP
Minne. & St. Paul	WCCO
Minne. & St. Paul	WDGY
Minne. & St. Paul	WLB
Minne. & St. Paul	WTCN
Moorehead	KĠFK
Northfield	WCAL

MISSISSIPPI

Gulfport	WGCM
Hattiesburg	W P F B
Jackson	MIDX
Laurel	WAML
Meridian	WCOC
Vicksburg	WQBC

MISSOURI

Cape Girardeau	KFVS
Columbia	KFRU

Jefferson City Joplin Kansas City Kansas City Kansas City Kansas City Kansas City St. Joseph St. Jouis St. Louis St. Louis St. Louis St. Louis St. Louis St. Louis Springfield Springfield	WOS WMBH KMBC KWKC WDAF WHB W9XBY KFEQ KFUO KFUO KMOX KSD KWK WEW WIL KGBX KWTO
MONTAL	NA
Billings Butte Great Falls Kalispell Missoula Wolf Point	KGHL KGIR KFBB KGEZ KGV0 KGCX
NEBRAS	KA
Clay Center Kearney Lincoln Norfolk North Platte Omaha Omaha Scottsbluff York	KMMJ KGFW KFAB KFOR WJAG KGNF KOIL WAAW WOW KGKY KGBZ
NEVAD	A
Reno	K0H
NEW HAMP Laconia Manchester Portsmouth	SHIRE WLNH WFEA WHEB
NEW JER	SEV
Asbury Park Atlantic City	WCAP
Camden Jersey City Jersey City Newark Newark Red Bank Trenton Zarephath	WPG WCAM WAAT WHOM WHBI WNEW WOR WBRB WTNJ WAWZ
Jersey City Jersey City Newark Newark Red Bank Trenton Zarephath	WCAM WAAT WHOM WHBI WNEW WOR WBRB WTNJ
Jersey City Jersey City Newark Newark Red Bank Trenton Zarephath	WCAM WAAT WHOM WHBI WNEW WOR WBRB WTNJ WAWZ
Jersey City Jersey City Newark Newark Red Bank Trenton Zarephath NEW MEZ Albuquerque Albuquerque C'ovis	WCAM WAAT WHOM WHBI WNEW WOR WBRB WTNJ WAWZ KICO KGGM KOB KICA KIUJ

Brooklyn	WCNW
Brooklyn	WLTH
Brooklyn	WMBQ
	VINDQ
Brooklyn	WVFŴ
Buffalo	WBEN
Buffalo	WEBR
Buffalo	MCD
	WGR
Buffalo	WKBW
Canton	MCAD
	WCAD
Chester	WGNY
Elmira	WESG
Freeport	WGBB
Jamestown	
Jamestown	WOCL
New York City New York City New York City New York City New York City	WABC
New York City	WBNX
New TORK City	VVDNA
New York City	WEAF
New York City	WEVD
N N I GIV	
New York City	WFAB
New York City	WHN
New York City New York City	
New York City	WINS
New York City	WJZ
New Vaul City	10/1 10/1
New FORK City	WLWL
New York City	WMCA
Nam Vauls Citas	
New York City	WNYC
New York City	wov
Olean	WHDL
Plattsburg	WMFF
Rochester	WHAMI
Rochester	WHEC
Schenectady	WGY
Syracuse	WFBL
C	WOVD
Syracuse	WSYR
Syracuse	WSYU
Troy	WHAZ
1109	
Utica	WIBX
White Plains	WFAS
Woodside	WWRL
11 OUTSIDE	
NODELLOAD	AT TAT 4
NORTH CAR	JLINA
Ashavill.	WWNC
Asheville	
Charlotte	WBT
Charlotte	WSOC
Durham	WDNC
Greensboro	WBIG
	MOTO
Raleigh	WPTF
Rocky Mount	WEED
Winston-Salem	WSJS
NODELL	7.000
NORTH DAI	VULA
Bismarck	
DISINGFUR	
	KFYR
	KFYR KDLR
Devils Lake	KFYR KDLR
Devils Lake Fargo	KFYR KDLR WDAY
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks	KFYR KDLR WDAY
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot OHIO	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot OHIO Akron	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot OHIO Akron Akron	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM WADC WJW
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot OHIO Akron Akron Canton	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM WADC WJW WHBC
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot OHIO Akron Akron Canton	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM WADC WJW WHBC
Devils Lake Fargo Grand Forks Mandan Minot OHIO Akron Akron	KFYR KDLR WDAY KFJM KGCU KLPM WADC WJW

Cincinnati WKRC WLW Cincinnati Cincinnati WSAI Cleveland WGAR WHK Cleveland Cleveland Cleveland WTAM Columbus WAIU Columbus Columbus WBNS WCOL Columbus WOSU Dayton Dayton WHIO WSMK

Mount Orab	WHBD WSPD	RHODE IS		Salt Lake City Salt Lake City	KDYL KSL
Toledo Youngstown	WKBN	Providence	WEAN	Sait Bake Oity	
Zanesville	WALR	Providence	WJAR	VERMO	NT
Zanesvine		Providence	WPRO	Burlington	WCAX
				Rutland	WSYB
OKLAH	OMA.	SOUTH CAI	ROLINA	St. Albans	WQDM
Ada	KADA			Springfield -	WNBX
	KASA	Charleston	WCSC WIS	Waterbury	WDEV
Elk City Enid	KCRC	Columbia	WFBC	MIDON	** 1
Norman	WNAD	Greenville	WSPA	VIRGIN	
Oklahoma City	KFXR	Spartanburg	WOFA	Bristol	WOPI
Oklahoma City	KGFG			Charlottesville	WEHC
Oklahoma City	KOMA	SOUTH DA	АКОТА	Danville	WBTM
Oklahoma City	WKY	Aberdeen	КАВР	Lynchburg	WLVA
Ponca City	WBBZ	Brookings	KFDY	Newport News	WGH WTAR
Shawnee	KGFF	Huron	KGDY	Norfolk	WPHR
Tulsa	KTUL	Rapid City	WCAT	Petersburg Richmond	WBBL
Tulsa	KV00	Sioux Falls	KSOO	Richmond	WMBG
		Vermillion	KUSD	Richmond	WRVA
ODEO	ON	Watertown	KWTN	Roanoke	WDBJ
OREG	UN	Yankton	WNAX	Roanoke	WRBX
Corvalis	KOAC			Roanone	
Eugene	KORE	TENNES	SEE	WASHIN	GTON
Klamath Falls	KFJI	Bristol	WOPI	Aberdeen	KXR0
Marshfield	KOOS	Chattanooga	WDOD	Bellingham	KVOS
Medford	KMED	Jackson	WTJS .	Everett	KRK0
Portland	KALE	Knoxville	WNOX	Olympia	KGY
Portland	KEX	Knoxville	WROL	Pullman	ĸwsc
Portland	KFJR	Memphis	WHBO	Seattle	KJR
Portland	KGW	Memphis	WMC	Seattle	KOL
Portland	KOIN	Memphis	WNBR	Seattle	KOMO
Portland	KMJI	Memphis	WREC	Seattle	KPCB
Portland Salem	KXL KSLM	Nashville	WLAC	Seattle	KRSC KTW
Salem	NO LIM	Nashville	WSM	Seattle Seattle	ŘVL
		Springfield	WSIX	Seattle	KXA
PENNSYL	VANIA			Spokane	KFIO
Allentown	WCBA	TEXA	s	Spokane	KFPY
Allentown	WSAN	Amarillo	KGRS	Spokane	KGA
Altoona	WFBG	Amarillo	WDAG	Spokane	кно
Glenside	WIBG	Austin	KNOW	Tacoma	KMÓ
Greensburg	WHJB	Beaumont	KFDM	Tacoma	KVI
Grove City	WSAJ	College Sta.	WTAW	Walla Walla	KUJ
Harrisburg	WHP	Corpus Christi	KGFI	Wenatchee	KPQ
Harrisburg	WKB0	Dallas	KRLD	Yakima	KIT
Hazleton	WAZL	D 11			
		Dallas	WFAA	WEST VI	CINTA
Johnstown	WJAC	Dallas	WRR	WEST VII	
Lancaster	WGAL	Dallas Dublin	WRR KFPL	Bluefield	WHIS
Lancaster Lancaster	WGAL WKJC	Dallas Dublin El Paso	WRR KFPL KTSM	Bluefield Charleston	WHIS WCHS
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont	WHIS WCHS WMMN
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont	WHIS WCHS WMMN
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling WISCON	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WIP	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling WISCON Eau Claire	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WIP WPEN	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Houston	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling WISCON Eau Claire Fond Du Lac	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WIP	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFR0	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling WISCON Eau Claire	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WDAS WFIL WHAT WIP WPEN WRAX	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Houston Longview Lubbock	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFR0 KFY0	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling WISCON Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WIP WPEN WRAX WTEL	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WIPAT WIPEN WRAX WTEL KQKA KQV WCAE	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Houston Longview Lubbock	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFR0 KFY0	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pitsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WIP WPEN WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KONO	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Manitowoc	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA (SIN WTAQ KFIZ WHAQ WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WOMT
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KMAC KONO KTSA	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Malison Manitowoc Milwaukee	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WIBA WIBA WIBN
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WIPAT WIPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KMAC KONO KTSA WOAI	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Milwaukee	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WOMT WISN WTMJ
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WIP WPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KABC KONO KTSA WOAI KCMC	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WOMT WISN WTMJ WIBU
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Phitsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW WGBI	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Texarkana Tyler	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KONO KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WIBA WISN WTMJ WISN WTMJ WIBU WRJN
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WFAS WFIL WHAT WIP WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW WEEU WRAW WGBI WQAN	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Texarkana Tyler Waco	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KARC KFYO KGKL KABC KONO KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB WACO	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine Sheboygan	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WIBA WIBN WTMJ WIBU WRJN WHBL
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton Silverhaven	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WIPAT WIPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW WGBI WQAN WNBO	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Weslaco	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KABC KABC KABC KABC KONO KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB WACO KRGV	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine Sheboygan Stevens Point	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA (SIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHBY WISN WTMJ WISN WTMJ WISN WTBU WRJN WHBL WLBL
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton Scranton Silverhaven Sunbury	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WHAT WPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW WEEU WRAW WGBI WQAN WNBO WKOK	Dallas Dublin El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Texarkana Tyler Waco	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KARC KFYO KGKL KABC KONO KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB WACO	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine Sheboygan	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WIBA WIBN WTMJ WIBU WRJN WHBL
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton Scranton Silverhaven Sunbury Wilkes-Barre	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WIPAT WIPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW WGBI WQAN WNBO	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Weslaco Wichita Falls	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KOAN KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB WACO KGKO KGKO	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine Sheboygan Stevens Point	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WIBA WIBA WIBJ WIBU WRJN WHBL WLBL WEBC
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton Scranton Silverhaven Sunbury	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WFAT WIP WPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WCAE WSW WGBI WQAN WNBO WKOK WGAX	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Weslaco	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KOAN KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB WACO KGKO KGKO	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine Sheboygan Stevens Point Superior	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA ISIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHA WIBA WIBA WIBA WIBJ WIBU WRJN WHBL WLBL WEBC
Lancaster Lancaster Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Pittsburgh Reading Reading Scranton Scrant	WGAL WKJC KYW WCAU WDAS WFIL WIPEN WRAT WIPEN WRAX WTEL KDKA KQV WCAE WJAS WWSW WEEU WRAW WGBI WQBAN WNBO WKOK WBAE	Dallas Dublin El Paso El Paso Fort Worth Fort Worth Houston Houston Houston Longview Lubbock San Angelo San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio San Antonio Weslaco Wichita Falls	WRR KFPL KTSM WDAH KFJZ KTAT WBAP KPRC KTRH KXYZ KFRO KGKL KABC KOAN KTSA WOAI KCMC KGKB WACO KGKO KGKO	Bluefield Charleston Fairmont Huntington Wheeling Eau Claire Fond Du Lac Green Bay Janesville La Crosse Madison Madison Madison Manitowoc Milwaukee Poynette Racine Sheboygan Stevens Point Superior WYOM	WHIS WCHS WMMN WSAZ WWVA (SIN WTAQ KFIZ WHBY WCLO WKBH WHBY WIBA WIBA WIBA WIBA WISN WTMJ WISN WTMJ WIBU WRJN WHBL WEBC IN G

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COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM NETWORK STATIONS

Basic	Network Stations
CKLW	Detroit-Windsor
KFAB .	Omaha-Lincoln
KMBC .	Kansas City
KMOX .	St. Louis
KRNT .	Des Moines
WABC .	New York
WADC .	Akron
	Chicago
	Baltimore
WCAU .	Philadelphia
	Hartford
	Providence
	Indianap olis
	Syracuse
WGR-	
	Buffalo
	Louisville Cleveland
	Pittsburgh
	Washington
	Boston
	Albany
	Toledo
W510 .	
Basic S	upplementary Group
WBNS .	Columbus
	Manchester
	Rochester
	Harrisburg
	Utica
	Bridgeport
	Youngstown
	Bangor
	Springfield
WMBD .	Peoria

Desta National Carations

WORC	Worcester
wowo	Fort Wayne
WPG	Atlantic City
WSBT	South Bend
WSMK	Dayton
WWVA	Wheeling

Hawaiian Service

KGMBHonolulu

Southcentral Group

WALAMobile WBRCBirmingham WCOAPensacola WDODChattanooga WDSUNew Orleans WGSTNashville WNACNashville WNOXKnoxville WRECMemphis

Southeastern Group

WBIGGreensboro
WBTCharlotte
WDBJRoanoke
WDNC Durham
WMBG Richmond
WSJSWinston-Salem
WTOCSavannah

Florida Group

WDAE	Tampa
WDB0	Orlando
WQAM	Miami
WMBR	Jackson ville

Northwestern Group

KSCJSioux City WCCOMinneapolis WNAXYankton WOCDavenport

Canadian Group

CFRBToronto CKACMontreal

Southwestern Group

KFHWichita KGKOWichita Falls KLRALittle Rock KOMAOklahoma City KRLDDallas KTRHHouston KTSASan Antonio KTULTulsa KWKHShreveport WACOWaco WIBWTopeka

Mountain Group

KLZDenver KOHReno KSLSalt Lake City KVORColorado Springs

Pacific Coast Group

KFPYSpokane KFRCSan Francisco KGBSan Diego KHJLos Angeles KOINPortland KOL-KVI ..Seattle-Tacoma

NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY NETWORK STATIONS

STATIONS TAKING THE BLUE SERVICE

KDKA	Pittsburgh
KOIL	Council Bluffs
KS0	Des Moines
KWK	St. Louis
WBAL	Baltimore
WBZ	Boston
WBZA	Springfield

WCKY.....Covington WENR-WLS.Chicago WFIL.....Philadelphia WGAR....Cleveland WHAM....Rochester WJR.....Detroit WJZ.....New York WMAL.....Washington WMT.....Cedar Rapids WREN.....Lawrence WSYR.....Syracuse

STATIONS TAKING THE RED SERVICE

KSD	.St. Louis
KYW	. Philadelphia
WBEN	.Buffalo
WCAE	. Pittsburgh

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WCSH Portland
WDAF Kansas City
WEAF New York
WEEIBoston
WFBRBaltimore
WGYSchenectady
WHIO Dayton
WHO Des Moines
WJAR Providence
WMAQChicago
WOWOmaha
WRC Washington
WSAICincinnati
WTAG Worcester
WTAMCleveland
WTICHartford
WWJDetroit

ALTERNATE STATIONS AVAILABLE TO RED OR BLUE WIRE.....Indianapolis WLW.....Cincinnati

SUPPLEMENTARIES CARRYING RED OR BLUE SERVICE

.....

Canadian

CFCF.....Montreal

CRCT.....Toronto

Southeastern	Group
WFLA-	1
WSUN Tamp	ba
WIOD Miam	ni
WIS Colur	
WJAXJacks	
WPTF Ralei	
WRVARich	mond
WSOC Char.	lotte
WTAR Norf	olk
WWNCAshe	ville

Northwestern Group

KFYR	. Bismarck
KSTP	. Minn, St. Paul
WDAY	Fargo
WEBC	Duluth-Superior
WIBA	. Madison
WTMJ	. Milwaukee

Southwestern Group

KPRC..... Houston KTBS.... Shreveport KTHS.... Hot Springs KV00..... Tulsa WBAP.....Fort Worth WFAA.....Dallas WKY......Oklahoma City WOAI.....San Antonio

Mountain Group KDYL..... Salt Lake City KOA...... Denver

Basic Pacific Coast Network KFI...... Los Angeles KGW......Portland KHQ......Spokane KOMO.....Seattle KPO......San Francisco

Pacific Coast Supplementary KFSD......San Diego KTAR..... Phoenix

North Mountain Group KGHL..... Billings KGIR.....Butte

Special Hawaiian Service KGU......Honolulu

INDEPENDENT NETWORKS AND THEIR STATIONS

COLORADO RADIO
- NETWORK
KFEL-KV0DDenver
KGHF Pueblo
KVOR Colorado Springs
DON LEE BROADCASTING
SYSTEM
California Group
KDB Santa Barbara KERNBakersfield
KERN Bakersfield
KFBK Sacramento
KFRC San Francisco
KGBSan Diego
KHJLos Angeles
KMJ Fresno
KWG Stockton
Northwestern Group
KFPYSpokane
KOINPortland
KOLSeattle
KVITacoma
Mountain Group
KLZDenver KOHReno
KOHReno
KSLSalt Lake City MASON DIXON RADIO
MASON DIXON RADIO
GROUP
WAZLHazelton, Pa.
WDEL Wilmington, Del.
WGAL Lancaster, Pa.
WILM Wilmington, Del
WORK York, Pa.
MICHIGAN RADIO
NETWORK
WBCMBay City

WELLBattle Creek
WFDFFlint
WIBMJackson
WJIMLansing
WKZOKalamazoo
WOOD-
WASH Grand Rapids
WXYZDetroit
MUTUAL BROADCASTING
SYSTEM
WGNChicago
WLWCincinnati
WORNewark
WXYZDetroit
NEW ENGLAND
NETWORK
WCSHPortland, Me.
WEEL Destand, Me.
WEEI Boston, Mass.
WJAR Providence, R. I. WTAG Worcester, Mass.
WIAG Worcester, Mass.
WTIC Hartford, Conn. N. CALIF. BROADCASTING
SYSTEM
KJBSSan Francisco
KQWSan Jose
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
NETWORK
KFOX Long Beach
KFWBLos Angeles, Cal.
KFXMSan Bernardino
KMPCBeverly Hills
SOUTHWEST BROADCAST-
ING SYSTEM
Basic Network
KNOW Austin

KRLD KTAT KTRH KTSA	Okla. City Dallas Fort Worth Bouston San Antonio Waco
WRR .	Dallas
Supp	lementary Stations
KFDM	Beaumont
KGKO	Wichita Falls
KGRS	Amarillo
KLRA	Little Rock
KWKH	Shreveport
WISC	ONSIN LEAGUE OF
	ADIO STATIONS
WCLO	Janesville
WHBL	Sheboygan
WHBY	Green Bay
WIBU	Poynette
WKBH	La Crosse
WRJN	Racine
WTAQ	Eau Claire
THE `	ANKEE NETWORK
WAAB	Boston
WDRC	Hartfo rd
WEAN	Providence
WFEA	Manchester
WICC	Bridgeport
WLBZ	Bangor
WLLH	Lowell
WMAS	Springfield
WNAC	Boston
WNBH	New Bedford
WORC	Worcester
WRDO	Augusta

CANADIAN BROADCASTING STATIONS

(Arranged Alphabetically by Call Letters)

Call	Kilo-			Call	Kilo-		
Letters	cycles	Watts	Location	Letters	cycles	Watts	Location
CFAC	930	100	Calgary, Alta.	CJRC	1390	100	Winnipeg, Man.
CFCF	600	400	Montreal, Que.	CJRM	540	1,000	Moose Jaw, Sask.
CFCH	930	100	North Bay, Ont.	CKAC	730	5,000	Montreal, Que,
CFCN	1 0 30	10,000	Calgary, Alt.	CKCD	1010	100	Vancouver, B. C.
CFCO	1050	100	Chatham, Ont.	сксн	1210	100	Hull, Que.
CFCT	1450	50	Victoria, B. C.	скск	1010	500	Regina, Sask.
CFCY	630	650	Charlottetown, P. E. I.	CKCL	580	100	Toronto, Ont.
CFJC	880	100	Kamloops, B. C.	сксо	1010	100	Ottawa, Ont.
CFLC	930	100	Prescott, Ont.	CKCR	1510	100	Waterloo, Ont.
CFNB	550	1,000	Fredericton, N. B.	скси	1310	50	Quebec, Que.
CFPL	730	100	London, Ont.	сксw	1370	100	Moncton, N. B.
CFQC	840	1,000	Saskatoon, Sask.	CKFC	1410	50	Vancouver, B. C.
CFRB	690	10,000	Toronto, Ont.	CKGB	1420	100	Timmins, Ont.
CFRC	1510	100	Kingston, Ont.	CKIC	1010	50	Wolfville, N. S.
CFRN	1260	100	Edmonton, Alta.	CKLW	1030	5,000	Windsor, Ont.
CHAB	1200	100	Moose Jaw, Sask.	скмо	1410	100	Vancouver, B. C.
CHGS	1450	50	Summerside, P. E. I.	CKNC	1420	100	Toronto, Ont.
CHLP	1120	100	Montreal, Que.	CKOC	1120	1,000	Hamilton, Ont.
CHML -	1010	50	Hamilton, Ont.	CKOV	630	100	Kelowna, B. C.
CHNS	930	1,000	Halifax, N. S.	CKPC	930	100	Brantford, Ont.
CHRC CHSJ	580 1120	100	Quebec, Que.	CKPR	930	100	Fort William, Ont.
CHWC	1010	100 500	St. John, N. B.	СКТВ	1200	100	St. Catharines, Ont.
CHWK	780	100	Regina, Sask.	CKUA	580	500	Edmonton, Alta.
CJAT	910	250	Chilliwack, B. C.	CKWX	1010	100	Vancouver, B. C.
CJCA	730	1,000	Trail, B. C. Edmonton, Alta.	СКХ СКҮ	1120 960	100	Brandon, Man.
CJCB	1240	1,000	Sydney, N. S.	CRCK	1050	15,000	Winnipeg, Man.
CICI	690	100	Calgary, Alta.	CRCM	910	1,000 5,000	Quebec, Que.
CJGX	630	500	Yorkton, Sask.	CRCO	880	1,000	Montreal, Que.
CJIC	890	100	S. Ste. Marie, Ont.	CRCS	950	100	Ottawa, Ont.
CJKL	1310	100	Kirkland Lake, Ont.	CRCT	840	5,000	Chicoutimi, Que.
CJOC	1230	100	Lethbridge, Alta.	CRCV	1100	500	Toronto, Ont.
CJOR	600	500	Vancouver, B. C.	CRCW	600	1,000	Vancouver, B. C. Windson Ont
	000	200	ancouver, D. C.		000	1,000	Windsor, Ont.

CANADIAN STATIONS BY LOCATION

CICOW

3.4

Alberta
Calgary CFAC
CFCN
CJCJ
Edmonton CFRN
CJCA
CKUA
LethbridgeCJOC
British Columbia
ChilliwackCHWK
KamloopsCFJC
KelownaCKOV
TrailCJAT
VancouverCJOR
CKCD
CKFC
CKMO
CKWX
CRCV
VictoriaCFCT
Manitoba
BrandonCKX
WinnipegCJRC
СКҮ
New Brunswick
FrederictonCFNB

MonetonCKCW St. JohnCHSJ
Nova Scotia
HalifaxCHNS SydneyCJCB WolfvilleCKIC
Ontario
BrantfordCKPC ChathamCFCO Ft. WilliamCKPR HamiltonCHML CKOC KingstonCFRC Kirkland LakeCJKL LondonCFPL North BayCFCH OttawaCFCH OttawaCFCC PrescottCFLC St. CatharinesCKTB Sault Ste. MarieCJIC TimminsCKB TorontoCFRB CKCL CKNC

CANADIAN STATIONS BY FREQUENCY

Kilo-	Cali			Kilo-	Call		
cycles	Letters	Location	Watts	cycles	Letters	Location	Watts
540	CJRM	Moose Jaw, Sask		1010	снус	Regina	500
550	CFNB	Fredericton	1,000	1010	CKCD	Vancouver	100
580	CHRC	Quebec	100	1010	CKCK	Regina	500
580	CKCL	Toronto	100	ičič	CKCO	Ottawa, Ont.	100
580	CKUA	Edmonton	500	1010	CKIC	Wolfville	50
600	CFCF	Quebec	400	1010	CKWX	Vancouver	100
600	CJOR	Vancouver	500	1030	CFCN	Calgary	10,000
60 0	CRCW	Windsor	1,000	1030	CKLW	Windsor	5,000
630	CFCY	Charlottetown	650	1050	CFCO	Chatham	100
630	CJGX	Yorkton	500	1050	CRCK	Quebec	1,000
630	CKOV	Kelowna	100	1100	CRCV	Vancouver	500
690	CFRB	Toronto	10,000	1120	CHLP	Montreal	100
690	CICI	Calgary	100	1120	CHSJ	St. John	100
730	CFPL	London	100	1120	скос	Hamilton	1,000
730	CJCA	Edmonton	1,000	1120	СКХ	Brandon	100
730	CKAC	Montreal	5.000	1200	CHAB	Moose Jaw	100
780	сник	Chilliwack	100	1200	CKTB	St. Catharines	100
840	CFQC	Saskatoon	1,000	1210	СКСН	Hull	100
840	CRCT	Toronta	5,000	1230	CIOC	Lethbridge	100
880	CFJC	Kamloops	100	1240	CICB	Sydney	1,000 100
880	CRCO	Ottawa	1,000	1260	CFRN	Edmonton	100
890 910	Clic	Sault Ste. Marie	100 250	1310 1310	CKCV Cikl	Kirkland Lake	50
910	CJAT	Trail		1370	CKCW	Queb ec Monct o n	100
930	CRCM	Montreal	5,000 100	1390	CJRC	Winnipeg	100
930	CFAC CFCH	Calgary	100	1410	CKFC	Vancouver	50
930	CFLC	North Bay Prescott	100	1410	CKMO	Vancouver	100
930	CHNS	Halifax	1,000	1420	CKGB	Timmins	100
930	CKPC	Brantford	100	1420	CKNC	Toronto	100
930	CKPR	Fort William	100	1450	CFCT	Victoria	50
050	CRCS	Chicoutimi	100	1450	CHGS	Summerside	50
960	CKY	Winnipeg	15,000	1510	CKCR	Waterloo	100
1010	CHML	Hamilton	50	1510	CFRC	Kingston	100
						5	

MEXICAN BROADCASTING STATIONS

(Arranged Alphabetically by Call Letters)

Call	Kilo-			Call	Kilo-	
Letters	cycles	Watts	Location	Letters	cycles Watts	Location
XEA	1060	125	Guadalajara	XEKL	920 500	Leon
XEAB	1210	7.5	Nuevo Laredo	XEL	1370 50	Saltillo
XEAE	980	250	Tijuana	XEMA	1080 50	Tampico
XEAF	108 0	250	Nogales	XEMO	860 2,500	Tijuana
XEAI	1240	100	Mexico City	XEMZ	1210 30	Tijuana
XEAL	660	1,000	Mexico City	XEN	710 1,000	Mexico City
XEA0	560	250	Mexicali	XENT	1120 150,000	Nuevo Laredo
XEAW	950	10,000	Reynosa	XEOX	640 250	Saltillo
XEAZ	1420	7	San Miguel Allende	XEP	820 500	Mixcoac
XEB	1030	10,000	Mexico City	XEPN	590 100,000	Piedras Negras
XEBC	760	5,000	Aguas Calientes	XES	970 250	Tampico
XECW	1310	10	Mexico City	XET	690 500	Monterrey
XED	1160	500	Guadalajara	XETB	1310 1 25	Torreon
XEE	1210	50	Durangø	XETH	1210 100	Puebla
XEFB	1120	100	Monterrey	XETW	820 500	Mexico City
XEFC	1310	100	Merida	XETZ	850 500	Mexico City
XEFE	1370	100	Nuevo Laredo	XEU	980 250	
XEFG	1100	250	Mexico City	XEW	890 50,000	
XEFI	720	250	Chihuahua	XEWZ	1150 100	Mexico City
XEFJ	1210	100	Monterrey	XEX	1310 125	Monterrey
XEF0	940	5,000	Mexico City	XEY	1150 10	Merida
XEFV	1210	100	Cuidad Juarez	XEYZ	780 10,000	Mexico City
XEFW	1310	250	Tampico	XEZZ	1370 100	San Luiz Potosi
XEFZ	1370	100	Mexico City	XFA	1310 5	Aguas Calientes
XEH	1150	250	Monterrey	XFB	1270 250	Jolapa
XEI	1370	125	Morelia	XFC	810 350	Aguas Calientes
XEJ	1020	250	Cuidad Juarez	XF0	940 5,000	Mexico City
XEK	990	100	Mexico City	XFX	610 500	Mexico City

MEXICAN BROADCASTING STATIONS ARRANGED BY FREQUENCY

cycles 1420 1370 1370 1370 1370 1310 1310 1310 131	Power Watts 7 100 125 50 100 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	Call Letters XEAZ XEFE XEI XEL XEZZ XEFC XEFC XEFC XEFC XEFB XEAB XEAB XEAB XEAB XEAB XEFJ XEFV XETH XED XETH XED XETH XED XETH XED XETH	Location San Miguel Allende Nuevo Laredo Mexico City Morelia Saltillo San Luis Potosi Mexico City Merida Tampico Torreon Monterrey Aguas Calientes Jolapa Mexico City Nuevo Laredo Durango Monterrey Ciudad Juarez Tijuana Puebla Guadalajara Monterrey Merida Mexico City	cycles 1080 1060 1020 990 980 970 940 940 940 920 850 850 850 820 810 780 720 710 690 660	Power Watts 50 125 10,000 250 250 250 250 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 2,500 5,000 2,500 3500 3500 3500 2,500 3500 2,50	Call Letters XEMA XEB XEJ XEA XEJ XEA XEA XEA XEA XEA XEA XEA XEA XEA XEA	Location Tampico Guadalajara Mexico City Ciudad Juarez Mexico City Tijuana Vera Cruz Tampico Reynosa Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Tijuana Mexico City Mixcoae Mexico City Mixcoae Mexico City Aguas Calientes Chihuahua Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Mexico City Monterrey Mexico City Monterrey
1150	10	XEY	Merida	690 660 640 610	500	XET	Monterrey

MEXICAN STATIONS BY LOCATION

Baja California		XEFZ Mexico City Nuevo		uevo Leon	
XEBC	Aguas Calientes	XEK	Mexico City	XEFB	Monterrey
XFA	Aguas Calientes	XEN	Mexico City	XEFJ	Monterrey
XFC	Aguas Calientes	XEP	Mexico City	XEH	Monterrey
XEA0	Mexicali	XETW	Mexico City	XET	Monterrey
XEAE	Tijuana	XETZ	Mexico City	XEX	Monterrey
XEMO	Tijuana	XEW	Mexico City		Puebla
XEMZ	Tijuana	XEWZ	Mexico City	XETH	Puebla
Chihuahua		XEYZ	Mexico City		Luis Potosi
XEFI	Chihuahua	XFO	Mexico City	XEZZ	San Luis Potosi
XEFV	Juarez	XFX	Mexico City		
		Dunanas			maulipas
XEJ Juarez			Durango	XEAF	Nogales
	Coahuila	XEE	Duraĥgo	XEAB	Nuevo Laredo
XEPN	Piedras Negras	Guanajuato		XEFE	Nuevo Laredo
XEL	Saltillo	Guanajuato		XENT	Nuevo Laredo
XEOX	Saltillo	XEKL	Leon	XEAW	Reynosa
XETB	Torreon ·	XEAZ	San Miguel	XEFW	Tampico
ALID	rorreon .		Allende	XEMA	Tampico
D. F .			T. 11.	XES	Tampico
XEAI	Mexico City	Jalisco		v	era Cruz
XEAL	Mexico City	XEA	Guadalajara	XFB	Jalapa
XEB	Mexico City	XED	Guadalajara	XEU	Vera Cruz
XECW	Mexico City	-	F A -		Yucatan
XEFG	Mexico City	N	lichoacan	XEFC	Merida
XEF0	Mexico City	XET	Morelia	XEY	Merida

PRINCIPAL SHORT-WAVE STATIONS OF THE WORLD

Me-Call ters Megs, Letters 10.22 29.35 PSH 10.25 29.27 LSK3 10.29 29.16 DIQ 10.30 29.13 LSL2 10.33 29.04 ORK 10.35 28.98 LSX 10.41 28.80 KES 10.41 28.80 PDK 10.43 28.76 YBG 10.55 28.44 WOK 10.67 28.10 WNB 10.77 27.85 GBP 11.72 25.60 CJRX 11.79 25.43 DJO 11.85 25.31 DJP 11.87 25.25 FYA 11.94 25.13 FTA 11.95 25.10 KKQ 12.15 24.69 GBS 12.29 24.41 GBU 12.40 24.20 CTIGO 12.78 23.47 GBC 12.84 23.36 WOO 13.07 22.94 VP1A 13.39 22.40 WMA 13.61 22.04 JYK 13.93 21.55 W8XK 13.97 21.47 GSH 13.99 21.44 GBA 14.40 20.78 GBW 14.47 20.73 WMF 14.48 20.71 YNA 14.48 20.71 TGF 14.48 20.71 HPF 14.48 20.71 TIR 14.50 20.69 LSM2 14.59 20.56 WMN 14.72 20.38 GAA 15.05 19.92 WNC 15.22 19.71 PCJ 15.24 19.68 FYA 15.25 19.67 W1XAL 15.26 19.66 GSI 15.28 19.63 DJQ 19.56 DJR 15.34 15.35 19.53 KWU 15.37 19.52 HAS3 15.81 18.98 LSL 15.93 18.33 PLE 16.06 18.68 OCI 16.11 18.62 GAU 16.27 18.44 WOG 16.27 18.44 WLK 16.35 18.35 FZS 16.39 18.30 YVR 16.86 17.79 GSG 16.87 17.78 W3XAL 16.87 17.78 PHI 16.91 17.74 HSP 17.08 17.56 GBC 17.12 17.52 DFB 17.12 17.52 WOO 17.31 17.33 W3XL 17.76 16.89 IAC 17.76 16.89 DJE

Hurlingham, Argentina Konigswusterhausen, Ger. Hurlingham, Argentina Ruysselede, Belgium Monte Grande, Argentina Bolinas, Calif. Kootwijk, Holland Medan, Sumatra Lawrenceville, N. J. Lawrenceville, N. J. Rugby, England Winnipeg, Canada Berlin, Germany Berlin, Germany Paris, France St. Assise, France Bolinas, Calif. Rugby, England Rugby, England Parede, Portugal Rugby, England Ocean Gate, N. J. Suva, Fiji Islands Lawrenceville, N. J. Kemikawa-Cho, Chibaken, Japan Pittsburgh, Pa. Daventry, England Rugby, England Rugby, England Lawrenceville, N. J. Managua, Nicaragua Guatemala City, Guat. Panama City, Pan. Cartago, Costa Rica Hurlingham, Argentina Lawrenceville, N. J. Rugby, England Hialeah, Florida Eindhoven, Holland Paris, France Boston, Mass. Daventry, England Berlin, Germany Berlin, Germany Dixon, Calif. Budapest, Hungary Hurlingham, Argentina Bandoeing, Java Lima, Peru Rugby, England Ocean Gate, N. J. Lawrenceville, N. J. Saigon, Indo-China Maracay, Venezuela Daventry, England Boundbrook, N. J. Huizen, Holland Bangkok, Siam Rugby, England Nauen, Germany Ocean Gate, N. J. Bound Brook, N. J.

Piza, Italy

Berlin, Germany

Location

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

Me- ters 17.81 18.04 18.13 18.20 18.25 18.31 18.34 18.34 18.51 18.90 18.97	Call Megs. Letters 16.84 PCV 16.63 GAB 16.54 ESY3 16.54 PMC 16.48 GAW 16.43 GAS 16.36 WLA 16.21 FZR3 15.88 FTK 15.88 FTK	Koo Ruy Moi Baa Ruy St. Ruy Sai St.
19.04 19.16 19.16 19.22 19.35 19.38 19.46 19.56 19.65 19.65 19.65 19.68 19.73 19.82 19.73 19.82 19.73 19.82 19.73 19.82 20.54 20.03 20.03 20.03 20.03 20.03 20.04 21.06 21.42 21.53 22.99 23.36 25.02 25.27 25.29 25.53 25.63 25.53 25.63 27.93 28.51 28.51 28.51 28.51 28.51 28.51 28.51 28.51 29.83 29.93 21.25 25.53 25.63 27.93 28.51 28.51 28.51 28.51 29.83 29.85 29.83 29.85 29.83 29.85 29.83 29.85 20.55 20.55 20.55 20.55 20.55 25.53 25.55 25.53 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55 25.55	15.76 JYT 15.66 GAP 15.66 JVE 15.62 JVF 15.60 WKF 15.50 FTM 15.48 WOP 15.41 KWO	Moi Hu Waa Bei Law Va' Moo Moo Maa Boi Moo Maa Boi Boi Nazz Law Da' Maa Boi Boi Saigi Piz Saigi Dav Moo Saigi Dav Dav Nazz Dav Dav Nazz Dav No Saigi Poi No Saigi Poi No No No No No No No No No No No No No
51.25	2.00 CHAA	LIS

I ocation otwijk, Holland gby, England nte Grande, Argentina idoeng, Java gby. England Assise, France gby, England wrenceville, N. J. gon, Indo-China Assise, France gby, England mikawa-Cho, Chibaken. anan gby, England zaki, Japan zaki, Japan wrenceville, N. J. Assise, France ean Gate, N. J. xon. Calif. henectady, N. Y. nte Grande, Argentina irlingham, Argentina ayne, N. J. ntoise. France tsburgh, Pa. rlin. Germany ventry, England wrenceville, N. J. tican City nte Grande. Argentina scow, Russia onte Grande, Argentina mila, P. I. gota, Colombia zaki. Japan neva. Switzerland rlingham, Argentina wrenceville, N. J. wrenceville, N. J. ventry, England gby, England gby, England raquay, Venezuela bat. Morocco a, Italy scow, Russia gon. Indo-China tsburgh, Pa. ventry, England nyne, N. J. ne, Italy ston, Mass. rlin, Germany ventry, England ntoise, France huku, Hawaii aki, Japan zaki, Japan dney, Australia nghai. China dan Sumatra ysselede, Belgium ndoeng, Java opoldville, Congo ou-Zabal, Egypt nilton, Bermuda nila, P. I. drid, Spain mikawa-Cho, Chibaken, apan me, Italy Lisbon, Portugal

Me-Call ters Megs. Letters 31.27 9.59 HBL 31.28 9.59 W3XAU 31.27 31.28 9.58 VK2ME 9.58 GSC 9.58 VK3LR 31.28 31.32 31 32 9.57 WIXK 31.36 31.38 9.56 DJA 9 54 LCL 31.40 9.54 DJN 31.45 31.48 9.53 W2XAF 9.51 VK3ME 31.55 31.55 9.51 GSB 31.58 9.50 PRF5 31.86 9.42 PLV 33.29 9.01 KEJ 33.44 8.97 VWY 8.77 PNI 34.19 37.33 8.03 CNR 38.07 7.88 JYR 38.47 779 HBP 39.89 7.52 KKH 39.95 7.51 JVP 7.47 JVO 40.16 40.55 7.40 HJ3ABD 41.60 7.21 HJ4ABB 42.86 7.00 HJ5ABE 44.44 6.75 JVT 45.00 6.66 HC2RL 45.11 6.65 IAC 45.31 6.62 PRADO 45.38 6.61 RW72 45.95 6.53 HIL 46.23 6.49 HJ5ABD 46.53 6.45 HJ1ABB 46.69 6.43 W3XL 6.32 HIZ 6.25 HJ3ABF 47.50 48.00 48.58 6.17 HJ2ABA 48.78 6.15 YV3RC 48.85 6.14 CJRO 48.86 6.14 W8XK 6.13 ZGE 48.92 49.02 49.02 6.12 YDA 6.12 W2XE 6.12 HJ1ABE 49.05 6.11 YV2RC 6.10 W3XAL 49.08 49.18 49.18 6.10 W9XF 49.26 6.09 VE9GW 6.09 VE9BJ 49.26 49.34 6.08 CP5 49.34 6.08 W9XAA 6.07 YE9CS 49.42 49.50 5.06 OXY 49.50 6.06 VQ7L0 49.50 6.06 W3XAU 6.06 W8XAL 49.50 49.83 6.02 DJC 49.83 6.02 CON 49.90 6.01 ZHI 49.92 6.00 XEBT 49.92 6.01 COC 6.00 RV59 50.00 5.97 HJ3ABH 5.97 HVJ 50.25 50.27 5.95 HJ4ABE 50.42 50.50 5.95 TGX 69.44 4.32 GDB 73.00 4.11 HCJB 3.55 CR7AA 84.67 3.49 PK1WK 85.96

Location Geneva, Switzerland Philadelphia. Pa. Sydney, Australia Daventry, England Melbourne, Australia Springfield, Mass. Berlin, Germany Jeloy, Norway Berlin, Germany Schenectady, N. Y Melbourne, Australia Daventry, England Rio de Janiero Bandoeng, Java Bolinas, Calif. Poona. India Makasser, Celebes, D. E. I. Rabat. Morocco Kemikawa-Cho. Chibaken. Japan Geneva, Switzerland Kahuku, Hawaii Nazaki, Japan Nazaki, Japan Bogota, Colombia Manizales, Colombia Cali, Colombia Nazaki, Japan Guavaguil. Ecuador Piza, Italy Rio Bamba Ecuador Moscow, Russia Santo Domingo Cali, Colombia Barranquilla, Colombia Boundbrook, N. J. Santo Domingo Periera, Colombia Tunja, Colombia Caracas, Venezuela Winnipeg, Canada Pittsburgh, Pa Kuala Lumpor, Federated Malay States Bandoeng, Java New York, N. Y Cartagena, Colombia Caracas, Venezuela Boundbrook, N. J. Chicago, Ill. Bowmanville, Ontario St. John, New Bruns. La Paz, Bolivia Chicago, Ill. Vancouver, British Col. Skamleboak, Denmark Nairobi, Kenya Col., Afr. Philadelphia, Pa. Cincinnati, Ohio Berlin, Germany Macao, China Singapore, Malaya Mexico City, Mexico Havana, Cuba Moscow, Russia Bogota, Colombia Vatican City Medellin, Colombia Guatemala City, Guat. Rugby, England Quito, Ecuador Mozambique, E. Africa Bandoeng, Java

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HELPFUL SUGGESTIONS FOR THE TUNING OF SHORT-WAVE SETS

TO TUNE short waves successfully, set owners must learn: (1) Tuning dials must be turned very slowly and patiently. (2) Short-wave stations are not on the air twenty-four hours a day, or even eighteen in most cases. (3) The best time to listen depends not alone on whether the station is broadcasting, but its frequency, the time of day and the season of the year. Some frequencies are best heard during daylight, some night; these also vary with the season.

As a general rule, best short-wave reception will be had between the hours of 5 a. m. and 12 midnight. Likewise, when there is daylight between the station and the point of reception, best results are more regularly observed on frequencies from 21 to 15 megacycles (21,-000 to 15,000 kilocycles, or from 13 to 20 meters). When night at the transmitter and day at the receiving point, the 15 to 8.5 megacycle (20 to 35 meter) band gives best results, and when night at transmitter and receiver and between, frequencies below 8.5 megacycles (over 35 meters) afford maximum signals.

Due to a vagary of short-wave transmission known as the "skip distance," powerful stations less than five hundred miles distant may be barely audible, if that, while foreign stations having less power may pound in strongly.

Despite the fact that radio manufacturers are as careful as possible in the calibration or marking of their dials, the dial reading, owing to slight differences in otherwise identical sets, may vary several points from a true reading. An accurate record of dial readings, together with the correct megacycles or meters of known stations, should be kept by every serious short-wave listener. The variance from accuracy thus can be allowed for in seeking to locate a station which never has been heard before but whose frequency is known.

Page 132 will be found especially useful for the recording of dial readings against the true frequencies of the stations you receive.

It may be convenient for you also to know the time difference between Greenwich Meridian Time (known as G.M.T. and used in England and on the Continent) and your local time. G.M.T. is four hours *ahead* of Eastern Daylight, five hours *ahead* of Eastern Standard or Central Daylight, six hours *ahead* of Central Standard, seven hours *ahead* of Mountain, and eight hours *ahead* of Pacific time.

Pacific time. G.M.T. is also generally quoted in terms of the twenty-four hour clock dial system. For example, an announcer may say that it is "23:30 o'clock G. M. T." This would be 6:30 p. m. Eastern Standard time.

It is very important that you employ a good, properly erected doublet type antenna in order to achieve maximum success. Do not neglect this vital point.

Advance programs of leading foreign short-wave stations are published weekly in the RADIO GUIDE. Many of these broadcasts are well worth hearing.

Although no attempt has been made to list herein the thousands of airplane, police, ship and anateur transmitters, the frequencies where these may be heard are as follows. Each figure represents the center of an asigned band. Transmitters of each class will be found slightly above and below each megacycle figure given:

and below each megacycle figure given: AIRPLANES: 5.7 and 3.46 meg., POLICE: 2.46 and 1.64 meg., SHIPS: 12.82, 8.51 and 4.25 meg., AMATEURS: 14.21, 3.98 and 1.87 meg.

REMEMBER—that one thousand kilocycles equal one megacycle. Thus 5,700 kilocycles equal 5.7 megacycles. Easy? Just substitute a period for a comma, or vice versa. Kilocycles frequency may be translated to meters wave-length by dividing the number of kilocycles into 300,000. This also works conversely. Thus 5,700 kc. equal 52.63 meters. Or, reversing the process. 50 meters equal 6,000 kilocycles.

For the avid listener, publications of short-wave clubs are recommended. The Globe Circler is the official and comprehensive monthly medium of the International DX'ers Alliance, address: Bloomington, Ill., and Short Wave Radio Reception News is the compact fortnightly bulletin of the Chicago Short Wave Radio Club, address: P. O. Box 240, Chicago, Ill.

all Letters	Location	Dial Setting
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Call Letters	Location	Dial Setting
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SH	IORT	-WAVE	STATIONS	RECEIVED		
Date	Time	Call	Location	Frequency	Dial	
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					A15	

Saturday MY FAVORITE EVENING PROGRAMS OF THE WEEK Friday Thursday Wednesday Tuesday Monday Sunday **45.30 45** 30 15 $\frac{15}{30}$ $\frac{15}{30}$ 00 Hour Page 133

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