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EDITORIAL

RADICAL CHANGES IN RECEIVER COM-PONENT design and application, based on wartime research, are soon to make their

appearance.

Of particular interest at the present are two developments of miniature items — self-supporting baseless tubes and dry-disc rectifiers. Most receivers will use these miniature type tubes, which will be for 6- and 12-volt applications. Large tubes, with bases, are expected to be used only in larger-type receivers where additional power is required. In such instances, high heat dissipation is involved and bases and larger tube envelopes are necessary.

The dry discs are expected to replace tube rectifiers in many types of receivers. New developments in barrier construction now permit operation of the discs to as high as 50 volts per disc. Heretofore it was only possible to go as high as only 20 volts per disc. The drytype rectifiers also have the unlimited life advantage, provided, of course, they

are not overloaded.

The miniature sizes of these components have already resulted in many unique circuit and layout applications, affording production of extremely small receivers with unusually high efficiency factors.

In view of the importance of these developments, a series of articles discussing their design and application have been prepared for early presentation in Service. Watch for this series!

British Manufacturers have adopted television training programs for Service Men on a large scale. The courses, which run from one to three weeks, are quite comprehensive. In one ten-day course, a manufacturer is offering a discussion of the fundamental principles of television; block diagrams of typical receivers; analyses of cathode-ray tubes, power packs, video amplifiers, scanning generators, sync separation, time constants, integration and differentiation. antennas, feeders, and matching systems. Circuits of all available types of television receivers are also discussed and chassis of new receivers carefully analyzed.

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Here is a program that warrants close study!



Vol. 15. No. 8

August, 1946

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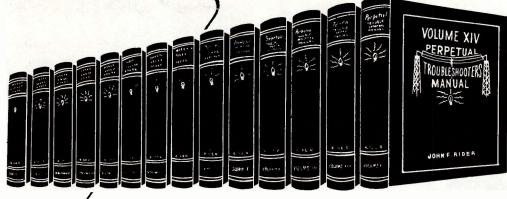
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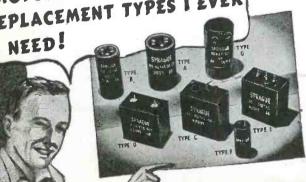
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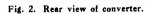
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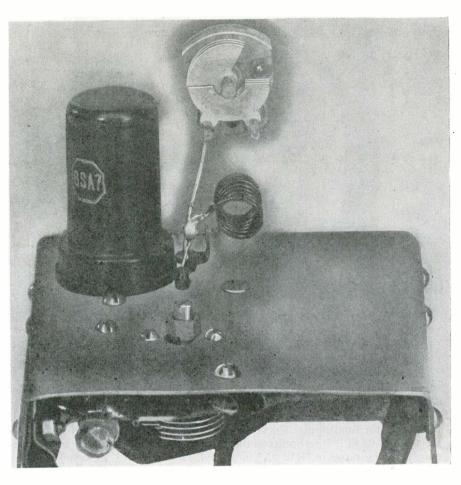
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Fig. 1. Front view of converter.





A 88 to 108-Mc CONVERTER For The New F-M Band

WITH THE SHIFT OF THE F-M BAND to 88 to 108 mc, the lower frequency f-m receivers faced obsolescence unless they could be converted to cover the new v-h-f ranges. One type converter that provides such coverage is discussed in this article. This model is easy to align, uses no special high frequency tubes or parts, and is reasonably selective and sensitive.

The converter uses a single 6SA7 pentagrid converter, which secures its power from the old f-m set. The lower-frequency f-m model is also used as a fixed i-f tuned to 43 mc. The converter does all the tuning. Alignment is ac-

by SAMUEL SABAROFF

Transmitter Engineer, WCAU

complished by using the old f-m set as a frequency meter.

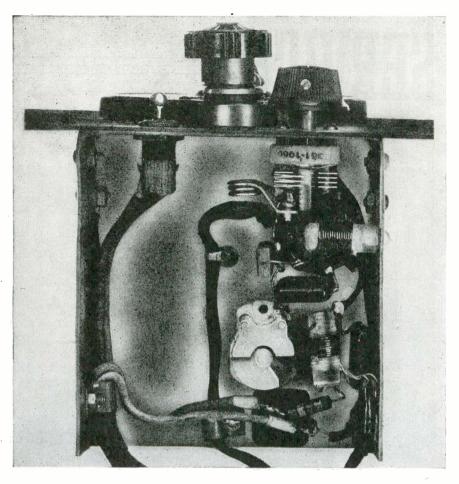
The 6SA7 tube acts as both oscillator and mixer. It might be asked how this tube can be used for service at 100 mc when its characteristics are generally described for the lower frequencies only. The reason lies in the fact that the oscillator frequency is 43 mc below r-f range. Thus for the 88 to 108-mc band the oscillator tuning range is 45-65 mc, a range at which the 6SA7 readily oscillates. The con-

version efficiency, however, is not as high as at the lower frequencies.

It will be noted that the lowest oscillator frequency of 45 mc is 2 mc higher than the i-f of 43 mc. This is more than sufficient to prevent any interaction.

Harmonics and Their Cure

The use of this frequency arrangement does result in a partial repeat spectrum in the normal r-f range due to conversion taking place by means of the oscillator third harmonic. When the oscillator is tuned from 45 to 65 mc, the third harmonic will vary from



135 to 195 mc. The difference between this and the 43-mc i-f results in a response range of 92 to 152 mc. The response, due to the oscillator fundamental, is simultaneously 88 to 108 mc.

Since the third harmonic varies faster than the fundamental, the repeat spectrum of 92 to 108 mc occurs in the normal tuning range of 88 to 93.3 mc. Sufficient preselection would minimize such harmonic conversion, but this is out of the question in a simple converter. Fortunately, the third harmonic conversion efficiency is considerably less than that at the fundamental. When interference does take place, it is possible to shift the i-f somewhat, until a desired station is received without interference. Reducing the antenna coupling will also help.

When the converter is tuned to near minimum oscillator capacity, it may be possible to hear another repeat spectrum. This is outside the normal range of the converter and thus creates no problem. This repeat spectrum is due to conversion by means of the oscillator second harmonic. When the fundamental varies from 65.5 to 75.5 mc, the second harmonic will vary from 131 to 151 mc. The difference between this and the 43-mc i-f affords coverage of the 88 to 108 mc bands.

Circuit Features

For simplicity, the r-f section and

the oscillator were tuned separately. This is no great disadvantage since for most signals, the r-f tuning is broad and is used as a touch up after a station is selected by means of the oscillator tuning. On weak signals however, the r-f tuning may bring a station up from no signal to full signal.

The converter, Figure 4, is essentially the same as that used at the lower frequencies. It will be noticed, however, that the heater is supplied through an r-f choke, and through the cathode tap on the oscillator coil. It is here assumed that one side of the heater is grounded. If this is not true, then a choke will have to be placed in each heater lead and a six-conductor cable used for power instead of the five-conductor cable that is shown.

The physical construction of the converter may be varied to suit the individual taste of the constructor. The photographs illustrate a model for application to the side of the cabinet of an a-m receiver. The old f-m chassis was also placed in the cabinet, and the audio system of the a-m set was switched to the f-m unit as desired.

Constructional Details

The converter chassis measures 4"x4" and was bent up from 1/16" aluminum. Side folds were added to increase stiffness. The panel, also 1/16"

aluminum was made 7" high and 6" wide so that a National type B dial, used for oscillator tuning, and the r-f tuning knob and a-c switch could be comfortably placed thereon.

The general construction of the converter was tight. That is, all components were placed and mounted closely around the socket. The socket is of the wafer type having a metal rim with lugs to which grounds may be soldered. The suppressor grid, screen bypass capacitor and the ground side of the r-f coil were soldered directly to this metal rim. All other grounds were attached to the chassis wherever they fell.

The socket was so mounted and oriented that the lead from the grid terminal to the r-f tuning capacitor was less than 3/4" in length. The r-f coil was connected from the r-f tuning capacitor to the socket rim in such a manner that the antenna coil could be conveniently coupled to it.

The filament choke was mounted so that the lead to the filament terminal was less than 1" in length.

The lead from the plate terminal to the primary of the i-f transformer was about 1", as is the lead from the transformer to the i-f padder. A three lug terminal strip made a convenient mounting for the i-f transformer, with the coil leads soldered to the outermost lugs.

The rotors of the r-f and oscillator tuning capacitors, and the i-f padder were directly connected to the chassis by their mountings.

The oscillator coil was mounted on top of the chassis with the ground end soldered to an inserted brass machine screw. The cathode tap and the lead from the oscillator grid capacitor was brought through the chassis by means of an insulated #16 wire. The grid lead was then continued from the coil to the oscillator tuning capacitor. These leads must be as short and direct as possible.

The r-f and i-f transmission lines were of the rubber insulated type that was used in an all wave type of installation. Ordinary lamp cord works about as well. The i-f line was of sufficient length to connect to the antenna terminals of the old f-m set. The r-f line was made about 2' long and then spliced to the regular antenna line after the converter was installed. The r-f line leads were connected together at the converter, shaped into two turns about 3%" in diameter and

Fig. 4. Circuit of converter.

Fig. 4. Circuit of converter.

L1, r-f grid coil, air wound, 3 turns, %" diameter, #16 enameled or bare wire, (total wire length 5", turns spaced approximately wire diameter); L1, r-f antenna coil, air wound, 2 turns, %" diameter, continuation of antenna line, adjustable coupling to ground side of L1; L2, oscillator coil, air wound, 9 turns, %" diameter, #16 enameled wire, tapped at 2 turns, (total length of wire 13½", coil length adjusted to correct frequency); L2, filament choke, close wound on %" diameter bakelite rod or tubing, 15 turns, #20 enameled wire; L4, i-f coil primary, close wound on %" diameter bakelite rod or tubing, 15 turns, #20 enameled wire; L4, i-f coil secondary, 2 turns of #24 d-c-c wire wound adjacent to the ground side of L4. The 25-mmfd capacitors are variable air-padder type with a ½" diameter shaft extension. The 50-mmfd variable is an air padder too. The .001-mfd. capacitors are mica postage stamptype for bypass. The 50-mmfd fixed capacitor is also a mica postage-stamp type. The 20,000-ohm grid leak is a ½-watt type; 20,000-ohm screendropping resistor is a 1-watt type; 1,000-ohm resistor, for isolation, is a ½-watt type.

closely coupled to the ground side of the r-f coil.

Converter Operation

The converter will operate satisfactorily with a plate voltage of 100 to 250 volts. This can be picked up from either the screen or plate supply in the old f-m chassis.

The converter is aligned by means of the old f-m set used as a frequency meter. It is assumed that its calibration is reasonably accurate.

To place in operation, power is first applied to the converter and the old f-m set. The i-f line is not connected to the old f-m set, nor is the r-f line connected to the antenna transmission line. In other words, the only connections to the converter and the old f-m set are the power cable and the a-c line.

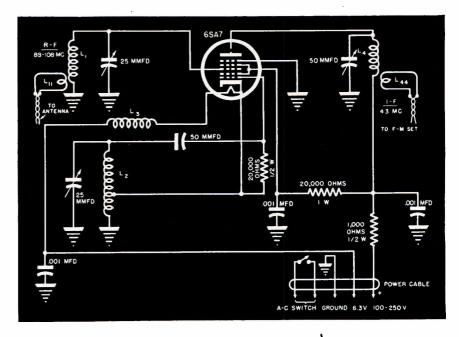
Setting I-F Padder

Now the i-f padder is tuned to maximum capacity so as to tune it out of range of the oscillator. The old f-m set is then tuned to 47 mc, with the gain turned up so that the noise is appreciable. The converter oscillator is set to maximum capacity and then slowly decreased until the noise in the old f-m set disappears, showing that a signal from the converter oscillator is being received. Taking maximum capacity as zero on the oscillator dial, the signal may be received when the oscillator dial reads about 20. Now we decrease the frequency of the old f-m set at the same time, increasing the capacity of the oscillator so that the signal stays in tune, until the f-m set is tuned to 45 mc. The converter oscillator coil is then stretched or squeezed until the 45-mc signal occurs with the oscillator dial reading between 5 and 10. This completes the oscillator converter calibration.

I-F Transmission Line

The i-f transmission line is now connected to the antenna terminals of the old f-m set which is tuned to 43 mc. The converter oscillator is stopped from oscillating by placing a finger on the oscillator capacitor. The i-f padder capacity is then slowly decreased until there is a definite increase in the noise coming from the old f-m set. This will occur when the padder plates are

Fig. 5. Typical converter calibration.



meshed about one third. The padder should be rotated back and forth around this point and padded to the point of maximum noise. The finger may now be removed from the oscillator capacitor, thus completing the converter alignment. Connection of the r-f leads to the antenna transmission line is all that remains to place the converter in a condition to receive signals.

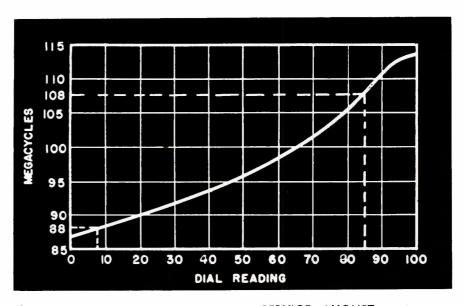
A typical calibration curve is shown in Figure 5. The f-m band of 88-108 mc is contained in the dial range of 8 to 85. This will vary somewhat depending on differences in distributed capacity and lead lengths.

In tuning, the oscillator is varied slowly until a signal is heard, and then the r-f and oscillator tuning varied for

best response. The r-f tuning range is more than sufficient for the f-m band but exact calibration is impossible because of the effects of the transmission line. The converter tuning will drift somewhat for the first few minutes of operation until it has reached normal operating temperature.

Antennas

A simple antenna that will suffice for most locations is a piece of brass, copper or aluminum tubing about 41/2' in length and of more than 1/4" in diameter. For outdoors, the center of this tubing is fastened to a wood or metal pole which may then be installed in the best possible location. It is not (Continued on page 28)



Here's How Radio Industry Says



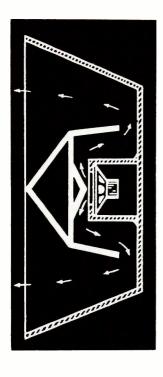


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Trends in Sound*



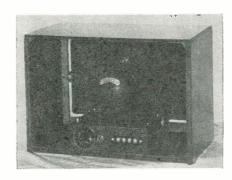
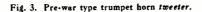
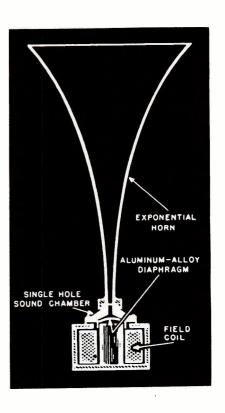


Fig. 1. Rear view of tweeter in cabinet. (Courtesy Atlas Sound)

Fig. 2 (left). Center section of typical large re-entrant wooler horn.





LOUDSPEAKERS

THERE ARE VARIOUS TYPES of woofers. It is possible to use a cone (at least 12") on a large flat baffle, but this is too cumbersome for commercial application. Those used include large cones (12" to 18" diameter) in infinite baffles of large volume in bass reflex baffles, and in large re-entrant wood horns.

Tweeters

There are also various types of tweeters. The early models were very small units with short trumpet horns. Another type utilized a direct radiator cone or diaphragm, but it gave rather poor spatial distribution of high-frequency sound. Later models carried more power and gave more uniform distribution of high-frequency sounds over a wide angle in front of the horn. These utilized large driver units with light metal diaphragms and special sound chambers built in the unit. These units are screwed or bolted on cellular horns. The cells are designed

by S. J. ARTHUR

[Part II]

to distribute the sound uniformly. Several of these tweeters can be used with one woofer, if desired.

Cellular-Horn Tweeters

Cellular-horn tweeters are relatively expensive and are primarily used for theatre or other large, comparatively high-power installations. This has been recognized by one manufacturer who has developed a smaller, less expensive, individual tweeter horn and unit. It will have ample efficiency and power capacity to be used effectively with an efficient woofer cone in a suitable baffle, to effect flat response from the cut-off of the woofer to about 14,000 cyles. Fig. 1 illustrates a production model of this tweeter in a cabinet which includes a dividing network equipped to connect to an 8-ohm amplifier and an 8-ohm woofer. tweeter such as this, when available, will permit the conversion of a 12" to 15" cone speaker to a woofer providing a wide-range dual-channel loudspeaker system.

An interesting application of cellular horn tweeters, of the type cutting off at about 300 cycles, appears in speech systems in reverberant churches and halls. If the expense is warranted, this makes an excellent solution to this usually difficult problem.

The anticipated high-quality, widerange program material which f-m and television sound channels are expected to furnish, has resulted in the development of the single-unit dualchannel wide-range speaker. Several types are available or will be in the near future. They are designed to fit into the same position in a radio cabinet as the regular cone speaker. One

(Continued on page 29)

^{*}See July, 1946, Service for series of "Trends in Sound" articles on loudspeakcrs, amplifiers, microphones and new develobments.

Trends in Sound

PHONO PICKUPS

A PHONO PICKUP IS A DEVICE for converting mechanical motion into electrical impulses. The accepted source for this mechanical motion is a revolving wax record of either the lateral-cut or the hill-and-dale types.

Audio voltage impulses are converted by the recording-head needle into lateral, or side-to-side vibrations. This motion, in turn, cuts a groove into the record which varies laterally. In the hill-and-dale type of recording the needle motion provides a variation of the groove depth. Most popular-types records are cut laterally, hill and dale recordings being used almost exclusively in broadcast transcriptions.

In the lateral-cut record, the amplitude of an audio signal is interpreted in terms of the width of the side-to-side motion, while the frequency determines the number of side-to-side motions per second. It is the function of the reproducing pickup to reconvert these motions to electrical energy.

Record Limitations

Since fidelity of reproduction is the ultimate goal, it is important to know what limits are imposed by the record itself. Since the record turns at a constant rate, 78 rpm, for most recordings, and since the outer groove is longer in length than the inner one, the rate

by B. K. MARTINSON

of travel of the needle is highest in the outside groove, and slowest for the inner one. For high audio frequencies the greater the distance that the needle covers per second, the better will be the fidelity. Therefore, the limiting factor for high frequencies is the length of the inside groove, which, in turn, is a function of its distance from the center of the record.

For low frequencies, the limiting factor is the damping imposed on the recording head needle. In addition, because of technical difficulties in the mechanics of recording, frequencies below 250 cps are recorded at constant amplitude, which results in a decreasing loss in power with frequency when reproduced.

The upper amplitude limit is a function of the lateral needle movement, which is itself limited by the width of the record groove and the distance between grooves. The lower amplitude limit is a function of the needle scratch level. Therefore, in recording, the input level to the recording head needle is so regulated that it never falls below the needle scratch level, nor ever causes the needle to swing beyond its maximum permissible movement. Thus,

amplitude distortion is introduced into the recording; this can be compensated for by the use of an expander circuit in the associated amplifier.

In addition, the frequency response is limited, as previously noted, by the speed of needle travel in the groove. Another factor affecting frequency fidelity is record wear, which not only causes both amplitude and frequency distortion, but also increases scratch level.

Since the record is not a perfect medium for audio transcription, the pickup must not necessarily have a wide-frequency response.

The approximate frequency range of an average recording is 100 to 5500 cps. Better type recordings may extend from 50 to 8,500 cps, with studio transcriptions going to 10,000 cps.

Pickup Construction

When phono pickups were first introduced, the general construction followed that of the first loudspeakers. That is, the pickup head, known as the magnetic type, consisted of a needle holder attached to a vane floating between two poles of a magnet on which coils were wound. Variations in the movement of the vane varied the magnetic field and induced a voltage in the

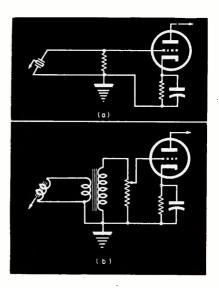
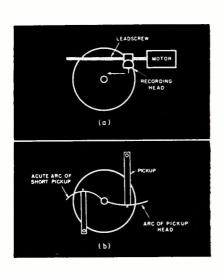


Fig. 1 (left). Crystal pickups, which are high impedance devices. may be connected directly to the grid of a tube as in (a). Magnetic type pickups, which are low impedance devices, require the use of a matching transformer as shown in (b).

Fig. 2. In (a) is shown a typical recording system. The recording head travels along a leadscrew in a straight line, cutting grooves in the record. In (b) we see how the length of the pickup arm influences the tracking error. Since the pickup acts from a pivot, some error will be introduced. However, the longer the pickup arm, the less the tracking error.



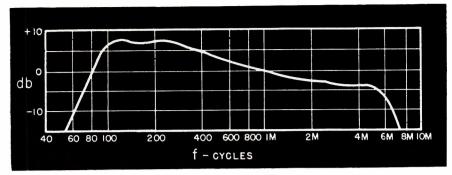


Fig. 3. A typical response curve for a crystal pickup. Note how sharply the response drops at both ends of the audio spectrum. The usable portion of the response curve lies along and above the —10 db line.

Fig. 4. Volume and tone control circuits for use in conjunction with a crystal pickup. The 2.5-megohm tone control will vary the upper frequency response, thereby controlling the amount of scratch noise, which varies from record to record.

coils in terms of the frequency of vibration.

Most modern pickups are of the crystal type. These crystal pickups consist of a Rochelle salt unit so attached to the needle holder that the vibrations of the needle set up stresses and strains in the crystal structure. These stresses and strains, in turn, create a voltage across the face of the crystal, at very low power. Since the crystal is a high-impedance device, it may be coupled directly into the grid of a tube. Magnetic type pickups, on the other hand, are low impedance devices which necessitate the use of matching transformers. Fig. 1 shows two typical input circuits for both types.

At the reproducing end, there are further influences on fidelity of reproduction. When recordings are made, the cutting head travels on a leadscrew, so that the cutting needle with respect to the groove always cuts at a right angle. However, the arm of the reproducing pickup must be centered at some point outside the perimeter of the phono motor. This causes the pickup head to describe an arc as it moves across the record; these two motions are demonstrated in Fig. 2. The arc creates a non-uniformity in needle pressure in the groove, with the needle dragging against the side wall of the groove at some points. This action causes distortion, wear on the record, and mechanical noise as well as increased scratch.

From Fig. 2. it will be noted that the longer the pickup arm, the flatter the arc, and consequently the better the reproduction. Other methods of reducing tracking error are to offset the pickup unit and curve the arm. Longer arms are needed for wider records. This is why transcription type pickup units, operating on 16" records, are longer. The mounting centers for most pickups are usually at least 7", measuring from turntable center, with greater distances giving better results. Of course, this distance is a function of the length of the pickup arm.

Frequently distortion may be traced to mechanical resonance in the pickup arm, pickup head, or both. It is therefore essential that the entire pickup arm structure be properly damped. Damping is usually accomplished by rubber mounting both pickup head and pickup arm. Another method takes advantage of this condition by constructing the pickup arm so

Voltage

Output

L76 1.0 MLP 1.0

that it resonates at the low frequencies, thereby improving the response at this end of the audio spectrum. Some resonance must be tolerated since excessive damping would cause additional wear of the record by restricting arm movement.

The weight of the pickup head on the record has three important aspects. First, the greater the weight, the more the record will wear. Again, a heavy

(Continued on page 16)

Frequency

Range (cps)

Needle

Western Electric

Impedance

(1,000 cps)

Needle

Pressure

	<u>-</u>			
AJ2	.2 meg. .2 meg. .2 meg.	1.5 ounces 2.5 ounces 2.5 ounces	50- 4,000 40- 5,000 40- 5,000	optional optional optional
C4 2.0 to 2.5	.2 meg.	2.5 ounces	40- 5,000 40- 5,000	optional
C5	.2 meg.	1.5 ounces 2.5 ounces	40- 5,000	optional optional
D2 2.0 to 2.5	.08 meg.	2.5 ounces	40- 5,000	optional
D35 to .7 D47 to .9	.08 meg. .08 meg.	1.25 ounces 1.25 ounces	40- 6,000 40- 5,000	optional optional
D47 to .9 D57 to .9	.08 meg. .08 meg.	1.25 ounces	40- 6,000	sapphire
E4 1.5 to 2.0	.2 meg.	2.5 ounces	40- 5,000	sapphire
E95 to .7	.08 meg.	1.25 ounces	40- 6,000	sapphi re
N2	.08 meg. .2 meg.	1.25 ounces 1.25 ounces	40- 5,000 40- 5,000	sapphire sapphire
N3	.2 meg. .2 meg.	1.5 ounces	40- 5,000	sapphire
N5	.2 meg.	1.25 ounces	40- 6,000	sapphire
T1 2.0 to 2.5	.08 meg.	2.5 ounces 2.5 ounces	40- 5,000 40- 5,000	sapphire sapphire
T2 2.0 to 2.5	.08 meg.	2.5 Ounces		заррии с
	Sh	ure		
97A 1.4 97AN 1.4 95A 3	.5 meg. .5 meg.	1½ ounces 1½ ounces 2 ounces	70- 6,000 70- 6,000 70- 6,000	optional sapphire optional
	Asi	tatic		
LP2185	.5 meg.	1 ounce	30- 7,000	sapphire
LP2365 L25 1.25	.5 meg. .5 meg. .5 meg. .5 meg. .5 meg. .5 meg.	1 ounce 2.0 ounces	30-10,000 30- 6,500	sapphire optional
L70 1.0	.5 meg.	1.25 ounces	30- 4,000	optional
L71 1.0	.5 meg.	1.0 ounce	30- 8,000	optional
L72 3.5	.5 meg.	1.25 ounces 1.25 ounces	30- 4,000 30- 6,000	optional optional
L7575 L76 1.0	.5 meg. .5 meg.	1.25 ounces	30- 3,000	optional
17.0			40 40 000	

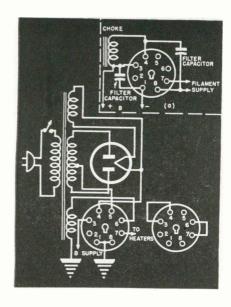
Table 1 Highlights of some types of crystal pickups

1.0

meg

30-10.000

sapphire



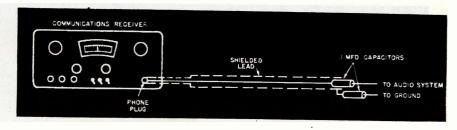


Fig. 1. By attaching a shielded probe to the headphone jack on the communications receiver, the prod may be used for checking audio systems.

Fig. 2 (left). Shorting plug system used in the Hallicrafters S-40. A unit consisting of a plug, choke, and two filter capacitors, wired as shown in a, permits the use of this receiver's power supply system for external applications.

Communications Receivers as **SERVICE INSTRUMENTS**

CONTINUING OUR DISCUSSION of the use of communications receivers as service instruments, it is possible to attach an exploring coil to the antenna posts of the communications receiver to check the operation of oscillator sections in receivers under test. The receiver under test is set to some frequency at the high end of the dial, say 1,600 kc. The oscillator of the receiver should then be oscillating at a frequency of 1,600 kc, plus the i-f frequency. To check for oscillation, the b-f-o of the communications receiver is turned on, and the dial rotated in the vicinity of the expected oscillator frequency. A beat note should be heard.

Use as Audio Oscillator

The communications receiver may also be used as an audio oscillator, by using the signal generator in conjunction with the b-f-o. The generator is set at some free point in the spectrum where no signals are present. The b-f-o is turned on, and the frequency of the resultant note may be varied within audio range. The signal may be conveniently removed at the phone jack.

Use of Phono Jack

The phone jack is also a convenient point for removing an audio signal for checking the audio system of a re-

by THOMAS T. DONALD

[Part II]*

ceiver, Fig. 1. A shielded lead and a phone plug are used for this purpose. At the end of the lead, a .1-mfd capacitor is inserted. The communications receiver is then tuned to some local station. The lead prod may then be applied to various points in the receiver under test to check for gain or distortion. The shield of the prod should be grounded to the receiver under test through a .1-mfd capacitor.

Battery Conversion

Most communications receivers feature a plug for conversion to battery operation. One such system, used in the Hallicrafters S-40, is shown in Fig. 2. A shorting plug is inserted in the receptacle for a-c operation. By removing this shorting plug, the B and filament supply to the receiver is cut

off. This power supply is then available for use outside the receiver. To adapt the receiver's power supply for external use, a separate unit can be constructed. This can consist of a filter choke, two filter capacitors and a plug, which may be inserted into the receiver. The use of this unit would permit the checking of receivers whose own power supply is defective. This circuit is shown in Fig. 2a.

Locating Stations

The most obvious use for the communications receiver is in locating broadcast stations on the dial. Quite often, in checking midget receivers, it is possible to pick up a signal whose frequency is uncertain, either because the dial pointer has been removed or because the set is misaligned. The quickest way to check is to determine which station is being received by checking the program against another receiver. In addition, when push buttons are being adjusted, stations are quickly aligned by having another receiver handy.

^{*}Part I appeared in the June, 1946, issue of Service; pages 9 and 40.

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- 1. Power Supply Required: 105-125 V, 50-70 cycles, A-C.
- 2. Consumption: 20 watts at 115 V
- 3. Ranges:
 - a. Volts, A-C: 0-3, 12, 30, 120, 300, 1200
 - b. Volts, D-C: 0-3, 12, 30, 120, 300, 1200
 - c. Mils (D-C): 0-3, 12, 30, 120, 300, 1200
 - d. Cap: 0-10,000 mmf in 2 ranges 0-1000 mf in 5 ranges 1nd: 50 mh-100 henries (use conversion chart)
 - e. Ohms: 1.0 ohm to 10,000 megohms in 7 ranges
- 4. Frequency:
 - A-C up to approximately 5 megacycles.
- 5. Input Impedance:
 - a. Volts D-C: 15 megohms b. Volts A-C: 12 megohms
- 6. Tube Complement:
 - 2 6X5GT A-C rectifiers
 - 1 6SJ7 cathode follower
 - 1 6SN7GT vacuum tube voltmeter
 - 1 0D3/VR150 voltage regu-
- Dimensions: 9" x 11½" x 7"

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Meter: Model S44A

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Db scale is calibrated for a range of 500 ohm impedance.

For other impedance ranges, correction charts can be supplied.

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PHONO PICKUPS

(Continued from page 13) pickup will not respond as well to high frequencies as will a light one. Third, a heavy pickup increases the needle scratch, both mechanical and electrical. To overcome pickup weight, all pickup arms are counterbalanced, so that the actual weight of the pickup on the record is 3 ounces or less.

Crystal Pickups

Crystal pickups are the most common type in use today. The maximum

response of a typical crystal pickup (Fig. 3), without the addition of compensating networks is usually between 100 and 400 cycles, with sharply falling characteristics at 50 and 7,000 cps. Fig. 4 shows a typical compensating input network for a crystal pickup used to reduce the needle scratch of the record. The salient characteristics of crystal pickups manufactured by Astatic, Shure, and Webster, are presented in Table 1.

Pickup heads marked sapphire in the

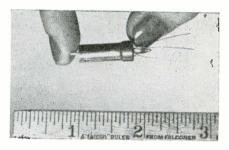
needle column have a needle permanently attached to the unit.

Crystal pickups must never be installed in locations where the temperature is in excess of 125° F. Moisture also affects them adversely. A crystal type pickup will also fracture easily if abused in any way. For these reasons, the pickup must be handled gently.

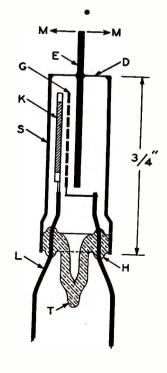
To test crystal pickup activity the needle can be rubbed gently across the fingertip. Continuity tests should show infinite resistance. Sometimes the crystal unit will give a better response if the needle is rubbed in one direction than when it is rubbed in the other. This is indicative of a cracked crystal and will cause serious distortion or even spotty reproduction. The pickup should never be allowed to fall on the record since this is usually the cause of broken crystals.

New Pickup Types

Two new types of pickup units have



Above, view of vibrotron. Below, schematic of vibrotron. Motion of movable electrode (E) in direction MM is transferred through a thin metal diaphragm (D) to affect the electron flow of triode consisting of electrodes (K) cathode, (G) grid, and (E) movable anode. Motion of the movable anode in direction MM produces a proportionate change in the electron flow. The triode is contained within a metal envelope (S) and has its leads (L) brought out through a vacuum-tight glass header (H) with exhaust tip (T).

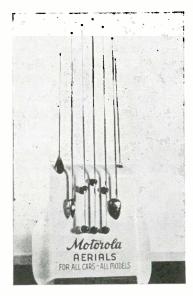


recently made their appearance. One is the Zenith cobra head; the name refers to the shape of the pickup arm. In this unit, a pickup coil attached to the needle holder is part of the inductance in an oscillator circuit. By varying a vane, similar to the method used in magnetic type pickups, the coupling of the oscillator coil is varied, producing an amplitude-modulated effect in the oscillator output. The output of the oscillator is then passed through a detector to remove the r-f component. This unit is also constructed in a pushpull system to further remove noise components and second harmonic distortion. It has a high-frequency cutoff characteristic at 4000 cps, which is said to be desirable for high signal-tonoise ratio. The mechanical impedance of this device is so low, that a weight of but 14 grams is necessary for proper tracking. The low impedance of the pickup coil, which is an inductance of 20 microhenries, permits the use of unshielded leads.

Another new type of pickup, developed by RCA, is called the vibrotron. This is a tiny metal electron tube with a movable electrode extending through a flexible metal diaphragm at the top of the tube, which serves as an external lever. The tube is, in effect, a triode with a moveable plate.

As the plate moves away from the cathode, the electron flow is decreased and vice versa. The entire unit weighs 1/15 of an ounce, is about 1" in length and 1/4" diameter. The frequency characteristic of the unit is quite wide, and since it is a tube, it may be considered as a part of the audio amplifier system, with corresponding high output.

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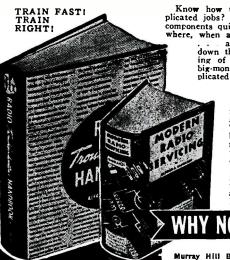
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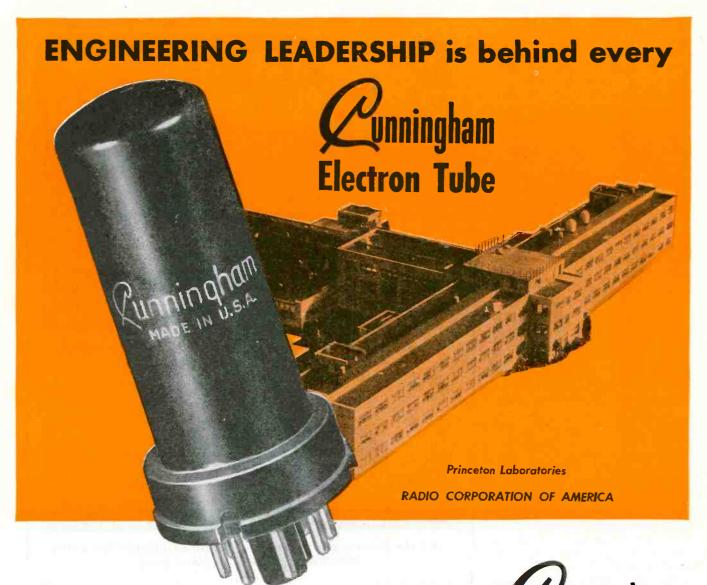
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TOOLS And ACCESSORIES For the NEW SERVICE SHOP

ONLY the basic tools considered to be essential in the average Service Shop have thus far been discussed in this series. For the small shop this basic tool equipment can well serve as a starter, to be added to as the necessity for additional tools arises.

To the experienced Service Man concerned with being able to do all sorts of jobs on a wide variety of makes and models of receivers in the least time and with the least effort. this limited list admittedly leaves much to be desired. Radio equipment design has become complicated and varied, with the result that there are quite a few additional supplementary and special-purpose radio tools which are very handy to have around. Some are not frequently needed, but they are somewhat difficult to do without when they are wanted. They should be considered by the Service Man who will probably wish to add to his basic tool kit from time to time, expanding it on the theory that while a good Service Man can do a creditable job of servicing with a limited tool equipment, it

*Part III appeared in June, 1946, SERVICE.

by ALFRED A. GHIRARDI

Advisory Editor

[Part IV . . . Supplementay and Special-Purpose Tools]*

is a fact that he will do a better job with more, well-chosen equipment.

Most of the supplementary and special-purpose tools described in this installment are available from your radio jobber, from the larger radio mail order houses and from your local hardware dealer.

Supplementary and Special-Purpose Tools

Bench grinder Electric drill stand Breast drill Hacksaw and blades Files:

One ¼", and one ¾", tapered round machinists' file.
One ½" tapered triangular machinists'

file. One, 8" long, half-round machinists' file. One, 8" long, flat-wood file (not a

rasp).
One, 6" long, second cut or smooth-tapered flat-mill file.

One handle for each file. File card

Pliers:

One 6" straight fine needle-nose.
One 5½" curved needle-nose.
One 6" slip-joint (adjustable) combina-

One plastic long-nose.

Screwdrivers:
One ¼" x 1¼" short, stubby blade.
One ¾" x 10", square blade.
One 3/16" x 10", round blade.
One flexible-shaft type.
One 6", insulated-shaft type. One screw-holding type.

Two offset types (One 2½" long, and one 4½" long.)

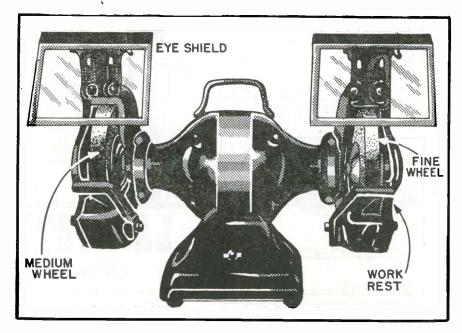
One Phillips (for screws up to No. 4).

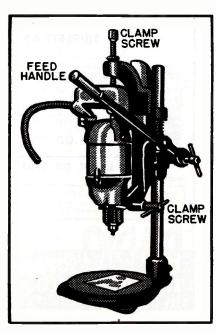
One Phillips (for No. 5 to No. 9 screw sizes).

Wrenches:

One Bristol No. 6 set-screw type. Two offset socket wrenches for No. 6 and No. 8 screw size hex nuts. Two flexible-shank socket wrenches (Continued on page 20)

Fig. 1. Typical small electric bench grinder equipped with tool rests, wheel guards and eye shields. Fig. 2. Stand which converts the portable electric drill into a drill press for the shop.









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TOOLS

(Continued from page 19)

for No. 6 and No. 8 screw size hex nuts.

One adjustable knurled-nut type. One kit of Allen hex key wrenches. One vise-grip parallel-jaw wrench.

One tapered for hole size from 1/8" to

One tapered for hole size from 3/8" to

One, tapered for hole size from 5/16" to 1½". One hand (Reamawl) type.

Countersinks:

One round shank type.

Large hole cutters:

One set of screw-type chassis punches for hole sizes required.

One fly-cutter for holes from 7/8" to 4" diameter.

Stock and dies:

Die stock. Dies for 4-36, 6-32, 8-32 and 10-32 machine screw threads.

Twist drill case (with or without set of twist drills)

Twist drill gauge

Rules and scales

One 6' flexible steel push rule. One 2' folding rule with caliper. One combination measuring tool.

Dividers:

6" size.

Trimming knife:
With set of removable blades.

Working tools:

One medium size crosscut saw.

One medium size rip raw.

One claw hammer.

One carpenters' brace (ratchet type). Wood bits 1/4", 3/8", 7/16", 1/2". One expansion bit, 1/2" size. One wood chisel, 1/2".

One combination oil stone (medium-fine).

Lights:

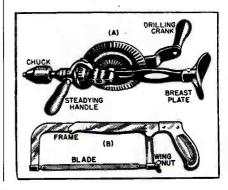
Goose-neck bench light.

Flashlight (3 cell). Trouble lamp (60 watt bulb).

Bench Grinder

A brench grinder equipped with a suitable assortment of abrasive wheels, wire brush wheel, and buffing and polishing wheels is extremely handy for dozens of uses in the shop, even though you can get by without one if

Fig. 3. At (a), a breast drill for heavier hand drilling work than the small hand drill can do. At (b), an adjustable-frame hacksaw. (Courtesy Crescent Tool Company)





No. 400 Soldering Iron

Smallest Industrial Iron Ever Designed

60 Watts — 1/4 in. Tip Only 9 in. long. Wt. only 8 ox.

This mighty mite is backed by DRAKE's 25 years of soldering iron manufacturing experience. The high quality and long-service of DRAKE Soldering Irons have made them outstanding favorites with all types of radio men everywhere. The DRAKE No. 400 is an outstanding value at



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DEP'T FH6, 100 SIXTH AVE., NEW YORK 13, N.Y. BOSTON, MASS . NEWARK, N. J. necessary. The abrasive wheels can be used for sharpening drills, chisels, screw-drivers and other tools, shaping small parts, removing burrs, and all miscellaneous grinding operations. The wire brush wheel is useful for removing paint, cleaning metal, etc. The buffing wheel can be used to polish plated parts, etc.

The grinder may be the inexpensive hand-crank type, or preferably one of the common small electrically-driven bench units, such as is illustrated in Fig. 1, which contains a coarse abrasive wheel on one end and a fine wheel on the other end of an electric motor. The wheels are removable so that wire brushes, polishing or buffing wheels may be substituted for them. Abrasive wheels for grinders may be obtained in a variety of shapes, grades and sizes. For average shop purposes, 4" or 6" wheels, about 1" thick are satisfactory.

If the grinder is not equipped with a glass eye-protecting shield, a pair of goggles should be purchased and always worn to protect the eyes from flying particles of steel and abrasive. The electric grinder should have wheel guards; it is unsafe ever to use a grinder without them.

Electric Drill Stand

A drill stand makes a regular benchtype power drill press out of your portable electric drill. A common type is illustrated in Fig. 2. The feed handle provided on the stand enables the operator to feed the entire electric-drill assembly (with twist drill) down to the work to be drilled, which is placed on the flat table of the drill stand. The portable electric drill is held in place on the stand by means of easily-adjusted clamps, and can be removed quickly when it is to be used without the stand. The drill stand is invaluable for accurate drilling work, since it enables all holes to be drilled accurately at right angles to the work's surface, or to some other angle if the work is clamped to the table accordingly. Of course, its use is limited to those jobs where the work can conveniently be brought to the drill. For other jobs such as auto-radio installation work, etc., the drill must be brought to the work. For this work, the portable drill is used without the stand.

If you plan to buy a drill stand, keep it in mind when you purchase your portable electric drill. You should be

(Continued on page 24)

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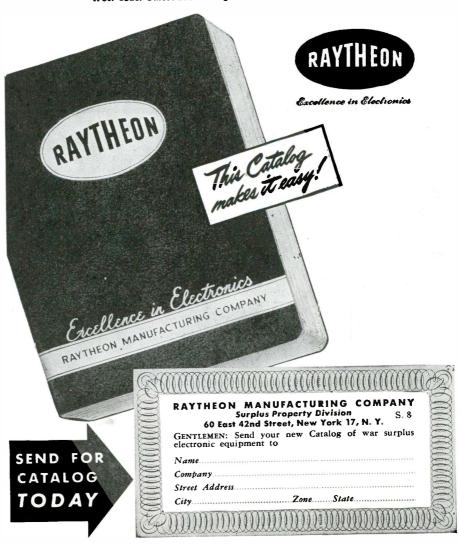
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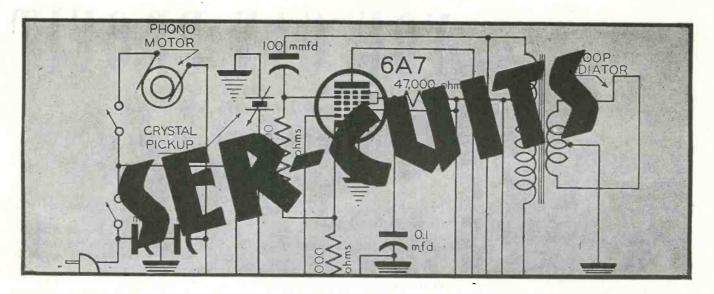


TABLE MODELS USING IRON-CORE i-f transformers, phono combinations, phono-amplifiers and battery receivers are discussed in our ser-cuits analyses this month.

Radiola 61-1, 2 and 3

Radiola models 61-1, 61-2 and 61-3, with an iron-core i-f input transformer, are represented in Fig. 1. These models use a 12SG7 converter tube driven by a separate 12J5 oscillator with cathode-to-cathode coupling through 3300 ohms bypassed by a .01-mfd capacitor. The 3300 ohms is

by HENRY HOWARD

used for supplemental bias of the converter (in addition to avc bias). The oscillator uses a capacitor winding instead of a conventional grid capacitor. The converted plate and screen supply contains a decoupling filter of 1,500 ohms and a .01-mfd capacitor, the capacitor being returned to the (hot) cathode instead of B-. The input i-f

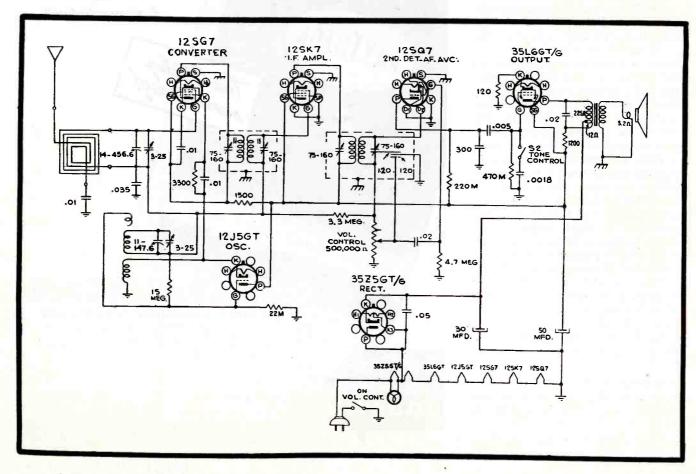
Fig. 1. Radiola 61-1, 2 and 3, using a 12SG7 converter driven by a separate 12J5 oscillator with cathode-to-cathode coupling.

transformer contains an iron core. A .0018-mfd capacitor is shunted across the power tube's input for tone control. The primary of the output transformer is tapped for hum bucking, a system recently described in these columns.

RCA Victor 55U, 55AU

In Fig. 2 we have the RCA Victor Victrola 4-tube and rectifier phonocombination models, 55U, 55AU, equipped with an automatic changer. A 12SA7 is used in a cathode-tickler

(Continued on page 26)



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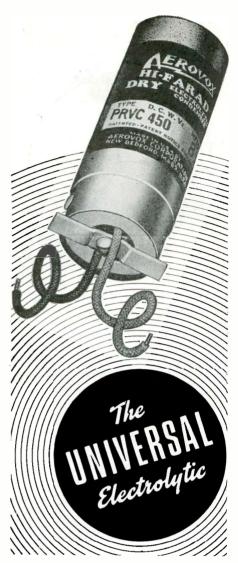
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TOOLS

(Continued from page 21)

sure to purchase a drill for which a properly fitting stand is available.

Breast Drill

For those who do not care to buy the electric drill listed as optional equipment in the basic list of tools, a less expensive breast drill may be purchased for hand drilling of holes larger than about 1/4" or 3/8" diameter.

The breast drill is similar to the hand drill in construction, with the exception that besides being larger and more sturdy a breast plate is substituted for the handle and an additional handle is provided near the chuck to steady the drill, as shown at (a) of Fig. 3. Breast drills that have a continuous ratchet feature can be used in tight places. Some even have a crank of adjustable length, and two or three-speed adjustments, for drilling holes of various sizes and materials of various hardness. The breast drill is equipped with a 3-jaw chuck designed to take round shank twist drills. It is really a big brother to the smaller hand drill, and is used for heavier work than the hand drill is capable of handling.

Hacksaw

Although the small keyhole hack-saw, listed in the basic list of tools, will suffice for many light metal-sawing jobs, and in fact is indispensable for work in cramped quarters, sawing out rectangular holes, etc., a full-size hacksaw having a frame adjustable to take either 10" to 12" blades is handy to have; (b) of Fig. 3. If a less expensive type is desired, a fixed-frame type designed to take a 10" blade will suffice.

Examination of the two-pin spindles that hold the blade under tension, will reveal that they may be turned to various positions in the frame. This permits the blade to be turned at right angles to the frame when necessary to do so for some sawing jobs.

Hacksaw Blades

The replaceable hacksaw blades are made of high grade tool steel hardened and tempered. They are made in two general types: those hardened all over, and those having only the teeth or cutting edge hardened. The former type is used mostly for sawing stock of large cross-section. In the latter type the teeth can be left harder in manufacture, and therefore superior



cutting qualities and greater flexibility result. They are preferable for radio shop uses.

Hacksaw blades are made with a varying number of cutting teeth per inch ranging from 14 to 32. Selection should be based on the material to be cut. The following will serve as a guide:

- (a) Use a blade with 14 teeth per inch on machine steel, or cold rolled steel. This coarse pitch makes the saw free and fast cutting.
- (b) Use a blade 18 teeth per inch on solid stock, aluminum, bakelite, tool steel, high speed steel, cast iron and structural shapes. This pitch is recommended for general all-round service.
- (c) Use a blade with 24 teeth per inch on tubing, tin, brass, copper, light angles and ornamental iron, channel iron, pipe and electrical conduit, and sheet metal over 18 gauge. If a coarser pitch is used, the thin stock will tend to strip the teeth out of the blade and make it difficult to push the saw. The saw should be held so that two or more teeth are always in contact with the work.
- (d) Use a blade with 32 teeth per inch on thin-walled tubing and conduit and on sheet metal thinner than 18 gauge.

Blades having 18 teeth per inch are best for general all-around use in the Service Shop, so at least a dozen of them should be stocked. However, a few 24 and 32-teeth blades should also be kept on hand for possible use.

(To Be Continued)

GOYERNOR DEWEY RECEIVES G.E. PORTABLE



Dr. W. R. G. Baker (right), vice president in charge of the G.E. electronic department, presenting a self-charging portable to Governor Thomas B. Dewey of New York.



AN UNCOMMON RIVET



REPLACES THE COMMON SCREW

... in answer to the age-old cry for a better fastener

CHERRY plus MONEL equals a new Cherry Blind Rivet for specialized service. Cherry means tight, neat blind rivets . . . while Monel means resistance to corrosion. This combination of virtues is being applied to the manufacture of stainless steel railway cars, where the Cherry Monel Rivet is being used in several interesting applications.

CAR FLOORS are laminated wood on stainless steel. How to fasten wood to steel? Screws have been used, but screws work loose. Riveting is logical, but ordinary riveting requires two men and means difficult access problems. Hence the use of tight, neat Cherry Blind Rivets, installed with an easy, controlled pull from one side of the work.

LIKEWISE, Cherry Blind Rivets provide a secure and permanent method for anchoring exterior and interior trim as well as interior sheathing. A unique war-born fastener carves itself another niche by doing the job better and faster.

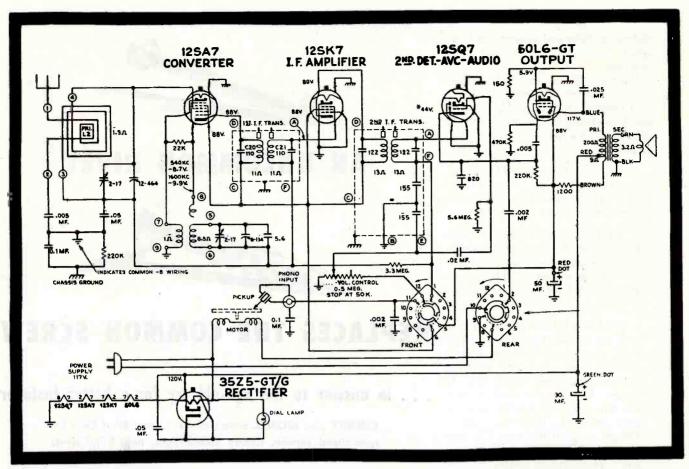
THE CHERRY MONEL RIVET is available in all standard types, head styles, diameters and lengths. Cherry Blind Rivets are also available in aluminum, steel and brass.

establish Cherry superiority over other blind fasteners: (a) Greater shank expansion (b) Greater allowable variance in material thickness for a given grip-length.

Get this Cherry Handbook D-45 to find out all about Cherry Blind Rivets and their many applications. Write to Dept. A-268, Cherry Rivet Company, 231 Winston Street, Los Angeles 13, California.







SER-CUITS

(Continued from page 22)

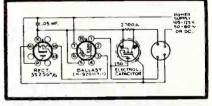
oscillator circuit. Both i-f transformers are iron cored. A ½-megohm control has a stop at 50,000 ohms for

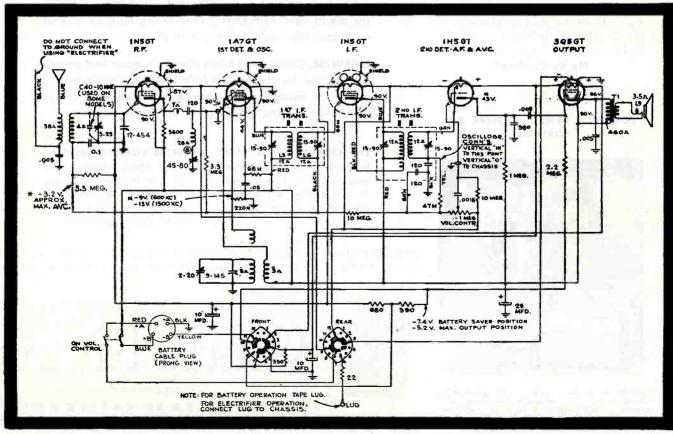
(Continued on page 32)

Fig. 2. RCA Victor 4-tube and rectifier, 55U and 55AU, equipped with an automatic record changer.

Fig. 4 (right). Line-powered supply used with the RCA farm receiver of Fig. 3.

Fig. 3. RCA Victor 55F, battery-operated farm receiver.





S SERIES The Ultimate in Quality

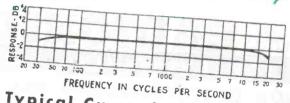
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- True Hum Balancing Coil Structure . . . maximum neutralization
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Typical Curve for LS Series

Type No.	Application	Primary					serie
LS-10 LS-10x	Low impedance mike, pick-up,		TO,000 onms in two	Max. Level	Relative hum-pickup reduction	Max, unbal- anced DC in primary	List Price
LS-21	Single plate to push pull grid		50,000 ohms 135,000 ohms	+15 DB +14 DB	-74 DB -92 DB	5 MA 5 MA	\$22.50 \$28.10
rs-30	Mixing, low impedance mike,	50 125 000	ratio 1.5:1 each side. Split Pri. and Sec.	+14 DB	-74 DB	O MA	
LS-30X	multiple line As above	50, 125, 200, 250 333, 500 chms	50, 125, 200, 250, 333, 500 ohms	+17 DB	-74 DB	5 MA	\$21.25 \$22.50
LS-50	Single plate to multiple line	As above	As above	-1 200-			
LS-55	Push pull 2A3's, 6A5G's, 300A's, 275A's, 6A3's	8,000 to 15,000 ahms 5,000 ohms plate	50, 125, 200, 250, 333, 500 ohms 500, 333, 250, 200,	+15 DB +17 DB	-92 DB -74 DB		\$28.10 \$21.25
LS-57		to plate and 3,000 ohms plate to plate	140, 50, 30 20 15	+36 DB			
		5,000 ohms plate to plate and 3,000 ohms plate to plate	10, 7.5, 5, 2.5, 1.2 30, 20, 15, 10, 7.5, 5, 2.5, 1.2	+36 DB			\$25.00 \$17.50
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The above listing includes only a few of the many units of the LS Series. For complete listing — write for catalogue.



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Record Changer Case, \$13.95 a 12.50 x 15% W. x 10% H. Lots of 3 12.50	10W 1035 1000 1 M. 24AV 1 4 966-100
	5 Cowl Underhood—No. 24471 Cowl Underhood—No. 24471 Poly" low-loss leads (Poly" low-loss leads (Auto
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F-M CONVERTERS

(Continued from page 9)

necessary for the support to be insulated from the antenna.

The transmission line should be of the parallel or twisted pair type, connected to the antenna about 8" each side of center. These connections should be soldered or clamped tightly so that weathering and vibration will not loosen them. The transmission line comes down in the form of a V to about 10" from the antenna.

An outside antenna may be mounted out of a window at the end of a flag pole, or on a pole mounted on a roof. It should be oriented so that reception is best. This occurs usually (not necessarily) when the antenna is horizontal and broadside to an incoming signal. A high antenna is generally best, but this advantage may be nullified by the loss in a long transmission line necessary to bring the signal to the point of utilization. This tends to explain those situations in which a high antenna does not seem to work better than one not so high.

For receivers close to the transmitter and with few line of sight obstructions, it may be possible to use an indoor antenna. A curtain rod (with curtain) has made a satisfactory antenna, but this arrangement was necessarily abandoned for one inserted in the wall molding. The best antenna position will depend in great part on the piping and wiring proximity. Sometimes, reception will vary with moving persons. It is best to select a spot for the antenna in which such effects are a minimum.

Other Converter Models

Several different versions of this simple converter have been built. One converter was made to receive a single station for monitoring purposes. Since it was fixed tuned, necessitating no dial, it was made very compact and small so that it could be mounted inside the old f-m set. The r-f, i-f and oscillator circuits were adjusted by means of mica trimmers.

In another version the r-f and oscillator tuning capacitors were ganged. This necessitated the addition of series and parallel trimmers and careful attention to coil values. This was also made with a built in a-c/d-c power supply.

A deluxe model with a regulated power supply and a stage of r-f was also made. A convenient feature was the addition of an i-f calibrating arrangement whereby the oscillator could be modulated and switched to the i-f

(Continued on page 29)

LOUDSPEAKERS

(Continued from page 11)

of these types that has been on the market longest simply has the small direct radiator type of tweeter mounted in the center of the woofer cone cavity. The later types, which are quite efficient and give wide-angle distribution of the high frequencies, have a (Continued on page 30)

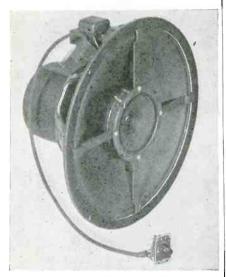
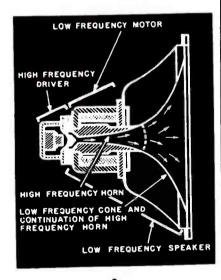


Fig. 4. Coaxial woofer-tweeter unit; type J. (Courtesy Jensen)

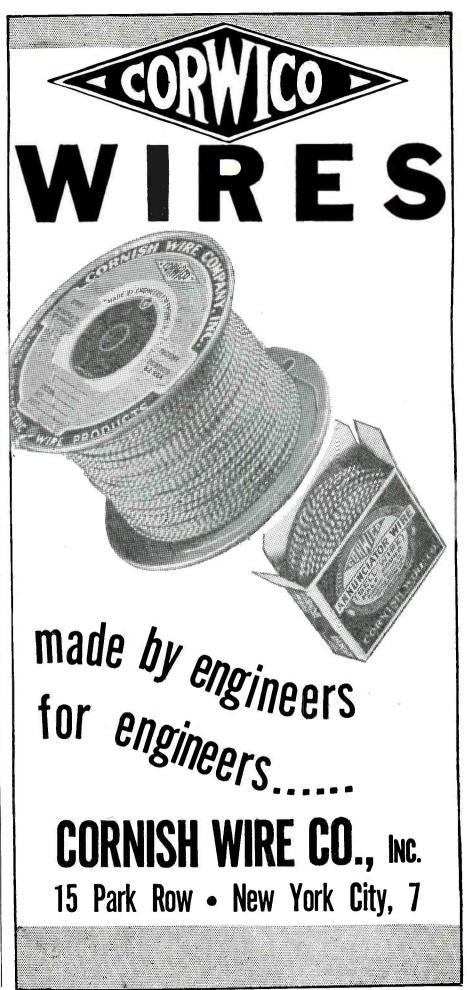
Fig. 5. Cross-section of coaxial speaker; type H. (Courtesy Jensen)



F-M CONVERTERS

(Continued from page 28)

frequency. With this model, the old f-m model was tuned to maximum response to this i-f signal, thus peaking it to the proper i-f frequency. This feature was especially useful when the converter was used with those sets in which the same dial assembly was used for both a-m and f-m reception.





They Stay in adjustment

TWO TIER BONDED CONSTRUCTION



Automatic Record Changers

Two-Tier Bonded Construction, exclusive with Webster Record Changers, places the entire changer mechanism between two formed steel plates, where it is held rigidly in place by five bonded steel posts. This construction keeps the moving parts of the mechanism in proper relationship at all times, eliminating service troubles which stem from warpage. Webster's Two-Tier design assures dependable operation and flawless enjoyment of records.





 Velocity trip — changes more kinds of standard records than the usual "fixed radius" or "oscillating groove" type of trip action • Fool-proof operation—pickup arm can be moved without damage while machine is in change cycle • Protects finest records, yet will change many old, badly worn rec-



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LOUDSPEAKERS

(Continued from page 29)

tweeter driver unit of the diaphragm type mounted on the rear of the woofer-cone driver. The high-frequency sound is fed through a passage in the center of the woofer pole. One design uses a small cellular horn to radiate this high-frequency sound. Another kind utilizes a woofer cone of a special shape to act more or less as a high-

frequency horn, thus dispensing with the separate cellular horn,

Air Horns

There are many special types of speakers available too. One is the air horn. This is an entirely different kind of loudspeaker for it consists of an electrically operated valve, which modulates a stream of air. It has two chief advantages: (1) it produces very high sound pressures with relatively low electrical amplifier power and (2) the driver required is only a fraction

(Continued on page 31)



Fig. 6. Type H coaxial speaker.

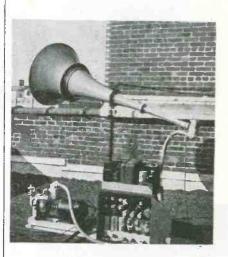
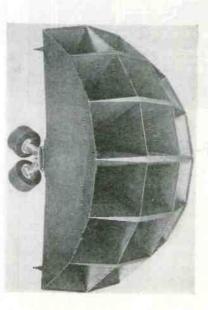


Fig. 7. Air horn assembly.

Fig. 8. Cellular type born with tweeters.

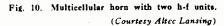
(Courtesy Altec Lansing)

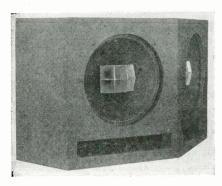


or the size of a conventional type which would produce the same high output solely from electrical power input. However, as the power must be supplied somehow, it must come from the air stream. Hence, a unit consisting of an air compressor, pressure regulators, filters, and either electric motor or internal combustion motor, is a necessary adjunct to the air horn. The overall efficiency therefore, is not necessarily greater than that of a conventional loudspeaker. It has many maintenance problems, and the equipment cannot be adjusted or repaired by the average Service Man. As it is subject inherently to distortion, its frequency response is limited, and it produces a constant hiss due to the air stream. Its use is limited to high-intensity speech coverage over comparatively great distances and high interfering noise levels.



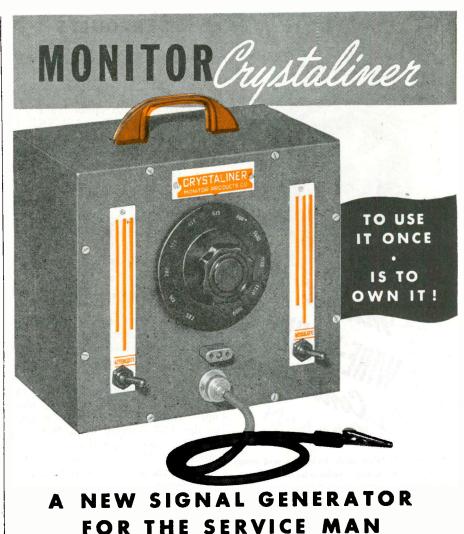
Fig. 9. Duplex speaker with woofer-tweeter.
(Courtesy Altec Lansing)





Correction

In the discussion of velocity microphones, in the July issue of Service, the metal ribbons should have been called loosely-stretched ribbons with a natura' period below the audio range; output impedance is very low, with a mike-to line transformer to increase impedance.



finger-tip control. Hundreds of exact frequencies instantly selected. No confused dial to read. No band switch. I.F., Broadcast, Shortwave, and Ultra Hi Frequencies with or without 400 cycle note.

cast, Shortwave, and Ultra Hi Frequencies with or without 400 cycle note.

TOPERATURE COMPENSATED. All signals and crystal-controlled—not merely crystal-monitored. No stabilizing warm-up period. Laboratory accuracy the moment the set starts of oscillate. Frequency accurate to a logical controlled of the Output approximately 10 volts—nough signal to line up most I.F.'s by merely connecting to antenna post. No variable condenser to wear or coil to age. Frequency remains constant as the ageless crystal itself.

JOUR JOBBER HAS THEM IN STOCK SI

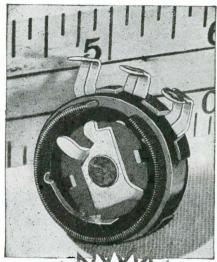




MONITOR PRODUCTS CO.

815 FREMONT AVE., SOUTH PASADENA, CALIF.

SERVICE, AUGUST, 1946 • 31



* Long a favorite with designers and manufacturers of sturdy radio-electronic equipment, these Clarostat Series 43 midget wire-wound potentiometers and rheostats are now a standard item available through our regular jobbers, for your use. Note these features . . .

> Often preferred to larger controls for resistance values up to 10,000 ohms linear. Bakelite body with protective metal cover (shown removed in illustration).

l to 10,000 ohms. Standard toler-ance, within 10% plus/minus. Power rating: 2 watts.

Mechanically interchangeable with Clarostat Series 37 composition-element controls.

300° mechanical rotation; 280° elec-trical without switch, 260° with switch.

* Now listed in new postwar Catalog No. 46A. Carried in stock by the Clarostat jobbers. Ask your Clarostat jobber for themand for catalog. Or write us.



SER-CUITS

(Continued from page 26)

limiting the load on the detector. The radio-phono switch opens the B circuit to the 12SA7 and 12SK7 i-f amplifier to prevent radio interference and provide a little more audio output through an increased plate voltage. A .002-mfd capacitor across the first audio output is switched in on radio and phono for low tone position. Again, we have hum bucking in the output transformer. Some models use 4" x 6" elliptical speakers, others standard 5" p-ms.

RCA Victor 55F

Fig. 3 shows the RCA Victor. model 55F, battery powered, woodcased farm receiver, with a 1N5 r-f amplifier and untuned first detector. A standard antenna transformer is used in conjuncition with an external antenna for maximum pick-The r-f amplifier is coupled to the 1A7 detector by a 5600-ohm plate load resistor, through a 7-ohm choke and 120-mmfd capacitor. An i-f wavetrap is placed in parallel with the detector.

A high gain 1N5 i-f amplifier uses two iron-core transformers, the output transformer being tapped for screen grid feedback. The detector load consists of 47,000 ohms in series with a 1-megohm control.

A 2-deck power switch cuts in a B series resistor (680 ohms) in addition to the usual bias resistor (390 ohms) to overbias the 3Q5 output tube for more economical operation. Distortion is increased and power reduced as a sacrifice.

Line-Powered Supply

The set draws 14 ma in the maximum output position and 10 ma in the battery saver position. The 1.5 volt A drain is 300 ma. Provision is made for connecting a line-powered supply unit, known as the CV-42 Electrifier, Fig. 4.

A 35Z5 supplies both A and Bpower with the filaments connected in series. A ballast tube takes care of the 35 volts needed for the rectifier. This tube has a 2300-ohm element to limit the A current to about 50 ma.

A 3-unit A filter electrolytic contains 50 mfd 150 volts; 30 mfd 150 volts; and 250 mfd 10 volts. The B CLAROSTAT MFG. CO., Inc. · 285-7 N. 6th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. series element is a 2700-ohm resistor.



HE KEYLOCK cover is another of the many features that make the name Newcomb outstanding in the sound equipment field. Designed for the postwar quality market, Newcomb amplifiers are unexcelled in the true reproduction of music and voice. Without reservation . . . Newcomb sound equipment will give finer, longer, more trouble-free service than any other system on market today. Write for information.



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Hookup and Push-Back Wire

Transparent Scotch Tape

½"—2592" ¾"—2592" White—	rolls, rolls,	each	1.08Doz. 1.35Doz.	10.80
1/2 "-2592"	rolls,	each	1.18Doz.	11.95
Heavy Metal	Disp	ensers for above	1.43	1.75

Kits for Servicemen

Kit No. 200-200 resistors ranging from 50 ohm	
to 5 Meg.—1/4, 1/2 and t Watt	5.95
Kit No. 50-50 Assorted Mica Condensers	4.65
Kit No. 100-100 Assorted By-pass and Buffer	
Condensers-Regular dealer's cost over \$2	
-our price to you	6.95
Kit. No. 45-45 Assorted Wire wound Resis-	
ters, 5, 10, 20 and 50 Watt	5.95
Kit No. 25-25 Assorted Filter and Electro-	
lytic Condensers-Value over \$9	3.95

Write for Catalog... hundreds of bargains in parts, supplies, equipment. Also ask for special bargain list of tubes now available.





PHILCO LICENSES RCA

Philco Corporation has licensed RCA to use the Philco advanced f-m system and approximately 600 other Philco

E. G. BROWN JOINS BROWNE **AGENCY**

E. G. Brown, former advertising manager for the Hallicrafters Co., has joined Burton Browne Advertising, Chicago, Ill.



CENTRALAB TO ISSUE TEMPORARY BULLETINS

Because of changing conditions in the Because of changing conditions in the industry at present, temporary bulletins will be issued by Centralab, division of Globe-Union Inc., 900 East Keefe Avenue, Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin. The information contained in these bulletins will be incorporated later into permanent catalogs.

The first of these bulletins, 933, covers bypass and coupling capacitors. This bulletin includes values, tolerances, working voltages, power factor limits, leakage resistance, color code and dimensions.

WADDELOW WINS WALSCO HOLLYWOOD TRIP

F. S. Waddelow, owner of the Radio Doctor, Champaign, Illinois, was the winner of the trip to Hollywood at the recent Chicago parts show drawing held by the Walter L. Schott Company, by the Walter L. Schott Company, Beverly Hills, Calif.



Left to right: Donald J. Terwilliger, sales manager of Walter L. Schott Company; H. W. Clough, vice president of Belden; Mr. Waddelow, and Walter L. Schott.

SHERWOOD NAMED TO PARTS SHOW BOARD

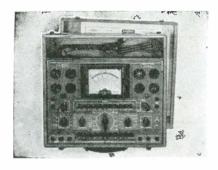
Rollie Sherwood, sales manager Hallicrafters, has been appointed to the board of directors of Radio Parts and Electronic Equipment Shows, Inc. He will serve as a representative of the Association of Electronic Parts and

(Continued on page 34)

ALL IN ONE PACKAGE



You've got a lot of "sharp" instruments in a small space when you buy the Jackson Model 637. In addition to complete tube testing, it combines 9 functions and 27 ranges, readily selected by push buttons that save time and guesswork.



MODEL 637 DYNAMIC OUTPUT TUBE TESTER

with complete universal meter ranges

1—Dynamic Output Tube Tester—accurate, thorough. 2-Ballast Tube Tester-finds shorts or burn-outs. 3—High-sensitivity Neon Continuity Tester. 4—Condenser Tester for finding shorted or leaky condensers. 5-Multirange A.C. Voltmeter: 0-10/100/250/500/-1000/2500. 6—Multi-range D.C. Voltmeter: 0-10/100/250/500/1000/2500. 7-Decibel Meter-Ranges from minus 10 to plus 14/10 to 34/30 to 54. 8-Multi-range D.C. Milliammeter 0-1/10/100/250. 9—Ammeter Range— 0 to 10 amperes D.C. 10—Triple Range Ohm-meter 0-3000/300,000/0-30 megohms. Automatic Push Button Selector-permits instant use of any range. Remarkably fast; reduces chance of mistakes.

Full Range Filament Selection—from 3/4 V. up to and including 115 V . . . Filament selector marked directly in volts at each position.

Tests All Tubes-all of the popular receiving types and television amplifiers, including Bantams - Miniatures - Loctals - Single Ended - and High-Voltage Filament Types. Provision for many more. Two spare socket positions are provided on panel.

"Dynamic" Method of Test is more accurate, frequently finds "poor" tubes which might pass for "good" in ordinary testers.

New High-Voltage Power Supply—permits using higher plate voltages (over 200 V. for some types), giving more accurate results.

Most Improved Type of Switching System-Spare circuits and switch positions are provided for future use on different tubes.

Controls Easy to Use-You don't waste time figuring out the next move.

Illuminated Meter Dial easy to read. Noise test jacks provided. Dimensions: 143/4" x 133/4" x 6". Weight 14 pounds.

Accessories—Complete with self-contained battery (for ohmmerer), and test prods.

JACKSON

Fine Electrical Testing Instruments

JACKSON ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY, DAYTON, OHIO



NEWS

(Continued from page 33)

Equipment Manufacturers for a term of

two years, 1947 and 1948.

J. A. Berman, Shure Brothers, has been reelected to the board, to represent the parts and equipment manufacturers.

* * * ZUCKERMAN JOINS RADIO

Walt Zuckerman has joined Sun Radio & Electronics Co., Inc., 122-124 Duane St., New York City, as head of the amateur sales and technical department.

ELLEFSON NAMED DIRECTOR OF SYLVANIA CENTRAL ENGINEERING LAB

Dr. Bennett S. Ellefson has been appointed directed of the Central Engineering Laboratories of Sylvania Electric Products Inc.



HALLICRAFTERS SETS UP SERVICE CENTERS

Six centers have been set up throughout the country for the checking, repair-

ing, and servicing of Hallicrafters equip-ment by the Hallicrafters Company, Chicago.

The six centers are in New York City, Los Angeles, Seattle, Pittsburgh, Chicago and Butler, Missouri.

HARADEN PRATT REELECTED RTPB CHAIRMAN

Haraden Pratt, Mackay Radio and Telegraph Co., has been reelected chair-man of the Radio Technical Planning Board, 1 East 79th Street, New York 21,

N. Y. J. L. Middlebrooks, NAB engineering director, has been named vice chairman.

WALTER M. NORTON BECOMES PRESIDENT OF RCA VICTOR DISTRIBUTING CORP.

Walter M. Norton has been named president of the RCA Victor Distributing Corporation. Mr. Norton will continue as director of the recently organized distribution department of RCA Victor.

* * * ELLINWOOD BUYS RADIOTONE

Ellinwood Industries, Los Angeles, Calif., have purchased the assets of

Radiotone, Inc.
Included in present production are two portable recorders, the RA-116 and the R-116, and the D-116, the latter a dubbing table.

The RA-116 is a 16" dual-speed recorder. The amplifier incorporates phase inversion, inverse feedback and tone

The R-116 is a 16" dual-speed recorder



BEekman 3-2980-1

Export Div.: WESTERN INTERNATIONAL

168 Washington St., N. Y. 6, N. Y.

without the amplifier or speaker, but incorporating the same recording mechanisms as that used in the RA-116.

The D-116 dubbing table has a 16" turn table.

FINDLAY NOW LITTELFUSE AD AND SALES PROMOTION MANAGER

John Findlay has been named advertising and sales promotion manager of Littelfuse Incorporated, 4757 N. Ravenswood Ave., Chicago. Mr. Findlay was recently managing editor of *Industrial Marketing*.

C-D CAPACITOR CATALOG

A 24-page catalog describing dry electrolytics, tubular papers, shell paper capacitors, auto radio capacitors, micas for transmitting and receiving, test instruments and instrument filters, has been issued by Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corporation, New Bedford, Mass.

MUELLER DISPLAY BOARD

A 17" by 21" display board, No. 122, showing clips, 12 insulators for clips and three other items, has been released by the Mueller Electric Co., 1583 East 31st Street, Cleveland 14, Ohio. Identifying code numbers are printed under each item, corresponding sizes of clips and insulators are matched and samples are detachable.



GUARDIAN RELAY BULLETIN

A 4-page bulletin describing series-200 Guardian relays with interchangeable coil and contact assemblies, and kit of series-200 switch parts, has been released by Guardian Electric Mfg. Co., 1606 West Walnut Street, Chicago 12, Ill. Assortments consist of four coils in 6, 12, 24 and 115 volts a-c and five coils in 6, 12, 24 32 and 110 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts december the coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 120 volts dec

Assortments consist of four coils in 6, 12, 24 and 115 volts a-c and five coils in 6, 12, 24, 32 and 110 volts d-c, each interchangeable with one single-pole double-throw and one double-throw double-pole contact assembly.

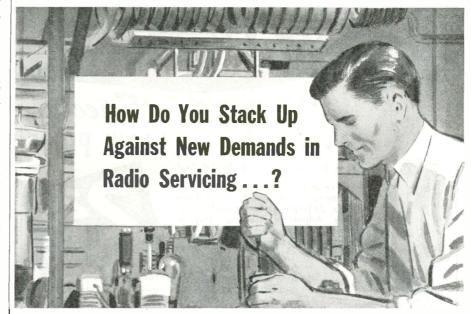
SHALLCROSS RESISTOR WALL CHART

Fifty-four resistor types are illustrated and described in a wall chart prepared by the Shallcross Manufacturing Company, Collingdale, Penna. Chart offers dimension data, mounting specifications, minimum and maximum resistance values, tolerance, temperature charts, temperature coefficient data, etc.

A copy of the chart is available free of

A copy of the chart is available free of cost; ask for the Shallcross Akra-Ohm resistor engineering data chart.

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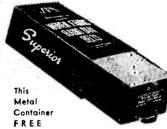
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Capitol Radio Engineering Institute 16th and Park Road, N. W., Washington 10, D. C. Gentlemen: Please send me your free booklet, "Your Opportunity in the New World of Electronics", sogether with full details of your home study training. I am attaching a brief resume of my experience, education and present position.
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Made of buna S rubber (#3 thin single) with smooth rubber cover on outside and rough finish on inside. Standard equipment with set manufacturers — resistant to atmospheric changes — more pliable and rougher — insuring positive grip on shafts and pulleys. Its popularity has made it the largest selling Radio Dial Belt in the U.S.A.

FREE Just pay for the belts and get this metal container Servicemans Assrt. 25 Belts this handy, durable
" 50 " ALL METAL service" 100 " man's sliding drawer BIODA Use the Belts the Manufacturers use in their original equipment.

Ask your jobber for man's sliding drawer cabinet.

D MANUFACTURING CO. 4111 FT. HAMILTON PARKWAY . BROOKLYN 19,



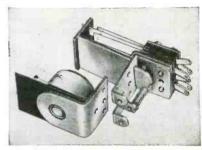
GUARDIAN INTERCHANGEABLE RELAY COILS AND CONTACT ASSEMBLIES

Relays, series 200, which feature an interchangeable coil and operate on any standard voltage or current, have been developed by Guardian Electric Manufacturing Company, 1606 West Walnut Street, Chicago 12, Illinois.

Relay consists of two basic parts, a coil assembly and a contact assembly. Held together with two screws and lock-

washers.

Series-200 assortment permits separate relay combinations by making different connections on the switch blade terminals and putting together any of nine standard a-c or d-c coils with either of two switch assemblies, single-throw double-pole or double-pole double-throw. An extra kit containing contact switch parts permits making contact combinations up to fourpole double-throw.



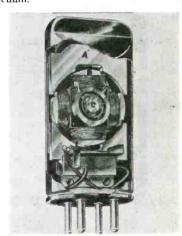
DYNECTRON ROTARY CONVERTER

A plug-in type rotary converter, the dynectron, has been developed by Ohio Tool Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

In this converter the current-interrupting action is rotary, in comparison to the vibrating action of the vibrator.

The making and breaking of the cur-

rent occurs in a steel enclosed glass cell, containing tungsten - tipped electrodes which alternately make contact with a small pool of mercury, all sealed in a vacuum



Cross-sectional view of the converter. Rotary action of converter is the result of attraction and repulsion of the electrically energized magnets, B, to the permanent Alnico magnets, A.

AEROVOX UNIVERSAL CLEAT-MOUNTING CANNED ELECTROLYTICS

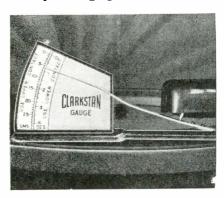
General-purpose cleat-mounting electrolytic capacitors in aluminum cans, type

PRVC, have been developed by Aerovox Corporation, New Bedford, Mass. Electrolytics have insulated positive and negative wire leads, color-coded for polarity. Multiple-section units have con-centrically-wound sections with common negative lead. Available in popular ratings and capacitances.



CLARKSTAN PHONO NEEDLE PRESSURE GAUGE

A gauge to check the weights of tone arms and pickups, the Clarkstan Corpora-tion, 11927 West Pico Boulevard, Los Angeles 34, Calif., have developed a needle pressure gauge.



FTR HOOK-UP WIRE

A thermoplastic insulated radio hookup wire, tested to underwriters standards, has been announced by Federal Telephone and Radio Corporation, Newark, N. J.

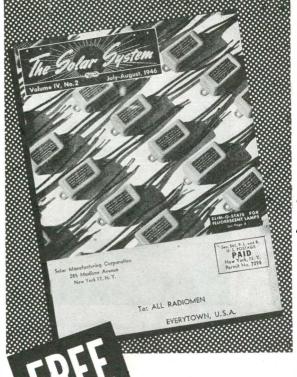
Features include free stripping, high resistance to flame, abrasion resistance and resistance to oxidation. Wire is available in solid or stranded types ranging in size from 24 to 14 for high or low voltage needs and comes in 14 colors.

FEILER SIGNAL-TRACING ANALYZER

A signal-tracing analyzer, TS-2, has been produced by the Feiler Engineering Co., 803 Milwaukee Ave., Chicago.

Has built-in high impedance isolation network; permits connection directly across high impedance circuits with minimum effect.

Has r-f vacuum-tube voltmeter circuit to permit visual indication of r-f voltages. Has provision for output meter



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It's a bi-monthly magazine of authoritative

information on new developments in the capacitor field. Simply fill in the coupon below if you'd like to receive this easy-to-read technical publication regularly at your home or at your office.



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for silent tracing. Equipped with headphone connection.

Uses two IT4S and one 3O4; built-in



5" p-m speaker. Bakelite probe houses miniature tube, isolating network, and associated circuits for detector-amplifier.

ELECTRO-VOICE CARDYNE CARDIOID **DYNAMICS**

Single-head cardioid dynamic microphones, Cardyne-type, have been announced by Electro-Voice, Inc., 1239 South Bend Ave., South Bend 24, Indi-

Utilizing the Electro-Voice mechanophase principle, the Cardyne is said to provide cardioid unidirectivity, high output, wide-angle pick-up at front of microphone, but dead at rear. Sound at

(Continued on page 38)

SERVICING HELPS

by FRANK C. KEENE

IN SERVICING a Silvertone 1709, I found it necessary to replace a 37 with a 76, and noted rather odd results. With the 37 in the socket, it was impossible to get any plate voltage reading. However, in taking the 37 or 76 out of the socket, with the voltmeter leads still connected to the 37-socket prongs, the voltage rose to 200. The same results appeared with either tube. Installation of a coupling capacitor between the 37 plate and the 45 grid did not cure the voltage rise. Can you offer an analysis?-Carl E. Chapman.

To determine the source of trouble an ohmmeter check should be made from the socket lug to ground, with the tube in the socket. It is very possible that this particular lug is being grounded out when the tube is inserted. The only other possibility is that the plate resistor is opening up under load. This

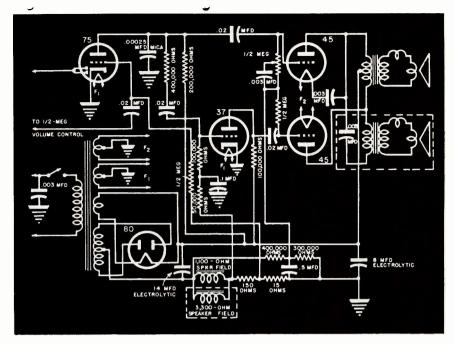


Fig. 1 (Chapman query). Circuit of the Silvertone 1709.

is a remote possibility, and can be checked quickly by putting another resistor in series with it to ground, with the tube both in and out of the socket.

According to the circuit, Fig. 1, the plate voltage on the 37 should read 145,

with a plate current of .9 ma. Therefore, the drop across the load resistor (100,000 ohms) should be 90 volts. If the voltage across the resistor is 235 volts; this is an indication that the plate socket lug is grounded.

NEW PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 37)

rear dead zone cancels out and is not reproduced.

reproduced.
Output level (high impedance 25,000 ohms), 53 db below 1 volt/dyne/cm³, open circuit. Stand coupler thread, 5%"-27. Equipped with 20' shielded cable. Available in 50, 250, 500 ohms, or high impedance (direct-to-grid, 25,000 ohms). Low impedances balanced to ground.

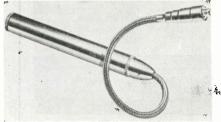
Made in two models: the Cardyne II, model 731, 30-12,000 cps; the Cardyne I, model 726, 40-10,000 cps.

cago 6, Illinois. Has a polystyrene tipped probe, and low capacity coupling.

ELECTRONIC LABS VIBRATOR INVERTER

A vibrator inverter, designed to per-

Made of polished aluminum. Uses two standard size AA batteries. Light is said to be waterproof.



mit operation of a-c phonographs with d-c, has been developed by Electronic Laboratories, Inc., Indianapolis, Ind.
Unit measures 4½" x 4" x 2¾" and weighs 14 ounces. With an input of 115

volts d-c, the inverter's output is 110 volts, 60-cycle a-c, providing a maximum load capacity of 25 watts.



RADOLEK TRACER

A signal trace test unit, model 200, has been announced by the Radolek Company, 601 West Randolph Street, Chi-



AERO-MOTIVE FLEXIBLE FLASHLIGHT

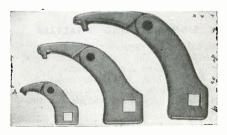
flexible flashlight, Zoo Flex-Lite, with a long flexible extension bulb retainer, has been produced by the Aero-Motive Mfg. Company, 1803 Alcott St., Kalamazoo, Michigan.

JO MFG. CO. SPANNER WRENCH SETS

Adjustable spanner wrench sets have been added to the line of tools manufactured by JO Manufacturing Company, South Gate, California. Made in three sizes for 34" to 2", 134" to 4", and 3½" to 6" diameters.

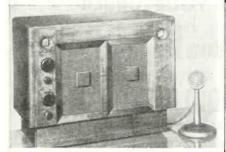
Each wrench set is of forged steel, heat-treated and cadmium plated. Set consists of a handle, removable screw, a key arm, and three pin arms in grad-

uated sizes.

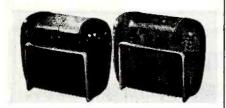


(Continued on page 40)

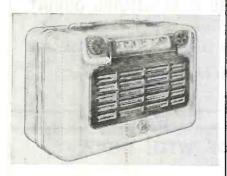
NEW MODELS



Jefferson-Travis film tape recorder, model HR2, that is said to have a recording time of 120 minutes.



Crosley 4-tube single band a-c/d-c end table receiver, models 56TD, TE and TF. Has enclosed loop antenna and 4" pm speaker.



Hoffman Radio A-700 portable battery set featuring a permeability tuned r-f amplifier stage.

Supplied with an Antenna Dor that permits of loop antenna to increase antenna pickup.



Above, Olympic 6-tube portable, operating on a-c/d-c and batteries, designed by Olympic Radio & Television (model 6-606). Below, two-band 6-tube a-c Olympic receiver, using one stage of r-f and a single turn shortwave loop (model 6-601s.





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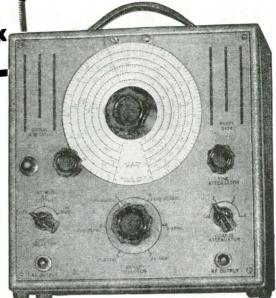
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4-TUBE A-C CLOCK-CONTROL RECEIVER

(See Front Cover)

A FOUR 150-MIL TUBE T-R-F RECEIVER, that can be preset for on operation by a clock, is shown on the cover this month. The G.E. 50, this model operates off the 105-125/60-cycle lines with series filaments.

A 2-gang permeability tuned unit tunes the input and output circuits of a 12SG7 r-f amplifier for a high gain. An unusual feature is the use of a diode detector with a standard avc system. A 12SQ7 first audio is followed by a conventional 50L6 and p-m.

The external antenna is resistance coupled to the r-f grid across 100,000

ohms through a 22-mmfd capacitor. A 220-ohm grid suppressor is used to discourage oscillation at the high-frequency end of the band. A 39-ohm cathode bias resistor without bypass is also used to limit regeneration. The cathode is connected to the chassis through 470,000 ohms, and a .05 bypass is connected from chassis to B line. A capacity-voltage divider, or impedance-matching system, is used to couple the r-f output to the diode detector with somewhat more than half of the resonant circuit voltage being fed to the 150-mmfd coupling capaci-



G.B. clock-radio receiver with an alarm selector control. Clock turns on radio at pre-determined hour.

tor. The divider consists of a 430-numfd capacitor and an adjustable 270 to 325-mmfd unit, the output being taken across the latter.

To minimize detector loading of the tuned circuit. 47,000 ohms are used ahead of the 1-megohm volume control and 220-mmfd detector capacitor. A 2.2 megohm resisor is also used for the avc circuit to shunt this detector load. The second 12SQ7 diode is tied to the avc bus for initial bias. The detector load is also made lighter by using a 10-megohm leak for the first a-f. The triode's load resistor is high, 1 megohm, to obtain maximum gain. The 50L6 grid leak is 470,000 ohms, as high as permissible. The (Continued on page 42)

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OLD TIMER'S CORNER

by SERVICER

A FEW WEEKS AGO, Jack had asked me to do him a favor. While it seemed simple enough, I soon found myself facing a tough, but really tough problem. He had opened his business many years ago and, like so many of us, had expanded and expanded until it turned out to be a large store with some ten helpers and a lot of stock and everything. In short, it was big

business with a couple of capital B's. Of course the war had taken its toll and he had lost a lot of his good sales per-sonnel; and after the great fracas was over, he had tried to get them back. For over, he had tried to get them back. For the most part, however, the boys who went had decided they were not coming back. One had gone in for further schooling under the GI Bill of Rights, another had married and gone into business with his father-in-law, and so on. Out of the group, only two had come back, the janitor and the office manager. Jack had had to hire a whole new staff

"Darn it all," he told me, "I've hired bright young salesmen with lots of personality and loads of zip and push. We got the merchandise and we have the prettiest store in the country. We have the customers and we make it exceptionally easy for them to buy. Yet sales are falling off at an alarming rate while those of my nearest competitor are rising in the same ratio. I'm puzzled. Perhaps you can stay around a few days and discover what is the trouble," he concluded.

So I hied myself over to his store at odd hours and watched the sales personnel work. And I came to some very definite conclusions. But it was not easy to tell Jack that his salesmen just weren't—salesmen! Nice guys, sure. But salesmen? No! And, what's more, I hated to tell Jack what I had found out because he was so inordinately proud of his ability to pick salesmen. compromised.

When time came to tell Jack, I said: "About what I discovered, Jack, it will do no good to tell you what I found out. Suppose though I tell you what is required of a salesman. Then you can, with your native intelligence, figure what to do yourself. Okay?"

Jack said it was, and here is what I told him about salesmanship:

There are five golden rules of sales-manship and every salesperson should know them all. Even if he or she does not know them by name, he should fol-

low them. Here is the list, which I have called the Lifeblood of Sales.

(1) Know what you are selling. This does not mean just to know that a radio set is a Philco or an RCA with 8 or 10 tubes. One must know more about it. What is the nearest cheaper set, and the next more expensive? What is the advantage of the particular set over its competitor? What are the other types of sets on the market, who sells them and at what price? How are the chances of getting replacements for tubes or parts? Will it function where the customer wants to use it, or will it need a special installation? These are but a few points that a salesperson must know

There are many, many others.
(2) Know your customer. It is not enough to know his name or his family. Try to find out how he thinks, what business he is in, what his interests are, why he wants to buy, and what his wife thinks of the idea. The more you learn about a customer, the easier it is to reach him and get him to buy. That does not mean that you should hire only sales-persons who are familiar with every person in the neighborhood. Rather, you should use salesmen who have the knack of making customers feel that they have known the salesman for years and years, even if they have only just met him. While this is not too important in small

sales, it becomes increasingly important as the unit dollar volume goes up.

(3) Be honest. That's a hard one to talk about; no one will admit that he or she is a dishonest salesman. Such people, and there are many, are those who knock a competitor's product when in fact they are only repeating rumors. Dishonest salesmen make promises which neither they nor the house for which they work have any intention of keeping. They then

(Continued on page 43)

COVER DIAGRAM

(Continued from page 41)

screen grid is run at a lower voltage than the plate which increases the voltage gain at the expense of output power.

The power filter uses an 18-ohm surge limiting resistor, 40 and 30 mfd capacitor and 2,200 ohms. A 20-mfd bypass is used across the 150-ohm cathode resistor.

OLD TIMER'S CORNER

(Continued from page 42)

expect to crawl out of these promises by saying that the manufacturer held them up. Dishonest salespersons are those who will make a general statement which can be applied to a given set of facts only in one instance. For example, the sales-man who says "F-m is better than a-m." This is true only if there is an unusual amount of static or interference in the locality of the customer. F-m is not better than a-m if both have clear chanbetter than a-m if both have clear channels and the a-m station is on a par with the f-m station in the matter of frequency transmission. If both transmit frequencies up to, say, 10,000 kc audiowise, and there is no static and the signals are equally strong, there is no difference between them. It would be wiser to state under what conditions f-m is better than a-m, or vice versa. The customer will appreciate it. customer will appreciate it.

A dishonest salesman will deal in fancies and gossip in the same manner as he will with facts, intermixing them as ne will with facts, intermixing them to make up a logical story. That is wrong. Without honesty, there can be no real salesmanship. Honesty will always build good will, too, that indefinable something which brings customers back again and again to your store. So do not destroy it—build it up with honesty.

(4) Get the order but get it at a reasonable profit. Too many salesmen take unfair advantage of the customers. They will know the resale value of a set the customer wants to turn in, and yet to get an order, they will allow that particular customer more than what is fair. That amounts to a discount and when the house complains, the salesman usually takes the difference out of his own pocket. This means that one customer is treated differently from another with the same set to trade but handled by a different salesman. The test of good salesmanship is certainly to get the salesmanship is certainly to get the order, but to get it at a profit to the house and to the salesman.

There are others who think it smart oget an order and at the same time allow the customer far below a fair market price for the turn-in. These salesmen operate on the basis the customer should know the price he wants. They point out that this is a good way to get the order and make a bigger profit. But the long run the gustomer will fand in the long run, the customer will find out he was bilked and will tell others. Thus what was a profit will turn into a loss of general business because of the distrust which has been generated.

(5) The last Golden Rule is a lot of rules thrown together. Watch your conduct (inside the business as well as outside). Be loyal to the house that you represent, and above all, be on your toes. There is not much that need be written or said about this rule since it is well understood. But too often that is all that is required of a salesperson and the other Golden Rules which are the Lifeblood of Sales are forgotten or glossed

When I had finished, Jack looked up and said, "I guess I see what you mean and I think I can fix it. It seems that need some good salesmen. I'll hire them and give them a transfusion of your Lifeblood of Sales. That ought to help!"

How about it? Wouldn't that help you, too?





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JOTS AND FLASHES

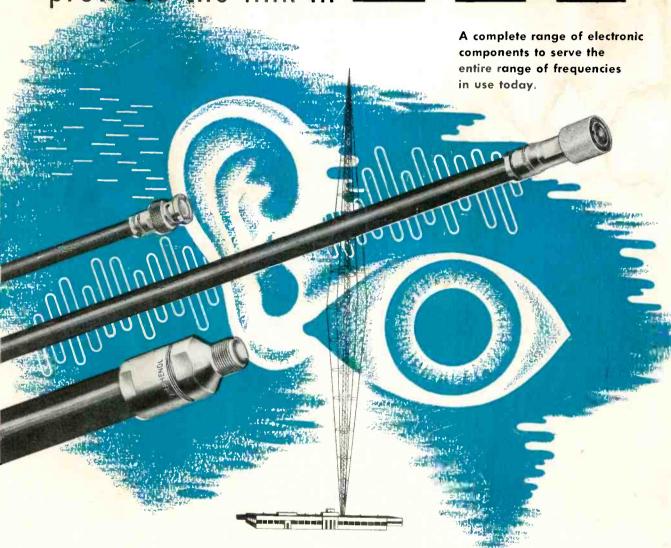
MANY UNUSUAL PLANS are being made to demonstrate television receivers this Fall. Special rooms with cozy home settings have been designed by leading decorators and television-room specialists. While some of the rooms are of a rather luxurious nature, many are of the average type that will be found in most homes. Receivers will be placed so that it will be possible to see just how much room light can be tolerated during viewing . . . Harry W. Rubinstein, Thomas B. Hunter and Milton Ehlers, formerly with Centralab, have formed a ceramic capacitor manufacturing company, the Herlec Corporation, 442 N. 5th St., Milwaukee, Wisc. . . . Recent estimates indicate that there are over 200 manufacturers now licensed by RCA to make receivers . . . J. R. Little is now manager of the RCA Mfg. Company, 4117 Ft. Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn 19, N. Y. is now shipping all distributor orders of \$50 or more net freight prepaid Henry D. Sarkis has been named eastern sales representative of the Well-Corn of D. Sarkis has been named eastern sales representative of the Well-Corn of D. Sarkis tive of the Vokar Corp of Dexter. Michigan; Precision Parts Co. of Ann Arbor, Michigan and its Chicago subsidiary, Carter Radio. The New York office is at 43 Water Street Jones has become assistant chief engineer, in charge of research and development, for Lear, Inc., Grand Rapids, Michigan. He was formerly chief engineer of the instruments division of Thomas A. Edison, Inc. . . . The second issue of the "Olson News" has been published by the Olson News" has been published by the Olson Radio Warehouse, 73 E. Mill Street, Akron 8, Ohio . . . A three-story engineering and administration building is now under construction for the Weston Electrical Instrument Corp., Newark, N. J. . . F. R. Ellinger has succeeded N. J. . . . F. R. Ellinger has succeeded T. B. Hunter as Centralab representative in Chicago, Mr. Hunter will also cover the territory of Roland Moeller (Wisconsin-Illinois-Iowa-Nebraska) who recently resigned because of ill health . . . Additional space in the General Motors diesel equipment plant at Grand Rapids, Michigan has been leased by Lear, Inc. . . . Don G. Mitchell, president of Sylvania, recently received the American Marketing Association Meritorious Service Citation from Secretary of Commerce, Henry A. Wallace, at a banquet in New York . . Two Hallicrafters mobile shortwave communications units have been purchased by the State of Illinois for disaster control. The units used are the SCR299, which were used by the U. S. Army Signal Corps during the war... The recent issue of Sylvania News contained a complete retail price list of receiving tubes ... J. F. D. have purchased a factory site at 16th Avenue and 61st Street, Brooklyn, where they plan to build their sixth plant . . . DX Radio Products Co., Inc., Chicago, will move to a new plant at 2310 W. Armitage Avenue, where speakers, crystals, coils and loop antennas will be produced... A miniature selenium rectifier, 1¼" x 1¼" x 11/16", is described in a folder recently released by Federal Telephone & Radio Corp. Circuit diagrams and application data are offered in this

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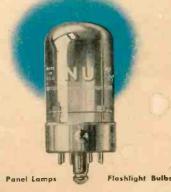
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