





tured above at left: Over 80,000 milk bottle caps were sent in to CFGP Grande Prairie, during a recent contest. The lad ding in the most bottle caps won a bicycle. This was the result. At right: from left to right; Frank Willis, narrator; orge Taggart, producer; and Samuel Hersenhoren, musical director, talk over the new All-Canada syndicated transcribed show "Reflections."

ANADIAN BROADCASTER

5, No. 15

\$2.00 a Year - \$5.00 for Three Years

August 3rd, 1946

VE OFFERS CFCN OWNERSHIP TO LISTENERS

CFCN Owner Proposes Alternative To CBC Frequency Grab

gary, startled Canadian broading when he offered to sell his kw station on 1010 kc to listeners Alberta, provided CFCN would ain on 1010 kc and be permitted increase power to 50 kw. He red to give Canadian listeners r first locally-owned high-pow-station as a solution to the CBC relength seizure before the Parnentary Committee on Radio adcasting at Ottawa last Thurs-

After reviewing the public serhistory of CFCN in supplying
thern Alberta with local news
programs, Love and his legal
nsel, M. M. Porter, told the
liamentary Committee they had
approval of municipal and agriural organizations of the proe in presenting their offer to
CFCN to the listeners of the

been offered CFCN to allow C to build a 50 kw Alberta ion on 1010 kc, CFCN would much of its audience, which come to depend on the station local Alberta coverage. CBC ion with national programs uld not supply southern Alberta

listeners local programs and local news. By selling CFCN to the listeners, continued local programming for the larger Alberta audience was asured, Love pointed out.

Gordon Love confirmed earlier testimony of Harry Sedgwick, CFRB Toronto, that not till last year did CFCN learn it was to have its frequency taken over by CBC and not till April 1946, was date of June 1947 given for the changeover. In 1941 Love had been assured CFCN would retain the 1010 kc clear channel if it agreed to take it at that time, the Committee was told. Moving to 1060 kc, in addition to losing audience, would cost about \$125,000, he stated.

Official correspondence to CFCN, CFRB and CKY Winnipeg, with regard to seizure of frequencies for the CBC, and correspondence between CBC and government departments on the subject, was requested to be produced before the Parliamentary Committee by Donald Fleming (PC. Toronto-Eglinton). It was also intimated that Reconstruction Minister Howe might be called on to explain why he approve CBC recommendations for seizure of these three clear channel frequencies from independent stations.

HANSELL DEPLORES CBC GROWTH

Pointing to the dangers of the loss of freedom of expression in the growth of the CBC, E. G. Hansell, (Social Credit member of Parliament for McLeod, Alberta) told his constituents the background of the present Parliamentary Committee on Radio Broadcasting in his latest "Report from Parliament Hill" broadcast.

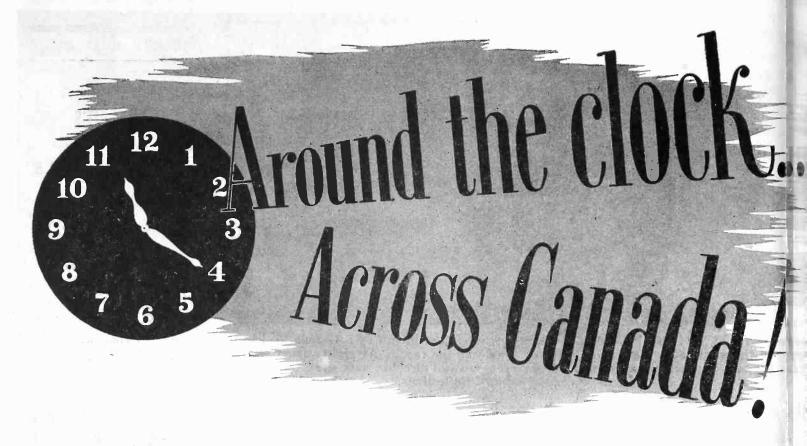
"The thing which concerns me most in the matter of radio broadcasting," Hansell stated "is the danger which I see in the establishing of a huge governmentowned monopoly in radio, which, when once established, will be well-nigh impossible to break. This danger is the more alarming when one realizes that this monopoly could be one of propaganda and of such a nature as to mean that the thinking of the nation would be moulded by a few men who would have power to choose and say just what, or what not, the people of Canada should hear, learn and

He showed that this tendency to "thought-control" is not for the

future, but is here today, explaining that the CBC network talks and programs expressing public opinion first originate with the CBC Talks Department, and that no body of people outside or apart from the CBC Talks Department have any right to arrange a series of talks on a national network.

He compared development of the CBC to a hypothetical government-owned "Daily Newspaper Corporation" which would have control over all privately-owned newspapers, regulate and control all national advertising, editorials and the subscribers of other papers. He felt that there would be public protest on such a development.

Tracing the history of Canadian broadcasting, Hansell showed how over the years the CBC had taken over more regulations, a little at a time. "If what has happened in this respect over a number of years," Hansell said "had been done all at once, the country, I am sure, would have been very seriously alarmed and public opinion would never have permitted this to happen."



LISTENERS will enjoy your program at the ideal time no matter where in Canada your market is located. That's possible because around the clock across Canada, All-Canada has the right program that will fit into the right time-slot for the right listening group. Make your choice from our large package program library—and you'll have at your fingertips the world's top talent, tailored to sell, built by the finest producers. Our programs are ready made to save you time, trouble, and money. Ask the All-Canada Program Man.

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CENTUATE NEGATIVE

Chuck Rainsforth

welcome visitor to the Broad-office last week was Joe

office last week was Joe office last week was Joe holidaying from Hollyand New York and glowing success as a writer with the Young Show" (no relation.) was able to give us the low-on the goings-on of some of Canadians seeking fame and ne in the land of opportuand Hucksterish salaries. In a modest gent, Joe was of news about his namesake "Margie" has met with high wal from the heads of 20th ury Fox. So much so that have moved its scheduled of release, December, ahead rely October; and the opening anned for Radio City Music in New York. Alan is slated art work on another pic at the address onely in the fall. Just art work on another pic at the address early in the fall. Just now that you don't take all talents with you to Holly-Alan neither drove a car,

Alan neither drove a car, ated when he hit the bright he taught him to skate Margie", so well, that when as called on to do a comic couldn't get it to work. they wanted him to make morning trips to the movie he found it necessary to to drive. Very well too, Joe

n's airshow hits the airways over NBC this time starting amber 20 and heard in nto at 8.30 on Fridays. When how the show went last year said that the best indication at was the fact that Bristolare sponsoring the show this year.

ong other Canadians in wood whom Joe lists in his book are Gabrielle and Jules a, former radio artists here, teaches in a dramatic school ollywood and has taken time to play the lead in the legit den Boy" in Los Angeles. that success he has been ofthe lead in a Broadway pro-

brielle, Jules wife, has been bits in both the movies and in Hollywood.

k Conway, popular ex-Canaradio man, can't shake Cancompletely from his heels. He w breaking the ground for a FM station in Ontario, Cali-a, where he lives. Jack is goto manage the station and while is building up quite a station as an after-dinner ever around the movie metro-Station

his way back to Canada, Joe a short while in New York



we're flattered, my dear Hampstead, but think what this is going to do to our social proclivities."

and while there ran into Billy McClintock, ex-CBC sound effects man, who left here about a year ago to join ABC. Joe tells us that Billy is now one of the top men in his craft with ABC, and is doing some of their leading shows, among them "Lights Out". What's more he is getting air credits for

some of their leading shows, among them "Lights Out". What's more he is getting air credits for his work. Billy lives in the same block of flats as Tod Russell, another Canadian who has been emceeing Mutual's "Double or Nothing", their top-rated show.

Now for Joe himself. He looks healthy and happy, and sports a beautiful coat of tan. Not black just a mellow brown. He claims that people in Hollywood spend a great deal of time keeping fit, but that he doesn't need to do anything beyond writing for the show which takes up six days a week. He says the only way he has distinguished himself in radio is by not reading "The Hucksters" and the only reason he hasn't done that is because he hasn't get finished "Corica. Formily Robinson" is because he hasn't yet finished "Swiss Family Robinson."

Writing a comedy show is a difficult thing, he says. It consists largely of trying to convince half a dozen other people that something is funny when you aren't sure yourself sure yourself.

our conclusion is that it must be a hard life to live amongst the Hollywood lovelies in that bright sunshine, and be forced to accept the folding stuff that Americans pay. It must keep a guy pale and unhappy

But where did that coat of tan and healthy glow come from? Oh well, it doesn't rain here

very often.

SUNWAPTA BULLETIN

MONDAY, AUGUST 5 AT 10.00 A.M. IT'S "OPENING MEETING OF THE W.A.B."

From the Great Lakes to the Pacific Coast station operators of Western Canadian stations will be gathered at the Harrison Hot Springs Hotel for the 12th Annual meeting of Canada's oldest Broadcasting Association.

From all parts of Canada and the United States visitors will join the Westerners and participate in the various discussions.

To the visitors, CFRN extends best wishes for a grand time with Western Hospitality as the unfailing guarantee.

To the Station, Operators CFRN expresses the wish that this year's meetings will yield new ideas and resolutions aimed at further enhancing the art of Canadian broadcasting.

WABingly Yours



Matinee Idols

CHSJ's "Morning Jamboree" brought in 1807 letters in one week, in response to an invitation to write for a picture of the hillbilly group featured for the past eight months on the Saint John

The program is currently doing a personal appearance tour throughout the station's listening area.

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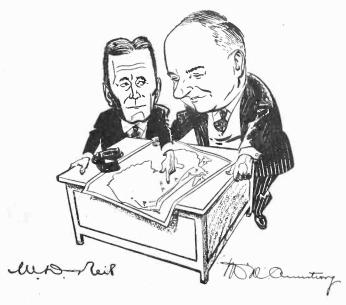
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Canadian Pacific Railways

W. M. ARMSTRONG GENERAL MANAGER Canadian National Telegraph

"Development of Radio Broadcasting in Canada has proved an incentive to new ideas and a spirit of co-operation once thought impossible.

"To bring Canadian listeners more than 6,700 network plus numerous individual station programs each month, the Communications Departments of Canada's two great railway systems co-operate in providing trouble-free daily hook-ups of more than 15,000 miles of high quality matched landlines for two networks, plus more than 5,000 miles of telegraph monitor circuits.

"Out of this co-operative interest in Radio has grown our amazing micro-wave, or Frequency Modulation, transmission service which will shortly provide greatly improved telegraph and telephone service between Toronto and



GEN. MAN. OF COMMUNICATIONS Canadian Pacific Railways

GENERAL MANAGER Canadian National Telegraph

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MONTREAL

TORONTO

WINNIPEG

RADIO GETS YOUR MESSAG



Largest single program set-up ever attempted in Canada was that installed in Vancouver's Stanley Park last month for the big Diamond Jubilee Show which marked the city's 60th birthday.

Top flight CBC technician Jimmy Gilmore was named control operator on the show. He was photographed here as he "followed" baritone John Charles Thomas across the massive, 520 ft. stage, singing a verse at each of nine mikes on the way across. At the same time Gilmore brings in the orchestra directed by Lucio Agostini, a mixed chorus, narrator, and recorded sound!

Biggest challenge of the installation was to achieve broadcast quality in the great outdoor amphitheatre for audiences used to hearing name stars Thomas and Eddie Cantor over the radio. Northern Electric and Dominion Sound supplied facilities sufficient to equip six modern movie theatres and CBC brought to the west coast some of the "Royal Visit" equipment, including mixing and distribution amplifiers, and portable master control units. CBC Vancouver supplied "cocktail bar" type sound effects unit and miscellaneous equipment. Fourteen tons of shielded cable, supplied by the RCAF, were cut up in two to five hundred-foot lengths and drawn into place by jeep. From the control booth here, separate cables ran beneath the audience to stage centre 200 feet away, fanning out to 15 microphones and six speakers. Gilmore and Wing Cmdr. Ken Cameron of the RCAF used walkie talkies to install the mikes because they were beyond voice range from control tower. Technical committee of the Jubilee Show was headed by CBC regional engineer Arthur Ellis, formerly of Montreal, who arranged for Gilmore's services to

be loaned for several week Twenty-nine year old Jimy G more was CBC's choice to unc the San Francisco Confered le

With an audience of 170 packing Timber Bowl nig v two weeks, the Jubilee Sho we off technically with the slick is a studio broadcast. It is lieva that the only comparable enter ing job on this continent s th Lewisohn Concert series

Sells Free Swir

Parents of 54 out of a sw unit class of 92 ten-year old be have heard announcements over 10 Hamilton, urging them to hour age their youngsters to him swim, according to a letter reive by CKOC sports announce RC Cook, from the Hamilton uniq pal Pool, which is offerir for swimming lessons to bo an girls as part of a Communi We fare drive.

The letter expressed the ppr ciation of the honorary coad Jimmy Thompson, on bealf of himself and "hundred of parents."

CHW

Chilliwack, B.

"The Voice of the Fraser Valley

Extends

BEST WISHES

DELEGATES and GUETS at the

1946 WAB CONVENTIN

At Harrison Hot Spri

A MONTH NICE

(Authorized as Second Class matter at the Post Office Dept., Ottawa)

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Editor: RICHARD G. LEWIS Production Manager: ARTHUR C. BENSON Art Editor: GREY HARKLEY Editorial Dept.: CHUCK RAINSFORTH

James Allard Ottows Robert Francis Vancouver

Walter Dales Montreal

August 3rd, 1946

Big Enough

ou have to be big enough to succeed in private business.

Tou have to be big enough to fight your way through a flock of plaster your target, and then get your aircraft and crew back base. Even more, you have to be big enough to face a war, or other kind of struggle, with an objective that is years away. Often have to make sacrifices today, sacrifices in terms of both profit and fort, if you are going to gain your objective years beyond a foring horizon.

ou have to be big enough to work and save for years, in order rovide a silver-plated university education for your family and a ite headstone for your own bones. You have to be big enough to your fingers to the marrow, because you do not feel big enough he responsibility of employees and the responsibility of their responties And when the staff grows, you have to be big enough to acwledge that they have as great a stake in your business as you yourself, because all of you are giving it all you have.

ou have to be big enough to see that the good of your own indivibusiness operation is wrapped completely in the good of the inty of which it is a part You have to be big enough to spend time effort in British Columbia, fighting for the weal of your colleagues he Maritimes. You have to be big enough to associate-not to

ou have to be big enough to join forces with your closest and keencompetitor, and do battle, for him, against that which would destroy and not you. You have to be big enough simply because you believe n ideal.

You have to be big enough to admit that a situation which is amentally wrong, even though it may benefit you for a moment, till wrong. You have to be big enough to acknowledge that you be a contributor to that wrong thing, if you turn it to your own antage, even for a moment.

ou have to be big enough to face criticism born of following your convictions. You have to be big enough to separate constructive adse comment from envy; helpful praise from empty flattery. You e to be big enough to be at least as vocal in your commendation hose who serve you well, as you are in your condemnation when they

ou have to be big enough to sacrifice uncertain gain, for the certain arity of those who depend on your leadership and judgment.

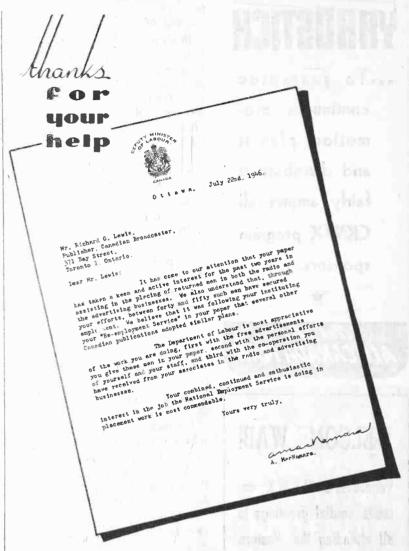
You have to be big enough to be a citizen of this great country, by ag big enough to look at it through the long range part of the close-lals. You have to be big enough not to lower your eyes to the closepart of your glasses, thus shutting out the wider and farther view. You have to be big enough to see the green pastures over the zon without coveting their cool verdure.

dou have to be big enough to predicate everything you do in the ration of your affairs on terms of usefulness to the people you serve.

You have to be big enough to let profit come of its own accord, as a act result of your usefulness.

You have to be big enough to succeed in private business.

Richard S. Lewis. Editor



We'd like to hand on the appreciation expressed in the above letter from Mr. A. MacNamara, C.M.G., Deputy Minister of Labor, in connection with the Canadian Broadcaster Re-employment Service for returning men.

Credit for any success with which the plan may have met, belongs rightfully to those members of the radio and allied industries who have found openings on their staffs for these men.

Neither would we omit mention of the co-operation of Hal Williams, of Dominion Broadcasting Company, Toronto, who has for over a year now been supplying transcriptions, without charge, to enable out-of-Toronto station managers to hear audition records of aspiring announcers.

Vancouver's LIA ULL has the PROMOTION YRROSTICK

continuous promotion, plan it and distribute it fairly among all CKWX program sponsors.



 \star

WELCOME WAB!

Vancouver's CKWX extends cordial greetings to all attending the Western Association of Broadcasters convention at Harrison Hot Springs.

The welcome mat is out for you at CKWX. Drop in and see us.

"Tiny" Elphicke



SEDGWICK BEFORE HOUSE COMMITTEE

The most keenly debated point raised in his brief to the Special Committee on Radio Broadcasting in Ottawa July 18 by Harry Sedgwick, who appeared to protest the appropriation of the cleared channel frequency occupied by station CFRB, of which Sedgwick is president was the question as to whether or not CFRB had received adequate warning of the proposed change.

In his prepared presentation, Mr. Sedgwick stated that his station's frequency was moved by the Department of Transport in March 1941 from 690 kcs to its present spot on the dial, 860 kcs, at a time when "nearly every station in North America changed its frequency consequent upon the implementing of the North American Radio Broadcasting Agreements (generally referred to as the Havana Agreement)."

"We presumed that during good conduct that would be our permanent position on the dial," he stated, "and that we would be permitted, nay forced, to occupy the channel up to the minimum requirements of 50,000 watts. There was no hint to us in 1941," he continued, "that the frequency was being reserved for the CBC, or that the frequency was being assigned to us either temporarily or conditionally."

He then read the committee a telegram received by CFRB from "Radio Transport," under date of February 4, 1941, advising that the station's frequency would be 860 Kcs, and that "the change-over will take place at 3.00 a.m. eastern standard time March 29th next."

Not until 1945, he pointed out, was anything said or any notation made on the license to indicate that its allocation was only provisonal.

Questioning Mr. Sedgwick following delivery of the brief, Rev. E. G. Hansell (Socred, MacLeod) said: "Under the present arrangement, the CBC, which wants your wave-length, applies to the issuing authority, the Department of Transport, which, on the CBC's recommendation, grants that license without hearing your brief?"

"That is true," said Mr. Sedgwick. "We appear before the Board of Governors of the CBC, but not before the Transport Department officials."

This inspited Mr. Hansell's comment: "By reason of the fact that the department has already ruled on this question, this committee is put in the position—if it wants to recommend acceptance of the CFRB case—of having to ask

the government to reverse their decision. This ruling too," he continued, "was made in full knowledge of the fact that this committee would be set up and would study this very question."

Mr. Hansell went on to say that while "legally they could do this without the committee at all," the moral aspect lay in the fact that "the committee was going to be set up to review this very subject,"

Mr. Sedgwick pointed out that the records showed that the CBC request had been granted in April 1945, and that he had not been asked to appear before the CBC board until November 1945, "after it had all been decided."

He continued to say that had he known in 1941, when he was allotted the 860 kcs frequency, that he might be removed from it, he wouldn't have "warmed it up for someone else."

M. J. Coldwell, CCF leader, said he was disturbed and surprised that no warning was given Mr. Sedgwick that he would eventually lose his channel to the CBC. "It was supposed to have been made in 1941," he stated.

"No notification was ever sent me," Mr. Sedgwick insisted.

"Is it asserted by the CBC that there was any other notice to CFRB other than a few words on their license?" J. T. Hackett (PC—Stanstead) wanted to know.

Reply to this question was made by G. C. W. Browne, radio head of the Transport Department, who said: "The station was notified by the endorsation on its license in 1941. He said that this stated that the license was granted subject to the radio regulations. A similar regulation was made in 1942, 1943, 1944 and 1945.

"Was there any further notification?" Mr. Hackett asked.

"The next notification was the endorsation on the license for 1945-6 resulting from a recommendation from the Board of Governors of the CBC. It said 860, being a clear channel, was reserved for the national system but that provisional use was allowed CFRB."

"It wasn't considered that the 1941 notice was adequate?" Mr. Hackett asked.

"I don't think that was the reason," Mr. Browne replied. "The change was due to the new recommendation of the Board."

Mr. Coldwell felt that when

Mr. Sedgwick saw the end sation on the 1941-2 license he would have looked up the act. the first time it had been mentioned," he said. "It shoul have given you some sort of wating.

Mr. Sedgwick explaine that they assumed that every licese is Canada was subject to thos regulations. There had alway been provisions on the license had alway been said.

"But this endorsation is 194 was different," the CCF leter in sisted. "If you look it up, t say the frequency does not confirm monopoly on you. Wouldn't out to you that they were cawing your attention . . . that the wearning you that you migt los your channel? I am position the from time to time in the on mittee it was pointed out the class 1A channels, such as your even ultimately reserved for the

Mr. Sedgwick recalled had been informed by the war ment in 1941 that by the finallocation at Washington, p had to the Havana Agreement CFR would hold the 860 frequer 1000.

"There has never been at indication that I was warmi the frequency for somebody ell in said. "All countries in the avant Agreement were agreed to rote the frequencies as they we the held. If we hadn't held 860, and wouldn't have got it. Futter, if all our requests to the government of allow us to increase outpower from 10,000 to 50,000 wats, where the hintest it would some day lose it."

"If you had thought the the 1941 endorsation was a waring. A. L. Smith (PC—Calgary Vest wanted to know, is it not evious that you would immediate have sought another channel?"

"I think so," Mr. Sedgv.k re plied. "I know that once were informed we didn't lose ar time looking for one."

Mr. Sedgwick also sal, is answer to a question, that was theoretically possible, and I stations recognized it as such, the aniprivate station could be take over by the CBC.

Mr. Ralph Maybank (L linning peg South Centre), cornitted chairman, expressed his ov per sonal view that CFRB shoul have been given some warning those times when you (CFF) applied for an increase in post

Asked if he thought the units

www.americanradiohistory.com

uld be better served if CBC k over his frequency, Mr. Sedgk replied that he did not think would be as well served. Asked Mr. Hackett if "under the wed policies of the CBC there my chance for the survival of a vate station as an effective comator or rival of the CBC," Mr. gwick replied: "That's a diffiit question to answer. We don't liw how far their policies will te us. For instance, within the month their policy has taken a apletely new departure. They are ng into the spot broadcasting iness which has always been a vate field. In the past, they have d they never intended to do

fr. Sedgwick also pointed out among the things said in the y days of government radio "the fact that the CBC would go into the commercial ness. Now they are not only he commercial business, they going into spot broadcasting." reply to a question from Mr. dwell he said that spot broading is a profitable business. "It to be," he said. "We can't e money on network programs. use those to draw audiences."

ublic Service

comparison of programs on B, and CJBC, Toronto, was n to the House Committee on to by Harry Sedgwick as part his brief. The reason for the parison was that CJBC is the on which would annex CFRB's uency unless the CBC's expropon plan is blocked by Ottawa. he week used for purposes of parison was the week of June to July 6.

n religious broadcasts, CFRB (red 3 hours and 25 minutes (atis), 2 church services, organ (atic, choir singing, hymns, daily ctorious Living."

n the same field CJBC presented hour recordings, 1 program of gious music.

ustaining public service broads on CFRB, not including spot ouncements, amounted to 5 rs, Columbia symphony orcheout-door programs—fishing, ting, etc., "Report from Parliath Hill," gardening, "Ontario liday," Better Business Bureau, k Review, "Hi-Varieties."

or CJBC it was 2 hours and 15 utes—"Operation Crossroads," nadian Yarns," talk on Tokyo lio and High School News.

or sustaining news and news

commentaries, CFRB used 6 hours, and CJBC 4 hours and 48 minutes.

American network commercials accounted for 11 hours and 45 minutes of CFRB's time and 9 hours and 30 minutes of CJBC.

Canadian commercials used 31 hours and 20 minutes on CFRB and 30 minutes on CJBC.

CJBC used 34 hours of American sustaining programs to fill out its schedules while CFRB used 27 hours and 40 minutes, CFRB used 47 hours and 50 minutes of recorded programs against CJBC's 46 hours and 5 minutes.

CFRB was on the air 127 hours and 5 minutes of the week, and CJBC 117 hours and 36 minutes.

CJBC Shows Less Listenership

Mr. Sedgwick went on to point out what public reception these two Toronto stations have in the Toronto area.

"According to the Elliott Haynes research organization's survey of listener habits for June 1946," he said, "in the daytime areas (9 a.m. to 6 p.m.) CFRB is listened to by 19.9 per cent of all the radio sets tuned in in the Toronto area, as against 7.7 per cent listening to CJBC. In the evening survey period, he pointed out that 27.9 per cent of sets in use are tuned to CFRB, while CJBC rates 7.3 per cent. A recent test of signal strength, measured by an RCA field strength meter on June 26, 1946, at ten scattered points in the city, disclosed that the signal strength of CJBC was over 21/2 times that of CFRB.

CBC Approached Columbia

CJBC's lack of audience in the Toronto area is not due to any lack of signal strength, he pointed out later, but must only be due to their program policies.

"What the CBC want from us," he continued, "is the programs on which we have in large part built our audience."

He went on to explain how "not very long ago the CBC made overtures to the Columbia Broadcasting System suggesting that they cancel their contract arrangement with station CFRB and contract instead with CBC. Such a move would be disastrous to us," he said.

"The loss of this Columbia contract to us would be an extremely serious business," he continued, and, in addition, would place an undue concentration of US network programs in the hands of the CBC.

Mr. Sedgwick stated that the frequency of 860 on a power of 50,000 watts will not reach one additional listener not already reached by station CBL, with the same power, on a wave length to 740 kcs.

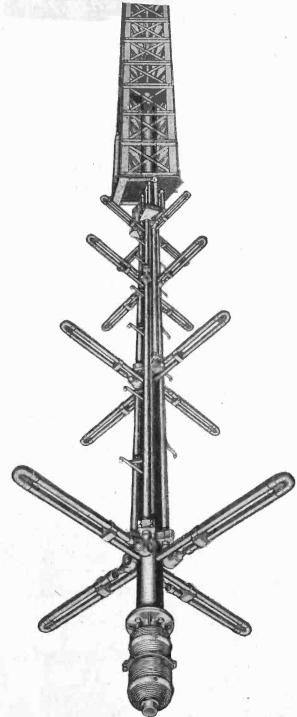
"It would be difficult for us to complain," he said, "if the CBC said they needed the wave-length of 860 kcs in order to provide a service to listeners in some of the more distant parts of Canada where there is very little radio service, and according to the charts, published by the CBC, there are large areas of Canada where they have no radio penetration at all. "But." he insisted, "it is hard to figure out just why the CBC, already occupying one of the most desirable wavelengths on the spectrum . . . should require another 50,000 watt station to duplicate their service when they are apparently unable, out of their present resources, to even fill a substantial portion of the national network headed by CBL with other than programs of gramaphone records.

At the close of his presentation, committee chairman Ralph Maybank expressed the committee's thanks to Mr. Sedgwick, and he sat down to an ovation of applause.





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MARCONI FM ANTENNA

Engineered to distribute the power from your transmitter to maximum advantage within the bounds of your station coverage contour. Carefully designed support towers are available either guyed or self-supporting, for installation on high building or open field.

THE MARCONI STUDIO CONSOLE

The AB-11 Studio Console is a complete studio input speech system for both AM and FM use which will accommodate four microphones, two transcription turntables and six remote lines. It is ideally suited for the small stations requiring an inexpensive arrangement for one, two or three studios and is equally desirable for the larger station requiring complete and compact equipment for each of its several studios.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE — Flat within plus or minus 1 db from 30 to 15,000 cycles.

DISTORTION — Root sum square of all harmonics up to 24Kcs within the range of 30-10,000 cycles does not exceed 1% of the fundamental.

NOISE AND HUM — At least 65 db below signal level.

INPUT IMPEDANCES — Microphones 30, 50, 200 and 250 ohms. Transcription turntables—10,000 ohms.

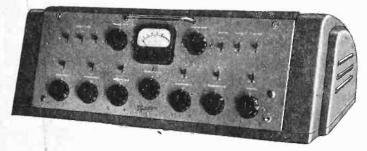
OUTPUT IMPEDANCES — Programme amplifier—two 500 ohms output lines.

MONITORING AMPLIFIER — 500 ohms for 3 separate outlets.

GAIN - 100 db.

POWER OUTPUT—Monitoring ampli-fler 8 watts.

STUDIO CONSOLE TYPE AB-11



CANADIAN MARCONI COMPANY

Marconi Building

VANCOUVER WINNIPEG TORONTO HALIFAX ST. JOHN'S, Nfid.

- The Greatest Name in Radio



Prentuskoka, atari

Dear R.G.:—No doubt yo have noted my change in address and observe it. Sounds rather wis doesn't it? At any rate, it's lent good for Summer holida wa from the noisy city life.

Maybe I should break don an tell you right now that there are and no electric Consequently, listening to programs is a minus quantic an chatter in that department that the stand still the stand stand still the stand stand still the stand still the stand stand still the stand stand still the stand tically at a stand still.

Under conditions similar these, but about five yea as I opened our cabin winds or morning to hear a lovely prarvoice giving forth with ar that filtered through the refrom next door At first I made ed if Jean Dickenson could neighbor, however it turn to be Edythe Wood doi to vocalizing.

Listeners to CHOV Pe stole are now getting the breal bat got a few years ago, for ky he talents are being aired or the Station. Not only is she god a vocalist but she has that a ta something in her voice that ask her story-telling programs of the nally designed for childral a pealing to all ages. She is twersatile daughters, Shir's at Elaine, (who must still be the teens) who also grace CHC who the their vectors and instruments. teens) who also grace CHC wi both their vocal and instrumt talents. My contention is Wood family should go far the field of radio.

That turned out to be lite tangent on radio considerir [a supposed to be away from a while. But you have to do there's something about the gets you. Even lying on the stal bed in Private Patien Patien doesn't stop Bob Simson Young & Publicon from did. Young & Rubicam from oldinauditions in his room. Sol mi radio too.

Although I'm in the lad moonlight, romance and addl that dip quietly in the wat dorexpect me to become n talg. That just won't happen Whireminds me, have you hear GBG "Twilight Serenade" that atur. Paul Scherman's string that a and George Murray a woo list? It is broadcast Frida ngh and would be a half hour tyo time well spent. The strin musis really beautiful and reon really beautiful and reor Murray can sing for me tytim Make a point of hearing the sho

I'd invite you to pay us wisit that is, if I knew how to go her Which I don't. Being tit ye Which I don't. Being tit ye have a left handed invitation you have a left hand had been catch fish the least he can catch fish the I know because I helped eith breakfast. To make a log short, I'd like to see you you though we may talk about it if Pauline Renner invites you to her summe home I would suggest you accept I would suggest you accep

My regards to Art, Grey Muc and of course the readers

WAB CONVENTION Agenda MARRISON HOT SPRINGS August 5 and 6, 1946



AB directors, elected last August in Calgary, left to right: (CFAC); Dick Rice, president, (CFRN); Tiny Elphicke (CKWX); Lloyd Moffat, (CKBI).

AY, AUGUST 5th

SESSION: (Open

9:45 a.m. Registration 1. Opening of Meeting

of new members

visitors

Minutes of 1945 Meeting

t of Committees m various organizations:-Station Relations, C.B.C.

way, British Broadcasting

er, Quebec Assoc, of Broad-

eport discussion led by H. N. on the Bureau of Broad-

ENT SESSION: (Open

iscussion led by Les Garside, tipeg, regarding formation of "Il Markets Committee."

d ble discussion conducted by Walker, Manager Dominion ork, and H. J. Boyle, Pro-Director Trans-Canada Net-concerning basis of 2. rule with respect to suity of programs released via

Discussion led by Bert Cairns, Calgary, on content of transcribed spot announcements.

4:00 p.m. ADJOURNMENT

6:00 p.m.

W. A .B. Annual "Get-Together" party.

7:00 p.m.
ANNUAL DINNER — for members and visitors. Guest speaker, Mr. D. Leo Dolan, Chief of Canadian Travel Bureau, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 6th MORNING SESSION:

Closed meeting for member stations and their accredited representatives, and recognized Press services

10:00 a.m.

A report from C. A. B. Officials.

Reports of Committees Election of Officers

Talk and discussion led by J. Slatter, Chairman of C. A. B. Music Committee.

12:30 noon: 4 ADJOURNMENT SESSION: (Open AFTERNOON

2:00 p.m. F. M. Engineering Unfinished Business

Meeting)

4:00 p.m. ADJOURNMENT-end of sessions.





We don't like to brag, but,

According to latest BBM report, CKAC covers 75 out of every 100 homes in the Province of Quebec.

Also, the average ratings for 1945 show CKAC carried 8 of the first 12 shows.*

Average rating for sponsored evening programmes on CKAC was 20.8.*

*Elliott-Haynes



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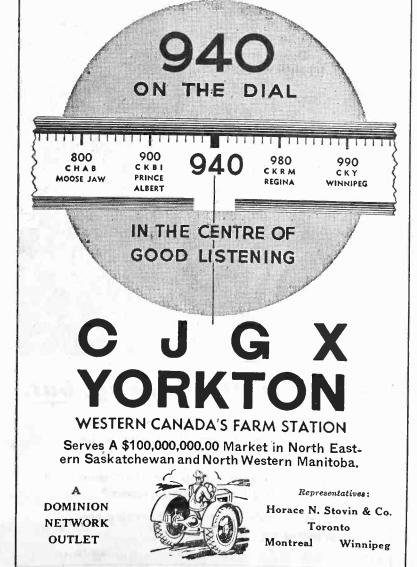
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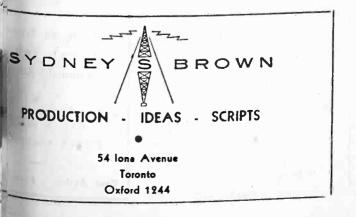


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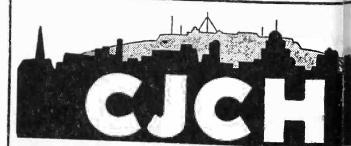
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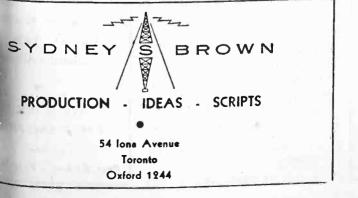


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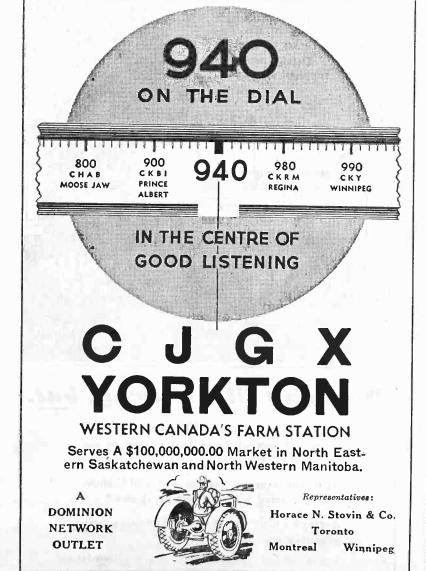
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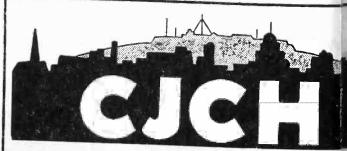
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rs Wanted

int we were glad to see ato light of print is the of radio writing, and it an understatement to say mann sees room for iministic to have occurred to him, at this: Some radio comare offensive. Granted not condemn all radio als. Even Mr. Siepmann with this, because comper part of radio, part of tof radio which he himself.

pmann did not say this, sure he would agree, that lligently-written commerd gain greater public apcommercials need not be of the deplorable or country by keeping fit Headache Powder." To they all throw non-away such tag-lines as a physician when pains Commercials can be inve, amusing, inspiring, are. Illustrations of how be done would have enhis "bow not to's."

Tighter Control

By pointing up the weakness of the FCC, the author implies that a tightening is needed. Speaking of the FCC, he says: "Its present chairman has written and spoken about advertising and other current abuses in radio, and has implicitly served notice on the industry that the Commisson may take some action unless a housecleaning takes place." Mr. Siepmann might well examine the results of tighter government control as exercised by the CBC on commercial radio in Canada.

But supposing the radio industry could be frightened by Mr. Siepmann's nightmares of bad community station operation into producing local programs and making them available, with established audiences, to national advertisers. Would not the result to the people who listen be just as good, and would there not be far greater chances of preserving the commercial system of broadcasting which he himself deems desirable?

Plan for the Future

One day Charles Siepmann should expand his last chapter into a second book. Respectfully I submit a title "Blueprint for Broadcasting."

In an all too short chapter, his tenth and last, he advocates ideas that are as familiar to this typewriter as they are to those who will read this review.

He says, first: "Press and radio are still playing rivals. There is not only room for both, but the two are complementary. More people would turn to their papers if they could learn more from them about what dates to keep with their radios each day. Many people hear something over the air, and turn to their newspapers to confirm or supplement it."

He advocates a listener's journal on the grounds that "Responsible press criticism of radio programs can . . . raise the standards of public appreciation and stimulate the free and unfettered development of what some, at any rate, believe to be a new art form of singular promise."

He elaborates upon ideas which

might be embodied into such a journal, and I would enjoin anyone interested in getting radio into print to study them, as I have done, with considerable diligence.

Listeners' councils get good attention in this chapter, and the idea, as expounded by Mr. Siepmann, in effect challenges commercial radio to turn over the helm to the listener in very truth.

To single out one more gleam of hope from the Siepmann crystal, I'd like to mention "production centre for public service programs."

Here is at least one respect in which Canadian private radio has jumped the gun. This paper has contained frequent articles on "Report from Parliament Hill" operated by the private stations through their Radio Bureau in Ottawa. Once (issue of Sept. 1944), in an editorial called "Wanted More Parliament Hills," we were presumptuous enough to advocate expansion of the project, so that more and more regular programs might be co-operatively produced through this same operation.

Siepmann sums up his idea in this paragraph:

"It is most desirable that the centre be quickly self-supporting. An initial grant-in-aid from one of the Foundations might be sought. Salaries and production costs not

being high, a quick return is likely on the sale of transcriptions. A modest annual subscription from member stations in the public service field would provide a steady revenue. With the centre organized on a non-profit basis, the budget could probably be easily balanced."

Mr. Siepmann describes his valuable book as "first tracings of a blueprint that others can improve and elaborate." We'd like to see the finished blueprint—by Siepmann.

*"Radio's Second Chance" by Charles A. Siepmann; McClelland Stewart Ltd., Toronto.

Holiday Hints

CFOR Orillia, shortly to join the Dominion Network, is featuring three new summer programs, designed for the tourist listener. These are the daily "Breakfast Parade" a studio presentation of live talent, with time signals, weather reports, songs and chatter, and holiday suggestions.

"Tourist Guide" tells visitors what to see, where to go, interesting historical facts and gives info. on the best hunting and fishing.

Later in the day "The Tourist Speaks," presents a half hour of personal interviews with visitors.



The People's Choice 4 to 1

That's what the agencyman found when he surveyed 7.45-8.00 a.m. on CKCW. And, that's why he bought that time on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for a client. This leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for some lucky advertiser. Lionel's advice is to get it while it's hot.

P.S. There are some good "spot" times, too!



FROM ONE B.C. HOLIDAY PARADISE
TO ANOTHER

CKOV

Voice of the Okanagan

welcomes

WAB Delegates

to their Convention at

HARRISON HOT SPRINGS

A Stovin

Opportunity Memo

to all Time-Buyers

It is now possible for any sponsor to add:--

CFOR Orillia

to their Dominion Network program

as from

August 1st, 1946 at station time plus \$2.50 loop charge

For availabilities—Call Stovin

HORACE N. STOVIN

& COMPANY
RADIO STATION REPRESENTATIVES

TORONTO

MONTREAL

WINNIPEG



The radio fraternity on the coast are priming their guns and getting set to let everybody else have it at the WAB convention, Aug. 5 and 6 at Harrison Hot Springs. The lake's right outside the window, or if you can't take that the pool is down one flight of stairs.

CJOR Vancouver gave Viscount Alexander the full treatment, covering his party as he opened the Caledonian games, and again as he addressed the local Canadian Club.

Jack Kemp formerly with CKRC Winnipeg, has joined the production department af CKMO.

Violinist Milton Blackstone of Toronto, an original member of the Hart House Quartet, was a visitor at CBR studios here.

Joe Midmore, who announced for CKWX before joining the air force, has returned as continuity editor. With the radio branch of the R.C.A.F., Joe was the voice on a number of trans-Atlantic broadcasts.

CKMO people are knocking themselves out in their spare time with extra-curricular writing. Joy Scott has a historical piece under way, and Bernice Burday ground out a race track saga.

A long narrative poem, "Elizabeth," by CJOR's Dick Diespecker goes to the publisher this month after two years labor.

Bill Cruickshank, formerly of CBR and CJOR Vancouver, has joined CJAT Trail.

Vic Fergie of CKMO found himself with an extra week's holiday on hand when he won the station's monthly award for outstanding work. Fergie alternates between announcing and supervising the station's commercial transcriptions.

CJOR news bulletin this week features the station's tailor-made show idea, in which CJOR staffers write and produce special shows for local sponsors.

Sparks Halstead at CKWX is trying to get his 5000 watt transmitter up and operating. But he finds its just like building a house, no materials and nobody to put them together when you do get them. Outside of that everything is jake. Hopes to go on the air with the new power early in the fall

When George Dewey comes back from that vacation he'll take over the chief announcer's chair at CKMO.

That husky voice you hear is the same gal, night receptionist Gene Holoway at CKMO, who lost her tonsils in her last bout.

Farm editor Tom Leach of CBR has gone off to spend his holiday looking at a farm. Last word had him near Summerland, in the apple country.

Leach's predecessor, Fergus Mutrie, was back here briefly after a rapid trip to Britain. He's letting the boys shake the hand that shook the hand of farmer George VI at the royal farm. That's going right to the top for your dope.

Announcer Ruddy Hartman and

copy editor Vicki Stafo CJVI Victoria took ie

Tom O'Neill, previously CFGP and CKUA has one golden west and joine CJ announcer. And static markets. Ches. Chestnut has disspea a private fishing haur up couver Island.

Manager Eric Ayler of Trail is a little shy o he month with secy Lor. B and chief announcer e l on holiday and more on breathing on his neck fiss rac is at the coast, wile out on the western plass like Wild Bill Hickoc

Bob Wielert has a fall at CKMO called "Arm Club" from 6.30 to 45 morning. Pinned down he he can't imagine who' be

Incidently CKMO is onto some additional and but promoter Phil British he still gets the copy of selbows touching.

A survey at CKMO ow following incidental and on the musical situation the musical situation of t

Joins CFIE



Free-lance of FitzGeral Toronto a staff around placing y
He start i

with CKTB St. Cathales after being discharge framy. He was former on nouncing staff of Nor Ba and the CBC in Ottaal to Toronto as a free-ince such has been hear on munity Sing Song, "Show," "Headliners" ndof Victor." He takes ver "Top of the Moring August 5th.

CFPA

"Serving The Lakheat

Doing an Economic Local Job For National Admiss

ASK N. B. S. O. FACTS AND FILE

Port Arthur - For Will

CBC TO ERECT FM STATIONS

Latest word in the development of FM broadcasting in Canada is the announcement by the CBC that it is going to instal an FM station on the top of the Canadian Bank of Commerce building in Toronto.

The station, with call-letters VE9EV, is intended to further FM research and encourage the buying of FM receiving sets. It will possibly broadcast for a certain period of time without any listeners at all.

Although the area of FM reception is very small due to the waves operating on line of sight principle, it is believed that VE9EV will be heard within a radius of 35 miles, due to the height of the antenna.

CBC officials in Vancouver expect to have a 250 watt FM transmitter in operation on the coast by October, though so far as is known there are no FM receivers in this area at the moment.

The equipment is en route to the coast now, and will be installed in the CBC studios in Hotel Vancou-

The transmitter will be the first permanent unit on the west coast, though a portable unit was used

Re-Employment Service FOR SERVICE MEN

To assist in re-establishing men and women returning to civilian life from the armed forces over-seas, the Canadian Broadcaster seas, the Canadian Broadcaster offers a free want-ad service for such men and women who, having been honorably discharged from active service wish to enter or reenter the broadcasting or advertising business tising business.

File CB 48 RCAF veteran, 24, married, anxious to get into radio via announcing and production. Has just graduated from the Academy of Radio Arts getting demy of Radio Arts getting honors in announcing, production, writing, acting sound effects and speech. Training enables him to accept various assignments in radio program work. Free to take position with live progressive station anywhere in Canada. Apply Roy CR 48 Canadian Broadcaster, Box CB 48, Canadian Broadcaster, 371 Bay St., Toronto.

recently by СКМО to broadcast from a moving auto during a Jubilee parade. CBR officials believe their move will stimulate interest in FM broadcasting and help promote further desire among the public for information about FM receivers.

The CBC FM transmitter in Vancouver will broadcast the same programs as CBR and be utilized as an alternative to the regular station equipment. It is predicted that the transmitter should reach Greater Vancouver and its environs, and possibly as far as Vancouver Island

Exhibit Model

At the Ontario Industrial Exhibition taking place in the Cornwall Armories during "Old Home Week," Aug. 3 to 10, CKSF will have a display booth showing the equipment used at their station.

The display will include latest types of consoles, turntables and portable recording apparatus. Models of the transmitter house and tower will also be shown as well as pictures of the staff and studios and artists.

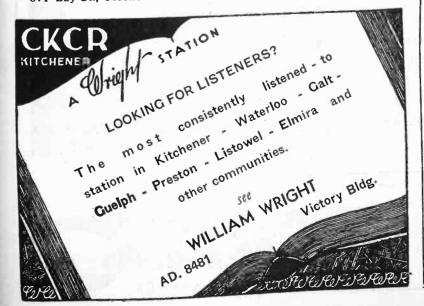
Adman Author

Based on the radio serial "Secret Service Scouts," which ran for three years on twenty-six stations from coast to coast, is the book "The Flour Bag Mystery" by Don Copeland veteran radio man who recently left Dominion Broadcasting Co. to start his own agency, Broadcast Advertising and Sales.

It is a book of mystery and adventure for teen age and older boys and girls. It is published by the Oxford University Press and will be issued in the fall .

Joins Alexander

Kemile Genest has joined J. L. Alexander, national representative, and is located in the Montreal



CALLING ALL **ICHTHYOPHAGISTS**



When a 750 pound sturgeon was When a 750 pound sturgeon was landed at the New Westminster docks recently, CKNW was on the spot to broadcast what looks like a personal interview with the deceased. That's Sheila Hassell and Stan Moncrieff on either side of the 200 year old fugitive from the caviar bowl.

Belleville Opening

CJBQ, Belleville's transmitter will be on the air August 6. Formal opening of the station takes place August 15.

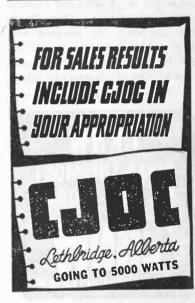


"DOMINION" OUTLET FOR SOUTH-WESTERN ONTARIO

CHATHAM Serving

The richest farming area in Canada with increased operating hours, 7.15 a.m.-11.15 p.m. (16 hours daily).

JOHN BEARDALL Mgr.-Owner



YOU CAN LEAD A Horse TO WATER BUT YOU COULDN'T DRAG ...

Tony Messner



AWAY FROM THE W. A. B. CONVENTION



Best wishes to all attending the Western Broadcasters Convention at Harrison Hot Springs Hotel

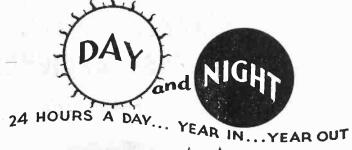




EXCLUSIVE SALES REP .: HORACE N. STOVIN

TORONTO, WINNIPEG, MONTREAL

As Reliable as ...



VANCOUVER'S 'Original' STATION

ENTERTAINS 1410 Dialers with "easy-on-the-ear" listening SEE ELLIOTT-HAYNES FOR JUNE

A sample of listeners appreciation shows 4:30-5:30 p.m. at lowest rates on Pacific Coast with a TOP audience.

Congratulations to WAB on 12th Annual Meeting

RADIO REPRESENTATIVES LTD.

TORONTO

MONTREAL

THE SHOW DOES GO ON



Bob Simpson, radio supervisor of Young and Rubicam Ltd., in hospital with an old back injury dating back to his rugby days, okays a script for Canadian Cavalcade, scheduled to return to CBC's Trans-Canada network September 16. Frosia Gregory, the girl in the picture, will sing on several programs. The gentlemen with the bedside manners are (left) G. M. (Gerry) Brown, recently appointed manager of the Toronto office of Y. & R., and Clif. Stewart, producer.

Hamilton Centennial

Now that the excitement and confusion have died down it is possible to report on radio's part in the Hamilton Centennial which took place July 1 to 7.

Both CKOC and CHML covered the main points of the week working together to give complete and comprehensive coverage of this great spectacle. The stations setup a PA system at the main points in downtown Hamilton, working on an agreed schedule, giving information on traffic, passing parade points, etc.

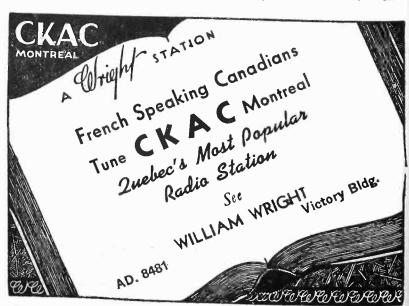
Broadcasts covered the official opening by the Governor-General, the 41/2 mile parade, the Beauty Contest to choose "Miss Canada," the wedding of Harry Conover and the famous cover-girl Candy Jones, the Sports Day, the Regatta, the Horse Show and a variety of other special events that featured the celebration.

Small Markets Group

Election of officers of a Small Markets Committee of the CAB is anticipated following discussion of the need of a SMC at the Western Association of Broadcasters convention next week. With 60 per cent of Canadian stations serving markets with populations under 25,000, need of a Small Markets. group is felt, according to Les Garside, CJGX manager. This class of station has problems distinct from those confronted by stations in large markets. These problems are not of sufficient general interest to concern the CAB in its normal operation. The SMC will represent the Small Markets stations and amplify or represent the views of these stations in the CAB.

Frequency Change

CFAR, Flin Flon. has moved frequency from 1230 to 590 kcs.





question and answer column conductive two radio engineers who invite readito submit their questions. The editor rives the right to print any letters mitted, or to refrain from printing m. Personal replies will be sent if a sped self-addressed envelope is enclosed, namous letters are not acceptable er for publication or for reply. Adserventure. Teachicolumn." Canadian Broadier, 371 Bay St., Toronto.

Transport assigns a freency to each station, plus five ocycles each side of this fre-ency. In other words, CKNX, padcasting on 920 kilocycles, is igned 915 to 925.

ince the audio signal is carried the side bands, this allows for the side bands, this allows for top audio frequency of 5,000 cles. However, regulations say it all broadcast audio equipment ast have good record at have good response up to ,000 cycles. What happens to missing 10,000 cycles? If sta-

ns are transmitting these, are by breaking the regulations? Scott Reid

Chief Engineer CKNX.

n reference to the above letter ragraph 1, the Department of ansport assigns a center fre-ency to each station but does t specifically allocate a channel is a minus 5 kilocycles from this

equency.
It is true that carrier frequens are assigned at 10 kilocycle tervals throughout the broadcast nd, but due to the regulations verning adjacent channel inter-tence, stations serving the same tea will be spaced a sufficient mber of channels apart to mini-ze side-band interference. The ason the Department of Transason the Department of American art requirements call for a fre-tency response of at least 10 locycles is that it is desirable to aintain a high standard of

Continuing the discussion of reoducing equipment, the last llumn dealt with the two types pick-ups, namely, velocity actated and amplitude actuated. A ort discussion on recording thods would seem now to be in rder.

In the standard commercial type phonograph recording, the rem as a whole are designed to be Instant amplitude from the low-st frequency considered to ap-roximately 250 cycles. Above is frequency, the system is con-fant velocity, which means that he amplitude response is com-fessed 6 db per octave. In order essel of constant amonsider a signal of constant am-litude being fed to the recording ystem and consider the frequency if this source variable. In the requency range from say 50-250 ycles, the response of the ecording stylus to the input sig-lal will be the same in terms of ctual displacement of the needle from the mean position. As the requency of the input signal is acreased above 250 cycles, the reponse of the recording stylus deases to be constant in amplieases to be constant in ampli-ude and the mean displacement alls off inversely proportional to he frequency of the input signal.
The actual displacement of stylus from the mean position will be at 500 cycles only half the displacement at 250 cycles, and similarly the displacement at 1000 cycles will be only half the displacement at 500 cycles.

The main reason for cutting re-

The main reason for cutting re-

cordings this way is that as the frequency of the recorded material is increased, the steepness of the groove wiggles would also increase if the amplitude characteristics of the recording system were kept linear. Thus it would become increasingly harder for the reproducing stylus to follow the groove wiggles in the high frequency end of the audio spectrum. By making the recordings. constant velocity, the steepness of the groove wiggles is kept constant for a given amplitude of recording signal cording signal.

In reproducing equipment, the overall characteristics must be designed with the characteristic of the recordings in mind. For pro-per balanced reproduction using a velocity actuated pick-up in or-der to get proper base response, the gain of the amplifier following the pick-up must increase at the rate of 6 db. per octave below 250 cycles, that is, the gain must double at 125 cycles and quadruple at 62½ cycles. If an amplitude actuated pick-up is used, the the pick-up must increase at the amplitude actuated pick-up is used, the amplitude characteristic of the amplifier following the pick-up must have a rise in gain of 6 db. per octave above 250 cycles. For proper high frequency response uning on amplitude actuated pickusing an amplitude actuated

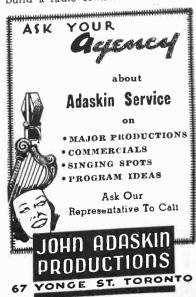
250 cycles. The above comments apply only if the pick-up used is pure amplitude actuated or pure velocity actuated. Many commercial pick-ups, especially of the crystal type, have a response characteristic ly-ing somewhere between the two types. To properly compensate for types. To properly compensate for such a pick-up, its response char-acteristic must be known and the amplifier which it feeds designed with the end in view of flattening out the overall response character

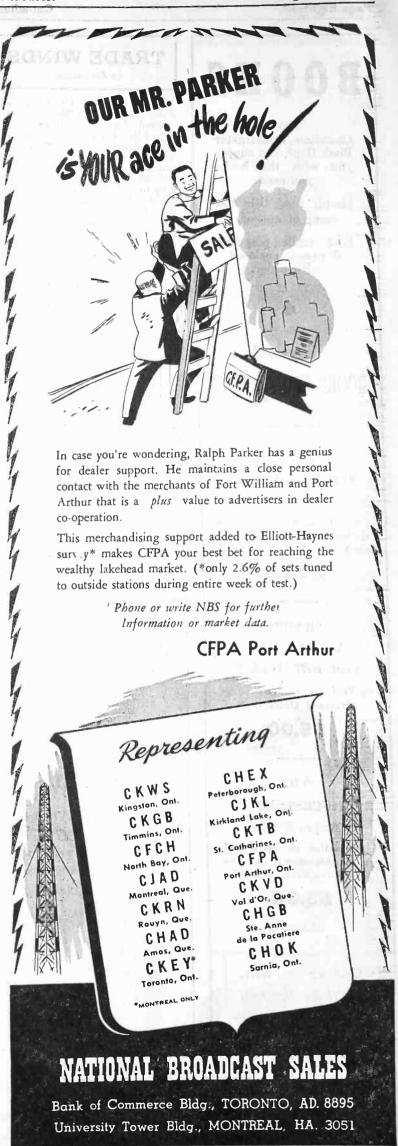
up, the gain of the amplifier at 8000 cycles should be approxi-

mately 30 db. greater than that at

CBC Plans Montreal Radio Centre

Plans for a \$2,500,000 radio centre in Outremont, Montreal, were revealed before the Parliamentary Committee on Radio Broadcasting last Friday by CBC general manager Dr. Augustin Frigon. Parliamentary approval of the plans were necessary ,he said. Plans were revealed as Dr. Frigon explained why CBC had turned down, earlier this year, the offer of a property by the city of Montreal on which the CBC had agreed in 1939 to build a radio centre.





MOVIE BOUND

BOOKS

Canadian Broadcaster Book Dept. can supply you with the books you need.

Simply send title and name of author.

Books mailed post free if cheque enclosed with order.

Current BOOKS ABOUT RADIO

"RADIO'S SECOND CHANCE"

by Chas. A. Siepmann

(A constructive attack on stations, sponsors and agencies)

\$3.00

"RADIO ADVERTISING FOR RETAILERS"

by Professor C. H. Saudage (Harvard University)

\$5.00

"THE HUCKSTERS"

by Frederic Wakeman

Light fiction on radio and women. Amusing if you like your pornography straight.

\$3.00

Send us the title. We'll do the rest.

Book Dept. Canadian Broadcaster

371 Bay St. Toronto 1

TRADE WINDS

by Art Benson

G. H. Barbour Co. Ltd., Saint John (Tea & Coffee) has con-tracted for "The Wife Saver" with Allen Prescott beginning over Maritime stations in September. Maritime stations in September. The 3 a week 15 minute transcription (All-Canada) is scheduled for 26 weeks. The same show goes to 7 western stations between CKRC, Winnipeg and CJVI, Victoria in October. Weston's biscuits is the sponsor and J. J. Gibbons' Winnipeg office handles the accordance of the sponsor of the sponsor and J. J. Gibbons' winnipeg office handles the accordance of the sponsor of the sponso Winnipeg office handles the account.

Marvins Biscuits, Moncton is resuming "Playhouse of Favorites" (All-Canada) early this fall over 8 Maritime stations. Harold F. Stanfield (Saint John) is the agency.

The Toronto Globe & Mail started an extensive spot announcement campaign this week over a number of Ontario stations. This initial campaign has been contracted for 4 months and is being handled by the Toronto office Foster Agencies Ltd.

McKims Toronto office reports that International Varnish is taking a series of spot announcements over a wide list of stations coast to coast advertising In-var-co DDT.

F. H. Hayhurst's Toronto office tells us that Bromo-Seltzer re-placed "Forever Ernest" with

"Inner Sanctum" July 29 piped in from Columbia to CFRB, in from Toronto.

MacLaren's Toronto office says that The Canadian Beauty Craft Company has taken a 15 minute portion on "Make Believe Ball-room" 3 times a week over CKEY Toronto. The program advertises Chic Cold Wave Permanents and is scheduled for one year.

Gordon Keevil at Hayhurst's Toronto office tells us that Canadian Canners Ltd., have contracted for a series of 15 minute participating programs on CKNW, New Westminster and CJAD, Montreel The compaign of the contraction of the compaign of the compai New Westminster and CJAD, Montreal. The campaign adver-tises Aylmer Soups and starts early in September through May 1947. Same sponsor is also taking a spot campaign to 24 stations coast to coast, beginning in September.

J. J. Gibbons' Toronto office re-J. J. Gibbons' Toronto office reports that Champ Laboratories Ltd is resuming "Champ Scrap Book" for 39 weeks beginning second week in September over 9 stations between CKWX, Vancouver and CKCO, Ottawa. Same agency says that Drug Trading Co. Ltd. (I.D.A. Drug Stores) has contracted for a series of 5 minute contracted for a series of 5 minute spot programs "Midget Quiz" starting October 19 over 18 Ontario and Western stations.

Young & Rubicam have bought the former Prices Board program, "George's Wife" Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for 39 weeks starting September 9 over Trans-Canada Sponsor is Whitehall Pharmacal.



Armed with definite prom so work from two English movipuo ducers, Emerick Pressburge and Michael Powell, Cy Strange, OFRE announcer, is heading for Enland and a career in movies an the

Cy has been with CFRB for breeyears but his original love w theatre, and he hopes to lear lite in August to try and breal to his chosen field.

Airborne For We

The fishing town of Medical Ont. 20 miles from Owen and is to have its own radio s im but only for a few days.

Station CFOS Owen Soun in co-operation with the Milital Reunion Committee, will sup temporary studios for the well of "Welcome Home" celebration beginning August 3.

CFOS's full program schule will be carried on from Moford during the week. Press News ans, in conjunction with the statia, to install a news printer in thetemporary quarters. Many specialive shows featuring Meaford an dis-

Hamateur Program

CKSF Cornwall, has a new "Talent Discovery" program loadcast from the stage of the Citol Theatre. After the second Idadcast 2341 letters were receive

SPARKLING

THAT'S

DOROTHY DEANE

CANADA'S TOP GIRL VOCALIST

For Vivacity . . . For Sure F Audience Appeal . . . for Spars on the air in both song speech . . . it's Dorothy Dese every time!

> Management
> GEORGE TAGGART
> ORGANIZATION ADelaide 8784

How'd'ya Like To Reach 'Em

OUT ON THE FARM as well as in Calgary

WITH the strongest signal of any Canadian radio station west of Winnipeg, CFCN has been the welcome "VOICE OF THE PRAIRIES" for 24 years to over a million western Canadians, 86% of whom reside in the richest and most populous agricultural areas of Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia.

If you have a message for this 86% of the radio homes in CFCN's coverage area (which are outside the city of Calgary) the basic and only advertising medium to reach them all is

ASK RADIO REPS T D

10,000 CFCN CALGARY

BEST



arliamentary Radio Committee d CFRB's case on July 18 and The Toronto independent was resented by Mr. Harry Sedgus, Consulting Engineer B de Fly, and its legal counsel, Mr. Sedgwick. CFRB's brief outdoubled present position of that pany—showing that it was connected with any other, in radio business or out of it, but old entirely by its twelve hunds stockholders. The statement outlined CFRB's pension for employees; claimed that

outlined CFRB's pension for employees; claimed that station's salary levels were at comparable to CBC's; ted out the local talent CFRB belops and gave instances of the munity service it performs. he CFRB brief argued that in mg over 860 kc's to establish a and 50 kw job in Toronto, the was making a dangerous for itself. Presentation said the present network 50kw outlet foronto, covers 94 percent of ario, and any further expansin that area can be only lication. lication. nsulting Engineer Bayly told

committee that the frequency trum in North America is now strum in North America is now sluttered up that it is almost ossible to find holes in the jern. Of the four alternative juencies offered CFRB, he said one was "nicely available for purpose" and that was in the reyard end of the dial.

w. Harry Sedgwick produced a e from the Department of sport in 1941, telling him CFRB would operate on 860, stressed the phrasing "pursuto the final allocation made to the final allocation made. Washington under provisions of Havana agreement."
r. McCann (minister through

m CBC reports) took issue a direction which the word al' pointed. He said: "Do you erstand that to mean it was to you? It meant that it was to Canada."

he CFRB presentation pointed that no indication had been that no indication had been until recently—on licenses elsewhere—that CBC would taking over its wavelength. uracy of this statement was suitted by Department of Trans-It officials present. Mr. Sedg-k pointed out that CFRB had eral times asked for power ease to 50 kw, and while such elications were never granted, mention was made at the time CBC's taking over the wave-

length.

Dr. McCann said it had been a matter of policy that CBC would ultimately take over all clear channels alloted Canada by the North American agreement, even though such channels might temporarily be given to independents.

though such channels might temporarily be given to independents. CFRB's brief emphasized the station's pioneer record, pointing out that it had gone into business when radio was considered a poor risk. Said Mr. Sedgwick: "People told us we were crazy to throw away our money like that." Then, he said, there was no talk at all of wavelengths being community property. The brief argued that the government had gone into radio only after its argued that the government had gone into radio only after its potentialities for commercial profit had been demonstrated. Radio, said the presentation, was pioneered and developed by the independents, usually at a loss—and now finds itself the target for critical sneers and jibes from those who risked not a dollar nor a moment. a moment.

The CFRB presentation (reported further on page 6 of this issue) gave a detailed statement of the station's financial position, showing that in some years it had taken severe losses.

Mr. Sedgwick emphasized he would have "little to say" if the wavelength expropriation were for wavelength expropriation were for erection of a high-powered outlet in some area not now served. His objection, he said, was to forcing out a pioneer station that had developed the wavelength for establishment of a second high-power outlet in the primary market of Canada. He said also that CBC officials had tried to get CFRB's contract with Columbia away from it, and had conducted conversations along those lines with CBS officials in New York.

Mr. Wilfred LaCroix (Liberal

with CBS officials in New York.

Mr. Wilfred LaCroix (Liberal Quebec-Montmorency) asked:

"Has the Labor-Progressive or Conservative party obtained a fifteen mnute period for propaganda over the CBC network?" From Dr. J. J. McCann came the reply:

"As a qualifying national political party' under the CBC white paper on political and controversial broadcasting, the Labor-Progressive party has been granted one period in the current series of national political network broadcasts in agreement with other national political parties."

Mr. Norman Jaques, Social for Moose Jaw, wanted to know if the licenses of CKY and CKX had been cancelled or relinquished, if so, when, and if not, the present status of these stations.

Mr. Norman Jaques, Social member for Wetaskiwin Alberta, speaking in the House July 17 said "... I take it that the peo-Mr. Wilfred LaCroix (Liberal

ple of Canada, the grownups, the adults like the people of any other country, want to be amused, entertained by the radio. They do not need to be educated, they-do not need to be instructed, and of those who say they do I would ask: Who is to do the teaching? Who is to do the instructing? I believe that the film board and the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation have for years been the means of

have for years been the means of spreading communism, and that it is very largely owing to their propaganda that we have the situation that we undoubtedly have in Canada at this time."

The same speaker a little later: "The Social Crediters have thirteen members of this house, and for ten years they have conducted the government of the province of Alberta. Yet we get only the same amount of time as is allowed to the communists, the fifth column Labor Progressive party." Labor Progressive party."

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250 WATTS

PORT ALBERNI, B.C.

See Radio Representatives

DISTANT FIELDS LOOK GREEN...With Envi

by Lawrence Thor Founder of Peak Radio Productions and well-known Montreal announcer

I am a free-lance announcer. I wouldn't change jobs with anyone. But just the same, free-lancing is not quite all it is cracked up to be. This isn't to scare you. It is to warn you if your ambitions lie along Free-lance Road.

Free-lancing is precarious in the beginning and it is only a start towards something more stable. The money earned is not fabulous, and the uncertainty of your income has made ulcers an occupational

To begin with, in order to become a free-lance announcer, you almost have to have experience. You have to work at announcing for many years. There is no substitute for this experience, and it is vitally necessary to the advertising agencies who use freelance men. That is the most important requisite. Experience. Assuming you have this, the next step is to set yourself up in one of two places. Mind you, my subject is Canada, not the United States.

The two radio centres in Canada are Toronto and Montreal in that order. It is in these two cities that network and transcription programs are prepared. Free-lancing to any extent is possible only in these two

Having arrived, the aspirant must contact all the agencies. Unless he has been fortunate enough to make contacts before he left his former headquarters, this takes a long time and is one of the most discouraging aspects of radio announcing. Where the market is good, the competition is keen. And since you are in competition with men already established, you will find it difficult to prove yourself.

No agency representative will hire a new man for a show when someone else has been doing the job adequately. So about the only breaks you will get are on programs that have not been going so well. And in some cases, even where this is happening, the agency representative will not admit, even to himself, that he has made a bad guess with his talent. So that makes him reluctant to a change, whether one is justified or not.

That's a big hurdle, but we'll

assume we have cleared it that you land one show. The another. With all, you're many a living, temporarily. Your task is to prove you have some power. You see, another the free-lance must have is at leading steady show, that carries of the year round. Otherwise the i ome acquired during the winter naths is eaten up (literally) durit the slow summer.

In order to do a show thereas round, you must have sying power. You might say thatit is just as necessary on a staff jb, I is. But not in quite the sameway In free-lancing the competitin is much keener, and the salar for that one show is high proposition. ately. So, if you are not alw s a your best, out you go. Thi riaj sound pretty drastic, but it is I works out that way in that practice.

Now, in order to go face along a line of reasoning that the lancing is tough, we have to have that the hurdle of staying area has been cleared, more or Is I is never so to any greater greet than more or less.

We come now to one the greatest dangers and pitfal of the entertainment business, and to us, means radio announcit In order to be an entertainer, yo hus be of a temperament somwhat different from average. Ju've heard it before, but it stillgoes "You don't have to be craz but it helps,"

The temperament that make for a good entertainer also ples a great strain on his normal buness procedure and social activity He has a hard time behaving haselfa In his search for more wo, he must meet clients. This meet g in many cases takes place or a friendly drink. In a highly nivous profession it is a pleasant ad relaxing way of meeting your ents But you have to learn to drk in moderation. And you have toleam to leave it alone when ye are working on the air. Allough liquor helps you in your buness, it can boomerang pretty vicusly. Liquor to the free-lance of be disastrous.

The free-lance announce has more spare time on his hand than most people, and that spar time is an open invitation to dak. don't think there are very miy of us who have not, at some the of other, fallen into this trap And there are not very many whihave

(Continued on next pa)

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DIAL 580



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ting the Mail



na Drew Smith of the CAB e and W/C Fred Colborne, as-ant manager CJCJ Calgary, at & on reams of information ch was gathered together by CAB for Colborne's presen-on before the Radio Committee.

(intinued from previous page) at some time or other, lost or seriously undermined jobs use of it.

e regret it the morning after, we try to offer our profound ogies to our clients, but that ot good enough. You cannot k in excess when you are in a highly competitive business. und that out not too long ago, I am sure the other free-lance will support me in this con-

have shown you a few of the rds of free-lancing. But, to get to the beginning. You may ember I said that free-lancing nly a start for something more le. We all know that nothing ains the same in this world, we never stand still. We or go forward or we lose and. You cannot be a freee all your life. It is only a besing. When you plan to take P as your job, you must also bare to learn every phase of o advertising, so that you may in business for yourself. That be the ultimate, the secure Anyone who has ever tried, ws how rough the road can be. should like to warn all radio ouncers, just as I have warned e I have met, that free- lancing ot easy. Don't be fooled by the ace indications of easy money, re time and the illusion that you your own boss. It just isn't Unless you are prepared for ervous life, and a good deal of tric convulsion, stay where you brother.

Joins Stovin

Wilf Clement, formerly of Dickand Edington Ltd. has joined race N. Stovin & Co., radio s, to handle station promotion.



Stuart Griffiths and his P&I staff at CBC International must have had advance copies of the Canadian Broadcaster article, "Superlatives aren't News." In one mail they provided me with enough material to fill a dozen columns, and every release was filled with fact. Only a mighty hard-boiled editor could toss into the "hell box" their current story of cooperation with United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization, through which tural Organization, through which CBC provides school children in France, Luxemburg, Greece, Poland and Czechoslovakia with 1,253 quarter-hour transcribed Broadcasts in their native tongues.
Broadcast on foreign stations, these shows, based on educational series used here, help overcome the serious shortage of school teachers in Europe.

Western Station Managers who wish to sell their market to east-ern advertising agencies might take a tip from CKRC, Winnipeg, and send their women commentaand send their women commenta-tors down. Recently, Eve Hender-son, editor of women's features at CKRC, breezed into Montreal and visited all the agencies. She's convinced most time buyers that no matter what the product, from no matter what the product, from automobiles to men's suits, you can't sell them right unless you sell the women folks. And the way to do that is get your advertising on or near the women's features. The day after Eve left town I tucked my weather beaten brief ages under my arm and want town I tucked my weather beaten brief case under my arm and went calling. Every time buyer I talked to reacted the same way. "What have you got in Women's Features?" they said. "After all, women do 85% of consumer buying. Eve Henderson—you know, the 'Claire Wallace of the West'—was in here just the other day. was in here just the other day, and she told me etc etc." I began to wonder why station managers make so many sorties this way every year. If other women commentators can sell as well as Eve, they could do a better job while the manager stays here and imthe manager stays home and improves his golf score.

Some Montreal station may soon have a top-notch woman commennave a top-notch woman commentator. Mrs. Helen Quinn, after 10 years with CKY, Winnipeg, is eyeing the eastern Market and will probably settle either in Montreal or Toronto. She is the famous "Peggy" of the western show, "Peggy's Point of View." If Manitoba housewives know their radio, the station or agency which radio, the station or agency which gets Peggy gets a sure thing.

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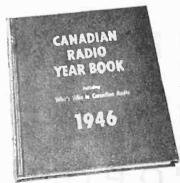
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Horace

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CAVE FILIUM CANIS

Prime objective of the tor's current sojourn B besides attending the WI Convention, is to gater merial for this column

* * * *

OUR FAVORITE GAG

One means of openin clos meetings to the pre, wi out spilling too man, of the beans, is to pass a rioluti that at these meetigs action shall be taker and word spoken in orar the complete secrecy are maintained.

COME ON LOCHINVAF

Action speaks loud the resolutions, and the WA habit of referring it wish to the next CAB means often results in shring

I Q TEST

Toronto housewiv nounce beef boycott

Radio actors greatly regret

BRAZEN, RULE

Harry Sedgwick's steme to the Radio Commisse the In his opinion the CI won not give his listener a better service if they aprope ated his wave-leng disgards the fact that over ment organization do serve—they rule.

STOP PRESS

"The Hucksters" h be banned at MacLarerAdvi tising Agency, and v nev knew Rosy could lad

THE FIFTH FREEDOM

"The New York spoors a certain soap operation tending invitations is ho day visitors to attid to show in the broadstill studios. Admission in the broadstill studios. Admission is from the studios. Admission in the studios. Admission is from the studios.

ARSENIC AND OLD LAE

"The CBC might be seried as a kindly matro rath than a tough police n."

-: Arthur S th, M

* * * *

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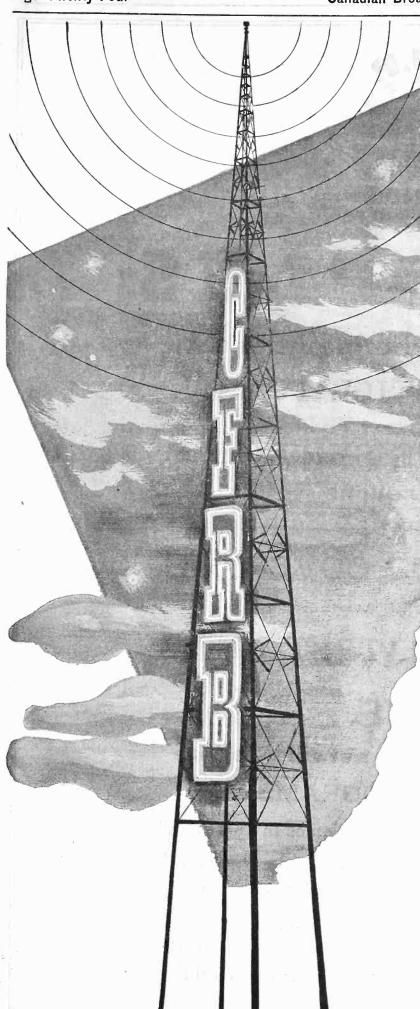
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