Wireless World

RADIO AND ELECTRONICS

Vol LVI No 6

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Wireless World RADIO AND ELECTRONICS

40th YEAR OF PUBLICATION

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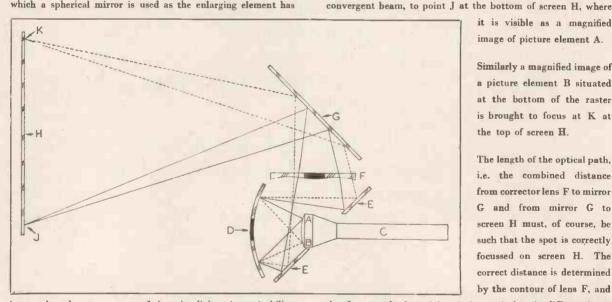
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PROJECTION

OPTICAL SYSTEM THE

The picture produced on the screen of the MW6-2 picture tube occupies an area approximately 2in. x 11 in. The optical unit of the Mullard Projection Television System enlarges this picture so that an image of one of the standard sizes (ranging up to 16 in. x 12 in. for cabinet viewing or up to 48 in. x 36 in. for wall projection) is seen on the viewing screen.

Of the various methods of optical enlargement available, that in which a spherical mirror is used as the enlarging element has



been selected on account of its simplicity, its suitability for manufacture on a mass-production basis, and its high luminous efficiency.

The optical principle is indicated in the diagram where C is the MW6-2 picture tube, D a front-silvered concave spherical mirror, E a plane mirror mounted at an angle of 45° to the axis of the picture tube, F a lens of special contour to correct for spherical aberration, G a second plane mirror mounted at right angles to E, and H the viewing screen which for cabinet viewing is of the dispersive type and for wall projection of the reflective type.

A picture element A formed at the top of the raster emits light which is collected by the spherical mirror and is reflected as a convergent beam to mirror E and thence, via corrector lens F to mirror G from which it is again reflected, still as a

PROJECTION

TELEVISION

it is visible as a magnified image of picture element A.

Similarly a magnified image of a picture element B situated at the bottom of the raster is brought to focus at K at the top of screen H.

The length of the optical path, i.e. the combined distance from corrector lens F to mirror G and from mirror G to screen H must, of course, be such that the spot is correctly focussed on screen H. The correct distance is determined by the contour of lens F, and

the five standard models of the optical unit differ only in the design of the corrector lens, each model being suitable for a specified throw distance and corresponding picture size



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Amenities and Necessities

RADIO communication has now reached a stage where the "amenity" use for non-vital purposes tends almost to overshadow its original functions. First accepted as an indispensable aid to the safety of life at sea, and then as an adjunct to existing methods of marine navigation, it soon became of equal—perhaps even greater—importance to aviation. Wireless in the service of many other human activities is now making a niche for itself.

In the past the Post Office has been accused of over-cautiousness in failing to encourage secondary uses of radio for purposes where its advantages are evident, but where some other form of communication would, at a pinch be made to serve the pur-Such accusations pose, even if less effectively. against the monopolitic power that rules our destinies are not entirely without foundation, but a good case can be made out for our national policy of making haste slowly in this matter. It is only quite recently that transmitting and receiving apparatus operating in the e.h.f. bands has reached a state of development where it could be entrusted to untrained policemen, taxi drivers, firemen and all the others who are today using it successfully. Reliable and easily operated gear is now made by a number of firms. Many technical obstacles to the growth of "amenity" radio have been overcome, and others are being tackled energetically. Organizational obstacles are similarly being overcome, and Wireless World is satisfied that the Post Office no longer refuses a sympathetic hearing to applicants for licences who can make out a good case for using radio communication for any new purpose.

Typical of the newer applications is the Thames Radio Service, described elsewhere in this issue, which provides for linking vessels in the Thames estuary with the inland telephone service. This radio link is primarily intended for small craft, and so has a limited traffic-handling capacity.

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Somewhat similar services for large passenger ships inside the harbour limits of several of our seaports would certainly provide a much-appreciated radio amenity but, as the traffic handled would be compressed into a very short space of time, the organizational problem would probably be greater than the technical.

Studying Television

DURING the recent visit of the C.C.I.R. Study Group the delegates have been given a good picture of the technical progress of television in this country. No effort has been spared to show them everything that will help in their task of advising on transmission standards for Europe.

No secret has been made of the wish generally entertained here that the delegates' choice will fall on the British 405-line system, and so allow us to participate in international exchanges of programmes. It is unnecessary to repeat here the many arguments adduced as to the extreme practicability of our system. Demonstrations to the delegates have suggested that the 625-line system, towards which European opinion has tended to incline, is hardly worth the virtually doubled bandwidth which it requires. It has also been demonstrated to them that such transmissions, confined to a sub-optimum bandwidth, are clearly inferior to the 405-line standard.

We have gained the impression that some of the delegates fear the adoption by their countries of so low a definition as 405 lines would incur the risk of early obsolescence. That is natural enough, but the doubters may perhaps be reassured by knowing that more than one British television engineer has said that, if we were today starting the service *ab initio* in this country, we would be well advised to choose the present standard. With that opinion *Wireless World* agrees.

JUNE, 1950

Narrow-Band Pulse Communication

New Method of Reducing Inter-channel Interference in Time

Division Multiplex

By THOMAS RODDAM

HIS is not the first article on pulse modulation that has appeared in Wireless World. Judging by the amount of work which is being done on pulse systems it will not be the last. The chief interest of the pulse system to be discussed in this article is that it is the first narrow-band pulse system which has been described. All earlier systems have used bandwidths which were monstrously extravagant in terms of the actual information transmitted : ten channels of 4 kc/s would occupy 2 Mc/s video bandwidth, a ratio of 50:1. The return for this squandering of bandwidth is, of course, an improvement in signal-to-noise ratio, and in systems like pulse code modulation the theoretical improvement is almost achieved.

When engineers started to build pulse multiplex systems they made a most important discovery. It is very much cheaper to divide up one millisecond into ten equal time intervals than it is to divide up 40 kc/s into ten equal frequency intervals. Gating circuits for producing time allocation multiplex cost much less than crystal filters for producing frequency allocation multiplex. The full significance of this was not appreciated at first, but as the idea went home the telephone administrations and the firms which supply them realized that long-distance telephone circuits, especially those using coaxial cables, involved a huge amount of capital expenditure at the terminal stations, and that the filters for the frequency allocation multiplex systems represented an important part of this cost. If a pulse system can

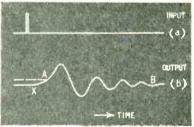
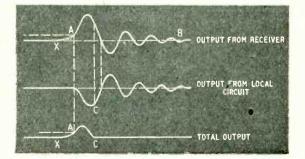


Fig. 1. (a) Short pulse and (b) after passing • through filter to limit bandwidth.

Fig. 2. Cancellation of oscillatory distortion of pulse.



be appreciably cheaper, the first firm to get on the market will scoop in quite a lot or orders.

The problem with which the engineer is confronted is that of applying a pulse system to a cable, the bandwidth of which is limited, in such a way that a maximum number of channels can be used. The microwave honeymoon is over, and indeed even the microwave people are beginning to watch the bandwidth price pretty closely. The aim has been to get the bandwidth down to 4,000 c/s for each speech channel, which means an efficiency of about 80 per cent (useful bandwidth/bandwidth occupied).

The solution which has been receiving the most attention, unless someone is hiding a surprise, was hinted in an article on Communication Theory^{*}. In that article I showed how a local circuit at the receiver could compensate for distortion caused by a restricted bandwidth. In Fig. 1(a) we see the very short pulse which we intend to modulate, and in Fig. 1(b) we see the train of oscillations produced by passing this pulse through a filter to limit the bandwidth. As soon as the pulse has risen to A, however, the local circuit generates a compensating wave. The result is shown in Fig. 2, and it will be seen that after the point C the output is cleared and ready to accept a new pulse. I have skimmed through this quickly because the article quoted does make it all quite clear.

Gaussian Pulses

In this discussion I assumed, for simplicity, that the compensating circuit was required to clear the base-line completely once the pulse had been established. Life becomes a great deal easier, however, if we use pulse amplitude modulation, because we need only clear the base-line for very short intervals corresponding to the middle of each pulse. Inside the receiver we can use as much bandwidth as we like, so that we could, if we knew how, arrange a new pulse centre to occur at each of the crossing points of the first diagram in Fig. 2. What has actually been done is formally equivalent to this, but differs in rather important practical details.

First of all, the short square pulses and the oscillating trains produced by ordinary filters are very inconvenient to work with. The short square pulse is not too bad, but as quickly as possible we convert it into what is called a Gaussian pulse. This is a very important type of pulse, and I cannot remember anyone explaining it, so we will digress for a moment. The Gaussian pulse has the equation $e^{-k^2t^2}$, and is, to use rather outmoded slang, a smooth job. It just gets bigger and bigger, and then gets smaller and smaller, as shown in Fig. 3(a). The frequency spectrum is shown in Fig. 3(b): the dotted part is what

* Wireless World, May, 1949.

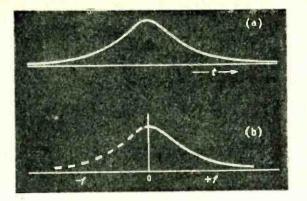


Fig. 3. Gaussian pulse and the corresponding frequency spectrum.

the mathematics says happens for negative frequencies. As you see, the time response and the frequency spectrum are the same shape. The simplicity does not end here. Suppose that a pulse like this is passed through a filter which cuts off quite smoothly and gently, and has a response which is also Gaussian, the output pulse is, as the enthusiasm

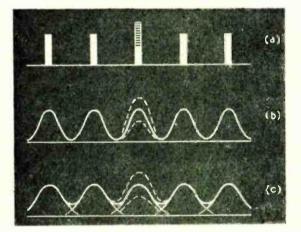
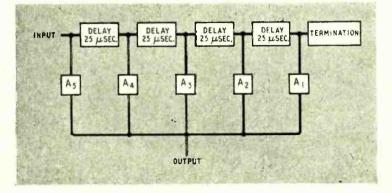


Fig. 4. Short pulses (a) are lengthened by passing through a wide Gaussian filter (b), and may overlap if the filter is made narrower (c).

Fig. 5. Corrector circuit for balancing cross-talk due to pulse overlap.



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for this shape must have made you expect, a Gaussian pulse, longer than the original, but still that simple bell-like shape.

The reader may have noticed one awkwardness: the Gaussian pulse started at $t = -\infty$, and lasts, theoretically, for ever. There is another difficulty: the Gaussian filter, which must have a linear phase shift, cannot be obtained by means of a finite number of components. We seem to be staring into infinity on all sides. A good approximation to the right pulse shape can be obtained, however, either by using the curvature of a valve characteristic, which I mention only because that is the first method proposed, or by putting a short pulse through an amplifier with a lot of simple RC couplings. The third and most efficient way is to use an amplifier with several "maximal flatness"* stages and one plain RC stage. Once we have our Gaussian pulse we can arrange that all the amplifiers which we shall need along the length of the cable, and which we must call repeaters when we talk to the telephone men, are of this Gaussian kind. Then our pulses will be lengthened but will not be changed from their essential Gaussian shape.

Elimination of Cross-talk

Let us now take a look at Fig. 4. In row (a) we have a set of nice short pulses, which we shall assume belong to different speech channels. Only channel 3 is modulated, and the shading shows that the amplitude lies somewhere within the limits indicated. An *n*-channel system will have *n* pulses in about 1/8,000th second $(125\mu \text{ sec})$ and will then start a new train, because we need about 8,000 pulses per second for each speech channel. If we have 5 channels, as I have shown, the spacing between the *circuit* pulses is $25\mu \text{ sec}$.

After these pulses have been passed through the Gaussian amplifier at the transmitter they will have the appearance shown in Fig. 4(b), and after travelling along the cable with its Gaussian amplifiers we shall have the shape shown in Fig. 4(c). It will be seen that the signal at the receiver is made up of pulses which are overlapping, so that the modulation on pulse 3 will have some effect on the amplitudes of the neighbouring pulses, 2 and 4. When we cram the pulses together by reducing the bandwidth still more, even pulses 1 and 5 are affected by the modulation on pulse 3.

At the receiver we want to eliminate the effect of the modulation on pulse 3 from channel 4. We therefore "gate" pulse 4 at its centre, and subtract a voltage obtained by delaying pulse 3 for 25μ sec

and attenuating it suitably. The amount of attenuation is determined by balancing out the modulation produced in channel 4 from channel 3. We do not need to know the exact shape of the pulse, provided it remains constant. Obviously we can also get rid of the cross-talk from channel 3 into channel 5 by using a 50µ sec delay network..

The smooth shape of the pulses implies that channel 3 will produce cross-talk in channel 2. All we need is a network which produces a nega-

V. D. Landon. R.C.A. Review. Jan., 1941. p. 354.

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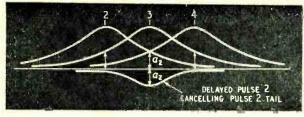
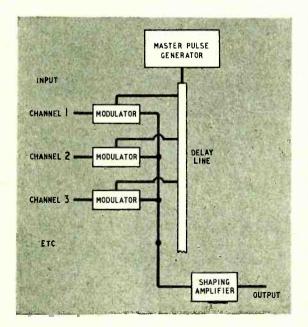


Fig. 6. Detail of Fig. 4 (c) to explain the cancellation process.

tive time delay of 25μ sec. The trick which is used is to tap off a little of pulse 2 and feed it in, with reversed sign, to a delayed pulse 3. The total circuit of the compensation system is shown in Fig. 5, with the values appropriate to the example we have chosen. The units marked A are attenuators, and may include reversing circuits. At the instant when the centre of pulse 3 is available at the output of A_3 , the centres of pulses 1, 2, 4 and 5 are also available at the outputs of A_1 , A_2 , A_4 and A_5 , and a suitable portion of each of these pulses is used to balance out the corresponding tail which is passing through A_s . The shape of the pulses is shown more accurately in Fig. 6. The amplitude of the tail of pulse 2 which occurs at the epoch of the centre of pulse 3 is a_2 , and this is cancelled by the small delayed pulse obtained at the output of A_2 in Fig. 5. The other pulse tails are balanced out in the same way by the outputs of the other A's.

The reports so far available suggest that in experimental systems the balancing of the cross-talk can be made to be sufficiently good for commercial use, even when the pulses are so elongated that the bandwidth is only 4 kc/s per channel. It seems likely that successful operation is obtained because the balancing operation is fairly simple: not quite so simple as this account suggests, because there is interaction between the settings of the various attenua-

Fir. 7. Transmitting terminal equipment.



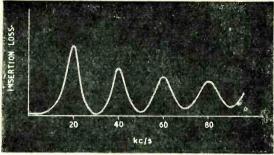
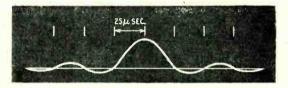


Fig. 8. Response of corrector regarded as a filter.

Fig. 9. Pulse after pa sing through corrector.



tors. The main problem is to make sure that the pulse shapes, which are not in themselves critical, do not alter as the equipment is running. I do not propose to discuss this problem because it is purely one of engineering refinement: can we make a system using a coaxial cable have exactly constant response? Can we make a perfectly constant f.m. system? The real problem is one of cost.

Fig. 7 shows the general arrangement of the terminal equipment at the sending end. The modulators are actually gating circuits, which are opened in turn by pulses produced in the master pulse generator, the order being maintained by tapping off the gate pulse along a delay line so that the pulse spacing is absolutely independent of valve characteristics. The receiving end is very much the same. Additional circuits are used to provide synchronization between the two ends, but these are not parts of the basic system. It will be seen that the complex filters of the frequency allocation multiplex systems have been replaced by the single delay line in this pulse system. Unless there are some exceptional difficulties, the pulse equipment should be very much cheaper.

Future Developments

The details cannot be discussed any further, because nothing has yet been published about systems of this type which will satisfy the standards needed for European telephone circuits. Lengthy field tests of a number of different arrangements will be needed before we can see just what performance can be achieved in practice, both on lines and using frequency-modulation links. It is even possible that in the final form the compensating device will be used in conjunction with pulse code modulation, because it must be noted that by using the arrangement described we do not gain anything in signal-to-noise ratio.

One very interesting point is probably mainly of theoretical interest. If we have a connection between the output of the transmitting terminal and the input of the receiving corrector circuit which is absolutely

linear, the corrector can be transferred to the transmitting end. We may then regard the corrector as a rather queer sort of filter which some readers may recognize as a sort of big brother to the re-entrant line filters used occasionally in feeders. The sort of response which this filter will have is shown in Fig. 8, and it is obviously what is sometimes called 'comb filter.'' When a pulse input is applied to a such a filter the output takes the form shown in Fig. 9, and the amplitude is seen to be zero at all multiples of $25 \,\mu$ sec before and after the pulse peak. Thus the use of the corrector at the transmitter amounts simply to the use of a special filter circuit which produces a pulse having zero amplitude where it can interfere with the other pulses. The reason why this arrangement, or rather this way of thinking, is not so useful in practice is that the operation of balancing cross-talk is very much easier to carry out than the operation of adjusting the filter to the exact characteristic needed. This is an example of how it is sometimes better to think in terms of physical behaviour than in terms of standardized concepts like frequency response or transient response.

When I wrote, 12 months ago, that "the thoughts of a few philosophers will set in motion many men who have no understanding of their philosophy," I did not expect that we should be so soon within sight of a new system with such enormous application. I do not know how many frequency allocation multiplex systems are operating in Europe, but I would guess that there must be of the order of one hundred thousand channels altogether. Each new coaxial cable carries nearly one thousand channels. The system described here may make all the terminal equipment obsolete. It looks as though we should all be pretty busy.

SHORT-WAVE CONDITIONS

April in Retrospect : Forecast for June

By T. W. BENNINGTON (Engineering Division, B.B.C.)

DURING April the average maximum usable frequency for these latitudes decreased considerably during the day and increased somewhat during the night, these being the normal seasonal variations. Both by day and night they were considerably lower than during April of last year, due, no doubt, to the effect of the "decreasing" phase of the sunspot cycle.

Day-time working frequencies decreased appreciably, though, on the whole, they were higher than had been expected. U.S.A. stations on frequencies above 28 Mc/s were seldom heard during the month, and U.S.A. 28-Mc/s amateurs, though they were more or less regularly received during the first part of the month, were rarely heard towards the end. South and Central Americans on this frequency were, however, coming through well till the end of the month. Frequencies as high as 15 Mc/s were often usable till after midnight.

Sunspot activity was, on the average, somewhat lower than during the previous month.

April was a very disturbed month, and frequent periods of poor conditions occurred. The most disturbed periods were 1st, 6th, 13th, 20th, 24th and 30th.

No less than fourteen Dellinger fadeouts were reported during the month, the two most severe of these occurring on 14th; at 1242 and 1335 G.M.T.

Forecast.—During June, day-time m.u.fs in these latitudes should continue to decrease towards their lowest seasonal value, which should be reached towards the end of the month. Night-time m.u.fs should reach their highest seasonal values at about the same time.

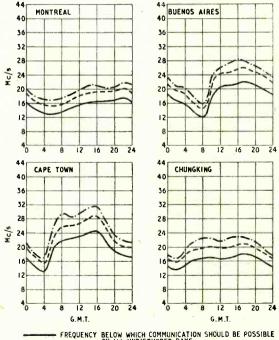
Working frequencies for long-distance transmission should therefore be generally lower by day, and higher by night, than during May. Over east-west circuits it is unlikely that frequencies higher than about 22 Mc/s will ever be usable, while even over north-south circuits 28 Mc/s is likely to be above the m.u.f. most of the time. 15 Mc/s should remain usable till well after midnight over many circuits, and the lowest night-time frequency for regular communication should be of the order of 12 Mc/s.

For medium distance transmission—up to about 1,900 miles— the E or F_1 layers will control transmission for long periods during the day, and in these cases, day-time, as well as night-time, working frequencies should

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be higher than during May. Transmission by way of Sporadic E over medium distances is likely to be a frequent occurrence, and may often take place on exceptionally high frequencies. Trouble from ionospheric storms is not usually very bad during June.

The curves indicate the highest frequencies likely to be usable over four long-distance circuits from this country during the month





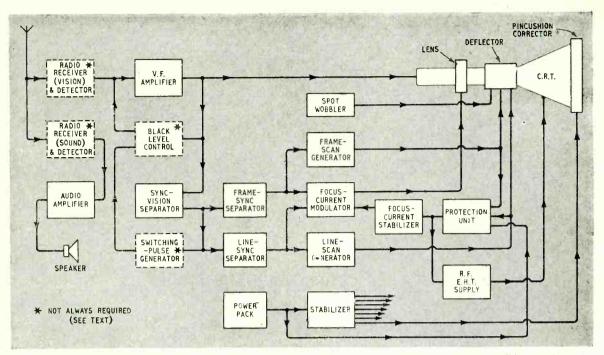


Fig. 1. Block schematic diagram of complete sound and vision monitor, including ancillary receiving equipment.

Television Monitors

Performance Requirements

By J. E. B. JACOB, B.Sc.Eng., A.M.I.E.E. (Cinema-Television, Ltd.)

T has long been the practice in sound broadcasting to provide high quality reproducing equipment specifically designed for monitoring the transmitted signal. Little or nothing has so far been published about similar equipment for television, although there is evidence in the current literature¹ of the need for vision monitors specially designed for the purpose.

The station vision-monitoring equipment should be designed to furnish the quality-checking engineer with the best picture obtainable within the prescribed bandwidth of the particular television system in use. The equipment should, therefore, be of considerably higher quality than any likely to be in the possession of home viewers. The ideal to be aimed at is that the observing engineer should be able to detect and rectify any small loss of picture quality long before the ordinary viewer becomes aware of it at all.

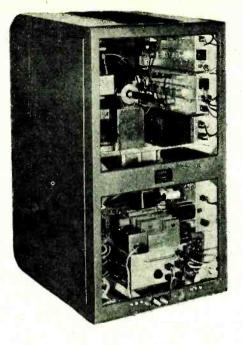
The monitor should preferably receive the radiofrequency output of the transmitter in the normal way so as to check the overall performance of the station, but if this is not convenient it should be connected to a point in the transmitting chain as near to the aerial as possible.

Recently two line-operated vision monitors, fitted with 20-in diameter direct-viewing cathode-ray tubes and capable of very good performance, have been supplied to the British Broadcasting Corporation. It is proposed to indicate in this article some of the measures required, as compared with an ordinary television receiver, to provide the improved performance.

Fig. I shows a detailed block schematic diagram of such a monitor. In general, of course, it embodies the same equipment as is required in any television receiver, but each part is designed from the performance point of view, cost being a relatively secondary consideration.

The degree of complexity of the monitor depends partly on the performance required and partly on the quality of the input signal. The signal may be subject in varying degrees to different types of interference and the various units comprising the monitor must be designed to minimize unwanted disturbances of the picture.

¹ D. G. Fink, "Avenues of Improvement in Presentday Television." Proc. Inst. Radio Engrs, July 1948. Vol. 36, pp. 896-905.



Interior view of a monitor made by Cinema-Television.

The cathode-ray tube used in a high-performance monitor is perhaps the most important single component. The ability of the monitor as a whole to reproduce the required quality picture depends finally on the tube, however good the performance of the circuits may be. The magnetically-focused and deflected tube, when so designed, is eminently suitable for this particular purpose.

The dimensions of the monitor picture should be such that it can be examined in sufficient detail at a reasonable viewing distance and experience has shown that for a 405-line system a 12-in (30 cm) diameter tube is just adequate though a 15-in (38 cm) tube is to be preferred. The screen should be of the largest possible radius of curvature consistent with the necessary mechanical strength.

The tube should be capable of a picture highlight brightness of at least 25 foot-lamberts with a contrast range of 100:1 or better. An aluminized screen operated at 12-15 kV, and 200-300 μ A in the highlights is quite satisfactory for our purpose and has the additional advantage of preventing negative-ion burn.

The electron gun must be so designed that (I) it can provide the necessary beam power, with a reasonable expectation of life, for exciting the fluorescent screen to the required brightness and at the same time the size of the focused spot must be such that, in relation to the picture size, the full definition of the picture can be reproduced, and (2) the gamma of the tube, which may be defined as the slope of the curve connecting the logarithm of the brightness with the logarithm of the driving voltage from the beam-current cut-off point, should be of the same order as that of the average picture tube in a typical home receiver.

This latter factor is of considerable importance, for if the monitor tube has a gamma markedly different from the average, the picture-quality checking engineer at the transmitting station will gain a false impression of the tone quality of the picture as it appears in the average home.

The majority of current tubes designed for use in the home have a gamma which lies between 2 and 3 and a good average value is 2.5.

The 20-in diameter cathode-ray tube which has been used in high performance monitors is fully capable of meeting these requirements.

The Magnetic Lens

The magnetic lens must be designed to focus the relatively large diameter beam without introducing appreciable spherical aberration. One of the necessary conditions to achieve this object is that the beam should pass centrally through the lens and, subsequently, the deflector. In case the gun is misaligned in the tube, means must be provided, therefore, to deflect the beam before it is focused or deflected so that it passes along the common axis of the lens and deflector.

An additional desirable feature in the design of the lens is that it shall be so constructed as to enable its power to be varied in a suitable manner in synchronism with the line- and frame-scanning waveforms

Distortion of the picture can arise from two main sources. In the first place the television picture would ideally be presented on a flat surface as we have all, in the course of our lives, developed the ability to appreciate perspective in a flat representation of a three-dimensional scene. Unfortunately, due to other considerations, the screen of the cathoderay tube is usually a spherical surface and some distortion is bound to occur when an ideal flat picture is reproduced on it. The distortion can be made to occur in a form which is, for our particular purpose, the least objectionable by the use of a suitable geometrical projection to relate the flat picture to the spherical one.

If the spherical and flat surfaces are imagined to be in contact at the centre of the picture and corresponding points in the two pictures are joined by projection lines, a stereographic projection will be obtained when the projection lines pass through the opposite pole of the sphere. The recommendation for this type of projection is the accuracy with which shapes are reproduced all over the picture. An object moving outwards from the centre of the picture will become slightly smaller in size, but its shape will be accurately maintained. The corner angles and indeed all angles all over the picture are correctly reproduced.

A second form of distortion arises because in modern cathode-ray tubes, using wide-angle deflection, the centre of curvature of the screen is not coincident with the centre of deflection and consequently the distance moved by the spot from the centre of the screen is not proportional to the angle through which the beam is turned. This results in pin-cushion distortion which can be corrected by means of a suitably positioned static 8-pole magnetic field. As applied to a cathode-ray tube, the field is arranged to pull out the edges of the picture in the horizontal and vertical directions and to compress the picture in the intermediate 45° directions. The pin-cushion corrector is only part of the complete solution. It reduces the distortion in the 45° directions, but increases it in the horizontal and vertical directions.

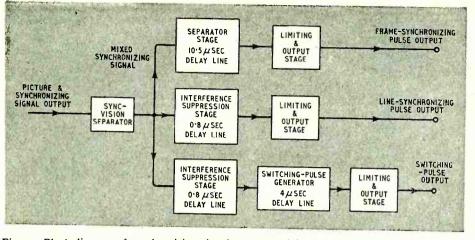


Fig. 2. Block diagram of synchronizing-signal separator giving protection against interference

Its usefulness arises from the fact that this redistribution converts all the distortion into a form which can be corrected by simple changes in the linearity of the scan generators. Without this facility it would be necessary either to intermodulate the two scanning waveforms² or to modify the scanning yoke in an empirical manner to provide a correction. Neither of these methods is to be recommended since intermodulation of the scanning waveform is impracticable for most purposes and modification of the scanning yoke necessarily implies non-uniformity of the deflection fields, which is certain to introduce more deflection astigmatism than can be tolerated in this case.

It follows that the scan generators must be designed to produce scanning currents of the correct waveform, in order that, when used with a deflection yoke designed to produce uniform deflecting fields (which introduce a minimum of astigmatism) and in conjunction with a pin-cushion corrector, the picture shall be a stereographic projection of the ideal flat picture. The waveforms should be correct to within $\pm 2\%$ since a 10% error is objectionable and 5% is still noticeable. In addition, the frame-scan generator must be designed to interlace accurately under all normal conditions of service.

Focus Modulation

The use of wide-angle deflection causes the picture to be defocused in the corners due to the depth of focus of the magnetic lens being inadequate to handle the variations of throw distance between the centre of deflection and the screen as the spot scans the picture area. The power of the lens can be varied in a suitable manner to correct this defect by adding two small alternating-current components of parabolic waveform, repeating at the line and frame frequencies respectively, to the main direct-current component required by the focus coil.

A cathode-ray tube which is designed, focused and scanned in accordance with the principles outlined above will require a "spot wobbler," but since this has been described in some detail elsewhere in this journal (May 1950, p. 189) it will not be dealt with here.

Picture monitors fall into two general types, those which receive a radiofrequency signal and those which are fed by means of a transmission line at video frequency.

The first type will contain a radio receiver which must be designed to exploit to the full the quality of the transmission. It will need only a fairly simple video amplifier to raise the level of the signal from the detector to that re-

quired to modulate the cathode-ray tube. Normally the d.c. component present in the transmission will be preserved since its constancy or otherwise will be of interest to the observer.

The overall frequency response, including the aerial, should be level from zero to a frequency just above the maximum useful value radiated by the transmitter followed by a rapid cut-off.³ No useful purpose is served by extending the bandwidth beyond this value, as the home viewer cannot receive it and the monitor picture may have an undesirably high noise level in consequence.

The sharp cut-off will result in appreciable phase distortion which can, and should be, corrected.⁴ This will result in ripples being observable on close examination of the picture both before and after narrow vertical bars and sharp edges, but they are of small amplitude and do not detract from its quality at the normal viewing distance. In fact there is a net gain in picture quality since the maximum use is made of the prescribed bandwidth of the transmission.

The signal will probably be subject to some degree of impulse interference and some form of signal limiter should be fitted to the amplifier.

The design and complexity of the video amplifier required for the line-fed monitor will depend to a large extent on the quality and level of the signal presented to it. If the input signal is of the order of I volt overall, picture and sync, as seems likely as this is now an international standard, it is not practicable to use a directly-coupled amplifier even though the d.c. component may be present. The gain of the amplifier will necessarily be of such a value that drift of the d.c. level is likely to be troublesome. Moreover, if the transmission line is of considerable length it may happen that a 50-c/s sine-wave signal of considerable amplitude, as well as other forms of interference, become added to the signal.

^a M. Bowman-Manifold. British Patent No. 417, 103.

³ H. A. Wheeler. "Wide Band Amplifiers for Television." Proc. Inst. Radio Engrs, July 1939, Vol. 27, pp. 429-438.

^{27,} pp. 429-438.
T. C. Nuttall. "Some Aspects of Television Circuit Technique." J. Television Soc., March 1949, Vol. 5, pp. 257-265.

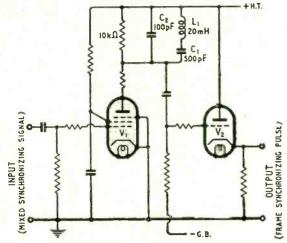


Fig. 3. Circuit of frame synchronizing-signal separator.

Thus it is necessary to use a.c. coupling at the input and to include some precise form of d.c. insertion which maintains the signal level constant during the "back porch"; i.e., the picture-suppression interval after the synchronizing signal.

The amplifier must be fitted with a gain control which should be so arranged that neither the black level of the signal nor the amplitude of the synchronizing signals change as the gain is varied.

The amplitude distortion introduced by the radioand video-frequency amplifiers should be kept to a minimum in order to avoid modifying the gamma of the picture to any appreciable extent.

One method, due to Nuttall,⁵ of controlling the black level in the picture is to feed the output vision

signal from the video amplifier into a circuit which compares its voltage level during the back porch with a reference voltage. The signal arising from the difference, if any, between the black level and the reference is fed back to the input stage of the main video amplifier with the required polarity to correct the error at that point.

By this means the black level in the picture can be maintained constant to a high degree of accuracy despite sudden changes in the picture content or the addition of a relatively large amplitude of lowfrequency sine wave to the signal. Since this is a feedback circuit, with appreciable loop gain, any drifting of the black level due to the d.c. coupling in the amplifier is automatically reduced to negligible proportions.

^{*} The feedback circuit is only complete during the specified period and is brought into operation by a switching pulse derived from the synchronizing signal.

Synchronizing Signal Separation

The synchronizing-signal separator must be designed with an eye to the conditions in which the monitor is required to operate. If the signal is free from interference of all kinds, the separator can be of conventional design with the proviso that the frame-synchronizing signal is of such a form that the frame-scan generator will interlace properly.

If, however, the monitor has to operate in conditions in which various forms of interference may be superimposed on the signal, the separator must be designed to ignore as far as possible such unwanted signals.

The separator described is one type which is suitable for a monitor and affords good protection against impulse interference.

⁵ T. C. Nuttall. British Patent No. 514,271.

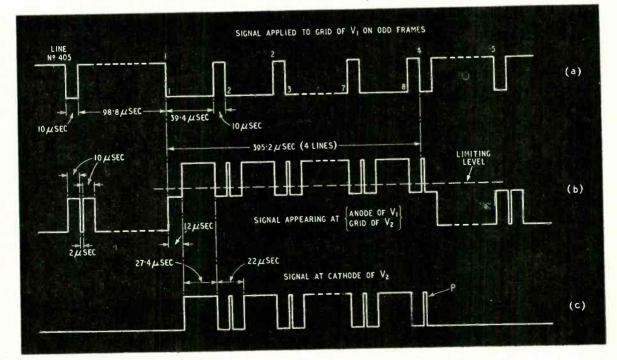


Fig. 4. Waveforms appearing in frame synchronizing-signal separator, (a) grid of V_1 , (b) grid of V_2 , (c) cathode of V_2 .

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The separation of the synchronizing signals is carried out in two stages. The first stage serves to separate the synchronizing signals from the vision signals and can be quite conventional. The second stage operates on the mixed synchronizing signals and provides the following outputs.

(1) Frame-frequency synchronizing pulses.

(2) Line-frequency synchronizing pulses.

(3) A 4-µsec switching pulse for the Black Level control unit (not necessarily required in the radio-frequency monitor).

A block diagram of the complete separator is shown in Fig. 2 and the basic circuit of the frame-frequency separator in Fig. 3. The mixed synchronizing signal, Fig. 4(a), is fed to the grid of V, which has in its anode circuit an artificial delay line, comprising L₁, C_1 and C_2 , open-circuited at the end remote from the valve. The total time taken for a signal to travel to the end of the line, suffer a reflection and return to the sending end, is adjusted to be slightly longer than the duration of the line-synchronizing pulses, a suitable delay time is 12 µsec. The effect of this arrangement is that, as the reflected signal is the same polarity as the original, the line-synchronizing pulses appear side by side with their reflections. In the case of the frame pulses, however, which are of longer duration than the "echo" time of the line. the reflected signal adds on to the original and produces a total voltage excursion at the anode of twice the original signal as shown in Fig. 4(b).

The modified signal is then fed to a limiter stage, V_2 , adjusted to pass only signals in excess of the amplitude of the original pulses applied to the delay line, with the result that only those parts of the waveform in which the pulse duration is longer than the echo time of the line appear at the output, Fig. 4(c).

The advantages of this type of frame-synchronizing signal separator are: —

(1) Although the leading edge of the pulse is delayed by several microseconds, the delay is caused by a passive network and the timing of successive pulses is as accurate as in the original waveform.

(2) Equalizing pulses are not required to obtain accurate interlacing as the leading edge is identical on odd and even frames. The only difference between the frames is that the pulse, P, Fig. 4(c), occurs only in the odd frames but does not affect the synchronizing.

(3) A large proportion of the impulse interference which may be mixed with the original signal will be suppressed since the great majority of such pulses will be very short (approximately $0.33 \ \mu\text{sec}$ if the overall bandwidth is $3 \ Mc/s$) compared with the echo time of the line and they will only appear in the output if they occur during a frame-synchronizing pulse or if a second interference pulse occurs at the instant the echo of a preceeding pulse returns to the anode of the valve.

The line-scan generator is synchronized from the mixed synchronizing-signal waveform and is designed to ignore the alternate double line-frequency pulses which occur during the frame-synchronizing interval.

The waveform is subjected to exactly the same process as that used for the frame pulses, in order to suppress impulse interference, except that the echo time of the delay line is reduced to $0.8 \,\mu$ sec.

The use of the interference-suppression circuit results in the line pulses being delayed with respect to the picture signal by $0.8 \,\mu\text{sec}$ and, although part of this delay is cancelled out by the time taken for the picture signal to pass through the video amplifier, allowance must be made for it in the design of the line-scan generator.

Black Level Control Switching Pulse

The switching pulse is derived from the mixed synchronizing signal. The signal is first "cleaned" and is then fed to a valve having a short-circuited artificial delay line in its anode circuit. The echo time of the line is designed to be $4\,\mu$ sec and the signal polarity is arranged so that the pulse derived from the trailing edge of the line-synchronizing pulses (i.e., it occurs during the back porch) is passed to the output.

The artificial delay lines used in a synchronizingsignal separator of this type can be two-terminal networks designed in accordance with Foster's reactance theorem⁶ with the advantage that they are more easily made and adjusted than the corresponding four-terminal networks.

The remainder of the equipment in the monitor is in no way unusual and will only be mentioned briefly.

The performance of the sound channel, if required, should be in keeping with the quality of the vision equipment and requires no comment here.

The power supplies of the monitor can be of conventional design. All the d.c. supplies, including the e.h.t. supply, should be stabilized against mains input voltage and load-current fluctuations. The transformers and smoothing chokes should be orientated so that there is negligible stray magnetic field from them in the space occupied by the cathode-ray tube. The monitor must be capable of being operated when the frame frequency is not locked to the mains without brightness or focus modulation being visible in the picture and with deflection effects in any direction reduced to the absolute minimum.

A device for protecting the cathode-ray tube screen from damage in the event of failure of either or both scan generators should be incorporated.

So far, vision monitors have been built which incorporate all the feaures outlined above with the exception of a pin-cushion corrector and focus-current modulation, though these have been used in other equipment.

The quality of picture obtainable on the 405-line standard when full use is made of the 2.7-Mc/s transmitted bandwidth is considerably better than many people imagine. On seeing a first-class picture, received by radio in the ordinary way, reproduced on a high-performance monitor, it is clear that the decision to continue with the 405-line standard was the right one and that there is plenty of room for improvement in both transmitting and receiving equipment in the years to come before it can be said that the system is being exploited as fully as possible.

This article is based on a paper read by the author before the British Institution of Radio Engineers on March 23rd, 1950. The author's thanks are due to his colleagues for help and advice and in particular to Mr. T. C. Nuttall, who is responsible for many of the circuit techniques used and for the work on the reduction of scanning distortions.

R. M. Foster. "A Reactance Theorem." Bell Syst. Tech. J., April 1924, Vol. 3, p. 259.

Screening

Back to First Principles When "Rules of Thumb" Fail

By "CATHODE RAY"

C ERTAIN people pride themselves on being "practical," and can scarcely hide their contempt for "theorists." They joyfully quote the story of the Professor of Mathematics who came off worst in an argument with the bus conductor about the correctness of his change.

It is true that the learned are often found to be strangely out of touch with practical affairs, even in their own field of study; but that is no reason why knowing as much as possible about the theoretical basis of a job should not make the practical man better at it. I can think of nothing that illustrates this better than screening. It is a thoroughly practical subject, but its rules of thumb are complicated and liable to let one down when tackling anything a bit out of the usual. Lots of questions arise, and we cannot be sure that the answers for one application will fit another even when it seems similar.

There is a surprising vagueness about the subject in most of the books, and (it is to be feared) in many of the minds. This, I am sure, is due to vagueness about the underlying principles. It may possibly comfort a beginner to picture the screen-grid in a valve as a kind of sieve that lets the tiny electrons through and holds back the electric fields, or to suppose that a can round a coil protects it from stray fields much as a roof over one's head keeps out the rain. But when he comes to devising his own apparatus, that sort of idea isn't good enough. What he really needs is a clear picture of the theory of fields. Given that, he knows all (or nearly all) the answers.

This is hardly the place for a complete exposition of fields from the beginning. What I am about to do is to emphasize a few facts about them in relation to screening.

The first, which hardly needs emphasis, is that (so far as Wireless World is concerned) there are two kinds of field-electric and magnetic. The only point in mentioning it is in case someone says: what about an electromagnetic wave ; is that a third kind? It is true that an electromagnetic wave has certain peculiarities not possessed by electric or magnetic fields considered separately; such as the ability to go on after whatever caused it has been switched off. But that is merely a matter of organization; the magnetic and electric fields of which electromagnetic waves consist are exactly the same in themselves as the fields around the loudspeaker magnet and the h.t. terminal in the power pack. It happens, however, that a moving magnetic field generates an electric field, and a moving electric field generates a magnetic field; this mutual back-scratching pact makes it possible for electric and magnetic fields to keep one another going without any visible (or invisible) means of support, once they have been started.

The starting process necessitates field movement or

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variation, so no electromagnetic radiation results from a constant fixed field of either kind. Theoretically, there is radiation wherever there is a.c. (though it is negligible at low frequencies such as 50 c/s). And since electromagnetic radiation consists of electric and magnetic fields in equal proportions, one can theoretically only have one kind without any trace of the other when it is quite steady, such as that produced by an electrostatic charge or a permanent magnet. But at low frequencies the radiation is generally so small that it is possible for one kind of field to predominate, even though it is alternating. The field close to a low-voltage coil carrying a heavy 50 c/s current is almost entirely magnetic, and the field close to high-voltage opencircuited terminals is almost entirely electric. But at radio frequencies the tendency is for the production of a strong magnetic field to necessitate a high voltage across the coil (and hence an electric field); similarly, a high voltage can hardly exist without producing at least a capacitive current (and hence a magnetic field).

This matter of frequency keeps coming into the question of screening.

Now for methods of screening. There are two basic types of weapon in our armoury: diverting the

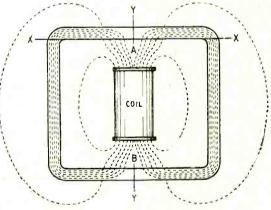


Fig. I. For the lowest frequencies, the best protection against magnetic fields is a substantial cover made of special low-permeability metal, with no joints or gaps such as XX in the way of the flux.

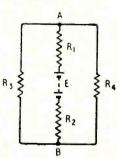


Fig. 2. Electrical analogy of Fig. 1.

course of the field; and cancelling it out with an opposing field.

Fig. 1 shows an example of the first method applied to the magnetic field from a coil. It consists in shutting it up in a box of high-permeability material, which provides such an easy path for the magnetic flux that very little spreads out into places where it would be unwelcome.

Magnetic Screening

Anybody who is not used to magnetic circuits may perhaps grasp the principle more clearly by studying the electrical analogy, Fig. 2. Here the electromotive force of the battery, E, corresponds to the magnetomotive force of the current-carrying coil in Fig. 1, and $R_1 R_2$ are high resistances corresponding to the large magnetic reluctances of the air spaces at the ends of the coil. Before the low resistances R₃ R₄ are connected, the full voltage E appears between the points AB; but with $R_3 R_4$ in place this voltage is more or less short-circuited. Similarly, the low reluctance of the screen reduces to a very small amount the magnetomotive force available for driving flux through the surrounding space. The single pair of dotted lines representing such flux in Fig. 1 does not mean, of course, that the flux consists of lines; it is spread throughout the space, but (if the screen is a good one) very thinly.

Just as any breaks in R_3 and R_4 would nullify their action, so one has to take care that the arrangements for opening the box do not introduce even the smallest gap in the flux path as seen from the outside across XX, for example. It is all right to have a crack *along* the flux lines such as YY.

If the box is to be reasonably thin and light, it must have a very high permeability indeed to offer a far easier path for the flux than the much thicker chunk of space outside. Ordinary iron or steel is not really good enough; that is why a special high- μ alloy much as Mumetal is recommended.

Note that this kind of screen tends to increase the

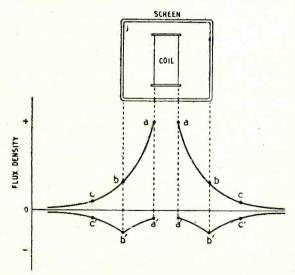


Fig. 3. The graph *abc* represents the field strength distribution around the coil; a'b'c' represents the field strengths due to currents induced in the screen. When the two are added, the result is nearly zero outside the screen.

inductance of the coil by increasing the flux produced by a given current.

This method is at its best with zero- or lowfrequency current in the coil. As the frequency is raised the μ drops, and at radio frequencies it is too little to be much help. That is where we bring out our other weapon. Suppose the box to be made of copper. As the μ of copper is practically the same as of air it is completely useless as a flux diverter. But what it does do is to act as a short-circuited secondary winding to the coil, and the current induced in it sets up a field that very nearly cancels out the field of the coil.

If the copper were to be wrapped closely around the coil winding, so as to be close coupled to it, as in a tranformer, the inductance of the coil would be reduced nearly to zero, so that it would cease to be worth screening. To avoid this, the screen should be as large as space and cost will allow.

In Fig. 3, the lines abc are graphs showing how the flux density falls off rapidly the farther one gets away from the coil. Just outside the coil itself it is very intense, as indicated by the height of a. At the screen it is much less (b); and c denotes the density at some point outside the screen, where it is less still, but presumably more than is wanted. Since the flux is supposed to be alternating, and the copper screen forms a closed circuit around the coil, it generates currents in the screen which set up their own flux. And if the resistance of the screen is very low, a very much smaller flux than b is sufficient to generate enough e.m.f. to drive enough current through the screen to produce a reverse flux equal to b. (If you don't follow that at the second attempt, try reading on before going back to it!) What happens is that the reverse flux, b' grows until it nearly neutralizes b, the small difference between them being what is needed to generate b'. The screen can never neutralize the coil's field completely, because if it did there would be nothing to generate the neutralizing field. But it can be made to do so very nearly by making the resistance of the screen very low in the direction. of the current. The direction of the current is quite different from the direction of the flux in Fig. 1; it is in a continuous ring parallel to the turns in the coil. So a gap at XX in Fig. I would be allowable, but one along YY (supposed to be continued right down the screen) would interrupt the screen currents and make it useless.

The Fig. 1 screen would not in any case work well as a neutralizing screen, because high- μ materials have a far higher resistance than copper.

The field strength and flux density due to the screen also fall off on each side, and Fig. 3 shows that outside the screen this is just what is wanted; for example, c' practically cancels c. But inside the screen the cancellation becomes less and less as one gets near the coil; which again is just what is wanted. If the screen is spaced well away from the coil, a' does little to cancel a, and the inductance of the coil is only slightly reduced. But if you draw a diagram like Fig. 3, for a screen fitting tightly round the coil, you will see how nearly it would neutralize the coil as well.

Obviously this type of screen is no good at all against a d.c. field, because d.c. can induce no screen currents. And it is not very good at low frequencies, because such a lot of screen current is needed to generate the neutralizing field, and the difference between b and b' is comparatively large. So the two

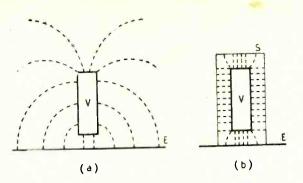


Fig. 4. (a) Unscreened object V at high potential relative to E. (b) Same object with screen, S. The electric flux is denser, but confined inside the screen.

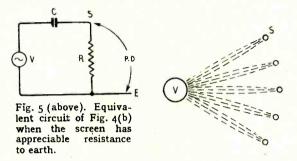


Fig. 6 (right). Showing how an earthed grid or cage is nearly as effective as continuous metal.

methods are complementary: Mumetal for a.f. and lower frequencies; copper for r.f. But remember to have the lids in the right places relative to the coil!

So far we have considered the problem to lie in shutting up a source of objectionable magnetic field, but, of course, the same methods work in reverse, if the interfering field is outside and the screen is for protecting the coil inside.

Electric Screening

You will have noticed that nothing has been said about earth, because earthing has nothing to do with magnetic screening. But it has everything to do with electric screening. The method corresponding most closely to Fig. 1, which would consist in enclosing the source of electric field in a high-permittivity box, is (so far as I know) never used, because even the latest titanium ceramics do not offer a κ anything like so high as the available μ ; and such materials are not very handy for screen-making anyway. If you regard metals as materials having practically infinite permittivity, that is different. But it is more usual to regard metallic screens as working by virtue of their conductivity. However they are regarded, the fact is that they do work, and very well too, especially at low and zero frequency. All one has to do is to shut up the offending (or offendedagainst) article in an earthed conductor.

In Fig. 4, V represents some component, such as a rectifier, having a high voltage to earth or other zero-potential structure such as the chassis, represented by E. The electric field, when there is no screen, is suggested by the dotted lines in diagram (a), which mean that every point in the space around is

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at some potential between those of V and E, and therefore not zero. In (b), the offender is shown shut up in a metal box S, connected to E. All points on S are thus brought to the same potential as E, so there can be no electric field between S and E.

This is strictly true for unvarying fields, even if the resistance of S is not negligible; because any charge that the first switching-on may have set up on parts of S leaks off more or less rapidly to E, and there is nothing to renew it. But if the potential of V is varying at high frequency there will be capacitive currents induced in S, and unless S has a low resistance, these currents will cause a voltage drop in it. This situation could be represented as in Fig. 5, where C is the capacitance between any selected part of the screen and V.

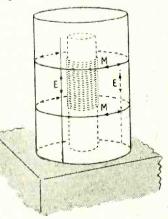
Unless C is rather large and the frequency and voltage of V is very high, the current is not likely to be enough to set up an appreciable p.d. across the extremely low resistance of even a thin metal screen. But if these conditions exist, one does have to think of using thickish copper sheet. Or, better still, two screens, one inside the other. For most purposes, however, the thinnest tinfoil is good enough. It is not even essential to have continuous metal, so long as it makes a good contact to earth. A sort of parrot cage is quite effective. Suppose Fig. 6 represents V and a few wires of such a screen, looking down on it from above. If one maps out the field by the methods described in the books one finds very little of it exists much beyond the boundary of the screen, even when the gaps are fatter than the wires. But a vertical spiral or coil of wire would be bad, because it would place a comparatively large resistance-and inductance-between the upper part of itself and E.

For the same reason it is not a good idea to screen a wire by winding a spiral of wire around it, earthed at only one or two places.

In general, the need to avoid contact resistance is not so acute in an electric screen as in a magnetic, because it is usually a high-voltage low-current system, whereas a magnetic screen is exactly the opposite. So, although a push fit between a can S and its base E puts a contact resistance in the direct line of current, it is usually good enough.

As in Fig. 3, the farther the screen is away from the screened, the better. A close-fitting screen increases the capacitance to earth of its contents, which is often a bad thing in itself, and in so doing it also increases the screen currents and so reduces the effectiveness of the screening.

Fig. 7. An earthed metal can is effective against both provided fields, that the resistance is low throughout the paths of magnetically - induced currents (such as M) and electrically - induced currents (such as E). If there has to be a joint or seam, it is better for it to affect E than M.



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One advantage of knowing the underlying principles of screening, and thereby the directions in which screen currents or flux take, is that it enables one to contrive a screen so that it deals with either electric or magnetic field alone, or with both.

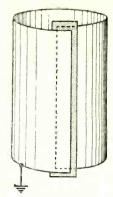
When the object to be screened is such a thing as a tuning coil, one usually wants to screen both fields, and an earthed copper can does both jobs very effectively, provided, of course, that there is nothing (such as a doubtful seam) to obstruct the currents induced in the screen. The circles marked M and the straight lines marked E in Fig. 7 are typical current paths necessary for screening alternating magnetic and electric fields respectively.

But sometimes one wants to stop electric (capacitive) coupling without interfering with magnetic coupling—between the windings of a transformer, for example. If the primary were completely enclosed in a copper cylinder before the secondary was wound on, it wouldn't be a very good transformer! All one has to do to remove the magnetic screening while retaining effective electric screening is to stop all the magnetically induced currents by slipping a strip of insulation between the overlapping edges of an earthed non-magnetic metal sheet (Fig. 8).

The reverse process-magnetic screening without electric-is not normally a requirement, but if it were it could be accomplished with a set of insulated rings, like hoops round a barrel, parallel to the wire in the coil.

Fig. 8. By breaking the M paths by a strip of insulating material, magnetic screening can be avo.ded while obtaining electric screening by earthing.

The only thing that need be said about screening against electromagnetic waves is that it must be of the combined type (Fig. 7) in order to deal with both electric and magnetic components, and the slightest hole or crack lets out enough leakage to be detected by a sensitive receiver.



Summing-up:

Magnetic Screening. Method 1 (for zero and low frequencies): High permeability metal, giving continuous low-reluctance path for magnetic flux (Fig. 1). Method 2 (for high frequencies): High-conductivity metal, giving continuous low-resistance path for induced currents (at right-angles to flux paths).

Electric Screening. Low-impedance conducting paths to earth. Easy to fulfil except at highest frequencies.

Electromagnetic Screening. A combination of both.

But it is better to remember the principles, which enable one to devise suitable screening for any situation-not just the simple examples shown here.

C.C.I.R. VISIT

Studying British Television Progress

Some fifteen countries were represented in the delega-tion of the International Radio Consultation tion of the International Radio Consultative Committee which has been here to study television. They have also visited America, France and Holland.

During a visit to the E.M.I. works delegates saw the manufacture of Emitron camera tubes and had 405- and 625-line television demonstrated on a closed circuit. A direct comparison between the two was possible. 3-Mc/s bandwidth was used for 405 lines and a 5.5-Mc/s for 625 lines. The difference of picture quality obtained was remarkably small. The sensitivity of the cameras was demonstrated by pictures of a scene illuminated by I ft candle.

The new vision transmitter for Holme Moss was shown by the Marconi Company at Chelmsford and an evening television party was given at Great Baddow. In addition to 405-line closed circuit demonstrations, which included

Club News

Birmingham.-A talk on the radio control of models will be given to members of the Slade Radio Control of models will be given to members of the Slade Radio Society on June 9th by Dr A. C. Dawes The second discussion in the series on television fundamentals will be opened by W. E. Merrill on June 23rd. Meetings are held on alternate Fridays at 7.45 in the Parochial Hall, Broomfield Road, Erdington, Sec.: C. N. Smart. 110, Woolmore Road, Erdington, Erdington,

Birmingham, 23. Bradford.—The Bradford Amateur Radio Society meets on alternate Tuesdays at 7.30 at Cambridge House, 66 Little Horton Lane, Bradford. Sec.: V. W. Sowen, "Rushwood," Grange Park Drive, Cottingley, Bingley, Yorks. Brighton — Wenbership of the Brighton and District Radio

Brighton.—Membership of the Brighton and District Radio Club (G3EVE) is now nearly 100. Meetings are held on Tuesdays at 7.30 at the Eagle Arms, Gloucester Road, Brighton. A series of lectures on the history of radio is being given by the secretary, L. F. Hobden, whose address is 17 Hartington Road, Brighton, Sussex. Edinburgh.—Weekly meetings of the Edinburgh Amateur Brighton.--Membership of the Brighton and District Radio

good pictures at dusk, a series of demonstrations of television effects was staged. Among these was an experiment showing that a 50-c/s frame frequency is no bar to the attainment of a flicker-free picture which is bright enough for viewing under conditions of high ambient illumination.

In their visit to the B.B.C. research station the delegates were shown 405- and 625-line pictures transmitted through a carefully equalized 3-Mc/s channel. Known amounts of delay and echo distortion could be intro-duced and their effect on the picture observed. It was clearly demonstrated that while a delay distortion of only $0.02 \,\mu\text{sec}$, which it is difficult to avoid in cable links, caused only moderate distortion of the 405-line picture it intolerably degraded the 625-line one. Cinema-Television, Ltd., demonstrated large-screen television, as reported on page 220.

Radio Club are held on Wednesdays at 7.30 at Unity House, 4 Hillside Crescent. A visit to the local R.N.V.(W)R. head-quarters is being arranged. Sec.: D. A. E. Samson (GM3EQY), 56 Elm Row, Edinburgh, 7.

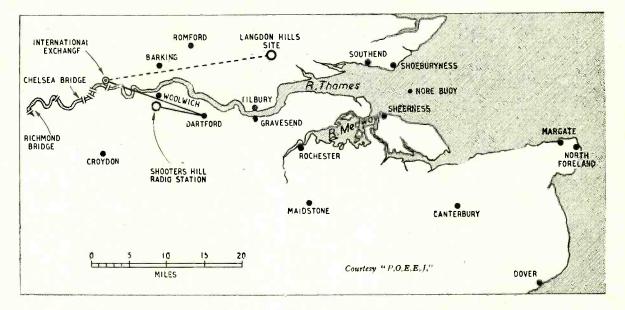
(GM3EQY), 56 Elm Row, Edinburgh, 7. Middlesbrough.—A new club room and workshop has been secured for members of the Tees-side Amateur Radio Society in All Saints' Hall, Grange Road, Middlesbrough. To en-courage junior members they are now admitted free of charge up to the age of 15. Sec.: J. H. Davies, 85 Cobden Street, Thornaby-on-Tees, Yorks. Sweden DX Fan Club, which has its headquarters at 5 Aldred Street, Worksop, is being re-organized. Details of this international club are obtainable from Eric Good at the above address.

above address

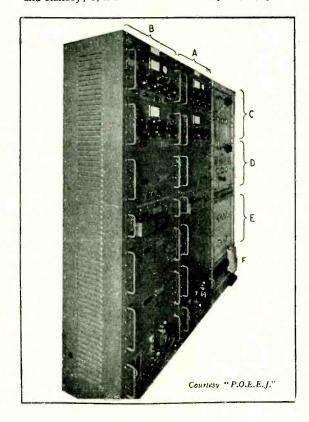
Walworth.-Meetings of the Walworth (Men's Institute) Radio Club are held on Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.0 in the L.C.C. Evening Institute, John Ruskin Street, London, S.E.5. The club's new technical instructor is H. Lambert. Sec.: B. E. Symous, 100 East Dulwich Grove. London, S.E.22.

Thames Radio Service

Introduction of 160-Mc/s Service Linking Public with River Craft



Location of the fixed station at Shooters Hill and the site of the proposed second station north of the Thames are shown on this map. The route of the cable link between the existing station and the exchange in central London is also shown. Equipment at the Shooters Hill station is shown below. A & B, main 50-watt transmitter and standby; C, main receiver and analyser; D, spare receiver and analyser; E, control unit; F, power equipment.



WIRELESS WORLD, JUNE 1950

THE navigable stretch of the River Thames—a distance of some 50 miles—comes under the control of the Port of London Authority and it was as a result of their request for radio-telephone facilities to their patrol launches which led to the introduction by the Post Office of the service now linking small craft plying on the Thames with the public telephone service. An article giving a survey of the problems involved and a description of the equipment used for this service was given in the January issue of the Post Office Electrical Engineers' Journal.

Two-frequency working is provided, with transmission in each direction on frequencies separated by several megacycles; this allows full duplex operation as on the ordinary telephone. Six channels are planned with 100-kc/s spacings and a frequency separation between incoming and outgoing carriers of 4.5 Mc/s. The carriers of the first and second channels of the Thames Radio Service—as it is called—are 157 and 157.1 Mc/s (mobile to fixed) and 161.5 and 161.6 Mc/s (fixed to mobile). Amplitude modulation is being used in conformity with the recent decision to standardize a.m. for marine services in the U.K.

The lower reaches of the Thames flow through rather flat country and the number of sites on which it is possible to obtain the necessary height for the aerials of the fixed stations is very limited. After tests it was decided to utilize two water towers—one north of the river and the other south. Since the introduction of the service it has been found that the southern station at Shooters Hill (see map) gives adequate coverage and the second site—at Langdon Hills—is not being used, unless it is subsequently



Courtesy "P.O.E.E.J." Marconi equipment as installed on river craft for the initials tests for the Thames Radio Service.

decided to extend the scope of the service. Simple centre-fed vertical dipoles for both the transmitter and receiver are mounted on the top of the 530-ft water tower. The receiving dipoles are connected to a pre-amplifier installed at the top of the tower and filters are inserted in the feeders to prevent high voltages from the transmitting aerials—which are within a few feet—being applied to the receivers. The preamplifier consists of an earthed-grid triode with a broadly tuned anode circuit. Power for the amplifier is superimposed on the co-axial cable connecting the amplifier to the receivers which are at ground level.

The radiated power from the fixed station can usefully be greater than that of the mobile transmitters, but this increase can only be effective in improving range, or quality of service, if the receivers at the fixed station are correspondingly more sensitive than the sets atloat. The fixed receivers at present in use have a noise factor of approx. 5db and, with the simple aerials installed, their sensitivity is such that an average signal/noise ratio of 15db is obtained on

This Pye equipment was used to demonstrate how seagoing vessels may benefit from the Thames service when their deep-sea radio is closed down.



transmissions from 5watt mobile equipment operated at distances up to 40 miles away. A signal analyser is incorporated in the receiving equipment, one function of which is to examine the quality of an incoming signal and to pass it on to the operators' switchboard only if it has a signal/ noise ratio of 15db or more. The radio station at

The radio station at Shooters Hill is connected by line to the switching centre for the Thames Radio Service at the International

Telephone Exchange in central London—a distance of 7 miles. The proposed site of the second station is, however, some 23 miles from central London. As a precaution therefore against difficulties which might have been encountered due to the difference in transmit time should two stations be used, the line from Shooters Hill is routed circuitously so that it is approximately equal to that from the second station.

Whilst the service is provided by the Post Office it is the responsibility of the owners of boats to equip and maintain the gear on board, which, however, has to conform to a P.O. specification. Two manufacturers are now producing the equipment and typical sets are illustrated. The sets are similar to those used for land mobile services—such as in police cars. The use of frequencies around 160 Mc/s is, however, comparatively new and the Thames Radio Service is the first mobile service in the U.K. to use full duplex working with a common T/R aerial.

The operating procedure for the service, which is available throughout the 24 hours, is as follows in the case of calls from river craft. On lifting the telephone handpiece from its hook the monitoring loudspeaker, which is used for calling the craft for incoming calls, is disconnected and the transmitter is brought into operation. The automatic signal radiated from the transmitter operates the calling lamp at the International telephone exchange and the operator on being asked for the required number completes the circuit. In the opposite direction-land to water-telephone subscribers served by any exchange in the U.K. may make a call to a boat. At the moment the operator broadcasts a call for the boat required and when a reply is received the correspondents are linked. A refinement—a selective calling system-is, however, being introduced.

EQUIPMENT AFLOAT

The mobile equipment supplied by Marconi's for the Thames Radio Service is the standard Type H16 adapted for use in the 156- to 184-Mc/s band. The receiver (shown on the left of the above illustration) and transmitter are separate units which, mounted together on a rack, measure 16 inches square by 8 inches high.

The Pye equipment used is shown in the photograph on the left. It is the high-band version (100-185 Mc/s) of the Type 703, slightly modified for the Thames Radio Service R.F. output of the transmitter is up to 12 W.



A switch unit for a Pye receiver has 75 soldered joints made entirely with a bench fixed iron. This unusual method of soldering enables a very fine bit to be employed and reduces fatigue on the part of the worker.

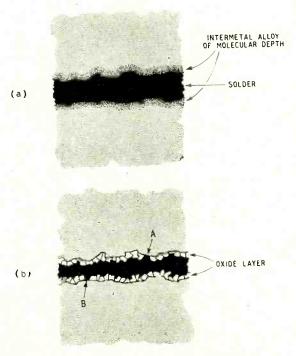


Fig. 1. (a) Magnified section of a well-soldered joint. (b) Magnified section of a high-resistance dry joint.

WIRELESS WORLD, JUNE 1950

Modern Soft-Soldering Technique

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Present-day Methods for Obtaining Speed and Reliability By R. W. HALLOWS, M.A. (Cantab), M.I.E.E.

OLDERING is amongst the most ancient branches of the metal worker's art, for soldered joints are found in the gold chains and in a considerable variety of the other jewels taken from the oldest Egyptian tombs, and from those belonging to other early cultures. Until comparatively recently, all of the three methods of coldering-brazing, silversoldering and soft-soldering-remained parts of the 'art and mystery'' of skilled metal-working crafts. To a great extent this is still true of the first two; but the same cannot be said of soft-soldering, which is now regularly done, mechanically or by semi-skilled labour, in factories; and in an unknown number of workshops (and on a still less ascertainable number of kitchen tables!) by amateur craftsmen the world over.

Soft-soldering was mainly the speciality of the tinsmith until the advent of electrical power and lighting. Almost every kind of electrical apparatus must contain many soldered connections in its make-up. Means had to be found, and were duly found, of so simplifying the technique that it ceased to be the prerogative of expert craftsmen. With the coming first of radio and later of television, further simplification was needed, for the average broadcast receiver contains some 500 soldered joints and there may be from 1,500 to 2,000 or more in a combination televisor-radiogram.

At this point we had better, perhaps, settle just what we mean by soldering (hard, silver or soft) and by the term "dry joint."

Soldering of any kind may be defined as the process of uniting two pieces of metal by means of a thin layer of another metal of lower melting point than either: this last metal is the solder. The correct procedure is to apply the solder to the joint, then heat the latter until the solder becomes liquid. A sound joint can be made only if the solder "wets" the surfaces of both the metals to be joined. By "wetting" is meant that the solder penetrates each surface to molecular depth and forms a thin layer of "intermetal," which is virtually an alloy. This condition is illustrated diagrammatically in Fig. 1 (a).

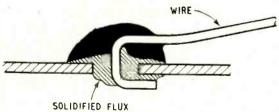
Fig. 1 (b) shows what happens in the case of a dry joint. As the term suggests, a dry joint occurs when the solder fails to wet one or both of the surfaces to be joined. The solder adheres to some extent to the surface irregularities, and may penetrate between the particles of oxide to make contact with the metal at one or two places (A and B for instance), but there is no genuine union. Owing to the very small contact areas at such points as A and B, the joint would have a high resistance which would vary considerably with vibration or mechanical strain.

Another particularly deceptive dry joint sometimes occurs when a wire is being soldered on to a tag, using resin flux, and the tag has not been properly tinned. As can be seen from Fig 2, a layer of solidified flux collects on the tag and sticks the wire in position, whilst the solder simply forms a blob on top, giving every appearance of a well-soldered joint. Then again, even if the solder does wet the tag, it often happens that the wire is not properly wetted but is merely clamped mechanically by the solder solidifying around it.

Feeling that readers, both professional and amateur, would like to know something of the latest developments in the soft-soldering used in radio and television construction, I consulted Richard Arbib of Multicore Solders, Ltd., as an admitted authority on the subject, and from him I obtained a mass of interesting information.

The making of a successful joint of the kind used in electrical apparatus depends upon the use of :-

- (a) The proper quantity of the right kind of flux.
- (b) A solder which is a suitable alloy of tin and lead.



Joint which has every appearance of being Fig. 2. soldered but is actually held together by solidified flux.

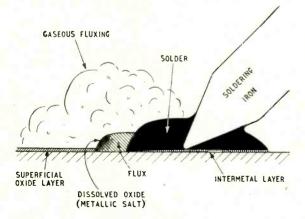


Fig. 3. Illustrating the process of fluxing and tinning.

(c) A temperature, applied by iron, blowpipe, or other means sufficient to ensure "wetting."

The main purposes of the flux are as follows. First. it removes any oxide coating from the surfaces of the metal to be joined. The oxide is dissolved by the advancing edge of the flux and forms a metallic salt in solution, as shown in Fig. 3. As a result, the advancing edge of flux often becomes highly viscous and stops flowing-which may explain the failure of some materials that are theoretically good fluxes. Sometimes a phenomenon known as "gaseous fluxing" takes place as well. When the flux material is heated, certain substances in it are volatilized into gas, which attacks the oxide before the ordinary liquid flux can get to it. The effect can be seen by a bright corona of cleaned metal surrounding the advancing edge of the flux.

Secondly, a flux serves to lower the surface tension of the molten solder, enabling it to flow readily. In fact, some fluxes, which are not chemically strong enough to dissolve the oxide, act by virtue of this alone, always provided that the oxide coating is not thick enough to prevent the solder from wetting the metal. Thirdly, it goes without saying that the molten flux acts as a very effective seal against the atmosphere, and so prevents the formation of any more oxide whilst the soldering-iron is heating up the metal.

Resin-cored Solder

Metals such as copper and tin are known as easy" from the soldering point of view, since there is comparatively little difficulty in wetting them with solder. But there are "difficult" metals, of which aluminium is the outstanding example. The trouble with aluminium is that oxidation occurs almost instantly after the surface has been cleaned and that ordinary fluxes cannot keep pace with it. The Mullard supersonic soldering tool, designed particularly for dealing with aluminium, tackles this special problem in an entirely new way; the vibrations set up literally shake off the oxide film as it forms.

In radio work we are concerned mainly with "easy" metals and the problems are to some extent simplified. There is, however, only one generally available basic flux which satisfies all electrical requirements. This is resin. The main constituents of resin are abietic or pimaric acids which, in the molten state, do the work of dissolving the oxide, but have the great virtue of being non-corrosive when the resin has set once more into the solid and the soldered joint is made. In the early days of radio, many of us tried our hands at soldering, using powdered resin as a flux-and didn't we make some nasty looking messes! Powdered resin is definitely not an easy flux to use, at any rate for fine work. Later, fortunately, somebody conceived the idea of dissolving the powder in industrial spirit, which made it very much more convenient to use

The advent of resin-cored solder brought about something like a revolution in electrical soldering With a well-designed resin-cored solder, methods. reasonably clean surfaces and an iron at the right temperature, it is next to impossible to fail to make good joints with "easy" metals.

One essential of a cored solder is that the resin should be chemically "activated" in order to ensure speedy action, since resin by itself is a slow-acting flux-at any rate, far too slow for modern radio pro-

duction. Moreover, there are one or two difficult surfaces, such as on nickel- and cadmium-plated components, for which activated resin is the only answer, since plain resin will not remove the oxides. It is important, however, that the activating substance, whilst being strong enough in the molten state to dissolve the oxide, should leave a non-corrosive residue. Furthermore, the residue should have good insulating properties and be non-hygroscopic, for otherwise it would absorb water under humid conditions and so cause electrolytic leakage. Another point is that the residue should be hard and nonsticky to prevent the collection of dust and moulds, which again would lead to leakage. The activators used are various, but in general are the hydrochlorides of certain organic substances, for instance, amine hydrochlorides.

Cored solders are made with single and triple cores. Two arguments are put forward for triple-core solder: one is that there is less likelihood of a discontinuity occurring in the supply of flux, and consequently less likelihood of dry joints and wastage of solder, if there is more than one core in the solder wire. The other claim is that the triple-core principle of construction provides thinner walls of solder and thus allows more rapid melting.

Now a word about the composition of solder. In radio and electrical work the solders used most extensively are alloys of tin and lead. But there is more to it than this. The actual proportion of tin to lead is of great significance, for it makes all the difference to the way in which the solder is used, and most of all it affects the melting point. Alloys with different percentages of tin and lead have different melting points, as can be seen from the curve ACB in Fig. 4. At point A we see that a predominantly lead alloy (30 per cent tin, 70 per cent lead) has a melting point of about 255° C, whilst at point B a predominantly tin alloy (80 per cent tin, 20 per cent lead) has a melting point of about 210° C. The lowest possible melting point, 183° C at point C, is that of an alloy consisting of 63 per cent tin and 37 per cent lead. To give it the correct name, "eutectic" solder.

Now eutectic solder is a thing apart. It is the only tin/lead alloy which has no plastic or " pasty range. It solidifies and liquefies at 183°C. All the other alloys solidify at 183°C, but become entirely liquid at different temperatures, depending on their composition. It might be thought, then, that the eutectic alloy would be the best for highspeed work, since its transition from the solid to the liquid state is the most rapid of all the alloys. Practical experience has shown, however, that for most work for which cored solder is used in the radio industry, there is an advantage in having a plastic range. Consequently 60/40 alloy is widely employed, as it obviates fractures which may occur owing to slight vibration whilst the solder is setting solid. The 6°C difference in melting point from that of the pure eutectic is so small that it is of little importance.

From the curve it will be seen that as far as obtaining a low melting point is concerned, there is no advantage in using a greater tin content than in 63/37 alloy, as the alloys with greater tin contents actually have higher melting points.

It may not be out of place to give one or two tips about the correct use of solder in various jobs. The wrong method is to take up a "blob" from the cored wire on the bit, for the flux is then "fried" where it has no chance of doing its proper work, and a dry

300 LIQUID O *TEMPERATURE DEGREES* PLASTIC PLASTIC 200 183°C 100-SOLID 100 TIN 20 40 60 80 PER CENT 100 LEAD 80 60 40 20 0 63 17

Fig. 4. Curve (ACB) showing the melting point in degrees centigrade for various alloys having different tin/lead percentages. The alloy with the lowest melting point ($183^{\circ}C$) is shown at point C, and consists of 63 per cent tin and 37 per cent lead, i.e. eutectic solder.

joint is almost a certainty. Lay the end of the cored solder wire on the work and apply the point of the bit to it.

Next, it is of the greatest importance to use an iron that is sufficiently hot. Untold numbers of resistors, capacitors and other such components are damaged or even ruined by the use of insufficiently hot irons. If the bit is not hot enough, it has to be applied to the work for some little time before the solder runs, and during this time the body of a component may be heated up to an undesirable temperature. On the other hand, when the bit is hot enough (and the flux sufficiently active) the solder flows almost instantly. There is not time for the body of the component to be brought to an over-high temperature.

The quicker your work, the less the risk you run of injuring delicate components. The speed at which soldered joints can be made depends (given a quickacting flux) upon the temperature oi the iron and the melting point of the solder. My own practice for 60/40 solder is to let the iron warm up until the application of the bit to a piece of pewspaper produces singeing in no more than five seconds.

Sweating is one of the most useful branches of soldering. It enables two metal surfaces which may be quite large to be firmly joined together. The principle is that each surface is tinned by the application of a thin and even layer of solder. The tinned surfaces are then brought together, heat is applied, the solder runs, and a firm union is made.

For making joints in this way we can use either a separate solder and flux or cored solder, or, alternatively, one of the brands of solder paste which consist of finely divided solder in a flux medium. However, perhaps the quickest method is to clamp the surfaces together, heat them, and apply cored solder to the junction; the flux and solder will then flow in between the surfaces by capillary attraction. Recently, Multicore Solders, Ltd., have introduced a cored solder using "Arax" flux, which enables these kind of jobs to be done very quickly on "difficult" metals. It is already being used by manufacturers and amateur constructors for assembling chassis and other metal parts of radio equipment.

WORLD OF WIRELESS

Exhibition Plans + Cinema Television + Atomic Research + German Broadcasting

Birmingham Exhibition

TELEVISION demonstrations are not to be confined to the normal transmission hours of Sutton Coldfield during the National Radio Exhibition at Birmingham (September 6-16). The organizers are installing a studio in the exhibition and with this and a film scanner a continuous programme will be provided. B.B.C. transmissions will, of course, also be used at suitable times.

The studio will be open to inspection by the public. There will be a central demonstration room where the products of exhibitors will be seen in operation side-byside; and receivers will be demonstrated on individual stands.

To this end, the r.f. sound and vision signals will be conveyed to each stand by cable and will be at a level of I mV at 70Ω . Great care is being taken to avoid interference; suitable suppressors are being fitted to the electrical equipment of the building and the use of certain types of apparatus on the stand is prohibited.

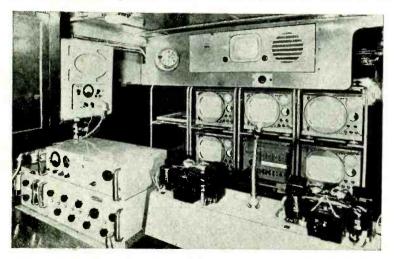
The vision and sound signals provided are to be at 45 Mc/s and 41.5 Mc/s—the London frequencies. As a result, all the receivers demonstrated will be London models. This is necessary because Sutton Coldfield programmes are not to be used all the time. Intolerable interference would result if the distribution were at Sutton Coldfield frequencies and this station started operation when the exhibition studios were in use. It is necessary that the distribution take place on different frequencies from those of the local transmitter and it is expected that at the next London radio show Birmingham model will be used.

Large-Screen Television

A DEMONSTRATION of largescreen television was given by Cinema-Television, Ltd., at the Odeon Theatre, Penge, on 29th April, to a private audience.

April, to a private audience. The B.B.C. transmission of the Cup Final at Wembley was shown on a screen 20ft by 15ft, being projected by a Schmidt optical system from a c.r. tube operating at 50 kV. The average beam current of the tube is 1-2 mA with a peak current of 15 mA. In order to maintain good focus with such a large current, the focus current is modulated by the line- and frame-scanning circuits (see "Television Monitors" on p. 206). The tube face is cooled by an air blast. The projection mirror is of 27-in diameter with an 18-in plastic correcting plate; a metallized - f a b r ic directional-viewing screen is used, and a high-light brightness of 7ft-lamberts is obtained.

The picture obtained during the demonstration was extremely good. The detail and tone gradation were excellent and the brightness quite adequate. Judging by the reactions of the audience to events in the



Interior of the television mobile central control room supplied to the B.B.C. by Emitron Television Ltd. It provides for the control of up to four O.B. units each of which uses three cameras. The picture selected for transmission to the station, either by radio or line, is displayed on the centre c.r.t.

game, the viewers quite lost consciousness of the medium by which they saw it. Indeed, one viewer, who repeatedly exhorted Liverpool to "come on," was obviously at Wembley in the spirit.

Harwell Linear Accelerator

THE Ministry of Supply announce that a linear accelerator of the travelling-wave type, similar to that developed by the Atomic Energy Research Establishment at Malvern, has been installed at Harwell and is being used for the production, indirectly, of neutrons for research into the behaviour of materials in nuclear reactors.

A rocm pulse generator is used as the source of energy in the wave guide, and successive short bursts of electrons are produced with energies of 3.5 Mev and speeds approaching the velocity of light. These impinge on a metal target to produce gamma rays, which are absorbed in heavy water and release neutrons from the hydrogen nuclear at the rate of 10° per sec.

Development and construction was undertaken by Mullard Electronic Research Laboratories, to the basic design of a group at Harwell.

E.H.F. Broadcasting

A NETWORK of extra-short-wave broadcasting stations was introduced on the 30th April by the broadcasting organization in the British Zone of Germany—the Nordwestdleutscher Rundfunk.

Four stations will at first form the chain but will be increased later this year to six. The first stations are at Hamburg and Langenburg (88.9 Mc/s, 1 kW), Cologne (89.7 Mc/s, 1 kW), and Hanover (80.3 Mc/s, 0.5 kW—later to be increased to 10 kW). The additional transmitters will be at Etzhorn, near Oldenburg, (88.5 Mc/s, 10 kW) and Teutoburger Wald (89.7 Mc/s).

Danish Television

WITH the resumption of tests in April the schedule of transmissions from Denmark's experimental television station has been revised and extended. Test patterns are now transmitted as follows: Monday, 1100-1600 and 2000 to 2100; Saturday, 1100-1200 B.S.T.

According to our Danish contemporary, Radio Ekko, the frequencies used are 62.5Mc/s vision, and 67.75 Mc/s sound, with powers of 100 watts and 50 watts respectively. Scanning rate is 625 lines with 25pictures per second. Double sideband transmission is employed with positive picture modulation on Wednesdays and Saturdays and negative modulation on Mondays and Fridays. Sound is frequencymodulated with a maximum frequency deviation of ± 75 kc/s.

Colour Television

DEMONSTRATIONS of colour D television were given by Pye, Ltd., in Hilversum, during the recent Utrecht Fair, and at the Milan The system, which was Fair demonstrated at Radiolympia last year, and more recently at the Dental School of Guy's Hospital, London, is being developed mainly for use on a closed circuit. The scanning rate is 405 lines with 150 frames. Colour presentation is by sequential additive colour scanning using three-colour rotating discs on both the camera and the receiver. The bandwidth required is 9 Mc/s. Delegates of the C.C.I.R. Television Study Group also saw demonstra-tions during their recent visit to this country.

PERSONALITIES

Lord Reith, who was the first Director-General of the B.B.C., gave oral evidence before the Broadcasting Committee at the invitation of Lord Beveridge, the Chairman. Lord Reith is now Chairman of the Commonwealth Communications Council.

I. J. St. A. Crawshaw, B.Sc.(Eng.), M.I.E.E., informs us that he has resigned from the board of Airmec Laboratories, Ltd., of High Wycombe, one of the companies in the Radio and Television Trust group. He joined the company in 1944, shortly after its formation, as Patents Manager for the group and later was appointed Sales Manager and Director of the Laboratories.

John Dyer, who was with the Philco organization as Sales Promotion Manager prior to joining Philips in 1937, has now been appointed general sales manager of Philco (Overseas), Ltd., the British subsidiary of the Philco Corp., of Philadelphia, U.S.A. The company is responsible for the design and production of British-made Philco sets.

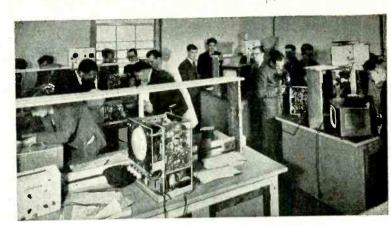
tion of British-made Philco sets. J. B. Kaye, M.A., A.M.I.E.E., has relinquished the post of head of Philips' Technical Commercial Department (Radio and Television) in order to join Painton & Co., of Northampton, as chief engineer. Prior to joining Philips Electrical in 1937, he was for fourteen years in the London office of the International Standard Electric Corporation.

J. S. Smith, N.W. Area manager of the Marconi International Marine Communication Co., has retired after 40 years' service with the company. After serving for some years as a radio officer he was placed in charge of the Marconi Marine Depot in New York and then appointed Liverpool Depot manager. He has been manager of the N.W. Area since 1947. H. C. Maguire is taking over all contracts work in the Merseyside area upon Mr. Smith's retirement.

IN BRIEF

Television Licences in the United Kingdom increased by over 105,000 during the first quarter of this year, bringing the total at the end of March to 345,100. The total number of licences—both sound and vision—in force at that date was 12,243,500.

Wired Television.—In reply to a question in the House, the P.M.G., Mr. Ness Edwards, stated that he was pre-



Students in the laboratory at the new college of E.M.I. Institutes at 10 Pembridge Square, London, W.2., where full-time courses are provided.

pared to issue licences to television rediffusion companies on terms corresponding to those applicable to sound broadcast relay services. He added that detailed arrangements were not yet complete and that the industry is to be consulted on technical matters.

Consol.—The Bushmills, Northern Ireland, Consol station has changed its frequency to 266 kc/s as its old frequency of 263 kc/s was allocated to Moscow under the Copenhagen Plan. A revised edition of the Ministry of Civil Aviation publication "Consol— An Aid to Navigation," which will give the revised Counts/Bearing Tables for Bushmills, is in course of preparation.

T.I.D.U.—The Technical Information Documents Unit of the Board of Trade, which disseminates reports on German wartime industrial developments and research reports made available by the U.S. Government and also acts as the national centre for the Documents' Exchange Scheme of O.E.E.C., has moved to Lacon House, Theobalds Road, London, W.C.r (Tel.: Chancery 4411).

"Navigator," the Decca Company's motor yacht, left her Thames berth near Blackfriars Bridge at the end of April for a 5,000-mile tour of Scandinavian and Northern European ports. Demonstrations of Decca radar equipment and the Decca Navigator System will be given to marine interests in some twenty centres. Equipment for both these navigational aids has recently been installed under operational conditions on Scantlin Pier, Blackfriars, to provide facilities for training Merchant Navy officers and for demonstration purposes.

Radio Facilities.—A revised series of charts showing the radio navigational facilities operating at aerodromes throughout the U.K. has been issued by the Ministry of Civil Aviation. Each of the eight charts in the series (GSGS4694) measures $8\frac{1}{2}$ in rolin, costs 3d, and is printed in two colours.

Ship-Shore Service.—The Post Office coast stations communicated with 367,000 ships during last year. The fourteen stations round the coasts of the British Isles also handled 700,700 radio-telegrams and 16,400 radio-telephone calls, received 598 messages from aircraft, 302 distress calls and gave advice to 241 ships through the service known as Medical Advice to Ships at Sea. Radio Industries Club.—At the nineteenth annual general meeting of the Radio Industries Club is was announced by the retiring chairman, W. E. Miller (Editor, Wireless and Electrical Trader), that the fourth Radio Industries Club Ball will be held on September 29th. Membership of the club is now 684. Norman Collins, B.B.C. Controller of Television, was elected president, Guy R. Fountain (Tannoy) chairman, and J. G. G. Noble (Regentone) vice-chairman, at the first meeting of the new committee.

Radio Mechanics, especially those experienced in the assembly or repair of instruments, are required for the Cumberland establishment of the Ministry of Supply's Atomic Energy Production Division. Applicants should have a sound theoretical knowledge of radio and be educated to School Certificate standard. Enquiries should be sent to the Superintendent, Windscale Works, Sellafield, Cumberland.

"Safety at Sea" was the title adopted for two recent functions—an exhibition in the booking hall of Charing Cross L.T. station and a gathering of international marine officials. During the latter twenty officials from five European countries took part in a series of meetings arranged by the British Council which included lectures on and demonstrations of radio aids to marine navigation. The exhibition, which closed on May 20th, was held as part of the Marconi Marine Co's jubilee.

"Temgas" is the name given by the North Thames Gas Board, which serves an area of 600 square miles, to the recently inaugurated radio-communication system linking its service vans, with headquarters. Initially five vans, operating in two of the Board's six areas, are equipped. The main 50-watt transmitter is at Hampstead with its aerial 500 feet above sea level. It is remotely controlled by line from the central control office in Westminster. Frequency modulation is employed and the frequencies used are 71.775 Mc/s, mobile and 85.275 Mc/s, fixed. All the equipment was supplied by G.E.C.

Mechanical Handling.—The second Mechanical Handling Exhibition, which is being organized by our associate journal *Mechanical Handling*, opens at Olympia, London, on the 6th June. Some 160 exhibitors will be taking space and among them are a few—

including B.T.H. and Metrovick-who will be demonstrating electronic control gear. During the exhibition a convention will be held at which a number of papers dealing with various aspects of mechanical handling will be read. Tickets for both the exhibition and the Mechanical Handling, Dorset House, Stamford Street, London, S.E.I.

Jamaican Police Force is to be equipped with Marconi v.h.f. radio-telephony gear. The installation includes seven ro-watt transmitter-receivers, five of which will be in cars and two in launches. The main 50-watt transmitter will be erected on a hill providing complete coverage of the island and will be linked by radio with the police headouarters.

Commonwealth Communications .--- In conformity with the provisions of the Commonwealth Telegraphs Agreement, signed by representatives of the Commonwealth governments in May, 1948. Canada has formed the Canadian Overseas Telecommunication Corpora-tion to acquire the external telecommunication assets operating in the Dominion. This new Crown-owned company will take over some of the equipment and services at present operated by the Canadian Marconi Co. and Cable & Wireless, Ltd.

Canada's Television stations in Montreal and Toronto, the first of which will not be in operation until the autumn of 1951, have already been allocated frequency channels. Because it is anticipated that eventually the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation will operate two stations in Montreal— one English- and one French-speaking one English- and one French-speaking— two channels have been allocated to the city: 54 to 60 and 76 to 82 Mc/s. Toronto has been assigned 186 to 192 Mc/s. Although the stations will be operating on American standards, the equipment for the two studios in each city, the control rooms and filmprojector rooms has been ordered from Marconi's and includes ten imageorthicon cameras.

Mexican Television stations will operate on American standards—525 lines, 60 frames, horizontal polarization -in thirteen channels each 6Mc/s wide between 44 and 216 MC/s. The vision carrier will be amplitude modulated and f.m. will be employed for the sound signal. The picture modulation will be negative.

Canadian Enquiry.—The United Kingdom Trade Commissioner at Montreal states that information re-garding radar and microwave electronic components made by British manufac-turers is required by Harry H. Schwartz, of Electrodesign, 445, Saint Peter Street, Montreal.

Directories of North American a.m. and f.m. stations and U.S. television stations are included in the 1950 issue of the "Broadcasting Year Book." This 544-page directory of broadcasting information is issued to subscribers to information is issued to subscribers to Broadcasting, our Washington contemporary.

Brazil's largest broadcasting network, Emissoras Associadas, is equip-ping Sao Paulo's first television station with an R.C.A. transmitter; it will operate on American standards in the 60-60 Mc/s band. The three-tier cruci-form aerial will be installed on the State Bank Building 520 feet above the ground.

BUSINESS NOTES

Alloys made by the Telegraph Con-struction and Maintenance Co., and now available in Canada, are being exhibited by the company at the Canadian International Trade Fair which is being held in Toronto during May and June. They will be exhibiting magnetic alloys—such as H.C.R., a high-permeability alloy with rectangu-lar hysteresis loop, and Hysat, a cobaliron alloy-and a range of Telcoseal glass sealing alloys.

Licensing Arrangements for the manufacture of metallized paper capacitors in the U.S.A. and Canada under Hunt's patents have been in-vestigated by Sydney H. Brewell, M.B.E., chairman and managing director of A. H. Hunt, Ltd., during his visit to North America.

RCA Photophone, Ltd., notifies us that, whilst technical advice on RCA cathode-ray tubes is obtainable from the London office, 36, Woodstock Grove, London, W.12, sales are re-stricted because the tubes are of American manufacture. Where, however, there is no British-made equivalent, arrangements can be made to import tubes under licence if they are Import those under incence it they are for development or research work or for incorporation in equipment for ex-port. A 16-page booklet giving operating data and physical features of RCA tubes is obtainable, price is 6d, from the above address.

"Autoselector" automatic tuning and selecting mechanism is to be manufactured and sold in this country by Mullard Electronic Products under an arrangement made with Philips Tele-communications Industries. The accuracy claimed for these units, which accuracy claimed for these units, which have industrial as well as radio appli-cations, is ± 0.050 deg from the pre-determined setting. Two types are available, the smaller type, SZTIOT, is suitable for aircraft radio gear and has provision for twelve pre-set matter the setting of the set of the set of the set of the setting of the set of the se positions.

Resistors.-The largest single export order despatched in one consignment by Morganite Resistors, Ltd., was re-cently shipped to Brazil. It comprised 52,000 potentiometers which were pro-duced in the firm's new factory at Jarrow, Co. Durham.

Conversion Kits are to be produced by Belling & Lee to make "Sutton Coldfield" aerials erected in the Holme Moss service area usable for the latter's transmissions when radiated.

Ekco radio and gramophone equipment is being installed in a further nineteen schools in the County Borough of West Ham.

Schools' Radio Equipment is being developed by the Aerotron Radio Co., of Peel Street, Chadderton, Lancs, in collaboration with the local education authority.

Mullard Overseas. Ltd., has been formed to co-ordinate the export activities of the Mullard company.

Thermionic Products, Ltd., manufacturers of the Soundmirror magnetic-tape recorder, announce that G. Trevor-Johnstone has resigned from the position of divisional sales manager and that E. M. Gamble has been appointed sales superintendent.

Appointment of E. P. Harris, G3GFN, as technical manager is announced by Mail Order Supply Company.

International Aeradio, Ltd., which is now handling marine radar in addition to its normal aeronautical radio and radar activities, has opened an office at 65, Chulia Street, Singapore.

"Baird Journal" is the title adopted by Scophony-Baird, Ltd., for the new house journal of the Baird Television Division of the company.

NEW ADDRESSES

Raub Heaters, Ltd., manufacturers of Radyne radio-trequency heaters, have moved to Eastheath Avenue, Wokingham, Berks. (Tel.: Woking-ham 1030/1.) Radio Heaters, Ltd., manufacturers

Acoustic Products, Ltd., manufac-turers of Lectrona speakers, have moved from North London to Stoneheld Way, Victoria-Road, South Ruislip, Middlesex. The sale of the equipment is handled by Edstone, Ltd., who are now at 15, Buckingham Place Gardens, S.W.I (Tel.: Sloane 0621-3).

MEETINGS

Television Society

"Modern Developments in Phosphors for Television," by Leonard Levy, M.A., D.Sc., at 7.0 on 26th May at the Cinema Exhibitors' Association, 164, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2.

Institution of Electronics

Institution of Electronics North-West Branch. — "Television Pick-Up Tubes," by a member of the staff of E.M.I. at 6.30 on 9th June in the Reynolds Hall, College of Technology, Manchester.

MANUFACTURERS' LITERATURE

DESCRIPTIVE leaflet dealing with the new range of neon indicator lamps, from the Acru Electric Tool Manufacturing Co., 123, Hyde Road, Ardwick, Manchester, 12.

Leaflet describing amplifiers and ound equipment, from Aerotron sound equipment, from Aerotron Radio, Peel Street, Chadderton, Lancs.

"Choosing the Right Loudsneaker" -guide to Ardente Units for outdoor, indoor and diffusion applications, from Ardente Acoustic Laboratories, Guildford, Surrey.

"A Comprehensive Guide to 'Avo' Electrical Instruments," from The Automatic Coil Winder and Electrical Equipment Co., Douglas Street, London, S.W.1.

Catalogues, "Radio Materials" and "Radio-frequency Cables"; and leaflets, "Television Downlead Cables" and "Cables for Public Address Systems," from B.I. Cal-lender's Cables, Norfolk House, Norfolk Street, London, W.C.2.

Illustrated leaflet giving details of the latest "CDP" disc recorder, from Bourne Instruments, Bourne, Lincs.

Details of Ekco car-radio aerials, from E. K. Cole, Southend-on-Sea.

Current catalogues and stock lists of radio components, from Coulphone Radio, 53, Burscough Street, Ormskirk, Lancs

ELECTRONIC CIRCUITRY

SELECTIONS FROM A DESIGNER'S NOTEBOOK

By J. McG. SOWERBY

(Cinema-Television, Ltd.)

Selective RC Circuits at Low Frequencies

OR some purposes selective amplifiers are very useful at low frequencies, and they are used in bridge measurements, distortion measuring gear, servo-mechanisms and so on.

At frequencies of 10 kc/s upwards selective circuits are usually resonant combinations of inductance and capacitance. It is usually assumed that all the losses in the circuit—which are detrimental to selectivity he in the resistance of the coil, and this is nearly true at low frequencies. The selectivity of a tuned circuit is determined, at low frequencies, by the Q factor of the coil which is

$$Q = \frac{2\pi f L}{r} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad (1)$$

where

f =frequency

L = inductance

C = capacitance

v = resistance

or the ratio of reactance to resistance in the coil. From (1) it is seen that for a given coil of known inductance and resistance the Q factor becomes smaller as the frequency is reduced, so that if a coil has a Q of 20 at I kc/s it will have a Q of only one at 50 c/s. In order to obtain a reasonably high Q of 70 or more at 50 c/s the inductance has to be increased for the same resistance, or the resistance has to be reduced for the same inductance. Either way this leads to a larger coil of thicker wire, and at frequencies of 0.1 to 1 c/s the design of a suitable coil becomes quite out of the question and other methods have to be adopted.

Effort has therefore been devoted at various times to the design of selective circuits (in particular, selective amplifiers) using only resistive and capacitive components. Such circuits are not only useful at very low frequencies outside the range of inductances, but also at audio frequencies up to 5 or 10 kc/s because of the weight and space saved by their use. Such selective amplifiers fall into two main classes, one of which uses a bridge network—or a network derived from a bridge—and it is this class of circuit the derivation of which will be considered in some detail here.

All these RC bridge selective amplifiers depend on the use of a frequency-sensitive bridge in the feedback network of a negative feedback amplifier. The overall amplification, A, of a negative feedback amplifier, in terms of the amplification, A_0 , without feedback, is given by

$$A = \frac{A_0}{I - \beta A_0}$$

or, if there is a phase reversal in the amplifier we may write this

$$A = \frac{A_0}{I + \beta A_0} \qquad (2)$$

WIRELESS WORLD, JUNE 1950

If we can find an RC network to determine the feedback factor β , such that $\beta = 0$ at one frequency only, there will be no feedback at that frequency and so the full amplification will be obtained. If at all frequencies, other than this one, there is some feedback the amplification will be reduced, so that a form of resonance will be obtained in the amplifier. It turns out that—as has already been suggested—the required RC feedback network can take the form of a bridge, so that perhaps a short digression on bridges will not be out of place.

Fig. 1 represents a perfectly general bridge network composed of four impedances Z_1 , Z_2 , Z_3 , and Z_4 . A supply voltage V_0 is applied, and when the bridge is balanced the p.d., V_D , across the detector terminals is zero. The condition for balance can be found by considering the bridge to be made up of two potential dividers across V_0 , each composed of two impedances. By this means the potential across Z_2 is found to be $V_2 = V_0 Z_2/(Z_1 + Z_2) = V_0/(1 + Z_1/Z_2)$, and similarly that across Z_4 is $V_4 = V_0/(1 + Z_3/Z_4)$. Now at balance $V_2 = V_4$, so that

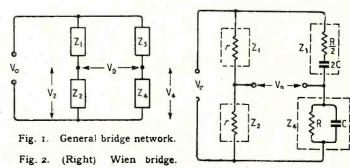
$$\frac{V_0/(I + Z_1/Z_2)}{Z_2} = \frac{V_0}{Z_4}/(I + Z_3/Z_4) \text{ or}$$

$$\frac{Z_1}{Z_2} = \frac{Z_3}{Z_4} \qquad \dots \qquad \dots \qquad (3)$$

If each impedance consists of a resistor the network becomes the well-known Wheatstone bridge. In an a.c. bridge at least *two* of the impedances must contain reactive components otherwise a balance cannot be obtained. These reactances may be capacitive or inductive, but here we are concerned only with the former. The capacitances are sometimes arranged in the bridge so that the balance is independent of frequency, but such arrangements will not serve the present purpose.

It has been found that the Wien¹ bridge of Fig. 2 is quite suitable for the purpose, because a balance can only be obtained at one frequency. This is the case because capacitance enters two arms $(Z_3 \text{ and } Z_4)$ in different ways, being of a series combination in Z_3 , and a parallel combination in Z_4 . The frequency of balance is that at which the phase shift in Z_3 is

¹ Hague, B. "A.C. Bridge Methods." Pitman. 5th Edn., pp. 336, 344.



equal and opposite to that in Z_4 , so that at the balance frequency Z_3 and Z_4 behave as a resistive potential divider. This balance frequency is given by

$$f_b = \frac{1}{2\pi \text{RC}} \quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad (4)$$

 $V_{\mathbf{D}} = \mathbf{0},$

W

provided the circuit proportions of Fig. 2 are maintained.

Now consider the combination of amplifier and bridge to form a selective amplifier² as shown in Fig. 3. The output voltage, V_0 , of the amplifier is here applied to the Wien bridge and the p.d. obtained across the bridge detector terminals is fed back to the input of the amplifier. The general operation can be seen in a qualitative way by considering what happens at a very low frequency, and a very high frequency compared with that at balance.

² Valley, Wallman. "Vacuum Tube Amplifiers." McGraw-Hill. 1st Edia, p. 384.

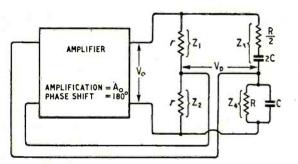
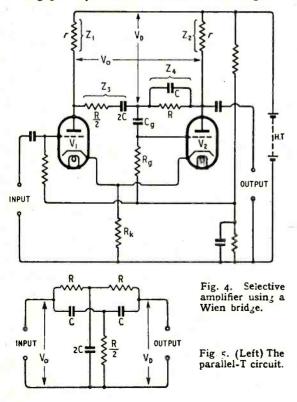


Fig. 3. Amplifier with feedback via Wien bridge.



At the balance frequency there is no feedback and the full amplification, A₀, is obtained. At some very low frequency the bridge reactances become very large and approximate to an open circuit. Under these conditions Z_3 is effectively an open circuit, so that no potential appears across Z_4 . It follows that V_D the fed-back signal-must be half the output voltage, V_0 , as it is divided in this ratio by the resistive Z_1 , Z_2 arms. Under these conditions, if A_0 is very large the overall net amplification will approximate to 2. At some very high frequency the capacitive reactances, will become very small, and approximate to a shortcircuit, so that again there will be no potential across Z_4 , and the fed-back signal will again be $V_0/2$, leading to a net amplification of 2 if A_0 is large. If, in fact, $A_0 = 50$ (a reasonable value) than at resonance A =50. Very far from resonance the amplification (by (2)) will be 50/(1 + 25) = 1.92. Therefore the discrimination between wanted and unwanted frequencies can never be better than 26: I or 28.3 db. If we had started with $A_0 = 100$ we should have obtained a maximum discrimination of 51:1 or 35.2 db, and so on.

Effectively we have now deduced the amplification at three points on the resonance curve. To find further points it is necessary to calculate the ratio $V_D/V_0(=\beta)$ for all frequencies and, taking account of the phase shifts introduced at different frequencies, calculate the net amplification obtained. A different curve will be obtained for each new value of initial amplification A_0 , and curves for various values of A_0 have been computed and are shown in Fig. 7. It will be seen that these curves bear a strong resemblance to the resonance curve of a tuned LC circuit. It is possible, by analogy, to find an expression which gives—roughly—the equivalent Q of an amplifier with Wien bridge feedback, and this is useful in doubtful cases as it gives a quick means of comparison with coils that may be available for the same resonant frequency. It turns out that the equivalent Q of a Wien bridge feedback amplifier is

with an error not exceeding 1 per cent, provided A_0 is 25 or more.

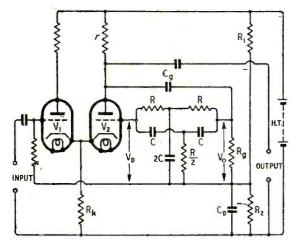
Before the Wien bridge can be used as the feedback path in a practical amplifier, one difficulty—perhaps not very obvious—has yet to be overcome. All amplifiers have at least two input and two output terminals, but usually one in each pair is common, so that there are effectively only three terminals one of which is usually "earthy." As the bridge has four terminals, such amplifiers will not be of any use. The difficulty could be avoided by coupling the bridge to the amplifier with a transformer, but apart from the phase shift troubles this is likely to introduce, a coupling transformer to work (say) at I c/s is just as difficult to make as the original coil we abandoned in favour of the RC circuit.

There is, however, a class of amplifier which can be pressed into service here, of which the cathodecoupled phase-splitter is an example. In such amplifiers a push-pull output is obtained when an input is applied to either of two pairs of input terminals. As the resistive arms of the bridge are equal, they may be used as the anode loads of the phase-splitter, and the detector terminals of the

bridge may be connected to one pair of input terminals as shown in Fig. 4

The circuit of Fig. 4 is fundamentally a cathodecoupled phase-splitter with equal anode loads. An accurate push-pull output for an input to one grid is obtained only when R_k is very large, and consequently the grids are returned to a positive source of supply as shown, so that R_k can be made large. In further discussion of this circuit it will be assumed that the anode signal voltages are equal and opposite in phase, as this simplifying assumption leads to theoretical results only slightly at variance with practice. The time constant $C_g R_g$ is long enough to ensure that even at 1/10th of the resonant frequency there is negligible loss in this coupling; R, must be large compared with R so that the grid circuit of V2 imposes negligible loading on the reactive arms of the bridge.

At the balance frequency $V_{\mathbf{D}}$ is zero, so that the input to V₂ is zero and the circuit behaves as a cathode-coupled splitter as if the bridge were not present. At frequencies very low or very high compared with the balance frequency, voltage negative feedback is applied from anode to grid of V, in the manner already described, and at extreme frequencies all the anode signal of V₂ is fed back



directly to its grid provided the reactance of C_{g} is very low, and that R_q is very large compared with R. At high frequencies the resistance (R/2) in Z_3 is effectively connected between the two anodes (the capacitors being a virtual short-circuit) so that rshould be small compared with R/4 to preserve the amplification at high frequencies. The input is applied to the grid of V_1 and the output taken from the anode of V_2 , as shown.

The amplification at resonance is approximately,

$$A_0 = \frac{\mu r}{2(r_a + r)}$$

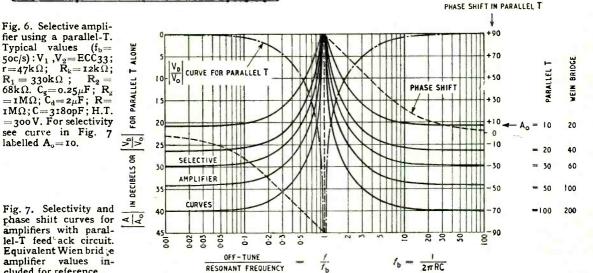
where $\mu = \text{amplification factor of V}_1 \text{ or V}_2$ $r_a = \text{anode resistance of V}_1 \text{ or V}_2$

from input to output, but for calculating the equivalent Q of the circuit, an amplification of twice this value must be taken. This is because the signal input, V_0 . to the bridge is twice the amplitude of the signal at either anode, owing to the push-pull output obtained from the two valves.

The circuit of Fig. 4 behaves well in practice, but it suffers from one snag. If, due to variations in the bridge network components, the conditions for balance call for a larger output from V_2 than from V_1 then instability can take place in extreme cases. Nevertheless, experience indicates that if the bridge components are built to a tolerance of I per cent, or, better, adjusted on test, no trouble need be expected with any of the double-triodes currently available. This difficulty can be overcome in another way, however, by the use of another RC circuit which also has other advantages. This is called the parallel-T circuit^{3, 4} and is now in widespread use.

The parallel-T circuit is shown in Fig. 5 and is particularly advantageous because it is essentially a three-terminal network, one input and one output terminal being common. It is derived from the Wien bridge and the equations describing its behaviour are identical in form to those for a Wien bridge, with one merely numerical difference. It will be remembered that in considering the output at the detector terminals of the Wien bridge at high and low fre-

² Scott, H. H. Proc. I.R.E. Vol. 26, p. 226, 1938. ⁴ Tuttle, W. N. Proc. I.R.E. Vol. 28, p. 23, 1940.



fier using a parallel-T. Typical values ($f_b = 50c/s$): V_1 , $V_2 = ECC_{33}$; r=47k Ω ; $R_k = 12k\Omega$; R2 = $R_1 = 330k\Omega$; $R_1 = 330 R_2 + 12^{-1} R_2 = 68 k \Omega. C_g = 0.25 \mu F; R_g = 1M \Omega; C_d = 2\mu F; R = 1M \Omega; C = 3180 p F; H.T. = 300 V. For selectivity$ see curve in Fig. 7 labelled $A_0 = 10$.

Fig. 7. Selectivity and phase shift curves for amplifiers with parallel-T feed ack circuit. Equivalent Wien brid;e amplifier values included for reference.

quencies it was found that $V_{\rm D}$ could never exceed $V_0/2$. In the parallel-T this is not so, and a little consideration will lead to the conclusion that at frequencies very remote from the balance frequency $V_{\rm D}$ approaches V_0 . The balance frequency for the parallel-T is, as for the Wien bridge

$$f_b = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$$

and the network may be used in the feedback path of a cathode-coupled phase splitter as shown in Fig. 6.

The performance of the amplifier of Fig. 6 is the same as that of Fig. 4; this can be seen by the following chain of reasoning. In the case of Fig. 6 $V_{\rm D}$ is equal to V_0 at frequencies remote from the balance frequency, so that the feedback factor here is twice that in Fig. 4. On the other hand the overall amplification to the Wien bridge of Fig. 4 is twice that to the parallel-T in Fig. 6. These effects conveniently cancel so that the same result is obtained in each case. The possible instability in Fig. 4 is avoided in Fig. 6, however, so this must be regarded as the preferable circuit. The permissible tolerances on the components of the parallel-T are, as might have been expected, no wider than on the Wien bridge.

The selectivity obtained from the amplifier of Fig. 6 depends, like the previous circuit, on the initial amplification obtainable. It can be shown that the equivalent Q of an amplifier with a parallel-T is given by:

$$Q_{\rm T} = \frac{A_0 + 1}{4}$$
 approximately

Selectivity curves for amplifiers with amplifications between 10 and 100 are shown in Fig. 7 from which results to be expected may be estimated. The transmission and phase shift curves of the parallel-T alone are also shown, from which it can be seen that the network may be used as a coupling between amplifier stages to suppress a given frequency.

In these rather brief notes it has only been possible to describe the general operation of RC selective amplifiers and numerous detailed circuits have been described at various times. One of the most interesting³ makes use of the 'cascode' circuit and is especially convenient when it is desired to cascade several selective amplifiers to obtain greater selectivity (as in r.f. practice), or to arrange a number of staggertuned amplifiers to yield a bandpass characteristic.

Tuned amplifiers along the foregoing lines have been used for many purposes, some of which have been mentioned. Probably readers new to these circuits will see further applications of their use. Networks other than the Wien bridge and parallel-T have been described,⁵ and some of these may be especially useful when it is required that the resonant frequency of the amplifier be variable.

"Harris, G. R. Proc. I.R.E. Vol. 37, p. 882, 1949.

Appendix

The parallel-T of Fig. 5 may be analysed by considering, each of the T's separately, and deriving for each the equivalent π network. If these derived networks are then placed in parallel a composite parallel- π network is obtained. The first shunt arm of this composite π may be ignored since it merely shunts the input which is assumed to be supplied from a source whose internal impedance is small compared with the network. The remaining two arms of the composite π then form a potential divider. This method of analysis leads to the expression for the transmission :---

where
$$a = \omega T = \omega RC$$
 and $\omega = 2\pi f$.

Using this value for β in (2), and finding the absolute value, or modulus, of the ratio of amplifications with and without feedback :

$$\left|\frac{A}{A_{0}}\right| = \sqrt{\frac{I + \left(\frac{4a}{I - a^{2}}\right)^{2}}{(A_{0} + I)^{2} + \left(\frac{4a}{I - a^{2}}\right)^{2}}} \qquad (A2)$$

From which the curves of Fig. 7 are plotted. When $a = \mathbf{I} = \omega RC$ then $\beta = \mathbf{0}$ in (AI). Hence the balance frequency is

$$f_b = \frac{\mathbf{I}}{2\pi R \mathbf{C}} \qquad (A_3)$$

The transmission and phase shift of the parallel-T alone are found from (A1).

$$\text{Transmission} = \left| \frac{\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{0}}}{\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{0}}} \right| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathbf{I} + \left(\frac{4a}{\mathbf{I} - a^2}\right)^2}} \quad .. \quad (A_4)$$

and

Phase shift
$$= \phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{4^a}{a^2 - 1}$$
 ... (A5)

The curves corresponding to (A_4) and (A_5) are also plotted in Fig. 7. The equation for the Wien bridge of Fig. 2 is the same as (A_1) except that the numerator is $\frac{1}{2}$ instead of I. In (A_2) this leads to a change in the term containing

$$A_0$$
 which becomes $\left(\frac{-3}{2}+1\right)$

The equivalent \hat{Q} factor of an RC selective amplifier may be based on the bandwidth obtained about off-tune frequencies where $\left|\frac{A}{A_0}\right| = \frac{I}{\sqrt{2}}$, by analogy with an LCR tuned circuit. This leads (for the parallel-T) to

$$\sqrt{(A_0 + I)^2 - 2}$$
 $A_0 + I$

$$Q_{\rm T} = \frac{V(\Lambda_0 + 1)^{p-2}}{4} \simeq \frac{\Lambda_0 + 1}{4} \dots \dots (A6)$$

and, for the Wien bridge.

$$Q_{W} = \frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{A_{0}}{2} + I\right)^{2} - 2}}{4} \simeq \frac{\frac{A_{0}}{2} + I}{4} \qquad ... (A7)$$

HIGH-POWER TRANSMITTING VALVE

WHAT is believed to be the world's most powerful transmitting valve, a "super-power beam triode" capable of 500 kilowatts continuous output, has been announced by R.C.A. This is the type 5831, a compact valve for its high power, standing 38§in high and weighing 135 pounds. It is intended primarily for use as a class C r.f. power amplifier, but is also useful as a class B a.f. power amplifier and modulator. For unmodulated class C working, it has a maximum anode voltage of 16 kV, a maximum anode consumption of 650 kW and a maximum anode dissipation of 150 kW. Because of electron-optical principles embodied in the design, it draws low grid current and only requires about 900 watts drive to produce an output of 500 kW on class C working.

The principle of construction has been to divide the valve into 48 independent electron systems, arranged cylindrically so that, in effect, there are 48 parallel triodes concentrated within a small space. Each electron system consists of a thoriated tungsten filament in a slot in the common beam-forming cylinder, tungsten grid rods, and the common anode. Even though the grid may be positive, few electrons reach it because of the focusing effect of the beam-forming cylinder. An internal water-cooling system is provided for the beamforming cylinder and the anode.

Amplifiers for Cardiography

Simplified Input Circuit for Balancing Out Interference

AS pointed out by Dr. Parnum in his review of biological amplifiers (*Wireless World*, Nov. 1945), the input circuit is perhaps the most important feature of such amplifiers, and the two chief difficulties concern the elimination of interference pick-up and the elimination of interfeterence manufifiers connected to the same patient.

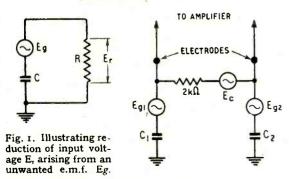
The solution of these difficulties has resulted in the development of special balanced amplifiers which effectively discriminate against interference, and admit of connection to more than two electrodes on the same subject.

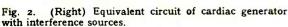
In the present article a balanced input circuit is described which is particularly suitable for cardiography and has the merits of single-ended simplicity. The operation of the circuit will be better appreciated after a brief consideration of the electrical conditions involved in the patient circuit.

An electrocardiogram is obtained by attaching leads to certain agreed parts of the body and recording the potential changes between these leads as a result of the activity of the heart. A typical connection, for example, is to right arm and left leg. The potentials developed are of the order of 2 mV and take the form of triangular pulses repeated at the same rate as the heartbeat, together with certain smaller waves. The spectral composition is from about 0.1 c/s to 100 c/s, the intensity diminishing rapidly with frequency. A resistance of about 2.000 Ω is measurable between the electrodes and this constitutes the internal resistance of the equivalent generator circuit, as far as cardiac potentials are concerned.

Patients are usually placed in a lying position upon a couch and may be regarded as earth-free. The disturbing effects of mains wiring and apparatus are almost wholly attributable to the action of electrostatic induction upon the subject, the interference potential assumed by a patient corresponding to his position in the disturbing field.

The intensity and configuration of such disturbing fields will vary widely according to the nature and





By B. J. SHELLEY Fig. 3. Practical input circuit.

distribution of wiring and apparatus. Measurements of the open circuit voltage induced in a subject within a laboratory, having plenty of the usual equipment operating (cathode-ray tube, generators, soldering-irons, fluorescent lighting, etc.) have shown values of about 500 mV. Fortunately, however, the equivalent generator impedance of the body—as far as interference is concerned—is that of a capacitor of about 500 pF to earth, so that the actual voltage appearing across a resistance load may be very much smaller. Thus, for example, in Fig. 1 the voltage which appears across the resistor R is $E_r = E_g \cdot R/\sqrt{(R^2 + X_c^2)} \neq E_g \cdot R/X_e$ when $R \ll X_c$. Taking C = 500 pF, $X_e = 1/2\pi fC = 6.3 M\Omega$ at 500 c/s, if $E_g = 0.5$ V and $R = 12 k\Omega$, then $E_r = 0.001$ V, a reduction of 500 times as compared with the induced voltage pickup, and thus, of the same order as the cardiac potentials.

Equivalent Circuit

The simple equivalent circuit of the cardiac generator must now be modified to include the effects of the interference, and the situation may be represented as in Fig. 2. E_e is the cardiac potential it is desired to record, E_{g_1} and E_{g_2} are the open-circuit voltages due to interference pick-up, and C_1 and C_2 are the capacities to earth from the two electrodes on the body.

In general, E_{g_1} and E_{g_2} are closely equal and in phase, and likewise C_1 and C_2 are also equal, although under some conditions these equalities may not hold, particularly where the subject is very close to an interfering source. The phase equality, however, appears to be quite constant under all conditions, which is to be expected.

Now consider the patient circuit connected to the amplifier input circuit of Fig. 3. A potentiometer of rok Ω is connected between grid and cathode, and the slider is taken to earth (i.e. actual earth). It will be evident that by moving the slider a position will be found where the interference voltages across the two portions of the potentiometer can be made exactly equal. Also, since $R \leq X_c$ the phases will be and the two voltages will balance,

so that only the cardiac voltage appears across the potentiometer. For example, in the diagram of Fig. 4 the phase angles of the voltages E_{r1} and E_{r2} are given by

and

$$\beta_1 = 90 - \tan^{-1} R_1 / X_c$$

$$\beta_2 = 90 - \tan^{-1} R_2 / X_c.$$

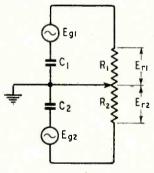
Suppose that for voltage equality the values of R_1 and R_2 are $6k\Omega$ and $4k\Omega$ respectively, and that $C_1 = C_2 = 250$ pF, then at $50 \text{ c/s} X_c = 12.7 \text{ M}\Omega$ and the phase angles become $\beta_1 = 89.97^\circ$ and $\beta_2 = 89.96^\circ$. The difference is therefore quite negligible. This result is due, of course, to the fact that $R \ll X_c$, so that the phase angles of the voltage across the resistors is always very close to 90° and any difference between the two will be the difference between two angles (90 - a) and (90 - b) where a and b are both extramely small. Hence quite considerable variations in the values for E_{g1} , E_{g2} , C_1 , and C_2 will produce no important difference between the phases of the two voltages. This holds good even for the harmonics of the 50 c/s mains.

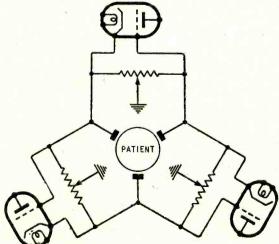
By using a potentiometer of $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ the actual interference voltages developed across each section are quite small, while a load of $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ is presented to the cardiac generator, permitting 5/6 of the cardiac signal to appear at the amplifier input. This is quite a favourable condition (the Eindhoven galvanometer string presents some 3 or 4 k Ω only) and any polarizing effects due to the load current are quite small.

In practice the whole of the amplifier may be built on an insulated sub-chassis which constitutes

Fig. 4. The phase angles of E_{r1} and E_{r2} are not seriously disturbed in practice by alteration of the ratio R_1/R_2 .

Fig. 5. (Below) Connections for more than one circuit. Swamping resistors are in practice connected between each slider and earth to preserve independence of adjustment.





the h.t. negative line, and this is enclosed in a metal case directly earthed, with the slider of the input potentiometer connected to this outer case. The output must not be directly earthed in order to prevent the flow of feedback currents through the lower portion of the potentiometer. A mirror galvanometer forms a most suitable indicating device, balance for d.c. being provided in any conventional manner. An interference balance indicator is a most useful adjunct and permits fine adjustment of the input circuit. This may be very simply a leaky-grid detector with anode current meter, coupled to one of the later stages, where any interference unbalance would be amplified.

Fig. 5 shows the situation which arises when several amplifiers using this input circuit are connected to the same subject. Three electrodes are shown, providing three simultaneous records. Obviously the three inputs cannot be separately balanced since the movement of any one slider will upset the inputs of the other two amplifiers. This, however, is easily remedied by the insertion of swamping resistors of about 100 k Ω in each of the three separate earth leads, so that the movement of any one slider produces a quite negligible change in the condition of the other two input circuits, and all three may now be independently balanced. The insertion of the swamping resistor produces no change in the absolute values of the interference voltages in the potentiometers, since the resistor is still very small compared with X_c , and is in the neutral lead.

The writer has not used the circuit described in a mains-operated amplifier, but there seems to be no serious reason why it should not be applicable, provided that certain precautions are taken; for example, the mains transformer should be fitted with an electrostatic screen to eliminate unwanted capacity coupling from mains to power supply.

As stated above, the circuit is particularly useful for cardiographic work, and it is possible that workers in the field of encephalography may find that it has possibilities of development to suit the special requirements of their own field, too.

Published Report

Measuring Radio-frequency Voltages

 A^{N} up-to-date presentation of fundamental principles and techniques used in radio-frequency voltage measurement is given in a booklet recently published by the U.S. National Bureau of Standards.

The subject matter has been selected to give professional workers and students a more comprehensive picture of these measurement methods than is generally available in current text-books. It is, however, limited to techniques that have proved successful in practice, with emphasis on those developed for standardization work at the National Bureau of Standards. High-precision methods based on d.c. measurements are dealt with first, then moderate-precision methods involving thermionic and other rectifiers, and finally pulse-peak voltage measurements and miscellaneous methods. The frequencies concerned range from the l.f. band to part of the e.h.f. band.

"High-frequency Voltage Measurement" is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Governmeut Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C., price 20 cents, plus 7 cents postage. Remittances must be in U.S. currency.

Trends in Components

Review of the R.E.C.M.F. Exhibition

The annual private exhibition of components and, accessories, organized by the Radio and Electronic Component Manufacturers' Federation was held in London from 17th-19th April. Our survey of exhibits in each category is followed by a list of makers. A general list of exhibitors, with addresses, is given at the end of this review.

CAPACITORS

Variables .- In order to meet the extended medium-wave coverage now needed under the Copenhagen Plan for broadcasting either a larger tuning capacitor must be used or the stray capacitance in circut must be reduced. Catering for the first alternative, Plessey have increased the capacitance swing in some of their gang condenser assemblies to 580 pF; this has been achieved with practically no change in minimum capacitance or increase in overall dimensions. The extra capacitance is obtained by employing slightly thicker vanes for the rotor sections. Actual vane spacing, centre-to-centre, is unchanged, but the dielectric spacing is reduced and the rigidity is improved so that no more

risk of microphony is entailed. Concurrent with this change, Plessey have bonded the tips of the rotor vanes in the short-wave sections of the bandspread models to the main rotor vanes as a means of combating microphony on short waves.

Elsewhere, few changes were seen in the design of variable capacitors; Cyldon still cater for the instrument designer with a comprehensive range of high-precision variables, while Polar had, among other models, a wide selection of v.h.f. tuning and miniature air trimming capacitors. One minor change introduced by this firm is the inclusion of a locking device on one of their miniature models. This effectively locks the capacitor without the slightest change in its adjustment. The model, which measures just over $\frac{7}{6}$ in $x \frac{6}{6}$ in over the ceramic base, is available in sizes of 2-20 pF and 3-30 pF.

Fixed.—In addition to minor im-provements, T.C.C. have introduced three new types of ceramic capacitor, two being fully insulated and the third a metal-cased miniature. For one type the insulating coat-ing is applied by dipping in a special hard-drying compound, while in the other the capacitor is enclosed in a glass tube with Neoprene end-seals. Since the outer case is glass, the use of synthetic rubber end-seals does not degrade the power factor of the ceramic element. A silver-plated

copper sheath is used for the screened variety, and one end is swaged over and soldered to the lead-out wire connected to the outer silvering on the ceramic body. At the opposite end the "live" con-nection passes through a PTFE seal. This super-tropical model is an improved version of the existing Metalicon."

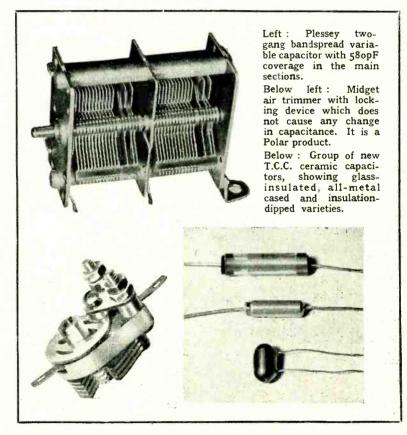
Hunt has now largely eliminated cardboard tubes for paper capaci-tors and the latest models of this type are encased in a hard wax moulding which will also pass tropisizes are now available in this form, which is known as "Moldseal." Overall size is practically un-changed; indeed, in some cases the capacitor is smaller than hitherto.



Group of Hunt's latest moulded cased tubular capacitors. They are suitable for use under tropical conditions.

For example, a $0.1-\mu F$, 350-V working tubular measures $\frac{5}{8}$ in dia x r_8^2 in long, while an 0.01- μ F size in The W99 range, also 350-V working. is $\frac{1}{2}$ in dia and $\frac{2}{5}$ in long. The new models are also non-inductive.

Silvered-mica capacitors in un-



usually high values were shown by L.E.M. Using plates of 1,000 pF each, capacitances up to $0.5 \,\mu$ F have been produced but as the reliability of the component will be governed by the weakest plate in the stack, the larger capacitors in the series are rated at 200 V instead of 350 V working.

Many varieties of tropical capacitors were seen at the exhibition, but particular interest centres round a new range shown by S.T.C. De-signed especially for very high working temperatures-100°C is the figure given-they are assembled in drawn metal containers having a single seam only. The case is in two halves fitting snugly together and the edge of the outer is swaged over before soldering. The swage takes all stresses caused by expansion and contraction, and so the soldered joint is subjected to practically no strain. Oil-impregnated paper foil capacitors are employed and normal values range from $0.5 \mu F$ to $8 \mu F$ and for working voltages up to 5 kV.

Some additions have been made to the varieties of electrolytic capacitors available, but few new developments could be traced. B.E.C. had some large dual-capacitance models in various combination; one, for example, being 100 + 200 μ F. These will handle quite large ripple currents, and values up to 0.5 A are permissible in some cases. Hunt showed also a range of large capacitance dual models, this style being intended for use in the transformerless type of television receivers using half-wave mains rectification, but they have other applications as well.

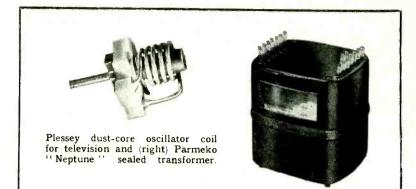
they have other applications as well.
Makers": B.E.C. (E); B. I. Callenders (E. M. P); Bulgin (T); Cyldon (T. V); Daly (E); Dubilier (C. E. M. P. T); Erie (C. T); Ferranti (E. P); Hunt (C. E. M. P); J.B. (T. V); L.E.M. (C. M); Mullard (T): N.S.F. (P); Polar (T, V); Plessey (T. V); S.R.C. (M); S.T.C. (P); Static Condenser (P); T.C.C. (C, E. M., P, T); T.M.C. (M, P); Walter Instruments (T); Wego (C. M. P); Welwyn (T).

(T). *Abbreviations: C, ceramic; E, electrolytic; M, mica; P, paper; T, trimmers and pre-set; V, air dielectric variables.

COILS and TRANSFORMERS

Radio Frequency.—Examples of both air-core and dust-iron core r.f. tuning coils and i.f. transformers were exhibited by Advance, while Plessey showed a wide range fitted with Caslite cores. These included television types, the i.f. transformers of which are designed for operation at 13.5 Mc/s and are screened. They are intended for use in sets designed either for London or Birmingham. The oscillator coil is self-supporting and wound with silver-plated wire; by changing the dust-iron core for one of different characteristics, the coil can be used for London or Birmingham frequencies.

Highly stable inductors for v.h.f. were exhibited by Steatite; they comprise a " coil " made by a silver



deposition in a groove in a steatite former.

Makers: Advance, Avo, Igranie, Plessey, Steatite, Varley.

Mains and A.F.—Transformer design has not changed much in recent years, so far as the ordinary types are concerned, but for special purposes great improvements have been made. The Ministry of Supply showed models designed for operation at a temperature of 150°C which are about 66 per cent lighter than equivalent normal types. The core is of Hypersil Cut-C, and glass and silicore insulation is used.

Parmeko showed a range of hermetically sealed transformers and chokes the Neptune series also using a C-core wound from a continuous strip of grain-oriented high-permeability steel. A reduction by 50 per cent of the external field is claimed. Ratings of 5 VA to 2 kVA are made.

Partridge exhibited push-pull audio transformers as well as mains types. There are three PPO types rated for 12 W at 0.5 per cent distortion at 50 c/s, and there are the WWFB models intended particularly for the Williamson amplifier.

Potted mains transformers and smoothing chokes, including swinging chokes, were shown by Woden; and Ferranti exhibited a range of miniature hermetically-sealed types.

Makers: Advance, A.E.É., Avo, Eulgin, Berco, Elac, Electronic Components, Ferranti, Goodmans, Igranic, Lectrona, Mullard, Parmeko, Partridge, Plessey, R. & A., Rola, Taylor Electrical, Truvox, Varley, Vitavox, Woden.

RESISTORS

Variable:—The greater variety of pre-set variable resistors attracted attention this year and most of them have been designed for use in television sets. They generally take the form of a strip-wound element with a simple sliding contact. This style of construction enables several units to be accommodated side-byside in a small space and they form convenient banks of pre-set controls.

Some examples of the sliding contact wire-wound variety were shown by Colvern, while Egen favours a sliding contact actuated by a rotary control at one end. The control knob is knurled and slotted for either finger or screw-driver adjustment. These components take up very little panel space and the normal values extend from $r k\Omega$ to $_{40} k\Omega$.

Pre-set resistors with sliding contacts and fitted with carbon elements were seen among the Welwyn exhibits. In this form much higher values are possible; the normal types range from $25 \text{ k}\Omega$ to $\tau M\Omega$. They are made in single and multiple assemblies.

Of interest to designers of precision apparatus were the newest types of cam-corrected wire-wound potentiometers made by Colvern. Much smaller models are now available, but the high accuracy and number of correcting points of the larger sizes are retained by fitting smaller correcting screws (8BA in place of 6BA). One of the new type measures 21 in in diameter and and I in deep. The moving contact has continuous rotation although the resistance element occupies 300° only. It can be centre-tapped if needed and values up to 100 kΩ are available. A linear accuracy of better than ±0.1 per cent is attainable.

Another Colvern development is a wire-wound potentiometer fitted with a helical resistance element. Its external diameter is $1\frac{3}{2}$ in and its depth $2\frac{1}{3}$ in. The helix has ro turns and the moving contact makes ro revolutions, giving an effective travel of $3,600^{\circ}$. Resistance values extend to roo k Ω and the linear accuracy is of the order of ± 0.1 per cent.

Another unusual potentiometer was a midget carbon-track type, designed for hearing-aids and small personal portables, shown by Morganite. Known as type DA, it can be had with or without a switch (10 V at 0.25 A) and is available in values up to $3M\Omega$ (0.1 W dissipation). The overall size is 29/32 in diameter and 9/32 in deep, the projecting contacts adding another $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Knobs of the full diameter, or larger, can be fitted and various colours are available.

A number of new miniature potentiometers of orthodox design were seen on Morganite's stand and elsewhere; for example, N.S.F. had one of only 15/16 in dia. The Plessey pattern is $1\frac{1}{3}$ in, fitted with a moulded track of high stability and durability. Dubilier showed a range of small hermeticallysealed tropical volume controls known as type "Q," rated at 0.5 W, Berco a wire-wound 5-W sealed type and Erie a tropical carbon-track model rated at 0.5 W

Sealing of the case of these miniatures is relatively simple, but various ingenious devices are employed to obtain a periect seal in the spindle housing. In most cases annular grooves cut in the spindle are fitted with Neoprene washers, which, being under comp.ession, effectively bar ingress of moisture. Berco use two such seals in cascade, with an oil ring between, while Erie have three Neoprene seals in tandem.

Fixed.—Vitreous enamelling of wire-wound resistors continues to find further adherents. A new range was shown by Painton, including types of 4-W and 5-W rating which were actually smaller in size than an average $\frac{1}{2}$ -W carbon type. Another new entrant in this field was Electronic Components whose range of "Elcohm" miniature vitreous resistors exhibit a number of interesting features, such as secure junction of lead-out and resistance wires and satisfactory operation up to 300°C.

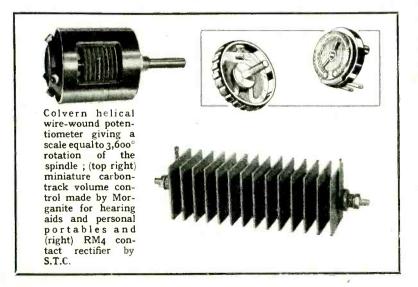
Hitherto specialists in wirewound resistors of all kinds, Painton this year have turned their attention to the production of highstability resistors using the cracked carbon technique and a ceramic base. They are fully insulated and range in size from $\frac{1}{2}$ W to 2 W and from 10 Ω to 18 M Ω , but the highest values are limited to the higher ratings. They can be supplied with tolerances of from 1 to 5 per cent. Protection is given by a multiple coating of a hard-drying heatresisting varnish.

The Welvyn range of highstability resistors has been extended to include a variant of the more orthodox design with wire ends. Their special e.h.f. types are retained for use as attenuators in waveguides. The new types are made in $\frac{1}{2}$ -, $\frac{1}{2}$ - and r-W sizes and with resistance ranging from 10 Ω to 2.5 Ω .

- to 2.5 Ω. Makers*: Advance (A); Belling & Lee (S); Berco (P, V, W); Bulgin (P, W.); Colvern (P, W); Dubilier (C, HS, SP, S, V, W); Egen (P, W); Electronic Components (A, V, W); Erie (C, P, S, W); Igranie (W); Morganite (C, P, S); Mullard (HS, NC); N.S.F. (P); Painton (A, HS, P, W, V); Plessey (P); S.T.C. (A, NO); Taylor Electrical (W, P); Varley (W); Welwyn (HS, V, W);
- W). *Abbreviations:* A, attentuators; C, composition; BS, high stability; NC, negative coefficient; P, potentiometers; S, supressor; V vireous; W, wire-wound fixed and pre-set.

VALVES

THE trend towards miniaturization continues, with emphasis on B7G and B9A bases. Mullard showed a number of 1.4-V battery miniatures on B7G bases and had two valves of particular interest in their B9A range, a high-slope r.f. pentode EF80 and a triode-pentode ECL80. Also on view were two flat subminiatures for use in lightweight hearing-aids, an amplifier pentode DF66 and an output pentode DL66. G.E.C. had complete ranges of B7G Osram valves for 1.4-V hattery operation, a.c. operation and d.c./ a.c. operation; whilst their range of miniatures for television included a new line-scan pentode KT36 and an e.h.t. rectifier U37. Another firm concerned with television valves was



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Ediswan, who showed a twin-triode time-base valve 20LI with seriesrun heaters (6LI being the version with a 6.3-V heater), a rectifier U25 suitable for e.h.t., and a time-base amplifier $20P_2$.

Cathode-ray tubes were exhibited by the above firms and by Ferranti and Brimar. The last-mentioned, as well as producing a 15-in aluminized tube, has entered a new field with a $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in projection tube for use with the Schmidt optical system; it requires an anode voltage of 20 kV and has a beam current of 1 mA. Mullard also showed their $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in projection tube MW6-2.

Miniaturization was the rule in quartz crystals of the plug-in type shown by S.T.C. and Salford. One of the latest S.T.C. types measures $\frac{3}{10} \times 51/64$ in $\times \frac{11}{32}$ in and can be supplied for a range of frequencies between 2 and 20 Mc/s fundamental or 20 and 60 Mc/s on overtones. A new miniature crystal shown by Salford can be supplied for 6, 8, 10 and 14 Mc/s and has an accuracy of 0.01 per cent. The latter firm also demonstrated an interesting 100-c/s crystal, which was built up with a two-valve battery oscillator into a portable unit to act as a replacement for a tuning-fork. The crystal itself was constructed of overlapping plates of quartz in three sections, and had an accuracy of about 20 parts in a million.

Makers: Brimar, Ediswan, Ferranti, G.E.C., Mullard Electronic Products, Salford Electrical Instruments.

METAL RECTIFIERS

THE copper-oxide type of metal rectifier now finds its main application as an instrument rectifier and the selenium pattern is more common in power applications. The trend towards a.c./d.c. operation in television sets, in particular, has caused a demand for a heavy-duty rectifier capable of withstanding very large peak currents. Standard Telephones showed types capable of an output of 250 V, 625 mA, with a 60- μ F reservoir capacitor. The peak current is unlimited and operation can be at an air temperature of 40°C.

Similar types are also made by Westinghouse who, in addition to the well-known 36 series of e.h.t. rectifiers, now have a range designed for operation as "damping diodes" in economy line-scanning circuits. This is the 14D series and includes units of up to 4.47 kV peak-inverse rating with mean-current ratings of 50-100 mA; higher curent patterns can be supplied, but as cooling fins are needed they become physically larger.

This firm also features the use of metal rectifiers for spark suppression in switch contacts, and claims that they enable this to be done while retaining fast operation. Makers: Salford, S.T.C., Westinghouse.

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TELEVISION COMPONENTS

EXCEPT for a yoke-type frame coil for a self-oscillating current generator which was shown by Plessey, the deflector coils on view were of the bent-up-end type. The Plessey models have an external ma-metal ring, but Igranic use a stack of laminations. There is a tendency, however, to adopt special materials, and a one-piece slottedring made of Ferroxcube was shown by Mullard and is of particular interest for the production of coils combining high efficiency and high O.

Q. The same material was also shown in shapes suited to line-scan coupling transformers. The Plessey transformers embody "Caslam" cores. This material not only gives a high Q but is claimed to give a great reduction of acoustic noise. Salford showed dust-iron, three² piece cores for transformers. The advantage of these special materials lies mainly in improved circuit efficiency when using the so-called economy circuits—in particular, the ones providing h.t. boost.

Focus coils of conventional pattern appeared on the Igranic and Plessey stands, but development in focusing methods lies chiefly in permanent-magnet types. The Plessey unit has a front plate which can be tilted by three screws for picture centring, the unit as a whole sliding along the tube neck for focusing. The Elac model is similarly arranged as far as centring is concerned, but the focus is adjustable by varying the air gaps by the same three screws. Elac also showed an exceedingly compact focus unit for projection tubes, and centring magnets for use with c.r. tubes having ion traps.

Rubber masks for tubes were exhibited by Long and Hambly and thermoplastic types by Thermo-Plastics. These have a transparent front which replaces the usual safety glass.

Makers: Elac. Igranic, Long and Hambly, Mullard, Plessey, Salford, Thermo-Plastics.

SWITCHES AND RELAYS

No startling changes were to be seen in the design of switchesthis year. Bulgin showed a new micro-switch capable of breaking to A peak, and A.B. Metal Products had what is claimed to be the smallest rotary switch in the world, but manufacturers, on the whole, kept to their standard types. There were, however, two switch-driving mechanisms of considerable interest. One of them, shown by N.S.F. and described as a rotary relay, works on the screw principle reversed, in that a lateral movement produced by an electromagnet is converted into a powerful rotary movement suitable for driving a bank of rotary switches. The other mechanism, by Salford, was a fully sealed stepping motor arranged to drive, in steps of 30 deg, a bank of six ceramic wafer switches. It requires an average input power of 16 watts and weighs 10 oz, whilst the rate of stepping is 10 ± 4 impulses per second.

Several types of Carpenter polarized relay were shown by T.M.C., and one of the latest, for use in proximity to a radio receiver, incorporates an anti-interference filter. The frequencies suppressed are in the range 5-150 Mc/s, and the filter is physically small enough to fit inside the standard cover of any of the existing Type 3 relays.

the existing Type 3 relays. Makers: A.B. Metal Products, Berco, Bulgin, Clix, Electronic Components, Electrothernal Engineering, Erie Resistor, N.S.F., Painton, Plessey, Salford Electrical Instruments, Sangamo Weston, S.T.C., Taylor, T.M.C., Varley, Walter Instruments

CHASSIS FITTINGS

MOST of the new valveholders this year were for B7G and B9A valves, as might be expected. Of particular interest was a non-microphonic B7G valveholder effective up to 800 c/s, shown by McMurdo. The valveholder proper is held in a flexible PVC moulding, which is fitted with metal evelets to take the fixing bolts so that the PVC cannot be squashed when the assembly is bolted to a chassis. Another feature is that the spacing of the fixing holes has been made the same as for B8A and B9A valveholders, thereby simplifying chassis drilling and interchanging of valves. The valveholder can be supplied with or without screening. A B9A valveholder shown by Cinch has a new type of contact giving improved grip on the valve pins.

Possibly with an eye to the high voltages used in television, two anticorona devices have made their appearance; an anti-corona tag by Clix and an anti-corona clip by Cinch, the object in both cases being to make a connection with no sharp edges. Amongst various fittings shown by Belling & Lee was a polythene-bushed terminal with the extremely high leakage resistance of 20 million megohms. New items on the Bulgin stand included a bayonet neon holder, a signal flasher and a fuseholder that unscrews like a fountain-pen and can be conveniently inserted in a conductor without being chassis mounted. A multiway socket for connection to printed circuits on glass plates was shown by Painton, together with an unbreakable two-pin plug and socket and a high-voltage six-point plug and socket suitable for anything up to 10 kV.

Considerable interest was aroused by two new techniques in the housing of radio and electronic apparatus, demonstrated by Widney. One of them was the use of telescopic mountings to enable chassis to be slid out of their cabinets in the same way as drawers are slid out of a filing-cabinet, a smooth action being ensured by the use of steel ballbearings throughout. The other technique was that of the prefabricated cabinet. A variety of fornied sections, corner diecastings and connecting brackets are available, rather on the "Meccano" principle, so that engineers and home constructors can, with the minimum of tools, assemble their own cabinets in whatever shape or form they please.

own cabinets in whatever shape or form they please. Makers: Antiference, Associated Electronic Engineers, Belling & Lee, Bulgin, Cinch, Clix, Colvern, Electronic Components, Electrothermal Engineering, Igranic, Imhof, J.B., Long & Hambly, McMurdo Instruiments, Painton, Plessey, Polar, Resiosound, Ripaults, S.T.C., Telcon, Thermo-Plastics, T.M.C., Tucker Eyelet, Walter, Widney.

AERIALS

TWO outstanding features of the television aerials on view this year were greater mechanical strength and improved directivity for fringe-area reception. Most of the aerials on view were designed to stand up to 80-100 m.p.h. gales, and had alternative methods of fixing, usually either wall-brackets or chimney lashings.

An unusual aerial configuration in the shape of a cross was exhibited by Antiference, two of the elements acting as a director and the other two as a dipole. Compared with an ordinary "H"-type dipole and re-flector, this "X" arrangement possesses greater mechanical strength and gives an increase in forward gain of 2 db. It has an input impedance of $70-80 \Omega$, forward gain of 5 db, front-to-back ratio of 22 db, and weighs, without its mounting, Ilb. An advantage in construction is that the four aluminium-alloy rods can be screwed into the central bakelite insulator after the aerial has been assembled and wired. By connecting the director to the lower element of the dipole, a depression is made in the base of the vertical polar diagram, thereby decreasing the amount of interference received from immediately below.

Another aerial for fringe areas was the "Multirod" by Belling & Lee. This has four elements in all --two directors, a dipole and a reflector-giving a forward gain of 8 db on a simple dipole and a frontto-back ratio of 24 db. A demonstration television aerial was also shown, in which a bracket supporting the pole could be clamped to an upstairs window whilst the bottom of the pole rested on the ground. A.B. Metal Products exhibited, amongst other television aerials, a fringe-area array consisting of a folded dipole and three reflector elements arranged to give parabolic focusine.

focusing. Makers: A.B. Metal Products, Antiference. Belling & Lee.

VIBRATORS

I was noticeable this year that the makers of vibrators were aiming at higher power ratings than have

been achieved in the past. One outstanding example was the heavy-duty model shown by Wimbledon. This was a non-synchronous type, intended to operate from 220-V d.c. mains and having a power rating of 440 W. It has a double-pole doublethrow action and heavy tungsten contacts. To prevent frequency drift as a result of heat, the vibrating parts are arranged to have compensating expansions and contractions, and the frequency stability claimed is $50 \pm 1 c/s$. Plessey showed another heavy-duty non-synchronous vibrator which can be supplied for 6-V, 12-V and 24-V working and power ratings up to 60 W; with an output power of $_{45}$ W, its life would be in excess of 1,000 hours. A model shown by the Ministry of Supply was capable of handling approximately 100 watts at voltages up to

24 V. Two miniature vibrator power packs, working at 400 c/s and 250 c/s, were also on view at the Ministry of Supply stand, whilst Wimbledon displayed their standard range of vibrators and power packs for input voltages of 2-24 V. Makers: Plessey, Wimbledon.

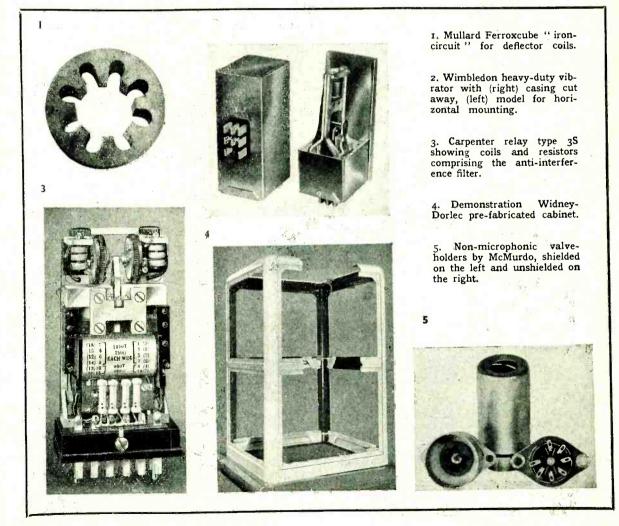
SOUND REPRODUCTION

ThE general impression remaining after à tour of the principal loudspeaker manufacturers was of a marked extension in the range and variety of types now available to the set maker. This is due not only to the home demand for new designs for small portables and television receivers, but also to a willingness to supply special types with frequency characteristics modified to meet the preferences of the overseas markets. Elliptical loudspeakers for use in car radio receivers were much in evidence.

A versatile new pickup, for standard or long-playing records has been introduced by Goldring. The cartridge (Type 150), which is available separately to manufacturers, is of the needle-armature magnetic type and has an output of 150 mV (at 3.16 cm/sec r.m.s.

lateral groove velocity). Interchangeable sapphire-tipped styli are colour-coded and are provided with a neat housing moulded in conjunction with the tone-arm rest. Tip radii of 0.001, 0.0025, 0.003, and 0.0035 inch are available. The stylus pressure is variable by means of an adjustable counterbalance in the tone arm, from 7 gm for longplaying records to 14 gm for stan-dard 78-r.p.m. records. A coupling unit giving a 1:2 step up of output voltage and providing equalization for the alternative systems of recording is available as an accessory, and provides enough output for the gramophone side of the average table-model radio receiver.

Piezo-electric devices shown by Acos included a new lapel microphone (Mic28), a vibration pickup for industrial applications, (VP3), and an inertia-type pickup cartridge (VP1) designed for attachment to musical instruments. The VP1 is protected by a moulded rubbed case and has an output of the order of 0.1V with a range of frequency



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response from 30 to 6,000 c/s.

An ingenious adaptation of a standard dialling telephone instrument to the control of tape recording machines in a multi-channel message recorder known as the "Teletape," was demonstrated by Astronic. The system is suitable for the dictation of letters, and the user, by dialling an appropriate number, can erase mistakes without calling on the services of the operator. Channels in use are safe-guarded by an "engaged" signal and the system is provided with numerous other devices for fool-proof operation. The same firm also demonstrated a self-contained laboratory instrument (Type A1216) with variable a.f. oscillator, metering and calibrated equalizer circuits for investigating the properties of wire recording media.

perties of wire recording media. Makers*: Acos (M. PU); Astronic (MR); Celestion (LS); Ediswan (LS. PU); Elac (LS); Garrard (DR, GM, GU, PU, RC); Goldring (PU); Goodmans (LS); Lec-trona (LS); Plessey (LS, GM, GU, RC, PU); R. & A. (LS); Reslosound (LS, M); Rola (LS); Truvox (LS); Vitavox (LS, M). *Abbreviations:* DR, disc recorders; GM, gramophone motors; GU, gramophone turntable units; RC, record changers; M. microphones; MR, magnetic re-corders; PU, pickups.

corders; PU, pickups.

MATERIALS

A MONG insulating materials the products of firms specializing in small and intricate ceramic mouldings continue to earn general admiration Bray have added to their already extensive range some microscopic bushes for electrode assem-

Astronic " Teletape" message recorder. showing control equipment and one recording channel.

blies in miniature valves and Steatite and Porcelain were showing new multi-point hermetic scals. The latter firm also exhibited examples of precision grinding in ceramic materials.

The wide range of transformer bobbins and other built-up parts in impregnated laminated paper and other insulating materials made a noteworthy exhibit on the stand of H. Clarke & Co. (Atlas).

Ferromagnetic powder materials for use in dust cores now include Mumetal, which was shown by Telcon in 150- and 300-mesh grades. This firm is now producing lamina-tions in HCR alloy for magnetic amplifiers and was also showing "Hysat," an alloy, which, as the name implies, has a very high saturation value and is suitable for polepieces.

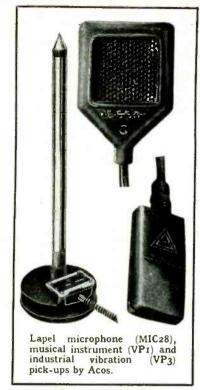
A new brazing technique has been developed for the manufacture of composite permanent magnets of soft and active materials, and examples, including magnet assemblies for ribbon microphones, were shown by the Permanent Magnet Association. The method facilitates accurate machining and considerably reduces the cost of production. Cables can be regarded as one of

the basic materials of the radio engineer, and there is no doubt that the industry is well served in this category. Telcon were showing some fine examples of coaxial aerial feeders for high-power transmitters, including a polystyrene disc insulated type in a seamless aluminium



Right : Goldring "Three-Way" pickup. Interchangeable styli are housed in the tone-arm rest. Below : Telcon helical-membrane cable.



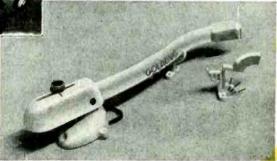


outer conductor, and a helical-membrane cable, employing polythene insulation, which is not subject to the frequency limitations inherent in disc-spaced designs,

The range of television downleads made by B.I. Callender's Cables, which includes low-attenuation low-attenuation types for fringe areas, has been extended and includes a coaxial semiairspaced type.

An interesting multi-strand cable with internal water-cooling pipes for coupling r.f. heaters to the work circuit was shown by Reliance.

Once again the arguments in favour of core sections of various shapes were put forward by the makers of resin-cored solders. Du Bois adopt at trefoil section, while Enthoven claim that a six-fluce scar section accelerates the collapse of the solder and spreading of the flux -an important point in r.f. induction soldering techniques. Multicore adhere to their original three-



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cored method in which it is claimed that the independent channels greatly reduce the possibility of flux discontinuity at any given point. The new N-type Ersin activated flux has enabled an appreciable reduction to be made in the percentage of flux required, and most Multicore Ersin solders now contain only 2.2 per cent flux. For use in the assembly of sub-miniature com-ponents in electronic equipment gauges down to 22 s.w.g.-still with three cores-are available.

Magnetic recording tape is now being manufactured in quantity by the G.E.C Two grades are available: Type A with the latest high-coercivity mix giving "radio coercivity mix giving "radio quality" at $7\frac{1}{2}$ in/sec, and Type B for use on Continental equipments based on German designs giving radio quality (6 kc/s) at 15 in/sec and "studio quality" (12 kc/s) at 30 in/sec. The tapes are not interchangeable and must be used with equipment having the required characteristics for each type of coating. Standard reels, with or aluminium spools, are without

- coating. Standard reels, with or without aluminium spools, are available in 1,250-ft (7 in dia.) and 1,000-metre (11 in dia.) sizes.
 Makers*: Astronic (CF), Associated Technical Manufacturers (C. CO, IS, PVC, W); Atlas (CF, IM, IS); Bray (CE); B.I. Callender's (C. IS, W); Bullers (CE); De La Rue (IM, IS, W); Du Bois (S); Duratube and Wire (C, IS, PVC, W); Ediswan (C); Eleetrothermal Engineering (CO); Enthoven (S); G.E.C. (MT); Hellermann (IS); Lewcos (IS, W); Long and Hambly (RP); Magnetic and Electrical Alloys (M, L); McMurdo (CF); Mullard (M.DC); Multicore (S); Murex (IM); Mycalex (IM); Permanent Magnet Association (M); Plessey (DC); Reliance (B, C, CO, IS, PVC, RP, W); Elpaults (B, C, CO, IS); Salford Electrical Instruments (DC); Scott (L); Steatite and Porcelain (CE); Suffex (B, C), IS, PVC, W); United Insulator (CE); "Abbreitations: B, brailing: C, cables; CE, ceramics; CF, coil formers, hobbins; CO, cords; DC, dust cores; IM, insulating underials; IS, insulating sleeving; Laminations; M, magnets and magnetic alloys; MT, magnetic recording tape; PVC, polyvinyl chloride tapes. wires, etc.; RP, rubher products; S. solder; V, varnished materials; W, covered wires.

LIST OF EXHIBITORS

- LIST OF EXHIBITORS A.B. Metal Products, Ltd., 107, Fleet Street, London, E.C.4. AVO (Automatic Coil Winder & Electrical Equipment Co., Ltd.), Winder House, Douglas Street, London, S.W.1. Acos (Cosmocord, Ltd.), 700, Great Cam-bridge Road, Enfield, Middx. Advance Components, Ltd., Back Road. Shernhall Street, London, E.17. Antiference, Ltd., 67, Bryanston Street, London, W.1. Associated Technical Manufacturers, Ltd., Vincent Works, New Islington, Manches-ter, 4, Lancs. Astronic (Associated Electronic Engineers, Ltd.), Dalston Gardens, Stanmore, Middx.

- Astronic (Link), Dalston Gardens, Outlink, Middx, Middx, Atlas (H. Clarke & Co., Ltd.), Atla Works, Patricroft, Manchester, Lancs.
- B.E.C. (British Electrolytic Condenser Co., Ltd.), 52, Vicarage Lane, Ilford, Essex.
 Belling & Lee, Ltd., Cambridge Arterial Road, Enfeld, Middx.
 Bray, Geo., & Co., Ltd., Leicester Place, Blackman Lane, Leeds, 2, Vorks.
 Berco (British Electric Resistance Co., Ltd.), Queensway, Ponders End, Middx.
 Bl., Callender's Catles, Ltd., Surrey Pouse, Embankment, London, W.C.2.

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- Brimar (Standard Telephones & Cables, Ltd.), Connaught House, Aldwych, Lon-don, W.C.2. British Moulded Plastics, Ltd., Avenue Works, Walthamstow Avenue, London,
- E 4.
- Bulgin, A. F., & Co., Ltd., Bye-Pass Road,
- Barking, Essex. Bullers, Ltd., 6, Laurence Pountney Hill, Cannon Street, London, E.C.4.

Celestion, Ltd., Ferry Works, Summer Road, Thames Ditton, Surrey. Cinch (Carr Fastener Co., Ltd.), Brant-wood Works, Tariff Road, London, N.T. Clix (British Mechanical Productions, Ltd.), 21, Bruton Street, London, W.1. Colvern, Ltd., Mawneys Road, Romford, Essev.

- Essex. Cyldon (Sydney S. Bird & Sons, Ltd.). Cambridge Arterial Road, Enfield, Middx.
- Campringe Arterial Road, Educid, MiddX.
 Daly (Condensers), Ltd., West Lodge Works, The Green, Ealing, London, W.5.
 Dawe Instruments, Ltd., 130, Uxbridge Road, Hauwell, London, W.7.
 De La Rue. Thomas, & Co., Ltd., Imperial House, 84/86, Regent Street, London, W.1.
 Dubilier Condenser (Co. (1925), Ltd., Ducon Works, Victoria Road, North Acton, London, W.3.
 Du Bois Co., Ltd., 15, Britannia Street, King's Cross, London, W.C.1.
 Duratube and Wire, Ltd., Faggs Road, Feltham, Middx.

- Feinnam, Middx.
 Ediswan (Edison Swan Electric Co., Ltd.), 155, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2.
 Egen Electric, Ltd., Craven Avenue, Can-vey Island, Essex.
 Elac (Electro Acoustic Industries, Ltd.), Stamford Works, Broad Lane, Totten-ham, London, N.15.
 Electronic Components, Weedon Road, Industrial Estate, Northampton.
 Electrothermal Engineering, Ltd., 270.
 Neville Road, London, E.7.
 Enthoven, H. J., & Sons, Ltd., Enthoven House, 89, Upper Thames Street, London, E.C.4.
 Erie Resistor, Ltd., Carlisle Road, The

- Erie Resistor, Ltd., Carlisle Road, The Hyde, Hendon, London, N.W.9.
- Ferranti, Ltd., Hollinwood, Lancs.
- G.E.C. (General Electric Co., Ltd.), Mag-net House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2. Garrard Engineering and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Newcastle Street, Swindon,
- Wilts. Goldring (Erwin Scharf). 49/51, De Bean-voir Road, London, N.1. Goodmans Industries, Ltd., Lancelot Road,
- Weinbley, Middx. Guest, Keen & Nettlefold, Ltd., Box No. 24, Heath Street, Birmingham, 18, Warwicks.
- Hellermann Electric, Ltd., Tinslêy Lane, Crawley, Sussex. Hunt, A. H., Ltd., Bendon Valley, Garratt Lane, London, S.W.18.
- Igranic Electric Co., Ltd., Elstow Road.
- Bedford Imhoř, Alfred, Ltd., 112/6, New Oxford Street, London, W.C.1.
- J.B. (Jackson Brothers, Ltd.), Kingsway, Waddon, Surrey.
- L.E.M. (London Electrical Manufacturing Co., Ltd.), 459, Fulham Road, London,
- Co., Ltd.), 400, Fullman Ross, S.W.6. Lectrona (Acoustic Products, Ltd.), Stone-field Way, Victoria Road, South Ruislip,
- neid Way, Victoria Koad, South Ruisip, Middx.
 Lewcos (London Electric Wire Co., & Smiths, Ltd.), 24, Queen Anne's Gate, London, S.W.I.
 Long & Hambly, Ltd., Empire Works, Slater Street, High Wycombe, Bucks.

- Magnetic & Electrical Alloys, Ltd., 101/103, Baker Street, London, W.1. Mazda (Edison Swan Electric Co., Ltd.). 155, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2. McMurdo Instrument Co., Ltd., Ashtead,
- Monurado Institutiente Col, Luci, Asinetad, Surrey. Morganite Resistors, Ltd., Bede Trading Estate, Jarrow. Co. Durham. Mullard Electronic Products, Ltd., Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, W.C.2.
- Multicore Solders, Ltd., Mellier House. Albemarle Street, London, W.1.

- Murex, Ltd., Rainham, Essex. Mycalex Co., Ltd., Ashcroft Road, Ciren-cester, Glos.
- N.S.F. (British N.S.F. Co., Ltd.), Ingrow Bridge Works, Keighley, Yorks. Painton & Co., Ltd., Kingsthorpe, North-
- ampton. armeko, Ltd., Percy Road, Aylestone
- ampton. Parmeko, Ltd., Percy Road, Aylestone Park, Leicester. Partridge Transformers, Ltd., Roebuck Road, Tolworth, Surbiton, Surrey. Permanent Magnet Association, 301, Glos-sop Road, Sheffield, 10. Plessey Co., Ltd., Vicarage Lane, Ilford, Essex.

- Essex. Plessey International, Ltd., Vicarage Lane, Ilford, Essex. Polar (Wingrove & Rogers, Ltd.), Polar Works, Old Swan, Liverpool, Lancs. Pullin (Measuring Instruments, Ltd.), Electrin Works, Winchester Street, Lon-don, W.3.
- R. & A. (Reproducers and Amplifiers, Ltd.), Frederick Street, Wolverhamptou, Staffs.
 Reliance Electrical Wire Co., Ltd., Staffa Road, Leyton, London, E.10.
 Reslosound, Ltd., 359, City Road, London, E.C.1.
- Ripaults, Ltd., Southbury Road, Enfield, Middx.
- ola (British Rola, Ltd.), Ferry Works, Summer Road, Thames Ditton, Surrey. Rola

- Summer Foad, Inames Ditton, Surrey.
 S.R.C. (Stability Radio Components, Ltd.), 14. Norman's Buildings, Central Street. London, E.C.1.
 S.T.C. (Standard Telephones & Cables, Ltd.), Connaught House, Aldwych, Lon-don, W.C.2.
 Salford Electrical Instruments, Ltd., Peei Works, Silk Street, Salford, Lancs.
 Scott, Geo, L., & Co., Ltd., Cromwell Road, Ellesmere Port, Cheshire.
 Static Condenser Co., Ltd., Toutley Works, Wokingham, Berks.
 Steatite & Porcelain Products, Ltd., Stourport-on-Severn, Worcs.
 Suflex, Ltd., 35, Baker Street, London, W.1.
 Symons, H. D., & Co., Ltd., Park Works.

- Symons, H. D., & Co., Ltd., Park Works, Kingston Hill, Surrey.
- T.C.C. (Telegraph Condenser Co., Ltd.), Wales Farm Road, North Acton, London, W.3. T.M.C. (Telephone Manufacturing Co.,
- W.3.
 T.M.C. (Telephone Manufacturing Co., Ltd.). Hollingsworth Works, Martell Road, West Dulwich, London, S.E.21.
 Taylor Electrical Instruments, Ltd., 419/ 424, Montrose Avenue, Slongh, Bucks.
 Taylor, Tunnicliff (Refractories). Ltd., Albion Works. Longton, Stoke-on-Trent, Staffs.
 Telcon (Telegraph Construction and Main-tenance Co., Ltd.), 22, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2.
 Thermo-Plastics, Ltd., Luton Road Works, Dunstable, Beds.
 Truvox Engineering Co., Ltd., Truvox

- Truvox Engineering Co., Ltd., Truvox House, Exhibition Grounds, Wembley.

Middx. Tucker, Geo., Eyelet Co., Ltd., V Road, Birmingham, 22, Warwicks. Walsall

U.I.C. (United Insulator Co., Ltd.), Oak-croft Road, Tolworth, Surbiton, Surrey.

Varley (Oliver Pell Control, Ltd.). Cam-bridge Row, Woolwich, Loudon, S.E.18, Vitavox, Ltd., Westmoreland Rond, Lon-don, N.W.9.

- Walter Instruments, Ltd., Garth Road, Lower Morden, Surrey.
 Walter, J. & H., Ltd., Farm Lane, Fulham, London, S.W.6.
 Wego Condenser Co., Ltd., Bideford Avenue, Perivale, Greenford, Middx.
 Welwyn Electrical Laboratories, Ltd., Bedlington Station, Northumberland.
 Westinghouse Brake & Signal Co., Ltd., 82, York Way, King's Cross, London, N.1.
 Weston (Sangamo Weston, Ltd.). Enfield,

- Weston (Sangamo Weston; Ltd.). Enfield.

Weston (Sangamo Weston, Ltd.). Enfield, Middx. Widney (Hallam, Sleigh & Cheston, Ltd.) Widney Works, Bagot Street. Birming-ham. 4, Warwicks. Wimbledon Engineering Co., Ltd., Garth Road, Lower Morden, Surrey. Woden Transformer Co., Ltd., Moxley Road, Bilston, Staffs.

UNBIASED

Telearchic Tuners

RADIO manufacturers expend a lot of time, energy and money in producing new types of receiver intended to incite us to break open the children's money boxes in order to possess them. Some makers tempt us with high sensitivity and the ability to pick up strange sounds from Samarkand. Others pander to our possessive instinct by giving us expensive and expansive cabinets containing not only a combined radioteleceiver (copyright reserved) but also cocktail shakers and other



"The necessary mellow mood "

adjuncts to the Waters of Lethe with which we can impart to our friends and ourselves the necessary mellow mood to appreciate some of the B.B.C.'s uplift programmes.

No manufacturer, however, really gives us the set which, if it were marketed, would sweep the board. I refer, of course, to a set having associated with it a small radio control unit for the adjustment of tuning and volume from our fire-side chair. Please note that I said radio control unit. We don't want any more of those units which are linked to the set by an old-world multi-wired cable over which, sooner or later, somebody trips and breaks his neck. The fact that such radio units would be popular is shown by the tremendous number of mainspowered portables that are now marketed for placing beside one's armchair.

These portables naturally fall short of the large set in the matter of quality of reproduction, partly because of the necessarily small and boxed-in loudspeaker and partly because the sound from them is at foot level. Also they possess a mains lead with its neck-breaking potentialities, whereas a radio control unit could be operated by batteries since its use would only be intermittent. The P.M.G. couldn't quarrel with it any more than he did with the r.f.-generating gramophone unit which was once produced By FREE GRID

for shooting ether-borne recordings across the room to the wireless set. Any objections, please?

Ex-Cathedra

MR. H. BISHOP, the Chief Engineer of the B.B.C., is a person of no mean achievements in the realm of radio engineering and his views on any matter in this particular branch of applied science are worthy of attention and respect by all. Like many another great man, however, he fails to remember the proverb about the shoemaker

and his last; he sets forth on uncharted seas without even a second mate's certificate when he tries to interpret for us the views of the listening public on stereophonic broadcasting in his recent letter to the Editor (April).

With truly episcopal authoritarianism well befitting his name, he tells usthat this system of broadcasting would interest only a relatively small number of listeners.

This is to my mind only another way of saying that few people are interested in getting as near to the goal of perfect reproduction as is scientifically possible. How does he know this so definitely? Has he been conducting a private Gallup poll of his own or has he been infringing the law by using one of his crystals for occult divination instead of for its more legitimate purpose of de-wobbling wavelengths.

Mr. Bishop's technical and financial arguments, as well as his people-don't-want-it attitude, remind me strongly of those used in the very early 'twenties by people who were opposed to the introduction of broadcasting. The firm stand which he makes is strangely reminiscent of the stubborn attitude of the Inland Revenue officials in 1752. They joined the ignorant masses with their parrot cry of

"Give us back our eleven days." and refused to adopt the New Style Calendar, which, of course, accounts for the tax year still being calculated from Lady Day O.S. or, in other words, April 6th N.S.

Maggie and All That

I WAS very interested in the exhibition held by the Marconi Marine Co. to mark its jubilee. It consisted of a series of ships' wireless cabins, one for each decade since the beginning of the century. Quite frankly, I feel all at sea where the modern ship's wireless rooms are concerned. I was, however, singularly fortunate in bumping into an ex-wireless operator they call them radio officers nowadays—who explained these modern maritime mysteries to me.

His chief comment on the whole show was its lack of realism. The exhibition, he complained, iust didn't smell like a ship, and-still more unlike reality-one could sit in comfort in any of the operator's chairs without the cabin lurching about all over the place. To my astonishment, he declared this was sometimes the case even in port when coming aboard in a place like B.A.: wherever that may be. Also, so he explained, ship's wireless cabins weren't always so clean and comfortable as those on show, especially after bunkering, when I gathered there was apt to be a layer of coal dust over everything, despite tightly closed ports.

His complaints made little impression on the exhibition officials. however, until in the cabin representing the early 'twenties he suddenly pounced with a whoop of triumph on the aerial tuning inductance of the receiver—a slider instrument looking like a giant reel of cotton standing on end—which,



" To my astonishment "

he explained, had not the necessary hole bored in the top as required by H.M. Customs. The officials hastily summoned a charm-exuding individual obviously learned in the law and steeped in the lore of tactfully wriggling out of awkward situations. I removed my hat in silent tribute to his genius and departed while the going was still good.

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RANDOM RADIATIONS

Television and Co-ax

INFORMATION REACHES ME from one who knows what he is talking about, that, instead of their present 2.4-2.8-Mc/s coverage, the coaxial cables of the future will be able to handle 4.2 Mc/s. The reason is that a cable of this kind can comfortably deal with a 405-line television transmission with one sideband partly suppressed in the most modern way. The G.P.O., though, would not have gone in for wider-band coaxial cables purely for the purpose of improving television. It was found that the bandwidth increase to 4.2 Mc/s has enormous advantages for multi-channel telephony working. As you may know, in multi-channel telephony individual speech channels, each 4 kc/s wide, are combined at the sending end into groups by the first stage of modulation. Subsequent modulation stages twine groups into super-groups and super-groups into a "system." At the receiving end the system is disentangled into super-groups, the super-groups into groups and the groups into individual channels. Present cables can handle 600 speech channels apiece; with 4.2-Mc/s cables the number is increased to over 900.

One to Fetch and One to Carry

What a remarkable thing a coaxial cable is! Those used by the G.P.O. are under one incb in overall diameter. Inside the outer cas-ing are two "tubes",* each consisting of an outer cylindrical conductor which encloses an inner conductor, maintained in an exactly central position by low-loss insulators. One tube (or pair of tubes in a large cable) carries the outward system: the other the inward-the arrangement brings to mind the White King's two messengers in "Through the Looking Glass' one to fetch and one to carry! Each cable contains also two ordinary pairs used for control purposes. Did you know that the 50-c/s a.c. for the repeater power packs was also carried by the cable, without any additional wires? A kind of pushpull arrangement is used, with the inner conductors of tubes acting as

* Large cables have four tubes.

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By "DIALLIST"

phase leads and the outers as neutrals.

Good Show

THIS YEAR'S R.E.C.M.F. exhibition was even more interesting than the last—and that is saying a lot. The exhibits included not only the components of which radio sets and other electronic appliances are made up, but also the things of which the components are made — wires, solders, insulators, magnetic materials, and so on. It's a pity in some ways that it has to be a private exhibition, with admission by invitation only, but business is business.

Radio Slimming

As an old hand, what interested me most was to observe the quite amazing reduction that time has brought in the sizes of radio components of every kind. Memory went back to my first three-valve receiver, built somewhere about thirty years ago. In this the grid, of the r.f. valve received its input from the aerial by means of a device known as the loose-coupler. This consisted of an outer solenoid about five inches in diameter and twelve inches long with an inner coil, some four inches by six, which could be moved inwards or outwards along quarter-inch round brass guide-rods. The two 0.0005 µF tuning capacitors (not ganged) were each about as large as small saucepans. The three "R" valves had much the same dimensions as the 25-watt glow lamp of to-day. The a.f. transformer weighed something like three pounds. With its bat-teries the set (hailed in its day as the acme of compactness) was fitted on the two tiers of a dumb-waiter, which made the receiver transportable. To-day tuning coils, capacitors and transformers have become small, light things. The miniature glass-based valve is rapidly ousting the larger types, and a very efficient little valve it is. A battery set, for instance, containing four miniatures (including a power valve) requires a total of only 250 mA at 1.4 V from the l.t. source.

Soldering Economy

As an enthusiastic solderer one of

the first stands I visit at the R.E.C.M.F. show and Radiolympia is that of the Multicore people. This time they'd no novelty so spectacular as the Arax core-flux of last year ; but they were showing over 300 types of cored solder wire, each designed with some particular job in view. For example, it wouldn't perhaps strike everyone that the increasing use of miniature components means that smaller "blobs" of solder are needed to make the required joints. It struck the Multi-core people, who were quick to realize that in the circumstances sound joints could be made with solder wire of considerably smaller gauge.

A Conductivity Problem

IT IS RELATED, this time on completely unreliable authority, that there was in America a hot-tempered bus conductor who became so annoyed with one of his passengers that he pushed him off the rear platform of the bus onto the road. The unfortunate passenger was killed and the conductor was convicted of murder and sentenced to the electric chair. As he took his seat he was asked whether he had any last request to make. "Why yes," he said, "I'd like a banana." This having been provided and consumed, the final adjustments were made and then the switch was closed. At the end of a full two minutes he was completely unaffected. All efforts to carry out the sentence having proved vain, he was informed that he was a free man. He soon obtained a job with another bus company; but the ejection of a passenger whilst the bus was travelling at speed resulted in a broken neck for his victim and a second murder charge against himself. Again he was brought to the chair. Again he asked for a banana. Again the closing of the switch was ineffective. Again he was set free. "It seems," they said to him, " that those bananas somehow render you immune. Our research department is baffled; would you tell us the secret?" "See here," said he, "I've a kind of passion for bananas; but they don't signify. Surely you've read about a bad conductor? Well, that's me! Yes, Sir.'

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Editor does not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by his correspondents.

British and American

IN your issue of April, 1950, it is stated in the column "Random Radiations" that "... the B.B.C.'s technique is immeasurably superior to that behind the bulk of U.S.A. television transmissions" (my italics). Such a sweeping statement would appear to require some qualification, if your con-tributor is not to lay himself open to criticism of the same kind as that which he makes elsewhere.

Perhaps "Diallist" would tell us in what particular respects the techniques of transmission used in the U.S.A. are so immeasurably inferior to those used in Great Britain? The quality of the received picture in this country has nearly always compared favourably with that to be seen in Britain as I remember it, and I have no reason to believe that my perceptive qualities are inferior to those of the "average viewer" in either country. Neither do I recall any occasion on which the non-linearity has been sufficiently bad to send me running to the telephone. In fact, the quality of picture from a good studio transmission looks slightly superior to the British equivalent. The American system appears to. have a slight but definite advantage in immunity from impulsive interference.

There is obvious justification for past complaints that American authors have failed to acknowledge British work, although this has been attributed in some cases to the difference in speeds with which the two countries released information for publication after the war. But during an extended stay in the U.S.A. I have met many, both inside and outside the engineering profession, who have shown interest in and awareness of work done outside this country, and I do not be-lieve that the attitude of which "Diallist" complains is typical. D. R. A. MELLIS.

Passaic, New Jersey. U.S.A.

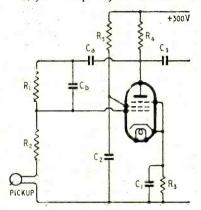
Pre-amplifier Circuit

A FTER reading the article by D. T. N. Williamson on the design of a pre-amplifier in your November issue, I should like to make the following comments : --

Many pickups in use to-day are designed for direct connection to grid and earth without a coupling transformer, and I suggest the following circuit as an alternative since it permits one side of the pickup to be earthed.

It is not new, but has not been given the attention it deserves.

If the circuit constants are chosen to give a middle frequency gain of about three, and no capacity is placed in series with the lower arm of the "see-saw," then a nice "very-low-frequency" roll-off is



Pre-amplifier circuit for high-Suitable impedance pickups. values, using an EF37 valve are : $\begin{array}{c} R_1 = I \ M\Omega, \ R_2 = 0.33 \ M\Omega, \ R_3 = \\ 3.3 \ k\Omega, \ R_4 = 0.22 \ M\Omega, \ R_5 = 0.39 \end{array}$ MΩ, $C_1 = 25 \ \mu$ F electrolytic, $C_2 = 0.25 \ \mu$ F, $C_3 = 0.1 \ \mu$ F, $C_a \ \& C_b$, see text. The pickup must provide a path to complete the grid circuit.

achieved, which is adequate for normal requirements.

Bass correction is controlled by C_a and "top cut" by C_b ; these approximately are 600 pF and 25 pF respectively, but I advise the use of "trimmer" capacitors and these adjusted to give correct response when playing a frequency record. Worthy of mention is the importance of correct record speed; I have seen frequency runs taken without even a glance at a stroboscope.

Any further gain can be obtained from another anode-follower after this stage, adjusted to give the required level.

H. G. WARREN.

Luton, Beds.

Pickup Design

IN your report in the April issue on H. J. Leak's lecture-demonit stated that Mr. Leak expressed his preference for a multi-turn moving-coil pickup rather than a single-turn ribbon, on the grounds that the latter was, he thought, liable to hum pick-up. I contend that hum pick-up is not influenced by number of turns on the coil.

If we take, for example, a single turn of coil having an impedance of I ohm and cut it spirally to pro-duce 10 turns, we find that both the "signal" voltage output and induced hum voltage increase × 10 across an impedance of 10² ohms, and therefore for a given output load the output voltage and signal/ hum ratio are unaltered. If, on the other hand, we add nine more turns equal in size to the original, we shall get x10 the output voltage into x to the impedance or $\times \sqrt{10}$ the voltage into a given output load, whereas the voltage due to stray magnetic fields will have increased by only a small amount depending on the coil dimensions.

All other things being equal, the signal/hum ratio varies in the signal/hum ratio varies in the proportion of rather less than \sqrt{change} in coil mass. Further-more, since for a given coil and magnet system the signal output varies in direct proportion to coil velocity, the signal/hum ratio undirective with coil velocity. varies directly with coil velocity.

Since both coil mass and coil velocity are reflected as point im-pedance, we see, first, that the signal/hum ratio can be improved solely at the expense of increased point impedance, and, secondly, that if we are considering only this aspect of design, there is an optimum proportion for the location of the moving conductor and the point, relative to their common fulcrum.

I would point out-in case it is not immediately self-evident-that since the signal/hum ratio is to some degree proportional to point impedance for a given set of external circumstances, then the ribbon design, utilizing the principle that the moving conductor is either self-supporting or substantially so, will obviously have, for a given per-formance, a better signal/hum ratio than a moving coil, since the "waste" mass of the supporting coil former can be transferred to the effective working mass of the J. H. BRIERLEY.

Liverpool.

IN his lecture-demonstration before I the British Sound Recording Association on February 24th (re-ported in your April issue), H. J. Leak, in discussing gramophone pickups, commented that "tungsten carbide styli were also open to the objection that the surface often showed pitting as a result of imperfections in the sintering process by which they were formed."

As manufacturers of cemented tungsten carbide, we feel that Mr. Leak must have been unfortunate in his choice of carbide needles for test. We should, of course, be the first to agree that it does at times happen that imperfections in the

WIRELESS WORLD, JUNE 1950

sintering process, or for that matter other processes appertaining to powder metal production, may cause a slight porosity. We maintain, however, that such surface porosity can be detected when the needle is being polished, and faulty material can be rejected at this stage. We would also point out that incorrect polishing technique can be the cause of an uneven and pitted surface even when the hard metal as such is perfect.

We have recently studied the methods of grinding and polishing these needles, in the light of our experience in the finishing of carbide dies, and have established a small production unit for this purpose in our carbide die shop. Needles made under these conditions have given very favourable results on performance tests.

For Murex, Limited. B. E. BERRY.

Rainham, Essex.

Physical Society Electronics

TO the conscientious technician in search of knowledge, a visit to the Physical Society's Exhibition represents a day of exhaustion, both mental and physical. Not only does he have to expend a large part of his energies in tramping the labyrinthine corridors and stairs of the Imperial College to find what he wants, but he is then faced with the task that somebody should have done for him, of sorting the wheat from the chaff.

The blame rests partly with the organizers and partly with the exhibitors. One condition applied to the exhibitors, I believe, is that they shall have something new to show, but this does not 'prevent them from bringing along a mass of their standard products which are already well known. The result is congestion, and many of the new and interesting items are crowded into dark corners and corridors where they are least likely to be seen. If the exhibitors showed more restraint and the organizers more discrimination in selecting the exhibits, this would not happen. Why, for instance, cannot components and test gear be left to the R.E.C.M.F. exhibitor?

Electronics being largely "a lot of uninteresting tin boxes with knobs on," as one visitor put it this year, I feel that exhibitors should be at more pains to show the insides of their "tin boxes" (dare they?) and arrange more practical demonstrations for the benefit of the nonspecialist in their particular art. I am aware that the exhibition is not intended to be a fun-fair, but visible, tangible and moving things are as readily appreciated by the super-intelligent as by the infantile. Science is not degraded by being made more attractive. "RADIOPHARE."

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Manufacturers' Products

New Equipment and Accessories for Radio and Electronics

Television Accessories

To combat the sporadic impulse type of interference on their television receivers, G.E.C., of Magnet House, Kingsway, W.C.2, have introduced two picture interference inverters, BT 150 and BT 151. These reverse the phase of the incoming impulses, so that black spots appear on the screen instead of the usual white ones and the beam does not suffer defocusing. The units, which derive their power supplies from the receiver and are designed to mount on the existing chassis, cost f_2 5s each.

to induit on the calculate contents of the calculate cost f_2 5s each. For use in areas of low signal strength, G.E.C. have also produced a television pre-amplifier. Model BT 161/L for London transmissions has a gain of five over a bandwidth of 6 Mc/s, whilst model BT 161/M has a gain of twelve over a bandwidth of 4 Mc/s; both obtain their power supplies from the main receiver and are priced at f_2 5s. Where fading is prevalent, a remote armchair gain control can be added for an extra f_1 10s.

In addition, the firm has an H-type dipole aerial and reflector with provision for altering the polar diagram, at \pounds_3 ros; a demonstration aerial for dealers at the trade price of \pounds_{15} ras; Io-ft and 6-ft aerial masts in light alloy, a chimney mounting, and a wall mounting.

Television Knobs

A RANGE of moulded knobs with special television engravings has been introduced by A. F. Bulgin and Co., Bye Pass Road, Barking, Essex. They are 1½ in in diameter, have flat faces, straight sides and knurled edges to ensure a firm grip for precise adjustments. They fit 4-in spindles and have 4BA



Specimens of the new Bulgin knobs with television engravings.

Type 155 cable eccentricity gauge, made by the Addison Electric Co., showing gauge head, control and oscillator units. steel grub screws threaded into brass insets with the heads of the screws sunk deep into the body of the knob for protection against high voltages.

Five engravings have been selected; they are: brightness, contrast, focus, switch and volume, the lettering being carried out in gold on a brown background. Black knobs are also available. The price is IS 6d each for either colour.

Television Converters

NON-TECHNICAL viewers who wish to adapt their London television receivers for reception of Sutton Coldfield with the least possible trouble will be interested in two new converters now on

the market. These are both self-contained units for insertion between the aerial and the aerial socket of the receiver, and have their own power supplies.

Model AC/4, by Spencer-West, of Quay Works, Great Yarmouth, has five valves, enables either of the two stations to be selected, and costs f_{15} 15s. Model S.C. "88," by Sphere Radio, of Heath Lane, West Bromwich, has one 6A8GT valve and costs f_{0} 6s. Both are fitted with coaxial input and output connections.

Cable Eccentricity Gauge

DESIGNED for the non-destructive determination and control of the eccentricity of extruded cables and wires, this instrument (Type 155) made by the Addison Electric Company, 163 Holland Park Avenue, London, W.11, gives a direct reading of eccentricity over a minimum range of -0.5 to +0.5

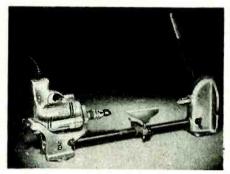


mm. An internal polarized relay can be set to operate an indicator alarm, or automatic die re-setting mechanism, when the eccentricity exceeds ± 0.1 mm.

The principle of operation is the exploration of the field produced by current in the central conductor, supplied from a local oscillator. Pairs of coils arranged on X and Y axes at right angles are selected alternately by a switch and their voltages are applied to a differential amplifier and calibrated output meter.

Multi-Purpose Electric Tool

MAINLY for the benefit of amateurs, Wolf Electric Tools, Ltd., have produced an inexpensive



Amateu 's lathe assembled from a "Wolf Cub" kit.

> and versatile tool which can be adapted for drilling, turning, sawing, grinding and polishing. The basic unit is a "Wolf Cub" electric drill, costing f_{41} 198 6d, which can be incorporated as the driving unit in a number of different kits." For instance, one kit will convert the hand drill into a bench drill, and this, when laid flat on the bench, becomes the lathe illustrated, for an additional sum of 138 6d. The electric drill can be seen clamped upside down, whilst the long handle used for raising the drilling platform here becomes a means of moving the back centre of the lathe. Alternatively, the bench drill can be converted into a circular-saw kit for an extra f_{2} 88 6d.

> There are, in fact, many ways in which the amateur can ring the changes on these kits, and he is not obliged to buy them in any particular order. If all the available items are purchased, the total cost is in the region of f_{II} . The firm is at Pioneer Works, Hanger Lane, London, W.5.

> > WIRELESS WORLD, JUNE 1950



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A Signal Generator of wide range and accuracy of performance, designed for use in the laboratory or by the service engineer. Turret coil switching provides six frequency bands covering 50 Kc/s to 80 Mc/s :-

50 Kc/s-150 Kc/s 1.5 Mc/s-5.5 Mc/s 150 Kc/s-500 Kc/s 5.5 Mc/s-20 Mc/s 500 Kc/s-1.5 Mc/s 20 Mc/s-80 Mc/s

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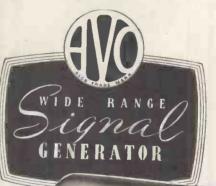
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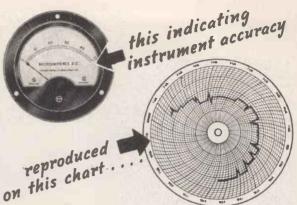
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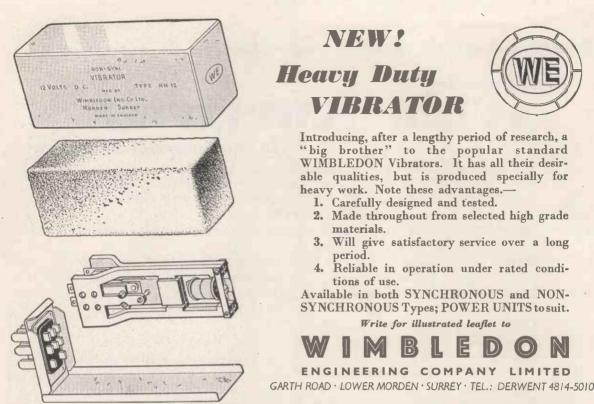


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9in. Cathode Ray Tube Mullard MW22/14C, Mazda CRM92, or G.E.C. 6504 (carton extra), £11/6/10.

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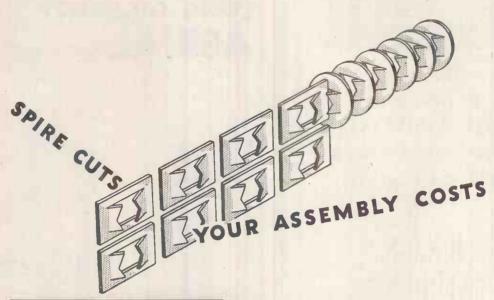
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Connoissent Pick-up, a high impedance pick-up giving appror. 5 voltsat the secondary of the special coupling transformer. Level frequency response from 50 to 1,000 cps. Below 50 cps. a rising frequency response gives a bass resonance near 25 cps. Above 1,000 cps. the output fallssteading giving a loss of approx. 5 db at 8,500 cps. and 9 db at 12,000 cps. Price complete with transformer incl. P.T., $\pounds 4/10/5$.

Wilkins & Wrigh: Pick-up. Alight weight moving coll pick-up with an overall response of 5 cps to 15,000 cps flat within 3 db from 30 cps to 9,000 cps. Collimpedance 5 ohms. Output impedance from special transformer 100,000 ohms. Approx. needle pressure i oz. adjustable within i oz. to 1 oz. Price complete with transformer. 27/10/7.

NEEDLES (all prices include P.T.)

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PROBLEM:

Secure top of talc container so that it can be rotated under spring tension for alignment of sifter holes.

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Type SFW Spire fix inside container is pressed over integrally moulded stud. Top rotates under spring tension and is permanently secured.

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It just shows how Spire, in one simple operation, can solve what threatens to be an assembly headache. Very few awkward locations or blind assemblies present much of a problem to Spire these days. And once a Spire is on it stays put— the unique double-spring action sees to that. We'd like to know if you think Spire, the fastest thing in fasteners, can help you—will you write to us?



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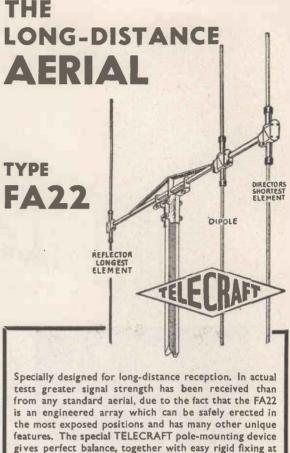
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gives perfect balance, together with easy rigid fixing at almost any point. All connections guaranteed waterproof. Mast clamp is adjustable to fit any mast 14"-3" diameter. No extra struts are necessary as the unit provides its own 'Cantilever' supports.

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INSIDE INFORMATION

- about the switch that is superior

'OAK' switches-both rotary and push button types-were embodied in the majority of receivers displayed at Radiolympia.

Throughout the radio world, the time-tested basic 'OAK' principles are recognised and acknowledged as superior. They form the basis for the standard interservice wafer type switch to Specification RCS.151 of the Radio Components Standardisation Committee.

> The new miniature types, embodying all 'OAK' basic features, bring the range available in line with today's requirements for miniaturised equipments.







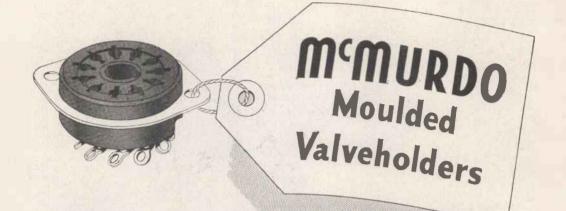
- Self-aligning floating rotor.
- Dual contact surfaces ensure low contact resistance throughout long life.
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- Single or multiple wafer construction.
- High grade S.R.B.P. or low-loss ceramic insulation.

Other British N.S.F. Products Include:

Cutler-Mammer appliance switches; Carbon and wire-wound potentiometers for televison and radio applications; Paper tubular capacitors; Wire-wound resistors.

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PRODUCERS OF WIDE RANGE INSTRUMENTS FOR RESEARCH AND TEST DEPARTMENTS.

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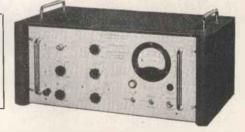
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The New Valve Technique for v.h.t.

Mullard have now introduced a modern range of small, Hard-glass Valves, outstanding features of which are :---

- ★ Hard-glass Bulb
- Low-inductance Anode Lead
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- * Shield to Ensure Low Anode-Filament Capacitance
- Low-loss Powdered Glass Base
- American Giant 5-Pin Base
 - -for Communications & Industry

For their size, these valves are among the most efficient in existence and are particularly recommended for equipments operating in the V.H.F. range. Other features include small size, low drive power and low power consumption for the rated outputs.

The triodes TY2-125, TY3-250 and TY4-500 form a series with increasing anode dissipations from 135 to 500 watts, and are designed for use as R.F. amplifiers, grounded-grid amplifiers or oscillators in both communications and small, compact R.F. heating equipments.

The tetrodes QY3-125 and QY4-250 are rated respectively for maximum anode dissipations of 125 and 250 watts, and arc characterised by high power gains and high efficiencies at V.H.F.

MAXIMUM OPERATING CONDITIONS (CLASS C TELEGRAPHY) at 50 Mc/s								Max.			
Valve	Type of Service	Va (V)	∨g2 (∀)	VgI (V)	la (mA)	lg2 (mA)	lgl (mA)	vin (pk) (V)	Pout (W)	ŋ (%)	fre- quency (Mc/s)
TY2-125	osc.	2500	-	2 00	200	_	40	350	360	72	200
TY3-250	osc.	3000	-		363	-	70	380	830	76	150
TY4-500	osc.	4000			550	-	100	625	1670	76	120
QY3-125	ampl.	3000	350	.—150	166	35	10	280	375	75	220
QY4-250	ampl.	4000	50 0	-225	312	50	8	315	970	78	150

GOVERNMENT PREFERRED TYPES

The QY3-125 and the QY4-250 have now been selected for inclusion in the new Government list of preferred valves for the services.



MULLARD NEWS LETTER If you are not already on the mailing list for this service of advance information on new valves, please write to us for full particulars on your business letterheading



INDUSTRIAL POWER VALVES · THYRATRONS · INDUSTRIAL RECTIFIERS · PHOTOCELLS ACCELEROMETERS CATHODE RAY TUBES STABILISERS AND FLASH TUBES COLD CATHODE TUBES ELECTROMETERS, ETC. **REFERENCE LEVEL TUBES**

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It's the BACK VIEW that's most important —to you

We've turned this Sobell model back-to-front because we know that your knowledge of radio is not confined to knob-twiddling. You know exactly what you are buying.

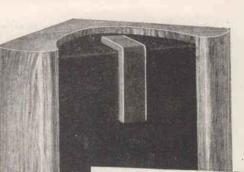
This set is Sobell Model 610, 6 valve all-wave superhet receiver. Like all radios in the Sobell range it is sound value for money. We don't flinch from your expert and thorough examination. Take your time. Check everything — circuits, signal rectification, I.F. selectivity, tuning controls. You'd find that workmanship and the materials are both first rate—really wonderful value for money. It has to be so. Our 2-year free maintenance plan means that our sets—sound or vision—have to be good ... or else!

You can examine this set—or any other in the Sobell range—at any Sobell dealer. We feel sure that, whatever Sobell radio you choose, you'll get technical efficiency

and value for money—and a set you'll be proud to own. And for your wife's sake of course here is the good-looking side of the Sobell picture.



* Valves and Cathode Ray Tubes are subject to BVA makers' guarantee of 90 days and 6 months respectively.



Excerpts from recent reviews of the CORNER RIBBON LOUDSPEAKER The Gramophone (Jan. 1950)

This loudspeaker must, I feel, be considered as one of the most advanced designs so far made available to the public anywhere in the world....

... the Corner Ribbon gave the most natural reproduction I have so far encountered.

Wireless World (Jan. 1950)

Transients. . . One does not need to (wait for loud and dramatic passages in the music to demonstrate this. It is there all the time, in the bowing attack of strings in planissimo passages and in other subtle ways that will be appreciated by those who have ears to hear.

★ For all reviews and all

public demonstrations of the Corner Ribbon Loudspeaker the following equipment was used :---

AMPLIFIER Type QA12/P—capable of the finest quality of reproduction yet achieved, the performance being determined by the limitations of the loudspeaker employed. As supplied to the B.B.C. .. £30.0.0

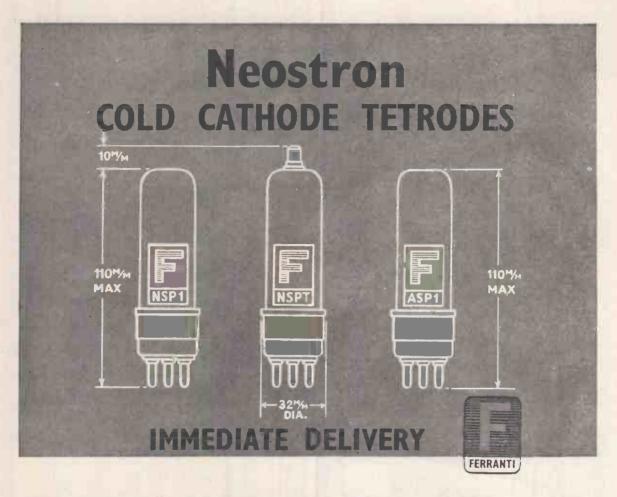
PICK-UP Type C/500 with elliptical reproducing point and connected via type CQA/R Compensator unit. Complete pick-up and compensator ... £9.6.0

CORNER RIBBON LOUDSPEAKER £83.0.0



Other loudspeakers for those with less to spend but who still require the best performance for the available outlay include the SL.15 Labyrinth at £19.10.0 and the Concert Labyrinth at £48.0.0.





The Ferranti Neostron is a cold cathode tetrode filled with neon, designed for use as a stroboscopic light source, a flashing indicator, or an electronic relay.

The discharge in the anode is started by initiating a glow discharge between the screen and grid electrodes, the screen being at a fixed positive bias, a negative impulse being applied to the grid

Operating Characteristics	NSP1	NSPT	ASP1
Max. Anode Voltage	400	650	400
Normal Anode Voltage	300	600	300
Mean Anode Current	40-100* mA	40-100* mA	40-100* mA
Peak Anode Current	250 Amps.	250 Amps.	250 Amps.
Max. Operating Frequency	250 c.p.s.	250 c.p.s.	300 c.p.s.
Anode Connection	in base	Тор сар	in base
Gas Filling	Neon	Neon	Argon

* Dependent upon frequency of operation

All types can be supplied with English 4 pin or American 4 pin bases.

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by J. H. Brierley

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Twenty-one drawings and photographic illustrations are employed in giving precise wiring and constructional details : in addition the reasons why certain things must be done are fully discussed so that the reader is left with a knowledge of how to do things rather than an ability to copy slavishly some standard design.

The scope of this booklet covers also the connecting of pick-ups to pre-amplifiers, the connecting of pre-amplifiers to amplifiers, the construction of a "Rumble Filter" and advice on general layout.

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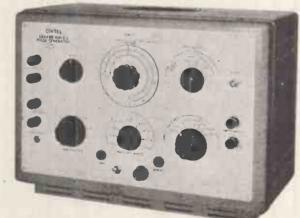
To this age-old teaser there is but one answer — measure it !

It's the same with an amplifier, its performance cannot be judged merely by visual inspection; measurements must be made which are far more involved than the measurement of string...

The 'CINTEL' SQUARE WAVE & PULSE GENERATOR

enables the response and transient characteristics of an amplifier to be determined in a matter of minutes.

For full technical details and further applications of this instrument, please write for leaflet No. S.W.G.1/1.





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 Fully Shrouded

 Output
 PSM63. (Midget)
 Output 250/0/250v. 60 m/a. 6.3v. at 3 amps.
 15/6

 FSM 63. (Midget)
 Output 250/0/250v. 60 m/a. 6.3v. at 3 amps.
 19/6

 FS2. 250/0/250v. 80 m/a.
 19/6

 FS3. 300/0/300v. 80 m/a.
 19/6

 FS3. 350/0/350v. 80 m/a.
 19/6

 FS3. 350/0/350v. 100 m/a.
 21/6

 FS3. 725/0/275v. 100 m/a.
 21/6

 FS3. 350/0/350v. 100 m/a.
 21/6

 FS43. Output, 425/0/425v. 200 m/a. 6.3v. 4 amps. C.T. 6.3v.
 4

 FS50. Output, 450/0/450v. 250 m/a. 6.3v. 2 amps. C.T. 6.3v.
 42/6

 F30X. Output, 350/0/350v. 250 m/a. 6.3v. 6 amps. 5v. 2 amps.
 26/6

 F352X. Output, 350/0/350v. 250 m/a. 6.3v. 6 amps. 5v. 2 amps.
 59/6

 FS60/C. Output 350/0/350v. 250 m/a. 6.3v. 6 amps. 6.3v. 6 amps.
 59/6

 FS60/C. Output 350/0/350v. 160 m/a. 6.3v. 6 amps. 6.3v. 6 amps.
 59/6

 FS60/C. Output 350/0/350v. 1 PS45X. Output, 4250/0/225V. 250 m/a. 6.3V. 6 amps. 6.5V. 6 amps.
 Sv. 3 amps. Fully shrouded
 HS6. Output, 250/0/250V. 100 m/a. 6.3V. 6 amps. C.T. 5V. 3 amps.
 For raceiver R1355. Half shrouded
 HS150. Output, 350/0/350V. 150 m/a. 6.3V. 6 amps. C.T. 5V. 3 amps.
 Half shrouded
 F36. Output, 250/0/250V. 100 m/a. 6.3V. 6 amps. C.T. 5V. 3 amps. 24/6 25/9
 F36.
 Output, 250/0/250V.
 Tor Infactor
 25/9

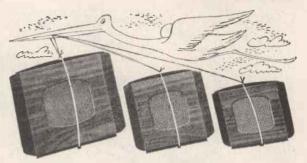
 Half shrouded
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 FILAMENT TRANSFORMERS Output, 4v. 2 amps. 7/6

F4. Output, 4v. 2 amps. 7/6 F6. Output, 6.3v. 2 amp. 7/6 F66. Output, 6.3v. 6 amps. 5/3 F6X. Output, 6.3v. 7 amps. 5/3 F12. Output, 12.6v. tapped 6.3v. at 3 amps. 15/6 F12. Output, 12.4v. tapped 12v. at 3 amps. 15/6 F14. Output, 0.24v. tapped 12v. at 3 amps. 15/6 F12. Output, 0.2-4-5-6.3v. at 2 amps. 15/6 F104. Output, 0.2-4-5-6.3v. at 2 amps. 9/ F29. Output, 0.2-4-5-6.3v. at 4 amps. 15/ F04. Output, 0.2-4-5-6.3v. at 4 amps. 15/ F04. Output, 0.2-4-5-6.3v. at 10 amps. 15/ F04. Output, 0.2-4-5-6.3v. at 10 amps. 15/ F04. Output, 6.3v. at 10 amps. 5v. at 10 amps. 15/ F04. Output, four at 6.3v. tapped at 5v. at 5 amps. 31/6 F6/4. Output, at 5 amp., 15v. at 5 amp., 12.6v. at 5 amp., 20v. at 5 amp., 12.6v. at 10 amp., 20v. at 5 amp., 15v. at 5 amp., 15v. at 5 amp., 12.6v. at 10 amp., 10v. at 10 amp., 6.3v. at 20 amp., 5v. at 20 amp., 47/6 F5 and F6/4 framed with Flying Leads 47/6 F5 and F6/4 framed with Flying Leads 47/6

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Choke C6, 50 m/a., 50 H., 1,500 ohms	18/6
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Another step forward in Extension Speaker Design is taken with these new models. Bafflette Baby 39/6. Bafflette Minor 52/6. Bafflette Major 65/-. All fitted with out of sight volume control. Finished in walnut veneers. Transformers extra. Baby and Minor 6/-,

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(Established 1935.) Selected materialony-all new and perfect. All prices nett. SOLENOIDS. Powerful model exerting approx. 4010b. pull. Pot §in. by §in. with rocking arm mounted on §in. bracket. Designed for 24 v. J.C. but powerful with 12 v. D.O. Many applications for these very well-made instruments. Attractive offer at 10/6 each (despatch 1/-). GEARED MAINS MOTORS (Gapacitor-induction) 220/240 v. A.C. Size 7in. long by 4in. dia. 1,500 r.p.m. with 5/1 reduction gear box giving final shaft speed of 300 r.p.m. at great torque. These are substantially built to a precise standard for con-tinuous duty and full load starting. Reversible. Supplied with espacitor and diagram, 24.10.- (des. 16). MAINS MOTORS, 230 v. 25/65 c/s. (Will also run on D.C.-series wound). 4,000 r.p.m. These are not converted rotary transformers but mains motors made for the G.P.O. Body 6in. by 410. with §in. shaft. Well-made with grease caps each end. Suitable for sewing machines, pumps, cine projectors, etc. Apport J/3016 H.P., 32/6 (des. 1/6). Also SEADED POLE MOTORS (Koover) 200/250 v. A.O. Suitable or Wire and Tape Recorders, Cooling and Extractor Fans, Gine Projectors, etc. 1;00 r.p.m. Gegiat. 1/-, mains. Torque 400 gram/sum. Body §in. by 3in. Shaft urder burge Sett. Suitable Recorders (S C 10). D. deliver wate 50 av 20 approx

1,300r.p.m., verysilentrunning. Torque 400 gram/cms. Body 3jin. by 3jin. Shaft each end, 23/6 (des. 1/-, HIGH DUT SELENUTM EECTIFIERS (S.T.C.). D.C. delivery up to 30 v. 20 amps, ful-wave, fundelcooled. In original cartons, 72/6 each (des. 1/6). A pair of these in bridge will deliver up to 30 v. 20 amps, ful-wave (current list price 218). We offer a pair at 27 nett (des. 3/-). EATTERY CHARGERES (sv: A.M.). For use on 200/250 v. A.O. mains. Charging 2 to 12 v. batteries up to 5 amps. Mctalrectified, fitted silding resistance, ammeter fuses, etc., in steel housing Išin. x 13in. x 7in., with wall-mount lugs, ready for use, 26/13/6 (des. 3/6). AUTOARY SWITCHERS (Santon). Single-pole make and break, 20 amps, 3/6. AIE 00 APRESSOER, superior model with steel cooling fins. Up to 300b. per eq.in. Overall length 8jin. With sunk 6-key splined drive. Brand new and perfect, 29/6 (des. 1/-).

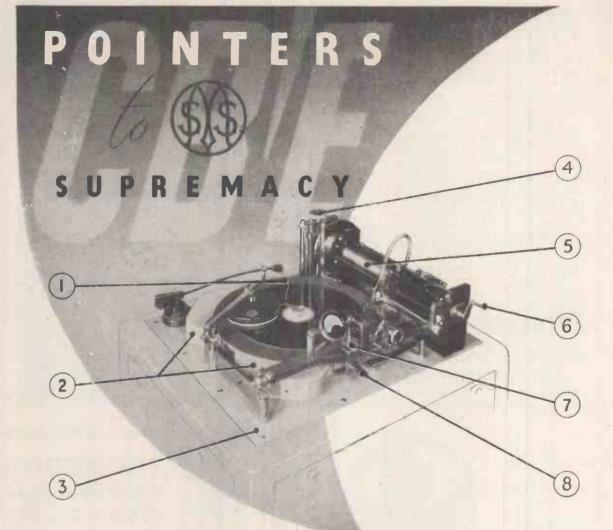
All COLAPERSMISS, superior intoder with steer tooling mar. Op or sound, per spirit Overail length Siln. With sumk cl-yer spined drive. Brand new and perfect, 29/6 (des. 1/~). FRESSURE GAUGSS (Dewrapce). 0/350lb.per sq. in. In sturdy brass housing, 3th. dial. 4ir. mounting flange, in maker's boxes, 13/6 (des. 6d.). HOT-WIRE AMMERTERS for R.F. or L.F. ourrents, Sin. dia. Brand new Admiralty inatruments with magnetic damping and fuse. Two models, 0/1.2 amp and 0/2 amps. Either. 7/6 (fkg./des. 1/6). ELEOTRIC DELLIS (Consolidated Tool Go.). Brand new standard model with heavy duty motor and in. chuck. 220/240 v. A.O./D.C. (List 43/71/0/~). Only a few at £11/10/- nett. (des. 22/6). FRESSURE STEAKEE UNITS. G.E.O. 1686 for 10 watts, 15 ohms coil, fitted multi-ratio 600 chms line transformer within the weatherproof cowling. Standard P.A. thread to suit all horms. Here is an opportunity for this excellent 35 m/coil P.A. unitforonly 65/., ewin makers'ssaled cartons. (Des. 1/6). GTERE, TREPOSE to suit all P.A. Speakers-will carty two or more. Well known as the best type of P.A. tripod and one of our most popular offers. Extends to 124. with ample height selection, 55/. (des. England, 5/-, Scotland and Ireland, 8/6). GOUS NEW MULT.FUEPOSE TRAMERS TRAMESORMER. Primary tapped 200/220/240 v. Secondary tapped 0/5/12/20/30 v. 2 amps. This irgerious transformer provides the following sec. voltages: 5, 7, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, 25 and 30 v. at 2 amps, with turther adjustment by mis-volting primary, 27/6 (des. 1/-). IN STOCK : Variety of Electric Pumps, Synchronous Clock Movements, Rotary and Vibrator Convertes. New Fullis Receivers. VARIAOS.

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JUNE, 1950



DIRECT RECORDING ON DISK

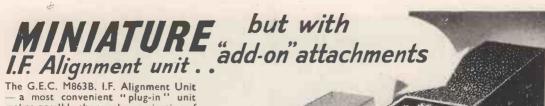
Some points about the CB/E which have made this machine the considered choice of many discriminating broadcasting concerns throughout the world.

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JUNE, 1950



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Specification: Oscillator Mid-Frequency 400 Kc/sto 520 Kc/s—variable. Frequency deviation—Maximum ± 70 Kc/s variable. Price £8 10.0. Please ask for leaflet No. X475.

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With the addition of the M862B Double Beam Unit — the "Miniscope" is the most versatile and complete miniature oscilloscope available today. The Double Beam Unit employs a $l_2^{\perp m}$ C.R.T.

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Here is a wide range high fidelity moving coil type Microphone which combines good sensitivity with a level response curve. Equally suitable for Auditorium or Outdoor Work, and its use can confidently be advised for Amateur as well as Professional use. Housed in modern streamlined die cast alloy case of great strength and finished In hammered metallic lacquer with chromium plated grille. Delivery from stock. List price £8.8.0

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20.

WIRELESS WORLD

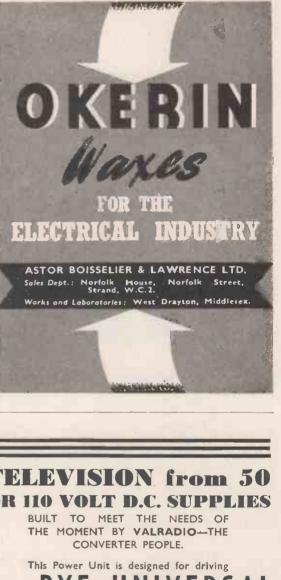
JUNE, 1950



and also gives details of rectifiers for H.T. and L.T. supplies and detection

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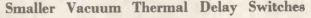
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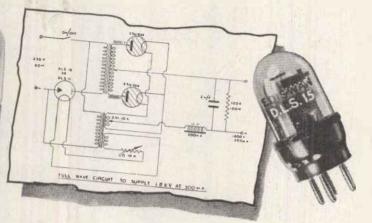
22

EDISWAN



These two new delay switches are recommended for use whereever a switching delay of 30-180 secs. is required. They have been developed for use in applications similar to those of the EDISWAN DLS10 but, in line with modern equipment design — which makes the physical size of the switches of prime importance — the dimensions have been reduced to the minimum compatible with reliability and ruggedness.

The DLS15 is intended as a plug-in replacement for the DLS10 while the DLS16 fulfils the demand for a delay switch with a 6.3v heater and an International Octal base.



DLS15 Rating.

Filament Voltage (volts) 4						
Filament Current (amps) 0.75*						
Delay time at 4 volts (secs.) Min. 30; Max. 90						
(Delay time may be increased to 180 secs. by variation of filament voltage)						
Maximum Peak Current (low voltage rating) 5 amps at 240v.						
Maximum Peak Current (high voltage rating) 100mA at 1 kv.						
Maximum overall length (not including pins) 60 mm.						
*at approximately 4 volts						

DLS16 Rating.

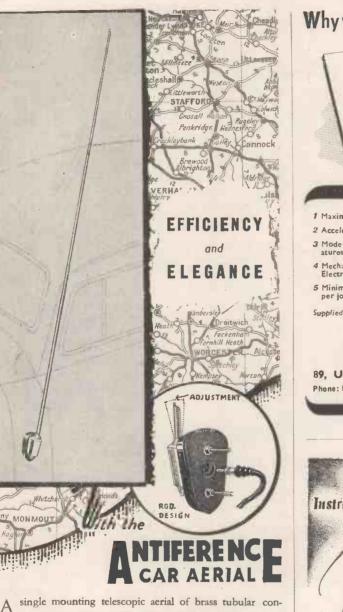
Filament Voltage (volts) 6.3
Filament Current (amps) 0.48*
Delay time at 6.3 volts (secs.) Min. 30; Max. 90
(Delay time may be increased to 180 secs. by variation of filament voltage)
Maximum Peak Current (low voltage rating) 5 amps at 240v.
Maximum Peak Current (high voltage rating) 100mA at 1 kv.
Maximum overall length (not including pins) 65 mm.
*at approximately 6.3 volts



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WIRELESS WORLD

JUNE, 1950



A single mounting telescopic aerial of brass tubular construction with heavy chromium plated finish. The smartly styled mounting provides for adjustment of the angle of the telescopic rods to suit the body line of the car. This greatly improves the appearance of the angle when fitted. The insulator has a built-in standard co-axial socket enabling the lead to be easily plugged after mounting. The socket is fitted with a special retaining spring preventing any loosening of the plug through vibration. All parts of the aerial assembly are non-rusting and easy telescopic action is ensured by lubricated packing glands which also completely prevent rattling.

A longer aerial is available for export purposes. Details gladly submitted on application. MODEL TCA 400/64 Three sections extending to 64 ins. (Closed 2B ins.) including 3 ft. coaxial lead. RETAIL PRICE **4.5/=**

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9 Even distribution of activator in

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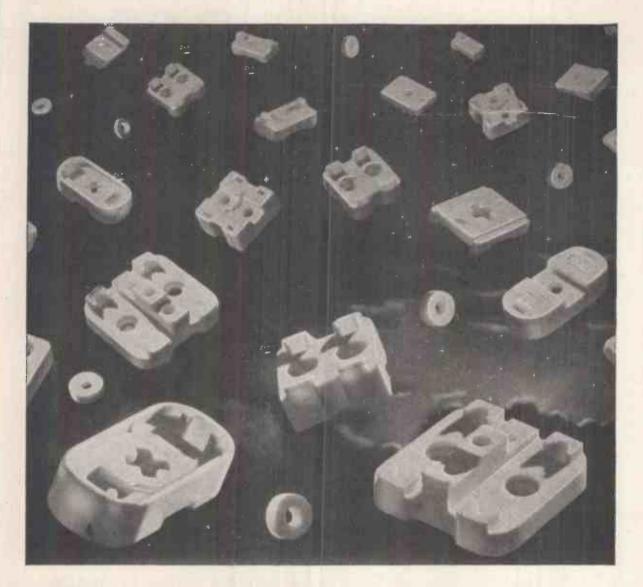
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WIRELESS WORLD





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mind

Signals are are presented over the tuil area. Signals are normally fed through the Amplifiers, and are presented over the full area. normany red through the Ampliners, and the calibrated Y-Shift controls provide a MODEL the calibrated x-Shift controls provide a The applied voltages. Time Base operates repetitively, or by external trigger (for single stroke operation), or at trigger pulse repetition frequency for continutrigger pulse repetition frequency for continu-ous scanning. A calibrated X-Shift Control is provided for the measurement of Time.

Specially developed for use with Cossor Oscillographs, it provides the simplest means of recording stationary specially developed for use with Cossor Oscillographs, it provides the simplest means of recording stationary of non-recurrent waveforms and slow transiente by It provides the simplest means of recording stationary of non-recurrent waveforms and slow transients by the moving film method on standard performance or non-recurrent wavelorms and slow transients by the moving film method on standard perforated 35 mm. film or namer. Of robust construction is here the moving film method on standard perforated 35 nm. film or paper. Of robust construction, it has provision for power drive by the Cossor Three-Speed Motor Attachment. Model 1429 Motor Attachment, Model 1429.

Further details obtainable on application to :---

COSSOR Double Beam OSCILLOGRAPH

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JUNE, 1950



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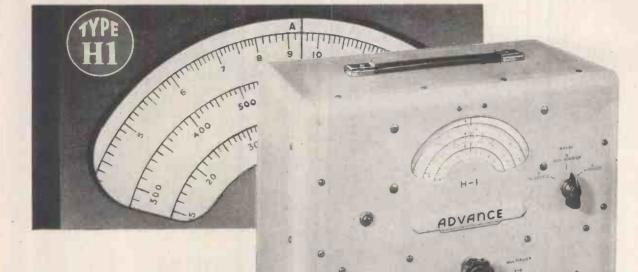


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Video Oscillator

Type. 0.222 7 Kc/s - 8 Mc/s

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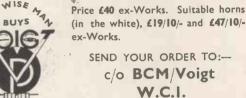
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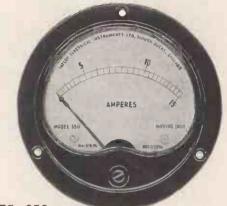
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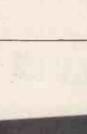
Microphone and Gramophone inputs provide for amplification of speech and records if desired.

A monitor speaker is included which can be switched off at will, and can be used for pre-tuning radio.

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Particularly suitable for small factories, schools, restaurants, hospitals, canteens, hotels, theatres, clubs, etc.

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Wireless World RADIO AND ELECTRONICS

40th YEAR OF PUBLICATION

Managing Editor: HUGH S. POCOCK, M.I.E.E. Editor: H. F. SMITH

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JUNE 1950

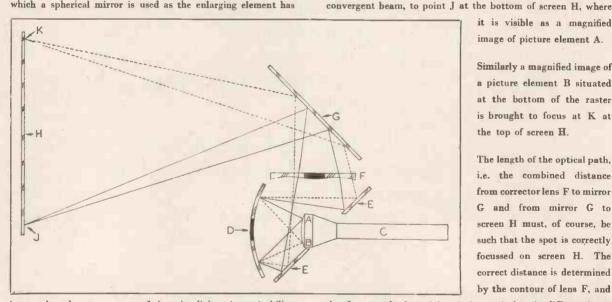
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OPTICAL SYSTEM THE

The picture produced on the screen of the MW6-2 picture tube occupies an area approximately 2in. x 11 in. The optical unit of the Mullard Projection Television System enlarges this picture so that an image of one of the standard sizes (ranging up to 16 in. x 12 in. for cabinet viewing or up to 48 in. x 36 in. for wall projection) is seen on the viewing screen.

Of the various methods of optical enlargement available, that in which a spherical mirror is used as the enlarging element has



been selected on account of its simplicity, its suitability for manufacture on a mass-production basis, and its high luminous efficiency.

The optical principle is indicated in the diagram where C is the MW6-2 picture tube, D a front-silvered concave spherical mirror, E a plane mirror mounted at an angle of 45° to the axis of the picture tube, F a lens of special contour to correct for spherical aberration, G a second plane mirror mounted at right angles to E, and H the viewing screen which for cabinet viewing is of the dispersive type and for wall projection of the reflective type.

A picture element A formed at the top of the raster emits light which is collected by the spherical mirror and is reflected as a convergent beam to mirror E and thence, via corrector lens F to mirror G from which it is again reflected, still as a

PROJECTION

TELEVISION

it is visible as a magnified image of picture element A.

Similarly a magnified image of a picture element B situated at the bottom of the raster is brought to focus at K at the top of screen H.

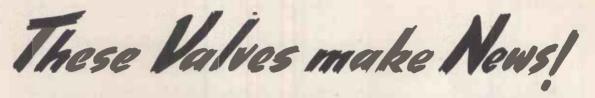
The length of the optical path, i.e. the combined distance from corrector lens F to mirror G and from mirror G to screen H must, of course, be such that the spot is correctly focussed on screen H. The correct distance is determined by the contour of lens F, and

the five standard models of the optical unit differ only in the design of the corrector lens, each model being suitable for a specified throw distance and corresponding picture size



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	Anode Voltage	300 v.		Anode Voltage		ubler 300 v.	Tripler 300 v.

Screen V Driving F Output F

300 v.
250 v.
0.35 w.
8.0 w.

TYPE	2C26A	Power	Triode	

This valve will function efficiently as oscillator or power amplifier at 150 Mc/s and is particularly suitable for pulse operation.

Screen Supply Voltage ...

Driving Power

Output Power

300 v.

0.6 w.

3.6 w.

300 v

0.6 w. 2.8 w.

RATINGS

Heater	Voltage	 6.3 v.
Heater	Current	 1.1 a.
		 400 v.
Anode	Dissipation	 10 w.

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The following is an independent report by J. C. G. Gilbert, F.R.S.A., Assoc. I.E.E., M.Brit. I.R.E., reprinted from the *Music Trades Review*, March, 1950

THE ACOS G.P.20 MICRO-CELL PICK-UP

Manufacturers: Cosmocord Ltd., Enfield, Mddx.

Price: £2 10s. plus £1 1s. 5d. purchase tax.

In the interesting realm of gramophone pickups, the crystal types have always been capable of producing excellent results when designed correctly and when operated with the correct circuit constants. The *Cosmocord* organisation have specialised in this type of pickup for many years, and the unit now under review must be the nearest approach to perfection yet reached for this crystal type.

Construction

The pickup head is a really diminutive size, being about one inch high, half inch wide and five-eighths of an inch deep. The sapphire needle employed is mounted on a flat stiff torsion arm that freely accommodates vertical movement, and conveys the modulated track to the crystal without any lost motion. To prevent damage to the armature and needle a more rigid spring finger takes up the shock if the pickup is dropped on accidentally the record. The head is mounted in a neat moulding with an attractive chromium motif. The head is detachable from the carrying arm and contact is made via two small spring contacts. The arm is a cream moulding with an offset head in order to reduce the tracking error, and at the rear end is a beautifully smooth bearing, incorporating a counterweight so that the pickup pressure on the record is between 12 to 14 grams. The base for mounting the pickup to the motorboard is adjustable between I the to 27 inches, thus accommodating all types of motor heights above the motorboard. An extremely thin screened lead from the head to the base is housed in a slot in the moulding, and due to its lightness it reduces drag to an absolute minimum.

The unit is supplied with a baseboard template for correct mounting and a moulded support for the pickup when not in use.

Test Report

The pickup was mounted according to the instructions, and the adjustable height of the arm greatly facilitated the correct position of the pickup head relative to the record. A series of tests were done with various' constant frequency records, with (a) an open circuit valve voltmeter, and (b) a wide range amplifier and Voigt domestic loudspeaker. The valve voltmeter test confirmed the published graph under this condition being flat from 30 cps. to 300 cps. followed by a gradual drop by 3db. to 1,000 cps. and remaining within I db. to above 10,000 cps With an amplifier having a grid leak of 500,000 ohms input, the bass register fell below 100 cps. to 30 cps. by 8 db. By the inclusion of a simple resistance capacity filter in parallel with the pickup, the whole of the response above 300 cps. can be raised to that below and then the pickup response is sensibly constant throughout the recording range. On some of the full amplitude cut constant frequency records one always expects to hear much direct radiation from the pickup itself, but one of the most remarkable points of the Acos pickup is the almost complete absence of noise. On standard recordings of wide dynamic range, the direct noise is so small that it can be heard only when the amplifier is shut off.

Compared with other types of pickups that possess a similar wide band characteristic, the output is extremely high, for it exceeds a half volt on normal records, and can therefore be used with the majority of commercial radio receivers without the need for a pre-amplifier. Modern high fidelity magnetic moving coil and ribbon types usually have outputs in the order of millivolts or even less, and therefore it is essential to use a fair amount of preamplification before connecting the signal to the main amplifier. This point alone should en-

courage many potential customers to purchase this pickup. The vertical flexibility of the needle armature motor rumble, that is noticeable on more rigidly mounted armatures, virtually disappears. Due to the very low downward pressure of 12/14 grams coupled with the freedom of movement, the sapphire should last for many hundreds of playings before any noticeable wear is experienced. During the period of this test the needle was inspected before using on an Adams and Hilger Shadowgraph that enlarged the needle by 50 times. After nearly two months' use, during which After nearly some 150 records were played, no measurable wear was found. The pickup was purposely dropped several times from two inches on to the record, and due to the efficiency of the spring protector no damage was suffered by the sapphire.

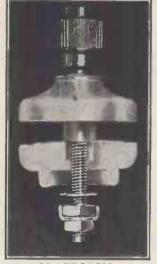
On musical records the results are truly outstanding. The delicacy of the violins, the sourness of the oboes, the snare of the timpani, and the pureness of the flute are all reproduced as near to the original as I have ever heard. Due to the lack of resonance within the recording range, the reduction of needle-scratch is "shush" in place of the normal "hiss." Transient most noticeable, giving a gentle reproduced and the piano suffers none of the added damping that many pickups provide. Truly this is a remarkable pickup, and even more so when one considers the extremely low price of 50s. plus purchase tax. I am aware only of two other pickups that can compare in performance with the Acos Microcell, and both of those handsomely exceed £20. To the engineers who have developed such a remarkable crystal pickup with its low noise, high output and negligible record weat every praise is due, and although the U.S.A. was the home of the crystal pickup, and it still enjoys high popularity, they have nothing to compete with this unit.

It is understood that supplies of this pickup are now becoming more plentiful, and from now on they should be available in small quantities.

COSMOCORD LIMITED • ENFIELD • MIDDLESEX Telephone: ENFIELD 4022

THE "BELLING-LEE" PAGE=

Providing technical information, service and advice in relation to our products and the suppression of electrical interference



20 MILLION

Twenty million of anything is a lot, 20 million megohms is the resistance of the new "Belling-Lee" high leakage resistance terminal specially designed for instrumentation in nuclear physics, triode electrometers, high resistance bridges, etc. A smaller type is available with a resistance of 3.6 million megohms. Tests were taken at 850 Volts D.C. 55° F and 70 relative humidity.

3-ELEMENT ARRAYS

We are often asked why we do not make a folded dipole array. Obviously if we felt that there was any practicable advantage was any practicable advantage over the type we do make, we would have done so long ago, but we have asked our Research Department for their comments which are quoted here

> (1) " The folded dipole enables the band width of a television aerial to be increased, but our most selective aerial, the "Multirod 4-element array, is capable of resolving the test card 3 Mc/s bars on the better class receivers. Therefore, the use of the folded dipole would not provide any better definition, but would increase slightly the amount of input noise to the receiver and the susceptibility to interference from radio and radar stations, diathermy, and industrial R.F. heating apparatus operating on nearby frequencies.

- (2) The output from a folded dipole is no greater than that obtainable from a dipole when matched to the receiver.
- (3) The cost is obviously greater because of the additional material and assembly involved.'

During the war, and in the services to-day, there are many applications for a folded dipole, largely on account of its greater bandwidth. For the purpose of television reception it seems to us that the development of the simple dipole with the impedance of 72 ohms is the most useful com-bination and the most economical to manufacture. We can hear the critics saying, "But Belling-Lee' aerials are expensive." Yes, the expense is not confined to the physical form the collector takes, there are many other considerations.

Repeating what we have often said before, raising a well designed quarter-wave spaced dipole and reflector by a few feet may give a greater improvement in signal than will be obtained by the substitution of a 3-element array at the original height. Readers will remember that we kept on stressing this point when we were asked for a 3-element array. We just do not see any useful improvement for the additional engineering involved. A 4-element array such as the "Multirod "* is quite a different proposition.

LIGHTWEIGHT T.V. AERIALS

Why we prefer $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ spacing

Whereas the $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ dipole and re-flector still tops the list as our standard television aerial, we have. for those not too far distant from a transmitter, or where an "H" is required only on account of its directional feature, recently introduced the lightweight range.

The elements of these new types have been reduced from 1 inch to inch diameter, and the distance between dipole and reflector has been reduced. This raises the old controversy of picture flutter in wind $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$, versus $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ spacing, etc. Picture flutter is bound up with the rate of change of gain with separation of dipole and reflector. From zero spacing to $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ the gain rises rapidly and thereafter falls very slowly by about 1 db. at $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$.

The effect of flutter may be demonstrated by anybody with the aid of a string on the tips of the elements by which they are pulled while the picture is being watched. There are two schools of thought,

and we are ready to admit that we may have over-rated the appreciative faculties of the public, who are obviously prepared to tolerate a somewhat inferior picture in certain bad weather conditions. We have, however, not reduced the spacing of our new aerials to $\frac{1}{8}\lambda$ but to 0.15 λ , hew aerials to $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ but to 0.15 λ , i.e., approximately $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$; at this distance picture flutter is not likely to be troublesome as the curve depicting it is fairly flat between $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ and $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$. This allows us to reduce pole diameters from 2 inch to 11 inch and to supply lashings and cross-arms of lighter materials.

This range must not be expected to stand up to heavy weather conditions in exposed locations, e.g., subject to south-west gales or in mountainous country.

MAKE A POINT OF PAINT

At this time of year, it is as well to remember that many aerial installations may have suffered in the autumn and spring gales, and have been rendered unsafe or in need of maintenance. With the house decorating season at its height and the availability of long ladders on the premises, it is wise to arrange an inspection. Certainly all steel aerials and brackets, etc., should be treated to a coat of good paint. The cable should be examined for signs of chafing and the whole installation examined in a general way.

SUPPRESSION OF MOTOR CAR IGNITION INTER-FERENCE

In the April issue, we invited readers of this page to write to us for a supply of leaflets printed by the Television Society which readers could send or hand to neighbours whose cars were 'unsuppressed.' The response has been most gratifying and others do please take advantage of this offer. We are beginning to feel that the efforts of the various committees interested in this matter, and our own efforts are at last bearing fruit. It has been a slow uphill fight and all can Viewers who have no car help. should also write for pamphlets. Dealers and garage owners have written for quantities : and some garages fit the suppressors free of charge, presumably in the hope that the beneficiary will fill up with petrol at the same time-and per-

haps come again. * "Multirod " with 14 ft. mast (13.18.0. L698 London, L699 Midland.

BELLING & LEE LTD (AMBRIDGE ARTERIAL RD., ENFIELD, MIDDX, ENGLAND

Basure on Business



12-watt High Fidelity Amplifier T101



rivalled reputation for reliability. Write for complete catalogue.

"TRIXETTE " portable automatic gramophone

Typical rack-mounted

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Self-contained Portable Model B65 (open)

THE TRIX ELECTRICAL CO., LTD 1-5 MAPLE PLACE-TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD-LONDON, W.1. TELEPHONE : MUSEUM 5817 GRAMS & CABLES: TRIXADIO, WESDO, LONDON.

JUNE, 1950

HIGH QUALITY REPRODUCTION

"FIFTY and THIRTY WATT" CINEMA AMPLIFIERS as illustrated for single or double P.E.C. input with separate adjustable bias. Full range of tone controls to suit all needs with built-in Exciter Supply if required. PRICES range from **34**¹/₂ gns. to **42**¹/₂ gns.





TYPE C.P. 20A AMPLIFIER

For AC Mains and 12 volt working giving 15 watts output, has switch change-over from AC to DC and "Stand-by" positions. Consumes only $5\frac{1}{2}$ amperes from 12 volt battery. Fitted with mu-metal shielded microphone transformer for 15 ohm microphone, provision for crystal or moving iron pick-up with tone control for bass and top. Outputs for 7.5 and 15 ohms. Complete in steel case with valves. PRICE **£28**.0.0

FOUR-WAY ELECTRONIC MIXER

This unit has 4 built-in balanced and screened microphone transformers, normally of 50-30 ohms impedance. It has 5 valves and selenium rectifier supplied by its own builtin screened power pack consumption 20 watts. Suitable for recording and dubbing, or large P.A. Installations since it will drive up to six of our 50 watts amplifiers



whose base dimensions it matches. The standard model has an output impedance of 20,000 ohms or less, and any impedance can be supplied to order. PRICE **£24.0.0**.



OTHER N						
" SUPER-FI	FTY WAT	T″ ·		PRICE	$36\frac{1}{2}$	gns.
"THIRTY	WATT "			,,	30 ¹ / ₂	gns.
" 10-15 WA	TT RECOR	D REPRO	DUCER "	,,	$25\frac{1}{2}$	gns.
These are	fitted in	well ve	ntilated	steel	cases	with
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Full details upon request. EXPORT ENQUIRIES INVITED.

VORTEXION LIMITED, 257.261 THE BROADWAY, WIMBLEDON, LONDON, S.W.19Telephones: LIB 2814 and 6242-3Telegrams: "Vortexion Wimble, London."

the user -

"I must congratulate you on your product which I think is one of the best I have heard. It compares favourably with much more expensive speakers."

the trade-

"I do agree with you when you state it to be the best speaker in domestic use. Quite candidly I will say it is the first time I have been satisfied with a speaker for quite a while I can now say to my friends and customers 'There, that's the type of speaker you want.'"

the technical press-

" On a plane baffle the Concentric Duplex gives a clean and full-bodied bass response of surprisingly good quality for a 10 in. diaphragm. The diaphragm suspension is also of a type well suited for use in conjunction with a cabinet of the ' bass-reflex' type if this is preferred."

> Wircless World February 1950 Table Cabinet Model - £11,3,0



Corner Console, less transformer £12.12.0

12in. chassis is now available and details will be sent on request.



Power handling capacity, 6 watts. Frequency range 50-14,000 c.p.s. Fundamental bass resonance, 65 c.p.s.

Complete with matching transformer and filter condenser.

£6 - 6 - 0

WHITELEY ELECTRICAL RADIO CO. LTD. · MANSFIELD · NOTTS · ENGLAND

YANKS ROLL IN LIKE LOCALS"

WHEN YOU HAVE A " D.X. PLUS TWO FEEDER **UNIT**" working in conjunction with the "TONEMASTER **AMPLIFIER.**"

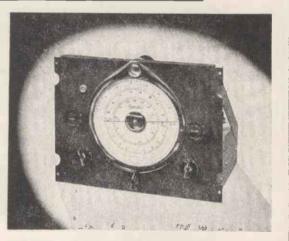
Every feature to ensure good listening is incorporated in this equipment, including Tone Controls, and Master Volume Controls brought out to a separate panel to facilitate mounting.

THE "D.X. PLUS TWO FEEDER UNIT " covers from 5 to 2,000 metres in five overlapping steps, plus infinitely variable selectivity, tuning indicator, etc.

THE "TONEMASTER" AMPLIFIER incorporates push-pull output, negative feedback and separate electronic tone control circuits.

OVERALL COST £44.10.0 plus purchase tax.

SOUND SALES' PRODUCTS are backed by 12 MONTHS IMPORTANT : We wish to disclaim that this company GUARANTEE, plus 20 years' experience in the manufacture has any connection whatsoever, with any other firm of electronic equipment.



marketing any product of a similar nature.

MANUFACTURERS OF ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS

I ondon Office, Demonstrations Lloyds Bank Chambers, 125 Oxford St., London, W.I.

(Gerrara 8782)

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The bat con Sele pro or the with Multi-Range Test Set Set Set

53 Ranges with Rotary Switch Selection

This uniquely comprehensive Test Set has 53 ranges for measuring AC and DC current and voltage, resistance and insulation. It is completely self-contained, with internal batteries to provide power for the ohms ranges and selfcontained power pack for insulation measurement at 500 v. Selection is carried out by two 20-position switches. A fully protective safety device is fitted and is operative for forward or reverse overload. The 150 division 6" scale is uniformly divided and is fitted with an anti-parallax mirror. The set is enclosed in a handsome bakelite case and fully complies with B.S.S. No. 89 covering first grade instruments. Full details of this, and other Weston electrical measuring instruments will gladly be supplied on request.

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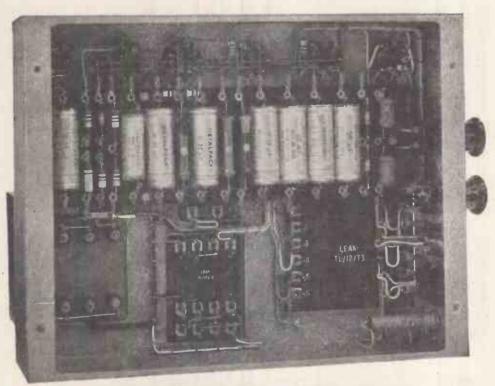


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CRAFTSMANSHIP

"I can most certainly say at this stage that the workmanship and finish are of a quality which I have never before encountered in the radio industry, despite the fact that my association with the industry in one capacity or another extends back over 27 years. I think you are to be congratulated all the more on this achievement in view of the increasing tendency nowadays towards inferior workmanship and design."

> Part of a letter from a purchaser who is a very well-known engineer and whose identity is known to the Editor of "Wireless World."



UNDER CHASSIS VIEW OF THE TL/12 POWER AMPLIFIER

LEAK equipment is built to laboratory standards in materials and workmanship by experienced men. TL/12 TRIPLE LOOP FEEDBACK AMPLIFIER Price £25.15.0 RC/PA REMOTE CONTROL PRE-AMPLIFIER Price £6.15.0

The high standard of workmanship of the TL/12 amplifier is apparent on inspection. Our claimed performance figures are substantiated by a NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY REPORT on tests they have made of the TL/12. We are the only amplifier manufacturers who publish such a report.

These amplifiers are the choice of many distinguished audio engineers for high quality reproduction in their own homes.

APPLY TO YOUR LOCAL DEALER FOR FREE 16-PAGE ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET W/TL/12 OR WRITE TO US.

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JUNE, 1950

MOS-THE HOUSE FOR **VALUE & SERVICE**



H.P. A.C. MOTORS

56

H.P. A.C. MUTUKS We now present to you a superb A.C. mains motor, approximately \$ H.P., to work on 220-2507, 50 cycles A.C. It has a speed of approx. 2,500 r.p.m. These motors are fitted with a grindstone and buff. Need NO ADAPTATION whatever. In addition they are fitted with a 3ft. 3-way mains lead. Callers only 25/-

POWER UNIT 87

A rotary transformer for 24 volts input, having outputs of 250 v. and 6.3 volts D.C. Contained in neat black case with smoothing. (Carr, pkg, 2/-). Each 5/11Also available, Power Unit 104 as above but 12 v. input.

AUDIO MODULATOR **TYPE** 76

9-valve equipment comprising 2 stages I.F. amplification (560 kc/s) Detector A.V.C. separate B.F.O., 1-stage audio output (Phone). Also 4-valve push-pull modulation amplifier (1 valve used as A.F. oscillator on M.C.W.)

Complete with valves and power unit (24v. D.C. input with outputs of 250 v. D.C.).

Valve line-up: 2 KT33C; 2 EF36; 3 EF39; I EBC33 and I EF50.

Brand-new and complete in transit case

(Carr., pkg., 7/6). A limited quantity to clear.

CONTROL KNOBS

A set of three knobs, engraved SW, MW, and LW. Two knobs fluted for easy turning. A FIRST CLASS JOB-BROWN, WITH BRASS INSERTS-BRAND-NEW. The Set, (Post and pkg., 3d.) 2/6

R.1132A

K.113ZA Normally, this 10-valve receiver covers the range roo/124 mc/s. By simple alteration to the coils, the range may be extended to cover 144/146 mc/s. Additional sensitivity can be secured—if desired—by the use of a 6J6 or 9003 broad band R.F. stage. The receiver has a large full vision dial with superb slow motion control. AVC control is effected on all the normal stages, and the local oscillator is voltage stabilised. An S meter is included. included

A few left to clear. Condition **£2** 19 Carriage and packing (in transit cases), 5/- extra.



SPECIAL METER **OFFER!** 10

A brand-new o-100 M/A instrument as illustrated. Made by E. Turner and fitted with push - button shorting switch. 21in. dial. ONLY 8/6

Postage, packing 9d.).

MINIATURE SUPERHET COIL PACK

Here is a REALLY SMALL COIL PACK which Here is a REALLY SMALL COLL PACK which simplifies the design and construction of an ALL WAVE Superhet. It measures 3½in. long, 1;in. wide, and 2in. deep. Within these dimensions are contained the trimmers and fixed padders. The unit is SINGLE HOLE FIXING and only four leads have to be connected to the Frequency Changer. Each unit is pre-aligned by the manufacturers and designed for an IF of 465 Kc.

The ranges are Short, Medium and Long-standard ranges-and the coils wound with litz wire. Tuning capacity 500 pfd.

SOLDER GUN

The Burgoyne Solder gun needs no introduc-tion. It is the finest soldering instrument for radio and television engineers. No wasted electricity. No element to burn out. Press the button, count seven and the job is done. BRAND-NEW AND BOXED, List price 79/6. OUR PRICE 52/6 2-Year Guarantee. Post free.

SUPPLY UNITS No. 1

Outputs 500 v. at 50 MA, 275 v. at 110 MA, fully smoothed and suppressed. Designed for use with Wireless Set 19. Input 12 v. D.C. This is the ideal Mobile Power Unit. (Carr., pkg. 5/-). AS NEW 12/6

BRAND-NEW SURPLUS

DC AVO MINORS, in cases LIST PRICE : 25 5 0

Our Price : £3 10 0

MINE DETECTOR AMPLIFIERS

Here is the chance to buy a spare amplifier chassis for the mine detector which you purchased. Complete with all components, but less valves. BRAND-NEW, **2/6** (*Post, pkg., 9d.*)

TELESCOPIC AERIAL (ex Dinghy)

Extends from 15in. to 9ft. Ideal for use with field-strength meters or portable receivers. BRAND-EACH. 7,6 (Post, pkg., 1/3). NEW

HAND MICROPHONES

Brand-new moulded bakelite hand microphones, with switch incorporated in handle. Complete with lead and jack. TWO for 3/6 (Post, pkg., 9d.)

TRANSMITTING CONDENSER

A ceramic insulated condenser, having wide-spaced vanes, suitable for P.A. operation. Satisfactory for use on voltages up to 750 v. Capacity 130 pf. 1/6



HIRE-PURCHASE FACILITIES ON VIEWMASTER COMPONENTS

We can offer facilities on components for VIEWMASTER television receiver according to the following scale :

Ref.	Components	De- posit	I2 Monthly Pay- ments of
A.	W.B. Chassis, Tube Supports, Speaker, Valve Holders etc.	£2	8/2
В.	T.C.C. Conden- sers. LONDON	£2	9/1
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F.	Morganite Resi- stors, Q.Pots, Col- vern Pots, Wearite Coils, Belling Feeder, Belling Connector, GEC Neons, Bulgin Panels and LONDON switch. MIDLAND		5/11 6/5

DEPOSIT £5. (Instruction Book 5/- extra).

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ALTITUDE LIMIT SWITCH

Consists of a two bank Yaxley Switch, each bank being single-pole eleven-way, and the two banks separated by two inches. Contains also eleven 7,700 ohm I watt resistors. Complete with dial and knob in aluminium case. Will make ideal multi-range meter selector switch. BRAND-NEW. U.S.A. MADE

POWER UNIT TYPE 228

Outputs 4,000 v. and 350 v. D.C. (stabilised). Input 80 v. 1,500 c/s. Brand-new in transit cases size 9in. x 8¹/₂in. x 19in. Complete with 3 valves, 6V6G, 5U4G and SU2150A.

ONLY 12/6

(Carriage, packing 7/6).

R.3515

21-valve radar units with six stage 14 MC I.F. Strip. There is sufficient space on the chassis to construct a complete TV receiver—excluding EHT. Valves : one EA30, ten SP61, five EB36, three EBC33, one EF39, one EB34. (See article May issue "Short Wave Listener."). BRAND-NEW IN TRANSIT CASES

£3 10 0

(Carr. Paid).



EACH 2/-

(Post, pkg., 6d.)



riage and Packing 15/-)

CIRCUIT DETAILS

The Vision Receiver consists of 4 R.F. stages (EF54's) which are followed by a Diode Detector and Noise Limiter (6H6) which is directly coupled to the Video valve (EF54). Complete Kit with valves, £3/16/0. Carriage and packing 2/6.

The Sound Receiver comprises 3 R.F. stages (6SH7's) followed by a Double Diode Triode (6Q7), which acts as Detector and L.F. Amplifier. A Noise Limiter (EA50) is also incorporated. The output valve (6V6) drives a 10in. P.M. Moving Coil Speaker with closed field magnet, which is included in the Time Base Kit.

Complete Kit with valves, £3/1/0. Carriage and packing 2/6.

The Time Bases employ blocking oscillators on both Line (6SH7 and 807), and Frame (VR137 and 6V6). E.H.T. (Non-lethal) is taken from the Line Output Transformer through a voltage doubler employing two valves (VUIII). The Sync separators are 6H6 and 6V6.

Permanent Magnet Focusing.

Complete Kit with valves, £8/5/6. Carriage and packing 5/-

The Power Supply is from a double wound mains transformer completely isolating the receiver from the mains. The H.T. Rectifier is a 5U4G.

Complete Kit with valves £4/16/6. Carriage and packing 5/-.

EACH KIT OR INDIVIDUAL PART AVAILABLE SEPARATELY

The following sensitivity figures prove that the Premier Televisor Kit is capable of reception at greater distances than any other standard commercial kit or receiver whether T.R.F. or Superhet.

VISION RECEIVER

Sensitivity : 25 µV for 15V peak to peak measured at the Anode of the Video Valve. Sound Rejection : Better than 40 db. Adjacent Sound Rejection : Midland Model. Better than 50 db.

SOUND RECEIVER

Sensitivity : 20µV. Vision Rejection : Better than 50 db

167 LOWER CLAPTON ROAD, LONDON, E.5 Telephone : AMHerst 4723

" MAGNETIC " CONSTRUCTION BOOK 3/-





PREMIER MIDGET RADIO KIT. Due to greatly increased production we are now able to offer this Kit at a greatly reduced price. Including an attractive frown or lovery Bakelle case. 12in. hong ×5in, wide× 8in. high. The valce line-up is 6K7, 6J7, 64% and a Selenium Rectifier in the A.C. model; and 6K7, 6J7, 2636 and a Selenium Rectifier in the A.C.D.C. model. Hoth are for use on 200 to 230 voltmains. The disiteliuminated, and the receiver presents a very attractive appearance. Coverage is for the new medium and iong wavebands. Complete kits of parts with cabinet and diagrams. 84/19/6, Inc. Purchase Tax. Bate if A.C. or A.C./D.C. is required.

PREMIER MIDGET SUPERHET KIT. This powerful Midget Superhet Receiver is designed to cover the short wavebands between 16 and 50 metres and the medium wavebands between 200 and 537 metres. Two models are produced, one for 200-250 ovil A.C. mains. Both are other for 200-260 volts A.C. or D.C. mains. Both are supplied with the same plastic cohes the A.C. Mains. Both are Receiver. The A.C. valve line-up is dKR, 6K7, 6Q7, 6V6 and a Scientum Rectifier. The A.C./D.C. line-up is the same, with the exception of the output valve, which is a 25A6. The dial is illuminated, making a very attractive receiver.

Complete kit of parts with cabinet and diagrams, 26/19/6, inc. Purchase Tax, State if A.C. or A.C./D.C. is required.

PLASTIC CABINETS, as Illustrated above. In Brown or Ivory, 17/6.

COLLARO AUTÓMATIC RECORD CHANGERS. Type RC500 Rim-drive. Plays nine loin. or l2in. records. A.C. 100/250 v., with High Fidelity Magnetic or Grystal Pick-up, £10/15/-. With Sapphire Stylus, or Crysta £11/8/4

COLLARO GRAMOPHONE UNITS. High-grade Rim-drive Motors, complete with Pick-up and Automatic Stop-Start. A.C. 100/250. With Mag-metic Pick-up, £5/3/2. With Crystal Pick-up, £5/17/7.

COLLARO GRAMOPHONE UNITS AT NEARLY HALF PRICE. Motor, Tone arm and Pick-up in one unit. Auto 840-81art, variable speed, 12in. turntable. Induc-tion Motor for 106/280 v., 50 cycles, with Magnetic Pick-up, 82/64/-. With Crystal Pick-up, 827/64/9.

CONRAD GRAMOPHONE MOTORS. A reliable Rim-drive Motor for A.C. 200-250 v. operation \$2:17/6, with Turntable.

GOVERNMENT SURPLUS MAINS TRANSFORMERS. All are for use on 230 wolt 50 cycle Mains.

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WILLIAMSON AMPLIFIER KIT. We can supply the Kit of Parts for the latest version of this famous amplifier complete in every detail for £10/10/-, with Valves.

WILLIAMSON AMPLIFIER OUTPUT TRANSFORMERS to specification. 63.-. Mains Transformers, 45/-.

H.T. ELIMINATOR AND TRICKLE CHARGER KIT. All parts to construct an eliminator to give an output of 120 volts at 20 mA, and 2 volts to charge an accum-ulator. Unes metal rectifiers, 35/-.

TELEVISION AERIALS. The K.A. Loft Aerial for those close to the transmitter. London or Birmingham frequency, 20/-.

WALL FIXING DIPOLE, 32/6.

WALL FIXING DIPOLE, with reflector, 60 -

See our new catalogue for complete range.

MULLARD MW22/3 9in. MAGNETIC TUBES. We can offer a limited quantity of these new and unused Tubes MULLARD MW22/3 Mm. MAMFTIC TUBES. We can offr a limited quantity of these new and unused Tubes at £3/15/-. TO CALLERS ONLY. V.C.R.97, C.R. Tubes, New and tested to give full-size picture, 35/- each. The following C.R. Tubes at low prices. All perfect. Type Diameter Persistence Price

1 2 100				E CLAISINCH		1100
NC18 (CV966)				Long		5'-
ACR8 (OV 1381)		51	in.	Short		15/-
VCR112 (CV1112)		51	In.	Short		15/-
VCR517E (CV1595)		61	in.	Long		20/-
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All have 4 v. Heaters.	80	reen	colou	r is green.		-
TRANSMITTING AND	s	PECI	AL F	URPOSE	VAL	VES.
705 A)/-		8 (OV1197)		5/-
861		5/-				10/-
832		×1-	HY1	14B (CV35	05)	15/-
V868 (CV1068)		3/6		00/E(CV35		15/-
EL266 (CV15))/-				5/-
805						10/-
		0/-				5/-
E1191 (CV12))/-				5/-
EHTT (CV19))/-		(CV187)		6/8
VT30 (CV1030)		7/6		(CV649)		3/6
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E1232 (CV92)	20	/-		(Klystron		5/-
PT25H (CV1046)		1-		0 (CV1072)		7/6
VU133A (CV54)	6	18		(OV1755)		3/6
ADI (CV1314)	i	3/6		8 (CV1102)		6/6
DQP (CV1141)		/6		(CV1262)		6/6
717A (CV3594)		/6		6 (OV20)		6/6
KB/S Magnetron		10		10		6/6
(CV186)	40	E.		9 (CV76)		40/-
	-210	4				

ELECTRON MULTIPLIER PHOTO CELL TUBES. Type 931A. Brand new. Guaranteed, 30/-. Type 931A. Base, 2 6.

Number 200. T.V. WHITE RUBBER MASKS. We can now supply a specially designed White Rubber Mesk for din. C.R. Tubes at 7/8 each. Sin. White Masks, 9/6, 121n. White Mesks, 16/11 SUPER GUALITY TELEVISION MACHIFYING LENS. to suit 51n., 61n. or 71a. Tubes. Increase picture size condistration, 26, each.

PERMANENT MAGNET FOCUS POTS. Available for all Tubes. 15/-. Please state Tube used.

THE PREMIER (Greatly enlarged)

contains all the newest TV Kits, Com-ponents, Aerials, Tubes, etc., in addition to thousands of Radio Bargains.

Now ready - 6d

SUPER MOVING COLL MIKE AND STAND. We have purchased the entire stock of a famous Manufacturer of PA Equipment at a very low price, and are offering a Solo- Super Moving Coll Mike, with a chromium plotted folding stand to match. The list price of the stand was Solo-

WE OFFER THE PAIR AT 79/6. LESS THAN HALF THE USUAL PRICE.

DSPEAKERS ty famous	
34in. 9/- 5in. 10/-	8in., 12/6 10in. 23/6
5in. 13/6	12in. 39/6
BEARING BALL	Department

LOID

MOVING COIL EARPIECES. Comprise a lin. Moving Coil Loudspeaker fitted with noise excluding rubber caps. Make excellent Mikes. Phones or Speakers, 2/- each.

SPECIAL HEADPHONE OFFER. High-grade Double Headphones, using balanced armature units, D.C. Res. 60 ohms, 3/6 per pair. Matching transformer if required, 2/6 each.

 SPECIAL OFFER OF ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

 16 + 16mt 500 v. working.
 4/11

 8 + 8mt 500 v. working.
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 32 + 32mt 530 v. working. all. cans
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 32mt 350 w. working. all. cans
 4/21

 31mt 350 w. working. all. cans
 2/6

 16mt 350 v. working. dd. cans
 2/6

 8mt 450 v. working. cardboard
 2/8

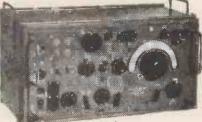
 4mt 500 v. working. cardboard
 2/6

 16 + 8 mt 450 v. working. all. cans
 2/11

 All Capacities and Voltages available.
 4/11

MOVING COIL METERS. A1 24in. outside diameter. 1 mA, 7/6; 5 mA, 5/-; 50 mA, 86; 150 mA, 6/-; 20amp, 705; 40 mp, 76; 20 v. 6/6; stat. 1 mA, 15/1; 30 mA, 10/6; 200 mA, 8/6; 500 miclemaps, 15/1; 30 mA, 10/6; 200 mA, 8/6; 500 miclemaps, 15/-; 35 amp, 5/-; 31n. 2 amp, 8/6; Electrostatic 5/n: 2kV, 25/-.

A LARGE NEW PURCHASE ENABLES US TO OFFER AT A LOWER PRICE THAN EVER R107. ONE OF THE ARMY'S FINEST COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVERS. August, 1945.)



9 valvzs, R.F. amp. osc. Frequency Changer, 2 L.F.s. (465 kc.), 2nd Detector, A.V.O. Af. amp. B.F.O. A.O. mains, 100-250 v. or 12 v. accum. Frequency range 17.5 to 7 Mc/s. 7.36 Mc/s to 2.9 Mc/s. 20 to 1.2 Mc/s. Monitor L8. built in. Complete. Write for full details. Price £12/12/-, plus 21/- carriage and packing.

BATTERY CHARGERS. Input 100/250 v. A.C. Output 15 volts at 16 amps. Continuously variable metered output. Usual price \$24, Our price, \$10/10/- cach, plus 10/- carriage.

A.C. ALL-WAVE SUPERMET CHASSIS. 7 valves (plus metal rectifiers) for 200-250 v., 40-60 cycle A.C. mains. 4 Wavebands, 13.6-52, 51-200, 200-550 and 900-2, 100 metres.

metres. Pick-up input. Uses 6K7, 6K8, 6K7, 6B8, 647 and 2-6V6 in push-pull, giving an output of 10 watts. Specially designed OP transformer to match 6V6's to 3 and 15 ohm speakers. Negative feedback is appled over 3 stages giving a high fideliky output. Tone controlls incorporated. Completely wired and tested. g15, 179. Also available for A.O./D.C. Mains. Specification as above except that value line up is 6K7. 6K8, 6K7, 697, 6J7, 2-25A6. In Kitform at £13/8/10.

ALUMINIUM CHASSIS. 16 S.W.G. Substantially made of bright aluminium with four sides.

	Price
7 × 3] × 2in.	3/3
91 × 41 × 2in.	4/-
10 × 8 × 24in.	5/6
$12 \times 9 \times 21$ in.	6/8
$14 \times 9 \times 21$ in.	6/11
16 × 8 × 21 in	7/3
$20 \times 8 \times 2$ in.	7/11
$22 \times 10 \times 21$ in.	10/-
$10 \times 9 \times 3$ in.	6/3
$12 \times 10 \times 3$ in.	6/10
$14 \times 10 \times 3$ in.	7/11
16 × 10 × 3in.	8/6
$20 \times 10 \times 3$ in.	10/-

MAINS NOISE ELIMINATOR KIT. Two specially designed chokes with three smoothing condensers with circuit diagram. Cuts out all mains noise. Can be assembled inside existing receiver. 6/- complete.

CO-AXIAL CABLE. Super quality cable, consisting of a centre copper core, a polyvinitesin typeinsulator, a fexible screen, a weather-proof P.V.C. outer cover. Just the thing for Television lead-in, super mike cable, etc., 80 ohms impedance, Cat. No. G.755, 3d. per foot.

GRAMOPHONE AMPLIFIER KIT. Consists of Complete Kit of Parts for a 21 watt, Mains-operated 2-stage Amplifier for use with any type of pick-up. Volume and tone controls are incorporated. Output impedance is 3 ohms. Cat. No. AMPl47. Price complete. 59/6 For 200-250 w. mains with valves and diagrams.

SECTIONAL WHIP AERIAL. Three sections which plug into each other making an aerus 12'6' iong. Thunnest section jin. diam. thickest section jin. diam. proof enamel. 3/6 each complete. INSULATED BASE for above, 2/6 each.

METER KIT. A FERRANTI 500 MICROAMP M/C METER, with separate High Stability, High Accuracy, Resistors to mensure, 15. 60, 150 and 600 voits D.C. Scale length lifin, diameter 21in. 10/- the complete kit.

5 KY. ELECTROSTATIC VOLTMETER. Scale length Sin., flush mounting, 41in., diameter, £2/10/-.

207, EDGWARE ROAD, W.2 AND AT-Phone : AMBassador 4033 All POST ORDERS to 167, LOWER CLAPTON ROAD, LONDON, E.5. 'Phone : AMHerst 4723 EDGWARE ROAD IS OPEN UNTIL 5 p.m. ON SATURDAYS



As is usual in all Premier Kits every single item down to the last Bolt and Nut is supplied. All chassis are punched and layout diagrams and theoretical circuits are included.

Five Easy to Assemble Kits are supplied :			St. Lebur		
VISION RECEIVER with valves, carriage 2/6	£3	13	6		
SOUND RECEIVER with valves, carriage 2/6	£2	14	6		
TIME BASE with valves, carriage 2/6	£2	7	6		
POWER SUPPLY UNIT with valves, carriage 5/		3	0		
TUBE ASSEMBLY, carriage and packing 2/6	£2	18	6		

This unit includes the VCR97 Tube, Tube Fittings and Socket and a 6in. P.M. Moving Coil Speaker with closed field for Television. The Instruction Book costs 2/6, but is credited if a Kit for the complete Televisor is purchased.

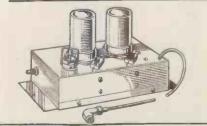
Any of these Kits may be purchased separately; in fact, any single part can be supplied. A complete priced list of all parts will be found in the Instruction Book.

20 Valves are used, the coils are all wound and every part is tested. All you need to build a complete Television Receiver is a screwdriver, a pair of pliers, a soldering iron and the ability to read a theoretical diagram.

The following sensitivity figures prove that the Premier Televisor Kit is capable of reception at greater distances than any other standard commercial kit or receiver whether T.R.F. or Superhet.						
	VISION RECEIVER.					
Sensitivity	25µv for 15v peak to peak measured at the Anode of the Video Valve.					
Sound Rejection	Better than 40 db.					
Adjacent Sound Rejection	Midland Model. Better than 50 db.					
	SOUND RECEIVER.					
Sensitivity	20µv. Vision Rejection, better than 50 db.					

A well-made walnut finish PEDESTAL CABINET is available from stock at £5/10/0 plus 7/6 carriage and packing.

Working Models can be seen during transmitting hours at our Fleet Street and Edgware Road Branches.



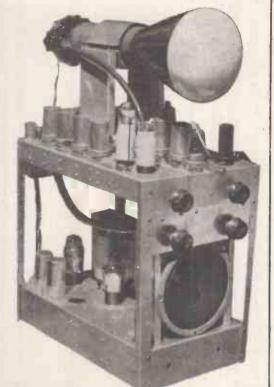
PRE-AMPLIFIER FOR FRINGE RECEPTION AREAS

We can supply the complete kit of parts to make this wide band width Pre-Amplifier, using 2 EF54 Pentodes. Powered by the TV Kit, it is completely screened. With all parts, valves, chassis, diagrams, etc., 27/6. All parts available separately.

When ordering Televisor kits PLEASE STATE IF THE LONDON OR BIRMINGHAM MODEL IS REQUIRED

152-153, FLEET STREET, E.C.4 Phone: CENtral 2833

Terms of Business : Cash with order or C.O.D. over £1. Send 2d. stamp for list. 207. EDGWARE ROAD IS OPEN UNTIL 6p.m. ON SATURDAYS



ONE MORE MONTH

OUR SALE PERIOD HAS NOW BEEN EXTENDED UNTIL 31st JUNE, AND WHERE STILL AVAILABLE PREVIOUSLY ADVERTISED GOODS MAY BE PURCHASED AT THE SPECIAL SALE PRICES UNTIL THIS DATE.

Amplifier 40 Watt

USES two 6L6's in push-pull with 6V6 USES two 6L6's in push-pull with 6V6 feeder, complete with power pack giving up to 300 m.A. D.C. The whole mounted on chassis size $11 \times 13 \times 4in$. on which is also mounted push-pull output transformer. Equipment is store solied but unused. Valves are brand new. Sale price is \$14/10/0, plus partly returnable packing case deposit and carriage charge of 12/6.

Feeder Unit to Work With **Above** Amplifier

COMPRISES a 3-wave band superhet and special one valve input circuits for microphone and gramophone. Controls include: microphone volume, gramophone volume, radio volume, and tone control. The equipment is store soiled, unused. Valves are brand new. Sale price is $\xi_5/10/0$, plus partly returnable packing case deposit and carriage charge of 10/-.

Metal Console Cabinet

To take the above amplifier and radio freder unit, size 3ft 6in. high x rand controls for external speakers. These cabinets are finished in black crackle, but in all cases they may need recrackling because of careless handling and storage. Price is only $\xi_3/10/0$ each, plus partly returnable packing case deposit and carriage charge of ξ_1 .

Special Offer

IF you buy the three items described above, If you buy the three terms described above, you will have a very fine public address outfit suitable for medium size works or hall. The price if you take the three units together is ξ_{23} , plus partly returnable packing case deposit and carriage charge of \pounds_{I} .

Push-Pull Driver Transformer

MADE by a very famous company, fully implegnated and tested 1,0000. between windings and frame, primary 70,000 ohms centre tapped, 2 separate secondaries, each 5 to 1, upright mounting size $3\frac{1}{2}\times 2\frac{1}{2}\times 4in$. really superior quality will enhance any amplifier. Sale price 10/- each.

Push-Pull Output Transformer

SAME maker to match the above driver transformer. Primary impedance 4,000 ohms centre tapped, secondary 15 ohms tapped 7.5 ohms. Monitor winding upright mount-ing, size 5×4½×5in. Sale price 12/6 each.

Smoothing Choke

SAME make and matches the above driver and output transformers, 10 Henry'g at 170 m.A. D.C. D.C. resistance 100 ohms, upright mounting size 5×5×44in. Sale price 10/-.

Special Offer No. 2

THE three items above for 27/6, which is probably less than half of the actual cost. All these items are new and unused and in good condition, not Government Surplus.

Air Cored Choke

INDUCTANCE 6 m/H. at 50 cycles very high current, no measurable D.C. resis-tance. Upright mounting impregnated, size 5×5×44in., finest quality. Sale price, 7/6 each.

Air Cored Choke

INDUCTANCE 8.5 m/H. at 50 cycles, no measurable D.C. resistance, size $5 \times 5 \times 44$ in impregnated, high quality finish. Sale price 7/6 each.

Very High Current Smoothing Choke

IRON cored, size $4\frac{1}{5} \times 5\frac{1}{5}$, 7 Henry, no measurable D.C. resistance, high quality finish, will stand really large current without any appreciable volt drop. Sale price 7/6 each.

Mains Transformer

MATCHES the above transformers and chokes, by same manufacturer and really good quality. Primary 10-0-110-200-220-240v., H.T. secondary 425-0-425v. at 200 m/a., L.T. 5v. at 3 amp., L.T. 2.5 v. tapped to give 6.6v. and 8.4v. both at 4 amps. 2,000v. insulation tester between windings and frame. Sale price 20(6). and frame. Sale price 29/6

Sensitive Relay

A MERICAN make, closes at 4 m.A., heavy duty change over contacts. Sale price 12/6 each.

Tuneable Inductances

HEAVILY silver plated, with silver wheel for making contact at any point as ceramic former of the inductance turns. Sale price 27/6 cach.

Army Short Wave Receiver R109

THIS is a 6v. car battery operated receiver, range 1.8-8.5 m/cs. The vibrator unit is easily removable, thus leaving a receiver which can be operated off z. accumulators and a standard H.T. battery. It is an 8-valve superhet communications receiver. The case which is fitted with a metal front-guard is size 14×10×11 in. Unused and in first-class condition complete with spare valves, spare vibrator and instruction book. Sale price $\frac{6}{6}10/0$, plus 10/- carriage and packing. packing.

Control Unit "F"

Control Unit "F" THE purpose of this unit was to remote-control a receiver or transmitter, but with practically no modification it can become a field telephone, as it contains the following items: hand operated magneto generator, magneto bell, morse key, three key switches, seven brass terminals, two metal rectifiers, three mansbridge condensers, 1,000 ohm pot meter, speech transformer, three-way six-pole iack switch, 2,000 ohm relay, and miscellaneous items such as plugs, pointer knobs, resistors, condensers, etc. All con-tained in an excellent metal box, size tox tox 6 jin. Sale price 9/6, plus 3/6 carriage and packing.

Test Set 72

Test Set 72 This consists of two separate instruments, (a) an oscillator and (b) an absorption wave meter which tune over the range 2Co-240 m/cs. Contains many fine components, some of which are two-vernier slow-motion drives, calibrated o-180, magic eye viewing assembly with magic eye valves, on/off toggle switch, pot meters, flexible insulated couplings, two-gang tuning condenser, air trimmers, Yaxley-type switch, miscellaneous condensers and resistors. Equipment is unused and complete with valves as follows : five H.F. pentodes, one magic eye, one V.H.F. triode and one V.H.F. diode, all 6.3 v. heaters. Sale price 32/6, carriage and packing 5/- extra.

Motor Alternator

GIVING 230v. 50 cycle A.C. from a 12v., car battery. Output approxi-mately 100v., thus large enough to work the average type of domestic receiver and many appliances. Sale price £3/10/0, plus 4/6 carriage. Ditto but 24v., input £2/10/0, plus 4/6 carriage.

Indicating Watt Meter 6 in.

A SWITCHBOARD instrument for three-phase four-wire circuits, complete with current transformers and matched extenal tesistance box, made by a very famous firm, and suitable for 200v. or 400v. Sale price £7/10/0.

Switchboard Ammeter 6 in.

SCALE reading 600 amps at 200v. or 300 amps at 400 volts, 50 cycle matches the above watt meter. Sale price £4/10/0.

Wheatstone Bridge

I N a fine teak case, really good grade instru-ment, with heavy stud switch and centre reading galvanometer, suitable for low resis-tance readings to a high degree of accuracy up to 220 ohms. Sale price $\mathfrak{f1/19/6}$.

American Radar Unit A/APN4

A/APN4 This is a fifteen valve airborne receiver for radar which houses in addition to its own components the power supplies for the cathode ray indicator unit. The chassis size is 18×9×8in. and the whole receiver hybrid the second second second second voltage that an oblong metal container. The whole contains a host of really useful parts, to mention a few: high voltage power trans-former (high cycle) complete with high voltage smoothing equipment which includes three 25 mfd. 2,500V. paper condensers, high voltage valve sockets and porcelain top cap connectors, medium voltage power trans-former (high cycle) with 8 mfd. volt smoothing condensers, 13 international octal valve sockets, four-bank four-position Yaxley-type switch, three toggle switches, fuse holders, pilot lamp holders valve retaining clips, coils, rimmers, I.F. transformers, iron-dust cores and hundreds of small condensers of best makes and many sizes and capacities, ditto for resistors. Sale price 17/6, plus 5/-carriage.

Service Sheet Manuals

CHAMPION, volume No. 4: gives details of American sets, R.C.A. Victor, General Electric and Admiral. The volume covers some 25 receivers giving circuit diagrams, component values and alignment data. Champion, volume No. 5: covers 49 Emerson receivers. Sale price 1/9 either manual, or 3/- for the two.

Service Engineers Collection

Collection THIS is a folder containing 100 service sheets, covering British receivers which have been sold in big quantities, and which every service engineer is ultimately bound to meet. The following makers are included : Aerodyne, Alba, Bush, Cossor, Ekco, Ever-Ready, Ferguson, Ferranti, G.E.C., H.M.V., Kolster Brandes, Lissen, McMichael, Marconi, Mullard, Murphy, Philco, Phillips, Pye, Ultra, and in addition the folder contains the two Champion volumes previously described. Undoubtedly a mine of informa-tion invaluable to all who earn their living from radio servicing. Sale price & for the complete folder.

I.F. Alignment Peaks

THIS book gives the I.F. frequencies of more than 4,700 receivers including British, American and continental types. Every popular British set is covered, and in addition hints on finding the frequencies of unknown British sets are also given. Sale price 3/9.

Miscellaneous Publications

MISCELIANCOUS FUDILCATIONS THESE give circuit diagrams and details of Ex-Government receivers and equip-ment. In practically all cases the information has been extracted from official publications. Separate booklets for each piece of equipment. Booklets available covering the following : R1155, R208, R109, TR1196, TR18, BC348, BC312, R1116, Wireless Set 22, R107, R103, BC221, BC342, Pre-Amp from RF27, Pre-Amp from Unit 208A, T.V. Receiver from 1¹/₄ mette supethet for London or Birmingham, T.V. receiver from 3150, etc. T.V. receiver from 194 stuip or 1355 strip-Dual band T.V. receiver. Sale price of any of these booklets is 1/9 each, 12 for 18/-. All post free.

Mains Transformers

DROP through 250-0-250 at 60 m.A., U 6.3v. 3 amp., 5v. 2 amp. or 4v. 4 amp., 4v. 2 amp. Sale price 14/6 each.

Volume Controls

FULL length spindle, any value 2K-2 meg. not Government Surplus, with switch 3/9, less switch 2/6.

Contractors 25 Amp.

COIL voltage is 24v. D.C., but with a rewind or a small rectifier they will close off A.C. These have very heavy silver contacts which probably have a precious metal value greater than we ask for the con-tactor. Sale price 1/3 each, 12/- dozen.

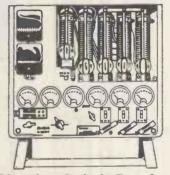
Vacuum Delay Switches FOUR-PIN British base 6.3 v. one minute delay. Sale price 7/6 each.

Radio Control

HIGHLY sensitive light weight relay, closes on two milliamps, weight only 1³ oz. Solid platinum changeover contacts, adjustable pressure. Sale price 13/6 each.

Last Time at This Price

THE toin, speaker with tzin, quality, a real precision product made by a very famous firm whose name we are not allowed to mention, but you will recognise it imme-diately. This speaker has three special speech coil suspension to give wider fre-quency response, (3) dust proof cone assem-bly. Speech coil is normal 2-3 ohm impedance. Sale price 15/-, plus 2/6 post and insurance.



Charging Switch Board

Charging Switch Board THIS contains five high-wattage slider type variable resistors, four flush meters reading up to 15 amps each, and one reading up to 40 amps. In addition there is a volt-meter with 'a selector switch to permit voltage checking of all circuits, two cut-outs, switches, fuses and terminals. The whole being mounted on a panel and enclosed in a metal case with doors and feet. A source of D.C. feed in will be split up to permit battery charging at varying currents. If used with a generator the field of same and hence its voltage output can be controlled by the first slider. Excellent break-down value, as any one of the sliders would cost much more than we ask for the whole unit. Sale price 47/6, carriage 12/6.

Radio Control

SELECTOR switch 10B, sometimes known SELECTOR switch roB, sometimes known. This consists of a solenoid, the armature of which is connected to a ratchet wheel so that each time the solenoid is energised the ratchet wheel moves round one notch. Secondary switches are built-in which permit : continuous running, inching, following a four-position switch and undoubtedly a host of other operations. Articles have appeared in journals showing how these may be operated by radio impulses and thus control models. Sale pice 3/9 each, six for 18/-. Order selector switch roB.

Midget Thyratron

A MERICAN make type No. 2D21, 6.3v. .6 amp. heater, peak plate current 500 m.A., average plate current 100 m.A. B7G box ideal for radio control receivers. Sale price only 11/6 each. Many other special type valves available at low prices. Send 6d. for our Sale List.

Break-down Unit

A T present day prices the spares in this unit would cost at least $\pounds 5$. Here is a list of the main contents :--3 two-metre coils :

- 4
- two-metre couls; tuning condensers split-stator type; two-watt carbon resistors useful values; tapped 20 watt resistor vitreous covered; paper condensers, .05 mf. 1,000v. working; paper condensers, .1 mf. 1,000v. working; H.F. chokes; 6

3 paper condensers, I mf. 1,000v. working;
2 H.F. chokes;
4 paper condensers, .1 mf. 450 v. working;
2 paper condensers, .1 mf. 450 v. working;
2 paper condensers, .1 mf. 3,000v. working;
2 bakelite moulded mica condensers .001;
1 paper condenser, .01 mf. 3,000v. working;
24 rubber grommets, assorted sizes;
6 resistors 1 watt, all useful values;
40 resistors 4 watt, all useful values;
41 English octal valve holders;
42 English 5-pin valve holder;
3 diode valve holder;
3 diode valve holder;
41 English 5-pin valve holder;
42 adve holder;
43 diode valve holder;
43 diode valve holder;
44 English 5-pin valve holder;
45 diode valve holder;
45 diode valve holder;
45 diode valve holder;
46 condenser clips, assorted sizes.
41 Also an assortment of nuts, bolts P.K., self-threading screws, tag boards, chassis mounting tag connectors, screened grid caps, plain grid caps, levers rollers, connecting rods, output Pye sockets, etc., etc. ALL THIS COLLECTION OF PARTS FOR
4/6 only, plus 1/9 postage and packing.

Tripods

WHEN fully extended the height is 3ft. They are very sturdy and would support heavy weight. Black japanned metal construction fitted with hook, and brass thread and cap. Useful for cameras and as supports for microphones, speakers, lamps, etc., etc. 3/6 each, plus 1/9 post and packing (storage soiled).

Sealed Glass-Type Thermostatic Switches

CONTAINED in a glass tube these switches operate automatically at 86 deg. F. Suitable for tropical fish aquarlums, etc. Sale price 3/6.

Pay Us A Visit

ON these two pages we have mentioned only a few of the many bargains which will be available during out sale. We suggest that you "Pay us a Visit" because there will be many items for callers only. Falling this you must send for our Bumper Sale List. Do not forget to enclose 6d. in stamps, because we shall probably have to send it out in two editions.

Orders for and enquiries relating to the items on these two pages must be sent to the address below. Where your total order is £2 or more only include the specially mentioned carriage and other charges, otherwise under £2 add 1/6, under £1 add 1/-. Postable TRO items can be sent C.O.D. additional charge approx. 1/-. Good stock of all items at time of going to press. Bargain list 6d. p.f.

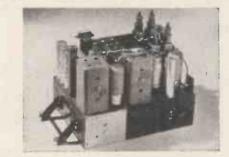
PRECISION EQUIPMENT (2) ELECTRON HOUSE, Windmill Hill, RUISLIP MANOR, MIDDX.



TRIPLETT. MODEL 1200C. VOLT-OHM-MILLIAMMETER. A special purchase enables us to offer these well-known instruments at the abe-rdly low price of 28/19/6 (plus 1/6 packing and carriage). Reads 0-1000 volts ACJCC, 0-230 mA. D. O., 0-250 microamps. 0-7.5 meg. Sensitivity of the D.O. movement is 200 microamps. full scale and 5,000 ohms per volt. One 1.5v. cell and one 22.5v. cell supply the neargy for the ohmmeter circuits. The whole instrument is housed in an attractive brown-crackle metal case. Size Thin x 6 jin. x 4 jin. with leather carrying handle. The meteritself can be tilted on a pair of hinges to any convenient reading angle for the user. Supplied complete with test prods and instruction booklet, absolutely brand new in original scaled carton. Definitely not repeatable at this price. MICROPRONE TYPE TAS

MIGROFHOME TYPE 745. By the U.S. Electro-Voice Mig. Co. A small single-buttor extrono microphone, worn on the upper lip. It hangs in front of the mouth by face-straps and adjustable ear-loops. It cancels noise and can be used in place of a throat microphone. Absolutely brand new and boxed, supplied complete with fully illustrated descriptive leaflet. Only 3/6 (plus 6d.post).

compare with funity indefated descriptive icades. Only 3/6 (pues of .poss). R.3515 LF. STERP. A complete LF. Unit, comprising 6 SP61 LF. stages, tuned to 13.0 Mo/s., 1 EA50 diode detector, and 1 EF36 or EF39 output or video stage. A few modifications only are required to adapt this unit, which will give pictures of extremely good quality. Price complete with valves and foolproof modification lastructions, is 455-, pilous 5/2 packing and carriage. Limited quantity only.



RECEIVER TYPE 25 The receiver portion of the T/R 1196. Covers 4.3-6.7 Mc/s RECEIVER TTPE 25. The receiver portion of the T/B.1196. Covers 4.3-6.7 Mc/s_{-} and makes and dealbasisform and have receiver, as per "Practical Wireless, "August issue. Complete with valves types EF36(2), EF39(2), EK32 and EBG33. Suppled complete with necessary conversion data for home use. Only 22/6. Chassis only, 8/6. Illustration above.

RCA 931A PHOTO-ELECTRIC CELL AND MULTIPLIER. For facsimile trans-mission, flying spot telecine transmission and research involving low light-levels 9-stage multiplier. Brand new and guaranteed. Only 30/, including special11.pin w/holder, and data sheets on this coll.

v/holder, and data sheets on this cell. TX VALVES, Westinghouse Biat 50/-. 805 at 10/-. 802 at 20/-. 866A at 15/-Klystron 723A/B at 82/6. 3E29 (82¥B) at 59/6. All brand new and boxed. No. 18 SET. EECEIVER PORTION. A four-valve superhet receiver operating from 6-9 Mc/s.(33 m.-50 m.). Valveline-up: 3 ARP12 (VP23) and AB6 (HL2SDD). Requires only 120 v. H.T., 9 v. G.B. and 2 v. L.T., in perfect condition, only 17/6, plus 1/6 gucklog and carriage. An absolute bargain. Suitable brand new head-phones can be supplied at 3/6 per pair. N.B.—Each receiver is tested working prior to distantle. to disnatch.

RECEIVER TYPE 21. The receiver portion of the W/S 21 operating from $4.2\cdot7.5$ Mc/s. Double superhet from 18-30 Mc/s. Incorporating B.F.O. and granh limiter. Valve line-up: 7 ARP12 (VP23) and 2 ARS (HL23DD), plus spare valve of each type, making eleven valves in all. Only 35/- complete.

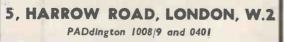
A.M. RECEIVER UNIT, TYPE 161. Comprising 2 EF50, EF54 and EC52. Coils, relayaad many condensers and resistors. The whole in metal box, size 8jin. × 6jin. × 3jin. New, a bargain at only 22/8, carriage paid.

35in. New, a bargain at only 22/6, carriage paid.
R1626 V.H.F. RECEIVER. Ex.A.M. Comprising 10 EF50 valves, 2 EB34, 24 vrotary generator, relays and hundreds of condensers and resistors. Complete in grey metalcase. Absolutely brand new. 75/-only.
THE E.T.A. FOUR-STATION SUPERHET TUNER. Completely self-contained tuner, may be set to select any three medium—and one long—wave stations. No tuning condenser required. Four-position switch. Tuning by high permeability dust cores. Litz wound colls. Once set, requires no further adjustment. The station you want at a flick of a switch. Size 24 n. Algh by 31n. by 31n. Oomplete with full aligning instructions and suitable A.O. and A.O./D.O. circuit. Only 33/-, plus purchase tax 7/2.

C/E TUBE VOE97. Each tube brand new, suspended in manufacturers original packing case, guaranteed, complete with printed data sheet. Only 35/-. (Carriage and packing free.)

TUBE ENLARGING LENS. For VCR97 or 5CP1. Double your picture area without distortion. Easy fixing. Really amazing in performance. Only 25/-, plus 1/6 postage and packing. WHETE 6in. MASKS for above. Not ex-Govt., but especially manufactured to give rectangular picture. 7/6 each.

Send stamp for current Component List-Probably the most-comprehensive in the trade



Exceptional Value in Receivers !

RECEIVER type B21

A superb communications receiver made by Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company.

Valve line-up : two R.F. stages, freq. changer, three I.F. stages, double diode triode, B.F.O. and output pentode. Freq. coverage 1-20 mc/s. (15-300 metres) in 4 unbroken bands via turret coil change. "S" meter and valve check meter incorporated. Sensitivity for 10 dbs signal to noise ratio-better than I microvolt ! Filament transformer for 230v. A.C. operation is included but the H.T. supply is required. Necessary valves are : International Octal types, two of KTW61, two of X65, three of KTW63, one of DH63 and one KT63.



Supplied complete with circuit diagram. NEW AND IN UNUSED CONDITION. Here's your chance to buy a £100 receiver for

ONLY £9-19-6 less valves

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Size	trans.	trans.
Sin	12/6	
64in	12/6	8/9
8in		11/9
10in	17/6	14/6
Post and packing o	on above	items
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Comprising 5-valve super-het chassis with transformer cut-out size 132in x 6in. x 2in., with L.M.&S. scale, size 7in. x 5in. Backtwo sudrive plate supporting brackers drum pointer, two-speed spindle, pointer, two-spe twin gang condenser. Mains transformer 250-0-250 v. 60 mA., 6 v. 4 amp., Pri, 200/250, 6jin. ROLA energised

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28/-

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5-VALVE SUPERHET

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Two supporting brackets, drive drum, 6/6 Plus 1/6 post complete. 6/6 Plus 1/6 post complete.

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PM. SPEAKERS. Best makes. No transformer. Sin., 10/-; 8in., 16/6, 905.
TYPE 87 POWER UNIT. Input 12v., Output, 265v. 65mA., 6.5v.
Sin., H. 4tin, W., 5/- each, post 1/4.
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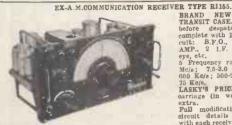
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Full modification data and dircuit details supplied free with each receiver. Complete kit of parts, including output valve and rectifier for building a power pack and output stage for the T1155 Receiver as described in the modification instructions. PRIOE 58/-. Complete, carriagetree. The above power pack and output stage fully assembled in black crackle case, ready for use. PRIOE, 79/6. Carriage 5/-extra.

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JUNE, 1950

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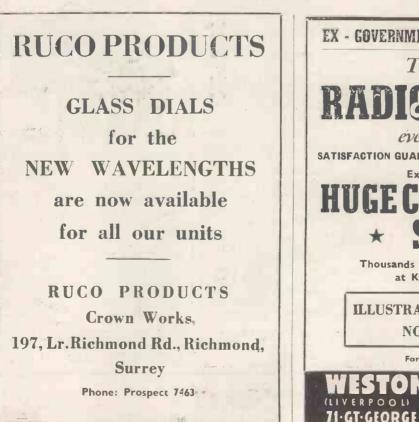
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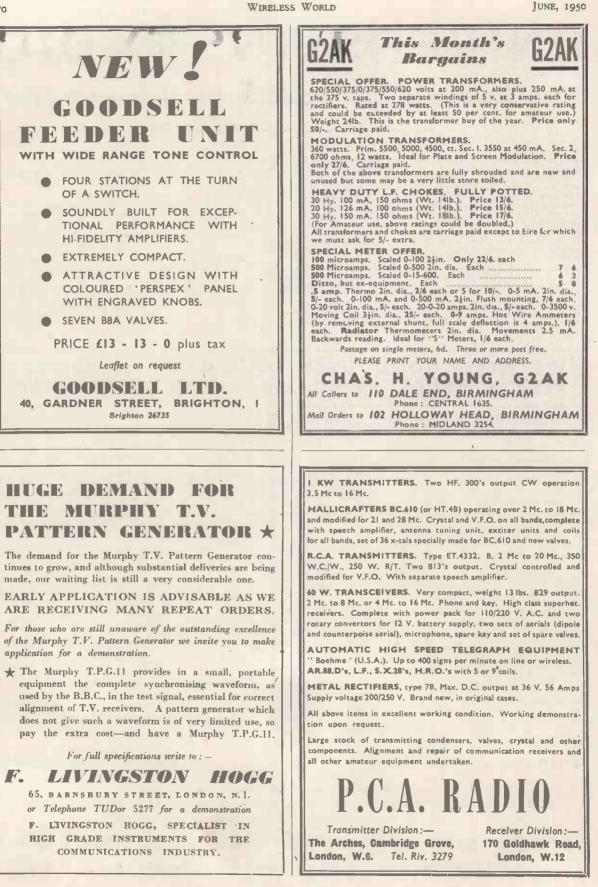
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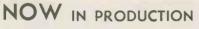
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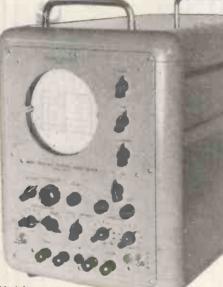
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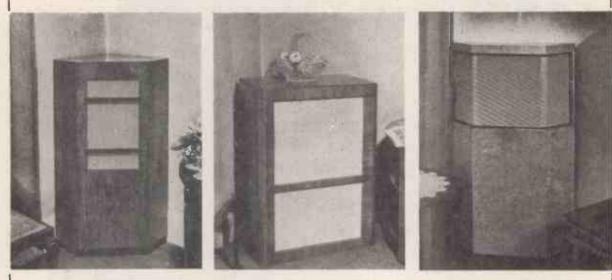
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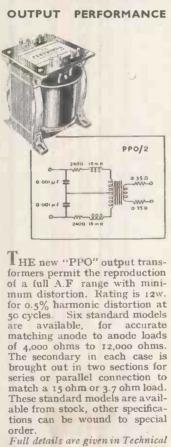
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NEW THOUGHTS ON **HIGH-FIDELITY**

The incidence of the Hartley-Turner 215 speaker on the American market has raised a small storm of controversy over what one really means by highfidelity. We are highly gratified that our speaker has now become so well known over there that it should cause even a small commotion among the cognoscenti.

The cleavage of opinion arises from two schools of thought, one of which insists on the widest possible frequency range irrespective of the musical value, and the other which insists on the music coming first. The second school insists that the first school has let the "highs" catch up on it—in other words, that it has gone "top mad." The 215 comes into the picture

because it doesn't sound like any other The overwhelming proporspeaker. tion of those who have bought it consider that the performance is absolutely in a class by itself, but there are a few, particularly among engineers, who say it hasn't got enough top, and sounds as though it had very much less top than the Amreican coaxial units. Ergo, it cannot be a high-fidelity speaker.

It isn't so easy as that, and the few critics get horribly tied up. For example, one man has said, almost in the same para-graph, "In the frequency range which it reproduces the 215 is delightfully clean—a large variety of isolated transients were handled better than I have ever heard from a speaker "... "The extreme high output is similar

to that from a five-dollar speaker. to that from a five-dollar speaker." Now we all know that good transient reproduction demands not only superlatively good damping but a very wide frequency response, so that all the long seiles of overtones, which give a transient iss peculiar quality, are properly reproduced. For the life of us we cannot see how the 2.15 could reproduce transients so well if it has no

real top. Yet the explanation of this apparent contradiction is perfectly simple. The extreme top response of the 215 doesn't hit you in the ear, but it is there all the same. The peculiar characteristic of the Hartley-Turner speaker is that it doesn't sound like a speaker-it sounds like the real thing. Here is one of the reasons why we have thing. Here is one of the reasons why we have always been sticky about publishing static response curves of our speakers; we are not particularly anxious to design speakers to please the "top mad" school.

mad" school. Our industrial mission in life is to design speakers for people who want music reproduced without distortion, and in that we are succeeding in America as we have succeed in Britain and throughout the rest of the civilised world. Sooner or later, if you really understand what real music sounds like, you will buy the 215, which costs only £9. Why not send for details now ?

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m/c mic. with stand, £4/10; Rothermel bullet mic. 12 yards cable, £2/10.-Vivian, 13. Brick-wood Rd., East Croydon, Surrey. [5455 NEW DYNAMOS, MOTORS, ETC. ATTERY chargers, 4 models 2-6-127, 1-2-4 Amp D.C. any mains voltase: also larger types spicial transformers. chokes. test gear. In-terior car heaters, etc.-The Banner Electric Co., Ltd. Hoddesdon. Herts. [212] JANETTE J.C. to a.c. rotary converters, 200/ J 250 volts d.c. input. 200/250 volts, 50 cycles. 1-phase, a.c. output at 300 watts, new. £20; 500 watts, £23; complete with smoothing for relevision and radio.-Johnson, 319, Kenning-ton Rd., London, S.E.II. Reliance 1412-3. AL types of rotating electricai machinery up verters, rotary transformers, motors, petrol and dissel-engined generating plants, alternators, and d.c. generators. We are also in a position to quote for power transformers; as actual manufacturers we will be glad to quote for any quantity for home or export. REVOLVING armature alternators, with sepa-rate exciter generators. 4-pole ball bearing, 1,500 rpm, output 2300, 50 cycles. 2,25kva, excitation at 24-300, price £29; ditto, 2-pole, ball bearing. 5,000rpm with 4kva output. £35. HortARY transformers, input 200 d.c. outputs 6,55 d.c. and 5000 d.e. permanent magnet field. 20/-; ditto, input 280 d.c. and 1,200v, 70m at c. output. 500v, 90ma d.c., energisted fields. 5/-. FTTRON e 2a single-cyl, engine coupled by vee d.c. output. 600v, 90ma d.c., energisted fields. 5/-. FTTRON e 2a single-cyl, engine coupled by vee d.c. output 500v, 90ma d.c., energisted fields. 5/-. FTTRON e 2a single-cyl, engine coupled by vee d.c. output. 500v, 90ma d.c., energisted fields. 5/-. FTTRON e 2a single-cyl, engine coupled by vee d.c. output. souv, engine coupled by vee d.c. output. souv, engine coupled by vee d.c. or operating television and radio on farms etc., price £40; such plants can be supplied with various outputs, a.c. or d.c., for other applications.

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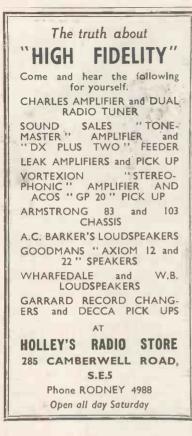
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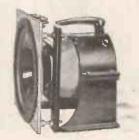
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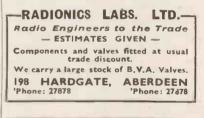
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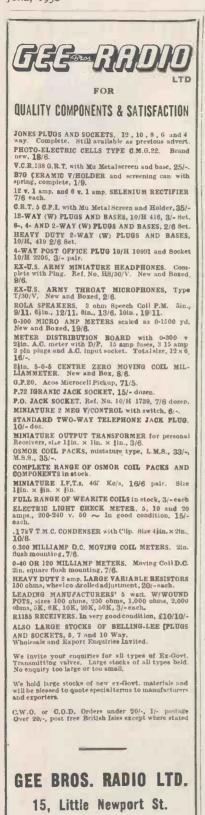
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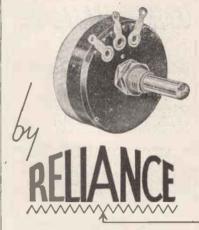
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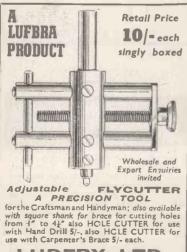
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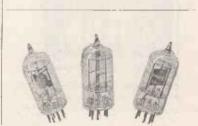
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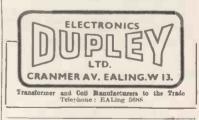
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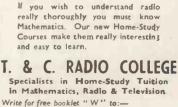
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